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Canada. Statistics, from Bm. of.
External Trade Branch

MONTHLY REPORTS

6945

OF THE

trade

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

April 1907 - March 1908

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

MARCH 31, 1908

1907/1908

410994

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OTTAWA
GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1908

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MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

APRIL 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

STATISTICAL RECORD

OF THE

PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a1).								
Land occupied (census).....	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census).....	36,046,141	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,122,338	63,122,338	63,122,338	63,122,338	63,122,338
" under cultivation (census).....	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038
Currency and Banking—To June 30—(f)								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank.....	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505 (c)	95,933,726
Circulation—								
Dominion notes.....	7,307,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,071,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427 (c)	54,794,397
Notes issued by Chartered Banks.....	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	63,366,505 (e)	76,346,013
Chartered Banks—								
Assets.....	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,692,330 (e)	943,695,386
Liabilities.....	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,820,761	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302 (e)	765,737,508
Deposits in Chartered Banks.....	57,787,922	83,606,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	468,571,648	536,769,519 (e)	567,937,052
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks.....	2,497,260	6,208,227	21,738,648	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488 (c)	47,452,958
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O.....	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	16,098,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134 (e)	14,766,829
Deposits in Special Savings Banks.....	5,766,712	7,085,888	10,982,232	19,125,037	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,399,194 (e)	28,359,618
Total Deposits.....	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,949,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	626,079,335 (e)	658,516,457
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks.....	No.							
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O.....	"	17,153	111,230	157,358	168,572	165,518	164,542	
Discounts to the people—								
Chartered Banks.....	\$	86,121,888	134,113,252	202,692,481	318,240,549	452,134,220	559,338,229 (c)	635,627,742
Education—To December 31—	No.							
Pupils enrolled.....	No.	773,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714			
Teachers engaged.....	"	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,457			
Expenditure.....	\$	4,650,206	7,314,068	9,282,540	11,871,436			
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—	No.							
Failures.....	No.	726	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,184	
Assets.....	\$							
Liabilities.....	\$							
Finance—To June 30—(f)	No.							
Revenue—Consolidated Fund.....	\$	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	71,182,772	80,139,300 (c)	86,805,495
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund.....	\$	15,623,082	25,592,554	36,343,568	55,612,833	63,319,682	67,270,641 (c)	74,213,682
Gross.....	\$	19,293,478	33,736,643	40,793,208	57,982,866	78,804,138	88,277,612 (c)	96,818,901

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,078,580	392,289,680 (c)	376,687,200
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,393,780	237,809,030	298,480,044	260,867,719	266,224,167	267,042,978 (c)	252,576,841
—Interest paid on.....	5,163,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	.....
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	402,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,444,339,935	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,163,882	14,285,671	14,712,030	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	.....	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	*768,048	.....
Amount in force.....	45,825,935	103,290,932	261,475,229	403,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	*656,980,928	.....
Premiums received.....	1,852,974	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	*22,378,730	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	.....	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	.....	.....
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	.....	.....
Liabilities—								
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	.....	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	.....	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,400,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	.....	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,330	64,980,678	.....	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	.....	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	.....	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897 (c)	68,574,707	.....	.....
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,560	30,924,897 (c)	37,150,830	.....	.....
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,561	5,306,635 (c)	7,420,451	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	.....	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517 (c)	14,486,883	.....	.....
— pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	174,000 (c)	125,119	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	.....	3,857	1,212,113	1,007,864 (c)	1,047,860	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	2,249,387	1,617,221 (c)	2,634,084	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	.....	4,594,523	4,219,153 (c)	4,219,153 (c)	7,550,526	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—								
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000 (c)	31,123,877	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352 (c)	1,503,259	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,338,239 (c)	1,924,014	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231 (c)	17,658,615	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	385,895 (c)	849,687	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles.
 (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.
 (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

STATISTICAL Record of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31..... No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—To June 30—(f)								
Post offices..... No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	
Money orders issued..... { \$	120,521	338,238	835,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,150	2,178,549	
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,656,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,333,673	
Post cards sent..... {	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404				
Letters sent..... {	27,059,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	
Revenue..... { \$	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,888	191,650,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	
Expenditure..... { \$	1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,133,622	6,300,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	
Canals—To June 30—								
Canals—Vessels through } Season of naviga- { Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,588	8,428,005	10,287,432		
Freight carried } tion..... { Tons.	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744		
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.....				672	767	798	814	
Passengers carried.....				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.....				400,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross.....				5,708,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses.....				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,638	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation..... No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried..... Tons.		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried.....		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	
Earnings—Gross.....		27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,322,865	
Working expenses..... \$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—To June 30—(f)								
Customs Duties collected..... \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101 (c)	53,006,546
Excise Revenue collected..... \$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,427,165 (c)	15,732,671
Imports, Total—								
Dutiable Goods..... \$	70,295,228	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332 (c)	204,835,646
Free Goods..... \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080 (c)	129,453,273
Totals (mdse)..... \$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412 (c)	334,288,919
Coin and Bullion..... \$	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603 (c)	9,604,464
Total imports..... \$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015 (c)	343,893,383

Exports—Home Produce—

Mine.	2,841,124	2,707,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,695,739	31,932,329	35,469,631 (c)	36,146,140
Fisheries.	3,994,275	6,807,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,739,028	11,114,318	16,025,840 (c)	13,786,437
Forest.	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,069,857	33,991,922	33,235,683	38,824,170 (c)	45,423,172
Animal produce.	12,608,506	21,300,219	23,967,741	55,495,311	63,812,117	63,337,458	66,455,960 (c)	67,877,104
Agricultural products.	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,666,858	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,150	54,062,337 (c)	49,544,327
Manufactures.	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,761,112 (c)	26,279,049
Miscellaneous.	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906 (c)	178,538
Home produce (mdse).	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956 (c)	239,634,767
Foreign produce (mdse).	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846 (c)	14,524,286
Total exports (mdse).	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802 (c)	254,159,053
Coin and Bullion.	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,928,828 (c)	18,047,553
Total exports (a).	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,586,630 (c)	272,206,606
Total trade (a).	167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	388,903,157	472,733,038	470,151,289	550,872,645 (c)	616,009,989
Shipping—Sea-going.	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	16,843,429
Coasting. . . . .	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,795	43,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062	46,324,062
Inland water.	8,009,995	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,709	16,689,365	17,888,743	17,888,743
Total shipping. . . . .	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234	81,056,234

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(c) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

Value for 1871.	\$ 2,448,608
" 1881.	3,023,322
" 1891.	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

Years ending June.	Total (a) Trade.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.	121,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,137,869
1889.	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,297,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,765,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,309,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.	414,431,881	118,637,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,413	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
Years ending March, 1907.	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

614,423,670	203,045,891	132,352,616	335,398,507	10,168,352	345,566,859	53,485,699
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending April, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)							Total Customs Duties Collected.	Years ending June.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.			
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.						
\$	\$	\$				\$		
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868	
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869	
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870	
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871	
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872	
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873	
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,563	14,421,883	1874	
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875	
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876	
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877	
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878	
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879	
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880	
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881	
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882	
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883	
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884	
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885	
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886	
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887	
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888	
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889	
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890	
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891	
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892	
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,893	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,401,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	Years ending March 1907.
ENDING APRIL, 1907. .								
236,023,954	14,630,644	250,554,598	18,202,213	268,856,811	.....	53,485,699	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months* and *twelve months* ending April, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.						EXPORTS.						Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.					
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.							
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$					
1898	6,082,404	3,550,124	9,632,528	495,106	10,127,634	6,756,960	237,039	6,993,999	218,165	7,212,164	17,339,798	1,753,654	1898		
1899	8,032,734	4,381,305	12,414,039	38,078	12,452,117	6,517,698	198,574	6,716,182	226,720	6,942,902	19,395,019	2,320,419	1899		
1900	8,456,088	5,151,788	13,607,876	330,189	13,938,065	7,892,327	256,681	8,149,008	213,220	8,362,228	22,300,293	2,269,469	1900		
1901	8,406,966	5,523,333	13,930,299	68,983	13,999,282	9,049,633	721,789	9,771,422	179,966	9,951,388	23,950,670	2,291,981	1901		
1902	9,826,682	7,219,938	17,046,620	57,903	17,104,523	13,643,198	238,416	13,881,614	37,839	13,919,453	31,023,976	2,679,661	1902		
1903	12,041,840	8,502,772	20,544,612	564,933	21,109,545	9,437,155	287,964	9,725,119	16,308	9,741,427	30,850,972	3,224,767	1903		
1904	11,945,999	8,154,769	20,100,768	139,719	20,240,487	8,495,253	421,936	8,917,189	38,124	8,955,313	29,195,800	3,213,489	1904		
1905	12,330,022	8,378,400	20,708,422	58,584	20,767,006	9,088,495	417,414	9,505,909	33,241	9,539,150	30,306,156	3,287,166	1905		
1906	14,172,796	8,873,843	23,046,639	96,534	23,143,173	13,362,662	246,098	13,608,760	2,131,717	15,740,477	38,883,650	3,830,865	1906		
1907	16,317,187	11,357,678	27,674,865	600,422	28,335,287	9,751,849	352,456	10,104,305	2,286,377	12,390,682	40,725,969	4,330,018	1907		

MONTH OF APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	72,113,703	47,271,530	119,385,323	3,680,542	123,065,865	144,176,930	13,604,544	157,781,474	4,546,037	162,327,531	285,393,396	21,007,116	1898
1899	84,731,195	59,963,901	144,695,096	4,893,707	149,588,803	131,132,602	18,940,344	150,072,946	3,915,738	153,988,684	303,577,487	24,562,794	1899
1900	102,203,591	67,317,238	169,520,829	6,855,480	176,376,309	149,074,821	15,143,618	164,218,439	8,385,413	172,603,852	348,980,161	28,371,952	1900
1901	103,135,834	69,156,215	173,292,049	5,402,340	177,694,389	170,016,115	16,548,593	186,564,708	2,020,676	188,585,384	366,279,773	28,405,136	1901
1902	114,922,835	77,602,149	192,524,984	4,868,224	197,393,208	190,910,283	14,502,114	205,412,397	2,356,100	207,768,497	405,161,705	31,549,478	1902
1903	132,315,612	82,369,897	214,685,509	5,816,897	220,502,406	209,687,610	11,551,823	221,239,433	494,278	221,733,711	442,236,117	35,861,753	1903
1904	147,878,207	96,572,153	244,450,360	8,390,490	252,840,850	206,103,164	13,223,784	219,326,948	646,317	219,973,265	472,814,115	40,512,856	1904
1905	149,459,801	98,475,919	247,935,720	13,800,728	261,736,448	188,796,434	9,213,769	198,010,203	2,669,682	200,679,885	462,416,333	41,803,849	1905
1906	168,585,444	108,297,756	276,883,200	5,821,677	282,704,877	226,670,700	11,280,331	237,951,031	8,373,942	246,324,973	529,029,850	45,692,769	1906
1907	203,045,891	132,352,616	335,398,507	10,168,352	345,566,859	236,023,954	14,630,644	250,654,598	18,202,213	268,856,811	614,423,670	53,485,699	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the months of April, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.	785,301	303,938	916,157	2,603,232	1,764,222	975,085	9,025	6,756,960	58,129	6,815,089	1898
1899.	699,546	355,526	1,093,347	2,092,038	1,202,408	1,063,381	11,362	6,517,608	89,460	6,598,068	1899
1900.	1,180,942	417,205	1,161,220	2,201,056	1,640,728	1,275,020	16,156	7,892,327	127,737	8,020,064	1900
1901.	1,621,581	272,285	1,162,858	2,755,550	1,807,857	1,129,470	32	9,049,633	73,061	9,122,694	1901
1902.	1,676,967	671,148	1,371,116	3,060,609	5,085,248	1,778,042	68	13,643,198	.....	13,643,198	1902
1903.	1,263,761	383,868	1,516,305	2,479,741	2,061,830	1,727,117	4,533	9,437,155	.....	9,437,155	1903
1904.	1,337,341	379,940	1,108,561	2,605,482	1,542,706	1,469,874	51,349	8,495,253	.....	8,495,253	1904
1905.	1,715,980	398,259	1,571,230	2,595,471	1,225,506	1,580,997	1,052	9,088,495	.....	9,088,495	1905
1906.	1,975,547	507,360	2,060,900	2,644,099	3,727,634	2,378,446	8,766	13,362,662	.....	13,362,662	1906
1907.	1,926,102	490,481	1,618,714	1,649,755	2,335,363	1,727,895	3,539	9,751,849	.....	9,751,849	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	22,905	3,393	105	15,095	6,470	60,545	128,526	237,039	160,036	397,075	1898
1899	15,045	4,670	1,091	36,526	47,022	68,550	25,070	198,574	146,260	344,834	1899
1900	18,903	431	12,300	11,989	94,154	96,419	22,485	256,681	85,483	342,164	1900
1901	3,611	146	3,315	151,688	389,965	152,295	10,769	721,789	106,905	828,694	1901
1902	5,066	.....	502	14,208	6,147	160,620	51,873	238,416	37,839	276,255	1902
1903	7,862	2	560	7,232	23,998	214,414	33,896	287,904	16,308	304,272	1903
1904	15,706	.....	826	21,409	80,638	237,515	45,842	421,936	38,124	460,060	1904
1905	29,520	.....	897	28,041	78,110	231,323	47,772	417,414	33,241	450,655	1905
1906	12,229	.....	94	15,653	17,485	149,323	51,314	246,098	2,131,717	2,377,815	1906
1907	11,086	200	792	24,770	17,836	261,354	36,418	352,456	2,286,377	2,638,833	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	808,206	307,331	916,262	2,018,327	1,770,692	1,035,630	137,551	6,993,999	218,145	7,212,164	1898
1899	714,591	360,196	1,094,438	2,128,564	1,249,430	1,131,931	37,032	6,716,182	226,720	6,942,902	1899
1900	1,199,845	417,636	1,173,520	2,213,045	1,734,882	1,371,439	38,641	8,149,008	213,220	8,362,228	1900
1901	1,625,192	272,431	1,166,173	2,907,238	2,207,822	1,581,765	10,801	9,771,422	179,966	9,951,388	1901
1902	1,682,033	671,148	1,371,618	3,074,817	5,091,395	1,938,662	51,941	13,881,614	37,839	13,919,453	1902
1903	1,271,623	383,870	1,516,865	2,486,973	2,085,828	1,941,531	38,429	9,725,119	16,308	9,741,427	1903
1904	1,353,047	379,940	1,109,387	2,626,891	1,623,344	1,727,389	97,191	8,917,189	38,124	8,955,313	1904
1905	1,745,300	400,010	1,572,127	2,623,512	1,303,616	1,812,320	48,824	9,505,909	33,241	9,539,150	1905
1906	1,987,776	567,360	2,040,994	2,659,662	3,745,119	2,527,769	60,080	13,608,760	2,131,717	15,740,477	1906
1907	1,937,188	490,681	1,619,506	1,674,225	2,353,199	1,989,249	39,957	10,104,305	2,286,377	12,390,682	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of April, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES	MONTH OF APRIL.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>British Empire.</i>								
Great Britain.....	4,922,232	6,185,655	6,697,423	4,225,722				
Bermuda.....		49,345		20,936				
British Africa.....	2,799	182,076	4,043	162,003				
British Australasia:—								
Australia.....	26,994	205,893	46,711	126,207				
New Zealand.....	7,457	20,460	10,667	23,849				
British East Indies.....	321,713	1,273	420,429					
" Guiana.....	274,846	33,607	59,120	22,341				
" West Indies.....	530,556	175,251	419,457	114,205				
Fiji.....		1,060	20,229					
Hong Kong.....	12,543		14,305	214				
Newfoundland.....	21,024	102,100	13,776	40,649				
Other British Colonies.....	67	2,860	48	1,503				
Totals.....	6,120,231	6,959,580	7,706,208	4,737,829				
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>								
Argentina Republic.....	265,673	51,414	66,320	73,237				
Austria-Hungary.....	47,804		80,081	1,070				
Belgium.....	115,716	97,187	143,890	210,887				
Brazil.....	23,342	26,971	26,571	12,394				
Central American States.....	36,984	3,929	892	6,135				
China.....	24,790	99,540	39,808	72,936				
Chile.....		45,295		5,130				
Cuba.....	33,682	66,165	26,395	58,892				
Denmark.....	3,643	3,296	5,363	8,263				

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of April, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	9,876		15,814							
	United States.....	18,139		31,254							
	Other countries.....	955		343							
	Totals.....	28,970		47,416							
Animals, living.....											
	Great Britain.....	172	26,643	617	77,375						
	United States.....	121,244	58,654	62,265	37,943						
	Other countries.....				16,650						
	Totals.....	121,416	85,297	62,912	131,368						
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores.....											
	Great Britain.....		1,542		1,871						
	United States.....		15,352		20,728						
	Other countries.....		607		809						
	Totals.....		17,501		23,408						
Articles for use of the Army and Navy.....											
	Great Britain.....		239		398						
	United States.....		628								
	Other countries.....		28								
	Totals.....		895		398						

[illegible]

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.											
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	32,846	255,441	\$	58,908	474,783	\$			\$			\$
	United States.....												
	Other countries..												
	Totals.....	32,866	255,441		58,908	474,783							
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	11,028			13,285								
	United States.....												
	Other countries..												
	Totals.....	11,028			13,285								
All other, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	857			389								
	United States.....	24,093	78		18,689	32							
	Other countries..	99			590								
	Totals.....	25,049	78		19,668	32							
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	11,561			36,269								
	United States.....	88,903	260,601		113,990	475,950							
	Other countries..	38,687			28,068	9,148							
	Totals.....	136,151	260,601		178,327	485,098							
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of....	Great Britain.....	1,617	5,111		1,316	2,848							
	United States.....	22,647	39,514		29,404	63,959							
	Other countries..	422			154								
	Totals.....	24,686	44,625		30,874	66,807							

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	1,100	3,127						
	United States.....	12,428	2,333						
	Other countries.....	1,894	56						
	Totals.....	15,422	5,515						
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....	14,834	15,921						
	Other countries.....		12						
	Totals.....	14,834	15,933						
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....	1,709	4,705						
	Other countries.....	11,727	13,531						
	Totals.....	5,107	10,605						
	Totals.....	18,543	28,841						
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	3,981	5,496						
	United States.....	10,684	17,828						
	Other countries.....	4,572	8,533						
	Totals.....	19,237	31,857						
	Totals.....	895	1,673						
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	456	706						
	United States.....	3,404	2,697						
	Other countries.....								
	Totals.....	3,860	3,403						
	Totals.....								
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....	26,710	4,259						
	United States.....	4,019	1,095						
	Other countries.....	6,647	14,777						
	Totals.....	37,376	20,131						
	Totals.....								
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	30,844	22,352						
	United States.....	71,527	129,742						
	Other countries.....	3,664	41,619						
	Totals.....	106,035	193,713						
	Totals.....								

	Clocks	Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries... Totals . .	454 23,615 1,916 297 26,282	1,198 23,783 5,839 1,017 31,837
Coal, coke and coal dust.		Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	10,242 807,993 574,884 581,111	641 765,330 9,947 775,918
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa		Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	17,049 19,757 10,647 47,453	18,239 33,412 15,633 67,284
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory		Great Britain... United States... Brazil... Venezuela... Other countries... Totals	1,512 6,693 17,029 13,032 6,225 14,430	1,189 8,115 24,359 2,212 10,843 11,516
Collars and cuffs		Great Britain... United States... Aust.-Hungary... Other countries... Totals.....	2,877 6,872 7,175 5,330 22,254	2,152 8,290 5,701 507 16,650
Combs.		Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries... Totals.....	5,581 12,765 2,763 3,847 24,956	7,342 14,719 2,716 4,840 29,617
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of....		Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	13,025 13,125 116 26,866	789 15,511 2 35,684

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton....	Great Britain...	\$	162	\$	560,178	\$	560,178	\$	560,178	\$	560,178
	United States...		488,865		7,323		7,323		7,323		7,323
	Other countries...										
	Totals.....		489,027		567,501		567,501		567,501		567,501
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain...	10,016		24,824							
	United States...	5,846		8,829							
	Switzerland...	28,897		63,215							
	Other countries...	3,526		6,453							
	Totals.....	48,285		103,321							
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain...	105,202		187,818							
	United States...	27,969		20,364							
	Other countries...	6,420		6,010							
	Totals.....	139,591		214,192							
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	263,456		293,473							
	United States...	34,251		41,926							
	Other countries...	11,165		9,498							
	Totals.....	308,872		344,897							
Lace, white and cream coloured..	Great Britain...			63,586							
	United States...			1,586							
	Other countries...			27,553							
	Totals.....			92,725							

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	16,724	...	18,771	...	...	...	...	...
	United States....	2,629	...	3,940	...	...	...	...	...
	Germany.....	19,453	...	23,998	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	871	...	171	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	39,677	...	46,880	...	...	...	...	...
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	38,662	...	45,172	...	...	...	...	...
	United States....	16,351	...	19,433	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	548	...	146	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	55,561	...	64,751	...	...	...	...	...
Valve, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	14,365	...	22,560	...	...	...	...	...
	United States....	1,705	...	7,387	...	...	...	...	...
	Germany.....	591	...	1,503	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	1,972	...	781	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	24,633	...	32,231	...	...	...	...	...
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	133,271	29,419	185,939	34,130	...	...	...	...
	United States....	119,843	55,004	130,439	20,383	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	16,242	246	15,487	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	269,356	84,669	331,865	54,543	...	...	...	...
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	581,696	29,581	842,143	34,160	...	...	...	...
	United States....	214,594	543,869	233,904	580,561	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	89,685	246	154,815	7,323	...	...	...	...
	Totals . . .	885,975	573,696	1,230,862	622,044	...	...	...	...
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain.....	30,395	...	42,440	...	...	...	...	...
	United States....	8,085	...	5,787	...	...	...	...	...
	Switzerland....	6,104	...	10,429	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	10,855	...	5,038	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals . . .	55,389	...	63,694	...	...	...	...	...
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	50,726	63,795	58,668	69,531	...	...	...	...
	United States....	92,093	377,660	110,699	415,985	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	32,312	36,959	25,950	26,920	...	...	...	...
	Totals . . .	175,131	478,414	195,317	512,436	...	...	...	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Barthenware, china and graniteware.		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	Great Britain...	97,238		93,345					
	United States...	21,078		18,016					
	Germany.....	10,484		15,652					
	Other countries..	14,032		19,373					
	Totals	142,832		146,386					
Electric apparatus									
	Great Britain...	1,176		5,602					
	United States...	196,779	3,562	234,531	16,226				
	Other countries..	1,150	175	6,069	281				
	Totals	199,105	3,737	246,202	16,507				
Embroideries, N.O.P.									
	Great Britain...	3,787		2,205					
	United States...	1,343		442					
	Switzerland....	2,551		2,736					
	Other countries..	2,397		3,268					
	Totals	10,078		8,651					
Fancy articles :— Braids, bracelets, cord fringes, tassels, &c.....									
	Great Britain...	12,226		13,166					
	United States...	12,299		7,741					
	France.....	1,783		1,993					
	Germany.....	6,423		6,878					
	Other countries..	434		258					
	Totals	33,167		30,036					
Laces, lace collars and similar goods, lace nets and nettings of cotton, linen, silk or other material									
	Great Britain...	105,801		57,756					
	United States...	7,970		10,502					
	France.....	21,192		12,955					

Germany.....	32,670	8,750
Switzerland.....	8,943	3,813
Other countries.....	2,412	901
Totals.....	178,988	94,677
Great Britain.....	27,905	24,425
United States.....	28,335	24,758
France.....	8,582	11,984
Germany.....	12,380	10,004
Other countries.....	2,910	7,725
Totals.....	80,112	78,896
Great Britain.....	145,932	95,347
United States.....	48,604	43,001
Other countries.....	97,731	65,261
Totals.....	292,267	203,609
Great Britain.....	1,381	722
United States.....	34,584	54,350
Other countries.....	29	630
Totals.....	35,965	55,702
Great Britain.....	5,083	2,844
United States.....	5,317	964
Other countries.....	116	71,095
Totals.....	10,400	112,481
Great Britain.....	5,186	4,538
United States.....	42,598	42,667
Newfoundland.....	16,610	97
Other countries.....	7,833	11,831
Totals.....	55,617	11,858
Great Britain.....	48,875	69,430
United States.....	1,115	1,194
Germany.....	119	241
Other countries.....	4,981	7,039
Totals.....	55,090	77,904

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Hemp, undressed	Great Britain...	\$	\$ 44,636	\$	\$ 13,648	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...		39,409		18,964				
	Other countries..		5,347						
	Totals.....		89,392		32,212				
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain...	7,364		22,867					
	United States...	34		2,802					
	B. E. Indies.....	33,997		133,295					
	Other countries..								
	Totals	41,392		158,964					
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered nor finished in any other way	Great Britain...		45,681		47,490				
	United States...				104				
	B. E. Indies.....		27,548		14,023				
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....		73,229		61,617				
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleached, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	62,393		69,392					
	United States...	3,704		6,276					
	Other countries..	665		20					
	Total.....	66,762		75,688					

Flax, hemp and jute, other..	Great Britain...	82,956	20,348	86,639	43,437				
	United States...	7,888	6,760	9,301	3,704				
	Other countries..	12,322		11,388	8,185				
	Total	103,136	27,108	107,328	55,326				
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of....	Great Britain...	201,585	110,665	248,328	104,575				
	United States...	12,711	46,169	19,573	22,372				
	Other countries..	52,084	32,895	151,983	22,208				
	Totals.....	266,380	189,729	419,884	149,155				
<i>Fruits:—</i>									
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain...	1,707		3,120					
	United States...	62,591		61,566					
	France.....	15,109		20,661					
	Greece.....	7,651		19,432					
	Spain.....	16,758		21,413					
	Other countries..	7,363		12,794					
	Totals.....	111,179		138,986					
<i>Fruits, green...</i>									
Fruits, green...	Great Britain...	23,541			30,448				
	United States...	138,173	106,282	17,819	287,606				
	Italy.....	11,465			20,438				
	Other countries..	2,812	3,162		6,596				
	Totals.....	175,991	109,444	17,819	325,088				
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....</i>									
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....	Great Britain...	9,717		23,134					
	United States...	2,914	14	3,682	3				
	Other countries..	2,767		2,587	591				
	Totals.....	15,428	14	29,403	594				
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Fruits.....	Great Britain...	34,965		26,254	30,448				
	United States...	203,708	106,296	83,067	287,606				
	Other countries..	63,925	3,162	76,887	27,625				
	Totals.....	302,598	109,458	186,208	325,682				

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain	20,614	29,652	43,763	66,043				
	United States	20,677	181,804	28,012	185,234				
	Germany	18,402	65,140	36,877	80,186				
	Other countries	24,682	1,000	17,495	1,863				
	Totals	84,375	277,596	126,147	333,326				
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain	35,892		13,259					
	United States	1,892		2,503					
	Belgium	51,846		41,314					
	Other countries			1,979					
	Totals	89,540		59,055					
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain	30,692		10,351					
	United States	212		79					
	Belgium	13,318		5,424					
	Other countries	3,969		3,642					
	Totals	48,191		19,496					
Glass, other	Great Britain	10,186		15,431					
	United States	53,495		59,329					
	Germany	8,428		26,752					
	Other countries	13,434		19,102					
	Totals	90,543		120,614					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain....	1,722	1,590	2,185	2,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	951	9,377	2,432	9,777	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	929	148	1,419	1,333	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	3,602	11,115	6,036	13,610	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain....	77,843	10,227	117,738	9,017	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	114,365	23,346	110,162	22,751	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	9,428	4,736	14,883	3,381	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	201,636	38,309	242,773	35,149	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hides and skins other than fur, inclu- ding pelts.....	Great Britain....	.....	73,456	.....	87,640	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	.....	163,874	.....	123,629	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Arg. Republic....	.....	260,000	.....	40,402	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. E. Indies....	.....	.....	.....	101,830	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies....	.....	6,598	.....	9,779	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	.....	10,788	.....	71,378	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	103,865	.....	87,726	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	623,581	.....	522,384	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hops.....	Great Britain....	1,293	.....	845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	2,967	.....	13,820	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	741	.....	727	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	1,239	.....	3,115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	6,240	.....	18,507	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather and infs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured.	Great Britain...	16,278	.....	15,698	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	9,579	.....	15,899	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	3,183	.....	966	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	29,040	.....	32,563	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	5,173	.....	2,735	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	151,286	.....	162,591	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	39	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	156,498	.....	165,382	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other leather, manufactured.	Great Britain...	6,515	.....	9,513	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	30,116	.....	32,651	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	807	.....	776	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	37,438	.....	42,940	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leather and manufactures of.... <i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	42,305	.....	53,346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	256,907	.....	284,434	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	13,562	.....	4,481	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	312,774	.....	342,261	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marble and infs. of.....	Great Britain...	433	.....	1,478	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	9,014	.....	24,615	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Italy	148	.....	512	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	3	.....	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	9,598	.....	26,683	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	9,508	14,505	20,308	27,118				
	United States...	66,707	69,929	123,397	61,223				
	Other countries..	3,409	2,514	2,360	8,312				
	Totals.....	79,624	86,948	146,065	96,653				
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	613	6,249	425	24,129				
	United States...	6,997	247,534	10,243	381,263				
	Other countries..	251	.....	55	.....			
	Totals.....	7,861	253,783	10,723	405,392				
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	24,365	.....	13,911	.....			
	United States...	21,785	48	21,120	.....			
	Other countries..	3,499	.....	4,234	.....			
	Totals.....	49,649	48	39,265	.....			
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain...	604	.....	1,596	.....			
	United States...	208,816	.....	243,725	.....			
	Other countries..	76	.....	308	.....			
	Totals.....	209,496	.....	245,629	.....			
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	Great Britain...	29,963	.....	29,926	.....			
	United States...	119,068	.....	171,768	.....			
	Other countries..	677	.....	2,334	.....			
	Totals.....	149,708	.....	204,028	.....			
Chains.....	Great Britain...	6,156	.....	20,569	.....			
	United States...	26,732	.....	12,345	15,811				
	Other countries..	57	.....	75	.....			
	Totals.....	32,945	.....	32,989	15,811				
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain...	.....	11,407	.....	201				
	United States...	.....	51,571	.....	51,666				
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	109				
	Totals.....	.....	62,978	.....	51,976				

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Cutlery.....	Great Britain.....	40,670	.....	48,889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	12,360	.....	10,977	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	13,610	.....	20,764	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	145	.....	448	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	66,785	.....	81,078	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Engines, locomotives for railways, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	20,092	.....	36,227	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	20,092	.....	36,227	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	30,704	.....	4,458	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Engines, other, including boilers.	United States.....	77,783	.....	102,798	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	108,487	.....	107,256	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	193	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	31,738	.....	47,883	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fittings, iron or steel, for iron and steel pipes	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	31,738	.....	48,076	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	6,767	.....	3,732	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	54,591	.....	53,130	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	197	370
Hardware, viz. :— Builders', cabinet-makers', &c.	Totals.....	61,555	57,232

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UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, etc.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain...	24,546		28,046					
	United States...	146,572		150,104					
	Germany...	7,047		28,708					
	Other countries.								
	Totals	178,165		206,858					
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves.									
	Great Britain...	5,059		11,435					
	United States...	13,370		30,816					
	Other countries.	2,300							
	Totals	20,729		42,252					
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness, N.O.P.									
	Great Britain...	2,051		4,806					
	United States...	94,527		48,833					
	Other countries.	964							
	Totals	97,542		53,639					
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.									
	Great Britain...								
	United States...	66,679		76,330					
	Other countries.								
	Totals	66,679		76,330					

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UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	469,246	54,907	594,896	382,278						
	United States...	2,884,541	556,657	3,480,137	644,763						
	Other countries.	55,362	13,223	91,980	38,769						
	Totals.....	3,409,149	624,787	4,167,013	1,065,810						
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	9,459	2,330	37,050	4,864						
	United States...	5,011	4,139	6,257	7,208						
	Other countries..	2,219	726	2,718	15						
	Totals.....	16,689	7,195	46,025	12,087						
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,834	114,751	2,225	180,941						
	United States...	13,383	213,306	16,826	156,828						
	Other countries..	671	43,998	328	43,354						
	Totals.....	15,888	372,055	19,379	381,123						
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...		12,331		26,936						
	United States...	1,152	4,558	916	5,449						
	Belgium.....		7,968		22,992						
	Germany.....				174						
	Other countries..			224	3,651						
	Totals.....	1,152	24,857	1,140	59,252						
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	24,584	17,416	26,003	10,846						
	United States...	116,321	84,332	155,010	131,177						
	Other countries..	6,516	12,287	16,719	7,365						
	Totals.....	147,421	114,035	197,732	149,328						

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	539,609	222,489	694,818	657,162					
	United States...	3,115,897	1,180,503	3,813,906	1,387,911					
	Other countries...	71,927	80,716	118,618	124,572					
	Totals	3,727,433	4,483,708	4,627,342	2,169,645					
Mineral water	Great Britain...	775		392	85					
	United States...	7,885	29	4,527	83					
	France...	343		2,590						
	Germany...	239		42						
Musical instruments	Other countries...	13		207						
	Totals	9,255	29	7,758	168					
Mustard	Great Britain...	1,813	728	4,648	1,563					
	United States...	31,505	2,070	67,842	3,639					
	Germany...	8,717	925	7,923	560					
	Other countries...	2,123		2,884						
Oils :-	Totals	39,158	3,723	83,297	5,162					
	Great Britain...	5,360		5,893						
	United States...	1,693		2,379						
	Other countries...	103		6						
Mineral oils	Totals	7,156		8,278						
	Great Britain...	273	384	632	77					
	United States...	48,124	30,880	62,595	77,463					
	Other countries...									
Fish oils	Totals	48,397	31,264	63,247	77,540					
	Great Britain...	161		594						
	United States...	282		3,607						
	Newfoundland...		466							
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Other countries...	313		766						
	Totals	766	466	4,967						
Cocconut and palm in their natural state	Great Britain...		11,000		11,037					
	United States...		2,013		2,944					
	Other countries...		2,395		400					
	Totals		15,408		14,381					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain....	2,626	189	64,795	1						
	United States....	30,013									
	Other countries..										
	Totals.....	32,639	189	64,795	1						
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain....	10,420		29,613							
	United States....	7,638		8,023							
	Other countries..										
	Totals.....	18,058		37,636							
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain....	458		1,035							
	United States....	28,105		47,016							
	Other countries..	78									
	Totals.....	28,641		48,051							
Oils, other	Great Britain....	3,735		4,528							
	United States....	14,073	5,086	23,689	8,232						
	Other countries..	5,228		8,783							
	Totals.....	23,036	5,086	37,000	8,232						
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Oils.....	Great Britain....	17,673	11,384	36,422	11,114						
	United States....	128,245	38,168	209,725	88,640						
	Other countries..	5,619	2,861	9,549	400						
	Totals.....	151,537	52,413	255,696	100,154						

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 13,063	\$	\$ 21,569	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	39,923	..	39,416	..	..	..	..	..
	Other countries.....	1,145	..	207	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals.....	54,131	..	61,192	..	..	..	..	..
Paper, other.....	Great Britain.....	23,961	..	37,274	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	148,948	4,283	179,229	3,700	..	..	..	..
	Other countries.....	10,321	799	17,466	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals.....	183,230	5,082	233,969	3,700	..	..	..	..
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	41,468	..	61,044	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	216,285	4,283	239,458	3,700	..	..	..	..
	Other countries.....	17,739	799	18,568	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals.....	271,492	5,082	319,060	3,700	..	..	..	..
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise.....	Great Britain.....	384	..	2,494	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	5,097	..	10,335	..	..	..	..	..
	Germany.....	2,394	..	1,411	..	..	..	..	..
	Other countries.....	..	..	133	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals.....	7,875	..	14,373	..	..	..	..	..

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Meats— <i>Con.</i>											
Other meats, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	596		723							
	United States.....	63,958		24,774							
	Other countries.....	594		9,961							
	Totals.....	65,148		35,458							
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Provisions.....	Great Britain.....	5,376		3,577							
	United States.....	270,521	75	210,747							
	Other countries.....	2,460		15,511							
	Totals.....	278,357	75	229,835							
Rags.....	Great Britain.....		3,449		14,449						
	United States.....		20,065		58,126						
	Germany.....		1,798								
	Other countries.....				1,396						
	Totals.....		25,312		73,971						
Rennet.....	Great Britain.....		139								
	United States.....		10,759		10,465						
	Other countries.....		8,060		6,439						
	Totals.....		19,558		16,924						
Resin or rosin.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....		13,364		27,518						
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....		13,364		27,518						

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UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.						1907.	
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twisted or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain...		57,776		34,037				
	United States...								
	Other countries...								
	Totals.....		57,776		34,037				
Velvets, velveteens, plush fabrics, N. E. S.	Great Britain...	5,402		13,023					
	United States...	377		2,031					
	France.....	1,464		4,079					
	Germany....	1,087		2,433					
Silk, other	Other countries.	351		361					
	Totals.....	8,681		21,927					
Silk, other	Great Britain...	16,687		19,376	448				
	United States...	5,523	973	7,988	1,786				
	Japan.....	3,298		4,418					
	Other countries.	3,550	190	3,876	129				
Recapitulation.	Totals	29,058	1,163	35,688	2,363				
	Great Britain...	150,593		178,730	448				
	United States...	21,257	58,749	32,765	35,823				
	Other countries.	142,479	190	169,844	129				
Silk and mfrs. of	Totals	314,329	58,939	381,339	36,400				
	Great Britain...								
	United States...								
	Other countries.								

Soap.....	Great Britain.....	3,688	5	4,125	18	.....
	United States.....	35,440	.....	25,650	.....	.....
	France.....	3,024	.....	4,076	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	780	.....	43	.....	.....
	Totals.....	42,832	5	34,494	18	.....
Spices.....	Great Britain.....	18,379	.....	11,978	.....	.....
	United States.....	4,822	.....	6,882	.....	.....
	B. E. Indies.....	4,473	.....	3,576	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	2,463	.....	3,111	.....	.....
	Totals.....	30,137	.....	25,247	.....	.....
Spirits and wines— Spirits—	Great Britain.....	1,835	.....	912	.....	.....
Brandy.....	United States.....	250	.....	102	.....	.....
	France.....	33,576	.....	42,680	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	94	.....	59	.....	.....
	Totals.....	37,755	.....	43,753	.....	.....
Gin.....	Great Britain.....	5,930	.....	6,787	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Holland.....	20,506	.....	22,446	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....
	Totals.....	26,436	.....	29,238	.....	.....
Whiskey.....	Great Britain.....	66,358	.....	74,970	.....	.....
	United States.....	694	.....	574	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	67,052	.....	75,544	.....	.....
Spirits, other.....	Great Britain.....	2,351	.....	2,781	.....	.....
	United States.....	767	.....	840	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	8,083	.....	9,530	.....	.....
	Totals.....	11,201	.....	13,151	.....	.....
Wines, non-sparkling.....	Great Britain.....	1,630	.....	2,228	.....	.....
	United States.....	2,182	.....	1,015	.....	.....
	France.....	3,536	.....	3,799	.....	.....
	Spain.....	10,620	.....	8,333	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	6,718	.....	6,629	.....	.....
	Totals.....	24,686	.....	22,004	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Turpentine, spirits of	Great Britain	257	230						
	United States	43,119	69,892						
	Other countries								
	Totals	43,376	70,082						
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials	Great Britain	5,597	9,265						
	United States	1,204	4,422						
	Other countries	335	662						
	Totals	7,136	14,349						
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c..	Great Britain	7,396	93						
	United States	10,596	110	3,761	10,544				
	Other countries		17						
	Totals	17,992	203	14,322					
Vegetables	Great Britain	2,404	5,841						
	United States	47,588	57,426						
	Other countries	4,859	5,701						
	Totals	54,951	68,968						

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets.	Great Britain...	166,909	.....	219,786	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	1,753	.....	1,816	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	1,263	.....	222	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	1,336	.....	5,810	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	171,261	.....	227,634	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain...	46,713	.....	61,771	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	43,084	.....	40,046	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	176	.....	1,771	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	7,091	.....	11,525	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	10	.....	371	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	97,074	.....	115,484	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain...	260,063	.....	305,600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	635	.....	1,564	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	3,819	.....	11,212	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	1,814	.....	7,501	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	1,505	.....	2,262	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	267,836	.....	328,139	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain...	304,453	.....	335,247	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	5,976	.....	4,847	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	86,743	.....	8,950	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Wool and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	999,107	69,155	1,152,729	94,588				
	United States...	66,662	46,180	60,180	48,021				
	Other countries...	174,263	29,664	194,638	46,439				
	Totals.....	1,240,092	145,406	1,407,547	188,998				
All other articles, N.E.S.....									
	Great Britain...	72,053	15,231	77,912	127,221				
	United States...	280,350	66,818	363,468	178,775				
	Other countries...	34,208	17,670	36,726	6,957				
	Totals.....	386,591	99,719	478,106	312,933				
Total imports (mdse.).....									
	Great Britain...	3,900,335	1,021,897	4,780,013	1,917,404				
	United States...	8,100,310	6,637,396	9,132,271	8,288,672				
	Other countries...	2,172,151	1,153,950	2,404,903	1,171,602				
	Totals.....	14,172,796	8,873,843	16,317,187	11,357,678				
Coin and bullion.....									
	Great Britain...				6				
	United States...		96,379		660,416				
	Other countries...		155						
	Totals.....		96,534		660,422				
Grand totals, Imports.....									
	Great Britain...	3,900,335	1,021,897	4,780,013	1,917,410				
	United States...	8,100,310	6,794,375	9,132,271	8,929,088				
	Other countries...	2,172,151	1,154,105	2,404,903	1,171,602				
	Totals.....	14,172,796	8,970,377	16,317,187	12,018,100				

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of April, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain.....	\$ 297,365	\$	\$ 340,818	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	2,138	..	4,663	..	..	..	..	..
	Newfoundland.....	600	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Other countries..	26,315	..	325	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals	326,418	..	345,806	..	..	..	..	..
Horses	Great Britain.....	2,800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	48,515	2,105	14,505	2,460	..	..	..	..
	Other countries..	109	..	100	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals	51,415	2,105	14,605	2,460	..	..	..	..
Sheep	Great Britain.....	125	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	706	..	1,150	..	..	..	..	..
	Other countries..	3,805	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals	4,636	..	1,150	..	..	..	..	..
Other animals, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	9,019	1,190	3,247	403	..	..	..	..
	Other countries..	203	..	38	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals	9,222	1,190	3,315	403	..	..	..	..

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	300,290		340,848					
	United States...	60,378	3,295	23,565	2,863				
	Other countries...	31,023		463					
	Totals.....	391,691	3,295	364,876	2,863				
Ashes	Great Britain...	677		1,442					
	United States...	13,942		8,173					
	Other countries...								
	Totals.....	14,619		9,615					
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.	Great Britain...	6,318	157	10,064					
	United States...	6,144	5,462	5,067	2,573				
	Other countries...	3,032	298	396					
	Totals.....	15,494	5,917	15,527	2,573				
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....	Great Britain...	29,940		42,067					
	United States...	876	3	7,076					
	Belgium.....			249					
	Other countries...	30							
	Totals.....	30,846		49,395					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Grain— <i>Con.</i>									
Wheat.....	Great Britain....	2,310,575		1,261,516					
	United States....	436,732		1,136					
	Belgium.....			10,203					
	Germany.....								
	Other countries..	36,127							
	Totals.....	2,783,734		1,272,855					
Other grain, N.E.S.	Great Britain....								
	United States....	3		2					
	Other countries ..								
	Totals.....	3		2					
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Grain.....	Great Britain....	2,475,510		1,353,538					
	United States....	446,194	500	12,935					
	Other countries..	50,523		68,880					
	Totals.....	2,981,227	500	1,435,353					
Grain products—									
Bran.....	Great Britain....	3,581		150					
	United States....	1,921		5,041					
	B. W. Indies....			500					
	Other countries ..	3,621		1,951					
	Totals.....	9,123		7,642					
Cereal foods.....	Great Britain....	53,164		57,088					
	United States....	6,720	29						
	Other countries..	40,442		28,387					
	Totals.....	100,326	29	85,475					

	Great Britain...	United States...	Other countries...	Totals	54,246
Oatmeal.....	41,084	845	2,339	44,268	4,179
Wheat flour.....	220,653	2,044	9,851	230,548	58,425
Other breadstuffs, N.E.S.....	2,984	1,212	2,614	6,810	5,643
Recapitulation.....	2,796,976	458,936	198,592	3,454,504	1,094
Breadstuffs.....	2,796,976	458,936	198,592	3,454,504	1,865
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	4,940	19,626	5,340	30,906	20
Bicycles.....	10,320	19,626	5,220	35,166	20
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	3,645	1,233	7,041	11,919	17

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain.....	3,760		1,849							
	United States.....	5,854	21,096	6,451	9,137						
	Other countries.....	13,006	3,816	18,398	115						
	Totals.....	24,620	24,912	26,698	9,252						
Clothing and wearing apparel.....	Great Britain.....	1,930	94	909	262						
	United States.....	1,583	1,327	1,648	1,729						
	Newfoundland.....	2,597		49							
	Other countries.....	883		2,878							
	Totals.....	6,993	1,421	5,484	1,991						
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders.....	Great Britain.....	280									
	United States.....	362,331	4,477	191,599	7,835						
	Newfoundland.....	7,155	35		45						
	Other countries.....	11,401		6,200							
	Totals.....	381,167	4,512	197,799	7,880						
Cordage, rope and twine.....	Great Britain.....	201		132	4,166						
	United States.....	23,756		33,741							
	Newfoundland.....	464	14	20							
	Other countries.....	2,675		6,055							
	Totals.....	27,096	14	39,948	4,166						
Cotton and mtrs. of.	Great Britain.....	2,466	500	1,608	1,581						
	United States.....	10,692	538	8,153	1,002						
	Other countries.....	127,044		9,390							
	Totals.....	140,202	1,038	19,151	2,583						

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	31,682	920	29,905	400				
	United States...	64,419	14,141	75,096	109,536				
	Australasia...								
	Other countries..	41,640	601	22,796					
	Totals	137,741	15,662	127,857	109,996				
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...								
	United States...	1,649	52	109					
	Other countries..	145	2,191	526	4,046				
	Totals	1,794	2,243	928	4,046				
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain...								
	United States...	12,834	1	13,970					
	Other countries..	370		225					
	Totals	13,204	1	14,195					
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted	Great Britain...	705							
	United States...	20,188		3,253					
	Brazil	24,898		224					
	B. W. Indies..	66,675		22,377					
	Cuba	35,190		18,464					
Herrings, fresh or frozen	Other countries..	69,832		51,408					
	Totals	217,488		95,728					
Herrings, pickled	Great Britain...	3,001		2,440					
	United States...								
	Other countries..								
	Totals	3,001		2,440					
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...								
	United States...	3,448		803					
	B. W. Indies..	12,647		8,887					
	Other countries..	3,282		12,624					
	Totals	19,377		22,314					
	Great Britain...	8,476							
	United States...	76,944		56,858					
	Other countries..								
	Totals	85,420		56,858					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 25,326	\$	\$ 7,604	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	10,932	6,363	6,363	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Belgium.....	796	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	3,360	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	607	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	41,021	.....	13,967	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mackerel, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	525	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	525	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	525	.....	305	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	3,139	.....	1,945	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	4,434	.....	613	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	8,098	.....	2,863	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain.....	59,245	.....	220,177	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Australasia.....	1,975	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	3,866	.....	231	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	65,086	.....	220,409	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salmon, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	7,049	.....	1,353	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	7,049	.....	1,355	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Fruits—Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	2,793	.....	7,077	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States...	417	5,130	39	9,261	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Other countries..	1,834	14	451	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	5,044	5,134	7,567	9,358	.....	.....	.....	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Fruits.	Great Britain...	45,275	.....	51,247	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States...	2,775	9,257	55	9,277	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Other countries..	3,449	40	3,053	127	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	51,499	9,297	54,355	9,469	.....	.....	.....	.....
Furs and skins and mfrs. of—									
Furs and skins, undressed.....	Great Britain...	9,520	230	8,440	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States...	191,572	3,532	137,203	7,711	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Other countries..	1,350	.....	8,076	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	202,442	3,762	153,719	7,711	.....	.....	.....	.....
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.....	Great Britain...	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States...	513	.....	155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	588	.....	155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	839	224	208	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States...	3,223	351	685	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Other countries..	25	946	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	4,087	1,501	893	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i>									
Machines and machinery	Great Britain.....	15,131	343	15,603	540				
	United States.....	27,635	23,522	7,136	63,924				
	Australasia.....	6,230		2,858					
	Other countries..	30,047	868	12,748					
	Totals.....	79,043	24,733	38,435	63,464				
Ores - iron.	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....			70					
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....			70					
Pig iron	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....			3,176					
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....			3,176					
Scrap iron and steel	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....	9,266		2,133					
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....	9,266		2,133					
Steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	2,388	19	2,804	2				
	United States.....	22,332	9,264	5,971	8,283				
	Newfoundland..	3,275	21	43					
	Other countries..	3,986		2,846	468				
	Totals.....	33,981	9,304	11,654	8,753				

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.									
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Meats— <i>Con.</i>											
Beef	Great Britain...	10,806		2,535							
	United States...			520							
	Newfoundland...	7,208		1,438	314						
	Other countries..	6,945		21	18						
	Totals.....	24,959		4,534	332						
Canned meats.	Great Britain...	5,847		6,578							
	United States...										
	British Africa...	60									
	Other countries..										
	Totals	5,907		6,578							
Pork.	Great Britain...	1,616		10,701							
	United States...	956		597							
	Newfoundland...	2,778		54	156						
	Other countries..	936		631							
	Totals.....	6,286		11,983	156						
Poultry.	Great Britain...			511							
	United States...	36		16							
	Other countries..	454		103							
	Totals.....	490		630							
Other provisions, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	3,492		598							
	United States...	6,933	192	150	1,416						
	Other countries..	2,957		2,557							
	Totals.....	13,382	192	3,305	1,416						

	Great Britain.....	United States.....	B. W. Indies.....	Cuba.....	Other countries..	Totals.....
Vegetables—	5,787	182	3,392	1,000	2,902	7,476
Potatoes.....	5,920	354	1,791	109	2,254	2,254
	10,593					
	31,240					
Other vegetables, N.E.S.	150					
	8,049					
	6,617					
	14,816					
Wood and mfrs. of:—						
Wood, unmanufactured—						
Logs.....	870	2,965	23,340			
	24,131					
	25,001					
Lumber—						
Deals, pine.....	840	12,394				
	3,778					
	25,001					
	840					
	3,778					
	4,618					
Deals, spruce and other.....						
	141,116	221,158				
	38,758	31,692				
	179,869	252,850				
Deal ends.....						
	5,877	4,675				
		60				
	5,877	4,744				
Planks and boards.....						
	55,095	61,354				
	893,805	558,446				
	41,259	58,910				
	146,662	70,775				
	1,136,821	749,485				

[illegible]

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of
April, 1906 and 1907

	APRIL.				
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	549,633	676,109			
Malt.....	115,699	149,799			
Malt liquor.....	805	6,630			
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	198,576	220,946			
" Canadian leaf.....	11,261	11,958			
" combination leaf.....	8,338	8,442			
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	62,667	53,655			
" Canadian leaf.....		17			
" combination leaf.....	435	720			
Snuff.....	2,990	3,064			
Canada twist.....	149	21			
Foreign raw leaf.....	123,813	132,508			
Licenses.....	40	3,855			
Totals, Tobacco.....	408,269	435,186			
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	89,552	100,613			
" Canadian leaf.....	207	261			
" combination leaf.....	2,686	2,083			
Licenses.....	112	14,150			
Totals, Cigars.....	92,557	117,107			
Acetic acid.....		50			
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	5,643	8,117			
Seizures.....	120	450			
Other receipts.....	2,406	11,774			
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,175,132	1,405,222			
Hydraulic and other rents.....	8	8			
Minor public works.....	721	972			
Inspection of electric light.....	2,041	124			
" gas.....	3,271	319			
" weights and measures.....	5,292	1,593			
Law stamps.....	684	570			
Other revenues.....	5,179	8,550			
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,192,328	1,417,358			

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months*, and *twelve months*, ending April, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.	Expenditure on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Public Works (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	1,862,699	779,570	269,951	296,433	297,695	3,506,348	2,493,085	198,455
1899.....	2,257,772	863,001	325,332	443,947	283,807	4,173,859	2,852,929	512,122
1900.....	2,282,737	748,658	302,621	512,152	183,980	4,030,148	2,742,226	260,115
1901.....	2,206,608	844,419	324,168	501,803	194,289	4,071,287	2,984,854	789,236
1902.....	2,798,123	1,007,585	368,818	729,148	345,235	5,248,909	3,002,889	463,137
1903.....	3,273,706	1,001,302	383,813	670,774	435,005	5,764,600	3,257,589	497,793
1904.....	3,175,153	1,063,236	349,881	627,179	209,700	5,425,149	3,141,559	951,752
1905.....	3,259,578	977,392	396,108	648,908	417,757	5,699,743	3,617,541	705,898
1906.....	3,892,584	1,149,130	569,840	781,894	399,349	6,792,797	3,642,118	1,285,432
*1907.....	557,608	212,706	217,392	214,428	122,002	1,324,136	4,137,063	1,620,662

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	20,726,566	6,929,732	3,494,203	3,723,394	2,219,092	37,092,987	30,859,606	4,142,833
1899.....	24,328,167	9,423,706	3,250,610	4,303,447	2,665,705	43,971,635	33,490,401	8,012,694
1900.....	27,788,878	9,840,286	3,010,677	4,975,036	2,730,799	48,345,676	34,518,528	7,589,922
1901.....	27,926,038	10,167,375	3,279,615	5,615,410	3,155,244	50,143,682	37,645,084	9,172,809
1902.....	30,892,533	10,995,359	3,695,277	6,509,283	3,254,917	55,347,369	40,879,069	10,766,263
1903.....	35,678,322	11,744,263	4,170,643	6,853,301	3,618,279	62,064,808	43,263,964	8,603,449
1904.....	40,139,210	12,836,785	4,598,938	6,816,246	3,714,968	68,106,147	42,326,242	8,382,639
1905.....	40,824,606	12,312,253	4,816,264	7,236,037	3,825,912	69,015,072	51,261,539	10,682,860
1906.....	44,714,476	13,706,247	5,615,656	8,184,161	3,932,062	76,152,602	53,290,189	12,315,164
1907.....	47,892,653	14,217,751	5,927,776	8,503,186	4,795,468	81,336,834	54,708,627	14,302,450

* The above statement only represents the receipts and payments which have passed through the books of the Finance Department up to the last day of the month.

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *months* of April 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	MONTH OF APRIL.					
	Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Food, drink and tobacco—						
Grain and flour.....	25,714,897	24,226,900	27,689,586	1,080,843	1,025,504	1,143,311
Meat, including animals for food.....	19,272,715	21,705,056	21,602,339	293,698	431,060	519,079
Other food and drink—						
Free.....	22,022,747	23,483,151	25,344,938	}	4,113,759	5,041,160
Dutiable.....	17,299,627	15,365,843	19,449,434			
Tobacco.....	1,489,415	1,887,726	1,407,977	347,106	369,801	476,209
Totals.....	85,799,401	86,668,676	95,554,274	5,835,406	6,400,683	7,179,759
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—						
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	5,898	11,568	487	9,910,188	11,928,326	15,839,219
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	2,083,755	2,740,507	3,051,789	171,993	161,831	337,265
Other metallic ores.....	2,378,617	3,349,274	4,827,729	29,020	61,228	67,789
Wood and timber.....	6,093,714	6,022,373	7,241,653	22,420	23,987	59,252
Cotton.....	16,841,845	18,407,811	30,241,447			
Wool.....	13,390,585	19,203,546	26,423,197	371,535	1,273,125	1,037,062
Other textile materials.....	5,889,216	5,503,305	7,552,429	50,652	94,705	124,411
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	8,918,117	9,545,868	13,822,676	1,041,092	1,027,343	1,347,551
Hides and undressed skins.....	2,466,378	3,581,487	4,621,051	628,632	714,149	911,005
Materials for making paper.....	1,300,281	1,232,926	1,487,160	185,162	264,557	335,396
Miscellaneous.....	9,936,631	10,784,760	13,098,941	688,504	729,345	1,084,488
Totals.....	69,305,037	80,387,425	112,368,559	13,099,198	16,278,596	21,143,988
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—						
Iron and steel and manufactures of.....	3,329,652	3,557,197	2,528,258	11,673,955	14,961,729	19,946,071
Other metals and manufactures of.....	7,229,944	9,519,034	12,506,809	3,051,068	3,464,210	5,388,865
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	1,442,417	1,410,754	1,656,336	1,951,188	2,184,944	2,572,360
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	16,916	441,684	606,732	1,034,677	502,653	598,152
Machinery.....	2,203,117	2,076,792	2,747,968	8,331,528	10,478,026	12,746,783
Ships (new).....	18,766	7,660	1,601	2,194,736	1,917,749	4,289,981
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	831,645	891,890	878,604	391,698	474,685	564,012
Yarns and textile fabrics—						
Cotton.....	2,952,300	3,705,310	3,870,976	33,381,046	35,170,393	43,351,702
Wool.....	4,786,274	5,015,402	4,791,866	9,404,293	9,756,480	11,217,730
Other materials.....	8,082,891	8,179,864	9,681,664	4,349,505	5,131,939	6,400,834

Apparel.....	1,538,003	1,554,978	1,704,569	1,870,981	2,056,751	2,454,674
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	3,976,130	4,045,183	4,921,601	6,179,702	6,324,705	8,326,463
Leather and manufactures thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	3,753,636	5,014,486	4,520,861	1,881,385	2,000,719	2,358,577
Earthenware and glass.....	1,575,505	1,674,026	1,712,843	1,115,235	1,246,718	1,396,695
Paper.....	1,803,460	2,317,385	2,405,432	698,863	716,992	946,727
Miscellaneous.....	10,863,345	11,588,746	12,920,971	9,304,697	10,183,606	13,798,981
Totals.....	54,464,001	61,000,391	67,517,091	96,814,527	106,666,549	136,759,207
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	1,074,047	940,765	919,080	1,724,746	2,211,394	2,412,460
Totals.....	210,643,086	228,997,257	276,359,004	117,473,877	131,557,222	167,495,414
Exports of foreign produce.....				30,678,868	35,682,819	47,060,170
Grand totals.....	210,643,086	228,997,257	276,359,004	148,152,745	167,240,041	214,555,584

Fish—									
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.								
Salmon "	"	556	70					10,487	2,827
Wood and timber—		49,021	13,735					705,029	238,111
Hewn..... Loads.		3,792	844					74,830	19,248
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	24,699	32,407					354,698	487,090
Total imports, principal articles.....								5,250,951	3,445,634

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the months of April, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.		
	Month of April.			Month of April.		
	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.						
1. Articles of food and drink—						
Salt, rock and white.....Tons.		4,503				
Spirits.....Pt. galls.	5,315	119,066				
2. Raw materials—						
Wool, sheep and lambs.....Lbs.	72,000	79,400				
3. Articles manufactured and partly manufactured—						
Cotton manufactures						
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....Yds.	158,400	792,700				
" dyed....."	888,600	1,657,000				
" dyed or manufactured of dyed yarn....."	1,433,800	1,811,400				
Jute manufactures—						
Piece goods, all kinds....."	1,068,900	1,374,600				
Linen manufactures—						
Piece goods, all kinds....."	1,188,900	1,074,200				
Silk manufactures—						
Lace....."	876,400	1,134,700				
Silk and other materials.....Yds.						
Woolen tissues....."	471,600	634,400				
Worsted tissues....."	691,600	778,900				
Carpets, not being rugs....."	177,600	239,900				
Hardware, unenumerated....."						
Cutlery....."						
Iron and steel—						
Iron, pig.....Tons.	2,732	9,325				
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables....."	151	290				
Bars, angles, rods or shapes or sections....."	2,158	976				
Rails....."	3	251				
Sheets and plates....."	1,667	2,663				
Galvanized sheets....."	1,375	2,236				
Tin plates and sheets....."	1,234	1,784				
Wire....."	370	529				
					</	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *twelve months* ending March, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

Classification of Articles.	TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS:—			
Articles of food and live animals.....	275,840,934	253,519,412	.....
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	367,895,403	408,202,949	.....
Articles manufactured—			
For mechanic arts.....	139,750,958	166,304,658	.....
For consumption.....	159,068,135	196,943,033	.....
Articles of voluntary use, &c.....	142,318,027	167,748,513	.....
Totals, imports.....	1,084,873,457	1,192,718,565	1,379,074,130
EXPORTS:—			
Domestic—			
Products of agriculture.....	771,744,348	956,690,651	.....
" manufactures.....	513,956,621	593,650,152	.....
" mining.....	48,977,506	53,711,814	.....
" forest.....	63,739,253	70,559,442	.....
" fisheries.....	7,458,591	7,948,391	.....
" miscellaneous.....	6,630,869	8,223,721	.....
Totals, exports, domestic.....	1,412,507,188	1,690,784,171	1,826,093,372
Foreign—			
Free of duty.....	14,204,753	13,058,567	13,214,012
Dutiable.....	12,007,194	14,018,665	11,951,057
Totals, exports, foreign.....	26,211,947	27,077,232	25,165,069
Totals, exports.....	1,438,719,135	1,717,861,403	1,851,258,441
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.....	1,084,873,457	1,192,718,565	1,379,074,130
Exports.....	1,438,719,135	1,717,861,403	1,851,258,441
Grand totals.....	2,523,592,592	2,910,579,968	3,230,332,571

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of March, 1906 and 1907, and the twelve months ending March, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Continents.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Imports.		Exports.		Imports.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa.....	1,331,898	1,477,286	1,282,844	3,053,449	10,071,085	18,567,894	13,092,720	19,641,042	18,393,881	17,583,357		
Asia.....	15,139,800	8,534,245	8,797,991	19,591,809	160,394,397	100,312,469	174,954,287	126,229,351	207,477,378	88,789,039		
Europe.....	57,491,538	98,607,131	110,305,220	66,118,437	523,606,296	980,313,502	606,218,892	1,168,872,913	726,033,815	1,286,888,939		
North America.....	22,774,447	27,556,227	30,594,530	25,300,701	224,528,653	253,771,018	230,233,075	296,915,865	249,851,477	334,963,873		
South America.....	13,331,132	5,814,021	6,820,204	15,029,563	143,787,719	53,098,764	142,077,085	71,800,996	151,107,946	81,780,715		
Oceania.....	3,529,422	3,523,828	3,950,145	4,017,793	22,485,307	32,655,488	26,142,506	34,401,236	26,209,633	41,252,518		
Totals.....	113,598,237	145,512,738	161,750,934	133,111,752	1,084,873,457	1,438,719,351	1,192,718,565	1,717,861,403	1,379,074,130	1,851,258,441		

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of March, 1906 and 1907, and the *twelve months* ending March, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.						TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	18,790,625.	51,290,198.	22,513,723.	53,627,316.	171,828,711.	507,948,419.	199,072,092.	582,011,275.	241,333,399.	605,693,711.		\$
Aden.....	245,188.	246,891.	115,194.	87,515.	2,291,211.	965,240.	2,173,044.	1,430,573.	2,364,142.	2,654,543.		\$
Bermuda.....	38,144.	105,496.	31,379.	87,515.	606,783.	1,165,966.	491,211.	1,225,388.	421,304.	906,297.		\$
British Africa.....	86,602.	1,025,657.	303,440.	1,037,752.	1,436,054.	15,050,915.	1,569,311.	14,282,228.	2,334,776.	11,094,983.		\$
British Australasia.....	2,194,533.	2,820,978.	3,253,749.	2,782,883.	10,439,385.	26,667,477.	11,701,651.	28,076,385.	14,058,084.	31,798,188.		\$
British East Indies.....	6,300,597.	796,312.	8,942,321.	960,064.	51,357,373.	7,973,964.	63,455,211.	7,342,503.	81,598,056.	8,782,766.		\$
British Guiana.....	159,917.	129,632.	2,453.	115,201.	1,509,641.	1,576,440.	1,035,171.	1,860,147.	1,196,018.	1,918,120.		\$
British Honduras.....	56,995.	116,484.	44,590.	120,212.	518,186.	1,083,726.	750,187.	999,867.	736,646.	1,290,793.		\$
British North America—												
Canada.....	4,897,176.	13,134,260.	5,062,240.	15,872,315.	60,074,356.	139,509,560.	66,253,012.	151,901,309.	70,882,960.	174,345,747.		\$
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	18,932.	267,995.	100,568.	253,577.	1,150,829.	2,422,356.	1,364,075.	2,940,645.	1,498,934.	2,793,110.		\$
British West Indies.....	601,054.	792,591.	1,458,210.	996,139.	9,319,667.	9,557,118.	10,836,534.	9,897,345.	11,622,559.	10,294,152.		\$
Gibraltar.....	2,823.	22,199.	980.	52,545.	330,615.	250,955.	57,456.	377,989.	14,904.	385,321.		\$
Hong Kong.....	161,196.	297,566.	439,673.	584,699.	1,647,718.	10,236,422.	1,754,718.	8,156,037.	2,292,889.	7,054,660.		\$
Other British Colonies.....	605.	27,054.	65,538.	50,340.	204,220.	566,801.	139,485.	310,654.	134,160.	759,979.		\$
Totals, British Empire.....	33,554,387.	70,935,740.	42,465,758.	76,655,752.	312,714,749.	724,975,359.	360,653,147.	810,812,345.	430,485,031.	860,372,370.		\$
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Austria-Hungary.....	1,390,215.	948,321.	1,521,598.	1,473,455.	10,472,372.	9,914,790.	13,109,589.	15,331,951.	15,528,428.	13,583,405.		\$
Argentina.....	1,516,849.	2,366,088.	1,877,076.	2,178,478.	13,203,161.	21,733,018.	19,216,350.	31,257,200.	16,840,366.	33,118,099.		\$
Belgium.....	3,092,946.	4,251,633.	2,314,223.	4,274,515.	24,407,046.	36,852,390.	28,379,394.	47,537,998.	30,031,626.	52,099,009.		\$
Brazil.....	8,253,059.	1,369,957.	9,521,614.	2,142,870.	96,006,514.	10,625,929.	83,420,614.	13,269,963.	90,738,010.	17,651,136.		\$
Central American States.....	2,278,459.	2,768,701.	1,723,911.	2,329,342.	19,111,583.	12,477,447.	13,394,458.	20,273,752.	13,309,419.	25,592,230.		\$
Cuba.....	9,822,954.	4,119,505.	10,923,694.	4,377,470.	88,739,332.	35,411,001.	81,194,966.	46,946,662.	91,331,727.	47,526,237.		\$
Chile.....	1,221,926.	487,605.	1,231,373.	697,723.	9,890,191.	4,865,948.	15,892,629.	7,889,274.	17,770,727.	10,234,521.		\$
Colombia.....	617,407.	258,996.	801,431.	265,135.	7,022,225.	3,920,005.	6,584,403.	3,479,882.	6,928,934.	3,063,915.		\$
Chinese Empire.....	2,111,226.	2,624,564.	3,044,034.	2,844,441.	28,453,247.	36,420,005.	27,448,191.	53,491,715.	33,779,924.	27,220,674.		\$
Denmark.....	65,901.	1,965,876.	55,353.	1,595,937.	948,455.	15,261,850.	1,247,126.	19,691,904.	1,154,097.	24,271,854.		\$
Dutch East Indies.....	473,164.	297,136.	568,268.	82,407.	19,554,426.	2,084,192.	20,018,941.	1,800,110.	11,633,535.	1,633,176.		\$
Egypt.....	1,049,511.	49,569.	2,526,499.	81,097.	7,702,192.	638,250.	9,950,232.	1,247,585.	14,370,605.	1,020,591.		\$
France.....	238,190.	116,990.	80,409.	132,234.	2,322,503.	1,470,246.	2,527,085.	2,004,485.	3,085,587.	1,837,499.		\$
France.....	9,444,277.	6,956,257.	11,748,153.	7,725,735.	85,887,221.	70,655,568.	103,051,490.	94,329,874.	124,732,872.	110,521,601.		\$

Germany.....	11,944,099	13,928,706	13,239,720	21,558,025	114,380,205	184,804,792	130,805,804	223,073,367	154,805,882	257,901,140
Greece.....	268,612	13,863	557,381	148,451	1,341,285	167,440	1,788,698	251,775	2,848,138	926,058
Italy.....	4,381,324	4,209,303	5,057,835	4,835,785	38,169,347	36,994,581	39,445,058	44,544,427	47,425,023	60,971,750
Japan.....	5,512,400	4,077,528	5,467,503	3,592,814	50,567,904	40,239,038	52,787,621	50,031,448	67,334,503	35,257,210
Mexico.....	4,437,408	5,519,646	5,623,444	5,797,902	44,973,727	44,988,776	50,610,233	54,823,738	55,116,853	63,321,780
Netherlands.....	2,276,178	9,592,408	2,676,088	8,918,882	20,741,296	68,573,903	24,463,243	91,619,407	32,916,831	100,713,187
Norway and Sweden.....	452,660	815,768	566,159	824,699	4,805,209	11,395,067	6,929,748	12,731,835	7,636,549	15,187,972
Portugal.....	413,349	154,920	769,589	269,021	6,018,862	1,957,098	5,298,911	1,520,292	6,374,468	1,882,648
Peru.....	240,670	470,333	331,395	487,726	3,144,504	3,485,422	2,538,978	4,803,002	3,571,018	5,756,793
Philippine Islands.....	1,309,620	663,376	636,015	1,130,450	11,344,722	5,430,897	13,614,630	5,850,972	11,421,930	8,806,906
Russia.....	1,324,327	2,193,634	1,117,678	2,454,563	11,499,595	17,286,548	13,381,159	17,577,693	17,363,620	21,598,157
Spain.....	898,194	2,282,731	1,199,535	2,238,394	8,674,980	16,245,807	10,256,478	17,977,579	12,377,389	20,752,726
Switzerland.....	1,848,245	55,250	2,402,187	62,343	19,394,190	266,396	23,117,731	347,367	25,617,541	577,011
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,249,333	186,958	1,143,568	141,037	10,967,271	1,167,826	12,612,687	1,475,427	13,847,437	1,463,959
Uruguay.....	326,081	275,006	2,336,236	335,859	2,981,160	1,524,878	2,642,813	2,902,438	2,719,952	3,258,481
Venezuela.....	705,449	266,265	772,031	243,047	7,143,584	3,022,253	7,580,799	3,156,756	7,605,818	3,294,330
Other foreign countries.....	919,067	1,360,101	811,974	1,855,321	8,684,369	13,849,812	8,804,754	15,599,230	8,740,542	19,411,356
Totals, foreign countries..	80,043,850	74,576,998	90,645,994	85,095,182	772,158,708	713,743,776	832,065,418	907,049,058	948,589,099	990,886,071
Grand totals.....	113,598,237	145,512,738	133,111,752	161,750,934	1,084,873,457	1,438,719,135	1,192,718,565	1,717,861,403	1,379,074,130	1,851,258,441
	259,110,975		294,862,686		2,523,592,592		2,910,579,968			3,230,332,571

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of March 1906 and 1907 and the *twelve months* ending, March, 1905, 1906 and 1907.
(From *United States Returns*.)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.							
	Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.		Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.					
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1907.
Animals—												
Horses, <i>free</i> .	68	364	680	763		12,005	52,997	144,253	117,342			
" <i>dutiable</i> .	187		2,009	1,905		29,161		365,325	342,535			474,061
Art work, <i>free</i> .						1,400	655	121,337	3,064			
" <i>dutiable</i> .						308		379,827	249,062			179,942
Books, &c., <i>free</i> .						4,772	15,844	52,205	50,829			
" <i>dutiable</i> .						5,792		59,043	52,733			139,644
Cement, Roman—												
Portland, <i>dutiable</i> .		400	235,215	158,610			3	1,323	1,776			27,613
Coal, bituminous, <i>dutiable</i> .	141,438	110,376	1,178,028	1,448,407		345,764	275,040	3,473,663	2,918,332			3,181,462
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ore and regulus.	3,941	8,640	173,930	136,226		103,380	202,956	1,457,264	1,429,859			1,681,368
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other, un-												
manufactured.	3,569,710	2,819,871	19,731,624	26,866,775		641,679	975,924	4,332,497	2,633,587			5,435,066
Fibres, vegetables, &c., and manufactures of—												
Flax, <i>dutiable</i> .	132	165	1,267	981		27,751	38,388	212,413	273,985			161,226
Fruits—												
Bananas, <i>free</i> .						88		76,799	2,494			2,147
Lemons, <i>dutiable</i> .								932	49,109			66
Furs, skins, undressed, &c., <i>free</i> .												
Hides and skins, other than fur, <i>free and dutiable</i> .	2,132,825	1,629,048	27,216,946	32,630,211		218,748	210,338	1,723,748	1,109,721			1,380,426
Iron and steel and manufactures of—												
Tin plates, <i>dutiable</i> .	1,032	1,063	346,628	127,923		221,969	171,082	3,567,818	2,617,128			3,623,144
						72	106	5,735	6,650			4,792

[illegible]

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of March 1906 and 1907 and the *twelve months* ending March 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.				
	Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.		Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Agricultural implements.....					\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—									
Cattle.....	1,672	464	26,264	15,845	242,010	306,921	2,771,790	1,841,059	2,997,181
Hogs.....	44	3	833	72,558	48,341	16,025	701,935	390,321	434,343
Horses.....	6,314	2,031	21,135	23,913	422	27	7,011	703,757	1,236
Sheep.....	4,474	2,217	68,739	66,788	602,868	250,151	2,049,951	2,375,385	3,433,708
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....					13,573	17,719	209,262	197,719	231,051
Breadstuffs—					160,522	178,264	2,002,305	2,173,053	2,127,796
Corn.....	580,083	1,111,584	7,223,983	9,089,649	293,815	542,083	3,801,160	4,807,793	4,077,009
Oats.....	1,690	2,078	48,854	2,349,268	545	1,471	19,723	754,147	144,989
Wheat.....	3,895	3,413	80,297	76,823	2,900	2,544	65,298	63,576	216,351
Wheat flour.....	12,353	6,760	133,557	171,631	45,515	26,741	611,633	720,527	689,431
Carriages, cars and parts of—									
Automobiles.....					124,524	11,152	111,152	990,605	990,605
Cycles and parts of.....					7,512	5,407	121,189	89,910	61,132
All other.....					179,156	18,388	1,269,773	1,702,693	1,109,954
Clocks and watches.....					68,827	86,187	825,348	832,941	949,692
Coal—									
Anthracite.....	109,934	153,563	2,215,993	2,208,522	553,469	753,619	11,100,483	10,934,789	11,159,082
Bituminous.....	354,493	359,790	4,571,319	5,085,102	935,701	972,202	11,797,587	12,420,982	13,013,881
Copper and manufactures of—									
Ingots, bars and old.....	135,796	314,151	3,535,071	2,983,573	25,791	75,450	512,228	501,928	853,598
Ore, matte and regulus.....	3,706	7,990	4,694	42,809	93,834	104,720	80,105	313,370	569,620
Cotton and manufactures of—									
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	9,159	12,436	98,809	142,221	544,715	665,832	5,046,331	7,743,122	8,022,924
Cotton, coloured and uncoloured.....	4,682,746	6,365,179	50,357,536	73,324,521	97,203	85,819	710,587	807,793	823,408
Other manufactures.....	1,141,564	953,604	8,665,412	9,892,491	281,637	133,048	2,374,764	2,596,838	2,274,939
Fertilizers.....	1,667	3,192	10,323	11,700	37,897	87,870	232,924	256,678	334,508
Fruits and nuts.....					208,256	201,807	2,393,328	2,761,416	3,491,332
Furs and fur skins.....					226,270	202,989	1,556,497	1,840,491	1,941,773
Hides and skins other than fur.....					6,647	15,294	462,786	80,927	166,986
Hops.....	57,936	139,682	4,284,573	691,433	1,881	7,470	134,741	77,577	86,988
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes, in- cluding telegraph, telephone and other electric.....	10,232	54,991	515,107	398,064	91,634	145,751	924,139	1,215,836	1,574,118

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Canada (special)..... (1 mo.)	April.....	20,708,422	23,046,639	27,674,865
Great Britain (special)..... (1 ")	".....	210,643,086	228,997,257	276,359,004
United States..... (12 mos.)	March.....	1,084,873,457	1,192,718,565	1,379,074,130
Austria-Hungary (special)..... (2 ")	February.....	70,583,709	103,906,971	76,876,100
Belgium (principal articles)..... (3 ")	March.....	138,663,552	158,267,913	169,217,382
British India..... (2 ")	February.....	51,769,692	58,378,252	60,932,088
Egypt..... (2 ")	".....	15,820,000	17,005,000	19,975,000
France (special)..... (4 ")	April.....	".....	391,522,600	430,482,800
Germany (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	1,512,328,160	1,696,660,350	1,868,426,378
Italy (special)..... (12 ")	".....	369,350,855	398,462,782	466,440,084
Japan (special)..... (2 ")	February.....	39,987,000	33,116,500	39,045,000
Mexico..... (12 ")	*December.....	90,830,000	88,555,000	120,517,500
Portugal..... (8 ")	*August.....	45,246,600	45,291,960	44,491,680
Russia (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	299,508,965	288,047,225	319,255,195
Spain (principal articles)..... (6 ")	*June.....	78,298,749	91,562,095	94,868,378
Switzerland (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	232,835,586	258,599,735	264,906,589

EXPORTS.

Canada (special)..... (1 mo.)	April.....	9,088,495	13,362,662	9,751,849
Great Britain (special)..... (1 ")	".....	117,473,877	131,557,222	167,495,414
United States (special)..... (12 mos.)	March.....	1,412,507,188	1,690,784,171	1,826,093,372
Austria-Hungary (special)..... (2 ")	February.....	56,163,604	81,153,919	65,005,878
Belgium (principal articles)..... (3 ")	March.....	98,775,084	112,902,105	113,280,192
British India..... (2 ")	February.....	89,100,972	98,005,464	110,068,632
Egypt..... (2 ")	".....	17,895,000	26,695,000	33,275,000
France (special)..... (4 ")	April.....	".....	334,527,400	370,801,800
Germany (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	1,243,028,780	1,364,130,796	1,457,749,762
Italy (special)..... (12 ")	".....	308,263,460	334,066,402	354,319,436
Japan (special)..... (2 ")	February.....	23,959,000	25,429,500	30,687,000
Mexico..... (12 ")	*December.....	100,009,000	122,778,000	128,579,000
Portugal..... (8 ")	*August.....	22,339,800	20,161,440	21,662,640
Russia (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	492,235,970	524,205,625	514,672,975
Spain (principal articles)..... (6 ")	*June.....	78,385,125	75,124,285	81,255,316
Switzerland (special)..... (12 ")	*December.....	170,486,357	185,230,785	205,345,824

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a The figures for Mexico include coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TARIFF CHANGES

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

STATUTORY RULES.

1905. No. 39.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation on June 1, 1905.

Dated this seventh day of June, One thousand nine hundred and five.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.—STANDARDS FOR CONDENSATIONS, ETC.

The following shall be the standards according to which duty shall be charged on the undermentioned articles when in dried or concentrated form:—

Whole egg (without shell).—6·03 ounces to be taken as equivalent to one dozen fresh eggs.

Egg albumen.—3·25 ounces to be taken as equivalent to one dozen fresh eggs.

Egg yolk.—11·38 ounces to be taken as equivalent to one dozen fresh eggs.

1905. No. 48.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation forthwith.

Dated this fourth day of July, One thousand nine hundred and five.

*Amendment of Customs Regulation No. 101.*¹

Regulation No. 101 of the Customs Regulations, made on June 16, 1904, is hereby amended by the omission of the words:

‘Nutrium milk powder.—Three and a half times that of preserved milk.’

1905. No. 49.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation forthwith.

Dated this twentieth day of July, One thousand nine hundred and five.

DRAWBACK ON SUGAR USED IN MAKING JAM AND SIMILAR GOODS.

Conditions of Drawback.

1. Where goods, such as jams, jellies, and similar goods, are (after April 1, 1905) made with sugar at a factory in which both imported sugar and Australian sugar are used in the manufacture of the goods, drawback may be allowed on the exportation of the goods in respect of the sugar contained therein to the extent allowed by Regulation 132 of the Customs Regulations (Statutory Rules 1904, No. 25) if the collector is satisfied:

- (a) that the goods were made at the factory during a specified calendar year; and
- (b) that during that year imported duty-paid sugar, to an amount equal to or greater than the amount in respect of which drawback is claimed, was used at the factory in the manufacture of similar goods; and
- (c) that the drawback claimed would not, if added to the drawback (if any) previously allowed in respect of any similar goods manufactured in the factory during that year, amount to more than would be lawfully allowed on the export of the whole amount of imported sugar used in the factory in the manufacture of similar goods during*that year.

Time when Claim must be made.

2. No drawback shall be allowed except in respect of sugar contained in goods made in the calendar year in which the claim for drawback is made or in the preceding calendar year.

Declaration on Export Entry.

3. The declaration on the export entry in cases provided for by this regulation may be in the following form:

I (or we) declare that I (or we) am (or are) the exporter (or exporters) of the above mentioned goods, and

- (a) that the goods were manufactured at (here specify factory and place where situate) during the year one thousand nine hundred and (here specify the year), and
- (b) that during the year above specified imported duty-paid sugar was used at the said factory in the manufacture of the above or of similar goods to an amount equal to or greater than the amount upon which drawback is now claimed, and
- (c) that the drawback claimed would not, if added to the drawback (if any) previously allowed in respect of similar goods manufactured in the said factory during the said year, amount to more than would be lawfully allowed on the export of the whole amount of imported sugar used in the manufacture of similar goods during the said year.

Signed and declared before me this day of 19 .

Exporter.

Collector.

1906. No. 1.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulations under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation on the first day of January, 1906.

Dated this 14th day of December, One thousand nine hundred and five.

AUSTRALIAN GOODS AND SAMPLES EXPORTED.

Section 151.

(1) Regulations 103 and 104 of the Regulations under the Customs Act, 1901 (Statutory Rules 1904, No. 25), are hereby repealed, and the following substituted in lieu thereof:

(2) 103. The conditions under which goods, the produce of Australia, sent out of Australia may be re-imported or brought back to Australia free of duty shall be as follows:

- (a) The goods must be re-imported or brought back to Australia within two years from the date of their being sent away from Australia; and
- (b) If an export entry has been passed in respect of the goods, the collector must be satisfied that the goods re-imported or brought back to Australia are the goods or part of the goods specified in the export entry; and
- (c) If no export entry has been passed in respect of the goods, the Comptroller-General must be satisfied by statutory declaration or otherwise that the goods are the produce of Australia and have been re-imported or brought back to Australia within two years from the date when they were exported or sent out of Australia.

1906. No. 32.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation forthwith.

Dated this seventh day of April, One thousand nine hundred and six.

Section 168.

DRAWBACK REGULATIONS.

Regulation 132 of the Customs Regulations (Statutory Rules 1904, No. 25) is amended by omitting the words and figures:

'Jams and jellies... .. $\frac{5}{12}$ '

and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures:

'Jams and jellies... .. $\frac{1}{2}$ '

1906. No. 56.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation forthwith.

Dated this thirteenth day of July, One thousand nine hundred and six.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

Section 151.—Re-importation free of duty of goods, the produce of Australia.

In addition to the conditions prescribed by Regulation 103 of the Regulations under the Customs Act, 1901 (Statutory Rules, 1906, No. 1), the following condition shall be a condition under which goods, the produce of Australia sent out of Australia, may be re-imported or brought back to Australia free of duty, namely:

- (d) The Minister must be satisfied that the re-importation or bringing back of the goods will not unfairly disturb the market for the goods in Australia generally, or in the place or town where the goods are proposed to be landed.

1906. No. 57.

REGULATION UNDER THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1901.

I, the Governor General in and over the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council, hereby make the following Regulation under the Customs Act, 1901, to come into operation forthwith.

Dated this sixth day of July, One thousand nine hundred and six.

141. AMENDMENT OF CUSTOMS REGULATION 101.

Regulation 101 of the Customs Regulations, made on the 16th June, 1904 (Statutory Rules 1904, No. 25), is hereby amended by the addition of the following:

Solcof coffee.—1 lb. of Solcof to be deemed equal to 3 lbs. of coffee.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

I.—Order No. 67, dated January 16, 1905, of the Governor in Council, prohibiting the exportation of Straits Dollars.

Whereas by Section 3 of ‘The Coin Import and Export Ordinance, 1903,’ it is provided that subject to the approval of the Secretary of State it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to prohibit the exportation from the colony of such coins whether legal tender within the colony or not as are in such order specified:

Now I, the Governor, and Commander-in-Chief of the Straits Settlements, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the said Ordinance, with the advice of the Executive Council and subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, do hereby prohibit the exportation from the colony to any place outside the Malay Peninsula, Netherlands, East Indies and Borneo of the coin known as the Straits Dollars from and after the sixteenth day of January, 1905.

II.—An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Law for collecting a Revenue of

Excise upon Intoxicating Liquors.

(No. XIX, dated August 3, 1906.)

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as ‘The Liquors Ordinance, 1906,’ and shall except as in this Ordinance specially provided come into operation on the first day of January, 1907.

PART I.

Duty.

4. (1) There shall be paid upon intoxicating liquors the duties following (that is to say):—

On all spirituous liquors.	\$2.40 per gallon
On all sparkling wines.	1.50 per gallon
On all still wines.	1.00 per gallon
On all other intoxicating liquors (excepting native wines and spirits and toddy, which shall be free from duty).	24 cts. per gallon

(2) The duty upon intoxicating liquors imported by sea shall be payable:

(a) if such liquors are not forthwith in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued under this Ordinance removed into a bonded or licensed warehouse or into another ship;

before the removal of them from the ship in which they are imported;

(b) If such liquors are forthwith removed into a bonded or licensed warehouse;

before the removal of them from such bonded or licensed warehouse unless such removal is for export or into another bonded or licensed warehouse, and in the latter case the quantity removed is not less than forty gallons in cask or the reputed equivalent thereof.

(3) The duty upon intoxicating liquors imported by land shall be payable at such time and place as may be prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance.

(4) The duty upon intoxicating liquors distilled, made or prepared in the colony shall be payable before the removal of such liquors from the factory in which they are distilled, made or prepared.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

Canadian Commercial Agents.

Australasia.....	J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.
	D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.
China.....	H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
France.....	A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.
Great Britain.....	P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.
	J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Street, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.
	P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
	W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.
Japan.....	Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.
Mexico.....	A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.
Newfoundland.....	E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.
Norway.....	C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiana, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.
South Africa.....	John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.
West Indies.....	G. Eustace Burke, Kingston, Jamaica.
	R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.
	S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.
China, Japan and Corea..	Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.
	W. T. R. Preston, Trade Commissioner, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

Canadian High Commissioner's Office.

Great Britain.....	W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.
	Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

Canadian Immigration Agents.

Belgium.....	D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.
France.....	Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.
Great Britain.....	J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
	A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.
	G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.
	H. N. Murray, Exeter.
	L. Burnett, York.
	John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.
	John McLennan, Aberdeen.
	E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

*(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)*CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., April 15, 1907.

QUOTING PRICES.

It would be well for Canadian manufacturers to quote also the sterling price, the equivalent of the price in currency, to intending buyers in England, and thus remove any feature of doubt as to cost in their minds. It not infrequently happens that competition in the lines under consideration is very keen, and a small difference in the cost may prejudice the sale. The fluctuations in sterling exchange are slight, and if the value of the £ is computed at \$4.866 or fractions thereof on this basis, it would simplify matters. I was called on recently by a member of a firm to confirm his computation of currency prices into sterling, before he would give an order for a carload.

QUOTING C.I.F.

Another matter of importance is quoting c.i.f. Manchester or Liverpool as required, as the belief prevails that the Canadian shipper can obtain cost of freight insurance and charges more easily than the buyer here, and to some extent it is felt to be part of his business to do so. I can safely say that much time would be saved, and orders more likely secured if this plan is adopted.

BENT-WOOD FURNITURE.

A combine has of late been formed amongst the Austrian bent-wood manufacturers, who have a large trade in England in all articles of furniture of this class, and in consequence they have advanced the prices materially. The trade here naturally resent this, and suggest that Canadian manufacturers should take advantage of it, and push their sales with greater vigour. Nothing tends more to loosen the conservative dealings of British firms than a concerted attack upon their profits. It is admitted that Canadian furniture of this class is not deficient in style or strength to the Austrian, but that it lacks the fine polish of the latter, ascribed to the varnish used containing resin. This indifferent finish is said to apply to other articles, and it cannot be insisted too strongly that the manufacturers interested in export trade should endeavour to finish all articles for this market fully equal to the continental.

At the present time there is a good demand for wood bedsteads in any of the hard woods Canada is so abundantly favoured with, and the market here only needs careful cultivation to enable the Canadian manufacturer to increase his output.

SIBERIAN BUTTER.

A curious factor in the provision market at the present time is Siberian butter. Huge supplies are being brought to London, and, according to expert advice, shipments will be 20 per cent in excess of last year. The strange statement is made that there is no demand in Siberia for this butter, and it is mainly manufactured for English consumption. Last year over 600,000 cwts. of the product were imported, though six years ago about one-third that quantity was received. New Zealand and Australian agents are complaining that it is adversely influencing their butter, for it

can be obtained 25 per cent cheaper. It is stated that a considerable quantity is sold in Manchester and district.

MILLIONS IN ASSURANCES.

According to a blue-book just issued, ninety-five assurance companies were in existence within the purview of the board of trade in 1906, of which seventy-seven were classed as ordinary, nine as industrial, and nine in both classes.

In the ordinary business, according to the latest returns, there were 2,397,915 assurances in force, representing £754,352,481, not counting re-assurances, and 55,462 annuities for £2,526,489. In the industrial section there was the great number of 25,544,045 assurances for the sum of £251,556,107, these figures not including sickness and friendly society contracts.

In compiling this summary the accounts of fourteen foreign and other companies have been omitted, either because the business is not ordinary assurance, or because the extent of it in the United Kingdom cannot be ascertained.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

The board of trade returns for March show that the imports for the month amounted to £57,738,731, an increase of £4,477,101 as compared with last year.

The exports amounted to £34,723,034, an increase of £3,071,872 as compared with last year.

For the first quarter of the year imports show an increase of £16,950,810, and exports an increase of £10,669,890 over the same period of last year.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. C. E. Sontum.*)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, April 1, 1907.

PROVISIONS *re* MARKING FOREIGN BUTTER IN DENMARK.

The Danish Agricultural Department has established the following rules in regard to the marking of foreign butter packed in hermetically sealed tin cans:—

1. Hermetically sealed cans containing foreign butter shall, when offered for sale and for export from Denmark, be marked with the words 'Tkke Dansk' (not Danish), with plain letters at least $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch high and of red colour.

2. The colour of the can and the colour of the inscription, which otherwise may appear on the can, shall be plainly different from the above mentioned red colour. On the labels attached to the cans the same mark as mentioned above shall also be stamped in red colour on a ground strongly different from red.

3. If the inscription or label on the cans are in another language than Danish, a translation to this language of the words (not Danish) 'Tkke Dansk' must also appear.

4. The cases in which foreign butter in hermetically sealed cans are packed shall, on two opposite sides, be marked as above, but the letters on the cases shall be at least 2 inches high.

5. On the cases, cans and labels the name and address of the seller or exporter shall appear, even though in the same there should be found a Danish name of a place.

6. The above regulations go into force on October 1, 1907.

PROPOSED PROVISIONS *re* SALE OF PRESERVED EGGS IN SWEDEN.

Before the Swedish Riksdag (parliament) there has been made a motion about the drawing up of similar special provisions for the sale of preserved eggs, as are now in force for the sale of margarine, so that preserved eggs shall not hereafter be offered for sale in the retail stores, except they are plainly stamped as being preserved goods.

PRICES OF CREAMERY PRODUCTS IN NORWAY.

Prices of creamery products have not been so high for 40 or 50 years as those prevailing during 1906. The average price of creamery butter in Christiania was thus in 1906: kroner 196.50 per 100 kilogrammes (\$52.40 per 220½ lbs.). The lowest price was kr. 170 (\$45.33) and the highest kr. 250 (\$66.67). Ten years ago, in 1897, the average price was kr. 23.05 (\$6.15) lower, and that year was considered a very good one at the time.

Also for cheese the prices were very good during 1906, especially as far as the finer grades are concerned, such as imitated Swiss cheese and Jarlsberg cheese, which have commanded from \$1.10 to \$3.25 per 220½ lbs. higher prices than the next preceding years. The large demand for cheese during 1906 has also resulted in its being sold in a comparatively unripe state. The raise in price therefore really is larger than the figures shown by the statistics.

ALUMINUM INVENTION.

According to Swedish papers, Mr. E. L. Rinnan, of Upsala, Sweden, has lately made an invention by which aluminum can be extracted from blue clay, by which process the price of the product will be reduced four times. The silicic acid, which is latent in the clay masses, will also be utilized by the new method.

Simultaneously with the Swedish inventor a Norwegian engineer, Mr. Linding-Larsen, has made independent investigations into the matter and has succeeded in inventing a method which seems to be of the same nature as that of Mr. Rinnan. It is stated that Mr. Linding-Larsen has lately been communicating with a foreign company about the utilization of the new method, and that a representative of the company will arrive here shortly to negotiate for the conclusion of a contract.

PIG-IRON PRODUCED FROM NORWEGIAN ORE.

In the 'Meddelelser fra Norges Oplysningskontor for Noringsveiene' (a government institution), there appears in the edition for March 16 an article which will no doubt be read with interest by Canadian mine owners, &c. The following is a translation:—

'Attempts to produce pig-iron from Norwegian ore reduced with Norwegian carbon have for the first time met with success, the carbon being in the shape of graphite, which is found in great abundance in different parts of the country, mostly in the north, where deposits to the extent of 10-20 metres and more are found close to the sea.

'This mineral has hitherto remained practically unnoticed, it being insufficiently pure for crucibles, pencils, &c., whereas it cannot be used as fuel. Now, however, Mr. Albert Hiorth, C.E., has succeeded in producing good iron from poor ore, unsaleable for the use in blast furnaces. During experiments, which took place at the new electro-chemical establishment of the Technical School of Christiania, iron sand containing 13 per cent titanitic acid was smelted together with graphite as a medium of reduction, and lime as slaggy material. With these materials, which are rather impure (the graphite thus contains about 20 per cent silica), the iron produced, when analyzed, showed only a trace of titan and 0.01 per cent silica. The experiment has thus proved that graphite can be used for the reduction of ordinary iron ore to good pig-iron, even of highly titaniferous ores, in which Norway is so rich, and which are now without value.

C. E. SONTUM.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,

EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., April 27, 1907.

THE NORTH OF ENGLAND AS A CANADIAN APPLE.

In the counties of Yorkshire, Durham and Northumberland, which form the northeast part of England, there is a population nearly equalling that of the whole of Canada, almost entirely dependent upon foreign sources for its supply of fruit. The United States has been catering to this market for years and with the newly established service of liners between Hull and Australia, the latter country has now entered the field. Cape Colony has also recognized the importance of this market and is making efforts to cultivate a trade in South African-grown fruit, especially in pears.

The most remarkable development, however, which has occurred in recent years is the great expansion in the imports of Canadian apples. According to the most reliable estimates three-fifths of the apples which have been offered for sale in the three northeastern counties during the past season were shipped here by Canadian growers, Ontario contributed the most to this supply, the shipments from Woodstock, Bowmanville, Dundas, Palermo, and Colborne, being especially plentiful.

PROSPECTS FOR NEXT SEASON'S TRADE.

Judging by the preparations which fruit salesmen are making for the coming season there is every indication that the imports of Canadian apples will even surpass those of last season. Under the system of importing fruit direct from the actual Canadian grower to the merchant house on this side which originated from the number of inquiries that have appeared in the Trade and Commerce Weekly Report, and which met with so much success last season, the trade, even then was considered remarkable. Now that the season has finally drawn to a close an estimate can be formed of the trade done under this system. It is computed that no less than 53,000 barrels of Canadian apples came direct to Leeds, one firm alone accounting for 35,000 of this number; this does not, of course, include the shipments sent to Hull, Bradford, Sheffield, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and other large centres in the north of England; neither does it account for the thousands of barrels which have been purchased by auction at the Liverpool and Glasgow auction rooms.

With a reliable Canadian packer and a reputable English merchant house, local salesmen have begun to realize that this direct trade can be conducted with perfect harmony. There is not the least doubt that many firms who refrained from importing direct last season in order to see what success their more go-ahead competitors would meet with, will, themselves, be working under this system during the coming season, as the strict government inspection of Canadian apples before shipment, (which is becoming to be well known fact on this side) gives them a greater confidence in buying Canadian-packed apples over any other fruit.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR SHIPMENT.

Canadian growers should be able to secure direct through-freights to any local centre either by the Manchester Liners, Limited, or any of the Liverpool-Canadian lines or the Thomson Line, which has direct sailings from Montreal to Newcastle-on-Tyne during the season. In addition to these, although there is no direct service from Montreal to Hull, it is quite possible that steamers belonging to some other line will make direct sailing to that port from Montreal. This was the case last season when the ss. *Oxonian* and the ss. *Virginian*, of the Leyland Line, made several voyages direct to Hull with cargoes of Canadian apples and other products.

THE QUESTION OF REPRESENTATIVES.

During the past twelve months a deeper interest has been taken in the possibilities of developing this market by Canadian apple shippers. Several Canadians have visited this office in connection with the fruit traffic and have been introduced to 'Would-be' importers which has led to business relations being established. It would undoubtedly be a good thing for all the larger exporters to either personally visit or send a representative to this country, as this would enable them to make arrangements for shipments with firms of the best standing, a matter which is one of the utmost importance when the financial arrangements are considered. There need be no doubt as to the reception they would receive, as these firms are almost as anxious to get in touch with good Canadian packers as the latter are to become connected with reliable houses on this side. This is shown by the number of representatives of local firms who visited Canada last season for the sole purpose of making arrangements with Canadian growers for shipments of apples to this district.

CANADIAN VS. UNITED STATES FRUIT.

Some of the representatives who also visited the chief apple-growing districts in the United States reported that fruit growers in that country were much concerned at the headway which Canadian apples had made on the British market, and the preference shown for them whenever they could be obtained. This they attributed to the strict government inspection of Canadian apples before shipment, and some exporters are said to be asking that the United States government should adopt a similar inspection to protect the reputation of United States fruit being further injured by unscrupulous packers in that country. There is also a unanimous opinion among local fruit men that the United States packers reduced both weight and the size of their barrels last season.

SELLING APPLES BY WEIGHT.

A suggestion is made by a Hull fruit importer that Canadian apples should be sold by weight. The well-known superiority in the weight of Canadian apples over those of the United States has long been recognized in Scotland, and for this reason, the imports of Canadian apples into Glasgow last season are said to have equalled those into Liverpool. The practice of selling apples by weight has also been adopted to a certain extent in Wales. This importer suggests that each barrel have stencilled upon it the exact gross weight of the barrel and the net weight of the apples alone. 'Take, for instance,' he says, 'a barrel of Canadian No. 1s, and a barrel of United States fruit of similar quality: the Canadian barrel on an average weighs about thirteen stones, whereas the United States barrel will only weigh about twelve.' Under the present system of auctioning fruit in England the buyer chooses the most attractive looking of the two, ignoring the fact that if he decided on the United States barrel he is paying the same price for twelve stones which would enable him to purchase thirteen stones of Canadian apples. 'The Scotch buyer,' he states, 'approaches this difference and insists on buying by weight alone—the appearance of the apple is not the only consideration to him.'

NOVA SCOTIAN APPLES.

Apples from Nova Scotia are not in demand here, not because the fruit is inferior as it is quite the equal of the apple from Ontario, but because the capacity of the Nova Scotian barrel is smaller than the one from Ontario, by at least twenty pounds. The sooner the Nova Scotia men use a barrel the equal in capacity to that from Ontario, the better for their trade, for if the smaller barrel is used much longer, their trade, as far as this district is concerned, will be almost entirely lost.

SYSTEM OF PACKING.

On the all important question of packing it may be said that barrels are mostly employed, 90 per cent of the Canadian apples which arrive in this district being packed in this manner. Boxes should only be used in packing the highest class fruit which are bought by the salesmen on this side for supplying a special trade. (See my report in the Monthly Report for January, 1907, page 1133.) Canadian packers are also strongly recommended to place a sheet of cardboard at the top and bottom of each barrel before nailing down the lid as this acts as a preventative to dirt and grit making an impression upon the fruit which forces its way into the barrel during transit.

FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The financial arrangements which may be made between the Canadian grower and English buyer, is, of course, a question to be decided between themselves, and the majority of the firms prefer to pay cash against bills of lading, providing they know the packer or shipper, the kind of apples, and style of packing which he uses. Still, I can see no reason why a large commission trade should not be done with the merchants in the interior cities, just as safely from a financial point of view as with brokers at the ports; and when a shipper's apples are once in demand by sales on commission, he can turn his business into a cash one at any time.

LEEDS APPLE IMPORTERS.

Below I append a list of the principal fruit firms in the north of England having capacities for disposing of from 250 barrels to 1,000 barrels per week during the season, and who are anxious to do Canadian trade:—

Town.	Name of firm.	Address.
Sunderland....	J. E. Laird..	Low Row.
Darlington..	J. & J. Thompson..	Union Row.
West Hartlepool..	J. T. Meed..	No. 3 Warehouse.
West Hartlepool..	J. Brooks & Son..	Tower Street.
Sheffield..	Joseph Roper & Sons..	Castlefolds Market.
Sheffield..	W. Snowden..	Castlefolds Market.
Sheffield..	W. Gunstone & Sons..	Park.
South Shields..	John Gidroy & Sons..	Mill Dam.
South Shields..	John Wann & Sons..	Mill Dam.
Halifax..	Hilbert Brothers..	Union Street.
Leeds..	J. W. South & Sons..	Kirkgate Market.
Leeds..	Wm. Crase..	Kirkgate Market.
Leeds..	G. H. Hampshire..	Kirkgate Market.
Leeds..	Alf. Eagle..	Kirkgate Market.
Leeds..	Wm. Johnson..	Kirkgate Market.
Barnsley..	J. Bradbury..	Midland Street.
Barnsley..	Barnsley and District Fruit and Potatoe Merchants Association..	Barnsley.
Huddersfield..	Emsley & Collins..	5 Brooke Street.
Huddersfield..	W. & A. Bletcher..	Fruit Market.
Castleford..	D. Sainter & Sons..	Albion Street.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	R. B. Pringle & Son..	St. Andrew Street.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	Bowe & Waters..	4 St. Andrew St.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	John Gilroy & Sons..	St. Andrew Street.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	W. Longfield & Son..	1216 Green Market.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	Wilson, Young & Co..	6 Green Market.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	John Wright & Son..	Green Market.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	Newcastle Fruit Merchants' Associaton, Limited, Pringle Buildings..	St. Andrew Street.
Newcastle-on-Tyne..	Dun & Company..	Green Market.
Hull..	A. Blyenburg, jr..	73 Humber Street.
Hull..	J. Bradmun & Co..	7 & 8 Humber St.
Hull..	Thomas Bulman & Co..	12, 13 Humber Street.
Hull..	Dunn & Green..	Humber Dock Side.
Hull..	Gibson, Bishop & Co..	Humber Dock Side.
Hull..	Julius Meyers Successors.	15 Humber Street.
Hull..	Wray & Scott..	29 Humber Street.
Hull..	Stirling & Gibson..	Humber Street.
Hull..	John Seed & Sons..	Humber Street.
Hull..	J. Pinder & Son..	72 Humber Street.
Hull..	B. & J. Shaw..	Humber Street.
Hull..	White & Son, Ltd..	Humber Street.
Hull..	Wm. Cussons, Limited..	Beverley Road.
Hull..	John Walker..	Humber Street.
Hull..	W. Rawson & Robinson..	69 Humber Street.
Hull..	Richard Hinchcliffe..	Humber Place.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, April 27, 1907.

FLOUR MARKET IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

During the past fifteen or twenty years the flour trade of Newfoundland has undergone a very great change. Formerly the fisheries were supplied with low-grade flours from the United States, the bulk of the flour then imported being what was known as New York Supers and Twos.

High-grade flour was at that time regarded as a luxury, and was only used by the wealthier classes of the population, consequently the imports of the latter would only represent about ten per cent of the total imports. Of late years, mainly owing to good fisheries and the general prosperity of the colony, the flour most in demand is now high-grade, Manitoba Patent and American Spring Wheat Patent and second patent.

For fishery supplies the lowest grade now required is winter wheat 90 per cent, the bulk of this flour is imported from the United States, say $\frac{2}{3}$ American and $\frac{1}{3}$ Ontario wheat. Winter wheat patents are not wanted in any quantity, the demand now being for either Manitoba Patent or American Spring Wheat Patent, the consumers having arrived at the conclusion that with the latter flours they get better results, and more bread than from the soft winter wheats.

Manitoba patents and second patents are becoming more popular each year, and it would appear that in time they will, to a large extent, shut out the American Spring Wheat flours. The demand during the fall of 1906 was altogether in favour of the former in the cash trade, but as the American flour was quoted lower than the Manitoba it suited the merchants better for supply purposes and the credit trade, there being a larger margin of profit on the same.

COPPER ORE.

Reports have appeared in the local newspapers of the discovery of a very valuable deposit of copper ore on the Exploits river, in the vicinity of Red Indian lake, within easy access to the railway, and not very far from good shipping facilities by water.

TARIFF CHANGES.

Some recent changes in the customs regulations are said to be the cause of considerable dissatisfaction on the part of importers and friction with the customs officials, objection being taken to the exaction of duties on freight charges in addition to invoice prices to port of shipment to Newfoundland.

The following particulars in regard to the duties on packages will be found useful to Canadian exporters:—

TAX ON PACKAGES.

Cases costing at port of export over 2s. and up to 4s. shall be valued at.	\$0 40
Costing 10s. and under.	0 50
Costing 15s. and under.	0 60
Costing 20s. and under.	0 70
Costing 25s. and under.	0 80
Costing over 25s. and under.	0 90

TAX FOR BALES.

Coverings such as bailing, including hooping or cording, in which dutiable goods are contained, when not included in the cost of the goods, costing at the port of export 5s. and under, shall be valued at.. . . .	\$0 50
Costing 10s. and under.. . . .	0 60
Costing 15s. and under.. . . .	0 70
Costing 20s. and under.. . . .	0 80
Costing over 25s.. . . .	0 90

Straw wrappings, when used as outside coverings on dutiable goods, and when not included in the cost of the goods, shall be valued at half their cost at the port of export.

Crates, in which earthenware is packed (including straw) shall be valued at one-fourth their cost at the port of export.

WET GOODS PACKAGES.

In making entry for goods, the coverings inclosing which being dutiable, the value for coverings shall be as follows:—

Carboys containing acids.. . . .	each	\$1 00
Puncheons.. . . .	"	1 50
Hogsheads.. . . .	"	1 50
Half hogsheads (ale or beer).. . . .	"	0 75
Quarter casks.. . . .	"	1 00
Octaves and barrels.. . . .	"	0 60
Half octaves.. . . .	"	0 40
Quarter octaves.. . . .	"	0 30
Bottles—ale, beer and porter, quarts.. . . .	per dozen	0 20
Bottles—ale, beer and porter, pints.. . . .	"	0 10
Bottles—brandy, whisky, &c.. . . .	"	0 20
Flasks—no cups.. . . .	per case of 2 dozen	0 40
Flasks—no cups.. . . .	" 4 "	0 80
Flasks—with cups.. . . .	" 2 "	0 60
Flasks—with cups.. . . .	" 4 "	0 70
Decanters.. . . .	" 1 "	1 00
Bottles—Gin, quarts.. . . .	" 1 "	0 10
Bottles—wine.. . . .	per dozen	0 20

E. D. ARNAUD.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

No. 14, BUND, ROOM B., YOKOHAMA, April 15, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the Monthly Return, for the two months ending February 28, of the present and the previous year:—

Exports to Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Silk tissues, habutae.....	\$38,773	\$56,084
Silk handkerchiefs.....	3,588	10,765
Cotton tissues.....	637	391
Mats and mattings for floor (Hanagoza)...	22,134	8,925
Porcelain and earthenware.....	16,276	11,943
Lacquered ware.....	595	466
Tea.....	31,123	13,453
Rice.....	46,080	13,453
Straw-plaits and Chip-braids.....	370	1,488
Camphor.....	348	2,666

Imports from Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Flour.....	\$ 9,807	\$15,988

The 'principal items' given in the Monthly Return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the Annual Return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURN.

	PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO JAPAN		
	For February, 1907 Value.	Two months ending February 28, compared.	
		1907, Value.	1906, Value.
	\$	\$	\$
Flour.....	280,387	479,963	1,248,576
Butter.....	4,528	6,438	14,466
Salted salmon.....	9,500	116,621	168,861
Condensed milk.....	77,769	149,434	122,405
Fertilizers.....	522,357	1,028,821	477,639
Leather, sole.....	101,872	144,997	111,783
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.....	45,004	94,429	140,096
Printing paper.....	111,704	204,391	223,629
Cotton duck.....	4,138	7,665	12,535
Cotton prints.....	46,566	111,884	123,833
Cotton satins and italians.....	76,888	144,969	183,911
White shirtings.....	39,827	78,420	162,505
Gray shirtings.....	14,676	45,912	525,964
Pulp, wood.....	80,802	139,305	163,263

TOTAL IMPORTS.			TOTAL EXPORTS.		
February, 1907. Value.	Two months ending February 28.		February, 1907. Value.	Two months ending February 28.	
	1907, Value.	1906, Value.		1907, Value.	1906, Value.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
18,988,576	39,166,164	33,151,428	16,708,092	30,898,553	25,735,116

HIGH-PRICED FLOUR.

Since the tariff, effective just six months ago, gave a decided preference to wheat over flour, there has been some inquiry for wheat quotations and as to the probability of supply. Although there have been some transactions, the general report is that prices are too high. One of the latest answers is that 'You Canadians are too well off, your prices show that you have a better market than we can offer you.'

To a recent inquiry for business from a Canadian Milling Company, a leading firm here say that they will be very glad to hear from the Canadian Company with their best proposals, but 'at the same time we must admit that although we have tried for a long time to do business in Canadian flour, we have so far been unable to make any headway owing to the competition of the cheaper American qualities.'

Another leading firm thank this office for the information, but 'regret to say that owing to the high price of Canadian flour it is impossible for us to do business, therefore feel that it is useless to trouble the inquiring company with our correspondence.' These are representative houses, with widely extended connections, who know the market thoroughly, and whose business it is very desirable to have. There are others, who take up the inquiry, first class houses too; but they have the same market to cater to, and great expectations are therefore not in order. The general tenor of correspondence with the milling and grain operators in British Columbia and Alberta impresses one with the comparative unreadiness of the trade there to present a strong front in this market. Milling and elevator facilities are as yet seemingly in the early preparatory stages. And that is after all only a reasonable condition, because these things involve large expenditure of money which could not be ventured upon unless the crops to supply them could be anticipated.

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.

Then there is the matter of transportation facilities. The Canadian Pacific has a great name, and has done and continues to do great things for Canada, in the Orient. But the opinion here is that the traffic is up to the facilities; and that flour and grain from Vancouver will not compete with those products from Seattle and Tacoma until the facilities are greatly increased.

As to the unreadiness for efficient exportation to this market, I find in the *Vancouver Daily Province* an interview very much to the point, under date March 6.

The manager of a Vancouver milling company, interviewed, says that 'within the last thirty days we have received inquiries for approximately a million bushels hard wheat for shipment to the Orient, principally to China. We have shipped about a thousand tons of this hard wheat to the Orient within the last two or three months, and the reports we have received from there are that the grain is very satisfactory for mixing purposes. The indications are that a large amount of our grain will be used by the mills in the Orient in the future, in fact they are very anxious to secure our grain. They mix it with the softer wheats from Australia and Puget Sound, and it adds strength to their product.'

'The trouble with us is that we are unable to get this wheat, as what surplus there was—probably about two million bushels of milling wheat in Alberta—was in the greater part moved east last fall because of lack of elevator capacity. There are large amounts still in Alberta, but they are being held for milling purposes. The surplus stock for export is now practically exhausted. Were that not the case this Oriental business could be handled.

'Could we not get the wheat from Saskatchewan? No, it costs too much to get the grain from there, because the long haul to the coast is too expensive.

'I have just returned from an extensive trip through Alberta, where in the grain trade I found prospects for the coming summer extremely bright. A very large increase of winter wheat is in the ground, and this grain is looking exceptionally well. From present indications Alberta will have at least five million bushels of wheat for export this year, where she had less than two million bushels available last year. We are confident that a large part of that surplus grain will move to Vancouver. While the demand from the Orient is now making itself manifest, I believe that in the future Mexico will take quantities of our highest grade grains.

'We are now installing machinery in our flour-mill. We expect to commence operations in time to place our floor on the local market by May 1.

'As to surplus for export, we have sufficient inquiries from the Orient alone to enable us to operate our mill night and day from the start. We have our eyes on the Orient, and expect to develop that trade as rapidly as conditions warrant; but we intend for the time to make Vancouver and British Columbia our principal market, and will use nothing but No. 1 hard wheat from the Northwest in the manufacture of our flour. Our surplus stocks will be exported.'

What the party giving this interview says, is consistent with what I have before me in his company's correspondence with this office. It is consistent too with what has always been advanced upon this subject in these reports; that is, that the flour and grain trade of Canada tributary to the Pacific are not yet ready, but are getting ready, to take an aggressive part in the Oriental market.

It is confirmatory too of the mention made from time to time in these reports of the seeming fact that it is too often 'surplus stocks,' left over after the home demand has been supplied, that are offered for the Oriental trade. I would say here that, in order to effect profitable competition in the Japanese market with Oregon, Washington, and California flour, it will be necessary to make a specialty of flour manufacture acceptable to this market.

THE NEW TEA CROP.

Shizuoka Prefecture is an important tea growing district. A newspaper correspondent, under date April 15, says:—

'Even though unusually cool weather has prevailed in this locality since early spring, the growth of the tea plants is fully expected to be satisfactory. Consequently the output will be about the same as that of ordinary years, though picking will be delayed three or four days as compared with last year. Although money is easy in this locality, firing charges will be 15 to 20 per cent higher than last year, and the new tea will certainly be dearer than that of last year as far as transactions at the beginning of the tea season are concerned. In some districts in Shizuoka-ken, there is depression among tea dealers, so that no sales of raw leaves under "previous contract" have so far been reported, though there were many such sales at this time last year.'

It may, therefore, be inferred that the tea season is upon the whole favourable, although somewhat backward.

ALEX. MacLEAN.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, May 4, 1907.

HAY.

In my report of December 4 (see Monthly Report for October, 1906, page 645) last, I drew the attention of Canadian exporters to the fact that hay would likely be scarce and expensive in this market, and the prices I then named as probable have been exceeded, as the figure went as high as \$30 per ton. At the present time the market is completely cleared out of baled hay, and the only supplies to be obtained are furnished by local farmers, who are offering small quantities of loose hay at a price equal to about \$40 per ton. Until some outside supplies can be obtained when navigation opens with the Gulf ports it is not likely that there will be any material reduction in the above quotation.

E. D. ARNAUD.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., May 1, 1907.

EGG MARKET IN NORTH OF ENGLAND.

The egg importing firms situated in the north of England are already making preparations with Danish, Swedish and other European exporters for shipments of eggs for this country for delivery between the first of October, 1907, and the end of January, 1908. It therefore behoves Canadian exporters to make similar preparations for shipments of eggs to the British market, as Canadian glycerined eggs are very acceptable here. To cater to the requirements of this market, Canadian shippers are advocated to send their eggs glycerined, as by this process of preserving they are said to arrive here much sweeter than otherwise.

IMPORTANCE OF PACKING.

Messrs. Wallaces, of Huddersfield, who are amongst the largest provision dealers in the north of England, state as follows: 'The reason Canadian eggs have not made the same headway on the British market as Canadian cheese and other products have done is due solely to the errors of a few certain shippers. The whole trade in Canadian eggs may be characterized as "erratic." One month a shipment may come in fine condition, the next shipment to arrive in the following month will be totally the

reverse. I have seen Canadian eggs which were in such bad shape that they were sticking to the sides of the boxes.'

This confirms my report on several occasions that one shipper's false packing not only spoils his own reputation, but the whole reputation of the Canadian egg trade in the estimation of the receiving firms on this side.

BUTTER PACKAGES.

On the all-important question of package, I am still of the opinion that all Canadian butter shipped to the north of England markets should be sent in casks. Practically every dealer makes this suggestion:—

'Box packing has so long been associated with inferior butter in the north of England, that Canada's present system of sending butter to this country in boxes is simply ruining her chances of making any decided impression on the large imports of continental and other foreign butters. In fact, it is said that for this reason alone Australia's attempts to compete in the north of England markets in box-packed butter have not been so successful as expected.'

The reason is not far to seek: the north of England is the stronghold of the Danish butter trade. Two-thirds of all the Danish butter imported into England is received from special butter steamers at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Hull, Goole and Grimsby, and immediately on being landed is distributed by fast express trains on the different railroads to the various centres.

DANISH BUTTER UNIFORM.

The Danish butter is the only brand of butter received in England which is always good and uniform in colour and texture. No buyer, be he buying wholesale or retail, desires to see or to sample Danish butter; the brand on the cask is sufficient. Let the buyer drop into the smallest grocery shop and buy his pound of best Danish, he can depend upon its quality without investigation. This butter which is always right, and never rancid or off flavour, is known to everyone by its cask form. For these reasons, not only the shopkeepers but the public are prejudiced against box packing by reason of the fact that all inferior butters, and the legions of butter mixtures as well as margarine, are packed in boxes, and when they see butter on a shop counter of a square or oblong shape, like a box, they run away with the idea that the butter itself is inferior, or perhaps 'margarine' or next door to it. When the housewife enters the store she is prejudiced right off against butter put up in the shape of a box, if it is standing side-by-side against some more butter in the shape of a cask. The former is something inferior in her opinion. This is a very old prejudice in the north of England, but it must not be supposed that this prejudice exists all over the British Isles; in fact, in the south of England box-packed butter is said to sell equally as well as cask-packed butter. Canadian butter also would appeal much more to the public in the north of England if it were not so 'highly coloured.' It should be made as near approaching a very pale straw colour as possible, and should not be salted more than one-half as much as in Canada.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, April 8, 1907.

QUEENSLAND TRADE.

I have received from the Collector of Customs, Brisbane, the following figures respecting the trade of Queensland :—

	1905.	1906.
Imports..	£3,163,631	£3,748,523
Exports..	3,404,856	4,314,250

The trade with Canada for the years 1905 and 1906 was as follows:—

	1905.	1906.
Imports..	£26,128	£28,493
Exports..	1,469	4,910

These figures do not include the Canadian articles received from other States. The principal articles imported from Canada during these years were:—

	1905.	1906.
Apparel and attire..	£ 940	£ 983
Boots and shoes..	553	937
Preserved fish..	3,502	788
Agricultural implements and machinery.. . . .	12,579	9,422
Pianos..	801	1,286
Machines and machinery, N.E.I.	2,108	2,083
Medicine..	248	....
Printing paper..	402	924
Cotton piece goods..	1,435	2,558
Bicycles..	2,105	2,436
Furniture.. . . . .	....	788

The principal articles exported for the two years to Canada were:—

	1905.	1906.
Butter..	£985	£ 47
Bacon and ham..	46	154
Maize..	89	153
Potatoes.. . . . .	..	46
Tin ingots.. . . . .	..	4,224

NEW SOUTH WALES.

The customs authorities have furnished me in detail with the imports and exports from and to Canada for the year 1906. For the purpose of comparison, I have prepared figures for the year 1905:—

CANADIAN IMPORTS.

Items.	1905.	1896.
	£	£
Animals, horse		30
Apparel	5,010	3,351
" minor articles		33
Arms, cartridges	1,024	1,640
" rifles, shot guns		796
Bags, baskets, boxes	13	32
Belting, composition		7
" leather		24
Biscuits		900
Blacking		10
Books, printed	220	199
Boots and shoes	5,633	6,765
Chains, N.E.I.		138
Cheese	214	184
Cocoa, chocolate		3
Confectionery		60
Cordage		190
Engine packing, rope form		31
Sewing silks	1,686	4,959
Cosies, cushions	179	373
Curtains		190
Cutlery		24
Drugs, free		1,328
Electrical materials		522
Fancy goods		177
Fish, smoked, preserved by cold process	220	452
" preserved in tins	9,005	7,643
" N.E.I.	327	154
Fruits, apples, fresh		1,822
Furniture		253
Glass, N.E.I.	318	14
" empty wine, beer bottles		13
" lenses, N.E.I., locket, watches		105
Grains, barley		5,864
" oats		66
Flour		1,002
Oatmeal, wheat meal, &c	838	290
Hops	380	2,061
Agricultural implements, machinery	1,264	488
Harvesters	13,350	2,630
Agricultural implements, free	102	28
India rubber, hose, manufactures	113	682
Disinfectants, insecticides		1,143
Musical instruments		14
Organs, harmoniums	120	262
Pianos	245	929
Phonographs, cameras		1,956
Instruments, surgeon and dental		602
Jewellery		45
Cameos and precious stones		6,000
Lard and refined animal fat		28
Lead, pig		2,353
Leather, N.E.I.	175	587
" manufactures		64
Cash registers		3,319
Gas and oil engines		4,460
Engines, other	2,725	224
Machinery, parts, N.E.I.	456	4,051
" free		2,871
Mangles		47
Electrical appliances, N.E.I.		792
Machinery, printing	860	5,893
Sewing machines		3,223
Typewriters	383	4,780
Machines, weighing	1,933	3,712
Medicines	538	7,326
Machine tools		1,105
Metal bolts, nuts		21
Mixed metalware		99
Metal manufactures, N.E.I.	724	1,050
Pipes, tubes		175

The goods of Canadian origin received into New South Wales from the other States of the Commonwealth are given as £24,758, which would make the total receipts of goods from Canada into this State at £178,481. These figures, as it will be seen, include some goods that did not originate in Canada, but came via Vancouver. On the other hand, it omits Canadian goods that came by New York.

It seems to be impossible, from any figures available, to ascertain what is the actual trade between this State, or indeed the whole of the Commonwealth, and Canada. A letter received by the last mail from a Canadian exporter, states that his invoices were directly upon New York, where his goods are paid for, and that he is unable to trace them afterwards.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The Australian yield of wheat is estimated at 71,138,697 bushels as against 68,520,772 bushels in 1905-6 and 54,497,382 bushels in 1904-5. The estimates of the Australian crop commonly are a little high, but against a return of 71,000,000 bushels it should leave for export about 40,000,000 bushels. The export last year was 37,639 bushels, though it was estimated a year ago that it would have gone up 40,000,000 bushels.

The New Zealand harvest has been a very poor one for all grain crops. The yield is estimated by the government to have been 4,948,440 bushels. The New Zealand production has declined for several years, as the following figures respecting the wheat harvest show:—

Year.	Acres.	Yield Bushels.	Average per Acre.
1906-7	206,185	4,948,440	24
1905-6	222,183	6,798,934	30·60
1904-5	258,015	9,123,673	35·36
1903-4	230,346	7,891,654	34·26
1902-3	194,355	7,457,915	38·37

It was estimated that about one and three-quarter million bushels were carried over from the crop of the previous year, which with this year's crop would give enough for home consumption. As stocks are not allowed to go so bare, New Zealand will require to import some wheat or flour this year, and indeed, has already imported some from Australia. There should be a demand, however, for Canadian hard wheat flour, and arrangements have been made for securing it.

OTHER NEW ZEALAND GRAINS.

Oats have been cultivated in New Zealand to a greater extent than wheat. The South African war gave a great impetus to the production of this grain, for which the southern portion of the island was suited. Since the war there has been a decrease in the acreage sown, and decrease in the yield per acre, it having been 25 bushels to the acre as against 45 bushels per acre in 1902-3. Barley, which is not so large a crop, was also a poor one this year, having returned 26 bushels per acre as against 40·69 in 1902-3. It must be noted that the year 1902-3 was almost a record year in New Zealand agriculture. The return of wheat this year is nearly an average of the yield for ten years from 1891 to 1901. The diminution of the yield does not, therefore, necessarily indicate serious soil deterioration, though it is natural to expect that the small area steadily cultivated is producing this consequence.

The area devoted to grain in New Zealand has been decreasing somewhat, but the acreage devoted to grass and green crops has rapidly increased, having doubled in the last twenty years. Dairying and the raising of lambs for the English market has proved more profitable than the growing of grain, except during the years of the South African war. New Zealand has hitherto supplied Australia with some of its barley and a considerable quantity of its oats, but should the lessened production continue, it will have little or nothing to spare for any deficiency in the yield of Australia. Should the next Australian harvest be seriously affected by drought, there would be a heavy demand upon Canada to supply the Australian requirements.

The latest price that I have of flour at Wellington, New Zealand, is Australian, £9 5s. to £9 10s. per ton. The duty is £1 per ton.

CROW'S FOOT ELM.

At a recent exhibition, amongst the timbers shown were some samples of Crow's Foot Elm from Queensland. I am informed that it is a timber abundant in that State, and is a large tree growing 200 feet in height and from 15 to 20 feet in girth. It has been tested as a substitute for hickory as a vehicle timber. I have been favoured with a copy of the following test, made at the University of Melbourne, by Professor Kernot, Professor of Engineering of that university:—

Cross Breaking Test No.	Description.	Span.	Breadth.	Depth.	Breaking Load.	Ultimate Deflection.	Remarks.
631	Crow's Foot Elm.....	in. 36	ft. 1·96	ft. 1·92	lbs. 350	ft. 1·2	Fairly fibrous fractures, rather short.

Compression Test No.	Description.	Length.	Breadth.	Thickness.	Stress in lbs.	
					Total.	Per sq. in.
1,163	Crow's Foot Elm.....	in. 12	ft. 1·96	ft. 1·92	31,000	8,238

Weight per cubic foot=46·7 lbs.

It is claimed that the breaking stress is double that of hickory. If these statements should prove true, it may be useful in Canada.

J. S. LARKE.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., May 4, 1907.

WOODEN GOODS.

From time to time I have sent on inquiries for all kinds of wooden handles, and although in some cases these inquiries have been answered, Canada is not doing as much in these articles as she should. The quantity required here is practically unlimited, particularly axe, hammer, pick, shovel, broom and chisel handles. Large quantities of hickory pick and sledge hammers are imported from the United States by firms in this district.

Shovel handles may be made from either ash or birch, and the sizes called for are from 4 feet to 6 feet by 1½. Pick handles in beech, birch, hickory and maple are inquired for at prices ranging from 36 inches to 42 inches. Basswood broom handles can be disposed of here in large quantities.

DOWEL STICKS AND SKEWERS.

I am also continually receiving inquiries for dowel sticks, 3 feet long in all diameters, and for butchers' skewers there is a large demand.

TIMBER FOR BOXES AND BARRELS.

Large quantities of packing cases are used here of every size, and I would be glad to hear from Canadian firms in a position to ship wood for the purpose, cut to sizes as needed by the various firms.

QUALITY, AND REGULARITY OF SHIPMENTS.

I would warn Canadian manufacturers that if trade is to be done in this country they must be prepared to follow it up. Regularity of shipments is demanded beyond everything. Odd lines are of no use. People here are prepared to contract for large quantities, but they must be shipped on time, and quality must be guaranteed.

P. B. BALL.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,

BRISTOL, ENG., April 30, 1907.

SOME BRISTOL INDUSTRIES.

In the following table is found a list of goods manufactured in or near the city of Bristol, together with the figures showing the values of such goods, imported into Canada from all sources during the fiscal year 1906. Canadian importers may be surprised at the extent of the list, and if they are interested in any of the lines mentioned it will afford me pleasure to put them in touch with the manufacturers, when I have every reason to believe they will be quoted prices at least as attractive as can be obtained elsewhere:—

	Value in Dollars.
Ale, beer, &c...	413,475
Agricultural implements...	1,814,564
Biscuits...	53,771
Brooms and brushes...	286,167
Boots, shoes, belting, saddlery, &c...	3,003,429
Candles...	77,948
Carriages of all kinds...	2,483,328
Cement...	995,731
Cocoa and chocolate...	789,475
Cordage and twine...	2,014,077
Corsets...	112,925
Cotton, manufactures of...	18,360,337
Clothing, ready-made...	1,280,027
Drugs, dyes and chemicals...	7,362,179
Earthenware and china...	1,692,359
Engines and locomotives...	338,179
Hats and caps...	1,300,538
Lead and manufactures of lead...	516,456
Machinery...	9,550,314
Mineral waters...	178,639
Oilcloth, floorcloth, &c...	915,088
Paint and colours...	1,380,427
Pickles and sauces...	357,159
Soap...	499,944
Sugar and confectionery...	11,736,112
Tobacco...	3,425,422
Vinegar...	29,376
	<hr/>
	\$70,767,446

THE PORT OF BRISTOL.

Taking the decennial periods for the past fifty years, it will be seen that the trade of the port has made good progress, and has trebled itself in the period named. The results are as follow:—

Year.	Foreign.	Coastwise.	Total.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1857.....	133,342	494,280	677,622
1867.....	276,446	522,264	819,710
1877.....	518,857	588,796	1,107,653
1887.....	611,546	690,259	1,301,805
1897.....	818,084	755,431	1,573,515
1907.....	1,088,294	1,046,873	2,135,122

GHERKINS.

I wish to correct an error which found its way into my report of March 31, published in Monthly Report for March, 1907, page 1513. It is there stated that Canadian gherkins have heretofore been found 'too small in size.' The reverse has been the case. Small gherkins are wanted for this trade, but some shipments from Canada have been too large.

W. A. MacKINNON.

• AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, April 15, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT AND FLOUR FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

The development in Australian wheat and flour trade with the East now in progress is a matter of considerable importance. The origin of the movement was the Chinese boycott of American goods, which diverted part of the flour trade from America to Australia. Last year's exports of flour to the East consequently showed a substantial increase, while, in addition, an export trade in wheat for Japan has been established. This year the trade thus started shows a tendency to increase still further. Many Australian brands of flour have become known to the Chinese in a way that is bringing a regular flow of orders, the great advantage of China trade being the tenacity with which the Chinese stick to a brand of which they have ascertained the merits.

The volume of business has outstripped the regular accommodation of the three steamship lines in the trade, and a number of additional steamers have been taken up. The extra steamer announced by the three lines for this month's loading is expected to take fully 6,000 tons, mainly flour. A steamer from Adelaide will take about 3,500

tons, including a considerable proportion of wheat. A steamer cargo of 4,000 tons wheat has been engaged to be loaded for Japan. Another cargo of about 3,500 tons is to be loaded for the East from Melbourne. Altogether about 17,000 tons are expected to be shipped from Australia by the end of May or early in June under special arrangements, in addition to usual shipments by the regular lines. With continued good seasons in Australia, exporters of wheat and flour are looking forward to a market of magnitude and permanence in the far East.

AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUITS.

There are two irrigation settlements in Australia from which raisins, sultanas and currants are now being marketed, namely Mildura (Victoria), and Renmark (South Australia), both of which obtain water from the Murray river. The growers are formed into associations which grade and pack the fruit for local and export trade. The export prices are much lower than the rates quoted within the Commonwealth. Owing to the combination of growers the Australian requirements are first filled, after which the surplus for export is made available. The good keeping qualities of Australian dried fruit is evidenced by the perfect condition of last year's pack now being distributed to local buyers. The total quantity produced in Mildura and Renmark is about 2,500 tons of sultanas and 2,300 tons of lexias. Although not officially declared, it is now practically certain that 700 tons of sultanas and 500 tons of lexias will be available for export this season, which, with good seasons, will be considerably augmented from year to year.

CANADIAN ORDERS FOR AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUITS.

In my report of March 18 (Monthly Report for March, 1907, page 1525) I stated that samples of, and special quotations for, Australian dried fruit had been forwarded by a Melbourne exporting house to many wholesale grocers in Canada. During the last fortnight orders have been received, by cable, for some fair parcels—chiefly Lexias—which will be shipped to Vancouver at an early date. Further orders are expected by the Canadian mail due here on the 23rd instant. By this mail the Superintendent of Commercial Agencies, Ottawa, will receive standard samples of Australian dried fruit and, upon application to him, the name and cable address of the Melbourne exporters will be available.

EXPORT PRICES AND FREIGHTS ON DRIED FRUITS FOR CANADA.

The present wholesale export prices for Australian dried fruit—upon the basis of samples in possession of the Superintendent of Commercial Agencies, Ottawa—are as follows:—

Brown Lexias.. . . .	2½d. = 4½ cents per lb.
Brown Lexias—extra.. . . .	2½d. = 5 “
Sultanas—2 Crown.. . . .	4 d. = 8 “
Sultanas—3 Crown.. . . .	4½d. = 9 “

Packed in iron hooped cases each 56 lbs. Terms sight-draft against documents, less 2½ per cent f.o.b. Melbourne. The rate of freight from Melbourne to Vancouver is £2 12s. 6d. (\$12.77) per ton of 2,240 lbs. The freight for inland Canadian points has not yet been arranged, but buyers can doubtless obtain full particulars from the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. In the interests of reciprocal trade between Canada and Australia, I shall be glad to receive inquiries from Canadian importers of dried fruit for any further particulars desired.

ENORMOUS INCREASE IN EXPORTS OF AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

The production of butter in Australia at the present time will only leave a comparatively small surplus for shipment to England, after providing for local consumption, and for regular supplies for South Africa and the East. The season's output—about closing—is easily a record one. The total shipments to England since July 1, 1906, to date compare with that of the corresponding period of the previous season as follows:—

From.	1905-06. tons.	1906-07. tons.
Melbourne..	12,549	16,123
Sydney..	7,168	10,106
Brisbane..	3,049	4,320
Adelaide..	588	879
Total..	23,354	31,428

The total shows an increase of 8,074 tons, and constitutes ample evidence of the great expansion in the dairying industry throughout Australia.

COMPULSORY INSPECTION OF AUSTRALIAN BUTTER EXPORTS.

The Commonwealth Commerce Act, which—so far as exports are concerned—came into operation on October 1, 1906, provides for the compulsory inspection and supervision of all food products to be exported beyond Australia, so that all the states are now placed upon the same basis. Prior to the Commerce Act, the Victorian government had regulations under which butter was voluntary graded, and stamped accordingly, at the request of the manufacturers or shippers. This provision in the State Products Act was availed of by nine-tenths of the shippers. The Victorian government has for many years had the advantage of carrying out inspectional work through having, under expert control, a large cool storage business of their own. Although there are about ten cool storage works in Victoria, practically the whole of the butter exported is passed through the government cool stores. As over 16,000 tons of butter were exported from Victoria during the last nine months, the magnitude of the work accomplished can be realized, especially when it is considered that the bulk of the exports is confined to a period of six months in each year.

INSPECTION AND GRADING OF AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

The regulations under the Australian Commerce Act provide for a specific form of marking on packages with a trade description, the basic principle of which is that all brands shall be true to description. Butter for export must be branded 'Pure Creamery Butter,' if it is manufactured from centrifugally separated cream, and the name of the state where manufactured—say 'Victoria,' the word 'Australia'; the 'Net weight' and also the name of the manufacturer, or the name of the exporter or his registered trade mark. The exporter may place on the package any other matter, such as 'Choicest Butter' or 'Finest Butter,' but, if such is done, the contents must be strictly in accordance with the brand.

No poor quality butter is permitted to bear a superlative qualification, as was frequently the case prior to the coming into operation of the Commerce Act. It was found upon experience that absolutely the worst butter exported from Australia was contained in packages bearing superlative terms. On account of opposition from one of the states—where no supervision had previously been enforced—grading of butter for export is not yet compulsory in Australia; it is left at the shipper's option, but inspection is absolutely necessary before shipment can be made.

STANDARD OF QUALITY OF AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

The Australian Commerce Act regulations stipulate that the manufacturer—in making application for inspection—has to certify that the butter contains more than 82 per cent of butter fat, and less than 16 per cent moisture; 4 per cent salt; 3 per cent casein, and 5 per cent boric acid, and any colouring matter deemed harmless by the department. If the butter is found to be in accordance with the specification an export permit is issued. There is no injustice caused to the manufacturer in signing such a certificate (which is part of the advice note), because the very fact that the word 'Butter' is branded on the packages renders him liable to a penalty for attempting to export butter bearing a false description, if its composition is not as already specified. The regulations provide for 'Milled Butter,' which is described as a mixture of butter from two or more creameries or dairies, or creamery and dairy butter.

BUTTER CLASSIFICATION AND ISSUE OF GRADING CERTIFICATES.

In addition to the compulsory inspection of all Australian butter for export, the Commerce Act regulations provide for its classification at the request of the manufacturer or owner. When classification is desired, the department grades the butter, brands the Commonwealth stamp on the packages—together with the certificate number—and issues a grade certificate. The best quality butter is designated as 'First Class Superfine,' and the points for this class range from 94 to 100 points. The next grade is called 'First Class,' the points being from 86 to 93, inclusive, then comes 'Second Class,' from 75 to 85 points, and 'Pastry,' under 75 points. It may be stated that the request to classify a shipment and departmental compliance with same does not embrace any indicating brand on the package as regards quality. The certificate may be for either first or second quality butter, but the department only applies the grade stamp when an additional written application is received for such to be done.

POPULARITY OF COMMONWEALTH BUTTER GRADING CERTIFICATES.

So popular has the classification and issue of grade certificates become—on butter for export from Australia—that although the regulations have only been in operation since October 1, 1906, only 84 per cent of the butter shipped since then from the state of Victoria has been inspected in accordance with the compulsory requirements of the Commerce Act. All the shippers have taken advantage of the voluntary classification section and have had their butter graded and branded with the grade certificate number. In addition, over 30 per cent of the exporters have had their butter grade stamped with the words 'First Class Superfine,' 'First Class,' or 'Second Class,' as the case may be. Grading certificates are issued on the day consignments are examined.

Factory managers and exporters are notified by the department of the nature and extent of the defects in the quality of the butter inspected, and suggestions are made as to overcoming same. Although the sole aim in grading is obviously to improve the quality, sellers and buyers make use of the butter grade certificates for trading purposes. Now many orders are cabled from England for specific quantities weekly based upon the government certificate as to points of quality at a certain f.o.b. price. It is estimated by the superintendent of the government cool stores that over £400,000 worth of butter business was transacted in Melbourne on the basis of government grading certificates during the first four months the regulations were enforced.

'FIRST CLASS SUPERFINE' AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

First class superfine butter can be described as a quality which cannot be found fault with. It may be perhaps wanting to some extent in those fine characteristics, such as a full nutty aroma and flavour which go to make up a perfect butter, but,

broadly speaking, if the butter has no apparent defect it comes under this grade. The highest scoring butters receive 89 points, 99 and 100 being kept in reserve for qualities that are only very rarely met with.

'FIRST CLASS' AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

First class butter embraces that which is suitable for any superior table, and although having any one or more of the defects usually found in butter such as 'slightly cloudy moisture,' 'slightly mottled,' 'slightly stale in flavour,' &c., it is on the whole considered as a good sound quality. Better class consumers would purchase this quality at a figure below the top price. Eighty-six points is the minimum awarded for this classification.

'SECOND CLASS' AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

The minimum number of points is 75 awarded in designating second class butter. This quality may not be suitable for sensitive palates, but it is not unfit for table use, and is superior to the ordinary lines of pastry butter exported.

'PASTRY' AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

Pastry butter is simply defined as a quality unfit for table use but suitable for cooking purposes. The various interpretations given agree with the actual difference in value when the local market is in a normal condition, that is to say, pastry butter usually sells at 2½d. per lb. below top prices for choicest.

METHOD OF EXAMINING BUTTER.

The largest butter factories in Victoria have four or five registered brands, and each day their output is forwarded to the cool stores. The product of such factories is generally uniform in quality, and hence it has hitherto been the practice to select three boxes of each brand from the bulk for inspection purposes. It was calculated that three boxes would give a good index of the average quality. The butter is weighed by the department, and, as far as possible, brands are concealed from the grader, but as many as 12,000 boxes of butter are received in a single day—during the height of the season—at the government cool stores in Melbourne, all the precautions cannot well be carried out.

It has been found that in many cases this method of obtaining samples is unsatisfactory, and a provision in the regulations is at the moment being put into operation for making each churning with a distinctive mark. The factory manager will, when despatching consignments, have to indicate in the advice note the number of sub-marks included, besides the number of boxes of each mark. This system will enable one box of each mark to be taken as a sample for the grader to examine, and a truer verdict of the quality of the whole consignment will be arrived at. The graders at the government cool stores examine all butter independently and in duplicate. Notes are compared at frequent intervals during the day, and where a difference in points occurs a re-examination of the butter is made, and if a mutual decision cannot be arrived at, the superintendent or his assistant is called upon to act as umpire.

HOW EXPERT BUTTER GRADERS ARE APPOINTED.

It is essential that all applicants for the position of butter graders must have a thorough knowledge of the practice and science of dairying, and in this way the department endeavours to secure the services of practical men of experience. Written papers are submitted by the Melbourne University and a Board of Examiners, con-

sisting of both trade and official representatives. Then an oral examination and finally a test in butter grading completes the competitive examination. A number of boxes of butter having definite faults are placed before the applicants upon which they have to submit a report. As the government take all the responsibility of grading it is obvious that it is necessary to secure reliable men to whom good salaries must be paid, which places them beyond the reach of ordinary temptation.

BUTTER GRADERS EMPLOYED AS DAIRY INSTRUCTORS.

The butter export season lasts for only six months of each year in Australia, although smaller quantities are shipped all the year round. The work of grading employs the Melbourne staff actively for only half of the year. It is now the intention of the Victorian government to utilize graders' services as instructors at the Agricultural Short Course Classes conducted in country centres during the winter months, and also to carry out experiments and make personal visits to butter factories to instruct the staff employed therein. By performing their duties as graders these men make better instructors, because of the data obtained during the export season, and, on the other hand, by acting as instructors amongst the butter factory managers for six months a year, they make better graders and must in time become highly qualified in both capacities.

AUSTRALIAN OPINIONS ON GRADING BUTTER.

It cannot be denied that considerable controversy has recently taken place both in Melbourne and London in regard to the subject of butter grading, and a certain section of buyers and exporters desire to have modifications made in the present system operated under the Australian Commerce Act. On the one side it is asserted that the verdict of the graders is too low, but on the other side some London buyers declare that the verdicts are invariably too high, and hence the department is placed in a somewhat awkward position, depending upon how the question is viewed. That the system will be improved by the experience gained during this season is unquestionable, and in time any friction hitherto existing will be removed by the graders becoming more expert in their work, and a larger number of boxes of each shipment being examined. Compulsory grading and branding—with the Commonwealth stamp—of butter for export is looked forward to by the authorities as one of the ultimate results of the gradual evolution in legislation governing the shipments of food products from Australia.

INCREASE IN EXPORTS OF AUSTRALASIAN WOOL.

The Australasian wool exports for the period as from July 1, 1906, to March 31, 1907, as compared with the corresponding period of 1905-6, show a net increase of 213,808 bales of which Australia contributed 181,969 bales, and New Zealand 31,839 bales. The exports for the nine months ending on March 31, 1907 are as follows: from Australia 1,555,030 bales, from New Zealand 366,408 bales, thus making the Australasian total 1,921,438 bales, of which the bulk was sold in the local markets. Prices continue firm, in fact upon a somewhat improved basis, as the demand remains as active as at the opening sales of the season.

APPOINTMENT AND EMPLOYMENT OF AUSTRALIAN TELEPHONE ATTENDANTS.

Applicants for employment in the Commonwealth Telephone offices are subjected to an examination in the subjects of handwriting, spelling and arithmetic (first four rules, simple and money). A candidate is not eligible for appointment as a telephone attendant unless her age was, at the last birthday preceding appointment, not less than

16 nor more than 25 years. Appointments are made on probation only, during which each appointee is tested as regards her hearing, speech and general management of—and deportment over—a telephone. When such tests are passed permanent employment is secured. Successful candidates in each state are appointed in the order in which the examination is passed. With few exceptions, female operators work the switchboards (common battery and magnetic), installed in the Australian telephone exchanges which are entirely under the control of the Postmaster General's Department.

REMUNERATION OF AUSTRALIAN TELEPHONE ATTENDANTS.

On appointment, say at the age of 16 years, telephone attendants are paid a salary of £30 (\$146) per annum, which is increased on good behaviour by the following amounts: 1st year £6 (\$29.20), 2nd year £16 (\$77.86), 3rd year £8 (\$38.93), 4th year £12 (\$58.40), and 5th year £12 (58.40). On reaching the age of 21 years, attendants receive pay at the rate of £110 (\$535.32) per annum, if their period of service has then equalled three years. The salaries are based upon a service not exceeding 44 hours of duty each week.

HOURS OF DUTY AUSTRALIAN TELEPHONE ATTENDANTS.

The hours of duty of attendants in the Australian telephone exchanges vary from 44 to 36 hours weekly (6 days). Sunday work is counted as time and half; that is to say, if in one week six days are worked and one is a Sunday, pay for 6½ days is allowed. No employee in the Australian Public Service is liable to dismissal or punishment—or other disability—for refusing on conscientious grounds to work on Sunday if the chief officer has been notified accordingly. At the same time, no employee can refuse when called upon by the officer in charge, to perform Sunday work in cases of necessity. After 44 hours of duty has been completed in each week, overtime is calculated for telephone operators at the following rates, those receiving under £100 (\$486.66) per annum are paid 1s. per hour (24 cents), those receiving over £100 are paid 1s. 6d. per hour (36 cents).

VACATION AND HOLIDAYS GRANTED TELEPHONE ATTENDANTS.

The Commonwealth regulations prescribe an annual leave of absence from duty—in telephone exchanges—of 18 days on full pay, and there are also statutory holidays, numbering about 10 each year, to which the attendants are also entitled. It is obvious that duty cannot be avoided on public holidays, but attendants working upon such occasions are entitled to equivalent time at a subsequent date.

VICTORIAN ONIONS FOR CANADA.

The *Manuka*, due at Vancouver on May 9, is taking forward 120 tons of Victorian onions, shipped to the order of Canadian firms. A smaller consignment has been shipped for Puget Sound ports. This season's crop is one of the best on record, and, with fair weather conditions on the Pacific, the onions should be landed in first-class condition.

SAN FRANCISCO MAIL SERVICE ABANDONED.

Canadian firms interested in Australian trade should take notice that—at least for the time being—the San Francisco mail steamers have been withdrawn from the New Zealand and Australian trade. This is the first cessation in that service which has been running for some thirty years. All Canadian mails for Australia and New

Zealand should be endorsed—'Via Vancouver.' The Canadian-Australian steamers are scheduled to leave Vancouver on May 24, June 21, July 19, August 10, and September 13. The necessity of prompt attention to Australian correspondence is—even more than ever—accentuated by this rather unexpected announcement.

CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS—VANCOUVER TO SYDNEY.

The *Manuka* leaves Sydney to-day a full ship in every respect as regards passengers and cargo. For several weeks past, it has been impossible to secure a vacant berth on this fine steamer. The *Aorangi*, scheduled to sail for Vancouver on May 13, has also all her passenger accommodation completely booked. Passengers for Canada and the United States can now only secure cabins in the steamer sailing from Sydney on June 10. The usual shipments of seasonable Australian and other products continue to fill all the cargo space, whilst the outward bound steamers from Vancouver have, almost invariably, as much cargo as they can carry.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

Independent of the good weather conditions, the present prosperity of Australia is caused to a great extent by high prices ruling the last two seasons for wool, butter and other staple exports. Imports and exports are increasing in value, the revenue continues buoyant and the outlook is considered to be satisfactory in every respect. The building and lumber trades, particularly, in these states, are very active at the present time.

CANADIAN TRADE NOTES.

Orders for usual lines of Canadian goods are being forwarded by Melbourne agents by this mail. Some agricultural machinery and implements—subject to the lower rates of duty—to be built to Australian specification are being placed with Canadian makers not hitherto interested in exporting to this part of the world. New samples of 'made in Canada' manufactures are being shown to wholesale importers of dry goods and hardware. The mail closes without anything of special moment to report.

D. H. ROSS.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND, AND NEW ZEALAND.

(*Mr. J. S. Larke.*)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, April 18, 1907.

NEW ZEALAND.

A dry season has considerably affected the dairying industry of New Zealand. From November to February the exports of butter and cheese were largely in excess of the similar period for the year 1905-6. But February and March showed a decline. There is now an improvement and the probability is that the year ending September will show a very considerable gain in the exports. The cheese exports for 1906-7 are 112,973 boxes for seven months, as against 90,021 boxes for 1905-6. The April shipments of butter are likely to show a greater shipment for eight months than for the previous twelve months. The shipments for the balance of the year are, however, likely to be light. There has been an increase in the shipments of frozen meat, so that the outlook notwithstanding the drought, is very good.

NEW ZEALAND FACTORIES.

A recent return shows that there has been a very considerable development in industrial operations in New Zealand. The figures show a comparison between the year 1906 and the census year, 1901, the summary of which is as follows:—

	1906.	1901.	Increase.
Number of establishments*	4,186	3,680	506
Hands employed—			
Males.	44,946	36,292	8,654
Females.	11,413	10,555	858
Totals.	56,359	46,847	9,512
Wages paid—			
Males.	£3,979,593	£2,972,193	£1,007,400
Females.	478,026	330,454	147,572
Totals.	£4,457,619	£3,302,647	£1,154,972
Horse power.	60,335	39,113	21,222
Approximate value of—			
Land.	3,264,862	1,980,428	1,284,434
Buildings.	3,851,902	2,575,679	1,276,223
Machinery and plant.	5,392,522	3,852,457	1,540,065
Totals.	12,509,286	8,408,564	4,100,722

* Omitting government railway workshops and government printing office.

The value of the product for 1905 was £23,444,235 as compared with £17,853,133 in 1900. The principal increases are in industries which are necessarily local, meat works, butter and cheese factories, saw-mills, flour-mills, printing, hemp-mills, gas works, ham and bacon curing, brick and tile works, though there were fair increases in furniture, carriage building, woodware, and implement factories.

HEMP.

The export of New Zealand hemp last year was 27,779 tons, which was slightly under that of the previous year. The exports to Great Britain increased as did also those to Canada. The Canadian share was, however, but a small one. The direct shipments are given as 464 tons last year as against 264 tons in 1905. Shipments to the United States were about half what they had been in 1905.

The mills are just now well supplied with orders, but the prices in London have fallen very materially; the reduction being £2 10s. for good fair, and £4 for fair. Heavy floods have interfered with milling operations and there is a fear that, in consequence of these floods, the quality of the fibre will be inferior. Flax millers are therefore unwilling to enter into contracts for fair fibre at the present moment, particularly at the reduced prices offered. The British government has resolved to introduce the cultivation of this flax into the Island of St. Helena, and a New Zealand expert has left to supervise the operations.

JAPANESE TIMBER.

Last week a Norwegian steamship came into the harbour with a shipment of timber from the northern ports of Japan. It was composed of pine, oak, ash and bass wood, aggregating nearly 2½ million feet. A shipment had been sent to Melbourne some months ago and was so well received that this cargo to Sydney was the result. Another steamer is loading with 2½ million feet of the same timber for Sydney. The timber is imported as logs, squared by the axe, and is thus free of duty. It would be interesting to know what resources in timber Japan has, either in her own territory or in Korea.

If large quantities can be economically obtained it will not only interfere with the trade from North America in timber, but assist materially in developing Australian exports to China and Japan. There is no experience of the quality of the timber here, but in Melbourne it is reported that the pine will take the place of Baltic timber for bulding purposes, and that the other timber is very valuable for the purposes for which American oak, ash and bass wood has hitherto been used. A company has been formed for carrying on this industry.

PULP BUTTER BOXES.

Owing to the high price of timber, out of which Australian butter boxes have been made, experiments have been made with butter boxes made from wood pulp. The experiments show it to be free from any odour or taint likely to affect the butter injuriously, and to be strong. If shipped empty, it would be a very bulky cargo, and the freight has suggested the formation of a company here for the manufacture of the boxes. Should this be done, it will open up a new market for Canadian pulp. As yet action has not been taken.

NEWSPAPER.

Producers of paper in Canada show renewed interest in this market. It is exceedingly difficult to arrive at the quantity of news that is consumed in Australia. New Zealand gives the quantity of paper of various kinds in her return, but Australia simply gives the value. The varied prices of the paper imported prevent an accurate estimate of the average cost per pound, but the best estimate that I have been able to make is that about 35,000 tons of newspaper are consumed in Australia and New Zealand. Three publishing firms of this city have given me their estimates: one at 1,200 tons, the second at 1,800 tons, and the third at 3,500 tons per annum, with prospects of considerable increase. There would apparently be an importation of over 12,000 tons per annum in this city.

CANADIAN TRADE.

As yet there has not been time to receive replies to but a few of over three hundred letters that have been recently sent by firms of this state to Canadian houses looking towards trade. Of the number of Canadian exporters who have replied, only a portion of them advised me, as I had suggested that they should do, and of these about three-fifths state that they are not at present able to entertain orders from Australia, but hope to be able to do so in the future. This is only what was expected from previous knowledge.

The Canadian Export Company of Canada, the only organized company that is engaged in export from Canada to Australia, has opened an office in this city with good sample rooms. They are pushing sales energetically and with every prospect of securing a large trade. Considerable orders have been sent by this mail as well as others previously.

TRADE OF CHINA.

According to a report of Mr. F. B. Suttor, the New South Wales Commissioner of Trade in China, the trade for 1904 and 1905 is as follows:—

	1904.	1905.
Imports..	£50,238,005	£67,996,578
Exports..	£34,917,807	£34,657,996

The imports into China have more than doubled in five years, and the exports have increased by about 50 per cent. As China has been troubled with internal disturbances, disastrous floods and severe famines in many districts, some idea can be formed of what the trade is likely to be in future years. Of the trade of 1905, £42,179,246 of the imports and £16,208,206 of the exports, were with British countries; the great bulk of it being with Hongkong and Great Britain. The Canadian share of the trade was: imports £363,122, exports £61,805.

The principal countries with which trade was done were:—

	Imports.		Exports.	
United States.. . . .	£11,697,769	2 2	£4,110,929	18 2
Japan.. . . .	9,325,068	19 4	5,393,629	15 9
Europe.. . . .	4,805,175	8 5	5,476,990	9 4

The United States trade, in view of the boycott that was supposed to have so largely affected it, is extraordinary. Still more remarkable is that the imports of United States goods in 1905 show an increase of £7,442,214, while the exports to the United States show an increase of £160,600.

IMPORTANCE OF SHANGHAI.

More than one-half of the trade of China was done through the port of Shanghai; Canton and Hankow each of them doing one-eighth of the amount done by Shanghai. The details of the trade are only given in part. There are increases in the importations of woollen and cotton flannel, woollen and cotton mixtures, and clothing and cloth. There is a decrease in the import of lead and bars in which Canada does some trade; the amount of which is not given.

CHINESE BUTTER AND CHEESE TRADE.

The imports of butter and cheese amount to £49,931. The importations were chiefly from:—

Europe.. . . .	£24,123
Australia.. . . .	9,093
England.. . . .	8,659
Hongkong.. . . .	7,809
United States.. . . .	4,795
Canada.. . . .	500

It is believed that the bulk of the Hongkong shipments were from Australia, as the Australian lines touch at that port, that do not run regularly to any Chinese port.

CEMENT.

There is a growth in importance of cement in casks. The importations for 1905 were £84,334. Europe, Great Britain and the United States furnished the bulk of the imports. The importations of paint and oils are also increasing.

FISHERIES PRODUCTION.

The importations of fish and fishery products for 1905 were valued at £1,944,995. The names of the countries from which these articles are obtained are not given. The importations of flour show some increase amounting to £564,772 in 1905. This flour was procured as follows:—

Hongkong.. . . .	£459,684
United States.. . . .	75,019
Japan.. . . .	45,635
Canada.. . . .	2,244
Australia.. . . .	701

The Hongkong flour was wholly imported, but the place of origin is not given.

LEATHER.

Leather is another item of considerable amount imported, last year being valued at £240,488. Besides Hongkong, the United States was the largest contributor, having

supplied £21,617 as against £7,720 from Great Britain and £2,183 from Australia. None is credited to Canada. Of leather manufactures, the imports of 1905 were £41,832, the great bulk of it coming from Great Britain and Europe.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Of boots and shoes, the importations were £91,774. Of this amount Hongkong and England supplied over £64,000, the United States £3,903; Canada is not mentioned.

CONDENSED MILK.

Condensed milk was imported to the value of £93,611. The United States is credited with no less than £50,387, and Canada with £6,159. In this connection there seems to be a field for Canadian export of dairy cattle.

CATTLE.

It was noted that the cattle imported from Australia were very inferior and disappointing; those from the United States gave satisfaction.

RAILWAY MATERIAL.

The importation of railway material is increasing, and last year was valued at £1,117,316. Europe, Great Britain and Japan furnished the great bulk of it; the United States is credited with £68,332, Australia £66,204, Canada £443. The Australian importations would be railway ties and timber for railway work. Of household stores, composed mainly of preserved meat, preserved fish and other tinned goods, the imports amount to £362,647. The following were the chief contributors:—

United States.. . . .	£106,541
Hongkong.. . . .	105,180
England.. . . .	75,602
Japan.. . . .	74,006
Canada.. . . .	2,944
Australia.. . . .	768

J. S. LARKE.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, May 9, 1907.

SEAL FISHERY.

In my report of March 19 last (Monthly Report, February, 1907, page 1299), I referred to the departure of the fleet of sailing steamers for the ice-fields off this coast. All these vessels have now returned to port, with the exception of two which suffered shipwreck, and the general results from this fishery can now be approximately given as 236,000 seals of a value of \$490,000. The figures for last year were 341,836 seals, valued at \$607,544, so that it will be seen there is a considerable falling off in this season's operations, mainly caused by the extremely severe weather conditions that prevailed while the ships were in the ice.

CANADIAN SEEDS.

The attention of Canadian seed growers and dealers is directed to the fact that a large proportion of the supplies used in this colony are furnished by British and American exporters, the customs returns for 1906 giving the following figures for this trade:—

United Kingdom.. . . .	\$3,511 00
Canada.. . . .	2,794 00
United States.. . . .	2,642 00

Seeds for agricultural purposes are not subject to duty, which applies also to plants, trees and shrubs.

CANADIAN AGRICULTURAL TOOLS.

My attention has been called to the fact that a distinct preference prevails here in favour of Canadian and British farming tools as against those of American make for the reason that they are considered to have better wearing qualities, although not so neatly finished as the American article.

E. D. ARNAUD.

NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. C. E. Sontum.*)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, May 2, 1907.

DENMARK'S EXPORT OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

With reference to the export of agricultural products from Denmark during 1906, the consulate at Copenhagen reports as follows:—

Butter.—Of Danish butter there was exported in 1906 159 mill. pounds; the corresponding figures for 1905 and 1904 were 160 and 163 mill. pounds. During the last two years, however, there has been exported considerable of cream and milk, which may be figured to represent a total weight in butter of $4\frac{1}{2}$ mill. pounds in 1906, and about 3 mill. pounds in 1905. The export from the creameries thus is actually very near the same for each of the last three years, although 1906 shows a small increase, equal to about $\frac{1}{2}$ mill. pounds of butter. The value of this export has increased considerably more, as the prices of butter, although good in 1905, went up further with about 4 per cent in 1906. The butter was principally exported to England. The export to Germany which was increasing during 1904 and 1905, went down in 1906, there being exported to that country of butter in common packing hardly 2 mill. pounds in 1906, against more than 5 mill. pounds in 1905, and 3 mill. pounds in 1904. The export of cream and milk on the other hand goes about exclusively to Germany. In 1906 it thus amounted to 15 mill. pounds cream and 11 mill. pounds milk.

The butter prices have, as mentioned above, been a little higher during 1906 than the preceding years, viz.: on an average:—

	Per. 100 lbs.
1906.. . . .	\$26 12
1905.. . . .	25 17
1904.. . . .	23 75
1903.. . . .	24 55
1902.. . . .	25 13
1901.. . . .	25 94

Pork.—The export of pork in 1906 amounted to 160 mill. pounds against the same quantity in 1905, and 185 mill. pounds in 1904. The prices, which advanced considerably in 1905, went up still more in 1906. Most of the pork goes to Great Britain; thus of the export in 1906 only 5 mill. pounds went to Germany and less than 1 mill. pounds to other countries, the balance to Great Britain.

Eggs.—In 1906 there was exported of this article about 20 mill. scores, against 21 mill. scores in 1905, and 21½ mill. scores in 1904. The egg export culminated in 1903 with 23 mill. scores. There has thus during the last years been a reduction in the quantity exported; but the prices have been rising, which for a considerable part must be credited to the general rise of prices on nearly all articles of food; but also to the energetic efforts of the Danish exporters and producers to improve on the quality. Ninety-nine per cent of the exported eggs go to Great Britain.

Cattle and Meat of Cattle.—Of live cattle there was exported in 1906 105,000 head, against 124,000 in 1905, 92,000 in 1904, and 63,000 in 1903. During the same years there was exported respectively, 23½, 31, 25 and 23 mill. pounds of meat. The exceptional large export in 1905, both of live cattle and meat, was due to the expected higher duty in Germany, which also went into effect on March 1, 1906. About the whole of this export goes to Germany.

Horses.—There was exported in 1906 nearly 25,400 head, against 29,400 in 1905, and 26,100 in 1904, nearly all to Germany.

NORWEGIAN WOOD-PULP MARKET.

Of this year's output of mechanical wood-pulp in Norway there is at the present moment hardly more than five to seven per cent unsold, and although this winter the production has been larger than ever, there is hardly any pulp at the mills. The prices are steadily rising. Several of the larger mills, therefore, refuse to entertain proposals for contracts over next year, until the autumn is well advanced, as there is no probability of a drop in the value of pulp-wood. It is reported that a number of Norwegian capitalists are going to start a cellulose mill in Russia in the neighbourhood of 'Archangel.' The intended output of this mill is 10,000 tons a year. An application has been made to the Russian government for obtaining concession and permission to import the machinery for the new mill free of duty. The share capital, which is fully paid up, amounts to somewhat above 1 million kroners (\$270,000).

MORE NORWEGIAN PAPER MILLS.

A new paper mill is going to be built at Drammen, Norway, by Messrs. Kierulf & Haavind, proprietors of the paper mill recently started in the same town. The power is to be electricity. Two paper machines, which, it is said, will be the largest yet made for the manufacture of grease-proof paper, have been ordered from Mr. N. Füllner, Warenbrun, Germany, who is a favourably known maker of such paper machines.

C. E. SONTUM.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,

EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., May 8, 1907.

RUSSIAN EGG TRADE.

The following particulars of the Russian egg trade from H.M. Consul at Riga may be of interest:—

‘The Russian egg trade, which a few years ago was considered to be scarcely worthy of notice, has developed to such a degree, and attained such a position, that eggs now figure in the front rank of exports from the Russian Empire, and as Riga is the chief outlet for the enormous quantities which are annually shipped to the markets of Western Europe, it is here that some idea of the trade may be formed.

‘In 1905 the total quantity of eggs exported from Russia was returned at 195,757 tons, of which 81,325 tons were sent from Riga. Last year the total quantity shipped must have been somewhat less, and it was reported that there was a slight falling off in the production, while the current year may see a further decline, owing to the famine on the Volga, but this check is considered to be only temporary, and an advance later on is predicted.

‘But although Riga may be the principal port of export, it must not be imagined that the eggs shipped thence are gathered anywhere in the neighbourhood. No eggs are sent from the Baltic provinces or any of the neighbouring governments.

‘The real egg producing region, from which supplies are drawn for the foreign markets, may readily be traced on the map. It starts at Tchernigoff, in the southwest, and sweeps round in a curve towards the northeast, embracing on its way the governments of Kursk, Kharkoff, Voronezh, Tamboff, Saratoff, Penza, Samara, Simbirsk, Nijni-Novgorod, Kazan, and ends at Viatka, but the more prolific districts are those of Voronezh, Tamboff, the Volga, and Kazan, while a large trade appears to be developing at Viatka. Eggs are also obtainable in Siberia, and at a cheap rate, but their quality is not to be depended upon.

‘The manipulation of the egg business in Russia has been worked up to a high degree of perfection, and the agents of the firms in this trade are legion. Every available district has been tapped, and the only areas that have not, as yet, been exploited are those without adequate means of communication, and consequently dangerous to touch. In the regions mentioned the agents are engaged from May to September or October in collecting, packing, and forwarding the eggs to the coast for shipment, but before they can be sent abroad, they are carefully sorted by experts and repacked according to class.

‘The merchants or representatives of the continental firms engaged in the trade, pay periodical visits to the egg districts in order to see for themselves the condition of the country, and to form some idea of the prospects for future operations.

‘The prices of eggs vary according to district, time of season, and class of egg, and range between £2 11s. and £5 15s. per case of 1,440 eggs, f.o.b. station. There is no rule by which prices are fixed, although some districts yield better eggs than others, and the merchants, in making their contracts for a season, very often run considerable risks which may only be covered by a favourable out-turn of the sorting.

'The freight to a port of shipment is according to mileage, and generally calculated per wagon of 100 cases or 10 tons. From Kozloff, in the government of Tamboff, to Riga the charge per wagon is £19 3s., while from Kazan to Riga it is £26. The freight per steamer from Riga to the east coast of Great Britain is between 22s. 6d. and 23s. 6d. per ton.

'The great bulk of the trade is done through the port of Hull.'

TASMANIAN PEARS.

Two varieties of Tasmanian pears, viz.: Beurre Clairgeans and the Vicar of Wakefield are being received here at the present time in good quantities. They are shipped in cases, each case consisting of three trays. The sizes of the cases are 2 feet 3 inches long, 15 inches wide and 6 inches deep; each tray being separate and detachable. In the Beurre variety the three trays contain 164 pears, and in the Vicar of Wakefield variety, 103 pears, as the latter is a larger fruit. Each pear is wrapped in paper, nicely packed, and are delivered here in first-class condition. The wholesale prices realized here are from 15s. to 18s. per case.

I can hardly understand the reason why Canadian shippers do not send more of their 'best pears' to England during the fruit season, packed in a similar manner to the Tasmanians. There is always a splendid market for good pears received in proper condition and correctly packed.

PEACHES.

We are also receiving from South Africa a liberal quantity of peaches, shipped in boxes containing three trays similar to the above; each tray containing about 24 peaches. The wholesale prices realized here at present are from 18s. to 20s. per tray.

These peaches arrive here in excellent condition, and I can see no reason why Canadian peaches, during the season, should not arrive in England from Canada in a first-class condition, seeing that the South African fruit has more than double the distance to travel when reaching England. I feel quite sure that a large business could be built up in the proper season in Canadian pears and peaches packed along similar lines.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

No. 14, BUND, ROOM B., YOKOHAMA, May 15, 1907.

THE WHEAT TRADE.

There has been some importation of milling machinery, in some cases coming from Pennsylvania via the Canadian Pacific Railway route. And there is quite a noticeable increase of interest taken in wheat, under the incentive of a customs tariff rate discriminating between flour and wheat in favour of the latter. Excepting in a few special cases, interest will now focus upon next harvest, only about three months forward.

In case of a substantial increase of production beyond the demands of home consumption, there will probably be increased activity in pushing Canadian flour this way. But correspondence indicates such a degree of unreadiness, in respect of facilities for shipment, that there should be care not to expect too much, however, great the crop may be.

An importing and exporting house at the coast, answering inquiry as to official inspection and grading, and giving the standard grades, then answer inquiry as to facilities for shipment.

They say : ' Apparently there is a lot of pioneer work yet to be done. As to through rates, our elevator connections have no idea as to through rates to the Orient, and upon inquiry at the Canadian Pacific Railway we find there are none established, but they hope to have same ready in the fall. The Canadian Pacific Railway inform us that until they know the quantity of wheat likely to be shipped they cannot give any definite rate, but that if we come to them with an offer of a cargo the rate would probably be about \$9 per 2,000 lbs. Otherwise we must consider the rate to be \$10. On flour the rate is established at \$8, and we think the wheat rate will probably be the same. It will depend very largely, they inform us, on what the Ocean rates will be at the time of shipment. All of which you can understand to mean that there will be much delay in getting things down to a working and competing basis.'

Of course when all these things are brought up to date, through competing rates, standard grades established there and accepted here, and when the production of Alberta and Saskatchewan wheat will show a surplus that must be expected, there will yet be the handicap of bagging. There is no thought yet of port elevators and bulk shipping.

A Manchurian firm, writing to this office under date of April 29, says, ' There is a very large trade done in Manchuria in flour, principally American manufacture. The British consul at this port (Tairen), has asked us why some of this business cannot be diverted to the Canadian mills, and has recommended us to write to you. We should therefore be glad to be put in communication with one of the Canadian firms who would take up the business. The quality preferred for Manchuria is very glutinous and sticky. The present quotation for American flour is U.S.G., \$3.95 per brl. c.i.f., Dalny; but no fresh orders can be placed for shipment earlier than August.'

The trade returns of Tairen (Dalny) for March show imports valued at yen 30,070,000 and exports at yen 1,460,000. It is stated that the customs system to be put into operation at Tairen has been agreed upon with Sir Robert Hart. The gist of it is that the leased territory of Kwantung will be a free region, and that merchandise

will not be subject to import dues unless it passes outside that region. The arrangement is to be enforced tentatively one year, after which changes may be made according to experience.

APRIL TRADE.

The foreign export trade of Japan for April, 1907, according to advance reports, compared with that for April, 1906, amounts to

	Yen.
1907....	34,515,252
1906....	28,810,777

The increases for April this year were in greater part in rice, sake, beer, cigarettes, coal, wood, waste silk, camphor, raw silk, cotton yarns, copper (pig and slab), straw-plaits and chip-braids, silk handkerchiefs, cotton tissues, cotton towels, cotton undershirts and drawers, porcelain and earthenware, lacquered ware, umbrellas (European), mats and mattings, hanagoza.

The decreases for April this year were in greater part in tea, sugar (refined), silk tissues, habutæ, looking-glass.

The foreign import trade for April, 1907, compared with that for April, 1906, amounts to

	Yen.
1907.....	53,432,869
1906.....	42,727,797

The increases for April this year were in greater part in wheat, flour (wheat), cotton (raw), wool, flax, hemp, jute, &c., oil-cake, leathers, indigo (dried), iron (pig and ingot), iron (bar, rod, plate and sheet), iron pipes and tubes, paper, oil (petroleum), locomotives, railway cars and wagons, machinery.

The decreases for April this year were in greater part in tea, sugar (refined), silk (rail), shirtings and cotton prints, woollen cloths and serges.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the Monthly Return, for the three months ending March 31, of the present and the previous year:—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk tissues, habutæ....	\$ 60,714	\$ 81,603
Silk handkerchiefs....	4,883	16,088
Cotton tissues..	813	1,146
Mats and mattings for floor....	28,981	15,050
Porcelain and earthenware....	20,569	18,324
Lacquered ware.....	975	512
Tea.....	37,831	21,942
Rice....	62,720	22,590
Straw-plaits and chip-braids..	370	1,506
Camphor....	348	2,666

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Flour..	\$ 22,156	\$ 19,835

The 'principal item' given in the Monthly Return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the annual return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURN.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.					
	For March, 1907, Value.	Three months ending March 31 compared.			
		1907, Value.	1906, Value.		
	\$	\$	\$		
Flour, wheat.....	237,556	717,519	1,567,056		
Butter.....	3,185	9,622	18,129		
Salted salmon.....	2,479	119,101	168,863		
Condensed milk.....	44,179	193,613	190,149		
Fertilizers.....	675,521	1,703,842	989,134		
Leather, sole.....	3,185	9,622	18,129		
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.....	5,386	99,814	245,243		
White shirtings.....	33,680	112,099	239,187		
Gray shirtings.....	44,452	90,364	762,621		
Cotton duck.....	6,843	14,507	18,155		
Cotton prints.....	55,686	167,570	214,508		
Cotton satins and italians.....	48,122	193,091	296,706		
Pulp, sulphite.....	65,820	205,125	294,117		
TOTAL IMPORTS.			TOTAL EXPORTS.		
March, 1907, Value.	Three months ending March 31 compared.		March, 1907, Value.	Three months ending March 31 compared.	
	1907, Value.	1906, Value.		1907, Value.	1906, Value.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
21,660,788	60,826,952	54,522,304	16,539,921	47,438,474	43,477,816

THE SPECULATIVE RAGE SUBSIDING.

The fever stage of speculation has run its course. The mania was acute enough for six months past, and there were grave doubts and fears prevalent that the optimism of many would tend to exhaust the vitality of the patient; but convalescence has set in, and with it the doubting people are growing more cheerful, although they may have to wait a while for the full restoration of confidence. The fittest are surviving; and they prove to be not one in five of the promising formations of joint stock capital that the newspapers have been announcing for months past.

The *Nichi-Nichi* (the Daily), an influential newspaper, appeals to public opinion to range all its powers against 'the swelling of the currency, or against the lack of moral courage to resist inflation and effect timely restriction.' It adds in substance that it is erroneous to hail the current inflation as the wholesome fruit of the development of the country's resources; it has no such sound foundation. It is argued that there is no irredeemable paper afloat; but the redeemable, if not judiciously restrained, ends in becoming irredeemable. The paper would warn the responsible financiers that 'the policy of encouraging note issue by the Bank of Japan, on the strength of loan balances as specie deposited abroad, is likely to raise the issue of redeemable currency to the danger limit, if it is not there already.'

Mr. Sakatani, the Minister of Finance, addressing the 'Economic Association,' at Tokyo, referring to the pessimistic views of some people and journals, said that

'the specie and bullion owned by the government totalled 500 million yen, and the amount of convertible notes issued was only 270 million yen. The Japanese financial world therefore could be considered to have still an ample margin of elasticity. But it required careful deliberation to solve the question how to use the margin. Since the rise of new enterprises, the government had been careful to delimit the banking world from the industrial. The recent checking of the enterprise craze seemed therefore to little affect the money market. The minister was confident that good enterprises could now easily work their way to success. Foreign business men were now promoting various enterprises in Japan, in anticipation of the revision of the customs tariff in 1911. He hoped that the Japanese business men were not falling behind their foreign confreres.

Business continues depressed. The present is between seasons with tea, silk and rice, as exports, and with some important lines of import. But the outlook for crops is favourable so far; and the fact that there have been few failures in trade, and no material weakness felt in that direction, goes to sustain general confidence.

SHIPBUILDING IN JAPAN.

While heartily felicitating its country upon the high percentage of growth shown by the shipbuilding enterprise, elevating it to the fifth position in national marine, the Tokyo *Asahi* (Rising Sun) turns the other side to popular view. It says that 'the discounting features of this remarkable increase are found in the fact that the shipbuilding business in this country receives ample official aid, that more than half the high tonnage recorded is made up of warships—a fact that shows the development is the result of official rather than private enterprise. Again, in regard to these warships, they were built in this country primarily for the reason of economy, but on certain military grounds with no consideration of financial disadvantages. The practice of subsidy here is not indeed an exception to that of the European governments, but none of them can equal this in the sacrifice of economic strength for naval growth. We shall hail the day when our shipbuilding business will reach high position by international competition, free from official protection.'

FISHERY ARRANGEMENTS.

The Russo-Japanese fisheries protocol, agreed upon and officially announced, has amongst its provisions the following :—

The sphere of the fisheries shall be the Russian coasts of the Sea of Japan, Okhotsk and Behring seas, except rivers and inlets.

The regular fisheries for salmon, herring, cod-fish, &c., shall be sold by auction.

No restriction will be imposed as to nationality of fishermen. For the fisheries within the Amur gulf, Russian subjects must be engaged as fishermen, except in the case of overseers.

All sorts of fish, marine animals and vegetation, may be caught. Seals are excepted.

As to methods of preserving fish, there will be no special restriction. Guano may be made of herring and other fish caught by the herring net, and salmon and other fish may be salted.

MONETARY STRINGENCY.

The timely nipping in the bud, of the speculative growth after-the-war, is making the consequent depression of trade pass along lightly, leaving in its course as yet few evidences of a serious business squeeze. At such times the banks get loaded up with money, because of the low tide of trade and the doubtful face of commercial paper. That is very much how it is here at present, and it is rumoured that the banks are about to materially lower the rate on deposits. The local press are saying that if this state of affairs goes on, no bank will declare a dividend of over 10 per cent, at the end of this half-year.

AN ESTIMATE OF MONEY MARKETS

Mr. Takahashi, just returned from London, where he had been engaged in connection with the conversion of the Japanese war loans, interviewed by the Tokyo press, expressed satisfaction with the success of the renewed loan on both the London and Paris markets.

Commenting, he said that in France the people were influenced by a spirit of money-saving, and therefore have plenty of money on deposit. For that reason it would appear that France should be a most suitable source from which to procure large loans. But there were drawbacks. The French discouraged the output of gold coin and bullion. Coupled with this, he thought the policy of the government was unfavourable to float a Japanese loan. In the United States the economic conditions had been bright since last year, and the capitalists were so eagerly bent on home commercial and industrial enterprises that they did not seek investment abroad. He contrasts the stock markets of Japan and the United States in a manner favourable to the former, his line of reasoning being that in Japan stocks are more widely distributed among the people than they are in the United States, and are consequently more secure against sharp fluctuations since they cannot be manipulated so easily by great capitalists. He regarded the money market in Germany at the present time as very tight. All things considered, he thought the loan now being issued, of \$40,000,000 for the Manchurian railway, would be floated on the London market. London was truly the world's market; an immense quantity of stocks of all countries being now held in England pending an easier condition of the money market.

THE FUTURE OF JAPANESE TEA.

On the basis of statistics showing the output and exports of tea during the past ten years, the *Osaka Asahi*, entertains pessimistic views about the future of the tea trade, which now occupies the foremost place next to raw silk. In Europe and America, says that journal, there are indications that coffee, cocoa, and chocolate are gradually superseding tea; and this tendency is also observable even in Asia, especially in Japan. The output of Japanese tea during the past ten years showed a diminution; while the exports to America and other tea-consuming countries also disclosed similar conditions. Below are the details:

OUTPUT.

	Lbs.
1896.	70,275,659
1897.	70,022,994
1898.	69,804,283
1899.	62,366,223
1900.	63,187,169
1901.	59,207,435
1902.	57,358,388
1903.	55,635,345
1904.	58,290,823
1905.	55,967,929

EXPORTS.

	Lbs.
1897.	43,510,244
1898.	41,102,176
1899.	46,308,858
1900.	42,976,863
1901.	44,331,295
1902.	43,679,440
1903.	48,229,806
1904.	47,483,925
1905.	38,833,628
1906.	40,028,371

With the advent of the new tea season, considerable activity is manifested on the markets as well as in tea-producing centres of the country. According to the latest telegrams received by the foreign office from New York, Chicago and other points of North America, the demand for Japanese green tea there is unusually brisk this year, and it is stated that the stock at New York and Chicago is nearly exhausted.

ENCOURAGING SILK PRODUCTION.

The Department of Agriculture and Commerce has decided to grant aid, by way of subsidy, to certain experimental farms and agricultural schools that are under prefectural administration, to enable them to undertake the experimental cultivation of the mulberry tree. The leaf of the mulberry is the food for the silk worm, and the policy of the department is to extend the growth of the tree into districts that heretofore have not been thought climatically favourable, and thus correspondingly enlarge the cocoon producing area.

It is announced too that the Railway Department, in pursuance of the same policy, will make a reduction in the freight rate upon cocoons, to take effect on June 1.

ZINC PRODUCTION.

Japan is rich in zinc, but it is a large importer of the metal from foreign countries. They say that is because they cannot refine it. It is now said that a Japanese has invented a method of refining the metal, and the work will be started on a large scale.

JAPANESE EMIGRATION—A COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISE.

Emigration, from Japan, and also from China, to the newer countries of the two American continents, and to Hawaii and Australia, differs essentially from the same term when applied to describe the movement of population from the over-peopled countries of Europe to the west, say to Canada, for example. It is a matter of private enterprise at both the emigrating and the immigrating points. Specific demand at the latter point is met by specific supply at the other, as in an ordinary commercial transaction, which in several respects it resembles.

The 'Continental Emigration Company is sending six hundred Japanese emigrants over to Mexico by the Oriental Steamship Company's ship, *Manshu Maru*, which will leave Kobe on April 25.' This, or a paraphrase of it, is the reference to quite a common event by the press of the country.

The *Japan Times* is authority for the further announcement that 'the Trans-Oceanic Emigration Company has received an order from Mexico to send 6,000 Japanese labourers, in course of this year, to be employed in mining, railway construction and cultivation. The Kumamoto Emigration Company also is going to forward some 400 emigrants during May.'

In Japan there is a great deal of labour to sell; and there are countries that are in want of labour and are ready to buy it. The intermediate agency, the emigration companies, perform very much the part of commission merchant. It operates on the joint stock plan, with the requisite capital. Through agencies it enters into contracts to supply a stipulated number of labourers. It contracts with the labourers for a given term of service at a stated rate of wages. It pays the transportation service, but collects from the emigrant the amount of his passage. In some cases it advances, or gives credit to the emigrant for the passage money, and binds him under his contract to refund from his wages. A 'boss' goes in charge who sees to the carrying out of these arrangements. Towards the mainland Asiatic countries, this method of aiding emigration does not apply. In that direction the enterprising and adventurous Japanese, looking for new worlds to conquer, is left to go as he pleases, and he is going in considerable numbers.

In fact, in various interesting current expresses, the idea is discoverable equivalent to what we mean when we say 'Trade follows the Flag.' And one does not readily get rid of the impression, in view of the force of use and custom, that the Oriental emigrant will for a long time have a hankering preference for many things from his own country.

The *Nippon*, an influential paper at Tokyo, regards the present as an 'epoch-making opportunity in the history of Japanese emigration,' and says in substance that legislative exclusion from America (United States) taken for a fact, forces upon Japan the necessity of turning attention to other countries.

The *Kokumin* (The Nation), however, foresees that with the extent of undertakings in Korea and Manchuria, in the near future there will come active demand for Japanese labour, and that the failing supply of European labour in the several states of South America will leave a wide open field for the surplus labour of this country. With these prospects in view the American (United States) industrial interests are warned that the time will come when it will be more difficult to get Japanese labour than it now is to exclude it.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

It is announced that 'a Director-General and other functionaries, for the Grand International Exhibition to be held at Tokyo in 1912, will be appointed within a few days, with offices in the Department of Agriculture and Commerce. With two million yen appropriation, for this fiscal year, the selection and the purchase of a site will be made, and the designs of buildings prepared. The construction work will be provided for and commenced next fiscal year.

PROGRESS IN FORMOSA.

The acquisition of Formosa, with its alien and largely barbarian population, has brought with it to Japan perplexities akin to those of the United States in the Philippines. But these are being surmounted, in great part by diligently pursuing the policy of industrial development.

At present the yearly rice crop is stated to be 4,000,000 koku or 20,000,000 bushels. And the yearly sugar crop about 133,000,000 lbs. The camphor industry produces 5,000,000 yen, and tea 6,000,000 yen annually. This is about how things are at present in the way of marketable products.

But there is an irrigation scheme in course of being worked out, for which the estimated required capital is \$80,000,000 in ten yearly appropriations.

The result of this irrigation improvement will be to double the yield of rice, and treble the production of sugar, so that these two items alone will rise to a value of \$50,000,000.

The industry of sugar refining, and rice hulling, consequent upon this increased production, also are attracting the attention of capitalists, with several minor industries amongst which are paper and hemp manufactures. It is therefore confidently assured on the authority of the governor of the island that Formosa will continue not only a prosperous agricultural country, but that it is about to enter upon great industrial development.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The Minister of Agriculture and Commerce at a conference of the heads of experimental farms, held recently, dwelt upon the necessity of farmers being instructed in improved agricultural methods instead of the old ways to which they have been accustomed for generations. The object of experimental farms was to study the science of agriculture, and to propagate the results among the farmers. Special attention

should also be paid to the management of industrial guilds (or unions), which were a very important means for the promotion of agriculture. Encouragement of the use of vegetable fertilizers, and improved methods of feeding the soil, were also of urgent necessity.

The minister said the department intended to distribute a superior species of swine and poultry among the various districts, for breeding purposes.

MAIL LOST—THE 'DAKOTA.'

The steamship *Dakota*, wrecked on March 3 when approaching the coast of Japan, enroute from American ports to Yokohama, carried a large collection of mail bags, some of which would be from Canada, the greater portion of which was lost.

If any correspondence addressed to this Commercial Agency, being transmitted about that time, fails to receive attention, it may be assumed that it did not reach its destination, and should be repeated.

ALEX. MACLEAN.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of April and the *twelve months* ending April, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING APRIL.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	32,462	38,802	67,367	490,897	495,779	639,149
New Zealand.....	62,173	62,231	48,606	340,407	283,822	300,857
Canada.....	192			259,895	295,041	186,480
Totals.....	94,827	101,033	115,973	1,091,199	1,074,642	1,126,486
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	140,419	132,861	167,939	1,690,103	1,626,018	1,728,322
France.....	19,088	21,019	12,579	339,808	347,931	286,417
Germany.....	16	90	1,598	1,946	8,943	8,547
Holland.....	15,418	12,261	12,263	228,681	200,995	182,812
Russia.....	25,709	33,072	50,867	388,287	491,386	629,979
Sweden.....	15,080	12,650	18,816	196,930	180,695	209,205
United States.....	3,102	2,545		48,950	154,323	82,730
Other countries.....	18,198	11,456	6,663	174,830	158,114	137,324
Totals.....	237,030	225,954	270,725	3,069,535	3,168,405	3,265,336
Grand totals.....	331,857	326,987	386,698	4,160,734	4,243,047	4,391,822

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....				188		43
New Zealand.....	18,097	28,704	38,415	85,880	104,638	155,122
Canada.....	33,376	30,739	11,501	1,843,369	1,840,125	1,877,296
Totals.....	51,473	59,443	49,916	1,929,437	1,944,763	2,032,461
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,963	3,211	4,498	50,868	43,635	44,698
Holland.....	14,171	15,679	19,444	219,270	222,848	231,802
United States.....	31,960	32,621	7,638	221,655	164,162	213,312
Other countries.....	4,914	7,389	7,010	62,879	78,383	76,352
Totals.....	55,008	58,900	38,590	554,672	509,028	566,164
Grand totals.....	106,481	118,343	88,506	2,484,109	2,453,791	2,598,625

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the month of April and the twelve months ending April, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	MONTH OF APRIL.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING APRIL.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	44,393	76,354	69,713	864,073	1,317,671	1,136,668
Denmark.....	108,952	111,352	159,681	1,663,149	1,448,179	1,561,738
United States.....	257,766	256,573	216,371	2,858,411	2,777,108	2,605,890
Other countries.....	3,624	4,480	4,773	95,058	74,443	119,916
Totals.....	414,735	448,759	450,538	5,480,691	5,617,401	5,424,212

HAMS.

Canada.....	7,761	17,767	9,675	193,845	312,494	237,960
United States.....	91,204	92,723	78,313	1,064,734	1,045,184	970,097
Other countries.....	728	250	222	5,135	2,907	2,613
Totals.....	99,693	110,740	88,210	1,263,714	1,360,585	1,210,670

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	9,361	49,357	13,805	149,643	305,908	172,901
Newfoundland.....	3	.....	48	5,853	8,390	8,832
France.....	2,193	1,315	1,375	60,299	36,913	26,910
Norway.....	6,736	11,921	7,677	164,889	196,069	164,189
Portugal.....	7,184	5,547	10,473	109,258	118,735	119,042
United States.....	55,570	69,947	7,036	220,695	244,008	150,046
Other countries.....	15,890	21,954	15,939	374,579	433,658	437,436
Totals.....	96,937	160,041	56,353	1,085,216	1,343,681	1,079,356

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	.....	.....	.....	328,304	244,702	235,391
Belgium.....	236,619	218,192	198,201	2,186,242	2,375,923	2,205,117
Denmark.....	252,336	197,586	226,228	3,738,359	3,779,959	3,934,341
France.....	182,970	139,421	102,690	1,722,683	1,429,840	1,409,830
Germany.....	185,889	238,549	324,396	2,862,867	2,562,672	2,505,330
Russia.....	196,416	134,182	75,124	7,228,934	7,556,457	7,125,666
Other countries.....	107,400	112,496	157,968	1,235,389	1,088,810	1,146,992
Totals.....	1,161,630	1,040,426	1,084,607	19,302,778	19,038,363	18,562,667

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America during the *months* and *twelve months* ending April, 1898 to 1907.

MONTH OF APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality. not dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants.
1898.....	1,903	243	118	2,264	1,051	1	3,316
1899.....	1,749	187	128	2,064	1,085	9	3,158
1900.....	1,528	247	126	1,901	3,075	12	4,988
1901.....	1,017	170	129	1,316	3,059	16	4,391
1902.....	2,583	352	169	3,104	5,901	2	9,007
1903.....	7,727	1,716	320	9,763	5,214	5	14,982
1904.....	7,699	2,280	487	10,466	2,255	5	12,726
1905.....	10,928	2,399	458	13,785	2,722	.....	16,507
1906.....	10,209	3,018	565	13,792	1,607	.....	15,399
1907.....	15,057	4,042	738	19,837	2,325	.....	22,162

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING APRIL, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	14,625	1,350	914	16,889	7,464	79	24,432
1899.....	14,838	1,677	948	17,463	10,732	34	28,229
1900.....	13,308	1,667	782	15,757	21,020	141	36,918
1901.....	14,324	1,675	942	16,941	33,173	87	50,201
1902.....	16,079	2,673	1,570	20,322	29,381	99	49,802
1903.....	33,313	6,282	1,886	41,481	43,188	122	84,791
1904.....	48,403	11,144	2,704	62,251	32,475	281	95,007
1905.....	59,833	13,133	3,066	76,032	20,889	71	96,992
1906.....	68,052	16,850	3,537	88,439	24,445	51	112,935
1907.....	96,718	26,735	5,275	128,728	29,227	7	157,962

BRITISH WEST INDIA ISLANDS.

The following excerpts are taken from a report made by the representatives of the Toronto, St. John and Halifax Boards of Trade who visited the West India Islands for the purpose of investigating the possibilities of extending and furthering trade between Canada and those islands.

The delegates left Halifax on February 15, and held meetings at Bermuda, Trinidad, Grenada, Barbados, St. Lucia, Dominica, Montserrat, Antigua, Nevis and St. Kitts. At the different points the delegates were met by representative business men and others of the community, who gave them full details of trade and other valuable information.

FLOUR.

The result of the information secured seems to point to the fact that, on the whole, the use of Canadian flour in the West Indies is becoming gradually more universal; but owing to the fact that goods shipped via New York are credited to the United States in the statistics kept in the West Indies, it is impossible to ascertain how much Canadian flour reaches there. The prejudice against Canadian flour seems to be gradually dying out, but in many cases the theory that our flour will not keep as well as the American is still adhered to. Information on this point, however, was more or less conflicting; the statement being freely made also that whereas, some years ago Canadian flour did not stand the climate well, there has of late been a great improvement, and we have been told in several instances that it was equally as good as the American in this respect.

BAGS INSTEAD OF BARRELS USED.

Many of the markets are now taking flour in bags of 196 pounds instead of barrels. We have not heard any complaints regarding the quality of the packages. If in bags, they should be of the best quality. A very large proportion of the consumption is of 'Super' grade, consumed by the poorer classes. The dealers would prefer a somewhat whiter flour than is shipped from Canada at present under this grade. There is also a large consumption of a grade equal to Canadian 'Extras.' The quantities of higher grades used are more limited. In Demerara the first sample shown us bore the local brand of 'King Jimmy,' made in St. Louis, U.S.A. It is a super quality, nearly equal to 'West India Belle.' Cost in New York per 196 pound sack, \$3.15. This flour keeps well for nearly two months.

It is asserted that Canadian flour of the same grade will not keep so well. The sack preserves the flour as well as the barrel, and is much preferred. Canadian flour is making decided progress. A few years ago 'West India Belle' sold for twenty-five cents per barrel more than a Canadian extra; now the Canadian brings the better price. Much depends on the colour of the flour, which must be white. Flours like the one named are used for making native cakes, or chupatties. The bakers use Extra No. 1's—not patents—such as 'St. Lawrence.'

COST IN THE WEST INDIES.

One firm said that it was principally with high grade Canadian flours that the difficulty in keeping was experienced. This firm pays for American extra goods \$4.25, f.o.b. New York. The second sample seen was 'Rainbow.' This costs from \$3.60 to \$3.70, f.o.b. New York. Canada has about seven cents advantage in freight rates, the rate from Halifax being thirty-five cents, as compared with the New York rate of forty cents, plus five per cent collection charges. This collection charge, which

Canada does not impose, is said to be an irritating one. Canadian No. 2 Extra's are getting a better hold. The bakers will not pay the price of our best grades of flour. At one warehouse where we called we were told that the Canadian flour barrel has much improved. 'We have sold as good high grade flour from Canada,' said the head of this firm, 'as can be had anywhere.' 'Five Roses' was mentioned as being a popular brand.

Trinidad imported from the United States a total of 200,000 barrels, as compared with 9,000 from Canada. Most of this is 'Super' quality, this cheap grade being required to supply the demand from the Coolies. What has come from Canada has been of 'Extra' quality. This market is also taking an increasing quantity of flour in bags. Complaints regarding the lack of keeping qualities in our flour seemed to be more numerous here than elsewhere.

Barbados.—In 1905, Canada sent \$31,000 worth of flour to this port and New York sent \$291,000 worth. We were told that the keeping qualities of Canadian flour have vastly improved, but it is still behind the American in this respect. It is well enough packed now. From the United States it comes chiefly in bags; rarely so from Canada. American bag flour has kept almost as well as the barrelled. Importations from Canada are covered by Extra's and a little Supers. The Super flour from the United States is whiter than ours, and the people prefer it for that reason. The brand does not make any difference; colour is everything. Two-thirds of the flour imported is of the lowest grade, and it is colour that sells it.

St. Lucia.—Imports in 1904 were, from United States, 13,829 barrels; from Canada, 235 barrels.

Dominica.—The quantity of Canadian flour used here has, so far, been very small. Dealers prefer American. The quality required for this market is 'Extra's.' It must be in barrels, bags being unsuited to the existing transportation conditions, all merchandise having to be landed in small boats, often in a surf.

Montserrat.—'Extra's' are used here also. Very little has been imported from Canada. Freight rates said to be higher than from New York.

Antigua.—Imports for 1904 give Canada 239 barrels, United States 12,139. Imports from Canada seem to have been confined to bakers' grades. American Supers are used also, for the shop trade. The keeping qualities of Canadian flour are represented as having greatly improved during the past year or so. Bags are taken.

St. Kitts-Nevis.—The flour trade here seems to be entirely in the hands of the United States, practically no Canadian flour being imported. This is due largely to the fact that a large trading house in New York has a resident distributing agent, located at Basseterre, through whom the trade is done.

Bermuda.—About two-thirds of the imports are Canadian. We were told that Canada has nothing to fear from American competition here, as she can apparently sell cheaper than the States and with every satisfaction. The flour used in Bermuda must be shipped in sacks. In all lines, Bermuda wants the better class of goods.

BISCUITS AND HARD BREAD.

In a number of the islands large quantities of biscuits and hard bread are imported, chiefly from the United States. In Barbadoes, for example, \$60,000 worth of this class of goods was imported in 1905, all from the States; while in the Leeward Islands the total importations amounted to \$40,000. The chief item is a hard square biscuit known as Bordeaux bread, which costs about \$2.30 per barrel, f.o.b. New York, 80 pounds to the barrel. Canada sends some pilot and soda biscuit, but should be able to compete for the large trade in hard bread.

OATS.

The whole trade in oats is supplied by Canada, although most of it goes via New York. What is wanted are white oats packed in bags of 160 pounds.

SPLIT PEAS.

The remarks made about oats apply to this article also. They are packed either in barrels of 210 pounds net or in bags of the same weight.

CANADA PEAS.

Exclusively Canadian, imported via New York, in bags of 120 pounds.

CHEESE.

Canadian cheese is holding its own fairly well in the various West India markets. In Demerara its chief competitor is the Gouda, made in Holland. The Gouda, though of equal quality, is preferred owing to being put up in 10-pound sizes, packed four in a shallow box, with partitions between. Canadian cheese, put up the same way, would have a better chance. The Gouda costs 15 cents per pound, f.o.b. Holland. In Trinidad some complaints were made as to the keeping qualities of Canadian cheese. American Unadilla is the brand most favoured. In 1905-6 there were imported into Trinidad from England, 37,000 pounds of cheese; from Canada, 18,000, and from the United States, 225,000 pounds.

Barbados.—The imports in 1905 were from Canada, 39,348 pounds, and from the United States, 9,239 pounds. The preference here as elsewhere is for small packages.

Dominica.—American cheese is greatly preferred here, the United States having more than double the trade of any other country. No Dutch cheese is used. The American cheeses are of eight pounds weight, packed four to the box.

St. Lucia.—Imports of Canadian cheese fell off from 25,000 pounds in 1904 to 10,000 pounds in 1906. This was due chiefly to the withdrawal of the troops.

Antigua.—Canadian cheese is preferred here, and is supplanting all others. Small packages are desired.

St. Kitts-Nevis.—Returns for 1906 show a substantial increase in favour of Canada. The figures in pounds imported are as follows: Canada, 21,888; United States, 811; United Kingdom, 1,340.

BUTTER.

Canadian exports show fair results in the better grades, but in many of the islands the trade calls very largely for a quality which can be sold to the populace at a very low figure. In Demerara and Trinidad this demand is supplied by French butter, which is of a quality and sold at a price with which Canadian butter cannot compete. It contains about 72 per cent butter fat, the balance being water and salt in equal proportions. It sells for 22 cents per pound. Americans are now making up a compound to compete with this. By far the greater proportion of the butter is sold by the penny-worth over the counter. It was stated that Canadian butter would not keep as well as French after being opened. In the other islands the demand for a cheap butter is filled by oleomargarine from the United States. 'Bluenose' butter shipped from Nova Scotia is well liked, though considered by some not quite equal to the Danish.

BRAN.

Large importations are made in Demerara, Trinidad and Barbados, all of which come from the United States.

HAY.

While the bulk of the hay is shipped from American ports, it was generally admitted to be of Canadian origin. Barbados being the chief consumer.

CONFECTIONERY.

Very little Canadian confectionery is sold in any of the islands, most of that used coming from Great Britain. It must be specially packed in tins or glass bottles, in weights from one-half pound upwards. Canada should be able to get some of this trade.

BACON AND HAMS.

The consumption of bacon is said to be comparatively small, but a large quantity of ham is used. The most of it comes from the United States, imports from Canada being comparatively small.

BEEF AND PORK.

Out of the total meat trade of Trinidad, for example which amounts to nearly eight million pounds, Canada supplies only 140,000. Very little Canadian meats are sold in any of the islands. Canadian pork is not packed to suit this market, as is the American.

DRY AND PICKLED FISH.

The trade in these lines is monopolized by Canada and Newfoundland, some portion of the latter being shipped via New York and credited to the United States.

CONDENSED MILK.

This is consumed in Trinidad chiefly. Total importations amounted to £25,900 sterling in 1906, Canada supplying only to the value of £937 sterling. The brands most used are Nestles and Milkmaid. Part of the importation is of condensed skimmed milk, chiefly from Germany and Austria. A little comes from Canada, but complaints of its keeping qualities are made. Handlers of Canadian condensed milk complain that they are unable to get orders filled. The consumption is reported to be increasing rapidly.

OILMEAL AND OIL CAKE.

There is a considerable importation of this article in some of the islands. Barbados takes, on an average, four million pounds per year; the Leeward Islands, one and one-half million pounds per year. The quantity sent from Canada is quite trifling, and there would seem to be a chance to push this trade.

CARRIAGES.

Light rubber-tired buggies are chiefly used. Canada does some of the trade, but there would seem to be an opening for more.

CORDAGE.

Canada seems to do better in this than in any other manufactured article, as in all of the islands she has the greatest share of the trade, due, apparently, to having pushed it with energy.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

At present this business is about equally divided between the United States and the United Kingdom, the latter gradually getting the most of the trade. It was once wholly theirs, but the United States took it from them, and now they in turn are losing it. Only a small proportion goes to Canada. The demand seems to be for low grade goods in both men's and women's wear, showy, but at the lowest possible price. Canadian manufacturers do not appear to have paid the attention to this trade it

seems to warrant, though some seem to be making progress through the attention and energy they are exerting.

MANURES AND FERTILIZERS.

In Barbados there is a large demand for sulphate of ammonia, of which about 1,500 tons per year come from Canada, and very little from the United States, England supplying most of the demand. The Canadian article is quite satisfactory, and the amount might be increased.

PAINTS AND OILS.

There is considerable trade in paints and oils in the islands, and every possibility for Canadian manufacturers to sell more goods in such lines than they are now doing.

PAPER.

Straw paper of French origin was found to be in common use for wrapping purposes in all the islands, and in British Guiana. Canadian wrapping paper and bags are being introduced.

SOAP.

Canadian soap has had a varied career. In Demerara it secured a hold on the trade several years ago, but has since been replaced almost entirely by Gossages, an English soap. This also was found to be the case in most of the other islands, with the notable exception of Antigua, where Canada has the bulk of the trade. Soap seems to be a line worth looking after. The value of the total imports in Barbados in 1905 was \$82,000. The English soap referred to is put up in 56 pounds to the box, with counts of 112, 150, 168 and 300; the 168 count is most used.

REFINED SUGARS.

There is a considerable importation of granulated and cubes, coming from the United States almost altogether. With equal prices, buyers would be ready to bring all their supplies from Canada.

LUMBER.

In this Canada supplies nearly all the demand, spruce and white pine being shipped direct from maritime province ports, while Ottawa white pine is imported via New York. Staves, suitable for making molasses puncheons are much in demand in all the islands. They have hitherto been made of red oak, but this is becoming scarce, and the question of a suitable article to replace it is now a serious one with shippers. The size required is 44 inches long, 1 inch thick, packed in bundles containing sufficient to make a package of 36-inch head.

DRY GOODS.

The business with Canada is very small. While the bulk of the trade is now being done with Great Britain, that with the United States is largely increasing, especially in cottons. Canada might get some of this. Canadian umbrellas, and tweeds of light weight, are well spoken of.

EXPORTS OF THE WEST INDIA ISLANDS.

Cocoa.—In several of the islands, notably Trinidad, Grenada, and Dominica, this forms a most important article of export. Special attention is being paid to the cultivation of the cocoa estates. We were impressed with the fact that cocoa is a beverage more suitable for general use in Canada than has been appreciated hitherto. Canada seems to draw only a small proportion of her supplies from the British West Indies, and it would seem as if more trade in this staple might be done direct.

Sugar.—Owing to the British Preferential Tariff, the exports of sugar from British Guiana and the British West India Islands have increased very materially; so much so that they supply almost the whole of the raw material used by refiners situated in eastern Canada. Statistics show that 165,000 tons were imported into Canada from the British West Indies and British Guiana during the year ending June 30, 1906. In many of the places visited the idea seemed prevalent that growers of sugar in the West Indies were not securing as much benefit as they were entitled to from the working of the British Preferential Tariff. This question was discussed fully, and it was explained that the principle of this tariff was simply to throw open the Canadian market to British products on more favourable terms than to those of foreign origin, and that it then became a question of supply and demand as to the prices paid by Canadian buyers to West Indian producers.

The correctness of this view was generally accepted, it being realized, however, that Canadian buyers must be ready to pay fair prices, as otherwise the West Indies would look to the United Kingdom for their market. In addition to the usual quantity of Bright sugar a number of sales of refining grades have recently been reported for the British market. In Barbadoes a good deal of Muscovado sugar is now being manufactured, sufficiently bright for the grocery trade. A suggestion was made there that the Canadian colour limit should be raised from No. 16 to No. 18 Dutch standard, so that sugar of the latter colour would not pay any extra duty when entering Canada.

Molasses.—The trade in this article is on a satisfactory basis, large quantities being exported to various Canadian ports principally from Barbados, Antigua and St. Kitts. In Barbados, 'Fancy' molasses is manufactured direct from the cane juice, and being of superior colour is well liked by Canadian consumers.

Fruits.—The fruit trade of the different places in the West Indies which were visited does not seem to have been highly developed, with the exception of that in limes. Dominica and Montserrat alone export limes, limejuice, &c., to the amount of £35,600 sterling, of which only about £1,000 sterling is sent to Canada. It would seem that a larger market should be found in Canada for fresh limes, they being fully equal to lemons, according to the ideas of many.

The onion trade is a very important one. They are exported in April and May, a time when there are not many other onions to compete with them. The exports in 1905 were, to Canada, 6,000 crates; to the United States, 385,000 crates.

Miscellaneous.—In Demerara a number of products were exhibited and explained to the commission. *Venezuelan block balata* can be used for any purpose for which gutta percha is used. It is consumed to a certain extent in Canada. It is now (March, 1907) worth 34 cents per pound, f.o.b. Demerara. *Demerara sheet balata* is quoted at 50 cents per pound. *Cassava starch*, considered excellent for laundry purposes, now quoted \$5.50 per barrel of 200 pounds, f.o.b. *Cocoanut oil* is used as a food product; price 85 cents per gallon, f.o.b. *Molascuit*, a meal-mixture of molasses and dried cane-fibre, considered an excellent stock-food; put up in 100 pound bags, quoted in Demerara at \$18 per long ton, f.o.b. *Rice*: This product in Demerara is now second in importance only to that of sugar. Two qualities are produced, white and brown. The former appears of good quality, and is now quoted at \$4.80 per 164 pound bag. The brown is sold largely in the West Indies, taking the place of Calcutta; price, \$4.70 per bag of 176 pounds net. *Kola Nuts*, used as the basis of various beverages; price, 7 cents per pound; produced also in Grenada.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Cotton.—The growth of the Sea Island cotton industry has, we were pleased to note, put new life into many of the planters and agricultural societies. Already ginning factories have been established at St. Kitts, Antigua and Barbados, and the product is commanding a higher price in the British market than that of any other country. The price this year is approximately 2s. per pound.

Commercial travellers.—Canadian manufacturers and exporters should make more systematic and determined efforts to place their goods before the buyers in the West Indies, who are regularly canvassed by American and English salesmen or resident selling agents, while Canadian goods are only spasmodically placed before them. Several Canadian firms have secured a good share of trade and a satisfactory increase annually, by persistent endeavour to supply what is wanted and to study details.

Drafts.—It was frequently pointed out that Canadian firms forward drafts which are received some time before the arrival of the goods, and cause friction. This could be avoided by marking them, 'Hold for arrival of goods.'

Postal arrangements.—It was stated at Grenada that Canada charges 1s. 2d. per pound on parcel post, while the United States rate is 6d., and the English 1s. for three pounds. We feel that the matter of parcel post rates to the West Indies should be investigated by our boards of trade.

Cable communication.—It was represented at Demerara that the present cable communication with Canada is very inefficient, and that cable messages from that point pass through several islands and thence to Jamaica and then to Canada. We were also informed by the delegation from Montserrat that their island has no cable communication whatever. The extension of the Bermuda-Jamaica cable might overcome these difficulties.

The question of preference.—Whenever the opportunity presented itself, we suggested the adoption by the various colonies of a preferential tariff in favour of British products. The tariffs in the West India Islands are in almost every case for revenue only, and as these do not always provide sufficient funds to meet expenditures, it was pointed out that they could fix the preferential at the present rate, and raise the general tariff. Mr. Winston Churchill's remarks in a recent speech, in favour of British intercolonial preferences, were used to show the probable attitude of the Home Government towards this all-important policy of British commerce. We learned with great satisfaction that the legislature of the Leeward Islands last year unanimously adopted a resolution in favour of a Canadian preference, and the same has been forwarded to the Home Government.

HINTS TO CANADIAN SHIPPERS.

1. Bill of lading and invoice should accompany shipment.
2. Duplicate bill of lading and invoices should be posted by first mail after shipment (as a rule, via New York).
3. Bankers should be instructed to hold drafts until arrival of goods.
4. Quotations should be made f.o.b. steamer (not f.o.b. cars) or c.i.f. at the port of delivery (not c.i.f. to Canadian shipping point).
5. Detail cost of packages and wrappings or coverings separately in invoice, as these are seldom subject to duty.
6. Packages should be plainly port-marked, marked, and numbered, and contents of each package detailed in invoice, and number of each specified on bill of lading.
7. Packages should be strong enough for lightering ashore, in which operation they necessarily receive rough treatment.
8. Goods should be covered by marine insurance, unless instructed to the contrary, and policy should include six days in steamer's warehouse, as this period is allowed for removal of goods.
9. If the shipper is doing a fair West India business, he should have a reliable representative, to whom reference can be made by bank or others, as occasion may arise.
10. Complaints have been made that letters are not promptly answered, and shipping papers are not accompanied by covering letter.

EXPORTS OF SUGAR FROM BRITISH WEST INDIES AND BRITISH GUIANA.

TOTAL Exports of Cane Sugar of Domestic Production from the British West Indies and and British Guiana, distinguishing Exports to Great Britain, United States and Canada during each Year 1900 to 1905.

EXPORTS TO	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Great Britain.....	855,000	845,000	1,041,000	842,000	1,162,000	1,225,000
United States.....	3,301,000	3,860,000	3,610,000	2,113,000	1,728,000	1,123,000
Canada.....	116,000	332,000	687,000	1,886,000	2,076,000	2,246,000
Other countries.....	43,000	32,000	63,000	36,000	61,000	48,000
Totals.....	4,315,000	5,069,000	5,401,000	4,877,000	5,027,000	4,642,000

NOTE.—For some of the Colonies the particulars are for the twelve months ended 31st March of the year following that stated above.

TRADE OF CANADA WITH BRITISH AFRICA.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEAR ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.....	96	74,925	75,021	152,144	2,321	154,465	229,486
" 1897.....		27,273	27,273	127,833		127,833	155,106
" 1898.....	2,201	131,328	133,529	134,973	1,191	136,164	269,693
" 1899.....	394	98,518	98,912	222,236	237	222,473	321,385
" 1900.....	205	87,700	87,905	204,093	272	1,204,365	292,270
" 1901.....	566	90,121	90,687	1,085,033	1,932	1,086,965	1,177,652
" 1902.....	1	15,797	15,798	3,840,730	1,340	3,842,070	3,857,868
" 1903.....	158	48,963	49,121	1,931,541	16,585	1,948,126	1,997,247
" 1904.....	6,282	62,859	69,141	2,318,859	61,597	2,380,456	2,449,597
" 1905.....	43	21,329	21,372	1,880,038	3,324	1,883,362	1,904,734
" 1906.....	160,694	14,661	175,355	1,756,439	3,280	1,759,719	1,935,074
March 31, 1907.....	196,789	33,500	230,289	1,486,191	1,233	1,487,424	1,717,713

TRADE OF BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

(From British South African Returns.)

No. 1.—SUMMARY of the Value of the Imports and Exports into and from British South Africa during the Year ended December 31, 1906; arranged (a) according to Ports; (b) according to Class of Merchandise.

A.—PORTS.

PORTS.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	Value.	Proportion of Total.	Value.	Proportion of Total.
	\$	Per Cent.	\$	Per Cent.
Via Cape Town.....	31,954,883	21.9	167,838,942	81.3
" Port Elizabeth.....	31,945,301	21.9	12,784,831	6.2
" East London.....	18,089,638	12.5	6,347,438	3.1
" Other Cape Ports.....	2,825,236	2.0	5,893,227	2.9
" Port Natal (Durban).....	40,021,081	27.5	11,496,312	5.5
" Delagoa Bay (Lourenço Marques).....	17,783,384	12.3	1,026,837	.5
" Beira.....	2,697,544	1.9	990,293	.5
Total, via British Ports.....	124,836,139	85.8	204,360,750	99.
" via Portuguese Ports.....	20,480,928	14.2	2,017,130	1.
Total British South Africa.....	145,317,067	100.	206,377,880	100.

B.—CLASS OF MERCHANDISE.

	Value.	Proportion of Total.
	\$	Per Cent.
IMPORTS:—		
Animals.....	1,025,971	.7
Articles of food and drink.....	39,464,958	27.2
Raw materials.....	11,637,694	8.0
Manufactured articles.....	89,940,994	61.9
Parcel Post.....	3,247,450	2.2
Total imports (British South Africa).....	145,317,067	100.
EXPORTS: South African produce—		
Gold.....	124,803,199	59.6
Diamonds.....	45,053,317	21.5
Other raw materials, mainly manufactured.....	34,654,282	16.5
Animals, living.....	1,220,131	.6
Articles of food and drink.....	261,860	.1
Manufactured articles (not food and drink).....	385,091	.2
Total exports (South African produce).....	206,377,880	98.5
Goods not South African produce.....	3,134,298	1.5
Parcel Post.....		
Total exports (British South Africa).....	209,512,178	100.

No. 2 —STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Value of the Imports of all Merchandise into British South Africa during the Year ended December 31, 1906.

COUNTRIES.	CALENDAR YEAR, 1906.				
	Imports. via Cape Colony.	Imports via Natal.	Imports via Delagoa Bay.	Imports via Beira.	Total Imports, British South Africa.
BRITISH EMPIRE.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	51,461,510	20,895,209	8,307,882	1,768,571	82,433,172
British Australasia—					
Australia.....	5,239,297	3,434,149	852,085	16,980	9,542,511
New Zealand.....	147,270	364,518	8,521	277	520,586
British India.....	1,094,328	1,767,792	402,517	102,594	3,367,231
Canada.....	942,128	827,285	193,611	28,913	1,991,937
Ceylon.....	231,317	226,207	35,857	2,813	496,194
Mauritius.....	1,717,855	306,702	313,958	.....	2,338,515
Other British Possessions.....	89,612	69,914	102,639	8,921	271,086
Totals, British Empire.....	60,923,317	27,891,776	10,217,070	1,929,069	100,961,232
FOREIGN COUNTRIES.					
Argentine Republic.....	3,165,474	1,291,881	7,820	6,550	4,471,725
Belgium.....	1,051,696	377,415	319,166	52,745	1,801,022
Brazil.....	1,446,403	293,591	119,550	954	1,860,498
France.....	1,307,863	991,384	198,593	36,135	2,533,975
Germany.....	4,898,051	2,599,141	3,330,115	269,856	11,097,163
Holland.....	1,009,298	463,248	178,996	30,032	1,681,574
Italy.....	324,855	173,716	79,925	5,076	583,572
Norway.....	307,238	114,848	160,215	12,780	595,081
Portugal.....	69,909	51,299	30,290	9,461	160,959
Portuguese Colonies.....	74,407	62,960	87,240	80,115	304,722
Russia.....	34,086	104,974	27,881	1,616	168,557
Sweden.....	910,086	643,096	473,516	45,357	2,072,055
United States.....	7,458,128	3,536,281	1,925,151	184,578	13,104,138
Other European Countries, N.O.E.	837,222	549,811	498,147	23,735	1,908,915
Other parts of Africa, N.O.E.....	79,637	69,715	16,357	4,025	169,734
Other Foreign Countries.....	917,388	805,945	113,352	5,460	1,842,145
Totals, Foreign Countries....	23,891,741	12,129,305	7,566,314	768,475	44,355,835
Total imports (mdse.).....	84,815,058	40,021,081	17,783,384	2,697,544	145,317,067
Imports for Colonial Governments.....	2,966,900	3,145,920	2,367,069	59,359	8,539,248
Specie.....	473,293	267,881	2,682,366	38,933	3,462,473
Total Imports.....	88,255,251	43,434,882	22,832,819	2,795,836	157,318,788

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Value of the Exports of South African Produce from British South Africa during the Year ended December 31, 1906.

Countries.	CALENDAR YEAR 1906.				
	Exports via Cape Colony.	Exports via Natal.	Exports via Delagoa Bay.	Exports via Beira.	Total Exports, British South Africa.
BRITISH EMPIRE.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	186,881,479	7,239,205	857,545	622,178	195,600,407
British Australasia—					
Australia.....	23,637	34,183			57,820
New Zealand.....	399	54			453
British India.....	107	292			399
Canada.....	29				29
Ceylon.....	68	1,786			1,854
Mauritius.....	9,957	4,974			14,931
Other British Possessions.....	868	3,923	1,626		6,417
Totals, British Empire.....	186,916,544	7,284,417	859,171	622,178	195,682,310
FOREIGN COUNTRIES.					
Argentine Republic.....	1,134	779			1,913
Belgium.....	1,162,690	271,852	24	64,239	1,498,805
Brazil.....					
France.....	280,943	28,105	146		309,194
Germany.....	2,859,060	1,829,073	1,917	303,349	4,993,399
Holland.....	9,879	1,455	5		11,339
Italy.....	32,665	40,335	487		73,487
Norway.....					
Portugal.....		72,528	164,912	487	242,424
Portuguese Colonies.....	4,497	27,044			27,044
Russia.....		24			24
Sweden.....		19,063	24		84,203
United States.....	65,116	13,217	29	40	16,084
Other European Countries, N. O. E.....	2,798	73,589			1,600,807
Other parts of Africa, N. O. E.....	1,527,218	4,143	122		6,159
Other Foreign Countries.....	1,894				
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	5,947,894	2,381,207	167,666	368,115	8,864,882
Shipped as stores.....		1,830,688			1,830,688
Total exports of South African produce (mdse.).....	192,864,438	11,496,312	1,026,837	990,293	206,377,880
Imported goods re-exported.....	1,908,142	877,066	130,207	16,878	2,932,293
Articles exported through the post office.	158,658	43,347			202,005
Specie.....	2,158,561	2,024,251		18,201	4,201,013
Total exports.....	197,089,799	14,440,976	1,157,044	1,025,372	213,713,191

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Imports into British South Africa; with portion taken from Great Britain, United States and Canada during the Year ended December 31, 1906.

IMPORTS INTO BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA—CALENDAR YEAR
1906.

Articles.	Total	From		
		Great Britain.	United States.	Canada.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aerated waters.....	131,054	76,538	7,314	1,207
Ale, beer and stout.....	527,814	308,474	827	.....
Animals, living.....	1,025,971	201,276	48,920	59,539
Apparel and slops.....	8,119,342	7,403,864	151,918	161
Arms and ammunition.....	1,181,461	770,817	54,390	175
Bacon and hams (<i>vide</i> meats).	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bags.....	1,185,413	165,437	6,181	.....
Biscuits, fancy.....	422,962	409,944	657	112
Blasting compounds and powder.....	221,638	118,713	.....	.....
Brass and copper.....	159,996	137,838	5,738	.....
Brushware.....	257,388	164,031	44,175	248
Butter and substitutes.....	2,935,354	64,206	1,898	1,572
Cakes.....	84,699	32,587	.....	.....
Candles.....	1,320,570	918,155	220,966	.....
Canvas and duck.....	222,966	198,390	9,154	10,512
Cement.....	709,550	465,132	.....	.....
Cheese.....	753,190	35,770	2,730	50,068
Clocks and watches.....	159,334	43,780	44,822	292
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	574,948	546,643	5,193	.....
Cocoa and chocolate.....	201,528	29,351	.....	457
Coffee, including chicory.....	2,450,663	49,066	26,986	63
Condiments.....	78,631	64,916	248	.....
Confectionery.....	1,010,909	777,703	29,327	633
Cordage and rope.....	209,831	183,142	.....	.....
Corn, grain and meal—	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pease and beans.....	126,382	13,840	9,680	6,448
Wheat.....	4,541,510	127	456,357	56,034
Wheat flour.....	3,364,833	5,275	928,336	612,504
Other, N. E. S.....	1,230,040	308,707	94,209	7,392
Cotton manufactures.....	7,655,101	6,252,644	19,136	1,810
Disinfectants and germicides.....	117,798	108,162	3,061	.....
Drugs, chemicals and apothecary ware.....	3,385,419	1,834,076	190,126	16,882
Dye stuffs and substances used in tanning.....	30,631	4,910	599	1,270
Earthenware and chinaware.....	728,369	536,598	7,086	.....
Eggs.....	383,386	101,548	8,930	28,119
Electric materials.....	876,774	672,831	43,663	526
Extracts and essences.....	192,930	166,731	2,112	.....
Farinaceous preparations—	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oatmeal.....	292,365	119,438	90,763	81,526
Other, N. E. S.....	324,534	144,408	95,303	1,236
Fish—	.....	.....	.....	.....
Preserved.....	926,092	338,691	123,141	147,869
Other, N. E. S.....	210,405	167,783	287	3,314
Fodder and forage.....	200,054	2,589	2,896	453
Fruits.....	782,530	115,335	165,369	32,285
Furniture.....	2,724,078	2,123,876	235,673	46,238
Glass.....	699,184	350,707	29,073	.....
Glycerine for manufacturing purposes.....	1,073,382	585,270	.....	.....
Haberdashery.....	7,505,028	5,751,344	41,420	798
Hardware and cutlery.....	6,559,892	4,342,648	1,109,400	17,243
Hats and cap.....	1,181,033	1,096,183	23,063	.....
Hops.....	125,764	83,234	1,124	165
Hosiery.....	2,232,948	1,928,324	72,124	58
Implements, agricultural.....	963,805	343,786	413,136	32,806
India rubber.....	118,698	89,011	16,284	.....
Instruments—	.....	.....	.....	.....
Musical.....	641,018	167,394	63,792	9,120
Other, N. E. S.....	114,138	78,275	12,678	117
Iron and steel.....	5,307,138	4,672,462	198,905	9,295
Jewellery.....	202,974	172,864	4,137	88
Lamps and lampware.....	291,820	133,741	48,341	.....
Lard.....	222,027	24,421	186,057	9,689
Lead.....	163,033	131,171	608	.....

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Imports into British South Africa, &c.—*Concluded.*

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA—CALENDAR YEAR 1906.			
	Total.	From		
		Great Britain.	United States.	Canada.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather—				
Unmanufactured.....	740,906	334,588	93,936	12,906
Manufactured.....	5,882,720	5,346,700	148,570	2,156
Linen manufactures.....	214,678	194,000	545	.....
Machinery—				
Agricultural.....	258,493	116,182	80,942	42,243
Other, N. E. S.....	9,574,948	6,725,748	2,108,892	24,922
Manures.....	250,886	117,004	175	.....
Matches.....	39,556	2,380	5	.....
Mats and matting.....	55,879	26,956	63	.....
Meats—				
Bacon and hams.....	988,877	800,528	16,367	158,814
Poultry and game.....	278,700	38,276	18,985	21,618
Preserved.....	857,983	109,149	552,634	45,241
Other, N. E. S.....	3,884,744	2,589	29,263	38,043
Milk.....	2,292,687	1,639,020	134,641	80,801
Nitrates for manufacturing purposes.....	708,299	20	.....	.....
Oilman's stores.....	651,116	509,963	78,514	1,810
Oils.....	2,411,321	310,912	1,817,749	127
Paints.....	715,064	532,739	152,749	453
Paper—				
Printing.....	564,056	398,697	14,707	58,054
Other, N. E. S.....	495,110	299,903	40,120	136
Perfumery and perfumed spirits.....	234,802	149,489	19,170	326
Pickles and sauces.....	193,854	161,437	12,327	.....
Plate, silver and plated ware.....	476,330	419,419	15,525	.....
Printers' and bookbinders' material.....	120,168	97,859	5,475	652
Railway materials.....	901,754	733,139	9,699	.....
Rice.....	1,617,130	12,843	1,820	.....
Salt.....	81,356	75,609	.....	165
Seeds.....	161,048	80,154	4,910	302
Sheep dip.....	422,168	309,754	22,664	.....
Silk manufactures.....	265,345	61,651	156	.....
Soap.....	1,239,613	1,185,627	29,794	.....
Spices.....	88,169	56,030	811	.....
Spirits.....	1,904,448	1,385,068	2,000	4,054
Sporting goods.....	261,097	242,184	7,893	.....
Stationery and books.....	3,133,350	2,618,695	192,005	3,937
Stone.....	220,197	102,063	1,869	453
Sugar and sugar products.....	3,377,953	424,072	118,479	4,657
Tar and kindred substances.....	93,975	51,129	13,855	6,375
Tea.....	1,075,645	451,067	.....	.....
Tin and tinware.....	340,783	216,192	17,880	.....
Tobacco.....	1,198,315	419,453	209,262	1,319
Tramway materials.....	754,538	357,846	60,712	.....
Vegetables.....	575,239	108,030	26,323	2,073
Vehicles—				
Bicycles, tricycles and parts thereof.....	840,113	768,451	8,020	1,368
Carriages and carts and parts thereof.....	318,431	107,572	183,453	20,552
Other, N. E. S.....	688,896	335,099	49,051	1,737
Wax.....	311,875	31,254	182,884	.....
Wines.....	402,663	36,257	.....	.....
Wood—				
Unmanufactured.....	2,485,217	35,419	567,409	138,199
Manufactured.....	1,112,793	193,061	296,940	55,329
Woollen manufactures.....	2,416,631	2,201,621	2,146	.....
Works of art.....	117,170	95,518	1,655	.....
All other articles imported.....	7,579,653	5,170,579	381,596	14,791
Total imports (merchandise).....	145,317,067	82,433,172	13,104,138	1,991,937
Imports for Colonial Governments.....	8,539,248	.....	.....	.....
Specie.....	3,462,473	(Figures not available.)		
Total imports.....	157,318,788	.....	.....	.....

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing Exports from British South Africa, with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada during the Year ended December 31, 1906

EXPORTS FROM BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA—CALENDAR YEAR 1906.				
Articles.	Total.	To		
		Great Britain.	United States.	Canada.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
South African produce—				
Aloes.....	19,413	11,738	2,715	
Animals.....	1,220,132	4,516		
Apparel and slops.....	1,012	277		
Argols.....	9,451	9,451		
Asbestos, raw.....	48,837	1,669		
Bark, wattle.....	434,953	324,787		
Buchu leaves.....	37,809	35,634		
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	1,986,408	29	568	
Corn, grain and meal.....	33,444	1,295		
Diamonds.....	45,053,317	44,672,754	388	
Drugs, chemicals and apothecary ware.....	3,470	404		
Eggs.....	14,824	827		
Feathers.....	6,843,312	6,780,021	28,610	
Fish.....	23,048	13,232		
Flowers and grasses, dried.....	66,576	29,190	464	
Fodder and forage.....	29,901	5		
Fruits.....	91,342	62,464		
Furniture.....	13,987	2,949		
Gold.....	125,281,738	125,281,349		
Hair.....	4,138,005	4,111,209	1,244	
Hides and skins.....	3,768,002	3,426,289	50,180	
Horns.....	33,244	31,215		29
Lead.....	101,148	101,148		
Leather and manufactures of.....	37,940	1,630		
Meats, including bacon and hams.....	2,574	749		
Ores—				
Copper, including copper regulus.....	2,510,168	2,510,017		
Tin.....	175,988	175,988		
Other, N. E. S.....	712,309	343,037		
Spirits.....	11,032	6,726		
Stationery and books.....	20,595	16,819	29	
Sugar.....	2,778			
Tobacco.....	11,694	2,536	5	
Vegetables.....	35,293	273		
Vehicles.....	235,352	15		
Wines.....	26,552	5,869		
Wood—				
Unmanufactured.....	32,719	10,118		
Manufactured.....	3,343	58		
Wool, raw.....	13,193,703	7,571,258		
All other articles exported.....	112,467	52,862		
Total exports of South African produce (merchandise).....	206,377,880	195,600,407	84,203	29
Imported goods re-exported.....	2,932,293	(Figures not available.)		
Articles exported through the post office.....	202,005			
Specie.....	4,201,013			
Total exports.....	213,713,191			

TRADE OF CHINA.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Customs Revenue, Imports, Exports and Number and Tonnage of Vessels entered and cleared for China during the Calendar Years 1887 to 1906, together with the Number and Tonnage of British Vessels entered and cleared.

Years.	Customs Revenue.	*Imports.	Exports.	Number and tonnage of Vessels. Entered and Cleared.		British Vessels. Entered and Cleared.	
				No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
1887.....	20,541,399	102,263,669	85,860,208	28,381	22,199,661	15,917	14,171,810
1888.....	23,167,892	124,782,893	92,401,067	28,161	22,307,859	15,115	14,069,260
1889.....	21,823,762	110,884,355	96,947,832	29,145	23,517,884	15,763	14,903,750
1890.....	21,996,226	127,093,481	87,144,480	31,133	24,876,459	16,897	16,087,895
1891.....	23,518,021	134,003,863	100,947,849	33,992	27,710,788	17,718	17,438,995
1892.....	22,689,054	135,101,198	102,583,525	37,927	29,440,575	18,973	19,316,815
1893.....	21,989,300	151,362,819	116,632,311	37,902	29,318,811	19,365	19,203,978
1894.....	22,523,605	162,102,911	128,104,522	38,063	29,622,001	20,527	20,496,347
1895.....	21,385,389	171,696,715	143,293,211	37,132	29,737,078	19,579	20,525,798
1896.....	22,579,366	202,589,994	131,081,421	40,495	33,490,857	19,711	21,847,082
1897.....	22,742,105	202,828,625	163,501,358	44,500	33,752,362	21,140	21,891,043
1898.....	22,503,397	209,579,334	159,037,149	52,661	34,233,580	22,609	21,265,966
1899.....	26,661,460	264,748,456	195,784,832	65,418	39,268,330	25,350	23,338,230
1900.....	22,873,986	211,070,422	158,996,752	69,230	40,807,242	22,818	23,052,459
1901.....	25,537,574	268,302,918	169,656,757	64,844	48,416,668	25,012	26,151,332
1902.....	30,007,044	315,363,905	214,181,584	69,499	53,990,002	24,758	26,950,202
1903.....	30,530,688	326,739,133	214,352,467	77,012	57,290,389	25,297	28,122,987
1904.....	31,493,156	344,060,608	239,486,683	223,835	63,774,706	31,298	32,933,873
1905.....	35,111,004	447,100,791	227,888,197	223,959	72,755,547	30,442	35,095,658
1906.....	36,068,595	410,270,082	236,456,739	208,547	75,819,888	28,192	33,450,560

NOTE.—The average exchange value of the Haikwan Tael is stated by the Chinese Customs Department to have been as follows:—

1887.....	\$ 1 18
1888.....	1 14
1889.....	1 15
1890.....	1 26
1891.....	1 26
1892.....	1 06
1893.....	0 96
1894.....	0 78
1895.....	0 80
1896.....	0 81
1897.....	0 74
1898.....	0 70
1899.....	0 72
1900.....	0 75
1901.....	0 72
1902.....	0 63
1903.....	0 64
1904.....	0 66
1905.....	0 73
1906.....	0 80

*Net Imports, i.e., the value of the Foreign Goods imported direct from Foreign Countries, less the value of the Foreign Goods re-exported to Foreign Countries during the year.

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Trade of China during the Calendar Years 1887 to 1906.

IMPORTS.

Years.	Great Britain.	British India.	British North America.	*Hong Kong.	Europe, except Great Britain.	Japan, includes Formosa subsequent to 1894.	United States.
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	25,667,000	5,537,000	94,000	57,761,000	2,588,000	5,565,000	3,398,000
1888.....	30,393,000	6,628,000	1,147,000	69,841,000	3,246,000	5,775,000	3,146,000
1889.....	21,167,000	7,907,000	946,000	63,371,000	2,792,000	6,602,000	3,806,000
1890.....	24,608,000	10,300,000	612,000	72,057,000	3,158,000	7,389,000	3,676,000
1891.....	29,628,000	12,473,000	935,000	68,156,000	5,265,000	5,705,000	7,732,000
1892.....	28,870,000	13,861,000	695,000	69,817,000	5,519,000	6,702,000	6,662,000
1893.....	28,156,000	16,740,000	1,311,000	80,891,000	5,920,000	7,852,000	5,444,000
1894.....	29,944,000	19,929,000	1,073,000	42,424,000	6,629,000	9,130,000	9,263,000
1895.....	33,960,000	16,944,000	1,561,000	88,191,000	9,344,000	17,195,000	5,093,000
1896.....	44,571,000	23,027,000	2,148,000	91,357,000	11,464,000	17,390,000	11,930,000
1897.....	40,016,000	20,068,000	6,504,000	90,126,000	11,800,000	22,564,000	12,440,000
1898.....	34,962,000	19,136,000	1,965,000	97,214,000	10,852,000	27,376,000	17,163,000
1899.....	40,161,000	31,911,000	1,209,000	118,096,000	13,406,000	35,897,000	22,289,000
1900.....	45,467,000	16,816,000	654,000	93,847,000	14,510,000	25,753,000	16,724,000
1901.....	41,224,000	28,949,000	1,635,000	120,330,000	20,051,000	32,568,000	23,530,000
1902.....	57,625,000	33,037,000	2,833,000	133,524,000	19,374,000	35,342,000	30,139,000
1903.....	50,604,000	33,856,000	627,000	136,520,000	24,310,000	50,298,000	25,871,000
1904.....	57,221,000	32,220,000	2,162,000	141,085,000	27,927,000	50,164,000	29,181,000
1905.....	86,472,000	34,798,000	2,388,000	148,071,000	33,541,000	61,315,000	76,917,000
1906.....	78,738,000	32,319,000	4,461,000	144,937,000	39,130,000	61,052,000	44,436,000

EXPORTS.

Years.	Great Britain.	British India.	British North America.	*Hong Kong.	Europe, except Great Britain.	Japan, includes Formosa subsequent to 1894.	United States.
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	16,483,000	798,000	129,000	31,393,000	12,859,000	2,113,000	8,916,000
1888.....	16,701,000	1,037,000	265,000	33,552,000	14,872,000	3,562,000	8,963,000
1889.....	15,657,000	1,090,000	197,000	35,187,000	20,363,000	6,469,000	7,084,000
1890.....	13,095,000	1,056,000	485,000	32,931,000	15,342,000	4,832,000	8,165,000
1891.....	13,772,000	1,563,000	519,000	37,708,000	20,677,000	5,801,000	9,034,000
1892.....	10,476,000	1,403,000	159,000	40,701,000	19,122,000	8,054,000	10,785,000
1893.....	11,668,000	2,735,000	298,000	48,290,000	18,893,000	9,338,000	11,726,000
1894.....	11,500,000	2,543,000	154,000	50,794,000	22,489,000	9,256,000	16,443,000
1895.....	10,571,000	2,764,000	233,000	54,775,000	25,644,000	14,822,000	15,383,000
1896.....	11,282,000	2,176,000	427,000	54,053,000	22,343,000	11,379,000	11,124,000
1897.....	12,945,000	1,046,000	299,000	60,402,000	29,805,000	16,627,000	17,828,000
1898.....	10,716,000	1,324,000	368,000	62,084,000	30,934,000	16,093,000	11,987,000
1899.....	13,963,000	1,731,000	260,000	71,896,000	42,107,000	17,251,000	21,686,000
1900.....	9,356,000	2,865,000	458,000	63,962,000	31,367,000	16,938,000	14,752,000
1901.....	8,561,000	3,148,000	181,000	71,435,000	34,099,000	16,876,000	16,573,000
1902.....	10,344,000	2,832,000	366,000	82,657,000	43,522,000	28,728,000	24,940,000
1903.....	10,024,000	1,944,000	454,000	89,196,000	38,712,000	30,433,000	19,528,000
1904.....	15,270,000	2,387,000	532,000	86,858,000	47,325,000	37,987,000	27,088,000
1905.....	18,064,000	2,721,000	406,000	81,453,000	39,569,000	35,465,000	27,031,000
1906.....	13,298,000	1,750,000	731,000	82,740,000	49,304,000	33,305,000	25,671,000

* The imports from Hong Kong come originally from, and the exports to that colony are further carried on to Great Britain, America, Australia, India, &c., and coast ports of China. In addition to the imports, to which the values given in the above table are confined, the South of China is supplied with opium and other articles imported from Singapore, Siam and other foreign places in native vessels.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Imports into China during the Calendar Years 1887 to 1906

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.

Years.	Coal and Coke	Cotton and Manu- factures of.	Fish Products.	Flour.	Ginseng.	Machinery.	Matches.
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	1,819,000	38,481,000	1,941,000	567,000	727,000	398,000	672,000
1888.....	1,657,000	45,951,000	2,637,000	571,000	619,000	373,000	1,090,000
1889.....	2,377,000	37,349,000	2,635,000	612,000	669,000	346,000	1,123,000
1890.....	1,973,000	46,597,000	2,805,000	776,000	795,000	410,000	1,341,000
1891.....	1,708,000	54,485,000	2,640,000	705,000	710,000	901,000	1,507,000
1892.....	2,008,000	53,864,000	2,686,000	671,000	847,000	593,000	1,424,000
1893.....	2,096,000	45,799,000	3,111,000	772,000	859,000	931,000	1,540,000
1894.....	3,221,000	52,661,000	3,191,000	1,089,000	849,000	1,120,000	1,639,000
1895.....	3,394,000	53,643,000	3,159,000	1,466,000	1,223,000	2,385,000	1,914,000
1896.....	3,540,000	80,551,000	3,128,000	1,506,000	1,620,000	2,064,000	2,100,000
1897.....	3,693,000	80,923,000	3,445,000	1,222,000	2,149,000	2,717,000	2,051,000
1898.....	5,281,000	80,459,000	3,162,000	1,775,000	2,545,000	1,759,000	2,597,000
1899.....	6,397,000	106,941,000	3,849,000	3,189,000	1,806,000	1,527,000	2,713,000
1900.....	6,388,000	77,439,000	3,391,000	3,330,000	1,621,000	1,450,000	2,235,000
1901.....	8,352,000	103,520,000	4,275,000	4,727,000	1,182,000	1,220,000	3,067,000
1902.....	6,843,000	131,402,000	3,829,000	3,844,000	1,615,000	794,000	3,585,000
1903.....	8,489,000	129,554,000	4,743,000	2,870,000	1,779,000	2,170,000	3,833,000
1904.....	7,161,000	125,314,000	5,511,000	3,591,000	1,412,000	2,660,000	4,773,000
1905.....	7,122,000	183,123,000	8,822,000	3,706,000	2,000,000	5,337,000	5,591,000
1906.....	8,766,000	153,565,000	8,126,000	6,296,000	485,000	6,036,000	5,140,000

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.

Years.	Metals.	Oils,— Kerosene, American and Russian.	Opium.	Rice.	Sugar.	Timber.	Wool and Manu- factures of.
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	5,797,000	1,365,000	27,927,000	2,756,000	1,199,000	585,000	5,425,000
1888.....	6,887,000	2,219,000	32,331,000	9,634,000	667,000	939,000	5,098,000
1889.....	6,728,000	2,876,000	30,445,000	6,021,000	511,000	813,000	3,975,000
1890.....	6,872,000	4,093,000	28,956,000	616,000	1,076,000	834,000	3,643,000
1891.....	7,254,000	5,267,000	28,333,000	6,597,000	1,774,000	896,000	4,695,000
1892.....	7,131,000	4,203,000	27,418,000	5,826,000	2,448,000	1,082,000	4,794,000
1893.....	7,198,000	5,571,000	31,691,000	12,965,000	7,429,000	1,032,000	4,587,000
1894.....	7,527,000	8,005,000	33,336,000	9,743,000	9,507,000	1,278,000	3,540,000
1895.....	7,189,000	6,293,000	29,165,000	15,622,000	7,391,000	1,225,000	3,723,000
1896.....	9,759,000	8,356,000	28,652,000	15,022,000	7,002,000	1,182,000	5,363,000
1897.....	8,147,000	11,553,000	27,901,000	4,011,000	10,226,000	1,324,000	4,383,000
1898.....	9,787,000	9,000,000	29,256,000	10,449,000	9,019,000	967,000	3,190,000
1899.....	9,208,000	11,393,000	35,793,000	17,813,000	10,226,000	1,309,000	4,176,000
1900.....	9,178,000	11,452,000	31,031,000	11,377,000	6,424,000	1,035,000	3,423,000
1901.....	10,429,000	12,915,000	32,936,000	7,051,000	13,454,000	1,733,000	4,727,000
1902.....	10,575,000	8,111,000	35,457,000	23,611,000	20,711,000	2,295,000	3,921,000
1903.....	15,316,000	9,012,000	43,831,000	7,651,000	15,962,000	2,110,000	4,477,000
1904.....	21,235,000	18,751,000	37,094,000	8,380,000	18,281,000	2,496,000	5,194,000
1905.....	45,429,000	13,079,000	34,070,000	8,545,000	22,622,000	3,118,000	5,434,000
1906.....	17,290,000	7,132,000	32,285,000	11,750,000	30,006,000	5,397,000	6,653,000

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Exports from China during the Calendar Years 1887 to 1906.

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS.

Years.	Beancake and Beans.	Chinaware, Earthen- ware and Pottery.	Cloth- ing (Chinese) Boots and Shoes.	Cotton, Raw.	Hides.	Mats and Matting.	Paper including Books.
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	*57,000	1,113,000	1,307,000	678,000	828,000	896,000	1,217,000
1888.....	*53,000	761,000	2,107,000	2,218,000	922,000	1,090,000	1,650,000
1889.....	*115,000	638,000	1,710,000	5,045,000	702,000	1,241,000	1,423,000
1890.....	*371,000	617,000	1,428,000	2,989,000	715,000	1,121,000	1,560,000
1891.....	*791,000	808,000	1,406,000	3,841,000	653,000	1,314,000	1,571,000
1892.....	1,629,000	1,084,000	1,593,000	5,089,000	495,000	1,292,000	1,573,000
1893.....	2,522,000	1,179,000	1,830,000	6,166,000	753,000	1,299,000	1,757,000
1894.....	2,466,000	1,231,000	1,851,000	7,361,000	1,090,000	1,443,000	1,784,000
1895.....	389,000	1,581,000	2,190,000	11,203,000	981,000	1,976,000	1,986,000
1896.....	3,881,000	1,628,000	2,088,000	5,018,000	1,726,000	2,534,000	1,858,000
1897.....	5,945,000	1,384,000	2,178,000	7,393,000	3,070,000	2,970,000	2,122,000
1898.....	7,829,000	1,504,000	1,983,000	3,151,000	3,747,000	3,683,000	1,742,000
1899.....	9,418,000	1,803,000	2,224,000	2,980,000	3,929,000	3,632,000	1,158,000
1900.....	5,468,000	1,627,000	2,040,000	9,861,000	4,148,000	3,305,000	2,506,000
1901.....	8,571,000	1,693,000	1,861,000	4,706,000	4,523,000	3,457,000	2,667,000
1902.....	9,782,000	1,853,000	1,851,000	13,161,000	5,727,000	3,969,000	3,496,000
1903.....	10,844,000	2,204,000	1,996,000	13,295,000	4,718,000	5,205,000	3,496,000
1904.....	7,282,000	1,664,000	1,652,000	24,812,000	7,142,000	4,526,000	3,767,000
1905.....	13,120,000	1,721,000	1,812,000	12,029,000	4,996,000	4,059,000	3,552,000
1906.....	10,223,000	1,579,000	1,683,000	11,631,000	10,389,000	4,079,000	3,445,000

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS.

Years.	Silk and Manu- factures of.	Skins (Fur Skins.) Clothing and Rugs.	Straw Braid.	Sugar.	Tea.	Tobacco.	Wool (Raw).
	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.	H. K. Taels.
1887.....	31,691,000	652,000	3,738,000	1,870,000	30,041,000	586,000	460,000
1888.....	32,180,000	582,000	1,990,000	2,490,000	30,293,000	738,000	654,000
1889.....	36,403,000	751,000	2,034,000	2,723,000	28,358,000	906,000	934,000
1890.....	30,255,000	457,000	2,009,000	2,665,000	26,663,000	991,000	853,000
1891.....	36,902,000	881,000	1,605,000	2,594,000	31,029,000	1,052,000	1,112,000
1892.....	38,292,000	1,316,000	2,057,000	2,073,000	25,984,000	1,075,000	1,545,000
1893.....	38,114,000	1,299,000	2,429,000	2,313,000	30,559,000	1,204,000	1,324,000
1894.....	42,644,000	1,682,000	2,531,000	2,437,000	31,854,000	1,336,000	2,355,000
1895.....	50,687,000	2,650,000	2,494,000	2,130,000	32,450,000	1,417,000	2,120,000
1896.....	42,089,000	2,645,000	3,907,000	1,478,000	30,157,000	1,445,000	1,448,000
1897.....	55,250,000	3,084,000	6,659,000	1,777,000	29,217,000	1,944,000	2,391,000
1898.....	56,104,000	3,073,000	3,132,000	2,446,000	28,880,000	3,839,000	1,426,000
1899.....	82,109,000	3,791,000	2,882,000	3,372,000	31,469,000	2,310,000	4,141,000
1900.....	49,444,000	2,375,000	4,371,000	2,984,000	25,446,000	1,942,000	1,864,000
1901.....	60,916,000	4,027,000	3,591,000	3,014,000	18,513,000	2,150,000	1,805,000
1902.....	79,212,000	5,268,000	3,904,000	2,304,000	22,860,000	2,195,000	2,821,000
1903.....	74,290,000	5,553,000	4,127,000	988,000	26,334,000	2,025,000	2,734,000
1904.....	78,255,000	7,328,000	4,503,000	1,356,000	30,202,000	2,565,000	5,077,000
1905.....	70,394,000	9,684,000	6,211,000	2,194,000	25,446,000	2,313,000	6,924,000
1906.....	71,296,000	3,894,000	8,651,000	743,000	26,630,000	2,216,000	5,499,000

* Beans only prior to 1892.

TRADE OF FRANCE (Four Months).

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (entered for consumption) into and Exports from France during the *four months* ending April, 1906 and 1907.

	FOUR MONTHS ENDING APRIL.		+ Increase. —Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	49,108,600	64,657,200	+ 15,548,600
Raw materials.....	277,396,400	292,214,600	+ 14,818,200
Manufactures.....	65,017,600	73,611,000	+ 8,593,400
Total imports.....	391,522,600	430,482,800	+ 38,960,200
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	38,871,400	41,180,400	+ 2,309,000
Raw materials.....	93,764,000	108,419,600	+ 14,655,600
Manufactures.....	173,820,400	193,004,000	+ 19,183,600
Small parcels.....	28,071,600	28,197,800	+ 126,200
Total exports.....	334,527,400	370,801,800	+ 36,274,400
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	391,522,600	430,482,800	+ 38,960,200
Exports.....	334,527,400	370,801,800	+ 36,274,400
Total trade.....	726,050,000	801,284,600	+ 75,234,600

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *four months* ending April, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES.	COUNTRY.	FOUR MONTHS ENDING APRIL.		+ Increase. —Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	3,959	41,526	+ 37,567
	Other Countries.....	45,970	67,826	+ 21,856
	Totals.....	49,929	109,352	+ 59,423
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	2,148	15,160	+ 13,012
	Other Countries.....	93,724	100,479	+ 6,755
	Totals.....	95,872	115,639	+ 19,767
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	30	60,984	+ 60,954
	Other Countries.....	14,405	15,500	+ 1,095
	Totals.....	14,435	76,484	+ 62,049
Rye.....	All Countries.....	2	8,230	+ 8,228
Corn.....	All Countries.....	109,549	177,244	+ 67,695

Note.—Metric ton=1,000 kgr.=2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from May report of A. Poindron, Commercial Agent at Paris.

TRADE OF ITALY.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Imports (entered for Consumption) into and Exports (Home Produce) from Italy during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1905.

NOTE.—Lira=19.3 cents.

Calendar Years.	IMPORTS (SPECIAL).			EXPORTS (SPECIAL).			Aggregate Trade.	Goods in Transit.
	Merchandise and Silver Bullion.	Coin and Gold Bullion.	Totals.	Merchandise and Silver Bullion.	Coin and Gold Bullion.	Totals.		
IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.								
1894.	1,094,649	108,136	1,202,785	1,026,506	31,518	1,058,024	2,260,809	57,774
1895.	1,187,288	7,293	1,194,581	1,037,708	21,302	1,059,010	2,253,591	79,998
1896.	1,180,173	10,281	1,190,454	1,052,098	19,917	1,072,015	2,262,469	100,162
1897.	1,191,599	8,676	1,200,275	1,091,734	23,096	1,114,830	2,315,105	113,388
1898.	1,413,335	3,444	1,416,779	1,203,569	19,613	1,223,182	2,639,961	127,388
1899.	1,506,561	5,530	1,512,091	1,431,416	15,846	1,447,262	2,959,353	132,287
1900.	1,700,236	7,244	1,707,480	1,338,246	16,554	1,354,800	3,062,280	142,883
1901.	1,718,489	11,758	1,730,247	1,374,458	16,369	1,390,827	3,121,074	25,472
1902.	1,775,743	34,775	1,810,518	1,472,420	9,982	1,482,402	3,292,920	27,985
1903.	1,861,960	156,980	2,018,940	1,517,444	6,768	1,524,212	3,543,152	35,691
1904.	1,913,735	44,531	1,958,266	1,597,220	9,710	1,606,930	3,565,196	49,117
1905.	2,064,574	169,570	2,234,144	1,730,914	8,252	1,739,166	3,973,310	47,732

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Italy during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1905.

IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION, BY COUNTRIES (Mdse.)

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Austria-Hungary.	France.	Germany.	Switzerland.	United States.	Other Countries.
IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.								
1894.....	251,933	*	115,403	130,867	140,096	43,333	†107,353	305,664
1895.....	234,687	*	132,953	161,749	144,422	46,274	†124,132	343,021
1896.....	229,889	*	131,891	133,708	144,757	44,654	†121,570	373,704
1897.....	223,369	1,671	134,129	160,832	150,377	42,053	124,886	354,282
1898.....	253,880	750	129,960	116,370	157,237	39,572	166,175	549,391
1899.....	299,537	965	160,782	152,296	194,064	49,337	168,449	481,131
1900.....	358,769	1,160	191,394	167,357	203,427	57,412	226,316	494,401
1901.....	279,364	1,899	178,411	179,229	205,624	57,284	234,346	582,332
1902.....	287,051	1,202	176,113	183,926	221,715	56,537	211,089	638,110
1903.....	282,408	1,456	176,062	193,273	236,078	59,391	212,274	701,018
1904.....	319,661	3,191	189,524	200,026	254,116	61,401	238,892	646,924
1905.....	348,215	2,344	196,486	224,021	291,114	65,880	238,115	698,399

EXPORTS (HOME PRODUCE) BY COUNTRIES (Mdse.)

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Austria-Hungary.	France.	Germany.	Switzerland.	United States.	Other Countries.
1894.....	121,575	*	126,088	143,966	142,681	205,976	†91,219	195,001
1895.....	114,588	*	114,275	136,389	170,172	187,255	†101,849	213,180
1896.....	109,588	*	121,351	153,128	159,786	170,326	†86,456	251,463
1897.....	114,012	116	137,405	116,166	179,194	185,087	93,045	266,709
1898.....	116,608	1,376	143,906	146,047	191,868	185,314	107,291	311,159
1899.....	147,958	189	158,698	201,293	236,107	246,618	118,115	322,438
1900.....	153,929	1,621	144,344	168,716	221,418	206,858	121,411	319,949
1901.....	151,393	1,088	130,852	174,912	235,055	204,539	139,849	336,770
1902.....	143,317	1,297	126,559	168,322	245,957	260,431	177,023	349,514
1903.....	131,666	329	153,836	170,867	226,395	274,185	166,299	393,867
1904.....	133,787	429	137,166	181,933	210,208	270,557	190,948	472,192
1905.....	129,971	662	144,534	194,515	224,975	332,623	226,126	477,508

* Included with United States prior to 1897.

† Includes Canada prior to 1897.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (entered for Consumption) into Italy, during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1905.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES FOR CONSUMPTION.

Calendar Years.	Animals, Horses.	Cheese.	Coal and Coke.	Coffee.	Cotton, Raw.	Cotton Yarns.	COTTON MANUFACTURES.
							Coloured and Dyed.

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	11,799	10,204	110,362	29,336	119,674	3,187	2,419
1895.....	20,875	11,115	86,096	28,792	96,716	4,035	2,057
1896.....	28,483	10,466	85,706	27,741	112,750	3,228	1,694
1897.....	29,931	7,665	97,972	19,481	110,629	2,963	1,513
1898.....	21,678	5,160	137,377	14,062	111,601	2,287	1,401
1899.....	30,510	5,357	150,646	12,774	107,952	4,717	1,395
1900.....	30,151	5,939	207,782	16,207	150,908	5,126	1,563
1901.....	30,544	7,836	150,009	14,494	158,093	4,843	1,229
1902.....	32,524	6,831	140,558	14,635	162,094	5,265	1,363
1903.....	29,294	6,661	141,444	15,012	184,998	5,418	1,421
1904.....	31,988	6,684	150,567	17,731	232,124	5,698	1,493
1905.....	29,727	6,973	164,157	20,227	184,877	5,049	1,429

Calendar Years.	COTTON MANUFACTURES— Con.		Fish of all Sorts.	Grain, Wheat.	Hides, Raw and Dried.	Iron, Cast in Pigs.	Linen and Hemp Yarn.
	Printed.	Mixed with Wool.					

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	7,154	3,218	32,689	65,724	35,864	9,541	9,642
1895.....	6,376	3,133	31,596	95,383	35,060	10,550	11,665
1896.....	4,040	2,536	29,263	110,287	37,389	9,559	11,177
1897.....	2,560	2,657	31,458	86,678	42,290	12,482	11,661
1898.....	1,692	2,412	30,469	210,331	36,219	14,370	11,163
1899.....	1,904	2,562	30,365	99,165	41,147	21,077	10,717
1900.....	2,568	2,405	30,522	152,535	43,364	19,282	10,241
1901.....	2,161	1,907	34,736	198,130	38,951	15,997	9,948
1902.....	2,577	2,048	39,386	206,195	38,459	13,963	12,332
1903.....	2,439	1,600	43,693	200,991	39,243	10,774	11,583
1904.....	2,338	1,579	51,550	142,921	51,120	12,676	10,729
1905.....	1,950	1,391	48,878	211,042	48,518	11,567	11,363

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (entered for Consumption) into Italy, &c.—*Concluded.*

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years.	Machinery and Locomotives, and parts of.	OILS.		SILK AND MANUFACTURES OF.			
		Olive.	Mineral, Refined.	Silk Cocoons.	Silk thrown.		Silk Manufactures.
					Undyed.	Dyed.	

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	28,278	7,203	11,868	13,854	52,914	11,717	19,221
1895.....	35,465	4,843	12,008	26,023	74,237	13,305	22,384
1896.....	38,238	2,693	11,937	19,451	51,290	14,809	21,537
1897.....	35,431	3,096	11,036	15,456	68,318	12,881	17,951
1898.....	39,119	15,432	12,011	17,173	61,996	18,137	18,123
1899.....	56,229	15,176	14,992	27,937	102,407	34,014	20,348
1900.....	79,988	17,983	16,080	27,823	74,405	31,793	16,735
1901.....	68,620	11,773	14,553	33,066	83,833	38,224	19,148
1902.....	63,882	12,266	13,756	43,826	107,654	45,482	20,392
1903.....	68,901	14,114	13,644	54,451	104,764	37,751	19,169
1904.....	83,642	11,947	13,847	32,190	104,933	26,145	20,995
1905.....	100,147	13,334	12,375	51,928	111,353	36,873	24,774

Calendar Years.	Sugar, Raw.	Timber for Building.	Tobacco Leaf.	WOOL AND MANUFACTURES OF.			Totals, Principal and other Articles. (mdse.)
				Wool, Raw and Waste.	Woollen Yarns.	Woollen piece Goods.	

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	.....	25,366	15,835	24,750	8,384	28,795	1,094,649
1895.....	.....	31,017	24,340	29,994	7,430	29,448	1,187,288
1896.....	.....	31,681	21,302	31,941	5,783	24,960	1,180,173
1897.....	21,039	35,091	21,405	31,152	5,544	23,157	1,191,599
1898.....	20,083	35,202	15,391	30,631	4,699	21,294	1,413,335
1899.....	17,132	43,586	19,138	51,786	4,093	25,380	1,506,561
1900.....	13,876	54,578	22,221	42,822	3,069	21,024	1,700,236
1901.....	9,178	56,538	28,745	45,980	2,491	22,459	1,718,489
1902.....	3,644	55,815	24,749	60,570	3,050	25,625	1,775,743
1903.....	982	60,677	22,956	57,206	2,678	25,614	1,861,960
1904.....	77	68,360	18,045	60,012	2,878	25,754	1,913,735
1905.....	244	75,736	14,800	61,491	2,877	28,974	2,064,574

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Home Produce) from Italy during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1905.

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS (HOME PRODUCE).

Calendar Years.	ANIMALS.		Butter and Cheese.	Coral, Manufactured.	Cotton, Raw.	Cotton, Manufactured.	Dyeing and Tanning Stuffs, Unground.
	Cattle.	Swine.					

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	24,349	.....	23,352	21,700	15,146	16,770	5,278
1895.....	18,727	.....	23,594	27,328	1,762	20,383	4,724
1896.....	15,082	.....	22,976	27,629	2,215	25,403	4,953
1897.....	14,817	3,673	23,381	23,849	1,699	23,329	4,687
1898.....	12,505	3,671	26,735	24,045	1,870	38,859	4,141
1899.....	15,205	5,381	29,757	30,675	1,644	42,429	3,406
1900.....	16,596	3,978	32,869	22,410	2,610	49,634	2,767
1901.....	12,553	4,050	33,044	22,909	2,023	52,965	2,649
1902.....	13,686	5,399	37,274	32,114	2,722	49,785	2,533
1903.....	21,638	2,948	38,201	26,897	3,450	67,367	2,610
1904.....	12,584	1,571	34,426	25,501	4,393	90,262	2,261
1905.....	14,021	9,536	40,993	24,408	5,061	83,590	2,538

Calendar Years.	Dyeing and Tanning Stuffs, Ground.	Eggs.	FRUITS.		Grain (including also dried Vegetables).	Hemp and Flax, Raw.	Hides and Skins, Raw.
			Oranges and Lemons.	Almonds, Cleaned or Shelled.			

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	7,377	39,879	30,009	16,332	10,030	34,236	14,130
1895.....	7,346	32,083	32,980	15,284	7,717	40,451	21,405
1896.....	6,789	28,964	33,134	20,561	9,949	37,450	16,236
1897.....	7,504	32,559	25,301	14,461	8,391	44,156	15,086
1898.....	5,120	37,787	24,034	16,453	6,351	33,517	17,122
1899.....	5,826	43,937	23,754	25,193	4,560	36,907	22,189
1900.....	5,028	50,035	21,887	16,515	9,490	43,938	21,584
1901.....	4,495	47,920	24,286	32,285	6,603	34,612	20,874
1902.....	4,645	43,061	26,422	19,285	6,318	41,035	21,443
1903.....	4,770	40,808	25,560	29,010	8,678	37,989	23,741
1904.....	3,774	42,321	28,872	16,244	10,236	46,386	23,432
1905.....	3,951	56,343	25,735	29,858	11,266	42,991	24,144

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Home Produce) from Italy, &c.—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years.	Marble, Alabaster and Manufactures of.	Meat, Fresh and Salted.	Oil, Olive.	Rice.	Silk Cocoons.	Silk, Raw and Thrown Undyed.	Silk Waste.
IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.							
1894.....	12,919	16,592	63,547	11,572	2,505	267,289	25,116
1895.....	13,534	17,511	46,388	12,393	4,334	296,035	22,633
1896.....	14,572	16,051	54,913	10,791	4,235	257,898	25,590
1897.....	14,344	15,393	57,860	7,636	3,027	270,376	22,342
1898.....	16,134	15,690	36,082	13,714	2,776	316,025	27,060
1899.....	18,483	18,451	51,039	13,521	3,337	419,120	34,126
1900.....	17,454	17,595	28,453	15,467	1,432	349,061	31,632
1901.....	19,319	15,184	39,899	17,314	2,401	395,472	33,491
1902.....	22,712	17,245	41,422	15,316	2,686	445,078	42,919
1903.....	23,267	17,096	34,136	13,268	1,582	418,224	45,490
1904.....	23,002	19,400	45,542	17,104	1,841	417,212	41,642
1905.....	24,191	21,673	35,503	21,674	2,814	486,088	43,837

Calendar Years.	Silk Manufactures.	Straw Plait.	Sulphur, Raw and Refined.	WINE.		Zinc Ore.	Totals, Principal and Other Articles. (mdse.)
				In Casks.	In Bottles.		

IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.

1894.....	23,484	5,128	21,534	43,976	4,986	10,478	1,026,506
1895.....	29,689	6,401	20,642	43,551	5,734	8,342	1,037,708
1896.....	29,917	6,130	27,262	46,663	4,878	9,236	1,052,098
1897.....	29,935	6,180	34,099	58,479	6,610	10,650	1,091,734
1898.....	36,944	7,462	41,800	66,609	4,827	13,006	1,203,569
1899.....	57,088	9,264	43,462	66,993	5,103	16,813	1,431,416
1900.....	64,552	9,817	47,435	57,378	5,604	12,306	1,338,246
1901.....	71,800	6,572	41,198	37,029	5,867	10,302	1,374,457
1902.....	69,258	6,550	44,741	35,390	7,786	12,638	1,472,420
1903.....	63,033	8,321	46,743	65,061	8,846	12,809	1,517,444
1904.....	71,593	9,332	44,257	30,033	9,612	15,167	1,597,220
1905.....	71,988	8,952	38,021	25,683	10,974	16,493	1,730,914

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Italy with Canada during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1905.

	CALENDAR YEARS.							
	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	IN THOUSANDS OF LIRE.							
IMPORTS FROM CANADA.								
Codfish, dry, salted.....	750	806	1,110	1,681	1,202	1,444	3,188	2,124
Fish, oils.....				21				
Wheat.....		61		24				
Wood, hewn or squared.....		98	40	167				
All other articles imported.....			10	6		12	3	220
Totals.....	750	965	1,160	1,899	1,202	1,456	3,191	2,344
EXPORTS TO CANADA.								
Brimstone, sulphur, &c.....	1,130	2	763	64	890	53		29
Farinaceous substances.....	11	6	525	611	17			
Hemp, raw.....							33	9
Hides and skins.....		57					43	120
Lemons.....	156	25	172	202	223	84	116	179
Marble.....			4	24			23	32
Nuts.....					37	26	100	47
Oranges.....	50	12	70	117	1	65	38	26
Spirits and wines.....	20	47	75	41	86	42	54	27
All other articles exported.....	9	40	12	29	43	59	22	193
Totals.....	1,376	189	1,621	1,088	1,297	329	429	662

TRADE OF CANADA WITH MEXICO.

(From Canadian Returns)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.....	216	13,880	14,096	21,730	2,050	23,780	37,876
" 1897.....	606	8,105	8,711	36,973	452	37,425	46,136
" 1898.....	1,980	9,738	11,718	31,133	339	31,472	43,190
" 1899.....	3,736	41,162	44,898	68,265	35,713	103,978	148,876
" 1900.....	4,924	51,294	56,218	149,590	.....	149,590	205,808
" 1901.....	11,698	4,302	16,000	70,435	2,063	72,498	88,498
" 1902.....	29,156	83,022	112,178	81,892	713	82,605	194,783
" 1903.....	35,273	88,060	123,333	105,365	31,669	137,034	260,367
" 1904.....	30,482	52,353	82,835	124,058	350	124,408	207,243
" 1905.....	20,526	38,192	58,718	113,455	2,420	115,875	174,593
" 1906.....	64,193	223,144	287,337	256,381	2,991	259,372	546,709
March 31, 1907.....	48,973	607,907	656,880	395,665	5,285	400,950	1,057,830

TRADE OF PORTO RICO.

(From United States Returns.)

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing, Revenue, Expenditure, Imports, Exports, Total Trade, Trade with United States and Shipping for Porto Rico, during the Years ended June 30, 1899 to 1906.

Years ended June 30.	Net Revenue.	Net Expenditure.	TRADE.				Shipping.
			Imports.	Exports.	Total.	With United States.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.
1899.....			9,805,916	10,156,541	19,962,457	7,411,926	
1900.....			9,989,505	6,612,499	16,602,004	10,302,691	
1901.....			8,918,136	8,643,816	17,561,952	12,606,505	647,299
1902.....	2,423,131	2,183,162	13,209,610	12,433,956	25,643,566	19,261,419	698,466
1903.....	2,473,748	2,444,038	14,449,286	15,089,079	29,538,365	23,297,040	736,534
1904.....	2,345,966	2,357,581	13,169,029	16,265,903	29,434,932	22,932,886	783,909
1905.....	2,520,273	2,352,364	16,536,259	18,709,565	35,245,824	29,607,215	759,550
1906.....	2,554,554	2,527,136	21,827,665	23,257,530	45,085,195	38,367,342	764,905

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Porto Rico during the Years ended June 30, 1901 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Years ended June 30.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Cuba.	France.	Spain.	United States.	Other Countries.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901.....	374,837	294,067	2,958	166,723	808,441	6,965,408	305,702
1902.....	401,037	441,678	15,689	173,348	869,479	10,882,653	425,726
1903.....	318,839	390,140	5,482	259,992	793,061	12,245,845	435,927
1904.....	243,768	400,387	30,596	178,235	627,982	11,210,060	478,001
1905.....	235,406	526,217	7,967	330,176	578,931	13,974,070	883,492
1906.....	264,112	575,787	61,529	345,785	642,200	19,224,881	713,371

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

1901.....	3,990	341,699	1,110,048	473,470	596,023	5,641,137	477,449
1902.....	17,982	249,915	648,518	1,479,932	576,496	8,378,766	1,082,347
1903.....	4,021	288,065	611,199	1,294,578	756,523	11,051,195	1,083,498
1904.....	625	313,929	835,722	1,578,536	645,998	11,722,826	1,168,267
1905.....	41,548	329,638	1,355,123	382,828	538,430	15,633,145	428,853
1906.....	134,380	166,513	1,582,904	634,311	813,479	19,142,461	783,482

No. 3 --STATEMENT showing Imports into Porto Rico; together with portion taken from United States and other Countries during the Years ended June 30, 1905 and 1906.

IMPORTS INTO PORTO RICO--YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.									
	Total.		From United States.		From Other Countries. (Includes Canada.)		From Canada.		
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	
Breadstuffs--									
Wheat flour.....		\$ 1,429,410	\$ 1,089,305	\$ 1,181,114		\$ 2,825			
All other.....									
Canned.....	\$ 1,281,252		{ 166,176	214,143					
Cars, carriages, &c.....	84,773	77,281	84,773	77,281					
Cement.....	141,921	363,443	141,921	363,443					
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and medicines.....	61,723	88,822	59,394	85,997	2,329	2,329			
Coal, bituminous.....	216,924	282,503	164,990	201,472	51,934	81,031			
Coal, bituminous.....	197,702	169,292	197,702	169,292					
Cocoa, ground or prepared, and chocolate.....	30,487	47,716	17,608	21,260					
Coffee.....	312,083	14,974			12,879	26,456			
Cotton, manufactures of.....	2,403,471	2,563,108	2,301,724	2,419,121	312,083	14,974			
Earthen, stone and chinaware.....	39,013	59,484	26,637	39,878	101,747	143,987			
Fertilizers.....	184,653	246,002	184,653	246,002					
Fish, fresh, vegetables, &c., manufactures of.....	246,103	322,998	79,003	143,901	166,500	179,097			
Fish.....	716,379	1,029,635	245,839	514,902	470,440	514,733			
Fruits and nuts.....	66,852	81,745	36,997	49,579	29,855	32,166			
Glass and glassware.....	69,605	86,892	58,582	69,734	11,023	17,158			
India rubber, manufactures of.....	30,254	50,268	30,254	50,268					
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes.....	47,726	88,860	47,726	88,860					
Iron and steel and manufactures of.....	1,776,335	3,402,706	1,555,684	3,240,649	220,651	162,057			
Leather and manufactures of.....	419,287	534,484	336,722	441,652	82,565	92,839			
Meat and dairy products.....	1,609,353	2,013,030	1,407,729	1,800,671	201,624	212,359			
Oils.....	224,952	263,034	163,278	191,749	61,674	71,285			
Paints, pigments and colours.....	54,623	62,205	39,837	51,386	14,786	10,819			
Paper and manufactures of.....	213,411	224,072	170,158	171,812	43,253	52,260			
Ree.....	2,515,589	3,353,986	2,508,724	3,347,101	6,865	6,885			
Silk manufactures.....	81,477	110,411	74,444	97,718	7,033	12,693			
Soap.....	168,931	247,038	168,931	247,038					
Spirits, wines and malt liquors.....	204,316	353,024	126,022	249,771	78,294	103,253			
Sugar, refined.....	118,836	151,590	118,836	151,590					
Tobacco, unmanufactured, leaf.....	166,584	361,392	166,584	361,392					
Vegetables.....	305,340	506,813	137,565	333,942	167,775	172,871			
Wool and manufactures of.....	659,474	933,538	578,957	824,500	80,517	109,038			
Wool and manufactures of.....	147,133	158,403	133,811	140,807	13,322	17,596			
All other articles.....	1,739,697	2,149,506	1,352,804	1,636,856	386,893	512,650			
Total imports.....	16,536,259	21,827,665	13,974,070	19,224,881	2,562,189	2,602,784	526,217	575,787	

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Exports from Porto Rico ; together with portion sent to United States and other Countries during the Years ended June 30, 1905 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM PORTO RICO—YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.									
	Total.		To United States.		To Other Countries. (Includes Canada.)		To Canada.		
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	
Domestic produce—									
Animals—									
Cattle.....	206,655	150,679			206,655	150,679			
Horses.....	64,836	21,049			64,836	21,049			
Other.....	9,441	905			9,441	905			
(Coffee.....	2,141,009	3,481,102	201,642	27,069	1,939,367	3,454,033			
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	138,386	217,735	105,870	122,520	32,516	95,215			
Fruits and nuts.....	255,900	502,858	250,847	496,694	5,053	6,164			
Hides.....	86,196	116,139	82,640	112,665	3,556	3,474			
Straw and palm leaf, manufactures of.....	102,241	117,049	89,155	109,054	13,086	7,995			
Sugar, &c.—									
Molasses.....	576,125	553,850	251,286	345,733	324,839	208,117	324,839	166,408	
Sugar, raw.....	11,925,804	14,184,567	11,925,575	14,184,319	229	348			
Tobacco—									
Unmanufactured.....	437,882	480,607	421,652	476,539	16,230	4,068			
Manufactured—									
Cigars.....	2,152,051	3,074,226	2,146,846	3,069,576	5,205	4,650			
All other articles.....	152,422	214,602	51,752	111,305	100,670	103,297	4,799	105	
Foreign produce.....	18,248,948	23,116,068	15,527,265	19,055,474	2,721,683	4,060,594	329,638	166,513	
	460,617	141,462	105,880	86,987	354,737	54,475			
Total exports (merchandise).....	18,709,565	23,257,530	15,633,145	19,142,461	3,076,420	4,115,069	329,638	166,513	

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

MAY 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a) Sq. miles.								
Land occupied (census) Acres.	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census). "	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
" under cultivation (census). "	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038
Currency and Banking—To June 30—(f)								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank \$	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	95,933,726
Circulation—								
Dominion notes \$	7,367,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,384,221	49,941,427	54,794,597
Notes issued by Chartered Banks \$	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	69,366,505	76,346,013
Chartered Banks—								
Assets \$	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	943,695,386
Liabilities \$	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,320,751	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	765,737,508
Deposits in Chartered Banks \$	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	468,571,648	536,769,519	567,937,052
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks \$	2,497,260	6,308,227	21,738,648	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	47,432,958
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O. \$	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	16,098,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,766,829
Deposits in Special Savings Banks \$	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,399,194	28,359,618
Total Deposits \$	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,949,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	626,079,335	658,516,457
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks No.								
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O. "	17,153	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	164,542
Discount's to the people—								
Chartered Banks \$	86,121,888	134,113,252	202,692,481	318,240,549	452,134,220	480,906,634	559,338,229	635,627,742
Education—To December 31—								
Pupils enrolled No.	773,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714
Teachers engaged "	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487
Expenditure \$	4,650,206	7,314,068	9,282,540	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—								
Failures No.	(b) 726	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Assets \$	(b) 6,454,525	5,751,207	17,100,649	7,686,823	8,555,875	6,822,005	6,449,052	6,449,052
Liabilities \$				10,811,671	11,394,117	9,854,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Finance—To June 30—(f)								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund \$	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	70,669,817	71,182,772	80,139,360	86,805,495
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund \$	15,623,082	25,502,554	36,343,568	46,866,368	55,612,835	63,319,682	67,270,641	54,213,682
Gross \$	19,293,478	33,796,643	40,793,208	57,982,866	72,255,652	78,804,138	83,277,642	68,190,901

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,588	289,899,230	354,732,433	354,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680	(c)	376,687,200
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	237,809,030	298,480,004	260,867,719	266,224,167	267,042,378	(e)	252,576,841
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,637		
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c)	27,773	(c)	47,991	(c)	82,165	49,149		146,266
Insurance—To December 31—								(e)	189,064
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,444,339,935		
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	(e) 14,712,030		
Life Insurance—									
Policies in force.....		62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	(e) 768,048		
Amount in force.....	45,825,935	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,354,240	(e) 636,980,923		
Premiums received.....	1,852,974	3,094,889	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	(e) 22,378,730		
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—									
Assets—									
Total loans.....		64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957			
Property owned.....		9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270			
Total assets.....		73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227			
Liabilities—									
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424			
Reserved fund.....		5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353			
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481			
Debentures payable.....		23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678			
Other liabilities.....		4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,336	54,507,291			
Total liabilities.....		71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227			
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d)	6,043,868	(d)	7,610,108	65,804,611	60,073,897	(e) 68,574,707		
Metallic Minerals—									
Copper.....			5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,150,830			
Gold.....	2,474,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,635	7,420,451			
Iron ore.....			930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,486,883			
—pig from Canadian ore.....			142,005	392,582	174,000	125,119			
Lead.....			3,857	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,047,860			
Nickel.....			2,773,976	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,634,084			
Silver.....			409,549	4,594,623	4,219,153	7,550,526			
Non-Metallic Minerals—									
Asbestos.....			13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,123,877			
Cement.....		35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259			
Coal.....			101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014			
Coke.....			7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,658,615			
Petroleum.....			175,592		935,895				
			1,010,211	1,008,275		849,687			

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles.
 (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.
 (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—Concluded.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31. No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—To June 30—(f)								
Post offices. No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	
Money orders issued. {	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	
Post cards sent. {	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	
Letters sent. " }	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	
Revenue. " }	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,000	191,650,000	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	
Expenditure. " }	1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,265,245	6,696,377	
Railways and Canals—To June 30—								
Canals—Vessels through } Season of naviga- { Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432		
Freight carried } tion { Tons.	3,455,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744		
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.				672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.				287,326	8,453,609	9,357,125	506,024	
Earnings—Gross.				5,768,283	5,326,517	5,918,194	10,906,872	
Working expenses.				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation. No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried. " }		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried. Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,949,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,906,713	
Earnings—Gross. " }		27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,322,865	
Working expenses. " }		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—To June 30—(f)								
Customs Duties collected. %	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101 (c)	53,006,546
Excise Revenue collected. %	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,206	12,938,708	12,586,475	14,427,165 (c)	15,732,671
Imports, Total—								
Dutiable Goods. %	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332 (c)	204,835,646
Free Goods. %	23,004,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080 (c)	129,453,273
Totals (mdse). %	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412 (c)	334,288,919
Coin and Bullion. %	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603 (c)	9,604,464
Total imports. %	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015 (c)	343,893,383

Exports—Home Produce—											
Mine..	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,626,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	(c)	36,146,140		
Fisheries..	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,759,029	11,114,318	16,025,840	(c)	13,786,437		
Forest..	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,824,170	(c)	15,423,172		
Animal produce..	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,967,741	55,495,311	63,812,117	63,357,458	66,455,960	(c)	67,877,104		
Agricultural products..	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,696,868	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,150	54,062,337	(c)	49,544,327		
Manufactures..	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	(c)	26,273,049		
Miscellaneous..	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906	(c)	178,538		
Home produce (mdse)..	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	(c)	239,634,767		
Foreign produce (mdse).....	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	(c)	14,524,286		
Total exports (mdse).....	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	(c)	254,159,053		
Coin and Bullion.....	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,537	1,844,811	9,928,828	(e)	18,047,553		
Total exports (a).....	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,586,630	(c)	272,206,606		
Total trade (a).....	167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,783,038	470,151,289	550,872,045	(e)	616,099,989		
Shipping—Sea-going ..	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429				
Coasting.....	"	15,116,766	24,086,130	34,444,796	45,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062				
Inland water..	"	8,009,995	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	16,689,365	17,888,743				
Total shipping.....	"	23,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234				

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(e) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

Value for 1871.....	\$ 2,448,668
" 1881.....	3,023,322
" 1891.....	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption)
Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1866

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.							
Years ending June.	Total (a) Trade.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,439,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,167,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,297,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,517,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,048	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,065	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,496	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
Years ending March, 1907.	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546
TWELVE MONTHS							
	620,277,643	206,589,657	136,084,614	342,674,271	10,623,658	353,297,929	54,539,718

(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending May, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)							Total Customs Duties Collected.	Years ending June.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.			
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.						
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868	
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869	
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870	
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871	
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872	
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873	
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874	
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875	
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876	
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877	
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878	
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879	
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880	
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881	
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882	
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883	
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884	
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885	
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	5,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886	
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887	
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888	
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889	
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890	
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891	
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892	
102,006,490	8,941,866	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893	
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894	
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895	
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896	
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897	
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898	
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899	
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900	
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901	
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902	
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903	
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904	
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905	
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906	
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	Years ending March 1907.	
ENDING MAY, 1907.								
234,452,196	14,759,155	249,211,351	17,768,363	266,979,714	.....	54,539,718		

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, two months and twelve months* ending May, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
1898	6,428,101	5,447,766	11,875,867	745,378	12,621,245	7,566,041	1,460,994	9,027,035	91,561	9,118,596	21,739,841	1,852,878	1898
1899	7,359,103	5,279,703	12,638,806	387,887	13,026,693	8,569,366	506,449	9,075,815	127,202	9,203,017	22,229,710	2,028,312	1899
1900	8,670,766	6,135,157	14,805,923	397,899	15,203,822	9,884,207	340,665	10,224,872	234,957	10,459,829	25,663,651	2,329,433	1900
1901	8,754,355	7,048,287	15,802,642	59,543	15,862,185	10,597,349	385,378	10,982,727	577,847	11,560,574	27,422,759	2,350,476	1901
1902	10,355,320	7,644,491	17,999,811	255,853	18,255,664	14,735,874	411,974	15,147,848	16,934	15,164,782	33,420,446	2,709,605	1902
1903	11,569,414	9,407,591	20,977,005	1,509,310	22,486,315	17,517,706	615,736	18,133,442	127,755	18,261,197	40,747,512	3,021,012	1903
1904	13,044,415	8,342,676	21,387,091	86,985	21,474,076	10,732,383	400,027	11,132,410	51,608	11,184,018	32,658,094	3,512,569	1904
1905	13,909,561	9,759,049	23,668,610	54,202	23,722,812	12,156,721	1,168,314	13,325,035	208,470	13,533,505	37,256,317	3,643,624	1905
1906	16,479,994	10,179,997	26,659,991	416,209	27,076,170	18,476,815	686,520	19,163,335	1,252,429	20,415,764	47,491,934	4,204,654	1906
1907	20,023,760	13,911,965	33,935,725	871,515	34,807,240	16,905,057	815,031	17,720,088	818,579	18,538,667	53,345,907	5,258,673	1907

MONTH OF MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	12,510,505	8,997,890	21,508,395	1,240,484	22,748,879	14,323,001	1,698,033	16,021,034	309,726	16,330,760	39,079,639	3,606,532	1898
1899	15,391,837	9,661,008	25,052,845	425,965	25,478,810	15,086,974	705,023	15,791,997	353,922	16,145,919	41,624,729	4,348,731	1899
1900	17,126,854	11,286,945	28,413,799	728,088	29,141,887	17,776,534	597,316	18,373,880	448,177	18,822,057	47,963,944	4,598,842	1900
1901	17,161,321	12,571,620	29,732,941	128,526	29,861,467	19,646,982	1,107,167	20,754,149	757,813	21,511,962	51,373,429	4,642,457	1901
1902	20,182,002	14,864,429	35,046,431	313,756	35,360,187	28,379,072	650,390	29,029,462	54,773	29,084,235	64,444,422	5,380,266	1902
1903	23,611,254	17,910,363	41,521,617	2,074,243	43,595,860	26,954,861	903,700	27,858,561	144,063	28,002,624	71,598,484	6,245,779	1903
1904	24,990,414	16,497,445	41,487,859	226,704	41,714,563	19,227,636	821,963	20,049,599	89,732	20,139,331	61,853,894	6,726,058	1904
1905	26,239,583	18,137,449	44,377,032	112,786	44,489,818	21,245,216	1,588,728	22,830,944	241,711	23,072,655	67,562,473	6,930,730	1905
1906	30,652,790	19,053,810	49,706,600	512,743	50,219,343	31,839,477	932,618	32,772,095	3,384,146	36,156,241	86,375,584	8,055,519	1906
1907	36,340,947	25,269,643	61,610,590	1,531,937	63,142,527	26,656,906	1,167,487	27,824,393	3,104,956	30,929,349	94,071,876	9,588,691	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	73,530,218	49,017,880	122,557,098	4,383,536	126,940,634	142,478,411	13,895,844	156,374,255	4,615,945	160,990,200	287,930,834	21,461,733	1898
1899	88,662,197	59,795,838	145,458,035	4,536,216	149,994,251	132,135,927	17,985,799	150,121,726	3,961,379	154,073,105	304,067,356	24,738,228	1899
1900	103,515,251	68,172,692	171,637,946	6,865,492	178,553,438	150,389,662	14,977,834	163,367,496	8,493,198	173,800,664	352,414,102	28,673,073	1900
1901	103,219,423	70,069,345	173,288,768	5,063,984	178,352,752	170,729,257	16,593,306	187,322,563	2,363,566	180,686,129	368,038,881	28,426,179	1901
1902	116,523,800	78,198,353	194,722,153	5,064,534	199,786,687	195,048,808	14,528,710	208,577,518	1,795,187	211,372,705	411,159,392	31,908,607	1902
1903	133,529,706	84,132,997	217,662,703	7,070,354	224,733,057	212,469,442	11,755,585	224,225,027	605,099	224,850,126	449,563,183	36,273,160	1903
1904	149,333,208	95,507,238	244,800,446	6,908,165	251,828,611	199,317,841	13,008,075	212,325,916	570,170	212,896,086	464,724,697	41,004,413	1904
1905	156,324,947	99,892,292	250,217,239	13,767,945	263,985,184	190,230,772	9,982,056	200,262,828	2,826,544	203,029,372	467,014,556	41,934,904	1905
1906	171,155,877	108,718,674	279,874,551	6,183,684	286,058,235	232,990,794	10,798,587	243,789,331	9,417,901	253,207,232	539,265,467	46,253,798	1906
1907	206,589,657	136,084,614	342,674,271	10,623,658	353,297,929	234,452,196	14,759,155	249,211,351	17,768,363	266,979,714	620,277,643	54,539,718	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of May, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	891,877	647,612	1,293,495	2,057,863	1,704,498	948,963	21,733	7,566,041	86,835	7,652,876	1898
1899.....	1,425,123	738,998	1,732,130	2,077,760	1,437,518	1,146,740	11,097	8,569,366	89,654	8,659,020	1899
1900.....	1,578,623	882,776	1,755,518	2,715,305	1,636,170	1,286,712	29,103	9,884,207	165,566	10,049,773	1900
1901.....	2,251,935	641,411	2,027,515	2,579,611	1,380,802	1,714,828	1,247	10,597,349	59,465	10,656,814	1901
1902.....	1,841,951	748,648	2,378,450	3,837,337	4,046,445	1,882,815	228	14,735,874	.....	14,735,874	1902
1903.....	1,549,989	778,588	2,694,929	4,019,128	6,526,832	1,947,179	1,061	17,517,706	.....	17,517,706	1903
1904.....	1,462,994	547,892	1,970,157	2,564,969	2,295,450	1,881,399	9,522	10,732,383	.....	10,732,383	1904
1905.....	1,976,066	663,531	2,514,906	3,305,661	2,029,463	1,659,173	7,921	12,156,721	.....	12,156,721	1905
1906.....	2,897,760	703,329	3,350,257	3,356,979	6,046,323	2,103,960	18,207	18,476,815	.....	18,476,815	1906
1907.....	3,532,094	613,171	2,632,976	2,935,634	4,931,316	2,253,634	6,230	16,905,057	.....	16,905,057	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	41,908	3,670	465	43,690	1,232,444	119,015	19,712	1,460,994	4,726	1,465,720	1898
1899	8,279	6,482	2,693	66,981	258,849	130,966	32,199	506,449	37,548	543,997	1899
1900	13,857	1,254	840	58,881	137,946	110,389	17,498	340,665	69,391	410,056	1900
1901	16,829	255	140	37,973	139,771	142,478	47,932	385,378	518,382	903,760	1901
1902	11,823	1,527	346	38,950	140,282	106,364	52,682	411,974	16,934	428,908	1902
1903	12,087	390	2,423	57,598	335,473	155,019	52,746	615,796	127,755	743,491	1903
1904	9,931	.....	937	45,551	95,064	198,200	50,344	400,027	51,608	451,635	1904
1905	16,284	251	1,301	27,223	506,582	233,992	382,621	1,168,314	208,470	1,376,784	1905
1906	26,641	.....	1,471	15,306	286,454	296,636	59,922	686,520	1,252,429	1,938,949	1906
1907	19,448	2,800	.....	13,228	472,744	255,480	51,331	815,031	818,579	1,633,610	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	933,875	651,282	1,293,960	2,101,553	2,936,942	1,067,978	41,445	9,027,035	91,561	9,118,596	1898
1899	1,433,402	745,480	1,734,823	2,144,741	1,696,367	1,277,706	43,296	9,075,815	127,202	9,203,017	1899
1900	1,592,480	884,030	1,756,358	2,774,186	1,774,116	1,397,101	46,601	10,224,872	234,957	10,459,829	1900
1901	2,268,764	641,666	2,027,655	2,617,584	1,520,573	1,857,306	49,179	10,982,727	577,847	11,560,574	1901
1902	1,853,774	750,175	2,378,796	3,876,287	4,186,727	2,049,179	52,910	15,147,848	16,934	15,164,782	1902
1903	1,562,076	778,978	2,697,352	4,076,726	6,862,305	2,102,198	53,807	18,133,442	127,755	18,261,197	1903
1904	1,472,925	547,892	1,971,694	2,610,520	2,390,514	2,079,599	59,866	11,132,410	51,608	11,184,018	1904
1905	1,992,350	663,782	2,516,267	3,332,884	2,536,045	1,893,165	390,542	13,325,035	208,470	13,533,505	1905
1906	2,924,401	703,329	3,351,728	3,372,375	6,332,777	2,400,596	78,129	19,163,335	1,252,429	20,415,764	1906
1907	3,551,542	615,971	2,632,976	2,948,862	5,404,062	2,509,114	57,561	17,720,088	818,579	18,538,667	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA - *Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *two months* ending May, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	1,677,178	951,550	2,209,652	4,061,025	3,468,720	1,924,048	30,758	14,323,001	144,964	14,467,965	1898
1899	2,124,669	1,094,524	2,825,477	4,169,798	2,639,926	2,210,121	22,459	15,086,974	170,114	15,257,088	1899
1900	2,759,565	1,299,981	2,916,738	4,916,361	3,276,898	2,561,732	45,259	17,776,534	293,303	18,069,837	1900
1901	3,873,516	913,696	3,190,373	5,335,161	3,188,659	3,144,268	1,279	19,646,982	132,526	19,779,508	1901
1902	3,518,918	1,419,796	3,749,566	6,897,946	9,131,693	3,690,857	296	28,379,072	.....	28,379,072	1902
1903	2,813,750	1,162,456	4,211,234	6,498,869	8,588,662	3,674,296	5,594	26,954,861	.....	26,954,861	1903
1904	2,800,335	927,832	3,078,718	5,170,451	3,838,156	3,351,273	60,871	19,227,636	.....	19,227,636	1904
1905	3,692,046	1,061,790	4,086,136	5,901,132	3,254,969	3,240,170	8,973	21,245,216	.....	21,245,216	1905
1906	4,873,307	1,270,689	5,411,157	6,000,988	9,773,957	4,482,406	26,973	31,839,477	.....	31,839,477	1906
1907	5,458,196	1,103,652	4,251,690	4,585,389	7,266,681	3,981,529	9,769	26,656,906	.....	26,656,906	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	64,903	7,063	570	58,785	1,238,914	179,560	148,238	1,698,033	164,762	1,862,795	1898
1899	23,324	11,152	3,794	103,507	305,871	199,516	57,869	705,023	183,808	888,831	1899
1900	32,760	1,635	13,140	70,870	232,100	206,808	39,983	597,346	154,874	752,220	1900
1901	20,440	401	3,455	189,661	539,736	294,773	58,701	1,107,167	625,287	1,732,454	1901
1902	16,889	1,527	848	53,158	146,429	326,984	104,555	650,890	54,773	705,163	1902
1903	19,949	392	2,983	64,830	359,471	369,433	86,642	903,700	144,063	1,047,763	1903
1904	25,637	.....	1,763	66,960	175,702	455,715	96,186	821,963	89,732	911,695	1904
1905	45,804	2,002	2,258	55,264	584,092	465,315	430,393	1,585,728	241,711	1,827,439	1905
1906	38,870	.....	1,565	31,049	303,939	445,959	111,236	932,618	3,384,146	4,316,764	1906
1907	30,534	3,000	792	37,998	410,580	516,894	87,749	1,167,487	3,104,956	4,272,443	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,742,081	958,613	2,210,222	4,119,880	4,707,634	2,103,608	178,996	16,021,034	309,726	16,330,760	1898
1899	2,147,982	1,105,676	2,329,261	4,273,305	2,945,797	2,409,637	80,328	15,791,997	353,922	16,145,919	1899
1900	2,792,325	1,301,666	2,929,878	4,987,231	3,508,998	2,768,540	85,242	18,373,880	448,177	18,822,057	1900
1901	3,893,956	914,097	3,193,828	5,524,822	3,728,395	3,439,071	55,980	20,754,149	757,813	21,511,962	1901
1902	3,535,807	1,421,323	3,750,414	6,951,104	9,278,122	3,987,841	104,851	29,020,462	54,773	29,084,235	1902
1903	2,833,699	1,162,948	4,214,217	6,563,699	8,948,133	4,043,729	92,236	27,858,561	144,063	28,002,624	1903
1904	2,825,972	927,832	3,080,481	5,237,411	4,013,858	3,806,988	157,057	20,049,599	89,732	20,139,331	1904
1905	3,737,850	1,063,792	4,088,394	5,956,396	3,839,661	3,705,485	439,366	22,830,944	241,711	23,072,655	1905
1906	4,912,177	1,270,689	5,412,722	6,032,037	10,077,896	4,928,365	138,209	32,772,095	3,384,146	36,156,241	1906
1907	5,488,730	1,106,652	4,252,482	4,623,387	7,757,261	4,498,363	97,518	27,824,393	3,104,956	30,929,349	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	6,277,814	9,237,429	8,819,630	8,008,734	9,943,193	9,388,217	11,200,046	15,423,084	15,517,053	12,234,456		
Bermuda.....		33,729		28,737		73,903		83,074		49,673		
British Africa.....	61,452	100,313	6,689	161,602	1,161	407,753	64,251	282,389	10,732	323,605		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	27,509	96,881	45,711	145,704	44,775	218,802	54,503	302,774	92,422	271,911		
New Zealand.....	35,944	51,953	107,589	61,753	18,851	48,831	43,401	72,113	118,256	85,602		
British East Indies.....	472,366	639	393,591	466	485,596	7,366	794,079	1,912	816,020	466		
Guiana.....	237,848	32,634	40,117	35,659	629,030	104,107	512,694	66,241	99,237	58,000		
" West Indies.....	929,549	222,136	667,058	194,560	988,345	375,030	1,460,105	397,387	1,084,515	308,765		
Fiji.....			20,870	6,370	114,838	5,442		1,060	41,099	6,370		
Hong Kong.....	16,153		17,968	2,286	35,463		28,696		32,273	2,500		
Newfoundland.....	58,615	317,451	74,084	173,198	42,236	306,584	79,639	419,551	87,860	214,047		
Other British Colonies.....		3,973	90	2,733	795	74	67	6,833	138	4,236		
Totals.....	8,117,250	10,097,138	10,195,397	8,821,802	12,290,538	10,971,172	14,237,481	17,056,718	17,901,605	13,559,631		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentina Republic.....	155,295	187,763	24,585	55,833	241,163	164,886	420,968	239,177	90,905	129,070		
Austria-Hungary.....	65,764	478	81,106	3,135	92,716	85	113,368	478	161,187	4,205		
Belgium.....	161,484	73,747	341,677	159,073	341,978	167,348	277,200	170,934	485,967	369,967		
Brazil.....	16,927	46,255	15,049	67,273	108,706	43,396	40,269	73,226	41,620	79,667		
Central American States.....	7,737	9,913	41,997	5,215	53,374	6,300	44,721	13,842	42,889	11,350		
China.....	44,823	5,884	59,788	19,483	70,728	215,536	69,613	105,424	99,506	92,419		
Chile.....	31,360	9,264		36,836	49,774	23,556	31,360	54,529		41,966		
Cuba.....	33,818	93,541	46,160	78,752	56,514	112,511	67,500	159,706	72,555	137,644		
Denmark.....	3,383	12,033	7,805	8,273	3,182	3,665	7,026	15,329	13,168	16,542		

Dutch E. Indies.....	9,690							101,074						451	13,241	153,517
France.....	676,880	63,821						836,364	68,175	995,387			117,392	1,234,928	121,255	1,648,380
French W. Indies.....	330	2,400							70			1,250	330	5,056	330	109,140
Germany.....	538,037	116,985						702,825	131,723	1,018,522		206,891	1,067,201	250,655	1,267,738	218,695
Greece.....	16,307							18,784				19,011	24,327		24,327	
Holland.....	81,787	70,822						135,458	38,656	134,598		58,411	167,892	94,934	256,300	70,382
Italy.....	84,574	5,654						170,902	7,372	76,404		9,814	123,462	7,933	220,655	12,249
Japan.....	122,270	2,836						127,802	15,209	226,112		56,900	205,785	108,905	246,475	30,910
Mexico.....	56,880	16,389						118,415	26,838	16,863		23,896	130,444	41,530	148,295	38,160
Norway and Sweden :—																
Norway.....	25,044	30,762						{ 15,666	6,113	13,867		19,125	37,289	42,867	13,929	11,508
Sweden.....								{ 17,615	3,206						27,578	4,808
Peru.....	12,989	1,385						818	1,251			749	12,989	17,950	2,170	
Porto Rico.....	53,102	40,240								67,343		72,909	58,951	88,737	4,443	100,036
Portugal.....	11,775	191						10,994	63,449	14,159		4,352	19,995	22,689		
Russia.....	16,027	3,450						30,496	5,496	23,906		12,062	22,583	46,602	49,299	17,129
Spain.....	67,879							*56,491	4,745	62,000		1,181	101,948	2,162	94,693	7,023
Switzerland.....	126,324	2,393						216,500	6,552	289,120		5,198	268,210	2,495	414,947	6,903
United States.....	16,451	9,475,267						21,371,719	8,854,737	28,131,137		10,683,669	17,341,802	39,433,078	15,778,390	78,689
Other Foreign Countries.....	31,513	47,153						61,753	49,400	98,662		89,829	31,346,636	87,364	184,071	
Totals.....	18,958,920	10,318,626						24,611,843	9,716,865	32,199,280		12,101,483	35,981,862	19,099,523	45,240,922	17,369,718
Grand totals.....	27,076,170	20,415,764						34,807,240	18,538,667	44,489,818		23,072,655	50,219,348	36,156,241	63,142,527	30,929,349
	47,491,934							53,845,907		67,562,473			86,375,584			94,071,866

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 15,664	.....	\$ 19,959	.....	\$ 24,746	.....	\$ 25,540	.....	\$ 35,773	.....
	United States.....	24,940	.....	33,974	.....	30,685	.....	43,079	.....	65,228	.....
	Other countries.....	890	.....	1,468	.....	2,195	.....	1,845	.....	1,816	.....
	Totals.....	41,494	.....	55,401	.....	57,626	.....	70,464	.....	102,817	.....
Animals, living.....	Great Britain.....	5	16,056	240	39,842	98	36,779	177	42,699	887	117,217
	United States.....	154,677	53,961	81,282	70,580	166,238	65,786	275,921	112,615	143,547	108,523
	Other countries.....	2	13,510	8	19,000	6	10,217	2	13,510	8	35,050
	Totals.....	154,684	83,527	81,530	129,422	165,342	112,782	276,100	168,824	144,442	260,790
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores.....	Great Britain.....	.....	2,358	.....	2,310	.....	4,905	.....	3,900	.....	4,181
	United States.....	.....	45,078	.....	41,771	.....	122,148	.....	60,430	.....	65,499
	Other countries.....	.....	1,206	.....	768	.....	2,040	.....	1,813	.....	1,577
	Totals.....	.....	48,642	.....	47,849	.....	129,093	.....	66,143	.....	71,257
Articles for use of the Army and Navy.....	Great Britain.....	.....	327	.....	244	.....	2,298	.....	566	.....	642
	United States.....	.....	90	.....	160	.....	298	.....	718	.....	160
	Other countries.....	.....	300	.....	.....	.....	190	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	717	.....	404	.....	2,646	.....	1,612	.....	802

[illegible]

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 39,353	\$ 237,133	\$ 48,305	\$ 511,169	\$ 126,047	\$ 916,102	\$ 72,219	\$ 492,574	\$ 107,213	\$ 985,952
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	39,353	237,133	48,305	511,169	126,047	916,102	72,219	492,574	107,213	985,952
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....					11					
	United States.....	15,098		15,428		31,696		26,126		28,713	
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	15,098		15,428		31,707		26,126		28,713	
All other, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	480		192		3,216		1,337		581	
	United States.....	29,264	39	25,763		147,118	120	50,357	117	44,452	32
	Other countries.....	273		494		735		372		1,084	
	Totals.....	27,017	39	26,449		151,069	120	52,066	117	46,117	32
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	16,613		28,508	41,198	35,494		28,174		64,777	41,198
	United States.....	117,452	237,186	117,865	511,214	374,284	925,473	203,355	497,787	231,855	987,164
	Other countries.....	83,744		29,840	100,688	97,449		122,431		57,908	109,836
	Totals.....	217,809	237,186	176,213	653,100	507,227	925,473	353,960	497,787	354,540	1,138,198
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	3,574	14,316	13,487	36,789	4,748	43,370	5,191	19,427	14,803	39,637
	United States.....	42,315	42,001	38,739	75,881	64,767	69,033	64,962	81,515	68,143	139,840
	Other countries.....	5		41		35	90	427		195	
	Totals.....	45,894	56,317	52,267	112,670	69,850	112,493	70,580	100,942	83,141	179,477

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	2,515	5,714	8,222	3,615	8,841
	United States.....	3,398	2,346	9,158	15,826	4,679
	Other countries.....		1,045	1,921	1,894	1,100
	Totals.....	5,913	9,105	19,301	21,335	14,620
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	17,085	16,954	32,591	31,919	32,875
	Other countries.....		8			20
	Totals.....	17,085	16,962	32,591	31,919	32,895
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	3,683				
	United States.....	11,345				
	Other countries.....	6,477				
	Totals.....	21,505				
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	3,963				
	United States.....	12,225				
	Other countries.....	4,889				
	Totals.....	21,077				
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	1,771				
	United States.....	8,407				
	Other countries.....	139				
	Totals.....	10,317				
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....	26,436				
	United States.....	2,561				
	Other countries.....	7,559				
	Totals.....	36,556				
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	39,947				
	United States.....	90,719				
	Other countries.....	16,387				
	Totals.....	147,053				

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	640		2,061		939		1,237		3,524			
	United States...	6,588		6,597		18,543		12,469		9,714			
	Other countries..												
	Totals	7,228		8,658		19,482		13,696		13,238			
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	3,124				1,654		7,885					
	United States...	20,692		32,581		50,650		37,439		52,575			
	Other countries..	6,987		3,278		15,660		8,759		15,555			
	Totals	30,803		35,859		67,964		54,083		68,130			
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain...	1,948		2,392		1,814		3,005		5,555			
	United States...	134,663		263,817		200,187		291,868		403,304			
	Other countries..	25						25					
	Totals	136,636		266,209		202,001		294,898		408,859			
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain...	45,659		32,182		12,321		82,918		59,160			
	United States...	232,662		413,078		391,536		474,012		705,418			
	Other countries..	23,399		10,369		36,383		28,835		64,265			
	Totals	321,720		455,629		440,240		585,765		828,843			
Cement	Great Britain...	30,187		41,359		34,196		39,947		58,709			
	United States...	64,719		31,422		146,470		99,943		54,844			
	Belgium	4,211		6,017		5,952				6,246			
	Other countries..	3,880		3,106		9,694		4,082		3,243			
	Totals	102,997		81,904		196,312		150,061		123,072			

Clocks.....	Great Britain.....	1,207	.....	3,972	.....	1,775	.....	1,661	.....	5,170	.....
	United States.....	28,933	.....	28,470	.....	39,088	.....	52,548	.....	52,253	.....
	Germany.....	2,807	.....	3,728	.....	6,269	.....	4,728	.....	9,567	.....
	Other countries.....	1,125	.....	636	.....	494	.....	1,422	.....	1,652	.....
	Totals.....	34,072	.....	36,805	.....	47,626	.....	60,354	.....	68,642	.....
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	Great Britain.....	6,582	50,670	2,107	4,084	10,477	13,851	16,824	56,897	2,748	15,664
	United States.....	591,315	655,842	995,843	1,476,735	1,481,377	2,476,016	1,459,308	1,230,726	1,761,173	2,375,145
	Other countries.....	8	16	16	314	75	.....	8	.....	9,963	1,678
	Totals.....	597,905	706,512	997,966	1,481,133	1,491,929	2,489,867	1,476,140	1,287,623	1,773,884	2,392,467
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain.....	25,291	325	24,225	380	35,494	4,725	42,340	2,335	42,464	5,582
	United States.....	31,834	29,004	27,279	29,249	47,302	16,100	51,591	42,884	60,691	54,398
	Other countries.....	13,219	8,523	15,872	9,322	15,167	24,312	23,866	12,398	31,505	30,433
	Totals.....	70,344	37,852	67,376	38,951	97,953	45,137	117,797	57,617	134,660	90,433
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory.....	Great Britain.....	2,552	7,449	3,785	8,198	3,954	10,467	4,064	16,991	4,974	16,411
	United States.....	12,004	.....	8,066	.....	18,462	.....	18,697	.....	16,181	.....
	Brazil.....	.....	16,810	.....	15,049	.....	29,660	.....	33,839	.....	39,408
	Venezuela.....	.....	.....	.....	14,566	.....	2,314	.....	13,032	.....	14,566
	Other countries.....	48	29,560	214	49,993	2,610	80,623	6,273	68,774	2,426	60,836
	Totals.....	14,604	53,819	12,065	87,806	25,026	123,064	29,034	182,636	23,581	131,221
Collars and cuffs.....	Great Britain.....	3,280	.....	8,067	.....	10,347	.....	6,157	.....	10,219	.....
	United States.....	7,636	.....	8,020	.....	18,086	.....	14,508	.....	16,310	.....
	Aust.-Hungary.....	3,389	.....	3,759	.....	66	.....	10,564	.....	9,460	.....
	Other countries.....	2,747	.....	528	.....	6,158	.....	8,077	.....	1,035	.....
	Totals.....	17,052	.....	20,374	.....	34,657	.....	39,306	.....	37,024	.....
Combs.....	Great Britain.....	8,639	.....	14,261	.....	11,409	.....	14,220	.....	21,603	.....
	United States.....	5,237	.....	8,552	.....	12,771	.....	18,002	.....	23,271	.....
	Germany.....	1,596	.....	5,421	.....	6,296	.....	7,396	.....	8,137	.....
	Other countries.....	3,949	.....	8,695	.....	2,298	.....	.....	.....	13,535	.....
	Totals.....	19,421	.....	36,929	.....	32,774	.....	44,377	.....	66,546	.....
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	22,256	2,109	23,532	621	42,041	2,311	35,881	2,215	40,604	1,410
	United States.....	12,747	75,136	18,485	119,620	39,008	156,601	25,872	91,216	37,095	135,131
	Other countries.....	3	95	.....	.....	281	.....	119	.....	97	.....
	Totals.....	35,006	77,245	42,112	120,241	81,330	158,912	61,872	93,431	77,796	136,541

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton	Great Britain	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States	465,513	361,485	361,485	15,804	791,888	162	954,378	921,663
	Other countries		3,816	3,816					11,139
	Totals	465,513	365,301	365,301		807,693	954,540		932,802
Embroideries, white	Great Britain	7,640	20,380	20,380	7,986			17,656	45,204
	United States	5,990	2,915	2,915	1,295			11,236	11,744
	Switzerland	31,190	67,287	67,287	31,014			60,087	130,502
	Other countries	4,043	7,461	7,461	2,361			7,569	13,914
	Totals	48,263	98,043	98,043	42,656			96,548	201,361
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain	79,230	168,591	168,591	131,352			184,432	356,409
	United States	37,934	31,782	31,782	43,419			65,903	52,146
	Other countries	3,045	2,431	2,431	2,305			9,405	8,441
	Totals	120,209	202,804	202,804	177,076			259,800	416,996
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain	188,435	253,615	253,615	341,395			451,891	547,028
	United States	42,359	39,334	39,334	70,247			76,610	81,260
	Other countries	10,982	7,325	7,325	9,496			22,147	16,823
	Totals	241,776	300,274	300,274	421,138			550,648	645,171
Lace, white and cream coloured	Great Britain		87,704	87,704					151,290
	United States		1,214	1,214					2,830
	Other countries		23,007	23,007					50,560
	Totals		111,955	111,955					204,680

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	11,690	17,893	19,585	28,414	36,664
	United States.....	4,294	4,290	8,452	6,893	8,290
	Germany.....	23,738	26,165	34,536	43,191	50,163
	Other countries.....	97	462	555	968	633
	Totals.....	39,789	48,810	63,128	79,466	95,690
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	38,007	103,754	65,671	76,669	148,926
	United States.....	14,585	19,154	28,433	30,936	38,587
	Germany.....	1,221	766	4,730	1,769	912
	Other countries.....	53,813	123,674	98,834	109,374	188,425
	Totals.....	26,572	24,692	28,126	40,937	47,252
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	5,228	7,440	12,430	12,933	14,827
	United States.....	698	1,736	995	1,289	3,259
	Germany.....	1,436	561	1,007	3,408	1,342
	Other countries.....	33,934	34,429	42,558	58,567	66,660
	Totals.....	105,464	188,903	192,309	238,735	374,842
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	116,733	141,861	176,345	236,576	272,300
	United States.....	19,545	21,826	511	35,787	37,313
	Germany.....	241,742	352,590	395,841	511,098	684,455
	Other countries.....	457,038	865,532	786,424	1,038,734	1,707,675
	Totals.....	226,493	248,020	310,621	441,087	481,924
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	95,995	5,856	114,186	185,680	313,842
	United States.....	779,526	582,139	1,272,579	1,665,501	2,503,441
	Germany.....	27,499	24,206	45,889	57,894	66,646
	Other countries.....	7,172	7,899	10,996	15,207	13,686
	Totals.....	6,335	9,983	8,619	12,439	20,412
Curtains, made up, trimmed or untrimmed.....	Great Britain.....	4,835	5,205	4,937	15,690	10,243
	United States.....	45,841	47,293	70,491	101,230	110,987
	Germany.....	130,307	98,778	116,652	181,033	159,583
	Other countries.....	116,504	372,159	170,612	508,597	749,819
	Totals.....	63,093	91,081	88,643	95,405	99,243
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.....	Great Britain.....	309,904	562,018	375,907	485,035	486,528
	United States.....	291,211	577,207	788,663	1,040,432	1,089,643
	Germany.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	Other countries.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Totals.....	684,455	201,295	684,455	103,925	103,925
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	United States.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Germany.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	Other countries.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Totals.....	684,455	201,295	684,455	103,925	103,925
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	United States.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Germany.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	Other countries.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Totals.....	684,455	201,295	684,455	103,925	103,925
Curtains, made up, trimmed or untrimmed.....	Great Britain.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	United States.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Germany.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	Other countries.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Totals.....	684,455	201,295	684,455	103,925	103,925
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.....	Great Britain.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	United States.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Germany.....	68,170	956,907	1,036,727	68,170	956,907
	Other countries.....	35,244	37,313	511	61,650	11,650
	Totals.....	684,455	201,295	684,455	103,925	103,925

Fancy articles, other.....	Germany.....	25,080	7,465	43,112	57,750	16,215
	Switzerland.....	8,104	2,471	.....	17,047	6,284
	Other countries.....	1,348	965	9,647	3,760	1,866
	Totals.....	183,813	69,518	236,661	312,801	164,195
Great Britain.....	Great Britain.....	16,561	36,392	42,650	44,466	60,817
	United States.....	31,348	26,397	44,161	59,683	51,155
	France.....	11,897	8,137	10,481	20,479	20,121
	Germany.....	16,438	22,538	10,915	28,818	32,542
Recapitulation.	Other countries.....	5,412	8,259	15,826	8,322	15,984
	Totals.....	81,656	101,723	124,033	161,768	180,619
Fancy articles.....	Great Britain.....	103,543	90,382	200,155	249,475	185,729
	United States.....	44,637	47,086	91,634	93,241	90,087
	Other countries.....	89,569	65,544	126,861	187,300	130,805
	Totals.....	237,749	203,012	418,650	530,016	406,621
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain.....	1,662	175	777	3,043	897
	United States.....	31,891	52,704	37,173	66,475	107,054
	Other countries.....	821	1,052	783	821	630
	Totals.....	34,374	52,879	37,950	70,339	108,581
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....	Great Britain.....	3,822	2,683	6,358	8,905	5,527
	United States.....	3,844	3,264	9,427	9,161	4,228
	Other countries.....	4	4,999	9	4	.....
	Totals.....	7,670	5,947	15,794	18,070	9,755
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	8,386	12,383	16,914	13,572	16,921
	United States.....	25,705	24,961	60,694	68,303	67,628
	Newfoundland.....	.....	63,170	16,184	19,004	22,829
	Other countries.....	11,171	15,406	13,597	.....	.....
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper napkins, doilies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. P.	Totals.....	45,262	52,750	91,205	100,879	107,378
	Great Britain.....	58,753	55,234	100,954	107,628	124,664
	United States.....	386	382	1,315	1,501	1,576
	Germany.....	4,210	312	2,981	4,329	553
Other countries.....	Other countries.....	7,566	5,402	9,348	12,547	12,441
	Totals.....	70,915	61,330	114,598	126,005	139,234

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Hemp, undressed	Great Britain.....	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	37,646	46,540	42,013	92,807	82,282	60,188	47,990	60,577
	Other countries.....	8,581	50,643	50,643	63,085	5,347	50,643		50,643
	Totals	46,227	139,196		155,952	135,619	171,408		
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain.....	17,853	36,083		9,093	25,214	58,950		
	United States.....	1,230	3,036		122	1,264	5,838		
	B. E. Indies.....	92,080	46,227		40,614	136,077	179,522		
	Other countries.....								
	Totals	111,163	85,346		49,829	162,555	244,310		
Jute cloth as taken from the loom.	Great Britain.....			122,353	164,907		93,966		
	United States.....			110	259		88		
	B. E. Indies.....			9,935	11,396		54,320		
	Other countries.....								
	Totals.....		75,145	132,398	176,562		148,374		
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleached, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain.....	55,441	54,705		83,067		124,187		
	United States.....	2,519	820		6,746		7,096		
	Other countries.....	833	643		1,557		663		
	Total.....	58,793	56,258		91,370		131,946		

Flax, hemp and jute, other...	Great Britain...	76,152	38,987	111,489	56,268	136,615	60,787	159,108	59,335	198,128	99,705
	United States...	7,286	3,032	7,022	4,461	9,176	14,518	15,144	9,792	16,323	8,165
	Other countries...	11,280	25,959	25,959	5,791	13,284	..	23,552	.....	37,347	13,976
	Total	94,668	42,019	144,470	66,520	159,075	76,305	197,804	69,127	251,798	121,846
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of....	Great Britain...	208,199	124,918	257,601	225,161	329,729	318,561	409,784	235,583	505,929	329,736
	United States...	11,421	11,701	11,260	46,584	17,359	77,862	24,132	57,870	36,833	68,956
	Other countries...	115,919	26,772	78,543	66,369	67,784	11,396	168,003	59,667	230,525	88,577
	Totals.....	335,539	163,391	347,404	338,114	414,872	407,819	601,919	353,120	767,288	487,269
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain...	1,798	.....	3,243	.....	4,503	.....	3,505	.....	6,363	.....
	United States...	69,560	.....	55,332	.....	99,299	.....	132,151	.....	116,898	.....
	France.....	22,982	.....	24,665	.....	23,272	.....	38,091	.....	45,326	.....
	Greece.....	15,501	.....	18,601	.....	13,877	.....	23,152	.....	38,033	.....
Other countries.	Spain.....	20,608	.....	14,518	.....	17,343	.....	37,366	.....	35,931	.....
	Other countries.	19,014	.....	9,520	.....	14,247	.....	26,377	.....	22,314	.....
	Totals.....	149,463	.....	125,879	.....	172,541	.....	260,642	.....	264,865	.....
<i>Fruits, green.....</i>											
Fruits, green.....	Great Britain...	9,039	.....	.....	50,271	10,409	.....	32,580	.....	.....	89,719
	United States...	167,683	.....	43,108	432,756	293,756	294,404	305,856	355,431	60,927	700,362
	Italy.....	49,879	.....	.....	126,672	33,589	.....	61,344	.....	.....	147,110
	Other countries.	10,675	.....	583	18,808	4,146	3,019	13,487	7,947	.....	25,404
Totals.....	Totals.....	237,276	253,934	43,691	628,507	341,900	297,483	413,267	363,378	61,510	953,595
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies,</i>											
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....	Great Britain...	15,097	715	17,976	.....	13,669	.....	24,814	715	41,110	.....
	United States...	3,812	.....	4,313	.....	7,500	2	6,756	14	7,995	3
	Other countries.	7,599	.....	4,354	851	8,139	.....	10,366	.....	6,941	1,442
	Totals.....	26,508	715	26,643	851	29,308	2	41,936	729	56,046	1,445
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.....	Great Britain...	25,934	715	21,219	50,271	28,531	.....	60,899	715	47,473	89,719
	United States...	241,055	249,149	102,753	432,756	400,855	294,466	444,763	355,445	185,820	700,365
	Other countries...	146,258	4,785	72,241	146,331	114,613	3,019	220,183	7,947	149,128	173,956
	Totals.....	413,247	254,649	196,213	628,358	543,749	297,485	715,845	364,107	382,421	953,040

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	\$ 35,353	46,864	\$ 52,094	29,184	\$ 95,730	185,744	\$ 55,967	76,516
	United States...	12,934	100,373	17,936	114,930	41,872	318,431	33,611	282,177
	Germany	31,138	43,329	30,327	48,519	52,398	57,404	49,540	108,469
	Other countries ..	19,875	11,313	16,993	19,531	48,370	24,903	44,557	12,313
	Totals	99,300	201,879	117,350	212,164	238,570	586,482	183,675	479,475
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	69,269	.....	78,538	.....	59,472	.....	96,071	.....
	United States...	3,354	.....	1,914	.....	4,708	.....	5,246	.....
	Belgium	43,448	.....	77,527	.....	52,758	.....	95,294	.....
	Other countries ..	.....	.....	87	.....	427	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	107,071	.....	158,066	.....	117,365	.....	196,611	.....
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain...	24,303	.....	28,110	.....	20,182	.....	54,985	.....
	United States...	21	.....	119	.....	1,074	.....	233	.....
	Belgium	14,257	.....	13,838	.....	24,745	.....	27,575	.....
	Other countries ..	3,387	.....	2,695	.....	8,482	.....	7,356	.....
	Totals	41,968	.....	44,762	.....	54,483	.....	90,159	.....
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	24,131	.....	32,561	.....	29,885	.....	34,317	.....
	United States...	66,618	.....	66,983	.....	101,711	.....	125,113	.....
	Germany	17,432	.....	9,978	.....	39,611	.....	25,860	.....
	Other countries ..	34,958	.....	33,998	.....	44,193	.....	48,392	.....
	Totals	143,139	.....	143,520	.....	215,400	.....	233,682	.....

Glass, other...

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.	Great Britain.....	108,703	139,209	109,589	185,383	178,250
	United States.....	63,993	69,016	107,493	130,592	130,497
	Other countries.....	113,482	138,123	170,216	204,477	236,336
	Totals.....	292,178	346,348	387,248	520,452	545,513
Gloves and mitis, all kinds.	Great Britain.....	26,899	54,762	39,742	56,078	112,686
	United States.....	11,612	18,376	17,122	34,319	31,016
	France.....	24,521	11,035	29,341	60,636	43,583
	Germany.....	13,353	36,205	16,024	30,728	59,396
Glue and mucilage.	Other countries.....	2,723	9,453	722	6,454	14,703
	Totals.....	79,105	129,831	102,951	188,215	266,384
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.....	9,521	7,190	8,170	14,840	12,605
	United States.....	11,263	10,217	15,611	18,054	18,194
	Germany.....	3,942	1,841	12,699	7,615	2,904
	Other countries.....	4,914	3,640	7,093	6,129	5,114
Grease, all kinds.	Totals.....	29,640	22,888	43,573	46,638	38,817
	Great Britain.....	43	30	22,121	52	52
	United States.....	5,193	9,211	33,795	81,802	16,116
	Other countries.....	3,534	2,211	100,952	1,305	5,556
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.	Totals.....	2,770	11,452	156,868	13,463	21,724
	Great Britain.....	11,049	56	1,116	1,970	110
	United States.....	34,149	7,768	85,986	47,215	14,589
	Other countries.....	726	.....	327	1,572	745
Gunpowder and other explosives.	Totals.....	11,049	7,824	7,297	21,852	14,699
	Great Britain.....	49,487	87,822	45,730	106,316	99,412
	United States.....	33,881	40,696	30,431	48,765	63,137
	Other countries.....	43	506	75	270	1,847
	Totals.....	83,411	129,024	76,236	155,351	164,396
	Great Britain.....	9,779	18,473	22,428	21,523	35,671
	United States.....	51,227	69,264	101,178	98,703	136,243
	Other countries.....	4,748	6,248	5,394	7,411	11,740
	Totals.....	65,754	94,485	129,000	127,637	183,654
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Ink.....	3,543	5,994	4,282	• 3,008	7,344
Great Britain.....	12,205	10,454	20,606	22,479	22,881
United States.....	341	186	2,095	413	189
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	16,089	16,634	26,983	26,800	30,414
Jewellery.....					
Great Britain.....	13,890	33,154	15,325	21,808	49,650
United States.....	47,354	56,411	78,613	105,562	120,560
Germany.....	9,855	12,226	10,155	13,482	16,738
Other countries.....	3,996	11,572	6,506	6,077	19,278
Totals.....	75,095	113,363	110,599	146,929	206,241
Junk, old and oakum.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Leather and mfrs. of—					
Leather, unmanufactured—					
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep					
skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.					
Great Britain.....	5,032	10,528	16,223	13,376	17,491
United States.....	31,306	23,783	51,689	50,586	40,533
France.....	490	5,788	7,360	2,408	6,702
Other countries.....		710	214		1,910
Totals.....	36,828	40,809	75,486	66,370	66,696
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed,					
coloured or uncoloured, import-					
ed by glove manufacturers for					
use in their own factories.....					
Great Britain.....	75	1,269	565	472	1,776
United States.....	38,129	54,026	52,614	78,192	97,877
Other countries.....	3,133	2,547	2,118	3,588	3,094
Totals.....	41,338	57,842	55,297	82,252	102,747
Sole leather, all kinds.....					
Great Britain.....	4,842	26,929	6,322	7,825	41,635
United States.....	9,915	112	11,441	11,021	397
France.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	14,757	27,041	17,763	18,846	42,032
Upper leather including dongola,					
cordovan, kangaroo, alligator					
and chamois skins, or other					
upper leather, N.E.S., dressed,					
waxed or glazed.....					
Great Britain.....	8,448	6,574	5,510	11,164	9,798
United States.....	6,634	8,892	13,339	12,011	21,239
France.....	6,204		3,123	12,557	22
Other countries.....	45		12	852	
Totals.....	21,331	15,466	21,984	36,584	31,059

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	13,237	15,935	22,538	19,983	16,229	22,287	22,745	30,440	42,846	47,101
	United States...	74,737	94,722	128,196	109,503	116,161	108,660	141,444	164,651	251,553	170,756
	Other countries...	5,168	3,713	3,951	7,603	8,213	1,062	8,577	6,227	6,311	15,915
	Totals.....	93,142	114,370	154,685	137,089	140,603	132,009	172,766	201,318	300,750	233,742
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,005	3,276	1,345	53,012	826	20,101	1,618	9,525	1,770	77,141
	United States...	20,150	312,760	8,172	416,777	16,035	358,984	27,147	560,294	18,415	798,040
	Other countries...	505	540	266	639	747	132	756	540	321	659
	Totals.....	21,660	316,576	9,783	470,448	17,608	379,237	29,521	570,359	20,506	875,840
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	22,493	...	23,887	...	20,434	...	46,858	...	37,798	...
	United States...	22,489	91	27,615	...	51,075	...	44,274	...	48,735	...
	Other countries...	9,528	...	6,534	...	9,127	...	13,027	...	10,768	...
	Totals.....	54,510	91	58,036	...	80,636	...	104,159	...	97,301	...
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain...	4,447	...	4,710	...	6,360	...	5,051	...	6,306	...
	United States...	215,046	...	241,364	...	309,238	...	423,862	...	485,089	...
	Other countries...	30	...	114	...	489	...	106	...	422	...
	Totals.....	219,523	...	246,188	...	316,087	...	429,019	...	491,817	...
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	Great Britain...	102,252	...	92,147	...	46,545	...	132,215	...	122,073	...
	United States...	123,909	...	215,432	...	111,513	...	242,977	...	387,200	...
	Other countries...	3,349	...	4,093	...	5,090	...	4,026	...	6,427	...
	Totals.....	220,510	...	311,672	...	163,148	...	379,218	...	515,700	...
Chains.....	Great Britain...	8,870	...	18,275	...	12,080	...	15,026	...	38,844	...
	United States...	17,893	...	19,578	...	34,443	...	44,625	...	31,923	...
	Other countries...	1,070	...	586	...	380	...	1,127	...	661	...
	Totals.....	27,833	...	38,439	...	46,903	...	60,778	...	71,428	...
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain...	...	8,938	...	120	...	42,321	...	20,345	...	321
	United States...	...	51,655	...	78,528	...	99,863	...	103,226	...	130,194
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	109
	Totals.....	...	60,593	...	78,648	...	142,184	...	123,571	...	130,624

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain.....	50,929	339,405	50,555	61,395	498,247
	United States.....	84,828	223,074	107,620	252,737	412,198
	Other countries.....		117	4,758		846
	Totals.....	135,757	562,506	162,933	314,132	911,291
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N. E.S.	Great Britain.....	31	7,281	310	31	7,287
	United States.....	62,301	112,085	211,631	172,738	151,478
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	62,332	119,366	211,941	172,769	158,765
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.	Great Britain.....	33,804	30,858	52,649	40,954	80,896
	United States.....	9,798	40,920	57,513	17,383	74,615
	Other countries.....		19,872			19,872
	Totals.....	43,602	91,650	110,162	58,337	175,383
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over 3 inch in diameter, &c.	Great Britain.....		1,839		18,521	1,839
	United States.....		10,717	153,839	66,461	39,925
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....		12,556	155,839	84,982	41,764
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Great Britain.....	272,021	397,676	371,946	342,036	2,779
	United States.....	116,669	196,489	175,460	186,581	307,647
	Other countries.....	1,501	1,578	6,630	3,282	6,389
	Totals.....	390,191	198,067	554,036	531,909	517,510
Machinery and machines.	Great Britain.....	36,866	65,687	52,855	82,513	133,440
	United States.....	881,295	1,213,238	982,687	1,587,219	2,293,415
	Other countries.....	28,283	8,391	36,876	32,126	370,453
	Totals.....	946,444	1,287,316	1,072,418	1,701,858	15,288
						428
						421,165
Nails.	Great Britain.....	1,077	317	969	1,590	550
	United States.....	4,853	31,292	26,414	8,853	33,571
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	5,930	31,609	27,383	10,443	34,121

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—<i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>									
Rolled iron or steel angles, tees,	Great Britain...	148,677	.....	133,552	.....	46,737	.....	173,223	161,598
beams, channels, girders and	United States...	134,402	.....	176,268	.....	251,812	.....	280,974	326,372
other rolled shapes or sections,	Germany...	33,232	.....	25,274	.....	50,278	.....	40,279	53,982
not punched, &c.	Other countries.	.....	.....	8,123	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,123
	Totals.....	316,311	.....	343,217	.....	348,827	.....	494,476	550,975
Rolled iron and steel plates or									
sheets, sheared or unsheared	Great Britain...	14,056	.....	37,235	.....	24,830	.....	19,115	48,671
and skelp iron or steel sheared	United States...	25,325	.....	41,294	.....	32,995	.....	38,695	72,110
or rolled in grooves.....	Other countries.	4,345	.....	591	.....	7,633	.....	6,645	591
	Totals.....	43,726	.....	79,120	.....	65,458	.....	64,455	121,372
Rolled iron or steel plates not less									
than 30 inches in width and not	Great Britain...	23,006	.....	11,390	.....	21,992	.....	25,057	16,196
less than 4 inch in thickness,	United States...	106,697	.....	33,336	.....	100,382	.....	201,191	82,169
N. O. P.	Other countries.	558	.....	.....	103	.....	.....	1,522	.....
	Totals.....	130,231	.....	44,726	.....	122,477	.....	227,773	98,365
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or									
rolled in grooves, &c.	Great Britain...	1,555	.....	2,133	.....	3,359	.....	1,555	2,133
	United States...	89,711	.....	97,304	.....	280,650	.....	136,390	173,634
	Other countries.	850	.....	868	.....	.....	.....	850	868
	Totals.....	92,116	.....	100,305	.....	284,009	.....	138,745	176,635

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	41,578	44,288	36,108	79,084	92,114	81,743
	United States...	46,862	41,074	96,803	93,087	8,249	
	Other countries...	1,445	2,449	1,269	1,488		
	Totals	89,885	43,523	134,180	173,659	95,363	81,743
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	72,527	31,975	164,815	102,153	51,251	
	United States...	72,527	31,975	164,815	80		
	Other countries...						
	Totals	72,527	31,975	164,815	102,233	51,251	
Steel rails.	Great Britain...	49,314	2,659	124,595	356	2,659	
	United States...	49,314	38,788	28,193	68,752	106,524	
	Other countries...						
	Totals	49,314	41,447	152,788	1,495	109,183	
Tools and implements.	Great Britain...	9,080	10,719	12,886	15,248	20,571	
	United States...	139,007	138,898	220,546	271,350	275,622	
	Other countries...	5,922	5,683	7,406	11,956	9,968	
	Totals	154,009	155,800	240,838	298,554	306,161	
Tubing.	Great Britain...	11,074	3,872	38,191	20,493	13,426	45,837
	United States...	142,862	20,070	170,659	214,381	128,083	130,437
	Other countries...	3,272	5,892	3,899	5,701		12,986
	Totals	157,208	60,308	212,749	240,575	141,509	189,260
Wire.	Great Britain...	21,179	9,573	28,404	42,791	128,516	170,830
	United States...	87,119	362,977	84,803	138,777	131,939	468,035
	Other countries...	786	4,943	243	2,078	5,509	7,580
	Totals	109,084	162,767	113,450	183,646	265,964	656,445
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	140,202	49,788	280,248	254,016	439,054	82,662
	United States...	704,590	203,593	951,321	1,300,227	1,513,481	417,342
	Other countries...	25,622	32,684	49,650	40,409	25,180	61,435
	Totals	870,414	1,186,729	1,281,219	1,594,652	2,004,123	561,439

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.						TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> <i>Recapitulation.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	980,762	92,457	1,294,029	578,748	1,314,241	116,284	1,450,008	147,364	1,888,925	961,023		
	United States....	3,362,201	553,702	4,401,605	953,345	4,771,581	1,036,807	6,246,742	1,110,339	7,881,742	1,598,108		
	Other countries....	122,507	26,973	134,077	43,769	193,302	44,037	177,869	40,196	226,957	82,538		
	Totals.....	4,465,470	673,132	5,829,711	1,575,862	6,279,124	1,217,098	7,874,619	1,297,919	9,996,724	2,641,672		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	43,936	5,618	46,646	10,570	21,944	9,488	53,395	7,948	83,696	15,434		
	United States....	5,432	1,964	3,122	1,971	11,134	7,300	10,443	6,103	9,379	9,179		
	Other countries....	2,330	1,411	4,784	.....	5,690	2	4,549	2,137	7,502	15		
	Totals.....	51,698	8,993	54,552	12,541	38,768	16,790	68,387	16,188	100,577	24,628		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	2,608	151,445	4,806	253,531	5,068	369,956	4,442	266,196	7,081	434,472		
	United States....	22,021	226,974	20,579	235,146	23,347	321,157	38,404	440,280	37,405	331,974		
	Other countries....	1,175	71,923	765	63,942	1,408	76,827	1,846	115,921	1,063	107,296		
	Totals.....	25,804	450,342	26,150	552,619	29,883	767,940	41,692	822,397	45,529	933,742		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	67	28,474	547	46,446	16	25,623	67	40,805	547	73,432		
	United States....	1,156	21,423	1,114	4,407	1,978	4,240	2,308	25,981	2,030	9,856		
	Belgium.....	.....	12,297	.....	36,876	.....	27,308	.....	20,265	.....	59,867		
	Germany.....	31	12,732	9,754	1,220	.....	31	.....	12,732	.....	9,928		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Other countries....	214	.....	169	1,682	299	9,573	214	.....	393	5,333		
	Totals.....	1,468	74,926	1,830	99,164	2,293	67,964	2,620	99,783	2,970	158,416		
	Great Britain....	26,874	10,722	26,479	13,118	31,615	34,558	51,438	28,138	52,482	23,964		
	United States....	136,152	256,451	198,310	215,081	204,818	222,818	252,473	340,783	331,974	346,253		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Other countries....	8,583	36,117	29,538	10,770	16,760	16,134	15,019	48,404	46,257	18,075		
	Totals.....	171,609	303,290	254,327	238,969	253,193	273,510	319,630	417,325	452,059	388,297		

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	1,090,982	307,927	1,420,277	975,408	1,410,373	598,267	1,630,591	530,416	2,115,095	1,632,570
	United States	3,644,338	1,468,087	4,788,713	1,936,230	5,196,129	2,079,966	6,760,235	2,648,590	8,602,619	3,324,141
	Other countries	150,041	163,706	180,084	175,054	235,006	176,315	221,968	246,422	298,702	239,626
	Totals	4,885,361	1,941,720	6,389,074	3,086,692	6,842,108	2,854,548	8,612,794	3,425,428	11,016,416	5,256,337
Mineral water	Great Britain	2,205	40	2,556	2,289	2,289	194	2,981	69	2,948	85
	United States	6,881	7,446	16,730	25	11,118	14,625	14,766	19,320	19,320	108
	France	13,983	6,489	795	5,511	5,511	5,511	5,438	5,438	5,438	6,531
	Other countries	1,919	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	1,932	1,932	1,932	1,932
Musical instruments	Totals	30,188	40	34,016	25	33,543	194	39,443	69	41,774	193
	Great Britain	3,303	1,195	5,304	1,104	3,399	877	5,116	1,923	9,952	2,667
	United States	43,403	1,921	63,874	5,530	52,969	4,512	74,968	3,991	131,716	8,569
	Germany	6,952	3,369	3,040	5,851	11,711	3,921	10,669	4,294	10,963	6,411
Mustard	Other countries	2,109	3,239	3,239	5,642	5,642	5,642	4,232	4,232	6,123	6,123
	Totals	55,827	6,485	75,457	12,485	73,721	9,310	94,985	10,208	158,754	17,647
	Great Britain	15,330	15,213	15,213	14,890	14,890	14,890	20,690	20,690	21,106	21,106
	United States	2,373	3,464	3,464	148	148	148	4,066	4,066	5,543	5,543
Oils :—	Other countries	63	42	42	166	166	166	166	166	48	48
	Totals	17,766	18,719	18,719	21,278	21,278	21,278	24,922	24,922	26,997	26,997
	Great Britain	15	882	430	579	1,012	882	288	1,266	1,082	656
	United States	45,246	65,171	45,544	134,970	83,392	207,214	93,370	96,051	108,139	212,433
Fish oils	Other countries	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	550
	Totals	45,261	66,053	45,974	136,099	84,404	208,096	93,658	97,317	109,221	213,639
	Great Britain	302	29	29	391	391	391	463	463	623	623
	United States	1,794	4,776	489	3,586	3,586	3,586	2,086	5,242	4,096	3,745
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Newfoundland	587	664	664	730	730	730	900	900	1,430	1,430
	Other countries	587	664	664	730	730	730	900	900	1,430	1,430
	Totals	2,683	4,776	1,182	3,745	4,707	4,329	3,449	5,242	6,149	3,745
	Great Britain	12,433	4,606	1,301	1,301	1,301	1,301	10,433	23,433	12,338	12,338
Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	United States	4,606	1,055	6,619	5,246	14,900	14,900	6,619	8,190	8,190	8,190
	Other countries	1,055	2,590	2,590	2,590	2,590	2,590	2,590	3,450	2,990	2,990
	Totals	18,094	9,137	9,137	9,137	9,137	9,137	28,242	33,502	23,518	23,518
	Great Britain	18,094	9,137	9,137	9,137	9,137	9,137	28,242	33,502	23,518	23,518

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain...	\$ 15,750		\$ 21,815		\$ 40,037		\$ 28,813		\$ 43,284	
	United States...	36,867		26,553		65,447		76,790		65,969	
	Other countries...	417		88		725		1,562		295	
	Totals.....	53,034		48,456		106,209		107,165		109,648	
Paper, other.....	Great Britain...	48,489		59,326	10	57,986		72,459		96,600	10
	United States...	177,010	4,454	216,376	3,329	307,874	2,945	325,958	8,737	395,005	7,029
	Other countries...	21,240		43,629		36,164	195	31,561	799	61,095	
	Totals.....	246,739	4,454	319,331	3,339	402,024	3,144	429,969	9,536	553,300	7,039
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	66,426		83,899	10	100,273		107,804		144,943	10
	United States...	229,151	4,454	258,062	3,329	426,038	2,945	445,436	8,737	497,520	7,029
	Other countries...	23,579		44,765		38,636	195	37,318	799	63,323	
	Totals.....	319,156	4,454	386,726	3,339	564,947	3,144	590,648	9,536	705,786	• 7,039
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise....	Great Britain...	4,039		3,541		1,151		4,423		6,035	
	United States...	9,706		15,279		12,538		14,893		25,614	
	Germany.....	1,169		2,867		3,701		3,563		4,278	
	Other countries...	2		105		30		2		238	
	Totals.....	14,916		21,792		17,420		22,791		36,165	

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds...	Great Britain...	1,828	.....	5,223	.....	7,290	.....	3,813	.....	8,145	.....
	United States...	11,734	.....	21,040	.....	19,163	.....	19,994	.....	34,911	.....
	Other countries..	168	.....	44	.....	711	.....	386	.....	115	.....
	Totals.....	13,730	.....	26,307	.....	27,164	.....	24,193	.....	43,171	.....
Perfumery, pomades, &c.....	Great Britain...	2,818	.....	2,284	.....	4,139	.....	4,045	.....	3,230	.....
	United States...	9,672	.....	15,672	.....	13,851	.....	18,080	.....	25,964	.....
	France.....	9,366	.....	9,580	.....	10,624	.....	13,148	.....	16,210	.....
	Other countries..	428	.....	661	.....	567	.....	1,018	.....	2,461	.....
	Totals.....	22,284	.....	28,197	.....	29,181	.....	36,891	.....	47,865	.....
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Great Britain...	24,225	.....	30,072	.....	39,795	.....	34,582	.....	42,648	.....
	United States...	12,910	.....	9,693	.....	23,573	.....	22,422	.....	20,272	.....
	Other countries..	6,078	.....	2,852	.....	4,400	.....	7,250	.....	4,775	.....
	Totals.....	43,213	.....	42,617	.....	67,768	.....	64,254	.....	67,695	.....
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Great Britain...	6,036	158,868	34,755	105,300	11,178	67,430	7,496	232,223	39,093	219,198
	United States...	13,786	8,102	12,648	75,975	6,771	31,449	15,427	25,616	15,107	85,746
	France.....	6,484	19,451	3,080	84,896	1,192	21,474	7,031	36,858	32,767	147,333
	Holland.....	.....	4,358	.....	14,676	.....	23,230	.....	37,816	67,676	69,504
	Other countries..	1,133	3,909	6,928	3,617	1,676	219,967	2,285	21,969	12,761	3,617
	Totals.....	27,439	194,688	57,411	284,464	20,817	363,559	32,239	354,482	100,404	525,398
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Great Britain...	5,870	.....	2,048	.....	2,217	.....	10,525	.....	4,782	.....
	United States...	85,144	233	179,315	.....	94,264	505	162,577	308	291,281	.....
	Other countries..	3,239	.....	3,134	.....	12,858	8	5,106	.....	8,681	.....
	Totals.....	94,253	233	184,497	.....	109,339	513	178,207	308	304,744	.....
Meats:— Bacon and hams.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	371	.....	296	.....	125	.....	491	.....
	United States...	80,872	.....	52,834	.....	86,351	.....	150,855	.....	101,185	.....
	Other countries..	185	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	185	.....	3	.....
	Totals.....	81,057	.....	53,205	.....	86,694	.....	151,155	.....	101,679	.....
Pork, barrelled in brine	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,980	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	53,929	.....	34,402	.....	58,787	.....	113,086	.....	60,058	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	53,929	.....	34,402	.....	63,767	.....	113,086	.....	60,058	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.						TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Dutiable.	Free.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Dutiable.	Free.	Free.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Other meats, N.E.S.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain...	6,597		2,714				2,747			7,193		3,437
	United States...	59,154		43,028				72,898			123,112		68,402
	Other countries..	1,270		916				2,170			1,864		10,877
	Totals	67,021		47,558				77,815			132,169		82,716
Provisions.....													
	Great Britain...	12,467		5,133				10,240			17,843		8,710
	United States...	279,099	233	310,179				312,300	505		549,620	308	520,926
	Other countries..	4,694		4,050				15,075	8		7,154		19,561
	Totals	296,260	233	319,362				337,615	513		574,617	308	549,197
Rags.....													
	Great Britain...		6,730		26,012				17,639			10,179	40,461
	United States...		16,981		37,735				30,679			37,046	95,851
	Germany		2,726		5,227				3,198			4,524	5,227
	Other countries..		1,846						219			1,846	1,396
	Totals		28,283		68,964				51,635			53,595	142,985
Remnet.....													
	Great Britain...		26									165	
	United States...		5,386		9,829				22,671			16,145	20,294
	Other countries..		2,550		9,006				9,579			11,210	15,465
	Totals		7,962		18,835				32,250			27,520	35,759
Resin or rosin.....													
	Great Britain...		894									894	
	United States...		31,239		41,485				52,665			44,603	69,003
	Other countries..												
	Totals		32,133		41,485				52,665			45,497	69,003

Ribbons.....	23,362	51,242	62,445	60,743	95,802
Great Britain.....	7,874	10,552	10,933	16,981	17,498
United States.....	13,994	25,638	18,960	34,944	49,006
France.....	14,723	28,232	53,802	5,590	59,307
Switzerland.....	580	4,803	146,140	153,357	14,790
Other countries.....	60,533	120,487	146,140	153,357	236,403
Totals.....					
Salt.....					
Great Britain.....		40,946	23,951		52,256
United States.....	7,867	77	323		570
Other countries.....		3,764	4,691		9,849
Totals.....	7,867	44,787	34,965	11,263	62,675
Seeds and bulbous roots.....					
Great Britain.....	1,261	1,564	15,375	3,452	30,336
United States.....	38,486	176,076	181,922	99,118	246,140
Other countries.....	224	2,598	1,543	465	3,014
Totals.....	39,971	180,238	198,840	103,035	279,490
Settlers' effects.....					
Great Britain.....		176,496			192,784
United States.....		1,170,750			2,881,159
Other countries.....		4,856			8,157
Totals.....		1,352,102			3,082,100
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing.....					
Great Britain.....	8,658	13,623	23,220	20,581	25,432
United States.....	3,758	5,375	19,677	7,735	11,924
Japan.....	1,075	2,778	5,624	1,377	7,657
Other countries.....	2,404	1,349	3,342	5,557	2,249
Totals.....	15,895	23,125	57,863	35,250	47,262
Fabrics.....					
Great Britain.....	83,580	114,015	233,447	200,161	248,537
United States.....	11,028	16,937	32,381	22,408	38,134
France.....	20,729	38,724	70,031	68,907	96,412
Germany.....	2,908	13,519	8,149	6,701	24,097
Japan.....	27,282	24,780	71,580	60,428	49,743
Switzerland.....	24,381	47,055	99,013	55,523	67,893
Other countries.....	20,347	10,026	48,407	42,362	44,827
Totals.....	199,255	265,056	563,008	456,490	564,643

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain											\$	\$
	United States		27,500		58,264		73,945		85,276		92,301		
	Other countries		10,885						10,885				
	Totals		38,335		58,264		73,945		96,111		92,301		
Velvets, velveteens, plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain	13,319		15,751		14,731		18,721		28,774			
	United States	1,311		1,990		1,721		1,688		4,021			
	France	270		3,912		5,499		1,734		7,991			
	Germany	2,052		4,102		1,347		3,139		6,535			
Silk, other.	Other countries							351		361			
	Totals	16,952		25,755		23,298		25,633		47,682			
Recapitulation.	Great Britain	12,213	140	13,582	202	36,298	262	28,900	140	32,958	650		
	United States	5,154	2,958	4,984	2,557	9,283	1,592	10,677	3,931	12,972	4,843		
	Japan	5,618		4,517		12,309		8,916		8,965			
	Other countries	3,837	122	5,140	81	5,536		7,387	312	9,016	210		
Silk and mfrs. of.	Totals	26,822	3,220	28,223	2,840	63,356	1,854	55,880	4,383	63,911	5,203		
	Great Britain	117,770	140	156,971	202	313,626	262	263,363	140	335,701	650		
	United States	21,251	30,458	29,286	60,821	63,062	75,537	42,508	89,207	62,051	96,614		
	Other countries	119,903	10,957	155,902	81	330,837		262,382	11,147	325,746	210		
Recapitulation.	Totals	258,924	41,555	342,159	61,104	707,525	75,799	573,253	100,494	723,498	97,504		

Soap.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	4,509 38,146 9,631 1,083	100 89	7,593 36,703 9,683 229	..... 146	8,555 58,826 10,681 928	..... 83	8,097 73,886 12,655 1,863	100 91	11,718 62,353 14,359 272	....................
	Totals.....	53,369	189	54,208	146	78,990	83	96,201	194	88,702	164
Spices.....	Great Britain... United States... B. E. Indies... Other countries..	13,319 5,018 18,676 339	..... ..... ..... .....	20,626 4,885 7,187 10,138	..... ..... ..... .....	25,244 8,609 9,258	..... ..... ..... .....	31,898 9,840 23,149 2,802	..... ..... ..... .....	32,604 11,467 10,763 13,249	....................
	Totals.....	37,352	.....	42,836	.....	43,111	.....	67,489	.....	68,083	.....
Spirits and wines— Spirits— Brandy.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	2,108 81 48,068 193	..... ..... ..... .....	2,247 103 55,846 121	..... ..... ..... .....	3,318 548 75,082 188	..... ..... ..... .....	3,943 331 83,644 287	..... ..... ..... .....	3,159 205 98,526 180	....................
	Totals.....	50,450	.....	58,317	.....	79,086	.....	88,205	.....	102,070	.....
Gin.....	Great Britain... United States... Holland .. Other countries..	8,270 24,105 8	..... ..... ..... .....	10,669 94 29,008 .....	..... ..... ..... .....	11,990 14 39,341 .....	..... ..... ..... .....	14,200 44,611 8	..... ..... ..... .....	17,456 94 51,464 5	....................
	Totals.....	32,383	.....	39,771	.....	51,345	.....	58,819	.....	69,009	.....
Whiskey.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	82,242 673 314	..... ..... .....	108,186 679 171	..... ..... .....	128,704 1,764 218	..... ..... .....	148,600 1,367 314	..... ..... .....	183,156 1,253 171	...............
	Totals.....	83,229	.....	109,036	.....	130,686	.....	150,281	.....	184,580	.....
Spirits, other.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	2,322 1,078 11,119	..... ..... .....	2,927 1,745 14,335	..... ..... .....	4,434 13,967 17,385	..... ..... .....	4,673 1,845 19,202	..... ..... .....	5,708 2,885 23,865	...............
	Totals.....	14,519	.....	19,007	.....	35,786	.....	25,720	.....	32,158	.....
Wines, non-sparking.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Spain .. Other countries..	2,698 964 16,243 15,938 8,334	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	2,779 1,466 13,850 13,487 9,825	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	3,274 3,374 19,788 20,316 15,895	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	4,328 3,146 19,779 26,558 15,052	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	5,007 2,481 17,649 21,820 16,464	.........................
	Totals.....	44,177	.....	41,407	.....	57,647	.....	68,863	.....	63,411	.....

Molasses.....	Great Britain.....	3701	1,213	388	2761	1,054	389	1,425	2,244	755
	United States.....	6,496	919	172,551	13,556	199,811	12,018	286,856	2,657	252,741
	B. W. Indies.....	53,036	751	.....	65,769	.....	58,888	.....	.....	.....
	Porto Rico.....	4	.....	.....	217	.....	4	.....	4,376	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	Totals.....	59,906	2,883	172,939	79,818	200,865	71,296	288,281	9,277	253,496
	Great Britain.....	8,261	9,742	.....	11,723	.....	14,276	.....	16,017	.....
	United States.....	15,723	3,593	.....	19,250	.....	26,090	.....	26,704	.....
	Other countries.....	815	.....	.....	3,081	.....	1,268	.....	4,447	.....
	Totals.....	24,799	28,724	.....	34,054	.....	41,634	.....	47,168	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain.....	42,862	124,360	.....	123,716	1,054	80,740	.....	168,426	.....
	United States.....	22,444	16,437	388	40,214	199,811	43,052	1,425	30,731	755
	Other countries.....	1,024,461	645,163	172,551	1,555,702	.....	1,733,136	286,856	1,090,660	252,741
	Totals.....	1,089,767	785,960	172,939	1,719,632	200,865	1,856,928	288,281	1,289,757	253,496
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tea.....	Great Britain.....	319	.....	88,436	.....	186,145	319	187,150	.....	220,609
	United States.....	441	5,227	.....	3,043	221,391	1,639	340,835	7,181	.....
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	117,882	.....	6,793	.....	7,250	.....	229,179
	China.....	.....	.....	2,526	.....	92,263	.....	8,784	.....	10,453
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	5,246	.....	763	.....	53	.....	19,683
	Totals.....	760	5,227	213,590	3,049	437,355	1,958	544,072	7,181	479,924
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	13,943	13,685	212	23,004	.....	26,552	.....	29,151	1,183
	United States.....	10,193	21,777	280,487	22,635	525,932	25,077	419,827	35,166	581,607
	Cuba.....	32,650	1,111	14,718	54,001	1,236	58,223	9,165	54,689	15,957
	Other countries.....	3,924	62	1,029	7,465	4,437	6,975	2,581	8,475	2,025
	Totals.....	60,710	249,917	296,446	107,705	531,605	116,827	431,573	127,481	600,772
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	Great Britain.....	32,887	27,565	.....	35,432	.....	40,159	.....	47,465	.....
	United States.....	2,254	4,736	.....	4,046	.....	3,805	.....	10,775	.....
	Aust.-Hungary.....	2,328	3,187	.....	6,411	.....	2,960	.....	6,986	.....
	France.....	8,368	6,877	.....	13,732	.....	14,376	.....	11,539	.....
	Other countries.....	551	2,111	.....	4,429	.....	2,581	.....	3,903	.....
	Totals.....	46,383	44,476	.....	64,050	.....	63,881	.....	80,619	.....

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Great Britain....	58			509						\$		\$
	United States....	84,645			76,089			524					829
	Other countries....					98,033		98,033		315			145,891
	Totals.....	84,703			76,688			98,557		127,764			146,720
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.....	Great Britain....	5,004		6,838						10,601		16,103	
	United States....	1,697		4,468		7,800		7,800		2,901		8,890	
	Other countries....	392		262		3,520		3,520		727		924	
	Totals ..	7,093		11,568		11,365		11,365		14,229		25,917	
Varnish, lacquers, japan dryers, &c..	Great Britain ..	7,564		2,895						14,960		6,656	
	United States....	12,420	62	11,751		11,238	183	18,139	93	23,016	172	22,295	
	Other countries....	25				44	43			25		17	
	Totals ..	20,009	62	14,646		29,421	226	38,001	265	38,001	265	28,968	
Vegetables.....	Great Britain....	17,303		18,892						19,707		24,733	
	United States....	83,426		86,135		30,205		205,697		131,014		143,661	
	Other countries....	10,013		11,171		20,518		20,518		14,972		16,872	
	Totals.....	110,742		116,198		256,420		165,693		165,693		185,166	

Watches.....	2,357	4,491	4,141	4,776
Great Britain...	2,965	115,947	99,563	155,784
United States...	51,634	217	768	346
France.....	710	22,513	36,379	6,526
Switzerland...	12,315	6,594	3,161	
Other countries...	3,104			
Totals	70,728	149,545	131,195	203,811
Wood and mfrs. of—				
Furniture..	7,488	9,151	8,820	9,889
Great Britain...	58,220	142,437	130,736	148,206
United States...	2,682	3,691	4,268	3,924
Other countries...				
Totals.....	68,390	155,279	143,824	162,019
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....				
Great Britain...				61,363
United States...			110,951	1,551
Other countries...			325	
Totals.....			111,276	62,914
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....				
Great Britain...		1,339		471
United States...	11,294	25,158	716,501	1,603,177
Other countries...		739	3,932	2,607
Totals.....	11,294	26,497	720,433	1,606,255
Other wood and mfrs. of, N.E.S....				
Great Britain...	8,055	13,182	16,242	25,779
United States...	137,403	259,192	136,003	388,859
Other countries...	20,701	19,270	274,354	204,664
Totals	166,159	291,644	30,878	28,872
			321,504	443,510
				210,763
Recapitulation.				
Wood and mfrs. of.....				
Great Britain...	15,543	23,672	25,062	35,668
United States...	206,917	426,787	425,690	555,746
Other countries...	23,383	22,961	35,146	32,796
Totals.....	245,843	473,420	485,898	624,210
			1,003,854	1,879,932

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets.....	Great Britain.....	99,596	.....	144,663	.....	224,270	.....	266,505	.....	304,449	.....
	United States.....	290	.....	2,557	.....	1,699	.....	2,043	.....	4,373	.....
	Germany.....	188	.....	.....	.....	1,415	.....	1,451	.....	222	.....
	Other countries.....	212	.....	4,281	.....	2,598	.....	1,548	.....	10,091	.....
	Totals.....	100,286	.....	151,501	.....	229,982	.....	271,547	.....	379,135	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain.....	34,469	.....	52,082	.....	87,020	.....	81,182	.....	113,853	.....
	United States.....	19,828	.....	21,371	.....	65,994	.....	62,912	.....	61,417	.....
	France.....	496	.....	959	.....	2,210	.....	672	.....	2,730	.....
	Germany.....	2,605	.....	7,103	.....	1,832	.....	9,696	.....	18,628	.....
	Other countries.....	901	.....	308	.....	11,605	.....	911	.....	679	.....
	Totals.....	58,299	.....	81,823	.....	168,661	.....	155,373	.....	197,307	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain.....	286,856	.....	394,605	.....	426,780	.....	546,919	.....	700,205	.....
	United States.....	114	.....	5,204	.....	455	.....	749	.....	6,768	.....
	France.....	6,041	.....	4,716	.....	9,719	.....	9,860	.....	15,928	.....
	Germany.....	4,237	.....	4,416	.....	6,081	.....	6,051	.....	11,917	.....
	Other countries.....	1,335	.....	121	.....	1,322	.....	2,840	.....	2,383	.....
	Totals.....	298,583	.....	409,062	.....	444,357	.....	566,419	.....	737,201	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain.....	257,094	.....	352,045	.....	449,772	.....	562,147	.....	687,292	.....
	United States.....	6,715	.....	5,833	.....	9,218	.....	12,691	.....	10,680	.....
	France.....	78,094	.....	76,552	.....	88,096	.....	164,837	.....	158,502	.....

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear, N. E. S.	Germany.	4,849	9,668	11,890	17,787	19,216
	Other countries.	2,136	6,050	15,185	13,010	20,863
	Totals.	349,488	450,148	574,161	770,472	896,493
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c.	Great Britain.	13,546	36,863	37,600	37,369	63,862
	United States.	2,761	3,365	4,306	5,631	7,478
	Germany.	3,533	5,459	5,692	11,025	8,514
	Other countries.	456	4,106	272	4,458	8,771
Totals.		20,296	49,793	47,870	58,483	88,625
Wool, raw.	Great Britain.	62,414	71,643	114,044	156,074	156,079
	United States.	2,698	1,979	5,932	4,437	2,547
	Germany.	6,820	14,562	18,661	22,516	25,685
	Other countries.	185	162	1,714	1,281	1,290
Totals.		72,117	88,346	140,351	184,308	185,601
Yarn.	Great Britain.	109,656	115,749	146,489	175,091	192,246
	United States.	49	770	173	69	2,099
	Germany.	846	2,293	8,996	3,287	4,204
	Other countries.	1,561	356	4,115	1,893	700
Totals.		112,112	119,168	159,733	180,340	199,249
Other wool and mfrs. of, N. E. S.	Great Britain.	41,886	37,436	55,947	79,997	79,899
	United States.	8,107	13,407	14,755	18,692	19,304
	France.	2,887	2,046	3,167	5,483	3,920
	Germany.	8,615	2,641	12,305	14,355	9,880
Totals.		11,412	2,827	12,658	18,711	25,729

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Recapitulation.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Wool and mfrs. of.....	906,117	52,615	1,205,086	87,416	1,541,922	127,544	1,905,284	121,770	2,357,815	181,954
	United States.....	40,562	26,471	54,486	44,564	102,532	97,203	107,224	73,058	114,666	92,585
	Other countries.....	137,409	37,658	155,154	135,359	219,493	123,968	311,672	67,322	349,792	181,798
	Totals.....	1,084,088	116,744	1,414,726	267,339	1,863,947	348,715	2,324,180	262,150	2,822,273	456,337
All other articles, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	85,620	25,208	127,030	50,346	137,397	53,249	157,673	40,439	204,942	177,567
	United States.....	331,696	75,279	386,663	111,378	581,189	149,508	612,026	142,097	750,131	290,153
	Other countries.....	34,477	21,741	64,830	27,293	58,982	28,672	68,685	39,411	101,556	34,230
	Totals.....	451,793	122,228	578,523	189,017	777,568	231,429	838,384	221,947	1,056,629	501,950
Total imports (mdse.).....	Great Britain.....	4,570,280	1,707,534	6,270,663	2,528,967	7,151,299	2,791,894	8,470,615	2,729,431	11,050,676	4,446,371
	United States.....	8,929,774	7,105,968	10,981,774	9,538,430	14,680,818	13,337,798	17,030,984	13,803,964	20,114,045	17,807,102
	Other countries.....	2,979,940	1,366,465	2,771,323	1,844,568	4,407,466	2,007,757	5,152,091	2,520,415	5,176,226	3,016,170
	Totals.....	16,479,994	10,179,967	20,023,760	13,911,965	26,239,583	18,137,449	30,652,790	19,053,810	36,340,947	25,269,643
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	20,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,006
	United States.....	.....	416,209	.....	851,515	.....	112,521	.....	512,588	.....	1,511,931
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	265	.....	155	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	416,209	.....	871,515	.....	112,786	.....	512,743	.....	1,531,937
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain.....	4,570,280	1,707,534	6,270,663	2,548,967	7,151,299	2,791,894	8,470,615	2,729,431	11,050,676	4,466,377
	United States.....	8,929,774	7,522,177	10,981,774	10,389,945	14,680,818	13,456,319	17,030,984	14,316,552	20,114,045	19,319,033
	Other countries.....	2,979,940	1,366,465	2,771,323	1,844,568	4,407,466	2,008,022	5,152,091	2,520,570	5,176,226	3,016,170
	Totals.....	16,479,994	10,596,176	20,023,760	14,783,480	26,239,583	18,250,235	30,652,790	19,506,553	36,340,947	26,801,580

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.						TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals, living-- Horned cattle	Great Britain	512,610	.....	561,290	.....	1,196,727	.....	809,975	.....	902,108	.....	.....	.....
	United States	17,463	.....	10,248	50	24,162	180	19,601	.....	14,911	.....	.....	50
	Newfoundland	17,057	.....	9,400	.....	2,400	.....	17,687	.....	9,400	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	34,779	.....	1,743	.....	5,841	.....	61,994	.....	2,068	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	581,909	.....	582,681	50	1,229,130	180	908,327	.....	928,487	.....	.....	50
Horses	Great Britain	2,100	.....	3,000	.....	14,950	.....	4,900	.....	3,000	.....	.....	.....
	United States	49,812	3,275	57,410	1,085	58,486	.....	98,327	5,380	71,915	.....	3,545	.....
	Other countries	4,325	.....	3,980	.....	3,730	.....	4,425	.....	4,080	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	56,237	3,275	64,390	1,085	77,166	14,595	107,652	5,380	78,995	.....	3,545	.....
Sheep	Great Britain	6,382	.....	4,824	.....	23,279	.....	6,507	.....	4,824	.....	.....	.....
	United States	970	.....	2,810	.....	2,684	.....	1,676	.....	3,960	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	575	.....	571	.....	2,045	.....	4,380	.....	571	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	7,927	.....	8,205	.....	28,008	.....	12,503	.....	9,355	.....	.....	.....
Other animals, N. E. S.	Great Britain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....
	United States	2,878	89	3,079	125	7,181	1,455	11,897	1,279	6,326	.....	528	.....
	Other countries	26	.....	503	.....	277	.....	229	.....	541	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	2,904	89	3,582	125	7,518	1,455	12,126	1,279	6,897	.....	528	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Animals, living.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 521,092	569,114	\$		\$ 1,235,016		\$ 821,382		\$ 909,962	
	United States.....	71,123	73,547	1,260		92,513		131,501		97,112	
	Other countries..	56,762	16,197			14,293		87,785		16,660	
	Totals.....	648,977	3,364	658,858	1,260	1,341,822	16,230	1,040,668	6,659	1,023,734	4,123
Ashes	Great Britain.....	710	4,162			923		1,387		5,604	
	United States.....	6,554	8,727			17,268		20,496		16,900	
	Other countries..	812				706		812			
	Totals.....	8,076	12,889			18,897		22,695		22,504	
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	Great Britain.....	3,214	9,731	629		15,517	4,589	9,532	398	19,795	629
	United States.....	9,274	10,037	3,904		13,275	10,691	15,418	14,687	15,104	6,477
	Other countries..	1,735	1,799	110		4,625	1,622	4,767	456	2,195	110
	Totals	14,223	21,567	4,643		33,417	16,902	29,717	15,541	37,094	7,216
Breadstuffs—Grain—Barley.....	Great Britain.....	83,762	101,962			13,080		113,702		144,029	
	United States.....	2				1,800		878		3	
	Belgium.....					7,869				7,076	
	Other countries..	12				10		42		249	
Totals.....	83,776	101,962			22,759		114,622		151,357		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain— <i>Con.</i> Wheat.....	Great Britain.....	4,164,016		3,456,787		1,028,662	4,288	6,474,891		4,718,303	
	United States.....	567,370		21		182,321		1,004,002		1,157	
	Belgium.....	28,326				36,011		28,326		10,203	
	Germany.....										
	Other countries.....	12,712				842		48,839			
	Totals.....	4,772,424		3,456,808		1,247,836	4,288	7,556,158		4,729,663	
Other grain, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	4				1,623		7		2	
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	4				1,623		7		2	
Grain	Great Britain.....	4,355,587	253,723	4,075,622	449,651	1,096,310	400,910	6,831,097	253,723	5,429,160	449,691
	United States.....	575,696	13,632	64,713		201,210	59	1,021,890	14,132	77,648	
	Other countries.....	80,128	27	56,610	4	99,652		139,651	27	125,490	
	Totals.....	5,011,411	269,382	4,196,945	449,695	1,397,172	460,969	7,992,638	269,882	5,632,298	449,695
	Grain products— Bran.....	Great Britain.....	10,100		276		9,464		13,681		426
	United States.....	5,807		7,769		28,896		7,728		12,810	
	B. W. Indies.....	1,232		102		1,418		1,232		602	
	Other countries.....	4,377		1,440		10,181		7,998		3,391	
	Totals.....	21,516		9,587		49,959		30,639		17,229	
Cereal foods.....	Great Britain.....	24,212		63,556		177,059		77,376		120,644	
	United States.....		237	932		21	2	6,720	266	932	
	Other countries.....	23,183	10	33,258		87,521		62,625	10	61,645	
	Totals.....	47,395	247	97,746		264,601	2	147,721	276	183,221	

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain.....	32,386	21,775	50,311	73,470	76,021
	United States.....	3,118	2,154	18	845	6,353
	Other countries.....			2,460	5,457	
	Totals.....	35,504	23,929	52,789	79,772	82,354
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	304,521	158,237	203,032	525,174	478,000
	United States.....	7,788	8,360	10,823	9,832	20,546
	Australasia.....					
	B. W. Indies.....	21,158	31,641	82,577	31,009	51,507
	Newfoundland.....	127,198	55,792	93,397	137,396	79,732
	Other countries.....	49,578	111,506	293,009	119,582	289,358
	Totals.....	510,243	365,536	682,838	822,993	919,143
Other breadstuffs, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	7,068	5,206	7,067	10,052	10,849
	United States.....	681	2,167	2,072	1,893	3,251
	Other countries.....	5,345	6,743	6,002	7,959	8,608
	Totals.....	13,094	14,106	15,141	19,904	22,708
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	4,733,874	4,324,672	1,543,243	7,530,850	6,115,100
	United States.....	589,972	83,931	243,040	1,048,908	115,187
	Other countries.....	315,317	299,246	676,217	513,909	626,666
	Totals.....	5,639,163	4,707,849	2,462,500	9,093,667	6,856,953
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....	1,750			1,750	
Automobiles.....	United States.....	1,200	1,600		6,180	1,950
	Other countries.....	14,617	3,303		19,957	8,173
	Totals.....	17,567	4,903		27,887	10,123
Bicycles.....	Great Britain.....	165				
	United States.....	120	55	105	280	135
	Australasia.....	1,925	3,325	120	169	113
	Other countries.....	25	5,438		4,550	8,525
	Totals.....	2,235	8,818	390	25	7,018
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain.....	7	870	1,155	3,652	2,584
	United States.....	2,023	2,255	7,320	2,848	8,298
	Other countries.....	13,842	6,437	5,802	20,883	13,185
	Totals.....	15,872	9,562	11,877	4,165	159
			2,055	25,199	6,958	2,225

Recapitulation.

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	24,668	18,379	53,777	516	56,348	920	48,844	460
	United States...	37,589	67,937	73,622	116,423	102,008	114,794	143,633	178,420
	Australasia...	1,614	1,614	2,066	...	...	...	1,614	...
	Other countries...	61,362	15,676	48,821	849	103,002	4,512	38,472	1,487
	Totals...	123,617	103,606	178,286	117,798	261,358	120,226	231,463	180,367
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	2,122	197	2,489	307	...	52	306	...
	United States...	235	1,379	640	7,025	3,771	4,599	1,905	6,687
	Other countries...	...	438	701	1,140	380	...	731	...
	Totals...	2,357	2,408	3,830	8,472	4,151	4,651	2,942	6,687
Fertilizers	Great Britain...	350	...	...	...	350	...	...	...
	United States...	14,391	16,072	53,645	132	27,225	248	30,042	...
	Other countries...	108	175	14,333	...	478	...	400	...
	Totals...	14,849	16,247	67,978	132	28,053	248	30,442	...
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted.	Great Britain...	892	...	5	...	1,597	...	...	...
	United States...	8,954	14,533	60,042	...	29,142	...	17,788	...
	Brazil...	44,951	64,665	19,854	...	69,849	...	64,889	...
	B. W. Indies...	66,958	43,563	97,115	1,725	133,633	...	71,940	...
Herrings, fresh or frozen.	Cuba...	43,170	12,874	50,144	...	78,360	...	31,338	...
	Other countries...	75,441	69,102	112,894	...	145,273	...	120,510	...
	Totals...	240,366	210,737	340,074	1,725	457,854	...	306,465	...
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Herrings, pickled	United States...	5,937	3,722	28,954	...	8,938	...	6,162	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals...	5,937	3,722	28,954	...	8,938	...	6,162	...
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lobsters, fresh.	United States...	195	776	4,452	...	3,643	...	1,579	...
	B. W. Indies...	15,426	12,306	36,991	...	28,073	...	21,193	...
	Other countries...	1,557	9,459	15,901	...	4,839	...	22,083	...
	Totals...	17,178	22,541	57,344	...	36,555	...	44,855	...
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	98,454	102,073	189,514	...	8,476	...	158,931	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	175,398	...	...	...
	Totals...	98,454	102,073	189,514	...	183,874	...	158,931	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.

MONTH OF MAY.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.

Countries.

1906.

1907.

1906.

1907.

Fish and fish products—*Con.*
 Lobsters, canned.....

Great Britain...
 United States...
 Belgium...
 France...
 Germany...
 Other countries...
 Totals...

Home
Produce.

Home
Produce.

Home
Produce.

Home
Produce.

Home
Produce.

\$
156,965
53,573
4,488
2,750
3,017
220,743

\$
49,996
40,983

\$
113,297
118,743
10,082
3,503
350
1,539
247,514

\$
152,291
64,505
796
7,798
2,750
3,624
261,764

\$
57,600
47,346

Mackerel, fresh

Great Britain...
 United States...
 Other countries...
 Totals...

52

577

577

577

577

Mackerel, pickled

Great Britain...
 United States...
 B. W. Indies...
 Other countries...
 Totals...

1,835
3,674
2,839
8,348

355
2,941
3,123
6,419

3,514
4,296
1,755
9,565

2,360
6,813
7,273
16,446

660
4,886
8,736
9,282

Salmon, canned

Great Britain...
 United States...
 Australasia...
 Other countries...
 Totals...

50
781
831

78,074
1,121
354
1,723
81,472

2,382
106
3,002
14,289
19,789

59,245
50
1,975
4,647
65,917

298,251
1,122
564
1,964
301,881

Salmon, fresh

Great Britain...
 United States...
 Germany...
 Other countries...
 Totals...

9,009

1
4,579

7,355
545
7,900

16,058

5,932
5,935

Salmon, pickled	Great Britain.....	3,056	.....	.....	5,711	.....	3,119	.....	12
	United States.....	691	.....	.....	1,560	.....	2,051	.....	571
	B. W. Indies	435	.....	.....	689	.....	970	.....	1,010
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	4,182	.....	1,143	7,960	.....	6,140	.....	1,593
Fish, all other, fresh	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	79,697	.....	56,739	118,737	101	178,731	.....	118,483
	Other countries..	.....	.....	22	.....	.....	27	.....	22
	Totals	79,697	.....	56,761	118,737	101	178,758	.....	113,515
Other fish, N.E.S	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	72	377	.....	313	.....	122
	United States.....	10,921	.....	21,204	25,169	176	22,385	.....	31,829
	Other countries..	5,122	.....	6,865	6,404	.....	11,955	.....	12,976
	Totals	16,043	.....	28,141	31,950	176	34,653	.....	44,927
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Fish and fish products.....	Great Britain.....	157,857	.....	128,143	116,061	.....	251,922	.....	355,976
	United States.....	271,733	.....	246,697	562,297	277	504,906	.....	384,854
	Other countries..	271,250	.....	236,953	380,943	1,725	510,706	.....	360,287
	Totals	700,840	.....	611,193	1,059,301	2,002	1,267,534	.....	1,101,117
Flax, hemp, &c.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	19,320	.....	.....	.....	300
	United States.....	119,868	.....	39,694	258,060	.....	147,386	.....	56,909
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	119,868	.....	39,694	277,380	.....	147,386	.....	57,209
Fruits—	Great Britain.....	146	.....	245	1,319	.....	146	.....	245
Fruits, dried	United States.....	.....	.....	3	23	46	865	4,712	3
	Germany	814	.....	.....	3,970	.....	1,574	.....	240
	Holland .....	.....	.....	.....	14,288	.....	310	.....	1,500
	Other countries..	12	124	9	43	158	12	150	285
	Totals	972	729	257	19,638	204	2,907	4,892	2,273
Fruits, green, apples	Great Britain.....	22,301	.....	4,351	194,344	.....	61,783	.....	48,521
	United States.....	320	.....	32	102	38	1,813	.....	48
	Other countries..	101	.....	1,053	802	.....	646	.....	1,639
	Totals	22,722	.....	5,436	195,248	38	67,242	.....	50,208

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Fruits— <i>Con.</i>													
Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	13,700	1,306	836	.....	22,889	52	16,493	1,306	7,913	65		
	United States...	259	7,550	1,399	11,934	1,116	21,885	676	12,670	1,438	21,195		
	Other countries..	762	96	2,564	386	1,616	63	2,596	110	3,015	418		
	Totals	14,721	8,952	4,799	12,320	25,621	22,000	19,765	14,086	12,366	21,678		
Recapitulation.													
Fruits.	Great Britain...	36,147	1,306	5,432	.....	218,552	52	81,422	1,306	56,679	65		
	United States...	579	8,155	1,434	13,972	1,241	21,969	3,354	17,412	1,489	23,249		
	Other countries..	1,689	220	3,626	775	20,714	221	5,138	260	6,679	902		
	Totals	38,415	9,681	10,492	14,747	240,507	22,242	89,914	18,978	64,847	21,216		
Furs and skins and mfrs. of—													
Furs and skins, undressed.....	Great Britain...	49,669	.....	21,742	300	32,853	1,680	59,189	230	30,182	300		
	United States...	153,450	115	157,752	1,799	301,378	13,194	345,022	3,647	294,955	9,510		
	Other countries..	52	96	5	1,980	6,837	.....	1,402	96	8,081	1,980		
	Totals	203,171	211	179,499	4,079	341,068	14,874	405,613	3,973	333,218	11,790		
Furs and skins the produce of													
marine animals.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	500	.....	.....	.....	75	.....	506	.....	
	United States...	435	.....	15	.....	2,305	.....	948	.....	170	.....	
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	435	.....	515	.....	2,305	.....	1,023	.....	670	.....	
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	325	.....	1,204	280	2,704	250	1,164	224	1,472	280		
	United States...	13,012	.....	769	.....	8,445	.....	16,235	331	1,454	.....	
	Other countries..	.....	.....	15	.....	75	500	25	946	15	.....	
	Totals	13,337	.....	2,048	280	11,224	750	17,424	1,501	2,941	280		

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	49,994	23,506	580	35,557	1,930	60,428	454	32,154	580
	United States.....	166,897	158,536	1,799	312,128	13,194	362,205	3,978	296,573	9,510
	Other countries..	52	20	1,980	6,912	500	1,427	1,042	8,096	1,980
Totals		216,943	182,062	4,359	354,597	15,624	424,060	5,474	336,820	12,070
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	Great Britain.....	2,184	821	.....	1,953	.....	3,006	40	3,331	.....
	United States.....	80,046	92,470	94	51,125	4,118	171,629	28,263	96,397	94
	Newfoundland ..	517	386	.....	640	.....	10,227	54	356	.....
	Other countries..	285	1,033	.....	3,357	.....	1,034	.....	1,111	.....
Totals		83,032	94,660	94	57,075	4,118	185,896	28,357	101,195	94
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	Great Britain.....	2,105	58	.....	1,700	110	5,191	5	251	400
	United States.....	15,235	563	776	10,363	17,112	29,587	4,640	2,580	1,229
	Australasia	2,446	5,468	.....	3,603	.....	6,389	.....	6,073	.....
	Other countries..	4,143	2,202	.....	6,193	.....	5,407	27	3,065	.....
Totals		23,929	8,281	776	21,859	17,222	46,574	4,672	11,969	1,629
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,033	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	13,466	17,024	.....	12,199	2,166	23,840	.....	25,758	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	1,196	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		13,466	17,024	.....	13,395	2,166	24,873	.....	25,758	.....
Hay.....	Great Britain.....	87,075	34,215	.....	85,544	.....	134,780	.....	59,940	.....
	United States.....	52,225	66,301	.....	33,356	.....	75,868	120	84,216	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	2,240	2,201	.....	1,783	.....	4,006	.....	2,365	.....
	Other countries..	6,288	7,339	.....	19,017	.....	24,279	.....	12,070	.....
Totals		147,828	110,116	.....	139,700	.....	238,933	120	158,591	.....
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts	Great Britain.....	1,058	6,006	.....	1,232	.....	1,092	.....	8,328	.....
	United States.....	381,089	354,912	.....	520,723	8,947	615,452	5,597	508,052	15
	Other countries..	13,063	1,459	.....	1,912	.....	13,620	.....	4,459	.....
Totals		395,210	362,377	.....	523,867	8,947	630,164	5,597	517,839	15
Leather and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....	129,021	26,573	.....	281,030	.....	348,153	.....	107,343	.....
Leather, unim'fd—	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	305	120	7,500	.....	.....	.....
Sole and upper.....	Newfoundland ..	2,325	1,950	.....	12,929	.....	6,021	.....	1,950	.....
	Other countries..	9,102	8,712	.....	37,603	.....	16,255	.....	11,671	.....
Totals		140,448	37,235	.....	331,867	120	375,929	.....	120,964	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, un ^m d— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N. E.S.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	\$ 25,423 2,365 3,146 30,934	\$ 276 276	\$ 7,508 1,565 6,405 15,678	\$ 112 112	\$ 24,741 5,938 4,885 35,564	\$ 779 779	\$ 75,750 4,990 14,260 95,010	\$ 2,391 2,391 131 2,522	\$ 43,847 2,736 6,818 53,395	\$ 112 50 162
Leather, m ^m d.— Boots and shoes.	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland... Other countries... Totals.....	2,434 934 5,389 6,696 15,453	1,665 1,665	4,175 394 2,686 2,829 10,084	828 100 928	1,290 2,794 7,291 4,467 15,842	3,068 3,068	3,081 1,273 12,265 9,095 25,714	2,052 2,052	5,923 1,089 3,625 3,471 14,108	918 100 1,018
All other leather m ^m d.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	1,646 749 754 3,149	1,015 165 1,210	8 225 233	20 21 41	2,312 2,912 8,067	396 396	3,371 1,481 5,608	1,334 165 1,499	1,016 476 1,492	241 26 267
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	158,524 4,048 27,412 189,984	2,986 165 3,151	38,464 2,184 22,582 63,230	20 961 100 1,081	309,373 11,949 70,018 391,340	4,353 10 4,363	428,365 15,244 58,652 502,261	5,777 296 6,073	158,129 4,295 27,535 189,959	241 1,056 150 1,447
Lime.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	4,828 4 4,832		4,050 13 4,063		10,141 1,053 11,194		11,248 4 11,252		5,485 7,124 232 12,841	

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	18,614	20,721	42,526	52,829	782	20,721	1,764,376	20,721
United States.....	774,635	1,355,856	867,494	1,393,055	782	1,764,376	782	1,764,376
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	293,249	1,376,577	910,020	1,445,884	782	1,785,097	782	1,785,097
Gold and silver—								
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug-								
gets, &c.....								
Great Britain.....		300				300		300
United States.....	520,609	528,181	1,058,419	744,006	150	734,224	150	734,224
Other countries.....			28,355					
Totals.....	520,609	528,481	1,086,774	744,006	150	734,524	150	734,524
Silver ore.....								
Great Britain.....	40	124				124		124
United States.....	459,810	670,493	181,902	699,554	2,000	1,370,767	2,000	1,370,767
Other countries.....		15,589	54,980			41,163		41,163
Totals.....	459,850	686,206	236,882	699,554	2,000	1,412,054	2,000	1,412,054
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—								
Agricultural implements.....								
Great Britain.....	40,958	42,689	69,456	65,934	675	108,502		108,502
United States.....	3,111	1,588	7,787	3,752	188	2,365		2,365
Australasia.....	13,386	20,832	51,072	79,549		35,324		35,324
France.....	7,539	59,030	87,061	38,896		88,244		88,244
Germany.....	61,569	102,528	99,406	159,001		176,946		176,946
Other countries.....	50,160	92,797	53,031	111,791	32	143,066		143,066
Totals.....	176,723	319,464	372,813	458,853	895	551,447	649	551,447
Chromic iron.....								
Great Britain.....								
United States.....	300	2,000	3,510	5,730		6,000		6,000
Other countries.....		3,443				3,653		3,653
Totals.....	300	5,443	3,510	5,730		9,653		9,653
Hardware.....								
Great Britain.....	7,701	2,389	2,533	9,555	2	4,652	159	4,652
United States.....	1,822	875	2,301	3,140	8,295	2,455	1,937	2,455
Newfoundland.....	7,579	209	416	8,427	586	1,001	1,001	1,001
Other countries.....	4,689	5,291	5,914	7,520	7	12,305	190	12,305
Totals.....	21,791	8,764	11,164	28,642	8,890	19,640	3,287	19,640
		2,033						6,138

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF MAY.						TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>												
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>												
Machines and machinery.....	15,218	380	18,629	11,151	49,722	14,344	13,197	6,000	30,349	723	34,322	540
United States.....	10,400	23,856	4,667	20,891	144	33,507	5,018	102,102	38,035	47,358	18,287	112,646
Australasia.....	2,000	2,190	55,338	26,400	49,867	66,056	52,379	401	8,230	3,058	7,325	144
Other countries..	33,854								63,901		33,639	
Totals.....	61,472								140,515		93,773	113,330
Ores—iron.....												
Great Britain.....	401	98	52,379	401							168	
United States.....												
Other countries..												
Totals.....	401	98	52,379	401					401		168	
Pig iron.....												
Great Britain.....			2,885									
United States.....						995					6,061	
Other countries..												
Totals.....			2,885			995					6,061	
Scrap iron and steel.....												
Great Britain.....	2,976	373	9,725	2,992	671	21,862	2,971		21,862		373	671
United States.....	12,596								75		4,225	
Other countries..	75											
Totals.....	15,647	2,465	9,725	2,465	671	21,862	2,465	1,198	24,913	4,598	671	
Steel and mfrs. of.....												
Great Britain.....	4,473	166	4,977	769	4,824	9,542	4,824	279	6,861	185	7,781	771
United States.....	16,764	12,030	10,463	11,343	9,542	13,545	9,542	13,545	39,096	21,294	16,434	19,626
Newfoundland.....	3,933	920	3,302	36	2,984	1,200	2,984	1,200	7,208	941	3,335	36
Other countries..	7,283	104	21,061	82	6,192	1,176	6,192	1,176	13,269	104	23,907	550
Totals.....	32,453	13,220	39,803	12,230	23,542	16,260	23,542	16,260	66,434	22,524	51,457	20,983

All other iron and steel.....	67	299	3,574	4,245	1,193	342
Great Britain.....	1,769	1,785	387	2,787	1,193	3,920
United States.....	1,053	502	43	1,966	62	601
Other countries.....						
Totals.....	2,889	2,586	430	8,998	1,255	4,863
Iron and steel.....						
Great Britain.....	71,393	71,356	795	119,920	1,067	161,972
United States.....	47,163	34,380	63,700	114,803	72,431	57,568
Other countries.....	193,120	331,110	463	499,763	5,356	522,120
Totals.....	311,676	436,846	64,958	734,486	78,854	741,660
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N. E. S.—						
Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....						
Great Britain.....	11,200	22,400		11,200		40,320
United States.....	21,210	24,513		27,270		24,513
Belgium.....		81,289	14,425	48,087		125,477
Other countries.....	44,087			44,087		
Totals.....	76,497	128,202	14,425	130,644		190,310
Asbestos.....						
Great Britain.....	15,340	10,860	35,240	29,841		16,660
United States.....	139,600	143,010	123,680	177,021		199,700
Germany.....	25,077	1,300	22,976	25,077		1,300
Other countries.....	22,171	8,467	14,462	32,468		19,981
Totals.....	202,188	158,637	196,358	264,407		237,641
Nickel.....						
Great Britain.....	57,727	62,463	132,804	168,551		62,463
United States.....	216,190	173,424	197,853	356,750		276,924
Other countries.....						
Totals.....	273,917	235,887	330,657	525,301		339,387
Lead ore.....						
Great Britain.....						
United States.....	46,901	39,917	31,130	72,485		119,669
Other countries.....		39,267	61,026	40,169		111,597
Totals.....	46,901	79,184	92,156	112,654		231,266
Mica.....						
Great Britain.....	5,170	10,700	3,940	5,384		13,898
United States.....	24,383	47,223	5,178	54,211	6,629	81,743
Other countries.....	880			880		
Totals.....	30,433	57,923	25,033	60,475	6,629	95,641

Oilcake	Great Britain...	36,977	42,191	...	...	50,396	55,743
	United States...	...	1,447	...	...	6,824	19,379
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oils	Totals.....	36,977	43,638	...	...	57,220	75,122
	Great Britain...	100	89	...	...	10,388	539
	United States...	3,967	4,069	...	3,691	8,477	6,324
Paper	Other countries...	6,187	1,803	808	971	10,100	3,082
	Totals.....	10,254	5,961	808	4,662	28,965	9,945
	Great Britain...	62,262	37,308	...	566	133,594	136,197
Provisions—	United States...	6,203	142,201	614	32,382	362	204,391
	Australasia...	...	56,463	...	...	16,785	124,605
	Other countries...	70,539	29,200	...	101,771	155,282	47,933
Butter	Totals.....	139,004	263,172	614	278,705	305,661	513,126
	Great Britain...	86,607	390	...	85,328	91,567	390
	United States...	1,115	3,255	723	19,330	693	6,362
Cheese	Newfoundland...	19,551	221	...	6,694	644	742
	Other countries...	108,257	9,286	1,404	16,855	5,338	12,682
	Totals.....	1,004,666	13,152	2,127	128,407	6,675	20,376
Eggs	Great Britain...	1,795	858,886	...	1,111,327	1,608,298	1,032,714
	United States...	1,854	694	...	2,784	2,584	1,048
	Other countries...	4,920	1,469	...	7,036	3,527	1,963
Meats—	Newfoundland...	3,687	2,150	...	3,035	3,020	1,000
	Other countries...	1,016,922	863,199	...	6,989	8,465	7,593
	Totals.....	...	...	...	1,131,171	13	1,044,318
Bacon and hams	Great Britain...	...	5	...	...	...	6
	United States...	844	84	...	338	1,768	127
	Other countries...	8,590	436	...	5,667	11,716	763
Meats—	Totals.....	9,434	525	...	6,005	13,484	896
	Great Britain...	833,000	653,816	...	2,023,481	1,909,120	1,365,037
	United States...	340	45	...	33	405	658
Meats—	British Africa...	3,598	182	...	3,738	9,199	14
	Other countries...	...	...	24	1,690	10,553	254
	Totals.....	836,998	654,043	24	2,028,902	1,929,277	1,365,949

Recapitulation.

Recapitulation.	Provisions	1,981,233 5,211 46,037 Other countries.	..... ..... 6,663	1,555,153 6,021 26,251 .....	..... 733 6,557	3,443,241 30,275 6,242	25 1,775 8,632	3,682,586 15,017 103,912 .....	..... 192 6,663	2,461,146 11,621 42,308
	Totals.	2,032,481	6,663	1,557,425	7,290	3,540,758	10,432	3,801,515	6,855	2,515,075
	Rags	8,626 15,055 Other countries.	..... 123	9,946 19,227 .....	..... ..... .....	5,379 20,221 150	..... ..... .....	17,854 25,056 .....	..... 123	9,946 33,057
	Totals.	23,681	123	29,173	.....	25,750	.....	42,910	123	43,003
	Salt .....	..... 1,124 Newfoundland. Other countries.	..... 2,948 3,734 .....	..... 271 .....	..... 1,736 .....	..... 302 .....	..... 6,265 2,419 .....	..... 1,124 .....	..... 6,458 4,084 .....	..... 284 3,072 1,763
	Totals.	1,124	6,682	271	1,736	302	8,684	1,124	10,542	284
Seeds—	Clover and grass	6,910 23,045 14,856 Other countries.	..... ..... .....	24 16,394 27	..... ..... .....	136 51,817 6,708	..... ..... .....	12,454 61,350 15,882	..... ..... .....	3,124 55,993 28
	Totals.	44,811	.....	16,445	.....	58,721	.....	89,686	.....	59,144
Other seeds, N.E.S.	Great Britain	57 1,167 12 Other countries.	..... 10	2,281 803 86	..... 3 43	69 3,616 278	..... 15 107	95 2,831 121	..... 16	2,286 3,245 382
	Totals.	1,236	10	3,170	46	3,963	122	3,047	16	5,913
Settlers' effects	Great Britain	19,370 186,066 2,263 Other countries.	500 14,916	9,815 162,595 2,706	12 16,534	11,744 234,197 5,773	6,750 17,389 200	25,487 329,888 4,048	500 19,836	12,430 278,273 3,041
	Totals.	207,699	15,416	175,116	16,546	301,714	24,339	359,423	20,336	293,744
Ships	Great Britain .....	..... United States Other countries.	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... 390	...............	...............
	Totals. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF MAY.			TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Foreign Produce.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits and wines.	5,136	595	10,677	190	5,202	595	6,394	.....	.....
	94,357	14,111	60,613	11,231	143,993	17,096	256,769	6,277	.....
	11,283	400	18,452	511	34,824	460	29,544	329	.....
Totals	110,776	15,106	155,839	6,466	184,019	18,151	292,707	6,606	.....
Stone and mfrs. of.	300	.....	73,111	.....	300	.....	61,133	.....	.....
	68,480	.....	53,985	.....	94,130	482	55	.....	.....
	146	45	55	.....	482	45	55	.....	.....
Totals	68,926	45	54,040	.....	94,932	45	61,188	.....	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.	194	2	518	.....	474	2	615	.....	6
	12,817	.....	14,569	.....	28,592	.....	23,663	.....	936
	124	1,031	2,026	659	174	1,120	2,026	.....	.....
Totals	13,135	1,033	17,113	659	24,240	1,122	26,304	.....	942
Tea ..	.....	.....	.....	3,236	.....	.....	.....	3,236	.....
	.....	37,457	.....	42,540	.....	81,385	.....	77,538	.....
	.....	3,770	.....	1,468	.....	6,534	.....	1,951	.....
Newfoundland .....	.....	1,159	.....	118	.....	1,362	.....	880	.....
Other countries. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals .....	.....	42,386	.....	47,662	.....	89,281	.....	83,605	.....
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	4,258	.....	6,519	3,940	6,137	.....	8,969	3,940	.....
	1,534	5,742	1,539	10,941	2,827	16,585	4,949	19,174	.....
	1,644	50	1,037	1,288	3,478	2,473	3,126	2,402	.....
Totals	7,436	5,792	9,095	16,169	13,017	19,058	17,044	25,516	.....

Vegetables— Potatoes	Great Britain	24,340	69	404	2	63	30,137	251	404
	United States	3,252	3,252	900	952	10,878	10,878	6,644	1,254
	B. W. Indies	9,983	6,195	1,902	10,087	18,923	18,923	7,195	3,693
	Other countries	10,216	8,400	642	22,233	20,809	20,809	11,802	751
	Totals	49,497	17,916	3,848	41,356	63	80,737	25,392	6,102
Other vegetables, N.E.S.	Great Britain	235	127	...	780	...	385	127	...
	United States	3,148	2,060	...	5,131	1,286	11,197	4,142	...
	Other countries	1,102	279	...	1,649	17	7,719	866	...
	Totals	4,485	2,466	...	7,560	1,303	19,301	5,135	...
Wood and mfrs. of:— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs	Great Britain	7,523	5,306	...	10,545	...	8,393	8,271	...
	United States	46,808	13,159	...	75,065	...	70,999	42,499	...
	Other countries	64	...	...	225	...	64	6	...
	Totals	54,455	24,465	...	85,835	...	79,456	50,770	...
Lumber— Deals, pine	Great Britain	234,577	76,914	...	121,251	...	235,417	89,308	...
	United States	34,746	2,796	...	56,053	...	38,524	2,796	...
	Belgium	...	...	...	...	...	210	...	...
	Other countries	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	269,533	79,710	...	177,306	...	274,151	92,104	...
Deals, spruce and other	Great Britain	271,554	185,007	...	578,991	...	412,670	406,165	...
	United States	70,420	29,111	...	62,044	...	109,173	60,803	...
	France	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Spain	6,542	1,653	...	1,641	...	6,542	1,653	...
	Totals	348,516	215,771	...	642,676	...	528,385	468,621	...
Deal ends	Great Britain	23,253	8,619	...	25,338	...	29,130	13,294	...
	United States	6	...	...	...	...	6	69	...
	Other countries	...	1,050	...	...	...	...	1,050	...
	Totals	23,259	9,669	...	25,338	...	29,136	14,413	...
Planks and boards	Great Britain	122,420	94,868	...	174,232	...	177,515	156,222	...
	United States	1,920,681	1,198,157	976	1,425,470	1,639	2,414,486	1,756,603	...
	Arg. Republic	163,861	46,011	...	123,325	...	205,120	104,921	...
	Other countries	53,684	171,689	...	214,374	...	200,346	242,464	...
	Totals	1,860,646	1,510,725	976	1,937,401	1,639	2,997,467	2,260,210	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Lumber— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets	Great Britain.....	124,167	.....	125,086	.....	4,400	.....	904	.....	1,325	.....
	United States.....	1,911	.....	847	.....	142,867	.....	206,976	.....	211,282	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,641	.....	2,592	.....	2,877	.....
	Totals.....	126,078	.....	125,933	.....	148,908	.....	270,472	.....	215,484	.....
Joists and scantling.....	Great Britain.....	8,483	.....	18,319	.....	52,325	.....	27,376	.....	30,175	.....
	United States.....	68,947	.....	31,222	.....	128,649	.....	99,284	.....	51,787	.....
	Other countries.....	150	.....	4,251	.....	19,175	.....	1,113	.....	4,348	.....
	Totals.....	77,580	.....	53,792	.....	200,149	.....	127,773	.....	86,310	.....
Staves and headings.....	Great Britain.....	1,116	.....	1,523	.....	2,080	.....	1,806	.....	4,225	.....
	United States.....	2,043	.....	18,618	.....	8,007	.....	6,382	.....	27,275	.....
	Other countries.....	34	.....	338	.....	290	.....	34	.....	338	.....
	Totals.....	3,193	.....	20,479	.....	10,377	.....	8,312	.....	31,838	.....
Other lumber, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	8,676	.....	4,251	.....	42,783	.....	22,091	.....	14,320	.....
	United States.....	31,546	424	27,214	.....	47,559	136	51,893	455	38,429	.....
	Other countries.....	3,042	.....	355	.....	3,204	295	6,732	.....	355	714
	Totals.....	43,264	424	31,820	.....	93,546	431	81,616	455	53,104	714
Shingles.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	191,990	.....	171,569	.....	208,459	.....	313,855	.....	295,675	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	207	.....	812	.....	3,357	.....	2,897	.....	413	.....
	Other countries.....	108	.....	689	.....	277	.....	168	.....	689	.....
	Totals.....	192,305	.....	173,070	.....	212,091	.....	316,920	.....	298,777	.....

Shooks.....	7,013	12,611	28,439	21,536	32,474	..
Great Britain.....	1,964	11	4,173	2,733	761	..
United States.....	1,240	..	3,415	3,384	..	..
Mexico.....	3,453	1,456	9,632	10,434	6,408	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	13,670	14,078	45,659	38,087	39,643	..
Timber, square—						
Oak.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Great Britain.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
United States.....	..	202	257	..	815	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	..	202	257	..	815	..
Pine, white.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Great Britain.....	..	..	1,962	..	..	..
United States.....	..	..	90	..	..	..
Other countries.....	..	..	501	..	..	..
Totals.....	..	..	2,553	..	..	..
Other timber, N.E.S.....	29,651	1,047	34,502	55,714	4,732	..
Great Britain.....	10,161	..	2,590	12,164	306	..
United States.....	..	160	..	..	100	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	39,812	1,207	37,092	67,878	5,198	..
Wood for wood pulp.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Great Britain.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
United States.....	180,383	244,828	339,182	380,720	434,789	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	180,383	244,828	339,182	380,720	434,789	..
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.....	3,423	..	1,486	5,528	..	..
Great Britain.....	104,872	110,184	105,865	175,713	63	78
United States.....	1,192	4,154	1,518	6,848	65	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	109,487	114,338	108,869	188,089	128	78
Recapitulation.						
Wood, unmanufactured.....	717,680	408,465	1,078,334	999,070	760,511	..
Great Britain.....	2,388,794	1,978,157	2,606,332	3,942,908	3,096,443	792
United States.....	235,698	238,465	382,573	446,484	372,232	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	3,342,181	2,620,087	4,067,239	5,388,462	4,229,186	792

<i>Recapitulation.</i> Wood, manufactured.....	Great Britain...	86,084	1,495	52,297	1,742	123,829	465	285,045	2,110	105,873	1,951
	United States...	221,340	10,295	254,864	8,356	403,843	11,511	461,226	12,746	438,775	14,650
	Other countries...	24,670	179	34,472	2,670	44,353	1,042	63,428	892	58,629	3,368
	Totals...	332,094	11,969	341,633	12,768	572,025	13,018	809,699	15,748	603,277	19,969
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Wood and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	803,773	1,495	460,762	1,742	1,202,163	679	1,284,115	2,110	866,384	1,951
	United States...	2,610,134	11,701	2,233,021	8,356	3,010,175	13,480	4,404,134	14,246	3,535,218	15,442
	Other countries...	260,368	244	267,937	2,670	426,926	1,117	509,912	957	430,861	3,368
	Totals...	3,674,275	13,440	2,961,720	12,768	4,639,264	15,276	6,198,161	17,313	4,832,463	20,761
Wool and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	16,008	2,623	10,833	250	770	1,933	16,079	10,016	11,409	535
	United States...	325	..	88,090	8	61,048	18	21,810	112	101,627	8,991
	Newfoundland...	1,583	73	3,196	..	7,513	..	3,303	73	3,375	..
	Other countries...	28	63	64	..	5	..	1,439	63	127	..
All other articles, N.E.S.....	Totals...	17,944	2,759	102,143	258	69,336	1,951	43,231	10,264	116,538	9,526
	Great Britain...	27,352	5,893	35,091	1,326	22,710	22,059	51,260	9,549	55,959	4,756
	United States...	95,247	42,190	124,780	29,255	120,124	388,690	176,359	64,742	202,769	49,173
	Other countries...	50,584	4,247	38,838	3,971	69,280	5,760	89,078	6,119	61,692	4,033
Total exports (mdse).....	Totals...	173,183	52,330	198,709	34,552	212,114	416,509	316,697	80,410	320,390	57,962
	Great Britain...	8,967,481	260,948	7,545,357	463,377	8,872,363	515,854	15,138,412	284,672	11,759,349	475,107
	United States...	7,843,559	370,379	7,713,061	323,097	9,415,368	1,027,650	13,363,927	593,829	12,020,504	632,930
	Other countries...	1,665,775	37,193	1,646,639	28,557	2,957,485	42,824	3,337,138	54,117	2,877,053	39,450
Coin and bullion.....	Totals...	18,476,815	686,520	16,905,057	815,031	21,245,216	1,585,728	31,839,477	932,618	26,656,906	1,167,487
	Great Britain...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	United States...	..	1,252,329	..	818,579	..	241,251	..	3,384,046	..	3,104,956
	Other countries...	..	100	..	..	..	460	..	100	..	..
Grand totals, Exports.....	Totals...	..	1,252,429	..	818,579	..	241,711	..	3,384,146	..	3,104,956
	Great Britain...	8,967,481	260,948	7,545,357	463,377	8,872,363	515,854	15,138,412	284,672	11,759,349	475,107
	United States...	7,843,559	1,631,708	7,713,061	1,141,676	9,415,368	1,268,301	13,363,927	3,977,875	12,020,504	3,757,886
	Other countries...	1,665,775	37,293	1,646,639	28,557	2,957,485	43,284	3,337,138	54,217	2,877,053	39,450
	Totals...	18,476,815	1,938,949	16,905,057	1,633,610	21,245,216	1,827,439	31,839,477	4,316,764	26,656,906	4,272,443

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and during the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	May.		Two months ending May.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits ..	576,884	645,271	922,786	1,126,517	1,321,380
Malt ..	123,786	142,136	220,104	239,485	291,935
Malt liquor ..	284	679	275	1,089	7,309
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf ..	211,736	235,950	353,991	410,312	456,896
" Canadian leaf ..	14,142	11,901	26,892	25,403	23,859
" combination leaf ..	9,899	10,050	17,989	18,237	18,492
Cigarettes from foreign leaf ..	77,345	89,810	131,241	140,012	143,465
" Canadian leaf ..		48			65
" combination leaf ..	1,173	728	2,119	1,608	1,448
Snuff ..	2,991	3,144	5,513	5,981	6,208
Canada twist ..	65	14	349	214	35
Foreign raw leaf ..	132,910	146,267	226,386	256,723	278,775
Licenses ..	27	8	1	67	3,863
Totals, Tobacco ..	450,288	497,920	764,481	858,557	933,106
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf ..	101,241	108,287	180,309	190,793	208,900
" Canadian leaf ..	229	340	762	436	601
" combination leaf ..	2,932	2,724	3,714	5,618	4,807
Licenses ..	37	525	113	149	14,675
Totals, Cigars ..	104,439	111,876	184,898	196,996	228,983
Acetic acid ..		62			112
Inspection of petroleum ..					
Manufactures in bond ..	5,379	6,673	9,271	11,022	14,790
Seizures ..	311	1,011	289	431	1,461
Other receipts ..	5,456	7,407	6,831	7,862	19,181
Totals, Excise Revenue ..	1,266,827	1,413,035	2,108,935	2,441,959	2,818,257
Hydraulic and other rents ..	42	125	133	50	133
Minor public works ..	701		712	1,422	972
Inspection of electric light ..	2,635	2,953	3,024	4,676	3,077
" gas ..	3,778	3,540	5,686	7,049	3,859
" weights and measures ..	5,990	6,562	10,356	11,282	8,155
Law stamps ..	796	858	2,243	1,480	1,428
Other revenues ..	5,705	5,637	11,775	10,884	14,187
Grand totals, Inland Revenue ..	1,286,474	1,432,710	2,142,864	2,478,802	2,850,068

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months, two months and twelve months* ending May 1898 to 1907.

Years	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							Expendi- ture on Capital Account.
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expendi- ture on account of Consoli- dated Fund.	
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Pub. Works (including Railways).	Miscel- laneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898..	1,769,837	718,699	270,000	377,868	381,103	3,517,507	3,426,193	319,613
1899..	2,160,803	844,754	200,000	412,302	356,300	3,974,159	3,480,105	430,295
1900..	2,266,720	804,283	230,000	535,679	390,242	4,226,924	3,781,798	511,339
1901..	2,374,411	908,133	275,000	543,603	480,833	4,581,980	4,013,782	640,747
1902..	2,807,604	940,938	300,000	345,528	284,548	4,678,618	4,088,088	1,209,630
1903..	3,099,673	1,031,782	330,000	520,174	381,913	5,363,542	4,034,297	253,148
1904..	3,384,206	1,089,324	330,000	556,809	629,062	5,989,401	5,820,747	901,059
1905..	3,553,616	1,116,688	360,000	755,189	408,325	6,193,818	4,519,325	1,068,982
1906..	4,083,203	1,256,814	420,000	740,495	703,342	7,203,854	4,857,926	1,849,370
1907..	5,260,315	1,390,416	490,000	873,572	279,066	8,293,369	3,102,148	805,681

TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898..	3,632,536	1,498,269	539,951	674,301	678,798	7,023,855	5,912,278	518,068
1899..	4,418,575	1,707,755	525,332	856,249	640,107	8,148,018	6,333,034	942,417
1900..	4,549,447	1,552,941	532,621	1,047,831	574,222	8,257,072	6,524,024	771,454
1901..	4,581,019	1,752,552	599,168	1,045,406	675,122	8,653,267	6,998,636	1,429,983
1902..	5,605,727	1,948,523	668,818	1,074,676	629,783	9,927,527	7,090,977	1,672,767
1903..	6,373,379	2,033,084	713,813	1,190,948	816,918	11,128,142	7,291,886	750,941
1904..	6,559,359	2,152,560	679,881	1,183,988	838,762	11,414,550	8,962,306	1,852,811
1905..	6,813,194	2,094,080	756,108	1,404,097	826,082	11,893,561	8,136,866	1,774,880
1906..	7,975,787	2,405,944	989,840	1,522,389	1,102,691	13,996,651	8,500,044	2,634,802
1907..	5,817,923	1,603,122	707,392	1,088,000	401,068	9,617,505	7,239,211	2,426,344

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898..	21,128,956	7,283,729	3,524,203	3,737,314	2,313,311	37,987,513	30,804,108	4,364,801
1899..	24,719,132	9,549,759	3,180,610	4,337,882	2,640,904	44,428,287	33,544,313	8,123,376
1900..	27,894,795	9,799,816	3,040,677	5,098,414	2,764,739	48,598,441	34,820,222	7,670,966
1901..	28,033,727	10,271,225	3,324,614	5,623,333	3,245,835	50,498,734	37,877,068	9,302,217
1902..	31,325,726	11,028,164	3,720,278	6,311,209	3,058,634	55,444,011	40,953,375	11,335,146
1903..	35,970,393	11,835,108	4,200,643	7,027,946	3,715,643	62,749,733	43,210,173	7,646,967
1904..	40,423,743	12,894,327	4,598,938	6,852,881	3,962,117	68,732,006	44,112,692	9,033,550
1905..	40,994,016	12,339,617	4,846,264	7,434,417	3,605,175	69,219,489	49,960,117	10,850,783
1906..	45,244,063	13,846,373	5,675,656	8,169,467	4,227,079	77,162,638	53,628,790	12,595,552
1907..	49,069,765	14,351,353	5,997,776	8,636,263	4,371,192	82,426,349	52,952,849	13,758,761

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.					
	Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Food, drink and tobacco:—						
Grain and flour	53,513,983	55,949,352	56,124,731	2,387,786	2,018,640	2,435,708
Meat, including animals for food.	39,590,946	43,131,544	42,534,300	634,856	1,025,961	1,044,747
Other food and drink—						
Free	47,569,929	50,946,130	53,132,305		8,964,244	10,538,221
Dutiable	35,148,832	32,286,474	40,149,012		771,562	982,361
Tobacco	2,861,368	3,425,870	2,692,616		824,286	
Totals	178,685,058	185,739,370	194,632,964	12,708,448	14,063,016	15,001,037
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured:—						
Coal, coke and patent fuel	28,007	40,953	2,069	21,421,495	26,745,622	32,950,114
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel	4,617,283	5,806,118	6,109,107	414,864	438,360	727,959
Other metallic ores	5,707,676	7,437,610	9,611,891	104,497	103,986	137,683
Wood and timber	14,074,926	15,155,141	16,804,093	54,360	55,435	114,737
Cotton	38,643,646	35,182,288	54,121,266			
Wool	20,363,379	34,414,999	33,303,419	1,080,569	2,247,344	2,308,527
Other textile materials	11,909,540	12,365,363	13,378,033	104,385	174,858	274,129
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums	18,888,170	19,360,022	27,516,614	2,272,296	2,180,875	2,762,747
Hides and undressed skins	5,596,476	8,348,436	9,620,062	1,327,884	1,790,388	1,568,584
Materials for making paper	3,110,244	3,039,247	3,274,482	457,983	557,725	679,159
Miscellaneous	18,665,508	20,898,325	24,187,471	1,442,365	1,597,819	2,146,317
	141,604,856	162,008,472	203,928,507	28,680,698	36,892,412	43,706,916
Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured:—						
Iron and steel and mfrs. of	6,891,191	7,490,067	5,277,102	25,588,836	30,905,503	40,450,892
Other metals and mfrs. of	16,827,156	21,645,429	24,114,367	6,601,545	7,708,989	11,208,041
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments	3,006,896	2,937,729	3,332,455	4,052,366	4,645,788	5,475,604

Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	933,728	1,081,115	1,389,229	1,137,597	1,227,577
Machinery.....	4,452,173	5,478,830	18,829,098	21,984,407	26,446,099
Ships (new).....	27,629	38,020	4,016,743	5,177,856	12,350,613
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	1,807,437	1,808,478	865,609	925,173	1,115,050
Yarns and textile fabrics:—					
Cotton.....	6,040,526	7,650,707	68,987,784	77,778,453	88,883,004
Wool.....	10,090,576	10,246,178	19,962,322	21,247,570	23,995,796
Other materials.....	16,998,341	17,427,592	9,512,513	10,707,333	13,284,282
Apparel.....	3,325,992	3,341,935	3,747,441	4,063,166	4,872,516
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	8,447,020	8,855,732	12,653,133	13,663,905	15,810,126
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	8,012,198	10,766,049	3,997,463	4,440,176	5,266,181
Earthenware and glass.....	3,338,678	3,485,643	2,511,822	2,806,354	3,365,091
Paper.....	3,963,695	4,611,926	1,518,938	1,593,518	1,958,745
Miscellaneous.....	23,154,589	23,723,832	20,723,420	22,634,144	27,856,531
Total.....	116,328,158	129,561,942	204,928,262	231,419,952	283,625,148
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	1,945,454	1,832,709	3,786,242	4,600,820	4,852,047
Totals.....	438,563,525	479,292,147	250,103,650	285,976,200	347,185,148
Exports of foreign produce.....			63,798,642	70,317,207	88,192,098
Grand totals.....	438,563,525	479,292,147	313,902,292	356,293,407	435,377,246

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907 and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of May.		Two months ending May.		Month of May.		Two months ending May.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
						%	\$	\$	%	\$
Animals, living—										
Cattle.....	10,862	8,362	13,166	17,234	13,724	914,515	707,131	1,051,750	1,448,397	1,156,412
Sheep and lambs.....	3,470	.....	6,231	4,368	.....	25,929	.....	46,501	31,934	.....
Horses.....	14	15	34	44	30	3,407	3,285	6,911	10,999	6,570
Grain—										
Indian corn.....	175,600	286,400	493,500	203,700	287,200	208,950	371,429	587,255	237,522	372,631
Wheat.....	1,235,800	552,500	304,800	1,998,100	871,900	2,184,286	998,572	543,685	3,507,259	1,547,021
Wheat flour.....	135,600	82,000	161,100	249,100	277,300	318,752	188,101	361,881	585,406	659,511
Pease.....	9,000	14,269	35,800	18,400	22,480	16,444	26,815	53,394	34,777	41,532
Oats.....	66,000	56,000	17,200	83,534	64,600	99,776	92,710	23,107	394,594	106,775
Provisions—										
Bacon.....	89,372	76,009	103,131	165,726	145,722	1,138,119	972,024	1,116,499	2,090,370	1,894,181
Hams.....	20,737	18,947	27,049	38,504	28,622	254,619	278,393	306,828	466,634	402,775

Butter.....	Cwt.	2,494	14	697	2,494	14	58,079	404	15,656	58,079	404
Cheese.....	"	72,219	55,595	69,478	102,958	67,096	1,039,866	846,157	1,044,084	1,502,627	1,025,567
Eggs.....	Gt. hunds.										
Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	3,096	1,921	3,612	3,432	1,991	116,065	70,177	105,051	126,552	73,004
Salmon.....	"	63,193	23,928	10,416	112,214	37,663	926,827	392,375	140,773	1,631,856	630,486
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads.	2,760	659	3,060	6,552	1,503	58,721	15,899	66,225	133,551	35,147
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	49,518	36,267	61,709	74,217	68,674	770,305	503,038	852,684	1,125,003	990,128
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....											
							8,134,660	5,466,510	6,322,284	13,385,611	8,912,144

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.					
	Month of May.		Two months ending May.		Month of May.		Two months ending May.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.									
1. Articles of food and drink :—									
Salt, rock and white.	10,965	5,802	18,297	16,280	43,980	25,131	72,410	61,553	42,641
Spirits.	91,896	84,051	130,347	150,813	183,921	176,397	278,942	305,597	422,582
2. Raw materials :—									
Wool, sheep and lambs.	40,700	76,500	174,900	112,700	10,809	26,757	37,838	32,261	47,070
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured :—									
Cotton manufactures—									
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.	192,900	906,100	333,800	351,300	10,993	50,652	17,908	21,724	99,090
Piece goods, bleached.	797,100	1,648,400	1,691,200	1,685,700	60,960	130,134	128,348	133,673	262,425
" printed.	1,086,600	1,431,100	1,535,400	2,520,400	83,108	111,320	111,393	184,797	241,717
" dyed or manufactured of dyed yarn	1,020,900	1,567,000	1,723,200	2,089,800	132,826	191,718	231,946	280,889	367,259
Jute manufactures—									
Piece goods, all kinds.	833,200	2,301,700	3,950,000	2,022,100	66,668	141,299	194,500	141,649	230,359
Linen manufactures—									
Piece goods, all kinds.	802,200	1,144,400	1,628,700	1,678,600	88,057	130,178	179,186	182,937	249,704
Silk manufactures—									
Lace.					1,781	3,412	11,753	6,453	11,384
Silk and other materials					29,711	54,044	55,673	60,522	68,361
Woolen tissues.	461,500	600,700	835,200	933,100	227,546	317,891	377,654	457,238	616,913
Worsted "	833,600	886,500	1,240,300	1,525,200	302,405	378,753	415,166	546,366	704,464
Carpets, not being rugs.	184,000	156,600	307,100	361,600	86,081	85,298	164,118	178,343	216,104
Hardware, unenumerated					28,144	33,643	45,435	50,769	63,875
Cutlery.					51,616	67,184	76,893	89,186	116,687
Iron and steel—									
Iron. : Pig.	9,240	25,358	8,627	11,972	164,547	410,800	156,978	247,986	617,809
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables.	171	307	353	322	14,123	24,260	23,978	25,482	45,828

Bars, angles, rods, and shapes or sections	Tons.	5,177	4,368	2,940	7,335	5,344	200,550	192,253	110,337	301,567	256,264
Rails	"	92	1,105	5,012	95	1,356	2,501	37,079	122,002	2,652	44,184
Sheets and plates	"	2,119	3,756	5,016	3,786	6,419	83,921	155,577	185,459	145,728	273,642
Galvanized sheets	"	1,571	2,336	3,745	2,946	4,572	105,203	178,962	243,362	196,341	357,802
Tin plates and sheets	"	1,311	1,613	3,736	2,545	3,397	86,627	100,628	231,185	162,279	215,243
Wire	"	446	350	758	816	879	47,216	55,665	66,902	91,775	115,982
Old, for remanufacture	"	1,623	4,706	3,662	1,987	6,406	23,224	76,713	51,483	28,313	103,382
Tin, unwrought	"	648	516	585	981	902	52,015	53,776	38,802	79,862	93,804
Apparel and slaps	Cwt.	1,580	860	1,420	2,160	1,980	70,279	40,048	46,180	93,322	91,337
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroideries and needlework	"						64,435	122,528	128,767	154,306	246,350
Cement	Tons.	3,576	3,913	5,419	4,901	7,790	54,969	79,721	135,760	118,693	151,343
Earthenware and chinaware	"						25,521	32,359	46,754	36,388	65,438
Oil, seed oil	Tons	210	140	2,525	378	407	103,412	135,542	173,369	205,203	261,578
Paper, writing or printing and envelopes	Cwt	4,260	7,889	11,076	8,861	14,070	21,914	15,442	203,713	35,582	44,481
Paper, all other, except hanging	"	1,168	1,530	1,459	2,095	2,366	27,131	50,146	75,185	60,528	92,520
Stationery, other than paper	"						16,844	15,963	17,144	29,784	25,784
							30,782	69,223	42,506	52,721	99,742
II.—FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India	Lbs.	120,836	104,344	133,152	222,683	207,721	20,041	21,087	27,885	40,048	42,047
" Ceylon	"	295,410	190,493	539,779	584,658	403,130	53,217	37,541	97,679	104,433	81,813
" China	"	39,078	64,905	66,503	50,106	76,215	5,553	10,040	10,833	7,573	11,753
" other countries	"	775		5,327	4,705	4,688	238		1,017	1,129	881
Total Exports, Principal Articles							2,682,869	3,839,164	4,636,493	4,954,652	7,145,242

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *month* of April, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

Classification of Articles.	MONTH OF APRIL.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS :—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			14,475,798
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			15,688,378
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			46,208,637
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			23,476,930
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			28,966,429
Miscellaneous.....			737,963
Totals imports.....	95,511,277	107,317,983	129,554,075
Duties collected from customs.....	20,040,946	23,481,330	27,551,058
EXPORTS :—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			13,659,742
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			28,031,915
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			44,615,629
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			22,681,453
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			45,201,876
Miscellaneous.....			1,104,127
Totals, exports, domestic.....	125,823,364	142,034,805	155,294,742
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty	1,450,925	1,247,107	1,115,277
Dutiable.....	1,762,625	1,186,550	1,034,262
Totals, exports, foreign	3,213,550	2,433,657	2,149,539
Totals, exports.	129,036,914	144,468,462	157,444,281
AGGREGATE TRADE :—			
Imports	95,511,277	107,317,983	129,554,075
Exports ..	129,036,914	144,468,462	157,444,281
Grand totals.....	224,548,191	251,786,445	286,998,356

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of April, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF APRIL.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
	Imports.		Imports.		Imports.		Imports.	
	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa...	1,082,450	1,696,256	2,395,405	1,023,281				
Asia.....	17,010,873	7,542,745	18,831,026	9,983,366				
Europe.....	53,672,495	99,034,154	61,353,259	103,132,801				
North America..	23,750,666	27,746,448	28,537,136	32,877,450				
South America....	8,640,275	5,464,119	14,937,516	7,047,176				
Oceania.....	3,161,224	2,984,740	3,499,733	3,380,207				
Totals.....	107,317,983	144,468,462	129,554,075	157,444,281				

UNITED STATES

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of April, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF APRIL.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>						
Great Britain	\$ 18,485,891	\$ 44,453,800	\$ 21,623,303	\$ 45,551,065	\$	\$
Aden	276,981	255,685	213,250	144,045		
Bermuda	162,805	77,715	183,158	88,693		
British Africa	231,051	1,197,590	298,263	533,916		
British Australasia—						
Australia	2,138,779	2,541,259	{ 2,311,274	{ 2,396,278		
New Zealand			{ 393,914	{ 299,393		
British East Indies	7,899,875	603,609	8,986,107	811,726		
Guiana	844	163,273	18,225	92,079		
Honduras	50,318	127,338	60,284	70,081		
British North America—						
Canada	4,923,036	14,857,778	5,975,599	17,812,846		
Newfoundland and Labrador	13,545	244,540	26,388	185,316		
British West Indies	842,338	757,427	1,274,653	888,812		
Gibraltar	793	35,677	5,127	30,179		
Hong Kong	187,132	408,679	249,956	728,788		
Other British Colonies	69	5,588	3,278	15,361		
Totals, British Empire	35,213,457	65,229,848	41,827,780	69,648,778		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>						
Austria-Hungary	1,098,915	1,188,749	1,305,847	2,272,250		
Argentine Republic	1,713,924	1,380,413	1,933,950	2,357,926		
Belgium	2,445,002	4,050,729	2,504,075	4,380,847		
Brazil	4,655,887	1,580,308	8,834,049	2,012,997		
Central American States	1,327,398	2,253,707	2,753,294	2,802,880		

Cuba.....	11,488,852	3,848,049	12,372,399	4,269,897	.....	.....	.....
Chile.....	583,347	851,204	1,639,080	928,219	.....	.....	.....
Colombia.....	618,547	241,251	390,443	259,860	.....	.....	.....
Chinese Empire.....	3,761,152	3,280,546	3,853,793	2,671,529	.....	.....	.....
Denmark.....	62,103	2,598,196	82,934	2,272,637	.....	.....	.....
Dutch East Indies.....	391,443	41,644	603,551	408,978	.....	.....	.....
Egypt.....	761,118	95,029	1,818,845	65,287	.....	.....	.....
Ecuador.....	178,102	175,829	169,679	144,651	.....	.....	.....
France.....	8,688,203	7,852,717	10,212,742	10,149,267	.....	.....	.....
Germany.....	10,297,206	20,374,353	11,667,677	18,611,467	.....	.....	.....
Greece.....	118,309	7,385	202,562	148,942	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	3,806,595	5,075,049	4,833,205	4,071,849	.....	.....	.....
Japan.....	4,134,142	2,477,266	4,428,632	4,163,538	.....	.....	.....
Mexico.....	4,564,427	5,264,743	5,243,982	6,161,913	.....	.....	.....
Netherlands.....	3,544,882	8,330,528	2,906,333	9,440,958	.....	.....	.....
Norway and Sweden—							
Norway.....	135,863	550,220	275,725	586,749	.....	.....	.....
Sweden.....	247,605	655,699	243,985	828,819	.....	.....	.....
Portugal.....	409,725	126,756	356,021	513,847	.....	.....	.....
Peru.....	110,636	448,327	751,626	478,318	.....	.....	.....
Philippine Islands.....	945,988	408,181	549,248	644,222	.....	.....	.....
Russia—							
In Asia.....	2,153	377,746	50,731	151,768	.....	.....	.....
In Europe.....	1,056,709	1,352,368	1,115,794	2,268,720	.....	.....	.....
Spain.....	740,284	2,167,417	1,330,374	1,723,989	.....	.....	.....
Switzerland.....	1,708,540	38,354	2,041,951	52,100	.....	.....	.....
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,105,180	89,683	1,420,344	165,291	.....	.....	.....
Uruguay.....	43,907	173,474	444,784	373,218	.....	.....	.....
Venezuela.....	663,528	337,877	686,938	183,962	.....	.....	.....
Other Foreign Countries.....	635,454	1,524,877	1,201,102	2,228,608	.....	.....	.....
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	72,104,526	79,238,614	87,726,295	87,795,508	.....	.....	.....
Grand totals.....	107,317,983	144,468,462	129,554,075	157,444,281	.....	.....	.....
	251,786,445		286,998,356		.....	.....	.....

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of April, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of April.		—		Month of April.		—	
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
Animals—								
Horses..... No.	355	187			\$ 41,132	\$ 37,677	\$	\$
Art work.....					152	8,416		
Books, &c.....					8,798	7,656		
Cement, Roman—								
Portland..... Lbs.	11,900	2,700			64	23		
Coal, bituminous..... Tons.	122,569	116,129			294,034	276,411		
Copper and manufactures of—								
Ore and regulus..... Tons.	3,254	8,370			78,218	172,039		
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates old and other unmd. Lbs.	3,142,576	3,837,163			566,538	930,185		
Fibres, vegetables, &c., and manufactures of—								
Flax..... Tons.	109	202			23,330	43,136		
Fruits—								
Bananas.....					369			
Lemons.....					1			
Furs, skins, undre sed, &c.....					143,799	157,945		
Hides and skins, other than fur—								
Cattle hides..... Lbs.	2,367,520	720,029			261,213	68,362		
All other..... "								

[illegible]

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of April, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.					
	Month of April.		—	Month of April.		—			
	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
Agricultural implements.....						\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—									
Cattle.....	3,307	1,894	No.			277,361	393,115		
Hogs.....	40	35	"			106,842	55,032		
Horses.....	7,919	6,346	"			393	290		
Sheep.....	6,980	2,299	"			909,936	763,828		
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....						27,937	7,084		
Breadstuffs—						139,083	164,777		
Corn.....	502,879	1,455,981	Bush.			204,686	722,228		
Oats.....	172,949	1,653	"			60,330	571		
Wheat.....	107,741	3,502	"			93,566	2,744		
Wheat flour.....	23,381	13,561	Bbls.			98,228	60,126		
Carriages, cars and parts of—									
Automobiles and parts of.....						82,133	174,448		
Cycles and parts of.....						6,977	12,786		
Railway carriages.....						152,534	93,123		
Other kinds.....						73,498	101,753		
Clocks and watches.....						567,997	1,029,500		
Coal—						645,897	1,224,408		
Anthracite.....	114,862	214,785	Tons.						
Bituminous.....	270,049	497,083	"						
Copper and manufactures of—									
Ingot, bars and old.....	136,984	106,508	Lbs.			26,400	28,618		
Ore, matte and regulus.....	2,052	5,870	Tons.			99,159	89,762		
Cotton and manufactures of—									
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	7,428	10,641	{ Bales.			421,616	595,004		
" coloured and uncoloured.....	3,887,783	5,539,224	{ Lbs.			79,294	62,886		
Wearing apparel.....	731,648	655,791	{ Yds.			311,137	130,142		
Other kinds.....						44,037	67,376		
Fertilizers.....	1,857	2,796	Tons.						

Fibres, vegetable, &c.—Twine.....						67,467			
Fish—Salmon, canned.....	Lbs.					569			
Fruits and nuts.....						205,220	191,314		
Fur and fur skins.....						184,361	146,361		
Hides and skins other than fur.....	Lbs.					6,166	21,263		
Hops.....	"					6,920	2,185		
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes—									
Electrical appliances.....									
Other kinds.....							113,411	{	101,151
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—									26,040
Billets, ingots and blooms of steel.....	Tons.								
Builders' hardware and saws and tools.....			307				218,691		18,270
Machinery, viz.—									250,451
Electrical.....	No.								
Locomotives.....		8					169,422		134,362
Metal working.....			35				29,345		206,300
Sewing machines and parts of.....									27,911
Typewriting machines and parts of.....							29,765		57,488
Pipes and fittings.....	Lbs.				5,537,930		34,143		24,121
Structural iron and steel.....	Tons.				7,574				149,473
Steel bars or rails for railways.....	"	4,554			1,362				352,607
Wire.....	Lbs.				12,091,302		126,915		52,478
Leather and manufactures of—									298,370
Boots and Shoes.....							137,879		159,260
Sole leather.....	Lbs.	35,326			39,160		7,847		9,227
Splints, buff, grain, etc.....									17,713
Other kinds.....							80,050	{	
Naval stores—									
Rosin, tar and pitch.....	Brls.	3,259			5,215		13,689		30,764
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Galls.	86,199			96,752		56,322		67,579
Oil cake and oil cake meal—									
Cottonseed.....	Lbs.	177,425	{				2,586	{	
Flaxseed.....	"								
Oils—Mineral, crude.....	Galls.	2,456,764			2,032,924		80,877		63,507
Mineral, refined—									
Illuminating.....	"								
Lubricating.....	"	688,196	{		583,752		73,498	{	44,374
Cottonseed.....	"				354,893				62,535
Paper and manufactures of—							41,770		77,366
Printing.....	Lbs.								
Other kinds.....	"						245,084	{	22,350
Paraffine and paraffine wax.....	"								
Provisions—							1,282		
Meat products—									
Beef products—									
Beef, canned.....	Lbs.	167,590			4,547		14,727		570
" fresh.....	"	9,749			4,549		1,084		418
" salted or pickled.....	"								
and other, cured.....	Lbs.	810,420			408,703		51,409		22,246
Tallow.....	"	957					52		

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of April 1906 and 1907. (Concluded from *United States Returns*.)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of April.				Month of April.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>								
Hog products—								
Bacon.....	250,948	115,514			29,797	15,769		
Hams.....	274,174	158,758			35,159	22,010		
Pork, salted or pickled.....	861,973	663,559			69,605	56,863		
fresh.....								
Lard.....	706,417	493,945			61,662	48,110		
Oleo and oleomargarine.....	267,060	30,774			23,697	3,622		
Dairy products—	38,708	97,105			8,847	24,597		
Butter.....	24,822	106,853			3,085	10,990		
Cheese.....								
Seeds—								
Flaxseed or linseed.....		26			200,822	34		
Other kinds.....								
Sugar, refined.....	241,308				6,186			
Tobacco and manufactures of—								
Leaf, stems and trimmings.....	592,714	1,447,577			52,190	146,678		
Cigars.....								
Cigarettes.....					17,388	8,119		
Plug.....		35,073						
Other kinds.....								
Wood and manufactures of—								
Timber and unmanufactured wood.....					80,176	75,624		
Lumber—Boards, planks, deals, joists, &c.....	9,117	19,542			249,772	555,658		
Manufactures of wood—								
Furniture, N. E. S.....					73,997	107,068		
All other goods exported, including foreign produce.....					7,304,573	8,351,358		
Totals, Exports.....					14,602,118	17,998,162		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

Countries.	Period of Year ended	IMPORTS.		
		1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Canada (special)...	2 mos. May.....	44,377,032	49,706,600	61,610,590
Great Britain (special).....	2 " ".....	438,563,525	479,292,147	532,440,195
United States.....	1 mo. April.....	95,511,277	107,317,983	129,554,075
Austria-Hungary (special).....	3 mos. March.....	110,097,862	136,335,409	116,130,210
Belgium (principal articles).....	4 " April.....	183,737,930	208,820,017	233,068,344
British India.....	3 " March.....	80,088,432	90,554,244	90,945,577
Egypt.....	3 " ".....	24,195,000	26,310,000	30,775,000
France (special).....	5 " May.....		482,693,800	527,760,000
Germany (special).....	3 mos. March.....	382,328,674		489,782,342
Italy (special).....	1 mo. January.....	27,599,772	33,411,617	43,375,785
Japan (special).....	3 mos. March.....	65,250,000	54,448,500	60,680,000
a Mexico.....	1 mo. January.....	7,946,500	12,880,500	10,371,500
Portugal.....	8 mos. *August.....	45,246,600	45,291,960	44,491,680
Russia (special).....	12 " *December.....	300,203,124	288,047,225	319,255,195
Spain (principal articles).....	6 " *June.....	78,298,749	91,562,095	94,868,378
Switzerland (special).....	12 " *December.....	232,835,586	258,599,735	274,397,557

EXPORTS.

Canada (special).....	2 mos. May.....	22,830,944	32,772,095	27,824,393
Great Britain (special).....	2 " ".....	250,103,650	285,976,200	347,185,148
United States (special).....	1 mo. April.....	125,823,364	142,034,805	155,294,742
Austria-Hungary (special).....	3 mos. March.....	93,279,109	114,228,506	100,520,931
Belgium (principal articles).....	4 " April.....	131,369,310	149,783,633	155,156,753
British India.....	3 " March.....	135,243,633	148,637,185	167,964,941
Egypt.....	3 " ".....	27,523,000	37,210,000	36,890,000
France (special).....	5 " May.....		422,858,600	455,731,000
Germany (special).....	3 " March.....	304,517,430		387,408,070
Italy (special).....	1 mo. January.....	21,655,565	23,138,577	26,409,541
Japan (special).....	3 mos. March.....	30,659,000	42,961,000	47,039,000
a Mexico.....	1 mo. January.....	8,845,500	12,554,000	11,150,500
Portugal.....	8 mos. *August.....	22,339,800	20,161,440	21,662,640
Russia (special).....	12 " *December.....	492,235,970	524,205,625	514,672,975
Spain (principal articles).....	6 " *June.....	75,385,125	75,124,285	81,255,316
Switzerland (special).....	12 " *December.....	170,486,351	185,230,785	205,345,824

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a The figures for Mexico include coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

NEW TARIFFS.

During the month under review there have been distributed from this department to all the principal Custom-houses and Boards of Trade throughout the Dominion, copies of all foreign and colonial tariffs and supplements thereto, as furnished during that period by the International Customs Tariff Bureau, which are always available for reference by those interested therein, resident at the principal centres of trade. The following British and Colonial are supplemental to those published in the departmental Annual Report, 1893, and the quarterly and monthly reports since published, and comprise all additions thereto or changes therein, so far as the department has authentic advice.

SAINT LUCIA.

AN ORDINANCE TO FIX A TARIFF OF DUTIES ON GOODS IMPORTED INTO THIS COLONY.

(No. 3 of 1907, Passed and assented to 27th February, 1907.)

Be it enacted by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council of Saint Lucia, as follows:—

1. This ordinance may be cited as the Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1907.
2. (1) There shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty his Heirs and Successors, for the use of this Colony, upon goods, wares, merchandize and articles imported into this Colony, or which may be warehoused at the time of the coming into force of this ordinance and thereafter entered for consumption in the Colony, the several duties of Customs set forth in the table of duties contained in the first schedule to this ordinance.

(2) The goods, wares, merchandize and articles enumerated in the second schedule to this ordinance shall be severally exempt from duty under this ordinance.

3. (1) All duties under this ordinance shall be paid and received according to the weights and measures established by the Weights and Measures Ordinance, 1851, or any other ordinance which may now or hereafter be in force declaring the weights and measures to be used in this Colony.

(2) In all cases where such duties are imposed according to any specific quantity or value, the same shall be deemed to apply in the same proportion to any greater or less quantity or value.

4. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council at any time to exempt from the payment of duty any article mentioned in the first schedule to this ordinance or any other article whatsoever, not prohibited to be imported, upon a declaration by the importer to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council that such article is imported for the purpose of starting, developing or improving any industry intended to be established, or, being carried on, in the Colony.

5. The ordinances mentioned in the third schedule to this ordinance are hereby repealed.

6. Indecent or obscene prints, paintings, books, cards, lithographic or other engravings, or other indecent or obscene articles are absolutely prohibited from being imported into this Colony.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

TABLE OF DUTIES OF CUSTOMS.

	Rate of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
Aërated non-alcoholic drinks, including ginger ale, lemonade and soda water.dozen bottles	0	0	6
Ale.— <i>See</i> Malt Liquor.			
Almonds.— <i>See</i> Nuts.			
Animals—			
Asses.each	0	8	0
Bulls, cows, oxen, of any age.“	0	5	0
Dogs.“	0	3	0
Goats.“	0	2	0
Horses, mares, geldings.“	2	0	0
Mules.ad val.	15	%	
Pigs.each	0	3	0
Sheep.“	0	3	0
Arms, ammunition and fireworks.ad val.	20	%	
Arrowroot.lb.	0	0	0½
Asses.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Bacon and hams.lb.	0	0	2
Bags, empty; and bagging.ad val.	15	%	
Bay rum or bay water.gallon	0	1	0
Beans.bushel	0	0	4
Beef, salted or pickled.lb.	0	0	1
Beer.— <i>See</i> Malt Liquor.			
Biscuits and bread, common.brl. of 65 lbs.	0	2	0
“ “ fancy.100 lbs.	0	4	0
Boots and shoes, made wholly or in part of leather. ad val.	15	%	
Bran.— <i>See</i> Oats.			
Brandy, gin and whisky, according to proof by Skyes' hydrometer.gallon	0	9	0
And a further duty on every gallon in proportion to the duty for every higher degree of strength, and a less duty on every gallon in proportion to the duty for every lesser degree of strength, according to the proof by Sykes' hydrometer.			
Bricks.M.	0	7	6
Bulls.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Butter, butterine, margarine, and all imitations of butter, and butter substitutes and oleomargarine. . . .lb.	0	0	2
Candles, tallow.lb.	0	0	1
“ other than tallow.lb.	0	0	2
Cement.brl. of 375 lbs.	0	1	6
Cheese.lb.	0	0	1
Cigarettes.— <i>See</i> Tobacco.			
Cigars and snuff.— <i>See</i> Tobacco.			
Clocks and watches.ad val.	15	%	
Coal and coke.ton	0	0	6
Cocoa, including chocolate and all other kinds of prepared cocoa.lb.	0	0	1
Coffee.lb.	0	0	2
Coke.— <i>See</i> Coal.			
Corn or maize.bushel	0	0	6

	Rate of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
Cornmeal. brl. of 196 lbs.	0	2	0
Cows.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Currants, figs, and raisins. lbs.	0	0	1
Dogs.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Figs.— <i>See</i> Currants.			
Fireworks.— <i>See</i> Arms.			
Fish—			
Herring, mackerel, shad, and other pickled fish. . cwt.	0	2	6
Pickled salmon. “	0	5	0
Salted and dried. “	0	2	0
Flour, wheaten. brl. of 196 lbs.	0	4	0
Geldings.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Gin.— <i>See</i> Brandy.			
Ginger ale.— <i>See</i> Aërated.			
Glue. lb.	0	0	1
Goats.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Gold plate and gold-plated ware. <i>ad val.</i>	20	%	
Ground-nuts. bushel	0	0	6
Gunpowder. lb.	0	0	6
Hair. lb.	0	0	2
Hams.— <i>See</i> Bacon.			
Hay and straw. 100 lbs.	0	0	3
Horses.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Hulks. <i>ad val.</i>	20	%	
Indigo. lb.	0	0	6
Jewellery. <i>ad val.</i>	20	%	
Kerosine.— <i>See</i> Petroleum.			
Lard and its compounds. lb.	0	0	1½
Lemonade.— <i>See</i> Aërated.			
Lime, building. brl. of 3 bush.	0	0	6
Liqueurs. <i>ad val.</i>	25	%	
Lumber of pitch pine, in rough or prepared for building. M. ft.	0	16	0
Lumber, white and spruce pine. “	0	10	0
Maccaroni and vermicelli. lb.	0	0	1
Maize.— <i>See</i> Corn.			
Malt liquor—			
Ale, beer and porter in wood. hhd. of 65 gals.	0	17	0
“ “ in bottles, reputed quarts. . dozen	0	1	3
Mares.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Margarine.— <i>See</i> Butter.			
Matches. gross of boxes	0	1	6
Mules.— <i>See</i> Animals.			
Nails of iron or wire, and other kinds. 100 lbs.	0	2	0
Nuts, almonds, and other kinds. lb.	0	0	1
Nuts, ground.— <i>See</i> Ground-nuts.			
Oats, bran, and pollard, and all crushed food for cattle. bushel	0	0	4
Oil—			
Engine, lard, linseed, naphtha, olive, cotton seed, sperm, and other kinds, not including medicinal or perfumed oils. gallon	0	0	6
Kerosene.— <i>See</i> Petroleum.			
Sewing machine. <i>ad val.</i>	15	%	

		Rate of Duty.		
		£	s.	D.
Oilcake and oilmeal.	100 lbs.	0	0	9
Oleomargarine.— <i>See</i> Butter.				
Oxen.— <i>See</i> Animals.				
Pease.	bushel	0	0	4
Pepper.	lb.	0	0	2
Perfumery, including all toilet requisites.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %		
Petroleum, crude or refined.	gallon	0	0	4
Pitch and rosin.	brl. of 200 lbs.	0	2	6
Pollard.— <i>See</i> Oats.				
Pork, salted or pickled.	lb.	0	0	1
Porter.— <i>See</i> Malt.				
Powder, fancy.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %		
Raisins.— <i>See</i> Currants.				
Rice.	100 lbs.	0	2	0
Rosin.— <i>See</i> Pitch.				
Rum and other spirits (except brandy, gin and whisky), according to proof by Sykes' hydrometer.	gallon	0	8	0
And a further duty on every gallon in proportion to the duty for every higher degree of strength, and a less duty on every gallon in proportion to the duty for every lesser degree of strength, accord- ing to the proof by Sykes' hydrometer.				
Salt, coarse.	brl. of 275 lbs.	0	0	9
Salt, table.	100 lbs.	0	1	0
Sheep.— <i>See</i> Animals.				
Shingles—				
Cypress.	M.	0	6	0
Pine.	M.	0	4	0
Wallaba.	M.	0	6	0
Silver plate and silver-plated ware.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %		
Snuff.— <i>See</i> Tobacco.				
Soap, fancy, including scented and all other toilet soaps.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %		
Soaps, other than fancy.	100 lbs.	0	2	6
Soda water.— <i>See</i> Aerated.				
Spirits, sweetened, not capable of being proved by hydro- meter.	gallon	0	6	0
Straw.— <i>See</i> Hay.				
Sugar, of any description.	cwt.	0	2	2
Tallow.	100 lbs.	0	2	6
Tar.	per. brl. of 40 gallons, Winchester measure	0	2	6
Tea.	lb.	0	0	6
Tobacco—				
Cigarettes.	lb.	0	4	0
Cigars and snuff.	lb.	0	5	0
Other manufactured.	lb.	0	1	6
Unmanufactured.	lb.	0	1	2
Tongues, salted and cured.	lb.	0	0	2
Turpentine, spirits of.	gallon	0	0	6
Vermicelli.— <i>See</i> Maccaroni.				
Vermouth.	<i>ad val.</i>	15 %		
	and per gallon	0	0	6
Vinegar.	gallon	0	0	4
Watches.— <i>See</i> Clocks.				

		Rate of Duty.	
		£	S. D.
Whisky.— <i>See</i> Brandy.			
Wines—			
Medicinal.	<i>ad val.</i>	20	%
Sparkling.	<i>id.</i>	20	%
	and per gallon	0	5 0
Still.	<i>ad val.</i>	15	%
	and per gallon	0	0 6

All other articles not prohibited to be imported, and not hereinbefore enumerated, and not included in the table of exemptions in the second schedule, shall be chargeable with a duty of 15 per cent *ad valorem* when imported into this Colony or taken out of warehouse and entered for consumption.

Goods not prohibited to be imported, composed of any article liable to duty as a part or ingredient thereof, shall be chargeable with the full duty payable on such article, or if composed of more than one article liable to duty, then with the full duty payable on the article charged with the highest rate of duty.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

TABLE OF EXEMPTIONS.

For the Manufacture of Sugar and other Products.

Boiler coating.
 Cane shoots of galvanized iron or other metal.
 Carts. Casks, empty. Charcoal, animal.
 Chemicals or their compounds.
 Coal, coke, and patent fuel.
 Coolers, cultivators, engine packing.
 Filter bags and filter bagging.
 Filter presses.
 Filters for using animal charcoal.
 Fire bricks and fire clay for furnaces or steam boilers.
 Furnaces and fire bars.
 Grubbers, harrows, horse hoes.
 Horse rakes, iron buildings.
 Lime, temper, mules, oxen.
 Pans, sugar and vacuum, ploughs.
 Polariscopes, shocks and staves, stills.
 Sulphur, trucks, trusshoops, wagons.
 Wire rope for cane carriers, woodhoops.
 Water pipes.

NOTE.—The parts or accessories of any of the above named articles shall also be exempt from duty.

For Military and Naval Service.

All articles and things of every description imported as general military, or naval stores for the use of His Majesty's military and naval forces, and all building materials and supplies imported or taken out of bond, under the authority of the treasurer, for military and naval services, under a certificate from the head of the department concerned.

Chargers imported by, and *bonâ fide* the property of, field officers, or departmental officers of relative rank, or of staff officers or adjutants of regiments, and necessary

for the proper discharge of their military duties, under a certificate from the Assistant Adjutant General or the Officer Commanding the Troops in the Colony.

Articles of personal and horse equipment necessary for the performance of military duty, under a certificate from the head of the department concerned.

Horses, mules, and other draft animals imported or purchased for the Commissariat Department, within six months of their being imported, under a certificate from the head of the Army Service Corps.

Wines and other liquors for the use of naval messes.

All articles connected with games, such as cricket bats and balls, lawn tennis racquets and balls, footballs, and other articles of a like nature, imported solely for the recreation of the non-commissioned officers and men of the garrison, when such articles are not imported by the individual, but by an established and recognized non-commissioned officers' and men's recreation club.

For Governor and Government.

All articles for the use of the Governor and the public service.

For Castries Town Board and Churches.

All articles imported for the use of the Castries Town Board.

All articles imported solely for building, repairs, or use of, or in any church or other edifice set apart for Christian public worship: Provided that the treasurer is satisfied by declaration made before him that such articles have been imported solely for the purpose above-mentioned.

For Consular Officers.

All *bonâ fide* official goods sent to the Consular Officer for the United States of America in this Colony by the United States Government for the use of the Consulate.

The same exemption shall extend to the Consular Officers in this Colony of all foreign countries where now, or at any future time, His Majesty's Consular Officers shall enjoy the privilege of exemption from customs duties in respect of official goods imported for the use of their Consulates.

General.

Alcohol (pure), chemicals, materials, and apparatus imported exclusively for medical or other scientific investigations, upon a statutory declaration being made to the satisfaction of the treasurer that they have been so imported.

Bees, beehives and all accessories for apiaries.

Bells for churches, schools and plantations.

Belting for machinery, of leather, canvas, or India-rubber.

Blood stock, imported for breeding purposes or for improving the breed of animals in the Colony, upon a statutory declaration being made to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council as to the qualities of such stock.

Bones and horns.

Books (bound or unbound), pamphlets, magazines, newspapers and printed matter in all languages, maps, charts, music, school globes, and copy books, not including account books, receipt books, bill-heads and forms; but subject to the provisions of The Books (Foreign Reprints) Importation Ordinance, 1850.

Bridges of iron or wood, or of both combined.

Bulbs and roots of flowering plants and of shrubs.

Bullion.

Cards (Christmas, birthday, and New Year), when not imported for sale.

Coal-baskets and coal-boxes for use in the conveyance of coals to and from ships.

Coin.

Eggs.

Electrical apparatus.—*See* Telegraph wire.

Fertilizers of all kinds, natural and artificial, including guano and other manures.

Fish, fresh or in ice or cold storage.

Fruits and vegetables, fresh.

Furniture.—*See* Household.

Household furniture and effects,—the property of persons coming to reside in the Colony, which is imported by them for their personal use and which has been in their use for not less than one year previously to the importation thereof, upon a statutory declaration as to the same being made to the satisfaction of the treasurer.

Ice.

Imperial Department of Agriculture:—All articles imported for the use of the Imperial Department of Agriculture, upon a declaration by the Agricultural Superintendent to the effect that such articles have been imported solely for such use.

Insecticide ingredients, and apparatus for applying them, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council.

Locomotives, railway rolling-stock, rails, railway ties, and all materials and appliances to be used exclusively for the construction, equipment and operation of railways and tramways.

Machinery for coasting steamers.

Manures.—*See* Fertilizers.

Packages or coverings in which articles are imported, if in the opinion of the treasurer they are usual or proper ones for the purpose.

Passengers' baggage:—Wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles, and similar personal effects of passengers, being such articles as actually accompany and are in the use of, and as are necessary and appropriate for the wear and use of, such passengers, for the purposes of the journey and present comfort and convenience, and as are not intended for other persons or for sale; and no such articles shall be exempted from duty which in the opinion of the treasurer do not fall within this definition of baggage.

Patterns and samples which in the opinion of the treasurer are imported exclusively as such.

Plants of all kinds.

Portraits and family photographs, not imported for sale.

Poultry.

Printers' ink.

Printing presses, types, rules, spaces and all printing accessories.

Professional apparatus and workmen's tools brought in by passengers for their own use.

Schoolhouses:—All articles imported exclusively for the building or repair of schoolhouses, upon a declaration being made to the satisfaction of the treasurer by the Inspector of Schools or by the manager of the school in respect of which the exemption is claimed.

Sewing machines and all parts and accessories thereof.

Specimens illustrative of natural history, mineralogy and geology.

Steam and power engines, and machines, machinery, and apparatus, whether stationary or portable, worked by power or by hand, for agriculture, irrigation, mining, the arts and industries of all kinds, and all necessary part and appliances for the erection or repair thereof, or the communication of motive power thereto.

Steam boilers and steam pipes.

Surgical instruments and appliances if imported for the use of the importer,

upon a declaration being made by the importer to the effect to the satisfaction of the treasurer.

Telegraph Company:—Receipt books, billheads and forms imported by the West India and Panama Telegraph Company, Limited, for the use of the company.

Telegraph wire, telegraphic, telephonic, and electrical apparatus, and appliances of all kinds for communication or illumination.

Tombstones, memorial tablets and railings for grave inclosures.

Trees, plants, vines, and seeds, and grains of all kinds for propagation or cultivation.

Vegetables, fresh.

Workmen's tools.—*See* Professional Apparatus.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

1. The Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1895.
2. The Customs Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1902.
3. The Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1895' Amendment Ordinance, 1903.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.

D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

CHINA.

H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.

W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

WEST INDIES.

G. Eustace Burke, Kingston, Jamaica.

R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.

S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.

Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Trade Commissioner, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Coeli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.

G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., May 15, 1907.

CANNED SALMON.

I have heretofore presented the opinions of those merchants interested in British Columbia canned salmon, who viewed with alarm the substitution of Alaska fish for British Columbia salmon.* I now give the opinion of a large Liverpool firm engaged in the trade, controverting to some extent the danger intimated as arising from the substitution.

‘Concerning the supposed sale of canned salmon of Alaska under the guise of being British Columbia production, we think the Canadian producers and the Canadian government need not fear if any such selling did occur. At the present time we should think no house would attempt such misrepresentation. We do not ourselves know of a single instance where Alaska salmon is being represented as Canadian. The consumers and grocers are too familiar with the fine, oily, tender and delicious Canadian Sockeye salmon to mistake it for the harder and less rich Alaska, and as all canned salmon is retailed in this country subject practically to buyer’s approbation on opening the can, you will easily thus see that Alaska salmon cannot prevail against Canadian Sockeye.

‘With regrd to labels, the consumers in this country years ago were used to American and Canadian labels, but with development of the packing the brands and names became so numerous as to lose identity, and consequently their significance in consumers’ eyes as a guarantee. The consumers, therefore, gradually turned in preference to the brands and labels affixed by the houses in the canned salmon trade in England, who have built up the distributive connection for Canadian Sockeye salmon, displacing thereby the Chinook salmon of the Columbia river of twenty years ago.

‘The English house had the advantage of a later inspection of the goods upon arrival here after the long sea voyage (3½ to 4½ months) which ensured closer and later scrutiny of condition and quality than if the goods were examined and labelled in the factories before shipment. The labels also keep brighter by not being affixed till about to be used.

‘The most important point amongst several, however, is the confidence which the consumer and retailer have in buying brands and goods of and belonging to responsible houses who are their own neighbours and readily accessible for responsibility, which of course can not be the case if otherwise labelled.

‘The British Columbia salmon packers, from experience, are quite conscious of this, and they evidently have impressed the Canadian government accordingly to not interfere with exported salmon by the new Act.

‘The inspection of salmon factories has been taken up by the packers willingly, which will meet with consumers’ approval in this country as a counter to the exaggerations of the yellow press of any nation whatever.’

A PIG-IRON FAMINE.

The congestion of pig-iron supplies has become so acute, consumers being unable to obtain deliveries under old contracts, that there is a veritable famine in this

* Monthly Report, January, 1907, p. 1138.

material. This is attributable to heavy shipments to the United States and Germany, and the scarcity of coke and ores. Several large firms have suspended sales for the next three months and prices generally are a shilling a ton higher. Quite recently a very large order from Japan calling for 684 pieces of structural iron for bridge building on railway lines in Manchuria, and for 50 locomotives, has been lost to Great Britain, having been placed in the United States.

FROST AND THE FRUIT TREES.

Inquiries show that the recent severe frosts have done enormous damage amongst the damson trees of Cheshire. Thousands and thousands of trees will not bear any fruit and Cheshire damsons will, therefore, be scarce again. This is no new experience to Cheshire farmers and growers, as the crops of the past few years have been exceedingly small owing to the early frosts.

CANADIAN CHEESE.

The cheese situation is most perplexing just now, at the same time Canadian cheese has had a splendid advertisement given to it by the low price at which it is being retailed all over England. It had been conjectured that the stocks of old cheese were more than the trade could assimilate before the arrival of new, and the principal retailers broke up their combination which everybody knows is established between them to maintain the price of cheese, butter, &c., several of the larger members working for their own hand.

The finest September Canadian and New Zealand cheese has been sold at 7½d. per lb., was dropped to 7d. and then to 6½d. and even at 6d. per lb. in competitive districts. Consequent upon this the consumption increased, the stocks liquidated and to-day we have the extraordinary situation of a wholesale price of 68s., and a retail price of 60s. The English retail trade, together with the wholesale merchant, are very sore about the small margin of profit they have made on Canadian cheese in the season now finished.

A little adjustment of this extreme position is only looked for, and it is to be hoped the new season will open at reasonable prices, and exporters and importers will be satisfied to buy from hand to mouth and to allow the market to take its natural course. The only two factors that should influence the price are, supply and demand, speculation induces an artificial element which bodes no good to the honest trader. Cheese from Canada must be shipped in a riper condition this season, as the prevailing fault has been its greenness all through the past season.

CHESHIRE CHEESE.

At the Nantwich Fair, to-day, there was a pitch of 55 tons of cheese. There was a large attendance of factors, and trade was fairly brisk. A clearance was effected at the following prices: Finest Cheshire, 60s. to 64s., and lower grades from 52s. One lot of finest Cheshire made 65s.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns issued recently, the imports last month were £56,786,007, being an increase of £9,726,787 as compared with April, 1906.

The exports last month were £34,416,866, an increase compared with April, 1906, of £7,384,560.

For the four months ending April last, as compared with the same period in 1906, the imports showed an increase of £26,683,854, and the exports an increase of £18,954,450.

The annual statement of the trade of the United Kingdom with foreign countries and British possessions for 1906 and a comparison with four preceding years was issued this morning in the form of a blue book.

The total value of imports from foreign countries and British possessions during 1906 amounted to £607,888,500, as compared with £565,019,917 in 1905, and £528,391,274 in 1902, while the exports of British and Irish produce amounted in total value to £375,575,338 in 1906, £254,234,060 in 1905, and £174,332,110 in 1902. Of the total imports of £607,888,500, the total value from British possessions, including protectorates, amounted to £142,165,240 in 1906, as compared with £106,916,457 in 1902.

Of the total exports of British produce of £375,575,338 the total value exported to British possessions and protectorates amounted to £121,341,278 in 1906, as compared with £109,091,856 in 1902.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, June 4, 1907.

DUPLICATE INVOICES.

It has been brought to my attention that exporters from Canada frequently omit to forward duplicate invoices of goods shipped to dealers here, thereby causing them delay and annoyance in passing their entries through the customs. This is a matter of importance, and should receive attention on the part of those who intend shipping to this market.

DELAYS IN TRANSPORT.

Complaints have reached me of long delays that occur in the delivery of goods ordered from Canada as compared with those sent from the United States, and the expression of an opinion that if we intend to hold the trade we have, and increase it in the future, some improvement is necessary in the method of transportation, and suggesting the advisability of providing more frequent and regular steamship communication with Halifax especially during the winter season. No doubt some of the delay complained of may be attributed to the unusual severity of the season during the late winter and early spring, but whatever may have been the cause every reasonable effort should be put forth to prevent as far as possible any undue delay in the delivery of goods shipped in Canada for this colony.

FLOUR TRADE.

The trade in flour with this colony is at present altogether in favour of Canada, the prices being on an average forty cents lower than American. The following are the rates now quoted by retail, with the wholesale prices about 25 cents to 30 cents lower:—

Manitoba first patents.	\$5 90 to \$6 20
Manitoba second patents.	5 20 to 5 50
Minneapolis patents.	6 00 to 6 30
Kansas patents.	4 90 to 5 10
Manitoba and Ontario.	5 10 to 5 40
Winter wheat—90 per cent.	4 60 to 4 80

AUSTRALIAN AND RUSSIAN BUTTER.

The butterine factories here have been importing supplies of the above for some time, because they could be bought at a lower price than Canadian butter. The butter was packed in boxes containing 56 lbs., and cost about 23½ cents, landed here.

E. D. ARNAUD.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., May 24, 1907.

TOBACCO.

From what I have seen of the tobacco used in this country I should say there was a very good opportunity for Canadian manufacturers. Some time ago I persuaded a Birmingham tobacco merchant to import a small quantity of one of our favourite Canadian brands, and it has resulted in his doing a very good trade. In fact, he states that he sells more of this particular brand than any other in his warehouse. Of course, I do not know the process of manufacturing tobaccos, and more especially the cut goods put up in packages; but if Canadian manufacturers could send a tobacco here without any sweetening, there would be a saving of 6d. per lb. in the duty.

Cavendish and Negro Head all come under the head of sweetened, and 'other manufactured' as without sweetening. I think that many of our good brands of mixtures would sell, as 6d. per oz. is a general price. T and B, if imported through the agents here, retails at 6½d. per oz. Packages should be put up in foil in 2-oz. and 4-oz. packets, as pounds are not bought so freely as in Canada. ¼-lb. or ½-lb. in tins might go, but the smaller packets are better. Manufacturers will notice that the excise and import duty are the same. The British maker has no advantage over the exporter.

TOBACCO DUTY.

The following table gives the duty on the various kinds of tobacco:—

Tobacco unmanufactured, viz.: containing 10 lbs. or more	s.	d.
of moisture in every 100 lbs. weight thereof, if un-		
stemmed or unstripped, the lb.	3	0
Tobacco, if stemmed or stripped, the lb.	3	0½
Tobacco containing less than 10 lbs. of moisture in every		
100 lbs. weight thereof, if unstemmed or unstripped, the lb.	3	4
Tobacco, manufactured, viz.: cigars.	6	0
Tobacco, Cavendish or Negro Head, the lb.	4	4
Tobacco, manufactured in bond, the lb.	3	10
Tobacco, other manufactured tobacco, viz.—		
Cigarettes, the lb.	4	10
Other sorts, the lb.	3	10

P. B. BALL.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,

BRISTOL, ENG., May 31, 1907.

SOUTHAMPTON DOCK OPERATIONS.

I mentioned in Monthly Report, January, 1907, p. 1119, that there was great activity at the Southampton Docks, and that White Star boats were shortly to make Southampton their port of call in connection with the mails to and from New York. The following item shows that this matter is being energetically followed up by the authorities at Southampton:—

‘The Southampton Harbour Board decided yesterday to proceed with the dredging of the channel between Calshot Castle and the docks, in order that the largest vessel afloat may enter the harbour at any state of the tide. The London and South Western Railway Company, it was stated, intend spending £1,000,000 on new docks.’

GERMAN COMPETITION.

It may be mentioned that there are rumours, not yet supported by any important facts, that one of the German transatlantic lines proposes establishing a fast service from Liverpool to New York. The importance of the rumour lies in the fact that, if true, it indicates that German shipping interests are not willing to accept without retaliation the competition for continental traffic implied by the transference of the White Star boats to Southampton. They are credited with an intention to ‘carry the war into Africa,’ one of the first results of which policy, if it is actually carried out, will be the inauguration of a passenger rate war.

WAGES IN THE TINPLATE TRADE.

At a joint conference of the masters and men engaged in the South Wales tinplate trade, held at Swansea yesterday, it was decided to renew the present wage agreement for the ensuing year, commencing July 1, with a few minor alterations, the masters making some concessions.

VISIT OF IMPERIAL PREMIERS.

Quite the most interesting and important event of the month in Bristol has been the visit of several of the Premiers who were attending the Imperial Conference in London. Canada was represented by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Honourable L. P. Brodeur, while the Premiers of Newfoundland and Natal were also present, together with representatives of Australia and South Africa, Mr. Just, of the Colonial Office, and Mr. Hamar Greenwood, M.P. for York, who is also a well known Canadian.

OBJECT OF THE VISIT.

The object of those who planned this visit was to make the colonial statesmen acquainted by personal observation with the ample facilities possessed by the port of Bristol for handling over-sea commerce, either outward or inward, and for transporting the latter to towns in the West of England, the Midlands and Wales. The project had the distinguished support of the Lord Mayor and Council, who received the visiting

Premiers and conferred upon them the honorary freedom of the city of Bristol. The Society of Merchant Venturers entertained the guests at luncheon, after which they were taken in hand by the Docks Committee and shown the old docks at Avonmouth; then followed the chief excursion of the day, a tour of inspection of the new accommodation, known as the Royal Edward Docks, which are to be opened next year, and will be second to none of their kind in the British Empire. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Brodeur both expressed themselves as highly delighted with the extent and excellence of these docks, and in their address emphasized the hope that Bristol's optimistic enterprise would result in a vast increase both in imports and exports, as between Canada and this part of Great Britain.

A FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

In the evening some 700 guests were entertained at a banquet by the President and Council of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce, bringing this notable visit to a magnificent conclusion. Most of the speeches dealt with the hoped-for expansion of commerce through this port, and a number of references were made to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's resolution at the Imperial Conference in favour of the establishment of a fast line of steamers between Great Britain and Canada, and Canada and Australia. This project was heartily endorsed by all the speakers, and it was made abundantly clear that Bristol means to push its claims to be the eastern terminus of such a route. It was pointed out that Bristol being only two hours distant from London renders the rail journey from this port to the capital less than half what it is from Liverpool or other competing points. The entire mercantile community of Bristol took part in the functions described, the result of which is certain to be a great revival of interest in Canada and Canadian trade.

THE CANADIAN GRAIN COMMISSION.

The Bristol Chamber of Commerce has at once taken notice of the fact that the Canadian Grain Commission is about to visit this country, and their president, himself a grain importer, has communicated through this office the willingness of the Chamber to co-operate most heartily with the Commission when it visits this part of England, and to prepare and lay before the Commissioners all possible information which may be of value to them. This heartiness will be fully appreciated in Canada.

W. A. MACKINNON.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, May 14, 1907.

The returns of the bank business of New South Wales for the March quarter are indicative of the remarkable expansion of the business of the state. As compared with the December quarter, there is a gain of £2,370,874 in deposits and a decrease in the discounts of £382,983; the deposits amounting to £41,791,367, while the advances or discounts amount to only £34,030,543. As compared with a year ago, the deposits show nearly three millions of an increase, and the discounts an increase of less than two and a half millions. These figures are away above the record of previous years.

MANUFACTURERS.

The return for ten years of the manufacturers of New South Wales do not show such growth during the five years of the Commonwealth as might have been expected. The following are some figures for 1895, 1900 and 1905:—

	1895.	1900.	1905.
No. of factories	2,723	3,077	3,700
No. of employees	48,030	60,777	72,175
Value, plant and machinery	\$ 5,255,129	\$ 5,707,640	\$ 7,919,950
Wages paid		4,974,216	5,196,350

There were no figures of the total wages paid for 1895 available, nor is the value of the output available for 1900, but in 1905 the value of the output is given as £30,028,150. This is an increase of nearly six millions in value over 1901. It will be seen that the value of the plant and machinery increased very much more rapidly than the number of employees or the wages paid. There is very little difference in the wages paid between 1900 and 1905, though the operatives have increased in number by nearly 11,500. This seems to be curious, in view of the fact that wages are commonly supposed to have increased by at least 10 per cent in five years. The explanation is that, in consequence of the increase of wages more female labour was employed. The number of females employed doubled in eight years; while in ten years the male employees, only about 35 per cent. The value of the output increased more rapidly than either the number of employees or the wages paid—a fact attributable to the increased use of machinery and large improvement in the plants of factories during the last five years.

MINERALS.

The production of minerals has steadily increased for ten years: the figures being in 1896, total minerals produced, £4,431,643, and in 1906, £7,912,716. There is an increase in all the principal minerals—gold, silver, copper, tin and coal. The increase in gold was only about £5,500; silver by over a million pounds; copper increased four-fold; tin nearly four-fold, and coal nearly double. The increases in copper, tin and coal were largely due to the increased price of these metals.

REVENUE.

A return of the revenue of the state of New South Wales for the first ten months of the year shows an increase of £954,281, as compared with the same period of a year ago. The details are as follow:—

	1906-7.	Increase.
	£	£
From Commonwealth.....	2,582,726	245,887
Stamps.....	561,307	39,336
Land tax.....	347,127	14,592
Income tax.....	52,381	1,009
Land revenue.....	1,523,234	132,418
Railways and tramways.....	4,681,774	421,120
Water and sewerage.....	248,687	18,251
Harbour Trust.....	233,104	804
Total (inclusive of smaller items).....	£11,034,159	£954,281

The returns from the Commonwealth, being mainly for duties upon imports, will show the growth of that branch of the trade. The revenue from stamps shows an improvement in general trade: the land tax and land revenue, increase in the value of land and in land settlement and the items for railways and tramways. The improvement in production and general prosperity show both more goods to be carried and a larger passenger traffic. During four of the ten months, there was some reduction in passengers and freight which makes the increase of revenue still more striking.

CARBIDE OF CALCIUM.

The Australasian consumption of carbide of calcium should be of some interest to Canadian manufacturers, who should be in a position to take a fair share of the trade. The imports for Australia for the year 1905, with the country from which it originated, are given as follow (weight, 2,882 tons):—

	Value.
United Kingdom.....	£10,137
New Zealand.....	42
Belgium.....	779
Germany.....	35,180
Netherlands.....	91
Sweden.....	968
U.S.A.....	9,451

In New Zealand the importations are not given in the ordinary return, but the Customs Department have kindly given me the figures for 1906, which are as follow:—

Whence Imported.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons.	£
United Kingdom.....	26	497
Victoria.....	116	2,162
New South Wales.....	188	1,444
Canada.....		2
Germany.....	104	1,902
Norway.....	3	55
Sweden.....	46	971
United States.....	107	1,646
Total.....	590	10,679

PRISON-MADE GOODS.

The state of New South Wales imported a number of hangman's ropes. They were shipped by the Holloway Gaol authorities, of London. Prison-made goods are prohibited, under a severe penalty, from entering the country. The custom house authorities took it for granted that, having been shipped from the gaol, these ropes were prison-made. There was no evidence that this was so, but a permit for landing was refused until the state authorities could show that the goods were made out of prison. It will be thus seen that the custom authorities throw the onus of proof upon the importer. There are very few lines of goods in Canada that could lie under any suspicion of being prison-made, but where there are goods coming here, which may also be made in a Canadian prison, it is clearly important that the exporter should with the goods send the evidence that they were made by honest labour.

Since the above was written, the custom authorities have released the ropes, upon the ground that there is no evidence to show that they were prison-made. It does not follow, as in this instance, that the onus of proof shall rest with the custom authorities and will be followed as a precedent. It will be safer for Canadian exporters to have the necessary information to accompany goods, in case they may lie under the suspicion of being prison-made.

COMMONWEALTH TRADE.

The return for the first three months of 1907 shows that while there was a decrease of imports for March of £116,742, in the three months there was an increase of imports of £1,436,843. There was a decrease in the imports of gold of £115,423; therefore, showing an increase of merchandise to the amount of over one and a half millions sterling. The export of merchandise in the three months shows an increase of £3,890,181. Against that was a decrease in the exports of gold to the amount of £2,741,084. This shows, in the first place, the wonderful increase over the exports of last year, which was a record year, and also a decrease in the export of capital, and that capital is finding a greater field for use at home. The great bulk of the increase of exports was in wool, though there had been increases of butter to a very considerable extent. Wheat and flour show a decrease. There was a tendency to hold back for higher prices.

NEW GRASSES.

There is a possibility that a sale of the seed of two new grasses, *Paspalum Dilitatum* and Rhodes Grass will be advertised in Canada. The two grasses have been great successes in Australia, where the soil and the rainfall have been suitable to their growth, and they have been as great a success under these conditions as the advertisers are likely to claim. Both are fast growers, very nutritious, and stock are very fond of them and fatten very rapidly upon them.

The Rhodes Grass brought here from South Africa is said not to be the grass which passes under that name in South Africa. Canadian farmers will have to be cautious in testing either of them, though *Paspalum* has been subjected to 18 degrees of frost and its roots have lived. So far as I can ascertain, there has been no test of Rhodes Grass, and even should it stand a considerable lower temperature than 14 degrees above zero, it by no means follows that it will stand the climate of Canada. If these grasses could stand the Canadian climate, they probably would prove to be valuable introductions.

NEW PRESERVING PROCESSES.

I find that the report of the discovery of new processes for preserving meat or fruit has reached Canada and attracted some attention. One process of which very little appears to be known here, is the oxygen process. In this process, oxygen gas is substituted for air, and the article to be carried is immersed in this gas in a sealed chamber. Experiments with meat are represented to have been very successful, but

no commercial trial has yet been made, and it is to be feared that the process will be too expensive.

Another process now under test in England is the Linley sterilizing process. Though the inventor is a Sydney man, the nature of his process does not appear to be understood here, and has had no commercial trial as yet. But one is proposed from the Argentine to London.

A third is the Vacuum process. This, too, is only one of experiment as yet. It is simply a preservation by storing in a chamber from which the air has been practically wholly exhausted. The special merit claimed for the process is the invention which enables exhaustion to be made so nearly perfect at a moderate cost. That articles will carry in such a chamber is well known. The commercial possibility of carrying out the process is not so certain and remains to be demonstrated.

Should the claims of the inventor prove to be correct, it will not only be valuable in the carrying of meat and perishable products, but also in certain manufacturing products.

Skin has been tanned into good leather by an immersion in liquor in twenty-four hours or less with this process. Experiments are being pushed, and shortly there will be, undoubtedly, a publication of the results.

IRON AND STEEL.

The first blast furnace operated in Australia upon commercial lines was opened yesterday. Iron has been produced for a week or two, and it is claimed to be of excellent quality. Bar iron has been made from the product in puddling furnaces and steel in open-hearth furnaces, and both are pronounced to be of a high grade. Should these works succeed, it will affect a good many importations, though not to any considerable extent, the Canadian trade. So far as can be foreseen, there is no reason why Australia should not produce its own pig-iron and steel.

NEW ZEALAND EXHIBITION.

This exhibition closed a month ago. While I am uninformed as to what practical results will flow from it, yet it has been an excellent advertisement for Canada. Australians who saw it speak in very high terms of the Canadian exhibit and of the courtesy of the Canadian officials.

There is necessity, however, for a good deal of caution on the part of Canadian exporters. Commonly, one of the results of such an exhibition is to put men who may not be adventurers, but are unfit to secure trade, in possession of the names of possible exporters. Canadians, therefore, may expect to receive communications from such persons, as well as from adventurers, asking for samples of value and promising very fine returns, if they receive the agency. In such cases, whether they be adventurers or not, the Canadian exporter is not likely to receive either trade or any cash in return for his samples.

NEW ZEALAND.

The trade conditions of New Zealand are very favourable. The financial condition is very easy. The bank returns for the March quarter show a substantial increase in the deposits of a million and a half, as compared with similar returns of the previous year. There is some decline in the exports of frozen meat and of dairy-ing produce, owing to the dry season. But nevertheless, the promise of the future is good.

NEW ZEALAND HEMP.

The government of New Zealand have introduced new regulations respecting the inspection of the 'Phormium Fibre.' All bales must be 4 feet long by 2 feet in width, and all hanks shall not exceed 5 pounds in weight. It must carry tags which bear the registered brand of the mill wherein it is made and the distinctive number of the bale, with a space to enable the grader to fix the grade mark of the bale.

In grading, 100 points is perfection, of which 20 points each are allowed for stripping, washing, scutching, colour and strength.

- (A) Grade or ('Superior') must have 91 to 100 points.
- (B) Grade or ('Fine') must have 81 to 90 points.
- (C) Grade or ('Good Fair') must have 71 to 80 points.
- (D) Grade or ('Fair') must have 61 to 70 points.

No bale awarded less than 51 points will be allowed to be exported. If a bale is damaged after inspection, it must be reinspected.

FREIGHT.

The importance of freight is not yet apparent to those who seek trade in Australia. I have received a number of letters, one of which states that 'I could get as good a freight rate as any one in America.' A second, in the same city, says that 'I fear I cannot do business in Australian goods, as my freight rate, I find, is higher than that of rivals in the United States.' A third reports the same thing and explains 'that he finds that ordinarily a common rate from New York to Australia is quoted, but the United States exporters, doing a larger business and being directly represented in New York, get offers of reduced rates, when he does not.'

Just now it is of still greater importance to look closely into freight rates, as there is a probability that the ordinary freight rates, which have been stable for some time, are now likely to be cut, owing to two German lines of steamers having entered into the trade between Australia and New York. Hitherto, the freighting has been done by the conjoint action of a number of New York export firms and of two or three English lines of steamers. Two German lines appear to have joined with an English line, the Tyser, and formed an independant concern. The entry of these new lines is not well received by the concerns engaged hitherto. The latest advices state that a freight war is likely to ensue.

FOODS, MEDICINES AND CLOTHING.

The importation of foods, medicines, clothing and one or two other lines are governed by several Acts, both Commonwealth and State. These are so important that most of them have been referred to from time to time, as they come out. It is advantageous to have a consolidation of the principal regulations governing them. Besides the regular Customs Act, which is too long for publication, there are two Acts of the Commonwealth to which special attention must be given.

THE COMMERCE ACT.

The first is that known as the Commerce Act of 1905. The regulations under this Act are important items for importers and are as follow:—

'5. (I.) The importation of the goods enumerated in this regulation is prohibited unless there is applied to the goods a trade description in accordance with this Part.'

'(2.) The goods to which this regulation applies are as follow:—

'(a.) Articles used for food or drink by man, or used in the manufacture or preparation of articles used for food or drink by man;

'(b.) Medicines or medicinal preparations for internal or external use;

'(c.) Manures;

'(d.) Apparel (including boots and shoes), and the materials from which such apparel is manufactured;

'(e.) Jewellery;

'(f.) Agricultural seeds; and plants;

'6. (I.) The trade description to be applied in accordance with this Part shall comply with the following provisions:—

'(a.) It shall be in the form of a label or brand affixed in a prominent position to the goods, or to the coverings containing the goods; and

'(b.) The label or brand shall set out in legible characters a true description of the goods, and the name of the country or place in which the goods were made or produced; and

'(c.) In case where any weight or quantity is set out, the label or brand shall specify whether the weight or quantity so set out is gross or net.

'(2.) In the case of the following goods, the trade description shall, in addition, comply with the following provisions:—

'(a.) In the case of medicines prepared ready for use, and containing 10 per cent or more of ethyl alcohol, if the average dose recommended exceeds one teaspoonful (60^o minims), the trade description shall set out the proportion or quantity of alcohol in the medicine.

'(b.) In the case of medicines prepared ready for use, and containing any of the following drugs (or the salts or derivatives thereof), viz.:—opium, morphine, cocaine, heroin, stramonium, veronal, nux vomica, cannabis, indica, bromides, sulphonal, trional, paraldehyde, or any synthetic hypnotic substance, phenazonum, phenacetinum, or acetanilidum, or any allied synthetic substance, chloral-hydrate, belladonna, cotton root, ergot, or any abortifacient, the trade description shall set out the names of all such drugs so contained.

'(c.) In the case of manures, the trade description shall set forth the principal active constituent thereof.

'(d.) In the case of articles of apparel, the trade description shall state the name of the principal material from which the article is made and the term "wool" or any term implying that the material is all wool shall not be applied to any such material unless it contains at least 90 per cent of pure wool. If the material contains wool, but less than 90 per cent of pure wool, the description shall also state the other substances contained in the material.

'(e.) In the case of articles of apparel manufactured from materials containing wool, but not containing as much as 90 per cent of wool, the trade description shall set out the substances contained in the material.

'(f.) In the case of boots and shoes, the trade description shall set out the principal material from which they are made, and unless the soles are solid leather, without admixture or addition, the description shall state the fact, and nature of the admixture or addition.

'(g.) In the case of leather containing any loading of any mineral or any other weighing substance, the trade description shall state the name of the loading or other weighing substance contained in the leather and the percentage thereof.

'(h.) In the case of articles described as gold, the description shall state the carat number indicating the proportion of pure gold in the article.

'(i.) In the case of agricultural seeds, the description shall state the name of the seeds and their condition as to soundness, cleanness and freshness.

'(j.) In the case of plants, the description shall state the names of the plants and their condition as to freedom from or affection by any disease or pest.

'(k.) In the case of milk, the description shall describe the milk as Condensed Milk, Concentrated Milk, Dried Milk, or Condensed Skimmed Milk, as the case requires.

'(3.) This regulation shall not apply to small packets of seeds sent by post or to seeds imported otherwise than as merchandise.'

AUSTRALIAN INDUSTRIES PRESERVATION.

The second Commonwealth Act is one passed in the session last year 'for the preservation of Australiana industries' and 'for the repression of destructive monopolies.' Its purpose is indicated by its title, and though formidable in appearance, it has not yet created any difficulty. The first part, 'for the repression of monopolies,' provides:

'5 (I.) Any foreign corporation, or trading or financial corporation formed within the Commonwealth, which, either as principal or agent, makes or enters into any contract, or engages or continues in any combination—

'(a.) with intent to restrain trade or commerce within the Commonwealth to the detriment of the public, or

'(b.) with intent to destroy or injure by means of unfair competition any Australian industry the preservation of which is advantageous to the Commonwealth, having due regard to the interests of producers, workers, and consumers,

is guilty of an offence.

'Penalty: Five hundred pounds.

'(2.) Every contract made or entered into in contravention of this section shall be absolutely illegal and void.

'6. (I.) For the purpose of the last two preceding sections, unfair competition means competition which is unfair in the circumstances, and in the following cases the competition shall be deemed to be unfair unless the contrary is proved:—

'(a.) If the defendant is a Commercial Trust;

'(b.) If the competition would probably or does in fact result in an inadequate remuneration for labour in the Australian industry;

'(c.) If the competition would probably or does in fact result in creating substantial disorganization in Australian industry or throwing workers out of employment;

'(d.) If the defendant, with respect to any goods or services which are the subject of the competition, gives, offers, or promises to any person any rebate, refund, discount, or reward upon condition that that person deals, or in consideration of that person having dealt, with the defendant to the exclusion of other persons dealing in similar goods or services.

'(2.) In determining whether the competition is unfair, regard shall be had to the management, the processes, the plant, and the machinery employed or adopted in the Australian industry affected by the competition being reasonably efficient, effective, and up-to-date.'

The other portions of this section are not likely to have reference to any Canadian exporter.

The portion 'for the prevention of dumping' is one that after a process of law, certain goods are prohibited from being imported, or must be imported under certain limitations. These are goods in which the competition shall be deemed unfair.

'18. (I.) For the purpose of this Part of this Act, competition shall be deemed to be unfair, unless the contrary is proved, if—

'(a.) under ordinary circumstances of trade it would probably lead to the Australian goods being no longer produced or being withdrawn from the market or being sold at a loss unless produced at an inadequate remuneration for labour; or

'(b.) the means adopted by the person importing or selling the imported goods are, in the opinion of the Comptroller-General or a justice, as the case may be, unfair in the circumstances; or

'(c.) the competition would probably or does in fact result in an inadequate remuneration for labour in the Australian industry; or

'(d.) The competition would probably or does in fact result in creating any substantial disorganization in Australian industry or throwing workers out of employment; or

'(e.) the imported goods have been purchased abroad by or for the importer, from the manufacturer or some person acting for or in combination with him, or accounting to him, at prices greatly below their ordinary cost of production where produced or market price where purchased; or

- '(f.) the imported goods are imported by or for the manufacturer, or some person acting for or in combination with him or accounting to him, and are being sold in Australia at a price which is less than gives the person importing or selling them a fair profit upon their foreign market value, or their fair selling value if sold in the country of production, together with all charges after shipment from the place whence the goods are exported directly to Australia (including Customs duty).'

STATE LEGISLATION.

The state legislation solely respects health and sanitation and, so far as Canada is concerned, applies only to a limited number of food products and the use of antiseptics therein. In New South Wales it is provided that not more than one antiseptic preparation shall be used in an article of food. The antiseptics permitted are: 'Formic aldehyde, boric acid, hydrofluoric acid, benzoic acid, salicylic acid; and preparations of them shall be deemed to be antiseptic preparations.'

For milk, condensed or otherwise, butter, cheese, canned and bottled foods, jams and jellies, fresh fish, vinegars and pickles, it is provided that the limit of the use of these antiseptics shall be not more than one-thousandth part of a grain per pint or per pound. Practically, this prohibits their use in the articles above named.

There is an exception of boric acid in the case of butter where it may be used to the extent of 35 grains per pound.

It is requisite that a label shall be affixed to the vessel or parcel containing the food mixed with an antiseptic, as follows:—'This food is mixed with (*here name the antiseptic or the antiseptic preparation*), and contains (*here state the number of grains*) grains of (*here name the antiseptic*) to the (*here insert the word "pint" in the case of liquid food, or the word "pound" in the case of solid food*).'

This label must be a special one and contain nothing besides the quotation above.

QUEENSLAND.

The Queensland regulations declare that any preservative substance other than cane sugar is an injurious ingredient in jams, jellies, conserves, fruits preserved or fresh, and other products in general. Respecting butter it provides:

'(a.) Butter shall contain not less than 83 per cent of butter fat.

'(b.) Butter shall not contain more than 0.5 per cent of boracic acid (that is, 35 grains of boracic acid per pound of butter).

'(c.) Butter shall not contain more than 4 per cent of common salt.'

Other conditions are:

'(a.) No jam which has been made from a mixture of several fruits shall be sold unless the vessel containing the same has affixed to the outside of such vessel a label having conspicuously and legibly written or printed thereon the words "Mixed Fruit Jam."

'(b.) No mixed food shall be sold unless the vessel, package or wrapper in which the same is supplied has affixed to the outside of such vessel, package or wrapper a label setting forth in letters conspicuously and legibly printed thereon that the food is mixed, and the name of the substance mixed with the food.

'(c.) No food mixed with a preservative substance other than cane sugar, shall be sold unless the vessel, package or wrapper in which the same is supplied has affixed to the outside of such vessel, package or wrapper a label setting forth in letters conspicuously and legibly printed thereon, the nature and amount of the preservative substance mixed with the food.'

NEW ZEALAND.

New Zealand has no similar legislation respecting the importation of foods, but a Bill was introduced at the last session, which will be introduced at the coming one, dealing with this matter.

Until the Act is finally passed and the regulations provided, it will be of no service to give the proposed Bill.

J. S. LARKE.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(*Mr. D. H. Ross.*)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, May 13, 1907.

DREDGE MINING AND HYDRAULIC SLUICING IN VICTORIA.

Gold mining by means of dredging, hydraulic sluicing and centrifugal pumps has developed, during the last three years, into a most important industry in the state of Victoria. It has resuscitated some old alluvial mining districts—considered to be worked out—from a dormant state to a condition of activity and speculative excitement. The success of mining by means of dredging and hydraulic sluicing rests almost entirely upon the expeditious mode of treatment of large areas, as in most instances the ground operated upon is of a character that had been proved too poor to be made payable by the ordinary methods. Miners accustomed to exploit gold-bearing gravels upon river banks had—before the advent of gold dredging—been compelled to abandon some rich runs of ground on account of their having dipped underneath the stream.

GOLD-DREDGING AND HYDRAULIC PLANTS IN VICTORIA.

It is estimated that there are now in operation in various districts in the state of Victoria some 90 bucket dredges and hydraulic-pump sluices. The cost of a modern dredge, fitted with improved appliances, in a great measure depends upon the nature of the ground to be dealt with, but assuming that the depth does not exceed 35 feet, the machinery, lumber used in construction and cost of building should not—under ordinary transportation facilities—cost more than £5,000—say \$24,333. The engines used are generally 16 H.P. of a similar type to the English makes of Marshall's or Ruston and Proctor. Boilers are chiefly 20 H.P., while the winches require a 4 or 5 H.P. engine. For ground 30 to 35 feet deep it has been found necessary to have a 20 H.P. engine and a 25 or 30 H.P. boiler. The equipment of some recently built dredges has been made in this state.

OBJECTIONS RAISED AGAINST GOLD DREDGING.

Objections, raised in Victoria, of stream pollution and destruction of agricultural land against bucket dredging are in the main ill-founded. The dredge puts no foreign matter into the stream, and there can, therefore, be no pollution, whilst discolouration of the water is—in this country at least—frequently due to natural causes. Bucket dredging consists of lifting the material from the bow of the dredge and depositing it, after the gold has been extracted, at the stern of the vessel. The value of agricultural land under which deposits of gold-bearing gravel are found has vastly increased in the various dredging districts.

RESULTS OBTAINED BY GOLD DREDGING IN VICTORIA.

The principal gold dredging in Victoria is in the vicinity of Bright—distant nearly 200 miles from Melbourne by railway. The river at one time covered the whole of the flat land between the hills, consequently there is river gravel everywhere and gold is more or less distributed throughout the whole valley. There are no serious difficulties to overcome, as clay is almost entirely absent from the gravel, and most of the bottom is false and soft. The wash, except in the higher reaches of the river, is light and very easily treated. The depth rarely exceeds 25 feet, the average being 16 feet. The valley is considered to be ideal dredging ground, and any property showing a prospect of 2 grains of gold to the cubic yard, by fair prospecting, is good enough for at least 20 per cent return on the capital invested. The average turnover for each dredge is from 5,000 to 6,000 yards per week.

A modern dredge recently treated three acres of ground to an average depth of 12 feet in five weeks, which means some 58,080 yards total, or an average of 11,616 yards per week. The cost of treatment amounted to 1½d. (3½ cents) per yard, and the wash averaged in value 4½d. (9 cents). From this result it can easily be seen that a 2-grain proposition can be made highly remunerative under favourable conditions. Chiefly through lack of experience, several pioneer dredging companies failed, but that the industry is now placed upon a firm foundation is unquestioned. In the district of Bright, 22 dredges are operating payable ground and returning handsome dividends. From these 22 dredges, gold valued at £123,000 was obtained in 1906, and, as the average amount of wages, expenses and depreciation of each dredge did not exceed £60 per week, no less a sum than £68,000 would be absolute profit from a capital outlay of about £110,000.

It is estimated that ultimately over £2,000,000 worth of gold will be recovered at Bright which could not have been won by any other process than by dredging. This ground had been abandoned by old gold diggers as unpayable, and at one time over 20,000 Chinamen were upon this field, so that practically very little ground was left untried. While the exact figures are not yet available, the Victorian Mines Department state that in 1906, approximately, over 85,000 ounces of gold were obtained by dredging and sluicing in this state, the value being about £340,000.

HOW TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS IN GOLD DREDGING.

Victorian experience has proved that there is little or no risk in bucket dredging for gold, if the property to be worked has been intelligently prospected and investigated and the local conditions are favourable. The work of dredging is simplicity itself, besides which the cost of the plant is comparatively small, but in this state—as well as in New Zealand—some purely speculative dredging enterprises were promoted upon chance, with the result that many thousands of pounds were lost which could have been saved by judicious prospecting at small expense. The nature of the wash, the depth and character of the bottom, the water supply and absence of clay are all important elements in successful gold dredging.

PRESERVATION OF FRESH FRUIT.

Considerable interest is being taken in Melbourne over the invention of a local engineer, who claims to have perfected an entirely new and inexpensive method for the preservation of a long period of fruit and other perishable produce. Very satisfactory experiments have been conducted for nearly a year, and as a result patents are now in contemplation for all countries interested in the storage and export of fresh fruit. The inventor states that the deterioration in fruit is largely due to evaporation, and he has devised a simple process by which the evaporation is greatly retarded. The experiments have been conducted in a chamber formed of insulated walls and roof, the special feature of which is a ventilator that saturates the air which passes through, thus giving such a humid atmosphere that the fruit cannot throw off moisture.

Fruit stored under such conditions for over six months opened up in splendid condition. The merits claimed for the invention are its reliability, insignificant expense and simple operation, for no costly refrigerating machinery has to be provided. The process has been strongly commended by a responsible officer in the Victorian Government's Department of Agriculture. There seems little reason to doubt that much more will be heard of this invention in the near future. Developments will be carefully watched and commented upon in a future report from this Canadian commercial agency.

AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUIT SHIPMENTS TO CANADA.

The Canadian-Australian steamer *Aorangi*, leaving Sydney to-day, takes forward to Vancouver over 60 tons of Australian dried fruit—chiefly lexia raisins—shipped by a Melbourne firm in execution of orders received by cable from Canadian importers. In view of the yearly increasing output in Victoria, great interest is taken by growers in the new outlet found in Canada for their products. The co-operation of the producer is essential if a permanent trade is to be established with oversea centres of population. The standard Australian boxes contain 56 pounds, but should Canadian importers prefer dried fruit in 50-pound boxes, this alteration in the package can be arranged for next year's shipments.

AUSTRALIAN APPLES FOR UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

The exports of apples from Australia and Tasmania to the United Kingdom and the Continent so far this (1907) season are given as follows:—

From.	Cases.
Melbourne.	114,498
Hobart.	514,036
Adelaide.	20,144
Sydney.	9,994
Total.	658,672

The shipments are 278,093 cases in excess of the exports for the corresponding period of 1906. Recent sales in London of Victorian apples are reported at from 9 shillings (\$2.19) to 14 shillings 6d. (\$3.52) per case, Tasmanian being at about the same figures. A final shipment of apples will be made, as an experiment, from Hobart about the last week in May, to arrive at London in July. It would appear that the Continent offers a better market than Great Britain, at least during the early spring months.

VICTORIAN APPLES AT BREMEN.

Victorian apples were sold in Bremen this month as high as 19s. 6d. (\$4.75) per case. A cabled report stated that the fruit had carried in excellent condition and had met with a splendid sale. The supply was not equal to the demand, further consignments being anxiously waited for, and the market at Bremen was reported strong for prime fruit in large quantities.

THE REVENUE OF THE AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH.

The excellent trading conditions now existing throughout Australia are reflected in the substantial increase of over £603,000 in the Federal customs and excise revenue for the ten months ending April 30, in comparison with a similar period of last year. The total revenue collected—independent of the states—was £8,131,000, as compared with £7,527,000 up to April 30, 1906. The revenue is expanding in all departments, and it is anticipated that the increase for the twelve months ending on June 30, over the preceding year, will be considerably over £750,000.

CANADIAN SHIPPING DOCUMENTS.

Australian importers of Canadian goods report very serious inconvenience in not receiving bills of lading by the same steamer that conveys the shipments from Vancouver. This trouble has been accentuated by the withdrawal of the San Francisco steamers from the Australian trade. When shipments arrive before the necessary documents, they are frequently stored and temporarily insured, thus causing additional expense, or a bank guarantee has to be given to indemnify the agents of the steamer before the goods can be delivered. Canadian shippers are urged to mail shipping documents promptly, as any delay means a reflection upon their business capacity and causes much annoyance and expense to their Australian constituents.

CANADIAN TRADE NOTES.

The first direct shipment of Canadian maple sugar and maple syrup has just been landed in Melbourne. Fair indents have been secured in Melbourne for glazed kid by the representative of a leading firm of Canadian manufacturers. Canadian-made typewriters' supplies—new to this market—are being ordered by Australian importers by this mail. The introduction of high-class Nova Scotian lobsters into this market is resulting in regular business. Orders for furniture and chairs are going forward to Canadian sources of supply by this mail.

AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUIT FOR ENGLAND.

Just as the mail is closing, I have been advised that large shipments of Victorian dried fruit—lexias and sultanias—are being made to London. There may be some difficulty in filling Canadian orders, if they are not received promptly in Melbourne by cable.

D. H. ROSS.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., June 3, 1907.

STOCK AND PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

ESTIMATE of the Stock of Provisions, &c., in the Port of Liverpool, on May 31, 1907;
together with the figures at the corresponding date, last year, and also of last
month.

	31st May, 1907.	30th April, 1907.	31st May, 1906.
Bacon	10,531	15,358	16,369
Hams	4,573	5,241	3,164
Shoulders.....	3,653	4,093	841
Butter.....	4,463	4,440	3,259
Cheese (full shapes).....	24,702	41,137	32,747
Cheese (56 lbs. and under).....	1,141	1,890	.....
Lard (prime steam western).....	4,881	5,176	2,095
Lard (imported pure refined lard in tierces, firkins or other packages.....)	1,081	1,128	1,807
Lardine and compound.....	90	123	276

JAMAICA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. G. Eustace Burke.*)

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, June 4, 1907.

IMMINENT CIRCULATION OF MONEY.

It is gratifying to be able to announce that the British government have declared for a free grant for the colony of £150,000 and a loan of £800,000 to the inhabitants of the colony in connection with the catastrophe of January 14 last, to enable Kingston to be rebuilt, on easy terms, and its poorer citizens reimbursed somewhat of their terrible losses. His Excellency the Governor has intimated that within the next two months he hopes the organization to carry out the provisions of the grant and loan will be in working order.

In addition to the above circulation of money, the War Office authorities have made a grant of £81,000 towards the rebuilding of Up Park Camp. Again, the

Jamaica Co-operative Insurance Company has entered into a compromise with its policyholders whereby a considerable sum of money is now being paid out. There are, however, no signs up to now that the English insurance companies are likely to entertain any suggestions of compromising claims of their policyholders.

Still, I venture to affirm that not within any recent history of the colony has there ever been such a circulation of money among all classes as promises to be in Kingston within the next three or four years.

ADVICE TO CANADIANS.

It is clearly advisable that Canadians interested in buildings and building materials should avail themselves of an early opportunity to be on the spot and look out the situation.

THE BUILDING LAW.

While it is certain that at the meeting of the Legislative Council shortly to be held, there will be some changes in the recently passed building law, one thing is certain, and that is, that the provisions for rebuilding the business portions of the city, on the basis known as reinforced concrete structures, will stand.

THE DROUGHT.

The terrible drought that has been passing over the island for the last nine months has practically laid low all the provision crops, such as is mostly consumed by the labouring population. Cattle has also suffered severely. The result is that enormous quantities of flour, meal, corn, oats, &c., are being imported from the United States of America in increasing quantities, and I fail to see the reason why Canada should not share in the extra supply. This, however, is a matter left to the producers themselves.

BUTTER AND CONDENSED MILK.

Marked scarcity with high prices have been the ruling features for the last two or three months regarding these articles of every-day diet. Canadian butter is fairly on the market, but why Canadian manufacturers of Canadian condensed milk did not make a serious bid for the very large trade, it is difficult indeed to understand.

TRADE GENERALLY.

Trade in all lines may be said to be bright, many storekeepers affirming that they are doing better than before the earthquake. This is not surprising, owing to the very high rate of the labour market. Never in the memory of the oldest inhabitant have wages of all descriptions been so high; thus, the labouring classes have had a free hand in spending money, and which conditions must continue for a considerable time.

G. EUSTACE BURKE.

DRIED APPLES AND OTHER FRUITS.

It is understood from information supplied from an authoritative source that the evaporating industry is making gradual progress in Canada, and could develop more readily if a larger and more constant export trade could be relied upon. In view of this, and for the information of some Canadian correspondents who have written upon the subject, inquiries have been made in Great Britain with a view to ascertaining if Canadian shippers of dried apples and other fruits are obtaining a fair share of the United Kingdom market.

MARKET FACILITIES

Within the last few years there has been a remarkable improvement in the facilities in Great Britain for obtaining supplies of fresh fruit, and at the present time apples, bananas, oranges and some other fruits can be obtained at almost every season of the year at moderate prices. This must to a certain extent influence the consumption of preserved fruits, and in the case of apples the large trade done by Canadian packers in gallon apples must also, to a considerable extent, affect the use of the dried article. All the same, there is a considerable importation of many varieties of dried and preserved fruits. Those consumed in the largest quantities are probably prunes, figs and apricots, and, at the present time, Canada is apparently not concerned in any of these, although there seems reason to believe that the apricot could be cultivated in certain parts of the Dominion advantageously.

CONSUMPTION OF DRIED FRUITS.

In order to indicate the consumption, official statistics are appended from the annual statement of trade of the United Kingdom, issued by the statistical office of the Custom House, for a period of four years. These figures are designated 'Dried fruits unenumerated,' and include all importations of evaporated or dried apples, bananas, lychees, peaches and pears, without sugar.

As a result of inquiries instituted, it has been found that dried apricots figure in the Board of Trade returns under the heading 'Fruit; plums, dried or preserved,' presumably because they are held liable to a duty of 7s. per cwt. No statistics as to the separate quantities of the individual fruits are kept by the authorities, but it is probable that the fruits under the heading are mainly apples.

CANADA'S SMALL PROPORTION.

From an inspection of the figures it at once becomes apparent that Canada is obtaining but a fractional proportion of the trade. As this state of affairs must be unsatisfactory to Canadian evaporators and shippers, several of the principal London dealers have been consulted as to the reason of this, and two of them have kindly given their views on the subject in writing. (See letters 'A' and 'B' appended.) From these letters it would appear that it is not so much the quality of the goods as the superior packing and business methods of the American shippers which, at present, enables them to control the trade. It should, however, be remarked that it is understood from several sources that some of the goods supplied by Americans are of Canadian origin.

DRIED PEACHES.

A certain amount of trade is also being done in dried pears and peaches, and the opinion has been expressed that there should be possibilities for stimulating an increased demand for dried peaches, which latter opening should be of particular interest to districts of Canada where peaches are annually produced to a degree largely in excess of the demand. Regarding peaches, and indeed the other goods of which Canada is a producer, we are told that Canadian shippers need only study the quality and methods of packing of the United States shippers in order to ascertain exactly what the United Kingdom requires.

From the information collected from various quarters, all points to the fact that Canada could readily obtain a larger share of trade in this market by adopting better methods, and from statements made by houses in Germany and Holland—countries which are larger consumers of dried fruits than the United Kingdom—the same opinion would appear to be held by large importers.

DRIED FRUITS IMPORTED INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

Importation into the United Kingdom according to the general statement of trade published by the statistical office of the Custom House, of 'Fruit, dried, unenumerated':—

	QUANTITIES.				VALUE.			
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£	£	£
Total.. .. .	32,332	42,722	28,548	17,537	55,080	67,770	45,538	27,849
From United States.....	28,590	37,978	22,128	12,985	48,673	59,400	34,805	21,143
From Canada.....	971	1,808	2,055	1,888	1,613	3,015	2,596	2,235

Note.—The above figures include all importations of evaporated or dried apples, bananas, lychees, peaches and pears, without sugar. They do not include dried apricots.

LETTER 'A.'

LONDON, ENGLAND, April 27, 1907.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to your favour, we have handled at odd times several consignments of Canadian evaporated apples. Generally speaking, the quality and flavour of the fruit have been excellent. We are of opinion, however, that a better price would be realized if more care was taken in the packing and the grading. The whole cored should be graded in different sizes, and the large pale fruit should be packed alone in smaller boxes. As far as apple rings are concerned, we are of opinion that the Canadian quality is better than the American, which in the last few years has degenerated considerably; the fruit soon becomes discoloured, and there is a great deal more moisture left in it than what is desirable. We are of opinion that the Canadians should take the opportunity of marking their boxes on all four sides and the ends as well, if possible—'Canadian produce,' or 'Packed in Canada.' It would be also desirable in the Apple Rings to attempt packing under more grades of quality, and we believe that the result in money return would be considerably more if this method were adopted.

In the case of the finest quality of Whole Cored and Apple Rings, a little lace paper pasted inside and round the boxes, and covering the top of the fruit, when freshly opened gives an excellent impression, and induces the grocers to use the boxes for show purposes in their windows.

We believe that a large proportion of the existing trade for these goods could be easily secured to Canada if a few matters like we have pointed out were given some attention, and we shall be very glad to assist in popularizing any of our colonial produce.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed)

LETTER 'B.'

LONDON, ENGLAND, April 22, 1907.

DEAR SIR,—Your favour to hand.

For the last two or three years Canadian evaporated apples have been higher in price than American, and as buyers here show no preference for one over the other, the English trade has practically all been done with New York.

Americans have clearer ideas than the Canadians of the qualities they are expected to ship under the usual descriptions of prime, choice and fancy, and until there is a change in this respect Canadians, we are sorry to say, will be at a disadvantage.

We do not know of any other fruit suitable for evaporating or drying that Canada can successfully produce.

Dried prunes are largely imported, and apricots and pears have a considerable sale. A few peaches are consumed here also, but we have no knowledge that these fruits can be produced in Canada, at any rate in competition with California.

Yours truly,
(Signed)

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., June 5, 1907.

EVAPORATED APPLES.

There is a very fair demand for evaporated apples in this district, and the prospects for Canadian exporters doing a large business here are considered very good; especially as the only two countries who are at all serious competitors are the United States and France. The United States send large quantities into Liverpool, and France also ships quite a large quantity of the apple known as the 'Normandy pippin,' and which has met with fair success in these markets. The great drawback to the latter apple is that it is not cored, but it is much prized for its flavour and appearance, and generally fetches the high price of ninepence per pound.

Two kinds of evaporated apples are placed upon the market here, viz.: 'Ringed'—that is, the apple is pared, cored and then sliced. These are in particular demand for pies, &c. The other kind is 'whole' apples, either cored or uncored, which are used more extensively for puddings, desserts, &c.; and for this reason the largest apples should not be sent whole, as when cooked they are too large for dessert use.

I have before me some samples of Canadian apples received from a dealer in this city, both 'ringed' and 'whole,' which are an exceedingly nice sample, and meet with a ready sale at sixpence per pound (wholesale). There is one drawback to the 'ringed' variety, viz., that they do not retain their flavour the same as the 'whole' variety. When the latter is cooked they swell to a large extent, and make a first-class dessert dish, especially as they have no cores, and this dish is becoming as popular with the industrial classes as apricots, prunes and figs. Aside from the drawback to the 'ringed' variety above mentioned, these 'ringed' apples have one advantage: they are a boon to the busy housewife, inasmuch as she is saved the trouble of slicing them before using them for pie baking, pastry, &c.

METHOD OF PACKING.

The merchants here are quite well satisfied with the manner in which the evaporated apples come from the United States and France, and these reach the British market as follows:—

1. Both 'ringed' and 'whole' in boxes or cartons, holding generally one pound of fruit, and each crate containing four dozen cartons

2. The apples, whether 'whole' or 'shredded' in bulk, loose in 50-pound boxes; the apples being well protected from the box by being covered with parchment paper, or a like material.

The latter method is advocated in preference to the former, as they meet the requirements of the shopkeepers on this side, as often the shopkeeper in a small way will be asked for half a pound of evaporated apples, and if he buys them in cartons he is forced to take out one-half and wrap it up, and thus spoiling the whole of the carton. Under the other system all the shopkeeper would have to do would be to take the order out of the 50-pound box.

If Canadian exporters could see their way to send these apples in one-pound cartons, and get them on the British market cheaper than they could sell those that are loose in the boxes, naturally a preference would be given for them, but I would advise all exporters to send the apples loose in 50-pound boxes. It must be borne in mind that the apples, whether 'ringed' or 'whole,' must be cored, well dried, and well coloured, and as near their natural colour as possible.

PRESENT MARKET PRICES.

The ordinary wholesale grocer in England does not deal in evaporated apples; in fact, it is almost impossible to find one who does. The wholesale men who deal in this class of goods are the brokers or merchants who deal exclusively in dried fruits, from whom the smaller grocers and fruit merchants throughout the cities buy this class of fruit. For the present, at least, and for the above reason, it will be impossible for Canadian exporters to do a direct trade with the interior towns; but such trade will have to be done through the dried fruit brokers and importers in the large ports, such as London, Liverpool and Glasgow.

I am told that the price of evaporated apples here should never be more than sixpence per pound, and if the price is more, people naturally prefer to buy prunes, apricots or figs. Still as cheese is becoming one of the great staple foods for the working classes in this country, apples, both green and evaporated, are coming into greater demand, as it is considered that apples go better with cheese than any of the other fruits.

The present prices in this city for evaporated apples is eightpence per pound (retail) for 'whole cored' apples, and sixpence per pound (retail) for the 'rings.' The following are also the present wholesale prices received from a branch firm of London dried fruit brokers who have an office in this city:—

'Whole cored' apples, in 50-pound boxes.	44s.
'Rings,' in 50-pound boxes.	37s.
'Ringed,' superior quality, known as 'fancy,' in 25-pound boxes	44s.

I am of the opinion that the well-known reputation of Canadian barrel apples on the British market will materially assist in developing a large trade in Canadian evaporated apples. In order, however, to avoid confusion with the United States product, exporters should bear in mind the necessity for branding every package and box with the designation that they are of 'Canadian' production. I cannot too strongly emphasize this fact. I shall be pleased to refer any Canadian exporters to local merchant houses in this district who may be anxious to import this class of apples.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

30 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., June 10, 1907.

EVAPORATED APPLES.

Birmingham is not a large wholesale centre for evaporated apples. Liverpool and London are the two great markets for direct importers of these goods. Hitherto there has been a large retail business done in Birmingham, but it has been mostly in American goods.

SIZE OF BOXES.

I find that the larger portion of the trade here is done in boxes of 28 lbs., or $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt., special care being taken to make up to English weights, as everything of the kind here is sold by the cwt. (112 lbs.). A small amount of trade has been done in the small boxes, but the great difficulty has been with the better class of retailers. They do not care to trust the packers with packing for them.

The expression used to me by a large retailer here was, 'If your government will exercise the same care in looking into the packing of evaporated apples that they do in regard to the fresh apples, I have no doubt that a large trade can be done.'

RETAIL PRICE.

The retail price of evaporated apples here is 10d. per pound, and in putting them up in small packages attention would have to be paid to this price, so that not too great a price should be charged for the extra packing and package.

WHOLESALE PRICE.

The regular wholesale price at the moment for evaporated apples is 75s. per cwt. The ordinary apple rings are sold at from 40s. per cwt. Boxes are marked 'Whole Cored Pippins.'

P. B. BALL.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

*(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)*CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., June 10, 1907.

EVAPORATED APPLES.

Since the advent of shipments of green apples from Tasmania to Great Britain, the sale of evaporated apples has appreciably diminished, but there yet remains a market for them, provided they are prepared with care and put up in packages to suit the requirements of the trade. The best information obtained established the fact, that apples cored and cut in rings is the only form in which they will find best sale in the Manchester district.

SIZE OF BOXES.

The bulk of the trade here seems to favour the 56-pound packages, and the apples are packed roughly into the box and nicely faced with specially selected rings. There is a demand, however, for apple rings packed in 25-pound boxes, but this entails a trifle more expense. The trade in apple rings packed in 1-pound cartons, 48 cartons to the case, is increasing, and is quite a convenience to the retailer.

The ordinary quality is graded 'Prime,' and the better qualities 'Choice' and 'Extra choice.' Whole apples cored and evaporated also find a place in public estimation, and compete with the rings for favour.

RETAIL PRICE.

Retail prices at present are 6d. per pound for rings and 8d. for whole apples cored. In this connection it might be well to state the fact that the largest shipment of green apples ever brought to England has recently arrived consigned partly to London, Liverpool and Manchester, consisting of 125,000 cases from Tasmania. The nearest approach as to size ever made to this shipment was one of 50,000 cases, but the usual consignments do not exceed 10,000 to 15,000 cases. In view of the commencement of the soft fruit season here, but little of this shipment will be offered, being placed in cold storage for more favourable conditions.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, June 4, 1907.

LABOUR TROUBLES AT THE NORWEGIAN WOOD-PULP MILLS.

At nearly all of the wood-pulp mills in Southern Norway strikes or lockouts are going on since about the middle of May, and there are not at this writing any prospects of a settlement in the near future between the workingmen and the mill owners. Several thousand hands are now idle. One of the largest mills, the 'Borregaard,' has alone had about 2,500 workingmen, who have now all been discharged, until the matter is settled. If no understanding is come to during the next few weeks, this will, of course, set the production back considerably. The negotiations, which have been carried on for some days between the workingmen and the mill owners, have not led to anything.

On some points the differences are comparatively trifling, but on the main question, as to wages, the two parties are widely separated. The employers say that they have gone as far as it is possible for them to do in order to meet the demands of the workingmen. The breaking off in the past negotiations may be looked upon as a complete rupture, and a long and expensive fight is anticipated.

EXPORT OF WOOD-PULP FROM NORWAY.

It may be of interest in connection with the strike in the wood-pulp industry in Norway at present to note the following figures, which show the increase in the export of this article during nearly 40 years, viz.: from 1869 to 1906:—

	Tons.
1869..	60
1870..	500
1871-1875, on an average..	4,587
1876-1880, " "	18,644
1881-1885, " "	67,909
1886-1890, " "	152,170
1895..	246,225
1901..	382,846
1902..	447,470
1903..	447,744
1904..	445,260
1905..	442,325
1906, preliminary statement..	505,120

Of the wood-pulp export in 1906 there was of mechanical dry 13,059 tons, of mechanical wet 362,229 tons, of chemical dry 122,416 tons, of chemical wet 7,416 tons, and was divided as follows on the different countries:—

Countries.	Mechanical pulp.		Chemical pulp.		Total.
	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Sweden	370	20	50		440
Denmark	665	13,131	2,531	827	17,154
Germany	1,854	153	6,008		8,015
Great Britain and Ireland...	2,348	221,321	63,684	5,018	292,371
France	4,125	65,538	16,095	50	85,808
Holland	175	22,873	1,575	825	25,448
Belgium	580	38,672	6,100	347	45,699
Spain	1,913	521	4,193	349	6,976
Portugal	87		837		924
Italy	613		286		899
U. S. of America	60		19,217		19,277
Mexico			1,015		1,015
Argentina			100		100
China	130				130
Japan			425		425
East Indies	139				139
Australia			300		300
Total	13,059	362,229	122,416	7,416	505,120

EMIGRATION FROM NORWAY.

In 1906 there emigrated from Norway in all 28,274 persons, of which over Christiania alone 11,290.

SWEDISH INVENTION FOR THE UTILIZATION OF SAW-DUST.

Mr. A. F. Lundeberg, engineer, at Stockholm, Sweden, has invented a new method for the utilization of saw-dust, whereby it, when finely ground and mixed with colours and a binding material and thereafter hydraulically treated, may be employed for a number of purposes including as building material, ship-fittings and furniture.

Patents have been taken out in all civilized countries, but the invention will at present only be utilized in Sweden, where a large factory is to be built for the manufacturing of different articles from the new product, especially with the view of exporting.

DANISH TRADE WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The States Statistical Bureau has recently issued a temporary statement of Denmark's exchange of products with foreign countries for the year 1906, from which the following is an extract:

'The value of the different products, which in the year 1906 were imported from abroad for home use amounts to 550 million kroner = \$146,700,000; the value of the export of inland goods for abroad is estimated at 392.9 million kroner = \$107,450. The difference between import and export is loosely calculated at 157.8 million kroner = \$42,000,000. For the generality of goods the import was greater in 1906 than for any of the foregoing years, and the absolute increase in the quantity of several articles was uncommonly large. This particularly applies to the import of raw materials for industrial and other uses. To illustrate this may be mentioned that the rise in the import of raw material in the textile industry was 70 per cent for cotton and 25-30 per cent for wool.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

*(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)*CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., June 15, 1907.

BOX BOARDS.

Notwithstanding the articles contributed by the commercial agents residing in England directing the attention of the Canadian saw-mill owners to the great opportunities the British market affords, the result in this district has been far from satisfactory, judging from the comments made by large importers. Correspondence extending over a considerable period has occurred, but little or no headway has been made as regards shipments. In the matter of box boards a very simple article, a large and profitable market exists here and should be taken advantage of by Canadian saw-mill owners. I am unable to give the quantity and value imported, but am convinced it reaches a very large amount.

The chief sources of supply are Norway and Sweden, but they have been so long engaged in this trade that the supply is becoming depleted, and as evidence thereof, prices of late have materially advanced. It is unnecessary here to give the specifications required, as they have been already furnished the department. The present is a most favourable time for negotiating and securing a market for box boards of all descriptions.

ROLL TOP DESKS AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

The British merchant is at all times open to consider prices and values, and though charged with too great conservatism in this respect in the past, it may be frankly stated that a change is being gradually effected. There exists no reason whatever but that a much larger trade can be done by Canadian manufacturers of general office furniture than at present is their portion. The United States manufacturers have secured a rather firm hold in this market, but there remains and is constantly present a field for the energetic Canadian manufacturers of these articles who finish them to meet the tastes of the British public.

A large amount of benefit must accrue from the judicious distribution of the trade indexes and manufacturers' catalogues recently sent by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association of Toronto, but the matter must not be left at that, but followed up by future distribution by the manufacturers themselves to the large dealers here and at Liverpool, but this method does not work out to the same advantageous result as personal canvas by representatives.

Would it be advisable for manufacturers in different lines to combine (for the purpose of lessening the cost to each), open up a warehouse in Manchester carrying a representative amount of stock, and placing it in charge of a responsible manager thus being in constant connection with the trade throughout Great Britain? This office will be able to furnish an approximate cost of such a step if entertained by those interested.

ALCOHOL FROM PEAT.

It is stated in the press that an eminent member of the legal profession has, after years of chemical investigation, evolved alcohol from peat, and states that it can be produced at 3d. per gallon, thus filling a long-felt want as a motor fuel by displacing the foul-smelling petrol. It is said to be more efficient in every way. It is safer to handle, and will not overheat the engine as petrol has a tendency to do. An entire absence of smoke and smell are advantages that will be welcomed by the man in the street, no less than by the man in the car.

GERMANY'S TARIFF WALL.

In the following table supplied by Mr. Lloyd-George in Parliamentary papers, the imports into the United Kingdom from Germany, and the exports from the United Kingdom to Germany are compared:—

	Imports From Germany.		Exports to Germany.	
	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.
	£	£	£	£
Food, drink and tobacco.....	11,030,000	11,230,000	2,080,000	2,946,000
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanu- factured.....	3,547,000	3,896,000	3,893,000	4,458,000
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured....	34,318,000	38,057,000	18,585,000	21,635,000
Miscellaneous (including parcel post).....	617,000	656,000	543,000	663,000
	49,512,000	53,839,000	25,101,000	29,702,000

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns issued recently, the imports last month amounted to £52,619,423, an increase as compared with May, 1906, of £1,201,692. The exports last month were £36,922,548, an increase of £5,197,621, compared with May, last year.

The imports for the five months ended May 31, total £280,568,392, an increase of £27,891,352 as compared with the corresponding five months of the previous year.

The exports during the five months ended May 31, totalled £173,206,400, showing an increase over the exports of the corresponding five months of 1906 of £23,252,071.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, June 22, 1907.

BARREL STAVES.

In my report of October 23 last (Monthly Report, September, 1906, p. 474), I drew attention to the opening that existed here for the importation of ash staves suitable for the manufacture of fish drums. I am informed that there is a considerable demand at present for such stock, that the local supply is quite inadequate for the needs of this market, and that even when any can be obtained the price is considerably higher than usual.

MEAT SUPPLY.

There has been a very active demand this year for fresh meat of all kinds, especially beef, and the supplies of live stock which have been shipped to this market since navigation opened in the St. Lawrence this spring have been entirely inadequate to meet the demand. It has been no uncommon experience for intending purchasers of meat to find that they could not get what they required at any price. Of course

under such a condition of supply the price has risen to an almost prohibitive figure, while live stock have been sold at auction, sent here from Nova Scotia at a cost equal to 20 cents per lb. on the hoof. Very little, if any, change has been made during the past half century in the method of conducting the live stock trade with this colony, while there is ample room for improvement which dealers in Western Canada might well take note of.

Since the opening of the railway to Port-au-Basque, and during the winter season limited supplies of frozen dressed beef have been shipped here each year, while in summer the main source of supply has been furnished by Nova Scotia, and sent here in small sailing vessels, the quality of the stock being as a rule very inferior and unfit for the requirements of the market.

COAL TRADE.

Serious complaints are being made on all sides in regard to the exorbitant prices charged here for coal, both anthracite and bituminous, while the quality of the latter is very far from being as good as it should be. In view of the fact of the comparatively short distance of this colony from the source of supply in Cape Breton, and the excellent water facilities that exist for cheap freight, it does appear that there is a just complaint and a reason for investigation into the cause of it.

The duty charged on coal entering the port of St. John's which is applied to municipal purposes, at present fixed at \$1 per ton on anthracite and 70 cents on soft coal, is not sufficient to account for the difference in price that exists between the cost here and in Canada generally.

E. D. ARNAUD.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of May and the *twelve months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907, (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	Month of May.			Twelve months ending May.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia	22,349	24,270	58,286	478,142	497,700	673,165
New Zealand	21,791	33,959	24,278	333,136	295,990	291,176
Canada	505	2,494	14	259,718	297,030	184,000
Totals	44,645	60,723	82,578	1,070,996	1,090,720	1,148,341
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark	173,537	165,596	173,492	1,696,015	1,618,077	1,736,218
France	30,417	34,043	25,112	335,567	351,557	277,486
Germany	27	8	216	1,921	8,924	8,755
Holland	22,155	19,640	16,975	223,801	198,480	180,147
Russia	62,265	47,727	73,129	412,636	476,848	655,381
Sweden	18,402	16,674	20,541	198,530	178,967	213,072
United States	62	3,155	.....	47,792	157,416	79,575
Other countries	17,077	8,957	7,837	169,757	149,994	136,204
Totals	323,942	295,800	317,302	3,086,019	3,140,263	3,286,838
Grand totals	368,587	356,523	399,880	4,157,015	4,230,983	4,435,179

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia			1,816	188		1,859
New Zealand	13,362	21,194	25,356	90,530	112,470	159,284
Canada	46,102	72,219	55,595	1,833,391	1,866,242	1,860,672
Totals	59,464	93,413	82,767	1,924,109	1,978,712	2,021,815
Foreign Countries—						
France	5,110	5,360	4,541	52,111	43,885	43,879
Holland	17,616	20,509	19,420	217,792	225,741	230,713
United States	11,346	26,236	10,257	206,042	179,052	197,333
Other countries	5,929	6,897	8,556	62,830	79,351	78,011
Totals	40,001	59,002	42,774	538,775	528,029	549,936
Grand totals	99,465	152,415	125,541	2,462,884	2,506,741	2,571,751

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of May and the *twelve months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	Month of May.			Twelve months ending May.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada	58,738	89,372	76,009	887,807	1,348,305	1,123,305
Denmark ..	125,577	137,053	175,270	1,631,138	1,459,655	1,599,955
United States	259,590	235,659	162,561	2,896,864	2,753,177	2,532,792
Other countries.....	5,751	11,195	4,696	94,284	79,887	113,417
Totals.....	449,656	473,279	418,536	5,510,093	5,641,024	5,369,469

HAMS.

Canada	19,288	20,737	18,947	202,011	313,943	23,170
United States.....	119,384	98,251	71,498	1,076,856	1,024,051	943,344
Other countries.....	283	230	442	5,091	2,854	2,825
Totals.....	133,955	119,218	90,887	1,283,958	1,340,848	1,182,339

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	4,667	66,289	25,849	131,847	367,530	132,461
Newfoundland.....	527			6,324	7,863	8,832
France.....	1,974	703	436	61,540	35,642	26,643
Norway.....	13,219	8,848	6,791	170,245	191,698	162,132
Portugal.....	9,313	6,473	7,324	108,459	115,895	119,893
United States	71,822	29,241	5,057	244,108	201,427	125,862
Other countries.....	24,959	21,311	14,337	385,112	430,010	430,462
Totals.....	126,481	132,865	59,794	1,107,635	1,350,065	1,006,285

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....				328,304	244,702	235,391
Belgium.....	140,614	173,396	193,925	2,125,314	2,408,705	2,225,646
Denmark	329,252	305,985	248,500	3,765,489	3,756,692	3,876,856
France.....	158,150	185,585	133,614	1,645,505	1,457,275	1,357,859
Germany.....	131,084	209,216	214,138	2,698,488	2,640,804	2,510,252
Russia.....	1,389,533	1,006,748	789,538	7,589,445	7,173,672	6,908,456
Other countries.....	59,869	64,580	96,459	1,263,424	1,093,521	1,178,871
Totals.....	2,208,502	1,945,510	1,676,174	19,415,969	18,775,371	18,293,331

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending May, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality Not Distin- guished.	Totals Emigrants.
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MONTH OF MAY, 1898 TO 1897.

1898.....	1,514	288	81	1,883	1,019	2,902
1899.	1,278	223	71	1,572	2,162	2	3,736
1900.....	1,685	232	84	2,001	5,212	.....	7,213
1901.....	1,772	269	242	2,283	3,912	4	6,199
1902.	2,963	728	217	3,908	5,730	6	9,644
1903.	6,479	1,987	444	8,910	5,680	36	14,626
1904.	7,038	1,811	335	9,184	2,591	.....	11,775
1905.....	8,823	2,070	546	11,439	3,922	5	15,366
1906.	16,435	2,892	806	20,133	3,713	.....	23,846
1907.....	16,230	6,296	1,316	23,842	3,523	.....	27,365

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MAY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	14,758	1,528	921	17,207	7,618	70	24,895
1899.....	14,602	1,612	938	17,152	11,875	36	29,063
1900.....	13,715	1,676	795	16,186	24,070	139	40,395
1901.....	14,411	1,712	1,100	17,223	31,873	91	49,187
1902.....	17,270	3,132	1,545	21,947	31,199	101	53,247
1903.....	36,829	7,541	2,113	46,483	43,138	152	89,773
1904.....	48,962	10,968	2,595	62,525	29,386	245	92,156
1905.....	61,618	13,392	3,277	78,287	22,220	76	100,583
1906.....	75,664	17,672	3,797	97,133	24,236	46	121,415
1907.....	96,513	30,139	5,785	132,437	29,037	7	161,481

IMPORTS OF ANIMALS, LIVING, INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

(From British Returns.)

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports of Animals, living, into Great Britain during the Years ended December 31, 1896 to 1906.

ANIMALS, LIVING—CATTLE.

Years ended December 31.	Argentine Republic.	Canada.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	4,494,975	7,825,108	32,779,526	184,992	45,284,601
1897.....	5,613,734	9,953,350	35,190,156	152,940	50,910,180
1898.....	6,576,152	8,657,165	30,363,056	169,287	45,745,660
1899.....	6,777,042	7,767,672	26,970,001	202,906	41,717,621
1900.....	3,248,437	8,750,358	31,636,954	183,595	43,859,344
1901.....		7,226,318	35,644,216	151,030	43,024,564
1902.....		8,003,126	29,903,944	124,728	38,031,798
1903.....	2,217,599	16,136,777	26,276,316	187,036	44,817,728
1904.....		12,397,604	34,845,635	140,749	47,383,988
1905.....		12,123,596	34,792,477	124,183	47,040,256
1906.....		13,458,476	33,762,062	142,737	47,363,275

ANIMALS, LIVING—HORSES.

1896.....	58,142	1,550,710	2,592,098	800,698	5,001,648
1897.....	30,334	1,364,891	3,862,017	847,321	6,104,563
1898.....	25,452	864,320	3,791,420	897,584	5,578,776
1899.....	22,168	632,608	3,881,529	1,056,734	5,563,039
1900.....	55,051	414,436	4,637,719	1,465,193	6,572,399
1901.....	72,115	227,453	3,208,588	1,824,168	5,332,324
1902.....	57,597	252,278	1,287,326	2,470,208	4,067,409
1903.....	61,052	71,204	583,761	2,356,089	3,072,106
1904.....	39,371	80,500	480,301	1,627,924	2,228,096
1905.....	24,912	73,268	234,895	1,389,872	1,722,947
1906.....	28,533	52,667	179,069	2,345,987	2,606,256

ANIMALS, LIVING—SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Years ended December 31.	Argentine Republic.	Canada.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	2,441,665	612,986	1,974,908	487,460	5,517,019
1897.....	2,572,554	465,263	1,325,782	109,334	4,472,933
1898.....	3,101,955	307,992	1,069,236	313,817	4,793,000
1899.....	2,912,388	488,224	897,637	290,486	4,588,735
1900.....	1,406,467	273,774	1,094,236	194,798	2,969,275
1901.....		484,263	2,255,793	112,488	2,852,544
1902.....		420,972	1,760,448	30,100	2,211,520
1903.....	653,296	628,019	1,286,825	89,387	2,657,507
1904.....		607,355	2,222,266	51,368	2,880,989
1905.....		221,823	1,102,922	31,852	1,356,597
1906.....		108,176	620,018	35,615	763,809

ANIMALS, LIVING—OTHER N.E.S.

1896.....	25		8,653	216,226	224,904
1897.....	487		114,308	307,929	422,724
1898.....	360		27,156	221,623	249,139
1899.....	5,670		3,217	217,321	226,208
1900.....	97		2,716	180,169	182,982
1901.....	720		3,100	246,370	250,190
1902.....	988		5,095	222,592	228,675
1903.....	2,044		4,205	189,659	195,908
1904.....			2,750	177,594	180,344
1905.....	97		1,543	255,777	257,417
1906.....	302		1,300	201,080	202,682

RECAPITULATION—ANIMALS, LIVING.

1896.....	6,994,807	9,988,804	37,355,185	1,689,376	56,028,172
1897.....	8,217,109	11,783,504	40,492,263	1,417,524	61,910,400
1898.....	9,703,919	9,809,477	35,250,868	1,602,311	56,366,575
1899.....	9,717,268	8,888,504	31,722,384	1,767,447	52,095,603
1900.....	4,710,052	9,478,568	37,371,625	2,023,755	53,584,000
1901.....	72,835	7,938,034	41,111,697	2,337,056	51,459,622
1902.....	58,585	8,676,376	32,956,813	2,847,628	44,539,402
1903.....	2,933,991	16,836,000	28,151,107	2,822,151	50,743,249
1904.....	39,371	13,085,459	37,550,952	1,997,635	52,673,417
1905.....	25,009	12,418,687	36,131,837	1,801,684	50,377,217
1906.....	28,835	13,619,319	34,562,449	2,725,419	50,936,022

IMPORTS OF PROVISIONS INTO GREAT BRITAIN, (From British Returns.)

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906.

PROVISIONS—BUTTER, EXCEPT MARGARINE.

Note.—Cwt.=112 lbs. Gt. Hund.=120.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Cwt.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892....	2,183,000	11,965,190	343	474,329	255,652	4,848,735	750,314	184,157	191,145
1893....	2,327,474	12,753,593	27	870,674	194,924	5,278,875	763,897	270,013	104,220
1894....	2,574,835	13,456,699	26	1,429,977	90,121	5,843,954	831,951	391,944	125,947
1895....	2,825,662	14,245,230	17,364	1,425,076	153,401	5,948,463	939,326	633,696	271,776
1896....	3,037,718	15,344,364	73,927	1,090,836	339,744	6,288,413	1,156,726	755,080	617,525
1897....	3,217,802	15,916,917	52,638	1,303,515	444,862	6,748,163	1,353,349	970,264	633,549
1898....	3,209,153	15,961,783	71,415	1,154,291	661,935	7,359,831	1,329,438	880,626	285,309
1899....	3,389,851	17,213,516	100,332	1,853,892	1,113,956	7,553,436	1,417,641	685,493	704,061
1900....	3,378,516	17,450,435	130,111	2,509,455	640,760	8,029,625	1,414,441	980,770	247,724
1901....	3,702,890	19,297,396	113,656	2,046,981	1,008,002	8,951,663	1,511,564	1,655,352	689,164
1902....	3,974,933	20,526,690	351,412	1,183,966	1,347,345	9,304,841	1,973,930	2,196,234	252,874
1903....	4,060,694	20,798,707	397,972	1,826,279	866,249	9,577,939	1,718,692	2,190,560	190,678
1904....	4,241,005	21,117,162	393,451	3,653,846	1,194,823	9,016,953	1,225,768	1,817,736	294,584
1905....	4,147,866	21,586,622	387,711	3,775,463	1,428,494	8,936,957	1,047,690	2,246,503	401,916
1906....	4,337,258	23,460,196	263,247	4,641,200	976,008	9,647,789	993,396	2,918,124	748,197

PROVISIONS—CHEESE EXCEPT MARGARINE.

1892....	2,232,817	5,416,784	Not separately stated.	63,889	2,493,625	Not separately stated.	678,573	Not separately stated.	1,961,407
1893....	2,077,462	5,160,918		96,316	2,575,893		676,001		1,578,531
1894....	2,266,145	5,474,940		137,512	2,688,946		760,835		1,608,405
1895....	2,133,819	4,675,130		219,645	2,335,548		774,790		1,099,283
1896....	2,244,525	4,900,342		115,479	2,589,301		734,611		1,234,037
1897....	2,603,178	5,885,521		161,776	3,349,501		748,251		1,413,079
1898....	2,339,452	4,970,242		91,161	2,943,725		724,936		1,006,586
1899....	2,384,069	5,503,004		72,318	3,014,211		810,015		1,380,609
1900....	2,705,878	6,837,883		218,376	3,799,223		799,632		1,740,749
1901....	2,586,837	6,227,135		193,868	3,697,660		747,013		1,274,061
1902....	2,546,212	6,412,002		131,054	4,301,859		668,308		962,112
1903....	2,694,358	7,054,710		168,071	4,823,090		706,832		953,215
1904....	2,554,297	5,843,770		218,117	4,234,790		542,530		503,312
1905....	2,442,682	6,339,811		203,344	4,804,172		498,994		445,003
1906....	2,638,794	7,607,641		370,666	5,634,288		545,947		656,705

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Continued.*

PROVISIONS—EGGS.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Gt. Hunds	Value.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892.....	11,139,419	3,794,718	Not separately stated.	Not separately stated.	83,025	413,469	3,574	354,705	15,630
1893.....	11,045,986	3,875,647			75,506	376,793	10,914	426,066	10,757
1894.....	11,876,968	3,786,329			92,644	422,790	10,516	383,639	25,933
1895.....	12,722,586	4,003,446			156,653	447,709	8,484	601,460	22,610
1896.....	13,245,011	4,184,656			178,931	522,985	10,208	630,052	16,097
1897.....	14,031,754	4,356,807			193,998	506,282	16,985	812,297	42,347
1898.....	14,424,601	4,457,117			251,710	685,447	20,449	966,129	67,020
1899.....	16,174,756	5,044,402			233,693	803,543	35,740	1,183,031	54,879
1900.....	16,882,078	5,406,020			288,945	923,551	35,025	1,109,553	156,168
1901.....	17,071,767	5,495,767			255,956	1,160,948	39,190	1,207,474	125,643
1902.....	18,966,795	6,308,985			209,316	1,366,073	45,024	1,509,754	67,934
1903.....	19,848,894	6,617,599			218,571	1,648,367	40,832	1,866,421	61,581
1904.....	19,942,594	6,730,574			129,631	1,461,459	33,513	2,042,520	9,548
1905.....	18,814,293	6,812,436			114,557	1,634,288	40,068	2,426,029	4,935
1906.....	18,874,059	7,098,122			106,393	1,701,291	70,681	2,344,256	16,585

PROVISIONS—LARD, EXCEPT IMITATION LARD.

	Cwt.								
1892.....	1,239,051	2,223,011	Not separately stated.	Not separately stated.	30,383	9,725	14,477	.. .. .	2,141,533
1893.....	1,118,106	2,808,549			49,452	20,025	22,695	2,959	2,692,552
1894.....	1,400,516	2,758,416			35,584	2,318	9,948	228	2,706,653
1895.....	1,742,688	2,941,941			80,734	9,428	5,038	601	2,836,785
1896.....	1,739,463	2,268,693			138,405	25,182	4,685	486	2,092,639
1897.....	1,740,468	1,993,143			46,468	2,754	8,058	.....	1,927,162
1898.....	2,106,871	2,887,801			68,301	5,430	3,733	.....	2,796,308
1899.....	2,188,049	3,068,975			113,799	6,983	16,373	.....	2,909,122
1900.....	1,927,274	3,266,582			202,878	9,672	6,482	.....	3,034,038
1901.....	1,966,256	4,037,689			237,085	9,096	7,658	.....	3,775,638
1902.....	1,650,830	4,118,992			235,887	16,958	11,575	.....	3,834,641
1903.....	1,732,790	3,870,774			281,344	24,943	5,438	.....	3,553,228
1904.....	1,830,837	3,342,389			258,472	20,377	7,330	.....	3,041,840
1905.....	2,012,305	3,692,573			628,862	15,621	4,688	.....	3,030,837
1906.....	2,049,367	4,361,399			743,332	18,621	7,928	.....	3,579,41

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Continued*.
PROVISIONS—MEATS—BACON.

CALENDAR YEARS.	IMPORTS FROM								
	TOTAL IMPORTS.		Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Cwt.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892	3,881,378	7,930,121	Not separately stated.	59	462,646	1,919,397	24,219	24,849	5,354,405
1893	3,198,887	8,479,815		.....	495,166	2,148,138	69,599	43,947	5,523,447
1894	3,689,604	8,083,887		.....	525,453	2,189,590	63,200	21,836	5,082,951
1895	4,063,418	7,925,979		.....	500,835	2,504,697	43,869	28,934	4,586,089
1896	4,549,526	7,854,515		.....	695,643	2,791,794	55,107	35,421	4,066,708
1897	5,004,915	8,867,846		.....	523,195	2,744,430	46,094	59,953	5,353,624
1898	5,711,322	10,321,674		.....	995,625	2,701,112	44,926	19,751	6,438,239
1899	5,804,583	10,399,602		.....	761,861	2,945,757	51,140	1,034	6,552,180
1900	5,641,238	11,773,969		.....	1,075,445	3,058,782	81,875	14,506	7,491,943
1901	5,772,348	13,590,176		.....	921,509	3,234,456	61,059	70,140	9,255,851
1902	5,089,704	13,425,967		.....	1,203,280	3,749,108	53,640	91,070	8,239,522
1903	5,156,988	13,619,140		.....	1,691,687	4,294,017	89,881	110,938	7,370,928
1904	5,452,311	12,832,142		.....	1,865,159	4,532,420	62,409	94,840	6,209,009
1905	5,498,960	12,774,855		.....	2,751,714	3,978,317	44,255	93,697	5,828,892
1906	5,542,622	14,644,115		.....	3,135,391	4,324,055	125,030	168,261	6,859,061

PROVISIONS—MEATS—BEEF, FRESH AND SALTED.

1892	2,355,031	4,801,736	14,712	191,736	7,936	38	.....	Not separately stated.	4,582,053
1893	2,008,565	4,109,593	69,496	357,367	13,805	111,619	199		3,552,303
1894	2,346,415	4,556,502	10,172	443,673	4,222	36,785	147		4,059,080
1895	2,410,993	4,562,059	31,492	769,564	19,484	13,434	104		3,724,797
1896	2,907,236	5,332,528	69,801	720,820	26,081	3,618	51		4,510,798
1897	3,185,323	5,999,568	128,381	937,884	12,665	75,893	12,012		4,821,314
1898	3,309,726	6,188,709	150,681	953,394	43,449	77,042	3,418		4,944,091
1899	3,981,076	7,576,207	201,329	1,124,980	179,628	91,358	35,513		5,938,367
1900	4,321,064	8,419,266	667,298	1,168,268	104,272	149,108	18,638		6,304,597
1901	4,713,142	9,174,195	1,218,246	745,296	52,720	130,728	6,313		7,008,514
1902	3,860,961	8,149,065	1,723,652	533,115	62,605	270,643	93,616		5,431,340
1903	4,333,298	8,611,746	2,053,669	393,758	17,788	128,525	34,669		5,972,043
1904	4,494,335	8,245,629	2,482,704	386,825	25,958	17,696	16,284		5,303,384
1905	5,180,327	9,133,900	3,751,780	239,740	17,156	17,258	15,441		5,025,726
1906	5,685,172	10,003,554	4,136,819	370,505	31,539	379	6,179		5,432,901

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Continued.*

PROVISIONS—MEATS—HAMS.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Cwt.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892.....	1,253,132	2,963,712	Not separately stated.	.....	271,684	11,999	Not separately stated.	Not separately stated.	2,668,923
1893.....	988,411	2,890,252		.....	172,148	23,161			2,686,643
1894.....	1,129,784	2,771,828		..	127,256	5,638			2,631,272
1895.....	1,289,518	2,898,018		60	186,141	5,384			2,697,486
1896.....	1,459,412	3,136,089		.....	365,422	5,650			2,758,474
1897.....	1,725,875	3,681,966		.....	260,272	2,903			3,411,559
1898.....	1,972,299	3,894,839		....	233,272	2,488			3,651,414
1899.....	1,978,626	4,094,500		.....	301,212	4,164			3,781,007
1900.....	1,802,670	4,221,809		.....	446,942	2,308			3,762,714
1901.....	1,860,670	4,528,388		.....	304,822	2,395			4,209,816
1902.....	1,482,287	3,858,902		.....	420,319	4,752			3,422,004
1903.....	1,141,332	3,142,574		.....	524,542	3,883			2,602,654
1904.....	1,244,003	3,104,999		.....	485,527	3,457			2,606,129
1905.....	1,318,302	3,118,372		.....	698,463	2,755			2,409,993
1906.....	1,302,752	3,491,594		.....	674,469	3,768			2,808,823

PROVISIONS—MEATS—MUTTON, FRESH.

1892.....	1,699,966	3,474,102	866,581	1,981,162	Not separately stated.	6,146	392,663	Not separately stated.	139
1893.....	1,971,500	3,873,863	959,269	2,304,719		6,178	443,760		275
1894.....	2,295,066	4,341,227	958,649	2,772,947		8,866	453,097		49,384
1895.....	2,611,435	4,595,678	1,000,050	3,106,589		10,816	370,746		5,132
1896.....	2,895,158	4,718,546	1,071,891	3,105,283		14,205	515,864		568
1897.....	3,193,276	4,827,968	1,175,129	3,040,269		10,281	592,264		2,779
1898.....	3,314,001	4,902,179	1,357,926	2,940,698		10,768	584,779		1,284
1899.....	3,446,022	5,439,317	1,490,076	3,274,976		30,882	629,040		5,020
1900.....	3,392,850	5,841,566	1,689,078	3,380,241		13,097	737,529		5,989
1901.....	3,608,229	6,598,080	1,950,599	3,902,252		11,777	711,550		11,189
1902.....	3,659,599	6,914,911	2,273,027	3,762,290		18,685	780,520		60,064
1903.....	4,016,622	7,826,062	2,603,931	4,518,653		22,759	580,673		79,540
1904.....	3,494,782	6,861,531	2,491,210	3,715,264		21,630	605,225		8,346
1905.....	3,811,069	7,336,490	2,458,915	4,152,761		24,432	539,672		11,904
1906.....	4,082,756	7,645,935	2,440,996	4,566,254		16,490	536,100		5,274

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Continued.*

PROVISIONS—MEATS—PORK, FRESH AND SALTED.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Cwt.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892.....	360,461	616,427	2,758	.....	3,430	73,323	215,085	Not separately stated.	246,587
1893.....	368,992	745,121	7,673	537	2,848	88,116	293,269		204,449
1894.....	405,402	772,102	1,131	2,843	10,253	85,475	318,412		246,058
1895.....	508,452	934,775	687	1,645	15,455	79,445	570,165		194,421
1896.....	554,750	979,207	1,020	1,211	19,291	92,220	557,857		190,875
1897.....	584,823	1,018,821	1,488	238	17,185	64,383	489,517		288,913
1898.....	833,595	1,485,158	1,681	54	37,753	71,305	474,987		780,803
1899.....	953,692	1,708,870	1,234	80	30,042	94,244	728,252		753,206
1900.....	944,123	1,796,742	940	2,548	33,905	113,925	825,294		680,289
1901.....	1,038,556	2,039,801	793	6,320	32,498	85,131	802,098		970,849
1902.....	860,635	1,751,729	311	942	22,457	102,678	753,204		759,459
1903.....	943,418	1,874,708	1,202	28	24,700	134,994	1,122,787		477,952
1904.....	854,327	1,672,547	676	102	27,931	158,639	1,005,950		381,873
1905.....	711,598	1,414,976	.....	13,427	27,623	147,018	713,622		403,472
1906.....	698,177	1,397,750	.....	47,850	27,454	152,808	740,373		385,284

PROVISIONS—MEATS—POULTRY AND GAME.

1892.....	.....	583,430	2,041	.....	.....	19,728	46,595	80,190	7,141
1893.....	.....	578,959	.....	1,391	1,019	4,022	44,457	34,123	6,496
1894.....	.....	480,884	.....	821	290	5,677	48,092	43,289	6,444
1895.....	.....	605,160	.....	6,491	530	7,523	49,318	85,697	9,523
1896.....	.....	705,478	.....	5,187	6,268	12,273	42,770	143,584	19,020
1897.....	.....	730,725	.....	8,652	8,398	6,186	38,297	186,825	26,077
1898.....	.....	637,492	.....	8,789	12,699	4,732	41,777	164,498	38,868
1899.....	.....	785,294	.....	6,494	27,719	3,052	51,302	139,834	49,666
1900.....	.....	1,010,369	.....	9,832	18,916	2,490	36,278	199,282	155,500
1901.....	.....	980,757	.....	20,489	10,953	1,313	39,778	180,750	205,878
1902.....	.....	1,059,044	.....	11,870	12,158	2,476	34,785	218,459	212,019
1903.....	.....	1,202,288	.....	7,735	13,200	1,523	42,982	324,087	232,067
1904.....	.....	1,217,277	.....	11,428	11,102	2,212	48,308	379,174	220,414
1905.....	.....	999,480	.....	20,604	31,537	618	45,146	291,917	152,489
1906.....	.....	985,457	.....	21,144	13,433	752	43,564	206,260	243,768

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Continued.*

PROVISIONS—MEATS—RABBITS, DEAD.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
1892 ...	Cwt. 107,630	£ 303,262	£	£ 705	£	£	£ 10,213	£	£
1893	103,823	287,737		82			14,348		
1894	108,476	297,818		2,053			20,544		
1895	120,279	315,594		22,237			21,813		
1896	170,873	401,614		79,709			28,289		
1897	276,458	543,494	Not separately stated.	250,720	Not separately stated.	Not separately stated.	34,707	Not separately stated.	Not separately stated.
1898	314,398	572,603		275,235			34,979		
1899	377,811	638,655		342,121			38,549		
1900	473,162	730,432		494,050			35,006		
1901	391,867	648,826		359,475			46,619		
1902	451,457	734,326		420,127			53,066		
1903	475,645	723,881		445,485			52,044		
1904	533,698	780,737		479,509			49,820		
1905	656,078	835,929		568,431			46,179		
1906	803,556	1,000,786		761,172			34,605		

PROVISIONS—MEATS—UNENUMERATED, FRESH OR SALTED.

1892 ...	150,573	344,945	5,200	6,650	754	9,306	226,859		45,545
1893	177,509	399,912	10,542	16,171	1,292	15,123	247,045		46,489
1894	189,757	410,724	10,389	32,571	704	14,898	236,643		62,498
1895	237,468	490,650	10,701	18,988	1,739	13,912	320,821		65,611
1896	279,390	554,064	18,158	13,414	4,052	17,125	345,272		99,058
1897	364,822	727,273	20,450	27,405	2,637	21,413	471,958		126,714
1898	414,977	812,738	21,363	29,268	10,640	20,193	517,507		156,706
1899	464,759	883,349	26,048	29,378	4,665	29,885	526,271		214,283
1900	530,688	982,169	53,459	28,987	8,593	44,679	564,863		231,342
1901	610,271	1,120,447	80,645	28,485	7,160	50,708	616,411	Not separately stated.	275,913
1902	655,023	1,199,110	120,392	29,558	7,651	89,074	623,619		259,900
1903	663,261	1,206,052	152,604	32,763	10,520	87,462	571,762		283,766
1904	631,012	1,164,442	151,384	32,341	16,936	87,868	584,725		210,624
1905	670,144	1,225,692	187,441	41,176	15,787	64,876	573,338		255,921
1906	652,363	1,145,464	193,360	47,351	15,104	42,203	502,027		282,128

STATEMENT showing Imports of Provisions into Great Britain from the undermentioned Countries during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906—*Concluded.*

PROVISIONS—MEATS, PRESERVED.

CALENDAR YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.		IMPORTS FROM						
			Argentine Republic.	Australasia.	Canada.	Denmark.	Holland.	Russia.	United States.
	Quantity.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.	Value.
	Cwt.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1892..	799,501	1,951,765	285,191	345,276	23,886	Not separately stated.	7,003	4,909	947,514
1893..	590,800	1,545,211	89,473	366,410	10,289		8,506	4,466	800,784
1894..	554,866	1,490,902	53,503	476,703	15,159		6,005	4,393	697,100
1895..	856,153	2,040,006	68,237	822,777	31,326		6,759	5,084	844,409
1896..	701,750	1,775,507	98,752	639,573	89,773		7,881	4,110	705,568
1897..	669,684	1,702,315	71,234	705,812	59,374		8,416	4,636	613,516
1898..	574,937	1,802,440	88,099	677,254	44,456		6,647	5,561	718,705
1899..	652,421	1,895,716	59,724	690,326	49,063		9,768	5,396	841,097
1900..	805,943	2,383,938	93,259	661,779	52,514		13,785	4,846	1,224,847
1901..	769,348	2,282,305	110,468	427,735	74,959		9,419	4,955	1,294,304
1902..	911,356	2,786,194	248,260	455,866	60,151		9,844	6,275	1,463,618
1903..	767,563	2,435,777	295,687	217,009	145,822		9,098	5,491	1,196,588
1904..	813,018	2,458,591	292,400	303,048	111,320		12,168	3,896	1,140,067
1905..	833,029	2,647,195	332,461	270,556	172,856		10,844	3,184	1,203,578
1906..	487,424	1,822,671	227,240	258,185	78,999		11,295	8,397	741,841

RECAPITULATION—PROVISIONS.

1892..	46,342,203	1,176,826	3,063,806	3,633,021	7,311,866	2,369,575	648,810	18,162,022
1893..	47,509,170	1,136,510	4,013,667	3,592,342	8,072,050	2,594,690	781,574	17,206,946
1894..	48,682,258	1,033,870	5,299,100	3,590,632	8,615,991	2,759,395	845,329	17,301,725
1895..	50,233,666	1,128,531	6,393,072	3,481,846	9,040,811	3,111,233	1,355,472	16,357,922
1896..	52,155,603	1,333,549	5,771,512	4,452,911	9,773,465	3,459,321	1,568,733	16,311,367
1897..	56,252,264	1,449,320	6,436,271	4,918,555	10,272,688	3,819,908	2,033,975	18,660,633
1898..	58,894,775	1,691,165	6,130,144	5,303,565	10,938,348	3,787,576	2,036,565	20,885,333
1899..	64,251,407	1,878,743	7,394,565	5,829,849	11,568,304	4,349,604	2,014,788	23,182,997
1900..	70,121,180	2,634,145	8,473,546	6,672,393	12,347,237	4,568,848	2,308,957	25,035,900
1901..	76,020,962	3,474,407	7,730,901	6,603,324	13,638,215	4,598,672	3,118,671	29,096,820
1902..	77,246,918	4,717,054	6,528,788	7,883,028	14,925,288	5,101,131	4,021,792	24,965,487
1903..	78,984,018	5,505,065	7,609,781	8,617,513	15,924,412	4,975,690	4,497,497	22,974,240
1904..	75,371,790	5,811,825	8,800,480	8,361,649	15,322,711	4,194,030	4,338,166	19,929,130
1905..	77,918,331	7,118,308	9,285,502	10,691,221	14,822,190	3,579,937	5,061,330	19,174,166
1906..	84,664,684	7,261,662	11,084,627	11,436,410	15,908,156	3,617,125	5,645,298	21,759,985

IMPORTS OF WOOD INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports of Wood into Great Britain during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

Callendar Years.	British Empire.		Foreign Countries.				Totals.
	Canada.	Other British.	Norway and Sweden.	Russia.	United States.	Other Foreign.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

WOOD, UNMANUFACTURED—HEWN.

1894.....	2,922,370	2,095,070	4,570,783	2,966,554	2,134,793	5,690,875	20,380,445
1895.....	2,733,286	2,269,994	4,095,733	2,937,360	2,483,981	5,829,303	20,349,657
1896.....	3,670,593	3,066,058	4,287,134	3,371,729	3,023,261	6,376,268	23,794,953
1897.....	3,867,024	3,815,554	4,769,464	4,065,200	3,784,179	7,831,022	28,132,443
1898.....	2,555,360	3,255,498	4,477,966	4,162,017	3,185,739	6,164,528	23,801,108
1899.....	2,606,594	3,179,267	5,304,161	4,133,888	3,933,313	6,730,302	25,887,625
1900.....	2,939,720	3,605,728	6,605,590	5,541,435	4,276,126	8,483,330	31,451,929
1901.....	2,423,327	2,340,584	5,514,021	4,765,347	3,893,279	7,587,026	26,523,584
1902.....	2,241,304	2,563,846	5,328,898	4,329,091	4,487,563	7,566,624	26,451,326
1903.....	2,159,554	3,465,582	5,958,548	6,330,463	4,983,773	8,151,189	31,049,109
1904.....	1,445,167	2,108,648	5,357,899	6,813,606	4,446,546	6,883,340	27,055,206
1905.....	1,869,180	2,871,956	4,655,545	5,758,152	3,559,349	7,925,001	26,639,183
1906.....	2,329,128	2,885,739	5,492,510	7,178,455	4,260,898	9,054,653	31,201,383

WOOD, UNMANUFACTURED—SAWN.

1894.....	13,933,393	321,103	20,956,358	15,689,872	5,686,540	1,323,796	57,911,062
1895.....	12,571,500	292,151	19,577,387	14,309,810	4,141,713	1,160,894	52,053,455
1896.....	16,431,424	377,926	24,345,120	17,179,479	5,444,753	1,340,119	65,118,821
1897.....	22,650,178	360,873	28,600,456	19,629,155	8,376,516	1,363,820	80,980,998
1898.....	18,576,894	351,403	27,643,412	18,446,322	6,927,252	1,327,446	73,272,729
1899.....	20,515,175	578,311	28,226,477	19,990,183	7,849,373	1,726,961	78,886,480
1900.....	22,569,916	187,980	30,456,583	23,625,866	12,085,510	2,014,425	90,940,280
1901.....	19,608,885	408,561	26,038,555	21,530,689	9,670,763	2,161,749	79,419,202
1902.....	21,341,602	623,230	25,313,568	24,602,046	9,242,258	2,444,882	83,567,586
1903.....	20,775,244	590,545	27,317,155	24,687,957	11,233,552	3,932,471	88,536,924
1904.....	17,020,953	297,197	23,083,150	22,840,858	9,382,417	2,836,980	75,461,555
1905.....	15,901,887	420,369	23,094,221	24,151,281	8,241,924	2,432,983	74,242,605
1906.....	20,383,479	331,624	27,528,251	29,070,087	9,976,501	2,913,520	90,203,462

WOOD, UNMANUFACTURED—STAVES.

1894.....	8,137	535	380,354	522,456	788,268	936,994	2,636,744
1895.....	24,256	34	427,999	697,146	717,337	1,027,022	2,893,794
1896.....	50,872	.....	416,732	748,688	688,351	1,289,088	3,193,731
1897.....	57,450	321	441,071	649,480	684,112	939,480	2,771,914
1898.....	105,981	268	407,101	787,154	715,794	1,127,953	3,144,231
1899.....	105,685	239	421,487	710,971	864,539	1,105,731	3,208,652
1900.....	86,418	.....	536,988	1,021,859	1,008,257	859,482	3,513,004
1901.....	108,298	.....	523,502	923,659	1,078,638	921,104	3,555,201
1902.....	40,292	1,674	443,348	962,169	1,060,193	746,323	3,253,999
1903.....	46,088	1,207	522,729	881,427	808,645	518,086	2,778,182
1904.....	50,387	3,616	643,948	865,342	607,973	366,854	2,568,120
1905.....	45,898	5,431	522,363	867,381	696,746	553,894	2,691,713
1906.....	45,265	1,509	753,024	951,730	934,828	392,141	3,078,497

WOOD, UNMANUFACTURED—FURNITURE WOODS.

1894.....	122,518	1,274,522	-	98,078	1,853,270	2,132,067	5,480,455
1895.....	121,136	1,312,598	-	35,468	1,663,855	1,247,983	4,381,046
1896.....	151,990	1,701,542	-	153,363	2,734,950	1,962,381	6,704,226
1897.....	208,094	1,910,220	-	80,792	3,449,712	2,285,917	7,934,735
1898.....	171,083	2,777,665	Not	92,335	2,817,654	1,694,184	7,552,921
1899.....	245,197	4,966,948	separately	89,727	3,032,274	1,610,035	9,944,181
1900.....	220,898	4,147,388	.....	48,122	3,650,054	1,691,104	9,757,566
1901.....	135,026	4,278,228	.....	12,984	3,917,749	1,695,255	10,039,242
1902.....	171,876	3,871,443	stated.	28,674	3,409,388	1,821,073	9,302,454
1903.....	215,083	3,401,990	.....	86,675	3,981,478	1,948,945	9,634,171
1904.....	247,966	4,634,259	.....	137,021	3,105,102	1,828,962	9,953,310
1905.....	291,484	4,256,640	.....	134,631	3,130,907	1,879,730	9,693,392
1906.....	292,156	4,038,608	.....	266,586	3,135,029	1,653,674	9,386,053

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports of Wood into Great Britain, &c.—*Concluded.*

WOOD, MANUFACTURED—FURNITURE, HOUSE FRAMES, &c.

Calendar Years.	British Empire.		Foreign Countries.				Totals.
	Canada.	Other British.	Norway and Sweden.	Russia.	United States.	Other Foreign.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1894.....	93,922	30,918	449,822	46,100	1,007,020	1,624,733	3,252,515
1895.....	91,907	31,468	457,978	34,694	1,275,679	1,820,752	3,712,478
1896.....	164,868	52,423	617,667	30,417	1,766,386	2,112,274	4,744,065
1897.....	208,143	47,041	701,111	20,089	2,094,954	2,507,029	5,578,367
1898.....	268,543	39,410	694,955	70,065	2,830,391	2,612,237	6,515,601
1899.....	299,758	45,921	753,160	93,538	3,155,284	2,686,741	7,034,402
1900.....	137,429	30,762	661,623	23,112	2,659,030	2,305,238	5,817,194
1901.....	146,735	30,923	485,951	8,648	2,315,011	2,627,694	5,614,962
1902.....	199,499	41,839	518,451	20,016	1,881,002	2,912,276	5,573,083
1903.....	297,314	33,653	790,975	12,093	2,147,295	2,444,988	5,726,318
1904.....	249,105	27,156	599,826	35,516	1,487,375	2,082,280	4,481,258
1905.....	264,868	27,282	579,444	68,425	1,512,701	1,901,558	4,354,278
1906.....	188,208	23,092	611,935	36,590	1,576,450	1,872,920	4,309,195

WOOD, MANUFACTURED—WOOD PULP.

1894.....	403,159	.....	5,056,174	247,616	235,980	1,028,083	6,971,012
1895.....	269,365	12,161	6,485,723	145,980	52,534	715,838	7,661,601
1896.....	45,601	.....	7,230,706	168,532	35,361	718,418	8,198,618
1897.....	465,258	2,920	7,727,323	102,370	263,613	878,686	9,440,170
1898.....	834,088	19,466	7,302,185	103,378	331,853	628,418	9,219,388
1899.....	637,281	27,215	8,110,305	11,276	306,220	590,926	9,683,223
1900.....	1,199,317	18,800	10,478,449	38,957	269,579	734,803	12,739,905
1901.....	1,520,133	21,608	9,206,872	.....	445,256	515,740	11,709,609
1902.....	1,237,934	2,404	9,635,878	89,756	180,311	525,025	11,671,308
1903.....	818,603	2,506	10,512,130	145,542	157,651	562,270	12,198,702
1904.....	701,847	10,215	10,449,395	503,169	53,494	550,981	12,269,101
1905.....	1,003,083	346	11,028,193	599,189	135,712	663,662	13,430,185
1906.....	1,180,074	.....	11,697,627	542,210	126,991	640,448	14,187,350

WOOD, MANUFACTURED—OTHER SORTS.

1894.....							
1895.....							
1896.....							
1897.....							
1898.....							
1899.....							
1900.....	231,581	48,642	516,017	123,895	2,727,270	1,751,723	5,399,128
1901.....	223,103	27,652	670,242	175,745	2,571,756	1,828,665	5,497,163
1902.....	288,496	24,095	689,748	250,775	2,895,258	2,278,161	6,426,533
1903.....	287,084	23,662	560,187	313,467	2,223,609	2,279,280	5,687,289
1904.....	311,433	17,140	559,370	334,310	2,244,210	2,191,036	5,657,499
1905.....	307,345	17,958	636,895	310,596	1,822,479	2,129,001	5,224,274
1906.....	394,030	18,085	610,090	415,740	2,092,477	1,975,126	5,505,548

RECAPITULATION—WOOD AND MANUFACTURES OF.

1894.....	17,483,499	3,722,148	31,413,491	19,570,676	11,705,871	12,736,548	96,632,233
1895.....	15,811,450	3,918,406	31,044,820	18,160,458	10,315,099	11,801,792	91,052,025
1896.....	20,515,258	5,197,949	36,897,359	21,652,208	13,693,062	13,798,548	111,754,384
1897.....	27,456,147	6,136,929	42,239,425	24,547,086	18,653,086	15,805,954	134,838,627
1898.....	22,511,949	6,443,710	40,525,619	23,661,271	16,808,683	13,554,746	123,505,978
1899.....	24,469,790	8,797,901	42,815,590	25,029,583	19,141,003	14,450,696	134,644,563
1900.....	27,385,279	8,039,300	49,255,250	30,423,246	26,675,826	17,840,105	159,619,006
1901.....	24,165,507	7,107,556	42,439,143	27,417,072	23,892,452	17,337,233	142,358,963
1902.....	25,521,003	7,068,531	41,929,891	30,282,527	23,155,973	18,288,364	146,246,289
1903.....	24,598,970	7,519,145	45,661,724	32,457,624	25,536,003	19,837,229	155,610,695
1904.....	20,056,858	7,088,016	40,693,588	31,403,187	21,326,956	16,877,434	137,446,049
1905.....	19,683,745	7,599,922	40,516,661	31,889,655	19,099,818	17,485,829	136,275,630
1906.....	24,812,340	7,298,657	46,693,437	38,461,398	22,103,174	18,502,482	157,871,488

TRADE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Imports, Exports and Shipping of Great Britain during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906. (*From British Returns.*)

Calendar Years.	IMPORTS.			EXPORTS.					
	British Empire.	Foreign Countries.	Totals.	Home Produce.			Foreign.		
				British Empire.	Foreign Countries.	Totals.	British Empire.	Foreign Countries.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1891	99,464,718	335,976,546	435,441,264	85,956,088	161,279,062	247,235,150	7,382,031	54,496,537	
1892	97,875,225	325,918,657	423,793,882	74,698,759	152,378,294	227,077,053	6,585,232	57,977,881	
1893	91,851,534	312,836,644	404,688,178	72,226,708	146,033,010	218,259,718	6,437,297	52,441,255	
1894	93,999,135	314,345,675	408,344,810	72,851,513	143,154,124	216,005,637	5,801,115	51,979,115	
1895	95,651,507	321,038,151	416,689,658	70,262,069	155,866,177	226,128,246	5,876,827	53,827,334	
1896	93,294,640	348,514,264	441,808,904	84,186,880	155,958,671	240,145,551	6,516,667	49,716,996	
1897	94,130,820	356,898,140	451,028,960	80,757,072	153,462,636	234,219,708	6,293,559	53,660,851	
1898	99,760,951	370,783,751	470,544,702	83,499,403	149,859,837	233,359,240	6,689,216	53,965,532	
1899	106,901,741	378,133,842	485,035,583	87,665,429	176,826,782	264,492,211	6,655,788	58,386,659	
1900	109,640,921	413,434,242	523,075,163	94,434,875	196,767,121	291,191,996	7,648,234	55,533,524	
1901	105,684,880	416,305,318	521,990,198	104,873,821	175,148,555	280,022,376	8,334,366	59,507,526	
1902	106,916,457	421,474,817	528,391,274	109,091,856	174,332,110	283,423,966	8,487,006	57,327,807	
1903	113,670,792	428,929,497	542,600,289	111,146,864	179,653,244	290,800,108	8,337,325	61,236,239	
1904	120,018,406	431,020,222	551,038,628	111,937,870	188,773,170	300,711,040	8,845,626	61,458,655	
1905	127,868,726	437,151,191	565,019,917	113,437,811	216,378,803	329,816,614	9,275,109	68,504,804	
1906	142,165,240	465,723,260	607,888,500	121,341,278	254,234,060	375,575,338	9,305,773	75,796,707	

Calendar Years.	EXPORTS—Con.				TOTAL TRADE.		SHIPPING ENTERED AND CLEARED.					
	Produce.		Totals.		British Empire.	Foreign Countries.	British.	Foreign.				
	Totals.	British Empire.	Foreign Countries.	Totals.								
£	£	£	£	£	£	Tons.	Tons.					
1891	61,878,568	93,338,119	215,775,599	309,113,718	192,802,837	551,752,145	53,957,435	20,855,185				
1892	64,563,113	81,283,991	210,356,175	291,640,166	179,159,216	536,274,832	54,372,730	21,494,425				
1893	58,878,552	78,664,005	198,474,265	277,138,270	170,515,539	511,310,909	54,148,664	20,484,183				
1894	57,780,230	78,652,628	195,133,239	273,785,867	172,651,763	509,478,914	58,681,647	21,854,712				
1895	59,704,161	76,138,896	209,693,511	285,832,407	171,790,403	530,731,662	58,691,926	21,847,248				
1896	56,233,663	90,703,547	205,675,667	296,379,214	183,998,187	554,189,931	62,064,335	23,398,087				
1897	59,954,410	87,050,631	207,123,487	294,174,118	181,181,451	564,021,627	64,426,545	25,772,318				
1898	60,654,748	90,188,619	203,825,369	294,013,988	189,949,570	574,609,120	64,216,728	26,747,238				
1899	65,042,447	94,321,217	235,213,441	329,534,658	201,222,958	613,347,283	65,648,989	32,133,898				
1900	63,181,758	102,083,109	252,290,645	354,373,754	211,724,030	665,724,887	62,710,836	35,812,857				
1901	67,841,892	113,208,187	234,656,081	347,864,268	218,893,067	650,961,399	62,789,841	34,561,172				
1902	65,814,813	117,578,862	231,659,917	349,238,779	224,495,319	653,134,734	64,902,907	34,969,812				
1903	69,573,564	119,484,189	240,889,483	360,373,672	233,154,981	669,818,980	69,211,973	36,407,371				
1904	70,304,281	120,783,496	250,231,825	371,015,321	240,801,902	681,252,047	69,654,387	38,756,763				
1905	77,779,913	122,712,920	284,883,607	407,596,527	250,581,646	722,034,798	70,963,087	41,077,647				
1906	85,102,480	130,647,051	330,030,767	460,677,818	272,812,291	795,754,027						

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Imports into Great Britain during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906.

IMPORTS FROM BRITISH EMPIRE.

Calendar Years.	Australasia.		British India.	British South Africa.	British West Africa.	British West Indies.	Canada.	Ceylon.	Hong Kong.	Newfoundland.	Straits Settlements.	Other British.
	Australia.	New Zealand.										
1891.....	23,068,972	8,192,594	32,234,398	6,254,428	1,776,362	1,558,152	12,103,493	4,168,998	1,101,702	502,922	5,356,865	3,145,832
1892.....	22,790,868	7,551,741	30,513,106	5,463,278	1,786,990	1,945,373	14,052,010	3,945,209	836,705	514,454	4,868,289	3,407,202
1893.....	21,800,500	8,054,673	26,233,949	5,550,133	2,162,247	1,740,580	12,945,605	4,252,794	885,634	397,991	4,518,387	3,809,021
1894.....	23,546,368	8,985,662	27,648,857	4,989,576	1,974,135	1,938,022	12,506,642	4,101,275	630,818	401,004	4,584,783	3,391,993
1895.....	24,954,779	8,383,058	26,431,315	5,426,054	2,114,504	1,893,673	12,798,469	4,524,843	739,441	602,101	4,645,446	3,147,874
1896.....	21,342,970	8,000,360	25,285,467	5,253,874	2,223,925	1,790,451	16,047,263	4,723,547	797,158	396,996	4,309,847	3,063,682
1897.....	20,746,317	8,006,745	27,470,081	4,956,866	2,153,412	1,453,089	19,217,918	4,688,278	606,314	321,080	3,643,224	2,924,708
1898.....	19,834,601	9,015,548	27,740,503	6,076,731	2,352,285	1,283,413	20,403,610	4,847,721	726,637	351,032	3,941,909	3,327,731
1899.....	23,622,371	9,639,391	27,388,104	6,076,731	2,427,946	1,517,338	20,205,740	5,077,758	883,126	524,307	5,807,847	3,258,833
1900.....	23,800,820	11,615,881	27,388,104	5,132,200	1,954,580	1,838,479	19,854,585	4,476,552	1,066,048	476,304	7,025,999	3,250,833
1901.....	24,217,669	10,594,357	27,388,104	5,633,747	1,991,571	1,629,223	22,964,537	4,386,926	602,841	532,725	6,112,304	2,976,516
1902.....	19,734,017	10,883,648	28,724,006	5,633,747	2,142,950	1,608,878	26,669,855	4,353,569	582,764	613,610	6,032,730	3,122,287
1903.....	17,057,927	13,454,484	32,304,747	5,795,458	2,456,982	1,895,212	22,621,164	4,133,027	466,811	516,518	5,893,407	3,193,543
1904.....	23,568,918	12,741,510	36,472,636	5,457,494	2,368,642	1,971,654	25,695,898	4,477,950	386,440	508,307	6,283,820	3,402,314
1905.....	26,968,977	13,391,222	36,062,291	5,541,462	2,739,458	2,108,332	30,318,291	4,441,184	638,507	508,307	6,885,775	3,660,108
1906.....	29,137,890	13,607,754	37,833,460	6,337,586	2,739,458	2,108,332	30,318,291	4,441,184	638,507	630,650	8,903,228	3,468,700

IMPORTS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Argentine Republic.	Belgium.	China.	Egypt.	France.	Germany.	Holland.	Japan.	Russia.	Spain.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1891.....	3,451,228	17,253,265	4,713,508	10,658,288	44,777,460	27,031,743	27,391,637	1,152,585	24,110,251	10,523,875	104,409,050	60,593,636
1892.....	4,540,358	17,013,997	3,583,248	10,525,230	43,519,130	25,726,738	28,890,921	804,003	13,122,677	10,916,636	108,186,317	57,139,432
1893.....	4,836,682	16,848,979	3,894,258	8,845,426	43,638,090	26,364,849	28,851,490	1,046,598	18,574,565	10,353,932	91,783,847	57,777,928
1894.....	6,168,624	17,022,404	3,543,362	9,284,801	43,450,074	26,874,470	27,606,397	958,541	23,598,748	10,547,295	89,607,392	55,653,567
1895.....	9,084,497	17,545,169	3,843,865	9,524,507	47,470,583	26,992,559	28,419,944	1,143,382	22,736,413	11,314,518	86,548,830	54,913,348
1896.....	8,974,164	19,221,408	2,973,887	9,659,376	50,104,971	27,585,236	29,201,023	1,241,433	22,677,443	11,997,919	106,347,349	58,470,395
1897.....	7,533,916	20,885,812	2,684,722	9,294,245	53,346,883	26,189,069	28,971,316	1,283,165	22,284,365	13,125,600	113,041,627	60,037,365
1898.....	7,788,339	21,534,313	2,668,064	8,855,689	51,306,733	28,334,159	28,532,904	1,158,134	22,489,514	13,188,258	124,062,155	61,575,436
1899.....	10,942,349	22,801,907	3,069,452	10,914,354	53,603,788	30,123,058	30,473,489	1,692,408	18,711,168	14,572,954	120,081,188	61,690,067
1900.....	13,080,466	23,502,603	2,359,821	12,585,576	53,618,656	31,181,667	32,540,226	1,540,526	21,983,952	15,882,346	138,789,261	67,528,643
1901.....	12,414,805	24,066,081	2,110,119	11,905,646	51,213,424	32,207,214	32,871,843	1,830,290	21,903,574	14,040,184	141,015,465	67,120,613
1902.....	14,022,249	26,538,759	2,407,207	13,764,567	50,642,928	33,633,956	34,842,598	1,898,919	25,673,558	14,285,856	126,961,601	76,802,289
1903.....	19,143,796	27,932,355	2,679,367	14,383,762	49,347,184	34,333,390	34,573,937	2,276,445	30,932,997	13,959,237	122,112,652	78,194,375
1904.....	23,035,202	27,536,425	2,761,841	14,802,900	51,107,046	33,944,322	34,689,937	2,349,477	31,402,838	13,672,310	119,227,802	76,091,698
1905.....	25,034,325	27,751,288	2,340,346	14,976,188	53,072,900	35,799,758	35,481,059	1,860,313	33,306,234	13,838,631	115,573,651	78,937,680
1906.....	23,802,963	29,033,441	3,314,453	16,858,247	53,871,061	38,021,762	36,653,519	2,954,248	39,051,348	15,827,713	131,101,540	84,232,328

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Exports of British Produce during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906.

BRITISH PRODUCE EXPORTED TO BRITISH EMPIRE.

Calendar Years.	Australasia.		British India.	British South Africa.	British West Africa.	British West Indies.	Canada.	Ceylon.	Hong Kong.	Newfoundland.	Straits Settlements.	Other British.
	Australia.	New Zealand.										
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1891.....	22,107,085	3,369,177	31,177,968	7,957,878	1,678,190	2,217,802	6,820,900	1,016,373	2,531,328	424,781	2,463,543	4,190,173
1892.....	15,811,454	3,456,406	27,934,452	7,945,520	1,380,339	2,192,025	6,809,913	947,353	1,803,864	558,674	2,115,848	3,673,311
1893.....	11,780,946	3,277,897	28,814,880	8,602,171	1,624,613	2,391,542	6,658,492	902,477	1,830,277	542,112	1,780,799	4,017,502
1894.....	12,975,785	3,031,623	29,339,781	8,400,050	1,697,147	2,203,922	5,531,513	947,558	1,809,194	780,062	3,352,259	3,782,319
1895.....	14,207,258	3,103,091	24,753,008	10,621,206	1,580,371	2,113,989	5,285,271	983,753	1,908,813	254,139	1,995,406	3,475,284
1896.....	17,893,200	3,995,092	30,097,768	13,821,357	1,728,395	2,122,189	5,352,029	1,005,828	1,822,037	403,697	2,019,874	3,925,414
1897.....	17,256,620	4,027,682	27,382,091	13,383,937	1,763,461	1,784,185	5,171,851	1,031,481	1,975,374	304,341	2,490,895	4,179,184
1898.....	17,085,151	4,020,677	29,729,389	12,190,810	1,999,505	1,830,980	5,838,000	1,177,138	2,225,115	316,773	2,773,312	4,294,453
1899.....	17,957,056	4,943,131	31,316,412	11,370,125	2,116,080	1,922,755	6,969,535	1,385,454	2,688,609	377,607	2,612,381	4,406,184
1900.....	21,575,828	5,485,845	30,115,752	12,757,875	2,148,149	1,771,860	7,605,297	1,832,876	2,762,882	521,453	3,150,139	4,706,959
1901.....	21,356,491	5,599,272	34,978,126	17,154,388	2,347,319	1,910,916	7,785,472	1,534,914	2,612,725	358,223	3,203,511	6,032,472
1902.....	16,144,118	5,677,576	32,681,979	24,436,739	2,737,486	2,009,101	10,345,256	1,446,382	2,136,202	375,069	2,744,555	4,971,393
1903.....	16,144,438	6,361,390	34,477,099	25,287,621	2,858,589	2,130,772	11,112,557	1,440,284	2,719,614	391,986	3,125,945	5,096,559
1904.....	17,336,470	6,315,090	40,641,277	17,532,521	2,732,707	2,024,999	10,624,221	1,411,075	4,335,957	488,376	3,125,255	5,345,922
1905.....	16,991,069	6,425,733	42,996,388	16,360,319	2,796,647	2,012,355	11,909,244	1,363,469	3,716,937	432,209	3,264,198	5,164,243
1906.....	20,228,886	7,400,188	45,181,307	15,249,202	3,037,619	2,195,817	13,688,833	1,570,174	3,065,149	516,814	3,965,459	5,241,880

BRITISH PRODUCE EXPORTED TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Argentina Republic.	Belgium.	China.	Egypt.	France.	Germany.	Holland.	Japan.	Russia.	Spain.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1891.....	4,246,700	7,374,495	6,456,593	3,789,238	16,429,665	18,804,329	9,463,300	2,882,964	5,407,402	4,977,473	27,544,553	53,902,350
1892.....	5,652,377	6,943,935	5,778,042	3,193,158	14,687,796	17,587,098	8,836,835	2,992,833	5,357,136	4,672,938	26,547,234	50,128,912
1893.....	5,636,397	7,130,605	4,616,666	3,354,718	13,366,410	17,703,185	9,249,316	3,487,910	6,372,310	3,614,516	23,937,441	47,638,506
1894.....	4,515,417	7,632,901	4,453,616	3,996,655	13,526,494	17,801,162	8,788,311	3,724,089	6,884,574	3,945,037	18,799,570	49,086,291
1895.....	5,351,482	7,326,965	5,257,832	3,349,162	13,870,902	20,586,310	7,375,021	4,644,550	7,004,384	3,638,453	27,948,553	49,512,363
1896.....	6,620,993	7,816,132	6,717,353	3,777,966	14,151,512	22,244,405	8,353,935	6,033,342	7,185,185	3,455,660	20,424,225	49,197,943
1897.....	4,801,125	8,291,686	5,142,342	4,439,078	13,818,812	21,602,426	8,854,696	5,807,822	7,513,165	3,330,747	20,994,631	48,930,083
1898.....	5,896,276	8,802,075	5,039,264	4,419,078	13,706,246	22,525,987	8,618,719	4,913,162	9,227,968	2,847,698	14,716,489	49,456,875
1899.....	6,210,729	9,836,165	7,040,460	5,061,686	15,283,079	25,996,127	9,425,974	7,909,138	11,720,333	4,634,087	18,119,350	55,589,604
1900.....	7,142,738	10,775,705	5,574,147	6,000,409	19,977,912	27,999,712	10,397,401	9,775,166	11,001,300	5,625,524	18,760,831	62,166,276
1901.....	6,751,632	8,156,203	6,773,599	6,314,867	16,472,068	23,573,755	9,089,149	8,132,223	8,673,384	4,827,110	19,350,833	57,990,702
1902.....	5,871,096	8,409,659	7,142,021	6,161,627	15,587,300	22,850,293	8,443,915	5,065,526	8,635,393	4,785,214	23,760,913	57,617,151
1903.....	8,010,985	8,797,812	6,740,637	6,439,936	15,800,011	23,550,631	8,686,410	4,591,619	9,114,434	4,574,687	22,605,131	60,741,351
1904.....	10,847,264	9,051,949	8,908,901	8,273,443	15,254,034	25,103,270	8,200,340	4,889,320	8,229,577	4,337,775	20,197,579	65,579,710
1905.....	13,002,611	10,036,009	13,136,448	7,848,948	16,142,800	29,704,449	9,683,829	9,661,896	8,169,454	4,245,843	23,915,918	70,810,308
1906.....	19,428,641	11,595,075	12,199,913	8,935,749	20,444,736	33,558,954	11,608,723	12,907,675	8,858,388	4,626,064	27,764,905	82,305,277

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Total Exports from Great Britain during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906.

TOTAL EXPORTS TO BRITISH EMPIRE.

Calendar Years.	Australasia.		British India.	British South Africa.	British West Africa.	British West Indies.	Canada.		Ceylon.	Hong Kong.		New-foundland.	Straits Settlements.	Other British.
	Australia.	New Zealand.					£	£		£	£			
1891.....	24,453,359	3,778,394	32,549,207	8,638,537	1,832,029	2,516,900	7,802,997	£	1,061,374	2,732,157	496,945	2,589,262	£	4,886,958
1892.....	17,617,822	3,884,829	29,047,287	8,594,834	1,601,709	2,433,318	7,890,226	£	989,586	1,972,935	639,296	2,203,419	£	4,406,730
1893.....	13,265,304	3,757,699	23,931,554	9,355,791	1,857,280	2,667,619	7,941,987	£	946,672	1,935,419	619,153	1,848,722	£	4,636,205
1894.....	14,518,389	3,411,345	30,114,943	9,037,844	1,923,035	2,503,452	6,528,239	£	988,875	1,980,227	852,849	2,398,922	£	4,389,508
1895.....	15,867,979	3,443,688	25,487,089	11,463,575	1,762,205	2,358,571	6,286,731	£	1,017,639	2,044,616	308,172	2,032,820	£	4,065,811
1896.....	19,892,916	4,433,435	30,841,551	14,885,721	2,053,177	2,379,438	6,225,961	£	1,052,898	1,959,209	469,859	2,073,001	£	4,436,381
1897.....	19,179,267	4,489,062	28,009,385	14,387,541	1,999,506	2,050,067	6,111,931	£	1,070,932	2,079,951	352,949	2,538,916	£	4,781,124
1898.....	18,946,245	4,465,626	30,362,934	13,147,665	2,288,418	2,098,557	7,174,820	£	1,240,463	2,347,689	366,283	2,816,850	£	4,933,069
1899.....	19,803,420	4,936,511	31,967,811	12,209,289	2,420,246	2,155,037	8,323,326	£	1,464,760	2,862,345	446,925	2,659,899	£	5,071,597
1900.....	23,545,565	5,899,292	30,966,938	13,992,132	2,508,855	2,031,297	9,058,789	£	1,918,209	2,956,262	600,349	3,206,264	£	5,399,157
1901.....	23,513,662	6,068,289	35,746,399	18,939,147	2,716,499	2,150,847	9,250,526	£	1,594,544	2,797,978	437,873	3,282,728	£	6,709,754
1902.....	21,929,406	6,158,885	33,491,035	26,443,881	3,090,847	2,234,107	11,995,877	£	1,599,870	2,274,217	445,169	2,804,516	£	5,601,052
1903.....	18,129,369	6,954,820	35,320,217	27,011,005	3,128,590	2,369,838	12,744,144	£	1,512,282	2,801,710	452,280	3,290,269	£	5,709,665
1904.....	19,841,259	6,897,420	41,544,494	19,053,123	3,035,418	2,833,945	12,248,342	£	1,466,143	4,574,767	557,601	3,183,329	£	6,047,684
1905.....	19,476,463	6,994,806	44,361,153	17,839,367	3,036,910	2,314,569	13,797,079	£	1,435,279	3,841,735	500,888	3,321,193	£	5,823,538
1906.....	22,781,283	8,052,476	46,410,498	16,721,995	3,277,885	2,515,221	15,477,260	£	1,662,032	3,220,498	586,848	4,033,896	£	5,907,099

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing, by the Principal Countries, the Total Exports from Great Britain, &c.—*Concluded.*

TOTAL EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Argentine Republic.	Belgium.	China.	Egypt.	France.	Germany.	Holland.	Japan.	Russia.	Spain.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1891.....	4,366,028	13,272,472	6,525,662	3,875,664	24,336,676	29,944,361	14,988,930	3,060,893	8,103,132	5,527,061	41,066,647	60,618,073
1892.....	5,808,279	12,813,305	5,836,537	3,316,364	21,337,350	29,641,814	15,630,922	3,281,644	8,876,899	5,212,271	41,412,006	57,188,724
1893.....	5,658,230	13,016,450	4,699,336	3,434,149	19,795,500	27,954,494	15,746,028	3,731,644	10,363,671	4,182,672	35,715,274	54,176,817
1894.....	4,633,315	13,041,091	4,592,140	4,065,814	19,751,062	29,217,328	13,879,096	3,918,743	11,537,057	4,407,103	30,775,466	55,315,024
1895.....	5,480,848	11,934,653	5,363,536	3,414,556	20,324,998	32,736,651	11,272,258	4,772,829	10,686,333	4,052,806	44,067,703	55,586,340
1896.....	6,855,745	12,326,634	6,860,896	3,874,674	20,657,528	33,984,905	12,330,124	6,160,197	11,403,810	3,898,370	32,035,784	55,287,900
1897.....	4,965,661	12,788,520	5,179,767	4,542,140	19,517,711	32,012,595	13,260,214	5,978,454	11,868,078	3,815,951	37,933,917	55,230,479
1898.....	5,812,770	13,850,902	5,099,487	4,626,881	20,513,958	33,331,701	13,046,026	5,062,150	14,187,208	3,505,728	28,534,477	56,254,071
1899.....	6,517,567	14,586,549	7,136,706	5,224,394	22,277,012	37,978,257	14,044,468	8,251,991	16,138,580	5,619,232	34,975,472	62,463,213
1900.....	7,438,238	14,846,307	5,634,313	6,159,468	25,877,453	38,542,790	14,931,090	9,933,925	16,360,475	6,333,857	37,343,955	68,888,774
1901.....	6,972,701	12,624,691	6,827,546	6,418,757	23,700,820	34,221,080	13,744,021	8,209,452	14,210,953	5,455,523	37,651,150	64,619,387
1902.....	6,122,099	12,619,751	7,138,810	6,268,697	22,275,721	33,094,565	13,071,131	5,276,641	13,892,782	5,366,173	43,081,073	63,402,474
1903.....	8,602,189	12,746,608	6,738,015	6,559,569	23,146,750	34,516,339	14,040,131	4,717,255	16,163,912	5,246,088	41,605,206	66,747,441
1904.....	11,574,580	13,474,492	8,889,950	8,431,624	21,702,405	36,427,850	12,909,663	5,043,674	15,285,157	4,911,213	39,272,433	72,308,784
1905.....	13,383,835	14,818,923	13,298,828	8,069,668	23,232,663	42,742,300	14,516,387	9,796,900	14,884,050	4,841,774	47,282,088	78,015,691
1906.....	19,913,654	16,753,913	12,306,188	9,152,606	28,784,829	48,312,324	16,838,123	13,115,330	15,942,057	5,339,688	53,240,325	90,331,730

Farinaceous substances										
Sago, sago meal and flour.....	180,039	196,446	195,144	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tapioca.....	144,833	146,831	259,458	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tapioca flour.....	212,428	170,874	138,208	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other farinaceous substances.....	309,331	281,982	250,185	.....	.....	60,060	.....	63,565	171,324	83,833
Total corn, grain, &c.....	68,796,597	69,200,285	67,880,589	4,548,265	3,188,735	4,733,649	6,433,115	.....	12,102,478	19,935,844
Cotton, raw.....										
Cotton manufactures.....	54,697,798	52,182,656	55,749,640	.....	.....	157,383	135,649	.....	38,314,379	38,546,295
Drugs.....	4,668,344	4,778,107	5,239,376	.....	.....	3,480	2,656	.....	243,329	253,448
Dyeing or tanning stuffs.....	1,354,003	1,528,536	1,545,550	16,128	15,924	6,909	3,579	.....	373,813	259,621
Fish.....	3,505,895	3,376,088	3,496,192	91,996	18,012	11,575	16,980	.....	52,717	63,751
Flax.....	3,338,695	3,229,454	3,751,316	.....	.....	706,375	1,143,231	.....	620,334	628,482
Flax, hemp and jute, etc.....	11,574,508	13,193,008	13,750,222	698,301	733,973	.....	.....	.....	33,317	104,845
Fruits :—										
Apples, raw.....	2,118,294	2,065,193	1,753,577	.....	178,575	703,950	577,982	.....	936,868	868,538
Bananas, raw.....	1,382,572	1,770,256	1,903,639	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Currents, dried.....	822,434	924,802	1,648,410	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Figs and fig cake, dried.....	196,812	206,580	295,687	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grapes, raw.....	827,634	761,632	667,969	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lemons, limes and citrons.....	408,500	419,049	440,406	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oranges.....	2,193,146	1,949,496	2,183,411	87	49	.....	.....	.....	25,067	20,874
Pears, raw.....	503,573	407,817	572,274	8,912	4,753	10,393	10,381	.....	94,298	87,402
Plums, raw.....	526,438	524,673	758,720	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,346	9,360
Raisins, dried.....	994,675	973,836	1,106,889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495	3,319
(Glass.....										
Hides, raw.....	3,379,300	3,398,659	3,259,193	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,142	30,114
Lace.....	2,046,964	2,400,888	3,096,808	45,896	85,889	2,511	3,717	.....	13,486	40,739
Leather.....	2,351,281	4,432,877	4,107,379	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leather manufactures.....	8,036,997	8,086,235	9,642,438	312,764	493,659	378,278	313,949	.....	2,964,777	3,799,717
Machinery and millwork.....	2,856,275	2,931,748	3,049,349	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	474,534	472,578
Metals and ores.....	4,312,440	4,537,871	5,126,972	2,015	11,541	87,384	88,798	.....	3,204,479	3,204,479
Musical instruments.....	40,330,816	43,523,323	52,358,424	4,099,999	5,057,047	124,948	235,118	.....	5,120,096	5,714,974
Oils.....	1,182,949	1,160,300	1,164,463	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	193,442	184,275
Oil seed cake.....	11,400,387	11,241,600	12,035,876	146,517	127,394	16,877	10,640	.....	5,477,728	5,634,213
Paper and pasteboard.....	2,128,817	2,206,165	2,362,471	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	776,170	731,452
Paper-making materials :—	4,940,619	5,256,065	5,728,505	.....	.....	240,583	237,487	.....	393,942	478,540
Pulp of wood.....	2,621,048	2,759,627	2,915,299	.....	.....	206,113	242,481	.....	27,886	26,094
Other kinds.....	1,033,085	1,042,874	1,020,200	4,319	3,991	.....	.....	.....	3,997	10,831
Provisions :—										
Butter.....	21,117,162	21,586,622	23,460,196	3,775,463	4,641,200	1,428,404	976,008	.....	401,916	748,197
" margarine.....	2,494,467	2,735,736	2,733,795	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cheese.....	5,843,770	6,339,811	7,007,611	293,344	370,666	4,804,172	5,634,288	.....	445,003	656,705
" margarine.....	2,829	49	2,254	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	1,211
Eggs.....	6,730,574	6,812,436	7,098,122	.....	.....	114,557	106,393	.....	4,935	16,585

No. 6 STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Home Produce) from Great Britain during the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906, together with the portion sent to British Australasia, Canada and the United States during the Years 1905 and 1906.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM GREAT BRITAIN—CALENDAR YEARS.									
	TOTALS.			British Australasia including Fiji.		Canada.		United States.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	* 1905.	1906.	1905.	* 1906.	1905.	1906.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
<i>Home Produce.</i>										
Apparel and slops including haberdashery and millinery	5,989,682	6,036,567	6,713,304	1,353,124	1,537,949	484,472	503,305	76,151	90,833	
Arms and ammunition	2,484,488	3,119,025	3,306,405	664,447	678,644	146,255	236,040	29,441	93,194	
Beer and ale	1,727,749	1,722,210	1,815,620	273,436	315,100	22,180	28,365	240,842	263,664	
Biscuits and bread	858,192	956,938	1,005,673	11,075	10,810	6,902	16,034	25,344	34,917	
Books, printed	1,836,141	1,916,421	2,028,560	513,093	532,180	109,870	118,397	430,371	449,151	
Bricks	225,472	237,947	276,825	3,756	5,338	32,446	36,654	13,264	20,430	
Ceramic, manufactures of	1,419,529	1,564,900	1,811,497	137,958	142,319	44,266	45,051	55,765	45,788	
Carriages and wagons	3,360,983	3,961,255	5,903,746	379,633	534,381	3,023	1,154	67,684	47,993	
Cement	632,336	720,349	996,663	67,310	59,290	47,966	73,731	22,680	166,692	
Chemical products and preparations and dye-stuffs	7,285,672	7,435,322	7,907,649	603,807	725,644	250,134	334,531	829,568	922,847	
Coals, cinders and fuel, &c.	26,862,386	26,061,120	31,504,291	2,823	8,810	31,733	57,950	109,990	52,431	
Cordage and twine	666,527	697,019	788,262	84,608	95,230	39,812	66,804	2,997	5,524	
Cotton yarn and twist:—										
Gray	7,329,759	8,223,400	9,753,612	.....	.....	32,566	45,746	288,627	369,928
Bleached and dyed	1,625,339	2,095,134	2,081,991	.....	.....	26,547	28,000	118,082	135,909
Cotton manufactures:—										
Piece goods—Unbleached	18,880,366	21,433,398	22,771,415	301,585	377,941	29,028	54,764	113,377	101,114	
" " Bleached	16,739,261	19,033,712	19,690,452	727,505	970,522	178,349	229,970	516,488	749,090	
" " Printed	12,556,710	12,577,527	14,144,412	593,887	732,037	231,120	306,887	76,819	84,722	
" " Other sorts	15,881,939	17,276,482	18,763,989	1,068,248	1,166,616	402,914	421,567	1,314,655	1,280,924	
Thread for sewing	3,411,971	3,381,922	5,026,050	138,411	163,936	112,639	134,099	16,240	19,334	
Lace and patent net	3,561,735	3,730,908	4,396,957	304,917	319,383	302,995	326,493	969,410	1,309,382	
Unenumerated	3,866,666	3,758,482	3,948,037	568,229	625,243	233,284	261,110	197,178	236,313	
Total cotton manufactures	74,918,648	81,692,431	87,743,312	3,702,782	4,355,678	1,489,729	1,734,890	3,204,167	3,781,379	

Earthen and chinaware, including manufactures of clay.....	2,106,324	2,098,228	2,381,663	240,749	277,138	189,088	251,519	508,653	572,465
Electrical goods and apparatus.....	1,697,316	2,431,744	2,381,743	178,655	227,969	434,671	24,536	160,826	52,963
Fish.....	3,555,066	4,104,869	4,518,281	760,334	123,137	88,357	11,179	395,234	335,732
Furniture, cabinet and upholstery ware.....	740,867	731,413	760,334	53,665	67,467	9,611	12,567	87,896	109,320
Glass.....	1,107,329	1,277,845	1,84,257	218,661	150,178	150,178	236,669	156,985	181,755
Hardware and cutlery.....	2,069,891	2,660,904	3,91,631	469,763	120,648	120,648	144,553	111,325	124,402
Hats of all sorts.....	1,180,865	1,250,278	1,442,905	263,524	283,257	171,822	190,183	15,256	19,739
Implement and tools of industry.....	1,651,645	1,784,089	2,078,935	186,870	238,411	21,150	31,183	35,513	46,957
Jute yarn.....	486,693	600,772	865,475	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,924	46,295
" mfrs.: piece goods.....	1,953,030	1,978,146	2,463,845	.....	118,856	206,482	230,406	1,101,004	1,436,089
Leather, unwrought.....	1,714,090	2,112,753	2,596,730	66,186	92,930	47,732	114,121	137,988	149,515
" mfrs., including saddlery and harness.....	3,044,909	3,547,741	3,330,615	448,549	491,068	87,827	107,432	270,212	293,998
Linen yarn.....	902,618	927,617	1,007,963	.....	.....	.....	23,996	15,182	77,527
" mfrs.....	6,341,216	7,002,593	7,002,593	471,999	543,779	347,385	404,590	3,227,044	3,719,802
Machinery and mill work.....	23,260,326	26,771,889	1,063,989	1,063,989	1,397,643	182,035	216,194	762,652	766,336
Manure.....	2,973,637	3,468,750	3,632,217	107,640	147,376	.....	.....	101,845	213,965
Medicines.....	1,382,374	1,404,598	1,549,471	278,123	295,212	60,093	75,818	42,011	54,317
Metals:—									
Brass of all sorts.....	806,246	1,084,737	1,329,802	129,127	184,900	34,300	52,400	150,225	178,401
Copper, wrought and unwrought.....	3,132,580	3,885,180	3,753,479	116,732	187,969	13,377	20,001	94,461	29,087
Iron and steel.....	28,056,791	31,826,438	39,840,535	3,420,382	4,438,902	1,513,353	1,857,679	2,308,075	3,448,624
Lead and mfrs. of.....	496,288	612,165	832,596	9,593	11,363	62,273	90,152	16,911	91,377
Tin, unwrought.....	741,847	1,057,780	1,508,360	.....	.....	59,279	90,143	172,005	385,223
Zinc, wrought and unwrought.....	163,623	176,624	210,910	6,587	8,894	244	713	.....	.....
Oil and floor oil cloth.....	1,634,756	1,752,065	2,107,205	344,766	433,347	127,586	158,684	254,469	374,626
Painters' colours and materials.....	2,005,766	2,167,987	2,431,951	339,175	392,296	71,931	133,025	106,821	119,585
Paper and pasteboard.....	1,876,797	1,939,767	2,063,816	495,118	530,010	96,182	110,466	96,422	108,553
Salt, rock and white.....	509,176	431,311	442,442	33,514	22,137	59,412	55,935	37,404	64,827
Silk, thrown, twist and yarn.....	218,381	298,299	323,873	11,296	14,513	5,221	7,139	95,991	102,802
Silk mfrs.....	1,604,554	1,693,314	1,858,634	105,592	104,003	206,287	238,216	109,689	127,265
Soap.....	1,208,712	1,284,727	1,309,556	49,414	49,810	8,004	12,693	55,245	57,184
Spirits, British and Irish.....	2,712,313	2,855,357	2,987,258	729,437	826,869	276,598	319,821	413,682	467,138
Stationery, other than paper.....	1,386,450	1,412,335	1,596,656	199,818	261,883	63,176	70,604	71,892	109,556
Sugar, refined and candy.....	367,382	492,328	561,690	.....	.....	174,016	184,784	5,297	6,731
Tobacco and mfrs.....	776,045	981,774	1,060,690	62,421	81,082	17,563	16,253	6,217	2,973
Umbrellas and parasols.....	414,355	397,686	498,180	59,806	67,856	11,889	20,033	8,503	10,713
Wool.....	5,182,919	5,892,419	6,473,809	.....	.....	124,666	121,780	1,206,984	923,142
Woolen and worsted yarn.....	4,209,323	4,243,949	5,339,531	55,796	71,585	170,703	163,266	5,133	6,244
Woolen and worsted mfrs.....	17,993,359	19,596,670	20,584,021	2,163,793	2,542,750	2,418,429	2,647,508	1,887,181	1,597,604
Yarn, alpaca and mohair, &c., N.E.S.....	1,702,889	1,929,292	2,342,409	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
All other articles.....	28,876,187	33,318,375	40,930,750	2,836,280	3,074,084	1,356,424	1,639,656	4,005,343	4,785,441
Totals.....	297,057,312	325,701,516	371,158,117	23,075,622	27,318,497	11,720,850	13,465,985	23,848,024	27,680,953
Parcel post.....	3,653,728	4,115,098	4,417,221	376,089	402,469	188,394	222,848	67,894	83,952
Grand totals, exports, home produce.....	300,711,040	329,816,614	375,575,338	23,451,711	27,720,966	11,909,244	13,688,833	23,915,918	27,764,905
" " " foreign produce.....	70,304,281	77,779,913	85,102,480	3,056,636	3,206,941	1,857,835	1,788,427	23,366,170	25,475,420
Grand totals, exports.....	371,015,321	407,596,527	460,677,818	26,508,347	30,927,907	13,767,079	15,477,260	47,282,088	53,240,325

TRADE OF FRANCE (Five Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *five months* ending May 1906 and 1907.

	Five months ending May.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS.			
Food products	63,591,200	80,717,600	+ 17,126,400
Raw materials	337,672,800	354,721,200	+ 17,048,400
Manufactures	81,429,800	92,321,200	+ 10,891,400
Total imports	482,693,800	527,760,000	+ 45,066,200
EXPORTS.			
Food products	49,621,400	53,166,200	+ 3,544,800
Raw materials	120,455,200	130,519,000	+ 10,063,800
Manufactures	218,788,200	237,525,800	+ 18,737,600
Small parcels	33,993,800	34,520,000	+ 526,200
Total exports	422,858,600	455,731,000	+ 32,872,400
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports	482,693,800	527,760,000	+ 45,066,200
Exports	422,858,600	455,731,000	+ 32,872,400
Total trade.	905,552,400	983,491,000	+ 77,938,600

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *five months* ending May 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	Five months ending May.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.	
		1906.	1907.		
		\$	\$	\$	
Wheat	Algeria-Tunisia.....	4,716	52,853	+	48,137
	Other countries.....	61,794	86,071	+	24,277
	Totals.....	66,510	138,924	+	72,414
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	2,504	20,253	+	17,749
	Other countries.....	131,842	108,773	—	23,068
	Totals.....	134,346	129,026	—	5,319
Barley	Algeria-Tunisia.....	50	66,381	+	66,331
	Other countries.....	15,904	185	+	185
	Totals.....	15,954	82,470	+	66,516
Rye.....	All countries	2	9,539	+	9,537
Corn..	All countries	134,693	204,885	+	70,192

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr.—2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from June report of A. Poindron, commercial agent at Paris.

TRADE OF GERMANY.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Germany during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1905.

NOTE.—Mark=23·8 cts.

Calendar Years.	Imports.	Exports.	Total Trade.	Imports.	Exports.	Total Trade.	Coin and Bullion.	
	(Special).	(Special).	(Special).	(General).	(General).	(General).	Imports.	Exports.
							(Special).	(Special).
In Thousands of Marks.								
1895 .	4,120,700	3,317,900	7,438,600	4,433,000	3,662,300	8,095,300	125,400	106,200
1896 .	4,307,200	3,525,100	7,832,300	4,637,000	3,913,200	8,550,200	250,800	228,700
1897 .	4,680,697	3,634,975	8,315,672	4,991,502	3,955,655	8,947,157	183,947	151,266
1898 .	5,080,646	3,756,566	8,837,212	5,385,955	4,057,229	9,443,184	359,030	253,999
1899 .	5,483,096	4,207,049	9,690,145	5,827,119	4,512,530	10,339,649	300,532	161,360
1900 .	5,765,614	4,611,381	10,376,995	6,128,717	4,960,189	11,088,906	277,378	141,220
1901 .	5,421,235	4,431,448	9,852,683	5,727,115	4,744,003	10,471,118	289,103	81,198
1902 .	5,631,000	4,677,785	10,308,785	5,918,696	4,995,755	10,914,451	174,776	135,048
1903 .	6,002,688	5,014,634	11,017,322	6,357,019	5,341,876	11,698,895	318,458	115,637
1904 .	6,354,320	5,222,810	11,577,130	6,711,116	5,565,390	12,276,506	500,145	92,801
1905 .	7,128,825	5,731,642	12,860,467	7,470,028	6,077,799	13,547,827	307,438	110,175

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade (Special) of Germany, during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1905. (*Coin and Bullion not included*).

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES 1895 TO 1905.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	British North America.	Austria-Hungary.	Belgium.	British Australasia.	France.	Russia.	United States.	Other Countries.
In Thousands of Marks.									
1895....	536,364	2,078	513,046	177,040	113,678	223,199	567,863	482,775	1,504,657
1896....	551,313	2,954	546,852	173,206	103,204	229,535	628,201	528,304	1,543,631
1897....	567,609	4,177	582,725	181,875	85,662	242,644	698,391	652,680	1,664,934
1898....	566,326	5,882	627,199	197,078	86,657	261,486	725,321	876,136	1,734,561
1899....	672,967	4,249	715,506	234,410	121,061	298,190	629,725	893,829	1,913,159
1900....	719,190	6,383	704,422	215,498	117,585	302,569	670,679	1,003,604	2,025,684
1901....	552,686	7,394	683,619	182,598	107,762	272,243	668,662	985,836	1,960,435
1902....	557,311	9,446	695,489	194,472	120,157	303,625	758,914	893,003	2,098,583
1903....	594,029	9,721	724,115	205,764	117,971	330,310	822,342	934,513	2,263,923
1904....	614,907	9,129	702,993	231,040	131,410	365,391	804,860	943,002	2,551,538
1905....	718,367	9,779	752,015	273,327	160,109	402,133	972,534	991,942	2,848,619

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES 1895 TO 1905.

1895....	675,522	16,324	373,912	159,143	22,869	202,296	207,771	368,430	1,291,633
1896....	712,796	15,302	399,684	167,937	29,247	201,331	231,594	383,250	1,383,959
1897....	699,159	16,757	405,506	189,211	31,292	209,774	241,336	397,394	1,444,546
1898....	740,727	23,910	426,405	187,180	32,842	205,187	273,212	332,860	1,534,243
1899....	801,496	23,731	449,903	206,996	37,850	216,386	325,128	377,469	1,768,090
1900....	861,832	20,003	486,315	253,063	47,919	276,942	312,992	439,571	1,912,744
1901....	906,749	26,491	464,301	235,968	52,226	248,909	301,787	384,735	1,810,282
1902....	958,230	38,734	480,374	260,688	45,509	252,647	299,530	449,072	1,893,001
1903....	982,258	35,835	500,335	267,933	44,760	271,529	323,364	469,015	2,119,605
1904....	985,484	23,161	554,704	277,357	48,320	273,903	300,115	494,741	2,265,025
1905....	1,042,435	21,775	580,186	312,483	51,320	293,294	346,318	542,245	2,541,586

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Imported (Special) into Germany during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1905.

IMPORTS INTO GERMANY—CALENDAR YEARS.

ARTICLES.

	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
					In Thousands of Marks.			
Rags and refuse of every description.....	67,419	82,945	96,635	94,520	87,358	106,946	123,747	142,915
Cotton and cotton goods—								
Cotton, raw and waste.....	250,792	243,310	340,735	315,786	341,221	423,330	508,411	434,072
" yarn.....	53,868	55,585	62,933	48,559	51,154	60,051	66,482	65,271
" manufactures.....	31,237	32,476	35,205	31,421	34,682	36,280	40,355	45,011
" other.....	190	324	515	647	487	497	564	249
Lead and leaden goods.....	13,333	18,541	25,481	13,816	9,085	13,331	15,689	22,240
Brush and sieve goods.....	2,749	3,117	2,652	2,410	2,296	2,551	2,022	2,238
Drugs and dyes.....	230,027	237,833	264,178	267,607	263,392	274,376	298,032	335,885
Iron and iron goods—								
Iron, pig.....	19,616	39,935	58,417	17,035	8,565	9,225	10,111	9,895
" other.....	48,593	67,609	78,995	49,520	43,263	47,085	50,827	53,788
Ores, fine metals, asbestos, &c.—								
Gold.....	326,208	271,275	241,243	256,833	138,983	280,766	454,038	248,851
Pig iron.....	54,484	70,248	75,182	66,703	59,235	80,175	91,782	102,414
Silver.....	11,164	9,709	16,719	18,822	22,645	23,955	28,827	37,812
Other.....	119,313	148,459	169,510	153,164	134,798	148,780	164,080	213,668
Flax and other vegetable spinning material, except cotton.....	94,818	93,055	195,631	108,282	113,743	121,747	121,423	143,221
Grain and other agricultural products—								
Barley.....	132,776	127,886	92,484	105,448	127,862	164,719	146,831	189,480
Corn.....	126,387	135,182	128,868	119,791	93,359	92,296	73,791	97,989
Linsced.....	50,579	51,899	71,057	63,555	64,232	66,032	79,068	69,693
Malt.....	22,634	23,740	24,708	22,117	21,136	22,018	20,896	23,426
Oats.....	54,299	28,468	46,726	47,313	47,716	47,195	37,607	107,105
Palm kernals.....	26,437	30,419	35,826	37,710	51,092	49,637	55,138	61,520
Rye.....	102,685	64,894	96,049	89,474	104,837	82,485	49,363	68,013
Seeds—Clover, &c.....	22,893	30,459	28,538	22,590	32,775	38,853	44,405	28,336
Wheat.....	231,447	180,353	171,117	282,702	271,633	252,607	281,009	329,369
Other.....	162,033	181,020	178,908	195,686	198,770	205,643	217,147	246,747
Glass and glassware.....	10,420	10,495	10,356	9,596	8,699	9,255	3,785	10,765
Human and horse hair, feathers, bristles.....	50,910	57,179	58,538	47,861	57,633	58,422	62,810	66,469
Hides.....	184,593	187,610	224,133	213,818	258,995	320,838	349,054	408,400
Wood and other carving materials, also goods thereof—								
Timber, planks and builders' materials.....	308,698	290,322	241,196	185,738	185,629	220,513	237,880	266,807
Other.....	79,073	78,631	83,392	76,470	76,638	79,169	85,723	89,015
Hops.....	9,423	8,663	7,069	12,962	6,374	5,024	10,755	7,298

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Imported (Special) into Germany, &c.—*Concluded.*

IMPORTS INTO GERMANY—CALENDAR YEARS.

ARTICLES.

	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
				In Thousands of Marks.				
Instruments, machines, vehicles :—								
Machinery and locomotives.....	52,525	65,686	96,757	60,538	45,301	53,021	63,930	73,518
Other.....	8,225	15,809	12,952	16,773	12,288	10,086	15,615	16,637
Calendars.....	522	546	544	484	478	507	585	686
Cacoutchouc, gutta-percha and goods thereof :—								
Cacoutchouc and gutta-percha.....	54,598	76,741	73,818	48,226	60,935	80,432	109,444	142,294
Other.....	13,269	13,776	12,035	11,791	12,328	13,173	12,857	14,013
Clothes and underwear.....	10,239	11,838	12,033	12,081	12,324	13,889	13,723	16,494
Copper and copper goods :—								
Copper, raw.....	78,846	104,033	127,568	85,060	84,693	102,280	134,014	151,557
Other.....	23,043	28,047	30,579	28,491	24,318	29,962	34,766	46,960
Hardware, &c.....	43,800	46,809	41,887	37,369	40,157	38,284	40,534	41,801
Leather and leather goods.....	61,158	60,196	54,069	56,196	64,378	69,433	69,695	74,041
Linen yarn, linen and linen goods.....	31,805	31,351	33,229	30,543	25,635	30,791	34,427	34,678
Candles.....	97	80	126	271	194	187	247	223
Literary and art works.....	41,587	44,449	43,733	43,537	45,932	54,878	57,357	61,321
Groceries and confectionery :—								
Beer.....	8,758	9,540	10,523	9,380	9,506	8,879	8,908	9,057
Butter.....	14,984	19,949	25,571	28,955	28,367	43,419	63,844	73,750
Cocoa, raw.....	23,224	24,947	28,711	24,730	26,181	25,999	32,501	33,018
Coffee.....	137,028	128,037	155,828	147,740	143,161	145,168	162,930	170,308
Herrings, salted.....	32,667	35,794	38,011	41,417	49,882	36,047	37,031	44,336
Meats.....	72,430	62,412	43,373	52,444	51,275	31,394	27,163	53,309
Rice.....	48,844	57,871	46,853	39,036	52,453	45,120	40,701	44,055
Spirits.....	12,728	10,025	15,109	4,732	5,579	5,472	6,450	7,223
Tobacco.....	106,958	106,020	129,983	129,983	109,964	108,751	114,351	146,669
Wine in casks and bottles.....	42,141	44,316	48,879	40,359	40,621	43,315	41,196	44,537
Other.....	193,951	192,404	205,654	200,479	206,614	211,458	220,281	232,322
Oil (crease).....	83,127	80,623	88,783	106,727	109,681	94,156	87,758	109,636
Oil cake.....	53,164	54,157	60,855	61,037	58,470	57,108	64,642	74,287
Other.....	60,494	65,558	77,510	82,062	92,951	77,662	74,769	78,048
Paper and cardboard goods.....	14,582	15,379	18,074	21,697	15,207	18,067	24,991	21,790
Furs.....	2,310	2,322	2,381	1,997	4,549	5,442	5,815	5,785
Petroleum.....	80,173	97,309	107,077	91,975	93,109	116,581	100,747	88,007
Silk and silk goods.....	165,646	200,588	173,275	169,697	192,656	198,221	184,057	199,290
Soap and perfumery.....	1,924	2,412	2,068	2,438	2,706	2,810	2,935	3,124

Oils not otherwise mentioned and fats :—

	8	10	15	7	9	7	12	7
Playing cards	37,843	46,259	52,750	45,009	45,154	43,708	47,326	67,711
Stone and earthenware	132,941	157,939	218,879	179,966	163,231	162,274	167,634	206,850
Coal, brown coal, coke and peat	9,020	8,853	9,789	8,159	8,061	9,606	9,847	11,465
Straw and hemp goods	38,159	35,913	37,132	32,409	31,834	45,343	48,292	51,957
Tar, pitch, resin and asphaltum								
Animals and animal products not otherwise mentioned:—								
Beggs	85,167	96,309	103,227	104,773	115,071	108,377	114,651	121,350
Other	58,261	79,388	80,011	83,119	93,120	79,523	75,458	91,277
Clay goods	8,244	9,506	9,995	7,691	7,098	7,040	7,350	7,870
Cattle:—								
Horses	91,912	88,791	77,556	78,633	92,425	92,568	90,780	104,339
Other	59,007	63,461	68,265	76,116	109,135	127,868	121,389	131,103
Oilecloth	936	1,004	968	931	863	925	875	838
Wool and woollen goods:—								
Wool, raw	241,406	328,425	261,645	231,667	273,946	288,626	289,843	327,209
Woollen yarn	92,239	113,361	110,575	82,573	86,601	90,954	89,691	93,393
Other	79,010	117,854	89,837	71,455	90,056	98,973	115,187	126,016
Zinc and zinc goods	10,052	12,094	9,936	7,728	9,870	11,191	12,203	15,613
Tin and tinware	21,602	30,796	34,185	30,601	34,052	36,270	37,411	39,078
Total imports (special) including coin and bullion	5,439,676	5,783,628	6,042,992	5,710,338	5,805,776	6,321,146	6,854,465	7,436,263
Less—Coin and bullion	359,030	300,532	277,378	289,103	174,776	318,458	500,145	307,438
Total imports (special) merchandise	5,080,646	5,483,096	5,765,614	5,421,235	5,631,000	6,002,688	6,354,320	7,128,825

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Exported (Special) from Germany during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1905.

ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM GERMANY—CALENDAR YEARS.							
	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	In Thousands of Marks.							
Rags and refuse of every description	12,304	13,811	17,272	13,243	19,212	17,107	20,398	25,858
Cotton and cotton goods—								
Cotton, raw and waste	28,318	31,273	43,473	35,468	44,062	53,945	69,666	53,711
" yarn	19,662	22,891	29,134	28,537	31,703	32,496	29,830	34,067
" manufactures	181,616	206,804	245,208	220,305	259,791	302,314	337,516	380,980
" other	2,290	2,423	3,158	2,958	3,726	4,320	4,679	4,174
Lead and leaden goods	16,951	18,533	17,869	15,271	14,216	17,809	16,442	21,024
Brush and sieve goods	9,650	12,301	14,198	13,120	11,973	13,711	10,373	10,437
Drugs and dyes	339,953	306,582	352,673	361,781	380,629	393,975	412,746	463,608
Iron and iron goods—								
Iron bars	13,638	13,220	19,580	20,047	35,127	34,553	18,837	27,171
Ironware, coarse	149,886	181,978	194,624	192,209	212,077	224,879	203,585	202,169
" fine	77,835	98,627	123,451	128,599	131,830	147,324	174,537	183,120
Iron wire	26,494	25,220	29,858	33,060	29,389	31,921	33,115	39,642
Other	97,888	105,382	112,096	143,344	194,952	195,684	152,248	187,832
Ores, fine metals, asbestos, &c.—								
Cement	20,016	20,650	25,439	18,434	19,996	18,001	16,726	17,801
Gold	221,769	135,743	113,860	51,591	106,022	91,634	65,224	69,297
Silver	31,742	24,876	26,857	29,335	28,699	23,622	26,843	39,807
Other	45,927	55,910	70,193	56,868	51,549	56,461	64,455	75,474
Flax and other vegetable spinning material, except cotton	20,287	23,387	29,255	29,609	24,548	26,018	22,133	24,809
Grain and other agricultural products	119,429	122,331	139,139	121,444	109,010	141,075	168,581	152,212
Glass and glassware	39,057	42,596	46,676	48,877	48,005	51,450	55,649	56,755
Human and horse hair, feathers, bristles	28,373	34,225	32,494	32,657	38,921	37,498	36,386	36,765
Hides	83,163	98,317	103,102	120,313	137,402	148,966	166,440	207,257
Wood and other carving material, also goods thereof	114,250	120,747	140,994	131,297	124,968	122,229	122,781	122,293
Hops	27,135	17,053	25,286	14,598	25,461	43,993	45,499	20,698
Instruments, machines, vehicles—								
Machinery and locomotives	137,646	177,970	215,897	187,411	183,191	214,890	232,964	271,512
Musical instruments	37,350	34,105	40,549	45,478	42,794	51,217	49,284	53,997
Other	42,194	38,380	59,527	47,089	40,717	32,907	34,411	38,511
Calendars	528	719	745	1,055	1,299	1,189	1,270	1,494
Cacotechnon, gutta percha, and goods thereof	53,976	77,289	62,905	44,770	50,000	6,288	69,730	97,251

Clothes and underwear.....	141,903	141,905	160,218	156,201	138,738	161,274
Comber and copper goods.....	127,240	137,397	123,789	136,437	180,927	238,218
Hardware, &c.....	141,568	180,405	177,060	192,915	233,164	264,814
Leather and leather goods.....	160,038	152,544	137,147	153,368	172,766	183,761
Linon yarn, linen and linen goods.....	26,737	55,180	33,684	35,172	36,716	38,664
Candles.....	583	826	805	864	740	847
Literary and art works—						
Books.....	132,739	148,930	169,266	144,555	169,913	175,855
Other.....	6,408	7,889	7,453	10,143	9,174	10,752
Groceries and confectionery—						
Beer.....	19,594	22,228	22,780	22,392	23,262	25,545
Butter.....	5,354	5,504	5,388	2,785	1,794	1,994
Flour.....	22,576	13,666	13,717	16,124	22,731	33,897
Rice.....	22,822	25,769	16,173	18,589	14,374	17,684
Spirits.....	11,464	7,482	6,273	8,196	5,063	5,219
Sugar, raw.....	97,719	111,132	76,694	74,916	63,499	67,690
Sugar, refined.....	103,840	105,146	97,266	111,823	115,170	115,205
Wine in casks and bottles.....	21,917	22,819	21,895	22,396	24,283	24,283
Other.....	60,634	65,408	61,723	70,403	69,276	75,406
Oils not otherwise mentioned, and fats.....	34,233	37,041	42,299	46,916	54,953	59,071
Paper and cardboard goods.....	97,293	119,836	103,782	121,903	127,165	138,972
Furs.....	4,797	8,448	10,799	10,849	12,551	15,680
Petroleum.....	1,341	1,857	1,713	1,726	2,161	2,618
Silk and silk goods.....	158,778	166,592	164,743	194,340	173,352	180,138
Soap and perfumery.....	14,157	16,668	17,015	14,104	13,987	15,396
Playing cards.....	381	311	354	394	400	401
Stone and stoneware.....	340	311	354	394	400	401
Coal, brown coal, coke and peat—						
Coal.....	150,702	180,185	209,682	219,360	227,319	230,984
Coke.....	40,791	45,962	55,769	52,757	52,634	56,634
Other.....	5,799	7,404	11,009	12,906	16,322	17,323
Straw and hemp goods.....	3,229	3,204	4,334	4,376	4,949	5,279
Tar, pit, h, resin and asphaltum.....	9,872	11,503	11,231	10,264	13,516	16,438
Animals and animal products not otherwise mentioned.....	8,334	13,607	14,856	16,982	12,128	11,636
Clay goods.....	59,661	64,090	73,688	77,868	84,218	98,739
Cattle.....	18,259	17,291	18,365	16,505	18,216	15,393
Oil cloth.....	1,427	1,645	2,139	2,655	3,129	3,255
Wool and woollen goods—						
Wool, raw.....	20,441	24,201	21,930	21,757	26,074	28,928
Woollen yarn.....	44,892	57,316	56,310	62,460	65,732	63,512
Manufactures.....	201,114	217,177	235,803	212,552	244,190	293,666
Other.....	45,167	60,621	53,255	45,732	69,319	80,238
Zinc and zinc goods.....	31,224	37,672	33,930	31,010	49,213	53,006
Tin and tinware.....	5,826	9,118	11,325	10,807	12,664	13,946
Goods incompletely specified.....	7,422	9,141	10,729	11,494	13,039	16,126
Total Exports (Special) including Coin and Bullion.....	4,010,565	4,308,109	4,752,601	4,512,646	5,130,271	5,841,817
Less—Coin and Bullion.....	253,999	161,360	141,220	81,198	92,891	110,175
Total Exports (Special) merchandise.....	3,756,566	4,207,049	4,611,381	4,431,448	5,038,100	5,731,642

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing Imports (Special) into Germany from British North America during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1905.

	CALENDAR YEARS.							
	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	In Thousands of Marks.							
Drugs and dyes—								
Phosphorus.....	5	184	57	129	105	21	74	18
Other.....	13	2	12	25	95	60	28	17
Iron and iron goods.....	39	34	71	97	160	75	41	57
Ore, fine metals, asbestos, &c.—								
Asbestos.....	806	671	1,725	1,696	913	1,414	1,324	1,945
Iron ore.....	265	1,336	59	358	3,543	4,182	3,375	2,972
Other.....	58		4	1	1	39	25	356
Grain and other agricultural products—								
Buckwheat.....	300	46	44	679	574	165	234	114
Corn.....	776	13	40	6				
Oats.....	1,253							
Pease.....	452	416	1,174	1,090	892	94	71	2
Rye.....	289							
Wheat.....	630	23	14	1		11		2
Other.....	156	385	171	158	486	560	524	386
Hides.....	61	56	136	49	75	136	84	51
Wood and other carving material, also goods thereof.....	213	94	38	49	65	38	39	29
Instruments, machines, vehicles—								
Machinery.....	18	295	2,131	1,451	1,027	1,090	784	1,005
Musical instruments.....	38	70	53	77	77	105	57	73
Other.....						5	8	
Copper and copperware.....		15		678	565	348	750	1,254
Hardware, &c.....			12	21	10	8	27	18
Groceries and confectionery.....	472	510	460	377	647	1,081	1,556	1,084
Oils not otherwise mentioned and fats.....	24	31	71	94	175	228	87	218
Paper and cardboard goods.....	11	21	78	313		41	1	
Animals and animal products not otherwise mentioned.....		40	24	37	12	3	17	48
All other articles.....	3	7	9	8	24	17	23	130
Total Imports (Special)...	5,882	4,249	6,383	7,394	9,446	9,721	9,129	9,779

No. 6.—STATEMENT showing Exports (Special) from Germany to British North America during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1905.

	CALENDAR YEARS.							
	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
	In Thousands of Marks.							
Rags and refuse of every description	74	69	135	64	156	250	84	215
Cotton and cotton goods	951	1,175	1,101	1,116	1,514	1,707	1,607	1,887
Lead and leaden goods	32	26	42	41	41	84	72	46
Brush and sieve goods	314	329	314	264	199	241	167	147
Drugs and dyes	1,916	1,967	1,611	2,120	2,347	2,535	1,902	2,511
Iron and iron goods	1,004	1,226	1,786	4,455	9,782	9,415	3,652	3,039
Ores, fine metals, asbestos, &c.	703	313	336	74	134	464	62	76
Flax and other vegetable spinning material, except cotton	5	.....	.....	.....	9	1	4	2
Corn and other agricultural products	12	9	37	20	66	61	74	33
Glass and glassware	289	528	523	501	816	1,079	739	742
Human and horse hair, feathers, bristles	63	109	32	62	96	112	130	145
Hides	586	493	437	781	1,052	1,443	1,696	1,830
Wood and other carving material, also goods thereof	44	75	77	92	183	174	181	154
Hops	28	30	44	31	35	106	47	21
Instruments, machines, vehicles	241	206	397	577	591	1,899	1,446	1,238
Caoutchouc, gutta percha and goods thereof	212	143	167	152	157	217	155	171
Clothes and underwear	1,690	1,924	1,809	1,630	2,448	3,023	2,395	2,061
Copper and copper goods	81	124	164	204	87	156	145	233
Hardware, &c.	1,247	1,049	1,434	2,267	2,504	1,665	1,635	1,265
Leather and leather goods	731	496	362	299	594	627	481	428
Linen yarns, linen and linen goods	21	22	30	41	59	59	115	42
Literary and art works	291	426	302	513	544	413	600	606
Groceries and confectionery—								
Sugar, raw	8,340	7,939	4,263	6,011	9,025	2,280	.....	.....
All other	181	235	259	413	374	318	257	143
Oils not otherwise mentioned, and fats	29	51	25	39	52	61	27	69
Paper and cardboard goods	547	391	305	162	232	327	190	207
Furs	60	128	153	154	415	580	535	628
Silk and silk goods	1,050	1,278	832	1,089	889	1,408	809	736
Soap and perfumery	74	69	90	121	86	67	71	42
Stones and earthenware	10	12	16	21	14	10	26	16
Straw and hemp goods	4	7	10	10	18	11	.....	2
Clay goods	860	732	974	915	894	1,344	1,112	940
Cattle .....	.....	22	72	89	8	3	.....	.....
Wool and woollen goods	2,053	1,911	1,691	1,939	2,942	3,358	2,396	1,847
Zinc and zinc goods	38	65	38	39	80	94	80	44
Tin and tinware	80	90	60	58	122	59	46	39
All other articles	49	62	75	127	169	184	223	170
Total Exports (Special) ..	23,910	23,731	20,003	26,491	38,734	35,835	23,161	21,775

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

JUNE 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

STATISTICAL RECORD

OF THE

PROGRESS OF CANADA.

[illegible]

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,078,580	392,269,680	(c) 376,687,200
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,365,780	237,804,030	268,480,044	260,867,719	266,224,167	267,042,978	(c) 252,576,841
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,391,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	
Insurance—To December 31—	% %						(c)	
Fire Insurance in force.....	% %	228,453,784	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,444,339,935	
Premiums received.....	% %	2,321,716	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	(c) 14,712,030	
Life Insurance—	No.						(c)	
Policies in force.....	No.	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	(c) 708,048	
Amount in force.....	% %	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	(c) 656,980,923	
Premiums received.....	% %	1,852,974	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	22,080,717	(c) 22,378,730	
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—	% %							
Assets—	% %							
Total loans.....	% %	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957		
Property owned.....	% %	9,408,096	14,938,927	32,636,396	36,183,383	47,710,270		
Liabilities—	% %							
Total assets.....	% %	8,392,464	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227		
Capital paid up.....	% %	4,877,070	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424		
Reserved fund.....	% %		10,190,670	10,708,262	12,867,341	14,276,353		
Deposits.....	% %	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315		
Debentures payable.....	% %		54,898,094	51,763,036	56,190,339	64,980,678		
Other liabilities.....	% %		4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836		
Total liabilities.....	% %		71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	208,081,227		
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	% %	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897		
Metallic Minerals—	% %							
Copper.....	% %		5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204		
Gold.....	% %		1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,635	7,497,660		
Iron ore.....	% %	2,174,412	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395		
" pig from Canadian ore.....	% %		142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500		
Lead.....	% %			1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116		
Nickel.....	% %		3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632		
Silver.....	% %		2,775,976	4,594,623	4,219,153	7,550,526		
	% %		409,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,675		
Non-Metallic Minerals—	% %							
Asbestos.....	% %		13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966		
Cement.....	% %							
Coal.....	% %	35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259		
Coke.....	% %		101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014		
Petroleum.....	% %		7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263		
	% %		175,592					
	% %		1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028		

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31..... No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—To June 30—(f)								
Post offices..... No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	
Money orders issued..... {	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent..... \$	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,353,073	
Post cards sent..... No.	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	
Letters sent..... " "	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,190,000	285,190,000	323,644,000	
Revenue..... \$	1,079,767	1,767,953	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,430	6,786,089	7,708,142	
Expenditure..... \$	1,271,006	2,533,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	
Railways and Canals—To June 30—								
Canals—Vessels through { Season of naviga- { Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,573,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432		
Freight carried } tion..... {	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744		
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.....				672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.....				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.....				287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross..... \$				5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses..... \$				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation..... No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried..... " "		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried..... Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,866,713	
Earnings—Gross..... \$	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,322,865	
Working expenses..... \$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—To June 30—(f)								
Customs Duties collected..... \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101 (e)	53,006,546
Excise Revenue collected..... \$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,938,708	12,586,475	14,010,220 (e)	15,732,671
Imports, Total—								
Dutiable Goods..... \$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332 (e)	204,835,646
Free Goods..... \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080 (c)	129,453,273
Totals (mdse)..... \$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412 (e)	334,288,919
Coin and Bullion..... \$	2,733,034	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603 (e)	9,604,464
Total imports..... \$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015 (e)	343,893,383

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

Years ending June.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,281,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,709,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,127,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,297,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,438,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,332
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
Years ending March, 1907.	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546
TWELVE MONTHS							
	612,652,107	208,608,187	136,662,903	345,271,090	9,209,343	354,480,433	55,066,351

(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending June, 1907:

EXPORTS. (a)							Total Customs Duties Collected.	Years ending June.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.			
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.						
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868	
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869	
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870	
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871	
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872	
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873	
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874	
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875	
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876	
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877	
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878	
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879	
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880	
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881	
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882	
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883	
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884	
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885	
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	5,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886	
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	~ 6,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887	
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888	
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889	
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890	
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891	
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892	
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,635,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	Years ending March 1907.

ENDING JUNE, 1907.

226,512,063	14,282,985	240,795,048	17,376,626	258,171,674	55,066,351	
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MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, three months and twelve months* ending June, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
1898	5,497,763	6,195,114	11,692,877	32,558	11,725,435	12,504,246	2,472,832	14,977,078	77,761	15,054,839	26,780,274	1,637,790	1898
1899	7,371,651	6,206,613	13,578,264	173,978	13,752,242	13,044,010	1,885,134	14,929,144	136,240	15,065,384	28,817,626	2,057,492	1899
1900	8,056,939	6,486,767	14,543,706	1,606,532	16,150,238	15,473,265	1,103,899	16,577,164	284,503	16,861,667	33,011,905	2,251,407	1900
1901	10,796,051	8,146,962	18,943,013	79,842	19,022,855	22,122,863	2,911,316	25,034,179	159,763	25,193,942	44,216,797	2,953,811	1901
1902	12,929,747	7,771,303	20,701,050	1,326,713	22,027,763	23,093,818	2,333,707	25,427,525	33,998	25,461,523	47,489,286	3,469,066	1902
1903	16,192,915	11,655,960	27,848,875	3,233,156	31,082,031	25,026,050	1,406,209	26,432,259	48,862	26,481,121	57,563,152	4,305,623	1903
1904	15,742,088	10,829,165	26,571,253	4,139,304	30,710,557	24,122,648	1,039,373	25,162,021	1,944,249	27,106,270	57,816,827	4,254,020	1904
1905	16,331,809	11,625,205	27,957,014	679,794	28,636,808	24,756,822	1,674,432	26,431,254	962,516	27,393,770	56,030,578	4,340,482	1905
1906	18,203,642	13,142,626	31,346,268	1,574,713	32,920,981	27,249,984	2,049,741	29,299,725	1,473,443	30,773,168	63,694,149	4,754,942	1906
1907	20,222,172	13,720,915	33,943,087	160,398	34,103,485	19,309,851	1,573,571	20,883,422	1,081,706	21,965,128	56,068,613	5,281,575	1907

MONTH OF JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	18,008,268	15,193,004	33,201,272	1,273,012	34,474,314	26,827,247	4,170,865	30,998,112	387,487	31,385,599	65,859,913	5,244,322	1898
1899	22,763,488	15,867,721	38,631,109	599,943	39,231,052	28,130,984	2,590,157	30,721,141	490,162	31,211,303	70,442,355	6,406,223	1899
1900	25,183,793	17,773,712	42,957,505	2,334,620	45,292,125	33,249,799	1,701,245	34,951,044	732,080	35,683,724	80,975,849	6,850,249	1900
1901	27,957,372	20,718,582	48,675,954	208,368	48,884,322	41,769,845	4,018,483	45,783,328	917,576	46,705,904	95,590,226	7,596,268	1901
1902	33,111,749	22,635,732	55,747,481	1,640,469	57,387,950	51,472,890	2,984,097	54,456,987	88,771	54,545,758	111,933,708	8,858,332	1902
1903	39,804,159	29,566,323	69,370,492	5,307,339	74,677,891	51,080,911	2,309,909	54,290,820	192,925	54,483,745	129,161,636	10,551,402	1903
1904	40,732,502	27,326,610	68,059,112	4,366,008	72,425,120	43,350,284	1,861,336	45,211,620	2,033,951	47,245,001	119,670,721	10,980,078	1904
1905	42,571,392	29,762,654	72,334,046	792,580	73,126,626	46,002,038	3,250,160	49,262,198	1,204,227	50,466,425	123,503,051	11,271,212	1905
1906	48,856,432	32,196,436	81,052,868	2,087,456	83,140,324	59,089,461	2,982,359	62,071,820	4,857,589	66,929,409	150,069,733	12,810,461	1906
1907	56,563,119	38,990,558	95,553,677	1,692,335	97,246,012	45,966,757	2,741,058	48,707,815	4,186,662	52,894,477	150,140,489	14,870,266	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	73,694,644	51,446,953	125,141,597	4,389,123	129,530,720	139,402,279	14,091,911	154,094,190	4,632,611	153,726,801	288,257,521	21,564,585	1898
1899	87,556,085	59,807,337	147,343,422	4,677,536	152,021,088	132,675,691	17,398,101	150,073,792	4,009,858	154,083,650	306,104,708	25,157,931	1899
1900	104,200,542	68,452,846	172,653,388	8,298,046	180,951,434	152,818,917	14,196,599	167,015,516	8,641,431	175,656,947	356,608,381	28,866,988	1900
1901	105,958,535	71,729,540	177,688,075	3,537,294	181,225,369	177,378,855	18,400,723	195,779,578	2,238,826	198,018,404	379,243,773	29,128,582	1901
1902	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	414,431,881	32,423,862	1902
1903	136,792,874	88,017,654	224,810,528	8,976,797	233,787,525	214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	459,637,049	37,109,717	1903
1904	148,902,381	94,680,442	243,582,324	7,874,313	251,457,137	198,414,439	12,641,289	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,255	464,978,372	40,952,810	1904
1905	150,914,668	100,688,332	251,603,000	10,308,435	261,911,435	190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,372	465,228,307	42,021,366	1905
1906	173,027,710	110,236,095	283,263,805	7,078,603	290,342,408	235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	546,929,088	46,663,259	1906
1907	208,608,187	136,662,903	345,271,090	9,209,343	354,480,433	226,512,063	14,282,985	240,795,048	17,376,626	258,171,674	612,652,107	55,066,351	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of June, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	746,273	1,376,242	3,530,870	3,274,366	2,755,458	808,354	12,683	12,504,246	75,293	12,579,539	1898
1899.....	1,143,589	1,324,767	4,291,672	3,592,689	1,591,157	1,074,054	26,082	13,044,010	96,940	13,140,950	1899
1900.....	1,694,762	1,371,342	3,717,274	4,994,584	2,382,166	1,287,085	26,652	15,473,265	154,829	15,628,094	1900
1901.....	7,566,671	1,413,670	4,910,738	4,620,088	2,148,102	1,463,154	440	22,122,863	52,900	22,175,763	1901
1902.....	5,330,096	1,233,656	5,225,114	5,358,324	3,943,210	2,000,919	2,499	23,093,818	.....	23,093,818	1902
1903.....	3,799,542	1,677,899	5,318,913	7,143,270	4,745,529	2,335,827	5,070	25,026,050	.....	25,026,050	1903
1904.....	4,771,673	1,564,761	5,330,559	6,219,748	3,984,097	2,215,968	35,842	24,122,648	.....	24,122,648	1904
1905.....	5,333,277	1,567,999	5,918,095	6,949,474	2,255,067	2,720,809	12,101	24,756,822	.....	24,756,822	1905
1906.....	5,080,878	2,153,606	6,495,917	6,463,617	3,913,754	2,708,655	3,557	27,249,984	.....	27,249,984	1906
1907.....	2,707,484	1,120,014	4,529,791	3,871,259	4,784,251	2,283,303	13,749	19,399,851	.....	19,399,851	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	20,243	325	15,018	128,737	1,895,301	333,011	80,197	2,472,832	2,468	2,475,300	1898
1899	10,596	3,027	5,636	110,441	1,634,247	88,547	32,640	1,885,134	39,300	1,924,434	1899
1900	12,141	773	3,752	124,333	827,356	107,622	27,922	1,103,899	123,674	1,233,573	1900
1901	22,833	633	3,902	105,707	2,495,464	261,998	20,779	2,911,316	106,863	3,018,179	1901
1902	10,030	4,080	2,085	86,411	1,828,708	369,988	32,455	2,333,707	33,998	2,367,705	1902
1903	12,468	8,112	23,684	66,955	984,829	259,249	50,912	1,406,209	48,862	1,455,071	1903
1904	8,034	3,051	10,096	121,516	500,470	349,114	47,092	1,039,373	1,944,249	2,983,622	1904
1905	18,368	15,387	15,912	94,695	1,059,157	408,174	62,739	1,674,432	962,516	2,636,948	1905
1906	41,422	7,021	80,887	126,708	1,204,265	482,415	113,023	2,049,741	1,473,443	3,523,184	1906
1907	24,016	2,082	703	65,156	1,132,694	297,420	51,500	1,573,571	1,081,706	2,655,277	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	766,516	1,376,567	3,545,888	3,403,103	4,650,759	1,141,365	92,880	14,977,078	77,761	15,054,839	1898
1899	1,154,185	1,327,794	4,297,308	3,703,130	3,225,404	1,102,601	58,722	14,829,144	136,240	15,065,384	1899
1900	1,706,903	1,372,115	3,721,026	5,118,917	3,209,522	1,394,707	53,974	16,577,164	284,503	16,861,667	1900
1901	7,589,504	1,414,303	4,914,640	4,725,795	4,643,566	1,725,152	21,219	25,034,179	159,763	25,193,942	1901
1902	5,340,126	1,237,736	5,227,149	5,444,735	5,771,918	2,370,907	34,954	25,427,525	38,998	25,461,523	1902
1903	3,812,010	1,686,011	5,342,597	7,210,225	5,730,358	2,595,076	55,982	26,432,259	48,862	26,481,121	1903
1904	4,779,707	1,567,812	5,340,655	6,341,264	4,484,567	2,565,082	82,934	25,162,021	1,944,249	27,106,270	1904
1905	5,351,645	1,583,386	5,934,007	7,044,169	3,314,224	3,128,983	74,840	26,431,254	962,516	27,393,770	1905
1906	5,122,300	2,160,827	7,016,804	6,574,325	5,118,019	3,191,070	116,580	29,299,725	1,473,443	30,773,168	1906
1907	2,731,500	1,122,096	4,530,494	3,936,415	5,916,945	2,580,723	65,249	20,883,422	1,081,706	21,965,128	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—Concluded.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *three months* ending June, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	2,423,451	2,327,792	5,740,522	7,335,461	6,224,178	2,732,402	43,441	26,827,247	220,257	27,047,504	1898
1899	3,268,258	2,419,291	7,117,149	7,762,487	4,231,083	3,284,175	48,541	28,130,984	267,054	28,398,038	1899
1900	4,454,327	2,671,323	6,634,012	9,910,945	5,659,064	3,848,817	71,311	33,249,799	448,132	33,697,931	1900
1901	11,440,187	2,327,366	8,101,111	9,955,249	5,336,761	4,607,452	1,719	41,769,845	185,426	41,955,271	1901
1902	8,849,014	2,653,452	8,974,680	12,256,270	13,074,903	5,661,776	2,795	51,472,890	.....	51,472,890	1902
1903	6,613,292	2,840,355	9,530,147	13,642,139	13,334,191	6,010,123	10,664	51,980,911	.....	51,980,911	1903
1904	7,572,008	2,492,593	8,409,277	11,390,199	7,822,253	5,567,241	96,713	43,350,284	.....	43,350,284	1904
1905	9,025,323	2,629,789	10,004,231	12,850,606	5,310,036	5,960,979	21,074	46,002,038	.....	46,002,038	1905
1906	9,954,185	3,424,295	12,347,074	12,454,665	13,687,711	7,191,061	30,530	59,089,461	.....	59,089,461	1906
1907	8,165,680	2,223,666	8,781,481	8,456,648	12,050,932	6,264,832	23,518	45,966,757	.....	45,966,757	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	85,146	7,368	15,588	187,522	3,134,215	512,571	228,435	4,170,865	167,230	4,338,095	1898
1899	33,920	14,179	9,420	213,948	1,940,118	288,063	90,509	2,590,157	223,108	2,813,265	1899
1900	44,901	2,458	16,892	195,203	1,059,456	314,430	67,905	1,701,245	284,548	1,985,793	1900
1901	43,273	1,034	7,357	295,368	3,035,200	556,771	79,480	4,018,483	732,150	4,750,633	1901
1902	26,919	5,607	2,883	139,569	1,975,137	696,972	137,010	2,984,097	88,771	3,072,868	1902
1903	32,417	8,504	26,667	131,785	1,344,300	628,682	137,554	2,309,909	192,925	2,502,834	1903
1904	33,671	3,051	11,859	188,476	676,172	804,829	143,278	1,861,336	2,033,981	3,895,317	1904
1905	64,172	17,389	18,170	149,959	1,643,849	873,489	493,132	3,260,160	1,204,227	4,464,387	1905
1906	80,292	7,021	82,452	151,757	1,508,204	928,374	224,259	2,982,359	4,857,589	7,839,948	1906
1907	54,550	5,082	1,495	163,154	1,623,274	814,254	139,249	2,741,058	4,186,662	6,927,720	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	2,508,597	2,335,180	5,756,110	7,522,983	9,358,393	3,244,973	271,876	30,998,112	387,487	31,385,599	1898
1899	3,302,178	2,433,470	7,126,569	7,976,435	6,171,201	3,572,238	139,050	30,721,141	490,162	31,211,303	1899
1900	4,499,228	2,673,781	6,650,904	10,106,148	6,718,520	4,163,247	139,216	34,451,044	732,680	35,683,724	1900
1901	11,483,460	2,328,400	8,108,468	10,250,617	8,371,961	5,164,223	81,199	45,788,328	917,576	46,705,904	1901
1902	8,875,933	2,650,059	8,977,563	12,395,839	15,050,040	6,358,748	139,805	54,456,987	88,771	54,545,758	1902
1903	6,645,709	2,848,859	9,556,814	13,773,924	14,678,491	6,638,805	148,218	54,290,820	192,925	54,483,745	1903
1904	7,605,679	2,495,644	8,421,136	11,578,675	8,498,425	6,372,070	239,991	45,211,620	2,033,981	47,245,601	1904
1905	9,089,495	2,647,178	10,022,401	13,000,565	7,153,885	6,834,468	514,206	49,262,198	1,204,227	50,466,425	1905
1906	10,034,477	3,431,316	12,429,526	12,606,362	15,195,915	8,119,435	254,789	62,071,820	4,857,589	66,929,409	1906
1907	8,220,230	2,228,748	8,782,976	8,559,802	13,674,206	7,079,086	162,767	48,707,815	4,186,662	52,894,477	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of June, 1906 and 1907, and the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	7,468,298	13,910,335	8,989,376	10,531,431	16,632,124	21,777,251	18,668,344	29,333,619	24,506,429	22,765,887
Bermuda.....	.....	30,468	.....	29,456	.....	116,007	.....	113,542	.....	79,129
British Africa.....	47,418	102,852	2,111	70,517	4,121	565,566	111,669	385,241	12,843	394,122
British Australasia :—										
Australia.....	10,316	174,906	27,659	167,788	52,536	398,716	64,819	477,680	120,681	439,699
New Zealand.....	687	143,865	13,691	75,092	37,287	117,803	44,088	216,278	131,947	160,694
British East Indies.....	363,989	1,334	329,779	330	738,010	11,878	1,158,068	3,246	1,145,799	736
" Guiana.....	54,002	70,062	6,682	45,967	949,992	155,926	566,696	136,303	105,919	103,967
" West Indies.....	526,752	357,617	1,119,515	173,630	1,594,336	602,215	1,986,857	755,004	2,206,030	482,395
" Fiji.....	.....	8,635	18,266	643	425,536	12,584	.....	9,695	59,365	7,013
Hong Kong.....	37,160	.....	16,112	2,500	37,273	44,028	65,856	.....	48,385	5,000
Newfoundland.....	181,649	391,633	98,815	274,425	204,698	808,936	261,288	811,184	186,675	488,472
Other British Colonies.....	185	3,168	.....	4,896	1,136	3,650	252	10,001	138	9,132
Totals.....	8,690,456	15,195,075	10,622,066	11,376,675	20,677,109	24,614,560	22,927,937	32,251,793	28,523,611	24,936,306
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>										
Argentina Republic.....	21,047	219,547	9,445	130,724	264,906	305,272	442,015	458,724	100,350	259,794
Austria-Hungary.....	112,235	.....	104,125	318	154,701	85	225,803	478	265,312	4,523
Belgium.....	318,977	418,465	324,493	119,430	580,363	688,941	596,177	589,399	810,060	489,390
Brazil.....	30,228	61,280	25,195	24,744	130,739	152,489	70,497	134,506	66,815	104,411
Central American States.....	33,865	10,234	23,099	3,900	78,935	12,306	78,586	24,076	65,988	15,250
China.....	31,575	205,206	49,893	63,674	106,574	462,820	101,188	310,630	149,489	156,093
" ".....	54,413	.....	31,450	57,092	49,774	62,786	31,360	108,942	31,450	99,058
Chile.....	.....	111,033	27,092	91,009	103,512	213,515	123,959	270,739	99,047	228,653
Cuba.....	56,459	.....	31,450	91,009	103,512	213,515	123,959	270,739	99,047	228,653
Denmark.....	831	8,626	1,316	15,286	4,272	24,984	7,857	23,955	14,484	31,828

Dutch E. Indies.....	41,993	86,906	146,953	55,234	240,423	348,214
France.....	713,174	797,093	1,698,720	1,948,102	2,446,473	3,071
French W. Indies.....	800	361	4,219	330	5,856	1,071
Germany.....	700,256	668,274	1,593,857	1,767,437	1,936,012	318,742
Greece.....	26,972	21,526	26,743	51,290	61,874	143,259
Holland.....	155,188	102,928	214,437	323,080	359,228	17,483
Italy.....	50,806	53,110	107,594	174,268	275,765	45,022
Japan.....	138,435	132,677	361,627	344,220	379,152	59,651
Mexico.....	44,692	130,979	33,082	175,136	279,274	36,991
Norway and Sweden:—						
Norway.....	15,699	6,087	23,888	52,988	26,016	36,991
Sweden.....	2	11,491	1,090	12,991	39,069	5,898
Peru.....	40,650	10,303	40,536	12,991	10,303	65,373
Porto Rico.....	20,580	806	116,194	99,601	5,249	130,253
Portugal.....	17,152	16,061	25,232	40,575	38,750	945
Russia.....	44,190	28,254	26,755	39,735	77,553	19,740
Spain.....	151,182	82,094	130,965	146,138	176,787	7,098
Switzerland.....	22,777	173,981	471,012	419,392	588,928	6,989
United States.....	21,424,883	20,356,511	45,839,597	52,771,519	59,789,619	25,238,595
Other Foreign Countries.....	39,454	204,260	148,549	112,880	388,331	123,847
Totals.....	24,230,525	23,481,479	52,449,517	60,212,387	68,722,401	27,958,171
Grand totals.....	32,920,981	34,103,485	73,126,625	83,140,324	97,246,012	52,894,477
	63,694,149	56,008,613	123,593,051	150,069,733	150,140,489	

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of June, 1906 and 1907, and the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	23,770		29,619		43,920		49,310		65,392	
	United States.....	49,531		42,867		60,074		92,610		107,595	
	Other countries.....	1,123		2,257		3,319		2,908		4,073	
	Totals.....	74,424		74,243		107,313		144,888		177,060	
Animals, living.....	Great Britain.....	10	66,075	235	74,413	903	40,160	187	108,774	1,122	191,630
	United States.....	259,856	78,594	57,237	62,535	324,130	49,540	535,777	191,269	200,784	171,658
	Other countries.....	10	1,086	270	25	56	11,017	12	14,596	278	35,075
	Totals.....	259,876	145,755	57,742	136,973	325,089	144,717	535,976	314,579	202,184	397,763
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores	Great Britain.....		4,798		2,235		9,543		8,698		6,416
	United States.....		51,651		50,620		186,556		112,041		116,119
	Other countries.....		1,464		1,901		3,299		3,277		3,478
	Totals.....		57,913		54,756		199,398		124,056		126,013
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain.....		13		708		2,887		579		1,350
	United States.....		220		210		440		338		370
	Other countries.....						190		328		
	Totals.....		233		918		3,517		1,845		1,720

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	46,826	.....	.....	112,363	.....	193,499	.....
	United States.....	87,379	.....	.....	227,989	.....	199,011	.....
	Germany.....	17,060	.....	.....	12,544	.....	24,477	.....
	Other countries.....	20,274	.....	.....	2,318	.....	40,019	.....
	Totals.....	171,539	.....	.....	355,214	.....	457,006	.....
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	37,627	.....	.....	454	.....	70,660	69,424
	Other countries.....	487	.....	.....	69,283	.....	.....	1,778
	Totals.....	37,627	.....	.....	69,737	.....	70,660	71,202
Baking powder	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	24,524	8	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	36,029	41,856	.....	.....	35,693
	Totals.....	24,532	.....	36,044	41,864	.....	.....	35,693
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.	Great Britain.....	21,483	.....	66,961	43,143	60,993	52,649	93,491
	United States.....	112,893	.....	316,452	130,108	330,006	141,930	348,474
	Other countries.....	8,512	.....	21,165	27,451	33,397	31,988	42,698
	Totals.....	142,888	.....	404,578	200,702	424,396	226,577	484,663
Breadstuffs :- Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....	8,595	.....	14,524	.....	20,016	.....	34,701
	United States.....	10,627	.....	37,236	9,255	28,097	5,106	37,212
	Other countries.....	19,675	.....	32,497	.....	40,545	.....	35,889
	Totals.....	38,897	.....	84,257	9,255	88,658	5,106	107,892
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....	483	.....	603	.....	1,251	.....	2,080
	United States.....	15,251	.....	58,522	.....	41,716	.....	43,998
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	229
	Totals.....	15,734	.....	59,125	.....	42,970	.....	46,307
Rice, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....	15,329	.....	33,805	.....	29,977	.....	60,394
	United States.....	2,557	.....	.....	.....	13,275	.....	4,227
	B. E. Indies.....	20,713	.....	.....	.....	40,620	.....	2,796
	China.....	13,793	.....	3,800	.....	33,285	.....	27,662
Japan.....	.....	1,938	.....	32,088	.....	5,023	.....	8,920
	Other countries.....	42,456	.....	20,637	.....	101,152	.....	64,087
	.....	.....	.....	46,702	.....	.....	.....	11,366
	Totals.....	96,780	.....	181,767	.....	223,332	.....	106,435
	.....	.....	.....	71,259	.....	.....	.....	222,293

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....		612,731	11,676	936,309	168,510	1,748,868	1,105,305		118,889	1,922,261
	United States.....	68,357	770					770			
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	68,357	613,501	11,676	936,309	168,510	1,748,868	1,106,075		118,889	1,922,261
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....			10		11				10	
	United States.....	18,046		10,608		53,699				39,321	
	Other countries.....			11		7				11	
	Totals.....	18,046		10,629		53,717		44,172		39,342	
All other, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	979	43	100		3,447	56	2,316	43	681	
	United States.....	39,090	114	17,748	6	192,678	260	89,447	231	62,200	38
	Other countries.....	520		590		1,058		892		1,674	
	Totals.....	40,589	157	18,438	6	197,183	316	92,655	274	64,555	38
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	25,386	43	33,089		52,390	56	53,560		97,866	41,138
	United States.....	153,998	612,855	73,992	936,315	518,422	1,758,383	1,110,642	43	305,847	1,923,479
	Other countries.....	99,089	770	21,709	71,259	173,747		221,520	770	79,617	181,095
	Totals.....	278,403	613,668	128,790	1,007,574	744,559	1,758,439	632,363	1,111,455	483,330	2,145,772
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	14,857	28,307	13,989	19,350	11,243	60,969	20,048	47,734	28,792	58,987
	United States.....	45,747	59,078	48,812	65,267	103,500	122,564	110,709	140,593	116,955	205,107
	Other countries.....	122		4		395	90	549		199	
	Totals.....	60,726	87,385	62,805	84,617	115,138	183,623	131,306	188,327	145,946	264,094

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	1,555	1,944	16,462	5,170	10,785
	United States.....	1,326	1,567	11,896	17,752	6,246
	Other countries.....	3,455	1,077	3,089	5,349	2,177
	Totals.....	6,936	4,588	31,447	28,271	19,208
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	15,497	18,692	48,785	47,416	51,567
	United States.....	15,497	18,692	48,785	47,416	20
	Other countries.....	15,497	18,692	48,785	47,416	51,587
	Totals.....	15,497	18,692	48,785	47,416	51,587
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	3,047	4,614	6,502	8,439	15,323
	United States.....	12,878	10,514	38,346	35,950	42,331
	Other countries.....	7,408	7,402	22,898	18,992	26,583
	Totals.....	23,333	22,530	67,746	63,381	84,237
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	3,288	5,085	12,020	11,232	15,758
	United States.....	15,402	17,350	41,748	38,311	56,590
	Other countries.....	10,393	10,728	25,336	19,854	27,021
	Totals.....	29,083	33,163	79,104	69,397	99,369
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	1,883	466	3,221	4,110	2,501
	United States.....	5,930	9,725	27,578	17,741	16,188
	Other countries.....	125	111	294	264	130
	Totals.....	7,938	10,302	31,023	22,115	18,819
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs... ..	Great Britain.....	14,291	2,306	59,467	67,437	11,032
	United States.....	1,430	2,700	8,683	8,010	4,984
	Other countries.....	4,547	1,496	8,996	18,753	19,025
	Totals.....	20,268	6,502	77,146	94,200	35,041
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	18,852	20,765	11,354	89,643	70,846
	United States.....	90,533	106,011	187,945	252,779	345,836
	Other countries.....	15,654	10,126	26,903	36,705	58,886
	Totals.....	125,039	134,902	226,202	378,127	475,518

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain ..	\$ 1,722	\$..	\$ 48	\$..	\$ 2,011	\$..	\$ 2,959	\$..	\$ 3,572	\$..
	United States ..	3,808	..	4,366	..	25,736	..	16,267	..	14,080	..
	Other countries..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Totals.....	5,530	..	4,414	..	27,747	..	19,226	..	17,652	..
Cars, parts of	Great Britain ..	9,089	..	3,510	..	1,935	..	16,974	..	3,510	..
	United States ..	32,515	..	36,739	..	85,876	..	69,957	..	89,314	..
	Other countries..	4,664	..	11,050	..	23,855	..	13,423	..	26,605	..
	Totals.....	46,271	..	51,299	..	111,666	..	100,354	..	119,429	..
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain ..	3,665	..	4,126	..	2,970	..	6,670	..	9,681	..
	United States ..	280,063	..	132,864	..	289,631	..	541,961	..	536,168	..
	Other countries..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	..	..
	Totals	283,758	..	136,990	..	292,601	..	548,656	..	545,849	..
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain ..	33,328	..	28,449	..	18,270	..	116,246	..	87,609	..
	United States ..	406,952	..	279,980	..	589,188	..	880,964	..	985,398	..
	Other countries..	20,318	..	21,176	..	50,758	..	49,153	..	85,441	..
	Totals.....	460,598	..	329,605	..	658,216	..	1,046,363	..	1,158,448	..
Cement	Great Britain ..	36,141	..	38,800	..	69,860	..	75,935	..	97,509	..
	United States ..	61,120	..	52,811	..	267,278	..	161,063	..	107,655	..
	Belgium	7,805	..	3,722	..	25,663	..	14,047	..	9,968	..
	Other countries..	3,197	..	725	..	18,880	..	7,279	..	3,968	..
	Totals	108,263	..	96,058	..	381,681	..	258,324	..	219,130	..

Clocks	Great Britain.....	1,039	.....	1,763	.....	3,874	.....	2,700	.....	6,933	.....
	United States.....	25,053	.....	26,056	.....	78,501	.....	78,501	.....	78,501	.....
	Germany.....	6,877	.....	3,534	.....	9,648	.....	11,700	.....	13,101	.....
	Other countries..	1,906	.....	733	.....	2,198	.....	3,328	.....	2,445	.....
	Totals	35,875	.....	32,146	.....	73,494	.....	96,229	.....	100,788	.....
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	Great Britain.....	3,215	.....	2,088	.....	16,419	.....	20,039	.....	4,836	.....
	United States.....	1,024,840	.....	1,509,786	.....	2,473,376	.....	2,464,148	.....	3,270,959	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	.....	8	.....	9,963	.....
	Totals	1,028,055	.....	1,511,874	.....	2,489,870	.....	2,504,195	.....	3,285,758	.....
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain.....	22,586	.....	27,443	.....	59,465	.....	64,926	.....	69,907	.....
	United States.....	14,687	.....	26,350	.....	70,328	.....	66,278	.....	87,041	.....
	Other countries..	14,173	.....	10,958	.....	25,148	.....	38,039	.....	42,463	.....
	Totals	51,446	.....	64,751	.....	154,941	.....	169,243	.....	199,411	.....
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory....	Great Britain.....	2,058	.....	2,473	.....	6,878	.....	6,122	.....	7,447	.....
	United States.....	13,234	.....	10,257	.....	28,788	.....	31,931	.....	26,438	.....
	Brazil.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Venezuela.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	73	.....	22	.....	2,610	.....	6,346	.....	2,448	.....
	Totals	15,365	.....	12,752	.....	38,276	.....	44,399	.....	36,333	.....
Collars and cuffs	Great Britain.....	3,603	.....	3,652	.....	15,436	.....	9,760	.....	13,871	.....
	United States.....	7,659	.....	10,367	.....	25,820	.....	22,167	.....	26,677	.....
	Aust.-Hungary.....	1,610	.....	1,971	.....	66	.....	12,174	.....	11,431	.....
	Other countries..	2,032	.....	355	.....	12,279	.....	16,109	.....	1,390	.....
	Totals	14,904	.....	16,345	.....	53,601	.....	54,210	.....	53,369	.....
Combs.	Great Britain.....	8,468	.....	13,616	.....	17,619	.....	22,688	.....	35,219	.....
	United States.....	9,827	.....	9,220	.....	20,500	.....	27,829	.....	32,491	.....
	Germany.....	985	.....	2,995	.....	7,794	.....	5,345	.....	11,132	.....
	Other countries..	4,562	.....	6,962	.....	4,948	.....	12,358	.....	20,497	.....
	Totals	23,843	.....	32,793	.....	50,861	.....	68,220	.....	99,339	.....
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of....	Great Britain.....	17,391	.....	25,304	.....	64,843	.....	53,272	.....	65,908	.....
	United States.....	14,159	.....	14,756	.....	51,798	.....	40,031	.....	51,851	.....
	Other countries..	699	.....	70	.....	1,197	.....	818	.....	167	.....
	Totals	32,249	.....	40,130	.....	117,838	.....	94,121	.....	117,926	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton	Great Britain	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States	9,770	566,195	20,762	284,723	13,753	15,804	162	3,007
	Other countries	4,509		4,924		2,279	1,270,033	1,520,573	1,206,386
	Totals	38,423	566,195	42,213	287,730	50,369	4,950		11,139
Embroideries, white and cream coloured	Great Britain	9,770		20,762		13,753		27,426	65,966
	United States	4,509		4,924		2,279		15,745	16,668
	Switzerland	38,423		42,213		50,369		98,510	172,715
	Other countries	3,712		5,076		3,965		11,281	18,960
	Totals	56,414		72,975		70,566		152,962	274,339
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain	84,744		178,057		195,312		269,176	534,466
	United States	26,296		20,490		62,373		92,199	72,636
	Other countries	2,357		2,262		3,330		11,822	10,703
	Totals	113,397		200,809		261,015		373,197	617,805
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain	216,665		247,137		553,745		668,556	794,225
	United States	40,982		30,505		141,293		117,392	111,765
	Other countries	12,161		6,036		17,718		34,308	22,859
	Totals	269,808		283,678		712,756		820,456	932,849
Lace, white and cream coloured	Great Britain			62,338					213,628
	United States			1,979					4,809
	Other countries			27,612					78,172
	Totals			91,929					296,609

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	18,571	28,119	39,705	46,985	64,783	.....
	United States.....	3,281	5,763	12,418	10,174	13,988	.....
	Germany.....	17,663	21,122	46,899	60,899	71,288	.....
	Other countries.....	12	.....	596	980	633	.....
	Totals.....	39,527	54,994	99,678	118,993	150,684	.....
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	57,918	75,999	122,661	134,587	224,925	.....
	United States.....	17,984	19,498	45,822	48,718	58,085	.....
	Other countries.....	984	1,113	6,544	2,753	2,025	.....
	Totals.....	76,684	96,610	175,027	186,058	285,035	.....
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	43,380	50,062	88,369	84,317	97,314	.....
	United States.....	5,028	7,554	19,036	17,961	22,381	.....
	Germany.....	2,108	2,543	8,293	3,397	5,782	.....
	Other countries.....	2,082	369	1,508	5,490	1,711	.....
	Totals.....	52,598	60,528	112,206	111,165	127,188	.....
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	140,583	182,740	291,643	379,318	557,582	100,214
	United States.....	129,208	131,799	273,533	365,784	404,099	52,434
	Other countries.....	15,484	12,220	41,493	51,271	49,533	5,424
	Totals.....	285,275	326,759	606,669	796,373	1,011,214	168,072
<i>Recapitulation.</i>							
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	571,631	845,214	1,300,248	1,610,365	2,552,889	103,221
	United States.....	227,086	222,502	556,754	668,173	1,725,197	1,258,820
	Other countries.....	94,986	120,566	180,915	280,666	434,408	16,563
	Totals.....	893,703	1,188,282	2,037,917	2,559,204	3,691,723	1,378,604
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain.....	25,817	27,417	63,505	83,711	94,063	.....
	United States.....	8,631	4,978	16,400	23,888	18,664	.....
	Switzerland.....	2,668	7,067	13,983	15,107	27,479	.....
	Other countries.....	689	3,067	6,866	16,379	13,300	.....
	Totals.....	37,805	42,519	100,754	139,085	153,506	.....
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	109,455	120,880	189,465	215,690	283,403	376,460
	United States.....	106,206	394,208	271,928	314,803	1,144,027	1,272,779
	Other countries.....	51,521	55,582	142,178	146,926	183,622	168,867
	Totals.....	267,682	570,620	602,671	752,717	1,611,052	1,818,106

Fancy articles, other.....	Germany.....	17,898	5,652	57,366	75,648	21,867
	Switzerland.....	4,020	1,591	.....	.....	7,875
	Other countries.....	1,117	1,791	14,316	4,877	3,657
	Totals.....	121,736	58,364	327,460	434,537	222,559
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	15,303	24,362	62,068	59,769	85,179
	United States.....	27,529	25,029	64,909	87,212	76,184
	France.....	9,244	8,868	19,990	29,723	28,989
	Germany.....	41,647	43,900	42,915	70,465	76,442
Fancy articles.....	Other countries.....	11,305	16,283	23,564	19,627	32,267
	Totals.....	105,028	118,442	219,446	266,796	299,061
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain.....	100,936	66,295	286,412	350,411	252,024
	United States.....	44,364	38,248	128,805	137,005	128,335
	Other countries.....	109,566	97,593	221,470	296,866	228,398
	Totals.....	254,866	202,136	636,687	784,882	608,757
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....	Great Britain.....	904	3,914	2,378	3,947	1,335
	United States.....	8,297	16,661	21,079	74,772	4,811
	Other countries.....	826	.....	1,171	1,647	123,715
	Totals.....	10,027	20,575	25,887	80,366	630
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	2,336	2,572	9,088	11,241	129,156
	United States.....	2,605	1,705	11,260	11,766	145,069
	Other countries.....	.....	8	15,450	4	124,111
	Totals.....	4,941	4,285	20,357	23,011	5,933
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. P.	Great Britain.....	11,767	5,825	26,139	25,339	22,746
	United States.....	25,277	27,810	85,925	68	95,438
	Newfoundland.....	11,421	9,498	20,385	42,876	102,961
	Totals.....	48,465	43,133	132,449	30,425	32,327
Fancy articles.....	Great Britain.....	51,405	53,528	147,138	159,033	178,192
	United States.....	454	572	2,409	1,955	2,148
	Germany.....	1,060	217	3,643	5,389	770
	Other countries.....	6,543	11,290	15,640	19,090	23,731
Fancy articles.....	Totals.....	59,462	65,607	168,736	185,467	204,841
	Great Britain.....	17,898	5,652	57,366	75,648	21,867
	Switzerland.....	4,020	1,591	.....	.....	7,875
	Other countries.....	1,117	1,791	14,316	4,877	3,657
Fancy articles, other.....	Totals.....	121,736	58,364	327,460	434,537	222,559
	Great Britain.....	15,303	24,362	62,068	59,769	85,179
	United States.....	27,529	25,029	64,909	87,212	76,184
	France.....	9,244	8,868	19,990	29,723	28,989
Recapitulation.	Germany.....	41,647	43,900	42,915	70,465	76,442
	Other countries.....	11,305	16,283	23,564	19,627	32,267
	Totals.....	105,028	118,442	219,446	266,796	299,061
	Great Britain.....	100,936	66,295	286,412	350,411	252,024
Fancy articles.....	United States.....	44,364	38,248	128,805	137,005	128,335
	Other countries.....	109,566	97,593	221,470	296,866	228,398
	Totals.....	254,866	202,136	636,687	784,882	608,757
	Great Britain.....	904	3,914	2,378	3,947	1,335
Fertilizers.....	United States.....	8,297	16,661	21,079	74,772	4,811
	Other countries.....	826	.....	1,171	1,647	123,715
	Totals.....	10,027	20,575	25,887	80,366	630
	Great Britain.....	2,336	2,572	9,088	11,241	129,156
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....	United States.....	2,605	1,705	11,260	11,766	145,069
	Other countries.....	.....	8	15,450	4	124,111
	Totals.....	4,941	4,285	20,357	23,011	5,933
	Great Britain.....	11,767	5,825	26,139	25,339	22,746
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	United States.....	25,277	27,810	85,925	68	95,438
	Newfoundland.....	11,421	9,498	20,385	42,876	102,961
	Totals.....	48,465	43,133	132,449	30,425	32,327
	Great Britain.....	51,405	53,528	147,138	159,033	178,192
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. P.	United States.....	454	572	2,409	1,955	2,148
	Germany.....	1,060	217	3,643	5,389	770
	Other countries.....	6,543	11,290	15,640	19,090	23,731
	Totals.....	59,462	65,607	168,736	185,467	204,841

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>											
Hemp, undressed	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	27,212	10,229	10,229	165,699	60,570	109,494	64,100	109,494	130,041	305,124
	Other countries...	33,044	13,819	13,819	78,918	122	81,031	2,363	81,031	8,984	74,396
	Totals	760				43,117	6,107	104,622	6,107	259,736	50,643
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered											
	Great Britain...	38,886		71,091							
	United States...	1,099		3,146							
	B. E. Indies...	38,545		80,214							
	Other countries...										
	Totals	78,530		154,451		103,809		231,085		398,761	
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way											
	Great Britain...		89,532		251,128				183,498		305,124
	United States...		2,323		1,466				2,411		214
	B. E. Indies...		22,236		33,081				76,556		36,681
	Other countries...										
	Totals		114,091		285,675				262,465		342,019
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleached, printed, dyed or coloured											
	Great Britain...	61,013		61,808		146,617		178,847		185,995	
	United States...	2,908		279		8,317		9,131		7,375	
	Other countries...	1,551		474		3,167		3,049		1,137	
	Totals	65,472		62,561		158,101		191,027		194,507	

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain...	90,973	34,189	110,727	33,010	212,911	71,009	250,081	93,524	308,855	134,715
	United States...	7,459	5,848	13,125	3,369	15,391	18,294	23,103	15,040	23,448	11,534
	Other countries..	22,153	.....	33,489	.....	25,724	.....	45,705	.....	70,836	13,976
Total		121,085	40,037	157,341	38,379	254,026	89,303	318,889	109,164	409,139	160,225
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of....	Great Britain...	242,277	150,933	297,154	180,520	567,236	487,836	652,061	386,516	803,083	510,256
	United States..	12,420	41,215	17,122	17,188	26,239	98,678	36,532	99,085	47,955	86,144
	Other countries..	69,852	22,996	125,684	12,723	91,191	33,081	237,855	82,663	354,210	101,300
Totals		324,549	215,144	439,960	210,431	684,656	619,595	926,468	568,264	1,207,248	697,700
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain...	4,639	.....	9,501	.....	7,750	.....	8,144	.....	15,864	.....
	United States...	79,223	.....	61,532	.....	164,950	.....	211,374	.....	178,430	.....
	France.....	14,062	.....	13,985	.....	31,567	.....	52,753	.....	59,311	.....
	Greece.....	25,926	.....	21,469	.....	21,019	.....	49,078	.....	59,502	.....
	Spain.....	15,299	.....	21,065	.....	32,020	.....	56,986	.....	56,986	.....
	Other countries..	18,500	.....	27,194	.....	25,934	.....	44,877	.....	49,508	.....
Totals.....		158,249	.....	154,736	.....	283,240	.....	418,891	.....	419,601	.....
<i>Fruits, green...</i>											
	Great Britain...	3,195	.....	14	25,452	12,144	.....	35,775	.....	14	106,171
	United States...	31,538	353,680	116,394	515,461	526,782	603,567	617,394	709,111	177,321	1,215,823
	Italy.....	18,479	.....	.....	12,622	40,855	.....	79,833	.....	.....	159,732
	Other countries..	5,175	12,152	397	4,421	7,319	6,640	18,662	20,069	.....	29,825
Totals.....		338,387	365,832	116,805	557,956	587,100	610,207	751,654	729,210	178,315	1,511,551
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....</i>											
	Great Britain...	27,627	.....	29,508	.....	30,361	312	52,441	715	70,678	.....
	United States...	5,321	101	4,810	14	13,986	2	12,077	115	12,805	17
	Other countries..	3,733	.....	3,274	368	11,758	.....	14,099	.....	10,215	1,810
Totals.....		36,681	101	37,652	382	56,005	314	78,617	830	93,698	1,827
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.....	Great Britain...	35,461	.....	39,083	25,452	50,155	312	96,360	715	86,556	106,171
	United States...	396,082	353,781	182,736	515,475	705,718	603,569	840,845	709,226	388,556	1,215,840
	Other countries..	101,774	12,152	87,374	17,411	170,472	6,640	311,957	20,099	236,502	191,367
Totals.....		533,317	365,933	309,193	558,338	926,345	610,521	1,249,162	730,040	691,614	1,513,378

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	82,894	24,506	47,623	12,281	148,139	190,668	138,861	101,022	143,480	107,508		
	United States...	27,340	87,500	13,608	95,874	75,000	391,937	60,951	389,677	61,556	396,038		
	Germany	26,204	53,939	37,689	12,584	83,831	91,684	73,744	162,408	104,848	141,247		
	Other countries	34,142	23,659	27,778	1,338	94,857	57,294	78,699	36,972	62,266	22,732		
	Totals	170,580	189,604	128,698	122,035	401,887	731,583	354,255	669,079	372,195	607,525		
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	55,817	.....	40,912	.....	94,628	.....	151,888	.....	132,709	.....	
	United States...	5,440	.....	2,948	.....	5,689	.....	10,686	.....	7,365	.....	
	Belgium	138,429	.....	88,841	.....	76,737	.....	233,723	.....	207,682	.....	
	Other countries	1,621	.....	1,211	.....	427	.....	1,621	.....	3,277	.....	
	Totals	201,307	.....	133,912	.....	177,481	.....	397,918	.....	351,033	.....	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain...	26,429	.....	34,946	.....	32,367	.....	81,424	.....	73,407	.....	
	United States...	3,651	.....	508	.....	2,339	.....	3,884	.....	706	.....	
	Belgium	19,165	.....	32,355	.....	34,348	.....	46,740	.....	51,617	.....	
	Other countries	418	.....	3,113	.....	10,365	.....	7,774	.....	9,450	.....	
	Totals	49,653	.....	70,922	.....	73,419	.....	139,822	.....	135,180	.....	
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	33,225	.....	33,367	.....	57,646	.....	67,542	.....	81,359	.....	
	United States...	72,848	.....	70,924	.....	103,593	.....	197,961	.....	197,236	.....	
	Germany	15,181	.....	19,578	.....	54,180	.....	41,041	.....	56,308	.....	
	Other countries	36,706	970	38,725	4,552	72,185	.....	85,098	970	91,825	4,552		
	Totals	157,960	970	162,594	4,552	347,604	.....	391,642	970	426,728	4,552		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.	Great Britain.	115,471	109,225	184,641	300,854	287,475	
	United States.	81,939	74,380	171,621	212,531	205,307	
	Other countries.	211,520	183,823	248,242	415,997	420,159	
	Totals.	408,930	367,428	604,504	929,382	912,941	4,552
Gloves and mits, all kinds.	Great Britain.	31,184	57,396	70,443	87,262	170,082	
	United States.	27,146	19,846	37,843	61,465	50,862	
	France.	13,886	13,904	42,180	74,522	62,487	
	Germany.	10,154	35,733	19,927	40,912	95,129	
Other countries.	Other countries.	8,940	6,988	4,193	15,394	21,691	
	Totals.	91,340	133,867	174,616	279,555	400,251	
Glue and uncollage.	Great Britain.	8,683	4,548	13,468	23,523	17,153	
	United States.	10,464	6,060	23,049	28,518	24,254	256
	Germany.	3,710	2,145	14,711	11,325	5,049	
	Other countries.	8,252	2,212	11,568	14,381	7,326	
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.	Totals.	31,109	14,965	62,796	77,747	53,782	256
	Great Britain.	34	9,641	224	87,670	86	52
	United States.	4,813	36,026	7,067	104,553	13,299	111,622
	Other countries.	2,188	3,393	8,227	1,735	6,563	29,258
Grease, all kinds.	Totals.	6,485	7,950	15,518	193,958	19,948	143,521
	Great Britain.		16	813	2,418		2,945
	United States.	8,439	13,285	67,493	67,656	30,291	110,352
	Other countries.			3,418	5,901		1,991
Gunpowder and other explosives.	Totals.	8,439	13,301	71,724	75,975	30,291	115,388
	Great Britain.	69,373	122,647	117,433	175,689	222,059	
	United States.	23,314	17,846	51,571	72,079	80,983	
	Other countries.	1,181	715	222	1,451	2,552	
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.	Totals.	93,868	141,208	169,226	249,219	305,604	
	Great Britain.	7,105	16,714	293	545	28,628	708
	United States.	65,601	56,134	153,269	733,509	164,304	681,669
	Other countries.	3,375	3,838	6,679	129	10,986	1,706
	Totals.	76,281	76,086	191,629	734,183	203,918	684,083
						260,340	1,229,162

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain...	946	3,095	1,984	6,143	2,573	3,226	3,169	6,119	6,094	10,726
	United States...	966	4,081	1,056	12,171	4,373	19,768	3,540	22,183	3,605	30,840
	Other countries.	250	2,304	1,489	183	511	676	1,485	7,666	2,919	2,356
	Totals	2,162	9,480	4,529	18,500	7,457	23,670	8,194	35,968	14,678	43,922
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain...	36,835	6,070	41,511	6,533	153,628	19,154	157,003	25,478	235,151	21,811
	United States...	63,857	9,650	61,513	13,016	283,642	64,539	274,499	51,919	266,613	51,642
	Other countries..	1,250	3,638	1,439	1,296	6,762	14,996	16,442	12,595	24,335	10,858
	Totals	103,942	19,408	104,463	20,839	444,032	98,789	447,944	89,992	525,499	81,811
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain...	.....	181,155	.....	83,085	.....	321,937	.....	443,697	.....	278,920
	United States...	.....	182,089	.....	147,552	.....	354,351	.....	571,455	.....	391,929
	Arg. Republic...	.....	19,218	.....	9,445	.....	170,145	.....	434,513	.....	74,432
	B. E. Indies...	.....	.....	.....	14,861	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161,667
	B. W. Indies...	.....	3,924	.....	8,218	.....	18,234	.....	95,768	.....	25,761
	France.....	.....	49,332	.....	68,572	.....	94,803	.....	93,329	.....	190,017
	Other countries..	.....	92,596	.....	252,061	.....	318,922	.....	306,386	.....	439,591
	Totals .....	.....	528,314	.....	583,794	.....	1,278,392	.....	1,945,143	.....	1,562,317
Hops	Great Britain...	706	1,043	.....	.....	3,756	.....	2,635	.....	2,697	.....
	United States...	1,714	6,354	.....	.....	18,583	.....	7,190	.....	32,599	.....
	Germany .....	.....	183	.....	.....	1,421	.....	741	.....	919	.....
	Other countries..	1,543	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,736	.....	7,664	.....
	Totals	3,961	7,580	.....	.....	23,760	.....	14,302	.....	43,470	.....

Ink.....	Great Britain.....	2,625	3,339	.....	7,166	.....	6,533	.....	10,683
	United States.....	9,817	13,552	.....	35,252	.....	32,296	.....	36,438
	Other countries.....	2,559	42	.....	2,638	.....	2,972	.....	231
Jewellery.....	Totals.....	15,001	16,933	.....	45,051	.....	41,801	.....	47,347
	Great Britain.....	11,437	17,699	.....	24,184	.....	33,245	.....	67,349
	United States.....	47,171	49,171	.....	114,660	.....	153,313	.....	169,737
Junk, old and oakum.....	Germany.....	13,337	12,248	.....	17,194	.....	26,819	.....	29,001
	Other countries.....	6,869	9,971	.....	14,739	.....	12,946	.....	29,249
	Totals.....	79,394	89,095	.....	170,837	.....	226,323	.....	295,336
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,472	.....	10,008	14,619
	United States.....	.....	.....	4,082	.....	8,385	.....	6,883	4,475
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	1,101	.....	215	.....	178	149
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, imported by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories.....	Totals.....	.....	.....	5,251	.....	23,072	.....	17,019	19,243
	Great Britain.....	4,754	5,245	.....	20,710	.....	18,030	.....	22,736
	United States.....	23,125	18,444	.....	83,020	.....	73,811	.....	59,037
Sole leather, all kinds.....	France.....	2,069	4,517	.....	12,928	.....	4,417	.....	11,219
	Other countries.....	.....	32	.....	290	.....	.....	.....	1,942
	Totals.....	29,888	28,238	.....	116,948	.....	96,258	.....	94,934
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Great Britain.....	453	646	.....	842	.....	925	.....	2,422
	United States.....	46,897	60,734	.....	86,323	.....	125,083	.....	158,611
	Other countries.....	1,202	1,953	.....	2,118	.....	4,790	.....	5,047
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Totals.....	48,552	63,333	.....	89,283	.....	130,804	.....	166,080
	Great Britain.....	10,339	33,957	.....	10,263	.....	18,164	.....	75,592
	United States.....	3,047	297	.....	13,537	.....	14,068	.....	694
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	France.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	13,386	34,254	.....	23,800	.....	32,232	.....	76,286
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Great Britain.....	4,531	4,243	.....	8,571	.....	15,695	.....	14,041
	United States.....	17,668	16,109	.....	20,772	.....	29,679	.....	37,348
	France.....	15	.....	.....	3,131	.....	12,572	.....	22
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Other countries.....	15	.....	.....	855	.....	867	.....	.....
	Totals.....	22,229	20,352	.....	32,829	.....	58,813	.....	51,411

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Free.	Dutiable.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.				
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured.	Great Britain...	\$ 30,972	\$	\$ 32,717	\$	\$ 28,770	\$	\$ 73,285	\$	\$ 73,997	\$	\$	
	United States...	10,641		24,090		25,141		34,642		58,646			
	Other countries.	1,434		2,341		3,582		4,617		3,998			
	Totals	43,047		59,148		57,493		112,544		136,641			
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	7,759		2,051		17,152		17,429		10,541			
	United States...	104,665		102,597		345,961		381,350		411,943			
	Other countries.	94		122		87		187		184			
	Totals	112,518		104,770		363,200		398,966		422,668			
Other leather, manufactured.	Great Britain...	8,591		8,792		23,972		23,101		29,492			
	United States...	38,015		33,489		75,879		95,222		110,727			
	Other countries.	584		155		1,182		1,477		1,284			
	Totals	47,190		42,406		101,033		119,800		141,503			
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and manufactures of.	Great Britain...	67,399		87,621		110,280		166,629		228,821			
	United States...	244,058		255,760		650,633		753,861		837,066			
	Other countries.	5,353		9,120		23,673		28,927		23,696			
	Totals	316,810		352,501		784,586		949,417		1,089,523			
Marble and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	696		44		992		1,257		3,024			
	United States...	17,784		19,108		41,009		44,292		66,443			
	Italy	5,428		4,139		11,335		16,675		15,263			
	Other countries.	173		2,256		2,926		216		2,334			
	Totals	24,081		25,547		56,262		62,420		87,064			

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Brass and mfrs. of.....	14,387 87,955 4,892	16,840 117,158 4,283	29,326 134,581 4,614	51,366 63,905 6,631	26,124 173,398 12,532	40,938 192,036 1,853	37,132 229,399 13,469	47,280 281,509 10,510	72,172 386,174 10,925	98,467 234,631 22,566
Totals.....	107,234	138,281	168,521	121,922	214,054	234,827	280,000	339,599	469,271	355,604
Copper and mfrs. of.....	1,045 10,003 483	3,033 365,586	672 6,147 2,694	38,537 518,001 60	1,871 26,335 791	22,852 583,546 152	2,663 37,150 1,239	12,558 925,880 540	2,442 24,562 3,015	115,678 1,316,041 719
Totals.....	11,531	368,619	9,513	556,598	28,997	606,550	41,052	938,978	30,019	1,432,438
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	33,330 24,229 7,532	..... ..... .....	34,929 27,274 9,966	..... ..... .....	33,153 75,824 18,460	..... ..... .....	80,188 68,503 20,559	..... 139	72,727 76,009 20,734	...............
Totals.....	65,091	.....	72,169	.....	127,437	.....	169,250	139	169,470	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	16,359 206,621 74	..... ..... .....	6,526 163,233 339	..... ..... .....	8,666 433,187 613	..... ..... .....	21,410 630,483 180	..... ..... .....	12,832 648,322 761	...............
Agricultural implements.....	223,054	.....	170,698	.....	442,466	.....	652,073	.....	661,915	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	76,788 147,522 3,546	..... ..... .....	103,107 163,781 2,201	..... ..... .....	109,764 164,494 5,952	..... ..... .....	209,003 390,499 7,572	..... ..... .....	225,180 550,981 8,628	...............
Totals.....	227,856	.....	269,089	.....	280,210	.....	607,074	.....	784,784	.....
Chains.....	6,580 23,217 437	..... ..... .....	18,250 8,719 421	..... 12,888	21,073 49,379 1,464	..... ..... .....	21,606 69,842 1,564	..... ..... .....	57,094 40,642 1,052	..... 54,610
Totals.....	32,234	.....	27,390	12,888	71,916	.....	93,012	.....	98,818	54,610
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	..... ..... .....	14,782 44,011 1,895	..... ..... .....	57 54,148 1,731	..... ..... .....	69,779 128,831 1,009	..... ..... .....	35,127 147,237 1,895	..... ..... .....	378 184,342 1,840
Totals.....	.....	60,688	.....	55,936	.....	199,619	.....	184,259	.....	186,560

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain	107,118	.....	337,161	.....	72,661	.....	168,513	.....	835,408	.....
	United States	160,748	.....	202,393	.....	141,514	.....	413,480	.....	614,591	.....
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,758	.....	.....	.....	846	.....
	Totals	267,861	.....	539,554	.....	218,933	.....	581,993	.....	1,450,845	.....
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N. E.S.	Great Britain	788	.....	876	.....	330	.....	819	.....	8,163	.....
	United States	25,196	.....	119,260	.....	246,958	.....	197,934	.....	270,738	.....
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	25,984	.....	120,136	.....	246,388	.....	198,753	.....	278,901	.....
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.	Great Britain	13,132	.....	78,608	.....	67,352	.....	54,086	.....	159,504	.....
	United States	15,186	.....	27,992	.....	106,121	.....	32,569	.....	102,607	.....
	Germany .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	13,581	.....	.....	.....	2,730	.....	13,581	.....	19,872	.....
	Totals	41,899	.....	106,600	.....	176,203	.....	100,256	.....	281,983	.....
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over 8 inch in diameter, &c.	Great Britain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,340	.....	18,521	.....	1,839
	United States .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203,288	.....	90,883	.....	62,059
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246,628	.....	109,404	.....	63,898
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Great Britain	222,012	.....	2,698	.....	671,357	.....	564,108	.....	5,477	.....
	United States	109,839	.....	174,903	.....	253,627	.....	296,420	.....	482,550	.....
	Other countries	4,270	.....	1,708	.....	10,109	.....	7,552	.....	8,097	.....
	Totals	336,121	.....	179,309	.....	935,093	.....	868,080	.....	496,124	.....
Machinery and machines.	Great Britain	47,798	.....	64,066	.....	93,563	.....	130,311	.....	197,505	.....
	United States	843,830	.....	1,087,855	.....	1,589,529	.....	2,431,049	.....	3,317,270	.....
	Other countries	12,053	.....	13,159	.....	714	.....	44,179	.....	28,447	.....
	Totals	903,681	.....	1,165,080	.....	1,726,719	.....	2,605,539	.....	3,543,223	.....
Nails.	Great Britain	1,060	.....	26	.....	1,204	.....	2,650	.....	576	.....
	United States	12,970	.....	8,157	.....	59,009	.....	21,823	.....	41,728	.....
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	14,030	.....	8,183	.....	60,213	.....	24,473	.....	42,304	.....

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll- or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain.....	35,902	.....	.....	55,678	.....	114,966	.....	.....	119,764
	United States.....	46,807	41,186	.....	140,710	.....	139,894	.....	133,300	.....
	Other countries.....	2,450	7,014	.....	1,279	.....	3,938	.....	10,263	.....
	Totals	85,159	48,200	.....	197,667	.....	258,818	.....	143,563	119,764
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain.....	54	.....	.....	239,853	.....	54	.....	85,028	.....
	United States.....	39,394	38,777	.....	.....	.....	141,547	.....	1,343	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	1,343	.....	.....	.....	80	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	39,448	35,120	.....	239,853	.....	141,681	.....	86,371	.....
Steel rails.....	Great Britain.....	6,695	9,555	.....	144,870	.....	7,051	.....	12,214	.....
	United States.....	134,309	26,538	.....	70,174	1,495	203,061	.....	133,062	.....
	Other countries.....	2,618	3,178	.....	1,139	.....	2,618	.....	3,178	.....
	Totals.....	143,622	39,271	.....	222,183	1,495	212,730	.....	148,454	.....
Tools and implements.....	Great Britain.....	13,053	13,346	.....	22,069	.....	28,301	.....	33,917	.....
	United States.....	155,943	132,952	.....	328,909	.....	427,293	.....	408,574	.....
	Other countries.....	5,037	6,515	.....	12,936	.....	16,993	.....	16,483	.....
	Totals	174,033	152,813	.....	363,914	.....	472,587	.....	458,974	.....
Tubing.....	Great Britain.....	10,290	13,486	.....	62,167	12,202	30,783	29,528	30,541	63,860
	United States.....	103,216	18,641	.....	62,545	34,940	317,597	52,623	221,600	192,982
	Other countries.....	.....	93,517	.....	2,170	7,087	5,701	.....	.....	15,156
	Totals.....	113,506	110,632	.....	82,738	315,699	354,081	82,151	252,141	271,998
Wire.....	Great Britain.....	47,766	10,725	.....	58,552	93,871	90,557	34,033	196,324	200,435
	United States.....	88,762	241,710	.....	145,339	184,869	227,539	615,576	210,366	613,374
	Other countries.....	29,833	2,932	.....	3,475	33,897	31,911	14,205	8,441	17,120
	Totals.....	166,361	257,597	.....	246,896	651,448	350,007	663,814	415,131	830,929
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.....	225,707	28,800	.....	487,974	49,679	479,723	87,924	677,529	125,379
	United States.....	785,276	119,482	.....	1,563,939	305,941	2,085,503	409,386	2,230,430	595,128
	Other countries.....	44,366	18,986	.....	80,266	24,048	84,775	44,166	90,271	84,185
	Totals	1,055,349	167,268	.....	2,132,179	379,668	2,650,001	541,476	3,018,230	804,692

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.						THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> <i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain....	1,065,749	70,389	463,816	1,220,717	2,217,242	279,237	2,217,242	2,515,757	217,753	3,109,642	1,424,842	
	United States....	3,531,677	616,574	530,394	4,009,373	7,311,902	1,660,165	7,311,902	9,778,419	1,726,933	11,891,115	2,188,702	
	Other countries....	200,306	26,586	36,905	145,680	292,227	66,727	292,227	378,175	66,782	371,737	119,443	
	Totals.....	4,797,732	713,549	1,091,315	5,375,770	9,821,371	2,000,129	9,821,371	12,672,351	2,011,468	15,372,494	3,732,987	
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	56,260	7,551	10,433	57,820	47,712	13,960	47,712	109,655	15,499	141,516	25,867	
	United States....	3,294	3,099	1,339	3,205	13,685	11,178	13,685	13,737	9,202	12,534	10,538	
	Other countries....	3,749	47	378	5,845	8,285	2	8,285	8,298	2,184	13,347	393	
	Totals.....	63,303	10,697	12,170	66,870	69,682	25,140	69,682	131,690	26,885	167,447	36,798	
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	5,046	200,178	233,200	5,096	10,507	587,549	10,507	9,488	466,374	12,127	687,672	
	United States....	23,007	183,195	92,302	28,223	38,239	422,504	38,239	58,411	623,475	65,628	484,276	
	Other countries....	1,879	39,988	18,518	205	2,186	111,135	2,186	3,725	135,969	1,298	125,814	
	Totals.....	29,932	423,361	364,020	33,524	50,952	1,121,188	50,952	71,624	1,245,758	79,053	1,297,762	
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	.....	17,076	32,307	2	61	42,598	61	67	57,881	549	105,829	
	United States....	1,476	15,254	6,848	1,912	3,137	13,030	3,137	3,784	41,235	3,942	16,704	
	Belgium.....	.....	10,912	22,362	.....	.....	36,520	.....	.....	31,177	.....	82,229	
	Germany.....	.....	7,124	1,832	.....	.....	4,158	.....	31	19,856	.....	11,760	
	Other countries....	.....	.....	322	.....	342	9,573	342	214	.....	715	5,333	
	Totals.....	1,476	50,366	63,439	2,236	3,540	105,879	3,540	4,096	150,149	5,206	221,855	
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	26,023	17,988	32,106	32,106	55,020	46,153	55,020	77,481	46,126	84,588	34,860	
	United States....	136,229	354,845	150,796	150,796	328,772	526,404	328,772	388,702	695,628	504,116	683,101	
	Other countries....	12,582	92,719	71,271	22,374	25,951	117,975	25,951	27,681	141,123	68,631	89,346	
	Totals.....	174,834	465,552	419,010	205,276	409,743	690,532	409,743	493,864	882,877	657,335	807,307	

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	1,201,840	333,055	1,380,668	860,645	2,391,690	1,033,287	2,832,431	863,471	3,405,763	2,493,215
	United States...	3,817,870	1,655,711	4,361,511	1,609,852	7,973,312	3,408,803	10,578,105	4,304,301	12,964,130	4,933,993
	Other countries...	231,423	181,659	191,700	157,977	360,774	342,095	453,391	428,081	490,402	457,003
	Totals	5,251,133	2,170,425	5,933,879	2,628,474	10,725,776	4,784,245	13,863,927	5,505,853	16,950,295	7,884,811
Mineral water.....	Great Britain...	1,826	.....	2,101	.....	2,871	.....	4,807	.....	5,049	85
	United States...	13,264	700	9,123	68	27,713	326	28,030	769	21,096	176
	France.....	4,831	.....	4,701	.....	17,192	.....	19,157	.....	24,021	.....
	Germany.....	2,308	.....	827	.....	.....	.....	7,746	.....	7,358	.....
Musical instruments.....	Other countries...	453	.....	1,093	.....	9,079	.....	2,390	.....	2,095	.....
	Totals	22,687	700	17,845	68	50,855	326	62,130	769	59,619	261
Mustard.....	Great Britain...	2,025	.....	4,473	892	5,315	2,662	7,141	1,923	14,425	3,559
	United States...	34,334	2,020	65,279	3,504	88,367	6,375	109,802	6,011	196,995	12,073
	Germany.....	6,578	2,698	7,847	166	16,141	4,024	17,247	6,992	18,810	6,577
	Other countries...	3,579	.....	3,355	.....	9,282	.....	7,811	.....	9,478	.....
Oils :—	Totals	47,016	4,718	80,954	4,562	119,105	13,061	142,001	14,926	239,708	22,209
	Great Britain...	8,319	.....	9,696	.....	26,148	.....	29,009	.....	50,802	.....
	United States...	2,468	.....	2,998	.....	9,351	.....	6,534	.....	8,841	.....
	Other countries...	58	.....	156	.....	238	.....	224	.....	204	.....
Mineral oils.....	Totals	10,845	.....	12,850	.....	35,737	.....	35,767	.....	39,847	.....
	Great Britain...	309	241	26	97	1,323	1,062	597	1,507	1,108	753
	United States...	73,285	117,357	33,254	178,488	139,717	257,822	166,655	213,408	141,393	390,921
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	550
Fish oils.....	Totals	73,594	117,598	33,280	178,585	141,040	258,884	167,252	214,915	142,501	392,224
	Great Britain...	18	.....	.....	.....	1,078	.....	481	.....	623	.....
	United States...	1,486	.....	1,438	.....	5,949	.....	3,572	.....	5,534	.....
	Newfoundland...	.....	8,296	.....	6,164	.....	17,482	.....	13,538	.....	9,909
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Other countries...	346	.....	782	.....	1,236	.....	1,246	.....	2,212	.....
	Totals	1,850	8,296	2,220	6,164	8,263	17,482	5,299	13,538	8,369	9,909
	Coconut and palm in their natural state .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	.....	8,548	.....	20,501	.....	26,580	.....	31,981	.....	32,839
Coconut and palm in their natural state	United States...	.....	8,479	.....	2,279	.....	19,576	.....	15,098	.....	10,469
	Other countries...	.....	6,012	.....	3,525	.....	9,445	.....	9,462	.....	6,513
	Totals .....	.....	23,039	.....	26,303	.....	49,601	.....	56,541	.....	49,821

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
<i>Oils—Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, oils, &c.— <i>Con.</i>											
Cotton seed.....	Great Britain.....	1,424						4,741		248	
	United States.....	32,381		55,674	336	78,465	465	105,217	430	178,579	864
	Other countries.....							43			
	Totals.....	34,305		55,674	336	78,465	465	110,001	430	178,827	864
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain.....	22,784		6,940		329,520		59,545		66,494	
	United States.....	4,262		4,251		8,585		18,495		18,152	
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	27,046		11,191		338,105		78,040		84,646	
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain.....	1,372		2,122		2,174		2,162		3,786	
	United States.....	38,724		48,901		81,996		107,032		148,932	
	Other countries.....			48		510		119		48	
	Totals.....	40,096		51,071		84,680		109,313		152,767	
Oil, other.....	Great Britain.....	11,791	10	11,519	952	14,750	555	27,555	783	28,889	952
	United States.....	20,123	5,855	26,831	3,207	42,007	10,152	54,831	13,962	69,707	17,411
	Other countries.....	10,859	137	13,337		21,476		30,723	137	34,823	
	Totals.....	42,773	6,002	51,687	4,159	78,233	10,707	113,109	14,882	133,419	18,363
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	38,198	8,799	20,607	21,550	348,845	28,197	95,121	34,271	101,148	34,544
	United States.....	170,261	131,691	170,349	184,319	356,719	288,015	455,822	242,898	562,298	419,665
	Other countries.....	11,205	14,445	14,167	9,687	23,222	20,927	32,131	23,137	37,083	16,972
	Totals.....	219,664	154,935	205,123	215,547	728,786	337,139	583,074	300,305	700,529	471,181

Oilcloth	48,521	68,896	142,322	188,527	270,646
Great Britain...	20,031	24,486	40,488	62,074	78,188
United States...	384	118	735	478	1,262
Other countries...					
Totals	68,940	93,500	183,545	251,079	350,106
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	4,581	7,836	8,740	11,469	26,019
Great Britain...	30,810	40,653	72,106	94,104	115,657
United States...	3,610	4,308	11,110	13,555	18,962
Other countries...					
Totals	39,001	52,797	91,956	119,108	160,638
Packages	53,523	89,329	102,463	125,286	258,482
Great Britain...	191,900	174,675	466,182	509,844	521,584
United States...	38,030	49,652	85,028	97,255	128,637
Other countries...					
Totals	283,453	313,656	653,673	732,385	908,703
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	15,409	24,532	19,551	38,097	56,202
Great Britain...	35,047	42,661	60,187	89,565	123,715
United States...	15,081	35,232	16,167	42,639	78,007
Other countries...					
Totals	65,537	102,425	95,905	170,361	257,924
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	47,390	79,964	64,158	131,434	191,791
Great Britain...	18,039	9,504	93,860	48,810	28,930
United States...	1,764	4,041	93,346	6,736	14,881
Germany	4,868	7,234	22,288	14,116	18,358
Other countries...					
Totals	72,061	100,743	276,152	201,146	253,960
Other paints and colours	20,664	27,762	39,373	75,761	112,025
Great Britain...	44,397	31,532	106,108	112,375	106,210
United States...	2,685	659	9,937	4,349	2,932
Germany	2,395	421	5,734	6,178	2,720
Other countries...					
Totals	70,341	60,374	161,152	198,663	223,887
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	937	1,216	2,972	7,568	6,175
Great Britain...	5,431	7,218	61,644	48,119	43,164
United States...	582	2,179	2,305	4,777	4,112
Other countries...					
Totals	6,950	10,613	66,321	60,464	53,451

UNEVISSED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain....	\$ 15,797	\$	\$ 23,141	\$	\$ 60,619	\$	\$ 44,610	\$	\$ 66,525	\$
	United States....	31,057	..	38,837	..	100,201	..	107,847	..	104,806	..
	Other countries..	1,377	..	..	..	857	..	2,939	..	295	..
	Totals.....	48,231	..	61,978	..	161,677	..	155,396	..	171,626	..
Paper, other.....	Great Britain....	41,830	..	66,625	2	106,450	..	114,280	..	163,225	12
	United States....	195,672	1,596	208,867	3,692	467,246	3,621	521,630	10,333	604,472	10,721
	Other countries..	22,637	6,868	36,961	..	52,221	1,021	54,188	7,667	98,056	..
	Totals.....	260,139	8,464	312,453	3,694	625,917	4,646	690,108	18,000	865,753	10,733
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	58,564	..	90,982	2	170,041	..	166,458	..	235,925	12
	United States....	232,160	1,596	254,922	3,692	628,491	3,621	677,596	10,333	752,442	10,721
	Other countries..	24,596	6,868	39,140	..	53,383	1,021	61,914	7,667	102,463	..
	Totals.....	315,320	8,464	385,044	3,694	853,915	4,646	905,968	18,000	1,090,830	10,733
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise....	Great Britain....	5,526	..	8,257	..	4,167	..	9,949	..	14,292	..
	United States....	10,458	..	14,218	..	22,990	..	25,261	..	39,822	..
	Germany.....	4,215	..	2,629	..	5,980	..	7,778	..	6,907	..
	Other countries..	6	..	75	..	47	..	8	..	313	..
	Totals.....	20,205	..	25,179	..	33,134	..	42,996	..	61,344	..

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds. ..	Great Britain...	4,897	4,706	11,321	8,710	12,851
	United States...	12,480	11,976	33,947	32,474	46,887
	Other countries...	836	285	1,449	1,222	400
	Totals.....	18,213	16,967	46,717	42,406	60,138
Perfumery, pomades, &c.....	Great Britain...	2,345	2,684	5,720	6,390	5,914
	United States...	13,284	14,701	22,441	31,964	40,665
	France.....	6,170	8,111	17,166	19,131	24,321
	Other countries...	743	2,789	1,810	1,761	5,250
Pickles, sauces and catsups.....	Totals.....	22,542	28,285	47,137	59,433	76,150
	Great Britain...	41,596	39,970	75,344	76,178	82,618
	United States...	13,957	10,921	38,973	36,379	31,193
	Other countries...	1,934	7,047	8,220	9,184	11,822
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Totals.....	57,487	57,938	122,537	121,741	125,633
	Great Britain...	4,775	1,623	27,957	12,271	237,462
	United States...	1,928	13,923	8,453	17,355	39,539
	France.....	1,925	9,794	41,024	8,956	65,118
Provisions :—	Holland.....	...	80,773	...	...	118,589
	Other countries...	2,217	2,606	2,470	4,502	81,956
	Totals.....	10,845	17,066	47,078	43,084	117,470
	Great Britain...	1,311	3,524	2,536	11,836	8,306
Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	United States...	74,272	80,820	137,789	236,849	372,101
	Other countries...	1,773	4,624	16,605	6,878	13,305
	Totals.....	77,556	88,968	156,930	255,563	393,712
	Great Britain...	126,289	72,296	374	125	491
Meats—	United States...	195	7	70	380	10
	Other countries...	126,484	72,303	155,830	277,639	173,982
	Totals.....	515,8	45,540	101,402	5,158	105,598
	Great Britain...	59,741	45,540	101,402	172,827	105,598
Pork, barrelled in brine.....	United States...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	64,899	45,540	106,382	177,985	105,598
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
<i>Provisions—Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Meats—Con.</i>											
Other meats, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	5,533		2,898		4,346		12,726		6,335	
	United States.....	51,836		49,251		121,731		174,948		157,653	
	Other countries..	1,193		6,381		3,166		3,057		17,258	
	Totals	58,562		58,530		129,243		190,731		141,246	
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Provisions.....	Great Britain.....	12,002		6,422		12,236		29,845		15,132	
	United States.....	312,138	102	247,907		516,308	611	861,758	410	768,833	
	Other countries..	3,161		11,012		19,841	8	10,315		30,573	
	Totals	327,301	102	265,341		548,385	619	901,918	410	814,538	
Rags.....	Great Britain.....		16,483		26,209		30,031		26,662		66,670
	United States.....		34,395		40,000		50,331		71,441		135,851
	Germany		5,914		2,263		6,268		10,438		7,490
	Other countries..		898		1,399		228		2,744		2,795
	Totals.....		57,690		69,871		86,861		111,285		212,806
Rennet.....	Great Britain.....		60		772		37		225		772
	United States.....		3,412		3,631		24,305		19,557		23,925
	Other countries..		2,815		1,484		13,179		14,025		16,949
	Totals.....		6,287		5,887		37,521		33,807		41,646
R-sin or rosin.....	Great Britain.....				431		534		894		431
	United States.....		50,353		43,490		84,426		94,956		112,493
	Other countries..										
	Totals.....		50,353		43,921		84,960		95,850		112,924

Ribbons.....	19,437	31,285	84,830	80,180	127,087
Great Britain.....	6,827	10,298	16,207	23,758	27,790
United States.....	15,818	22,846	30,352	50,762	71,852
France.....	30,959	27,419	85,376	66,108	86,725
Switzerland.....	3,135	2,087		8,725	16,877
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	76,176	93,935	222,765	229,533	330,338
Salt.....					
Great Britain.....		619	101	99,969	787
United States.....	9,170	18,342	20,836	1,089	32,639
Other countries.....	23	22,392	12,454	17,472	
Totals.....	9,193	18,961	20,937	118,530	33,426
Seeds and bulbous roots.....					
Great Britain.....	806	112	15,612	4,258	30,448
United States.....	5,560	51,244	186,684	104,678	980,759
Other countries.....	2,110	641	1,604	2,575	3,146
Totals.....	8,476	51,997	203,900	111,511	988,367
Settlers' effects.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....		650,299		795,914	
Other countries.....		683,232	2,230,182	3,531,400	
Totals.....		7,126	134,429	20,972	
Silk and mfrs. of —					
Clothing.....		1,340,637	2,910,874	4,348,286	3,806,558
Great Britain.....	9,480				
United States.....	2,819	13,279	41,073	30,061	38,711
Japan.....	3,657	2,270	22,157	10,554	14,194
Other countries.....	1,873	5,190	8,649	4,834	12,847
Totals.....	17,129	1,071	6,939	6,930	3,320
Fabrics.....					
Great Britain.....	74,662	125,889	336,217	274,823	374,426
United States.....	17,889	11,635	49,817	40,297	44,769
France.....	32,347	40,525	103,545	101,234	136,937
Germany.....	3,103	12,677	10,946	9,804	36,774
Japan.....	34,900	40,182	103,830	94,628	89,925
Switzerland.....	32,229	44,982	163,301	87,752	112,875
Other countries.....	21,999	18,161	75,974	64,361	62,988
Totals.....	216,429	294,051	849,630	672,919	858,694

Soap.....	7,562	5,784	12,278	15,659	100	17,502
Great Britain.....	41,034	48,694	89,341	114,620	91	111,047
United States.....	9,180	17,386	20,682	21,745	.....	31,745
France.....	446	1,545	1,279	2,309	.....	1,817
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	53,222	73,409	123,580	154,423	194	162,111
Spices.....	22,951	13,627	38,275	54,649	.....	46,231
Great Britain.....	4,130	5,098	13,783	13,970	.....	16,565
United States.....	14,754	6,982	.....	37,903	.....	17,693
B. E. Indies.....	2,448	2,237	18,022	5,250	.....	15,486
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	44,283	27,894	70,080	111,772	.....	95,977
Spirits and wines—	2,396	1,319	5,987	6,339	.....	4,478
Spirits—	52	65	906	383	.....	270
Brandy.....	54,635	54,151	119,519	138,279	.....	152,677
Great Britain.....	198	93	223	485	.....	273
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
France.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	57,231	55,628	126,635	145,486	.....	157,698
Gin.....	10,367	10,882	19,024	24,567	.....	28,338
Great Britain.....	.....	14	19	.....	.....	108
United States.....	27,189	27,068	63,318	71,800	.....	78,522
Holland.....	4	.....	22	12	.....	5
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	37,550	37,964	82,383	96,379	.....	106,973
Whiskey.....	100,318	93,486	191,124	248,918	.....	276,642
Great Britain.....	1,061	614	3,460	2,498	.....	1,867
United States.....	131	44	323	445	.....	215
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	101,510	94,144	194,907	251,791	.....	278,724
Spirits, other.....	3,833	3,148	7,034	8,506	.....	8,856
Great Britain.....	2,244	815	20,347	4,089	.....	3,400
United States.....	15,678	16,979	30,778	34,880	.....	40,844
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	21,755	20,942	58,159	47,475	.....	53,100
Wines, non-sparkling.....	4,407	3,480	5,356	8,735	.....	8,487
Great Britain.....	2,061	1,561	5,744	5,207	.....	4,042
United States.....	16,380	13,239	29,979	36,159	.....	30,888
France.....	17,288	21,047	42,025	43,846	.....	42,867
Spain.....	12,915	12,790	29,155	27,967	.....	29,244
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	53,051	52,117	112,259	121,914	.....	115,528

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 1,551	.....	\$ 524	.....	\$ 3,095	.....	\$ 5,712	.....
	United States.....	384	.....	115	.....	717	.....	4,457	.....
	France.....	34,326	.....	40,273	.....	59,639	.....	81,042	.....
	Other countries..	615	.....	298	.....	1,601	.....	1,103	.....
	Totals.....	36,876	.....	41,210	.....	65,072	.....	92,314	.....
Recapitulation. Spirits and wines.....	Great Britain.....	122,872	.....	112,839	.....	231,620	.....	302,777	.....
	United States.....	5,802	.....	3,184	.....	31,193	.....	16,564	.....
	Other countries..	179,359	.....	185,982	.....	376,602	.....	436,018	.....
	Totals.....	308,033	.....	302,005	.....	639,415	.....	755,359	.....
	Stone and infs. of.....	Great Britain.....	17,604	1,185	16,106	17,671	43,329	845	42,166	15,410
	United States.....	40,393	19,279	46,662	38,843	85,701	30,677	88,394	45,545
	Other countries..	639	.....	450	2,887	1,386	723	1,319	667
	Totals.....	58,656	20,464	63,218	58,901	130,416	32,245	131,879	61,622
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar.....	Great Britain.....	110,026	.....	154,238	.....	170,911	.....	176,101	.....
	United States.....	1,170	.....	1,497	.....	9,143	.....	6,114	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. Guiana.....	52,679	.....	4,959	.....	945,029	.....	562,987	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	299,839	.....	870,287	.....	1,067,554	.....	1,337,219	.....
	Dutch E. Indies.	41,990	.....	85,161	.....	146,856	.....	51,680	.....
	Fiji.....	.....	.....	18,266	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,346	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	50,277	105,515	506,539	165,878
	Totals.....	555,981	1,239,923	2,849,378	2,299,979
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Molasses.....	3581	375	1,657	1,954	763	2,602	2,602
Great Britain.....	3,277	217,507	22,882	431,729	19,261	5,934	1,130
United States.....	635	.....	114,381	.....	99,423	477,430	470,248
B. W. Indies.....	.....	.....	217	.....	1,235	5,011	.....
Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	4,270	217,882	138,847	433,683	120,688	13,547	471,378
Sugar, candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	16,684	13,527	21,019	.....	30,960	29,544	.....
Great Britain.....	12,200	16,079	33,402	.....	38,290	42,783	.....
United States.....	1,787	853	4,131	.....	3,055	5,300	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	30,671	30,459	58,552	.....	72,305	77,627	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	127,090	168,123	193,597	.....	207,830	336,549	.....
Great Britain.....	20,613	20,853	65,127	.....	63,665	51,384	1,130
United States.....	488,341	1,085,676	217,507	.....	2,221,477	2,176,276	470,248
Other countries.....	.....	.....	2,788,053	.....	.....	477,430	.....
Totals.....	636,044	1,274,652	3,046,777	433,683	2,492,972	2,564,409	471,378
Tea.....	51	10	14	276,896	370	10	300,341
Great Britain.....	1,937	3,470	4,096	.....	3,576	10,651	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	318,672	.....	456,469	325,059
B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	10,123	.....	10,028	11,620
China.....	.....	.....	.....	34,881	.....	20,188	25,054
Japan.....	.....	.....	.....	1,552	.....	53	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,988	3,480	4,116	642,124	3,946	10,661	662,074
Tobacco and mfrs. of.....	11,408	14,818	39,721	.....	37,960	43,969	1,398
Great Britain.....	20,086	24,345	41,360	771,208	43,163	59,511	866,801
United States.....	51,156	24,885	98,770	3,015	13,460	79,574	17,976
Cuba.....	5,908	8,013	12,384	4,957	12,883	16,488	4,561
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	88,558	72,061	192,285	779,180	205,385	199,542	890,736
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.....	24,433	22,605	51,466	.....	64,592	70,071	.....
Great Britain.....	1,605	3,044	5,991	.....	5,410	13,819	.....
United States.....	1,261	12,336	11,533	.....	4,221	19,322	.....
Aust.-Hungary.....	5,836	8,068	22,169	.....	20,212	19,607	.....
France.....	3,437	1,583	10,604	.....	6,018	5,486	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	36,572	47,636	101,763	.....	100,453	128,305	.....

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Turpentine, spirits of.	Great Britain.	1,075	...	...	647	1,090	...	1,390	...	...	...	...	1,476
	United States.	162,583	...	...	54,165	148,286	...	280,347	...	...	...	...	200,056
	Other countries. ....	...	...	...	576	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	576
	Totals.	103,658	...	...	55,388	149,376	...	281,737	...	...	...	...	202,108
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.	Great Britain.	1,738	...	3,358	...	9,274	...	12,339	...	19,461	...	...	...
	United States.	1,472	...	2,470	...	4,236	...	4,373	...	11,360	...	...	...
	Other countries.	201	...	782	...	162	...	928	...	1,706	...	...	...
	Totals.	3,411	...	6,610	...	13,672	...	17,640	...	32,527	...	...	...
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c.	Great Britain.	2,864	...	4,275	...	17,286	...	17,824	...	10,931	...	...	...
	United States.	9,394	25	8,945	...	28,567	43	32,410	197	31,240	...	...	...
	Other countries.	17	...	4	...	61	...	42	...	21	...	...	...
	Totals.	12,275	25	13,224	...	45,914	350	50,276	290	42,192	...	...	...
Vegetables.	Great Britain.	7,613	...	15,988	...	37,880	...	27,320	...	40,671	...	...	...
	United States.	136,783	...	116,107	...	394,491	...	267,797	...	253,668	...	...	...
	Other countries.	12,850	...	8,370	...	33,212	...	27,822	...	25,242	...	...	...
	Totals.	157,246	...	140,415	...	465,583	...	322,939	...	325,581	...	...	...

Watches.....	677	1,085	5,656	4,818	5,881
Great Britain.....	65,528	56,833	158,766	165,091	212,617
United States.....	5,870	73		6,633	419
France.....	12,685	14,586	39,078	36,252	50,965
Switzerland.....	48	3,979	8,189	3,209	10,305
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	84,808	76,556	211,639	216,003	280,367
Wood and mfrs. of—					
Furniture.....	2,437	3,834	12,780	11,257	13,723
Great Britain.....	67,023	78,309	207,319	197,759	226,515
United States.....	2,707	2,099	11,035	6,975	6,023
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	72,167	84,242	231,134	215,991	246,261
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....		134,210		183,106	245,161
Other countries.....					325
Totals.....		134,210		183,106	245,486
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....					
Great Britain.....			1,339		
United States.....	7,199	7,654	47,600	6,028	5,433
Other countries.....				1,219,371	2,613,663
Totals.....	7,199	7,654	48,939	9,015	2,607
Other wood and mfrs. of, N.E.S.....					
Great Britain.....	7,809	14,524	22,545	24,051	40,303
United States.....	155,436	192,331	397,025	423,820	581,190
Other countries.....	17,761	15,746	35,951	247,553	312,421
Totals.....	181,006	222,601	455,521	5,728	8,432
Recapitulation.					
Wood and mfrs. of.....					
Great Britain.....	10,246	18,358	36,664	35,308	54,026
United States.....	229,658	278,294	651,944	1,712,385	834,040
Other countries.....	20,468	17,845	46,986	655,348	3,037,243
Totals.....	260,372	314,497	735,594	15,068	12,590
				1,736,761	3,056,741

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 88,600	.....	\$ 96,163	.....	\$ 335,788	.....	\$ 335,105	.....	\$ 460,612	.....
	United States.....	369	.....	3,357	.....	2,763	.....	2,412	.....	7,730	.....
	Germany.....	67	.....	.....	.....	1,433	.....	1,518	.....	922	.....
	Other countries.....	126	.....	2,496	.....	3,871	.....	1,674	.....	12,587	.....
	Totals.....	89,162	.....	102,016	.....	343,855	.....	360,709	.....	481,151	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain.....	45,886	.....	45,238	.....	125,909	.....	127,068	.....	159,091	.....
	United States.....	16,694	.....	18,604	.....	90,403	.....	78,946	.....	89,025	.....
	France.....	1,372	.....	1,363	.....	3,402	.....	3,044	.....	4,093	.....
	Germany.....	143	.....	2,183	.....	2,651	.....	9,839	.....	20,811	.....
	Other countries.....	491	.....	602	.....	12,940	.....	1,402	.....	1,281	.....
	Totals.....	63,926	.....	67,995	.....	235,305	.....	219,299	.....	265,302	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain.....	543,017	.....	565,941	.....	889,414	.....	1,090,536	.....	1,266,146	.....
	United States.....	385	.....	3,008	.....	691	.....	1,184	.....	9,776	.....
	France.....	7,610	.....	6,892	.....	12,460	.....	17,470	.....	22,820	.....
	Germany.....	8,921	.....	9,104	.....	13,978	.....	14,972	.....	21,021	.....
	Other countries.....	3,602	.....	261	.....	2,099	.....	6,442	.....	2,644	.....
	Totals.....	564,135	.....	585,206	.....	918,642	.....	1,130,554	.....	1,322,407	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain.....	422,154	.....	527,096	.....	854,806	.....	984,301	.....	1,214,388	.....
	United States.....	6,970	.....	9,273	.....	12,426	.....	19,661	.....	19,455	.....
	France.....	87,413	.....	125,062	.....	196,234	.....	232,250	.....	283,564	.....

Germany..	12,480	9,499	25,369	30,267	28,715
Other countries.	489	9,242	17,971	13,499	30,045
Totals.	529,506	680,174	1,105,806	1,299,978	1,576,667
Knitted goods, including underwear, N.E.S.					
Great Britain..	29,747	50,422	73,152	67,116	114,284
United States..	4,299	3,351	9,018	9,930	10,829
Germany.	3,991	2,698	9,430	15,016	11,212
Other countries.	36	4,131	781	4,494	12,902
Totals.	38,073	60,602	92,381	96,556	149,227
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c.					
Great Britain..	91,418	78,783	203,843	247,492	234,862
United States..	1,752	1,115	9,318	6,189	3,662
Germany.	9,124	7,750	23,049	31,640	33,435
Other countries.	295	30	2,050	1,576	1,820
Totals.	102,589	87,678	238,260	286,897	273,279
Wool, raw					
Great Britain..	39,029	62,078	168,095	111,381	159,600
United States..	60,669	76,724	124,006	133,244	161,782
Australasia.		625			70,472
France.	18,527	17,022	33,836	28,223	49,769
Other countries.	2,690	14,241	137,445	54,038	90,553
Totals.	120,915	170,680	463,382	326,886	532,176
Yarn.					
Great Britain..	99,797	116,456	251,904	274,888	308,702
United States..	328	942	1,613	397	3,041
Germany.	10,554	13,934	17,252	13,841	18,138
Other countries.	1,411	1,561	5,420	3,304	2,261
Totals.	112,090	132,893	276,189	292,430	332,142
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.					
Great Britain..	77,004	40,619	135,461	157,001	120,448
United States..	8,631	7,406	24,340	27,323	26,710
France.	2,272	7,282	6,009	7,755	11,202
Germany.	6,571	1,907	18,095	20,926	11,787
Other countries.	2,252	19,808	17,728	20,963	45,537
Totals.	96,730	77,022	201,633	233,968	213,684
					120,215

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.						THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain.....	1,398,223	66,684	1,520,718	95,707	2,870,277	226,780	3,303,507	188,454	3,878,333	277,661	277,661	
	United States.....	38,768	61,065	47,063	77,125	150,572	151,375	145,992	134,123	161,729	169,710	169,710	
	Other countries.....	159,220	23,462	225,805	31,888	391,222	172,774	470,892	90,784	575,597	213,686	213,686	
	Totals.....	1,596,211	151,211	1,793,586	204,720	3,412,071	550,929	3,920,391	413,361	4,615,859	661,057	661,057	
All other articles, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	95,387	31,356	116,584	21,308	251,006	69,958	253,060	71,795	321,526	198,875	198,875	
	United States.....	343,528	67,969	325,783	132,903	901,547	252,980	955,554	210,066	1,075,914	423,036	423,036	
	Other countries.....	42,867	17,036	37,342	17,590	93,317	51,577	111,592	56,446	138,808	51,820	51,820	
	Totals.....	481,782	116,360	479,709	171,801	1,245,870	374,515	1,320,166	338,307	1,536,338	673,751	673,751	
Total imports (mdse.).	Great Britain.....	5,448,164	2,020,134	6,385,874	2,603,483	12,036,042	4,596,082	13,918,779	4,749,565	17,436,550	7,049,854	7,049,854	
	United States.....	10,095,393	9,755,176	10,488,999	9,707,707	23,107,400	21,939,882	27,125,477	23,539,140	30,003,044	27,514,809	27,514,809	
	Other countries.....	2,660,085	1,367,316	3,347,299	1,409,725	7,427,950	3,226,690	7,812,176	3,887,731	8,923,925	4,425,895	4,425,895	
	Totals.....	18,203,642	13,142,626	20,222,172	13,720,915	42,571,392	29,762,654	48,856,432	32,196,436	56,363,119	38,990,558	38,990,558	
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,025	20,025	
	United States.....	.....	1,574,314	.....	159,835	.....	792,315	.....	2,080,902	.....	1,671,766	1,671,766	
	Other countries.....	.....	399	.....	544	.....	265	.....	554	.....	544	544	
	Totals.....	.....	1,574,713	.....	160,398	.....	792,580	.....	2,087,456	.....	1,692,335	1,692,335	
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain.....	5,448,164	2,020,134	6,385,874	2,603,502	12,036,042	4,596,082	13,918,779	4,749,565	17,436,550	7,069,879	7,069,879	
	United States.....	10,095,393	11,329,490	10,488,999	9,867,542	23,107,400	22,732,197	27,125,477	25,646,044	30,003,044	29,186,575	29,186,575	
	Other countries.....	2,660,085	1,367,715	3,347,299	1,410,269	7,427,950	3,226,955	7,812,176	3,888,285	8,923,925	4,426,439	4,426,439	
	Totals.....	18,203,642	14,717,339	20,222,172	13,881,313	42,571,392	30,555,234	48,856,432	34,283,892	56,363,119	40,682,893	40,682,893	

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of June, 1906 and 1907, and the *three months* ending June 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain...	\$ 1,028,517	\$	\$ 608,685	\$	\$ 2,407,051	\$	\$ 1,838,492	\$	\$ 1,510,793	\$
	United States...	27,411	..	37,017	225	44,339	180	47,012	..	51,928	275
	Newfoundland...	29,813	..	4,882	..	12,312	..	38,470	..	14,282	..
	Other countries...	80,326	..	2,344	..	28,338	..	141,429	..	4,412	..
	Totals	1,157,067	..	652,928	225	2,492,240	180	2,065,394	..	1,581,415	275
Horses	Great Britain...	1,650	..	2,800	..	20,400	..	6,550	..	5,800	..
	United States...	72,161	97,446	27,523	38,887	124,883	65,980	170,488	102,828	99,438	42,432
	Other countries...	2,790	..	3,805	..	11,000	..	7,215	..	7,885	..
	Totals	76,601	97,446	34,128	38,887	156,288	65,980	184,253	102,828	113,123	42,432
Sheep	Great Britain...	11,508	..	5,606	..	35,285	..	18,075	..	10,430	..
	United States...	1,210	..	6,198	..	7,323	..	2,886	..	10,153	..
	Other countries...	2,250	..	509	..	3,847	..	6,670	..	1,080	..
	Totals	15,068	..	12,308	..	46,455	..	27,631	..	21,663	..
Other animals, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	100	..	..	..	60	..	100	..	30	..
	United States...	2,605	619	9,713	110	11,434	2,385	14,502	1,898	16,039	638
	Other countries...	598	..	546	..	698	..	827	..	1,086	..
	Totals	3,303	619	10,268	110	12,192	2,385	15,429	1,898	17,155	638

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Animals, living...	\$ 1,041,835	\$ 98,067	\$ 617,091	\$ 39,222	\$ 2,462,796	\$ 68,545	\$ 1,863,217	\$ 104,726	\$ 1,527,053	\$ 43,345
	United States...	103,387	98,067	80,446	39,222	187,984	68,545	234,888	104,726	177,538	43,345
	Other countries...	106,817		12,085		56,393		194,602		28,745	
	Totals.....	1,252,039	98,067	709,622	39,222	2,707,175	68,545	2,292,707	104,726	1,733,356	43,345
Ashes.....	Great Britain...	4,771		2,532		9,704		6,158		8,136	
	United States...	8,552	68	2,005		18,948		29,048	68	18,905	
	Other countries...	23		10		726		835		10	
	Totals.....	13,346	68	4,547		29,378		36,041	68	27,051	
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	Great Britain...	7,108		3,206		20,778	6,332	16,440	398	23,001	629
	United States...	8,693	6,227	11,005	13,659	22,174	18,006	24,111	20,914	26,109	20,136
	Other countries...	11,398	1,517	1,329	320	13,875	1,721	16,165	1,973	3,524	430
	Totals.....	27,199	7,744	15,540	13,979	56,827	26,059	56,916	23,285	52,634	21,195
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....	Great Britain...	17,650	46,867	38,241		18,864	122,562	131,852	46,867	182,270	
	United States...			5		2,530		878		8	
	Belgium.....			20,896		7,869				27,972	
	Other countries...			132		14		42		381	
	Totals.....	17,650	46,867	59,274		29,277	122,562	132,272	46,867	210,631	

Beans	Great Britain...	2,068	.....	1,535	.....	23	444	.....	381	.....	1,819	.....	23
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	86	1,240	.....	5,003	.....	.....	.....	.....
	France..	496	.....	1,880	.....	43	6,477	.....	1,259	.....	2,223	.....	47
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		2,564	.....	3,415	.....	66	9,353	.....	6,300	.....	4,042	.....	70
Buckwheat..	Great Britain...	8,624	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,085	.....	27,405	.....	4,629	.....	.....
	United States...	542	.....	5	.....	.....	1,145	.....	4,128	.....	1,295	.....	.....
	Belgium	1,180	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,247	.....	4,553	.....	7,840	.....	.....
	Other countries..	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,056	.....	1,272	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		10,389	.....	5	.....	.....	28,133	.....	37,418	.....	13,764	.....	.....
Indian corn	Great Britain...	.....	308,061	.....	.....	439,826	1,431	1,091,281	17,717	538,637	1,992	889,517	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	830	49	30	500	106	.....	.....
	Belgium .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany	453	.....	401	.....	.....	5	.....	589	.....	465	.....	.....
Other countries..		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		453	308,061	401	439,826	.....	2,266	1,091,330	18,336	530,137	2,563	889,517	.....
Oats	Great Britain...	219,651	21,830	505,798	.....	216	24,416	198,788	388,493	46,537	1,038,368	.....	216
	United States...	3,289	.....	1,745	.....	.....	865	525	8,760	13,632	72,635	.....	.....
	Belgium .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies...	4,207	.....	2,535	.....	.....	10,398	.....	14,832	.....	24,663	.....	.....
Other countries..		11,194	.....	14,803	.....	.....	28,305	.....	25,567	.....	53,824	.....	.....
Totals		238,341	21,830	527,881	.....	216	63,984	199,313	437,672	60,169	1,180,490	.....	216
Pease whole and split	Great Britain...	52,963	.....	25,260	.....	.....	55,649	.....	90,029	.....	55,897	.....	.....
	United States...	12	.....	2,223	.....	.....	13,408	.....	4,893	.....	6,139	.....	.....
	Belgium .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies...	4,529	.....	6,277	.....	.....	1,995	.....	16,799	.....	16,450	.....	.....
Other countries..		25,029	.....	15,405	.....	.....	36,055	.....	44,714	.....	34,033	.....	.....
Totals		82,533	.....	49,165	.....	.....	107,107	.....	156,405	.....	112,519	.....	.....
Rye.	Great Britain...	.....	17,637	.....	.....	18,799	.....	.....	.....	17,637	.....	18,799	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	9,765	.....	.....
	Totals .....	.....	17,637	.....	.....	18,799	.....	73	.....	17,646	9,765	18,799	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Breadstuffs—Con.											
Grain—Con.											
Wheat.....	Great Britain.....	1,999,897	126,531	3,085,501	654,410	2,091,104	52,354	8,474,788	126,531	7,803,804	654,410
	United States.....	220,237		58,661		267,721		1,224,339		59,818	
	Belgium.....	28,005		55,394		126,121		56,331		63,597	
	Germany.....										
	Other countries.....	27,506		8,000		844		76,345		8,000	
	Totals.....	2,275,645	126,531	3,207,556	654,410	2,485,790	52,354	9,851,863	126,531	7,937,219	654,410
Other grain, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....	10		5		1,623		7		2	
	Totals.....	10		5		1,623		10		5	
Recapitulation.											
Grain.....	Great Britain.....	2,298,785	520,926	3,657,800	1,113,035	2,203,593	1,464,985	9,129,882	776,649	9,086,960	1,562,736
	United States.....	226,148		64,174	239	289,362	733	1,248,038	14,132	141,822	239
	Other countries.....	102,652		125,728	43	234,578		242,303	27	251,218	47
	Totals.....	2,627,585	520,926	3,847,702	1,113,317	2,727,533	1,465,718	10,620,223	790,808	9,480,000	1,563,012
Grain products—											
Bran.....	Great Britain.....	20,951		15,820		27,625		34,632		16,246	
	United States.....	10,532		14,024		63,171		18,280		26,834	
	B. W. Indies.....	380		827		1,844		1,612		1,429	
	Other countries.....	6,568		2,930		26,168		14,566		6,321	
	Totals.....	38,451		33,601		118,808		69,090		50,930	
Cereal foods.....	Great Britain.....	35,310		62,570		234,210		112,686		183,214	
	United States.....	317		889		26		7,037		1,821	
	Other countries.....	35,184		49,069		112,801		98,809		110,714	
	Totals.....	70,811	68	112,528	752	347,037	118	218,532	344	295,749	752

Oatmeal.....	49,272	49,922	98,874	122,742	125,943
Great Britain.....	10	18	18	855	11,260
United States.....	2,106	4,927	2,818	7,562	11,260
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	51,387	54,849	101,710	131,159	137,203
Wheat flour.....	387,611	270,577	351,777	912,785	748,577
Great Britain.....	27,149	11,093	29,447	36,981	31,639
Australasia.....	1,075			1,075	
B. W. Indies.....	39,802	17,319	109,160	70,811	68,826
Newfoundland.....	144,542	75,904	253,773	281,938	155,036
Other countries.....	115,325	154,015	371,183	234,907	443,373
Totals.....	715,504	528,908	1,115,340	1,538,497	1,448,051
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.....	3,358	3,960	10,091	13,410	14,809
Great Britain.....	985	660	3,348	2,878	3,911
United States.....	4,968	12,991	9,447	12,927	21,589
Other countries.....				83	124
Totals.....	9,311	17,611	22,886	29,215	40,319
Breadstuffs.....	2,795,287	4,060,649	2,926,170	776,649	10,175,749
Great Britain.....	265,161	90,840	385,372	15,205	1,562,743
United States.....	452,601	443,710	1,121,772	1,314,063	2,06,027
Other countries.....		88	180	966,510	2,217
Totals.....	3,513,049	4,593,199	4,433,314	792,032	1,070,376
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—					
Automobiles.....	800	3,900		1,750	1,565,131
Great Britain.....	800	3,900		1,750	3,750
United States.....	9,255	1,200		6,980	5,850
Other countries.....				29,212	9,373
Totals.....	10,055	5,100		37,942	30,225
Bicycles.....					
Great Britain.....	337		355	280	135
United States.....	1,870	185	292	506	298
Australasia.....		1,575	550	6,420	10,100
Other countries.....	40	515	2,440	65	7,533
Totals.....	2,247	2,275	3,567	7,271	18,066
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	823	1,136	16,523	4,475	3,720
Great Britain.....	1,819	14,846	30,325	4,667	23,114
United States.....	7,667	5,888	29,233	28,550	45,717
Other countries.....				4,574	19,073
Totals.....	10,309	21,870	76,081	37,692	45,937
			15,019	50,321	3,296

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.						THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain...	823	...	1,136	3,750	80	16,878	6,505	...	3,855	3,750	...	3,750
	United States...	2,956	42,999	18,931	13,601	30,547	14,756	12,153	...	29,292	29,292	...	29,292
	Other countries.	18,832	409	3,178	125	32,223	607	61,247	...	46,079	46,079	...	294
	Totals.	22,611	43,408	29,245	17,476	79,648	15,443	82,905	76,247	79,226	33,612	...	33,612
Clothing and wearing apparel	Great Britain...	766	96	1,102	94	11,305	1,504	5,857	675	7,332	521	...	521
	United States...	2,487	1,454	3,569	1,081	4,099	7,927	6,628	4,053	7,457	3,321	...	3,321
	Newfoundland...	4,413	...	1,608	...	11,960	...	8,297	...	3,282	...	...	...
	Other countries.	3,848	...	1,842	...	8,268	65	6,927	110	7,735	...	...	...
	Totals.	11,514	1,550	8,121	1,175	35,632	9,446	27,709	4,838	25,786	3,842	...	3,842
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders.....	Great Britain...	7,708	...	...	...	10,813	...	8,648	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	462,475	23,635	364,124	11,254	1,016,740	24,213	1,251,784	42,269	855,924	30,003	...	30,003
	Newfoundland...	51,057	190	39,547	...	84,204	435	76,621	225	53,722	140	...	140
	Other countries.	15,477	...	14,351	...	37,981	72	40,870	...	26,139	...	...	...
	Totals ...	536,717	25,825	418,022	11,254	1,149,738	24,720	1,377,923	42,491	935,785	30,743	...	30,743
Cordage, rope and twine.....	Great Britain...	24,694	...	38,086	...	14,558	...	24,897	...	38,218	4,166	...	4,166
	United States...	71,147	75	75,324	...	130,861	244	206,904	75	184,908	18	...	18
	Newfoundland...	219	64	395	133	982	394	1,260	218	1,520	133	...	133
	Other countries.	3,796	...	3,850	...	12,190	280	12,661	...	14,484	...	...	...
	Totals.	99,856	139	117,655	133	158,591	918	245,722	293	239,130	4,317	...	4,317
Cotton and mtrs. of.	Great Britain...	830	554	3,827	2,267	10,474	819	5,162	1,252	7,297	4,818	...	4,818
	United States...	19,434	1,686	11,489	1,229	31,896	5,421	32,765	4,879	32,819	2,273	...	2,273
	Other countries.	168,860	16,040	35,112	1,125	484,604	289	321,480	16,040	76,320	1,125	...	1,125
	Totals.	189,124	18,280	50,428	4,621	527,034	6,529	359,410	22,171	116,436	8,216	...	8,216

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	27,705	137	21,686	102,307	726	84,053	1,037	70,030	460
	United States...	57,858	77,286	61,133	130,286	160,196	159,866	192,080	204,226	265,391
	Australasia...	5,290	...	586	4,116	...	5,290	...	2,200	...
	Other countries...	65,058	870	37,802	94,115	1,487	168,060	5,382	76,274	2,373
	Totals	155,911	78,293	121,207	335,773	162,409	417,269	198,519	352,730	208,224
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...	489	...	...	2,511	307	489	52	306	...
	United States...	309	6,366	742	890	9,643	4,080	10,965	2,647	13,379
	Other countries...	4,492	8	3,551	833	1,893	4,872	8	4,282	...
	Totals	5,290	6,374	2,493	4,239	11,843	9,441	11,025	7,235	13,379
Fertilizers	Great Britain...	2,000	...	...	...	...	2,350	...	...	...
	United States...	15,680	99	15,152	76,917	932	42,905	347	45,194	...
	Other countries...	6,469	...	7,902	15,100	...	6,947	...	8,302	...
	Totals	24,149	99	23,054	92,017	932	52,202	347	53,496	...
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted.	Great Britain...	1,489	...	7,692	2,120	...	3,086	...	...	...
	United States...	16,224	...	11,467	123,254	...	45,366	...	25,480	...
	Brazil...	50,774	...	50,003	101,243	...	126,023	...	76,356	...
	B. W. Indies...	124,156	1,034	50,003	161,910	2,237	257,789	1,034	121,943	...
	Cuba...	31,294	...	17,345	78,763	...	109,653	...	48,683	...
Herrings, fresh or frozen.	Other countries...	123,457	...	50,373	203,147	150	268,730	...	170,883	...
	Totals	353,394	1,034	136,880	670,437	2,387	811,248	1,034	443,345	...
Herrings, pickled.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	5,332	...	16,371	55,941	...	14,270	...	22,533	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	5,332	...	16,371	55,941	...	14,270	...	22,533	...
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	13,357	...	11,204	29,405	...	17,000	...	12,783	...
	United States...	34,377	...	11,152	58,120	...	62,450	...	32,345	...
	Other countries...	9,630	...	6,784	21,555	...	14,469	...	28,867	...
	Totals	57,364	...	29,140	109,080	...	93,919	...	73,995	...
	Totals	110,713	...	79,171	275,304	...	8,476	...	238,102	...
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	110,713	...	79,171	275,304	...	286,111	...	238,102	...
	United States...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	110,713	...	79,171	275,304	...	294,587	...	238,102	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.		MONTH OF JUNE.						THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
Countries.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i>	Lobsters, canned.....	395,730		70,463		295,529		578,021		128,063			
	Great Britain.....	241,043		138,803		477,519		305,548		186,149			
	United States.....	14,872		13,272		30,384		15,668		13,272			
	Belgium.....	361,035		110,195		139,805		368,833		110,195			
	France.....	14,186		11,306		4,550		6,936		11,396			
Other countries.....		27,131		2,169		42,625		30,755		4,794			
Totals		1,043,997		346,298		990,212		1,305,761		453,869			
Mackerel, fresh	Great Britain.....	37,949		22,634		21,982		38,526		22,634			
	United States.....	4						4					
	Other countries.....												
Totals		37,953		22,634		21,982		38,530		22,634			
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	28,484	156	625		16,700		30,844	156	1,285			
	United States.....	7,822	4,091	2,766		6,594		14,635	4,091	7,652			
	B. W. Indies.....	4,306	1,282	2,049		2,313		11,579	1,282	5,785			
	Other countries.....												
	Totals	40,612	5,529	5,440		25,607		57,058	5,529	14,722			
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain.....	150,128		227,452		2,382		209,373		525,703			
	United States.....	468		2,416	2	7,169	12	518		3,538	2		
	Australasia.....	2,352		1,043		3,377		4,327		1,597			
	Other countries.....	11,535		3,537		16,858		16,182		5,491			
	Totals	164,483		234,448	2	29,786	12	230,400		536,329	2		
Salmon, fresh	Great Britain.....					273				3			
	United States.....	76,917		42,464		73,073		92,975		48,396			
	Germany.....					553							
	Other countries.....												
	Totals	76,917		42,464		73,899		92,975		48,399			

Salmon, pickled	Great Britain	4,810	9,635	12,280	7,924	9,647	
	United States	1,110	1,001	1,818	3,161	1,572	
	B. W. Indies	1,371	622	3,442	2,341	1,632	
	Other countries						
Totals		7,291	11,258	17,540	13,431	12,851	
Fish, all other, fresh	Great Britain	161,409	101,242	269,897	340,140	214,735	3,000
	United States			63	27	22	
	Other countries						
Totals		161,409	101,242	269,960	340,167	214,757	3,000
Other fish, N. E. S.	Great Britain	2,095	5,253	1,578	3,008	5,375	
	United States	31,072	59,027	66,530	53,457	90,856	2,080
	Other countries	22,196	9,146	8,966	34,151	22,122	
Totals		55,963	73,426	77,074	90,616	118,353	2,080
Fish and fish products	Great Britain	550,042	303,168	301,882	801,964	659,144	
	United States	727,778	491,254	1,429,054	1,232,684	876,138	
	Other countries	837,608	304,320	885,886	1,348,314	664,607	5,082
Totals		2,115,428	1,098,772	2,616,822	3,382,962	2,199,889	5,082
Flax, hemp, &c.	Great Britain			19,380		300	
	United States	4,377	10,487	273,017	151,763	67,396	
	Other countries						
Totals		4,377	10,487	292,397	151,763	67,696	
Fruits—							
Fruits, dried	Great Britain	16	181	1,719	162	245	
	United States	55	222	23	920	4,964	3,107
	Germany	2,520	1,680	6,000	4,094	1,920	
	Holland			15,283	310	1,500	
	Other countries	99	54	675	111	339	792
Totals		2,690	2,206	23,700	5,597	4,479	3,899
Fruits, green, apples	Great Britain	650		198,316	65,433	48,521	
	United States			126	1,813	48	
	Other countries	123	13	3,795	769	1,652	
Totals		773	13	202,237	68,015	50,221	

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c — *Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	\$ 56,188	\$	\$ 7,694	\$	\$ 51,894	\$	\$ 131,948	\$	\$ 51,511	\$
	United States...	2,585	1,877	1,253	.....	12,858	1,748	7,575	4,268	3,983	112
	Other countries..	6,320	.....	5,390	.....	12,414	.....	20,580	131	12,208	50
	Totals.....	65,093	1,877	14,337	.....	77,166	1,748	160,103	4,399	67,732	162
Leather, m'fd.— Boots and shoes.	Great Britain...	1,047	4,136	1,047	1,727	1,375	.....	4,128	.....	5,923	.....
	United States...	2,106	.....	1,047	1,727	6,376	6,389	3,379	6,188	2,136	2,645
	Newfoundland..	10,885	.....	4,549	.....	26,926	.....	23,150	.....	8,174	.....
	Other countries..	8,215	.....	2,511	.....	7,165	10	17,310	.....	5,982	100
	Totals.....	22,253	4,136	8,107	1,727	42,042	6,399	47,967	6,188	22,215	2,745
All other leather m'fd.	Great Britain...	.....	54	.....	.....	2,362	.....	3,371	54	1,016	241
	United States...	709	725	378	526	3,959	1,012	2,190	2,059	854	552
	Other countries..	231	.....	129	.....	3,882	.....	987	165	129	.....
	Totals.....	940	779	507	526	10,203	1,012	6,548	2,278	1,999	793
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	194,654	54	111,185	.....	454,194	.....	623,019	54	269,314	241
	United States...	10,690	6,738	2,678	2,253	23,634	9,347	25,334	12,515	6,973	3,309
	Other countries..	28,156	.....	20,647	.....	118,133	10	86,808	296	48,182	150
	Totals.....	232,900	6,792	134,510	2,253	596,925	9,357	735,161	12,865	324,469	3,700
Lime.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	.....	.....	.....	5,485	.....
	United States...	6,319	.....	2,536	3,526	18,031	.....	17,567	.....	9,660	3,526
	Other countries..	22	.....	590	.....	2,006	.....	26	.....	822	.....
	Totals.....	6,341	.....	3,126	3,526	20,337	.....	17,593	.....	15,967	3,526

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.	24,004	488,877	190,796	76,883	20,721
United States.	935,047	488,877	1,432,085	2,328,102	2,253,253
Other countries.					
Totals	959,051	488,877	1,622,761	2,404,935	2,273,974
Gold and silver— Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug- gets, &c.	600	200		600	500
Great Britain.	2,348,202	489,604	3,721,219	3,092,208	1,223,828
United States.			29,305		
Other countries.					
Totals	2,348,802	489,804	3,750,524	3,092,808	1,224,328
Silver ore.					
Great Britain.		4,100		40	4,224
United States.	434,367	876,509	416,126	1,133,921	2,247,276
Other countries.			105,392		41,163
Totals	434,367	880,609	521,516	1,133,961	2,292,663
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—					
Agricultural implements.					
Great Britain.	29,190	36,498	130,705	95,124	145,000
United States.	222	4,076	10,835	3,974	6,441
Australasia.	22,022	36,610	57,905	101,571	71,334
France.	23,717	50,507	124,706	62,543	135,751
Germany.	47,284	29,583	118,850	206,289	206,529
Other countries.	84,829	50,517	116,882	196,620	193,583
Totals	207,264	207,791	559,943	666,117	759,238
Chromic iron.					
Great Britain.					
United States.	1,848	1,173	3,510		6,000
Other countries.					4,826
Totals	1,848	1,173	3,510	7,578	10,826
Hardware.					
Great Britain.	1,148	276	4,115	10,703	4,928
United States.	2,678	1,937	21,007	5,818	4,392
Newfoundland.	5,466	3,548	1,025	13,898	3,776
Other countries.	8,493	17,433	11,744	16,013	29,738
Totals	17,785	23,194	45,362	46,427	42,834
		2,546		5,833	7,570

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery	Great Britain...	13,337	490	13,580	844	22,431	6,243	43,686	1,213	47,902	1,384
	United States...	12,656	44,298	12,898	24,157	22,713	170,758	50,691	91,656	31,185	136,803
	Australasia...	4,289	...	2,260	...	6,594	...	12,519	...	9,785	...
	Other countries..	29,058	902	30,765	18,634	76,491	317	92,959	3,560	64,404	18,778
	Totals.....	59,340	45,690	59,503	43,635	128,232	177,318	199,855	96,829	153,276	156,965
Ores—iron.....	Great Britain...	125	...	...	...	145,626	...	125	...	168	...
	United States...	37,800	...	...	...	...	...	38,201	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals.....		37,925	...	...	...	145,626	...	38,326	...	168	...
Pig iron.....	Great Britain...	1,792	...	2,703	...	1,568	...	1,792	...	8,764	...
	United States...	...	...	...	...	5,495	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals.....		1,792	...	2,703	...	7,063	...	1,792	...	8,764	...
Scrap iron and steel.....	Great Britain...	6,482	517	1,252	...	3,350	...	2,976	...	373	...
	United States...	...	...	119	...	19,612	1,503	28,544	517	5,477	671
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	...	119	...
Totals.....		6,482	517	1,371	...	22,962	1,503	31,395	517	5,969	671
Steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,972	905	7,038	1,418	8,257	683	8,833	1,090	14,819	2,189
	United States...	71,369	88,395	19,914	21,041	35,049	90,024	110,465	105,689	36,348	40,667
	Newfoundland..	6,528	91	4,670	40	8,636	1,649	13,736	1,032	8,005	76
	Other countries..	15,095	78	7,021	48	20,847	1,190	28,564	182	30,928	598
Totals.....		94,964	89,469	38,643	22,547	72,789	93,546	161,398	111,993	90,100	45,530

All other iron and steel.	Great Britain.....	2,412	444	1,501	5,383	3,297	4,245	1,843
	United States.....	7,643	23	867	7,848	...	3,009	5,271
	Other countries.....	...	...	...	...	...	1,637	1,733
	Totals.....	10,055	469	3,719	17,948	3,297	19,053	1,408
Iron and steel.	Great Britain.....	47,564	1,395	58,893	179,379	7,642	167,484	220,865
	United States.....	135,467	136,241	45,304	265,037	203,517	208,672	102,872
	Other countries.....	234,424	1,590	233,900	558,999	4,810	754,187	187,432
	Totals.....	437,455	139,226	333,097	1,003,435	305,969	1,171,941	756,020
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Great Britain.....	11,200	...	...	...	...	22,400	40,320
	United States.....	7,070	...	49,000	...	...	34,340	73,513
	Belgium.....	75,180	...	...	14,425	...	123,267	125,477
	Other countries.....	...	...	...	...	...	44,087	...
Asbestos.	Totals.....	93,450	...	49,000	14,425	...	224,094	239,310
	Great Britain.....	15,330	...	6,300	84,197	...	45,171	22,960
	United States.....	109,687	...	132,206	212,069	...	286,708	331,906
	Germany.....	17,080	...	...	46,966	...	42,157	1,300
Nickel.	Other countries.....	29,870	...	8,845	39,008	...	62,338	28,846
	Totals.....	171,967	...	147,371	382,240	...	436,374	385,012
	Great Britain.....	67,570	...	...	155,538	...	238,121	62,463
	United States.....	162,935	...	80,832	379,990	...	519,685	357,756
Lead ore.	Other countries.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	230,505	...	80,832	535,538	...	755,806	420,219
	Great Britain.....	106,959	...	45,213	41,686	...	179,444	164,882
	United States.....	81	...	2,063	534,133	...	40,250	113,660
Mica.	Other countries.....	...	...	...	575,819	...	219,694	278,542
	Totals.....	107,040	...	47,276	...	...	...	...
	Great Britain.....	176	...	9,135	5,478	...	5,560	23,033
	United States.....	70,582	3,325	39,083	34,738	677	124,793	120,826
Totals.....	Other countries.....	200	...	...	...	...	1,080	36
	Totals.....	70,958	3,325	48,218	40,216	677	131,433	143,859

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs.— <i>Con.</i>									
Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i>									
Ores, except iron ore	Great Britain	15,138	28,720	14,430	73	29,766	4,040	56,347	2
	United States	44,995	2,823	119,044	73	90,692	8,823	8,823	
	Other countries	2,550		8,973		6,108			
	Totals	62,703	31,543	142,447	73	126,566	69,210		2
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain	6,490	270	87,973	5,479	22,393	658	2,845	44
	United States	32,253	34,649	80,581	32,504	73,229	10,759	84,162	36,482
	Other countries	2,256	629	42,619	1,071	7,581	1,746	1,406	388
	Totals	40,999	35,548	211,173	39,054	103,203	13,163	88,413	36,914
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	188,092	1,395	717,721	13,121	604,368	3,120	401,971	3,663
	United States	4,387,564	150,367	6,762,546	351,051	8,113,392	241,626	7,016,621	229,630
	Other countries	381,641	1,752	1,379,820	5,881	1,081,055	8,692	1,076,695	20,185
	Totals	4,957,297	153,514	2,637,175	78,633	8,890,806	370,053	8,495,287	253,478
Milk and cream, condensed	Great Britain								
	United States	637	396	1,485	2,167	1,205	1,159	410	
	British Africa			19,877		722			
	Other countries	4,205	842	15,426		8,250	989		
	Totals	4,902	1,238	36,788	2,167	16,795	2,508		
Musical instruments	Great Britain	15,060	8,308	32,980		33,849	19,922		
	United States	3,815	4,145	5,932	4,210	10,813	2,609	9,803	3,401
	Other countries	12,907	8,899	15,006		23,997	2,375	20,456	200
	Totals	31,782	21,352	53,918	4,210	68,659	4,984	50,181	3,601

Oilcake.....	Great Britain.....	26,164	58,781	.....	.....	76,560	.....	114,524	.....
	United States.....	2,281	.....	.....	.....	2,281	20	.....	.....
	Other countries..	18,478	14,210	.....	.....	25,302	.....	33,589	.....
	Totals.....	46,923	72,991	.....	.....	104,143	20	148,113	.....
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	17,803	28,254	.....	.....	28,191	.....	28,793	.....
	United States.....	6,971	2,433	127	8,132	15,448	131	8,757	5,846
	Other countries..	3,432	247	1,886	598	13,582	3,508	3,329	4,408
	Totals.....	28,206	30,934	1,963	5,643	57,171	3,639	40,879	9,754
Paper.....	Great Britain.....	61,737	71,621	.....	.....	195,331	.....	207,818	.....
	United States.....	4,218	87,690	844	979	641	9,152	292,081	1,690
	Australasia.....	.....	52,969	.....	.....	.....	.....	177,574	.....
	Other countries..	69,213	24,990	12	.....	4,016	484	72,923	.....
	Totals.....	135,168	237,270	856	979	440,829	9,636	750,396	1,690
Provisions—	Great Britain.....	498,544	4,310	.....	.....	590,111	.....	4,700	.....
Butter.....	United States.....	11,336	106	250	.....	11,574	250	6,668	847
	Newfoundland..	13,135	2,206	.....	.....	16,146	.....	2,948	.....
	Other countries..	27,478	12,231	.....	151	56,708	.....	24,913	2,769
	Totals.....	550,483	18,853	250	151	674,539	250	39,229	3,616
Cheese.....	Great Britain.....	2,516,144	1,805,944	8,141	1,986	4,119,332	8,141	2,838,658	1,986
	United States.....	2,352	234	.....	.....	4,906	.....	1,282	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	3,343	3,004	.....	.....	6,870	.....	4,967	.....
	Newfoundland..	4,384	84	.....	.....	9,404	.....	1,084	.....
	Other countries..	5,245	1,198	.....	.....	13,710	.....	8,791	.....
	Totals.....	2,531,468	1,810,464	8,141	1,986	4,154,272	8,141	2,854,782	1,986
Eggs.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....
	United States.....	803	254	337	1,535	2,571	337	381	1,535
	Other countries..	6,755	440	.....	.....	18,471	.....	1,203	.....
	Totals.....	7,558	694	337	1,535	21,042	337	1,590	1,535
Meats—	Great Britain.....	1,056,226	445,412	.....	.....	2,965,346	.....	1,810,449	.....
Bacon and hams.....	United States.....	1,138	379	.....	193	1,543	.....	1,037	207
	British Africa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,199	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	950	58	.....	.....	11,503	.....	312	24
	Totals.....	1,058,314	445,849	.....	193	2,987,591	.....	1,811,798	231

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Beef	Great Britain..... United States..... Newfoundland..... Other countries..... Totals.....	\$ 3,257 559 473 142 4,431	\$ 8,547 3,547	\$ 621 1,812 665 3,098	\$ 2,814 35 2,849	\$ 5,769 3,728 6,738 503 14,738	\$ 130 782 4,315 5,227	\$ 20,764 559 8,029 7,143 36,495	\$ 7,557 86 7,643	\$ 6,644 3,069 9,566 26 19,395	\$ 5,745		
Canned meats.....	Great Britain..... United States..... British Africa..... Other countries..... Totals	31,857 1,048 311 33,216	123 123	42,763 5 434 43,202	..... ..... ..... .....	588,436 222 52 588,710	..... ..... 9 9 9	66,853 1,289 371 68,513	..... 123 123	70,851 5 684 71,540	..... ..... ..... .....	
Pork.	Great Britain..... United States..... Newfoundland..... Other countries..... Totals.....	878 57 82 478 1,495	..... ..... 165 165	152 203 1,034 1,693 3,082	..... 30 3,315 3,345	11,366 1,691 3,915 3,770 20,742	..... 393 3,224 14 3,631	5,682 1,171 3,562 2,049 12,404	..... ..... 2,718 2,718	11,101 1,579 1,366 3,190 17,236	..... 30 6,018 6,048
Poultry.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries..... Totals.....	..... 3 3	..... ..... ..... .....	..... 10 10	..... ..... ..... .....	6,326 911 499 7,736	..... ..... ..... .....	150 167 510 827	..... ..... ..... .....	511 26 162 699	..... ..... ..... .....	
Other provisions, N.E.S.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries..... Totals.....	30,016 3,605 10,912 44,533	..... 156 3,188 3,343	52,815 949 430 54,194	..... 144 50 194	23,054 3,977 4,849 31,880	..... 921 17 938	51,220 12,128 13,925 77,273	..... 347 3,202 3,549	70,243 1,526 6,573 78,342	..... 1,570 69 1,638

Provisions	Great Britain...	4,136,922	8,141	2,352,017	1,986	8,096,191	17,810	7,819,508	8,141	4,813,163	1,986
	United States...	20,891	865	3,952	1,902	35,605	15,550	35,490	1,957	15,573	4,189
	Other countries...	73,688	6,900	23,477	6,365	148,121	13,561	177,600	13,563	65,785	14,624
	Totals...	4,231,501	15,906	2,379,446	10,253	8,229,917	46,921	8,033,016	22,761	4,894,521	20,799
Rags	Great Britain...	11,146		3,583		5,379		29,000		13,529	
	United States...	14,879		14,153		35,648	23	39,935	123	47,210	
	Other countries...					150					
	Totals...	26,025		17,736		41,177	23	68,935	123	60,739	
Salt	Great Britain...										
	United States...	439	786		2,170	1,064	8,711	1,563	7,244	284	5,242
	Newfoundland...	6	1,546		2,024		3,625	6	5,030		3,787
	Other countries...	84				484	420	84			
Seeds—	Totals...	529	2,332		4,194	1,548	12,756	1,653	12,874	284	9,029
Clover and grass	Great Britain...	539									
	United States...	8,102		1,035		11,777		12,993		3,124	
	Other countries...	8,906		9,962		58,016		69,452		57,028	
	Totals...	17,547		10,997		9,667		24,788		9,989	
Other seeds, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	3,393	373,888			69		3,488	373,888	2,286	69
	United States...	252		252	8	5,032	159	3,083	16	3,497	11
	Other countries...	88	274,104	31		231	140	299	274,104	413	43
	Totals...	3,733	647,992	283	8	5,392	299	6,780	648,008	6,196	123
Settlers' effects	Great Britain...	10,572		11,183		19,164	8,700	36,089		23,613	12
	United States...	148,246	17,229	142,285	9,930	407,680	25,900	478,134	500	420,558	32,888
	Other countries...	7,352	550	4,985		10,236	875	11,400	37,065	8,026	
	Totals...	166,170	17,779	158,453	9,930	437,030	35,475	525,593	38,115	452,197	32,600
Ships	Great Britain...										
	United States...		32,300						32,300		
	Other countries...	10,800				6,813		11,100			
	Totals...	10,800	32,300			6,813		11,100	32,300		

Vegetables— Potatoes	Great Britain	29,271	133	466	145	1,440	2	10,124	59,338	133	717	549
	United States	11,491	...	1,551	...	11,307	...	...	22,369	...	8,195	1,254
	B. W. Indies	17,019	...	8,739	2,531	32,634	...	...	35,942	1,504	15,934	6,224
	Other countries	10,733	...	3,033	...	...	...	...	31,542	...	14,335	751
	Totals	68,514	133	13,789	2,676	68,555	10,124	149,251	1,637	39,181	8,778	
Other vegetables, N.E.S.	Great Britain	12,757	...	1,250	...	1,655	...	5,768	385	...	1,377	721
	United States	267	15,498	6,113	721	12,605	...	77	23,954	15,501	10,255	...
	Other countries	...	79	154	8	2,471	...	...	7,986	79	1,020	8
	Totals	13,024	15,377	7,517	729	16,731	5,845	32,325	15,580	...	12,652	729
Wood and mfrs. of:— Logs, unmanufactured—	Great Britain	10,865	...	5,103	...	15,980	410	19,258	...	...	13,374	...
	United States	135,062	...	36,541	...	120,105	...	206,061	...	6	79,040	...
	Other countries	21	...	...	...	709	...	85	...	...	...	...
	Totals	145,948	...	41,644	...	136,794	410	225,404	...	6	92,414	...
Lumber— Deals, pine	Great Britain	552,188	...	213,034	...	578,146	...	787,605	...	...	302,342	...
	United States	16,000	...	6,204	...	86,857	...	54,224	...	...	9,000	...
	Belgium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries	...	...	1,485	...	1,935	...	210	...	...	1,485	...
	Totals	568,188	...	220,723	...	666,938	...	842,339	...	...	312,827	...
Deals, spruce and other	Great Britain	1,312,403	...	866,768	...	1,829,707	...	1,725,073	...	...	1,272,933	...
	United States	53,627	...	30,260	...	76,390	...	162,800	...	...	91,063	...
	France	...	...	...	...	965	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Spain	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries	9,110	...	445	...	7,559	...	15,652	...	...	2,098	...
	Totals	1,375,140	...	897,473	...	1,914,631	...	1,903,525	...	...	1,366,094	...
Deal ends	Great Britain	59,444	...	48,367	...	99,473	...	88,574	...	...	61,661	...
	United States	250	...	1,365	...	342	...	256	...	...	1,434	...
	Other countries	303	...	...	...	9,309	...	303	...	...	1,050	...
	Totals	59,997	...	49,732	...	109,124	...	89,133	...	...	64,145	...
Planks and boards	Great Britain	294,680	...	119,302	...	382,962	...	473,195	...	...	275,524	...
	United States	2,112,039	...	1,661,791	...	3,337,011	1,639	4,526,525	...	976	3,418,394	...
	Arg. Republic	135,574	...	109,459	...	247,598	...	400,694	...	...	214,380	...
	Other countries	231,805	...	216,231	...	405,174	...	432,151	...	...	458,755	...
	Totals	2,834,098	...	2,106,843	...	4,382,745	1,639	5,831,565	...	976	4,367,053	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.

MONTH OF JUNE.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.

Countries.

	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.			1907.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Lumber— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets	7,357 215,887 5,668			3,257 165,242 5,063			13,938 324,895 6,552			8,261 4,286 8,260			4,582 376,524 7,940		
Totals.	228,912			173,562			345,385			499,384			389,016		
Joists and scantling.	78,715 168,038 7,363			79,784 93,723 25,143			133,218 178,789 35,877			106,691 267,322 8,476			109,959 147,510 29,491		
Totals.	254,116			200,650			347,884			381,889			286,960		
Staves and headings.	2,203 6,185 3,437			1,078 16,779 584			5,465 18,594 298			4,099 12,567 5,471			5,303 44,054 922		
Totals.	11,825			18,441			24,357			20,137			50,279		
Other lumber, N.E.S.	30,189 46,843 5,929	2,272		6,080 13,318 205			67,829 83,456 7,472	136 295		53,180 98,736 12,661			20,400 51,747 560	714	
Totals.	82,961	2,272		19,603			158,757	431		164,577	2,727		72,707	714	
Shingles	280,131 3,448 645			280,243 1,545			450,031 9,543 308			593,986 6,445 814			575,918 3,358 689		
Totals.	284,225			281,788			457,877			601,145			580,565		

Shooks.....	Great Britain.....	33,836	15,720	67,484	55,372	48,194	.....
	United States.....	2,623	417	8,578	5,356	1,178	.....
	Mexico.....	2,211	813	5,642	5,595	813	.....
	Other countries.....	1,773	2,823	14,954	12,207	9,251	.....
Totals.....		40,443	19,773	96,658	78,530	59,416	.....
Timber, square— Oak.....	Great Britain.....	92,064	13,024	24,208	92,064	13,024	.....
	United States.....	.....	222	827	.....	1,057	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	92,064	13,246	25,035	92,064	14,081	.....
Pine, white	Great Britain.....	294,967	15,255	220,257	294,967	15,745	.....
	United States.....	2,985	.....	90	2,985	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	501	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	297,952	15,255	220,848	297,952	15,745	.....
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	178,533	26,915	190,478	234,247	31,647	.....
	United States.....	990	.....	3,990	13,154	463	.....
	Other countries.....	3,023	893	278	3,023	1,053	703
	Totals.....	182,546	27,808	194,746	250,424	33,006	703
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain.....	340,516	315,315	667,540	721,236	750,104	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	340,516	315,315	667,540	721,236	750,104	.....
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	3,600	.....	1,486	9,128	.....	.....
	United States.....	118,662	119,569	220,201	294,375	63	78
	Other countries.....	1,378	3,819	1,847	8,226	65	.....
	Totals.....	123,640	123,388	223,534	311,729	128	78
Wood, unmanufactured.....	Great Britain.....	2,951,044	1,413,087	3,630,631	3,950,114	2,174,198	.....
	United States.....	3,490,838	2,742,989	5,587,696	7,442,746	5,889,432	.....
	Other countries.....	471,689	368,568	756,526	918,173	65	1,495
	Totals.....	6,922,571	4,525,244	9,974,853	12,311,033	82,384	1,495

Recapitulation.

<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Wood, manufactured.....	Great Britain...	269,450	1,788	91,079	252	360,784	1,203	554,495	3,898	196,952	2,203
	United States...	275,645	6,344	388,370	2,272	685,909	19,311	736,871	19,090	827,145	16,922
	Other countries...	32,097	586	33,659	915	75,371	2,137	95,525	1,478	92,288	4,283
	Totals...	577,192	8,718	513,108	3,439	1,122,064	22,651	1,386,891	24,466	1,116,385	23,408
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Wood and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	3,220,494	79,872	1,504,766	252	3,991,415	16,889	4,504,609	81,982	2,371,150	2,203
	United States...	3,775,483	9,079	3,131,359	2,975	6,273,605	21,770	8,179,617	23,325	6,666,577	18,417
	Other countries...	503,786	586	402,227	915	831,897	2,212	1,013,698	1,543	833,088	4,283
	Totals.....	7,499,763	89,537	5,038,352	4,142	11,096,917	40,821	13,697,924	106,850	9,870,815	24,903
Wood and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	9,243	525	480	732	3,014	3,356	25,322	10,541	11,889	1,267
	United States...	1,028	144	10,193	8	84,076	2,496	22,838	256	111,820	8,999
	Newfoundland...	2,503	.....	1,369	887	12,597	.....	6,406	73	4,744	887
	Other countries...	50	382	68	.....	500	27	1,489	445	195	.....
	Totals.....	12,824	1,051	12,110	1,627	100,187	5,879	56,055	13,315	128,648	11,153
All other articles, N. E. S.....	Great Britain...	34,183	19,080	18,292	10,142	62,921	27,251	85,443	28,579	74,191	14,898
	United States...	120,611	77,673	148,947	33,286	216,828	448,871	296,970	142,415	351,716	83,559
	Other countries...	97,190	3,048	69,784	1,863	146,538	14,484	186,268	9,167	131,446	5,896
	Totals.....	251,984	99,751	236,963	45,291	425,782	490,606	568,681	180,161	557,353	103,253
Total exports (mdse).....	Great Britain...	12,899,547	1,010,988	9,392,839	1,138,592	20,203,212	1,574,039	28,037,959	1,295,600	21,152,188	1,613,699
	United States...	11,266,056	706,319	7,993,718	384,781	19,764,088	1,604,317	24,629,983	1,300,148	20,014,222	1,037,711
	Other countries...	3,084,381	332,434	1,923,294	50,198	6,034,738	81,804	6,421,519	386,551	4,800,347	89,648
	Totals.....	27,249,984	2,049,741	19,309,851	1,573,571	46,002,038	3,260,160	59,089,461	2,982,359	45,966,757	2,741,058
Coin and bullion	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	.....	1,437,287	.....	1,081,706	.....	1,203,767	.....	4,821,333	.....	4,186,662
	Other countries...	.....	36,156	.....	.....	.....	460	.....	36,256	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	1,473,443	.....	1,081,706	.....	1,204,227	.....	4,857,589	.....	4,186,662
Grand totals, Exports.....	Great Britain...	12,899,547	1,010,988	9,392,839	1,138,592	20,203,212	1,574,039	28,037,959	1,295,600	21,152,188	1,613,699
	United States...	11,266,056	706,319	7,993,718	384,781	19,764,088	2,808,084	24,629,983	6,121,481	20,014,222	5,224,373
	Other countries...	3,084,381	368,590	1,923,294	50,198	6,034,738	82,204	6,421,519	422,807	4,800,347	89,648
	Totals.....	27,249,984	3,523,184	19,309,851	2,655,277	46,002,038	4,464,387	59,089,461	7,839,948	45,966,757	6,927,720

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of June, 1906 and 1907, and during the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	June.		Three months ending June		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	505,753	552,293	1,389,644	1,632,270	1,873,673
Malt.....	111,846	122,163	330,675	351,331	414,098
Malt liquor.....	424	642	583	1,513	7,951
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	220,539	213,854	549,880	630,851	670,750
" Canadian leaf.....	15,439	13,371	39,951	40,842	37,230
" combination leaf.....	8,651	8,755	26,878	26,888	27,247
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	56,534	85,893	207,544	196,546	229,358
" Canadian leaf.....		22			87
" combination leaf.....	615	1,190	3,877	2,223	2,638
Snuff.....	2,773	2,687	7,588	8,754	8,895
Canada twist.....	214	40	426	428	75
Foreign raw leaf.....	98,842	132,528	315,641	355,565	411,303
Licenses.....		60	5	67	3,923
Totals, Tobacco.....	403,607	458,400	1,151,790	1,262,164	1,391,506
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	102,090	97,736	278,464	292,883	306,636
" Canadian leaf.....	525	453	1,363	961	1,054
" combination leaf.....	3,293	2,419	5,789	8,911	7,226
Licenses.....		175	113	149	14,850
Totals, Cigars.....	105,908	100,783	285,729	302,904	329,766
Acetic acid.....		338	1,721		450
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	4,867	5,971	12,924	15,889	20,761
Seizures.....	90	267	612	521	1,718
Other receipts.....	3,202	2,368	9,458	11,064	21,549
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,135,697	1,243,215	3,183,136	3,577,656	4,061,472
Hydraulic and other rents.....	967	967	1,100	1,017	1,100
Minor public works.....		5	712	1,422	977
Inspection of electric light.....	5,744	2,622	6,912	10,420	5,699
" gas.....	8,969	4,570	12,923	16,018	8,429
" weights and measures.....	12,724	7,404	22,132	24,006	15,559
Law stamps.....	1,675	894	4,925	3,155	2,322
Other revenues.....	5,544	5,647	18,567	16,428	19,834
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,171,320	1,265,324	3,250,407	3,650,122	4,115,392

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months* and *three months* ending June, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.						
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expendi- ture on account of Consoli- dated Fund.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Public Works (including Rail- ways).	Miscel- laneous.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	1,723,472	715,808	281,204	317,328	183,615	3,221,427	2,090,361	547,543
1899.....	1,976,082	760,694	260,411	348,201	145,908	3,491,296	2,244,641	442,476
1900.....	2,184,038	777,999	318,145	423,332	223,939	3,927,453	2,250,820	570,975
1901.....	2,288,309	801,419	350,626	502,458	221,852	4,164,664	2,948,260	824,928
1902.....	2,908,234	890,045	367,374	571,973	286,722	5,024,348	4,250,203	1,021,937
1903.....	3,616,680	978,362	431,540	548,103	439,203	6,013,888	2,489,132	605,064
1904.....	3,692,545	931,047	379,970	559,593	332,008	5,895,163	3,102,886	680,872
1905.....	3,653,398	1,052,541	510,770	615,256	318,463	6,150,428	3,422,364	814,413
1906.....	4,038,852	1,117,351	601,170	753,630	483,383	6,994,386	3,854,899	946,728
1907.....	5,203,178	1,212,672	550,000	922,144	224,397	8,112,391	4,079,861	1,697,659

THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	5,356,008	2,214,077	821,155	991,629	862,413	10,245,282	8,009,639	1,065,611
1899.....	6,394,657	2,468,449	785,743	1,204,450	786,015	11,639,314	8,577,675	1,384,890
1900.....	6,733,495	2,330,940	850,766	1,471,163	798,161	12,184,525	8,774,844	1,342,429
1901.....	6,869,328	2,553,971	949,794	1,547,864	896,974	12,817,931	9,946,896	2,254,911
1902.....	8,513,961	2,838,568	1,036,192	1,646,649	916,505	14,951,875	11,341,180	2,694,704
1903.....	9,990,059	3,011,446	1,145,353	1,739,051	1,256,121	17,142,030	9,781,018	1,356,005
1904.....	10,251,904	3,083,607	1,059,851	1,743,581	1,170,770	17,309,713	12,065,192	2,533,683
1905.....	10,466,592	3,146,621	1,266,878	2,019,353	1,144,545	18,043,989	11,559,230	2,589,293
1906.....	12,014,639	3,523,295	1,591,010	2,276,019	1,586,074	20,991,037	12,354,943	3,581,530
1907.....	11,021,101	2,815,794	1,257,392	2,010,144	625,465	17,729,896	11,319,072	4,124,003

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	21,467,037	7,812,038	3,434,606	3,807,265	2,373,529	38,894,475	30,996,897	4,648,865
1899.....	24,971,743	9,594,646	3,159,817	4,368,754	2,603,196	44,698,156	33,698,593	8,018,306
1900.....	28,102,751	9,817,121	3,098,410	5,173,544	2,842,772	49,034,598	34,826,401	7,799,468
1901.....	28,137,999	10,294,645	3,357,097	5,702,460	3,243,744	50,735,945	38,574,509	9,556,170
1902.....	31,945,652	11,116,791	3,737,025	6,380,723	3,123,504	56,303,695	42,255,318	11,532,155
1903.....	36,678,837	11,923,424	4,264,809	7,004,077	3,868,126	63,739,273	41,449,102	7,230,094
1904.....	40,499,608	12,847,011	4,547,368	6,864,372	3,854,922	68,613,281	44,726,446	9,106,358
1905.....	40,954,869	12,461,111	4,977,064	7,490,080	3,591,630	69,474,754	50,279,596	10,984,324
1906.....	45,629,519	13,911,186	5,766,056	8,307,839	4,391,999	78,006,599	54,061,325	12,727,867
1907.....	50,234,091	14,446,674	5,946,606	8,804,777	4,112,206	83,544,354	53,177,811	14,509,692

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.									
	Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.					
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Food, Drink and Tobacco:—									
Wheat and flour.....	80,010,924	89,540,755	89,248,749				3,576,041	2,852,879	3,748,394
Meat, including animals for food.....	59,433,412	65,304,617	64,118,316				944,089	1,531,199	1,624,659
Other food and drink—									
Free.....	72,308,193	81,293,330	81,826,186						
Dutiable.....	50,145,207	47,891,114	56,158,136						
Tobacco.....	4,041,204	4,885,948	3,573,430				13,769,800	15,914,136	16,602,642
Totals.....	265,938,940	288,915,764	294,924,817				1,111,426	1,245,448	1,461,820
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured:—									
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	35,891	48,959	2,137				19,401,356	21,543,662	23,437,515
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	6,805,611	8,318,724	8,984,864				31,644,795	38,433,092	50,024,479
Other metallic ores.....	8,823,145	11,101,338	13,738,286				648,284	665,230	997,139
Wood and timber.....	20,659,410	23,184,026	29,048,273				153,266	189,634	252,983
Cotton.....	56,351,956	43,269,436	67,953,842				76,810	113,105	158,586
Wool.....	29,653,286	49,336,444	48,951,060				1,800,398	3,197,084	3,403,225
Other textile materials.....	16,159,953	19,837,805	18,613,855				181,882	261,241	403,422
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	29,324,713	33,837,579	38,512,541				3,191,200	3,240,504	3,990,083
Hides and undressed skins.....	8,963,343	19,673,326	13,613,463				2,512,251	2,307,409	2,307,409
Materials for making paper.....	4,816,483	14,878,619	5,239,680				634,609	824,355	997,658
Miscellaneous.....	26,565,612	28,926,558	33,140,665				2,083,771	2,284,740	3,117,453
Totals.....	214,359,405	230,150,414	278,718,666				42,353,778	51,721,236	65,652,637
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured:—									
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	9,881,071	10,887,535	7,900,852				37,888,499	45,460,807	59,839,877
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	23,795,035	34,289,081	35,200,152				10,027,087	11,123,700	15,962,680
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	4,184,769	4,173,872	4,844,917				6,146,595	6,878,439	7,823,883
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	50,801	1,526,500	7,404,144				1,636,966	1,636,966	3,003,847
Machinery.....	6,318,218	6,798,524	7,497,860				28,080,012	31,914,821	38,564,522
Ships (new).....	38,608	66,264	28,509				6,928,543	21,357,464	16,646,673
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	2,553,828	2,630,570	2,384,224				1,271,518	1,414,643	1,609,698
Yarns and textile fabrics:—									
Cotton.....	8,727,656	10,818,946	10,715,145				104,642,108	112,881,384	126,854,684
Wool.....	14,565,413	14,759,281	12,813,057				31,549,980	33,534,501	37,094,580

Other materials.....				
Apparel.....	23,467,985	24,305,194	26,130,149	14,420,507
Alchemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	5,082,323	4,781,772	4,017,055	5,920,592
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	12,181,729	12,727,725	14,714,075	17,771,755
Pathenware and glass.....	12,282,250	16,113,859	5,961,096	5,685,344
Paper.....	4,903,983	5,002,535	4,880,016	3,693,254
Miscellaneous.....	5,914,027	6,794,153	6,423,606	2,304,731
	33,566,039	34,901,471	35,877,563	30,646,587
Totals.....	167,514,395	190,469,283	188,690,895	309,440,746
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....				
	2,730,165	2,834,536	2,784,303	5,370,036
Totals.....	650,542,905	712,369,997	765,118,681	370,565,916
Export of foreign produce.....				
				94,941,240
Grand totals.....	650,542,905	712,369,997	765,118,681	471,507,156
				540,697,325
				105,610,415
				435,086,910
				6,505,516
				355,316,496
				412,122,926
				7,112,604
				508,325,682
				122,736,797
				631,062,479

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the *months* of June, 1906 and 1907, and the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

[illegible]

Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	5,212	2,500	9,339	8,644	4,491	174,961	96,617	260,045	301,513	169,621
Salmon, "	"	107	7,011	10,416	112,321	44,674	681	116,284	140,773	1,632,537	746,770
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads	13,039	4,802	11,739	19,591	6,305	444,798	177,930	358,274	578,349	213,077
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	158,460	127,743	239,221	232,677	196,417	2,284,987	1,955,446	3,378,197	3,409,990	2,945,574
Total Imports, Principal Articles,											
							13,454,502	13,543,842	17,483,634	26,840,113	22,455,986

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the months of June, 1906 and 1907, and the three months ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.					
	Month of June.			Three months ending June.			Month of June.		
	1906.	1907.		1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.									
1. Articles of food and drink:—									
Salt, rock and white.....	8,111	7,657	Tons.	27,746	24,391	17,962	108,696	90,563	78,513
Spirits.....	41,454	53,514	Pt. galls.	161,083	192,267	256,631	118,722	395,007	541,304
2. Raw materials:—									
Wool, sheep and lambs.....	19,900	81,200	Lbs.	250,600	132,600	237,100	5,932	56,248	69,023
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured:—									
Cotton manufactures—									
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....	231,900	1,371,000	Yds.	658,200	583,200	3,069,800	37,510	35,998	177,608
" bleached.....	809,100	1,484,600	"	2,450,109	2,484,800	4,790,000	187,293	192,384	380,710
" dyed, or manufactured of dyed yarn.....	1,141,600	1,421,800	"	2,366,100	3,662,000	4,664,300	169,340	267,822	352,146
Jute manufactures—									
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,123,500	1,701,100	"	2,715,600	3,213,300	4,642,700	223,843	440,364	591,102
Linen manufactures—									
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,086,500	1,563,200	"	5,097,600	3,108,600	4,939,100	127,808	214,868	358,167
Silk manufactures—									
Lace.....	902,700	1,258,900	"	2,539,600	2,581,300	3,538,000	138,753	282,990	388,457
Silk and other materials.....									
Woollen tissues.....	637,200	938,400	Yds.	1,391,200	1,570,300	2,233,500	1,961	12,259	10,819
Worsted tissues.....	1,083,000	1,253,900	"	2,608,300	2,919,300	4,322,558	28,971	80,176	178,888
Carpets, not being rugs.....	203,500	174,200	"	563,100	563,100	570,700	666,237	791,120	1,066,622
Hardware, unenumerated.....							538,287	788,599	1,242,751
Cutlery.....							81,750	210,288	300,803
Iron and steel—							35,118	65,528	85,443
Iron: Pig.....	4,980	14,593	Tons.	10,360	16,952	49,276	110,711	132,110	147,284
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables.....	141	229	"	537	826	96,243	184,834	344,229	841,817
Bars, angles, rods and sections.....	1,233	2,409	"	5,159	8,568	10,210	36,763	35,692	59,464
Rails.....				13,283	7,753	64,386	189,931	365,953	364,265
Sheets and plates.....	2,587	4,765	"	7,752	6,373	11,184	324,772	2,652	48,233
Galvanized sheets.....	1,725	3,238	"	5,182	9,671	197,071	292,842	252,872	470,713
Tin plates and sheets.....	1,373	2,483	"	3,918	3,889	442,789	334,699	311,033	800,591
Wire.....	473	648	"	1,309	1,289	156,332	363,651	248,200	371,575
							109,646	147,956	191,887

Old, for re-manufacture.....	Tons.	1,826	1,603	5,527	3,813	8,009	27,268	26,981	79,126	55,581	130,913
Lead, pig.....	"	362	446	880	1,343	1,348	35,113	46,856	59,602	114,975	140,660
Tin, unwrought.....	Cwt.	600	1,120	2,200	2,760	3,100	27,239	52,448	71,744	120,561	143,785
Apparel and slops.....	"						128,202	144,321	227,502	282,510	390,071
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroideries and needlework.....	"										
Cement.....	Tons.	6,906	4,265	10,178	11,807	12,055	39,133	59,150	210,278	157,826	210,493
Earthenware and chinaware.....	"						49,654	36,139	87,366	86,042	101,577
Oil, seed.....	Tons.	162	157	3,281	540	564	111,447	131,638	247,070	316,650	393,216
Paper, writing or printing, and envelopes.....	"	4,070	6,136	15,926	12,931	20,206	16,313	17,700	271,559	54,895	62,181
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	"	887	2,813	3,008	2,982	5,179	27,808	44,560	109,368	88,334	137,080
Stationery, other than paper.....	"						14,176	20,440	35,584	43,960	46,224
							28,825	54,735	77,867	79,546	154,477
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India.....	Lbs.	111,028	84,057	172,525	333,711	291,778	15,739	21,136	37,160	55,787	63,183
" Ceylon.....	"	170,224	232,701	763,861	754,882	635,831	31,438	50,802	141,245	135,891	132,615
" China.....	"	15,315	3,717	79,708	65,421	79,932	2,857	730	12,833	10,430	12,483
" other countries.....	"	2,771	4,714	7,108	7,476	9,402	321	1,338	1,659	1,450	2,219
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....							2,650,603	4,094,720	7,237,808	7,605,255	11,239,962

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

Classification of Articles.	TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS:—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			26,680,433.
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			31,329,327
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			88,712,626
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			49,394,834
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			58,769,699
Miscellaneous.....			1,278,562
Totals, imports.....	188,339,384	212,244,566	256,165,481
Duties collected from Customs.....	39,700,336	46,659,475	54,903,688
EXPORTS:—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			28,643,394
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			57,444,221
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			72,344,284
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			43,530,679
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			83,006,944
Miscellaneous.....			2,053,692
Totals, exports, domestic.....	247,079,075	270,189,367	287,023,214
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	2,593,739	2,522,311	2,105,390
Dutiable.....	3,099,629	2,305,171	3,025,289
Totals, exports, foreign.....	5,693,368	4,827,482	5,130,679
Totals, exports.....	252,772,443	275,016,849	292,153,893
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.....	188,339,384	212,244,566	256,165,481
Exports.....	252,772,443	275,016,849	292,153,893
Grand totals.....	441,111,827	487,261,415	548,319,374

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTENTS.	MONTH OF MAY.				TWO MONTHS ENDING MAY.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.				1906.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa.....	799,980	1,317,114	1,585,709	916,124	2,261,450	3,210,971	1,882,430	3,013,370	3,981,114	1,939,405		
Asia.....	11,968,581	7,503,672	14,255,079	7,494,653	26,289,210	28,608,370	28,979,454	15,046,417	33,086,105	17,478,019		
Europe.....	54,135,339	82,931,299	64,366,164	86,053,069	86,002,044	155,151,953	107,807,834	181,965,453	125,719,423	189,185,870		
North America.....	25,102,377	28,906,577	29,031,590	32,264,283	45,303,014	49,205,828	48,853,043	56,653,025	57,568,726	65,141,733		
South America.....	11,137,443	6,614,817	13,254,640	4,938,694	23,219,715	10,550,944	19,777,718	12,078,936	28,192,156	11,985,870		
Oceanic.....	1,782,863	3,274,908	4,118,224	3,042,789	5,263,951	6,044,377	4,944,087	6,259,648	7,617,957	6,422,996		
Totals.....	104,926,583	130,548,387	126,611,406	134,709,612	188,339,384	252,772,443	212,244,566	275,016,849	256,165,481	292,153,893		

Ecuador.....	338,079	321,032	197,202	130,089	512,307	356,582	516,181	496,861	366,881	274,740
France.....	8,496,755	5,912,671	9,049,450	5,941,564	13,440,006	9,658,682	17,184,958	13,765,388	19,862,192	16,090,831
Germany.....	10,628,039	16,651,699	14,312,754	16,018,938	17,714,670	27,513,491	20,025,242	37,026,052	25,980,431	34,030,405
Greece.....	214,568	5,927	240,164	209,527	172,293	27,903	332,877	13,312	442,726	358,409
Italy.....	3,587,046	3,297,515	4,956,712	4,338,944	6,660,256	5,079,278	7,453,641	8,372,564	9,789,917	8,410,793
Japan.....	3,184,322	2,362,025	3,518,825	3,053,881	7,322,285	12,375,984	7,318,404	4,839,291	7,947,457	7,217,419
Mexico.....	5,187,420	5,146,366	5,890,361	5,769,403	8,906,011	8,469,075	9,751,847	10,411,109	11,134,543	11,931,316
Netherlands.....	2,802,066	6,626,640	3,460,638	8,026,763	4,760,439	13,648,854	6,346,948	14,977,168	6,366,971	17,467,721
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	243,314	504,049	288,189	240,139	991,092	1,774,358	379,177	1,054,269	563,914	826,888
Sweden.....	274,650	571,478	387,193	449,307	1,243,857	314,201	522,255	1,227,177	631,178	1,278,126
Portugal.....	574,825	44,479	381,879	645,184	1,279,600	810,929	984,550	171,235	837,900	1,159,031
Peru.....	431,715	279,443	382,066	305,333	2,496,955	1,052,236	251,751	727,772	1,133,692	783,651
Philippine Islands.....	881,788		1,109,739	617,756			1,827,776	1,209,874	1,658,987	1,261,978
Russia—										
In Asia.....	10,521	352,807	10,745	305,006	2,171,853	2,303,158	12,674	730,553	61,476	456,774
In Europe.....	1,412,874	1,102,069	1,563,705	708,990	1,516,499	2,800,001	522,255	2,454,327	2,679,584	3,067,710
Spain.....	847,870	1,270,808	1,133,027	1,563,296	3,016,499	3,142,163	1,352,163	3,438,225	2,464,301	3,287,285
Switzerland.....	1,634,354	81,291	2,278,077	1,555,386	3,016,499	46,582	3,352,894	89,611	4,320,928	107,486
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,016,271	81,291	1,268,077	174,094	1,633,993	170,782	2,350,751	171,524	2,688,215	339,385
Ukraine.....	245,864	317,796	54,490	126,026	870,527	570,782	471,200	471,200	1,320,458	499,574
Venezuela.....	698,720	287,949	833,620	283,413	869,039	522,546	1,362,248	625,826	1,320,458	467,375
Other Foreign Countries.....	964,848	1,082,741	1,357,362	1,289,709	12,110,486	2,473,592	1,000,302	2,607,616	2,358,464	3,516,317
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	70,418,522	69,278,385	86,324,467	68,947,349	131,870,584	130,634,007	142,523,048	148,516,999	174,050,762	156,742,852
Grand totals.....	104,926,583	130,548,387	126,611,406	134,709,612	188,339,384	252,772,443	212,244,566	275,016,849	256,165,481	292,153,893
	235,474,970		261,321,018		441,111,827		487,261,415		548,319,374	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907 (*From United States Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of May.		Two months ending May.		Month of May.		Two months ending May.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Animals—										
Horses.....		318	628	650	505					
Art work.....	295					42,854	116,469	83,986		\$ 102,421
Books, &c.....						718	341,631	870		9,661
Cement, Roman—						8,798	21,552	17,591		17,138
Coal, bituminous.....	1,287,650	103,096	62,000	1,299,550	2,700	8,533	356	8,597		23
Coal, bituminous.....	122,688	103,096	217,557	245,257	219,225	306,317	519,242	600,351		504,404
Copper and manufactures of—	3,356	13,407	30,603	6,610	21,777	114,043	229,646	192,261		412,303
Copper and manufactures of—										
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other un-										
manufactured.....	2,522,625	2,497,192	4,087,103	5,665,201	6,354,355	453,711	633,796	1,020,269		1,528,406
Fibres, vegetable, &c., and manufactures of—										
Flax.....	168	68	238	277	270	36,615	50,598	59,945		58,919
Fruits—										
Panamas.....						591	1,138	960		
Lemons.....						37	36	38		
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....						128,896	298,175	272,695		332,610
Hides and skins, other than fur—										
Cattle hides.....						174,665				
All other.....										
Iron and steel and manufactures of—										
Iron ore.....										
Tin plates.....										
Jewellery, and other precious stones, &c.....										
Lead and manufactures of—										
Pigs, bars, &c.....										
Paper stock, crude (see also wood pulp).....										
Provisions—										
Cheese.....	3,969	4,171	15,450	6,453	8,582	677	300	717		8,629
Spices, nutmegs, peppers.....	3,380		1,784	3,380	32,207					1,308
Spirits, distilled—										
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture). Proof. Galls.	43,290	58,999	47,177	74,076	123,453	29,336	16,003	52,142		153,321
Sugar.....	47,957		503,196	542,403	3,709	18,761	26,674	36,745		
Tea.....	217,723	208,634	262,280	377,752	387,659	54,440	51,959	94,694		93,313
Tobacco and manufactures of—										
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers.....										
Leaf, all other sorts.....	11,459	6,892	57,602	13,222	9,417	5,986		7,256		7,713
		13,275			19,499					11,053

Wood and manufactures of—	M. ft.											
Boards, planks, &c.....	120,409	89,207	124,295	180,546	136,354	1,903,902	1,621,613	1,926,450	2,812,730	2,437,288		
Wood pulp.....	8,741	13,128	17,579	20,428	24,878	183,368	300,743	384,470	418,992	542,702		
Wool.....	2,219	160,079	242,410	21,635	419,687	2,731,465	43,441	54,337	5,914	116,279		
All other goods imported.....							3,518,239	4,331,452	4,931,343	6,459,710		
Totals, Imports.....						6,515,367	7,282,162	9,833,064	11,451,948	13,284,149		

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.							
	Month of May.		Two months ending May.		Month of May.		Two months ending May.		1905.	1906.	1907.	\$
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.				
Agricultural implements.....						\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—												
Cattle.....	3,176	1,719	4,946	6,483	3,613	318,766	277,896	319,321	596,127	673,011		
Hogs.....	42	6	17,951	82	41	103,979	47,030	128,658	210,821	102,062		
Horses.....	4,722	4,283	5,842	12,641	10,629	214	90	156,795	607	380		
Sheep.....	4,821	2,261	9,693	11,801	4,560	620,549	701,450	625,759	1,530,485	1,465,278		
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....						14,518	7,471	29,080	42,455	14,555		
Breadstuffs—						160,731	189,717	311,657	299,814	354,494		
Corn.....	568,177	1,129,134	2,370,764	1,071,056	2,585,115	292,357	607,308	1,233,368	557,043	1,329,536		
Oats.....	32,622	2,108	564,046	205,571	3,761	10,148	987	184,443	70,478	1,558		
Wheat.....	4,011	5,284	16,321	111,752	8,786	2,990	3,878	14,926	96,526	6,622		
Wheat flour.....	10,045	15,489	13,340	33,426	31,050	35,907	57,001	64,821	134,135	117,127		
Carriages, cars and parts of—												
Automobiles and parts of.....						120,159	150,079	47,760	202,292	324,527		
Cycles and parts of.....						16,338	8,727		23,315	21,513		
Railway carriages.....						191,699	42,690	525,616	344,293	137,813		
Other kinds.....												
Clocks and watches.....						65,921	89,762	145,032	139,419	191,515		
Coal—												
Anthracite.....	148,222	275,441	554,641	263,084	490,226	699,432	1,318,957	2,674,526	1,297,429	2,348,457		
Bituminous.....	393,163	641,326	758,677	663,212	1,138,409	927,272	1,531,508	1,811,730	1,573,169	2,755,976		
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ingots, bars and old.....	316,169	228,498	738,222	453,153	335,006	60,042	55,822	115,823	86,442	84,440		
Ore, matte and regulus.....	1,955	6,446		4,007	12,316	20,825	97,280		119,984	187,042		
Cotton and manufactures—												
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	6,904	5,638	17,537	14,332	16,279	394,687	301,924	746,675	816,303	896,928		
" coloured and uncoloured.....	3,574,664	2,881,417	8,829,449	7,462,447	8,420,641	84,313	59,483	116,950	163,607	122,369		
Wearing apparel.....	1,076,414	610,024	1,508,145	1,808,062	1,265,815	251,046	95,644	464,680	562,183	225,786		
Other kinds.....												
Fertilizers.....						14,280	32,024	48,766	58,317	99,400		
Fibres, vegetable, &c.—												
Twine.....	647	1,286	2,337	2,504	4,082							
Fish—												
Salmon, canned.....		492				154,447				221,914		
Fruits and nuts.....					6,588	250,332	276,050	463,243	441,646	481,270		
Furs and fur skins.....						89,105	131,997	292,670	235,466	316,780		

Hides and skins other than fur.....	Lbs.	23,523	47,760	100,787	193,878	99,387	1,909	7,527	11,724	23,172	13,693
Hops.....	Lbs.	13,182	31,518	27,702	29,432	71,519	1,637	5,995	7,794	3,822	12,915
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes—											
Electrical appliances.....											
Other kinds.....											
Iron and steel and manufactures of—	Tons.		44				109,190	117,925	178,194	222,601	219,076
Billets, ingots of steel, &c.....								28,951			54,991
Builders' hardware and saws and tools.....											
Machinery, viz—											
Electrical.....	No.					351	223,391	236,283	401,625	442,082	19,957
Locomotive.....											496,734
Metal working.....											
Sewing machines and parts of.....											
Typewriting machine and parts of.....											
Pipes and fittings.....											
Structural iron and steel.....	Lbs.		7,112,566			12,050,496					
Steel bars or rails for railways.....	Tons.		7,047			14,651					
Wire.....	Lbs.	14,363	12,180,216	970	18,917	19,206	403,334	394,868	25,853	530,249	777,475
Leather and manufactures of—											
Boots and shoes.....											
Sole leather.....	Lbs.	55,869	84,921	126,127	91,195	124,081	105,183	103,277	222,311	243,002	269,537
Saddles, harness, &c.....											
Other leathers.....											
Naval stores.....											
Rosin, tar and pitch.....	Bbls.	8,943	8,494	16,706	12,202	13,709	38,959	44,247	54,060	52,648	75,011
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Galls.	111,234	106,277	189,581	197,433	203,029	71,304	67,557	109,870	127,916	135,236
Oil cake and oil cake meal—											
Cottonseed.....	Lbs.										
Flaxseed.....		61,000			444,848		871		7,894	3,457	
Oils—											
Mineral, crude.....	Galls.	2,733,259	3,130,629	7,119,507	5,190,023	5,163,553	90,412	94,853	227,239	171,289	158,360
Mineral, refined.....											
Illuminating.....	"										
Lubricating.....	"										
Cotton-seed.....	"	1,105,765	647,388	1,482,788	1,793,961	1,231,140	116,767	50,125	144,202	190,265	94,500
Paper and manufactures of—											
Printing.....	Lbs.										
Other kinds.....											
Paraffine and paraffine wax.....	Lbs.		532,750			956,926	212,769	28,658	417,261	457,853	51,008
Provisions—											
Meat products—											
Beef products—											
Beef, canned.....	"	23,312	7,613	190,782	190,902	12,160	2,620	1,000	22,142	17,347	1,570
" fresh.....	"	5,415	126,683	9,796	15,164	131,232	558	12,060	933	1,642	13,078
" salted or pickled, and other, cured.....	"	352,275	854,877	1,017,425	1,162,695	1,263,580	21,414	45,884	53,512	72,823	68,130
Tallow.....	"	55,697		7,644	56,654		2,217		301	2,269	
Hog products—											
Bacon.....	"	135,801	151,688	329,261	386,749	267,202	17,954	21,181	37,799	47,751	36,950
Hams.....	"	423,313	195,498	543,940	697,487	354,256	53,954	26,820	60,925	89,113	48,830
Pork—											
Salted or pickled.....	"		880,887	1,788,266	1,876,745	1,544,446	78,837	80,676	129,804	148,442	137,539
Fresh.....	"										
Lard.....	"	635,690	637,479	569,067	1,342,107	1,131,424	59,343	63,006	46,272	121,005	111,116
Oleo and bleomargarine.....	"	197,558	411,956	286,214	464,618	448,730	18,427	40,421	25,575	42,124	44,043
Dairy products—											
Butter.....	"	25,764	79,469	41,838	64,472	176,574	5,129	19,860	10,302	13,976	44,457
Cheese.....	"	271,599	211,003	20,849	296,421	317,856	28,588	20,879	3,040	31,673	31,869

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of May, 1906 and 1907, and the *two months* ending May, 1905, 1906, 1907, and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of May.		Two months ending May.		Month of May.		Two months ending May.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Seeds—										
Flaxseed or linseed.....										
Other kinds.....										
Sugar, refined.....	399,956		78,048	641,264		358,482		138,764	559,304	37
Tobacco and manufactures of—						14,361		2,890	20,547	
Leaf, stems and trimmings.....	908,624	622,618	2,885,904	1,501,338	2,070,195	115,803	77,509	270,081	107,993	224,187
Cigars.....										
Cigarettes.....										
Plug.....		44,213			79,286	16,047	11,552	32,516	33,385	19,671
Other kinds.....										
Wood and manufactures of—										
Timber and unmanufactured wood.....						159,485	137,999	219,098	239,661	213,623
Lumber, Boards, planks, deals, joists, &c.....	10,962	25,588	22,772	20,079	45,130	283,413	764,696	513,893	533,185	1,320,354
Manufactures of wood—										
Furniture, N.E.S.....						85,809	100,621	116,919	159,806	207,689
All other goods exported, including foreign produce.....						8,165,332	8,317,622	13,324,315	15,474,905	16,668,979
Totals, Exports.....						16,024,592	18,415,164	27,935,375	30,626,710	36,413,326

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.		Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
			\$	\$	\$
Australia(a).....	(3 mos.)	March.....		52,428,599	59,422,000
British South Africa.....	(4 "	April.....		55,879,066	46,763,800
Canada (special).....	(3 "	June.....	72,334,046	81,052,868	95,553,677
Great Britain (special).....	(3 "	".....	650,542,905	712,369,997	765,118,681
United States.....	(2 "	May.....	188,339,384	212,244,566	256,165,481
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(4 "	April.....	146,458,207	169,566,103	155,584,681
Belgium (principal articles).....	(5 "	May.....	229,549,954	262,870,246	302,399,541
British India.....	(4 "	April.....	114,784,452	127,635,912	132,056,568
Egypt.....	(4 "	".....	32,205,000	34,855,000	41,995,000
France (special).....	(6 "	June.....		669,742,600	618,826,600
Germany (special).....	(3 "	March.....	382,328,674		489,782,342
Italy (special).....	(2 "	February.....	56,187,897	71,175,891	87,690,901
Japan (special).....	(4 "	April.....	90,362,500	75,796,000	87,327,000
Mexico(a).....	(2 "	February.....	28,662,000	45,825,000	40,866,000
Portugal.....	(8 "	*August.....	45,246,600	45,291,960	44,491,680
Russia (special).....	(2 "	February.....	35,604,010	52,334,815	52,379,620
Spain (principal articles).....	(4 "	April.....	63,067,189	64,916,129	60,810,054
Switzerland (special).....	(3 "	March.....	57,432,621	63,336,617	70,993,892

EXPORTS.

Australia(a).....	(3 mos.)	March.....		91,804,800	97,746,999
British South Africa.....	(4 "	April.....		61,675,266	76,761,933
Canada (special).....	(3 "	June.....	46,002,038	59,089,461	45,966,757
Great Britain (special).....	(3 "	".....	376,565,916	435,086,910	508,325,682
United States (special).....	(2 "	May.....	247,079,075	270,189,367	287,023,214
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(4 "	April.....	127,761,298	150,605,903	144,027,079
Belgium (principal articles).....	(5 "	May.....	164,533,465	187,243,389	194,711,524
British India.....	(4 "	April.....	175,409,712	194,825,412	227,227,680
Egypt.....	(4 "	".....	35,130,000	44,355,000	52,475,000
France (special).....	(6 "	June.....		504,786,800	552,179,000
Germany (special).....	(3 "	March.....	304,517,430		387,408,070
Italy (special).....	(2 "	February.....	45,159,298	55,039,161	53,084,457
Japan (special).....	(4 "	April.....	47,731,000	57,164,000	64,163,000
Mexico(a).....	(2 "	February.....	33,801,000	48,588,000	44,254,000
Portugal.....	(8 "	*August.....	22,339,800	20,161,440	21,662,640
Russia (special).....	(2 "	February.....	60,484,690	67,953,735	58,087,365
Spain (principal articles).....	(4 "	April.....	54,476,952	57,032,079	57,630,958
Switzerland (special).....	(3 "	March.....	43,874,111	49,772,963	53,485,125

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TARIFF CHANGES

BRITISH INDIA.

I.—DUTY ON PETROLEUM IMPORTED FOR SANITARY PURPOSES.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 1959-101, dated March 1, 1907.—Customs Circular No. 1 of 1907.)

In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII. of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt from the whole of the customs duty in excess of five per cent *ad valorem* leviable thereon on importation into British India, petroleum which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, and which is proved to the satisfaction of the customs collector to be intended for use exclusively for some sanitary or hygienic purpose.

II.—AMENDED TARIFF VALUATION OF MOLASSES.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 3023-37, dated April 13, 1907.—Customs Circular No. II. of 1907.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII. of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, for the item of 'Molasses' of entry No. 8, in the notification of the Government of India in this department, No. 10123-30, dated December 22, 1906, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

No.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		Rs.	As.	
8.	Molasses from Java cwt.	2	6	Five per cent.
	Molasses from other countries "	2	12	"

III.—AMENDED TARIFF VALUATION OF CAMPHOR.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 4133-37, dated May 16, 1907.—Customs Circular No. III. of 1907.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII. of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, for the corresponding items of entry No. 11 in the notification of the Government of India in this department, No. 10123-30, dated December 22, 1906, the following shall be substituted with effect from May 21, 1907, namely:—

No.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		Rs.	As.	
11.	Camphor, refined, cake lb.	3	12	Five per cent.
	Camphor, partially refined, cake, in blocks of about			
	13 lb. lb.	2	12	"
	Camphor, crude, in powder lb.	2	4	"

FIJI.

I.—AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CUSTOMS DUTIES ORDINANCE, 1898.

(No. XII, passed May 10, 1905, assented to May 19, 1905.)

1. This ordinance may be cited for all purposes as ‘The Customs Duties Amendment Ordinance, 1905.’

2. ‘The Customs Duties Ordinance, 1898,’ is hereby amended and shall be read as if in the list of articles exempt from duty contained in the schedule thereto the word ‘undressed’ were omitted from the clause ‘timber, undressed, cut for cases, not exceeding three feet in length, for exporting fruit.’

3. The following articles shall be added to the said list of articles exempt from duty contained in the schedule to the said ordinance, viz.:—

‘Articles imported as the property of and for the use of the Pacific Cable Board, on allowance by the Governor in Council.’

II.—THE SOLOMONS (CUSTOMS) REGULATIONS, 1907.

(‘Fiji Royal Gazette,’ No. 9, of March 1, 1907.)

IMPORT DUTY ON TOBACCO.

1. On and after the coming into force of this regulation duty at the rate of one shilling for each pound avoirdupois weight shall be collected and paid on all tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured imported into the protectorate. Provided that any duty that may have been properly and lawfully collected under the provisions of ‘The Solomons (Tobacco) Import Duty Regulation, 1906,’ that is to say, after the third day of November, one thousand nine hundred and six, shall be deemed to have been collected under this regulation.

SOUTHERN NIGERIA.

ORDINANCE TO MAKE FURTHER PROVISIONS WITH REGARD TO THE DUTIES OF CUSTOMS.

(No. 16, dated and assented to December 22, 1906.)

1. This ordinance may be cited as ‘The Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1906.’

2. The first schedule to the Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1904, and the first schedule to the Customs Tariff Proclamation, 1904, are, and each of them is hereby amended, as follows:—

Item 1 of each of the said schedules and all amendments thereof and substitutions therefor in each of the said schedules respectively is hereby repealed, and the following substituted therefor:—

(i) On brandy, gin, rum, liqueurs, perfumed, medicated and miscellaneous spirits or strong waters, not being sweetened or mixed with any article, so that the degree of strength cannot be ascertained by Tralles’ hydrometer, for every imperial gallon not exceeding a strength of fifty per centum by such hydrometer 0 4 0

And for every degree or part of a degree in excess of a strength of fifty per centum by hydrometer as aforesaid, an additional duty per imperial gallon. 0 0 1

3. This ordinance shall come into force on the 22nd day of December, 1906.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

AUSTRALASIA.

- J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

CHINA.

- H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

FRANCE.

- A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.
J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.
P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

- Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

- A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

- E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

NORWAY.

- C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

SOUTH AFRICA.

- John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

WEST INDIES.

- G. Eustace Burke, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

- W. T. R. Preston, Trade Commissioner, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

- Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

- D. Tréau De Coeli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

- Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

- H. N. Murray, Exeter.
L. Burnett, York.
John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.
John McLennan, Aberdeen.
E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

No. 14, BUND, ROOM B, YOKOHAMA, June 12, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the Monthly Return, for the four months ending April 30, of the present and the previous year:—

Exports to Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Silk tissues, habutae..	\$87,409	\$110,754
Silk handkerchiefs..	10,200	25,028
Cotton tissues..	1,550	1,304
Mats and mattings for floor (Hanagoza)..	35,341	17,089
Porcelain and earthenware..	34,529	24,404
Lacquered ware..	3,368	3,774
Tea..	39,331	23,670
Rice..	94,819	47,016
Straw-plaits and chip-braids..	550	1,506
Camphor..	348	4,181

Imports from Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Flour..	\$45,946	\$ 24,304

The 'principal items' given in the Monthly Return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the Annual Return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

Principal Imports.	For April, 1907. Value.	Four months ending April 30, compared.	
		1907. Value.	1906. Value.
	\$	\$	\$
Flour, wheat..	362,650	1,080,169	1,760,908
Butter..	10,440	20,063	26,856
Salted salmon..	30	119,130	168,863
Condensed milk..	103,962	297,574	254,846
Fertilizers..	3,365,102	6,772,785	4,516,486
Leather, sole..	143,068	348,864	193,481
Lead, pig, ingot and slab..	2,814	16,384	9,366
Printing paper..	166,756	495,472	426,325
Cotton, duck..	4,057	18,565	31,078
Cotton, prints..	37,949	205,019	277,121
Cotton, satins and italians..	63,766	256,856	368,417
White shirtings..	64,840	176,940	291,856
Gray shirtings..	52,490	112,854	958,066
Pulp (sulphite)..	96,548	301,074	361,407

TOTAL IMPORTS.			TOTAL EXPORTS.		
April, 1907. Value.	Four months ending April 30.		April 1907. Value.	Four months ending April 30.	
	1907. Value.	1906. Value.		1907. Value.	1906. Value.
\$ 26,678,436	\$ 87,505,388	\$ 75,886,202	\$ 17,257,672	\$ 64,696,146	\$ 57,883,204

TRADE RETURNS FOR 1906.

The 'Annual Return of the Foreign Trade of the Empire of Japan,' usually issued about the third week of March, just received, is the only detailed trade return published. This volume is now issued for 1906, and from it the returns of trade between Canada and Japan are in part submitted, as follows:—

Imports from Canada.

	Quantity.	Value.
Butter... ..	46,140 lbs.	\$ 11,479
Cheese... ..	9,479 "	1,910
Flour, wheat... ..	4,141,329 "	81,821
Salted salmon and trout... ..	7,700,288 "	203,877
Salted salmon and trout, roes... ..	137,398 "	2,894
Whisky... ..	2,506 litres.	1,533
Comestibles, in cans... ..	.....	1,628
Comestibles, all others not otherwise specified... ..	.....	8,409
Fenders, grates, stoves, and fittings thereof... ..	.....	539
Lead, pig, ingot and slab... ..	2,372,241 lbs.	85,180
Paper, printing... ..	224,640 "	22,571
Fertilizers... ..	.....	28,100
Pulp (sulphite)... ..	69,590 lbs.	856
Boards, for deck, flooring, &c... ..	70,532 S. feet.	3,483
Lumber and timber... ..	89,622 C. "	27,343
Bicycles... ..	27 number	494
Soap, toilet... ..	1,211 lbs.	274
Soap, washing... ..	124,590 "	4,398

Principal Items of Import from Canada—1905 and 1906 compared.

	1906.	1905.
Flour, wheat... ..	\$ 81,821	\$ 52,053
Salted salmon and trout... ..	203,877	143,610
Comestibles, in cans... ..	1,628	2,264
Leather, sole... ..	.....	2,575
Lead, pig, ingot and slab... ..	85,180	25,494
Paper, printing... ..	22,571	3,020
Whisky... ..	1,533	294
Fertilizers... ..	28,100	16,981
Pulp (sulphite)... ..	856	.....
Timber and lumber... ..	27,343	25,782
Timber, lumber, boards and planks, others... ..	6,092	55,235
Bicycles... ..	494	1,810

Total Exports and Imports between Canada and Japan compared.

	1906.	1905.
Exports, Japan to Canada...	\$1,976,526	\$1,620,018
Imports, Japan from Canada...	501,160	366,011
Total...	\$2,477,686	\$1,986,029

GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

The Governor General of Formosa offers a prize of 30,000 yen for the best plan for building the offices of the Governor General of Formosa. The competition is open to any resident of Japan and the applicants must send in two plans. The date for sending in plans for the first competition is from November 1 to 30, this year; and that for the second, from December 1 to 25, next year.

Successful first candidates will number not more than 10, each of whom is to receive a prize of 1,000 yen. These persons only are allowed to go through the second competition; in this the first prize will amount to 30,000 yen, second 15,000 yen, and third 5,000 yen. Particulars are published in the *Official Gazette*.

CONFERENCE OF INVENTORS.

The *Japan Times* makes the announcement that advantage will be taken of the coming Grand Exhibition in 1912 to hold an international conference of the world's inventors at Tokyo, promoted by the Japan Association for the Protection of Industrial Rights.

CANADIAN FLOUR.

A reliable and valued source of correspondence in Western Canada, interested in the Canadian flour trade, writes as follows:—

'We are pleased to note that Canadian flour is becoming more generally used in your markets. We fully believe that Canadian flour will have a larger trade in the Oriental markets, if Canadian millers and wheat-growers could get it out of their heads that there is no other wheat or flour in the world to compare with theirs. You will understand we do not state that Canadian flour is not all right in quality, but we do think and know from experience that Pacific Coast States' flour gives splendid satisfaction in milling as to yield, &c., and contains many good qualities appreciated by the household, and privately we think it would be for the general good of Canada to have you write more in your reports on this point, in order that the Canadian millers may better appreciate the strength of the competition they have to meet. This might also apply to some extent to the transportation companies who are inclined to charge higher rates of freight from Canada to the Orient, and not disposed to recognize or appreciate the keen competition they are up against from American mills.'

It is the Alberta and Western Saskatchewan wheat that is going to do it. Doubtless the millers will rise to the occasion when it offers; the raw material must become available to them. For some months past, flour labelled Enderby, Okanagan, Edmonton and Cardston has been seen carted along the streets of Yokohama and Tokyo, some of these brands frequently. This is the result of wheat-growing tributary to the Pacific. Although the Canadian prices are said to continue too high to be competitive, yet there has been sufficient movement to give promise of what will follow upon the greater production of Alberta wheat.

Of Canadian manufacturers generally, there is little evidence of present ability or intention to appear in this market.

CANADIANS TOO BUSY AT HOME.

A manufacturer from the Maritime Provinces passing through lately, taking the 'around the Globe' trip, was asked if he did not wish to look into the market here

with the view to export to this country. He said, 'No, he was out for his health,' although his appearance did not indicate anything disturbing in that direction. Being pressed, he said, well the fact was, unless things had gone wrong since he left home, his company had enough to do in their line to supply the home market. Upon its being suggested that the Canadian manufacturers must be making money, being so well off for a market: Well, he said, that was so in a way, and it was not so, for his firm had to put their profits so largely into extensions of premises and plant; and he thought his 'situation in that respect was that of the manufacturing business generally throughout Canada. The prosperity of the country was marvellous.'

TEXTILES.

Another Canadian manufacturer, largely interested in textiles, literally travelling for his health, said he had got away from business and he was going to strictly let it alone for a time; 'but in any case the demands of a rapidly developing home market were such that they could not pretend to offer business to Japan.'

CANADIAN NEWS PAPER.

At this end of the Canadian line, this was depressing. A few days afterwards, however, there was something of a reaction in the sight, on the Ginza, the Broadway of Tokyo, of several dray-loads of news paper, the rolls bearing the name of the manufacturer, the familiar name of J. R. Booth, Ottawa, Canada. The importation of printing paper from Canada came from nothing in 1904 to 6,000 yen in 1905, and to over 45,000 yen in 1906.

MORE MONEY POWER WANTED.

At the recent ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, one of the leading British banks operating in the Far East, held in London, the chairman, in giving explanations of a large addition to the capital, justified the proposal on two grounds: the increased volume of business, and the increased value of the great trade staples with which they had to deal.

Referring to Japan's chief staple production, he said: 'I would just notice, in passing, that the coming silk crop of Japan is likely to cost in financing it some £18,000,000, as compared with £14,000,000 last year. Fortunate Japan! It is not surprising that with these two causes, activity of trade and high prices, over and above all other money-absorbing interests, we should have seen during the past winter high bank rates and high discount rates, and almost what I may call a scarcity of money.'

REVISING CHAMBER OF COMMERCE METHODS.

A conference of the Secretaries of Chambers of Commerce throughout the empire will be held during the first week of July at the Department of Agriculture and Commerce in Tokyo. The principal object of the conference is to unify procedure, which at present is different in each case, and also to devise means of reconciling misunderstandings that often arise between merchants and the chambers of commerce.

THE COPPER INDUSTRY.

Within the past year there has been much disagreement and destruction of property in connection with the copper mining industry. This is an example of how readily the Japanese workman adopts the recourses of his Occidental neighbour. Like the mob elsewhere, the Japanese mob is not always logical. One of his peculiarities is his inclination to destroy property; a way he has of giving expression to his displeasure, as in the case of the Tokyo and Yokohama riots about the Portsmouth Treaty, and the copper mine riots of a year ago, the damage amounting to millions of yen.

The strikers now holding out at one of the principal mines have burned the buildings and machinery, and thus destroyed their means of living, and caused a loss that the industry will have to bear.

Copper mining and smelting is, however, a valuable industry in Japan. The total output amounts in quantity to about 40,000 tons annually, and in value to about \$10,000,000.

ESTIMATE—BARLEY CROP.

The barley crop this year is estimated at about 19,800,000 koku (99,000,000 bushels), showing an increase of about 5 per cent, as compared with the total crop last year, and an increase of about 2 per cent over the average yield.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The wheat crop now being harvested in Japan is estimated at 20,344,672 koku, which is 231,198 koku, or 4.2 per cent increase, as compared with the average year's crop. A koku is equal to five bushels.

THE TRADE WITH SIBERIA.

Tsuruga, a port with excellent harbour, on the west coast of Japan, has sprung into prominence upon the probabilities of the Siberian trade.

The foreign trade of this port from January to May, this year, amounted to 738,320 yen, of which 347,691 yen were imports. Compared with the figures for the corresponding period of last year, the total is more than double. The trade between Tsuruga and Vladivostock has been confined to exports only before April last, when goods began to come from Vladivostock to Japan. The value of imports from the Russian port for the second ten days of last month amounted to 16,500 yen. The goods imported from Vladivostock are chiefly beans, bean cake, and wheat bran, products used in Japan for fertilizing and as fodder for pigs, horses and cattle. This traffic was at one time shipped at Newchwang for Kobe. The causes of the change are the reduction of freight charges to the Russian port, and competition by steamers across to Japan. The *Japan Chronicle*, enabled to view this matter from a Kobe standpoint, doubts that the 'imports at Tsuruga will continue to increase at the present rate,' but points out that 'an immense quantity of bean cake is used for fertilizer in Fukui, Ishikawa and Toyama Prefectures. Beans are largely used also for making miso (Japanese soup), and that in and about Nagoya factories have been started to make bean cake with imported beans; and the import trade in beans through Tsuruga has a very favourable prospect.'

Japanese merchants have begun to direct attention to the importation of flour from Siberia. Some of the leading flour merchants of Kobe and Yokohama are now investigating the prospect of trade in Siberian flour. If the result be satisfactory, it is expected by the vernacular press that flour will in time be largely imported from Siberia. But the same press is fond of indulging anticipations of this kind. The exporters from Canada need not slacken in their preparations. It will take a long time to get ready for the quantitative of wheat export from Vladivostock.

HUSBANDRY IN THE FAR EAST.

As it is in Siam, so it is in Japan, and also in all that Asiatic mainland which is within the sphere of Japan's protectorate and Japanese influence. There are, according to quotations from the *Siam Free Press* 'glorious agricultural prospects to be realized,' and thereby 'the burdens of the people made lighter,' now that 'the government are seriously giving their attention' to that end. The hope is expressed by the same authority that 'this new policy of relieving the masses by developing the country will lead to the introduction of labour-saving machinery, thus making it easy to multiply every year the area cultivated. 'If to-day Siam had the

steam-plough, sower, reaper, thresher, and so on, instead of the buffalo and the wood plough and the other primitive methods of cultivation in vogue, how much better the crops, vaster the area under crop, and greater the people's means and the trade of the country would be.'

That plea is applicable to Japan in a general way. The arable superficies may be less suited to the operation of farm machinery in Japan than upon the mainland. But no observing person can travel Japan without seeing that there is abundant scope for the profitable operation of many farm implements that apparently the Japanese farmer knows nothing of.

MARKET FOR CANADIAN MACHINERY.

For the present, farm machinery may be left over for consideration by, say, our successors—that is a wide enough limit. But there should be some farm implements, amongst those made in Canada, or patterned after them, that could be used to advantage, if the people here concerned were persuaded. The American grain-cutting 'cradle,' when offered for the cutting of crop that for ages had been reaped with the sickle, got a discouraging reception. The advantage was obvious from one point of view; but those whose labour was to be saved would see only disadvantage, and they would have none of it. It may be safely assumed that the Japanese, whose labour is the better part or perhaps the whole of his capital, is human enough to resist the use of an article that may seem to threaten to deprive him of the present means of living.

But of the minor farm implements, it would appear that there might be some introduction, if the venture were well considered. It would strike the stranger, say from Canada, that the plough might be introduced—that is, a one-horse plough—steel mould-board and share-point, with wood beam and handles, suited for the turning of what is literally garden soil. This would serve to displace the hoe, which is not the garden or potato hoe, that has much to its credit in Canada and elsewhere, but an entirely different article, that is driven into the ground and pulled forward, and thus takes out and turns over its bite of soil. The plough I have indicated could be used in the small divisions of land allotted to the several crops, other than rice, and evidently would save an immense amount of manual labour applied to the raising of grain and vegetables.

The grain crop of whatever kind in Japan is usually 'planted' in rows. It may be supposed that a seed-drill might be contrived that would sow the seed more evenly and economically than by the hand process.

TRANSPORTATION IN THE EAST.

The extent to which carrying is the method of transportation is one of the things that surprise a stranger, wherever he goes, throughout the Far East. A cargo of coal to be loaded or unloaded, a building basement to be excavated, or a mountain to be moved—the coolie, with a spring-bar on his shoulder, and a basket hung from each end of it, does the trick. One coolie with his shoulder-load does not amount to much; but a legion of them kept going, like the cups on an elevator belt, in time the result is marvellous. It is often, in that and like cases, suggested that a wheelbarrow would be a good thing here. It occurs to one also that a dump cart would be a useful thing in town and in country. I have not seen either a wheelbarrow or a dump cart, or any substitute for them, in this line of industry, other than the coolie with shoulder-bar and baskets, since I have been taking observations in this country.

A thousand and one things might be taken up and dealt with, as the plough and the seed-drill, and the dump cart and wheelbarrow have been dealt with here; but to go farther and give assurance that it would be found practicable to introduce these things and give them a fair trial, might prove to be an indiscretion. The experiment should be tried by those manufacturers who are looking for a market. It might be something of a lottery, like gold mining; but there may be millions in it.

ESTIMATE—SILK CROP.

The total yield of cocoons this year is estimated at about 2,250,000 (1 koku equals 5 bushels), showing a decrease of about 10 per cent, when compared with the figures recorded for last year. The poor yield of mulberry leaves, owing to the unusually cool weather experienced in the spring, and damage caused by frost, will affect silk production in the country, and this fact is accountable for the decrease in the estimated yield. The estimate, however, shows an increase of about 3 per cent, as compared with the average recorded for several years past. Present prices for silk are regarded as being very high.

ENCOURAGING MIXED FARM PRODUCTS.

The Minister of Agriculture and Commerce has issued instructions to the various prefectural authorities, urging them to take measures for the encouragement of farmers in the rearing of poultry. The instructions are, in substance, to the effect that poultry might well be made a profitable complement to the agricultural industry. For this reason, instructions have been issued from time to time, reminding the local authorities of the necessity of encouraging the business, with the satisfactory result that farmers keeping poultry have largely increased in number of late; but the general production of poultry is still insufficient to supply the demand, and the annual value of the importation of eggs yet exceeds 1,000,000 yen. If syndicates could now be formed, say the official advices, in connection with the poultry business, for financing, buying and producing fowls and eggs, and placing these products on the market, the business would, it is thought, grow into a source of great profit for farmers. The Department of Agriculture and Commerce is ready to import fowls of the best species for breeding purposes, and to supply those who require them.

It may assure and comfort intending visitors to Japan to know that wherever they go they can, even in advance of this progressive purpose of the Department of Agriculture, be provided abundantly with fresh eggs. Of course, on the routes of travel, 'foreign food,' prepared by Japanese cooks in every appetizing form, can be had at all times. In the out-of-the-way places it is different; but where the way-faring foreigner, whether gourmand or gourmet, can get fresh eggs, he can manage, by selecting from the Japanese ordinary menu, to live, perhaps not, as the saying is, 'like a fighting-cock,' but he can comfortably survive a crisis, and be thankful. This, of course, not because of the lack of good, wholesome food, and whole-souled hospitality; the difficulty suggested is one entirely of taste.

A. MACLEAN,

JAMAICA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. G. Eustace Burke.*)

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, June 25, 1907.

TARIFF CHANGES.

At a meeting of the legislative council of the colony held on 18th instant, an amendment to the present tariff law was introduced, which involved the placing on the free list of Portland cement, and also the necessary equipments for the erection of steel buildings.

The latter, previous to the passing of the law, were subject to an import duty of 16½ per cent *ad valorem* on first cost. Cement was rated at 2 per cent per barrel of 400 pounds.

G. EUSTACE BURKE.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,
BRISTOL, ENG., June 29, 1907.

EVAPORATED APPLES.

From correspondence and interviews I gather that the principles governing this trade are comparatively simple, and that the requirements for a successful development of Canada's share in it are equally simple, or easy to be observed.

PRESENT SUPPLY.

The British trade in evaporated apples is almost monopolized by the United States, New York State having an overwhelming proportion of the business, while California gets most of what is left.

CANADA'S SMALL SHARE.

Figures just issued by the British government for the year ended December 31, 1906, indicate that Canada is far behind the United States in exporting evaporated fruit to the United Kingdom. The import figures are as follow:—

	Quantity.	Value.
Total imports.	cwt. 24,164	£48,736
From the United States.	" 21,197	42,718
From Canada.	" 408	703

CANADIAN PREFERRED.

As in many other lines, I have the most hearty assurance of those engaged in this trade, that the Canadian product will be welcomed, and that, quality and price being approximately equal, supplies from Canada would have a decided preference in this market.

PACKAGES.

Three packages only need be mentioned: the 50-pound boxes, the 25-pound boxes, and the one-pound cardboard carton. These packages, I am told, are quite satisfactory to the trade, though there is room for a two-pound package, to be retailed at slightly less than 1 shilling, the object being to have it a little cheaper than two of the one-pound packages, which sell retail for sixpence. The bulk of ordinary fruit comes in 50-pound boxes; the 25-pound boxes, and still more the carton, should be reserved for fancy fruit. With regard to the carton, it is essential that it should be made attractive, neat in shape, tastefully printed, and (as some recommend) lined with a waxed or oiled paper.

GRADES.

The trade recognizes three grades, namely: prime, choice (sometimes called extra choice), and fancy. In determining the grade, colour is the chief requisite, and of course, a clear, clean white is the most desirable colour. Size of rings is a secondary consideration, though fair size is expected in the 'fancy' grade. There is, however,

no fixed rule for determining whether a box of apples is in fact entitled to the grade mark under which it may be offered; the only standard is a somewhat vague one, set by the packers themselves in competition with one another. That is to say, if a certain shipper's 'fancy' or 'choice' is inferior to the average of the same grades shipped by his competitors, he will very quickly lose his reputation. Grading, therefore, though not artificially exact, must be carefully attended to, and the standard observed season after season.

PACKING.

The packing must, of course, be carefully and neatly done, the package being substantial, and completely filled with fruit. I am given to understand that 'facing' is allowed and even expected; that is to say, that the upper layer is expected to be arranged with particular care so as to be attractive, and the quality of fruit used in it may be somewhat superior to that through the package. What is *not* expected is that 'fancy' fruit should be shown on the top layer, while the bulk of the package consists of greatly inferior samples, or 'rubbish.' Particularly in the case of 'rings' it is essential that the fruit throughout should be in fact 'rings,' and not quarters or odd scraps, such as have sometimes been found beneath a very attractive 'face' of rings.

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES.

This brings us to the question of differences of opinion between the packer on one side of the Atlantic, and the purchaser on the other. Under the present system such differences are usually adjusted by the broker through whom the order was placed. Questions regarding grading, packing and weight (which is guaranteed within 1 per cent) are thus settled between two parties in the same city, an arrangement which naturally gives the purchaser much greater confidence in buying.

PRICES.

The average price during the last seven years is reported by a large firm as having been about 30s. per cwt. (112 pounds), c.i.f. Bristol, for 'Primes.' Last year 'Primes' began at 33s. and rose to 45s. per cwt., while 'Choice' ruled from 37s. to 43s., and 'Fancy' from 42s. to 48s. It will be readily understood that in seasons such as the last, when prices are high, consumption is restricted, while in cheap seasons the trade expands to an extraordinary degree. 'Fancy' rings retail at about 5½d. a pound, or in cartons at 6d. a pound. Whole-cored frequently bring 7d. retail, but the Newtown Pippin, whole-cored, which arrive just before Christmas, often bring as much as 9d. a pound. If a similar quality could be landed earlier, it would sell extremely well.

CANADIAN TRADE.

Canadian packers are at present, as above indicated, practically unknown here. To get an opening they should negotiate through reliable brokers and endeavour to secure trial orders, which I am assured will be readily placed, if satisfactory references are furnished. If such trial orders are found to compare favourably in quality, packing and appearance with supplies from New York State, substantial orders are sure to follow, and the result will be a permanent trade of great value. It need hardly be added that if these conditions are not observed, it would be better for Canadian packers not to undertake an export trade to Great Britain.

'RINGS' AND 'WHOLE-CORED.'

In the above notes, except where 'rings' or 'whole-cored' are specified, the statements made are intended to apply to both.

W. A. MacKINNON.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, June 10, 1907.

CANADIAN TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA IN 1906.

The Commonwealth statistician has supplied me with a proof copy of the returns of the Australian imports from and exports to Canada during the year 1906. The returns are not so detailed as those of the previous year, which is illustrated by the item of 'all other articles' in the imports from Canada being given at £23,645, as against £5,079 in 1905. It will be impossible to make a comparison with recent years until the complete returns for 1906 are published, which will show the country of origin of all goods imported into the Commonwealth. From the figures supplied a comparison with the last three years is as follows:—

Australian imports from Canada,	1904..	£222,064
“ “ “ “	1905..	230,981
“ “ “ “	1906..	303,751
Australian exports to Canada,	1904..	29,352
“ “ “ “	1905..	43,288
“ “ “ “	1906..	72,688

In the Australian exports to Canada in 1906 there is an item of gold (specie), valued at £660,000, which is not included in the above figures, as this item was a remittance made by the Canadian-Australian steamers to Vancouver for transmission to San Francisco.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTS FROM CANADA, 1906.

In previous reports (Monthly Reports, July, 1905, page 123; June, 1906, page 2121), I clearly explained the reasons why the Commonwealth trade statistics are unreliable so far as the returns showing the value of imports from Canada are concerned. The same conditions continued in 1906, and will continue while the bulk of Canadian exports to Australia is shipped from the port of New York. The figures supplied herein show that the value of Australian imports from Canada increased in 1906 by £72,770 (say \$353,662) over the previous year. The increase is chiefly attributable to the items of textiles, drugs and chemicals, apples, barley, machines and machinery, paper, spirits, vehicles and 'all other articles.' The falling off in imports is shown by decreases in the items of lumber, agricultural implements and machinery, and fish. Manchurian pine is undoubtedly obtaining a firm hold on the Australian market, and the reduction of imports of lumber is likely caused by this competition against Canadian spruce. Agricultural implements and machinery show a reduction of nearly £5,000, but the figures do not represent the actual values, for it is probable that at least a portion of these goods were included in the item of machines and machinery which shows an increase of £25,000 over the previous year. The decline of some £14,000 in the 1906 imports of Canadian fish can only be explained by the fact that heavy stocks were carried over from the previous season by importers, and that some orders could not be executed owing to high prices asked for frozen and canned salmon at the beginning of the season.

DETAILS OF AUSTRALIAN IMPORTS FROM CANADA, 1906.

Articles.	1905.	1906.		
	Values.	Values.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Piece goods, cotton	11,609	11,894	285	
Flannelette.	1,343	1,688	345	
Sewing silks, &c	1,702	4,950	3,257	
Other apparel and textiles.....	526	5,582	5,056	
Arms and ammunition	1,294	2,436	1,142	
Boots and shoes	8,135	8,721	586	
Cheese	337	405	68	
Drugs and chemicals.....	1,068	24,015	22,947	
Fish, all kinds.....	54,524	39,965		14,559
Furniture.....	1,870	2,538	668	
Fruit—Fresh apples.....		4,990	4,990	
Grain—Barley		5,844	5,844	
" Flour.....	5,258	4,423		835
" Other	838	1,550	712	
Hops.....	536	2,462	1,926	
Implements and machinery—Agricultural.....	43,329	38,375		4,954
Lead		2,353	2,353	
Machines, machinery and tools.....	14,375	39,404	25,029	
Meats	6			6
Paper	5,770	16,855	11,085	
Spirits	818	5,558	4,740	
Lumber, all kinds.....	56,641	44,116		12,525
Vehicles—Bicycles, &c.....	5,723	11,973	6,250	
All other articles	5,079	23,645	18,566	

AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS TO CANADA, 1906.

Exclusive of gold (specie), the Australian exports to Canada, which in 1906 amounted in value to £72,688, show an increase of £29,400 over 1905—an amount exceeding the value of the total exports to the Dominion in 1904. The figures given probably only represent the direct shipments to Vancouver, as it is obviously impossible for returns to show the value of Australian products which reach Canada via England or the United States. A considerable quantity of Australian wool is doubtless purchased by Canadian woollen mills (for mixing purposes) in London and Boston—and the same contention applies to hides, skins and other commodities. The principal increases are in meats (frozen mutton and lamb), butter, wool, tin and cocoanut oil.

DETAILS OF AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS TO CANADA—1906.

Articles.	1906.	1906.	1906.	1906.
	Values.	Values.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Apparel and textiles.....	67	25		42
Butter.....	1,185	3,094	1,909	
Fruit, fresh.....	1,292	63		1,229
Meats	3,050	14,815	11,765	
Oil, cocoanut	1,893	3,653	1,760	
Skins, hides.....	5,368	3,959		1,409
Skins, sheep and other.	4,086	4,226	140	
Spirits.....	308	125		183
Lumber	4,207	5,566	1,359	
Tin, ingots.....	6,545	18,750	12,205	
Wool, greasy.....	5,398	8,215	2,817	
All other articles.....	3,685	6,197	2,512	
Vessels, transferred.....		4,000	4,000	
*Specie, gold.....		660,000	660,000	

(*Gold for transhipment at Vancouver to San Francisco.)

AUSTRALIAN TRADE RETURNS OF CANADIAN TRADE, 1906.

Until such time as the complete returns of all Australian imports for the year 1906 are made available, it is not possible to prove any inaccuracies and omissions in the figures supplied herewith. It may be stated, without reservation, that Australian imports from Canada in 1906 were considerably larger than shown in the accompanying return. This aspect of the position may be dwelt upon in a subsequent report.

AUSTRALIAN SUGAR FOR CANADA.

An important development in the Australian sugar trade is likely to occur during the ensuing season if the crushing reaches the anticipated results. The present Australian consumption averages 190,000 tons as against a production last year of about 204,000 tons. South Africa may continue an outlet for a small portion of surplus stocks, but growers are looking forward to Canada as the most promising market, particularly if some advantage might be obtainable under a preferential trade arrangement. It is interesting to observe, in the light of traffic preference between Canada and Australia—as well as of reciprocal trade between the two countries—that the *Moana* sailing to-day takes forward a shipment of 600 tons of Australian raw sugar to Vancouver. A much larger quantity would have been shipped had the necessary cargo space been available.

MINERAL PRODUCTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

The value of the gold output for the different Australian states aggregated £14,546,513 in 1906, and £15,569,263 in 1905. The mineral output of the Commonwealth, exclusive of gold, for 1906 gives a fine result and serves to compensate for the disappointment felt at the decline of the gold yield during the year. The high prices ruling for metals has stimulated search in many directions for tin, copper and lead. No discoveries of importance have been made recently, but districts deserted for years are being reopened and are increasing the production.

The values of the Australian mineral production, other than gold, are given at £12,149,405 in 1906 and £8,923,640 in 1905. Therefore, in the past two years minerals to the value of over £51,000,000 have been produced in Australia. Such figures show the great importance of the Commonwealth of the mining industry, both as an avenue for employment and as a source of wealth to the community. The export of zinc concentrates began to assume large proportions during 1906, but the figures then reached will be vastly overshadowed in the near future.

EXPORT OF APPLES FROM AUSTRALIA AND TASMANIA.

In former years the export of apples and pears from Australia and Tasmania to England and the continent ceased towards the end of April. This year, however, it was decided to forward later consignments in order to ascertain whether the shipping season might profitably be extended. In accordance with this decision shipments were made during the last three weeks, with the idea of testing the London market in July, at which time it is anticipated that the glut of soft fruits at Covent Garden will have passed. Shipments of apples from Australia for the last two seasons compare as follows:—

	1906.	1907.
	Cases.	Cases.
From Victoria..	46,381	115,573
“ Tasmania..	261,621	527,684
“ South Australia	72,577	20,144
“ New South Wales . . . . .	.....	10,144
Total..	380,579	673,545

CANADIAN CANNED FISH.

There has been an improved business in Melbourne during the last few weeks in canned salmon, buyers operating in anticipation of higher prices for this season's pack. There has consequently been a fair amount of speculation in this line and quantities of well known brands of Canadian fish have changed hands. It is satisfactory to report that the principal Canadian packers of salmon and lobsters have exceedingly capable representation in Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT AND FLOUR.

The grain market has been very excited throughout Australia during the last fortnight. Unfavourable advices had been received by cable of the crop prospects in America and Europe. F.A.Q. wheat touched 4s. (97 cents) per bushel f.o.b. Melbourne at the end of May. Flour advanced considerably, particularly as local millers are taxed to the utmost in preparing shipments for South Africa and the far East. The mail closes with the following prices ruling for export: Wheat, 3s. 10½d. to 3s. 11d. (94 to 95 cents) per bushel; flour at £7 15s. to £8 5s. (\$37.71 to \$40.14) per ton—depending upon port of shipment. Abundant rains have fallen throughout the wheat districts, and present indications are favourable for a large harvest.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

The most marked feature in recent Australian importations has been the immense expansion in the values of apparel and textiles. Probable changes in the Customs tariff may be responsible for a portion of this increase, but the larger purchasing power of the people is doubtless the main factor. Building operations are very extensive throughout these states at the present time, and trade is exceptionally good in lumber and builders' hardware.

D. H. ROSS.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(*Mr. J. S. Larke.*)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, June 10, 1907.

NEW ZEALAND.

The prosperous condition that has characterized the trade of New Zealand for the past ten years is still unabated. The exports of the products of New Zealand show for the first three months of the present year an increase of nearly half a million pounds, and the imports of merchandise of little over four hundred thousand pounds. The exports for the twelve months ending in March last show an increase of over three million pounds as compared with the similar period of 1905-6, while the imports show even a slightly greater increase. The chief advances were in wool, frozen and preserved meat and other pastoral products. There were also increases to some extent in butter and in cheese, but decreases in flour and grains.

Bankruptcies have been few and unimportant for some time, but latterly there has been some little increase in the number of insolvencies. These are usually of small retail dealers. The prosperity of the island has induced too many people to go into trade, and as usual led to some extravagance.

POTATOES.

New Zealand is importing potatoes from Tasmania. Owing to the fair crop of Australia prices are yet low, but there is a probability that in October next potatoes could be sent with advantage from Canada. Canadian exporters should arrange business relations, so that they will receive a cable advice as to prices which will determine the possibility of shipping at a profit.

NEW SOUTH WALES INDUSTRIES.

A preliminary statement of the industries of New South Wales has been issued, which shows a considerable increase in the number of industries and hands employed. As compared with 1905, the returns of last year show that the number of establishments has grown from 3,700 to 3,828 during the year, and the hands employed have increased from 56,111 males and 16,064 females in 1905 to 59,888 males and 17,870 females similarly engaged in 1906. It will thus be seen that there is an improvement of 128 in the number of establishments, and the persons employed have increased from 72,175 to 77,758 during twelve months, or at the rate of $7\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.

There is an almost general increase in each of the various classes of industries, but the development is most marked in the building trades, metal works, and establishments treating raw materials. The actual increase in the number of male artisans was 3,777 of 6.7 per cent, and although the increase in female hands only amounted to 1,806, or less than half the numerical advance in the males, the proportionate increase amounted to 11.2 per cent.

LEGAL DECISION UPON C.I.F. QUOTATIONS.

In my report of August 7 of last year, I called attention to the report of a case decided in a court of New South Wales respecting a shipment of onions from Japan. The purchase had been made c.i.f. The onions though loaded in good condition arrived in Sydney in a bad condition. The purchaser refused to accept them, except on the shippers' account. An action was entered by the shippers to recover the price of the onions, and a counteraction by the Sydney receivers for damages for failure to deliver the quantity of onions in good condition. The trial judge decided that in shipping goods from Japan at a price c.i.f., Sydney, the risk of the transit fell on the vendor, and that he was bound to deliver the goods in merchantable condition at the port of destination. The case was appealed to the High Court of Australia, which is the highest court of appeal in Australia. The chief justice reversed the judgment of the court below, in which he was supported by his two colleagues sitting with him.

It was held that the contract was for the shipment in Japan of that season's onions. They were to be sent at certain times in specified vessels, which was done. The duty of the shippers was to ship in Japan and not to deliver in Sydney, and that the action of the Sydney buyers was wrongly brought unless it was a term of the contract that the goods should be at the risk of the vendors during the voyage. This provision was not in the contract. The vendors were, therefore, entitled to a new trial while a non-suit was entered in the case of the action of the buyers against the vendors. The decision of the High Court of Australia restores the definition of c.i.f. to the understanding in which it is usually regarded. Shipments under contract of c.i.f. mean shipments in good order at the railway station or port of export: the risk of carriage remaining with the buyers. This decision is of importance to Canadian exporters.

EXPORT OF SHEEP.

Australia has been shipping considerable numbers of high grade breeding stock to South Africa since the conclusion of the war. Some little time ago an agent from the state of Uruguay arrived in Australia and has purchased a number of sheep, paying very high prices for them. In one instance he paid 1,000 guineas for a merino ram

He paid an average price of £588 each for five, and £126 each for eight ewes. It is believed that the result of this experiment will be to open up a large and profitable market to Australian breeders.

The purchaser of the sheep, and they were bought for himself, has visited the merino countries of the world, and asserts that nowhere has he seen anything to compare with Australian merinos.

INTERIOR FREIGHTS.

In the matter of the addition of interior freights to the value of goods for duty in Australia, there seems to be some doubt in the minds of Canadian exporters. The broad principle is in the levying of duty on Canadian goods, that interior freight must be added to the value of the goods as exported from Canada to the nearest port of export. In the case of shipments from Nova Scotia where they are sent by rail, for example, from Truro to Halifax and thence to Halifax to New York, where they are transferred to an ocean-going ship, duty would be paid not on the freight to New York but only to Halifax, notwithstanding that the transshipment takes place at New York.

In the case of Canadian ports like Brockville and Sault Ste. Marie, situated on neutral rivers, no freight need be added at any time as they are ports of exports. Again in the case of Toronto where shipments can be made by boat to United States points, in the summer time no interior freight need be added, as Toronto in such case is a port of export and Lake Ontario is a neutral water. When the exports are made after the close of navigation, the proportion of rail freight to New York paid to Niagara Falls would have to be added to the cost of the goods, as interior freight. If goods from an interior point are shipped to Australia and might be shipped via Toronto and thence to Rochester or some other United States point, there would need be added to the invoice, the freight paid to Toronto in the summer season. The same rule would apply to Hamilton and ports on the great lakes or the rivers, where they are boundary lines.

A PROMISING LEATHER TRADE.

Messrs. A. R. Clarke & Co., of Toronto, have sent out a traveller who has visited the chief cities of Australia with samples of their glazed kid. He was well received and sold sample lines to the leading boot and shoe manufacturers of Australia. If the leather should be at all equal to the samples, there is a promise that the firm will secure a very large trade. For twelve years efforts have been made to get in Canadian leather with no great success. The trade would be begun, but would, for some reason or another, die out. Complaints would be made that the quality of the leather was not maintained. There was no evidence that the fault was with the Canadian tanner. It is possible that the New York firm distributing it may have got a cheaper quality in order to make more profit, and as the reputation of the selling firm was not dependent upon the reputation of the leather of any one tannery, it could do this without serious detriment. All the blame would be thrown upon the tanner, and the leather of another tannery would be offered for the next season.

In sending out their traveller, Messrs. Clarke & Co. have taken the first step to get a permanent footing. I believe it would be advisable that he should return and bring with him some stock, which could be disposed of at higher prices than are secured for the import orders, and make the business pay. This is another illustration that a firm to secure the best trade must do its own business.

QUEENSLAND.

In addition to the very excellent crop of sugar, which has been referred to, the returns show that great progress had been made in the pastoral industry of Queensland. Its sheep had been reduced by the drought to 7,213,471. Last January they

had increased to 14,872,413. The cattle had similarly increased from 2,543,471 to 3,390,421; the horses from 399,122 to 450,675. The figures for horses and cattle were those for 1906. The figures when returned for this year, are expected to show still greater proportionate increase. The returns of agricultural produce will also show a like development.

COTTON CULTIVATION.

During the civil war in the United States cotton was grown in Queensland as well as in Fiji. The reduced prices following the close of that struggle compelled the abandonment of the cultivation. New efforts and new experiments are being made, looking to a restoration of cotton as a Queensland crop. As high as 1,473 lbs. have been picked from a single acre. The great difficulty lying before the industry is the high prices that will have to be paid for labour. It is hoped, however, that in some districts the yield of cotton will be so large as to enable these wages to be paid.

NEW ZEALAND PROGRESS.

A return has just been received from the Registrar-General of New Zealand giving the progress of the colony for ten years from 1896 to 1906. The population has increased from 714,162 to 908,726. The land under cultivation rose from 11,550,075 acres to 14,382,787; the number of horses from 249,813 to 342,603; cattle, from 1,138,067 to 1,851,750; sheep, from 19,138,493 to 20,108,471; shipping, inwards, from 614,097 tons to 1,243,652 tons; outwards, from 627,659 tons to 1,238,214 tons. The total exports of produce increased from £9,177,366 to £17,841,346; imports, from £7,137,320 to £15,211,403.

The development is still going on. For though the colony is of small extent, there are yet very considerable areas of land to be brought under cultivation.

THE MAIL SERVICE.

The San Francisco line of steamers has definitely withdrawn from the Australian trade, sold its coaling punt and buoys, and closed up its office. A British freight line which has been carrying coal from Newcastle to San Francisco has determined to make a regular service, returning with freight from San Francisco to Sydney. Arrangements are also being made whereby it will carry the mails. The service will begin in August next and more definite information as to the dates of sailing will shortly be made. It is to be hoped that it will alternate with the Canadian-Vancouver service, though the slow passage of the freight line will not give a regular mail service.

J. S. LARKE.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, July 8, 1907.

PULP MAKING MACHINERY.

The United States consul in Newfoundland, in a recent report to Washington, refers to the negotiations that are in progress for the establishment of two more large pulp mills in the colony, and says: As all these contemplate the use of American machinery, it is apparent that the equipment of one or more establishments each of which represents a capitalization of \$5,000,000, will do much to swell the total of the American exports to the island.'

Canadian manufacturers of this class of machinery would do well to inquire into the possibility of making an effective competition for this trade. One of the mills referred to is already in process of construction, and has probably completed arrangements for the required machinery, but the other, I understand, has not yet made any preparations for the erection of its plant.

COD FISHERY.

The fishing season owing to weather conditions on the coast is unusually backward this year, and so far the prospects have not been very promising for a large catch. A local trade journal writing on the subject says:—

'If the signs and precedents of other years count, the new season's codfish is going to open at a pretty high price. The factors in the situation that make for this condition, are short supply of old fish on hand, and the comparatively late date at which the first new fish will be ready for market. In ordinary years, new fish in anything like large quantities could be counted to arrive in the St. John's market by the first of August; this year, from present indications, there will not be any fish ready much before the first of September. The result of this condition of affairs will be, that new fish will be inflated very much beyond its logical and intrinsic worth, and prices will be given that merchants will find it hard to market at later in the season.

'We are inclined to the belief that the price of our staple during the current season will remunerate our suppliers and our fishermen for the risk and labour expended during the prosecution of our greatest industry—the kedge anchor of Newfoundland.'

E. D. ARNAUD.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., July 2, 1907.

STOCK PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on June 29, 1907, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month.

		June 29, 1907.	May 31, 1907.	June 30, 1906.
Bacon.....	Boxes.	15,651	10,531	17,250
Hams.....	"	6,544	4,573	1,476
Shoulders.....	"	5,673	3,653	888
Butter.....	Cwts.	4,035	4,463	3,404
Cheese (full shapes).....	Boxes.	39,659	21,702	47,517
" (50 lbs. and under).....	"	1,024	1,141	.....
Lard (Prime Steam Western).....	Tierces.	7,895	4,881	3,431
" (Imported pure refined lard) in tierces, firkins, or other packages.....	Tons.	1,537	1,081	2,480
Lardine and compound.....	"	103	90	176

P. B. MACNAMARA.

NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, July 4, 1907.

EMIGRATION FROM SWEDEN IN 1906.

According to investigations made by the Swedish Statistical Bureau, the number of emigrants from Sweden during the year 1906 was 24,704, against 24,046 in 1905, and 22,384 in 1904. In 1903 the number was not less than 39,525.

The largest part of the emigrants have gone to the United States, thus in 1906 21,242 persons, in 1905 20,520, and in 1904 18,553. Of the whole emigration Canada can only be seen to have received 364 persons in 1906, against 253 in 1905.

Of the emigrants in 1906 there were 13,752 males and 10,952 females.

It has for a long period been observed that the emigration of women is more constant than that of the men. During years with a small emigration, therefore, the number of women is comparatively large, while in years with a larger emigration, such as 1906, it is comparatively smaller.

SAVINGS BANKS IN DENMARK, SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

There are in Norway in all 446 savings banks, in Denmark 513 and in Sweden 409, to which, however, comes for Sweden quite a number of the so-called 'Postal Savings Banks Offices,' which are erected in many of the post offices throughout the country.

At the close of 1905 there was deposited in the savings banks of Norway kroner 374 million = \$99,933,000, in Sweden kroner 636 million = \$169,600,000, and in Denmark kroner 622 million = \$165,900,000. Compared with the number of inhabitants Denmark thus stood much better than Sweden and Norway.

FACTORIES AND INDUSTRIES OF SWEDEN.

The report of the Swedish 'Kommerskollegii' is just out from the printers and shows that in 1905 there were in Sweden:

	Labourers.
1,281 saw and planing mills, with.. . . .	38,568
1,681 flour and grist mills, with.. . . .	4,602
172 weaveries, with.. . . .	15,917
630 iron and steel goods factories, with.. . . .	20,700
10 sugar refineries, with.. . . .	2,706
176 spinning mills, with.. . . .	10,442
138 wood-pulp mills, with.. . . .	8,897
424 mechanical workshops, with.. . . .	19,452
68 paper factories, with.. . . .	7,997
19 distilleries, with.. . . .	194
18 raw sugar works, with.. . . .	5,571
128 spirit distilleries, with.. . . .	822

	Labourers.
475 carpenter and furniture factories, with.. . . .	11,400
394 tanneries, with.. . . .	2,361
114 tobacco factories, with.. . . .	4,598
57 shoe factories, with.. . . .	4,241
253 metal goods works, with.. . . .	3,247
358 book printeries, with.. . . .	6,082
489 brick mills, with.. . . .	11,606
299 stone quarries and cutteries, with.. . . .	12,346
7 margarine factories, with.. . . .	397
467 charcoal works, with.. . . .	6,043

To the above comes a lot of smaller factories and industries, so the whole number goes up to 11,949, with 280,995 labourers.

LABOUR TROUBLES AT THE NORWEGIAN PULP MILLS CONTINUE.

The strike at the pulp and paper mills, referred to in my June report*, is still going on, and are very likely to continue, as the workmen have refused the owners' offer in regard to higher wages, and the negotiations have been broken off between the Employers' Association and the Workmens' Association. The next step during the coming weeks or months will, therefore, most likely be that the Employers' Association in the paper and pulp trade will declare a lock-out for all organized workmen.

Negotiations about higher wages are also going on at the saw and planing mills, but as the workmen in this branch got a raise last year, there is not much prospect of any important increase this year. The Workmens' Association has, however, raised demands on ridiculously high wages and if they do not withdraw their demands, it may happen that there will result strike and lockout among the organized workmen at the saw and planing mills also.

THE SWEDISH PAPER TRADE.

Big labour conflicts appear to be pending also at the Swedish paper mills. A tug-of-war between employers and workmen in the paper trade has a long time been anticipated. At some mills the strike is already going on. When the struggle has commenced, it is not improbable that it may reach big dimensions, and that all the mills may be involved. It is possible that the employers will also in Sweden meet the strike by declaring lockout.

C. E. SONTUM.

* Monthly Report, May, 1907, p. 312,

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Edgar E. Tripp.)

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, July 8, 1907.

TRINIDAD TRADE STATISTICS.

The trade statistics for year ending March 31, 1907, unusually late in issue, appeared last week, accompanied by very interesting diagrams and an able and valuable report by the Collector of Customs, Hon. R. H. McCarthy, C.M.G.

Both the import and export trade show a regrettable falling off, but the cause is not far to seek. The production of cocoa fell off by 30 per cent from the average of the past few years, notwithstanding largely increased cultivation, and the value of the other staple—sugar—was low throughout the year. Thus the purchasing power of the community was greatly reduced.

The government, acting through the Agricultural Society, alive to the significance and importance of the unexplained diminution in the colony's yield of cocoa, has obtained the services of an expert, in the person of Mr. O. W. Barrett, of the United States Department of Agriculture, for a term of six months, who will devote the whole of that time to practical tests and examinations into the fungoid and other plant diseases which it is thought may be the cause of the partial failure of the last year's crop. Mr. Barrett has already commenced operations in the heart of one of the cocoa districts.

IMPORTS INTO TRINIDAD.

	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.
United Kingdom.. . . .	£ 944,804	£ 938,788	£ 957,594	£ 922,184
British colonies.. . . .	284,227	283,183	836,415	361,572
Foreign countries.. . . .	1,297,419	1,407,080	1,509,602	1,836,961
Total.. . . .	£2,526,450	£2,629,051	£3,303,611	£3,120,717

The very marked difference between the figures for British colonies and foreign countries for 1905-6 and 1906-7 is accounted for by the fact that in the former case both imports and exports were inflated in 1905-6 for the time being by reason of Trinidad being headquarters of the Royal Mail Steamers, leading to a large transit trade through the Intercolonial boats; and in the latter case, from the circumstance that in 1906-7 an unusual quantity of the products of the Spanish Main—cocoa, balata, hides, rubber, tonca beans—has been shipped through this port. The variations in value and amount of these extraneous items year by year makes it somewhat difficult to arrive at the exact measure of the colony's progress or retrogression, but I regret to say there can be little doubt that the check in the flood tide of the colony's prosperity, to which I referred in last year's report, is more in evidence now than then. An apt test of this is afforded by the Collector of Customs. He takes the population, which, by the way, has increased from 215,000 to 325,000 in 13 years, and compares it with the imports for local consumption, from 1892 to 1905-6, with the discouraging result that the purchasing power per capita has steadily fallen from 7.13 to 5.35.

Exclusive of bullion and specie and transshipments, the imports have been:—

1901-2..	£2,038,609
1902-3..	2,375,068
1903-4..	2,299,505
1904-5..	2,316,319
1905-6..	2,171,518
1906-7..	2,283,187

The apparent increase of 1906-7 over 1905-6 is due to causes mentioned above.

IMPORTS FROM CANADA SHOW DECREASE.

In view of the quantities of Canadian goods shipped through New York, only an approximate idea can be formed of the relative value of shipments to the West Indies from the United States and the Dominion, but on dissecting the articles of Canadian origin received during 1906-7, the figures given in the official returns appear to fairly represent the facts, viz.: that in the period under review imports with Canada have decreased and have increased with the States.

IMPORTS FROM CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

Canadian and United States imports for the past six years have been as follows:—

Years ending March.	Imports from Canada.	Imports from United States.
	£	£
1901-02..	98,958	672,147
1902-03..	132,962	792,189
1903-04..	119,186	675,769
1904-05..	117,054	677,421
1905-06..	139,179	651,070
1906-07..	131,102	677,283

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF IMPORT TRADE.

	Total.	U.S.A.	B.N.A.
Books, &c., printed..	£ 8,937	£ 931	£ 122
Boots and shoes..	54,639	22,665	724
Bread..	5,302	301	2,077
Butter..	31,765	5,417	873
Carriages..	3,349	2,182	603
Cheese..	8,241	6,235	227
Cordage..	10,048	1,575	2,547
Earthenware..	11,978	155	88
Fish..	76,996	8,178	58,686
Flour..	187,544	181,309	5,871
Fruit..	1,458	734	6
Furniture..	14,172	3,761	744
Hay..	3,535	3,256	201
Horses..	8,624	1,844	180
Hardware (clocks, watches, &c.).. . . .	10,430	796	184

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF IMPORT TRADE.—*Continued.*

	Total.	U.S.A.	B.N.A.
Hardware, unenumerated.. . . .	£ 85,346	£ 17,688	£ 898
Leather, unmanufactured.. . . .	8,062	2,404	446
Machinery.. . . .	61,925	4,693	226
Manufactured articles unenumerated.	78,120	19,037	2,639
Medicines.. . . .	15,695	4,663	362
Meats.. . . .	96,471	89,160	781
Meal.. . . .	5,819	5,099	128
Milk.. . . .	29,689	.....	227
Onions.. . . .	9,326	1,333	292
Oats.. . . .	24,234	1,120	22,589
Oil, not petroleum.. . . .	25,297	1,073	237
Paint.. . . .	6,304	891	458
Paper.. . . .	8,277	429	397
Potatoes.. . . .	12,868	1,062	7,447
Peas.. . . .	15,155	6,914	4,460
Stationery.. . . .	13,493	1,367	99
Soap.. . . .	29,967	3,173	3,941
Shingles.. . . .	120	.....	4
Timber.. . . .	52,761	38,333	11,566
Textiles, wearing apparel.. . . .	62,190	4,741	115
Textiles, hats.. . . .	18,223	742	.....

In the following items there is a satisfactory increase in imports, viz.:—

INCREASE IN IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1905-6.	1906-7.
Boots and shoes.. . . .	£ 584	£ 724
Bread.. . . .	1,831	2,077
Butter.. . . .	629	873
Carriages.. . . .	497	603
Hardware, unenumerated.. . . .	380	898
Manufactured articles, enumerated.. . . .	2,227	2,639
Oats.. . . .	20,250	22,589
Timber.. . . .	9,610	11,566
Soap.. . . .	2,206	3,041

But in the following I regret to observe a decrease, viz.:—

DECREASE IN IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1905-6.	1906-7.
Books.. . . .	£ 300	£ 122
Cheese.. . . .	516	227
Cordage.. . . .	3,874	2,547
Fish.. . . .	66,611	58,686
Flour.. . . .	9,183	5,871
Furniture.. . . .	1,119	744
Leather, unmanufactured.. . . .	1,600	446
Milk, condensed.. . . .	947	227

The increase in hardware is satisfactory, although a glance at the total of that trade is sufficient evidence of the ample room for improvement, of which I trust to see Canadian manufacturers avail themselves now that the ice has been substantially broken. In this connection I have received an inquiry regarding the local trade in

axes. It is not very large, the total imports being about 200 dozen a year. Axes are obtained almost altogether from the United States. They are priced according to weights, 3 to 3½ lbs. cost £5.75 per dozen; 4, 4½, 4¾ lbs., \$6.50 per dozen; 5 lb., \$6.75 per dozen, without handles. Messrs. Collins & Co., Hartford, Connecticut, are at present the principal suppliers.

CANADIAN BOOTS AND SHOES.

These have, I think, come to stay. Although still lacking in some of the style and finish, so dear to the heart of the native, which mark the European and American article, it is becoming recognized that, price for price, the Canadian boot wears best. It is advertising itself, but that is rather a slow process, and I feel convinced that with a little more of the judicious 'pushing' which is so freely given to competitors, a very much larger share of this important trade would go to Canada.

BREAD.

Formerly large quantities of biscuits in barrel, known as crackers, were imported, and were consumed generally by the masses in place of soft bread. A local factory has, however, secured the practical control of this trade, with the result that the total importation has sunk to a value of £5,300. This consists of better class biscuits principally, and Canada, with a value of £2,077, has a fair share. The soda and pilot biscuits from Canada are taking very well, but the United Kingdom still leads with sweet biscuits, by reason of distinct superiority.

BUTTER.

I hear complaints, which I fear are not altogether without foundation, as to want of uniformity in the quality of succeeding shipments of the same brand of butter, but on the whole, it is well spoken of, and the leading marks are found increasingly in the better class of households.

CARRIAGES.

Canadian buggies, &c., continue to give satisfaction. They resemble Canadian boots in this respect: they are not quite so showy as those from the States, but they wear better. Still the competition is very keen, and as there is no material difference in price, manufacturers will have quite to meet local requirements if they desire to maintain and increase the share of the business they have already secured. Such things as the following should not, I think, occur. One of the leading importers, having taken orders for four dogcarts from customers in different parts of the country, ordered them from Canada. The documents were attached to draft at sight, and the goods were, therefore, paid for before being seen. Each dogcart was sent to its destination, and from each purchaser came the indignant protest that there were *no cushions*. Of course, this was only discovered when the cases were unpacked.

SOAP.

This is another article which seems to be steadily, if slowly, working its way into the market. There is plenty of room for it; not the fancy kind, but the plain blue mottled, or brown washing soap. That received from Canada so far seems to be the right thing.

FLOUR.

In this item the returns are quite unreliable, but from no fault of those who compiled them. I think it may safely be said that more Canadian flour was consumed in Trinidad in the year under review than during any previous corresponding period. One firm alone imports between 600 and 700 bags per month via New York, and other firms in smaller quantities, all of which go to swell the volume of imports from United States. Instead of the figure stated, I think £20,000 would be nearer the actual value of flour of Canadian origin imported, and, what is more satisfactory, qualities suitable to the market are now being regularly received.

FISH.

Salt fish is one of the principal items in the food of the poor, hence the large consumption. As a rule, it is also the cheapest. This year it has ruled very high, so much so that beef has often been cheaper, and has been bought in preference. This accounts for the £8,000 falling off in the fish imports.

PERMANENT EXHIBITION COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

His Excellency the Governor has appointed a Permanent Exhibition Committee, of whom the writer is one, to organize and undertake the selection and transmission of the products of the colony as exhibits at such exhibitions as it may be decided to take part in from time to time, and a vote in council has been taken for the purpose. The committee has decided, in the first place, to take part in the exhibitions at Toronto and Halifax, to be held, respectively, in August and September, this year.

EXPORTS.

I trust to avail of an early opportunity to deal with the export returns.

EDGAR TRIPP.

SOUTH AFRICA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. John A. Chesley.*)

RHODES BUILDING, CAPE TOWN,
P.O. Box 668, June 24, 1907.

GOOD MARKET IN SOUTH AFRICA.

It is readily admitted by every one who is conversant with the conditions and requirements of trade in South Africa that a large and important market for agricultural products, animal produce and manufactured goods exists here. Canadian merchants, farmers, manufacturers and others interested in the export trade of Canada, should assiduously cultivate this market. Although competition for trade here as elsewhere is keen, yet with the excellent reputation maintained, which Canadian products now hold in this market, together with the constant exercise of prudent, systematic and persistent effort by Canadian exporters should result in a large increase in the export of Canadian products to the British South African colonies.

SENTIMENT FAVOURS DEALING WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND THE COLONIES.

In commercial circles in Cape Town, the sentiment is somewhat freely expressed in favour of dealing with Great Britain and the British colonies in preference to any other country. This feeling, in so far as it is applicable to Canada, is in a great measure due to the good quality of the Canadian products exported to South Africa, which in so far as I have been able to learn have given very general satisfaction.

CATALOGUES AND PRICE-LISTS.

The interests of Canadian exporters would be facilitated by supplying this agency with catalogues and price-lists of their goods. The quotations in all cases to be c.i.f., as merchants and others desire to know the cost of merchandise landed at Cape Town, or other South African ports reached by the Canadian South African steamship service. This seems necessary in view of the fact that exporters of the United Kingdom, the United States and some other countries, are represented here by local agents, who can at short notice furnish buyers with prices in all the principal lines of merchandise required. This is especially so in the case of manufactured goods.

EGGS.

There is a very active demand here for eggs. This Canadian farm product is appreciated in this market. The present time seems opportune for Canadian dealers in this article of diet to give their attention to the export of this commodity to the South African market. An examination of the trade returns for the year ending December 31, 1906, shows the value of the eggs imported into Cape Colony for the period named to be £70,129 sterling, and were imported from the following countries:—

Countries.	Quantity.	Value.
	No.	£
United Kingdom	4,591,846	19,081
Canada	1,353,600	5,169
Denmark	3,906,465	16,062
France	247,030	891
Germany	5,000	13
Holland	229,880	841
Italy	5,466,884	20,516
Portugal, Madeira	1,040,549	3,567
Russia	327,660	1,030
Morocco	131,610	376
United States of America	559,860	1,801
South African Produce	174,342	782
Total	18,034,726	70,129

It will be noticed from the above statement that Canada stands fourth in the list of countries as to the number of eggs exported to Cape Colony, and the value thereof. There does not appear to be any way of ascertaining the value of this Canadian product (which must be large) imported here through the United Kingdom, as the trade returns of Cape Colony show the country from which the article is imported as the country of origin.

FRUIT BOXES.

There is a good market here for fruit boxes, which Canadian manufacturers could very well supply. The supply of fruit boxes for this market has been for several years past imported chiefly from Norway and Sweden. The sizes of the boxes now in use here are given as below.

These dimensions were obtained from the manager of the Wellington Co-operative Fruit Growers' Association, Limited, who assured me they were the standard sizes used in South Africa:—

Outside Measurements.

- No. O. apricot box, $16\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 2$, at 16 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 1 apricot or plum box, $18 \times 12 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$, at 20 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 2A. plum or peach box, $18 \times 12 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$, at 21 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 2B. peach box, $18 \times 12 \times 2\frac{3}{4}$, at 22 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 3 peach or pear box, $18 \times 12 \times 3$, at 23 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 4 pear box, $18 \times 12 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$, at 25 s. per 100 boxes.
 No. 5 half grape box, $18 \times 12 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$, at 36 s. per 100 boxes.
 Grape box $24 \times 18 \times 5$, at $7\frac{1}{4}$ d. each.

Thickness of material used in making the above boxes given as follows:—

	Ends.	Sides.	Bottoms & Tops.
No. O. apricot box.	$\frac{1}{2}$ "	$\frac{3}{16}$ "	$\frac{3}{16}$ "
No. 1 apricot or plum.	$\frac{1}{2}$ "	$\frac{3}{16}$ "	$\frac{3}{16}$ "
No. 2A. plum or peach.	$\frac{5}{8}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
No. 2B. peach.	$\frac{5}{8}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
No. 3 peach or pear.	$\frac{5}{8}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
No. 4 pear.	$\frac{5}{8}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
No. 5 half grape.	$\frac{3}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{2}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
Grape.	$\frac{3}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "	$\frac{1}{4}$ "

The size of the box as given above is the outside measurement over all. The dimensions given also allow for proper ventilation. The material used is pine, and the outside of the box is planed, inside not planed. The prices named are those ruling at present c.i.f. Cape Town, but are subject to change.

The number of boxes required for the fruit export of Cape Colony for the year 1906-7 was about 90,000. The number used for the export of fruit from the other South African colonies is not included in the above, and must have been quite large. It is confidently expected that a much larger number will be needed the present year.

JOHN A. CHESLEY.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., July 16, 1907.

SELLING APPLES BY WEIGHT.

In my report of April 27, 1907 (Monthly Report, April, 1907, page 105), detailing the various opportunities which exist in the north-east of England for Canadian apple shippers to develop their trade, I called attention to the fact that a movement was on foot originating from the Hull importing firms to adopt a system of selling apples by weight.

This movement has now matured into reality. At a general meeting of the Hull and District Fruit Buyers' Association, in June, 1907, when most of the Hull fruit merchants and buyers representing the north of England and the Midlands, together with many other districts were present, the following resolution was carried without opposition:—

'That all fruits, nuts, and vegetables generally sold retail by weight shall likewise be sold by brokers, merchants and importers on the Hull market by actual declared nett weights only; that in the event of disputes the buyers to have the right, at their own cost to have reasonable proportions of bulk weighed by sworn weighers, and shall pay only upon such Weighers' Average Weights.'

The promoters of this resolution state it has been adopted in consequence of the light weights in barrelled or boxed fruit received from many districts and shippers, thus prejudicing and damaging the fruit trade generally; also because of the combination of retail buyers in many centres to secure guaranteed weights. A special committee of the Hull and District Fruit Buyers' Association, Limited, elected to administer the resolution, have arranged for the same to be brought into operation on July 1, 1907, and have appointed sworn weighers from that date. A Tare Committee, comprising seven of the leading members of the association has also been appointed.

This system of selling fruit by 'declared nett weights' will effect a radical change in the old practice of selling Canadian apples on the Hull market, and it is expected that within two years the system will become general throughout the Kingdom, as it is claimed that it serves the best interests alike both of the buyer and the seller.

HOW CANADIAN APPLES WILL BENEFIT.

The opinions passed on this resolution will be of particular interest to Canadian fruit growers and shippers as everything points to the fact that it will be to their distinct advantage. 'The way we shall work things,' remarks one importer, 'is that when we offer a barrel for sale we shall state the gross weight, and if that certain barrel weighs 140 lbs. gross and there is 21 lbs. tare, the buyer should receive 119 lbs. of solid fruit.' This is where the well-known superiority in the weight of Canadian apples in barrels will show up to advantage over apples from any other country. In future it is therefore advocated that whenever possible all Canadian barrels should be marked with the gross weight.

CANADIAN VS. AUSTRALIAN FRUIT.

While this system of selling 'by weight' will be of decided advantage in furthering the interests of the Canadian apple trade many importers are of the opinion that

it will have just the opposite effects in the case of Australian apples, which are shipped here in particularly heavy Australian hard wood boxes. This gives the English buyer the impression that he is buying a good heavy lot of fruit, whilst all the time the heaviness is really due to the kind of wood which the box is constructed of.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR CANADIAN FRUIT.

Inquiries made of the leading fruit experts in the north of England show that owing to the peculiar and most unseasonable weather which has been experienced throughout Britain and the continent, there is every indication of a great shortage in the apple crops, and local importers are relying more than ever this year on the Dominion to meet the demands of their trade. The prospects for a 'bumper' export season for Canadian shippers have not been so bright for many years. According to reports which have reached local importers from the principal fruit-growing centres in Ontario, there is likely to be a particularly plentiful supply of Baldwins, Russets, and other winter supplies of apples.

FRUIT REPRESENTATIVES FOR CANADA.

The first representative of the Hull importing firms will leave next week for New York en route for Canada to make arrangements for shipments of apples, and he will be followed later by many more representatives of other firms. Judging by the preparations that are now being made, these representatives will be in Canada much earlier than they were last year.

THE MARKET FOR PEARS.

The inclement weather experienced so far this year is also partly responsible for the excellent opening which occurs on the British market for Canadian pears. Local fruit buyers who have recently returned from the French pear-growing districts report that there is every indication of a small crop, partly due to the reason already stated, and also to the fact that the 'midge' has got among the pears causing them to drop off the trees in hundreds.

Canadian exporters, however, will not be entirely bereft of competition; in fact they will even have to look to their laurels, inasmuch as Cape Colony has entered into serious competition in this trade. Last season several large consignments of luscious 'William' pears arrived from South Africa—the first of their kind ever seen in this country. They were exceptionally fine fruit and found much favour, retailing at as much as 3d. and 4d. each. There are great possibilities for Canadian exporters in this trade if they were only to show a little more enterprise in developing the market, and I shall be only too pleased to assist them at this end by putting them in touch with would be importers. There will be an excellent market with good prices in this district for all the pears Canada can send us this year.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR SHIPMENTS.

I am pleased to record that the trade inquiries which have recently appeared in the Trade and Commerce Weekly Report from north England firms desirous of making arrangements for shipments of fruit have been vigorously followed up by fruit exporters, especially those in southern Ontario, and negotiations are now pending or finally, settled by which Canadian exporters can obtain direct through freights to any centre in the northeast of England, either by the Manchester Liners, Limited, any of the Liverpool-Canadian lines, the Thomson line, whose Canadian agents are Robert Reford Company, Limited, Montreal, and should sufficient cargo offer, the liners in connection with the Leyland line (Montreal office, 17 St. Sacramento street), would also doubtless return to Hull. In addition to these services, Canadian products arrive at Hull via New York by the Wilson line.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., July 15, 1907.

BARLEY.

If anything were needed to implement the demand for a real good quality of malt-ing barley from Canada, it was to be found in the strong appeal made by a large im-porter who attended the meeting called at the Lord Mayor's parlor recently, to meet the members of the Canadian Royal Commission on grain, and who stated that the market was compelled to rely upon California barley for a first grade quality, and that he was satisfied that Canada produced the necessary article, but regretted it did not find its way to the British market in sufficient quantity, and in this connection I may be permitted to give the quantities and values of barley imported:—

IMPORTS OF BARLEY INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

COUNTRIES.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.			
	Quantity.		Value.	
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
Russia	9,930,200	6,919,900	2,605,657	1,828,782
Roumania.....	2,270,700	4,098,100	921,529	1,126,785
Turkey	3,215,200	3,513,200	989,652	1,105,059
United States	1,283,000	891,500	424,792	298,639
Other Countries.....	4,727,800	4,511,800	1,075,720	1,318,322
	21,426,900	19,934,500	6,017,350	5,677,587

COUNTRIES.	FIVE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31.			
	Quantity.		Value.	
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	£	£
Russia	1,362,000	1,189,400	381,458	341,467
Roumania.....	1,145,300	919,900	337,186	267,085
Turkey.....	694,200	1,632,000	225,963	489,874
U. S. of America.....	2,268,600	1,902,800	641,688	637,078
Other Countries.....	926,100	1,114,600	282,325	338,813
	6,396,200	6,758,700	1,868,620	2,074,317

PRODUCTION OF BARLEY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

To the above quantities imported, the yearly production of Great Britain must be added, and I give the acreage and bushels obtained from the report of the Department of Agriculture for the year 1905:—

England	47,288,182	1,410,287
Wales	2,817,436	91,243
Scotland	8,004,446	212,134
	<hr/> 58,110,064	<hr/> 1,713,664

It is scarcely necessary to say that the great bulk of the barley imported is for stock feeding purposes, and comes from Russia and Roumania.

MALTING BARLEY.

For malting purposes the best quality and that which commands the highest price comes from California and Montana, Chili and the Syrian coast. The market price for California barley at present is 28s. 6d. per qr, or 86½ cents per bush, and the best local barley realizes nearly the same price. It has been stated that some Canadian malting barley has arrived here with the ends of the grain broken, no doubt due to defective thrashing, and this condition reduces its price materially and its effectiveness for malting purposes.

CHEESE.

One of the largest cheese importing firms in this city has furnished me the following report:—

‘As the Canadian cheese market is now in full swing, we are pleased to report that there is a vast improvement since last we wrote you, not only in the boxing and stencilling of the goods, but most important of all, the averaging is better. Whatever cause this is due to, it is one that we appreciate from a business point of view, and there is no doubt that some good has come from the attitude that your department took at the last conference.

There is still room for improvement, and it would be much better, not only for us, but for the factorymen, if they could see the importance of keeping the goods in the factory until properly matured, especially at this time of the year. The circumstances this year is quite different to last, as there is an accumulation of stock on this side, and buyers are not so ready to rush into the market and buy the produce in its green state, as they did last year.

We only trust that the quality will continue to be as good as it has been in past years, especially seeing that we have now to rely upon Canada for the bulk of our produce.

Prices are about the same as last year, but the market is very dull, and it is most unprofitable both for the wholesale men and for the retailers. There is no life in the trade, and we could do with prices 8s. 10d. per cwt. lower.’

MANCHESTER AND LIVERPOOL CEREAL RECEIPTS.

It may prove of interest to Canadian shippers to give comparative quantities of cereals received at the points of Liverpool and Manchester for the years 1904, 1905, 1906, as obtained from the Board of Trade official returns:—

		1904.	1905.	1906.
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat	Manchester	251,755	197,080	247,750
"	Liverpool	1,226,400	1,201,791	1,189,648
Barley	Manchester	7,355	15,370	15,120
"	Liverpool	73,845	73,055	67,769
Oats	Manchester	8,540	9,570	8,930
"	Liverpool	19,450	24,610	23,945
Bean	Manchester	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
"	Liverpool	17,680	16,709	7,521
Pease	Manchester	3,119	2,051	2,196
"	Liverpool	17,660	15,375	10,952
Maize	Manchester	45,170	50,400	57,600
"	Liverpool	504,009	613,395	556,860
Wheatmeal and flour	Manchester	2,075	960	2,105
"	Liverpool	95,377	94,566	90,921
Oatmeal	Manchester	1,708	1,766	2,091
"	Liverpool	7,945	8,699	9,840

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

The Board of Trade returns for June show that during the six months ended with June 30, the imports reached a total of £328,365,300, an increase of £27,815,747, compared with the first six months of 1906, and of £55,230,667 as against the same period in 1905.

The exports for the same period amounted to £206,317,469, or £25,723,953 more than in 1906, and £50,611,248 more than in the previous year.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,

BIRMINGHAM, ENG., July 15, 1907.

PERMANENT ROAD MAKING.

Many experiments are being made in various parts of Great Britain in permanent road making. In Wolverhampton (twelve miles from Birmingham) the borough engineer has been testing four different kinds of materials in contrast with the old-fashioned ordinary macadam in order to see which system was the best qualified for the making of a substantial road surface in its resistance to heavy traffic, its imperviousness to wet, and a consequent accumulation of mud and dust.

TARMAC.

The materials used were what is known as tarmac—two different kinds—and two other processes alike embodying the use of broken granite and broken furnace slag, also soaked in tar as a binding ingredient. Tarmac seems to be gaining great favour.

PATENT QUARRITE.

Another system has followed on the heels of tarmac, known as patent quarrite, a new dustless paving. From information I gather it is a kind of waterproof macadam, and is especially designed to dispense with the mud and dust created by ordinary macadam. Quarrite has been laid down in several of the principal towns in Lancashire, and judging from the testimonials of borough surveyors, it overcomes all the difficulties of road construction, and produces a solid, even, and hard surface, free from dust, waterproof, and with resisting qualities for the heaviest traffic. Amongst other advantages, the paving, when once laid, does not break up in patches, but wears uniformly throughout. It is of course understood that in any system of road-making, due consideration of cost will be essential. In this respect in laying down the Quarrite system any class of sound rock of uniform quality, can be successfully treated by it—such as limestone, granite, whinstone, porphyry, and quartzite. Again, Quarrite does not require any periodical top-paving of tar and grit, as in the case of ordinary tarred macadam, in order to maintain the surface, and another advantage is that it can, it is stated, be renewed after years of wear, at less cost than any other kind of material used.

Should any of the cities or towns of Canada wish further information, I shall be glad to put them in touch with the holders of the patent.

P. B. BALL.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

No. 14, BUND, ROOM B., YOKOHAMA, July 10, 1907.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHTS INCREASE.

According to current press reports, the Trans-Pacific Tariff Bureau recently announced its new rates for freight commencing from June 15. The Tariff Bureau is composed of representatives of some six or more companies, including the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The rates issued apply to all vessels belonging to several companies.

The new rates are considerably in excess of the old. The following figures show the increase on commodities consigned to Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki and Moji:—

Canned goods in cases, \$8 is asked per ton where \$6 was the old rate. The rate on flour is raised from \$3.50 to \$4 per ton from July 1st. This is presumably to Hong Kong, because it is further stated that flour rates have taken a \$2 jump on shipments to Yokohama and a \$1 jump on shipments to Shanghai.

The rates on live stock are raised \$15 on each animal, except sheep, which remain the same. General merchandise, which heretofore had been shipped for \$8 per ton by either weight or measure, whichever figures the most, has been raised to \$10. Potatoes, sugar in bags, and sugar in boxes or barrels are raised \$2 on every ton. Nails go up from \$5 to \$6 per ton.

The Bureau has also issued a new set of rules and conditions as follows:—

Minimum charge to Shanghai, \$5.50; to other ports of call, \$5.

No shipments accepted unless the necessary space has been previously engaged.

When freight is consigned to 'order' the name of consignee or party to be notified must be given.

These rates apply from ship's side and do not include wharfage or dock charges at loading port nor the cost of lading, handling or wharfage at port of trans-shipment or destination.

Shippers of flour must furnish with each shipment 2 per cent of empty sacks to be used for rebagging during loading and discharge.

Wheat must be packed in double gunnies, or bills of lading will be endorsed 'Not responsible for bursting of bags and consequent loss of contents.'

These latter two requirements are doubtless intended to provide wider margin for rough handling, since a recent judgment of a British court in China was severe upon a case of reckless handling and consequent loss. But generally, endorsements upon bills of lading are subject to equitable interpretation; yet these latter conditions are calculated to hamper trade.

A British merchant from Shanghai, discussing in this office the many features of the flour trade a fortnight ago, gave the rate upon flour from Winnipeg to Shanghai at \$9 per ton of 2,000 lbs.; and the rate from Seattle at \$4. Without raising any question over the comparative relation of these rates, they show without further argument the disadvantage under which Canadian trade is offered in the far east. And it would seem to be fair to remark that the Canadian rate, no matter how it may be adjusted between railway company and steamship company, was quite high enough before the very considerable advance now announced.

THE PORCELAIN TRADE.

Returns made by the guild of porcelain manufacturers and dealers, of Seto, a noted porcelain centre near Nogoya, show that the output of ware in Seto from April of last year to March last was valued at \$661,120. There were 564 manufacturing establishments and 48 dealers. Of the output, 53 per cent was for the American market (American in such case always including the North American continent), 28 per cent for the home market, and 19 per cent for the Chinese market.

A NEW LUBRICANT.

Bean cake is an important production in Japan and China. It is used chiefly for fertilizing, and to some extent for the feeding of live stock. Bean oil also is an important article of commerce. Whether bean-oil is a by-product of the manufacture of bean-cake, or vice versa, is a question that is answered differently by different people. But a consular report from Mukden is authority for the statement that 'one of the principal exports of Manchuria is bean oil, whose use at the present time is largely for illuminating and cooking purposes. The manager of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha at Tieling, however, believes that by combining it with a small percentage of some other oil it will be possible to produce a very satisfactory and cheap lubricant, and states that his company is at present performing experiments to that end.'

AVERAGE PRICES.

According to investigations made by the Bank of Japan, the average quotation of fifteen articles in Tokio during last month, out of fifty-six commodities, showed an advance, twenty-two a decline, while nineteen remained unchanged. On the average, the rate declined by 0.38 per cent on the rate for the preceding month. The decline is attributed to the depression of trade in general in consequence of the unfavourable financial conditions which have prevailed for some time.

The average quotation of commodities in Osaka for last month also showed a decline of about 0.4 per cent, as compared with the rate for the preceding month. Of sixty-four different commodities, thirty showed an advance, sixteen a decline, and eighteen remained unchanged. Amongst those which advanced are raw cotton, cotton yarn and fabrics, and amongst those which declined are mushrooms, sake, silk thread fabrics, vegetable wax, and tea, which showed a heavy decline.

SUGAR IN FORMOSA.

The sugar season in Formosa is now almost over, says the *Osaka Asahi* (*Rising Sun*), but the total output has not reached 100,000,000 kin (kin $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb.), as estimated. The total was 92,667,500 kin, showing a decrease of about 18,000,000 on the figures for last year. This decrease is due to failure of the cane crop in consequence of a drought which prevailed during the planting season. Up to the end of last month, 90,563,802 kin of sugar had been sold.

INVOICES FOR CUSTOMS DECLARATIONS.

The Superintendent of Customs has stated that while he does not at present insist upon invoices being signed by the shippers, preference and confidence are naturally given to declarations accompanied by such evidence of authenticity. Unsigned invoices can be regarded as only indicative of the value of the merchandise covered thereby, but not conclusive, and importers are strongly recommended to submit original invoices signed by the exporter. Regulations to such effect may shortly come into effect.

GINSENG.

This peculiar article of production continues to form an interesting item of trade. Late consular reports say in substance that the Chinese who will pay the price continue to buy ginseng with traditional avidity. Certain grades of the wild root from Manchuria and Mongolia are valued at from eight to forty times their weight in silver, and one particular variety, thick, large, and heavy, is often retailed at one hundred times its weight in silver. The better grades are imported solely for use by the official class at Peking, and are not found in the retail stores. Ginseng is one of those things that are not found in published trade returns, therefore information about it is obtained only by special application.

TRADE WITH MANCHURIA.

Osaka is now doing a large trade with Tairen. According to the *Asahi* (*Rising Sun*), the principal lines of goods shipped from Osaka to Tairen are cotton yarn, grey shirtings, white Japanese cotton, copper, matches, cigarettes, European umbrellas, sake, and sugar. The value of goods shipped from Osaka from January to May last, in each month, was as follows: January, \$309,313; February, \$293,129; March, \$437,678; April, \$512,205; May, \$591,031.

THE SILK PROSPECT.

Referring to this important subject, the *Japan Chronicle*, a good authority upon trade matters, says: 'The export of raw silk is a most important element of the financial question. The result of sericulture this year has been exceptionally successful, and the output of silk cocoons has shown an excess of over 20 per cent over the average, while the raw silk market is ruling very high. The No. 1 quality of best Shinshu silk, which is the standard of the silk market, is quoted at \$620 per picul (133 pounds), against \$515 of last year. The favourable market of the new silk will undoubtedly give an incentive to sericulturists, who may raise more silkworms in the summer and autumn; and if these two crops prove as successful as the spring crop, Japan may have silk to sell to the amount of upwards of \$100,000,000 this year. In that case, it will be more than enough to compensate for the excess of imports (\$32,875,000) during the first half-year, with the result of great trade activity.

BUSINESS SITUATION IMPROVING.

The *Japan Chronicle* (Kobe) of the 2nd, says the announcement that the Bank of Japan and other leading banks, both in Tokio and Osaka, have agreed among them-

selves to transact business on more liberal terms for the relief of the present financial strain, has given encouragement to business circles, but no substantial action has yet been taken by the banks. The financial situation, however, has slightly improved, and the half-yearly accounts were quietly settled in Osaka at the end of last week, without creating any special increase in the demand for money.

THE RICE CROP.

The *Japan Times* says, on the authority of the Nishiga-hara Experimental Farm, that the crop of rice this year will be abundant, to judge from the growth of the rice plant up to the present. If the weather becomes unfavourable, the crop will not be worse than in the average year. Bad weather after transplanting will not much affect the crop.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the Monthly Return, for the five months ending May 31, of the present and the previous year:—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk tissues, habutae	\$112,725	\$127,902
Silk handkerchiefs.	18,934	33,482
Cotton tissues	1,789	1,943
Mats and mattings for floor (Hanagoza	37,331	19,796
Porcelain and earthenware	45,917	29,566
Lacquered ware	5,585	4,014
Tea.	46,833	32,610
Rice	111,719	67,544
Straw-plaits and chip-braids	550	1,944
Camphor	461	5,032

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Flour.	\$55,671	\$31,062

The 'principal items' given in the Monthly Return, number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of the Annual Return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURN.

Principal Imports into Japan.	May, 1907.	Five months ending May 31.	
		1907.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$
Flour	219,238	1,299,407	1,978,445
Butter	3,626	23,688	35,051
Salted salmon		119,131	168,863
Condensed milk	74,010	371,585	315,507
Fertilizers	1,854,065	5,240,463	4,147,147
Leather, sole	81,709	430,572	221,819
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.	24,835	146,196	395,830
Printing paper.	144,114	689,585	508,489
Cotton ducks.	4,416	22,990	33,991
Cotton prints	56,973	262,492	316,363
Cotton satins and italians	32,023	288,879	401,840
White shirtings.	68,520	275,469	347,180
Gray shirtings.	364,716	507,579	1,231,142
Pulp, sulphite.	31,713	333,387	425,026

GENERAL TRADE RETURN—*Continued.*

TOTAL IMPORTS.			TOTAL EXPORTS.		
May, 1907.	Five months ending May 31.		May, 1907.	Five months ending May 31.	
	1907	1906.		1907.	1906.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
24,537,963	112,043,351	94,796,446	16,845,092	81,541,238	73,238,103

A. MacLEAN.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, July 8, 1907.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW ZEALAND.

The Government of New Zealand has issued some statistics showing the expansion of the country between 1896 and 1906. The following are some of the most interesting figures:—

	1896.	1906.	INCREASE.	
			Numerical.	Per cent.
Population (excluding Maoris and Pacific islanders)...	714,162	908,726	194,564	27·24
Occupied holdings..... No.	58,904	72,338	13,434	22·81
Cultivation (including grasses)..... Acres.	11,550,075	14,382,787	2,832,712	24·53
Horses..... No.	249,813	342,608	92,795	37·14
Cattle..... "	1,138,667	1,831,750	713,683	62·71
Sheep..... "	19,138,493	20,108,471	969,978	5·07
Pigs..... "	239,834	242,273	32,439	15·46
Money orders issued..... £	902,160	1,686,232	784,072	86·91
Railways, Government. Open for traffic..... Miles.	2,018	2,458	440	21·80
Receipts..... £	1,286,158	2,624,600	1,338,442	104·07
Shipping—				
Vessels, inwards..... Tons.	614,097	1,243,652	629,555	102·52
Vessels, outwards..... "	627,659	1,238,214	610,555	97·27
Exports of New Zealand produce—				
Wool..... £	4,391,848	6,765,655	2,373,807	54·05
Grain..... "	346,197	139,474	-206,723	-59·71
Frozen meat..... "	1,251,993	2,877,031	1,625,038	129·71
Butter..... "	281,716	1,560,235	1,278,519	453·83
Cheese..... "	130,166	341,002	210,836	161·97
Phormium fibre..... "	32,985	776,106	743,121	2252·90
Gold..... "	1,041,428	2,270,904	1,229,476	118·05
Gum, kauri..... "	431,323	522,486	91,163	21·14
Provisions, tallow, timber, &c..... "	1,269,680	2,587,453	1,317,773	103·79
Total exports New Zealand produce..... "	9,177,336	17,840,346	8,663,010	94·39
Imports..... "	7,137,320	15,211,403	8,074,083	113·12
Output of coal..... Tons.	792,851	1,729,536	936,685	118·14
Banks—deposits..... £	14,490,827	22,422,243	7,931,416	54·73
Savings bank deposits..... "	5,065,864	11,170,025	6,104,161	120·50

Under most of these heads the increase is far in advance of the growth of the population, though that has been substantial.

The increase in population is fair considering that until comparatively recently little effort had been made to induce immigration. The development of the trade has been over four-fold of the growth of the population. Very much of this development is due to the attention that has been paid to the export of frozen lambs to England, and to dairying. The number of sheep has increased but little, whereas the export of frozen meat has increased twenty-five times the increase of sheep. The increase in the export of wool has been ten-fold that of the increase of sheep, due to a small extent to the increased yield of wool per sheep, but mainly to the increased price of wool. The exportation of butter and cheese has been remarkable, and is the legitimate result of the great attention which the New Zealand Government has bestowed upon the dairying industry. Another remarkable development is the exportation of phormium fibre. The high prices of Manilla hemp and other fibres have turned what was considered an almost valueless product of the waste lands of New Zealand into a very profitable article of export.

TEN YEARS' DEVELOPMENT OF AUSTRALIA.

The returns for the year 1906 for some items are not yet available, and hence a comparison cannot be made between 1896 and 1906 as in the case of New Zealand. As it will be of general interest, I have arranged some statistics for the ten years, 1895 to 1905.

	1895.	1905.	Percentage.
Population.....	3,539,663	4,052,474	14.5
Area under crop..... Acres.	5,211,094	9,433,455	84.8
Horses..... No.	1,679,803	1,673,805	
Cattle..... No.	11,844,534	8,525,295	(—)28.02
Sheep..... No.	91,800,270	74,403,704	(—)18.9
Swine..... No.	835,816	1,014,853	21.4
Imports..... £	44,364,054	76,034,455	71.3
Exports..... £	55,523,476	94,528,759	70.2
Imports per head of the population..... £	16-8-1	18-17-8	15.1
Exports per head of the population..... £	15-8-6	23-9-6	52.1
Exports of wool..... £	16,671,926	19,814,924	18.8
Deposits in banks..... £	88,016,328	106,515,251	21.01
Savings banks..... £	21,476,486	28,789,889	80.6

The railway statistics are available for 1906, and the comparison is made, therefore, between 1896 and 1906, as follows:—

	Miles Open.	Gross Receipts.	Working Expenditure.	Net Revenue.
1906.....	21,353	£25,565,864	£17,768,231	£7,797,633
1896.....	16,214	10,276,256	7,118,240	3,158,116
Increase.....	5,139	£15,289,508	£10,649,991	£4,639,517

In the statements of imports and exports the figures include interstate trade as well as foreign trade. Otherwise a fair comparison with New Zealand could not be made.

It would appear that Australia had made small progress in comparison with New Zealand, but it must be remembered that New Zealand has had an almost uninterrupted prosperity for the ten years, while Australia suffered from one of the severest droughts in its history from 1895 to 1903. In addition to the drought, Queensland suffered from the tick, which reduced its herds of cattle that composed its principal pastoral industry. In 1891 there were 106,419,751 sheep in Australia. In 1902 the number had been reduced to 51,903,078. Since that year Australia has made rapid progress, and the figures, if available for 1906, would show a very much better state of things than those of 1905.

The returns of the number of sheep, cattle and horses for the three States of New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland have been compiled, and they show an increase in 1906 over 1905 of 8,445,164 sheep, 705,144 cattle, and 71,980 horses in these three States. The most promising feature in the figures is the increase of crops under area. While Australia will always be a great producer of wool, meat and butter and of other pastoral products, yet its future lies in the development of agriculture. The attention which the government of the several states has shown to this branch of industry during the last ten years is bearing its fruit. On the well-watered areas the large holdings are likely to gradually disappear and be replaced by farms.

NEW ZEALAND TRADE, 1906.

Some figures in connection with the trade of New Zealand for the year 1906 are to hand. The imports of merchandise were £14,078,565 as against £12,277,079 in 1905. This is exclusive of specie and parcels, but inclusive of all specie and parcels were from the United Kingdom, £9,003,029; from the colonies, £3,886,787; from foreign countries, £3,321,387; and the total of all imports was £15,211,403. In comparison with the imports of 1896, there has been an increase from the United Kingdom of £4,288,753; from the colonies, £2,258,126; from foreign countries, £1,527,204. The increase from the United Kingdom has been greater than those from the other British possessions and all foreign countries put together. But when it comes to percentages, the imports from Great Britain have only increased 91 per cent, while those from the colonies have increased 139 per cent, and those from foreign countries, 192 per cent.

The exports have grown on the ten years as under:—

	1896.	1906.	Increase.
	£	£	£
To United Kingdom.....	7,541,981	14,047,176	6,505,195
To Colonies.....	1,246,544	3,141,327	1,794,783
To Foreign Countries.....	432,580	906,634	474,054
Totals...	9,321,105	18,095,137	8,774,032

The actual increase to the mother country appears large, but it is only 82 per cent, whereas to other colonies it is 133 per cent, and to foreign countries 110 per cent. Ultimately, foreign countries secure a larger proportion of New Zealand exports than these figures show, though they go to Great Britain first.

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF ITEMS SHOW INCREASE.

The Preferential Tariff Act of 1903 has produced beneficial results to British trade in boots and shoes, hardware and iron goods, bicycles and paper. The details are not yet to hand, but two items in respect to the Canadian trade have been published, giving the importations of furniture, paper hangings and printing paper, which show the operation of the tariff.

	Total Importations.	United Kingdom.	Canada.	United States.	Germany and Australia.
	£	£	£	£	£
Furniture..... { 1906	41,105	17,197	4,088	10,810	8,078
{ 1902	35,155	14,946	279	9,206	3,769
Paper-hangings.. { 1906	39,993	30,504	2,383	2,219	4,836
{ 1902 ..	33,327	27,329	351	4,645	614
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Printing-paper.. { 1906	156,724	62,340	51,074	31,255	2,194
{ 1902	117,128	44,196	1,781	61,107	2,208

The full value of the tariff on paper has not yet been experienced, as some of the importations of paper from Germany and the United States were admitted at the low rates under a contract, which only expired last year.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE, 1906.

The figures previously given out as approximate statements of the trade of Australia for 1906 have been readjusted, and the final returns show the imports to have

been £44,729,506, and the exports, £69,737,763. This gives a remarkable balance of trade in favour of Australia of over twenty-five millions sterling. Last year the balance of trade was slightly under sixteen millions sterling.

TRADE OF THE PRESENT YEAR.

The returns for the first five months of the year show the importations for that period and for the similar period of 1906 to have been, 1906, £17,236,867; 1907, £20,238,091; being an increase of £3,001,224 for the period. The exports were, 1906, £27,640,900; 1907, £29,639,773; being an increase of £1,991,873.

The proportionate decrease in exports is due to the decrease in the exports of gold for the same period, which amounted to no less than £3,411,045. There was, however, an increase of merchandise in the five months of nearly five and a half millions sterling. There are promises, therefore, that the year 1907, as intimated in January, will exceed even the magnificent trade of 1906. The rains for May and June were widespread and most useful. Prices of metals have somewhat recovered, and the prices of other products are high. Australia, generally, is in a very prosperous condition.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

This prosperity is reflected in the Commonwealth and State revenues. The Commonwealth revenue returns show receipts and expenditures to have been:—

	1905-6.	1906-7.	Increase.
	£	£	£
Customs and Excise.....	8,999,485	9,648,764	649,279
Other revenues.....	2,882,440	3,182,854	300,414
Total revenue.....	11,881,925	12,831,618	949,695
Approximate expenditure.....	4,496,194	4,985,728	489,534

The figures for five out of the six states are:—

	1905-6.	1906-7.	Increase.
	£	£	£
New South Wales.....	12,283,082	13,386,727	1,103,645
Victoria.....	7,803,916	8,308,337	504,421
Queensland.....	3,853,522	4,307,912	454,390
South Australia.....	2,806,011	3,194,610	388,599
Tasmania.....	900,727	970,456	69,729
	27,647,258	30,168,042	2,520,784

In New South Wales the surplus over the expenditure has been £1,493,271; in Victoria it is expected to be well over £800,000; in Queensland there is a surplus of £396,115; while South Australia expects one of £300,000.

The finances of Western Australia are not in as flourishing a condition as those of the other states. Prior to entering into the Federation it had very high duties, which were annually reduced, and the reduction has led this year to a deficit in its accounts.

A year ago the Commonwealth revenues showed an increase of £418,873, and the expenditure an increase of £178,742. The increases in the State revenues were: New South Wales, £930,614; Victoria, £287,969; Queensland, £258,123; South Australia, £81,816; and Tasmania, £48,033. All the increases this year are much greater.

A striking feature is that nearly one-half of the increases in revenue is due to the increased revenues derived from the state railways. This fact is an indication of the expansion of business and activity in trade.

SHEEP SALES.

The annual sheep show and sheep sales were held during the last two weeks. Some ten thousand sheep were disposed of, including British breeds and Merinoes. Merinoes, of course, being the leading and profitable line. Where so many sheep were offered, the great majority of them were ordinarily good flock sheep, the prices realized being an average of from £2 to £5 each. Of the British breed, Lincolns, Shropshires and Leicesters were in demand. Lincolns and Leicesters did not bring very high prices, 23 guineas being the highest. There were a number of good sheep amongst them, but few special. Shropshires, particularly those from the flock of Mr. Mansell, of Tasmania, a breeder known to Canadian sheep men, brought £105, £52 10s., £36, and some less. Twelve of them averaged £35 each. From other breeders, seven averaged £15, 6s. 7d.; twenty ewes, £14 8s.

Though the Merinoes did not reach to quite as high a figure as on some previous occasions, the highest price being 700 guineas as against 1,000 guineas in former years, yet the average was better than in previous years; one salesman declaring it to be the best ever held in Australia. The prices for the best sheep ranged from 100 to 700 guineas. A flock of fifteen brought an average of £181 13s.; a flock of four, £140; a flock of twelve, an average of £138 13s. 9d.; three an average of £81, and ten of £62 19s. 6d. There was a marked change of favour towards plain-bodied sheep as against the wrinkled skins that had held the fashion for some time.

NEW SOUTH WALES WOOL CROP.

The full statistics of the exports of wool for the year which closed on the 29th ultimo have not yet been prepared, but those for New South Wales have been published. The exports for this State were, 956,656 bales, being 140,194 bales more than the previous year. 708,011 bales were sold in Sydney previous to shipment. They realized an average of £14 3s. per bale. Last year the average price was £13 19s. 6d. The crop this year on this average was worth £13,536,682, as against £11,410,056 the previous year.

THE AUSTRALASIAN WHEAT HARVEST.

The government returns for the several states of Australia and of New Zealand have been published. These figures show the yield to have been eleven million bushels below the original official estimate of the harvest. It is claimed, however, by some in the trade that the official estimate of the South Australian harvest is somewhat too low. The figures of the last and the previous harvest are as follows:—

	1905-6.	1906-7.	1906-7.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	Yield per acre.
New South Wales.....	20,737,200	21,817,938	11·7
Victoria.....	23,417,670	22,618,043	11·13
South Australia.....	20,143,798	17,145,796	10·2
Western Australia.....	2,303,305	2,300,354	10·67
Queensland.....	1,137,321	1,108,902	9·68
Tasmania.....	776,478	702,300	.....
Commonwealth.....	68,520,772	65,693,333	.....
New Zealand.....	6,798,934	5,605,252	27·18
Australasia.....	75,319,706	71,298,585	.....

The Australian yield in 1904-5 was 54,535,682 bushels, and in 1903-4 (the record season) 74,149,634 bushels. The New Zealand crop in 1904-5 yielded 9,123,673 bushels, and in 1903-4 it was 7,891,654 bushels.

NEW TARIFFS.

The Commonwealth Government anticipates presenting a new tariff to parliament in August, and the Government of New Zealand one somewhat earlier. In many lines both are likely to tend towards higher duties.

J. S. LARKE.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. Edgar E. Tripp.*)

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, July 24, 1907.

EXPORTS OF TRINIDAD.

During the year 1906-7 the colony's exports were £2,872,325, compared with £3,168,706 for corresponding period in 1905-6, and being again considerably less than the imports. The decrease is accounted for by a shortage in the cacao crop of about forty per cent.

DISTRIBUTION OF EXPORTS.

	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-06.	1906-7.
	£	£	£	£
To United Kingdom.....	529,211	665,397	445,889	417,824
" British Colonies.....	36,917	260,558	230,842	210,766
" Foreign Countries.....	1,061,101	931,323	1,045,174	927,454

The above figures relate to produce of the colony only, and do not include shipments.

Of local produce there was sent to Canada:—

1903-4..	£ 31,829
1904-5..	247,585
1905-6..	219,029
1906-7..	203,106

In this case, however, value is not a true indication of the volume of trade. £206,614 were paid for 127,866 bags sugar in 1905-6 against £195,584 for 201,714 bags in 1906-7.

SUGAR.

The total production of sugar was 45,000 tons, of which Canada took nearly half, and the United Kingdom practically all the remainder. The United States, which but a few years ago was looked upon by sugar planters as their sole hope in the future, figures for a value of £500. A notable feature of recent Trinidad sugar crops is that they are produced to a large extent by cane farmers. Formerly the owner of the factory grew all his own canes. Now, nearly half are supplied to the mill by small farmers, of whom there are 6,557 East Indian, and 5,777 West Indian. This arrangement tends to keep the people on the land, and is working satisfactorily for all parties.

CACAO.

The falling off in the cacao crop from 285,725 bags to 177,815 bags would have proved far more serious to the country but for the circumstances of a considerable rise in price. Thus, in spite of the great difference in quantity, the value of the exports was £973,169, against £1,196,450 the previous year. The United States were again the principal purchasers, taking 97,732 bags. France came next with 54,181 bags, and United Kingdom third with 19,777 bags. British North America is only down for 853 bags, against 1,200 last year, but official figures in this respect cannot be relied on. The greater part of the cacao consumed in Canada is no doubt purchased in New York, to the benefit of the middleman there, an incongruity which will no doubt right itself, as in the case of sugar, when the trade becomes more important.

COCOANUTS.

Over thirteen million cocoanuts were shipped last year, being a record for the colony. Prices were also good, the value being set down at £40,639. This industry is at the present time very flourishing. As a rule planters sell their crops for the year in advance, so that the business is of somewhat a speculative character for the buyer, but the latter has lately had the best of the bargain. The purchase of large quantities in advance has the advantage that suitable and cheap freight arrangements can then generally be made, otherwise sometimes difficult with this class of produce.

The United States were again the best customers for cocoanuts, thus:—

	1904-05.	1905-6.	1906-7.
	\$	\$	\$
To United States.....	8,571,495	9,054,355	11,489,951
" United Kingdom....	1,033,150	906,250	1,012,429
" British North America	610,618	659,470	314,430

ASPHALT AND MANJACK.

Asphalt shipments have been satisfactory notwithstanding the keen competition of the Bermudez Lake, now in the hands of a receiver for the government, or courts of Venezuela. The Trinidad Asphalt Company, and others interested in the 'Lake' here, exported 115,875 tons, about half of which went to the States—none to British North America. Manjack is on the up grade. 1,548 tons were shipped against 768 the previous year, 1,304 tons going to the United Kingdom and 1,752 to the States. The use and application of this product are apparently becoming known, and when the difficulties in its treatment are overcome, it will probably come into large demand.

FRUIT.

The new fruit industry has not developed as rapidly as was expected or hoped. Total exports were only of a value of £4,682, against £4,259 the previous year, a distinctly disappointing result, having in view the extra area which it was thought would be put into cultivation. A serious damper was experienced owing to the English Company which was established here to purchase fruit under arrangement with the government having given notice of intention to terminate the contract. Still, there are many persons who continue to give practical proof of their confidence in the future of the industry. It has now been demonstrated that the Island can produce bananas and other fruit equal to the best from elsewhere. The question of transportation is of course a serious one, especially during the period before the production of quantities sufficient to justify steamers providing and reserving cold storage. The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company are already doing this on some of their boats, and Trinidad fruit in excellent condition is now supplied regularly in London.

RUBBER AND BALATA GUM.

A considerable trade is done here in rubber and balata gum, principally the product of Venezuela, whence it is brought and sold to dealers here, and subsequently re-exported. It has been found, however, that this climate and soil are admirably adapted for the production of the highest quality of rubber, and its cultivation is being vigorously prosecuted. In a few years, therefore, it is likely to form a valuable item in the exports.

CEDAR.

Four hundred and seventy-two thousand three hundred and twenty cubic feet of cedar logs, valued at £57,018, were shipped during the year under review, but the demand for this timber at the same remunerative price seems to have entirely fallen off, and none is now going.

EXHIBITIONS.

The colony will be exhibiting at the exhibitions of Toronto and Halifax this year. The exhibit will be confined to bona fide commercial samples, and I commend them to the notice of your merchants. All the principal products of the island will be represented, and there will be some particularly fine samples of cacao and sugar, and some very interesting ones of rubber and other articles.

EDGAR E. TRIPP.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(*Mr. D. H. Ross.*)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, July 8, 1907.

THE COMMONWEALTH REVENUE, 1906-1907.

The financial year which closed on June 30 was the most satisfactory since the inauguration of the Australian Commonwealth in 1901. The figures are subject to slight adjustment at the annual audit, but, in the main, may be accepted as correct. The sources of revenue were as follows:—

Customs and excise.	£9,648,764
Post and telegraph offices.	3,127,569
Defence.	5,114
Patents.	18,245
Trade marks.	6,026
New revenue.	11,230
Miscellaneous.	14,670
Total revenue 1906-07.	£12,831,618
Revenue 1905-06.	11,870,926
Increase 1906-07 over 1905-06.	£960,692

The revenue from all sources exceeded the estimates by £905,118. The customs returns were £649,279 above the receipts for the previous year, and the post and telegraph offices showed an increase of £303,221 over the preceding period.

SUMMARY OF COMMONWEALTH REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, 1906-07.

The following is a brief summary of the revenue and expenditure of the Commonwealth for the financial year which closed on June 30:—

Total revenue, 1906-07..	£12,831,618
Total expenditure, 1906-07..	4,985,728
	<hr/>
Returned to the States..	£7,845,890

The federal treasurer paid to the various Australian states £806,025 more than the obligatory three-fourths net customs and excise revenue as provided by section 87 of the Commonwealth constitution.

A NEW AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The Parliament of the Commonwealth was opened at Melbourne on July 3, and early in the present session a new customs tariff will be introduced. Bonuses are promised to several industries, but more particularly to encourage the manufacture of iron and steel, in which development there is now a large company interested in an adjoining state. The Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, will be promptly advised—by cable if necessary—of any important tariff changes affecting the principal lines of Canadian exports to Australia.

PRISON-MADE GOODS IMPORTED INTO AUSTRALIA.

The Commonwealth Customs Department, as a result of special inquiries made in over-sea countries, has decided to firmly administer the law in respect to certain goods which have hitherto been imported as of ordinary production, but are now proved to be made, wholly or in part, by prison labour, therefore prohibited from importation into Australia. In some recent instances permission has been granted to return prison-made goods to the country of origin, but importers have been warned that in future the regulation prohibiting the importation into Australia of goods made by prison labour will be strictly enforced.

It may be stated that such unfair competition has heretofore operated against the successful introduction into Australia of goods made by several important Canadian free labour manufacturing concerns.

CANADIAN NEWS PAPER IN AUSTRALIA.

The consumption of news paper in Australia is increasing from year to year, and it is satisfactory to report that the demand for Canadian paper is becoming extensive throughout these States. It is estimated that approximately the Commonwealth will this year import 60,000 tons of news paper, of which 50,000 tons are required on reels and about 10,000 tons in flat. Paper mills in the Dominion are devoting more attention than heretofore to this trade, and it is not improbable that at least one-third of the 1907 Australian imports of 'news' will be obtained from Canadian sources of supply.

CANADIAN CHEESE IN JARS.

In Monthly Report, February, 1907, page 1278, I referred to the administration of the Pure Food Acts, in Victoria and several other Australian states, particularly in regard to the prohibition from importation of cheese containing preservatives. This difficulty has been overcome by one Canadian cheese manufacturing concern. A shipment of Canadian cheese (in jars) entirely free from preservatives recently arrived at Melbourne in absolutely perfect condition both as regards quality and flavour. The consignees immediately cabled for a repeat shipment, and regular and increasing business is certain to ensue if the cheese continues to carry in similar condition.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTATIONS OF CANADIAN FURNITURE.

The Commonwealth trade returns for 1906 credit Canada as the country of origin of imported furniture to the value of only £2,538. During the last month I have made exhaustive inquiries, and from reliable data collected concerning the exports of three leading Canadian furniture manufacturing industries it is a modest estimate to place the actual export values of their exports alone to Australia in 1906 at £30,000, besides which there are quite a number of smaller manufacturers of special lines of furniture, who are securing a portion of the Commonwealth trade.

It was my privilege recently to inspect some superb office furniture in Melbourne bearing the stamp of the Canada Furniture Manufactures, Limited, Toronto, the equal of which had not hitherto been imported from any country into Australia. With persistent energy and attention to the particular requirements of Australian furniture importers, there yet remains a wide field for Canadian enterprise to exploit.

PROGRESS IN PAPUA (AUSTRALIAN NEW GUINEA).

The Commonwealth government exercises paternal care over Papua, which comprises about 88,000 square miles of territory. The island lies immediately north of Queensland, and from a strategic point of view is of importance to Australia. Were it not for fever, mainly due to rank vegetation and decayed vegetable matter, it would be a comparatively healthy country, but the gradual clearance of the low-lying coastal districts is expected to improve present conditions. The island produces gold, copra (from cocoanuts), sandalwood, rubber, pearls and pearl shell. The Papua director of agriculture has recently planted, for experimental purposes, many thousands of Para rubber stumps, from which he predicts a successful issue. The development of the country is proceeding favourably, and large areas of land are being taken up by Australian investors interested in the production of rubber, which eventually may find its way, as raw material, to large Canadian rubber industries.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT PRODUCTION.

The total production of wheat in Australia last season has turned out considerably less than 74,350,000 bushels, which was anticipated in January; the aggregate being now placed at 66,000,000 bushels approximately as compared with 68,520,000 bushels in the previous year. On the basis of expert calculation—after allowing for seed, home consumption and exports to date—there is less than 4,000,000 bushels available at the present time for over-sea shipment. The average yield for last season is given thus: South Australia, 10·20; Victoria, 11·13, and New South Wales, 11·70 bushels per acre. Prospects for the new season continue favourable, and the recent alternation of fine and wet weather appears likely to place the wheat crops in a forward position when the critical months of October and November are reached.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT AND FLOUR QUOTATIONS.

Wheat is firmly held at Adelaide at 4s., and in Melbourne at 4s. to 4s. 1d. (97 to 99 cents) per bushel f.o.b. for f.a.q. In view of diminishing supplies and holders desiring higher rates, shippers find it hard to obtain full cargoes for chartered sailing ships. Flour is quoted to-day at £8 10s. to £8 15s. (\$41.36 to \$42.58) f.o.b. Melbourne, and £8 5s. to £8 7s. 6d. (\$40.14 to \$40.75) per ton f.o.b. Adelaide. With heavy orders in hand for the far East and South Africa, it is probable that present export rates for flour will continue until at least September.

MORE AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUIT FOR CANADA.

The Canadian-Australian steamer *Manuka* due to arrive about July 31, will land at Vancouver a further consignment of about 100 tons of Australian dried fruit

(raisins) shipped at Melbourne for Canadian buyers. This new trade has exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and measures are already being taken by the leading exporting firms to increase next season's exports to Canada to at least 1,000 tons.

INQUIRIES FOR CANADIAN GOODS.

The catalogues of Canadian manufactures filed in this office have been more frequently referred to during the last month than at any other time since their receipt. Melbourne importers of a large variety of American goods are now turning their attention to Canada, more particularly on account of the exceedingly slow deliveries of orders placed in the United States. Manufacturers in the Dominion should promptly endeavour to make more determined efforts to avail themselves of the exceptional opportunity now presenting itself in increasing their exports of goods already well known, and introducing new lines to Australian buyers. If the same care and energy were devoted to the export business as is given to the home trade, the expansion in the values of Canadian exports to Australia would soon reach surprising figures. Capable representation in Australia is the principal factor in successfully introducing new lines and exploiting this important market.

CANADIAN CATALOGUES AND DISCOUNT SHEETS.

The importance of having the catalogues of Canadian manufacturers filed in the various commercial agencies is demonstrated from week to week by trade inquirers at this office. The catalogues, however, are of no immediate service unless accompanied by the latest discount sheets, preferably upon a f.o.b. New York basis, or (on heavy lines) upon a c.i.f. Australian basis. To obviate prolonged delay, which frequently means the loss of a season's business, manufacturers are earnestly entreated to send their latest export prices to this commercial agency. New catalogues with similar information will also be very acceptable.

D. H. ROSS.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of June and the *twelve months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	3,499	33,244	22,629	463,741	527,445	662,550
New Zealand.....	3,679	10,821	16,677	313,339	303,132	297,032
Canada.....	13,847	19,712	156	256,938	302,895	164,444
Totals.....	21,025	63,777	39,462	1,034,018	1,133,472	1,124,026
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	143,394	150,568	159,849	1,670,392	1,625,251	1,745,499
France.....	46,890	43,432	32,304	341,108	348,099	266,358
Germany.....	20	63	192	1,784	8,967	8,884
Holland.....	27,853	27,129	21,096	216,908	197,756	174,114
Russia.....	43,490	73,181	66,322	403,179	506,539	648,522
Sweden.....	14,813	12,033	16,608	194,169	176,187	217,647
United States.....	771	12,236	5	47,339	168,881	67,344
Other countries.....	11,450	5,757	2,699	169,051	144,301	133,146
Totals.....	288,681	324,399	299,075	3,043,930	3,175,981	3,261,514
Grand totals.....	309,706	388,176	338,537	4,077,948	4,309,453	4,385,540

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....			1,346			3,205
New Zealand.....	7,438	12,358	25,023	81,449	117,390	171,949
Canada.....	146,820	198,257	151,160	1,846,160	1,917,679	1,813,575
Totals.....	154,258	210,615	177,529	1,927,609	2,035,069	1,988,729
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,647	3,602	4,101	51,303	43,840	44,378
Holland.....	17,217	18,761	17,901	213,949	227,285	229,853
United States.....	4,316	38,781	14,186	187,734	213,517	172,738
Other countries.....	5,671	7,846	5,947	61,366	81,526	76,112
Totals.....	30,851	68,990	42,135	514,352	566,168	523,081
Grand totals.....	185,109	279,605	219,664	2,441,961	2,601,237	2,511,810

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of June and the *twelve months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BACON.						
Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	153,003	119,818	150,621	952,097	1,315,120	1,154,108
Denmark.....	127,558	119,404	159,739	1,619,629	1,451,501	1,640,290
United States.....	167,743	170,998	143,025	2,873,430	2,756,432	2,504,819
Other countries.....	7,298	9,486	10,977	93,658	82,075	114,908
Totals.....	455,602	419,706	464,362	5,538,814	5,605,128	5,414,125

HAMS.						
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Canada.....	36,454	30,712	57,899	207,793	308,201	263,357
United States.....	88,623	88,882	60,918	1,052,872	1,024,310	915,380
Other countries.....	335	206	298	4,693	2,725	2,917
Totals.....	125,412	119,800	119,115	1,265,358	1,335,236	1,181,654

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.						
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Canada.....	5,727	5,319	9,511	126,328	367,122	136,653
Newfoundland.....	262	715	.....	6,304	8,316	8,117
France.....	1,817	815	371	62,374	34,640	26,199
Norway.....	7,871	11,902	4,376	168,967	195,729	154,606
Portugal.....	10,751	14,844	7,792	109,068	119,988	112,841
United States.....	382	291	9,578	241,254	201,336	135,149
Other countries.....	19,575	31,445	30,139	381,839	441,880	429,156
Totals.....	46,385	65,331	61,767	1,096,134	1,369,011	1,002,721

EGGS.						
	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	.....	.....	.....	328,304	244,702	235,391
Belgium.....	141,326	133,260	157,692	2,123,112	2,400,639	2,250,078
Denmark.....	308,952	339,327	329,075	3,729,970	3,787,067	3,866,604
France.....	127,744	176,675	110,947	1,593,390	1,506,206	1,292,131
Germany.....	39,254	25,668	70,618	2,670,149	2,627,218	2,555,202
Russia.....	1,331,980	1,228,238	1,074,175	7,770,558	7,069,930	6,754,393
Other countries.....	41,029	27,008	49,808	1,279,952	1,079,500	1,201,671
Totals.....	1,990,285	1,930,176	1,792,315	19,495,435	18,715,262	18,155,470

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending June, 1897 to 1907.

MONTH OF JUNE, 1897 TO 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nation- ality not Distin- guished.	Total Emi- grants.
1897.....	1,147	247	71	1,465	673	.....	2,138
1898.....	1,648	228	111	1,987	1,181	6	3,174
1899.....	1,582	226	98	1,906	2,278	11	4,195
1900.....	1,449	211	94	1,754	4,722	3	6,479
1901.....	1,419	215	150	1,784	2,941	14	4,739
1902.....	1,659	452	112	2,223	4,387	12	6,622
1903.....	4,556	1,149	207	5,912	3,996	81	9,989
1904.....	5,815	1,826	270	7,911	2,784	3	10,698
1905.....	6,998	1,854	368	9,220	3,645	6	12,871
1906.....	10,147	3,741	476	14,364	2,799	7	17,170
1907.....	14,464	4,864	922	20,250	3,731	.....	23,981

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE, 1897 TO 1907.

1897.....	12,383	1,418	779	14,580	6,284	19	20,883
1898.....	15,259	1,509	961	17,729	8,126	76	25,931
1899.....	14,536	1,610	925	17,071	12,972	41	30,084
1900.....	13,582	1,661	791	16,034	26,514	131	42,679
1901.....	14,381	1,716	1,156	17,253	30,092	102	47,447
1902.....	17,510	3,369	1,507	22,386	32,645	99	55,130
1903.....	39,726	8,238	2,208	50,172	42,747	221	93,140
1904.....	50,902	11,645	2,658	65,205	27,487	167	92,859
1905.....	62,801	13,420	3,375	79,596	23,081	79	102,756
1906.....	78,813	19,559	3,905	102,277	23,390	47	125,714
1907.....	100,830	31,262	6,231	138,323	29,969	.....	168,292

THE EXPORT TRADE OF TRINIDAD.

STATEMENT showing the Exports of Asphalt, Cocoa, and Sugar, the Produce of the Colony of Trinidad, during the Years ended December 31, 1896 to 1900, and the Years ended March 31, 1902 to 1907.

		EXPORTS FROM TRINIDAD.				
		To				
		Great Britain.	United States.	British North America.	Other Countries.	Totals.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASPHALT.						
Year ended December 31, 1896.....						520,343
" " 1897.....	40,413	465,915	1,441	167,729		675,498
" " 1898.....	55,027	326,203	2,633	170,046		553,909
" " 1899.....	77,254	483,450	1,095	183,546		745,345
" " 1900.....	132,023	531,123	1,192	199,301		863,639
March 31, 1902.....	77,721	484,136	19,690	196,156		777,703
" " 1903.....	55,572	629,674	2,667	142,160		993,413
" " 1904.....	158,463	692,044	253	142,653		725,230
" " 1905.....	88,700	479,994	3,849	152,687		578,734
" " 1906.....	135,313	252,507	7,300	183,614		665,974
" " 1907.....	88,851	337,601		239,522		
COCOA.						
Year ended December 31, 1896.....						2,200,419
" " 1897.....	754,119	716,203	19,510	1,099,833		2,589,665
" " 1898.....	1,172,259	955,667	19,320	1,288,407		3,435,653
" " 1899.....	1,303,074	983,052	22,747	1,480,698		3,789,571
" " 1900.....	1,657,508	1,149,263	36,218	1,306,175		4,149,164
March 31, 1902.....	1,279,144	1,273,724	27,083	1,544,140		4,124,091
" " 1903.....	985,256	1,474,926	38,996	1,917,473		4,416,651
" " 1904.....	1,110,992	1,867,325	24,951	1,362,292		4,365,560
" " 1905.....	850,387	1,460,818	80,747	1,928,071		4,320,023
" " 1906.....	705,502	2,215,257	24,426	2,121,545		5,066,730
" " 1907.....	515,190	2,210,902	23,389	1,153,940		3,903,421
SUGAR.						
Year ended December 31, 1896.....						3,408,355
" " 1897.....	1,324,765	1,262,515	25,997	644		2,613,921
" " 1898.....	996,922	1,866,503	59,164	7,363		2,929,952
" " 1899.....	1,616,336	1,758,522	80,158	22,519		3,477,535
" " 1900.....	1,473,164	1,061,619	77,803	64,124		2,676,710
March 31, 1902.....	1,185,919	850,207	152,511	12,118		2,200,755
" " 1903.....	1,210,831	705,920	31,575	47,007		1,995,333
" " 1904.....	1,117,664	874,170	124,017	5,679		2,121,530
" " 1905.....	2,151,047	260,401	1,074,132	28,703		3,514,283
" " 1906.....	1,191,992		1,005,522	2,151		2,199,665
" " 1907.....	1,136,824	2,896	951,842	1,991		2,093,553

Average prices of Cocoa and Sugar in Trinidad during the Years 1902-3, 1903-4, 1904-5, 1905-6 and 1906-7.

	Cocoa.	SUGAR.	
		Muscovado.	Vacuum Pan
	Price	per cwt. (112	lbs.)
1902-3.....	\$ 14.11	\$ 1.58	\$ 2.13
1903-4.....	\$ 13.38	\$ 1.62	\$ 2.61
1904-5.....	\$ 12.78	\$ 3.10	\$ 3.93
1905-6.....	\$ 11.72	\$ 2.74	\$ 3.04
1906-7.....	\$ 15.85	\$ 2.33	\$ 1.88

TRADE OF FIJI.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Fiji during the Years 1900 to 1906.

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.						
	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Imports—							
British Empire.....	1,539,049	1,630,396	2,360,221	2,274,923	2,031,152	2,095,084	2,768,822
Foreign countries.....	163,749	78,694	203,768	105,344	110,156	60,128	197,392
Totals.....	1,702,798	1,709,090	2,563,989	2,380,267	2,141,308	2,155,212	2,966,214
Exports—							
British Empire.....	2,391,037	2,299,286	2,201,120	2,676,491	2,689,889	2,964,496	2,860,827
Foreign countries.....	625,498	371,565	403,377	23,082	181,400	473,331	75,766
Totals.....	3,016,535	2,670,851	2,604,497	2,699,573	2,871,289	3,437,827	2,936,593
Aggregate trade—							
British Empire.....	3,930,086	3,929,682	4,561,341	4,951,414	4,721,041	5,059,580	5,629,649
Foreign countries.....	789,247	450,259	607,145	128,426	291,556	533,459	273,158
Grand totals.....	4,719,333	4,379,941	5,168,486	5,079,840	5,012,597	5,593,039	5,902,807

No. 2.—STATEMENT (by Countries) showing the Imports and Exports of Fiji during the Years 1904 to 1906.

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	Imports.			Exports.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
British Empire—						
Great Britain.....	59,427	57,241	208,823	85,011	119,802	98,487
Canada.....	1,607,231	1,652,229	1,836,442	274,300	380,169	960,695
New South Wales.....	286,038	293,606	531,882	2,057,529	2,213,690	1,801,557
New Zealand.....	78,456	92,008	106,752	155,611	258	88
Victoria.....						
Other British.....						
Totals, British Empire.....	2,031,152	2,095,084	2,768,822	2,689,889	2,964,496	2,860,827
Foreign countries—						
United States.....	20,308	32,383	192,059		219,000	
Other foreign.....	89,848	27,745	5,333	181,400	254,331	75,766
Totals, foreign countries.....	110,156	60,128	197,392	181,400	473,331	75,766
Grand totals.....	2,141,308	2,155,212	2,966,214	2,871,289	3,437,827	2,936,593

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Imported into Fiji during the Years 1900 to 1906.

Articles.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.						
	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bags.....	41,785	36,101	46,239	56,112	75,745	71,686	61,325
Beer.....	15,768	15,515	19,700	20,064	19,447	18,794	21,466
Boots and shoes.....	20,366	19,311	23,861	23,198	23,111	24,674	25,370
Breadstuffs and biscuits.....	106,585	108,025	150,935	174,877	169,963	152,263	190,102
Butter.....	29,112	32,208	35,434	41,775	35,186	42,934	52,374
Coal.....	42,836	63,579	67,257	104,692	95,328	113,164	86,567
Drapery.....	327,653	299,562	371,511	381,926	370,197	368,732	489,318
Drugs.....	20,236	20,211	23,204	31,823	25,681	24,201	23,700
Fish.....	13,563	17,768	25,598	30,942	30,460	28,888	29,905
Glassware.....	11,967	12,575	16,799	14,390	10,677	13,208	13,694
Hardware and cutlery.....	127,974	155,991	217,783	231,001	178,461	148,331	233,658
Iron, including galv. iron.....	111,324	124,941	154,030	123,199	95,474	83,741	163,734
Live stock.....	113,675	31,100	101,976	44,423	52,224	83,107	197,489
Machines and machinery.....	53,392	66,298	428,218	207,680	109,062	135,094	312,921
Manure.....	32,766	22,168	20,882	35,638	76,616	20,609	63,232
Meats.....	57,917	55,922	57,071	57,757	54,507	46,666	71,472
Oils.....	43,834	47,216	51,595	67,096	56,234	64,945	72,800
Pickles and sauces.....	3,377	3,567	4,176	4,029	3,937	4,584	4,346
Produce.....	5,712	8,321	3,543	3,562	2,643	5,042	3,212
Rice.....	44,992	41,775	39,298	59,918	54,944	36,737	71,802
Spirits.....	22,070	26,348	30,908	33,424	35,819	35,720	37,561
Stationery.....	14,838	15,680	21,778	20,580	18,654	22,289	25,608
Sugar.....	7,315	6,622	7,821	6,856	17,442	25,696	24,318
Timber.....	74,139	83,332	128,626	103,232	77,234	87,040	129,239
Tobacco.....	15,831	17,150	24,975	28,046	30,621	36,354	38,193
Vegetables and green fruit.....	4,434	18,736	20,215	21,072	17,355	33,755	32,743
All other articles.....	339,337	359,068	470,556	452,955	404,286	426,958	490,065
Totals.....	1,702,798	1,709,090	2,563,989	2,380,267	2,141,308	2,155,212	2,966,214

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Exported from Fiji during the Years 1900 to 1906.

Articles.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.						
	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cocoa nuts.....	6,141	4,433	1,708	5,110	3,032	3,587	7,464
Copra.....	767,492	559,195	726,165	506,371	437,479	632,335	723,740
Fruit, green.....	136,811	112,785	122,766	156,522	107,562	141,113	475,365
Peanuts.....	11,339	8,234	4,687	1,752	2,507	3,864	3,382
Spirits.....	140,346	83,857	17,418	1,820	.....	.....	.....
Sugar.....	1,917,403	1,850,087	1,692,096	1,977,418	2,284,369	2,626,024	1,689,696
Tobacco.....	.....	.....	76	934	7,183	.....	40
All other articles.....	37,003	52,260	39,581	49,646	29,157	30,904	36,906
Totals.....	3,016,535	2,670,851	2,604,497	2,699,573	2,871,289	3,437,827	2,936,593

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Exports of Copra, Green Fruits and Sugar from Fiji during the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

	1904.		1905.		1906.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$
Copra—						
Great Britain.....	1,442	85,011	1,895	119,803		
Canada.....	150	8,030				
France.....	693	37,098				
New South Wales.....	2,860	163,520	4,344	256,663	9,154	648,595
New Zealand.....			35	2,058		
Wallis Island.....						
Other countries.....	2,584	143,820	4,237	253,811	965	75,145
Totals.....	7,729	437,479	10,511	632,335	10,119	723,740
Fruits, green—						
Canada.....				34		48
New South Wales.....		13,962		10,658		238,365
New Zealand.....		93,600		130,397		236,918
Other countries.....				24		34
Totals.....		107,562		141,113		475,365
Sugar—						
Canada.....	2,487	108,906	5,438	250,449	2,159	96,528
New South Wales.....	1,529	66,931	1,790	78,406	795	34,820
New Zealand.....	44,575	1,953,105	46,260	2,078,169	35,564	1,558,069
Other countries.....	3,547	155,427	5,000	219,000	5	279
Totals.....	52,138	2,284,369	58,488	2,626,024	38,523	1,689,696

TRADE OF FRANCE (SIX MONTHS).

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Value of the Imports entered for Consumption into and Exports from France during the six months ending June, 1906 and 1907.

	SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 com- pared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	78,279,600	95,966,800	+ 17,687,200
Raw materials.....	392,738,200	411,678,800	+ 18,940,600
Manufactures.....	98,724,800	111,181,000	+ 12,456,200
Total imports.....	569,742,600	618,826,600	+ 49,084,000
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	61,549,800	67,762,000	+ 6,212,200
Raw materials.....	144,142,400	157,058,400	+ 12,916,000
Manufactures.....	258,995,600	286,208,800	+ 27,213,200
Small parcels.....	40,099,000	41,089,800	+ 990,800
Total exports.....	504,786,800	552,119,000	+ 47,332,200
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	569,742,600	618,826,600	+ 49,084,000
Exports.....	504,786,800	552,119,000	+ 47,332,200
Total trade.....	1,074,529,400	1,170,945,600	+ 96,416,200

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the six months ending June, 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1906 compared, with 1907.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	5,862	66,968	+ 61,106
	Other countries.....	84,288	95,488	+ 11,200
	Totals.....	90,150	162,456	+ 72,306
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	5,610	26,358	+ 20,748
	Other countries.....	161,953	112,060	— 49,893
	Total.....	167,563	138,448	— 29,145
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	1,126	78,196	+ 77,070
	Other countries.....	18,991	16,366	— 2,625
	Totals.....	20,117	94,562	+ 74,445
Rye.....	All countries.....	2	9,740	+ 9,738
Corn.....	All countries.....	160,628	239,851	+ 79,223

NOTE.—Metric ton=1,000 kgr.=2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from July report of A Poindron, Commercial Agent at Paris.

TRADE OF TRINIDAD.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Trinidad during the Years 1900 to 1907.

	Years ended March 31, 1902 to 1907.					
	1901-2.	1902-3.	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.
Imports—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dutiable goods.....	6,734,644	7,710,985	7,858,820	7,789,553	7,398,871	7,207,985
Free goods.....	3,186,586	3,847,679	3,332,104	3,483,199	3,169,183	3,903,524
Bullion and specie.....	454,844	156,152	331,036	537,582	1,960,167	753,365
Transshipments (Mdse.) .	2,528,379	1,289,341	773,430	984,380	3,549,353	3,322,614
Totals.....	12,904,453	13,004,157	12,295,390	12,794,714	16,077,574	15,187,488
Exports—						
Home produce.....	7,564,309	7,715,073	7,919,181	9,038,753	8,379,937	7,572,747
Foreign produce.....	1,451,775	2,859,756	2,216,947	1,728,772	1,931,298	2,101,903
Bullion and specie.....	357,705	167,111	163,768	313,895	1,560,448	981,383
Transshipments (Mdse.) .	2,528,379	1,289,341	773,430	984,380	3,549,353	3,322,614
Totals.....	11,902,168	12,031,281	11,073,326	12,065,800	15,421,036	13,978,647
Total Trade...	24,806,621	25,035,438	23,368,716	24,860,514	31,498,610	29,166,135

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing by Principal Countries the Trade of Trinidad during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1907.

IMPORTS.

Years ended Dec. 31 1891 to 1900 and March 31, 1902 to 1907.	Totals.	Great Britain.	British North America.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Venezuela.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1891.....	10,204,411	3,784,602	321,215	578,067	221,925	2,054,658	1,855,295
1892.....	10,168,316	3,696,423	385,804	448,585	198,447	2,223,979	1,941,274
1893.....	11,051,640	4,255,466	379,41	482,184	07,174	2,269,389	1,988,349
1894.....	10,477,030	4,064,567	314,070	477,158	180,169	2,172,416	2,097,582
1895.....	11,080,728	4,810,957	347,737	393,713	194,156	2,158,254	1,926,168
1896.....	11,989,155	4,762,349	361,637	458,790	244,112	2,231,269	2,550,361
1897.....	10,518,091	4,174,803	295,212	269,069	159,933	2,193,231	2,251,791
1898.....	11,110,862	3,875,613	355,524	323,818	162,284	2,414,688	2,796,449
1897.....	12,341,696	4,621,800	305,794	367,404	168,635	3,057,843	2,584,935
1900.....	12,167,922	4,391,884	322,392	345,188	156,006	2,946,304	3,176,721
1901-2.....	12,904,453	4,479,810	481,595	343,187	177,064	3,280,849	2,921,995
1902-3.....	13,004,157	4,784,984	647,082	426,938	232,510	3,417,320	2,381,776
1903-4.....	12,295,390	4,598,046	580,038	395,139	243,309	3,288,742	2,111,006
1904-.....	12,794,714	4,568,768	569,663	398,270	259,695	3,296,782	2,623,065
1905-6.....	16,077,574	4,660,291	677,338	379,941	330,782	3,168,541	3,205,123
1906-7.....	15,187,488	4,487,962	638,029	344,876	394,000	3,296,111	4,451,993

EXPORTS.

1891.....	10,019,303	3,547,790	113,860	898,708	165,262	3,583,545	1,135,291
1892.....	10,989,240	3,861,612	69,364	1,349,614	139,795	3,947,023	966,763
1893.....	11,294,677	3,914,280	47,552	1,363,919	118,211	3,668,610	1,267,386
1894.....	9,736,640	4,047,606	76,377	1,271,255	159,757	2,719,799	922,506
1895.....	10,050,173	4,416,466	65,490	1,288,347	179,370	2,744,371	922,895
1896.....	11,540,324	4,593,587	39,154	952,363	211,267	2,968,423	1,020,689
1897.....	9,708,640	3,472,562	66,800	1,066,481	354,853	3,056,551	1,239,848
1898.....	11,242,646	3,470,960	105,339	1,367,562	296,857	4,202,196	1,243,039
1899.....	12,521,403	4,329,703	124,265	1,482,693	268,752	4,310,757	1,547,600
1900.....	12,621,578	4,787,201	142,983	1,396,271	333,975	3,856,536	1,406,729
1901-2.....	11,902,168	3,436,708	229,210	1,475,802	256,444	3,977,254	1,669,189
1902-3.....	12,031,281	3,047,477	153,519	2,186,344	283,572	4,001,792	1,447,517
1903-4.....	11,073,326	2,939,374	200,802	1,570,896	253,476	4,600,372	975,416
1904-5.....	12,065,800	3,977,604	1,236,722	2,000,936	237,795	3,380,498	405,412
1905-6.....	15,421,036	4,031,600	1,104,991	2,377,079	289,732	4,141,738	1,273,470
1906-7.....	13,978,647	3,416,005	1,048,299	1,566,166	565,424	4,744,250	1,535,171

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported into Trinidad during the Years ended March 31, 1905 to 1907, together with the portion taken from Great Britain, British North America and the United States during the Years ended March 31, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES.	IMPORTS INTO TRINIDAD—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 1905 TO 1907.									
	Totals.			From Great Britain.		From British North America.		From United States.		
	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1906-7.
Bicycles.....	7,752	6,672	5,708		5,333		39			
Breadstuffs—										
Bread.....	40,821	37,035	25,803	13,986	13,967	8,910	10,108	13,548		311
Flour.....	771,678	885,767	912,713	7,300	282	44,691	28,572	830,560		1,405
Meal, not wheaten.....	27,637	38,223	28,319	2,969	2,326	292	623	33,001		882,370
Dholl.....	76,017	49,474	84,028	19,515	24,951					24,815
Maize.....	28,275	24,907	25,559		331			24,640		20,425
Oats.....	112,848	114,225	117,983	564	681	98,549	109,932	12,950		5,450
Pease and beans.....	52,730	66,162	73,754	9,626	4,657	19,759	21,705	26,552		33,658
Rice.....	553,276	573,541	535,431	142,515	93,902	3,061	4,249	1,445		686
Butter substitutes—Lard, &c.....	163,063	130,903	154,589	37,493	41,182			18,060		26,362
Butter.....	117,817	150,448	193,825	3,076	1,557			133,639		170,372
Candles.....	32,130	37,239	29,979	29,434	23,834			165		180
Cement.....	141,926	99,737	77,750	77,750	73,774		20	5,679		1,051
Cheese.....	42,437	43,250	40,106	6,063	5,265	2,511	1,105	32,495		30,344
Cocoa, raw.....	878,832	753,992	919,016	45,761	73,292			52,496		1,655
Coal and coke.....	108,399	101,786	115,325		24			41,911		511
Coffee.....	62,989	40,383	51,479		24	282	428	12,503		12,152
Earthenware and glassware.....	120,041	125,316	120,002	57,991	55,733	324,174	285,605	48,555		39,799
Fish.....	368,465	411,949	374,713	18,873	28,572	2,316	5,353	130,397		
Hardware.....	748,781	628,622	584,779	449,835	422,694					
Leather and manufactures of—										
Boots and shoes.....	232,023	253,695	265,910	116,250	127,993	2,842	3,523	109,772		110,303
Other.....	86,466	77,842	69,574	44,759	34,480	8,137	2,307	14,138		14,203
Lime.....	6,136	2,862	3,222	891	745			20,333		22,830
Machinery.....	203,772	163,043	301,368	139,371	267,058	24	1,100	3,331		331
Manure.....	107,903	125,370	167,349	117,807	162,347			26,158		28,383
Malt liquor.....	210,527	207,023	181,395	173,005	190,385			26,740		23,924
Medicines.....	86,836	81,088	76,382	42,826	42,466	1,367	1,762	397,555		433,912
Meats.....	516,499	449,271	469,492	19,544	19,710	5,781	3,801			
Milk—condensed.....	123,914	140,695	144,486	103,441	98,370	4,609	1,105	307		
Oils—										
Petroleum.....	59,636	42,900	48,122	2,618	3,475			3,893		4,682
Kerosene.....	93,142	97,907	101,728	180	44			97,459		101,158
Oilmeal.....	71,238	74,260	86,826					74,260		86,823
Soap.....	154,263	142,394	145,859	98,189	114,556	10,736	14,800	32,212		15,442
Stock, live—										
Oxen.....	191,576	213,184	228,407	1,688	341	170	24	37,945		38,846
Other.....	188,576	127,165	123,644	248		1,596	930			1,557
Spirits, other than medicinal.....	114,308	113,967	102,575	79,871	74,012	92	68			

Sugar.....	23,705	35,546	12,181	3,222	2,428	.....	4,477	3,212
Timber, sawn and hewn.....	406,950	211,700	255,770	307	778	.....	157,008	186,554
Tobacco.....	113,808	113,213	104,298	40,062	45,698	.....	65,403	52,832
Textile manufactures.....	1,721,067	1,707,844	1,684,411	1,355,620	1,286,562	.....	183,049	137,250
Vegetables, fresh.....	155,037	146,039	155,528	9,621	12,195	.....	37,687	14,575
Wine.....	161,972	134,393	114,444	22,756	18,167	.....	686	745
All other articles (mdse.).....	1,787,343	1,586,992	1,796,242	665,308	704,336	.....	238,335	263,528
Totals (mdse., except transshipments)...	11,272,752	10,568,054	11,111,509	3,976,559	4,038,584	.....	2,890,840	2,955,100
Coin and bullion (including transshipments) ..	537,582	1,960,167	753,365	174,956	.....	.....	35,731	14,225
Transshipments (mdse.).....	984,380	3,549,353	3,322,614	508,776	449,378	.....	241,970	326,786
Grand totals, imports.....	12,794,714	16,077,574	15,187,488	4,660,291	4,487,962	.....	3,168,541	3,296,111

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported from Trinidad, during the Years ended March 31, 1905 to 1907, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, British North America and the United States, during the Years ended March 31 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS FROM TRINIDAD—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 1905 TO 1907.

ARTICLES.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To British North America.			To United States.		
	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1907.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1907.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1907.
Asphalt.....	725,230	578,734	665,974	135,313	88,851	7,300	252,507	27,394	337,601	252,507	27,394	337,601
Cocoa, raw.....	5,128,911	5,822,722	4,731,222	711,072	518,421	25,618	2,769,557	27,394	2,737,641	2,769,557	27,394	2,737,641
Cocoanuts.....	1,077,762	1,422,243	1,977,776	11,422	15,349	8,599	116,808	4,730	175,555	116,808	4,730	175,555
Coffee.....	36,013	2,891	10,760	929	908		715			1,075		
Fish.....	29,098	28,553	13,826			10						
Flour.....	32,466	25,900	16,055			15						
Hardware.....	43,132	35,303	87,507	4,185	6,126	15	7,032	15	14,887	7,032	15	14,887
Hides and skins.....	88,773	75,102	116,805	22,883	37,697		3,808	55,748	7,372	3,808	55,748	7,372
Machinery.....	15,023	14,152	3,528	2,789	2,492		2,390		535	2,390		535
Malt liquor.....	14,030	13,787	58				326					
Molasses.....	61,067	28,192	22,406	3,825	10,293	19,675		8,171				
Soap.....	15,768	16,079	13,262	584	5				3,051			3,051
Spirits, rum.....	23,564	297	58,040	92	54,146	34	37,900		58,288	37,900		58,288
" unenumerated.....	147,387	15,719	12,873	48,287	42,729		467		161	467		161
Sugar.....	3,518,834	2,203,948	2,096,633	1,191,992	1,136,824	1,005,521		931,842				
Timber.....	26,358	32,733	35,390	1,762	42,121	146			2,896			2,896
Tobacco.....	30,449	32,733	35,390	234	49				5,045			5,045
Textile manufactures.....	119,725	134,855	111,573	2,657	3,290			68				
Vegetables, fresh.....	1,956	13,203	5,504	10					1,153			1,153
Wine.....	14,089	14,162	9,597						185			185
All other articles (nduse).....	564,523	881,425	1,002,273	450,699	246,265	337		331		121,460		144,974
Totals (mdse. except transshipments) ..	10,767,525	10,311,235	9,674,650	2,589,690	2,205,875	1,104,991		1,048,299		3,319,048		3,487,959
Coin and bullion (including transshipments).....	313,895	1,560,448	981,383	1,303,225	679,357					170,638		120,114
Transshipments (mdse).....	984,380	3,549,353	3,322,614	138,685	530,773					643,032		1,136,177
Grand totals, exports.....	12,065,800	15,421,036	13,978,647	4,031,600	3,416,005	1,104,991		1,048,299		4,141,738		4,744,250

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

JULY 1907

GENERAL CONTENTS

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OTTAWA
GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU
1907

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,485 ¹	199,861,538 ¹	289,809,230 ¹	354,732,433	314,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680 ^(c)	376,687,200
—Net.....	77,702,518	155,351,780	237,809,030	268,480,104	260,867,719	266,224,167	267,042,978 ^(c)	252,576,841
—Interest paid on.....	5,163,364	7,391,145	9,584,137	10,867,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	.....
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.	(c)	27,773	(c)	47,991	(c)	82,165	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,444,339,935	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,108,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,280,671	14,712,030	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	103,290,932	261,475,229	484,060	656,892	718,081	768,048	.....
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	3,094,689	8,417,702	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	658,980,923	.....
Premiums received.....	.....	.....	.....	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,378,730	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	.....	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	.....	.....
Liabilities—								
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	.....	.....
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	.....	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	.....	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	.....	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	.....	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	.....	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	.....	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d)	6,043,868	(d)	7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,635	7,497,660	.....	.....
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	.....	392,582	174,000	175,500	.....	.....	.....
" pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	142,005	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,082,116	1,082,116	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632	.....	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,523	4,219,153	7,550,526	.....	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	409,549	3,263,354	2,047,095	3,617,675	.....	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—								
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	35,100	999,878	1,250,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles.

(b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.

(f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31..... No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—To June 30—								
Post offices..... No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	
Money orders issued..... {	120,521	388,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	
Newsletters, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	4,546,434	7,723,212	12,478,178	17,936,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	
Post cards sent..... No.	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404				
Letters sent..... {	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	
Revenue..... {	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,000	191,650,000	259,541,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	
Expenditure..... {	1,271,006	2,333,189	3,374,888	5,153,622	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	
			4,020,740		6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	
Railways and Canals—To June 30—								
Canals—Vessels through { Season of naviga- (Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,573,570	6,402,538	8,428,005	10,287,432		
Freight carried } tion..... { Tons.	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744		
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation..... No.				672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.....				120,934,656	181,689,498	203,407,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried..... Tons.				287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross..... \$				5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses..... \$				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation..... No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried.....		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried..... Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	
Earnings—Gross..... \$	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,407,199	125,222,865	
Working expenses..... \$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—To June 30—(f)								
Customs Duties collected..... \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,354,349	42,024,340	46,071,101 (c)	53,006,546
Excise Revenue collected..... \$	4,295,945	5,343,922	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220 (c)	15,732,671
Imports, Total—								
Dutiable Goods..... \$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332 (c)	204,835,646
Free Goods..... \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080 (c)	129,453,273
Totals (mdse)..... \$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412 (c)	334,288,919
Coin and Bullion..... \$	2,735,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603 (c)	9,604,464
Total imports..... \$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015 (c)	343,893,383

Exports—Home Produce—					
Mine.....	2,841,124	2,707,829	5,784,143	40,367,083	33,626,739
Fisheries.....	3,994,275	6,807,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,759,029
Forest.....	23,063,293	24,940,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922
Animal produce.....	12,608,506	21,340,219	25,967,741	55,495,311	63,812,117
Agricultural products.....	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,666,858	24,781,486	37,182,117
Manufactures.....	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,804,049
Miscellaneous.....	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708
Home produce (mdse).....	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,239
Foreign produce (mdse).....	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,439
Total exports (mdse).....	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678
Coin and Bullion.....	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557
Total exports (a).....	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235
Total trade (a).....	157,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,733,038
Shipping—Sea-gong..... Tons.	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,886,705
Coasting.....	"	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,796	45,505,122
Inland water.....	"	8,009,995	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,500
Total shipping.....	"	"	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(e) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are to March 31.

Value for 1871.....	\$ 2,448,668
" 1881.....	3,023,322
" 1891.....	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,709,028
1883.....	217,806,099	94,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,137,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,722,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,267,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	31,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,397,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,590	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

634,672,345	216,373,186	139,572,641	355,945,827	9,440,482	365,386,309	57,221,891
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending July, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)							
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.	Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	¢	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044		21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038		19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713		17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799		20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123		19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953		22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375		25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212		28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632		29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286		32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724		37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235		40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872		42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630		46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606		53,006,546	1907

ENDING JULY, 1907.

237,686,114	14,401,518	252,087,632	17,198,404	269,286,036		57,221,891
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MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the months, four months and twelve months ending July, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total * Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
1898	10,520,658	6,225,123	16,745,781	337,485	17,083,266	12,122,015	2,348,170	14,470,185	117,675	14,587,860	31,671,126	2,767,075	1898
1899	7,767,338	5,602,383	13,369,721	1,089,264	14,458,985	11,325,199	2,008,607	13,423,806	257,426	13,681,232	28,140,217	2,136,297	1899
1900	9,015,917	4,948,751	13,964,668	494,268	14,458,936	12,041,616	1,590,047	13,631,663	229,298	13,860,961	28,319,897	2,390,242	1900
1901	8,284,112	5,760,037	14,044,149	333,553	14,377,702	13,032,244	2,544,149	15,576,393	78,741	15,655,134	30,032,836	2,172,565	1901
1902	8,987,688	4,738,898	13,726,586	346,696	14,073,282	15,612,783	885,297	16,498,080	106,069	16,604,149	30,677,431	2,406,053	1902
1903	11,117,192	7,597,372	18,714,564	761,079	19,475,643	16,356,417	2,376,627	18,733,044	61,168	18,794,212	38,229,855	2,037,492	1903
1904	10,922,942	7,096,956	18,019,898	62,033	18,081,931	13,863,301	500,898	14,364,199	91,578	14,455,777	32,567,508	2,905,499	1904
1905	11,301,091	7,124,069	18,425,160	54,605	18,479,765	13,049,449	1,107,614	14,157,063	23,093	14,180,156	32,659,921	3,001,624	1905
1906	13,438,943	9,830,929	23,269,872	382,650	23,652,422	16,549,548	1,269,368	17,818,916	525,190	18,344,106	41,908,228	3,372,927	1906
1907	21,263,942	12,740,267	33,914,209	613,789	34,557,998	27,723,599	1,387,901	29,111,500	346,968	29,458,468	64,016,466	5,528,467	1907

MONTH OF JULY, 1898 TO 1907.

FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	28,328,926	21,418,127	49,947,053	1,610,527	51,557,580	38,949,262	6,519,035	15,498,297	505,162	45,973,459	97,531,039	8,011,397	1898
1899	30,530,826	21,470,004	52,000,830	1,689,207	53,690,037	39,456,183	4,688,764	44,144,947	747,588	41,692,535	98,582,572	8,543,520	1899
1900	34,199,710	22,722,463	56,922,173	2,828,888	59,751,061	45,291,415	3,291,292	48,532,707	961,978	49,544,085	109,295,746	9,210,491	1900
1901	36,241,434	26,478,619	62,720,103	541,921	63,262,024	54,802,089	6,562,632	61,364,721	996,317	62,361,038	125,623,062	9,768,773	1901
1902	42,099,437	27,374,630	69,474,067	1,987,165	71,461,232	67,085,673	3,869,394	70,455,067	194,840	71,149,907	142,611,139	11,264,385	1902
1903	50,921,351	37,163,695	88,085,056	6,068,478	94,153,534	68,337,328	4,686,536	73,023,864	214,093	73,237,957	167,391,491	13,488,894	1903
1904	51,655,444	34,423,566	86,079,010	4,428,041	90,507,031	57,213,585	2,362,234	59,575,819	2,095,559	61,671,378	152,178,429	13,885,577	1904
1905	53,872,438	36,886,723	90,753,206	847,185	91,606,391	59,051,487	4,367,774	63,419,261	1,227,320	64,646,581	156,252,972	14,272,886	1905
1906	62,295,375	42,026,965	104,322,340	2,470,106	106,792,446	75,639,009	4,251,727	79,890,736	5,382,779	86,273,515	192,065,961	16,183,388	1906
1907	77,767,051	51,730,825	129,497,886	2,306,124	131,804,010	73,690,356	4,128,959	77,819,315	4,533,630	82,352,945	214,156,955	20,398,733	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JULY, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	78,882,796	58,947,778	132,830,484	4,396,371	137,226,855	135,771,558	15,368,031	151,139,589	4,727,070	153,866,659	293,093,514	22,817,647	1898
1899	84,782,765	59,184,597	143,967,362	5,429,415	149,395,777	131,878,875	17,148,538	149,027,413	4,149,669	153,177,022	302,573,799	24,527,152	1899
1900	105,449,121	67,799,214	173,248,335	7,703,050	180,951,385	153,535,334	13,688,039	167,223,373	8,613,303	175,836,676	356,788,061	29,090,933	1900
1901	105,226,730	72,540,826	177,767,556	3,376,579	181,144,135	178,369,483	19,354,825	197,724,308	2,088,269	199,812,677	380,956,712	28,940,846	1901
1902	119,361,072	76,801,555	196,162,627	6,324,548	202,487,175	198,600,302	12,292,249	210,892,551	1,696,750	212,589,301	415,076,476	32,657,410	1902
1903	138,922,378	90,876,128	229,798,506	9,391,180	239,189,686	215,145,308	12,319,417	227,464,725	535,062	227,999,787	467,189,473	37,641,156	1903
1904	148,708,131	94,180,027	242,886,158	7,175,267	250,065,425	195,921,323	10,765,510	206,686,833	2,505,967	209,192,800	459,256,225	40,920,817	1904
1905	151,292,817	100,715,445	252,008,262	10,301,007	262,309,269	190,041,094	11,223,831	201,284,925	1,806,326	203,071,251	465,380,520	42,117,491	1905
1906	175,165,562	112,942,555	288,108,117	7,406,648	295,514,765	238,984,055	11,335,600	250,319,655	10,430,925	260,750,530	556,265,345	47,039,562	1906
1907	216,373,186	139,572,641	355,945,827	9,440,482	365,386,309	237,686,114	14,401,518	252,087,632	17,198,404	269,286,036	634,672,345	57,221,891	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of July, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	887,716	936,348	5,018,803	3,013,394	1,508,644	742,166	16,944	12,122,015	110,448	12,232,463	1898
1899.....	1,201,568	919,109	3,572,462	3,562,163	1,226,951	820,241	22,705	11,325,199	100,654	11,425,853	1899
1900.....	1,164,484	731,608	2,672,235	5,328,181	1,486,452	777,611	18,285	12,179,356	.....	12,179,356	1900
1901.....	1,682,320	657,942	3,753,686	4,548,438	1,352,081	1,034,867	2,910	13,032,244	.....	13,032,244	1901
1902.....	2,668,902	705,937	3,872,060	5,348,675	1,962,998	1,048,762	5,449	15,612,783	.....	15,612,783	1902
1903.....	1,132,303	697,394	3,325,500	6,640,448	3,158,002	1,380,658	2,112	16,356,417	.....	16,356,417	1903
1904.....	1,078,251	1,009,269	3,093,326	5,175,425	2,279,635	1,225,931	2,064	13,863,301	.....	13,863,301	1904
1905.....	1,059,062	630,225	3,089,629	5,865,385	1,196,584	1,204,859	9,705	13,049,449	.....	13,049,449	1905
1906.....	1,864,543	547,980	2,920,628	7,420,806	2,111,221	1,648,855	35,515	16,549,548	.....	16,549,548	1906
1907.....	4,396,880	1,202,449	5,896,013	6,396,390	7,595,874	2,229,936	6,657	27,723,599	.....	27,723,599	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	12,906	1,526	14,806	112,280	2,102,087	82,955	21,610	2,348,170	7,227	2,355,397	1898
1899	15,433	6,850	14,768	140,187	1,845,163	67,228	8,969	2,098,607	96,772	2,195,379	1899
1900	8,037	317	69,065	111,802	1,201,477	146,065	53,284	1,590,047	91,558	1,681,605	1900
1901	9,569	63	4,065	78,913	2,315,302	128,746	7,491	2,544,149	78,741	2,622,890	1901
1902	8,681	1,317	152	100,342	412,839	196,821	165,145	885,297	106,069	991,366	1902
1903	9,048	.....	9,011	76,695	2,072,876	171,332	37,665	2,376,627	21,168	2,397,795	1903
1904	7,657	1,253	1,127	46,423	221,294	176,141	47,003	500,898	61,578	562,476	1904
1905	17,876	.....	838	58,451	671,356	310,028	49,065	1,107,614	23,093	1,130,707	1905
1906	11,546	108	1,901	63,695	918,763	137,694	135,661	1,269,368	525,190	1,794,558	1906
1907	27,330	1,038	4,505	100,713	814,374	390,321	49,620	1,387,901	346,968	1,734,869	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	900,622	937,874	5,033,609	3,125,674	3,608,731	825,121	38,554	14,470,185	117,675	14,587,860	1898
1899	1,217,001	925,908	3,587,230	3,702,350	3,072,114	887,469	31,674	13,423,806	257,426	13,681,232	1899
1900	1,172,521	731,925	2,741,300	5,439,983	2,688,429	923,676	71,569	13,769,403	91,558	13,860,961	1900
1901	1,691,889	658,005	3,757,751	4,027,351	3,667,383	1,163,613	10,401	15,576,393	78,741	15,655,134	1901
1902	2,677,583	707,254	3,872,212	5,449,017	2,375,837	1,245,583	170,594	16,498,080	106,069	16,604,149	1902
1903	1,161,351	697,394	3,334,511	6,717,143	5,230,878	1,551,990	39,777	18,733,044	21,168	18,754,212	1903
1904	1,085,908	1,010,522	3,094,453	5,221,848	2,500,329	1,402,072	49,067	14,304,199	61,578	14,425,777	1904
1905	1,076,938	630,225	3,090,467	5,923,836	1,861,940	1,514,887	58,776	14,157,063	23,093	14,180,156	1905
1906	1,876,089	548,088	2,922,529	7,484,501	3,029,984	1,786,549	171,176	17,818,916	525,190	18,344,106	1906
1907	4,424,210	1,203,487	5,900,518	6,497,103	8,410,248	2,620,257	55,677	29,111,500	346,968	29,458,468	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—Concluded.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *four months* ending July, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	3,311,167	3,264,140	10,759,325	10,348,855	7,730,822	3,474,508	60,385	38,949,262	330,705	39,279,967	1898
1899	4,469,826	3,338,400	10,689,611	11,324,650	5,458,034	4,104,416	71,246	39,456,183	427,708	39,883,891	1899
1900	5,618,811	3,402,931	9,306,247	15,239,126	7,146,016	4,626,428	89,596	45,429,155	448,132	45,877,287	1900
1901	13,122,507	2,985,308	11,854,797	14,503,687	6,688,842	5,642,319	4,629	54,802,089	185,426	54,987,515	1901
1902	11,517,916	3,359,389	12,846,740	17,604,945	15,037,901	6,710,538	8,244	67,085,673	.....	67,085,673	1902
1903	7,765,595	3,537,749	12,855,647	20,282,587	16,492,193	7,390,781	12,776	68,337,328	.....	68,337,328	1903
1904	8,650,259	3,501,862	11,502,603	16,565,624	10,101,288	6,793,172	98,777	57,213,585	.....	57,213,585	1904
1905	10,084,385	3,260,014	13,093,800	18,715,991	6,700,620	7,165,838	30,779	59,051,487	.....	59,051,487	1905
1906	11,818,728	3,972,275	15,267,702	19,875,411	15,798,932	8,839,916	66,045	75,639,009	.....	75,639,009	1906
1907	12,562,500	3,426,115	14,677,494	14,853,038	19,646,806	8,494,768	29,575	73,690,356	.....	73,690,356	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	98,052	8,914	30,394	299,802	5,236,302	595,526	250,045	6,519,035	174,457	6,693,492	1898
1899	49,353	21,038	24,188	354,135	3,785,281	355,291	99,478	4,688,764	319,880	5,008,644	1899
1900	52,938	2,775	85,957	307,005	2,260,933	460,495	121,189	3,291,292	376,106	3,667,398	1900
1901	52,842	1,097	11,422	374,281	5,350,502	685,517	86,971	6,562,632	810,891	7,373,523	1901
1902	35,600	6,924	3,035	239,911	2,387,976	893,793	302,155	3,869,394	194,840	4,064,234	1902
1903	41,465	8,504	35,678	208,480	3,417,176	800,014	175,219	4,686,536	214,093	4,900,629	1903
1904	41,328	4,304	12,986	234,899	897,466	980,970	190,281	2,362,234	2,095,559	4,457,793	1904
1905	82,048	17,389	19,008	208,410	2,315,205	1,183,517	542,197	4,367,774	1,227,320	5,595,094	1905
1906	91,838	7,129	84,353	215,452	2,426,967	1,066,068	359,920	4,251,727	5,382,779	9,634,506	1906
1907	81,880	6,120	6,000	203,867	2,437,648	1,204,575	188,869	4,128,959	4,533,630	8,662,589	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	3,409,219	3,273,054	10,789,719	10,648,657	12,967,124	4,070,094	310,430	45,468,297	505,162	45,973,459	1898
1899	4,519,179	3,359,438	10,713,799	11,678,785	9,243,315	4,459,707	170,724	44,144,947	747,588	44,892,535	1899
1900	5,671,749	3,403,706	9,392,204	15,546,131	9,406,949	5,086,923	210,785	48,720,447	824,238	49,544,685	1900
1901	13,175,349	2,986,405	11,866,219	14,877,968	12,039,344	6,327,836	91,600	61,364,721	996,317	62,361,038	1901
1902	11,553,516	3,366,313	12,849,775	17,844,856	17,425,877	7,694,331	310,399	70,955,067	194,840	71,149,907	1902
1903	7,807,060	3,546,253	12,801,325	20,491,067	19,909,369	8,190,795	187,995	73,023,864	214,093	73,237,957	1903
1904	8,691,587	3,506,166	11,515,589	16,800,523	10,998,754	7,774,142	289,058	59,575,819	2,095,559	61,671,378	1904
1905	10,166,433	3,277,403	13,112,868	18,924,401	9,015,825	8,349,355	572,976	63,419,261	1,227,320	64,646,581	1905
1906	11,910,566	3,979,404	15,352,055	20,090,863	18,225,899	9,905,984	425,965	79,890,736	5,382,779	85,273,515	1906
1907	12,644,440	3,432,235	14,683,494	15,056,905	22,084,454	9,699,343	213,444	77,819,315	4,533,630	82,352,945	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	6,215,827	11,433,466	10,027,599	16,526,783	21,523,801	30,702,930	24,884,171	40,767,085	34,534,019	39,292,670		
Bermuda.....	10,954	107,725	53	31,681	125,929	125,929		124,496		110,810		
British Africa.....	16,914			156,819	5,474	666,890	128,583	492,966	12,896	550,941		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	718	75,465	33,196	159,563	55,225	460,776	65,537	553,145	153,277	599,262		
New Zealand.....	17,307	34,930	23,552	51,151	75,969	148,485	61,395	251,217	155,499	211,845		
British East Indies.....	263,354	151	341,478	5,180	864,690	13,073	1,421,422	3,397	1,487,277	5,976		
Guiana.....	32,452	28,087	283,177	63,369	1,197,038	171,172	599,618	164,390	389,096	169,536		
" West Indies.....	634,432	94,696	718,321	239,438	2,052,977	716,323	2,621,289	849,670	2,924,551	721,833		
Piji.....			1,819	231	425,536	12,384		9,695	61,184	7,244		
Hong Kong.....	5,362		23,240	8,743	39,396	45,974	71,218		71,625	13,743		
Newfoundland.....	136,742	201,180	100,061	420,861	335,148	931,258	398,030	1,012,364	286,736	909,273		
Other British Colonies.....	3,333	1,257	1,578	2,210	1,219	3,650	3,585	11,258	1,716	11,342		
Totals.....	7,326,941	11,987,890	13,554,265	17,668,169	26,576,434	33,999,644	30,254,878	44,239,683	40,077,876	42,604,475		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentine Republic.....	99,351	189,897		303,023	264,906	400,895	541,366	648,621	100,350	562,817		
Austria-Hungary.....	70,307	1,400	116,824		203,694	121	296,110	1,878	382,136	4,523		
Belgium.....	195,700	198,574	262,162	134,415	820,164	721,250	791,877	787,973	1,072,222	623,805		
Brazil.....	5,059	37,394	30,849	63,202	141,864	166,769	75,556	171,900	97,664	167,613		
Central American States.....	3,108	5,247	7,912	5,110	112,025	13,254	81,694	29,323	73,900	20,360		
China.....	31,768	27,703	43,841	214,069	126,764	500,753	132,956	338,333	193,330	370,162		
Chile.....		6,762		61,902	54,397	67,597	31,360	115,704	31,450	160,960		
Cuba.....	37,096	50,020	28,479	70,032	129,209	286,883	161,065	320,759	128,126	298,685		
Denmark.....		6,990	611	10,439	4,317	28,122	7,857	39,945	15,095	42,267		

Dutch E. Indies.....	33,152	34,062	256,170	451	88,386	450	274,485
France.....	514,940	889,650	2,111,434	445,680	2,463,042	702,801	3,346,123
French W. Indies.....	1,169	2,300	2,068,436	4,318	330	7,016	3,371
Germany.....	493,022	722,680	2,068,436	407,442	2,290,479	443,240	2,658,692
Greece.....	12,643	28,503	32,979	120	63,912	234	90,377
Holland.....	51,282	198,428	334,022	92,904	374,362	210,880	557,656
Italy.....	47,132	71,345	130,184	27,612	221,400	41,231	347,108
Japan.....	27,300	234,916	448,637	103,952	482,502	186,778	614,068
Mexico.....	138,282	128,650	33,096	38,699	175,217	72,390	87,294
Norway and Sweden:—	81	12,869					101,915
Norway.....	14,254	10,779	23,806	48,919	67,242	136,154	36,795
Sweden.....	22,769	14,997	20,579	1,508	12,991	34,831	54,066
Peru.....	206	11,430	21,851	107,568	120,861	21,742	26,477
Porto Rico.....	21,260	25,018	84,646	38,949	185,493	51,502	87,224
Portugal.....	6,252	13,078	165,344	31,650	47,895	22,146	164,353
Russia.....	7,320	21,421	36,173	49,990	55,076	52,118	3,413
Russia.....	15,341	35,826	155,096	4,143	168,006	8,828	22,853
Spain.....	22,768	220,374	617,184	6,718	543,810	26,572	13,883
Switzerland.....	126,418	780		26,912,281	67,107,303	36,265,288	809,302
United States.....	14,335,784	19,810,172	56,449,200	187,399	79,599,791	35,508,733	7,769
Other Foreign Countries.....	49,113	56,484	164,123		161,993	191,907	285,308
Totals.....	16,325,181	23,003,733	65,029,457	30,646,937	79,537,568	41,033,832	91,726,134
Grand totals.....	23,652,122	34,557,998	91,606,391	64,646,581	106,792,446	85,273,515	131,804,010
	41,996,228	64,016,466	156,252,972		192,065,961		214,156,955

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ale, beer and porter.	Great Britain	11,999		23,935		55,932		61,309		89,327			
	United States	31,632		58,946		75,751		194,242		166,541			
	Other countries	899		1,673		5,858		3,867		5,746			
	Totals	44,530		84,554		137,541		189,418		261,614			
Animals, living	Great Britain	5	31,943	255	39,412	908	54,220	192	140,717	1,377	231,042		
	United States	171,897	25,681	89,189	28,138	390,504	110,093	707,674	216,890	289,973	199,196		
	Other countries		7,117	225		144	11,017	12	21,713	503	35,075		
	Totals	171,902	64,741	89,669	67,550	391,556	175,330	707,878	379,320	291,853	465,313		
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores	Great Britain		3,405		2,801		11,035		12,103		9,277		
	United States		31,323		61,423		207,346		143,404		177,542		
	Other countries		311		2,282		3,923		3,588		5,760		
	Totals		35,039		66,566		222,304		159,095		192,579		
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain		50				2,995		629		1,350		
	United States		101				482		1,039		370		
	Other countries						204		328				
	Totals		151				3,681		1,996		1,720		

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	33,668	.....	.....	149,706	.....	229,167	.....	.....
	United States.....	70,216	.....	.....	329,021	.....	269,227	.....	.....
	Germany.....	783	.....	.....	25,052	.....	25,262	.....	.....
	Other countries..	7,682	.....	.....	9,147	.....	47,701	.....	.....
	Totals.....	114,351	.....	.....	512,927	.....	571,357	.....	.....
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	15	454	.....	.....	.....	15
	United States.....	50,107	.....	47,991	87,110	.....	120,767	.....	117,415
	Other countries..	.....	.....	3,388	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,166
	Totals.....	50,107	.....	51,394	87,564	.....	120,767	.....	122,696
Baking powder.....	Great Britain.....	.....	47	.....	.....	8	.....	47	.....
	United States.....	246	14,669	40,965	.....	42,102	.....	50,362	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	246	14,716	40,980	.....	42,110	.....	50,409	.....
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.....	Great Britain.....	33,340	26,327	32,261	61,068	94,353	78,976	126,752	117,013
	United States.....	94,641	39,905	115,965	171,709	424,647	181,835	464,439	245,646
	Other countries..	6,884	2,658	6,896	33,285	40,251	34,656	49,594	35,957
	Totals.....	134,865	68,890	156,122	266,062	559,261	295,467	640,785	398,616
Breadstuffs:--	Great Britain.....	7,821	.....	6,755	.....	27,837	.....	41,456	.....
Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice	United States.....	6,715	.....	11,686	.....	34,812	5,106	48,898	1,180
flour, &c.	Other countries..	16,079	.....	25,307	9,255	56,624	.....	61,196	.....
	Totals.....	30,615	.....	43,748	9,255	119,273	5,106	151,550	1,180
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....	380	.....	877	.....	1,631	.....	2,957	.....
	United States.....	15,175	.....	14,847	.....	56,891	.....	58,845	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	229	.....
	Totals.....	15,555	.....	15,724	.....	58,525	.....	62,031	.....
Rice, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....	13,491	.....	22,417	26,192	43,468	.....	82,811	67,390
	United States.....	165	.....	1,366	8,672	13,440	.....	5,593	9
	B. E. Indies.....	14,975	.....	.....	34,852	55,595	.....	2,796	.....
	China.....	3,856	.....	8,775	4,818	37,141	.....	36,437	13,738
	Japan.....	571	.....	.....	39,132	.....	.....	.....	92,555
	Other countries..	7,801	.....	.....	28,448	34,099	.....	.....	132,192
	Totals.....	40,859	.....	1,815	24,104	108,953	.....	13,171	.....
	.....	.....	.....	34,373	83,571	264,191	.....	140,808	305,864

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	2,407	691	19,851	7,377	11,475
	United States.....	3,268	5,156	13,406	21,020	11,402
	Other countries.....	4,691	1,487	3,089	10,010	3,664
	Totals.....	10,366	7,334	36,346	38,637	26,542
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	15,593	16,500	58,861	63,009	68,067
	United States.....	15,593	16,500	58,861	63,009	20
	Other countries.....	15,593	16,500	58,861	63,009	68,087
	Totals.....	15,593	16,500	58,861	63,009	68,087
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	1,706	2,932	10,158	10,145	18,255
	United States.....	9,775	11,677	46,436	45,725	54,008
	Other countries.....	8,442	10,060	32,742	27,434	36,643
	Totals.....	19,923	24,669	89,336	83,304	108,906
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	3,530	4,316	14,338	14,762	20,074
	United States.....	10,557	21,737	902	48,868	1,786
	Other countries.....	9,499	15,297	515	29,353	78,327
	Totals.....	23,586	41,350	1,417	92,983	2,128
					4,205	140,719
						4,690
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	504	1,459	3,809	4,614	3,960
	United States.....	6,890	2,939	29,289	24,631	19,127
	Other countries.....	190	113	329	454	243
	Totals.....	7,584	4,511	33,427	29,699	23,330
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....	13,028	982	72,004	80,465	12,014
	United States.....	2,385	878	9,698	10,395	5,862
	Other countries.....	1,902	6,010	10,397	20,655	25,035
	Totals.....	17,315	7,870	92,099	111,515	42,911
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	9,391	22,821	14,541	99,034	98,667
	United States.....	51,870	78,687	209,173	304,649	424,523
	Other countries.....	7,279	7,120	28,219	42,984	65,956
	Totals.....	68,540	108,628	251,933	446,667	584,146

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	195		1,561		2,035		3,154		5,133			
	United States...	2,192		4,680		27,592		18,459		18,760			
	Other countries...												
	Totals.....	2,387		6,241		29,627		21,613		23,893			
Cars, parts of.....	Great Britain...	2,047		54		2,324		19,021		3,564			
	United States...	23,623		19,475		98,494		93,780		108,789			
	Other countries...	177		8,986		27,753		13,690		35,591			
	Totals.....	26,047		28,515		128,571		126,401		147,944			
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain...	1,402		1,963		3,132		8,072		11,644			
	United States...	84,767		233,702		347,593		626,728		769,870			
	Other countries...	31		495				56		495			
	Totals.....	86,200		236,160		350,725		634,856		782,009			
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain...	13,035		26,399		22,032		129,281		114,008			
	United States...	162,632		336,544		682,852		1,043,616		1,321,942			
	Other countries...	7,487		16,601		55,972		56,640		102,042			
	Totals.....	183,174		379,544		760,856		1,229,537		1,537,992			
Cement.....	Great Britain...	39,865		33,968		97,820		115,800		131,477			
	United States...	42,685		39,328		347,899		347,899		166,983			
	Belgium.....	3,636		5,902		31,507		17,683		15,900			
	Other countries...	670		5,468		20,799		7,949		9,436			
	Totals.....	86,856		104,666		498,025		345,180		323,796			

Clocks.....	Great Britain.....	1,683	1,195	4,932	3,783	8,128
	United States.....	15,223	23,909	75,224	93,724	102,218
	Germany.....	5,233	7,898	13,219	16,983	20,989
	Other countries.....	2,021	1,271	3,639	5,349	3,716
	Totals.....	23,560	34,273	97,074	119,789	135,061
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	Great Britain.....	2,877	191	20,958	22,916	48,665
	United States.....	436,540	1,533,254	2,995,839	2,950,688	5,027
	Other countries.....	117	34,361	81	125	4,804,213
	Totals.....	439,534	1,567,806	3,016,378	4,278,396	44,324
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain.....	20,618	23,018	72,704	85,574	5,270
	United States.....	23,237	20,126	7,736	89,515	64,582
	Other countries.....	8,498	13,996	30,620	46,537	18,214
	Totals.....	52,383	57,140	181,060	221,626	88,068
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory.....	Great Britain.....	1,439	4,252	7,436	7,561	45,005
	United States.....	7,078	13,119	38,394	39,009	41,557
	Brazil.....	.....	5,046	62,732	68,967	94,487
	Venezuela.....	.....	9,668	3,963	35,283	18,324
	Other countries.....	58	8,880	2,610	6,404	2,456
	Totals.....	8,575	18,462	206,796	256,203	54,795
Collars and cuffs.....	Great Britain.....	4,176	7,452	17,266	13,936	21,323
	United States.....	6,773	6,239	31,470	28,940	32,916
	Aust.-Hungary.....	513	4,761	1,571	12,687	16,192
	Other countries.....	1,725	83	13,466	11,834	1,473
	Totals.....	13,187	18,535	63,767	67,397	71,904
.....	Great Britain.....	6,614	11,662	22,998	29,362	46,881
	United States.....	5,927	9,678	25,294	33,756	42,169
	Germany.....	2,264	2,071	9,808	7,609	13,203
	Other countries.....	2,037	6,590	6,488	14,395	27,087
	Totals.....	16,842	30,001	64,588	85,062	129,340
rope, twine and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	9,843	51,140	74,843	63,115	58,868
	United States.....	7,575	692,346	67,556	47,006	1,241,094
	Other countries.....	1	21	1,415	819	188
	Totals.....	17,419	32,449	143,814	111,540	1,299,962
				988,225		150,375
						1,014,354

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
Countries.		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton.....	Great Britain.....		223,656		180,616		15,804		162		3,007
	United States.....						1,519,165		1,744,223		1,387,092
	Other countries.....						8,170				11,139
	Totals.....		223,650		180,616		1,543,149		1,744,385		1,401,148
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain.....	4,584		13,113		20,153		32,010		79,109	
	United States.....	2,186		2,714		2,719		17,931		19,382	
	Switzerland.....	27,205		58,098		62,403		125,715		230,813	
	Other countries.....	1,760		6,906		5,890		13,041		25,896	
	Totals.....	35,735		80,861		91,165		188,697		355,200	
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain.....	75,611		212,132		237,581		314,787		746,598	
	United States.....	21,972		29,739		76,836		114,171		102,375	
	Other countries.....	2,366		2,422		4,581		14,188		13,125	
	Totals.....	99,949		244,293		318,998		473,146		862,098	
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain.....	187,501		325,173		719,852		856,657		1,119,398	
	United States.....	24,482		42,339		188,580		142,074		154,695	
	Other countries.....	8,189		9,381		23,916		42,497		52,240	
	Totals.....	220,172		376,884		932,348		1,040,628		1,305,733	
Lace, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain.....			59,249						272,877	
	United States.....			1,355						6,164	
	Other countries.....			22,293						100,465	
	Totals.....			82,897						379,506	

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	11,817	31,393	50,882	58,802	96,176
	United States.....	1,683	5,662	13,225	11,827	19,645
	Germany.....	6,361	14,139	51,215	67,215	85,424
	Other countries.....	30		718	1,010	633
	Totals.....	19,891	51,194	116,042	138,884	201,878
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	65,994	124,395	171,729	200,581	349,320
	United States.....	12,375	16,569	59,438	61,093	74,654
	Other countries.....	936	1,070	7,338	3,689	3,095
	Totals.....	79,305	142,034	238,505	265,363	427,069
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	41,983	76,409	141,693	126,300	173,723
	United States.....	3,161	6,712	26,170	23,122	29,093
	Germany.....	15,634	8,665	13,267	18,441	14,447
	Other countries.....	827	3,395	3,242	6,317	5,106
	Totals.....	63,005	95,181	184,942	174,170	222,369
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	100,566	222,949	363,191	479,824	780,531
	United States.....	66,608	120,404	337,313	432,392	524,503
	Other countries.....	7,460	20,787	48,818	58,731	70,320
	Totals.....	174,574	364,140	749,322	970,947	1,375,354
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	487,996	1,064,843	1,705,051	2,008,361	3,617,732
	United States.....	134,467	225,485	704,911	802,640	929,911
	Other countries.....	70,188	147,156	221,390	350,834	581,564
	Totals.....	692,631	1,437,484	2,631,352	3,251,835	5,129,207
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain.....	7,682	26,604	75,501	91,393	120,667
	United States.....	4,025	3,249	19,573	27,863	21,913
	Switzerland.....	651	5,393	16,758	15,758	32,872
	Other countries.....	1,942	5,639	7,475	18,321	18,939
	Totals.....	14,300	40,885	119,112	153,385	194,391
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	81,790	64,704	234,312	372,778	316,250
	United States.....	76,653	240,383	338,200	391,450	445,462
	Other countries.....	41,672	65,822	171,199	188,598	230,849
	Totals.....	200,097	347,921	743,711	952,814	992,561
						2,342,783

Germany.....	11,369	2,933	74,810	87,017	24,800
Switzerland.....	2,770	1,551	4,387	23,887	9,426
Other countries.....	515	1,920	15,025	5,392	5,586
Totals.....	90,048	50,399	401,551	524,555	272,958
Fancy articles, other.....					
Great Britain.....	21,526	40,728	87,895	81,295	125,907
United States.....	17,507	26,261	82,830	104,719	102,445
France.....	12,652	16,149	28,319	42,375	45,138
Germany.....	41,943	66,685	68,729	112,408	143,127
Other countries.....	8,360	18,057	34,312	27,987	50,324
Totals.....	101,988	167,880	302,085	368,784	465,941
Fancy articles.....					
Great Britain.....	91,021	87,236	356,315	441,432	330,260
United States.....	30,149	41,294	161,635	167,754	169,629
Other countries.....	103,579	133,964	310,170	400,445	362,362
Totals.....	224,749	262,494	828,120	1,009,631	871,251
Fertilizers.....					
Great Britain.....	1	18	2,574	3,948	4,829
United States.....	108	762	49,788	74,880	124,477
Other countries.....				1,647	630
Totals.....	109	780	52,362	80,475	129,936
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....					
Great Britain.....	1,465	16,904	133,442	12,706	8,249
United States.....	902	17,133	180,241	12,668	6,822
Other countries.....		2,004	12,075	141,244	8
Totals.....	2,367	36,101	329,193	6,777	10,810
Fish and fish products, N.E.S.					
Great Britain.....	4,899	8,018	30,380	30,238	30,764
United States.....	15,229	21,625	101,060	108,809	117,063
Newfoundland.....		54,226	96,340	157,187	173,461
Other countries.....	3,871	12,538	27,556	34,296	44,865
Totals.....	23,999	42,181	158,906	173,343	192,692
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of—					
Danask of linen, stair linen, diaper					
napkins, doylies, table and tray					
cloths, quilts and like articles					
of linen, N.O.P.					
Great Britain.....	50,247	48,545	182,780	209,280	226,737
United States.....	373	453	3,470	2,928	2,601
Germany.....	1,398	1,696	4,755	6,757	2,466
Other countries.....	5,784	14,854	18,769	24,874	38,585
Totals.....	57,802	65,548	209,774	243,269	270,389

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
Hemp, undressed	Great Britain.....		1,640		6,596		174,796		111,134				77,013
	United States.....		50,056		18,126		117,134		131,090				92,522
	Other countries.....				15,701				6,107				66,344
	Totals		51,696		40,423		291,930		248,331				235,879
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered													
	Great Britain.....	33,462		79,250		68,442				209,291			
	United States.....	200		140		159		97,562		9,130			
	B. E. Indies.....	32,721		74,625		43,117		2,563		334,361			
	Other countries.....							197,333					
	Totals	66,383		154,021		111,718		297,468		552,782			
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way													
	Great Britain.....		51,565		132,112		285,458		235,063				437,236
	United States.....				235		1,546		2,411				449
	B. E. Indies.....		9,978		9,646		39,592		86,534				46,327
	Other countries.....												
	Totals		61,543		141,993		326,596		324,008				484,012
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleached, printed, dyed or coloured													
	Great Britain.....	66,058		48,488		187,187		244,905		234,483			
	United States.....	1,794		230		9,912		10,925		7,605			
	Other countries.....	1,054		564		4,260		4,163		1,701			
	Total	68,906		49,282		201,359		260,933		243,789			

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain...	67,408	31,824	124,096	33,849	272,557	84,344	317,489	125,348	432,951	168,564
	United States...	6,675	2,540	7,515	1,399	22,452	19,810	20,778	18,186	36,963	12,933
	Other countries..	15,162	.....	44,971	.....	27,476	.....	60,867	.....	115,807	13,976
	Total	89,245	34,364	176,582	35,248	322,485	104,154	408,134	143,528	585,721	195,473
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	217,175	85,029	300,379	172,557	710,966	544,598	869,236	471,545	1,103,462	682,813
	United States...	9,042	52,596	8,344	19,760	33,393	138,430	43,594	151,681	56,299	102,304
	Other countries..	56,119	9,978	136,710	25,347	98,377	39,592	293,974	92,641	492,920	126,647
	Totals.....	282,336	147,603	445,433	217,664	845,336	722,680	1,208,804	715,867	1,652,681	915,364
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.	Great Britain...	1,324	.....	4,488	.....	8,195	.....	9,468	.....	20,352	.....
	United States...	60,948	.....	71,473	.....	216,705	.....	272,322	.....	249,903	.....
	France.....	4,463	.....	5,981	.....	34,205	.....	57,216	.....	65,292	.....
	Greece.....	11,572	.....	25,756	.....	26,969	.....	60,650	.....	85,258	.....
	Spain.....	5,385	.....	8,439	.....	40,356	.....	58,050	.....	63,485	.....
	Other countries.	6,610	.....	16,126	.....	29,691	.....	51,487	.....	65,634	.....
	Totals.....	90,302	.....	182,323	.....	356,561	.....	509,163	.....	551,924	.....
<i>Fruits, green.</i>											
Fruits, green.	Great Britain...	1,360	.....	.....	15,731	12,454	.....	37,135	.....	14	121,902
	United States...	196,774	231,328	99,428	552,145	688,238	761,821	814,168	940,439	276,749	1,767,968
	Italy.....	25,217	.....	.....	38,000	45,264	.....	105,040	.....	197,732	.....
	Other countries.	4,493	10,140	.....	3,863	10,163	17,978	23,155	36,239	1,044	33,688
	Totals.....	227,844	241,468	99,492	609,739	756,049	779,799	979,498	970,678	277,807	2,121,290
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.</i>											
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	Great Britain...	11,405	.....	16,981	.....	38,330	312	63,846	715	87,659	.....
	United States...	2,579	.....	7,747	.....	16,982	10	14,676	115	20,552	.....
	Other countries..	4,383	119	3,393	7	17,215	.....	18,482	119	13,008	1,817
	Totals.....	18,367	119	28,121	7	72,517	322	96,984	949	121,819	1,834
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits	Great Britain...	14,089	.....	21,469	15,731	58,969	312	110,449	715	108,025	121,902
	United States...	260,301	231,328	178,648	552,145	921,915	761,831	1,101,146	940,554	547,204	1,767,965
	Other countries.	62,123	10,279	59,819	41,870	204,243	17,978	374,080	36,358	296,321	233,237
	Totals.....	336,513	241,587	259,936	609,746	1,185,127	780,121	1,585,675	971,027	951,550	2,123,124

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	55,894	64,229	103,824	13,143	212,966	229,465	194,755	165,251	247,304	120,651	472,795	176,854
	United States...	26,146	63,041	24,154	76,757	103,611	456,761	87,097	432,718	85,710	131,672	86,056	25,295
	Germany	17,009	41,440	26,779	35,607	109,731	145,771	92,753	203,848	131,672	86,056	25,295	795,695
	Other countries.	23,504	4,391	23,730	2,563	114,582	80,316	102,263	40,563	550,742	842,380	173,886	8,086
Totals		122,553	173,301	178,547	122,070	540,890	912,313	476,808	842,380	173,886	265,486	5,318	454,726
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	33,849	...	43,177	...	123,118	...	185,728	...	173,886	...	...	...
	United States...	3,123	...	671	...	6,823	...	13,814	...	8,086	...	...	...
	Belgium	76,210	...	57,804	...	96,435	...	309,933	...	265,486	...	...	...
	Other countries.	3,598	...	2,041	...	979	...	5,219	...	5,318	...	...	...
Totals		116,776	...	103,693	...	229,355	...	514,694	...	454,726	...	...	...
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain...	11,848	...	41,224	...	39,955	...	93,272	...	114,631	...	...	...
	United States...	40	...	1,266	...	2,515	...	3,924	...	1,972	...	...	...
	Belgium	11,399	...	18,451	...	51,494	...	58,339	...	20,968	...	...	...
	Other countries.	4,232	...	9,879	...	12,562	...	12,006	...	63,329	...	...	...
Totals		27,719	...	70,820	...	106,526	...	167,541	...	206,000	...	...	...
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	21,523	...	37,066	...	72,019	...	89,065	...	118,425	...	...	...
	United States...	48,297	...	78,939	7	201,962	...	246,258	...	276,175	...	...	...
	Germany	7,242	...	15,464	...	63,665	...	48,283	...	71,772	...	...	...
	Other countries.	27,348	...	36,676	41	93,831	1,796	112,446	970	128,495	4,563	...	...
Totals		104,410	...	168,139	48	431,477	1,796	496,052	970	594,867	4,600	...	...

Ink.....	2,008 10,799 125	2,709 11,243 1,516	9,121 43,542 2,897	8,541 43,095 3,097	13,452 47,676 1,747
Jewellery ..	12,932	15,528	55,560	54,733	62,875
Great Britain.....	5,268	20,538	30,674	38,513	87,887
United States.....	52,506	33,200	158,993	205,993	252,937
Germany.....	9,328	12,547	22,249	36,147	41,548
Other countries..	2,550	11,253	17,444	15,536	40,502
Totals.....	69,692	127,538	229,360	296,015	422,874
Junk, old and oakum.....					
Great Britain.....		1,149			11,157
United States.....		2,163			8,996
Other countries..		613			791
Totals.....		3,925			20,944
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.					
Great Britain.....	8,209	8,746	27,751	26,239	31,482
United States.....	28,034	21,958	102,825	101,845	80,995
France.....	2,335	984	15,327	6,752	12,203
Other countries..	366	844	290	366	2,786
Totals	38,944	32,532	146,193	135,202	127,466
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, imported by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....	25,664	1,396	1,119	925	3,813
Other countries ..	1,817	43,533	107,279	150,753	202,144
Totals.....	27,481	46,075	110,972	158,285	6,193
Sole leather, all kinds.					
Great Britain.....	8,248	36,244	14,328	26,412	111,836
United States.....	680	1,382	30,109	14,748	2,076
France.....					
Other countries ..					
Totals	8,928	37,626	44,437	41,160	113,912
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....					
Great Britain.....	4,160	5,135	9,876	19,855	19,176
United States.....	11,805	10,998	37,969	41,484	48,286
France.....			3,131	12,572	22
Other countries ..	17	12	417	884	12
Totals.....	15,982	16,085	51,393	74,795	67,496

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured...	Great Britain...	\$ 16,976		\$ 35,757		\$ 40,506		\$ 90,261		\$ 109,754		\$	\$
	United States...	8,269		21,129		30,472		42,911		79,773			
	Other countries...	56		170		3,582		4,673		4,168			
	Totals...	25,301		57,056		74,560		137,845		193,697			
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes...	Great Britain...	11,766		12,925		23,175		29,195		23,466			
	United States...	79,520		86,419		391,775		460,870		498,362			
	Other countries...	251		2,569		120		438		2,753			
	Totals...	91,537		101,913		415,070		490,503		524,581			
Other leather, manufactured...	Great Britain...	6,070		15,072		30,098		29,171		44,564			
	United States...	23,579		39,403		90,048		118,801		150,130			
	Other countries...	709		103		1,228		2,186		1,387			
	Totals...	30,358		54,578		121,374		150,158		196,081			
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and manufactures of...	Great Britain...	55,429		115,275		146,853		222,058		344,096			
	United States...	177,551		224,762		790,477		931,412		1,061,768			
	Other countries...	5,531		5,828		26,669		34,478		29,524			
	Totals...	238,531		345,865		933,999		1,187,948		1,435,388			
Marble and mfrs. of...	Great Britain...	318		233		1,197		1,555		3,257			
	United States...	12,940		23,386		50,770		57,232		89,829			
	Italy...					11,567		16,675		15,263			
	Other countries...	663		16		3,963		879		2,350			
	Totals...	13,921		23,635		66,537		76,341		110,699			

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	9,324	19,271	23,470	29,020	32,861	41,897	46,474	66,551	95,622	128,096
	United States.....	61,094	109,433	153,284	64,771	64,771	238,092	290,493	391,242	541,458	299,402
	Other countries.....	4,798	1,765	10,591	3,648	15,970	2,119	18,297	12,275	21,516	26,214
	Totals.....	75,234	130,469	189,325	98,048	266,368	285,108	355,234	470,068	658,596	453,712
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	664	2,076	2,159	48,540	2,279	24,254	3,329	15,234	4,601	164,218
	United States.....	11,585	339,400	15,359	220,039	32,323	743,022	48,735	1,250,280	39,921	1,536,080
	Other countries.....	49	.....	463	669	1,234	283	1,288	540	3,478	1,388
	Totals.....	12,300	342,076	17,981	269,248	35,836	767,559	53,352	1,281,064	48,000	1,701,686
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.....	22,459	.....	29,594	.....	41,868	.....	102,647	.....	102,321	.....
	United States.....	12,942	.....	17,428	.....	90,737	134	81,445	139	93,457	.....
	Other countries.....	7,320	.....	6,011	.....	21,092	.....	27,879	.....	26,745	.....
	Totals.....	42,721	.....	53,033	.....	153,697	134	211,971	139	222,503	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain.....	1,344	.....	4,335	.....	9,097	.....	22,754	.....	17,107	.....
	United States.....	172,886	.....	158,933	.....	497,472	.....	803,369	.....	807,255	.....
	Other countries.....	43	.....	199	.....	642	.....	223	.....	960	.....
	Totals.....	174,273	.....	163,467	.....	507,211	.....	826,346	.....	825,382	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c.....	Great Britain.....	53,563	.....	121,557	.....	132,338	.....	262,566	.....	346,737	.....
	United States.....	122,198	.....	180,595	.....	203,738	.....	512,697	.....	731,576	.....
	Other countries.....	5,833	.....	428	.....	12,347	.....	13,425	.....	9,056	.....
	Totals.....	181,614	.....	302,580	.....	348,443	.....	788,688	.....	1,087,369	.....
Chains.....	Great Britain.....	5,892	.....	12,310	530	24,124	.....	27,498	.....	69,404	530
	United States.....	10,979	.....	18,312	18,555	57,052	.....	80,821	.....	58,954	73,165
	Other countries.....	89	.....	625	.....	1,763	.....	1,653	.....	1,707	.....
	Totals.....	16,960	.....	31,247	19,085	82,939	.....	109,972	.....	130,065	73,695
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	13,782	.....	73,151	.....	35,127	.....	14,160
	United States.....	.....	38,649	.....	23,978	.....	172,249	.....	185,886	.....	208,320
	Other countries.....	.....	120	.....	68	.....	1,009	.....	2,015	.....	1,908
	Totals.....	.....	38,769	.....	37,828	.....	246,409	.....	223,028	.....	224,388

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.			
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—<i>Con.</i>								
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>								
Cutlery.....	\$ 2,222	\$ 62,052	\$ 11,958	\$ 38,109	\$ 178,746	\$ 212,011	\$ 46,543	\$ 45,397
Great Britain.....	6,311	11,958	27,720	38,109	48,495	93,841	48,495	93,841
United States.....	10,569	1,531	1,531	3,091	4,214	3,699	4,214	3,699
Germany.....	775							
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	49,808	103,261	182,417	214,681	277,998	354,948	277,998	354,948
Engines, locomotives for railways, N. E. S.								
Great Britain.....	21,048	182,417	182,417	88,919	82,148	825,670	82,148	825,670
United States.....								
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	21,048	182,417	182,417	88,919	82,148	825,670	82,148	825,670
Engines, other, including boilers.								
Great Britain.....	10,444	19,067	19,067	34,129	99,807	92,344	99,807	92,344
United States.....	87,103	118,273	118,273	282,624	404,022	463,689	404,022	463,689
Other countries.....		105	105			308		308
Totals.....	97,849	137,445	137,445	316,753	503,829	556,337	503,829	556,337
Fittings, iron or steel, for iron and steel pipes.								
Great Britain.....	18	1,516	1,516	606	1,794	2,804	1,794	2,804
United States.....	30,979	54,558	54,558	106,648	140,420	180,781	140,420	180,781
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	30,997	56,074	56,074	107,254	142,214	189,585	142,214	189,585
Hardware, viz.:— Builders, cabinet-makers', &c.								
Great Britain.....	8,423	7,748	7,748	28,240	36,829	24,311	36,829	24,311
United States.....	55,404	51,892	51,892	206,962	233,441	223,715	233,441	223,715
Other countries.....	183	524	524	1,472	1,992	1,656	1,992	1,656
Totals.....	64,010	60,164	60,164	236,674	292,265	248,682	292,265	248,682

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain	100,944	218,425	91,639	269,457	1,053,833
	United States	66,900	198,536	154,138	480,380	813,127
	Other countries		3,251	4,738		4,097
	Totals	167,844	420,212	250,530	749,837	1,871,057
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N. E.S.	Great Britain	574	7,787	345	1,393	15,950
	United States	17,984	9,073	301,476	215,918	279,811
	Other countries					
	Totals	18,558	16,860	301,821	217,311	295,761
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.	Great Britain	11,641	67,464	70,214	65,727	226,968
	United States	19,304	21,263	115,181	51,873	123,870
	Germany					
	Other countries	271		25,275	13,852	19,872
	Totals	31,216	88,727	210,673	131,452	370,710
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.	Great Britain					3,627
	United States					94,692
	Other countries					
	Totals					98,319
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Great Britain	156,038	5,483	823,571	720,146	10,360
	United States	86,074	163,606	314,134	382,494	648,150
	Other countries	2,911	9,946	10,566	10,463	18,043
	Totals	245,023	181,029	1,148,261	1,113,103	677,153
Machinery and machines	Great Britain	37,561	70,564	115,396	167,872	268,070
	United States	649,102	1,069,827	598,030	3,080,151	4,417,097
	Other countries	24,667	8,382	46,945	68,846	36,829
	Totals	711,330	1,178,773	2,196,175	617,207	4,721,996
Nails	Great Britain	539	635		3,189	1,211
	United States	3,634	7,666	67,254	25,457	49,394
	Other countries					
	Totals	4,173	8,301	68,496	28,646	50,605

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.

MONTH OF JULY.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, &c.	Great Britain...	70,639		145,355		101,007		299,483		443,630	
	United States...	168,376		209,214		453,590		643,382		771,528	
	Germany...	21,305		21,305						104,844	
	Other countries...	23,143		36,160		81,467		120,024		54,120	
	Totals...	261,558		412,034		636,114		1,062,889		1,374,122	
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves...	Great Britain...	17,231		21,468		55,092		59,562		93,126	
	United States...	15,143		34,765		47,738		83,946		134,633	
	Other countries...	1,731		3,482		10,121		15,436		5,350	
	Totals...	34,105		59,715		112,951		158,944		233,109	
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness, N. O. P.	Great Britain...	27,533		43,675		55,613		79,937		87,019	
	United States...	16,193		67,604		173,806		279,617		195,651	
	Other countries...	600				1,130		3,512		166	
	Totals...	44,326		111,279		232,549		363,066		282,836	
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.	Great Britain...			7-8		4,669		1,555		3,751	
	United States...	47,869		79,446		361,240		266,195		343,393	
	Other countries...			827				850		1,695	
	Totals...	47,869		81,611		365,909		268,600		348,839	

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	32,695				45,795	69,906	147,681		705	165,559
	United States...	41,373		705	67,464		174,656	181,267		200,764	
	Other countries...			4,444			1,341	3,938		14,767	
	Totals	74,068		72,613		45,795	245,903	332,886		216,176	165,559
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	1,340					1,879	1,394			
	United States...	14,790		54,966			275,221	156,307		139,994	
	Other countries...							80		1,343	
	Totals	16,100		54,966			277,100	157,781		141,337	
Steel rails	Great Britain...	64,280		42,185			355,315	71,331		54,399	
	United States...	52,321		92,018			103,332	255,332		223,080	
	Other countries...	7,053		3,173			1,139	9,671		6,351	
	Totals	123,654		137,376			459,786	336,384		285,830	
Tools and implements	Great Britain...	8,597		13,040			26,541	36,998		46,957	
	United States...	94,508		122,753			405,111	621,801		531,327	
	Other countries...	4,412		7,517			16,729	21,405		24,000	
	Totals	107,617		143,310			448,381	580,204		602,284	
Tubing	Great Britain...	5,080		8,376			71,511	36,763		38,917	82,223
	United States...	81,247		84,475			305,085	398,814		70,546	233,691
	Other countries...	2,155					9,594	7,856		306,075	18,500
	Totals	89,382		92,851		62,416	386,190	443,463		344,992	334,414
Wire	Great Britain...	24,152		67,177			73,557	114,709		263,501	218,661
	United States...	58,301		74,622			220,592	285,840		730,036	748,224
	Other countries...	368		24,564		9,562	4,338	32,279		15,694	26,682
	Totals	82,821		166,363		162,638	298,487	432,828		786,998	993,567
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	278,964		264,360		42,836	719,796	758,687		112,341	168,215
	United States...	552,876		799,735		154,570	1,959,084	2,638,379		498,771	749,698
	Other countries...	23,751		40,638		5,059	115,098	108,526		51,498	89,244
	Totals	855,591		1,104,793		202,465	2,793,978	3,505,592		662,610	1,007,157

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
Countries.		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>											
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....		950,114	44,720	1,206,022	489,710	3,000,560	306,422	3,465,871	262,473	4,315,664	1,914,552
United States.....		2,492,275	484,798	3,965,965	592,094	8,948,944	2,016,665	12,270,094	2,211,731	15,857,080	2,780,796
Other countries.....		108,565	8,962	194,881	19,170	386,674	81,918	486,740	75,744	506,618	138,613
Totals.....		3,550,954	538,480	5,366,868	1,100,974	12,336,178	2,404,105	16,223,805	2,549,948	20,739,362	4,833,961
Lead and mfrs. of.....											
Great Britain.....		23,163	3,473	32,892	17,284	55,940	18,772	132,818	18,972	174,408	43,151
United States.....		4,569	3,410	8,540	622	15,985	14,095	18,306	12,612	21,124	11,160
Other countries.....		1,735	130	4,091	.....	9,705	2	10,053	2,314	17,488	393
Totals.....		29,487	7,013	45,523	17,906	81,630	32,869	161,177	33,898	212,970	54,704
Tin and mfrs. of.....											
Great Britain.....		4,746	82,309	5,724	206,475	12,575	680,834	14,234	548,683	17,851	894,147
United States.....		15,997	90,573	23,049	131,233	44,386	491,876	74,408	714,048	88,677	615,509
Other countries.....		1,349	1,227	550	15,542	3,072	118,347	5,074	157,136	1,848	141,356
Totals.....		22,092	174,109	29,323	353,250	60,033	1,291,057	93,716	1,419,867	108,376	1,651,012
Zinc and mfrs. of.....											
Great Britain.....		9	4,101	5	17,945	61	48,081	76	61,982	554	123,774
United States.....		777	29,336	1,234	7,869	3,988	31,171	4,561	62,171	5,176	24,564
Belgium.....		.....	1,953	.....	10,742	.....	43,582	.....	33,130	.....	92,971
Germany.....		8	917	.....	3,831	36	4,935	39	20,773	.....	15,591
Other countries.....		53	.....	.....	3,202	432	9,573	207	.....	715	8,535
Totals.....		847	27,907	1,239	43,580	4,517	137,342	4,943	178,056	6,445	265,435
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....											
Great Britain.....		19,293	21,987	32,251	10,392	70,243	49,756	96,684	68,113	116,839	45,222
United States.....		96,919	310,024	163,132	330,999	404,835	694,108	485,621	1,005,652	697,248	1,014,100
Other countries.....		5,063	78,237	21,197	35,940	32,225	184,753	32,744	219,360	80,828	125,286
Totals.....		121,485	410,248	216,580	377,391	507,903	928,616	615,049	1,293,125	873,915	1,184,608

<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	1,929,702	178,537	1,332,097	819,945	3,216,387	1,173,015	3,802,133	1,042,008	4,827,860	3,313,160
		United States	2,696,158	1,358,573	4,349,991	1,347,618	9,758,575	4,229,163	13,274,263	5,662,875	17,314,121	6,281,611
		Other countries..	128,360	93,191	237,784	92,744	470,440	444,612	582,351	521,272	728,186	550,347
	Totals		3,854,820	1,630,302	5,919,872	2,260,307	13,445,362	5,846,790	17,718,747	7,226,155	22,870,167	10,145,118
Mineral water	Great Britain		1,579	.....	2,686	.....	3,573	.....	6,186	.....	7,735	85
	United States		6,769	49	7,806	39	26,563	341	34,799	818	28,902	215
	France		3,091	.....	7,252	.....	19,361	.....	22,248	.....	31,273	.....
Musical instruments	Germany		1,798	.....	5,291	.....	805	.....	9,544	.....	12,649	.....
	Other countries..		2,291	.....	1,775	.....	9,255	.....	4,681	.....	5,870	.....
	Totals		15,328	49	24,810	39	59,557	341	77,458	818	84,429	300
Mustard	Great Britain		1,423	408	3,887	1,850	6,414	2,972	8,564	2,331	18,312	5,409
	United States		28,143	1,853	62,025	2,980	108,917	8,508	137,945	7,804	259,020	15,053
	Germany		4,221	794	2,434	4,626	18,579	4,658	21,408	7,786	21,244	11,203
Oils :—	Other countries..		2,656	.....	5,015	.....	12,611	.....	9,877	.....	14,493	.....
	Totals		35,853	3,055	73,361	9,455	146,521	16,138	177,854	17,981	313,069	31,665
Mineral oils	Great Britain		3,717	.....	12,285	.....	32,174	.....	32,736	.....	45,087	.....
	United States		1,266	.....	2,570	.....	10,653	.....	5,800	.....	11,411	.....
	Other countries..		79	.....	38	.....	259	.....	303	.....	237	.....
Fish oils	Totals		5,062	.....	14,888	.....	43,086	.....	40,829	.....	54,735	.....
	Great Britain		262	.....	.....	702	1,323	2,041	859	1,507	1,108	1,455
	United States		43,462	29,940	37,432	56,681	175,252	276,223	310,117	243,348	178,825	447,602
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Other countries..		12	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	550
	Totals		43,735	29,940	37,432	57,383	176,575	278,264	210,988	244,855	179,933	449,607
	Great Britain .....		.....	.....	352	.....	1,248	.....	481	.....	975	.....
Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	United States		252	.....	7	.....	6,427	.....	3,824	.....	5,541	.....
	Newfoundland ..		753	.....	.....	7,594	.....	22,899	.....	16,644	.....	17,503
	Other countries..		.....	.....	181	.....	1,623	.....	1,999	.....	2,393	.....
Totals	Totals		1,005	3,106	540	7,594	9,298	22,899	6,304	16,644	8,909	17,503
	Great Britain .....		.....	97	.....	6,009	.....	27,269	.....	32,078	.....	38,848
	United States .....		.....	5,920	.....	8,487	.....	20,895	.....	21,018	.....	18,966
Totals	Other countries..		.....	.....	.....	405	.....	3,445	.....	9,462	.....	6,918
	Totals .....		.....	6,017	.....	14,901	.....	51,609	.....	62,558	.....	64,722

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain.....	5		279				4,746		527		\$	\$
	United States.....	32,694		51,285	6	91,603		137,911	430	229,864	870		
	Other countries.....							43					
	Totals.....	32,699		51,564	6	91,603	465	142,700	430	230,391	870		
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled &c.— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain.....	16,452		13,576		386,790		75,997		80,064			
	United States.....	4,822		6,050		10,404		23,317		24,202			
	Other countries.....	25		32				25		32			
	Totals.....	21,299		19,652		397,194		99,339		104,298			
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain.....	643		2,295		2,370		2,805		6,081			
	United States.....	28,627		40,227		109,358		135,659		189,160			
	Other countries.....	106		1,761		510		225		1,809			
	Totals.....	29,376		44,283		112,238		138,689		197,050			
Oils, other.....	Great Britain.....	8,019		10,266	4,059	20,303	1,191	35,614	783	39,155	5,011		
	United States.....	18,727	3,633	22,363	9,735	50,235	12,228	73,578	17,595	92,070	27,146		
	Other countries.....	5,103		10,372		28,915		35,886	137	43,195			
	Totals.....	31,909	3,633	43,001	13,794	99,453	13,419	145,078	18,515	176,420	32,157		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Oils.....	Great Britain.....	25,381	97	26,762	10,770	412,034	30,501	120,502	34,368	127,910	45,314		
	United States.....	128,584	39,493	157,364	74,909	443,279	309,811	581,406	282,391	719,662	494,574		
	Other countries.....	6,039	3,105	12,346	7,999	31,048	26,344	38,190	26,243	49,429	24,971		
	Totals.....	160,024	42,696	196,472	93,678	886,361	366,656	743,098	343,002	897,001	564,859		

Oilcloth	39,166 15,514 148	59,701 19,623 485	170,741 48,631 751	227,933 78,888 626	330,347 97,821 1,747
Totals	55,828	79,809	220,143	306,907	429,915
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	4,715 25,065 2,388	9,348 36,676 6,867	11,386 91,214 14,141	16,184 119,169 15,923	35,307 152,333 25,820
Totals	32,168	52,891	116,741	151,276	213,529
Packages	32,761 118,425 23,214	112,957 192,354 46,304	129,336 571,980 104,371	158,047 628,269 120,469	371,439 713,938 174,941
Totals	174,400	351,615	805,687	906,785	1,200,318
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	14,496 32,215 11,003	21,356 44,490 27,232	22,819 77,600 20,130	52,593 121,780 53,702	77,558 168,265 105,239
Totals	57,714	93,078	120,609	228,075	351,002
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	22,643 5,178 3,462 5,402	39,456 9,989 2,175 57	73,430 110,370 109,431 25,424	154,077 53,988 10,248 19,518	231,247 38,919 17,056 18,415
Totals	36,685	51,677	318,655	237,831	305,637
Other paints and colours	18,858 27,528 4,700 2,389	21,128 30,542 1,185 2,226	47,714 131,250 10,814 7,961	26,788 139,963 1,363 4,185	133,153 136,752 4,117 4,946
Totals	53,475	55,081	197,739	252,138	278,968
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	1,307 4,064 237	1,595 4,519 1,014	3,245 64,326 2,431	8,875 52,183 5,014	7,770 47,683 5,126
Totals	5,698	7,128	70,502	66,072	60,579

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	3,970	.....	.....	13,936	.....	12,680	.....	18,680
	United States.	6,568	.....	.....	38,340	.....	39,042	.....	58,242
	Other countries.	319	.....	.....	1,565	.....	1,541	.....	490
	Totals.	10,857	.....	.....	53,841	.....	53,263	.....	77,412
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	2,155	.....	.....	7,775	.....	8,545	.....	7,393
	United States.	9,740	.....	.....	28,315	.....	41,704	.....	60,225
	France.	6,882	.....	.....	20,075	.....	26,200	.....	37,401
	Other countries.	953	.....	.....	2,209	.....	2,714	.....	7,260
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Totals.	19,730	.....	.....	58,374	.....	79,163	.....	112,279
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Great Britain.	18,965	.....	.....	94,437	.....	95,144	.....	124,140
	United States.	6,631	.....	.....	49,966	.....	43,010	.....	48,724
	Other countries.	1,822	.....	.....	8,642	.....	11,006	.....	16,421
	Totals.	27,419	.....	.....	153,045	.....	149,160	.....	184,285
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Great Britain.	3,629	177,676	230,118	32,517	260,548	15,900	415,138	50,984
	United States.	811	15,035	35,550	8,930	47,002	18,106	54,574	29,789
	France.	2,850	23,540	87,063	8,400	46,222	11,806	88,658	48,404
	Holland. . . . .	.....	.....	117,000	.....	114,719	.....	118,589	676
Meats— Bacon and hams.	Other countries.	1,083	786	3,786	4,520	247,694	5,585	82,742	20,650
	Totals.	8,372	217,037	473,517	54,367	716,185	51,457	759,701	150,503
Pork, barrellled in brine	Great Britain.	99	.....	.....	2,690	.....	11,935	.....	13,915
	United States.	40,737	54	.....	157,064	611	277,686	464	430,120
	Other countries.	3,148	.....	.....	18,156	156	10,026	.....	14,680
	Totals.	43,984	54	.....	177,910	767	299,547	464	467,715
	Great Britain.	55	.....	.....	374	.....	180	.....	2,965
	United States.	77,105	.....	.....	192,741	.....	354,239	.....	251,406
	Other countries.	18	.....	.....	75	.....	398	.....	10
	Totals.	77,178	.....	.....	193,190	.....	351,817	.....	254,381
	Great Britain. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	4,980	.....	5,158	.....	.....
	United States.	37,008	.....	.....	132,387	.....	209,835	.....	161,950
	Other countries. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	37,008	.....	.....	137,367	.....	214,993	.....	161,950

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Other meats, N. E. S.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	490		8,976		4,575		13,216	
	United States.....	36,029		48,320		145,817		210,977	
	Other countries.....	389		6,922		3,445		3,446	
	Totals.....	36,908		64,218		153,837		227,639	
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Provisions.....									
	Great Britain.....	644		17,059		12,619		30,489	
	United States.....	190,879		249,616		628,009		1,052,637	
	Other countries.....	3,555		8,297		21,676		13,870	
	Totals.....	195,078		274,972		662,304		1,096,996	
Rags.....									
	Great Britain.....		12,002		30,948		38,415		38,661
	United States.....		18,447		42,763		56,297		89,888
	Germany.....		2,611		5,154		11,312		13,049
	Other countries.....		600				228		3,344
	Totals.....		33,660		78,865		106,252		144,945
Rennet.....									
	Great Britain.....				3		37		225
	United States.....		1,143		1,201		27,088		20,700
	Other countries.....		542		3,893		13,213		14,567
	Totals.....		1,685		5,097		40,338		35,492
Resin or rosin.....									
	Great Britain.....				57		534		894
	United States.....		24,482		28,614		110,985		119,438
	Other countries.....								
	Totals.....		24,482		28,671		111,519		120,332

Ribbons.....	33,413	44,257	116,363	113,593	171,441	33,027	171,441
Great Britain.....	5,276	5,231	19,514	29,034	33,027	19,514	33,027
United States.....	16,153	60,016	53,650	66,915	131,808	53,650	131,808
France.....	23,077	46,572	34,481	89,185	133,298	34,481	133,298
Switzerland.....	1,179	9,635	90,328	9,904	26,512	9,904	26,512
Other countries.....							
Totals.....	79,098	165,811	314,336	308,631	496,149	314,336	496,149
Salt.....							
Great Britain.....							
United States.....	5,861	10,608	26,513	26,294	787	26,513	92,807
Other countries.....	21	3,997	14,232	44	43,247	17,789	1,780
Totals.....	5,882	10,608	26,614	26,338	44,034	151,754	31,804
Seeds and bulbous roots.....							
Great Britain.....	85	591	15,898	4,343	31,039	15,898	4,739
United States.....	1,742	79,035	189,400	106,420	376,419	1,361,633	9,310
Other countries.....	563	802	1,610	3,138	4,437	3,188	890
Totals.....	2,390	80,428	206,908	113,901	411,915	1,369,293	14,939
Settlers' effects.....							
Great Britain.....							
United States.....							
Other countries.....							
Totals.....							
Silk and mfrs. of —							
Clothing.....							
Great Britain.....	6,407	15,847	49,458	36,468	54,558	49,458	1,556,583
United States.....	1,374	2,548	25,031	11,928	16,742	25,031	3,484,339
Japan.....	1,606	3,628	10,972	6,440	16,475	10,972	115,609
Other countries.....	1,056	2,239	8,657	7,986	5,559	8,657	5,156,551
Totals.....	10,443	24,262	94,148	62,822	93,334	5,160,819	5,156,551
Fabrics.....							
Great Britain.....	77,405	126,715	426,070	352,228	501,141	426,070	501,141
United States.....	14,110	17,500	60,503	54,407	62,269	60,503	62,269
France.....	28,370	48,882	140,361	129,624	185,819	140,361	185,819
Germany.....	2,642	19,252	15,763	12,446	56,026	15,763	56,026
Japan.....	17,656	34,411	120,327	112,284	124,836	120,327	124,836
Switzerland.....	34,413	43,037	218,618	122,165	155,912	218,618	155,912
Other countries.....	13,556	14,521	94,610	77,917	77,509	94,610	77,509
Totals.....	188,152	304,318	1,076,252	861,071	1,163,012	1,076,252	1,163,012

Soap.....	Great Britain.....	3,417	5,475	14,516	19,076	106	22,977
	United States.....	31,237	57,387	113,857	145,857	689	169,634
	France.....	9,229	13,745	24,892	31,004	.....	43,490
	Other countries.....	306	1,094	1,696	2,615	.....	2,911
	Totals.....	44,189	78,801	154,871	198,612	789	240,412
Spices.....	Great Britain.....	14,110	12,684	44,179	68,959	.....	58,915
	United States.....	4,304	6,592	17,130	48,274	.....	23,157
	B. E. Indies.....	946	8,337	5,680	38,640	.....	26,032
	Other countries.....	2,841	953	18,160	8,091	.....	16,439
	Totals.....	22,201	28,566	85,149	133,973	.....	124,543
Spirits and wines— Spirits— Brandy.....	Great Britain.....	1,353	1,041	7,346	7,692	.....	5,519
	United States.....	88	482	952	471	.....	752
	France.....	36,560	49,286	148,120	174,839	.....	201,963
	Other countries.....	51	66	245	536	.....	339
	Totals.....	38,052	50,875	156,663	183,538	.....	208,573
Gin.....	Great Britain.....	9,536	10,362	25,821	34,103	.....	38,700
	United States.....	15,795	598	33	87,557	.....	706
	Holland.....	2	28,649	78,475	14	.....	107,171
	Other countries.....	.....	22	24	.....	.....	27
	Totals.....	25,295	39,631	104,353	121,674	.....	146,604
Whiskey.....	Great Britain.....	66,268	90,588	242,439	315,186	.....	367,230
	United States.....	630	408	4,176	3,038	.....	2,275
	Other countries.....	.....	19	323	445	.....	234
	Totals.....	66,898	91,015	246,938	318,689	.....	369,739
Spirits, other.....	Great Britain.....	2,264	3,448	9,171	10,770	.....	12,304
	United States.....	609	731	23,740	4,698	.....	4,131
	Other countries.....	8,814	13,443	37,684	43,694	.....	54,287
	Totals.....	11,687	17,622	70,595	59,162	.....	70,722
Wines, non-sparkling.....	Great Britain.....	4,160	2,567	6,884	12,895	.....	11,054
	United States.....	1,220	1,532	6,728	6,427	.....	5,574
	France.....	9,362	14,984	39,209	45,521	.....	45,872
	Spain.....	8,832	11,447	43,825	52,678	.....	54,314
	Other countries.....	6,923	10,306	36,394	34,890	.....	39,550
	Totals.....	30,497	40,836	138,040	152,411	.....	156,364

Molasses.	Great Britain...	194	592	1,767	2,922	963	2,165	3,164
	United States...	4,704	3,170	26,015	543,161	23,965	615,974	9,104
	B. W. Indies...			163,520		120,583		698,278
	Porto Rico...	21,160		217		2,687		
	Other countries...	1,452	241					5,252
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.	Totals.	27,510	3,973	191,519	546,083	148,198	618,139	17,520
	Great Britain...							
	United States...	7,778	15,755	26,464		38,738		45,299
	Other countries...	14,509	16,255	42,450		52,799		59,038
	Totals.	1,286	571	4,612		4,341		5,871
Recapitulation.	Totals.	23,573	32,581	73,526		95,878		110,208
	Great Britain...							
	United States...	101,394	124,918	260,503		309,224		461,467
	Other countries...	19,736	19,483	78,121	2,922	83,401	2,165	71,067
	Totals.	561,057	802,266	3,688,257	543,161	2,782,534	615,974	2,978,542
Tea.	Totals.	682,187	946,667	4,026,881	546,083	3,175,159	618,139	3,511,076
	Great Britain...							
	United States...							
	B. E. Indies...							
	Totals.							
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Great Britain...							
	United States...							
	China...							
	Japan...							
	Totals.							
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c	Great Britain...							
	United States...							
	Aust. Hungary...							
	France...							
	Totals.							

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Free.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Turpentine, spirits of.			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.	100	.....	.....	557	2,173	.....	1,490	.....	.....	.....	2,033	.....
	United States.	40,021	.....	.....	80,538	187,858	.....	270,368	.....	.....	.....	280,594	.....
	Other countries. ....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	576	.....
	Totals.	40,121	.....	.....	81,095	190,031	.....	271,858	.....	.....	.....	283,203	.....
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.													
	Great Britain.	924	.....	1,550	.....	10,440	.....	13,263	.....	21,011	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	674	.....	1,163	.....	4,483	.....	5,047	.....	12,523	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	36	.....	2,779	.....	492	.....	964	.....	4,485	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	1,634	.....	5,492	.....	15,415	.....	19,274	.....	38,019	.....	.....	.....
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c..													
	Great Britain.	3,216	5	4,383	.....	19,561	307	21,040	98	15,314	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	7,511	.....	9,441	.....	41,756	61	39,921	197	40,681	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries. ....		.....	.....	.....	181	.....	42	.....	21	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	10,727	5	13,824	.....	61,498	368	61,003	295	56,016	.....	.....	.....
Vegetables.													
	Great Britain.	1,548	.....	5,907	.....	39,050	.....	28,808	.....	46,638	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	108,545	.....	193,297	.....	506,151	.....	376,342	.....	452,965	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	4,941	.....	12,908	.....	37,085	.....	32,763	.....	38,150	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	115,034	.....	212,172	.....	582,886	.....	437,913	.....	537,753	.....	.....	.....

Watches.....	2,709 47,358 1,729 751 11,934 3,224	1,532 86,137 4,362 15,122 4,541	6,999 179,590 4,179 51,250 8,943	7,327 212,449 8,362 48,186 6,443	7,393 298,774 1,170 66,087 15,046
Totals.....	66,964	108,103	250,961	282,967	388,476
Wood and mfrs. of— Furniture.....	2,273 47,389 976	4,203 60,632 2,055	15,108 251,612 15,016	13,530 245,098 7,951	17,926 287,147 8,078
Totals.....	50,588	66,890	281,736	266,579	313,151
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....	52,445	148,438	264,435	297,606 325	259,397 1,551
Totals.....	52,445	148,438	264,435	297,931	261,148
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....	10,790 379,252 12,782	54 11,730 777	1,348 64,820 66,168	6,033 1,598,823 21,797	54 38,065 3,384
Totals.....	10,790	11,784	844,900	38,559 1,626,653	38,119 3,466,603
Other wood and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	5,418 114,768 12,237	499 173,849 13,527	25,031 488,026 49,860	2,980 299,082 7,334	51,010 735,031 64,145
Totals.....	132,423	204,083	562,917	634,933 370,998	870,194 466,289
Recapitulation.	7,691 172,897 13,213	14,964 246,211 21,582	41,487 804,458 64,876	42,999 898,245 68,827	68,990 1,080,251 72,223
Wood and mfrs. of.....	193,801	282,757	910,821	940,071 2,295,582	1,221,464 4,194,040
Totals.....	193,801	282,757	910,821	940,071	1,221,464

Knitted goods, including underwear, N.E.S.	Germany.	5,620	13,020	32,286	35,887	41,744
	Other countries.	3,403	13,493	20,112	16,902	43,538
	Totals.	537,006	797,950	1,549,609	1,886,984	2,374,617
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c.	Great Britain.	31,175	83,702	104,373	98,291	197,986
	United States.	2,298	3,634	12,145	12,198	14,463
	Germany.	3,054	3,353	12,471	18,070	14,565
	Other countries.	231	874	1,653	4,725	13,776
	Totals.	36,728	91,563	130,642	133,284	240,790
Wool, raw.	Great Britain.	91,535	123,074	262,424	339,027	357,986
	United States.	229	751	10,102	6,418	4,413
	Germany.	2,446	5,969	26,323	34,086	39,404
	Other countries.		1,378	2,050	1,576	2,698
	Totals.	94,210	131,172	300,899	381,107	404,451
Yarn.	Great Britain.	22,185	38,100	192,750	133,566	197,700
	United States.	24,039	15,806	135,464	137,283	177,588
	Australasia.		16,300			86,772
	France.		9,176	38,731	28,223	58,945
	Other countries.	17,402	1,753	170,279	71,440	92,306
	Totals.	63,626	81,135	537,224	390,512	613,311
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain.	92,749	135,200	311,404	337,637	443,902
	United States.	113	16	1,635	510	3,057
	Germany.	5,335	7,043	20,596	19,176	25,181
	Other countries.	714	820	6,704	4,018	3,081
	Totals.	98,911	143,079	340,339	391,341	475,221
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain.	55,339	75,550	197,140	212,340	195,998
	United States.	6,000	18,955	31,625	33,323	45,665
	France.	5,360	2,986	9,669	13,115	14,188
	Germany.	3,527	4,085	29,835	24,433	15,872
	Other countries.	7,585	11,900	21,727	28,548	57,437
	Totals.	77,811	113,476	290,046	311,779	329,160
						168,880

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Wool and mfrs. of.....	1,308,634	90,815	1,854,578	88,827	3,984,174	263,347	4,609,541	279,269	5,733,111	366,488	5,733,111	366,488
	United States.....	19,122	26,142	63,571	16,017	191,309	167,174	165,114	160,265	225,300	185,727	225,300	185,727
	Other countries.....	153,922	17,462	261,816	27,229	517,529	210,503	626,814	108,186	887,413	240,915	887,413	240,915
	Totals.....	1,481,078	134,359	2,179,965	132,073	4,693,012	641,024	5,401,469	547,720	6,795,824	793,130	6,795,824	793,130
All other articles, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	96,267	12,317	142,781	51,764	328,869	95,572	349,327	84,112	464,307	250,639	464,307	250,639
	United States.....	254,824	82,038	371,030	77,325	1,103,525	312,578	1,210,378	292,104	1,446,944	500,381	1,446,944	500,381
	Other countries.....	29,915	14,097	48,593	9,963	122,325	64,187	141,467	70,543	187,491	61,783	187,491	61,783
	Totals.....	381,006	108,452	562,404	139,052	1,554,719	472,637	1,701,172	446,759	2,098,742	812,803	2,098,742	812,803
Total imports (mdse.).....	Great Britain.....	4,666,219	1,549,591	7,160,913	2,866,677	15,858,935	5,664,806	18,584,998	6,299,156	24,597,463	9,916,531	24,597,463	9,916,531
	United States.....	6,697,547	7,255,659	10,719,293	8,437,090	28,446,286	27,156,019	33,823,024	30,814,799	41,362,337	35,951,899	41,362,337	35,951,899
	Other countries.....	2,075,177	1,025,279	3,283,736	1,436,500	9,567,262	4,065,888	9,887,333	4,913,010	11,807,261	5,862,395	11,807,261	5,862,395
	Totals.....	13,438,943	9,830,529	21,203,942	12,740,267	53,872,483	30,886,723	62,295,375	42,026,965	77,767,061	51,730,825	77,767,061	51,730,825
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	20,025	.....	20,025
	United States.....	.....	382,578	.....	613,780	.....	846,895	.....	2,469,480	.....	2,283,555	.....	2,283,555
	Other countries.....	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	290	.....	609	.....	544	.....	544
	Totals.....	.....	382,650	.....	613,789	.....	847,185	.....	2,470,106	.....	2,306,124	.....	2,306,124
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain.....	4,666,219	1,549,608	7,160,913	2,866,677	15,858,935	5,664,806	18,584,998	6,299,173	24,597,463	9,936,556	24,597,463	9,936,556
	United States.....	6,697,547	7,638,237	10,759,293	9,056,879	28,446,286	28,002,014	33,823,024	33,284,279	41,362,337	38,237,434	41,362,337	38,237,434
	Other countries.....	2,075,177	1,025,334	3,283,736	1,436,500	9,567,262	4,066,128	9,887,333	4,913,619	11,807,261	5,862,439	11,807,261	5,862,439
	Totals.....	13,438,943	10,213,179	21,203,942	13,354,056	53,872,483	37,733,908	62,295,375	44,497,071	77,767,061	54,036,949	77,767,061	54,036,949

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.		MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		Countries.		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
				Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain	\$ 1,219,085	\$ 892,560	\$ 2,918,744	\$ 3,057,577	\$ 2,403,353	\$ 2,403,353	\$ 53,253	\$ 53,253	\$ 275	\$ 275		
	United States	1,497	1,325	65,266	48,509	36,444	36,444	10,419	10,419				
	Newfoundland	16,556	22,162	20,377	179,643								
	Other countries..	38,223	6,007	56,189									
	Totals	1,275,361	922,054	3,060,576	3,340,755	2,503,469	2,503,469						
Horses	Great Britain	3,200	9,600	23,380	9,750	15,400	15,400						
	United States	23,265	35,095	153,525	193,753	159,070	159,070			128,072	128,072		
	Other countries..	1,643	3,685	12,065	8,858	11,570	11,570						
	Totals	28,108	35,095	188,970	212,361	186,040	186,040			126,072	126,072		
Sheep	Great Britain	11,222	30,748	53,624	29,297	41,178	41,178						
	United States	4,394	10,067	13,081	7,280	20,220	20,220			3,000	3,000		
	Other countries..	1,558	2,739	5,386	8,228	3,819	3,819						
	Totals	17,174	43,554	72,091	44,805	65,217	65,217			3,000	3,000		
Other animals, N. E. S.	Great Britain			2,760	100	30	30						
	United States	1,226	3,249	14,619	15,728	19,288	19,288			703	703		
	Other countries..	30	654	963	887	1,740	1,740						
	Totals	1,256	3,903	18,342	16,685	21,058	21,058			703	703		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recapitulation.											
	Animals, living.....	1,233,507	35,170	932,908	86,705	2,998,508	94,670	3,096,724	139,896	2,459,961	130,050
	United States.....	30,382	35,170	74,273	86,705	246,491	94,670	265,270	139,896	251,831	130,050
	Other countries.....	58,010		35,247		94,980		252,612		63,992	
	Totals.....	1,321,899	35,170	1,042,428	86,705	3,339,979	94,670	3,614,606	139,896	2,775,784	130,050
Ashes.....											
	Great Britain.....	2,180		2,464		10,904		8,338		10,600	
	United States.....	1,175	83	986		19,230		30,223	151	19,891	
	Other countries.....	885		1,030		1,715		1,720		1,040	
	Totals.....	4,240	83	4,480		31,849		40,281	151	31,531	
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographic, &c.											
	Great Britain.....	8,276	10	4,103		27,148	7,779	24,916	408	27,104	629
	United States.....	6,524	3,814	7,192	8,098	29,918	20,282	30,635	24,728	33,301	28,234
	Other countries.....	3,556	11	2,289	25	16,618	1,909	19,721	1,984	5,813	455
	Totals.....	18,356	3,835	13,584	8,123	73,684	29,970	75,272	27,120	66,218	29,318
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....											
	Great Britain.....	37,914	52,117	68,896		34,691	219,120	169,266	98,984	251,166	
	United States.....					2,530		878		8	
	Belgium.....					19,780				27,972	
	Other countries.....			5,910	29	17		42		6,291	29
	Totals.....	37,914	52,117	74,806	29	57,018	219,120	170,186	98,984	285,437	29

Beans	Great Britain.....	460	.....	.....	444	.....	89	4981	.....	1,828	23
	United States.....	67	.....	9	1,240	.....	.....	5,070	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	.....	.....	1,763	6,544	.....	.....	1,459	18	3,986	98
	Other countries..	200	.....	.....	.....	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	727	.....	1,772	9,420	51	89	7,027	18	5,814	121
Buckwheat.	Great Britain.....	13,154	.....	.....	11,685	.....	.....	40,619	440	4,629	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	3,779	.....	.....	4,128	.....	1,295	.....
	Belgium.....	9,596	.....	510	14,247	.....	.....	14,149	.....	8,350	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	1,056	.....	.....	1,272	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	22,750	.....	510	30,767	.....	.....	60,168	440	14,274	.....
Indian corn	Great Britain.....	.....	438,650	.....	1,431	1,554,478	49	17,717	977,287	1,992	1,576,717
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	830	.....	.....	30	500	106	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	1	.....	50	5	.....	.....	590	.....	515	.....
	Totals	1	438,650	50	2,266	1,554,527	.....	18,337	977,785	2,613	1,576,717
Oats	Great Britain.....	89,890	14,667	628,489	32,415	269,149	525	478,383	65,204	1,666,857	.....
	United States.....	5,847	47,160	1,578	865	.....	.....	14,607	60,792	74,213	216
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies ...	9,693	.....	5,737	10,987	107	.....	24,545	.....	30,400	.....
	Other countries .	19,694	.....	115,654	31,212	.....	.....	45,281	.....	169,478	.....
	Totals	125,124	65,827	751,458	75,479	269,781	.....	562,796	125,996	1,940,948	216
Pease whole and split.	Great Britain.....	15,547	.....	13,298	56,049	.....	.....	105,576	.....	69,195	.....
	United States.....	509	.....	1,775	18,564	.....	.....	5,402	.....	7,914	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	1,997	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,945	.....
	B. W. Indies...	712	.....	3,495	87,941	.....	.....	17,481	.....	45,140	.....
	Other countries..	12,715	.....	11,107	.....	.....	.....	57,423	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	29,483	.....	29,675	164,551	.....	.....	185,888	.....	142,194	.....
Rye	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	17,637	.....	18,799
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	9,765	.....
	Totals .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	17,646	9,765	18,799

Oatmeal.....	36,020	81,822	112,312	158,782	207,765
Great Britain.....	67	18	18	922	.....
United States.....	830	10,172	3,064	8,392	21,432
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	36,917	91,994	115,394	168,076	229,197
Wheat flour.....	364,692	350,063	459,658	1,277,477	1,098,640
Great Britain.....	30	10,562	38,990	37,011	42,191
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	1,075	.....
Australasia.....	18,767	28,843	119,748	89,578	97,669
B. W. Indies.....	60,881	182,349	298,411	342,819	337,985
Newfoundland.....	48,238	297,233	398,766	283,145	740,612
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	492,608	969,046	1,315,573	2,031,105	2,317,097
Other breadstuffs, N.E.S.....	3,000	2,240	12,075	16,410	17,049
Great Britain.....	75	45	722	3,825	3,956
United States.....	4,667	6,137	34	12,829	797
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	223	88
Totals.....	7,742	8,422	756	36,937	885
Breadstuffs.....	1,400,008	6,623,649	3,684,185	11,726,145	16,799,398
Great Britain.....	102,600	34,681	722	1,416,669	240,708
United States.....	233,274	789,720	151	2,493	62,365
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	1,399,784	183
Totals.....	1,735,882	7,443,050	5,436,779	14,342,598	23,577,735
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	.....	5,825	.....	1,750	5,825
Automobiles.....	1,493	21,200	15,350	6,980	27,050
Great Britain.....	.....	8,337	.....	30,705	17,710
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,493	35,362	15,350	39,485	50,585
Bicycles.....	135	25	335	280	160
Great Britain.....	1,800	410	269	641	708
United States.....	166	5,250	2,835	8,220	15,350
Australasia.....	.....	398	2,610	231	7,931
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	2,101	6,083	5,569	9,372	24,149
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	.....	1,231	21,310	4,475	4,951
Great Britain.....	581	4,132	32,040	5,248	27,276
United States.....	8,009	14,267	37,752	36,559	33,340
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	1,187	4,887
Totals.....	8,590	19,630	91,132	46,282	65,567
					5,285

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
	1906.			1907.			1906.			1907.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i>												
Lobsters, canned.....	16,653	34,596		340,319		\$	594,674		\$	162,659		\$
United States.....	104,970	372,499		698,794			419,518			558,648		
Belgium.....				30,384			15,668			13,272		
France.....	71,556	12,260		143,113			440,389			122,455		
Germany.....	1,051	2,250					7,987			13,646		
Other countries.....	8,536	23,931		48,412			39,291			28,725		
Totals.....	202,766		445,536	1,265,572			1,508,527			899,405		
Mackerel, fresh												
Great Britain.....	36,055			10,872			74,581			33,506		
United States.....							4					
Other countries.....												
Totals.....	36,055		10,872	21,997			74,585			33,506		
Mackerel, pickled												
Great Britain.....	19,140		6,877	28,361			49,984		156	8,162		
United States.....	1,838		8,954	9,542			16,473		4,091	16,006		
B. W. Indies.....	1,090	108	5,928	3,221			12,669		1,390	11,713		
Other countries.....												
Totals.....	22,068	108	21,759	41,124			79,126		5,637	36,481		
Salmon, canned												
Great Britain.....			70,014	8,212			209,373		40	595,717		
United States.....	472			12,264	12		990			3,538		2
Australasia.....			964	3,377			4,397			2,561		
Other countries.....	1		720	17,504			16,183			6,211		
Totals.....	473		71,698	41,357	12		230,873		40	608,027		2
Salmon, fresh												
Great Britain.....	20,570			273			20,570			103,219		3
United States.....	19,338		54,823	108,702			112,313					
Germany.....							484					
Other countries.....	484			553								
Totals.....	40,392		54,823	109,598			133,367			103,222		

Salmon, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	40,722	20,360	16,566	50,369
	United States.....	654	2,047	3,266	2,226
	B. W. Indies.....	1,141	3,554	14,700	2,773
	Other countries.....				
Totals.....	21,101	42,517	25,961	34,532	55,368
Fish, all other, fresh.....	Great Britain.....				
	United States.....	89,803	353,489	417,000	304,088
	Other countries.....	146	63	72	168
Totals.....	66,905	89,449	353,552	417,072	304,206
Other fish, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	35	1,578	4,029	5,410
	United States.....	50,009	96,814	71,200	140,865
	Other countries.....	5,914	733	36,144	28,036
Totals.....	20,757	55,958	109,250	111,973	174,311
Fish and fish products.....	Great Britain.....	115,081	352,502	840,208	774,225
	United States.....	695,703	1,877,369	1,518,663	1,571,841
	Other countries.....	333,492	733	2,667	998,099
Totals.....	533,577	1,144,276	3,246,329	3,916,539	3,344,165
Flax, hemp, &c.....	Great Britain.....		19,380		300
	United States.....	2,020	286,477	159,858	69,416
	Other countries.....				
Totals.....	8,095	2,020	305,857	159,858	69,716
Fruits—	Great Britain.....		2,259	162	245
Fruits, dried.....	United States.....		23	920	475
	Germany.....		7,400	4,094	1,920
	Holland.....		15,283	310	1,500
	Other countries.....	54	694	111	348
Totals.....	54	9	25,659	5,597	4,488
Fruits, green, apples.....	Great Britain.....		200,991	65,433	48,521
	United States.....	10	132	1,813	58
	Other countries.....		4,399	769	1,652
Totals.....		10	205,522	68,015	50,231

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain...	2,247	1,698	58,629	52	34,579	1,306	9,711	65
	United States...	13,734	5,730	13,228	39,890	18,366	21,304	8,047	38,720
	Other countries..	1,091	1,308	6,435	1,491	7,493	589	4,451	2,048
	Totals.....	17,072	1,376	78,292	41,433	60,438	23,199	22,709	40,833
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.									
	Great Britain...	2,247	1,698	261,879	112	100,174	1,487	58,477	65
	United States...	13,734	5,730	13,383	41,936	21,099	26,268	8,570	44,405
	Other countries..	1,091	1,308	34,211	2,169	12,777	1,344	10,381	3,250
	Totals.....	17,072	1,430	309,473	44,217	134,050	29,099	77,428	47,720
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.....									
	Great Britain...	83,231	115	183,051	5,010	435,050	986	137,247	300
	United States...	122,755	1,595	493,996	17,965	592,732	7,023	524,629	13,311
	Other countries..	.....	.....	7,427	.....	1,552	1,129	82,462	5,665
	Totals.....	205,986	1,710	684,474	22,975	1,029,334	9,738	744,338	19,276
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.....									
	Great Britain...	649	.....	8,130	.....	28,072	.....	19,420	.....
	United States...	279	.....	2,840	14,094	5,145	.....	56,394	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	928	.....	10,970	14,094	33,217	.....	75,774	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S.....									
	Great Britain...	.....	1,815	3,486	1,678	1,489	224	3,408	2,244
	United States...	2,601	23,313	12,163	432	21,995	2,174	26,095	.....
	Other countries..	500	245	720	500	325	1,559	3,213	.....
	Totals.....	3,101	245	16,369	2,610	24,009	3,927	32,626	2,244

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	83,880	115	77,898	1,964	194,637	6,688	464,611	1,210	160,075	2,544
United States.....	125,635	1,840	175,220	751	508,999	32,491	619,872	9,797	606,988	13,311
Other countries.....	500	..	23,308	381	8,147	500	2,077	2,658	85,738	5,665
Totals.....	210,015	1,955	276,426	3,096	711,813	39,679	1,086,560	13,665	855,738	21,520
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	450	794	1,532	2,374	4,456	..	3,034	40	4,202	..
United States.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Newfoundland.....	..	..	30	..	90,420	9,691	173,538	29,836	103,136	2,490
Other countries.....	1,637	..	11,999	220	18,870	367	10,953	54	1,958	..
Totals.....	2,087	794	13,561	2,594	4,508	193	8,761	137	14,938	220
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	5,184	247	2,354	76	3,382	110	196,336	30,067	124,234	2,710
United States.....	5,165	652	2,287	5,079	43,036	27,019	12,449	..	3,952	476
Australasia.....	..	..	3,857	..	12,803	..	57,891	252	5,093	7,180
Other countries.....	1,221	12	4,803	..	13,636	..	6,851	..	14,194	..
Totals.....	11,570	911	13,301	5,155	73,457	27,129	16,499	39	15,271	404
Hair.....	2,800	..	17,467	..	2,092	..	93,690	6,957	38,507	8,060
United States.....	7,859	..	..	..	48,584	2,166	4,444	..	60,118	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	1,196	..	49,444	248	..	..
Totals.....	10,699	..	17,467	..	51,872	2,166	53,888	248	60,118	..
Hay.....	121,210	..	51,895	..	277,808	..	408,589	..	144,855	..
United States.....	51,682	..	36,100	663	80,471	2,283	219,323	700	182,933	2,898
B. W. Indies.....	193	..	845	..	2,363	..	7,157	..	4,436	..
Other countries.....	3,995	..	7,645	..	48,304	..	38,304	..	23,665	..
Totals.....	177,080	..	96,485	663	408,946	2,283	673,373	700	355,889	2,898
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	207,418	3	297,510	..	2,073	..	12,340	3	11,303	..
United States.....	..	398	2,475	..	1,216,395	8,947	1,292,730	5,995	1,307,660	8,882
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	2,482	..	14,910	..	5,638	..
Totals.....	207,418	401	299,985	..	1,220,950	8,947	1,319,980	5,998	1,324,691	8,882
Leather and mfrs. of—	89,258	..	90,972	..	512,134	..	572,830	..	301,806	..
Sole and upper.....	8,319	..	41	..	305	239	12,190	..	41	..
United States.....	1,042	..	2,383	..	18,881	..	15,581	..	11,021	..
Newfoundland.....	..	..	1,533	..	52,552	..	18,559	..	14,584	..
Other countries.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals.....	98,619	..	94,929	..	583,872	239	619,162	..	327,452	..

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	23,578 133,206	68,176 683,241	190,726 1,651,210	100,411 2,481,308	88,897 2,936,494
Totals.....	176,784	751,417	1,841,936	2,581,719	3,025,391
Gold and silver— Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug- gets, &c.....	765,298	1,130,793	4,027,353 29,305	600 3,857,506	500 2,354,621
Totals.....	765,298	1,130,793	4,056,658	3,858,106	2,355,121
Silver ore.....	245,236 21,567	1,117,437 84,082	513,017 105,392	1,379,157 21,567	4,224 3,364,713
Totals.....	266,803	1,201,519	615,409	1,400,764	3,494,182
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	157,232 1,600 31,585	53,504 344 17,122	151,426 14,811 67,087	252,356 5,574 133,156	198,504 6,785 89,056
Australasia.....	655	39,358	131,365	63,198	175,109
France.....	11,904	37,144	123,009	218,189	248,673
Germany.....	66,164	44,699	179,150	262,784	238,282
Other countries.....	269,140	192,171	666,848	935,257	951,409
Totals.....	588	862	3,510 1,314	8,166	6,000 5,678
Chromic iron.....	588	862	4,824	8,166	11,678
Hardware.....	2,066 6,312 3,210 3,663	133 1,029 1,140 9,841	7,169 21,975 10,264 15,355	12,769 12,130 17,103 19,676	7,229 5,609 4,916 39,579
Totals.....	15,251	2,462	54,763	61,678	57,333
				8,295	9,718

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery	Great Britain...	\$ 12,311	\$ 249	\$ 15,515	\$ 80,443	\$ 24,447	\$ 6,243	\$ 55,997	\$ 1,402	\$ 63,417	\$ 1,384
	United States...	12,560	7,441	18,883	80,443	28,251	218,212	63,251	99,097	50,068	217,246
	Australasia...			2,971		6,763		12,519		12,756	
	Other countries..	17,174		27,022	13,137	82,582	347	110,133	3,960	91,426	31,915
	Totals	42,045	7,690	64,391	93,580	142,296	224,802	241,900	104,519	217,667	250,545
Ores—iron	Great Britain...										
	United States...	20,046		9,823		196,634		58,247		9,991	
	Other countries..										
	Totals	20,046		9,823		190,634		58,372		9,991	
Pig iron	Great Britain...										
	United States...					1,568		1,792		8,764	
	Other countries..			1,860		5,495				1,860	
	Totals			1,860		7,063		1,792		10,624	
Scrap iron and steel	Great Britain...	501				4,250		3,477		373	
	United States...	11,825	124	4,332	38,928	20,019	13,394	40,169	641	9,809	39,599
	Other countries..							75		119	
	Totals	12,326	124	4,332	38,928	24,269	13,394	43,721	641	10,301	39,599
Steel and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	4,176	138	6,922	18	10,531	728	13,009	1,228	21,741	2,207
	United States...	12,186	7,047	13,166	23,695	97,374	97,374	122,651	116,736	51,514	64,362
	Newfoundland...	5,428		10,747	129	9,367	1,649	19,164	1,032	18,752	205
	Other countries..	7,526	1,649	6,786	786	24,683	1,190	35,890	1,831	37,714	1,384
	Totals	29,316	8,834	39,621	24,628	82,712	100,941	190,714	120,827	129,721	68,158

All other iron and steel.	Great Britain	1,621	1,502	15	5,383	.....	4,245	.....	3,345	15
	United States	505	1,340	21	8,091	.....	6,820	1,822	7,250	2,876
	Other countries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,114	87	2,808	135
Totals		2,126	4,787	1,179	20,724	3,474	21,179	1,909	13,369	3,026
Iron and steel	Great Britain	176,286	79,744	63	208,284	7,687	343,770	2,982	300,609	3,682
	United States	66,738	52,562	146,952	328,133	362,812	317,098	225,162	155,434	334,384
	Other countries	147,814	200,030	14,133	657,716	4,957	902,001	9,895	956,670	33,930
Totals		390,838	332,336	161,148	1,194,133	375,466	1,562,779	238,039	1,412,093	371,996
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N. E. S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.	Great Britain	22,400	89,732	.....	9,471	.....	44,800	.....	130,052	.....
	United States	14,140	16,000	9,141	37,370	.....	48,480	.....	89,513	14,319
	Other countries	68,154	58,440	.....	14,425	.....	191,421	.....	183,917	.....
Totals		104,694	164,172	9,141	61,266	.....	328,788	.....	403,482	14,319
Asbestos	Great Britain	3,110	10,920	.....	88,397	.....	48,281	.....	33,880	.....
	United States	66,217	123,941	.....	275,339	.....	352,925	.....	455,817	.....
	Other countries	4,115	5,495	.....	52,776	.....	46,272	.....	6,795	.....
Totals		92,184	158,074	.....	39,901	.....	81,080	.....	46,564	.....
Nickel	Great Britain	69,584	214,219	.....	155,538	.....	305,705	.....	276,882	.....
	United States	124,740	116,921	.....	457,312	.....	644,425	.....	474,677	.....
	Other countries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		194,324	331,140	.....	612,850	.....	950,130	.....	751,359	.....
Lead ore	Great Britain	27,603	59,120	.....	57,062	.....	207,047	.....	224,002	.....
	United States	.....	8,957	.....	534,133	.....	40,250	.....	122,617	.....
	Other countries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals		27,603	68,077	.....	591,195	.....	247,297	.....	346,619	.....
Mica	Great Britain	7,510	.....	.....	6,210	.....	13,070	.....	23,033	.....
	United States	30,968	16,183	.....	49,318	677	155,756	9,954	137,009	36
	Other countries	15	1,150	.....	.....	.....	1,095	.....	1,150	.....
Totals		38,488	17,333	.....	55,528	677	169,921	9,954	161,192	36

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Ores, except iron ore.....	Great Britain...	\$ 17,785				\$ 15,705			\$ 47,551		\$ 4,040		
	United States...	9,548		28,767		170,431	73	100,240		85,114		2	
	Other countries...			8,821		8,973		6,108		17,644			
	Totals.....	27,333		37,588		195,109	73	153,899		106,798		2	
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain...	1,756		525	80	90,004	5,479	24,149	658	3,370		124	
	United States...	24,205	1,786	28,689	6,205	92,189	35,178	97,434	12,545	112,851		42,687	
	Other countries...	13,451		2,356	12	43,208	1,182	21,032	1,746	3,762		400	
	Totals.....	39,412	1,786	31,570	6,297	225,401	41,839	142,615	14,949	119,983		43,211	
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of.... <i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	322,009	520	463,316	143	764,335	13,166	928,377	3,640	865,287		3,806	
	United States...	1,527,894	18,276	3,373,654	162,298	7,658,734	423,020	9,641,286	258,970	10,390,275		391,928	
	Other countries...	273,858	2,949	387,049	14,145	1,485,829	6,139	1,354,913	11,641	1,463,744		34,330	
	Totals.....	2,123,761	21,745	4,224,019	175,586	9,908,898	442,325	11,924,576	274,251	12,719,306		430,064	
Milk and cream, condensed.....	Great Britain...			10				1,205		1,169			
	United States...			53	50	1,507	2,167	722		463		50	
	British Africa.....	6,714				19,877		14,964					
	Other countries...	2,504		2,179		15,726		9,122		3,118			
Musical instruments.....	Totals.....	9,218		2,242	50	37,110	2,167	26,013		4,750		50	
	Great Britain...	11,335		2,928		39,033		45,244		22,850			
	United States...	2,162	776	8,747	774	8,274	4,832	12,975	3,385	18,550		4,175	
	Other countries...	4,385		5,926	160	18,334		28,382	2,375	26,382		360	
	Totals.....	17,942	776	17,601	934	65,641	4,832	86,601	5,760	67,782		4,535	

Oilseeds	Great Britain.....	30,429	56,240	15,832	106,889	170,764	.....
	United States.....	7,899	25,174	.....	2,281	20	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	33,201	58,763	.....
	Totals.....	38,328	81,414	15,832	142,471	229,527	.....
Oils	Great Britain.....	13,475	34,507	.....	41,666	63,300	.....
	United States.....	2,613	5,745	75	18,061	191	.....
	Other countries.....	676	317	429	3,803	3,544	.....
	Totals.....	16,764	40,569	504	73,935	81,448	10,283
Paper	Great Britain.....	40,471	94,965	338,864	235,802	302,783	.....
	United States.....	4,678	57,373	669	25,081	349,454	2,359
	Australasia.....	.....	31,275	14	270,283	208,849	.....
	Other countries.....	45,788	35,502	211,184	4,271	108,425	14
Provisions—	Totals.....	90,937	219,115	683	531,766	969,511	2,373
	Butter.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	784,362	163,125	1,975,976	1,374,473	167,825	.....
	United States.....	33	6,635	21,249	3,447	13,303	991
Cheese	Newfoundland.....	2,730	6,255	27,255	644	9,208	.....
	Other countries.....	8,375	30,075	63,033	5,838	54,988	2,769
	Totals.....	795,500	206,090	2,087,563	1,470,039	245,319	3,760
	Great Britain.....	3,814,179	3,755,748	5,944,789	7,933,561	6,594,406	7,598
Eggs	United States.....	566	3,031	7,240	5,472	4,313	.....
	R. W. Indies.....	362	2,819	13,361	7,232	7,786	.....
	Newfoundland.....	2,741	2,495	34	12,145	3,579	34
	Other countries.....	2,117	3,870	21,695	15,827	12,661	.....
Meats—	Totals.....	3,819,965	3,767,963	6,001,418	7,974,237	6,622,745	7,632
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	134	740	1,247	2,705	1,121	6
	Other countries.....	274	462	8,335	18,745	1,665	2,273
Bacon and hams	Totals.....	408	1,202	9,599	21,450	2,792	2,273
	Great Britain.....	953,784	742,238	4,151,118	3,919,130	2,552,687	.....
	United States.....	2,419	51	647	3,962	1,088	441
	British Africa.....	1,390	429	6,953	10,589	429	.....
Meats—	Other countries.....	1,303	2,470	3,588	12,806	2,782	24
	Totals.....	958,896	745,188	4,162,306	3,946,487	2,556,986	465

<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Provisions	5,576,242	19,892	4,677,661	5,612	12,924,375	40,106	13,395,750	28,033	9,490,824	7,598
	United States	5,390	58	12,719	1,717	42,119	16,233	41,298	1,115	28,292	5,906
	Other countries	24,994	1,521	61,954	3,191	180,164	16,765	202,594	15,084	127,739	17,815
	Totals	5,606,626	21,471	4,752,334	10,520	13,146,658	73,104	13,639,642	44,232	9,646,855	31,319
	Rags	10,428	.....	11,469	.....	10,247	.....	39,428	.....	24,998	.....
	United States	9,633	.....	16,237	120	43,391	23	49,568	123	63,447	120
	Other countries	2,637	.....	511	.....	150	.....	2,637	.....	511	.....
	Totals	22,698	.....	28,217	120	53,788	23	91,633	123	88,956	120
	Salt .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States	390	773	105	1,884	1,744	13,804	1,503	7,244	389	7,126
	Other countries	128	.....	12	1,860	709	4,717	396	6,403	12	5,647
	Totals	518	773	117	3,744	2,453	18,941	2,171	13,647	401	12,773
	Seeds—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Clover and grass	2,676	.....	.....	.....	12,977	.....	15,669	.....	3,124	.....
	United States	13,445	.....	1,470	.....	59,776	.....	82,897	.....	58,498	.....
	Other countries	2,285	.....	1,165	.....	11,842	.....	27,073	.....	11,157	.....
	Totals	18,406	.....	2,638	.....	84,595	.....	125,639	.....	72,779	.....
	Other seeds, N.E.S.	140,439	251,247	390	.....	69	.....	143,927	625,135	2,676	69
	United States	8	54	24	.....	5,097	159	3,091	70	3,521	11
	Other countries .....	.....	62,552	70	.....	291	140	396,656	336,656	483	43
	Totals	140,447	313,853	484	.....	5,457	299	147,227	961,861	6,680	123
	Settlers' effects ..	6,610	50	10,943	.....	25,219	8,775	42,669	550	34,556	12
	United States	84,407	4,204	113,730	9,939	471,645	29,925	562,541	41,269	534,288	42,527
	Other countries	3,483	.....	1,438	.....	11,234	875	14,883	550	9,464	.....
	Totals	94,500	4,254	126,111	9,939	508,098	39,575	620,093	42,369	578,308	42,539
	Ships .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States	12,075	.....	.....	.....	6,813	.....	.....	32,300	.....	.....
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	12,075	.....	.....	.....	6,813	.....	.....	32,300	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain.	4,330	.....	2,138	1,107	.....	23,111	2,706	11,032	847	10,637	.....	1,107
	United States.	62,963	4,358	40,072	8,551	.....	142,553	29,928	291,943	36,223	349,005	.....	31,047
	Other countries.	7,527	43	7,117	452	.....	32,617	1,254	64,322	689	58,875	.....	979
	Totals.	74,820	4,401	49,377	10,110	.....	198,281	33,918	367,297	37,759	418,577	.....	33,133
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	366	.....	345	.....	.....
	United States.	37,795	.....	111,785	9	.....	229,435	158	251,630	.....	241,218	.....	9
	Other countries.	56	.....	1,691	.....	.....	2,143	.....	2,889	66	1,856	.....	.....
	Totals.	37,851	.....	113,476	9	.....	231,618	158	254,839	66	243,419	.....	9
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain.	12	.....	210	.....	.....	2,077	908	963	4,669	1,647	.....	.....
	United States.	7,577	.....	24,110	.....	.....	59,905	2,609	46,548	606	57,023	.....	54
	Other countries.	478	278	156	2,303	.....	1,854	5,821	710	7,273	2,204	.....	4,904
	Totals.	8,067	278	24,476	2,303	.....	63,836	9,338	48,221	12,548	60,944	.....	4,958
Tea.	Great Britain. ....	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,823	.....	521	.....	.....	7,288
	United States. ....	.....	31,736	.....	35,406	.....	.....	138,872	.....	198,773	.....	.....	153,053
	Newfoundland. ....	.....	913	.....	2,985	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,665	.....	.....	8,563
	Other countries. ....	.....	120	.....	799	.....	.....	4,399	.....	1,975	.....	.....	2,653
	Totals. ....	.....	32,750	.....	39,193	.....	.....	149,929	.....	212,934	.....	.....	171,557
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	1,740	.....	6	2,000	.....	7,650	2,103	8,019	.....	9,065	.....	5,940
	United States.	1,280	9,517	2,496	14,895	.....	3,856	127,974	6,400	42,475	42,580	.....	38,073
	Other countries.	5,786	1,511	7,949	726	.....	17,756	4,814	12,835	6,459	19,536	.....	5,460
	Totals.	8,806	11,028	10,451	17,621	29,262	134,891	27,314	48,934	71,181	49,473

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	2	2	2</
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Wood and mfrs. of :—
Wood, unmanufactured—

Logs.....

Lumber—

Deals, pine.....

Deals, spruce and other.....

Deal ends.....

Planks and boards.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.						FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain			7,192		13,938		8,261		11,774			
	United States	109,757		219,179		424,289		592,703		595,703			
	Other countries			2,177		6,552		8,260		10,117			
	Totals	109,757		228,548		444,779		609,141		617,894			
Joists and scantling.													
	Great Britain	37,576		108,646		193,848		143,667		218,605			
	United States	14,716		49,924		207,006	240	282,638		197,434			
	Other countries	4,000		1,155		48,123		12,476		30,656			
	Totals	56,292		159,735		449,037	240	438,181		446,695			
Staves and headings.													
	Great Britain	2,709		2,420		9,440		6,808		7,723			
	United States	7,306		15,917		26,113		19,873		59,971			
	Other countries	193		1,350		581		3,664		2,272			
	Totals	10,208		19,687		36,134		30,345		69,966			
Other lumber, N.E.S.													
	Great Britain	4,889		20,018		84,294	136	58,069		40,418			
	United States	25,532	518	24,348	311	89,840	1,058	124,268	3,245	76,095	1,025		
	Other countries	727		338		7,472		13,388		898			
	Totals	31,148	518	44,704	311	181,606	1,194	195,725	3,245	117,411	1,025		
Shingles.													
	Great Britain												
	United States	123,323		265,984		570,220		717,309		841,902			
	B. W. Indies	1,508		4,227		13,073		7,943		8,155			
	Other countries	14		729		313		828		1,418			
	Totals	124,935		270,940		583,606		726,080		851,505			

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain...	12,978	11,531	80,218	68,350	59,725
	United States...	1,603	1,287	10,666	6,959	2,465
	Mexico	2,022	804	5,612	7,617	1,617
	Other countries..	35	3,267	14,954	12,242	12,498
	Totals	16,638	16,889	111,510	95,168	76,305
Timber, square— Oak	Great Britain...		55,882	32,914	92,064	68,906
	United States...			827		1,037
	Other countries..					
	Totals		55,882	33,741	92,064	69,943
Pine, white	Great Britain...		135,216	313,196	294,967	150,471
	United States...	561		90	3,546	
	Other countries..	269		501	269	
	Totals	830	135,216	313,787	298,782	150,471
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	11,773	83,900	234,588	246,020	115,547
	United States...	1,155		7,473	14,309	306
	Other countries..	2,589		1,253	5,612	1,053
	Totals	15,517	83,900	243,314	265,941	116,906
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain...					
	United States...	218,668	521,725	868,434	939,904	1,271,829
	Other countries..					
	Totals	218,668	521,725	868,434	939,904	1,271,829
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	1,290		1,486	10,418	
	United States...	72,263	141,979	279,850	366,638	434,102
	Other countries..	1,652	4,567	1,965	75	12,942
	Totals	75,205	146,546	283,301	386,984	447,044
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	1,169,595	2,260,016	5,094,841	5,119,709	4,434,214
	United States...	1,531,620	3,087,053	7,030,466	8,974,366	8,926,485
	Other countries..	215,173	544,464	936,704	1,133,316	1,255,264
	Totals	2,916,388	5,891,533	13,062,011	15,227,421	14,645,963
					84,202	6,000

Recapitulation.

Wood, manufactured.....

Great Britain.....	122,974	650	122,167	198	428,344	1,663	677,469	4,548	319,119	2,401
United States.....	133,296	4,167	333,047	7,733	864,224	21,606	876,167	23,257	1,160,192	24,655
Other countries.....	27,998	705	17,060	2,849	103,393	2,496	123,523	2,183	109,348	7,132
Totals.....	284,268	5,522	472,274	10,780	1,398,161	25,765	1,671,159	29,988	1,588,659	34,188

Recapitulation.

Wood and mfrs. of.....

Great Britain.....	1,292,569	650	2,382,183	198	5,523,185	17,299	5,797,178	82,632	4,753,333	2,401
United States.....	1,664,916	4,685	3,420,100	8,207	7,894,690	24,903	9,844,533	28,010	10,086,677	36,624
Other countries.....	243,171	2,005	561,524	6,880	1,042,297	2,571	1,256,869	3,548	1,394,612	11,163
Totals.....	3,200,656	7,340	6,363,807	15,285	14,460,172	44,773	16,898,580	114,190	16,234,622	40,188

Wool and mfrs. of.....

Great Britain.....	15,055	5,476	675	417	7,245	4,001	40,377	16,017	12,564	1,684
United States.....	16,721	55	33,747	4	106,657	2,596	39,559	311	145,567	9,003
Newfoundland.....	798	.....	2,883	.....	13,911	34	7,204	73	7,627	887
Other countries.....	.....	.....	110	.....	1,560	27	1,489	445	305	.....
Totals.....	32,574	5,531	37,415	421	129,373	6,658	88,629	16,846	166,063	11,574

All other articles, N.E.S.....

Great Britain.....	61,974	4,466	19,486	7,545	89,219	29,020	147,417	33,045	93,677	22,443
United States.....	67,851	120,135	141,007	40,578	266,222	510,146	364,821	262,550	492,723	123,037
Other countries.....	28,025	111	58,834	2,003	163,111	16,916	214,293	9,278	190,280	7,899
Totals.....	157,850	124,712	219,327	50,126	518,552	556,082	726,531	304,873	776,680	153,379

Total exports (mdse.).....

Great Britain.....	10,601,914	831,552	15,710,025	816,130	28,435,192	2,267,738	38,639,873	2,127,212	36,862,213	2,429,829
United States.....	4,624,208	364,426	9,399,726	528,207	23,684,264	2,001,982	29,254,191	1,664,574	29,413,948	1,565,918
Other countries.....	1,323,426	73,390	2,613,848	43,564	6,932,031	98,054	7,741,945	459,941	7,414,195	133,212
Totals.....	16,549,548	1,269,368	27,723,599	1,387,901	59,051,487	4,367,774	75,639,009	4,251,727	73,690,356	4,128,959

Coin and bullion.....

Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	628	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	628
United States.....	.....	525,190	.....	342,205	.....	1,226,036	.....	5,346,523	.....	4,958,867
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	4,135	.....	1,285	.....	36,256	.....	4,135
Totals.....	.....	525,190	.....	346,368	.....	1,227,320	.....	5,382,779	.....	4,553,630

Grand totals, Exports.....

Great Britain.....	10,601,914	831,552	15,710,025	816,758	28,435,192	2,267,738	38,639,873	2,127,212	36,862,213	2,430,457
United States.....	4,624,208	889,016	9,399,726	870,412	23,684,264	3,228,017	29,254,191	7,011,097	29,413,948	6,094,785
Other countries.....	1,323,426	73,390	2,613,848	47,699	6,932,031	99,339	7,741,945	496,197	7,414,195	137,347
Totals.....	16,549,548	1,794,558	27,723,599	1,734,869	59,051,487	5,595,094	75,639,009	9,634,506	73,690,356	8,662,589

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of July, 1906 and 1907, and during the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	July.		Four months ending July		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	524,339	562,850	1,826,929	2,156,609	2,436,523
Malt.....	121,444	142,058	431,530	472,775	556,156
Malt liquor.....	4,488	221	6,721	6,001	8,172
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	197,227	234,390	724,145	828,078	905,140
" Canadian leaf.....	14,295	14,610	54,154	55,137	51,840
" combination leaf.....	9,250	8,899	34,180	36,138	36,146
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	102,152	117,738	280,238	298,698	347,096
" Canadian leaf.....		26			113
" combination leaf.....	2,217	1,842	4,659	4,440	4,480
Snuff.....	2,432	2,653	10,030	11,186	11,548
Canada twist.....	20	35	523	448	110
Foreign raw leaf.....	127,733	141,314	442,508	483,298	552,617
Licenses.....	2,637	4	2,996	2,704	3,927
Totals, Tobacco.....	457,963	521,511	1,553,433	1,720,127	1,913,017
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	100,277	108,286	371,825	393,160	414,922
" Canadian leaf.....	320	558	1,631	1,281	1,612
" combination leaf.....	2,441	2,416	7,252	11,352	9,642
Licenses.....	10,710	75	13,893	10,859	14,925
Totals, Cigars.....	113,748	111,335	394,601	416,652	441,101
Acetic acid.....	38	60	1,721	38	510
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	6,867	5,981	17,389	22,756	26,742
Seizures.....	117	151	1,337	638	1,869
Other receipts.....	7,553	4,177	18,893	18,617	25,726
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,236,557	1,348,344	4,252,554	4,814,213	5,409,816
Hydraulic and other rents.....	476	476	1,576	1,493	1,576
Minor public works.....	1		713	1,423	977
Inspection of electric light.....		2,790	7,210	10,420	8,489
" gas.....	49	4,355	12,961	16,067	12,784
" weights and measures.....	1,585	9,445	24,197	25,391	25,004
Law stamps.....	150	690	5,487	3,305	3,012
Other revenues.....	7,407	4,626	28,742	23,835	24,460
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,246,025	1,370,726	4,333,440	4,896,147	5,486,118

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure of Canada, during the *months, four months and twelve months* ending July, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expendi- ture on account of Consoli- dated Fund.	Expendi- ture on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Public Works (including Rail- ways).	Miscel- laneous.	Totals		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF JULY 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	2,436,692	641,525	240,000	293,001	28,401	3,639,619	2,491,130	153,698
1899.....	1,954,983	695,535	200,000	328,274	49,741	3,228,533	2,353,786	174,064
1900.....	2,417,532	740,019	230,000	386,361	33,318	3,807,230	2,618,454	150,600
1901.....	2,274,018	821,064	240,000	420,164	45,122	3,800,368	2,676,794	217,873
1902.....	2,603,331	888,048	280,000	445,094	56,115	4,272,588	2,936,112	259,778
1903.....	3,223,532	963,939	310,000	457,826	191,006	5,146,303	2,654,577	98,515
1904.....	3,063,294	853,215	330,000	422,623	92,159	4,761,291	2,779,008	148,164
1905.....	3,200,643	892,533	370,000	461,580	50,328	4,975,084	2,980,608	173,294
1906.....	3,563,382	1,052,300	420,000	600,891	123,748	5,760,321	2,848,238	161,721
1907.....	5,506,497	1,323,480	470,000	1,093,350	665,263	9,058,590	9,595,339	2,055,850

FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY 1898 TO 1907.

1897.....	7,792,700	2,855,602	1,061,155	1,284,630	890,814	13,884,901	10,500,569	1,219,309
1899.....	8,349,640	3,163,984	985,743	1,532,724	835,756	14,867,847	10,931,461	1,558,954
1900.....	9,151,027	3,070,959	1,080,766	1,857,524	831,479	15,991,755	11,393,298	1,493,029
1901.....	9,143,346	3,375,035	1,189,794	1,968,028	942,096	16,618,299	12,623,690	2,472,784
1902.....	11,117,292	3,726,616	1,316,192	2,091,743	972,620	19,224,463	14,277,292	2,954,482
1903.....	13,213,591	3,975,385	1,455,353	2,196,877	1,447,127	22,288,333	12,435,595	1,454,520
1904.....	13,315,198	3,936,822	1,389,851	2,166,204	1,262,929	22,071,004	14,844,200	2,681,847
1905.....	13,667,235	4,039,154	1,636,878	2,480,933	1,194,873	23,019,073	14,539,858	2,762,587
1906.....	15,578,021	4,575,595	2,011,010	2,876,910	1,709,822	26,751,358	15,203,181	3,743,251
1907.....	16,527,598	4,139,274	1,727,392	3,103,494	1,290,728	26,788,486	20,914,411	6,179,853

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JULY, 1898, TO 1907.

1898.....	22,518,072	8,149,906	3,434,606	3,801,281	2,373,811	40,277,676	31,065,512	4,698,043
1899.....	24,490,034	9,648,656	3,119,817	4,404,027	2,624,536	44,287,070	33,561,250	8,038,672
1900.....	28,565,300	9,861,605	3,128,410	5,231,631	2,826,349	49,613,295	35,091,069	7,776,004
1901.....	27,994,484	10,375,690	3,367,096	5,736,262	3,255,551	50,729,083	38,632,849	9,623,443
1902.....	32,274,965	11,183,775	3,777,025	6,405,653	3,134,497	56,775,915	42,514,636	11,574,060
1903.....	37,299,038	11,999,315	4,294,809	7,016,809	4,003,017	64,612,988	41,167,567	7,068,831
1904.....	40,339,370	12,736,287	4,567,368	6,829,169	3,756,075	68,228,269	44,850,877	9,156,007
1905.....	41,092,218	12,500,429	5,017,064	7,529,037	3,549,799	69,688,547	50,481,196	10,009,454
1906.....	45,992,256	14,070,950	5,816,056	8,447,152	4,465,419	78,791,833	53,928,955	12,716,294
1907.....	52,177,206	14,717,854	5,996,606	9,297,236	4,653,721	86,842,623	59,924,912	16,403,821

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.						
Imports.				Exports of Home Produce.		
1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Food, drink and tobacco—						
Grain and flour.....	111,458,978	120,714,646	123,171,562	4,962,155	3,815,987	5,237,044
Meat, including animals for food.....	77,865,790	87,354,681	86,500,773	1,356,325	2,075,230	2,259,769
Other food and drink—						
Free.....	98,374,770	111,371,637	111,086,323	19,711,664	23,139,490	25,103,078
Dutiable.....	67,317,649	64,464,859	74,103,303	1,530,723	1,673,482	2,021,345
Tobacco.....	5,324,433	6,478,627	5,026,451			
Totals.....	360,341,620	390,384,450	399,888,412	27,500,867	30,704,189	34,621,236
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—						
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	56,993	68,236	3,086	42,630,730	52,531,168	69,627,135
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	9,132,179	11,531,235	12,738,738	813,658	964,880	1,232,807
Other metallic ores.....	12,003,263	14,920,178	18,300,110	200,315	276,382	372,046
Wood and timber.....	42,507,282	45,920,675	47,483,360	100,445	171,510	222,023
Cotton.....	70,299,730	53,674,276	79,262,708			
Wool.....	35,976,215	53,881,023	58,336,738	2,405,869	4,215,422	4,669,327
Other textile materials.....	18,936,048	19,259,951	23,582,887	249,556	435,059	486,690
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	39,031,508	40,976,519	53,417,139	2,672,815	4,432,711	5,323,595
Hides and undressed skins.....	12,054,766	17,378,730	17,982,698	4,172,441	3,417,188	3,982,509
Materials for making paper.....	6,654,389	6,648,246	7,035,090	892,104	1,178,123	1,411,758
Miscellaneous.....	33,907,437	37,504,370	42,805,248	2,829,550	3,131,318	4,023,033
Totals.....	280,559,820	301,763,419	360,955,662	57,006,606	70,696,671	90,450,863
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—						
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	12,932,744	14,110,071	11,231,463	51,800,863	62,505,024	80,984,900
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	32,189,135	45,014,811	47,806,586	13,875,328	14,970,964	20,552,672
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	5,398,306	5,536,203	6,356,932	8,157,000	9,372,810	10,801,409
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	59,704	1,749,240	2,021,301	2,373,366	2,449,709	3,069,695
Machinery.....	8,119,844	8,950,820	9,959,653	38,336,576	43,741,682	53,742,215
Ships (new).....	51,777	73,081	83,337	8,027,855	24,127,283	19,858,245
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	3,320,868	3,485,809	3,319,957	1,778,109	1,867,116	2,151,270
Yarns and textile fabrics						
Cotton.....	11,842,513	14,656,020	14,816,256	141,581,972	157,102,628	180,694,111
Wool.....	19,948,345	20,044,223	17,728,390	44,966,416	49,067,592	55,153,115

Other materials.....	30,368,432	32,180,668	34,390,665	20,211,198	22,817,975	27,374,581
Apparel.....	6,447,706	6,101,907	6,243,878	8,564,428	9,655,126	10,920,732
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	16,032,868	10,832,189	19,448,441	22,972,579	25,268,579	28,781,690
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	17,104,325	21,183,052	17,589,944	8,186,613	9,244,326	10,526,586
Earthenware and glass.....	6,571,230	6,083,106	6,628,833	5,030,217	5,744,469	6,793,517
Paper.....	8,046,503	9,244,232	8,769,300	3,068,569	3,308,190	3,889,771
Miscellaneous.....	45,143,585	47,118,480	48,233,564	41,064,718	46,021,998	54,556,599
Totals.....	223,637,885	252,964,632	254,628,700	420,166,007	487,265,471	570,437,549
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	3,747,191	3,824,576	3,750,653	7,228,217	9,176,328	9,684,044
Totals.....	868,286,516	948,937,077	1,019,223,427	511,961,697	597,842,659	705,193,692
Exports of foreign produce.....				123,038,833	135,099,130	158,693,146
Grand totals.....	868,286,516	948,937,077	1,019,223,427	635,000,530	732,941,789	863,886,838

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the months of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of July.		Four months ending July.				Month of July.		Four months ending July.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Animals, living—							\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cattle..... No.	17,100	15,727	47,257	55,652	45,118		1,460,667.	1,379,000	3,873,817	4,707,161	3,902,838	
Sheep and lambs.....	1,751	2,453	8,555	7,569	3,409		13,096	23,671	63,676	55,025	31,151	
Horses.....	.....	39	143	68	71		.....	8,152	27,254	16,839	15,209	
Grain—												
Indian corn..... Cwt.	399,000	627,400	1,638,800	772,500	1,268,300		477,522	825,834	2,069,209	922,413	1,666,677	
Wheat.....	654,100	1,385,700	1,677,430	4,126,000	4,063,700		1,140,567	2,502,858	3,005,488	7,229,389	7,404,346	
Wheat flour.....	187,400	171,300	343,700	652,100	663,920		428,909	403,743	782,565	1,509,522	1,567,888	
Pease.....	11,630	18,140	47,250	68,550	61,030		18,357	31,307	72,422	120,498	109,601	
Oats.....	103,300	390,300	369,200	342,634	720,400		154,804	653,437	504,744	792,206	1,172,004	
Provisions—												
Bacon..... Cwt.	128,492	150,279	424,134	414,036	446,622		1,662,526	1,946,998	4,656,210	5,274,596	5,736,885	
Hams.....	48,304	45,135	121,156	117,520	131,656		628,506	634,755	1,396,021	1,484,120	1,851,952	
Butter.....	36,760	6,033	77,119	58,966	6,203		894,941	140,729	1,778,557	1,430,318	144,749	

Cheese.....	Cwt.	298,362	254,013	515,561	599,577	472,269	4,002,838	3,492,013	6,261,579	8,257,770	6,820,141
Eggs.....	Gt. hunds.										
Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	6,215	4,971	19,174	14,859	9,462	194,662	188,958	591,333	496,175	358,579
Salmon, canned.....	"	8,560	10,089	10,416	120,881	54,763	102,711	194,200	140,773	1,735,248	940,970
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads.	17,323	7,799	20,909	36,914	14,104	561,239	287,873	655,968	1,139,588	500,950
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	229,612	194,002	438,760	462,289	390,419	3,284,781	2,690,104	6,022,612	6,694,771	5,635,678
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....							15,026,126	15,403,632	31,902,228	41,866,239	37,859,618

Lead, pig.....	249	475	1,108	1,592	1,823	21,496	48,448	75,803	136,471	189,108
Tin, unwrought.....	660	940	3,040	3,420	4,040	27,905	42,350	100,691	148,466	186,135
Apparel and slops.....						192,501	287,036	364,883	475,011	677,707
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroideries and needlework.....										
Cement.....	7,913	7,367	15,048	19,720	19,422	66,917	85,639	321,534	224,743	296,132
Earthenware and chinaware.....						56,341	60,094	126,090	142,383	161,671
Oil, seed oil.....	217	26	4,101	757	590	127,141	132,514	334,592	443,791	525,730
Paper, writing or printing and envelopes.....	4,192	7,719	20,040	17,123	27,925	22,022	3,504	340,831	76,917	65,685
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	1,368	2,327	3,934	4,350	7,506	31,541	51,626	137,278	119,875	188,706
Stationery, other than paper.....						16,620	23,336	45,804	60,580	69,560
						49,591	67,573	115,156	129,137	222,050
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.										
Tea of British East India.....	165,579	88,713	203,488	499,990	380,491	26,942	22,065	42,903	82,729	85,248
" Ceylon.....	286,335	311,806	925,225	991,217	947,727	48,813	63,057	168,075	184,704	195,072
" China.....	5,936	5,610	88,988	71,357	85,542	959	1,256	14,283	11,389	13,739
" other countries.....	3,249	4,691	8,073	10,725	14,093	857	1,285	1,893	2,307	3,504
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....						3,424,079	4,513,907	10,107,495	11,029,334	15,753,869

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS:—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			38,098,454
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			47,710,601
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			123,965,152
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			69,770,315
" ready for consumption.....			87,497,993
Miscellaneous.....			1,633,181
Total imports.....	278,780,187	313,024,637	368,675,696
Duties collected from Customs.....	62,264,988	72,918,740	83,216,136
EXPORTS:—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			40,439,999
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			86,092,175
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			95,166,724
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			68,992,619
" ready for consumption.....			127,753,248
Miscellaneous.....			2,592,178
Total exports, domestic.....	365,861,538	393,163,977	421,036,943
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	3,652,844	3,606,122	4,562,316
Dutiable.....	4,411,601	3,280,733	4,294,264
Total exports, foreign.....	8,064,445	6,886,855	8,856,580
Total exports.....	373,925,983	400,050,832	429,893,523
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.....	278,780,187	313,024,637	368,675,696
Exports.....	373,925,983	400,050,832	429,893,523
Grand totals.....	652,706,170	713,075,469	798,569,219

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the *months* of June, 1906 and 1907, and the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Continents.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Imports.		Imports.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa.....	769,174	1,613,599	1,404,194	1,605,333	3,115,004	4,705,740	2,651,604	4,626,969	5,385,308	3,544,738
Asia.....	14,358,496	6,753,747	15,298,653	8,177,022	38,219,481	42,570,608	43,337,950	21,800,164	48,384,758	25,655,041
Europe.....	52,564,012	78,956,000	55,876,107	83,242,270	132,905,557	229,565,178	160,371,846	260,921,453	181,595,530	272,428,140
North America.....	22,408,584	27,471,402	27,546,413	33,755,128	66,148,420	72,613,121	71,261,627	84,124,427	85,115,139	98,896,861
South America.....	9,644,104	7,122,638	10,447,257	7,592,163	31,038,499	15,847,959	29,421,822	19,201,574	38,639,413	19,578,033
Oceania.....	1,035,701	3,116,597	1,937,591	3,367,714	7,352,626	8,623,377	5,979,788	9,376,245	9,555,548	9,790,710
Totals.....	100,780,071	125,033,983	112,510,215	137,739,630	278,780,187	373,925,983	313,024,637	400,050,832	368,675,096	429,893,523

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of June, 1906 and 1907, and the three months ending June 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Countries.	MONTH OF JUNE.				THREE MONTHS ENDING JUNE.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>										
Great Britain.....	17,937,609	38,821,430	18,169,870	37,359,061	44,343,799	121,154,096	55,689,797	122,379,738	60,742,337	124,509,537
Aden.....	176,450	308,337	226,486	.....	500,229	443,698	639,423	721,914	861,188	177,887
Bermuda.....	24,194	60,261	75,472	56,480	352,864	302,979	272,424	215,840	423,113	218,180
British Africa.....	167,160	1,185,129	310,508	1,008,151	459,495	3,595,424	596,917	3,399,679	914,519	2,191,118
British Australasia—										
Australia.....	425,550	2,544,395	847,338	2,119,445	3,571,915	6,594,765	3,385,687	7,531,387	5,379,429	6,547,835
New Zealand.....	.....	.....	242,622	592,839	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,588,111	1,241,229
British East Indies.....	7,021,241	566,544	7,551,339	623,585	17,254,725	1,675,533	20,976,353	1,787,732	23,245,850	2,024,099
British Guiana.....	287	127,954	8,406	201,690	35,906	598,875	17,140	488,437	34,935	417,464
British Honduras.....	34,668	83,957	62,960	135,051	133,326	215,416	174,561	309,673	192,496	299,420
British North America—										
Canada.....	6,365,720	14,947,479	7,069,373	17,965,024	15,720,227	40,254,870	17,731,389	45,138,271	20,294,090	53,819,523
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	83,780	240,942	89,952	243,272	169,190	653,208	170,059	676,800	149,384	801,099
British West Indies.....	1,003,760	794,533	1,154,159	1,074,958	3,599,234	2,621,090	3,021,953	2,437,309	3,595,436	2,898,383
Gibraltar.....	372	22,789	5,096	18,087	46,498	55,899	3,044	74,134	11,312	67,471
Hong Kong.....	159,082	257,184	393,952	969,951	368,122	2,353,350	442,444	1,251,220	884,378	2,528,735
Other British Colonies.....	1,671	255,064	1,534	144,084	29,040	54,996	1,871	303,564	7,478	179,146
Totals, British Empire.....	33,401,544	60,215,998	36,209,667	62,513,678	86,586,570	180,574,199	103,123,062	186,715,848	118,324,386	197,924,719
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>										
Austria-Hungary.....	1,227,645	602,975	1,205,094	1,163,418	2,570,485	3,307,425	3,326,329	2,867,852	3,821,049	4,587,413
Argentine Republic.....	1,205,677	2,952,938	1,151,700	2,237,015	6,189,784	6,024,823	5,352,497	7,435,912	5,227,456	6,480,549
Belgium.....	1,980,650	3,641,597	2,139,509	3,299,703	6,897,073	9,488,015	6,928,920	11,962,696	7,037,350	11,221,239
Brazil.....	4,111,971	1,697,592	5,324,857	2,143,585	16,673,824	3,041,960	13,669,734	4,302,468	20,912,882	5,348,879
Central American States.....	1,351,975	2,080,970	1,538,894	3,012,379	4,218,052	4,317,106	4,222,121	6,649,385	6,004,782	7,857,291
Cuba.....	9,096,064	3,611,854	12,392,365	4,324,096	26,663,726	10,355,798	30,444,058	11,170,342	36,554,244	12,852,003
Chile.....	2,263,761	1,017,505	1,056,668	1,150,738	3,381,483	1,819,014	4,471,862	2,596,867	5,048,164	2,558,000
Colombia.....	661,045	221,009	518,336	263,783	1,412,770	745,793	1,962,854	757,331	1,342,600	778,134
Chinese Empire.....	3,110,842	2,895,415	2,176,741	2,805,474	7,378,419	19,155,256	8,461,435	9,447,243	8,122,708	7,879,426

Denmark.....	1,145,230	95,155	1,595,414	277,127	2,767,503	286,664	6,020,551	258,519	5,133,658
Dutch East Indies.....	311,015	300,069	83,526	485,143	228,049	1,041,723	1,34,098	1,179,253	51,970
Egypt.....	25,255	943,221	201,791	2,188,809	259,886	1,630,198	175,370	3,875,376	379,865
Ecuador.....	40,785	417,851	202,336	706,225	582,910	810,746	588,286	784,732	477,076
France.....	91,425	8,415,960	6,766,549	20,185,739	16,257,296	25,549,465	19,774,289	28,278,152	22,857,380
Germany.....	6,008,901	12,755,130	14,729,436	27,651,117	38,965,109	31,978,636	50,597,885	38,735,561	49,359,841
Greece.....	13,571,833	242,257	368,089	203,021	30,834	446,731	11,785	684,983	727,158
Italy.....	5,473	4,592,513	3,437,669	10,192,070	7,547,318	11,343,397	11,084,631	14,382,430	11,848,462
Japan.....	2,712,067	4,099,036	2,829,527	10,729,049	18,120,659	10,470,053	6,544,163	12,046,493	10,046,946
Mexico.....	1,704,872	4,569,874	6,319,640	13,241,794	12,165,524	13,577,552	15,520,356	15,704,417	18,250,956
Netherlands.....	5,109,247	2,502,270	9,296,965	6,791,144	19,299,368	9,344,008	23,154,554	8,869,241	26,764,686
Norway and Sweden —	8,177,386								
Norway.....	277,122	244,055	445,337	1,470,008	2,674,355	606,182	1,331,391	807,969	1,272,225
Sweden.....	837,381	469,902	753,783			964,831	2,064,558	1,101,140	2,031,909
Portugal.....	172,362	740,798	89,340	1,632,869	401,126	1,473,666	343,597	1,578,698	1,248,371
Puerto Rico.....	334,402	771,119	597,529	601,899	1,121,929	517,627	1,062,234	1,904,811	1,381,180
Philippine Islands.....	339,054	709,724	632,198	3,616,905	1,937,756	2,340,203	1,548,928	2,428,711	1,894,176
Russia.....									
In Asia.....	36,229	71,046	64,070	3,132,833	3,069,878	48,903	942,906	132,522	520,844
Europe.....	1,053,188	1,098,154	925,855			3,522,571	3,385,305	3,777,738	3,993,565
Spain.....	721,309	889,277	2,637,607	1,862,812	4,225,477	2,303,472	5,347,234	3,353,578	5,924,892
Switzerland.....	1,488,849	1,723,754	52,533	4,528,231	72,452	4,831,743	124,451	6,044,682	160,019
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	24,840	984,424	200,626	2,542,750	205,595	2,924,310	250,165	3,682,845	540,011
Uruguay.....	265,865	487,301	388,357	4,86,642	790,162	555,636	733,297	996,575	887,001
Venezuela.....	242,021	580,594	224,353	1,400,754	860,052	1,854,656	961,429	2,101,052	691,728
Other foreign countries.....	333,063	1,012,140	1,982,631	2,881,059	3,513,356	2,638,792	4,427,442	3,570,604	5,500,948
Totals, foreign countries.....	67,378,527	76,300,548	75,225,952	192,193,617	193,351,784	209,901,575	213,334,984	250,351,310	231,968,804
Grand totals.....	100,780,071	112,510,215	137,739,630	278,780,187	373,925,983	313,024,637	400,050,832	368,675,696	429,893,523
	225,814,054	250,249,845		652,706,170	713,075,469			798,569,219	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of June and the *three months* ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of June.		Three months ending June.		Month of June.		Three months ending June.	
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1907.
Animals—								
Horses.....	256	205	840	906	710	\$ 36,111	\$ 156,724	\$ 120,097
Art work.....						203	516	1,073
Books, &c.....						11,030	30,856	28,621
Cement, Roman—								
Portland.....	40,000	33,200	118,960	1,339,550	35,900	265	1,076	8,862
Coal, bituminous.	109,918	113,135	323,811	355,175	332,360	240,596	760,145	840,947
Copper and manufactures of—								
Ore and regulus.....	2,153	12,096	42,028	8,763	33,873	78,347	325,862	270,608
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other un-								
manufactured.....	2,851,824	1,774,909	5,781,504	8,517,025	8,129,324	509,151	885,488	1,529,420
Fibres, vegetable, &c., and manufactures of—								
Flax.....	14	51	264	291	321	2,780	55,654	62,725
Fruits—								
Bananas.....						1,187	1,764	2,147
Lemons.....						28	217	66
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....						106,510	400,089	379,205
Hides and skins, other than fur—								
Cattle hides.....						438,010	1,079,820	1,097,677
All other.....								
Iron and steel and manufactures of—								
Iron ore.....								
Tin plates.....	1,720	20,140	12,608	20,746	22,912	68	500	785
Jewellery and other precious stones, &c.....								
Lead and manufactures of—								
Pigs, bars, &c.....	1,999,163	1,387,144	783,474	3,897,212	5,843,089	58,969	17,510	111,111
Paper stock, crude (<i>see also</i> wood pulp).						19,807	38,255	56,552
Provisions—								
Cheese.....	3,351	757	24,902	9,804	7,195	593	4,606	1,716
Spices, nutmegs, peppers.....			1,784	3,380			300	397
Spirits, distilled—								
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture).....	40,151	36,949	79,646	114,227	160,402	76,164	150,326	219,290
Sugar.....	39,421		718,053	581,824		2,706	50,805	32,305
Tea.....	199,909	175,571	434,758	577,661	563,230	50,261	106,927	144,955
Tobacco and manufactures of—								
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers.....								
“ all other sorts.....	23,058	50,187	84,651	36,280	9,417	11,252	49,428	18,508
					69,686			47,211

[illegible]

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of June, 1906 and 1907 and the three months ending June, 1905, 1906 and 1907.
(From United States Returns.)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.					
	Month of June.		Three months ending June.	Month of June.		Three months ending June.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Agricultural implements.				\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—									
Cattle.....	1,932	3,092	8,309	274,953	424,278	430,753	871,080	1,097,289	
Hogs.....	5	13	32,626	56,034	66,236	179,976	206,855	108,298	
Horses.....	2,887	2,307	7,522	30	225	298,340	637	605	
Sheep.....	7,338	5,608	16,976	310,208	278,060	780,289	1,840,338	1,743,338	
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....				22,665	14,569	50,389	65,120	29,124	
Breadstuffs—				161,214	178,847	459,642	461,028	533,341	
Corn.....	530,634	1,579,444	3,182,700	292,524	899,510	1,081,616	849,567	2,229,046	
Oats.....	20,676	2,331	802,533	6,714	1,080	262,920	77,192	2,638	
Wheat.....	4,897	2,587	24,328	3,666	2,269	21,782	100,192	8,891	
Wheat flour.....	7,698	12,555	19,978	31,050	49,333	91,777	165,185	166,460	
Carriages, cars and parts of—									
Automobiles and parts of—									
Cycles and parts of.....				92,429	154,923		294,721	479,450	
Railway carriages.....				11,012	7,006	54,774	34,327	28,519	
Other kinds.....				133,945	82,239	718,445	478,178	220,052	
Clocks and watches.....				63,948	74,941	189,400	203,367	266,456	
Coal—									
Anthracite.....	296,694	245,869	847,246	1,421,531	1,180,413	4,121,550	2,688,960	3,537,870	
Bituminous.....	443,313	773,825	1,272,396	1,020,968	1,838,758	3,005,774	2,594,137	4,594,734	
Copper and manufactures of—									
Ingots, bars and old.....	212,379	597,468	923,787	40,080	151,299	147,229	126,532	235,739	
Ore, matte and regulus.....	3,063	4,125		67,836	39,355		187,820	226,397	
Cotton and manufactures of—									
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	6,325	4,003	25,456	347,724	223,132	1,128,382	1,164,027	1,120,060	
" coloured and uncoloured.....									
Wearing apparel.....	3,239,997	2,069,082	13,072,928	86,342	62,305	196,680	249,949	184,074	
Other kinds.....	949,989	688,578	2,662,527	227,844	78,534	660,364	790,027	304,320	
Fertilizers.....									
Fibres, vegetable, &c.....	398	454	2,477	4,593	5,467	52,806	62,910	104,867	
Twine.....					453,578			675,492	
Fish—									
Salmon, canned.....		300			25	763,110	821,413	581	
Fruits and nuts.....				379,707	351,319	362,137		832,589	
Furs and fur skins.....				58,103	85,936		293,869	402,716	

Hides and skins other than fur.....	Lbs.	108,131	89,126	191,877	302,009	188,513	19,332	11,910	20,465	42,504
Hops.....	"	10,181	31,517	46,227	39,613	103,036	1,627	3,658	12,650	16,575
Ingredients and apparatus for scientific purposes—										
Electrical appliances.....										
Other kind.....										
Iron and steel and manufactures of—	Tons.		304							
Bullets, ingots of steel, &c.....										
Builders' hardware and saws and tools.....										
Machinery, viz—										
Electrical machinery.....	No.									
Locomotives.....		6	25	27	19	105				
Metal working.....										
Sewing machines and parts of.....										
Typewriting machines and parts of.....										
Pipes and fittings.....	Lbs.		5,147,504			17,798,000				
Structural iron and steel.....	Tons.		8,460			23,111				
Steel bars or rails for railways.....		16,074	5,557	2,237	34,991	3,502	451,916			
Wire.....	Lbs.		7,176,440			31,453,958				
Leather and manufactures of—										
Boots and shoes.....										
Sole leather.....	Lbs.	99,936	33,813	199,616	191,131	157,894				
Splits, buff grain, &c.....										
Other kinds.....										
Naval stores—										
Rosin, tar and pitch.....	Bls.	12,345	5,074	26,007	24,547	18,783				
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Galls.	147,220	95,583	252,496	344,653	298,612				
Oil cake and oil cake meal—										
Cottonseed.....	Lbs.									
Flaxseed.....		666,920		660,848	905,345		8,509		10,872	11,906
Oils—										
Mineral, crude.....	Galls.	2,869,545	1,302,696	8,232,970	8,059,568	6,466,249	96,316	39,920	267,605	198,280
Mineral, refined—										
Illuminating.....	"									
Lubricating.....	"	730,963	375,305	2,033,100	2,524,924	1,606,445	83,169	28,559	273,434	123,059
Cotton-seed.....	"	102,229	99,576	312,341	323,330	1,043,339	38,223	50,969	180,747	190,346
Paper and manufactures of—										
Printing.....	Lbs.		677,440							
Other kinds.....										
Paraffine and paraffine wax.....	Lbs.			6,726	32,877	1,634,366	180,620	36,153	571,165	87,161
Provisions—		222					15		543	1,667
Meat—										
Beef products—										
Beef, canned.....	"	32,214	7,704	243,701	223,116	19,864	3,559	1,010	27,089	20,906
" fresh.....	"	8,046	16,117	14,481	23,210	17,349	712	1,585	1,406	2,580
" salted or pickled and other, cured.....	"	660,411	911,709	1,596,269	1,823,106	2,175,289	37,130	47,806	85,084	115,936
Tallow.....	"	36,558		13,214	93,212		1,771		677	4,040
Hog products—										
Bacon.....	"	343,482	142,150	406,133	730,231	409,352	41,846	20,026	48,045	89,097
Hams.....	"	485,152	184,078	787,944	1,182,639	538,334	57,400	26,248	89,674	56,976
Pork.....	"									75,078
Salted or pickled.....	"									
Fresh.....	"	924,989	1,135,039	2,836,086	2,801,734	2,679,485	75,078	100,593	201,454	238,132

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....(4 mos.)	April.....		66,717,133	79,321,799
British South Africa.....(5 "	May.....		69,646,866	58,310,199
Canada (special).....(4 "	July.....	90,759,206	104,322,340	129,497,886
Great Britain (special).....(4 "	".....	868,286,516	948,937,077	1,019,223,427
United States.....(3 "	June.....	278,780,187	313,024,637	368,675,696
Austria-Hungary (special).....(5 "	May.....	184,654,687	206,929,268	194,862,542
Belgium (principal articles).....(6 "	June.....	274,516,638	309,221,512	330,959,488
British India.....(5 "	May.....	145,460,448	159,920,244	164,188,620
Egypt.....(5 "	".....	39,870,000	44,340,000	51,970,000
France (special).....(7 "	July.....		658,766,600	713,353,200
Germany (special).....(6 "	June.....	777,455,560	959,844,004	1,015,099,036
Italy (special).....(4 "	April.....	121,497,553	156,467,609	187,910,397
Japan (special).....(5 "	May.....	118,879,000	94,629,000	111,811,000
Mexico (a).....(3 "	March.....	21,930,000	33,358,500	30,469,000
Portugal.....(9 "	*September..	50,539,680	51,038,640	49,427,280
Russia (special).....(3 "	March.....	58,874,285	76,948,210	81,728,955
Spain (principal articles).....(5 "	May.....	80,025,713	80,848,858	75,909,409
Switzerland (special).....(3 "	March.....	57,436,221	63,336,617	70,993,892

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....(4 "	April.....	109,212,866	117,758,733
British South Africa.....(5 "	May.....	81,424,199	97,810,266
Canada (special).....(4 "	July.....	59,051,487	73,690,356
Great Britain (special).....(4 "	".....	511,961,697	597,842,659
United States (special).....(3 "	June.....	351,861,538	393,163,977
Austria-Hungary (special).....(5 "	May.....	163,187,843	188,683,628
Belgium (principal articles).....(6 "	June.....	197,871,513	228,575,497
British India.....(5 "	May.....	214,604,640	239,038,776
Egypt.....(5 "	".....	41,465,000	51,070,000
France (special).....(7 "	July.....		594,217,000
Germany (special).....(6 "	June.....	616,263,158	680,006,698
Italy (special).....(4 "	April.....	97,236,295	118,991,448
Japan (special).....(5 "	May.....	59,055,500	72,219,500
Mexico (a).....(3 "	March.....	27,191,500	35,510,500
Portugal.....(9 "	*September..	24,892,920	22,874,400
Russia (special).....(3 "	March.....	94,500,440	98,441,220
Spain (principal articles).....(5 "	May.....	68,617,483	70,299,478
Switzerland (special).....(3 "	March.....	43,874,111	49,772,963

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TARIFF CHANGES

BRITISH INDIA.

I.—DUTY ON PETROLEUM IMPORTED FOR SANITARY PURPOSES.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 1959-101, dated March 1, 1907.—Customs Circular No. I of 1907).

In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt from the whole of the customs duty in excess of five per cent *ad valorem* leviable thereon on importation into British India, petroleum which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, and which is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs Collector to be intended for use exclusively for some sanitary or hygienic purpose.

II.—AMENDED TARIFF VALUATION OF MOLASSES.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 3023-37, dated April 13, 1907.—Customs Circular No. II of 1907).

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, for the item 'Molasses' of entry No. 8 in the notification of the government of India in this department, No. 10123-30, dated December 22, 1906, the following shall be substituted, namely:

No.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		Rs.	As.	
8	Molasses from Java cwt.	2	6	Five per cent.
	Molasses from other countries "	2	12	"

III.—AMENDED TARIFF VALUATION OF CAMPHOR.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 4133-37, dated May 16, 1907.—Customs Circular No. III of 1907).

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, for the corresponding items of entry No. 11 in the notification of the government of India in this department, No. 10123-30, dated December 22, 1906, the following shall be substituted with effect from May 21, 1907, namely:

No.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		Rs.	As.	
11	Camphor, refined, cake lb.	3	12	Five per cent.
"	partially refined, cake, in blocks of about 13 lb. lb.	2	12	"
"	crude, in powder lb.	2	4	"

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

AUSTRALASIA.

- J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

CHINA.

- H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

FRANCE.

- A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.
J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.
P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

- Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

- A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

- E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

NORWAY.

- C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

SOUTH AFRICA.

- John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

WEST INDIES.

- G. Eustace Burke, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

- W. T. R. Preston, Trade Commissioner, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

- Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

- D. Tréau De Coeli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

- Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

- J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

- H. N. Murray, Exeter.
L. Burnett, York.
John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.
John McLennan, Aberdeen.
E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,

BRISTOL, ENG., July 31, 1907.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN GRAIN COMMISSION.

On the 20th of June and on the 10th of July the Royal Canadian Grain Commission visited this district. Their sessions on the former date were held at Bristol, and on the latter date at Exeter. The Corn Trade Association, having had due notice, prepared evidence bearing on the vital matter of inspection, and supported this evidence by the production of samples. So thorough and systematic was their preparation that the commission expressed particular satisfaction with the evidence. It was agreed on the whole that Canadian government inspection at Winnipeg, Fort William and Port Arthur, meets the demands of the trade, and is almost, if not quite, above criticism. Importers do not hesitate to express the opinion that Dominion inspection is the most reliable guarantee they have of the quality of unseen purchases. No one, in consideration, urged the desirability of a change, either in the system of purchase by sample, or in the direction of supplementing inland by seaside inspection. The visit of the commission was warmly welcomed, and will be productive of nothing but good to the trade affected.

THE NEW DOCK AT CARDIFF.

In previous reports I have pointed out how the Southwest of England is taking its place in the shipping trade of Great Britain. Developments have been rapid at Southampton, Bristol (Avonmouth), Barry, and elsewhere. I had the privilege, on the invitation of the Cardiff Chamber of Commerce, of attending the opening of the new Queen Alexandra dock by King Edward on the 13th of this month.

THE QUEEN ALEXANDRA DOCK.

The new work, to be known as the Queen Alexandra dock, is described as the greatest of all the works carried out at Cardiff by the Bute family. It has already involved an expenditure of over two millions sterling. It is the fifth dock constructed by the second Marquis of Bute, the 'founder of Cardiff,' and his descendants, in seventy years, at a total cost of about four millions. Each marks not only a definite step in the progress of the Welsh metropolis, and in the development of the Welsh coal field, but also in the growth of the British mercantile marine, for they were required by the increasing pressure of the coal exports as well as by the changes in the character and size of steamships belonging to the collier or tramp class.

DIMENSIONS OF THE DOCK.

The dock is 2,550 feet in length, 850 feet in width, and 50 feet from coping to level of dock bottom. At the northeast end the dock has been widened to 1,000 feet

to afford greater facility in turning vessels of excessive length. The dock walls inclose an area of $50\frac{1}{2}$ acres and provide about 6,700 feet of quay space. A communication passage, 600 feet in length and 90 feet in width, between two masonry walls, connects the new dock with the Roath dock. The sea lock has a length of 850 feet between the outer and inner gates, and is 90 feet wide. The sea gates at the entrance to the lock are protected by two concrete piers extending into the channel, and the dock has a separate entrance from the channel. The sea lock is said to be one of the largest—if not the largest—in the world. Two large graving docks 800 feet in length, will be constructed at the southwest extremity of the dock, either capable of accommodating the largest vessels afloat.

THE LEWIS HUNTER COALING CRANE.

The south side will be devoted to the shipment of coal, with appliances of the most modern description, including the world-famed Lewis Hunter coaling crane, and movable tips of such a height as to meet the requirements of the largest steamers entering the dock for bunkering purposes. The Lewis Hunter crane—which the King saw at work—loads coal with the greatest rapidity and with a minimum of breakage. The cranes being movable and the railway lines leading to them so constructed as to deliver coal in almost any position on the dock side, a number of cranes can be worked simultaneously into one vessel, with the result that as much as 4,773 tons of coal may be shipped into a vessel in ten hours.

THE IMPORT TRADE.

The northwest side of the dock has been set apart for the import trade, and is already provided with two huge warehouses, served by four electrical and four hydraulic cranes.

GROWTH OF THE CARDIFF DOCKS.

The Bute docks started their career with a water area of $19\frac{1}{2}$ acres, but by 1859 this had been increased to $65\frac{3}{4}$ acres, in 1874 to $77\frac{3}{4}$ acres, in 1898 to $110\frac{3}{4}$ acres, and the water space of the Queen Alexandra dock increases it to 162 acres. In 1875, the year following the opening of the third dock, the exports of Cardiff were 3,071,303 tons, and the imports 650,243 tons; in 1888 they were 7,968,054 and 1,300,748 tons respectively. Since 1888 the export trade of the port of Cardiff has increased to 23,000,000, but of this the Bute docks claim only 8,767,000 tons, the remainder being distributed between Barry docks (9,757,000 tons), and Penarth docks (4,235,000 tons), both of these places being included in the port of Cardiff.

BRISTOL TRADE REPRESENTATIVE IN CANADA.

It is now more than two years since I pointed out to the Docks Committee the desirability of having a representative in Canada to make known the advantages of this port, and particularly of the new docks at Avonmouth, with a view to increased trade between Canada and this part of Great Britain. At the banquet to the visiting Colonial Premiers last May, the president of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce also advocated this policy, which has now been officially recommended to the City Council by the chairman of the Docks Committee. An appointment will in all likelihood be made next month. Montreal is likely to be the headquarters of this new 'Commercial Agency,' for which I bespeak a hearty welcome in Canada.

W. A. MacKINNON.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

YOKOHAMA, July 19, 1907.

RESPECTING AXES AND EDGE TOOLS GENERALLY.

An inquiry from Canada respecting the market in Japan for axes does not open up much of a prospect.

The quantity imported at the two great ports may be stated as follows:—

	Quantity.	Value.	From whence.
At Yokohama	382	\$197 50	United States
At Yokohama	6	8 50	England
At Kobe	120	105 00	England
At Kobe	12	6 00	United States
At Kobe . . . (without handle)	36	30 00	United States

As to their being with or without handles, the returns fail to state, excepting as above, from which the inference would be that handles are included. Those in view in the shops have the handles.

Possibly at the lesser ports in the north, where the timber regions are, there may have been some importation, but likely even less than is above presented. There is therefore practically no trade in axes; and current information is to the effect that there is not any probability of the pattern commonly known as the American or Canadian axe coming into use to any extent.

In the course of personal observation, I have some recollection of having seen a wood-chopper's axe of the standard American pattern in a hardware store somewhere, but only one. I have seen, not often, the small size, hand axe, or hatchet, of the same pattern, in shop windows; and from the value of the axes mentioned as imported, probably these latter were mostly of the hand-axe sort. The customs published returns do not specify in respect of these articles, and the statistics given here are obtained through the courtesy of the Superintendent of Customs.

The foreign merchant here, especially those interested in American goods, would certainly have a different customs record achieved by this time if it were practicable to introduce the American pattern of axe. The same may be said of edge-tools generally. Some years ago a Sheffield manufacturer prepared a complete set or kit of carpenter and joiner tools of the very best in quality and finish, and put them in the hands of an influential agency determined to make trade in his line go. After a sufficient lapse of time, and in default of a single order, the attempt was abandoned, and the goods would not realize enough to pay the cost of carrying them out here. The reasons are clear enough, after the event. The Japanese mechanic pulls the plane and the saw, whereas the like English tools were made to be pushed; whether in the pattern of the other tools or in the way of using them, the difference is correspondingly great. That the native should adopt the English or foreign style of tool makes him smile, just as the foreigner would smile if offered the Japanese article. It may be thought by some that in the foreign settlements foreign workmen would be employed, and that

they would be using the foreign style of tools. That would be an entire misapprehension. There are no foreign workmen in this country; nor is there any possible opportunity for them.

In the case of the axe it may be said the chances of its acceptance by the Japanese woodman are still more remote; not on the ground of scientific merit, assuredly, but from overruling custom. The Japanese woodmen are not choppers. Mostly, they fell the trees and cut them up with the saw. The Japanese axe seems to be used for lopping off brush and splitting. The Canadian concerned in wood-cutting knows the 'iron wedge' used in splitting corwood and fence rails. Take a common iron wedge and put a hole through it for the handle, a straight handle, and you have the pattern if not the size of the Japanese axe. No mortal man could chop with such an implement; yet there is certainly no future apparent for the Canadian pattern of axe.

JAPAN'S IMPLEMENT INDUSTRY.

The tools and implements of the labourer, the mechanic, the farmer, and all the rest, are made within the country and used within the country by people to whom the making and the using alike have come down the line of ages from father to son. No doubt there has come down with primitive design a roughness of make and finish, that, if improved upon, would give a better impression, according to our idea. But here one discovers an apparent utilitarian trait or ruling principle; that is, that tools or implements may be best made to harmonize with the work for which they are intended. In other words, in Japan roughness of work and roughness of tools seem to have a proper relation to each other. One would judge that it was held as an economic and artistic principle, that polished steel and nickel-plated decoration were not of good taste in connection with the implements and tools of ordinary labour.

This view is sustained by reference to what is perhaps the finest class of edged steel workmanship. The secretary of the Yokohama Foreign Board of Trade, an old timer in the Far East, informed me that a British army surgeon, out here at the time of the Japan-China war, was struck with the excellence of the surgical instruments supplied to the Japanese staff doctors. He took with him upon his return home a complete case of these Japanese-made instruments, and reported afterwards that they were recognized as being essentially superior, especially the blade instruments, to those made and in use in England. And this is not an isolated assertion of the superior quality of the Japanese surgical instruments.

What has been said of axes, of the plane and the saw, may apply to the miscellaneous others, that go to make up a carpenter and joiner kit or chest of tools. There may be seen on view in some hardware stores a specimen or two, not much more than a sample, of the foreign style of edge tools and other appliances. Possibly some Japanese workmen may have crossed the Pacific and acquired some practice with the foreign hammer, screw-driver, brace and bits, and so on, and may sometimes fancy that sort of thing if only to gratify the curiosity of his untravelled associates. But that does not make Japan a market for edged tools of the foreign pattern.

PROSPEROUS COTTON ENTERPRISES.

The Kanegafuchi Cotton Spinning Company, which may be regarded as the leading company in cotton manufacture in Japan, gives to its shareholders as the result of the working for the half year ending with June a statement which shows:—

Profit for this term.	Y 1,467,328
Balance brought forward from previous term.	530,232

Total net revenue Y 1,997,560

Disposed of as follows:—

Dividends to shareholders, 22 per cent per annum . . .	Y 679,587
Several reserve funds	500,000
Pension fund to company's employees, sick, wounded, decrepid, &c.	50,000
Fund to provide hall of pleasure for the company's employees	45,000
Gratuities to members of the company	50,000
Other authorized expenditures	100,000
Balance to be carried forward	572,973
	<hr/>
	Y 1,997,560

The Fuji Spinning Company at the half-yearly meeting of shareholders, declared a dividend for the half year ending with June at the rate of 25 per cent per annum, and the sum of Y 571,645 was carried to next account. Afterwards an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders was held, when a resolution was unanimously passed to float Y 5,000,000 worth of debentures for extension purposes.

At the half-yearly meeting of the Godo Spinning Company, the report showed the net profit of the company to be Y 893,238. Of this sum Y 60,000 has been placed to the legal reserve, Y 20,000 to the fund of the employees' technical school, Y 50,000 to the fund for the construction of a hospital for operatives, leaving Y 210,000 for a dividend at the rate of 20 per cent per annum, and Y 105,000 for an extra dividend of 10 per cent, making a total of 30 per cent. A surplus of Y 453,038 has been carried forward.

Besides showing an exceedingly prosperous half year, for the like results are said to be general in the cotton manufacturing line, these examples signify the advanced economic, scientific, and social directions towards which the manufacturing policy of the country tends. There is the ample legal reserve obligatory upon joint stock companies, the remarkable dividends, the handsome amount carried forward, and the hospital, technical school, pension, and 'Hall of Pleasure,' appropriations, all of which pays a tribute to the civilization of the Orient.

ALEX. MACLEAN.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

No. 14 BUND, ROOM B,
YOKOHAMA, July 19, 1907.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT FOR JAPAN.

Large foreign orders for locomotives and rails for the Japanese Government railways are being contracted, and keen competition going on among foreign merchants interested, especially British, American and German. Originally the Japanese railways were stocked up with engines of the British pattern, and these are yet, as the traveller will readily see, the more generally in use. On the heavy grade sections, however, the American heavy type, such as the 'Mogul,' the 'Ten-wheeler,' and the

'Consolidated' are being introduced, and are said to have some preference. But in view of large contracts tenders are invited from the several agencies, all the great locomotive manufacturing companies being represented here, and the most favourably regarded tenders in respect of price, time of delivery, and other things equal, are likely to be the accepted.

During the late war, railway equipment to a very large amount was supplied by United States contractors, for service in Korea and Manchuria, and the terms and conditions were onerous. A large percentage of the contract sum was required as a deposit subject to forfeit; and there were penalties for delay beyond the contract term. The like conditions are said to be continued, although the circumstances are less urgent, so that contractors in this line must mean business.

JAPANESE GAUGE TO BE CHANGED.

It is commonly thought that the time is coming when the present gauge of Japanese railways, forty-two inches, will be changed to fifty-six and a half inches, for reasons of greater capacity and to conform to the Japanese railways on the continental mainland. Perhaps Canadian manufacturers will be able by that time to make themselves felt. Japan being wholly insular, and therefore without continental connection by rail, it does not seem necessary to incur the expense of widening the gauge, especially since the numerous tunnels, bridges and embankments, being on the narrow gauge plan generally, would make that expense very great. But it will doubtless come, amongst many other things that are coming to Japan, for an organization that has the sleeping car service of the Siberian railway and connections has been projecting a sleeping car service between points in western Europe and Tokyo, via Siberia, Manchuria and Korea, by ferrying across the Tsushima straits. However worthy the enterprise, it was for the time checked by the narrow gauge in Japan. It is not clear that all other difficulties were overcome, but for the present this one is effectual. The time is thought to be not far distant, however, when the oriental traveller will enter his sleeping compartment at Tokyo, and get his call to breakfast passing through the Straits of Tsushima, where the Baltic fleet lies submerged.

The latest transportation development, just announced evidently with authority, is that in connection with the nationalized lines the government has decided to carry out a thorough improvement, on a large scale, of all government lines. The work is to be completed in five years, beginning with the next fiscal year, at an estimated cost of 150,000,000 yen.* It is intended to effect a thorough revision of the traffic facilities throughout the country in time for the opening of the great exhibition in 1912. Details are at present incomplete, but the general estimates are reported to be as follows: 8,300,000 yen for double-tracking 830 miles; 22,500,000 yen for 900 locomotives; 19,000,000 yen for 19,000 freight cars; 10,000,000 yen for 1,000 passenger cars; 15,000,000 yen for enlargement and reconstruction of 30 stations, and 1,500,000 yen for construction of 5 new steamers.

A very large part of this equipment expenditure will have to go abroad.

FISHERY ENVIRONMENT.

Official expert inquiry into the marine products of Korea describes that industry as being in its infancy, and says the abundance of the seal species to be found along the Korean coast, especially in the waters around the islands on the Pacific shores is quite astonishing. The coast is haunted by an enormous number of these profitable marine animals. Sardines swarm near the shore in great schools traceable by the wide rippling areas. According to investigation by the marine product guild at Fusan,

*1 Yen is equivalent to about 50 cents Canadian currency.

the total value of the catch by the Japanese fishermen, who were engaged in fishing in those waters during last year, reached the large figure of 4,600,000 yen, while this promises a better catch than the previous one.

RAILWAY TIES FROM JAPAN.

A quantity of oak ties from Japan, received at Napa, California, last month, by the San Francisco, Vallejo and Napa Valley Electric Railroad, cost the company \$1.16 each landed at Vallejo. The price of the ties in Japan was 96 cents each, and the freight from Japan to Vallejo on 50,000 was \$10,000, or 20 cents each. The company desired California redwood ties, but was able to have oak ties cut and shipped from Japan in less time than redwood ties could be procured anywhere on the Pacific coast.

REFORESTING.

Twenty odd years ago the importance of encouraging the science of foresting, and its application, was appreciated by the Japanese. A school of foresting was founded twenty years ago, and this original institution has developed into an organized system including within its scope of operation some sixty-two schools for the training of students and the directing of popular attention to the science and practice of forestry. The forests proper appertain to the Imperial domain, and all matters relating to these forest lands are administered by the Department of Agriculture. Possibly the reforestation movement is obligatory also with regard to forests held under private tenure; that is, for every tree cut one must be planted. The control of forestry was taken up by the Imperial authorities many years ago. Statistics show that the forest area of the country, about 60,000,000 acres, is nearly equally divided between the Imperial government and miscellaneous holdings, and that in 1901 the total receipts were \$570,000. In ten years ending 1901, Japan's lumber exports amounted to \$25,000,000.

It may readily be believed that there was great timber in Japan at one time; and there is now much heard about the timber resources of the north, or what is known as the Hokkaido country. The climate throughout, like that of California and British Columbia, is favourable to forest growth. But in older Japan, where population is dense, and all land that is arable, even to the terracing of the hillsides, is under cultivation, reforestation finds scope mainly on the rugged slopes of the mountain ranges. There is practically none of the original tree growth; which is a statement, however, that does not explain much with regard to the trees of a country that has been using timber since a time long ante-dating the 'Cedars of Lebanon.' The general smallness of the standing timber strikes the observer, while he is impressed with an idea of what must have been, by many specimens of 'grand old monarchs of the forest' that are maintained with care in public parks and that line great avenues.

It must strike the observer that the Japanese are perhaps unavoidably very wasteful of the young forest growth. Nearly all the timber used in the framework of buildings in Japan is in the shape of rough-hewn poles, the cutting and transportation of which must be a large item in general industry. In this way the consumption of mere poles must be very great. Then charcoal, which is of universal use, and which is a very conspicuous item of production and transportation, is evidently made from like small timber; so that a strictly applied system of reforestation becomes a necessity if the country is not to be denuded of timber as the neighbouring country of Korea and much of China is.

ALEX. MacLEAN.

NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, August 2, 1907.

IMPORT OF NATURAL BUTTER TO NORWAY.

During the months of May and June there has been imported quite considerable of natural butter to Christiania, in all about 100,000 lbs. The butter, however, is not of Danish manufacture, but is produced by Danish dairymen in Siberia, from whence an enormous butter export has developed during the last few years. The shipments, however, all go via Copenhagen, and in this way the Danes have materially increased their already previous large butter export.

HARVEST PROSPECTS IN SWEDEN, DENMARK AND NORWAY.

The farmers of Sweden, Denmark and Norway are reported to be well satisfied with the harvest prospects. The hay crop especially will be unusually large. It is, therefore, not probable that there will be any necessity of importing hay during the coming winter, which I mention, since I have often had inquiries from Canadian hay exporters regarding the chances for export of hay to these countries, and during years with a small crop of hay there has also been some import, especially to Sweden.

Cereals, potatoes and roots, on the other hand, are reported to be more or less set back owing to the cold spring and the protracted rains during the early summer.

PRICES OF MEATS EXCEPTIONALLY HIGH.

Owing to the large crop of hay the farmers are increasing their stocks of cattle, and as a consequence are not selling or slaughtering down more than absolutely necessary. On this account the prices of all kinds of meats are exceptionally high, there being paid from 27-30 cents in whole weight pr. kilogramme (2½ lbs.) for first-class slaughtered cattle. There is some import of cattle, both live and slaughtered, from Denmark to Norway, but not sufficient for the demand. In the fall when the cattle droves come down from the grazing places in the mountains, there will probably be an improvement in the supply. Meanwhile it may be taken for granted that there will be an increase in the import of corned beef during the next few months.

LABOUR CONFLICTS.

The labour conflicts at the Norwegian pulp and paper mills are still going on, to great loss both for the mill owners and the labourers. Mr. Berner, President of the Norwegian Storting (parliament), some weeks ago offered his mediation, and negotiations have been carried on between the Employers Association and the Workmens Association, but unfortunately without any result. At a meeting on July 23, the workmen made the following proposition:—

1. Payment for overtime to be 25 per cent addition to ordinary wages for the first 2 hours, and 50 per cent for all additional overtime and Sunday work, work on Christmas, Easter and Whitsun holidays to be paid 100 per cent above ordinary wages.

2. The new tariff to be in force 3 years from the day of signature.

3. The general terms of the tariff to be the same as in the tariff of metal workers, with such small alterations as may be found necessary.

On July 24 the President submitted a proposal by which all piece-work wages would be increased by $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, reserving the question of day wages for special arrangement. This proposal was discussed on July 25, but was not found acceptable by the employers, who made a counter proposal, but as the workmen also refused this the Norwegian Employers Association, on Friday last, decided, in conformity with the decision of the cellulose and papermakers branch of that association, that work is to be stopped at all cellulose and paper mills belonging to the association. It is estimated that between 7,000 and 8,000 men will thus be out of work, and that the loss in wages for them will be about 1 million kroner a month, while for the mill owners the loss will be twice that.

LOCK-OUT IN THE SWEDISH PAPER TRADE.

The lock-out in the Swedish paper mills commenced on Monday last, and comprises about one dozen large mills, who, together employ nearly 3,500 hands. At the mills which are not members of the Employers' Association, work continues. At some of the mills affected by the lock-out it will be attempted to continue the work with those of the hands who are not members of the labour union, and new hands are engaged.

SULPHITE PRODUCTION OF SWEDEN.

The production of sulphite in Sweden during 1906 was: about 6,000 tons bleached sulphite, about 85,000 tons easy bleached, about 206,000 tons strong bleached; for 1907 the production is estimated at: about 9,500 tons bleached sulphite, about 97,000 tons easy bleached sulphite, about 265,000 tons strong bleached sulphite.

NEW SULPHITE MILLS IN SWEDEN.

The following new sulphite mills are under building and will bring their production on the market in 1909:—

1. Lyrsne Mills, Soderhamns district, yearly production 15,000 tons.
2. Nyhamns Mills, Sundsvall district, yearly production 10,000 tons.
3. Sunds Aktiebolag pr. Sundsvall will build a mill at the outlet of the Indal river, with an estimated production of 10,000 to 15,000 tons.

PRODUCTION OF CELLULOSE IN SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

For both of the Scandinavian countries, Sweden and Norway, the production of cellulose this year is estimated at about 600,000 tons, of which the 400,000 on Sweden's part, the remaining 200,000 comes on Norway. For 1908 the production is estimated at 700,000 tons of cellulose in both of the countries mentioned.

C. E. SONTUM.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., August 7, 1907.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR CANADIAN APPLES.

As the apple season approaches the information given in my previous reports as to the excellent market for Canadian fruit this season in the northeast of England

is confirmed in every respect, and I shall be only too pleased to assist those Canadian shippers who are new to this market, in bringing them into touch with suitable connections to do business with. It should be kept well in mind that local fruit salesmen are almost as anxious to become known to reliable Canadian shippers as the latter are to become connected with reputable importing firms on this side, even more so in some cases.

Canadian apples have attained such fame on the British market that if a shipper will only make arrangements with a local importer to send him regular shipments, and see that his fruit is kept up to standard throughout the whole season, he can rely on not only doing a full season's trade this year, but in years to come also. Let him, however, send fruit of an inferior quality to the 'grade' stated, and not only his own reputation, but the reputation of all Canadian apples is materially affected for some time to come in the estimation of this new importer.

HOW TO ESTABLISH TRADE RELATIONS.

A few instances have recently come under my notice where Canadians have entered into correspondence with local importers with a view to establishing trade relations, and matters have progressed favourably, until, just when the final arrangements were about to be made, they became 'chary' of entering into the contract. Local firms do not in any way blame them for this, as they fully realize that the greatest amount of care has to be exercised by a Canadian exporter in sending his apples to a firm four thousand miles away. In some cases, however, there has been an inclination to be just a little too careful, and the suggestion is frankly made by firms who have proffered the usual bank and commercial references that when these are not considered sufficient to convince them of their standing, they should not allow the matter to drop there and then, but should adopt another course altogether of utilizing the services of some reputable inquiry organization to secure the information independently. As one importer admirably expresses it:

'Canadian shippers must undertake a certain amount of risk in their dealings with firms on this side, in precisely the same way as that which the British manufacturer has to take in his trade with Canada.'

MARKET FOR PEARS.

In my previous report mention was made of the opportunities which await Canadian pear exporters for securing a ready market for this fruit, and the following hints should be of some value as to the method of packing now in vogue. To export pears, is, of course, a totally different thing to exporting apples. The former ripen in much quicker time than the latter, and for this reason they should be packed in a hard green condition to enable them to 'come up' during transit. When a pear is being packed for export it should always be remembered that it has to arrive here in such a condition that it obtains a ready sale, as it passes through the hands of the importer, the merchant, and the retail shopman, and, even after this, has also to be in a fit condition to please the actual consumer.

On the all important question of packing there is very little room for improvement in the French system, and Canadian exporters are advocated to adopt it. Under this system the fruit is packed two layers in a box, the usual quantities being as follows: 30 large sized pears, 48 medium sized pears, 56 smaller sized pears.

On account of their very soft nature it is advocated that each pear should be wrapped in tissue paper, as should any of the fruit happen to become too ripe during transit it absorbs the juice. In the case of exceptionally small pears, these, it may be mentioned, are shipped loose in crates and are usually sold by the pound. If tissue paper is not used for packing, a layer of wood fibre should be placed above and around each layer.

IMPORTANCE OF A NAME.

If Canadian exporters intend to seriously compete with other countries in supplying pears to the British market, it is essential that they should give their fruit some good 'selling name' by which it would be known by. French shippers, for instance, have adopted the names 'Duchess,' 'Williams,' 'Louiebourne,' 'Jargonells,' 'Boncues'; while from Ghent comes supplies of 'White Philips,' 'Grey Philips,' &c. As an appropriate name for Canadian pears, 'Choice Canadians,' or something similar would meet the case, and at the same time, would prove a very effective advertisement for this class of Canadian produce. In any case, the word 'Canadian' should, in some way or other, appear prominently on the box in order to distinguish the fruit from that grown in the United States.

THE EXPORT OF PEACHES.

Although, in view of their extremely delicate nature, the export of peaches from Canada to this country does not hold out the same possibilities as the apple and pear trade, still the following particulars may be of interest to those shippers who have had the enterprise under consideration. This fruit generally arrives here in sieves containing half a bushel, which fetch a price ranging from 96 cents to \$1.20. The usual course is simply to pack them loose and cover them with very fine wood fibre which is protected by four cross sticks fixed at various angles at the top of the sieve. Opinions are almost unanimously given, however, that nectarines are a much superior fruit to stand the transit from Canada. Not only are they described as being the equal to the peach in quality (being a cross between that fruit and the plum), but they are also said to keep twice as long as the peach. They are generally packed a dozen or fifteen to the box, each box fetching a price ranging from 24 to 30 cents.

NEW OPENINGS FOR TRADE.

The keen competition experienced in certain businesses is leading some local firms to branch out into an entirely new departure in trade, and Canadian exporters should follow these events closely, as by these unlooked for opportunities are opened up for the expansion of trade. Many large wholesale houses have begun an active competition with the fruit merchants in adding special departments to their stores for the sale of green fruit, whilst, in retaliation, as it would appear, the fruit merchants themselves are beginning to stock canned apples, pears, apricots and other fruits, which has always been looked upon as the *bona fide* business of the provision men. In this connection one well-known Ontario firm has already profited by the opening, and is doing a substantial trade in supplying canned fruits to the fruit merchants, who, in turn, dispose of them to hotels and restaurants.

THE IMPORTANCE OF HULL.

Now that there are direct services of steamers connecting Hull with Montreal, particular attention should be paid to this port as a market for Canadian fruit. Buyers from all parts of the northeast of England attend this market every week, and an estimation of its value can be formed from the fact that over 150,000 barrels of imported apples were sold here last year; some of the larger firms regularly disposing of between 5,000 and 10,000 barrels of apples per week. Australian fruit shippers have now the advantage of trading direct with this port, and Canadian shippers will have to look to their laurels if they are to maintain the lead. Below I append a list of the principal importers in a position to dispose of any class of fruit sent them by Canadian exporters:—

LEADING HULL FRUIT IMPORTERS.

A. Blyenburg, 73 Humber Street, Hull.
 J. Bradnum & Co., Ltd, 7-8 Humber Street, Hull.
 Thomas Bulman & Co., Humber Street, Hull.
 William Field & Co., Ltd., 65, 66, 67 High Street, Hull.
 Gibson Bishop & Co., Humber Dock Side, Hull.
 Richard Hinchcliffe, Humber Place, Hull.
 Julius Meyer's Succ'rs, 15 Humber Street, Hull.
 A. J. Peacock & Co., Humber Dock Street, Hull.
 J. Pinder & Son, 72 Humber Street, Hull.
 W. Rawson & Robinson, 69 Humber Street, Hull.
 John Seed & Sons, 69 Humber Street, Hull.
 B. & J. Shaw, Humber Street, Hull.
 W. Tadman, Humber Dock Street, Hull.
 John Walker, Humber Street, Hull.
 White & Son, Limited, Humber Street, Hull.
 Wray & Scott, 29 Humber Street, Hull.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara).

MANCHESTER, August 2, 1907.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool on July 31, 1907, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month:—

	July 31, 1907.	June 29, 1907.	July 31, 1906.
Bacon... ..boxes	15,998	15,651	18,101
Hams... .."	4,018	6,544	2,374
Shoulders... .."	5,352	5,673	1,846
Butter... ..cwt.	3,627	4,035	9,825
Cheese (full shapes) ... ..boxes	69,173	39,659	
Cheese (50 lbs. and under)... .."	796	1,024	65,649
Lard (prime steam western)... ..tierces	9,936	7,895	5,162
Lard (imported pure refined lard in tierces, firkins or other packages)... ..tons	1,649	1,537	2,532
Lardine and compound... .."	48	103	89

GREAT BRITAIN.

REPORT OF THE CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER.

(The Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona, G.C.M.G., &c.)

17 VICTORIA STREET,

LONDON, S.W., August 13, 1907.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit, herewith, the annual report on the commercial work of this department, for the year ending March 31, 1907.

It may be well, at the outset, to call attention to the facilities which are provided by this department to further Canadian commercial interests in the United Kingdom and on the Continent of Europe.

Complete records are maintained showing the Canadian firms in the various lines of business. Publications of all kinds relating to the affairs of the Dominion, such as Directories (of all the provinces), Lists of Manufacturers, Geological Reports, Dominion and Provincial Statutes, Blue Books, Trade Journals, Newspapers, &c., in short all works which are likely to serve a useful purpose, are available to those seeking information respecting Canadian matters, and are freely patronized by the commercial community in London.

A full supply of maps, charts, &c., &c., dealing with all the provinces and chief cities of the Dominion, is also available, and is much consulted by those interested in Canadian enterprises.

Every care is taken to keep our intelligence service abreast of the times, and pains are taken to see that the supply of the various works of reference, &c., are up to date.

There is an excellent reference library of books dealing with Canada, which is used by authors and journalists, as well as by the public generally.

The Chambers of Commerce, Public Libraries, and other institutions throughout the Kingdom, and the British Consulates on the continent are regularly furnished with information respecting Canada, such as will enable many inquiries to be replied to direct on the spot.

No opportunity is lost, when Canadian interests seem to demand, a communicating with the public press, or of obtaining full publicity through them on any special matters that may arise. The press is also well supplied with the periodical reports that are issued by the Dominion and the Provincial Governments.

Within the limits of this report it is obviously impracticable to record in full detail, or to set forth comprehensively the commercial work that is performed by this department. It will, however, doubtless be sufficient for it to be generally stated that care is taken to deal promptly and effectively with the multitudinous matters which go to make up the commercial work of this office.

It is gratifying to know that the efforts of this department to advance the commercial interests of the Dominion are greatly appreciated, and this is evidenced by communications which are received from time to time, and it may perhaps be permissible to quote a few of them:—

A manufacturer at Macclesfield wrote:—

‘I beg to thank you for your favour of the 5th instant. Several of the firms mentioned therein have written to me, and I thank you for the very practical interest you have taken.’

A correspondent in Ontario writes:—

‘I am very much pleased to note the promptness of your action and the interest you have taken with regard to the felspar proposition, of which I wrote you. I received

your communications, which are of great value. I am sure that your office must be invaluable in making business connections with the English market. Thanking you for your kindness, and assuring you that the prospects are fair for opening up business relations with some English firms, &c., &c.'

The following is an extract from a letter received from a correspondent in Lancashire:—

'I am very much obliged to you for the trouble and the introductions which you are bringing before our notice. These have already resulted in some very first-class mineral properties which we can deal with being placed before us direct from the gentlemen and firms to whom you have drawn our attention. We are in communication with these, and no doubt business which will be a direct advantage to the trade of the country will ensue.'

While dwelling on this phase of the commercial work, it may be as well to again draw attention to the practice which was originated in this department, of making public, through the British and Canadian press, brief particulars of such trade inquiries as are received. The number of these inquiries continues to grow, and the work undertaken in this connection has been fruitful in effecting useful trade introductions between Canadian and British traders.

During the year 1907 there has been a large and increasing stream of inquiry, both personally and by letter.

TRADE WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

For the year ending June 30, 1906, the aggregate trade between Great Britain was represented by a sum of \$202,289,527. For the same period, the agricultural products shipped to this country from Canada were valued at \$42,305,048; and under the heading of 'manufactures,' products valued at \$7,233,232 were similarly exported.

The showing in respecting of the export of agricultural products especially must be most gratifying to all in the United Kingdom and the Dominion alike. In 1868 the value of these exports to Great Britain and the United States was \$4,056,340 and \$8,136,017 respectively. This was the record of the Canadian export trade two years subsequent to the notice (May, 1866) which was given by the government of the United States of America of the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty. It may be briefly said that the effect of this action on the part of the United States was such that the then Canadian government declared 'it was impossible to express in figures the extent to which it had contributed to the wealth and prosperity of the country' and that 'it would be difficult to exaggerate the importance which the people of Canada attach to its continued enjoyment.' This will be realized when it is borne in mind that at that time the United States was Canada's chief market.

It is a notable achievement on the part of the government and people of the Dominion to so adapt themselves to the seriously altered circumstances caused by the loss of their chief market that in less than twenty years the returns show exports of agricultural products alone to have expanded to the huge total of \$42,305,048. For the purpose of comparison it may be stated that the exports for last year of agricultural products to the United States were of the value of \$5,779,964.

SYSTEM OF INSPECTION.

In regard to the agricultural products of Canada exported to Great Britain, it may be stated that a most effective 'watch' is maintained by officers of the Department of Agriculture. The chief inspector is Mr. A. W. Grindley, who is an efficient officer, and is stationed at Liverpool, and has had a long experience of the work. Acting under the immediate supervision of Mr. Grindley are:—

Mr. Thos. E. Davis, stationed in London.

Mr. H. E. Shallis, stationed in Bristol.

Mr. Wm. Carter, stationed in Liverpool.

Mr. J. A. Findlay, stationed in Glasgow.

These gentlemen have been employed at the ports stated in reporting regularly as to the condition in which Canadian cheese, butter, eggs, fruit, and agricultural products generally, have been landed from the various steamers, and in the case of some of the more perishable products they have reported upon the time that elapsed before the delivery was taken by the consignees, and upon any preventible delay, which might be prejudicial to the Canadian shipper. The work of the chief inspector and his staff as carried on by them is a valuable one.

QUALITY IN DAIRY PRODUCTS.

The evidence given at Ottawa by the Dairy Commissioner on the result of his visit to Europe—reprints of which were distributed in this country—has been frequently commented upon, and special commendation has been bestowed upon his remarks on the great importance that all Canadian produce exported should be of the highest quality. In this connection it has been stated by a competent authority, that: 'It is certainly the fact that some very large traders on this side are studiously dropping the practice of selling the main lines of produce under specific names. They are encouraging the public to rely on their grocer's judgment, rather than to depend on names of origin or brand names, which are both troublesome and dangerous. For instance, it is the practice with one of the largest firms of distributors never to sell butter as "Danish" or "Irish," but simply according to quality and price. From a retailer's point of view this refusal to be bound by names is entirely right. But the producers, like Canada or Ireland, Denmark or Holland, must note carefully the difference as regards the *trade* demand. The trade do not ignore these national names or brands, which are so often of real importance as a guide to quality. The moral is that the producers must take care to keep their special names before the trade, and leave the traders to look after the final destination and the public preferences. Let the Canadians attend to quality, and see that the trade here know the names and brands that stand for quality; and they need not trouble to ask whether the public here know it is "Canadian" they are buying when they get good bacon, cheese, eggs, butter, apples, or anything else.'

CANADIAN CHEESE.

The exports of Canadian cheese to Great Britain have reached the imposing quantity of 1,925,835 cwts. (112 pounds), valued at £5,634,288, as against 1,858,767 cwts. valued at £4,804,172 last year, and, as compared with £1,382,699, which was the value of the product exported in 1886.

The conditions in regard to this trade have been generally satisfactory, the quality of the product comparing favourably with similar products from other parts of the world.

Some large firms here have experienced difficulty in obtaining supplies, and have expressed their desire to get into touch with the producers. The cheese, it is stated by some, goes through too many hands before reaching the importer, and it is thought by them that Canadian producers might with advantage use the facilities that exist to enable them to trade direct rather than through agents and brokers.

CHEESE SHIPPED IN GREEN CONDITION.

The short-sighted policy—not to use a stronger term—of shipping Canadian cheese in an immature or green condition, cannot be too strongly condemned. That this practice has, during the current year, prevailed to a most regrettable extent, is evidenced by numerous communications that I have before me from the leading importers of this staple Canadian product. As I have been requested by several firms of standing to bring this matter as forcibly as possible to the attention of the Canadian shipper, I append quotations from some of the letters that I have received, in the hope that they will command the most serious attention, and have some effect in leading to the discontinuance of a practice which cannot but fail, if persisted in, to have a disastrous

effect upon a trade which has been built up by great care and expense on the part of the Canadian government and people.

'But this season cheese has been shipped exceptionally green, and the quantity of moisture therefore has been correspondingly great. Farmers see prices quoted on this side and do not pause to figure what the loss in weight often means per 112 lbs. Then later in the season it is still worse when they overlook cost of carrying charges, but it is the loss in weight that we are writing about here. We really do not see why the farmer should benefit to this great extent in being paid for moisture simply because the cheese are made in a different way, and that this extra moisture evaporates so quickly and so heavily. It is not so heavy on cheese made in Ingersoll district, but still even there the moisture is greater than it formerly was. There is a law here, as you are aware, that butter must not contain over 16 per cent of moisture, and we think farmers should allow for so much moisture in cheese according to the basis their cheese show from time to time. It is the importer who suffers, as when the cheese arrive here they are sold less the average loss that is found within 5 days from date of sale, and it is the first 10 or 15 days that show the heaviest loss. Moreover, this shrinkage is now increased in transit by the improved ventilation on steamers. The enormous loss can hardly be grasped unless figures were before one.'

'... The cheese at the commencement of the season was in our opinion shipped too young. This was doubtless owing to the scarcity of old cheese and the high prices ruling, but the fact of the cheese not being allowed properly to mature, being exposed to varying temperatures so soon after it has been made, prevents its acquiring the proper texture, or nice flavour. Attention is urgently necessitated to provision of cool chambers on all steamers carrying cheese, and we consider the Canadian government should insist on this provision. Large shipments of cheese arriving in August were much heated during the passage, and this not only entailed a heavy loss to the importers but adversely affected the sale of the product.'

'... Quality (with the exception of a few weeks hot weather) as a whole has been maintained, but not improved, the chief fault being the shipment ex factory of immatured cheese.'

'... But there is one very important factor which calls for adverse comment, that is, the green condition in which the goods have been exported. We are quite satisfied that such a condition of things will not lead to any particular increased consumption, and we should be glad if you would have this matter dealt with.'

'... The only particular criticism upon the shipment of Canadian cheese, we suggest is, that there is a tendency, owing to the market, to ship them too green, that is too soon after they are made.'

As to the boxing of cheese, complaints are not now very generally made, but as showing that the trouble has not been altogether got rid of I may quote the following remarks from a prominent importer in Bristol:—

'The boxes are altogether too frail for the heavy cheese now made, and it will materially assist the trade, and we believe increase consumption, if some improved method of boxing the cheese is adopted. A considerable portion is landed nowadays in broken boxes, and the cheese through exposure gets out of condition, which prejudices the sale.'

Some observations have also reached me respecting the use of wood boxes which has not been properly seasoned, and which has had a deleterious effect on some consignments of cheese.

Attention has been directed to the dangerous practice of placing notes in glass bottles in cheese. The act may appear to be quite inoffensive in itself, but it is likely to be fraught with danger to the consumer. Cases have arisen where a cheese has been cut, as usual, and a glass bottle in the middle has been broken, thereby damaging the value of the cheese itself and creating a serious risk to the purchaser. Importers and dealers condemn this objectionable practice and every effort ought to be made to put a stop to it. Fortunately the cases are not numerous.

In concluding these remarks on the cheese trade, I give a short extract from an article published in a Bristol journal, which is of interest:—

‘Since the Chicago scare, according to some authorities, more cheese has been consumed in this country. Although we are so close to the natural home of Cheddar cheese making, it is significant of our times that immense quantities of this commodity are each week landed at our wharfs from Canada. The United States produce has little vogue in the west of England, the Dominion Cheddar being more suited to the local palate.

‘There is, therefore, considerable interest in this part of the country and throughout the large area served by Bristol merchants in the capability of Canada to supply the demand made upon it. The prospects, from a buyer’s point of view, are not so favourable. Mr. Ruddick, Canadian dairy commissioner, who a year or more ago was taking stock of the facilities of the port for this trade, estimates that by reason of the curtailed milk supply, caused by drought, the output of Canadian cheese will be considerably less this year than last, but enhanced prices will more than make up the difference to the producer. The high prices ruling at the close of the season will, Mr. Ruddick believes, prove an incentive to greater activity next year in cheese-making.’

BUTTER.

The imports of Canadian butter into the United Kingdom for the year ending December 31 last amounted to 192,093 cwt., valued at £982,064. This is a falling off as compared with the two previous years, but the decrease is not attributable to any change of opinion in this country as to the quality; but rather to the home demand; indeed one of the leading firms of importers state that their experience showed that the quality of the best factories was quite equal to that of former years, although they consider it unfortunate that the proportion of factories making the highest quality is so small, adding that the reputation of ‘finest’ is greatly prejudiced by the number of small factories making irregular and poor quality. The British demand for the finest quality of butter grows steadily, but competition from all producing countries is constantly growing keener and Canada must not neglect any opportunity of improving the quality of her product if she desires the English market. The firm above mentioned recommend as a means to this end the compulsory adoption of pasteurizing in butter making, improved cool transit facilities from inland points to the sea-board, and the compulsory dating and branding of both butter and cheese. The last named they claim would have the effect of counteracting the ‘holding’ of goods for speculative purposes, all such ‘held’ butter and cheese being it is claimed detrimental to the reputation of the article.

Australia and New Zealand continue to carefully study the requirements of the English market and the production of high-class butter has received much attention in both these countries.

The imports from Denmark are, however, the greatest in bulk, and practically rule the market. Danish butter is a pale, mild, sweet butter, easily handled, containing from ten to fourteen per cent of water, but it does not possess the body and quality of the best grades of Australian box butters. Experts generally classify New Zealand butter made while the cows are on pasture as the best that comes from abroad.

Another correspondent makes a complaint regarding the boxing of butter stating that some of the boxes are too large, while others are not properly secured, and that the wood generally used is not of sufficient hardness to prevent the cases being broken, the consequence being that the butter is exposed to the air, thereby becoming stale, and out of condition. The same firm state that the wrapping paper used is not nearly as suitable as that used by Australian and New Zealand shippers, and further suggests that it would be a good plan if all butters were doubtly wrapped.

BUTTER LEGISLATION IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The Bill which is now before the legislature in this country is one which has aroused the greatest concern here not only among those associated with the agricul-

tural and dairying interests, but in the grocery and provision trades. It is also a measure that must be regarded as of the greatest importance to exporters of butter to Great Britain. It contains many provisions against adulteration, which have been long asked for from various quarters, and one of the most important is that relating to the water limit. One of the principal provisions of the Bill is that which limits the amount of water in pure butter, and what is sold as butter, to 16 per cent. It has long been felt that a limit should be fixed beyond which adulteration of butter with watery material should be prohibited.

While stringent precautions have been taken to prevent the quality of the milk sold to the public being below a certain standard, it has been felt that it is equally necessary that equivalent restrictions should be placed on butter, more especially as methods have comparatively recently been found for blending butter with milk so as to render it, while perfectly good and palatable, yet deficient in the proper nutritious properties. In the Bill the maximum quantity of water permitted to be put or retained in butter is 16 per cent, which maximum has been arrived at after careful investigation and analysis, as the limit. While this limit is imposed as the maximum of water in what is sold as butter a maximum of 24 per cent is permitted in butter substitutes, and objection is being raised to this provision in the Bill. As butter substitutes are not exported from Canada to this country it may appear that the matter is not of direct interest to Canadian exporters, but it is perhaps as well to indicate the position as the sale of butter substitutes is increasingly prejudicial to the sale of the pure Canadian article.

Before concluding these remarks on the butter trade I think it well to give the following particulars of a full-page advertisement which has been inserted in the *Grocer*, as showing the amount of interest evinced by the Dutch government in promoting the sale in the United Kingdom of butter produced in the Netherlands:—

NETHERLAND BUTTER.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, INDUSTRY AND TRADE.

Butter bearing this mark genuineness by one of the supervision of the Netherland

**TRADE
MARK**

is controlled as to purity and Butter Control Stations under government.

A Pamphlet containing information on the subject and List of Members of the Butter Control Stations in the Netherlands can be obtained by applying to the Netherland Consulate General, 'Finsbury Circus House,' 12, Blomfield Street, London, E.C.

On behalf of the Director-General of Agriculture,

H. S. J. MAAS,

*Consul-General for the Netherlands
in Great Britain and Ireland.*

SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE BUTTER BILL.

A Select Committee of the House of Commons was appointed last year to look into the question of the proposed butter legislation, and I was requested to give evidence before the committee in regard to the attitude of Canada. I furnished the committee with a résumé of the legislation which has been passed by the Dominion parliament in reference to dairying. I also mentioned that, if the then proposed Bill were adopted, such legislation would be favourably regarded by the Canadian authorities. I also placed before the committee such facts as circumstances required.

BACON.

Bacon to the extent of 1,190,524 cwt., valued at £3,135,391, was imported into this country from Canada during the year ended December 31, 1906, as against 1,191,390

cwt. (112 lb.) valued at £2,751,714 in 1905. The export of bacon to Great Britain in 1886 was valued at £127,315.

One of the largest firms in the trade in London consider there is a danger as far as the English markets are concerned of Canadian bacon losing its prestige, owing mainly to the declining quantity available for export, and they assert that it is imperative on the part of the Canadian farmer to devote more of his time to the hog business than he has done for the last two years. They add 'It is undoubtedly one of the most profitable departments in farming. The hogs as soon as they mature can be sold for cash, and we have no doubt that if more attention was paid to this business we should see Canadian bacon again holding the place on English markets that it held two or three years back. If during the current year the quantity again decreases, we fear it will take many years of hard work to get the British retailer of provisions interested in the article.'

A west of England firm in the trade writes that the quality has been good on the whole, but that greater care is required in curing, as there have been many cases of taint. While aware that the public demand is for mild cured bacon they contend that during the extreme heat of summer it is better to err on the side of safety than to ship the bacon too fresh.

AUSTRALIAN EGGS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Although the Canadian export trade in eggs has not attained very great dimensions and does not, owing to various reasons connected with local demand, show much tendency to increase it may be interesting to observe what steps are being taken to create a demand in Great Britain for Australian eggs. Owing to the increased production in South Australia, where the climate is said to be exceptionally suitable for poultry, it has become necessary to find new markets and the commercial agent of the government of that state has been visiting London in connection with experiments that have been made in preserving and shipping eggs to this market. This gentleman has stated in an interview:—'I am confident that when we have completed our arrangements we shall be able to place upon the London market eggs that are equal or superior to the millions of foreign eggs consumed annually in this country, and this, too, at a price which will bear comparison with the general market quotations. At the same time Australian producers will be fairly treated.'

An important firm at Bristol, who have had a large experience in importing Canadians dairy produce, inform me that neither the eggs shipped as 'Fresh' or 'Glycerined' were as good as formerly. They do not altogether attribute this to the shippers, but their impression is that the eggs must have been gathered too late in the season, and when the weather was warm. This firm further states that greater care should be taken in regard to packing eggs, and point out that any space left between the cardboard partitions of the case should be well filled up with dry, soft wood shavings.

PRESERVED EGGS.

The poultry section of the last Fat Stock Show at Birmingham included a class for preserved eggs. Two prizes were offered and there were eighteen competitors. Both awards were secured for exhibits preserved by means of water-glass. Other exhibits were preserved in water-glass and packed in bran in air-tight tins; rubbed with lard and salt and packed in peat mould; rubbed in fat and inclosed in box; coated with solution of gum arabic, packed in bran and soldered in tin box; brushed over with glycerine and packed in dry salt; rubbed with white of egg and put in water-glass.

CASEIN.

As in previous reports I have directed attention to casein as a product which might in the future be largely produced and exported from the Dominion it may be as well to again refer to this important product. It is only within the last few years that any extensive technical application of casein has occurred but its uses are now

highly diversified, and in the opinion of those best able to form judgment on the matter it appears that the field of application open to it is very considerable. Not only is it utilized as a foodstuff but as a painting material, mucilage and cement, a colour fixing medium in the textile industry, while in the paper-making trade it is of the utmost use in a dozen different ways. An excellent work on 'casein' its preparation and technical utilization has been prepared by a Mr. Robert Scherer, translated from the German by Mr. Chas. Salter and published by Scott, Greenwood & Co., 19, Ludgate Hill, London E.C., and as it contains much valuable information on the subject I make no apology for mentioning it for the benefit of persons in Canada who may be interested in such a treatise.

APPLES.

There has been a general complaint regarding the smallness of fruit received during the past season, and the quality generally does not appear to have been as good as usual. Several importers have pointed out that a quantity of rather inferior stock was shipped, and the advisability of packing number 3 grade has been questioned by them, the opinion being that apples of that quality should not be put into packages for general use, but should be consumed for cider-making or other purposes.

On the other hand some commendatory letters have been received regarding the packing of fruit suitable for the markets in the United Kingdom, the result having been that buyers here have more confidence in purchasing when they know that a brand is really 'genuine packed'.

Many consignments appear to have deteriorated through delay in forwarding owing, it is alleged, to scarcity of cars on the other side, and losses were consequently made through the fruit having been frozen, it is stated, while en route. This, however, is a matter which may naturally be expected to right itself.

The work of the Fruit Inspection Officers in Canada appears to be giving great satisfaction to importers on this side, from the fact that persons attending sales are gaining a confidence in the inspection. In instances where one barrel out of every twenty is turned out for examination by the importers' customers, it can readily be understood that the importing firms are in a good position to judge if the inspection work has been satisfactorily carried on, and I have received most satisfactory and eulogistic testimony to the effectiveness of the inspection from reliable sources.

With regard to the respective merits of barrels and boxes, there seems to be a consensus of opinion among the largest importers in such centres as London, Liverpool and Glasgow in favour of the barrel, although I believe at certain inland points boxes are preferred. Most of the important firms, although admitting that boxes are suitable for fancy fruit which is carefully packed, assert in the most positive manner that the extra cost of the boxes is not obtainable for the ordinary run of apples intended for general consumption. Then again the barrel is more easily handled, and appears to be regarded as the most suitable package, which it will be difficult to supplant. Notwithstanding this, it seems at least probable that the interests of the Canadian shipper may lie in sending the fruit forward in boxes. This question appeared to be of sufficient importance to warrant that I should invite an expression of opinion upon it from the trade. The following are some of the replies which I received. They emanate from the largest importers and brokers:—

'It is still freely recognized that the barrel is the most suitable package and we are of opinion it will be difficult to supplant. Cases are certainly a handy package and will gradually have an increasing demand, as at certain seasons there is always a considerable quantity of this package required, but it will never oust the barrel. All the same, we would recommend that shippers should have at least a fourth cases for three-fourths barrels. With cases there should be a law established that they should contain at least fifty pounds net of apples. There are not many of them contain that quantity, generally several pounds under it. Now this is misleading. There should be a standard weight for cases as well as barrels.'

'We would strongly recommend shippers to avoid packing apples in boxes other

than fancy quality, and it is necessary to pack them with great care to avoid bruising. They are wanted for high class family trade only, and unless they are carefully selected and arrive here in first-class condition, they are likely to bring no better prices than barrels, probably less. The barrels are quite a convenient and suitable package for the ordinary retail trade, and there is no doubt that a very large percentage of the fruit is sold loose by the retailers.'

'As regards the relative merits of barrels and cases for shipping apples, we see no reason to change our opinion that the barrel package is so well known and appreciated over here that it satisfactorily fulfils all reasonable requirements. It is difficult to get the fruit carried so well in cases, whilst there is at once the fatal objection of extra cost.'

'The customers are not at all in favour of the employment of cases, and greatly prefer the barrels. It is only for very high-class apples, such as Californian and Oregon Newtown Pippins, that the cases are suitable.'

'We prefer barrels to cases for apples, as we find them more satisfactorily handled and better liked by our buyers.'

'Regarding the merit of barrels and boxes. The former in our opinion are without doubt the more serviceable package for the general run of apples grown in Ontario and Nova Scotia, but for fancy fruit such as that grown in British Columbia, boxes are preferable as the fruit runs more evenly in size and can be graded to pack evenly.'

'With regard to the merits of barrels and cases respectively, we have always held that the Canadian apple shipper will not receive a price for apples, packed in cases, proportionate to the increased cost of this package as compared with barrels, and nothing has recently transpired which would lead us to change that opinion.'

'With regard to cases as against barrels, the latter are preferable, the extra cost of the former not being obtainable except for very fancy fruit, and generally the value of ordinary varieties does not admit of this expense.'

'As regards respective merits of barrels and cases for shipment of apples, we are inclined to be conservative in our views and stick to the barrel in preference to the case, since most buyers we find are able to take the quantity which the barrel provides quite readily, and the boxes to them are somewhat of a nuisance.'

'We strongly favour the smaller package (the case) which should be made to carry a standard weight of not more than 40 pounds fruit. It is perfectly certain that a great deal of the waste and damage is caused by the heavy weight of fruit in the barrels, which owing to their bulkiness receive very rough treatment by carriers generally. The extra cost (if any) of packing the fruit in boxes would more than be repaid to shippers, by the better prices their fruit would make owing to being in sound condition. We suggest also that the better varieties should be paper wrapped in the same manner as Tasmanian fruit.'

'With reference to the style of package used, we don't think that there can be any improvement on the ordinary barrel. We consider the best method of packing is in flat hooped barrels with a corrugated pulp head at top and bottom. We consider these pulp heads are the best thing to use, and we are sorry they are not more in favour. Of course for certain apples from California, Oregon and the Australian colonies cases are the best for packing, but for Ontario and Nova Scotian apples the barrel is the right package.'

A well-known firm of importers in the west of England have intimated to me that there is room for a considerable increase in shipments of apples to their market. Great quantities of fruit have to be brought there coastwise or by rail from Liverpool in spite of the fact that there is a regular line of steamers between Bristol and Canada. This firm favour the case as compared with the barrel as they claim that waste and damage are caused by the heavy weight of fruit in the barrels. They consider that any extra cost of packing the fruit in cases would be more than repaid to shippers by the better prices obtainable for fruit in sound condition. It is suggested that the better varieties should be paper wrapped in the same manner as fruit from Tasmania. My correspondents say that there is an increasing disinclination among the growers

in Canada to send fruit on consignment, and with a few exceptions, all seem to desire to sell outright. Owing to the great risk entailed in handling apples, buyers on this side hesitate to purchase and from the condition of some arrivals there has been cause for that feeling.

INSPECTION OF APPLES.

A Liverpool paper in giving for the benefit of its readers a summary of the provisions of the Canadian Fruit Marks Act, points out that if the regulations are observed apples from Canada will earn a reputation for guaranteed uniformity which should ensure their preference on this side of the Atlantic. It is added that the inspectors appointed to see that the law is obeyed discharge their duties with thoroughness and care. Attention, however, is drawn to certain infractions on the part of shippers, one case being where the marks on barrels were altered, thereby incurring loss to the firm when the apples reached Liverpool. It is further stated that a common method of improper packing is to 'face' the top and even the bottom of a barrel with good attractive-looking fruit and to put bad stuff in the middle, one firm who ship to Liverpool having been convicted six times in twelve months and fined for violation of the regulations. The journal points out that if the Act is amended it would be as well to so increase the penalties that the fraudulent trader would in no case find it to his advantage to break the law and pay the fine rather than adhere to the standard. It is further stated that 'Under present conditions, the most effective deterrent would be the publication, both in Canada and in this country, of the names of firms who violate the Act. The importer and buyers would then know, at least, which firms not to patronize. The overwhelming majority of Canadian exporters to this country are "square" dealers, but their fruit is subjected to the same form or rigid inspection because of the acts of evildoers. Still, their own reputation, coupled with the guarantee of the government, should establish for them a name in the markets of the world likely to increase the volume of their business.'

EXHIBITION OF APPLES.

Some excellent specimens of apples grown in British Columbia were exhibited on the occasion of the Smithfield Club's last Annual Cattle Show at the Royal Agricultural Hall, and H.R.H. The Prince of Wales when inspecting the exhibits expressed his admiration of their appearance. The exhibitor on hearing of this intimated to me his desire to offer a case of the fruit for the acceptance of His Royal Highness, and I was much pleased of course, as a special thing, to be the medium of transmitting it to Sandringham for the Prince's acceptance.

In my last report I made a reference to the shows of colonial grown fruit held under the auspices of the Royal Horticultural Society at their hall in Westminster. I am glad to say that the third annual display of the kind was given in December last when excellent collections of different varieties of apples from Nova Scotia and British Columbia were on view. The notice attracted by these exhibits in the press was very gratifying, and the few characteristic extracts quoted below will doubtless be read with interest :—

Times.—'The apples from British Columbia were a wonderful collection. The certainty of a season of prolonged sunshine makes the yearly harvest invariable, now that the wise measures of the British Columbia government have successfully banished most of the apple pests. They have never had to contend with the codling moth, a well-known enemy here, and the diseases which were increasing through the stock imported from the United States have nearly been stamped out by a strict system of inspection . . . Certainly the fruit sent over for this exhibition was of the highest quality and most healthy. There is such an immense market for these apples in Canada that only especially beautiful fruit which would command a high price is likely to come to this country.'

Standard.—'Such a show as may be seen there is likely to encourage many to venture out to Canada or the West Indies to try their hand at what promises to become

- a really profitable industry. The most casual observer at the exhibition could hardly fail to realize that before long Great Britain would be able to rely on her colonies for her entire supply of fruit, and that the supply will be of a fine quality. The various kinds of apples from British Columbia are splendid specimens, proving conclusively how successful have been the experiments as to the varieties best suited to the different districts.'

Daily Telegraph.—'Much the largest display is made by British Columbia, where the cultivation of orchards, and especially the sorting and official branding of apples for export, has given the industry a standing which other colonies are enviously noting with a view to following so excellent an example. The Columbia apples at the exhibition have travelled 5,000 miles for the occasion, and are as bright and sound as any one could wish, with a result that one of the society's gold medals went to them yesterday. Nova Scotia shared honours in this direction with its sister state, receiving from the judges a silver-gilt Knightian medal for a smaller but admirable display.'

Daily Chronicle.—'An interesting exhibition is taking place in the hall of the Royal Horticultural Society in Vincent Square—the annual display of fruit from the colonies. Perhaps the most striking exhibit is that from British Columbia, displayed in cases just as they arrived. The colour of the fruit is superb, especially that of the varieties Northern Spy, Jonathan, Spitzbergen and Golden Russet.'

Pall Mall Gazette.—'Finer fruit is not to be seen in the world, and very little as fine. The fancy for red and purple varieties is still notable, and for show, at least, is much to be commended. One who has an eye for colour finds it cheering to look down the long rows of cases, brilliant with gold and scarlet and maroon, which occupy the whole width of the hall.

'The government of Nova Scotia also supplies apples and pears of excellent quality.'

Another display of Canadian apples was that made by the government of Nova Scotia at the Crystal Palace, just previously to the exhibition above referred to, and the appearance of the fruit fully maintained the reputation of the province as an apple-producing country.

A firm who claim to have handled all the principal British Columbian shipments of apples during the season state that the fruit was of unusual quality, being the finest that has ever been seen in this country, and that it realized record prices.

NUTRITIVE PROPERTIES OF FROZEN BEEF, MUTTON AND CHILLED BEEF.

In view of the wide divergence between the prices of frozen and fresh-killed meats in the United Kingdom, Messrs. W. Weddell & Company, the well-known firm of produce imports of 16, St. Helen's Place, London, E.C., commissioned Dr. Samuel Rideal, the public analyst of Chelsea, to make a scientific investigation into the nutritive and digestive properties of frozen beef, mutton and lamb, and chilled beef, comparing frozen beef and chilled beef with English beef; frozen mutton with English mutton, and frozen lamb with Welsh lamb. The report itself is too lengthy to give here in its entirety, but as the subject is of much interest, some of the conclusions arrived at by Messrs. Weddell & Co., in their preface to the published document, as the result of Dr. Rideal's findings, may be mentioned with advantage.

It is pointed out that when (in 1880) frozen meat was first imported into this country, there was naturally a good deal of prejudice against its use, mainly owing to the conservatism of the public which placed at a discount any produce not actually home-grown, and also to the belief that the process of preserving by refrigeration reduced in some way the food value of frozen meat. This prejudice was, however, based upon grounds which have since proved to be entirely untenable. The best scientific evidence has from time to time convincingly shown that as regards both nourishment and digestibility frozen meat is practically equal to fresh killed. In 1896, Dr. Rideal, the well-known London analyst, in his comparative analysis of fresh killed and refrigerated meats, subjected frozen beef and mutton to very severe micros-

copical and analytical tests, as a result of which he was not able to discover any material difference between the food values of the two descriptions.

Further improvements having brought refrigeration almost to perfection, from the sellers point of view. The satisfactory condition in which the great bulk of frozen meat is now marketed is such as amply to meet the views of even the most fastidious. But the best and most practical proof of the acceptability of frozen meat is to be found in the steady increase in the demand throughout the country. This demand has kept pace with the rapid growth of supplies, which have increased it is stated from 72,553 tons in 1890 to 308,059 tons in 1906, while during the same period the supply of home-fed beef and mutton has remained stationary.

Having regard to the foregoing, it is very apparent that the wide divergence between prices of frozen and fresh-killed meats is not justified by a corresponding difference in the intrinsic values of the two descriptions. In proportion to the prices demanded for home-killed meat, the market values of frozen beef, mutton and lamb are decidedly low, and this position can be partially accounted for only by the survival of those old prejudices, which die hard. With a view to their complete removal, further tests comparing frozen with home-killed meats have just been made by the same expert, and the details contained in the report by Dr. Rideal speak for themselves. They prove again that pound for pound the food value of frozen and chilled meat is equal to that of fresh-killed, and therefore, to those consumers to whom cheap food is a desideratum, the advantage of having the cheaper frozen and chilled meats available should be distinctly beneficial.

CONTRACTS FOR PRESERVED MEATS.

At the request of a Canadian canning company interested in packing meat for export I was recently instrumental in securing their being placed on the list of those from whom tenders are invited from time to time by the War Office. For the information of any who may desire to obtain similar treatment it should be mentioned that no good purpose is served in such cases by simply making a demand to be placed on the list. The authorities first require to be entirely satisfied that tenderers are in a position to carry out any contracts with which they may enter, to receive adequate samples for testing purposes, and to be furnished with the names of responsible resident agents in Great Britain who can expeditiously carry out the requisite steps in regard to the delivery of supplies, &c., as may be desired by the authorities.

GRAIN TRADE.

The International Conference on the subject of American certificates was held in London in November last, and one of the leading speakers (speaking in quite a representative capacity for the London Corn Trade Association) made a reference to the question of Canadian grain inspection. I venture to give a quotation from his remarks which are distinctly satisfactory to the Dominion:—

‘In justice to our colony, Canada, and especially the province of Manitoba, we should put on record that in view of the increasing quantities of grain exported, there is very little to be complained of. I have had the pleasure myself to see the whole of that inspection, and I must say that if human foresight can devise a scheme of perfection, it is realized in Manitoba. The inspectors there are appointed by the government, not by local authorities, and the inspector is removable by the government should any abuse be proved, and it is as closely as we can term it, an ideal way of dealing with the subject.’

In the same connection the following extract from a market report issued not long ago by one of the leading firms in the corn trade must also be given:—

‘Manitoba wheats have maintained former values. At the Importers’ Conference held here last week, gratifying references were made to the satisfactory method of Dominion inspection; and in the relatively high prices commanded by Manitoba des-

criptions and the confidence felt by the trade in the regularity of shipments, the Canadian authorities have their reward.'

HAY.

The following extracts from an article contributed to the 'Bazaar' recently on the subject of Canadian hay imported into Great Britain will no doubt be of interest:—

'During last year the importation of Canadian hay amounted to slightly over 43,000 tons, which quantity represented 37 per cent of our total hay imports in 1905. Canadian hay is used mainly in towns for horse-feeding purposes, being fed to cart-horses and light draught horses, such as vanners, 'bus and tram horses. Most of it is composed of a mixture of grasses and red clover. The largest proportion of the grasses consists of timothy. The hay is usually coarser than most English grown "seeds" hay or mixture. It is generally found to be palatable to the horses, and makes a very useful feed for heavy and light draught horses, as well as for cobs and ponies. Consisting as it does of a large proportion of clover, it is not really suitable for feeding to horses of the light class which are worked at fast paces. . . . Canadian hay containing a large proportion of clover may therefore very well be fed to both heavy and light draught horses and to ponies, and practical experience proves that it is a most suitable and useful kind of hay for horses of these classes, answering satisfactorily and well in every respect.

'The quality of imported Canadian hay naturally varies somewhat in different samples. Usually, however, it is found to be of good and satisfactory quality, although oftentimes it is rather stemmy and hard. Most horses do not object to such hard hay; in fact many show a decided preference for such to hay of softer and less stemmy character. Horses are found to thrive well when they are supplied with Canadian hay, provided it is in sound condition. It should be pointed out in this connection that not infrequently some trusses or bales of Canadian hay open out badly, being decidedly unsound inside as the result of having been damaged more or less badly during transit by sea-water. Such damaged hay is hardly fit for horse-feeding. In some cases the hay has been badly saved, or it has become damp whilst stored; such also is unsound, being mouldy or musty. The clover in the hay in particular is oftentimes found to be mouldy, as clover hay is more liable to develop mouldiness than the grasses. The Canadian hay is done up in pressed, large-sized trusses or bales, which weigh somewhere about a couple of hundred-weight.'

THE CANADIAN GRAIN COMMISSION.

It recently afforded me great pleasure to welcome to this country the chairman and members of the Royal Commission on the Canadian Grain Trade, a body of gentlemen truly representative of the great agricultural interests of Canada. These gentlemen created a most favourable impression wherever they went, and I am sure it would be impossible to find gentlemen better equipped for their mission, and having more deeply at heart the interests of the Canadian farmer than the members of this important commission.

When they arrived at Liverpool, they were met and entertained by the officers of the Liverpool Corn Trade Association; and subsequently I had the pleasure of receiving the commission in London, and of placing before them a number of communications which I had received from the various grain centres which were desirous of their presence.

At the same interview, a definite programme was arranged, and ultimately these gentlemen visited Bristol, Cardiff, Glasgow, Leith, Hull, Manchester, Dublin and Exeter, at all of which places sittings were held, and most important evidence was elicited.

It will not be necessary to dwell at length upon these meetings, as full reports have appeared in the public press.

WOOD PULP.

An expert in this trade writing to the *Wood Pulp Maker* (Supplement to the *Paper-Maker*) prophesies that market values for the produce on this side will be maintained. He estimates the world's entire paper production at present at six million tons—Europe contributing 3,000,000, the United States 2,500,000, and Canada 500,000, of which 75 per cent are wood papers.

Speaking of Canada in particular he states:—

‘Considering the extra new tonnage of sulphite successively brought on the market, it must be remembered that owing to conditions Canada is to a large extent, since the end of last year, out of the transatlantic export market. Speaking strictly of ground wood, as an instance, the Chicoutimi Pulp Company has been a large exporter of this product to Europe. But now the various mills in Canada owing (a) first to water drought, and a little later (b) owing to the difficulty of getting wood, furthermore (c) an acute shortage of the same, and finally (d) several fires (crippling two or three mills) are now far behind in their original tonnage of production.’

‘The conditions prevailing in Canada to curtail the production have also prevailed in an identical way in the States. There are no stocks of pulps in either of these two countries, in addition to which it must be remembered that the United States to a large extent is dependent upon Canada for its supply of pulp wood, and, nevertheless, nearly 150,000 tons of manufactured wood pulp are being imported from that country yearly.

‘The prices for Canadian goods have been so high, however, that the United States has been forced to turn to Europe for a good amount of pulp. It must also be taken into consideration that it will take some time before the depleted stocks of pulp in the States and Canada can be replenished, and this I consider one of the most important points to support the European market.’

The present short supply of pulp and paper is causing apprehension among the larger publishing concerns in this country, and higher prices for this commodities are looked for.

ARMY REMOUNTS

Attention has again been drawn to the press of this country to the question of the provision of remounts for the army and the subject of formulating a project for colonial supplies discussed. One serious aspect of the case from the army point of view is that, whereas the authorities have relied on the omnibus companies to provide them with a reserve of horses in the event of an outbreak of war, this source of supply is becoming somewhat precarious in view of the rapid disappearance of horsed omnibuses. It is many years since horseflesh has commanded such high prices as at present.

NEW CUSTOMS TARIFF.

A large amount of interest has naturally been shown by the commercial community here in regard to the provisions of the new tariff, and much correspondence with my department consequently ensued.

COMMERCIAL COURTESY.

It is sometimes charged by British traders that Canadian business men are remiss in their methods of correspondence, and that it is difficult to elicit prompt replies from them. This charge I cannot think to be well founded, but the following letter from a correspondent in Amsterdam certainly lends colour to the complaint:—

‘You were so kind as to send me a little book with addresses of Canadian exporters and I wrote a letter to every one of the 22 firms named under the heading Evaporated apple Cores and Skins, in order to get into relation with a reliable sun-dried apple packer, stating at the same time first rate American references; and only two firms replied, who were represented. Is it not queer, that for all the twenty remain-

ing firms, it was not worth while even to reply, in a matter which must doubtless interest them.

‘Whenever you come across a reliable packer of Canadian sun-dried apples in the State of Ontario, please keep my firm in mind and oblige.’

CANADIAN TRADE STATISTICS.

The large supply of the most valuable annual report of your department which you place at my disposal is widely appreciated. The monthly reports issued by your department, which reach me regularly, are also looked for eagerly.

Several applications for up-to-date lists of Canadian manufacturers have also come to hand, and I need hardly say that whenever such works of reference are available they can always be distributed with good effect by this department.

CONCLUSION.

The prosperity of the United Kingdom is shown by the trade returns to be increasing month by month. As the result, the great consumers of Canadian products, the working classes, have enjoyed a full measure of employment, and at present there is no indication of any change in these conditions. It may be stated, in conclusion, however, that the working classes of England are becoming more and more fastidious in regard to food products, and that the authorities are imposing greater precautions to ensure the admission of only high-class products in first-class condition. It therefore behoves those countries like Canada seeking the great British market to adopt the utmost care and circumspection in regard to the quality of the products intended for the British Isles.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

STRATHCONA,

High Commissioner.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, August 13, 1907.

NEW LOCAL BANK.

A new local bank is being promoted here to be styled the National Bank of Newfoundland. A prospectus has been prepared and stock subscriptions are now being taken up. It is proposed to start with an authorized capital of \$2,000,000 of which one half is to be paid up.

It is reported that the colonial government intends to transact all government business with this local bank as soon as the necessary charter is obtained and it is able to begin operations the promoters having obtained the promise of this support. It is understood that no difficulty is likely to be experienced in obtaining all the capital that will be necessary to assure the opening of the new institution in the course of a few months.

COAL.

A local trade journal reports that some valuable coal properties at St. Georges bay on the west coast of this colony have been optioned to a London syndicate with a view to an early development and working of the areas. Until recently owing to the interference arising from the French shore treaty it has not been found possible to attract the attention of capitalists to these properties.

COD FISH.

Since writing on the above subject in my report of July 8 last the situation appears to be somewhat improved and it is generally believed that when the total result of the fishery is made known at the end of the season it will be found to be a fair average. The shortage in the catch so far has been mainly on the northern Labrador coast where the ice until recently greatly interfered with the operations of the fishermen. In the straits and on many portions of the coast of Newfoundland the fishing has been very successful and the few parcels of new codfish that have been brought to market have realized excellent prices.

The quotations at present for large merchantable are \$6.50 and for small merchantable are \$5.50 per quintal with a good prospect of these prices being maintained for some time to come.

E. D. ARNAUD.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

No. 14, BUND, ROOM B., YOKOHAMA, July 30, 1907.

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import, between Japan and Canada, for the six months ending June 30, of the present and previous year, as shown by the official monthly return:—

	1907. Value. Yen.	1906. Value. Yen.
Silk, raw.		56,472
Silk tissues, habutai.	249,841	291,425
Silk handkerchiefs.	63,045	84,869
Cotton tissues.	3,581	4,494
Mats and mattings for floor.	82,683	44,496
Porcelain and earthen-ware.	123,333	79,128
Lacquered-ware.	11,704	9,233
Tea.	206,333	229,203
Rice.	268,467	161,686
Sake.	25,616	14,107
Straw-plaits and chipbraids.	1,099	3,887
Camphor.	2,777	12,083

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907. Value. Yen.	1906. Value. Yen.
Flour, wheat.	129,425	85,215
(1 yen = 50 cents.)		

The principal items given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the annual return has to be awaited.

TOTAL IMPORTS.			TOTAL EXPORTS.		
June, 1907, Value.	Six months ending June 30.		June, 1907, Value.	Six months ending June 30.	
	1907, Value.	1906, Value.		1907, Value.	1906, Value.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
20,588,603	132,631,954	111,524,781	16,933,863	98,475,101	88,335,359

The idea, quite widely entertained, that the trade of the country is affected by general debility is not sustained by the trade returns. Going back to the third year, the corresponding half of 1905 gave imports at \$143,231,431; and exports at \$71,883,977. This was a war half-year, and the imports were abnormal; but the gross trade of each of the three half-years—

1905.	\$214,615,408
1906.	199,860,140
1907.	231,107,055

shows a healthy progressiveness.

THE RICE CROP.

This year's rice crop promises well. The ample quantity of rain since first sowing has greatly favoured the growth of the plant. No appearance of parasites has been reported. The Doyo, or Japanese 'dog days' season set in favourably and is continuing. The weather on the opening day of the season proverbially has a very important bearing upon the success of the rice harvest; farmers are therefore very much gratified. It is reported that the growth of paddy in all parts of the empire is satisfactory up to the present. There have been cases of inundation, but the districts which have suffered are, comparatively speaking, but small in area. Crop reports to date say in effect that the favourable weather has affected the market, and prices show a downward tendency.

THE HIGH PRICE OF RICE.

The exorbitant market price of rice which has been ruling of late, says the *Kobe Chronicle*, is attracting the attention of both the authorities and the public. It is not regarded as a legitimate feature of the trade but rather as the effect of an attempt to corner the market. A good deal of distress has been caused by this movement, with the result that the Department of Agriculture and Commerce has decided to warn the directors of Rice Exchanges, and to take measures to suppress the rice 'corner'.

should the present conditions continue. In an interesting article the *Osaka Shimpō* (news report) observes that the rice market has continued to rise steadily since last spring, often reaching as high a point as \$9 on the Tokyo Rice Exchange. Authorities generally agree that the normal price of rice should be \$6.50 or \$7 per koku (5 bushels) and that the present market is excessively high.

It would appear that the speculative operators so manipulate the market as to create a high price when the farmers have to buy, and a low price when they have to sell. The Japanese farmer sells his own-grown rice, which is of high quality, for export, and buys inferior imported rice for his own consumption. But developments in the Rice Exchanges of Tokyo and Osaka have resulted in the intervention of the police and examination of the books of some of the rice brokers, the outcome of which is a state of panic amongst the speculative fraternity. The interposition of the authorities, with the excellent rice weather prevailing lately, may break down artificial values, and should assure the rice importer in foreign countries that it will be well to wait until the market settles.

INCIDENTS OF THE RICE TRADE.

An interesting story of the business recourses and methods of the Chinese is published in a vernacular contemporary.

It has been found that rice imported into Japan is produced chiefly in Korea, China, and Indo-China; and the Chinese and Indo-China rice is called Nankin rice in Japan because the trade is almost entirely monopolized by Chinese merchants. The farmers in Indo-China are generally poor, thriftless, and fond of gambling. Taking advantage of those weaknesses, the Chinese merchants contract to purchase the rice some time before harvest, and advance half the amount of the estimated value. At the same time they open gambling-houses, and recover the greater portion of the money advanced. Under these circumstances, the farmers can sell their rice only to the Chinese contractors, who charter steamers at a low rate for a term, and send the rice out to Japan very cheaply. The Japanese and European merchants, who know of the profitable nature of the rice trade in Indo-China, it is alleged, cannot get a share of this business.

In years of short crop in Japan the value of rice imported has amounted to very large figures, given at from \$30,000,000 to \$35,000,000, which doubtless affords a broad margin of profit for the enterprising holders of this peculiar monopoly.

CONDENSED MILK.

The importation of condensed milk is a growing branch of trade. There are several companies in Canada interested in the preparation of condensed milk, evaporated cream, and like products. At any rate they professed to be interested in the exportation of these things whilst the duty imposed by the Japanese customs was prohibitory. A year ago the Most Favoured Nation Treaty terms were made applicable between Canada and Japan, thus admitting condensed milk from Canada at the same rate as from competing countries.

Since the opportunity has come to the condensed milk manufacturers, and although they were duly notified of the improved situation, there has not been one inquiry in this line from Canada for marketing connections in Japan. One company, under date July 5, says 'the demand for our product at home is greater than the supply.' The attending circumstances indicate that interest in this market, on the part of Canadian manufacturers of condensed milk and analogous products, has ceased since the conditions were so improved as to enable them to promote especially that particular interest. This disappointing result of improved tariff facilities naturally suggested a cause, and inquiry for it. Of course there is the demand for home consumption; but the information is that there is a combination, or an under-

standing punctilliously honoured between the parties to it, under which the Canadian interest does not appear in this market.

If this information is correct, a point upon which I have at present no doubt, the inquiry as to whether this is not a combination unlawfully in restraint of trade may be in order.

THE FORMOSAN CAMPHOR MONOPOLY.

The Japanese, as an international trader, or commercial factor, is a comparatively new element; but he is old enough to dearly appreciate a monopoly. The salt monopoly, the tobacco monopoly, the currency monopoly, the railway monopoly, the camphor monopoly, and the telegraph and telephone monopoly, actually; and the sugar monopoly, the match monopoly, and others, talked about prospectively,—these all realized, there will remain for private enterprise (the greatest element in the national fabric) only the handling of the byproducts of the national-industrial machine.

The camphor monopoly is a very important one, held for a term of years past by the commercial house of Samuel Samuel & Co., of London and the Far East. But the term expires within a year; and in view of that incident an extensive sugar refining company is reported by the newspapers to have sold out to a more extensive competitor for the sum of \$3,250,000, with the intention, openly stated by the press, of 'obtaining the Formosan camphor monopoly when the term for which it is held by Samuel Samuel & Co., will expire.' A portion of the sum derived from the sale of the sugar refinery would be employed as the 'guarantee required by the government in the event of the monopoly being secured.' All of which may be fair notice to the firm whose term is expiring.

The many purposes to which camphor is now put, as well as the monopoly of production and sale enjoyed by Japan, is a circumstance that accounts for the extraordinary increase in value attained in recent years. Monopoly alone may not have advanced the price; but it is reasonably certain to maintain it, therefore it would seem to be unlikely that we shall see camphor again much below present value, which is nearly ten times what it was within easy recollection. German genius is said to be devoting its energies to the discovery of a substitute, or artificial camphor; and there are Yankees calculating that they can grow in Florida, in Texas, in Hawaii, or in the Philippines, anything that can be grown in Formosa, or any country that is less hot than Hades.

A flour monopoly for Manchuria, of which the great mills at Harbin are to be the centre around which all others will circumambulate, is on the tapis.

COAL TRADE BETWEEN CANADA AND JAPAN.

When I passed through Vancouver three years ago, en route to Japan, the excellent quality, the unlimited quantity, and the preparedness to enter upon the export of Comox coal, were placed before me in a highly favourable light.

In a late number the *Vancouver World* relates an interview with a coal expert, in which the British Columbia coal situation is made to appear high up amongst the possibilities of the future, but very greatly delinquent as to the necessities of the present. The interview says 'we see here ships from Japan delivering thousands of tons of coal and coke, and our inhabitants shivering in the winter for want of fuel, and that with proved but unworked coal fields lying within a hundred miles, as the crow flies,—which is not complimentary to our business enterprise and our purpose to found a great city.'

To further illustrate the coal situation, it may be relevant to say that an inquiry through this office, from British Columbia, for twenty thousand tons of coal, presents an opportunity that so far is declined by some of the greatest coal producers in Japan, without offering a price; and it is likely not to be undertaken. The 'ships from Japan delivering thousands of tons of coal and coke' at British Columbia ports, as

the off-hand sketch of an artist, is very good but rather misleading. In that way a mere incident is put in such a light that the public discover a great international traffic, only to see it dissolve as a mirage before the statistical returns at the end of the year, with disappointment to everybody.

There is coal in unbounded quantity in British Columbia and in Japan. It is true in the olden time there was such a thing as carrying corn to Egypt; but the absurdity of doing so became proverbial when the distance was much less than the four thousand, five hundred miles across the Pacific. That there has been coal transported from Japan to Canada within the last six months is correct, but merely by way of precaution against the consequences of a strike amongst the coal miners in western Canada. The coal mining statistics are not up to date, but current newspaper paragraphs say that the total annual output of coal in Japan is 13,000,000 tons, of which 11,000,000 tons are placed on the market; but the output is by no means sufficient to meet the ever-growing demand.

MANCHURIAN FLOUR. MILLING.

Upon the principle of the far-away bird and the fine feathers somewhat extravagant representations of the flour-milling probabilities in Manchuria become the more resplendent as expanding distance lends enchantment. But there is nothing in it that should deter the Alberta and British Columbia farmers from going right ahead, confident that they can sell flour in the Oriental market as soon and as long as they have it to sell.

In Manchuria, not to say Siberia, there is a vast range of country capable of grain growing; but there is practically no government, or such as is worse than none, and little sense of progress, the immediately concerned country belonging to China. Competition from that quarter may come in the future; but it is not imminent, and there is no need to fear an encounter with it either now or when it does come. The Orientals are good farmers in their way; but theirs is not a way calculated to apply to farming on the scale that produces wheat effectively for the world's market. Moreover, they do not change their way on the slightest provocation; it will be the next generation, or the next two or three times removed, before their methods of farming in Manchuria will be modernized.

The Japanese Consul-General reports, on the flour-mill industry, that the flour-mills conducted by the Russians at Harbin, having lost their chief customers since the withdrawal of the Russian troops, the flour trade has become depressed in common with all other lines of business. Half the mills have had to suspend operations, and it was reported that some of the owners of the mills were taking steps to incorporate themselves with a view to continuing the business, and extending the market with the aid of a subsidy from the Russian government.

Lately a new joint-stock company has been formed, and their plan is to consolidate all the milling interests in that region. If they fail to obtain a government subsidy, they propose to borrow 1,200,000 roubles from the Russo-Chinese Bank on the security of the machinery, plants, and premises of the mills, and monopolize the purchase of wheat and the sale of flour.

What strikes the observer here, very often and impressively, is the keen appreciation of subsidy and monopoly. But this is, after all, only the infant-industry stage, and its call for 'protection' with which the Occident is not unfamiliar.

At the time of writing, telegrams from Manchuria under date of August 2 say that serious drought prevails in the southern districts. During the past two months there was almost no rainfall. Hot weather prevails daily, the thermometer registering 100 to 125 degrees Fahrenheit. A considerable crop shortage is feared unless rain falls soon. The prices of cereals are rising.

A. MacLEAN.

JAMAICA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Eustace Burke.)

GRAND CENTRAL BUILDINGS,

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, August, 1907.

JAMAICA'S DYEWOOD INDUSTRY.

In view of the noticeable expansion of the above industry, and its evident importance in certain lines of manufactures, by special request from United States sources, the American Consul in this island prepared and forwarded a special communication to his government which appeared in a Consular and Trade Report issued by the United States Department of Commerce and Labour of the 3rd inst. I find it expedient as briefly as possible to reproduce a synopsis of the more important points referred to by the United States Consul, in view of the fact, that for some time now a good deal of logwood and fustic extract has been shipped from the island to Canada in direct bottoms as also via New York.

The Jamaica output of logwood represents about one-fifth of the world's supply. The tree when felled is usually about 20 to 30 feet high, the trunk having an average diameter of 12 inches, and the usual age about 10 years. After felling the logs are cut in suitable lengths for convenient stowage, after which a process of 'chipping' is proceeded with, which removes the bark and an inner layer of white wood.

The roots of the felled tree also form an important article of export, prepared in a similar manner as denoted above. While the commercial portions when cut are of a reddish brown colour, it produces a dye of a deep blue-black. While aniline colours have replaced logwood dyes in the dyeing of raw wool or woollen goods, it is still in great demand in the leather industry for which it appears to be peculiarly adapted. It is also extensively used in certain lines of textile dyeing for which it seems more suitable than any line of colours.

AN EXTRACT FACTORY.

Up to eighteen years ago all logwood was exported from this country in its crude state, then it was that a German chemist, aided with German and local capital started a factory in St. Catherine for extracting the colouring matter from the wood and exporting it in casks, the United States, Great Britain, Germany and Canada (this latter is omitted in the United States Consular Report) being ready customers. It will, I am sure, prove interesting to learn that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, this company exported to the United States alone \$205,293 worth of the logwood extract, in addition to large shipments to Germany, the United Kingdom and Canada.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

A second factory has been lately located at Lacovia, in the Parish of St. Elizabeth, an important logwood centre, and which I understand is controlled by English capital. A third factory is also shortly to be established in the Parish of Westmoreland, both important logwood centres.

The result of such competition as may well be imagined is high prices to the producers. Some idea of the trade may be gathered from the fact that apart from the large quantities of the dyewood consumed by the local factories, the port of Savanna-la-mar is Westmoreland alone exports an average of 10,000 tons per year.

FUSTIC.

This is another dyewood known to botanists as *Morus Tinctoria* and which is also grown in Jamaica and subjected to the same treatment as logwood giving a bright yellow dye. It is used extensively in producing khaki shades upon cotton and wool. It does appear to me that in spite of the continual advances being made in coal-tar colours and the persistent attempt to produce dyes to completely replace natural colours, that the above woods will continue to form an important factor in the export trade of this colony. In concluding this synopsis I would mention that in taking extracts from the United States Consul's report, I have set right some few inaccuracies and omissions.

G. EUSTACE BURKE.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., August 15, 1907.

THE BUTTER AND MARGARINE BILL.*

A Bill bearing the above title has just passed the parliament of the United Kingdom and will come into force on January 1, 1908. Its main provisions are, that all butter factories, (that is to say, any premises on which by way of trade, butter is blended, reworked, or subjected to any other treatment), must be registered and open to the inspection of officers of the Board of Agriculture, who can take samples for analysis, &c. If any article intended for the adulteration of butter be found in a butter factory, it shall be an offence under the Act, and if any oil or fat capable of being used as an adulterant be found on such premises, it shall be deemed to be intended for that purpose unless the contrary be proved.

IMPORT REGULATIONS.

These provisions will be of much benefit to those engaged in the manufacture and sale of pure butter in the United Kingdom, as considerable quantities of adulterated produce have hitherto been turned out from places which have not been open to official inspection. Another provision is, that all butter and margarine imported into the United Kingdom shall not contain more than 16 per cent of water. Milk-blended butter may, however, be imported or prepared in the United Kingdom containing 24 per cent of water, but it cannot be sold as 'milk-blended butter' on and after January 1, 1908. An arbitrary name will be given to it, which must have been previously approved by the Board of Agriculture, and no word suggestive of butter, cream, milk, or anything associated with the dairy or the farm will be permitted to be used for the purpose. In short, the words 'milk-blended butter' will be buried in the Bill, and in future cannot be associated with the sale of this article in any way whatever.

* The manufacture, sale or export of margarine is prohibited in Canada.

MOISTURE IN MILK-BLENDED BUTTER.

Considerable diversity of opinion exists in the butter trade as to whether the government were wise or justified in allowing more than 16 per cent of moisture in milk-blended butter, but considering that it has been sold in Great Britain for the past seven or eight years, and also that a select committee of the House of Commons appointed in 1906, unanimously reported in favour of fixing the maximum it should contain at 24 per cent, it is difficult to see how the government could have done otherwise. Besides, as there was nothing in milk-blended butter of a deleterious nature, and as there is a certain demand for it, the government decided that they could not prohibit its sale. At present it can be sold subject to disclosure with any amount of water which it is capable of carrying, and it frequently contains anything from 20 per cent to 40 per cent of moisture. On the other hand many persons think that when the new law comes into force, that by limiting the moisture to 24 per cent coupled with the other restrictions imposed by the Bill, the extinction of the article will be the result.

Some manufacturers of margarine have for the past few years been using fancy names on the wrappers in connection with the sale of margarine in addition to the word 'Margarine' as prescribed by the Act of 1887. The names referred to are almost invariably coined ones, and it is alleged that they suggest to the general public that the article is butter. No fancy name or names will be permitted in future except those approved by the Board of Agriculture, and in all cases such name or names must be printed in type of the same size and in the same colour as the word 'Margarine.'

Greater powers have been conferred on the customs authorities for the taking of samples of butter, margarine, &c., at the ports of entry, and a more rigid action in this direction will take place in the future.

HOPS.

Contradictory statements appear in the press reports of the condition of this year's British hop crop, but owing to the cool wet weather prevailing, it will be gathered later than in former seasons, and in all likelihood will be below the average. The market is firm for all descriptions of hops offering, both of last year's crop and older dates, the stocks of which are now the smallest known at this period of the year in the memory of the trade. If the weather improves and higher temperatures prevail, the prospects of the growing crop will be enhanced, but under the most favourable climatic conditions the hop harvest will be quite two or three weeks later than usual. The British trade returns give the following hop imports for six months ending June 30, 1907:—

	Cwts.	Value (£).
United States.	73,275	306,219
Other countries.	17,206	72,299

The trade in hops is confined to brokers, and very few brewers evince a desire to depart from this method of buying their stock. London houses control almost the whole of the business and have representatives in the chief cities. The price prevailing as stated to me varies from 60 to 90 shillings per 112 pounds, or from 13 to 19½ cents per pound. The freight direct to Manchester from Canadian ports averages about one-half cent per pound.

POTATOES.

Disease has made its appearance amongst the potato crop in Cheshire, and large growers will be involved in heavy losses. The yield would have been an abundant one, but for the prevalence of the disease, which, in addition to the mischief it has already done, will diminish the keeping properties of the potatoes gathered in condition.

APPLES.

I have a trade report from a Liverpool firm extensively engaged in the apple trade and give that portion which may prove of interest to the Canadian apple shippers:—

'We give the comparative figures of the apple crop in the United Kingdom, from which it will be seen that it is distinctly under average, as compared with only half a crop last season:—

	Districts Over.	Districts Average.	Districts Under.	Total Receipts.
This year..	15	89	175	279
Last year	40	109	104	253

The reports from Holland, Belgium and Germany are fairly satisfactory.

The total imports from the United States and Canada into the United Kingdom during the past season were 2,089,000 barrels, as compared with 1,877,000 barrels in the previous season, and 2,140,000 barrels in 1904-5, and 3,053,000 barrels in 1903-4, which was a record.

Of last season's receipts of 2,089,000 barrels, 1,087,174 were received into Liverpool.'

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns for July, issued recently, the imports last month were £52,213,304, being an increase of £3,605,505 compared with July, 1906, whilst the exports were £40,452,331, showing an increase of £7,009,369 compared with July, 1906.

The imports for the seven months ended July, 1907, show an increase of £31,428,379 over the same period in 1906, whilst the exports mark an increase of £32,733,322.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of July and the *twelve months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JULY.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	19,515	15,324	8,094	466,861	523,254	655,320
New Zealand.....	111	1,375	14,699	309,656	304,396	310,356
Canada.....	62,575	36,760	6,033	282,785	277,080	183,717
Totals.....	82,201	53,459	28,826	1,059,302	1,104,730	1,099,393
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	125,480	138,142	163,164	1,653,217	1,637,913	1,770,521
France.....	39,488	44,728	40,441	342,944	353,339	262,071
Germany.....	297	1,337	813	1,856	10,007	8,360
Holland.....	17,318	25,533	26,583	209,142	205,971	175,164
Russia.....	67,890	90,686	115,105	394,381	529,335	672,941
Sweden.....	16,987	18,814	22,120	192,954	178,014	220,953
United States.....	7,881	14,595	23	53,444	175,595	52,772
Other countries.....	8,706	7,461	3,964	171,563	143,056	129,649
Totals.....	284,047	341,296	372,213	3,019,501	3,233,230	3,292,431
Grand totals.....	366,248	394,755	401,039	4,078,803	4,337,960	4,391,824

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....			5			3,210
New Zealand.....	604	1,286	10,760	79,902	118,072	181,423
Canada.....	299,263	298,362	254,013	1,872,472	1,916,778	1,769,226
Totals.....	299,867	299,648	264,778	1,952,374	2,034,850	1,953,859
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,277	3,660	3,343	51,907	44,223	44,061
Holland.....	19,264	23,963	23,391	212,783	231,984	229,281
United States.....	4,003	24,095	4,488	182,176	233,609	153,131
Other countries.....	6,478	5,705	5,564	62,515	80,753	75,971
Totals.....	33,022	57,423	36,786	509,381	590,569	502,44
Grand totals.....	332,889	357,071	301,564	2,461,755	2,625,419	2,456,303

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of July and the *twelve months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JULY.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	168,000	128,492	150,279	1,000,823	1,275,612	1,175,895
Denmark.....	140,440	126,671	161,118	1,605,160	1,437,732	1,674,737
United States.....	204,549	177,275	171,106	2,861,630	2,729,158	2,498,650
Other countries.....	6,982	15,182	10,142	92,962	90,275	109,868
Totals.....	519,971	447,620	492,645	5,560,575	5,532,777	5,459,150

HAMS.

Canada.....	57,653	48,304	45,135	232,463	298,852	260,188
United States.....	99,798	106,263	68,089	1,048,084	1,030,775	877,206
Other countries.....	309	454	603	4,058	2,870	3,066
Totals.....	157,760	155,021	113,827	1,284,605	1,332,497	1,140,460

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	9,835	14,775	15,060	127,790	372,062	136,938
Newfoundland.....	615	1,115	487	6,563	8,816	7,489
France.....	4,427	663	318	61,846	30,876	25,854
Norway.....	10,918	13,506	7,331	171,157	198,317	148,431
Portugal.....	11,634	11,032	12,483	109,980	119,386	114,292
United States.....	274	19,636	498	212,739	220,698	116,011
Other countries.....	48,233	54,196	39,076	392,130	447,843	414,036
Totals.....	85,936	114,923	75,253	1,082,205	1,397,998	963,051

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....				328,304	244,702	235,391
Belgium.....	115,743	119,398	109,342	2,104,227	2,404,294	2,240,022
Denmark.....	374,786	405,159	409,280	3,766,804	3,817,440	3,870,725
France.....	108,655	131,933	109,925	1,557,863	1,529,484	1,270,123
Germany.....	40,017	70,080	108,896	2,603,713	2,657,281	2,594,018
Russia.....	671,217	958,824	757,494	7,460,117	7,357,537	6,553,063
Other countries.....	33,874	40,315	57,281	1,300,399	1,085,941	1,218,637
Totals.....	1,344,292	1,725,709	1,552,218	19,121,427	19,096,679	17,981,979

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending July, 1898 to 1907.

MONTH OF JULY, 1898 TO 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nation- ality not disting- uished.	Total Emi- grants.
1897.....	2,142	125	110	2,377	891	5	3,273
1898.....	1,832	196	102	2,130	1,203	3	3,336
1899.....	1,591	187	94	1,872	2,295	21	4,188
1900.....	2,144	117	129	2,390	5,118	12	7,520
1901.....	1,782	268	135	2,185	2,451	13	4,649
1902.....	2,259	268	145	2,672	4,511	10	7,193
1903.....	5,523	1,293	316	7,132	3,369	16	10,517
1904.....	5,668	1,378	321	7,367	1,517	21	8,905
1905.....	5,519	1,940	244	7,703	2,410	.....	10,113
1906.....	7,511	1,816	385	9,712	2,814	.....	12,526
1907.....	11,695	2,329	744	14,768	3,464	.....	18,232

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JULY, 1898 TO 1907.

1897.....	12,856	1,396	807	15,059	6,412	21	21,492
1898.....	14,949	1,580	953	17,482	8,438	74	25,994
1899.....	14,295	1,601	917	16,813	14,064	59	30,936
1900.....	14,135	1,591	826	16,552	29,337	122	46,011
1901.....	14,019	1,867	1,162	17,048	27,425	103	44,576
1902.....	17,987	3,369	1,517	22,873	34,705	96	57,674
1903.....	42,990	9,263	2,379	54,632	41,605	227	96,464
1904.....	51,047	11,730	2,663	65,440	25,635	172	91,247
1905.....	62,652	13,982	3,298	79,932	23,974	58	103,964
1906.....	80,805	19,435	4,046	104,286	23,794	47	128,127
1907.....	105,014	31,775	6,590	143,379	30,619	.....	173,998

IMPORTS OF MOLASSES AND SYRUPS INTO CANADA FROM BRITISH WEST INDIES.

STATEMENT showing Quantity and Value of Molasses and Syrups Imported into Canada for Consumption from the British West Indies during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

	IMPORTS DUTIABLE				IMPORTS FREE.		TOTAL IMPORTS.	
	General Tariff.		Preferential Tariff.		Total.			
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Galls.	\$	Galls.	\$	Galls.	\$	Galls.	\$
British West Indies—								
1902.....	118,588	25,399	2,578,013	453,255	2,696,601	478,654	2,696,601	478,654
1903.....	86,617	18,101	1,970,703	302,360	2,057,320	320,461	2,057,320	320,461
1904.....	12,138	2,821	1,804,043	417,547	1,816,181	420,368	2,554,291	569,219
1905.....	193	39	554	217	747	256	3,311,908	679,344
1906.....			3,886	943	3,886	943	4,141,177	779,507
1907.....	65	21			65	21	4,383,215	806,205

IMPORTS OF SUGAR INTO CANADA.

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Sugar Imported into Canada for Consumption during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

	GENERAL TARIFF.		PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.		SURTAX TARIFF.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.		Value.	
	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Sugar above No. 16 D.S. in colour—								
Total imports for consumption—								
1902.....	51,341,329	1,293,120	38,099	814	51,379,428	1,293,934	51,379,428	1,293,934
1903.....	26,416,451	758,679	955,582	5,233	26,672,033	763,912	26,672,033	763,912
1904.....	16,228,555	378,214	7,504,166	197,794	23,734,365	574,080	23,734,365	574,080
1905.....	6,022,456	173,074	13,346,303	395,818	19,517,812	572,757	19,517,812	572,757
1906.....	1,856,411	62,367	23,876,056	839,387	28,532,913	901,772	28,532,913	901,772
1907.....	1,450,848	40,114	33,826,280	962,155	35,280,912	1,002,397	35,280,912	1,002,397
Sugar not above No. 16 D.S. in colour—								
Total imports for consumption—								
1902.....	275,482,867	5,435,263	43,213,152	923,611	318,696,019	6,358,874	318,696,019	6,358,874
1903.....	26,862,892	4,439,110	99,835,977	1,711,816	361,698,799	6,150,926	361,698,799	6,150,926
1904.....	83,809,506	1,578,042	282,910,699	5,412,066	366,810,295	6,988,108	366,810,295	6,988,108
1905.....	65,718,053	1,208,530	261,516,733	6,779,889	327,234,786	7,988,419	327,234,786	7,988,419
1906.....	76,063,180	1,851,466	344,366,430	7,483,926	420,429,610	9,335,392	420,429,610	9,335,392
1907.....	61,480,416	1,298,599	326,928,286	6,583,811	388,408,702	7,882,410	388,408,702	7,882,410
Total sugar imported for consumption—								
1902.....	326,824,196	6,728,383	43,251,251	924,425	370,075,447	7,652,808	370,075,447	7,652,808
1903.....	288,279,273	5,197,789	100,091,559	1,717,049	388,370,832	6,914,838	388,370,832	6,914,838
1904.....	100,128,451	1,952,259	290,414,865	5,609,860	390,544,660	7,562,168	390,544,660	7,562,168
1905.....	71,740,809	1,381,604	274,863,036	7,175,707	346,752,598	8,561,176	346,752,598	8,561,176
1906.....	77,919,591	1,913,833	371,042,486	8,323,313	448,962,523	10,237,164	448,962,523	10,237,164
1907.....	62,931,264	1,338,713	360,754,566	7,545,966	423,689,614	8,894,807	423,689,614	8,894,807

IMPORTS OF SUGAR INTO CANADA FROM BRITISH AFRICA AND FIJI.

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Sugar not above No. 16 D.S. in colour Imported into Canada for Consumption from British Africa and Fiji during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

	GENERAL TARIFF.		PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.		SURTAX TARIFF.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Sugar not above No. 16 D.S. in colour imported from—								
British Africa—	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
1902.....								
1903.....								
1904.....								
1905.....								
1906.....								
1907.....	284,672	7,364	5,591,845	142,867			5,876,517	150,231
			3,571,693	90,398			3,571,693	90,398
Fiji—								
1902.....								
1903.....								
1904.....								
1905.....			2,097,900	45,718			2,097,900	45,718
1906.....			8,515,727	175,615			8,515,727	175,615
1907.....			15,137,227	425,536			15,137,227	425,536
			14,755,620	269,080			14,755,620	269,080
			11,928,544	222,965			11,928,544	222,965

IMPORTS OF SUGAR INTO CANADA FROM BRITISH WEST INDIES AND BRITISH GUIANA.

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Sugar not above No. 16 D.S. in colour Imported into Canada for Consumption from the British West Indies and British Guiana during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

	GENERAL TARIFF.		PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.		Value.		Quantity.	
	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Sugar not above No. 16 D.S. in colour imported from—						
British West Indies—						
Year ended June 30, 1902.....	415,826	11,886	36,320,490	780,905	36,736,316	792,791
" " " 30, 1903.....	829,969	13,685	68,831,912	1,079,031	69,661,881	1,092,716
" " " 30, 1904.....	5,234,578	99,279	168,310,755	3,068,871	168,573,836	3,198,150
" " " 30, 1905.....	3,836,644	130,895	156,502,458	3,887,742	160,438,930	3,965,637
" " " 30, 1906.....	1,963,540	19,960	218,345,718	3,587,417	219,419,658	4,007,377
" " " 30, 1907.....	16,156,551	316,702	175,592,359	3,371,435	191,748,910	3,688,137
British Guiana—						
Year ended June 30, 1902.....	2,226	74	6,195,010	126,628	6,197,236	126,702
" " " 30, 1903.....	75,588	1,742	28,906,165	587,067	28,981,753	588,809
" " " 30, 1904.....	740	15	113,084,214	2,167,580	113,084,954	2,167,595
" " " 30, 1905.....	.....	.....	89,877,051	2,529,611	89,877,051	2,529,611
" " " 30, 1906.....	36,789	758	102,242,994	2,476,688	105,273,783	2,477,446
" " " 30, 1907.....	3,512,470	72,535	135,635,690	2,809,013	139,348,160	2,971,548
Total—						
Year ended June 30, 1902.....	418,052	11,960	42,515,500	907,533	42,933,552	919,493
" " " 30, 1903.....	905,557	15,427	97,738,077	1,666,098	98,643,634	1,681,525
" " " 30, 1904.....	5,265,418	99,294	274,394,972	5,236,451	279,660,390	5,335,745
" " " 30, 1905.....	3,636,484	130,895	246,379,506	6,354,353	250,315,990	6,485,248
" " " 30, 1906.....	1,102,729	20,718	323,588,712	7,064,105	324,691,441	7,084,823
" " " 30, 1907.....	19,669,021	389,237	311,428,049	6,270,448	331,097,070	6,659,685

IMPORTS OF SUGAR INTO CANADA FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Sugar, above No. 16, D.S. in colour Imported for Consumption into Canada from Great Britain during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

	GENERAL TARIFF.		PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.		SURTAX TARIFF.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Sugar above No. 16 D.S. in colour imported from—								
Great Britain—								
Year ended June 30, 1902	7,908,530	177,539	32,414	670	.....	.....	7,940,944	178,209
" " " 30, 1903	4,039,865	74,131	57,212	1,508	.....	.....	4,097,077	75,659
" " " 30, 1904	2,020,915	44,327	7,423,653	195,925	.....	.....	9,445,912	240,301
" " " 30, 1905	2,150,364	63,142	13,258,353	393,182	1,344	49	15,490,717	458,617
" " " 30, 1906	1,191,563	37,934	26,503,811	834,632	82,000	2,293	27,695,710	872,581
" " " 30, 1907	438,658	11,911	32,530,665	931,574	3,584	122	32,972,887	943,667

TRADE OF CEYLON.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Gross Customs Revenue and Trade of Ceylon ; also the Tonnage of Vessels Entered and Cleared during the Calendar Years 1886 to 1906.

NOTE.—The value of the rupee was approximately in the year 1886, 36.5c.; 1887 and 1888, 34.5c.; 1889, 33c.; 1890, 36.5c.; 1891, 35c.; 1892, 31c.; 1893, 31.5c.; 1894 and 1895, 27c.; 1896, 29c.; 1897, 30.5c.; 1898, 32c.; and from 1899 to 1906, 32.4c.

Calendar Years.	Gross Customs Revenue.	TRADE.			TONNAGE OF VESSELS (EXCEPT COASTING) ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
		Imports.	*Exports.	Totals.	British.	Totals.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Tons.	Tons.
1886.....	2,944,216	47,855,785	34,899,802	82,755,587	3,197,673	3,923,481
1887.....	3,179,405	50,312,136	40,018,869	90,331,005	3,371,087	4,142,355
1888.....	3,747,065	58,524,990	39,383,135	97,908,125	3,707,206	4,453,418
1889.....	3,718,152	60,695,135	46,924,505	107,619,640	4,100,241	4,831,965
1890.....	3,948,564	63,091,938	51,127,339	114,219,277	4,314,622	5,117,902
1891.....	4,203,320	66,635,392	58,799,744	125,435,136	4,872,201	5,696,940
1892.....	4,663,562	70,687,497	62,271,924	132,959,421	4,939,151	5,790,706
1893.....	4,498,912	72,340,662	68,977,776	141,318,438	5,296,191	6,152,393
1894.....	4,931,967	78,113,072	72,027,176	150,140,248	5,423,070	6,365,853
1895.....	5,770,241	84,556,309	77,495,557	162,051,866	5,590,179	6,543,197
1896.....	5,550,972	87,788,085	77,957,774	165,745,859	6,018,653	7,079,678
1897.....	6,278,787	98,027,474	77,674,073	175,701,547	5,444,426	6,704,747
1898.....	6,714,625	97,893,059	85,372,622	183,265,681	5,638,676	7,082,641
1899.....	7,101,853	111,992,349	101,576,907	213,569,256	5,943,420	7,439,205
1900.....	7,620,432	122,339,758	94,962,277	217,302,035	6,144,435	8,487,940
1901.....	7,446,807	112,626,926	89,909,288	202,536,214	6,431,272	9,028,570
1902.....	7,630,176	109,468,266	99,402,890	208,871,156	7,029,882	9,955,256
1903.....	8,043,063	116,259,636	108,764,335	225,023,971	7,319,358	10,316,738
1904.....	8,334,432	116,483,243	104,265,926	220,749,169	8,630,475	11,226,599
1905.....	8,652,985	115,237,235	102,490,059	217,727,294	8,301,803	11,157,925
1906.....	8,875,179	123,502,921	112,516,914	236,019,835	9,449,479	13,299,656

*Exclusive of coal re-exported for use of steamers.

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Ceylon during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906.

IMPORTS, BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	British India.	Canada.	Other British.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1892.....	17,903,181	47,421,429	.....	1,629,081	335,751	271,363	230,094	2,896,598
1893.....	18,864,002	47,104,925	.....	2,656,813	203,867	348,568	380	3,162,107
1894.....	19,166,089	51,913,101	.....	1,493,070	173,144	417,107	402	4,950,159
1895.....	20,216,172	56,315,772	.....	2,605,637	205,737	664,317	194,910	4,353,764
1896.....	21,277,619	56,034,251	.....	1,927,516	572,093	1,115,556	204,281	6,656,769
1897.....	25,957,311	58,173,793	.....	1,973,573	443,647	1,652,092	304,690	9,522,368
1898.....	26,269,887	60,334,419	.....	3,665,293	387,378	1,751,447	264,429	5,220,206
1899.....	31,555,194	65,678,929	10,485	4,447,001	392,387	2,053,930	248,596	7,605,827
1900.....	33,703,390	68,831,031	84,269	6,253,547	1,093,733	2,553,602	636,917	9,183,269
1901.....	30,874,590	63,312,704	13,683	7,331,460	767,644	1,905,858	413,371	8,007,616
1902.....	32,697,343	57,460,997	94	8,179,847	696,091	1,527,924	725,527	8,180,443
1903.....	32,890,451	63,673,033	1,135	7,945,970	744,550	2,061,008	721,887	8,221,602
1904.....	26,170,461	68,860,758	636	8,746,341	750,635	2,452,637	725,963	8,775,812
1905.....	25,180,405	68,310,346	650	9,114,998	755,239	2,692,913	801,157	8,381,527
1906.....	29,818,724	70,918,383	921	10,238,847	797,825	2,814,751	1,375,769	7,537,701

*EXPORTS, BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	British India.	Canada.	Other British.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1892.....	39,960,831	6,573,002	.....	4,863,488	335,963	2,119,077	5,496,061	2,923,502
1893.....	48,213,182	6,518,215	.....	5,791,737	165,751	2,010,065	3,954,514	2,324,312
1894.....	53,558,074	5,932,002	12,343	5,451,952	174,638	2,324,140	2,394,671	2,179,356
1895.....	57,475,269	4,620,836	7,388	6,811,288	375,504	1,922,967	4,135,564	2,146,741
1896.....	55,455,585	7,439,063	88,199	7,435,996	192,610	2,121,994	2,912,958	2,311,369
1897.....	51,274,208	10,120,983	156,911	7,641,650	148,050	2,785,418	2,966,269	2,580,584
1898.....	52,530,107	7,246,892	129,183	8,841,993	977,841	3,802,817	5,284,908	6,558,881
1899.....	61,076,138	5,258,608	628,444	8,248,545	775,534	4,751,798	13,674,566	7,163,274
1900.....	56,295,525	7,714,122	1,001,547	9,371,036	790,775	4,391,798	6,605,803	8,791,671
1901.....	50,158,739	9,386,375	1,133,949	8,474,476	1,161,324	5,290,853	5,463,044	8,840,528
1902.....	53,643,256	6,687,479	1,811,095	8,820,192	1,543,643	6,590,987	9,987,008	10,319,230
1903.....	54,134,018	11,013,513	2,409,408	9,707,945	1,759,252	7,123,546	8,550,978	14,065,675
1904.....	51,344,423	8,062,727	2,195,295	11,025,747	1,849,487	8,679,930	8,227,981	12,880,336
1905.....	53,978,213	6,188,588	2,302,656	10,808,159	1,372,132	6,583,854	8,155,648	13,100,809
1906.....	54,968,258	8,132,987	2,636,325	10,988,354	800,346	8,212,510	10,337,656	16,440,478

*Exclusive of coal re-exported for use of steamers.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported into Ceylon during the Calendar Years 1904 to 1906, together with the portion taken from Great Britain, Canada and the United States during the Years 1905 and 1906.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO CEYLON, CALENDAR YEARS.									
	Totals.					From Great Britain.		From Canada.		From United States.
	1904.	1905.	1906.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ale, beer and other malt liquor.....	376,124	345,919	284,442	236,649	158,763					
Casks, shooks and staves.....	248,532	363,248	567,519	567,519	93,797					7,567
Coal and coke.....	11,775,537	10,452,032	11,918,958	4,705,474	7,051,007					
Cotton manufactures.....	6,801,115	8,404,112	7,907,731	5,283,174	5,283,174					169,526
Cutlery and hardware.....	942,959	1,051,912	1,090,017	894,736	916,827					17,245
Fish, dried.....	1,980,791	1,512,657	1,717,412	1,717,412	68					22,757
Government stores.....	1,720,827	1,577,057	1,485,943	*	603					
Grain—Flour.....	4,143,722	*	1,143,735	1,415,835	*					*
Grain—Paddy.....	1,138,019	1,138,019	1,415,835	1,415,835	6					79
Rice.....	2,372,198	2,372,198	2,372,198	2,372,198	83					
Other.....	36,124,449	38,565,093	39,049,042	39,049,042	21,351					
Haberdashery and millinery.....	1,298,230	1,399,373	1,585,367	852,122	921,477					1,037
Iron—Galvanized.....	1,519,044	1,798,351	1,876,222	596,978	678,127					7,815
Live stock—Cattle.....	597,590	722,889	769,755	439,929	600					
Sheep, lambs and goats.....	451,551	494,611	539,726	539,726						
Machinery and millwork, including sewing machines.....	148,141	1,116,192	1,064,135	615,575	920,622					
Manures.....	1,105,310	2,340,212	2,788,355	216,044	178,080					61,675
Oil—Kerosene.....	2,392,385	1,192,168	1,454,603							
Onions.....	1,763,614	505,567	545,721	300	251					
Opium.....	388,368	359,790	536,110	123	300					
Peanut (coconut cake).....	1,819,571	1,515,977	1,386,024							
Potatoes.....	345,025	306,527	418,850	3,692	4,692					
Railway materials.....	197,954	258,489	138,950	53,322	144,945					
Saddles, paints and rosin (except food).....	197,531	250,432	185,794	7,675	10,100					11,702
Silk manufactures.....	395,165	312,655	323,715	161,204	195,353					
Spirits—Brandy.....	243,170	250,561	293,675	22,698	24,789					
Gin.....	243,170	250,561	293,675	22,698	24,789					
Whisky.....	493,367	488,641	491,805	487,083	489,395					494
Sugar refined and unrefined.....	2,220,709	2,909,026	2,964,582	58,532	87,892					
Tea chests.....	1,679,270	1,568,767	1,923,068	598,377	781,931					345
Tea lead.....	768,265	498,707	557,756	498,595	755,940					
Tobacco—Cigars.....	279,957	324,901	408,141	245,519	337,751					
Other (except snuff).....	218,666	163,366	169,715	65,820	307,733					
Umbrellas and parasols.....	301,766	360,101	301,536	307,536	213,723					6,756
Wine of all sorts.....	286,147	308,261	308,261	83,054	67,740					73,186
Wood and timber.....	843,652	651,934	793,395	11,223	18,980					2,588
Woolen manufactures.....	524,374	660,485	420,833	226,342	204,951					298
All other articles.....	16,729,391	20,943,559	21,940,677	8,715,346	10,190,752					306,885
Totals (merchandise).....	105,344,692	108,324,328	112,789,269	25,172,355	29,596,724					1,375,709
Coin and bullion.....	11,138,551	6,912,907	10,713,652	8,050	222,000					
Total imports.....	116,483,243	115,237,235	123,502,921	25,180,405	29,818,724					1,375,709

* Included with principal and other articles subsequent to 1904.

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported from Ceylon during the Calendar Years 1904 to 1906, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, Canada and the United States during the Years 1905 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM CEYLON, CALENDAR YEARS.										
Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.		To Canada.		To United States.		Rs.
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Areca nuts.....	1,943,126	1,525,916	2,028,765	7,553	1,750	7,553	1,750	7,553	1,750	378,061
Cinchona bark.....	11,385	10,667	11,872	296,025	8,504	296,025	8,504	296,025	8,504	26,041
Cinnamon.....	2,272,940	2,312,498	2,642,128	1,611,178	310,665	1,611,178	310,665	1,611,178	310,665	4,673
Cocoa.....	2,448,354	2,433,556	2,052,414	655,807	1,415,484	655,807	1,415,484	655,807	1,415,484	433,216
Cocoanuts.....	923,356	945,894	929,680	1,735,993	1,798,780	1,735,993	1,798,780	1,735,993	1,798,780	124,181
" desiccated.....	3,094,433	3,301,491	3,404,000	191,243	210,467	191,243	210,467	191,243	210,467	508,088
Coffee.....	380,900	297,672	258,880	1,271,639	997,477	1,271,639	997,477	1,271,639	997,477	1,673,524
Coir.....	2,387,337	2,327,463	2,268,464	77,111	187,590	77,111	187,590	77,111	187,590	4,668,215
Copperah.....	7,973,545	4,904,209	5,661,337	359,198	514,199	359,198	514,199	359,198	514,199	2,030,735
Oils—Citronella.....	891,555	1,041,256	1,204,764	5,222,376	1,086	5,222,376	1,086	5,222,376	1,086	490,512
Cocoanut.....	9,197,352	8,445,702	9,545,725	1,920,505	3,430,179	1,920,505	3,430,179	1,920,505	3,430,179	1,906,460
Plumbago.....	6,452,925	7,170,321	10,457,490	39,194,333	2,791,872	39,194,333	2,791,872	39,194,333	2,791,872	2,912,902
Tea.....	56,854,563	59,564,250	61,389,772	915,698	38,935,511	915,698	38,935,511	915,698	38,935,511	1,740,953
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	924,295	989,232	915,698	2,184,271	454	2,184,271	454	2,184,271	454	93,162
All other articles.....	5,352,810	6,919,582	6,940,745	53,978,213	2,302,656	53,978,213	2,302,656	53,978,213	2,302,656	8,155,648
Totals (merchandise).....	101,108,876	102,189,709	109,711,644	53,978,213	53,452,988	53,978,213	53,452,988	53,978,213	53,452,988	10,337,656
Coin and bullion.....	3,157,050	300,350	2,805,270	1,515,270	1,515,270	1,515,270	1,515,270	1,515,270	1,515,270	
Total exports.....	104,265,926	102,490,059	112,516,914	53,978,213	54,968,258	53,978,213	54,968,258	53,978,213	54,968,258	10,337,656

TRADE OF FRANCE (Seven Months).

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Value of the Imports entered for Consumption into and Exports from France during the *seven months* ending July, 1906 and 1907.

	SEVEN MONTHS ENDING JULY.		+ Increase. —Decrease. Year 1907 com- pared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	94,292,200	111,873,000	+ 17,580,800
Raw materials.....	449,063,000	470,926,400	+ 21,863,400
Manufactures.....	115,411,400	130,553,800	+ 15,142,400
Total imports.....	658,766,600	713,353,200	+ 54,586,600
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	74,671,600	81,664,400	+ 6,992,800
Raw materials.....	169,211,400	181,004,800	+ 11,793,400
Manufactures.....	304,781,000	338,584,000	+ 33,803,000
Small parcels.....	45,553,000	46,582,000	+ 1,029,000
Total exports.....	594,217,000	647,835,200	+ 53,618,200
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	658,766,600	713,353,200	+ 54,586,600
Exports.....	594,217,000	647,835,200	+ 53,618,200
Total trade.....	1,252,983,600	1,361,188,400	+ 108,204,800

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *seven months* ending July 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	SEVEN MONTHS ENDING JULY.		+ Increase. —Decrease. Year 1907 com- pared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	11,079	79,468	+ 68,389
	Other countries.....	96,532	106,779	+ 10,247
	Totals.....	107,611	186,247	+ 78,636
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	22,332	40,613	+ 18,281
	Other countries.....	195,602	115,145	—80,457
	Totals.....	217,934	155,758	—62,176
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	3,938	89,869	+ 85,931
	Other countries.....	21,777	16,501	—5,276
	Totals.....	25,715	106,370	+ 80,655
Rye.....	All countries.....	287	9,893	+ 9,606
Corn.....	All countries.....	186,421	286,902	+ 100,481

NOTE.—Metric ton=1,000 kgr=2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from August report of A. Poindron, Commercial Agent at Paris.

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

AUGUST 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a)								
Land occupied (census)	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census)	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
" "	17,386,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088
Currency and Banking—To June 30—								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank.	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	96,362,130
Circulation—								
Dominion notes	7,367,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427	58,316,532
Notes issued by Chartered Banks	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	63,366,505	75,510,402
Chartered Banks—								
Assets	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,494,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	958,342,255
Liabilities	77,486,796	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,320,761	534,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	781,075,583
Deposits in Chartered Banks	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	468,571,648	536,769,519	589,453,889
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks	2,497,260	6,208,227	21,738,648	39,450,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	46,832,611
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O.	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	16,101,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,911,071
Deposits in Special Savings Banks	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,399,194	28,520,547
Total Deposits	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,932,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	626,079,335	679,724,118
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks	17,153	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	164,542
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O.	28,212	28,212	56,149	48,569	47,531	47,350	45,021	45,021
Discounts to the people—								
Chartered Banks	86,121,888	134,113,252	202,692,481	318,240,549	455,134,220	480,906,634	559,338,229	639,970,696
Education—To December 31—								
Pupils enrolled	773,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714
Teachers engaged	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487
Expenditure	4,650,206	7,344,068	9,282,540	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—								
Failures	726	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Assets				7,686,823	8,555,877	6,822,005	6,449,652	6,449,652
Liabilities				10,811,671	11,394,115	9,854,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Finance—Fiscal Years.								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund	19,355,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	70,669,317	71,182,772	80,139,360 (c)	86,805,495
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund	15,023,082	25,592,554	36,343,568	46,866,368	55,612,833	63,319,682	67,270,641 (c)	54,213,682
" Gross	19,283,478	33,796,643	40,793,208	57,952,866	72,255,048	78,804,138	88,277,612 (c)	68,180,901

Public Debt—Gross.....	\$	115,492,685	(c)	27,773	(c)	47,991	(c)	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680	(c)	376,687,200
—Net.....	\$	77,706,518						297,809,030	268,480,004	260,807,719	206,224,167	267,042,978	(c)	252,576,841
—Interest paid on.....	\$	5,165,304				7,591,145	9,584,137	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697		
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.							(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064		
Insurance—To December 31—														
Fire Insurance in force.....	\$	228,453,784				462,210,968	759,602,191	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244		
Premiums received.....	\$	2,321,716				3,827,116	6,168,716	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963		
Life Insurance—														
Policies in force.....	No.					62,857	170,602	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690		
Amount in force.....	\$	45,825,935				103,290,932	261,475,229	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	656,261,100		
Premiums received.....	\$	1,852,974				3,094,689	8,417,702	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456		
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—														
Assets—														
Total loans.....	\$					64,498,542	110,082,219	110,082,219	125,387,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424		
Property owned.....	\$					9,408,096	14,958,927	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023		
Total assets.....	\$	8,392,464				73,906,638	125,041,146	125,041,146	158,023,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447		
Liabilities—														
Capital paid up.....	\$	4,877,070				25,845,639	34,658,749	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734		
Reserved fund.....	\$					5,128,413	10,190,670	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706		
Deposits.....	\$	2,399,136				13,460,268	18,482,959	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194		
Debentures payable.....	\$					23,154,234	54,898,094	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540		
Other liabilities.....	\$					4,376,463	5,685,232	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,584,273		
Total liabilities.....	\$	8,392,958				71,965,017	123,915,704	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447		
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....		(d) 6,043,868				(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170			
Metallic Minerals—							5,421,659	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204			
Copper.....	\$						1,149,598	1,149,598	6,096,561	5,306,635	7,497,660			
Gold.....	\$	2,174,412				1,313,163	930,614	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395			
Iron ore.....	\$						142,005	142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500			
— pig from Canadian ore.....	\$								1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116			
Lead.....	\$						3,857	3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632			
Nickel.....	\$						2,775,976	2,775,976	4,594,623	4,219,153	7,550,526			
Silver.....	\$						403,549	403,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,075			
Non-Metallic Minerals—							13,304,957	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966			
Asbestos.....	\$								999,878	1,256,352	1,503,259			
Cement.....	\$					35,100	101,561	101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014			
Coal.....	\$						7,019,425	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263			
Coke.....	\$						175,592	175,592						
Petroleum.....	\$						1,010,211	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028			

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31. No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—								
Post offices. No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued. {	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098
Post cards sent. {	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404				
Letters sent. {	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Revenue. {	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,000	191,661,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Expenditure. {	1,271,006	1,767,953	3,374,888	6,641,608	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,093
		2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—								
Canals—Vessels through } Season of naviga- { Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	
Freight carried } tion	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.				672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.				287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross.				5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses.				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation. No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried.		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried. Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	
Earnings—Gross. \$	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,222,865	
Working expenses. \$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years—								
Customs Duties collected. \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101	53,006,546
Excise Revenue collected. \$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	15,732,671
Imports, Total—								
Dutiable Goods. \$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	204,835,646
Free Goods. \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080	129,453,273
Totals (mdse). \$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	334,288,919
Coin and Bullion. \$	2,793,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,485	7,078,603	9,604,464
Total imports. \$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	343,893,383

Exports—Home Produce—

Mine, ..	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,628,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	36,146,140
Fisheries, ..	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,715,401	10,726,352	10,759,029	11,114,318	16,025,840	13,786,437
Forest, ..	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,854,170	43,423,172
Animal produce, ..	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,367,741	55,495,311	63,812,117	63,337,458	66,455,960	67,877,104
Agricultural products, ..	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,696,858	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,150	54,062,337	49,544,327
Manufactures, ..	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	26,273,049
Miscellaneous, ..	387,554	622,182	45,357	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906	178,638
Home produce (mdse), ..	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	239,634,767
Foreign produce (mdse), ..	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	14,524,286
Total exports (mdse), ..	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	254,159,053
Coin and Bullion, ..	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,928,828	18,047,553
Total exports (a), ..	\$ 71,724,950	\$ 95,267,501	\$ 95,503,302	\$ 196,487,635	\$ 213,521,235	\$ 203,316,872	\$ 256,586,630	\$ 272,206,606
Total trade (a), ..	\$ 167,817,921	\$ 200,598,341	\$ 215,470,940	\$ 386,903,157	\$ 472,733,038	\$ 470,151,289	\$ 550,872,645	\$ 616,099,989
Shipping—Sea-going, ..	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	13,904,574
Coasting, ..	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,795	45,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062	31,691,420
Inland water, ..	..	5,698,095	8,107,432	11,486,746	15,375,409	16,689,365	17,888,743	16,691,017
Total shipping, ..	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234	62,287,311

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(b) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31 (c) Unrevised.

Value for 1871, ..	.....\$ 2,448,668
" 1881, ..	.....3,023,322
" 1891, ..	.....2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,709,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,237,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,765,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546
TWELVE MONTHS							
	640,333,157	219,998,425	141,284,670	361,283,095	9,830,043	371,113,138	58,259,233

(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending August, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)						Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.		
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	163,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907

ENDING AUGUST, 1907.

239,815,251	14,216,166	254,031,417	15,193,602	269,225,019	58,259,233	
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MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, five months and twelve months* ending August, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.						EXPORTS.						Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.					
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.							
											\$	\$			
1898	7,210,547	5,351,715	12,562,262	1,528,497	14,090,759	12,961,136	1,138,547	14,099,683	167,430	14,267,113	28,357,872	2,047,265	1898		
1899	9,923,991	6,008,971	15,932,962	1,387,017	17,319,979	17,418,378	2,537,036	19,955,414	202,283	20,157,697	37,477,676	2,736,585	1899		
1900	9,549,806	6,971,273	16,521,079	36,456	16,557,535	20,914,234	684,101	21,598,335	112,204	21,710,539	38,268,074	2,551,347	1900		
1901	10,545,075	6,783,792	17,328,867	1,363,034	18,691,901	19,802,029	1,198,641	21,000,670	141,198	21,141,868	39,833,769	2,835,350	1901		
1902	12,136,597	6,588,647	18,725,244	154,588	18,879,832	21,134,071	772,166	21,906,237	53,945	21,960,182	40,840,014	3,220,087	1902		
1903	13,772,951	8,542,771	22,315,725	1,050,388	23,366,063	23,498,885	1,885,222	25,384,107	35,430	25,419,537	48,785,600	3,783,285	1903		
1904	13,973,291	8,505,811	22,479,102	886,259	23,365,361	21,826,954	753,700	22,580,654	240,221	22,820,875	46,186,236	3,877,069	1904		
1905	15,339,907	8,921,198	24,261,105	68,197	24,329,302	20,902,876	405,472	21,308,348	80,131	21,388,479	45,717,781	4,158,555	1905		
1906	17,240,532	10,677,574	27,918,106	274,685	28,192,791	24,050,561	1,657,800	25,708,361	2,163,712	27,872,073	56,064,864	4,533,995	1906		
1907	20,865,771	12,389,603	33,255,374	664,246	33,919,620	26,179,698	1,472,448	27,652,146	158,910	27,811,056	61,730,676	5,571,337	1907		

MONTH OF AUGUST, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF AUGUST, 1898 TO 1907.

FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	35,739,473	26,709,842	62,509,315	3,130,024	65,648,339	51,910,398	7,057,582	59,567,980	672,592	60,240,572	125,888,911	10,058,662	1898
1899	40,454,817	27,478,975	67,933,792	3,076,224	71,010,016	56,874,561	7,225,800	64,100,361	949,871	65,050,232	136,060,248	11,280,105	1899
1900	43,740,516	29,693,736	73,443,252	2,865,344	76,308,596	66,205,649	3,975,393	70,181,042	1,074,182	71,255,224	147,563,820	11,761,838	1900
1901	46,786,559	33,262,411	80,048,970	1,904,955	81,953,925	74,604,118	7,761,273	82,365,391	1,137,515	83,502,906	165,456,831	12,604,123	1901
1902	54,236,034	33,963,277	88,199,311	2,141,753	90,341,064	88,219,744	4,641,560	92,861,304	248,785	93,110,089	183,451,153	14,484,472	1902
1903	64,694,315	45,706,466	110,400,781	7,118,816	117,519,597	91,896,213	6,571,758	98,407,971	249,523	98,657,494	216,177,091	17,272,179	1903
1904	65,628,735	42,920,377	108,558,112	5,314,300	113,872,412	79,040,539	3,115,934	82,156,473	2,335,780	84,492,253	198,364,665	17,762,646	1904
1905	69,212,390	45,807,921	115,020,311	915,382	115,935,693	79,954,363	4,773,246	84,727,609	1,307,451	86,035,060	201,970,753	18,431,391	1905
1906	79,535,907	52,704,539	132,240,446	2,744,701	134,983,237	99,689,570	5,909,527	105,509,097	7,546,491	113,145,588	248,130,825	20,717,383	1906
1907	98,632,832	64,120,428	162,753,260	2,970,370	165,723,630	99,870,054	5,601,407	105,471,461	4,692,540	110,164,001	275,887,631	25,970,070	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	80,203,493	54,689,186	134,892,679	4,878,710	139,771,389	136,224,366	15,291,354	151,515,720	4,849,218	156,364,938	296,136,327	23,161,398	1898
1899	87,496,209	59,841,853	147,338,062	5,287,935	152,525,997	136,336,117	18,547,927	154,883,144	4,184,462	159,067,606	311,693,603	25,216,472	1899
1900	106,899,832	68,761,516	175,661,348	6,352,489	182,013,837	157,031,190	11,835,104	168,866,294	8,523,224	177,389,518	359,403,355	28,905,695	1900
1901	104,397,103	72,353,345	176,750,448	4,703,157	181,453,605	177,257,278	19,869,365	197,126,643	2,117,263	199,243,906	380,697,511	29,224,849	1901
1902	120,952,043	76,606,410	197,558,453	5,116,653	202,675,106	199,932,344	11,565,774	211,798,118	1,609,497	213,407,615	416,082,721	33,042,147	1902
1903	140,558,735	92,830,252	223,388,987	10,286,930	243,675,917	217,510,122	13,432,473	230,942,595	516,547	231,459,142	475,135,659	38,204,354	1903
1904	148,908,468	94,143,067	243,051,535	7,011,188	250,062,725	194,249,392	9,633,988	203,883,380	2,710,758	206,594,138	456,656,861	41,014,601	1904
1905	152,659,433	101,130,832	253,790,265	9,482,945	263,273,210	189,117,016	10,875,603	199,992,619	1,646,236	201,638,555	464,912,065	42,398,977	1905
1906	177,066,187	114,698,931	291,765,118	7,613,136	299,378,254	242,131,740	12,387,928	254,719,668	12,514,506	267,234,174	566,612,428	47,415,002	1906
1907	219,998,425	141,284,670	361,283,095	9,830,043	371,113,138	239,815,251	14,216,166	254,031,417	15,193,602	269,225,019	640,338,157	58,259,233	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of August, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	981,802	750,218	4,474,386	4,586,759	1,240,564	911,390	16,617	12,961,136	155,108	13,116,244	1898
1899.....	1,141,672	938,459	5,456,624	7,471,023	1,345,238	1,045,988	19,374	17,418,378	77,335	17,495,713	1899
1900.....	8,584,483	1,027,427	4,062,973	5,110,542	1,009,884	1,108,148	10,777	20,914,234	354	20,914,588	1900
1901.....	6,353,614	950,518	4,358,462	5,552,796	1,257,712	1,345,848	3,079	19,802,029	.....	19,802,029	1901
1902.....	3,340,502	952,651	4,606,316	8,707,946	1,993,654	1,521,382	11,620	21,134,071	.....	21,134,071	1902
1903.....	6,031,812	988,764	4,709,048	7,242,996	2,816,699	1,706,847	2,719	23,498,885	.....	23,498,885	1903
1904.....	3,825,345	1,017,866	4,338,006	7,821,925	2,936,168	1,879,810	7,834	21,826,954	.....	21,826,954	1904
1905.....	4,392,188	1,234,060	4,134,366	7,627,757	1,402,969	2,057,321	4,215	20,902,876	.....	20,902,876	1905
1906.....	2,826,598	1,365,746	6,007,579	9,152,641	2,682,385	2,009,258	6,374	24,050,561	.....	24,050,561	1906
1907.....	4,166,931	1,564,729	5,456,632	7,524,515	5,197,542	2,267,884	2,065	26,179,698	.....	26,179,698	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	27,001	38	22,270	237,251	761,373	72,395	18,239	1,138,547	12,322	1,150,869	1898
1899	30,290	18,044	211,933	161,045	2,009,908	80,693	25,123	2,537,036	124,948	2,661,984	1899
1900	10,714	11	5,428	159,166	271,634	174,797	62,351	684,101	111,850	795,951	1900
1901	17,153	4,222	475	79,577	867,300	210,649	19,265	1,198,641	141,198	1,339,839	1901
1902	14,990	7,466	2,331	127,500	332,315	237,319	50,245	772,166	53,945	826,111	1902
1903	20,906	5,668	102,631	66,488	1,499,955	164,710	24,814	1,885,222	35,430	1,920,652	1903
1904	23,376	2,453	35,354	92,195	276,783	289,993	33,546	753,700	240,221	993,921	1904
1905	28,200	939	2,423	31,287	29,829	251,016	61,808	405,472	80,131	485,603	1905
1906	17,917	236	970	157,066	1,082,677	339,940	58,994	1,657,800	2,163,712	3,821,512	1906
1907	27,589	10,982	175,946	94,104	615,496	416,114	132,217	1,472,448	158,910	1,631,358	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,008,803	750,256	4,496,656	4,823,990	2,001,937	983,785	34,256	14,099,683	167,430	14,267,113	1898
1899	1,171,962	956,503	5,668,557	7,632,068	3,355,146	1,126,681	44,497	19,955,414	202,283	20,157,697	1899
1900	8,595,197	1,027,438	4,068,401	5,269,708	1,281,518	1,282,945	73,128	21,598,335	112,204	21,710,539	1900
1901	6,350,767	954,740	4,358,937	5,632,373	2,125,012	1,556,497	22,344	21,000,670	141,198	21,141,868	1901
1902	3,355,492	960,117	4,608,647	8,835,446	2,325,969	1,758,701	61,865	21,906,237	53,945	21,960,182	1902
1903	6,052,718	994,432	4,811,729	7,309,484	4,316,654	1,871,557	27,533	25,384,107	35,430	25,419,537	1903
1904	3,848,721	1,020,319	4,373,360	7,914,120	3,212,951	2,169,803	41,380	22,580,654	240,221	22,820,875	1904
1905	4,420,388	1,284,999	4,136,789	7,659,014	1,432,798	2,308,337	66,023	21,308,348	89,131	21,388,479	1905
1906	2,844,515	1,365,982	6,008,549	9,309,707	3,765,062	2,349,178	65,368	25,708,361	2,163,712	27,872,073	1906
1907	4,194,520	1,575,711	5,631,978	7,618,619	5,813,038	2,683,998	134,282	27,652,146	158,910	27,811,056	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—*Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *five months* ending August, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	4,292,969	4,014,358	15,233,711	14,935,614	8,971,386	4,385,958	76,402	51,910,398	485,813	52,396,211	1898
1899	5,611,498	4,279,859	16,146,255	18,795,673	6,863,272	5,150,404	90,620	56,574,561	505,043	57,379,604	1899
1900	14,203,294	4,430,358	13,369,220	20,349,668	8,155,900	5,734,576	100,373	66,343,389	448,486	66,791,875	1900
1901	19,456,121	3,985,826	16,213,259	20,056,483	7,946,554	6,988,167	7,708	74,604,118	185,426	74,789,544	1901
1902	14,858,418	4,312,040	17,453,056	26,312,891	17,031,555	8,231,920	19,864	88,219,744	.....	88,219,744	1902
1903	13,797,407	4,526,513	17,564,695	27,525,583	19,308,892	9,097,628	15,495	91,836,213	.....	91,836,213	1903
1904	12,475,604	4,519,728	15,840,609	24,387,519	13,037,456	8,672,982	106,611	79,040,539	.....	79,040,539	1904
1905	14,476,573	4,544,074	17,228,226	26,343,748	8,103,589	9,223,159	34,994	79,954,363	.....	79,954,363	1905
1906	14,645,326	5,338,021	21,275,281	29,028,052	18,481,317	10,849,154	72,419	99,689,570	.....	99,689,570	1906
1907	16,729,491	4,990,844	26,133,526	22,377,553	24,844,348	10,762,652	31,640	99,870,054	.....	99,870,054	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	125,053	8,952	52,664	537,033	5,997,575	667,921	268,284	657,582	186,779	7,844,361	1898
1899	79,643	39,082	236,121	515,180	5,795,189	435,984	124,601	7,225,800	444,828	7,670,628	1899
1900	63,652	2,786	91,385	466,171	2,532,567	635,292	133,540	3,975,393	487,956	4,463,349	1900
1901	69,995	5,319	11,897	453,858	6,217,802	896,166	106,236	7,761,273	952,089	8,713,362	1901
1902	50,590	14,390	5,366	367,411	2,720,291	1,131,112	352,400	4,641,560	243,785	4,890,345	1902
1903	62,371	14,172	138,359	274,968	4,917,131	964,724	200,033	6,571,758	249,523	6,821,281	1903
1904	64,704	6,757	48,340	327,094	1,174,249	1,270,963	223,827	3,115,934	2,335,780	5,451,714	1904
1905	110,248	18,828	21,431	239,667	2,345,034	1,434,533	604,005	4,773,246	1,307,451	6,080,697	1905
1906	109,755	7,365	85,323	372,518	3,509,644	1,406,008	418,914	5,909,527	7,546,491	13,456,018	1906
1907	104,469	17,102	181,946	297,971	3,053,144	1,620,689	321,086	5,601,407	4,692,540	10,293,947	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	4,418,022	4,023,310	15,286,375	15,472,647	14,969,061	5,053,879	344,636	59,567,980	672,592	60,240,572	1898
1899	5,691,141	4,315,941	16,352,356	19,310,853	12,598,461	5,586,388	215,221	64,100,361	949,871	65,050,232	1899
1900	14,266,946	4,433,144	13,460,605	20,815,839	10,688,467	6,369,868	283,913	70,318,782	936,442	71,255,224	1900
1901	19,526,116	3,941,145	16,225,156	20,510,341	14,164,356	7,884,333	113,944	82,365,391	1,137,515	83,502,906	1901
1902	14,903,008	4,326,430	17,458,422	26,630,302	19,751,846	9,363,032	372,264	92,861,304	248,785	93,110,089	1902
1903	13,856,778	4,540,685	17,703,054	27,800,551	24,226,023	10,062,352	215,528	98,407,971	249,523	98,657,494	1903
1904	12,540,305	4,526,485	15,888,949	24,714,643	14,211,705	9,943,945	330,438	82,156,473	2,335,780	84,492,253	1904
1905	14,586,821	4,562,402	17,249,057	26,583,415	10,448,623	10,657,692	638,999	84,727,609	1,307,451	86,035,060	1905
1906	14,755,081	5,345,386	21,360,604	29,400,570	21,900,961	12,255,162	491,333	105,599,097	7,546,491	113,145,588	1906
1907	16,838,960	5,007,946	20,315,472	22,675,524	27,897,492	12,383,341	352,726	105,471,461	4,692,540	110,164,001	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	7,870,125	14,886,014	9,629,358	14,928,803	27,847,699	41,153,071	32,754,296	55,653,099	44,163,321	54,221,473		
Bermuda.....		24,296		3,760		148,089		148,792		114,570		
British Africa.....	2,438	90,255	4,630	173,809	15,884	794,755	131,021	583,221	17,526	724,750		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	3,446	142,380	58,205	275,780	66,335	664,774	68,983	695,525	211,482	875,042		
New Zealand.....	21,292	71,800	15,170	123,247	130,482	219,284	82,687	323,017	170,669	335,092		
British East Indies.....	289,961	750	290,372	718	1,152,652	14,571	1,711,383	4,147	1,777,649	6,694		
Guiana.....	85,046	68,059	182,487	7,018	1,465,895	198,592	684,694	232,449	571,533	176,554		
" West Indies.....	485,357	227,208	668,152	110,432	2,769,724	889,634	3,106,646	1,076,968	8,440,765	882,265		
Fiji.....		735	19,813	4,884	462,330	15,019		10,430	80,937	12,128		
Hong Kong.....	13,669		20,227	493	54,585	47,696	84,887		91,822	14,236		
Newfoundland.....	210,315	174,225	131,776	196,497	530,421	1,120,560	608,345	1,186,589	418,512	1,103,770		
Other British Colonies.....	165	4,021	32	200	1,224	7,481	3,750	15,279	1,748	11,542		
Totals.....	8,981,814	15,689,833	11,020,222	15,825,641	34,497,231	45,274,186	39,236,692	59,929,516	50,946,304	58,430,116		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentina Republic.....	178,337	330,279	14,448	195,875	404,661	562,802	719,703	978,900	114,798	758,692		
Austria-Hungary.....	95,078	107	181,861		294,492	129	391,188	1,985	563,997	4,523		
Belgium.....	170,577	195,178	186,008	167,230	1,292,814	862,969	962,454	983,151	1,258,280	791,025		
Brazil.....	43,076	26,111	30,841	104,245	176,541	186,139	120,632	198,011	128,565	271,858		
Central American States.....	6,942	6,301	11,016	8,317	120,099	15,893	88,636	35,624	84,916	28,077		
China.....	22,699	65,477	94,502	94,095	195,244	597,149	155,655	403,810	287,882	464,257		
Colombia.....		39,244	20,966	3,241	54,377	71,013	31,360	154,948	52,416	164,201		
Cuba.....	50,005	107,072	21,822	90,958	163,338	356,340	211,060	427,831	149,948	389,643		
Denmark.....	350	5,400	4,109	17,943	4,003	38,602	8,807	36,345	19,204	60,210		

Dutch E. Indies	105,282	.....	35,553	.....	566,536	.....	304,375	451	193,648	.....	310,038	.....
France.....	883,673	366,601	1,027,397	.....	3,537	.....	2,750,339	790,098	3,346,715	.....	4,373,220	.....
French W. Indies.....	.....	45	.....	.....	152,881	.....	20	5,018	330	.....	6,908	.....
Germany.....	667,420	66,738	922,252	.....	.....	.....	2,714,873	472,370	2,927,899	.....	3,580,944	.....
Greece.....	18,024	.....	13,287	.....	.....	.....	46,802	120	81,966	.....	103,064	.....
Holland.....	66,672	12,166	132,209	.....	.....	.....	408,876	107,371	441,034	.....	223,055	.....
Italy.....	79,950	29,275	61,630	.....	.....	.....	186,103	49,703	301,350	.....	689,865	.....
Japan.....	171,767	8,188	210,705	.....	.....	.....	629,976	128,313	654,269	.....	408,738	.....
Mexico.....	16,566	32,425	44,466	.....	.....	.....	38,878	64,642	191,783	.....	824,773	.....
Norway and Sweden :—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	452,390	.....
Norway.....	16,726	26,979	7,404	.....	.....	.....	64,981	55,227	83,968	.....	44,199	.....
Sweden.....	.....	600	14,268	.....	.....	.....	10,728	19,895	163,133	.....	68,334	.....
Peru.....	23,092	18,872	14,290	.....	.....	.....	105,467	1,959	12,991	.....	46,372	.....
Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	793	.....	.....	.....	187,456	154,898	143,923	.....	36,024	.....
Portugal.....	16,408	8,483	11,601	.....	.....	.....	43,078	39,949	60,900	.....	6,295	.....
Russia.....	30,328	4,247	33,378	.....	.....	.....	63,735	39,219	71,484	.....	63,429	.....
Spain.....	135,421	.....	49,418	.....	.....	.....	184,603	18,373	199,234	.....	132,352	.....
Switzerland.....	16,313,596	10,771,083	242,564	.....	.....	.....	803,743	6,718	701,231	.....	262,031	.....
United States.....	63,433	60,081	19,463,863	.....	.....	.....	70,097,293	35,892,221	83,420,899	.....	1,051,866	.....
Other Foreign Countries.....	.....	.....	48,747	.....	.....	.....	191,687	243,158	225,426	.....	99,063,510	.....
Totals.....	19,210,977	12,182,240	22,899,398	.....	.....	.....	81,438,462	40,760,874	95,748,545	.....	645,508	.....
Grand totals.....	28,192,791	27,872,073	33,919,620	.....	.....	.....	115,935,693	86,035,060	134,985,237	.....	114,777,326	.....
	56,064,864	.....	61,730,676	.....	.....	.....	201,970,753	.....	243,130,825	.....	165,723,630	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	275,887,631	.....

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 13,538	.....	\$ 19,827	.....	\$ 69,897	.....	\$ 74,847	.....	\$ 109,154	.....
	United States.....	40,314	.....	42,152	.....	101,354	.....	104,556	.....	208,693	.....
	Other countries..	1,131	.....	959	.....	7,357	.....	4,998	.....	6,705	.....
	Totals	54,983	.....	62,938	.....	178,608	.....	244,401	.....	324,552	.....
Animals, living	Great Britain	48	171,344	95	106,344	938	147,373	240	312,061	1,472	337,386
	United States.....	201,422	10,631	59,655	27,806	502,631	138,139	909,096	227,571	349,628	227,004
	Other countries..	257	.....	400	.....	144	22,877	269	21,713	903	35,075
	Totals.....	201,727	182,025	60,150	134,152	503,713	308,389	909,605	561,345	352,003	599,465
Articlesex-warehoused, for ships' stores	Great Britain.....	.....	2,772	.....	1,879	.....	13,107	.....	14,875	.....	11,156
	United States.....	.....	78,997	.....	49,136	.....	238,486	.....	222,401	.....	226,678
	Other countries..	.....	1,903	.....	621	.....	4,885	.....	5,551	.....	6,381
	Totals.....	.....	83,732	.....	51,636	.....	276,478	.....	242,827	.....	244,215
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	3,374	.....	629	.....	1,365
	United States.....	.....	27	.....	9	.....	482	.....	1,066	.....	379
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	218	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	27	.....	14	.....	4,074	.....	2,023	.....	1,734

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	216,169	.....	.....	258,142	.....	445,336	.....	.....
	United States.....	51,599	.....	.....	462,585	.....	326,826	.....	.....
	Germany.....	14,541	.....	.....	12,897	.....	66,841	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	19,140	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	301,449	.....	.....	765,435	.....	872,806	.....	.....
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	12,079	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,094
	United States.....	38,664	.....	36,111	454	.....	159,431	.....	153,526
	Other countries.....	146	.....	1,118	850	.....	146	.....	6,284
	Totals.....	38,810	.....	49,308	98,705	.....	159,577	.....	171,904
Baking powder	Great Britain.....	.....	1	.....	.....	18	.....	48	.....
	United States.....	.....	2,298	.....	15	53,417	.....	52,660	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	2,299	.....	53,421	53,435	.....	52,708	.....
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.	Great Britain.....	36,185	59,322	38,044	136,579	134,868	115,161	186,074	155,057
	United States.....	58,107	136,127	85,841	504,098	545,189	239,942	600,566	331,487
	Other countries.....	5,739	5,509	9,885	28,328	46,185	40,395	55,103	45,842
	Totals.....	100,031	200,958	133,770	669,005	726,242	395,498	841,743	532,386
Breadstuffs :- Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....	14,439	14,990	.....	23,235	42,276	.....	56,446	.....
	United States.....	12,924	21,683	.....	52,254	47,736	5,106	70,581	1,180
	Other countries.....	9,150	23,301	.....	44,511	63,774	.....	84,497	.....
	Totals.....	36,513	59,974	.....	120,000	155,786	5,106	211,524	1,180
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....	90	364	.....	910	1,721	.....	3,321	.....
	United States.....	15,430	13,254	.....	88,537	72,821	.....	72,099	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	8	.....	.....	3	.....	237	.....
	Totals.....	15,520	13,626	.....	89,447	74,045	.....	75,637	.....
Rice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....	7,458	11,722	6,375	78,991	50,926	.....	94,533	73,765
	United States.....	407	154	.....	11,433	13,847	.....	5,747	9
	B. E. Indies.....	20,526	2,855	.....	34,852	76,121	.....	5,651	.....
	China.....	5,799	6,757	1,856	45,236	42,940	.....	43,194	15,504
Japan.....	.....	256	.....	37,398	.....	5,850	.....	.....	115,948
	Other countries.....	21,022	2,511	23,413	55,736	122,975	.....	15,632	132,192
	Totals.....	55,468	23,999	31,644	263,646	312,659	.....	164,807	337,508

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	6,006	527,949	34,986	1,209,892	185,305	3,090,583	174,079	2,161,702	161,976	3,843,729
	United States.....					45	432		770		
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	6,006	527,949	34,986	1,209,892	185,350	3,091,015	174,079	2,162,472	161,976	3,843,729
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....					11				10	
	United States.....	14,484		18,727		75,685		71,537		67,183	
	Other countries.....			7		14				30	
	Totals.....	14,484		18,734		75,710		71,537		67,223	
All other, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	181		612		3,626	56	2,497	43	1,293	
	United States.....	28,684	2	17,294		260,784	378	132,237	233	94,682	87
	Other countries.....	151		373		1,381		1,124		2,401	
	Totals.....	29,016	2	18,279		265,791	434	135,858	276	98,376	87
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	22,168		27,688	6,375	106,773	56	97,420		155,603	73,765
	United States.....	77,935	527,951	106,098	1,209,892	673,998	3,100,216	511,757	2,167,041	472,268	3,845,005
	Other countries.....	56,904		35,812	25,269	219,173	432	321,787	770	151,692	263,734
	Totals.....	157,007	527,951	169,598	1,241,536	999,944	3,100,704	930,964	2,167,854	779,563	4,182,504
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	7,829	20,463	9,744	33,916	14,133	79,196	36,537	89,613	49,519	109,063
	United States.....	36,360	82,792	38,926	48,115	191,249	207,768	175,160	263,323	202,714	301,474
	Other countries.....	226		9		647	90	783		221	60
	Totals.....	44,415	103,255	48,679	82,031	206,029	287,054	212,480	352,936	252,454	410,596

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	8,990	.....	2,881	25,487	.....	16,567	.....	14,357
	United States.....	3,672	.....	3,007	15,866	.....	24,692	.....	14,409
	Other countries.....	2,864	.....	8,040	3,089	.....	12,904	.....	11,704
	Totals.....	15,526	.....	13,928	44,442	.....	54,103	.....	40,470
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	8,242	.....	11,511	68,464	.....	71,251	.....	79,578
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
	Totals.....	8,242	.....	11,511	68,464	.....	71,251	.....	79,598
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	.....	5,179	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	14,941	10,329	.....	13,158	13,257	.....	23,434	.....
	Other countries.....	10,445	20,961	.....	54,584	60,666	.....	64,337	.....
	Totals.....	28,498	36,469	.....	38,170	37,879	.....	57,604	.....
		.....	.....	.....	105,912	111,802	.....	145,375	.....
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	6,011	7,178	39	19,925	78	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	14,105	23,407	347	62,985	1,978	316	27,252	185
	Other countries.....	8,291	17,863	670	48,163	921	1,845	101,734	2,143
	Totals.....	28,407	48,448	1,056	131,073	2,977	2,729	60,181	3,418
		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,890	189,167	5,746
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	701	1,130	.....	5,311	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	4,169	3,770	.....	32,825	28,800	.....	5,090	.....
	Other countries.....	34	217	.....	405	488	.....	22,897	.....
	Totals.....	4,904	5,117	.....	38,541	34,608	.....	460	.....
		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,447	.....
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs... ..	Great Britain.....	38,035	1,363	.....	111,894	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	1,050	685	.....	10,692	118,500	.....	13,377	.....
	Other countries.....	4,175	1,360	.....	12,643	11,445	.....	6,547	.....
	Totals.....	43,260	3,408	.....	135,229	24,880	.....	26,395	.....
		.....	.....	.....	.....	154,775	.....	46,319	.....
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....	1,405	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Automobiles.....	United States.....	40,416	19,569	.....	17,475	100,439	.....	113,236	.....
	Other countries.....	4,301	51,854	.....	235,070	345,065	.....	476,377	.....
	Totals.....	46,122	75,276	.....	32,145	47,285	.....	69,809	.....
		.....	.....	.....	284,690	492,789	.....	659,422	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	\$ 566	...	\$ 445	...	\$ 2,284	...	\$ 3,720	...
	United States...	2,848	...	2,130	...	30,204	...	21,307	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	3,414	...	2,575	...	32,488	...	25,027	...
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	544	...	...	...	2,522	...	19,565	...
	United States...	25,007	...	33,052	...	107,380	...	118,787	...
	Other countries...	4,949	...	9,966	...	34,059	...	18,549	...
	Totals	30,500	...	43,018	...	143,961	...	156,901	...
Other carriages, carts, &c	Great Britain...	1,527	...	2,844	...	3,440	...	9,599	...
	United States...	78,547	...	113,074	...	505,112	...	705,275	...
	Other countries...	7	...	77	...	...	...	63	...
	Totals	80,081	...	115,925	...	508,552	...	714,937	...
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, wagons, &c	Great Britain...	4,042	...	22,858	...	25,721	...	133,323	...
	United States...	146,818	...	200,110	...	877,766	...	1,190,434	...
	Other countries...	9,257	...	13,896	...	66,204	...	65,897	...
	Totals	160,117	...	236,864	...	969,691	...	1,389,654	...
Cement	Great Britain...	40,107	...	56,069	...	130,977	...	155,907	...
	United States...	48,218	...	55,320	...	457,496	...	251,966	...
	Belgium	3,407	...	9,397	...	38,246	...	21,090	...
	Other countries...	5,910	...	508	...	25,067	...	13,859	...
	Totals	97,642	...	121,294	...	651,806	...	442,822	...
	Totals								

Clocks.....	Great Britain.....	1,693	.....	770	.....	7,275	.....	5,476	.....	8,898	.....
	United States.....	19,587	.....	21,236	.....	97,283	.....	113,311	.....	123,454	.....
	Germany.....	5,275	.....	6,081	.....	16,904	.....	22,904	.....	27,080	.....
	Other countries.....	1,049	.....	862	.....	6,420	.....	6,398	.....	4,578	.....
	Totals	27,604	.....	28,949	.....	127,882	.....	147,393	.....	164,010	.....
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	Great Britain.....	10,831	.....	631	.....	25,728	.....	33,747	.....	5,658	.....
	United States.....	597,368	.....	1,507,006	.....	3,744,544	.....	3,518,056	.....	6,311,219	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	413	81	.....	125	.....	44,324	.....
	Totals	608,199	.....	1,507,637	.....	3,770,353	.....	3,551,928	.....	6,361,201	.....
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain.....	14,571	.....	18,082	.....	86,578	.....	100,145	.....	111,007	.....
	United States.....	16,848	.....	21,100	.....	96,617	.....	106,363	.....	130,696	.....
	Other countries.....	17,448	.....	12,064	.....	35,022	.....	39,858	.....	68,523	.....
	Totals	48,864	.....	51,246	.....	218,217	.....	270,490	.....	307,797	.....
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory....	Great Britain.....	332	.....	1,826	.....	8,428	.....	7,893	.....	12,608	.....
	United States.....	7,124	.....	14,968	.....	48,620	.....	46,133	.....	56,525	.....
	Brazil.....	30,811	81,161	108,631	125,298
	Venezuela.....	712	3,963	49,646	19,036
	Other countries.....	5,269	.....	448	.....	2,610	.....	11,673	.....	2,904	.....
	Totals	12,725	.....	17,242	.....	59,658	.....	65,699	.....	72,037	.....
Collars and cuffs.....	Great Britain.....	5,792	.....	6,375	.....	20,387	.....	19,728	.....	27,698	.....
	United States.....	6,444	.....	8,368	.....	38,694	.....	35,384	.....	41,284	.....
	Aust.-Hungary.....	879	.....	3,201	.....	3,150	.....	19,393	.....	19,393	.....
	Other countries.....	1,954	.....	615	.....	17,997	.....	13,788	.....	2,088	.....
	Totals	15,069	.....	18,559	.....	80,228	.....	82,466	.....	90,463	.....
Combs.....	Great Britain.....	6,658	.....	5,009	.....	28,182	.....	35,960	.....	51,890	.....
	United States.....	7,670	.....	10,004	.....	31,771	.....	41,426	.....	52,173	.....
	Germany.....	2,349	.....	3,042	.....	13,788	.....	9,958	.....	16,245	.....
	Other countries.....	5,085	.....	8,619	.....	7,463	.....	19,450	.....	36,706	.....
	Totals	21,762	.....	26,674	.....	81,204	.....	106,824	.....	156,014	.....
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of....	Great Britain.....	11,896	.....	19,997	.....	85,847	.....	75,011	.....	108,758	.....
	United States.....	9,603	.....	8,810	.....	74,165	.....	57,209	.....	70,236	.....
	Other countries.....	418	.....	267	.....	1,638	.....	1,237	.....	455	.....
	Totals	21,917	.....	29,074	.....	161,650	.....	133,457	.....	179,449	.....
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			
			

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into
Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton....	Great Britain.....	\$	619	\$	112	\$	16,691	\$	781	\$	3,119
	United States.....		231,005		173,475		1,730,582		1,975,228		1,560,477
	Other countries..						8,170				11,189
	Totals.....		231,624		173,587		1,755,443		1,976,009		1,574,735
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain.....	3,286		16,706				35,296		95,815	
	United States.....	2,041		1,416		25,087		19,972		29,798	
	Switzerland.....	25,084		44,442		4,287		150,799		275,255	
	Other countries..	3,558		3,973		70,339		16,599		29,869	
	Totals.....	33,969		66,537		6,537					
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain.....	115,519		243,346		106,250		222,666		421,737	
	United States.....	26,567		11,021		294,711		460,306		989,944	
	Other countries..	2,285		2,588		91,327		140,738		113,896	
	Totals.....	144,371		256,955		5,734		16,473		15,713	
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain.....	251,469		301,757		391,772		617,517		1,119,053	
	United States.....	27,294		36,445		947,316		1,107,526		1,421,155	
	Other countries..	29,118		9,983		242,639		103,368		190,540	
	Totals.....	307,881		348,185		35,880		71,613		42,223	
Lace, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain.....					1,225,895		1,348,509		1,653,918	
	United States.....			69,276						342,153	
	Other countries..			2,016						8,180	
	Totals.....			32,855						133,320	
				104,147						483,653	

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain...	10,178	28,083	58,507	68,980	124,259
	United States...	2,494	1,690	13,851	14,351	21,335
	Germany.....	5,555	15,232	54,084	72,750	100,656
	Other countries..	4	282	743	1,014	915
	Totals.....	18,211	45,287	127,147	157,095	247,165
Thread.....	Great Britain...	60,156	78,649	218,051	260,734	427,969
	United States...	13,819	19,010	72,702	74,912	93,664
	Other countries..	1,840	1,110	8,635	5,529	4,205
	Totals.....	75,812	98,769	299,388	341,175	525,838
Valvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	83,255	84,226	196,101	209,555	257,949
	United States...	7,007	7,138	31,241	30,129	36,231
	Germany.....	3,391	7,180	26,190	21,822	21,627
	Other countries..	5,310	12,338	4,462	11,627	17,444
	Totals.....	98,963	110,882	257,994	273,133	333,251
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	148,808	220,362	457,667	628,632	1,000,893
	United States...	100,521	101,841	413,027	532,913	626,344
	Other countries..	15,977	27,616	64,330	74,708	97,936
	Totals.....	265,306	349,819	935,024	1,236,253	1,725,173
						284,172
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	672,668	1,042,405	2,197,440	2,771,029	4,660,137
	United States...	179,743	180,577	809,096	989,383	1,110,488
	Other countries..	92,102	157,539	276,934	442,936	739,763
	Totals.....	944,513	1,380,581	3,343,470	4,196,348	6,509,788
						1,858,907
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain...	26,183	31,663	109,002	117,576	152,330
	United States...	5,211	4,465	27,173	33,074	26,378
	Switzerland.....	3,662	12,297	45,169	19,420	45,169
	Other countries..	9,952	9,366	14,036	28,273	28,305
	Totals.....	45,008	57,791	172,827	198,343	252,182
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	95,119	66,257	293,750	467,897	382,507
	United States...	95,182	104,734	413,809	486,620	550,196
	Other countries..	28,812	50,637	216,483	217,410	281,486
	Totals.....	219,113	305,983	924,042	1,171,927	1,214,189
						2,993,385

Recapitulation.

Germany	24,105	11,224	97,224	111,122	36,024
Switzerland	2,765	4,510	4,472	26,602	13,936
Other countries	1,866	1,217	24,709	7,258	6,803
Totals	151,165	96,693	526,162	675,750	369,651
Fancy articles, other					
Great Britain	61,053	105,419	140,849	142,348	231,326
United States	35,731	32,743	121,985	140,450	134,688
France	40,866	44,536	48,808	83,241	89,674
Germany	50,951	86,774	113,763	163,359	229,901
Other countries	10,539	20,825	44,530	38,526	71,149
Totals	199,140	289,797	469,935	567,924	756,738
Fancy articles					
Great Britain	174,593	189,635	492,380	616,025	528,895
United States	52,692	51,801	221,504	220,446	221,430
Other countries	181,931	216,801	470,747	582,376	579,163
Totals	409,216	458,237	1,184,631	1,418,847	1,329,488
Fertilizers					
Great Britain	8	14	2,574	3,956	4,843
United States	217	7,319	49,856	75,097	131,796
Other countries	102	1,270	682	1,255	630
Totals	327	7,333	52,430	80,802	137,259
Fisheries, articles for the use of					
Great Britain	1,127	13,790	10,240	13,833	9,938
United States	852	21,435	12,517	196,896	7,219
Other countries		2,310	9	13,520	204,791
Totals	1,979	37,535	22,766	16,952	8
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.					
Great Britain	7,237	5,644	35,596	37,475	36,408
United States	21,582	29,830	137,362	130,391	146,893
Newfoundland		55,728		68	615
Other countries	9,493	8,453	36,148	211,647	212,915
Totals	38,312	43,927	209,106	43,789	53,318
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper, doilies, table and tray cloths, or napkins of linen, quilts and like articles of linen, N.O.P.					
Great Britain	67,959	70,554	246,359	277,239	297,291
United States	530	492	4,132	2,858	3,093
Germany	2,434	769	6,460	9,221	3,235
Other countries	7,873	16,625	24,417	32,747	55,210
Totals	78,796	88,440	281,368	322,065	358,829

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Hemp, undressed	Great Britain.....	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	4,158	5,777	14,117	193,422	115,292	195,635	82,790	106,635
	Other countries..	64,134	14,117	1,825	151,874	22,319	68,169	82,790	106,635
	Totals.....	16,212	21,719	345,296	332,835	257,598			
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain.....	32,052	23,664	72,989	129,614	232,955			
	United States.....	565	389	754	3,128	9,519			
	B. E. Indies.....	60,154	63,150	68,273	263,497	397,511			
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....	98,771	87,203	142,016	396,239	639,985			
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....								
	B. E. Indies.....								
	Other countries..								
	Totals.....								
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleach- ed, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain.....	67,398	48,909	229,578	312,303	288,755	283,452		
	United States.....	1,898	588	11,548	12,823	2,451	8,188		
	Other countries..	266	347	4,909	4,369	114,890	2,048		
	Total.....	69,562	49,899	246,035	329,495	406,096	293,688		

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain...	68,369	35,549	90,716	31,969	341,122	105,881	385,858	160,897	523,667	200,533
	United States...	7,002	4,215	8,101	2,141	30,380	23,296	36,780	22,395	45,064	15,074
	Other countries...	24,382	.....	19,816	.....	56,411	.....	85,249	.....	135,623	13,976
	Total	99,753	39,764	118,633	34,110	427,913	129,177	507,887	183,292	704,354	229,583
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	235,778	93,399	233,903	97,693	890,048	611,756	1,105,014	564,944	1,337,365	780,506
	United States...	9,995	63,389	9,565	16,683	46,814	176,842	55,589	220,070	63,864	122,587
	Other countries...	101,109	44,568	100,707	13,900	150,470	66,410	395,083	137,209	593,627	140,547
	Totals	346,882	206,356	344,175	128,276	1,097,332	855,008	1,555,686	922,223	1,996,856	1,043,640
Fruits:—											
Fruits and nuts, dried.	Great Britain...	6,073	.....	19,230	.....	11,100	.....	15,541	.....	39,682	.....
	United States...	52,771	.....	68,231	.....	289,141	.....	325,097	.....	318,137	.....
	France	7,246	.....	6,740	.....	40,043	.....	64,462	.....	72,038	.....
	Greece	17,133	.....	11,537	.....	39,778	.....	77,843	.....	96,795	.....
Other countries	Spain	6,696	.....	8,231	.....	47,465	.....	64,746	.....	73,716	.....
	Other countries	7,666	.....	18,858	.....	32,187	.....	59,153	.....	84,492	.....
	Totals	97,649	.....	132,836	.....	459,720	.....	606,842	.....	684,760	.....
Fruits, green.											
Great Britain...	Great Britain...	978	.....	482	3,658	12,820	.....	38,113	.....	436	125,560
	United States...	249,841	198,894	192,856	445,750	903,445	909,151	1,064,009	1,139,333	469,105	2,213,718
	Italy	53,971	.....	.....	23,628	82,916	.....	139,011	.....	.....	221,360
	Other countries...	1,608	18,398	385	6,748	12,031	18,675	24,763	48,637	1,429	40,436
Totals	Totals	306,398	217,292	193,223	479,784	1,011,212	927,826	1,285,896	1,187,970	471,030	2,601,074
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.											
Great Britain...	Great Britain...	11,022	.....	23,560	.....	50,605	312	74,868	715	111,219	.....
	United States...	7,301	.....	9,700	29	24,513	10	21,957	115	30,252	46
	Other countries...	3,605	.....	5,229	.....	21,648	.....	22,087	119	18,837	1,817
	Totals	21,928	.....	38,489	29	96,766	322	118,912	949	160,308	1,863
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits	Great Britain...	18,073	.....	43,272	3,658	74,525	312	128,592	715	151,297	125,560
	United States...	309,917	198,894	270,290	445,779	1,217,099	909,161	1,411,063	1,139,448	817,494	2,213,764
	Other countries...	97,985	18,398	50,986	30,376	276,074	18,675	472,065	48,756	347,307	263,613
	Totals	425,975	217,292	364,548	479,813	1,567,698	928,148	2,011,650	1,188,919	1,316,098	2,602,937

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain	67,659	28,300	84,376	12,867	273,073	242,919	262,414	193,551	331,680	133,518		
	United States	21,281	82,678	40,526	64,132	136,135	519,130	108,378	515,396	126,236	536,987		
	Germany	13,645	17,389	24,677	27,920	137,490	198,291	106,398	221,237	156,349	204,774		
	Other countries	21,430	18,766	16,315	17,473	141,142	98,992	123,633	59,329	102,371	42,768		
	Totals	124,015	147,133	165,894	122,452	687,840	1,059,392	600,823	989,513	716,636	918,047		
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain	44,843		26,740		147,939		230,571		202,626			
	United States	4,173		475		11,754		17,987		8,511			
	Belgium	67,344		23,510		124,254		377,277		288,996			
	Other countries			686		979		5,219		6,004			
	Totals	116,360		51,411		284,926		631,054		506,137			
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain	38,120		35,491		52,847		131,392		150,122			
	United States	86		4,275		6,321		4,010		6,247			
	Belgium	24,440		18,513		62,943		82,779		88,581			
	Other countries	3,741		9,607		16,479		15,747		28,936			
	Totals	66,387		67,886		138,590		233,928		273,886			
Glass, other	Great Britain	27,853	341	31,082		81,589		116,918	341	149,507			
	United States	49,678		69,026	4,359	242,730		293,936		345,201	4,396		
	Germany	9,891		15,502		74,682		58,174		87,274			
	Other countries	23,699		38,340		118,730	3,536	136,145	970	166,835	4,593		
	Totals	111,121	341	153,950	4,359	517,731	3,536	607,173	1,311	748,817	8,989		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.....	Great Britain.....	110,816	341	93,313	.....	282,375	.....	478,881	341	502,255	.....
	United States.....	53,937	.....	73,776	4,389	200,805	.....	317,933	.....	359,959	4,396
	Other countries.....	129,115	.....	106,158	.....	398,067	3,536	675,341	970	666,626	4,593
Totals.....		293,868	341	273,247	4,389	941,247	3,536	1,472,155	1,311	1,528,840	8,989
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	97,224	.....	137,383	.....	180,755	.....	239,501	.....	434,968	.....
	United States.....	15,554	.....	20,617	.....	65,942	.....	92,291	.....	93,327	.....
	France.....	57,226	.....	18,950	.....	83,199	.....	140,945	.....	97,890	.....
	Germany.....	14,882	.....	104,286	.....	65,745	.....	65,801	.....	216,755	.....
	Other countries.....	13,017	.....	16,350	.....	16,862	.....	34,984	.....	52,178	.....
Totals.....		197,903	.....	297,586	.....	397,803	.....	573,622	.....	894,908	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	Great Britain.....	8,836	.....	5,705	.....	22,770	.....	36,773	.....	27,093	.....
	United States.....	9,861	25	5,899	.....	35,058	489	46,054	64	36,849	316
	Germany.....	1,562	.....	2,261	.....	19,983	.....	18,350	.....	8,330	.....
	Other countries.....	5,326	.....	2,803	.....	16,864	.....	25,258	.....	15,618	.....
Totals.....		25,585	25	16,668	.....	94,675	489	126,435	64	88,990	316
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	11	63,665	111	11,405	240	89,537	97	66,472	916	80,448
	United States.....	3,537	38,034	3,656	89,776	15,466	192,266	19,737	174,477	34,300	426,971
	Other countries.....	1,586	74	2,254	1,111	10,444	2,872	9,105	30,138	12,764	297,511
Totals.....		5,134	101,773	6,021	102,292	26,150	284,675	28,939	271,087	48,070	804,930
Grease, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	358	582	82	788	93	3,148	361	4,100	212	5,501
	United States.....	5,693	46,989	7,072	83,475	19,613	108,533	39,914	186,291	42,206	357,703
	Other countries.....	43	704	.....	.....	59	5,901	43	3,365	.....	4,301
Totals.....		6,094	48,275	7,154	84,263	19,765	117,582	40,318	193,756	42,418	367,505
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	Great Britain.....	48,222	.....	112,492	.....	187,767	.....	246,423	.....	531,493	.....
	United States.....	31,240	.....	43,717	.....	113,191	.....	141,464	.....	192,856	.....
	Other countries.....	268	.....	53	.....	244	.....	1,719	.....	3,258	.....
Totals.....		79,730	.....	156,262	.....	301,202	.....	389,606	.....	727,607	.....
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	8,927	.....	12,766	5,162	50,297	545	42,591	1,004	79,172	7,442
	United States.....	66,321	142,724	58,308	222,396	247,215	965,880	276,420	976,164	318,344	1,692,255
	Other countries.....	2,441	21	4,195	13,764	10,676	346	15,653	1,727	24,559	47,740
Totals.....		77,689	142,745	75,329	241,322	308,128	966,771	394,664	978,895	422,075	1,747,437

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain...	2,230	8,283	1,641	2,090	5,126	8,463	6,472	11,241	9,539	15,676		
	United States...	1,894	614	2,911	14,539	8,848	29,734	6,204	36,121	9,740	61,211		
	Other countries.	496		862	488	665		2,206	10,468	3,782	3,794		
	Totals.....	4,590	8,897	5,414	17,067	14,639	41,418	14,882	57,830	23,061	80,681		
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain...	147,207	6,770	237,157	4,798	335,263	29,902	362,265	37,079	576,945	36,163		
	United States...	131,544	15,894	110,394	14,551	498,193	85,777	450,779	76,918	431,942	75,588		
	Other countries.	16,745	5,431	24,492	2,780	21,976	21,331	38,233	21,156	53,437	12,846		
	Totals.....	295,496	28,095	372,043	22,129	855,432	137,210	851,277	135,153	1,062,324	124,097		
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain...		213,159		85,259		648,001		790,118		504,204		
	United States...		174,260		129,350		512,030		906,405		615,164		
	Arg. Republic...		176,609		14,448		309,903		710,473		88,880		
	B. E. Indies...				1,378						173,595		
	B. W. Indies...		5,828		3,666		30,122		109,623		33,619		
	France.....		70,730		76,612		144,300		191,022		286,047		
	Other countries..		88,620		105,208		455,827		514,216		635,799		
	Totals.....		729,206		415,921		2,100,383		3,221,857		2,337,308		
Hops.....	Great Britain...	301		882		5,333		4,038		4,430			
	United States...	5,104		8,131		48,524		17,331		44,771			
	Germany.....			606		3,535		1,698		1,516			
	Other countries..			284				4,236		7,948			
	Totals.....	5,405		9,903		57,392		27,303		58,665			

Ink.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	4,022 11,708 127	2,397 12,136 146	12,167 54,876 4,530	12,563 54,803 3,224	15,849 59,812 1,893
Jewellery..	Totals.....	15,857	14,679	71,573	70,590	77,554
	Great Britain... United States... Germany..... Other countries..	17,962 62,772 12,833 4,874	18,105 63,133 10,788 12,768	36,107 205,072 25,406 20,817	56,475 268,591 48,980 20,410	105,992 316,120 52,336 53,270
	Totals.....	98,441	104,844	287,402	394,456	527,718
Junk, old and oakum.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	1,727 2,190 372	4,502 1,041 59	18,360 12,903 649	12,884 11,186 1,163	23,570 7,998 739
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.	Totals.....	4,289	5,602	31,912	25,233	32,307
	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	7,553 18,514 203	4,803 13,590 4,638	32,117 116,552 18,794	33,792 120,339 6,955	36,285 94,585 16,861
	Totals.....	26,270	23,311	167,753	161,472	150,777
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, import- ed by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	231 28,065 532	1,256 33,293 24	1,459 131,079 3,595	1,156 178,818 7,139	5,074 235,437 6,217
	Totals.....	28,828	34,573	136,133	187,113	246,728
Sole leather, all kinds.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	8,853 12,803	30,510 226	17,743 30,873	35,265 27,551	142,346 2,302
	Totals.....	21,656	30,736	48,616	62,816	144,648
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	6,839 7,914	2,768 13,478	13,494 43,370 3,131	26,694 49,428 12,572	21,944 61,764 22
	Totals.....	15,062	16,246	60,432	89,857	83,742

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured..	Great Britain...	26,543	.....	.....	27,657	.....	.....	47,606	.....	.....	116,804	.....	.....
	United States...	18,524	.....	.....	22,791	.....	.....	35,507	.....	.....	61,435	.....	.....
	Other countries...	431	.....	.....	1,897	.....	.....	4,556	.....	.....	5,104	.....	.....
	Totals	45,499	.....	.....	52,345	.....	.....	87,669	.....	.....	183,343	.....	.....
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	6,438	.....	.....	35,792	.....	.....	29,270	.....	.....	35,633	.....	.....
	United States...	118,238	.....	.....	128,783	.....	.....	500,664	.....	.....	579,108	.....	.....
	Other countries..	206	.....	.....	48	.....	.....	995	.....	.....	644	.....	.....
	Totals	124,882	.....	.....	164,623	.....	.....	530,929	.....	.....	615,385	.....	.....
Other leather, manufactured....	Great Britain...	6,142	.....	.....	9,881	.....	.....	40,035	.....	.....	35,313	.....	.....
	United States...	28,820	.....	.....	29,552	.....	.....	110,803	.....	.....	147,621	.....	.....
	Other countries..	1,276	.....	.....	576	.....	.....	1,850	.....	.....	3,402	.....	.....
	Totals	36,238	.....	.....	40,009	.....	.....	152,688	.....	.....	186,396	.....	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Leather and manufactures of....	Great Britain...	62,599	.....	.....	112,667	.....	.....	181,724	.....	.....	284,657	.....	.....
	United States...	232,908	.....	.....	241,713	.....	.....	968,848	.....	.....	1,104,320	.....	.....
	Other countries..	2,927	.....	.....	7,463	.....	.....	33,648	.....	.....	37,405	.....	.....
	Totals	298,434	.....	.....	361,843	.....	.....	1,184,220	.....	.....	1,486,382	.....	.....
Marble and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	619	.....	.....	132	.....	.....	1,469	.....	.....	2,168	.....	.....
	United States...	18,225	.....	.....	15,479	.....	.....	63,105	.....	.....	75,457	.....	.....
	Italy	102	.....	.....	1,596	.....	.....	11,669	.....	.....	16,777	.....	.....
	Other countries..	178	.....	.....	232	.....	.....	3,009	.....	.....	1,057	.....	.....
	Totals	19,118	.....	.....	17,439	.....	.....	79,252	.....	.....	95,459	.....	.....
	Totals	19,118	.....	.....	17,439	.....	.....	79,252	.....	.....	95,459	.....	.....

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	12,853	18,976	21,352	20,668	41,945	56,222	59,327	85,527	116,974	148,759
	United States...	61,667	76,593	105,696	32,515	276,539	285,435	352,160	467,835	617,154	832,917
	Other countries..	2,594	3,064	6,706	3,947	18,866	2,284	20,861	15,339	28,222	30,161
	Totals.....	77,114	98,633	133,754	58,125	337,350	343,941	432,348	568,701	792,350	511,837
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	499	6,302	793	5,815	2,811	25,080	3,828	21,536	5,394	170,033
	United States...	9,368	302,167	12,019	329,940	45,000	922,959	58,103	1,367,447	51,940	1,866,020
	Other countries..	224	486	527	387	1,242	1,227	1,512	1,026	4,005	1,775
	Totals.....	10,091	308,955	13,339	336,142	49,653	949,266	63,443	1,590,009	61,339	2,037,828
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	20,686	...	18,215	...	51,471	...	123,313	...	120,536	...
	United States...	17,784	...	19,199	...	112,646	192	99,229	139	112,636	...
	Other countries..	8,138	...	3,500	...	25,071	...	36,017	...	30,245	...
	Totals.....	46,588	...	40,914	...	189,087	192	258,559	139	263,417	...
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain...	2,205	...	2,671	...	11,255	...	24,959	...	19,838	...
	United States...	352,241	...	150,976	...	603,653	...	1,155,610	...	958,231	...
	Other countries..	35	...	141	...	673	...	258	...	1,101	...
	Totals.....	354,481	...	153,788	...	615,881	...	1,180,827	...	979,170	...
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	Great Britain...	46,668	...	77,112	...	170,640	...	309,234	...	423,849	...
	United States...	108,428	...	161,345	...	251,628	...	621,120	...	892,921	...
	Other countries..	7,819	...	3,742	...	13,550	...	21,244	...	12,798	...
	Totals.....	162,910	...	242,199	...	435,818	...	951,598	...	1,324,568	...
Chains.....	Great Britain...	7,411	...	20,103	...	28,067	...	34,909	...	89,651	530
	United States...	19,473	...	8,368	11,716	71,679	...	100,294	...	67,178	84,881
	Other countries..	143	...	306	...	2,334	...	1,796	...	2,013	...
	Totals.....	27,027	...	28,777	11,716	102,080	...	136,999	...	158,842	85,411
Cream separators and steel bowls for	Great Britain...	...	2,321	...	...	...	...	...	37,448	...	19,510
	United States...	...	19,276	...	22,473	...	199,299	...	205,162	...	230,793
	Other countries..	...	3,422	...	7,672	...	1,039	...	5,437	...	9,580
	Totals.....	...	25,019	...	35,495	...	288,479	...	248,047	...	259,883

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	88,613. 91,210 9 179,832	175,128. 158,683 .. 333,811	136,416. 196,061 4,928 337,405	338,070. 571,590 9 929,669	1,228,961. 971,810 4,097 2,204,868
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N. E.S.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	74 42,438 .. 42,512	16,162. 20,995 .. 37,157	417 336,685 .. 337,102	1,467 258,356 .. 259,823	32,112 300,806 .. 332,918
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.F., &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries... Totals.....	29,411 27,245 .. 56,656	17,270. 26,885 .. 44,155	85,523 156,620 .. 295,699	95,138 79,118 .. 188,108	244,238 150,755 .. 414,865
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	.. .. .. ..	.. 61,894 .. 61,894	.. 35,911 .. 35,911	.. 45,667 240,410 286,077	.. 20,043 196,612 216,655
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	204,296 108,623 245 313,164	1,898 99,125 2,394 103,417	293,629 383,693 13,448 1,406,836	924,442 491,117 10,708 1,426,267	12,858 747,275 20,487 780,570
Machinery and machines.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	39,150 876,042 5,962 921,154	7,817 1,107,483 3,399 1,204,986	149,945 2,685,151 54,145 2,889,241	207,022 3,956,193 74,808 4,238,023	362,124 5,594,580 40,228 5,936,932
Nails.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals.....	437 17,199 .. 17,636	1,642 3,937 .. 5,579	1,572 72,777 .. 74,349	3,626 42,656 .. 46,282	2,853 53,353 .. 56,184

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scrolls or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain.....	49,003	5,489	55,469	87,352	.....	196,684	.....	6,194	221,028
	United States.....	56,151	34,497	.....	218,824	.....	287,418	.....	235,261	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	1,006	.....	1,635	.....	3,938	.....	10,773	.....
	Totals	105,154	41,052	55,469	307,811	.....	488,040	.....	257,228	221,028
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	1,879	.....	1,394	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	50,204	25,280	.....	318,033	.....	206,511	.....	165,274	.....
	Other countries.....	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	173	.....	1,343	.....
	Totals	50,297	25,280	.....	319,912	.....	208,078	.....	166,617	.....
Steel rails.....	Great Britain.....	130,465	1,950	.....	438,091	.....	201,796	.....	56,349	.....
	United States.....	77,015	97,438	.....	114,628	1,495	332,397	.....	322,518	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	1,139	.....	9,671	.....	6,351	.....
	Totals	207,480	99,388	.....	553,858	1,495	543,864	.....	385,218	.....
Tools and implements.....	Great Britain.....	8,041	15,493	.....	29,533	.....	45,039	.....	62,450	.....
	United States.....	119,002	113,122	.....	509,740	.....	640,803	.....	644,449	.....
	Other countries.....	6,906	5,937	.....	21,774	.....	28,311	.....	29,937	.....
	Totals	133,949	134,552	.....	561,053	.....	714,153	.....	736,836	.....
Tubing.....	Great Britain.....	4,889	4,292	20,762	80,693	18,149	41,652	44,788	43,209	102,985
	United States.....	74,787	66,882	42,858	370,844	49,337	473,631	87,340	372,957	276,549
	Other countries.....	4,657	.....	889	13,111	.....	12,523	.....	.....	19,389
	Totals	84,343	71,174	64,509	464,648	67,486	527,806	132,128	416,166	398,923
Wire.....	Great Britain.....	31,883	57,689	18,386	94,463	113,176	146,592	48,020	321,190	237,047
	United States.....	50,474	67,413	86,914	208,032	670,391	336,314	794,973	352,401	835,138
	Other countries.....	1,649	15,882	21,755	7,623	43,293	33,928	25,891	48,887	48,437
	Totals	84,006	140,984	127,055	370,118	826,860	516,834	868,884	722,478	1,120,622
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	204,815	232,716	46,091	839,994	78,014	963,502	139,694	1,174,605	214,306
	United States.....	677,099	744,148	124,134	2,443,864	443,660	3,315,478	592,933	3,794,313	873,832
	Other countries.....	29,982	52,702	36,836	139,207	41,795	138,508	77,113	183,671	126,082
	Totals	911,896	1,029,566	207,063	3,443,125	563,469	4,417,488	809,740	5,152,589	1,214,220

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$
<i>Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—Con.</i>	<i>Recapitulation.</i>												
	Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	1,036,464	51,515	908,398	445,692	3,666,217	361,841	4,502,335	313,988	5,224,176	52,360,244		
	United States.....	3,229,818	426,077	3,487,811	438,084	11,106,463	2,352,117	15,500,512	2,637,808	19,344,747	3,238,880		
	Other countries.....	128,224	41,293	128,450	67,154	537,309	91,000	614,964	117,037	695,068	295,767		
	Totals.....	4,394,506	518,885	4,524,629	970,930	15,309,989	2,804,958	20,617,811	3,068,833	25,263,991	5,804,891		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	9,254	7,609	31,421	13,182	107,665	27,281	142,072	26,581	206,329	56,333		
	United States.....	4,549	3,972	3,164	293	18,073	16,772	22,855	16,584	24,288	11,453		
	Other countries.....	2,724	22	5,901	888	10,998	768	12,777	2,336	23,339	1,231		
	Totals.....	16,527	11,603	40,986	14,313	136,736	44,821	177,704	45,501	253,956	69,017		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	3,465	146,124	2,959	186,923	14,872	803,092	17,699	694,807	20,810	1,081,070		
	United States.....	25,655	71,142	18,108	107,262	71,120	546,623	100,073	785,190	106,785	722,771		
	Other countries.....	985	2,237	1,269	9,577	3,856	123,491	6,059	159,373	3,117	150,933		
	Totals.....	30,115	219,503	22,336	303,762	89,848	1,473,206	123,831	1,639,370	130,712	1,954,774		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	.....	5,497	.....	7,423	.....	53,592	.....	76	67,479	554		
	United States.....	.....	7,589	1,738	1,599	4,658	51,041	5,394	69,760	6,914	26,163		
	Belgium.....	.....	6,316	.....	3,281	.....	43,550	.....	39,676	.....	96,252		
	Germany.....	.....	3,808	.....	2,181	36	4,975	39	24,581	.....	17,772		
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	695	444	9,773	267	.....	.....	715		
	Totals.....	833	23,440	1,738	15,179	5,235	164,931	5,776	201,496	8,183	280,614		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	22,455	22,546	39,407	11,332	86,547	51,395	119,139	90,659	156,246	56,554		
	United States.....	140,218	354,812	179,721	330,809	516,190	953,264	625,839	1,360,464	846,969	1,344,909		
	Other countries.....	14,020	132,577	13,468	60,362	44,371	248,951	46,764	351,937	103,296	185,648		
	Totals.....	176,693	509,935	232,596	402,503	647,108	1,253,610	791,742	1,893,060	1,106,511	1,587,111		

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of . . .	Great Britain . . .	1,105,636	258,569	1,023,015	691,030	3,971,025	1,378,503	4,967,789	1,300,577	5,851,019	4,004,190
	United States . .	3,489,902	1,242,352	3,827,456	1,261,502	12,151,188	5,128,403	16,764,165	6,905,227	21,141,433	7,543,113
	Other countries . .	15,909	190,033	159,821	148,422	642,193	528,019	739,260	711,305	888,007	698,769
	Totals	4,752,467	1,690,954	5,010,292	2,100,954	10,765,006	7,034,925	22,471,214	8,917,109	27,880,459	12,246,072
Mineral water	Great Britain . .	418	7,886	1,691	75	5,032	385	6,004	918	9,426	85
	United States . .	7,886	100	6,379	75	33,544	385	42,085	918	35,281	290
	France	2,881	6,742	2,083	20,683	20,683	12,815	25,129	38,015	13,159	5
	Germany	3,271	2,510	2,510	5	9,375	385	5,220	1	4,479	5
Musical instruments	Other countries . .	539	1	609	5	9,375	385	5,220	1	4,479	5
	Totals	14,995	101	17,931	80	70,266	385	92,453	919	102,360	380
Mustard	Great Britain . .	4,630	164	5,197	1,592	9,505	3,518	13,194	2,495	23,509	7,061
	United States . .	30,397	2,470	63,706	3,417	138,844	10,875	168,342	10,334	322,726	18,470
	Germany	8,157	1,263	8,372	1,640	29,144	8,095	29,616	9,049	29,616	12,843
	Other countries . .	5,004	4,315	4,315	15,583	15,583	14,881	14,881	14,881	18,808	18,808
Oils :—	Totals	48,188	3,897	81,590	6,649	188,076	22,488	226,042	21,878	394,659	38,314
	Great Britain . .	4,782	5,409	5,409	37,947	37,947	37,508	37,508	37,508	48,496	48,496
	United States . .	2,284	2,780	2,780	12,804	12,804	10,084	10,084	10,084	14,191	14,191
	Other countries . .	114	16	16	292	292	417	417	253	253	253
Mineral oils	Totals	7,180	8,205	8,205	51,043	51,043	48,009	48,009	62,940	62,940	62,940
	Great Britain . .	307	1,226	1,226	5,861	1,847	2,041	1,166	2,733	1,108	7,316
	United States . .	56,254	121,218	45,905	61,352	256,873	295,575	266,371	364,566	294,730	508,954
	Other countries . .	56,561	122,444	45,905	67,213	258,200	297,616	267,549	367,299	225,838	550
Fish oils	Totals	2,390	4,937	4,937	12,566	12,566	30,970	8,694	21,581	13,483	25,031
	Great Britain . .	2,359	4,937	4,937	1,292	1,292	30,970	2,030	21,581	4,504	25,031
	United States . .	31	393	393	6,954	6,954	30,970	2,030	21,581	4,504	25,031
	Other countries . .	31	393	393	6,954	6,954	30,970	2,030	21,581	4,504	25,031
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Totals	2,390	4,937	4,937	12,566	12,566	30,970	8,694	21,581	13,483	25,031
	Cocoa nut and palm in their natural state	393	736	736	4,139	4,139	33,448	32,471	32,471	42,987	42,987
	Other countries . .	2,949	2,949	2,949	4,217	4,217	24,938	21,754	21,754	19,687	11,135
	Totals	4,078	4,078	4,078	9,087	9,087	61,831	66,636	66,636	73,809	73,809

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, oils, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain.....		\$	\$	\$							\$	\$
	United States..	45,329	220	32,018	1,756	112,770	465	183,240	650	261,882	2,626		
	Other countries..							43					
	Totals.....	45,329	220	32,018	1,756	112,770	465	183,240	650	261,882	2,626		
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain.....	18,814		11,012		451,882		94,811		91,076			
	United States..	6,981		1,797		11,639		30,298		25,999			
	Other countries..							25		32			
	Totals.....	25,795		12,809		463,521		125,134		117,107			
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain.....	1,094		826		3,128		3,899		6,907			
	United States..	41,333		48,938		138,056		176,992		238,098			
	Other countries..					510		225		1,809			
	Totals.....	42,427		49,764		141,694		181,116		246,814			
Oils, other	Great Britain.....	3,293	811	7,219	2,960	23,850	1,318	38,907	1,594	46,374	7,971		
	United States..	13,209	4,260	20,250	11,195	66,646	15,377	86,757	21,855	112,320	38,341		
	Other countries..	8,183		13,387	58	33,836		44,069	137	58,582	58		
	Totals.....	24,685	5,071	40,856	14,213	126,332	16,695	169,763	23,586	217,276	46,370		
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	23,508	2,430	19,104	12,960	481,499	36,807	144,010	36,798	147,014	58,274		
	United States..	165,465	126,434	151,261	75,034	592,918	336,355	749,871	408,825	870,926	569,608		
	Other countries..	8,214	7,896	15,568	11,803	40,606	34,415	46,404	34,129	64,987	36,774		
	Totals.....	197,187	136,750	185,926	99,797	1,115,023	407,577	940,285	479,752	1,082,927	664,656		

Oilcloth	78,414	71,924	227,812	306,107	402,271	.....
Great Britain	19,137	18,212	58,728	97,725	116,083	.....
United States .....	.....	175	864	626	1,922	.....
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	97,551	90,311	287,399	404,458	520,226	.....
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	3,428	12,882	13,929	19,612	1,683	8,740
Great Britain	25,768	35,360	114,049	144,932	10,293	187,693
United States	2,881	5,969	18,433	3,014	3,315	31,798
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,308
Totals	32,072	54,211	146,411	183,348	15,291	34,589
Packages	35,609	107,325	161,748	193,656	.....	.....
Great Britain	147,616	176,816	708,895	775,881	.....	478,764
United States	26,137	47,971	131,776	146,606	.....	890,754
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	222,912
Totals	209,358	332,112	1,002,419	1,116,143	.....	1,592,430
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	12,899	35,049	34,638	65,492	26,110	151,373
Great Britain	34,068	46,939	107,470	187,503	21,653	215,144
United States	13,812	27,937	30,312	5,102	5,526	15,128
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,973
Totals	60,779	109,925	172,440	288,854	53,289	460,927
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	26,662	45,818	92,927	180,739	277,065	36,264
Great Britain	6,745	5,612	140,060	60,733	44,631	.....
United States	2,863	5,977	119,271	13,111	23,033	.....
Germany	3,283	3,614	34,609	22,801	22,029	.....
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	39,553	61,021	386,867	277,384	366,658	36,264
Other paints and colours	8,276	11,127	55,911	102,895	38,936	51,023
Great Britain	34,770	7,144	104,690	174,673	55,015	54,327
United States	1,399	2,626	18,058	10,448	4,542	40,021
Germany	2,275	1,188	8,471	7,150	12,839	1,491
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	46,720	47,769	247,130	298,858	111,332	146,865
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	1,346	1,088	3,869	10,221	8,858	.....
Great Britain	4,298	3,729	70,716	56,481	51,412	.....
United States	42	.....	2,668	5,056	5,126	.....
Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	5,686	4,817	77,253	71,758	65,396	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
												\$	\$
Paper and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper	Great Britain...	12,274	.....	15,269	.....	82,506	.....	73,983	.....	98,491	.....	\$	\$
	United States...	27,209	.....	22,307	.....	149,385	.....	167,736	.....	159,714	.....	
	Other countries..	709	.....	407	.....	1,632	.....	4,638	.....	929	.....	
	Totals	40,192	.....	38,043	.....	233,553	.....	246,357	.....	259,134	.....	
Paper, other	Great Britain...	57,717	.....	88,704	.....	191,298	.....	210,525	.....	330,794	.....	124	124
	United States...	157,606	.....	225,813	.....	728,797	.....	816,673	.....	1,035,356	.....	21,480	21,480
	Other countries..	14,882	.....	19,230	.....	78,312	.....	86,269	.....	141,283	.....	2,958	2,958
	Totals	230,205	2,986	333,747	6,191	998,407	6,161	1,113,467	22,892	1,511,433	24,562		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Paper and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	71,337	.....	105,061	.....	277,673	.....	294,729	.....	438,143	.....	124	124
	United States...	189,113	.....	251,909	.....	948,898	.....	1,040,890	.....	1,250,482	.....	21,480	21,480
	Other countries..	15,633	.....	19,657	.....	82,642	.....	95,903	.....	147,938	.....	2,958	2,958
	Totals	276,083	2,986	376,607	6,191	1,309,213	6,161	1,431,582	22,892	1,835,963	24,562		
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise...	Great Britain...	4,634	.....	4,396	.....	10,263	.....	16,993	.....	22,134	.....	
	United States...	9,068	.....	12,013	.....	40,207	.....	44,311	.....	62,990	.....	
	Germany..	8,883	.....	8,009	.....	16,687	.....	19,426	.....	16,114	.....	
	Other countries..	219	.....	255	.....	48	.....	293	.....	1,674	.....	
	Totals	22,804	.....	24,673	.....	67,205	.....	81,023	.....	102,912	.....	

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	2,915	.....	5,622	.....	18,762	.....	15,595	.....	24,302
	United States.....	10,596	.....	12,970	.....	45,877	.....	49,638	.....	71,212
	Other countries.....	187	.....	2,551	.....	2,133	.....	1,738	.....	3,041
	Totals.....	13,698	.....	21,143	.....	66,772	.....	66,961	.....	98,555
Perfumery, pomades, &c.....	Great Britain.....	1,243	.....	2,672	.....	9,862	.....	9,788	.....	10,065
	United States.....	13,354	.....	14,792	.....	37,485	.....	55,058	.....	75,017
	France.....	6,036	.....	5,762	.....	24,138	.....	32,236	.....	43,163
	Other countries.....	2,316	.....	1,119	.....	2,662	.....	5,030	.....	8,379
Pickles, sauces and catsups.....	Totals.....	22,949	.....	24,345	.....	74,147	.....	102,112	.....	136,624
	Great Britain.....	22,797	.....	31,961	.....	114,121	.....	117,940	.....	156,101
	United States.....	11,223	.....	12,775	.....	57,128	.....	54,233	.....	56,499
	Other countries.....	1,441	.....	2,867	.....	10,951	.....	12,447	.....	19,288
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of.....	Totals.....	35,460	.....	47,603	.....	182,200	.....	184,620	.....	231,898
	Great Britain.....	1,470	.....	290	.....	33,129	.....	295,451	.....	453,816
	United States.....	1,404	.....	10,004	.....	10,004	.....	53,220	.....	71,894
	France.....	1,872	.....	2,833	.....	9,325	.....	47,691	.....	71,894
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard.....	Holland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,678	.....	94,122
	Other countries.....	427	.....	2,818	.....	4,827	.....	148,529	.....	138,122
	Totals.....	5,173	.....	15,945	.....	57,285	.....	6,012	.....	85,587
	Great Britain.....	490	.....	1,229	.....	7,725	.....	12,425	.....	15,144
Meats:— Bacon and hams.....	United States.....	65,880	.....	51,534	.....	183,171	.....	343,466	.....	490,654
	Other countries.....	2,971	.....	2,518	.....	21,907	.....	156	.....	17,198
	Totals.....	69,341	.....	55,281	.....	212,803	.....	368,888	.....	522,996
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	1,019	.....	374	.....	180	.....	3,984
Pork, barrelled in brine.....	United States.....	78,290	.....	99,063	.....	249,294	.....	432,529	.....	350,469
	Other countries.....	28	.....	13	.....	91	.....	426	.....	23
	Totals.....	78,318	.....	100,095	.....	249,759	.....	433,135	.....	354,476
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,980	.....	5,158	.....	.....
Totsals.....	United States.....	58,832	.....	43,637	.....	193,017	.....	268,667	.....	205,587
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
	Totals.....	58,832	.....	43,649	.....	197,997	.....	273,825	.....	205,599

Ribbons	Great Britain...	82,567	...	99,553	...	178,097	...	196,160	...	270,997	...
	United States...	6,328	...	9,162	...	25,228	...	35,362	...	42,189	...
	France	67,821	...	71,739	...	86,047	...	134,736	...	203,607	...
	Switzerland	26,258	...	47,527	...	68,763	...	115,443	...	180,825	...
	Other countries..	5,029	...	8,010	...	97,537	...	14,933	...	34,522	...
	Totals	188,003	...	235,991	...	455,722	...	496,634	...	732,140	...
Salt	Great Britain...	...	48,775	...	46,350	...	178,901	...	180,174	...	139,217
	United States...	9,300	470	2	235	101	6,270	...	3,036	789	2,015
	Other countries..	...	952	11,609	13,493	33,088	21,660	35,594	18,741	54,856	45,297
	Totals	9,300	50,197	11,611	60,078	33,189	206,831	35,638	201,951	55,645	186,629
Seeds and bulbous roots	Great Britain...	211	282	21	348	16,465	26,641	4,554	4,754	31,060	5,087
	United States...	7,693	477,374	59,090	684	191,533	96,639	114,113	1,839,007	435,509	9,194
	Other countries..	1,813	237	80	136	1,631	1,490	4,951	8,425	4,537	1,026
	Totals	9,717	477,893	59,191	1,168	209,629	124,770	123,618	1,847,186	471,106	16,107
Settlers' effects	Great Britain...	...	191,297	...	540,521	...	928,862	...	1,383,412	...	2,097,104
	United States...	...	425,904	...	402,956	...	2,930,448	...	4,339,831	...	3,887,295
	Other countries..	...	6,689	...	62,287	...	179,985	...	67,466	...	177,896
	Totals	...	623,890	...	1,005,764	...	4,039,295	...	5,790,703	...	6,162,295
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing	Great Britain...	15,919	...	24,235	...	63,967	...	52,387	...	78,793	...
	United States...	4,516	...	2,423	...	27,439	...	16,444	...	19,165	...
	Japan	2,547	...	5,662	...	12,500	...	8,987	...	22,137	...
	Other countries..	2,333	...	4,616	...	11,021	...	10,319	...	10,175	...
	Totals	25,315	...	36,936	...	114,977	...	88,137	...	130,270	...
Fabrics	Great Britain...	181,201	...	232,869	...	613,915	...	533,429	...	734,010	...
	United States...	17,742	...	11,489	...	78,774	...	72,149	...	73,758	...
	France	67,394	...	95,343	...	198,461	...	197,018	...	281,162	...
	Germany	5,199	...	19,773	...	18,992	...	17,645	...	75,799	...
	Japan	25,202	...	17,733	...	142,628	...	137,486	...	142,069	...
	Switzerland	46,947	...	72,617	...	292,817	...	169,112	...	228,529	...
	Other countries	23,038	...	18,431	...	130,232	...	100,955	...	95,940	...
	Totals	366,723	...	468,255	...	1,475,719	...	1,227,794	...	1,631,267	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain...	11,624			48,072		147,955		141,483		213,291		
	United States...	5,616							16,451				
	Other countries...												
	Totals.....	17,240			48,072		147,955		157,934		213,291		
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	36,401		46,803		110,433		109,793		141,006			
	United States...	8,228		845		4,106		4,257		6,631			
	France.....	8,002		12,687		28,166		16,486		37,109			
	Germany...	7,230		6,397		16,311		20,160		19,683			
	Other countries...	642		1,455		1,607		1,601		2,646			
	Totals.....	53,103		68,187		160,622		152,297		207,075			
Silk, other	Great Britain...	17,977	60	20,221		82,668	1,227	73,434	550	88,602	1,745		
	United States...	4,076	1,008	8,219	2,808	23,066	4,973	24,618	8,282	37,780	12,884		
	Japan.....	8,766		24,147		48,428		46,415		76,305			
	Other countries...	5,022		7,361		16,408	182	19,586	312	26,504	514		
	Totals.....	35,841	1,008	59,948	2,808	170,570	6,382	164,053	9,144	229,171	15,143		
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Silk and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	251,498	60	324,128		870,983	1,227	769,043	550	1,042,411	1,745		
	United States...	27,162	12,632	22,976	50,970	133,435	152,928	117,468	149,765	137,314	296,175		
	Other countries...	202,322	5,616	286,222		917,470	182	745,770	16,763	1,018,058	514		
	Totals.....	480,982	18,308	633,326	50,970	1,921,888	154,337	1,632,281	167,078	2,197,783	228,434		

Soap.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	3,810 38,415 7,329 851	102	4,619 41,602 5,517 804	157	18,252 147,959 29,549 2,624	97 604	22,886 184,272 38,393 3,466	100 791	27,596 210,636 51,007 3,715	157 187
	Totals.....	50,405	102	52,542	157	198,384	701	219,017	891	292,954	344
Spices.....	Great Britain... United States... R. E. Indies... Other countries..	11,350 5,125 1,442 251		15,212 5,418 4,284 114		60,314 22,729 14,941 19,789		80,109 28,576 40,291 8,382		74,127 28,576 30,316 16,553	
	Totals.....	18,208		25,028		117,723		152,181		149,571	
Spirits and wines— Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy...	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	2,229 14 46,218 128		845 3,253 49,673 103		9,473 977 191,083 305		9,921 485 221,057 664		6,364 4,045 251,636 442	
	Totals.....	48,389		53,914		201,838		232,127		262,487	
	Great Britain... United States... Holland... Other countries..	9,211 51 18,129 6		13,046 29 28,685		35,977 33 98,100 30		43,314 51 105,686 20		51,746 735 135,856 27	
	Totals.....	27,397		41,760		134,140		149,071		188,364	
Whiskey	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	69,745 618 4		86,726 824 37		303,147 5,004 373		354,931 3,676 449		453,956 3,099 271	
	Totals.....	70,367		87,587		308,524		389,056		457,326	
	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	2,593 1,085 11,552		2,839 1,015 11,825		11,706 31,525 46,639		13,363 5,753 55,246		15,143 5,146 65,812	
	Totals.....	15,230		15,379		89,870		74,392		86,101	
Spirits, other	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	2,438 2,085 8,050		2,224 1,474 10,923		8,799 8,902 47,236		15,338 8,512 53,571		13,278 7,048 56,795	
	Spain..... Other countries..	6,665 7,924		9,540 6,458		56,306 42,474		59,343 42,814		63,854 46,008	
	Totals.....	27,162		30,619		163,717		179,573		186,983	
Wines, non-sparkling.	Great Britain... United States... France..... Spain..... Other countries..	2,438 2,085 8,050 6,665 7,924		2,224 1,474 10,923 9,540 6,458		8,799 8,902 47,236 56,306 42,474		15,338 8,512 53,571 59,343 42,814		13,278 7,048 56,795 63,854 46,008	
	Totals.....	27,162		30,619		163,717		179,573		186,983	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling	Great Britain	\$ 733	\$	\$ 1,236	\$	\$ 4,734	\$	\$ 7,090	\$	\$ 4,043	\$
	United States	371	. . . . .	318	. . . . .	1,521	. . . . .	4,828	. . . . .	1,745	. . . . .
	France	18,761	. . . . .	23,417	. . . . .	94,589	. . . . .	113,818	. . . . .	144,166	. . . . .
	Other countries	227	. . . . .	79	. . . . .	1,941	. . . . .	1,496	. . . . .	2,284	. . . . .
	Totals	20,092	. . . . .	25,050	. . . . .	102,785	. . . . .	127,226	. . . . .	152,238	. . . . .
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Spirits and wines	Great Britain	86,949	. . . . .	126,747	. . . . .	373,836	. . . . .	473,352	. . . . .	564,361	. . . . .
	United States	4,224	. . . . .	53,973	. . . . .	47,962	. . . . .	23,335	. . . . .	68,838	. . . . .
	Other countries	117,664	. . . . .	151,159	. . . . .	579,076	. . . . .	654,158	. . . . .	777,870	. . . . .
	Totals	208,837	. . . . .	331,879	. . . . .	1,000,874	. . . . .	1,151,445	. . . . .	1,411,069	. . . . .
Stone and mfrs. of	Great Britain	8,140	2,135	10,634	3,145	64,921	12,983	65,270	17,897	74,434	23,520
	United States	40,775	27,004	44,359	46,420	149,125	56,647	166,464	91,635	195,950	174,903
	Other countries	3,939	. . . . .	563	. . . . .	2,787	7,420	6,929	667	3,038	14,077
	Totals	52,854	29,139	55,496	49,565	216,833	77,050	238,663	110,199	273,422	212,500
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar	Great Britain	101,580	. . . . .	123,635	. . . . .	356,448	. . . . .	371,103	. . . . .	536,639	. . . . .
	United States	807	. . . . .	161	. . . . .	10,464	. . . . .	7,444	. . . . .	3,086	. . . . .
	Belgium	90	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	293,543	. . . . .	90	. . . . .	11,546	. . . . .
	B. Guiana	83,715	. . . . .	181,423	. . . . .	1,458,879	. . . . .	669,438	. . . . .	564,591	. . . . .
	B. W. Indies	379,900	. . . . .	543,956	. . . . .	1,992,252	. . . . .	2,176,015	. . . . .	2,468,467	. . . . .
	Dutch E. Indies	105,262	. . . . .	34,701	. . . . .	304,278	. . . . .	186,012	. . . . .	307,294	. . . . .
	Fiji . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	19,813	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	80,997	. . . . .
	Germany . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	3,346	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .
	Other countries	1,717	. . . . .	153,509	. . . . .	644,245	. . . . .	194,052	. . . . .	467,936	. . . . .
	Totals	673,071	. . . . .	1,057,258	. . . . .	5,063,457	. . . . .	3,604,154	. . . . .	4,440,606	. . . . .

Molasses.	Great Britain.....	51	353	540	.....	1,767	.....	1,014	.....	3,704	.....
	United States.....	3,102	68,445	2,413	.....	27,989	.....	27,067	.....	11,517	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	93,584	.....	.....	631,012	.....	.....	.....
	Porto Rico.....	22,112	.....	.....	.....	185,632	.....	142,695	.....	.....	.....
Sugar, candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.	Other countries..	317	.....	709	.....	673	.....	3,004	.....	5,961	.....
	Totals.	25,582	68,798	3,662	100,316	216,061	686,937	173,780	686,937	21,182	800,201
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	6,356	.....	15,362	.....	34,368	.....	45,094	.....	60,661	.....
	United States...	12,350	.....	14,133	.....	56,631	.....	65,149	.....	73,171	.....
	Other countries..	627	.....	1,533	.....	4,948	.....	4,968	.....	7,404	.....
	Totals.	19,333	.....	31,028	.....	95,947	.....	115,211	.....	141,236	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain.....	107,987	.....	139,597	.....	392,583	.....	417,211	.....	601,064	.....
	United States...	16,259	353	16,707	.....	94,984	.....	99,660	2,518	87,774	1,607
	Other countries..	593,740	68,445	935,614	100,316	4,887,798	631,012	3,376,274	684,419	3,914,186	798,594
	Totals.	717,986	68,798	1,091,948	100,416	5,375,365	633,934	3,893,145	686,937	4,603,024	800,201
Tea.	Great Britain.....	49	81,531	.....	118,913	1,375	.....	419	430,468	10	489,203
	United States...	9,654	.....	310	.....	9,650	.....	14,042	.....	12,312	.....
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	134,027	.....	162,459	.....	547,756	.....	694,577	.....	626,017
	China.....	.....	7,626	.....	14,328	.....	36,627	.....	21,412	.....	35,443
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Japan.....	.....	43,375	.....	78,781	.....	166,730	.....	135,475	.....	136,971
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	2,273	.....	79	.....	.....
	Totals.	9,703	286,559	310	374,481	11,031	1,149,718	14,461	1,282,011	12,322	1,281,634
	Great Britain.....	11,488	.....	27,863	.....	58,016	.....	63,259	.....	84,540	1,552
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	United States...	19,037	271,466	28,908	263,155	68,574	1,217,121	82,105	1,110,496	116,312	1,354,286
	Cuba.....	45,732	3,813	19,383	1,699	156,620	3,015	186,929	20,713	127,081	19,675
	Other countries..	4,576	4,989	4,284	8,624	18,785	6,545	19,974	21,711	25,374	24,193
	Totals.	80,833	280,268	80,438	273,480	301,995	1,226,682	352,267	1,152,920	353,397	1,399,706
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	Great Britain.....	28,210	.....	31,997	.....	86,086	.....	116,157	.....	128,909	.....
	United States...	4,665	.....	5,881	.....	13,750	.....	12,866	.....	21,971	.....
	Aust.-Hungary..	7,000	.....	13,230	.....	17,327	.....	15,051	.....	46,972	.....
	France.....	9,886	.....	16,847	.....	33,297	.....	33,992	.....	48,653	.....
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	Other countries..	1,872	.....	2,081	.....	16,222	.....	10,070	.....	9,538	.....
	Totals.	51,633	.....	70,036	.....	173,282	.....	187,636	.....	256,043	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Turpentine, spirits of....	Great Britain....	718	\$		\$	2,616	\$	2,208	\$		\$		\$
	United States....	30,116			49,453	227,313		300,484					2,033
	Other countries....												330,047
	Totals.....	30,834			49,453	229,929		302,692					576
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials....	Great Britain....	3,407		5,194		11,880		16,670		26,205			
	United States....	445		657		4,907		5,492		13,180			
	Other countries....	7		133		514		971		4,618			
	Totals ..	3,859		5,984		17,301		23,133		44,003			
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c..	Great Britain ..	3,523		4,167		21,382	307	24,563	98	19,481			
	United States....	6,512	54	7,591		49,855	61	46,433	251	48,272			
	Other countries....	65		4		265		107		25			
	Totals ..	10,100	54	11,762		71,502	368	71,103	349	67,778			
Vegetables.....	Great Britain....	4,978		10,631		44,340		33,846		57,269			
	United States....	64,088		143,309		593,238		440,430		596,274			
	Other countries....	18,620		16,041		47,661		51,383		54,191			
	Totals.....	87,686		169,981		685,236		525,659		707,734			

Watches.....	2,720	1,656	9,279	10,247	9,049
Great Britain.....	56,118	36,529	229,576	268,567	335,303
United States.....	581	768	6,054	8,043	1,938
France.....	3,546	13,686	62,857	51,731	79,773
Switzerland.....	5,357	6,858	9,471	11,800	21,904
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	68,321	59,497	317,237	351,288	447,967
Wood and mfrs. of—					
Furniture.....	4,050	7,341	18,414	17,580	25,287
Great Britain.....	61,621	74,967	305,821	305,719	362,114
United States.....	4,900	5,259	17,145	12,851	13,337
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	70,571	87,567	341,381	337,150	400,718
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Other wood and mfrs. of, N. E. S....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Wood and mfrs. of.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					

Recapitulation.

Watches.....	2,720	1,656	9,279	10,247	9,049
Great Britain.....	56,118	36,529	229,576	268,567	335,303
United States.....	581	768	6,054	8,043	1,938
France.....	3,546	13,686	62,857	51,731	79,773
Switzerland.....	5,357	6,858	9,471	11,800	21,904
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Totals.....	68,321	59,497	317,237	351,288	447,967
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Other countries.....					
Totals.....	70,571	87,567	341,381	337,150	400,718
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Other wood and mfrs. of, N. E. S....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Wood and mfrs. of.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of—	Great Britain...	107,874	...	199,865	...	489,670	...	486,702	...	751,647	...
	Carpets.....	716	...	1,097	...	3,137	...	3,243	...	11,678	...
	United States...	852	...	187	...	4,561	...	3,203	...	516	...
	Germany.....	1,739	...	1,700	...	5,122	...	4,318	...	14,675	...
	Totals.....	111,181	...	202,849	...	502,490	...	497,466	...	778,516	...
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain...	79,907	...	112,770	...	268,385	...	259,752	...	360,415	...
	United States...	24,116	...	51,431	...	160,486	...	110,880	...	138,113	...
	France.....	880	...	3,444	...	4,520	...	2,987	...	9,442	...
	Germany.....	46,866	...	57,999	...	53,757	...	61,938	...	91,190	...
	Other countries.	220	...	4	...	13,282	...	1,622	...	1,609	...
	Totals....	150,989	...	225,648	...	500,380	...	437,179	...	620,769	...
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain...	705,156	...	685,082	...	1,877,409	...	2,323,232	...	2,605,885	...
	United States...	399	...	1,918	...	1,882	...	1,710	...	16,100	...
	France.....	5,172	...	11,185	...	19,344	...	28,884	...	43,258	...
	Germany.....	15,341	...	14,414	...	32,295	...	37,671	...	42,502	...
	Other countries..	2,170	...	2,648	...	4,814	...	11,270	...	8,299	...
	Totals....	728,238	...	715,247	...	1,935,744	...	2,402,737	...	2,716,044	...
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain...	570,763	...	708,228	...	1,732,108	...	1,986,260	...	2,525,287	...
	United States...	4,195	...	6,638	...	21,248	...	26,258	...	32,895	...
	France.....	130,009	...	201,748	...	346,657	...	476,644	...	647,767	...

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear, N.E.S.	Germany..	12,821	21,270	45,762	48,708	63,014
	Other countries	6,700	10,632	31,710	23,602	54,170
	Totals	724,488	948,516	2,177,485	2,561,472	3,323,133
	Totals	724,488	948,516	2,177,485	2,561,472	3,323,133
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c.	Great Britain...	44,098	66,497	142,575	142,380	264,483
	United States...	3,845	2,108	18,580	16,043	16,571
	Germany	5,202	6,889	19,461	23,272	21,454
	Other countries..	884	3,518	2,573	5,609	17,294
Wool, raw	Totals	54,029	79,012	183,189	187,313	319,802
	Totals	54,029	79,012	183,189	187,313	319,802
Yarn.	Great Britain...	112,991	136,872	352,191	452,018	494,808
	United States...	1,101	541	11,240	7,519	4,954
	Germany	6,193	4,841	29,525	40,279	44,245
	Other countries..	241	77	2,663	1,817	2,775
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals	120,526	142,331	395,619	501,633	546,782
	Totals	120,526	142,331	395,619	501,633	546,782
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	82,410	118,690	364,897	450,047	562,492
	United States...	632	209	1,841	1,142	3,266
	Germany	608	5,164	28,583	19,738	30,345
	Other countries	335	98	8,903	4,353	3,179
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals	83,985	124,061	404,224	475,326	599,282
	Totals	83,985	124,061	404,224	475,326	599,282
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	89,600	65,676	281,686	301,940	261,674
	United States...	10,143	8,074	44,168	43,466	53,739
	France	6,581	7,023	13,660	19,696	22,329
	Germany	7,539	3,886	40,571	31,992	19,758
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries	16,270	3,310	33,338	44,818	60,747
	Totals	130,133	89,087	413,423	441,912	418,247
	Totals	130,133	89,087	413,423	441,912	418,247
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	17,494	113,637	740,535	430,844	723,948
	United States...	17,148	52,724	275,796	151,060	250,424
	Australasia...	2,496	27,855	163,540	174,431	205,443
	Other countries	3,194	14,843	76,632	30,719	101,115
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals	40,332	113,637	740,535	430,844	723,948
	Totals	40,332	113,637	740,535	430,844	723,948
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	20,298	1,675	31,144	62,943	12,274
	United States...	33	1,841	1,447	2,857	3,266
	Germany	608	28,583	19,738	30,345	30,345
	Other countries	335	235	8,903	386	235
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals	20,331	1,910	32,591	66,186	12,849
	Totals	20,331	1,910	32,591	66,186	12,849
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	29,359	44,866	57,811	301,940	261,674
	United States...	10,143	543	41,055	43,466	53,739
	France	6,581	7,023	13,660	19,696	22,329
	Germany	7,539	3,886	40,571	31,992	19,758
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries	16,270	3,310	33,338	44,818	60,747
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	United States...	17,148	52,724	275,796	151,060	250,424
	Australasia...	2,496	27,855	163,540	174,431	205,443
	Other countries	3,194	14,843	76,632	30,719	101,115
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals	40,332	113,637	740,535	430,844	723,948
	Totals	40,332	113,637	740,535	430,844	723,

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.								
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.			1907.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Recapitulation.																
			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$
	Wool and mfrs. of.....	1,792,799	67,151	2,093,580	99,265	5,508,871	364,751	6,402,340	346,420	7,826,691	465,753					
	United States.....	45,147	17,181	72,016	28,398	202,582	206,042	210,261	177,446	297,316	214,125					
	Other countries.	265,623	12,713	361,155	33,293	741,101	308,076	892,437	120,899	1,198,568	274,208					
	Totals.....	2,103,569	97,045	2,526,751	160,956	6,512,554	878,869	7,505,038	644,765	9,322,575	954,086					
All other articles, N.E.S.....																
	Great Britain.....	101,139	14,030	142,813	29,512	412,430	119,531	450,466	98,142	607,120	280,151					
	United States.....	263,135	71,890	356,469	85,690	1,359,652	729,571	1,473,513	363,994	1,803,413	586,071					
	Other countries.	49,633	17,470	52,191	17,031	182,554	81,191	191,100	88,013	239,682	78,814					
	Totals.....	413,907	103,390	551,473	132,233	1,954,636	930,293	2,115,079	550,149	2,650,215	945,036					
Total imports (mdse.).....																
	Great Britain.....	6,079,537	1,790,588	7,378,736	2,250,622	20,793,397	7,054,302	24,664,535	8,089,744	31,976,343	12,167,153					
	United States.....	8,383,114	7,655,797	9,923,353	8,876,264	35,750,064	33,432,137	42,206,138	38,470,596	51,285,546	44,828,163					
	Other countries.	2,777,881	1,231,189	3,563,682	1,262,717	12,668,929	5,321,482	12,665,234	6,144,199	15,370,943	7,125,112					
	Totals	17,240,532	10,677,574	20,865,771	12,389,603	69,212,390	45,807,921	79,535,907	52,704,539	98,632,832	64,120,428					
Coin and bullion.....																
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	20,025					
	United States.....	.....	274,685	.....	664,246	.....	915,092	.....	2,744,165	.....	2,949,801					
	Other countries.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	290	.....	609	.....	544					
	Totals.....	.....	274,685	.....	664,246	.....	915,382	.....	2,744,791	.....	2,970,370					
Grand totals, Imports.....																
	Great Britain.....	6,079,537	1,790,588	7,378,736	2,250,622	20,793,397	7,054,302	24,664,535	8,089,761	31,976,343	12,187,178					
	United States.....	8,383,114	7,930,482	9,923,353	9,540,510	35,750,064	34,347,229	42,206,138	41,214,761	51,285,546	47,777,964					
	Other countries.	2,777,881	1,231,189	3,563,682	1,262,717	12,668,929	5,321,772	12,665,234	6,144,808	15,370,943	7,125,656					
	Totals.....	17,240,532	10,952,259	20,865,771	13,053,849	69,212,390	46,723,363	79,535,907	55,449,336	98,632,832	67,090,798					

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *five months* ending August 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain...	\$ 1,771,445	\$	\$ 1,444,250	\$	\$ 4,010,104	\$	\$ 4,829,022	\$	\$ 3,847,603	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	6,549	.....	30,467	.....	74,736	.....	55,058	.....	83,720	.....	275	.....
	Newfoundland..	10,895	.....	11,857	.....	32,412	.....	65,921	.....	48,301	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	20,087	.....	881	.....	69,888	.....	199,730	.....	11,300	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	1,808,976	.....	1,487,455	.....	4,187,140	830	5,149,731	.....	3,990,924	.....	275	.....
Horses	Great Britain...	3,800	.....	2,200	.....	30,380	.....	13,550	.....	17,600	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	36,614	102,560	61,475	68,116	177,365	109,280	230,367	240,483	220,545	194,188	.....	.....
	Other countries..	1,705	.....	1,765	.....	13,475	.....	10,563	.....	13,335	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	42,119	102,560	65,440	68,116	221,220	109,280	254,480	240,483	251,480	194,188	.....	.....
Sheep	Great Britain...	15,264	.....	31,810	.....	79,849	.....	44,561	.....	72,988	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	43,237	11,750	36,457	2,953	68,863	1,430	50,517	11,750	56,677	5,953	.....	.....
	Other countries..	2,467	.....	1,784	.....	8,104	.....	10,685	.....	5,603	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	60,968	11,750	70,051	2,953	156,816	1,430	105,773	11,750	135,268	5,953	.....	.....
Other animals, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	75	.....	.....	.....	2,760	.....	175	.....	30	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	2,734	124	2,939	365	28,484	2,445	18,462	2,097	22,227	1,068	.....	.....
	Other countries..	134	.....	156	.....	1,200	.....	991	.....	1,896	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	2,943	124	3,095	365	32,444	2,445	19,628	2,097	24,153	1,068	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$	
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	1,790,584	114,434	1,478,260	1,320	71,434	4,123,093	4,887,308	113,985	4,887,308	383,169	201,484	3,938,221
	Animals, living....	89,134	114,434	131,338	16,443	71,434	349,448	354,404	113,985	287,900	80,435	201,484	383,169
	United States...	35,288		16,443			125,079	287,900					
	Other countries...												
	Totals.....	1,915,006	114,434	1,626,041	1,320	71,434	4,597,620	5,529,612	113,985	5,529,612	4,401,825	201,484	4,401,825
Ashes.....	Great Britain...	3,195		1,320		350	13,784	11,533		11,533	11,920	350	11,920
	United States...	6,670	30	4,937	956		26,835	36,893		36,893	24,828		24,828
	Other countries...	502					2,315	2,222		2,222	1,996		1,996
	Totals.....	10,367	30	7,213	956	350	42,934	50,648		50,648	38,744	350	38,744
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	Great Britain...	1,518	75	3,562			41,498	26,434	9,174	26,434	30,666	629	30,666
	United States...	7,455	6,407	7,490	5,313	108	40,299	38,090	24,928	38,090	40,791	33,547	40,791
	Other countries...	5,707	407	1,346			19,684	25,428	2,060	25,428	7,159	563	7,159
	Totals.....	14,680	6,889	12,398	5,421	108	101,481	89,952	36,162	89,952	78,616	34,739	78,616
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....	Great Britain...	38,278		89,900			35,605	207,544	219,120	207,544	341,066		341,066
	United States...	6,145		1			3,640	7,023		7,023	9		9
	Belgium.....			13,945			19,780				41,917		41,917
	Other countries...			7			19	42		42	6,298	29	6,298
	Totals.....	44,423		103,853			59,044	214,609	219,120	214,609	389,290	29	389,290

[illegible]

Oatmeal.	20,191.	102,277.	134,646.	178,953.	310,042.
Great Britain.	8.	2,945.	1,027.	930.	24,377.
United States.	20,199.	105,222.	138,737.	188,275.	334,419.
Other countries.	234,968.	517,981.	646,600.	1,612,445.	1,616,621.
Totals.	966.	13,484.	53,397.	37,977.	55,675.
Wheat flour.	25,848.	14,095.	138,237.	115,426.	111,764.
Great Britain.	26,835.	46,928.	330,937.	389,654.	384,913.
United States.	41,177.	169,559.	466,385.	324,322.	910,171.
Australasia.	329,794.	762,047.	1,635,556.	2,360,899.	3,079,144.
B. W. Indies.	3,250.	2,050.	15,128.	19,660.	19,099.
Newfoundland.	650.	35.	5,294.	496.	3,991.
Other countries.	3,262.	857.	15,659.	20,856.	28,593.
Totals.	7,162.	2,942.	36,081.	44,119.	51,683.
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.	2,174,418.	4,506,228.	4,516,452.	13,900,563.	21,305,626.
Breadstuffs.	116,685.	42,936.	578,077.	1,583,354.	283,614.
Great Britain.	163,207.	424,393.	1,574,562.	1,362,991.	2,284,489.
United States.	2,454,310.	4,973,557.	599,408.	16,796,908.	23,873,759.
Other countries.	6,330.	1,875.	9,483.	8,080.	7,700.
Totals.	9,000.	7,271.	4,200.	15,980.	27,950.
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c. —	15,330.	10,046.	6,669,081.	30,705.	24,981.
Automobiles.	6,330.	1,875.	9,483.	8,080.	7,700.
Great Britain.	9,000.	7,271.	4,200.	15,980.	27,950.
United States.	15,330.	10,046.	6,669,081.	30,705.	24,981.
Other countries.	6,330.	1,875.	9,483.	8,080.	7,700.
Totals.	65.	2,140.	4,635.	8,220.	23,300.
Bicycles.	88.	10,348.	9,554.	296.	10,071.
Great Britain.	2,157.	3,338.	21,595.	4,826.	8,289.
United States.	10,144.	14,806.	34,501.	7,405.	42,082.
Australasia.	12,652.	10,657.	46,505.	46,703.	43,997.
Other countries.	88.	28,801.	102,601.	58,934.	94,368.
Totals.	351.	28,801.	102,601.	58,934.	94,368.
Other carriages, carts, &c.	2,157.	3,338.	21,595.	4,826.	8,289.
Great Britain.	10,144.	14,806.	34,501.	7,405.	42,082.
United States.	12,652.	10,657.	46,505.	46,703.	43,997.
Other countries.	88.	28,801.	102,601.	58,934.	94,368.
Totals.	351.	28,801.	102,601.	58,934.	94,368.

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.			1907.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain.	6,681	5,237	20	5,238	20	9,533	13,186	5,437	16,174	3,825	3,825	
	United States.	11,180	25,560	21,370	15,939	21,370	44,360	24,049	103,089	70,973	67,986	67,986	
	Other countries.	10,209	1,036	2,548	28,018	2,548	55,300	85,924	5,923	102,349	3,163	3,163	
	Totals.	28,070	31,833	23,938	49,195	23,938	112,155	123,159	114,449	189,496	74,974	74,974	
Clothing and wearing apparel.	Great Britain.	5,419	3,586	16	582	16	12,389	6,509	974	8,638	577	577	
	United States.	3,379	15	1,093	5,016	1,093	8,096	10,742	8,421	16,714	5,299	5,299	
	Newfoundland.	6,653	10	2,029	4,029	2,029	15,372	15,666	15	11,167	11	11	
	Other countries.				2,029		9,295	16,380	120	13,107	...	...
	Totals.	15,451	3,611	1,109	11,656	1,109	45,152	52,150	9,530	49,626	5,887	5,887	
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders.	Great Britain.	2,206	...	...	5,129	...	25,398	10,854	...	14,422	...	...
	United States.	399,336	11,454	17,019	297,505	17,019	1,550,137	1,853,324	64,318	1,708,307	70,043	70,043	
	Newfoundland.	33,400	...	...	40,424	...	115,176	117,735	225	122,524	420	420	
	Other countries.	29,327	36	...	18,616	...	45,500	73,447	36	63,725	...	...
	Totals.	464,269	11,490	17,019	361,674	17,019	1,736,211	2,035,360	64,579	1,908,978	71,063	71,063	
Cordage, rope and twine.	Great Britain.	2,870	...	...	36,949	...	41,599	31,563	...	75,167	4,166	4,166	
	United States.	2,895	175	100	28,296	100	193,010	219,656	5,090	248,176	118	118	
	Newfoundland.	12	100	...	5	...	1,091	1,476	318	1,677	133	133	
	Other countries.	5,665	...	...	12,490	...	23,248	19,710	...	33,669	...	...
	Totals.	11,442	275	100	77,740	100	258,948	272,405	5,408	358,689	4,417	4,417	
Cotton and mtrs. of.	Great Britain.	5,520	5,010	3,936	1,621	3,936	18,975	15,384	7,619	10,511	13,996	13,996	
	United States.	13,492	2,053	9,016	7,825	9,016	42,438	47,530	6,937	50,226	12,113	12,113	
	Other countries.	38,334	75	...	26,602	...	703,569	383,047	16,115	134,243	2,325	2,325	
	Totals.	57,346	7,138	12,952	36,048	12,952	764,982	445,961	30,671	194,980	28,434	28,434	

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	44,791	17,488	106,146	161,764	2,826	144,503	1,560	105,900	460
	United States...	61,005	37,714	106,146	211,829	243,621	249,214	328,200	260,925	447,728
	Australasia...	4,000	84	...	6,616	...	13,290	...	8,106	...
	Other countries...	40,681	15,466	677	120,303	1,619	246,586	10,133	132,306	3,503
	Totals . . .	150,427	89,967	106,823	500,512	248,066	653,593	339,893	502,237	451,691
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	530	295	...	2,868	373	4,269	52	841	...
	United States...	940	790	3,354	1,673	118,797	5,794	17,135	6,260	20,030
	Other countries...	1,283	704	891	994	2,496	6,708	278	6,916	2,128
Fertilizers	Totals	2,753	1,789	4,245	5,535	116,666	16,771	17,465	14,017	22,158
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted	Great Britain...	7,250	...	...	104,007	932	9,600	...	...	...
	United States...	18,730	16,746	...	15,328	932	74,598	1,859	81,026	...
	Other countries...	...	7,136	...	...	...	6,947	...	19,396	...
	Totals	25,980	23,882	...	119,335	932	91,145	1,859	100,422	...
	Great Britain...	12,316	60	...	3,948	...	15,402	...	10,496	...
Herrings, fresh or frozen	United States...	14,875	17,578	...	205,299	...	65,878	...	59,161	...
	Brazil...	26,053	70,104	...	130,017	...	190,070	...	206,882	...
	B. W. Indies...	79,249	22,657	...	272,602	2,657	369,520	1,634	222,060	...
	Cuba...	38,163	27,820	...	147,198	...	150,904	...	113,027	...
	Other countries...	78,372	50,223	...	237,054	150	380,822	...	289,366	...
Herrings, fresh or frozen	Totals	249,028	188,442	...	1,056,118	2,807	1,172,596	1,034	900,992	...
	Great Britain...	...	11,583	...	88,998	...	22,350	...	43,409	...
	Other countries...	7,192	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...
Herrings, pickled	Totals	7,192	11,583	...	88,998	...	22,350	...	43,459	...
	Great Britain...	6,218	5,724	...	37,482	...	24,986	...	25,797	...
	United States...	13,047	9,817	300	92,402	496	78,147	...	60,563	300
Lobsters, fresh	Other countries...	3,604	2,299	...	27,277	...	19,036	...	40,679	...
	Totals	22,869	17,840	300	157,161	496	122,169	...	127,039	300
	Great Britain...	439	992	...	290,211	...	8,476	...	277,006	...
Lobsters, fresh	United States...	439	992	...	290,211	...	291,021	...	277,006	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	439	992	...	290,211	...	299,497	...	277,006	...

		MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain.....	148,657	.....	229,763	.....	504,724	.....	741,331	.....	392,422	.....	\$
	United States.....	169,184	.....	253,645	.....	877,175	.....	579,702	.....	792,293	.....	\$
	Belgium.....	19,353	.....	22,320	.....	44,198	.....	35,021	.....	35,592	.....	\$
	France.....	241,501	.....	468,795	.....	400,227	.....	681,890	.....	591,250	.....	\$
	Germany.....	6,815	.....	7,016	.....	19,783	.....	14,802	.....	20,662	.....	\$
	Other countries.....	14,151	.....	31,648	.....	60,049	.....	53,442	.....	60,373	.....	\$
	Totals.....	597,661	.....	998,187	.....	1,906,156	.....	2,106,188	.....	1,892,592	.....	\$
Mackerel, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$
	United States.....	21,553	.....	5,259	.....	28,354	.....	96,134	.....	38,765	.....	\$
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$
	Totals.....	21,553	.....	5,259	.....	28,354	.....	96,138	.....	38,765	.....	\$
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$
	United States.....	76,089	72	26,873	.....	42,795	.....	126,073	.....	35,035	.....	\$
	B. W. Indies.....	8,366	.....	3,797	.....	14,796	.....	24,839	.....	20,403	.....	\$
	Other countries.....	2,915	.....	1,958	.....	4,850	.....	15,584	.....	13,671	.....	\$
	Totals.....	87,370	72	32,628	.....	62,441	.....	166,496	.....	69,109	.....	\$
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain.....	5,895	.....	3,065	.....	20,867	.....	215,268	.....	598,782	.....	\$
	United States.....	746	.....	921	.....	82,395	12	1,736	.....	4,459	.....	\$
	Australasia.....	.....	.....	244	.....	9,392	.....	4,392	.....	2,805	.....	\$
	Other countries.....	172	.....	11,851	.....	22,607	.....	16,355	.....	18,062	.....	\$
	Totals.....	6,813	.....	16,081	.....	141,071	12	237,636	.....	624,108	.....	\$
Salmon, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	8,559	.....	26,415	.....	8,740	.....	29,129	.....	26,418	.....	\$
	United States.....	34,581	.....	14,591	.....	125,230	.....	146,894	.....	117,810	.....	\$
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,792	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	657	.....	484	.....	.....	.....	\$
	Totals.....	43,140	.....	41,006	.....	137,419	.....	176,507	.....	144,228	.....	\$

Salmon, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	117, 107	.....	16, 012	.....	27, 801	.....	133, 673	.....	66, 381	.....
	United States.....	743	.....	397	.....	2, 381	.....	4, 009	.....	2, 623	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	529	.....	61, 890	.....	8, 091	.....	13, 229	.....	64, 663	.....
	Other countries..		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
	Totals.....	118, 379	.....	78, 299	.....	38, 273	.....	152, 911	.....	133, 667	.....
Fish, all other, fresh	Great Britain.....	87, 413	.....	98, 453	.....	455, 114	.....	504, 413	.....	402, 491	3, 352
	United States.....	234	.....	125	.....	78	.....	366	.....	293	.....
	Other countries..		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
	Totals.....	87, 707	.....	98, 578	.....	455, 192	.....	504, 779	.....	402, 784	3, 352
Other fish, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	80, 636	.....	.....	.....	1, 719	.....	4, 029	.....	5, 410	337
	United States.....	11, 436	.....	25, 199	.....	133, 544	.....	151, 836	.....	166, 064	12, 228
	Other countries..		.....	8, 674	.....	150	.....	284	.....	36, 710	883
	Totals.....	92, 072	.....	33, 873	.....	153, 558	.....	203, 445	.....	203, 184	13, 418
Fish and fish products.....	Great Britain.....	173, 427	.....	259, 303	.....	337	.....	1, 013, 635	.....	1, 033, 528	337
	United States.....	616, 033	.....	456, 830	.....	10, 195	.....	2, 134, 696	.....	2, 028, 671	15, 582
	Other countries..	544, 763	.....	801, 635	.....	450	.....	2, 102, 431	.....	1, 799, 734	1, 183
	Totals.....	1, 334, 223	.....	1, 517, 768	.....	10, 982	.....	5, 250, 762	.....	4, 861, 933	17, 102
Flax, hemp, &c.....	Great Britain.....	2, 378	.....	.....	.....	19, 380	.....	.....	.....	300	.....
	United States.....		.....	.....	.....	291, 615	.....	162, 236	.....	69, 416	.....
	Other countries..		.....	.....	.....		.....		.....		.....
	Totals	2, 378	.....	.....	.....	310, 995	.....	162, 236	.....	69, 716	.....
Fruits—	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2, 259	.....	162	.....	245	.....
Fruits, dried	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	920	.....	475	6, 692
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7, 400	.....	4, 094	.....	1, 920	.....
	Holland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15, 283	.....	310	.....	1, 500	.....
	Other countries..	7	.....	220	.....	50	.....	819	.....	568	1, 252
	Totals.....	7	.....	220	.....	1, 057	.....	3, 765	.....	4, 708	7, 944
Fruits, green, apples	Great Britain.....	148	.....	.....	.....	203, 091	.....	65, 581	.....	48, 521	.....
	United States.....	7	.....	.....	.....	1, 009	.....	1, 820	.....	58	46
	Other countries..	437	.....	157	.....	4, 399	.....	1, 206	.....	1, 809	.....
	Totals	592	.....	157	.....	208, 499	.....	416	.....	50, 388	46

Recapitulation.

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	281,574	1,756	80,955	516	258,799	6,688	746,185	1,210	241,030	3,060
Great Britain.....	36,754	333	135,093	6,783	659,359	39,930	715,626	11,553	742,081	20,094
United States.....	32,971	.....	8,194	5,313	11,520	500	35,048	2,991	93,869	10,978
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	410,299	2,089	224,242	12,612	929,678	47,118	1,496,859	15,754	1,076,980	34,132
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	838	.....	.....	.....	6,234	.....	3,872	40	4,202	.....
Great Britain.....	31,826	.....	4,166	201	101,106	9,711	205,384	29,836	107,302	2,691
United States.....	115	144	24	.....	25,397	307	11,098	138	1,982	.....
Newfoundland.....	3,265	169	3,006	.....	5,450	193	12,026	306	17,944	220
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	36,044	313	7,196	201	138,187	10,271	232,380	30,386	131,430	2,911
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	1,189	.....	10,747	.....	11,745	110	13,638	252	14,699	476
Great Britain.....	15,642	14,420	288	6,564	56,423	34,573	73,533	21,086	5,378	13,744
United States.....	1,214	.....	3,176	.....	17,785	.....	8,065	.....	17,370	.....
Australasia.....	4,663	125	8,082	.....	17,811	11	21,162	164	23,353	404
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	22,708	14,545	22,293	6,564	103,764	34,634	116,398	21,502	60,800	14,624
Hair.....	12,959	233	659	.....	6,342	2,156	4,444	.....	659	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	12,179	92	56,383	.....	62,403	481	72,297	92
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,196	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	12,959	233	12,838	92	63,921	2,166	66,847	481	72,956	92
Hay.....	89,228	.....	46,730	.....	350,461	.....	497,817	.....	191,585	.....
Great Britain.....	35,447	1,528	18,365	1,265	101,568	2,283	254,770	2,228	201,298	4,163
United States.....	1,023	.....	1,168	.....	2,536	.....	8,180	.....	5,604	.....
E. W. Indies.....	8,622	.....	5,066	.....	49,968	.....	46,926	.....	28,731	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	134,320	1,528	71,329	1,265	504,533	2,283	807,693	2,228	427,218	4,163
Hides and skins other than fur, in- cluding pelts.....	3,778	.....	.....	.....	2,073	.....	16,118	.....	11,393	.....
Great Britain.....	270,945	90	339,181	3,634	1,470,217	8,947	1,563,675	3	1,646,841	12,516
United States.....	1,663	.....	2,769	.....	2,842	125	16,573	6,085	8,407	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	276,386	90	341,950	3,634	1,475,132	9,072	1,596,366	6,088	1,666,641	12,516
Leather and mfrs. of—	84,913	.....	157,095	.....	613,837	.....	657,743	.....	458,901	.....
Sole and upper.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	608	280	12,190	.....	41	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	2,030	.....	19,136	.....	15,583	.....	13,051	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	5,226	.....	60,394	.....	22,209	.....	19,810	.....
Other countries.....	3,656	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	88,563	.....	164,351	.....	693,975	280	707,725	.....	491,803	.....

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	20,286 493,479	64	11,970 1,028,006	386,420 1,986,206	120,697 2,974,787	846	100,807 3,964,500	.....
Totals.....	513,765	64	1,039,976	2,382,626	3,095,484	846	4,065,367	.....
Gold and silver—								
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, &c.....	966,470	660	1,043,418 80	6,405,651 29,745	600 4,823,976	7,190	500 3,398,039	.....
Totals.....	966,470	660	1,043,498	6,525,396	4,824,576	7,190	3,398,619	200
Silver ore.....	206,005 44,188	.....	1,119,965 43,421	1,000,511 105,392	40 1,585,162	4,929	4,224 4,484,078	.....
Totals.....	250,193	.....	1,163,386	1,105,903	1,650,957	4,929	4,657,568	500
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—								
Agricultural implements.....	4,281 239	8	33,488 863	166,541 15,411	256,637 5,813	1,372	231,992 7,648	20 931
Great Britain.....	45,989	.....	125,785	166,492	179,145	484	214,841	.....
Australasia.....	10,369	.....	17,752	183,175	73,567	.....	192,861	.....
France.....	19,619	.....	1,292	127,086	237,908	.....	244,965	.....
Germany.....	130,155	2	30,093	313,443	392,939	2	268,375	2,583
Other countries.....	210,652	10	209,273	920,148	1,145,909	1,858	1,160,682	3,534
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chromic iron.....	.....	.....	.....	3,510 6,795	8,166	.....	6,000 5,678	.....
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	10,305	8,166	.....	11,678	.....
Hardware.....	1,284 4,816	5,150 4,361	515 1,459	7,719 29,407	14,063 16,946	5,442	7,744 7,068	149 12,134
Great Britain.....	2,514	196	305	25,616	1,191	1,207	5,221	70
United States.....	13,125	11	6,857	17,174	32,801	1,501	46,436	204
Newfoundland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	21,759	9,718	9,136	79,916	83,417	18,013	66,469	12,557

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.			1907.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery.	Great Britain...	\$ 16,289	\$ 406	\$ 15,227	\$ 810	\$ 42,627	\$ 6,255	\$ 72,286	\$ 1,868	\$ 78,644	\$ 2,194	\$ 88,258	\$ 274,616
	United States...	8,513	33,718	8,190	57,370	68,069	248,886	71,764	132,815	88,258	274,616	13,092	35,966
	Australasia...	15,114	...	336	...	8,084	177	27,633	...	121,165	35,966	13,092	35,966
	Other countries..	22,885	250	29,739	4,051	94,848	702	133,018	4,210	121,165	35,966	13,092	35,966
	Totals.	62,801	34,374	53,492	62,231	213,628	256,020	304,701	133,893	271,159	312,776	23,843	88,258
Ores—iron.	Great Britain...	9,679	...	13,852	...	249,161	...	67,926	125	23,843	...	23,843	...
	United States...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pig iron.	Totals.	9,679	...	13,852	...	249,161	...	68,051	...	23,843	...	23,843	...
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	1,568	...	1,792	...	8,764	...	8,764	...
	United States...	...	...	...	...	6,995	...	...	...	3,875	...	3,875	...
Scrap iron and steel.	Other countries..	...	...	2,015	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals. ....	...	...	2,015	...	8,563	...	1,792	...	12,639	...	12,639	...
	Great Britain...	...	...	9,262	...	4,250	16	3,477	...	9,635	...	9,635	...
Steel and mfrs. of.	United States...	10,022	340	77,212	47,112	20,511	13,409	50,191	981	87,021	86,711	87,021	86,711
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	171	...	75	...	119	...	119	...
	Totals.	10,022	340	86,474	47,112	24,932	13,425	53,743	981	96,775	86,711	96,775	86,711
Steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	3,776	1,015	1,358	1,377	14,240	801	16,785	2,243	23,099	3,584	23,099	3,584
	United States...	22,327	34,418	22,370	19,523	51,187	136,499	144,978	151,154	73,884	83,885	73,884	83,885
	Newfoundland...	3,703	109	5,226	173	11,667	1,787	23,972	1,141	23,972	378	23,972	378
	Other countries..	8,318	1,266	26,589	40	28,506	2,244	44,208	3,097	64,303	1,424	64,303	1,424
	Totals.	38,124	36,808	55,537	21,113	105,600	141,331	228,838	157,635	185,258	89,271	185,258	89,271

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain	102	..	58	250	.....	7,315	.....	4,347	.....	3,595	15
	United States.....	1,300	..	27	1,743	.....	9,148	.....	8,120	1,880	8,959	3,241
	Other countries..	1,287	..	..	768	.....	8,855	61	11,401	114	3,576	135
Recapitulation.	Totals	2,689	85	..	2,761	365	25,318	4,106	23,868	1,994	16,130	3,381
	Great Britain.....	25,732	6,571	..	60,100	2,280	247,770	7,838	369,502	9,553	360,709	5,962
	United States.....	56,896	72,903	..	125,689	127,134	456,624	441,371	373,904	298,065	281,123	461,518
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N. E. S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Other countries..	273,078	1,861	..	246,751	6,880	933,117	6,857	1,175,679	11,756	1,202,801	40,760
	Totals	355,706	81,335	..	432,540	136,244	1,637,511	456,066	1,918,485	319,374	1,844,633	508,240
	Great Britain.....	20,668	..	..	..	..	25,865	..	65,468	..	130,052	..
Asbestos	United States.....	30,300	..	..	9,000	..	46,250	..	78,780	..	98,513	14,319
	Belgium.....	30,067	..	..	62,215	..	21,920	..	221,488	..	246,132	..
	Other countries..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44,087	..	..	..
Totals	Totals	81,035	..	..	71,215	..	94,035	..	409,823	..	474,697	14,319
	Great Britain.....	14,445	..	..	14,205	..	154,422	..	62,726	..	48,085	..
	United States.....	96,430	..	..	119,900	..	348,190	..	449,355	..	575,747	..
Nickel.....	Germany.....	10,425	..	..	..	..	63,596	..	56,697	..	6,795	..
	Other countries..	29,836	..	..	21,277	..	51,039	..	110,916	..	67,841	..
	Totals	151,136	..	..	155,382	..	617,247	..	679,694	..	698,468	..
Great Britain.....	United States.....	51,633	..	..	37,280	..	155,538	..	357,338	..	313,962	..
	Other countries..	199,604	..	..	123,317	..	584,145	..	844,029	..	597,994	..
	Totals	251,237	..	..	160,597	..	739,683	..	1,201,367	..	911,956	..
Lead ore.....	Great Britain.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	United States.....	31,199	..	..	47,880	..	135,347	..	238,246	..	271,882	..
	Other countries..	1,198	..	..	34,710	..	536,720	..	41,448	..	157,327	..
Totals	Totals	32,397	..	..	82,590	..	672,067	..	279,694	..	429,209	..
	Great Britain.....	190	..	..	2,478	..	9,410	..	13,260	..	25,511	..
	United States.....	58,312	..	..	36,578	..	64,396	677	214,068	9,954	173,587	36
Mica.....	Other countries..	..	..	..	2,496	..	..	..	1,095	..	3,646	..
	Totals	58,502	..	..	41,552	..	73,806	677	228,423	9,954	202,744	36

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.						FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs of— <i>Con.</i> Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Ores, except iron ore.....	Great Britain...	\$ 4,950	\$	\$ 12,000	\$	\$ 15,770	\$	\$ 52,501	\$	\$ 16,040	\$	\$ 16,040	\$
	United States...	21,653	.....	23,680	2,786	182,058	73	121,893	.....	108,794	.....	108,794	2,788
	Other countries..	1,980	.....	.....	.....	8,973	.....	8,088	.....	17,644	.....	17,644	.....
	Totals.....	28,583	.....	35,680	2,786	206,801	73	182,482	.....	142,478	.....	142,478	2,788
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain...	2,650	14	23,887	1,050	90,176	5,479	28,799	672	27,257	.....	27,257	1,174
	United States...	41,675	7,018	34,443	5,183	111,044	43,400	139,109	19,563	147,294	.....	147,294	47,870
	Other countries..	13,221	121	21,962	.....	43,829	1,250	34,253	1,867	25,724	.....	25,724	400
	Totals.....	57,546	7,153	80,292	6,233	245,049	50,129	200,161	22,102	200,275	.....	200,275	49,444
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Metals and minerals and mfrs. of....	Great Britain...	140,554	6,585	161,920	3,330	1,095,371	13,317	1,063,931	16,225	1,027,207	.....	1,027,207	7,136
	United States...	2,202,023	80,645	3,711,576	135,103	11,410,422	509,801	11,843,309	339,615	14,102,151	.....	14,102,151	527,031
	Other countries..	403,993	1,982	432,912	7,030	1,794,331	8,107	1,758,906	13,623	1,806,656	.....	1,806,656	41,360
	Totals.....	2,746,570	89,212	4,306,708	145,463	14,300,124	531,225	14,671,146	363,463	17,026,014	.....	17,026,014	575,527
Milk and cream, condensed.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	1,792	.....	.....	140	1,205	.....	2,961	.....	2,961	.....
	United States...	.....	18	31	91	1,641	2,167	722	18	494	.....	494	141
	British Africa...	3,207	.....	.....	.....	39,561	.....	18,171	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	4,835	.....	778	.....	17,645	.....	13,367	.....	3,896	.....	3,896	.....
	Totals.....	8,042	18	2,601	91	58,847	2,307	34,055	18	7,351	.....	7,351	141
Musical instruments	Great Britain...	13,414	.....	8,415	.....	47,155	.....	58,058	.....	31,265	.....	31,265	.....
	United States...	2,412	398	3,442	747	11,683	7,212	15,387	3,783	21,992	.....	21,992	4,922
	Other countries..	7,791	.....	3,914	.....	25,958	.....	36,173	2,375	30,296	.....	30,296	360
	Totals.....	23,617	398	15,771	747	84,796	7,212	110,218	6,158	83,553	.....	83,553	5,282

Oilcake.....	Great Britain.....	35,190	41,716	24,232	142,179	212,480
	United States.....	16	26,927	16	2,281	16
	Other countries.....	12,820	26,927	16	46,021	85,690
Oils.....	Totals.....	48,010	68,659	24,248	190,481	298,186
	Great Britain.....	18,133	33,419	15,032	59,799	96,719
	United States.....	6,610	3,897	1,837	24,671	18,399
Paper.....	Other countries.....	487	537	16,880	14,695	4,183
	Totals.....	25,230	37,853	31,912	99,165	119,301
	Great Britain.....	89,031	95,926	361,099	324,833	398,709
Provisions—	United States.....	6,116	39,670	96,619	31,797	10,354
	Australasia.....	66,042	58,898	251,046	336,325	267,747
	Other countries.....	161,189	25,557	708,764	484	133,992
Butter.....	Totals.....	1,212,391	220,061	3,504,163	692,955	2,884
	Great Britain.....	822	334,106	3,504,163	2,200	501,931
	United States.....	6,685	12,997	29,249	2,586,864	26,300
Cheese.....	Newfoundland.....	22,410	3,728	28,805	644	1,321
	Other countries.....	1,242,311	10,288	79,586	25,564	12,931
	Totals.....	4,170,309	361,119	3,641,803	87,493	65,276
Eggs.....	Great Britain.....	5,368	3,335,641	9,027,082	2,712,350	606,438
	United States.....	2,941	453	8,213	255	25,364
	Other countries.....	6,614	1,339	15,126	6,092	4,766
Meats—	Bacon and hams.....	14,923	1,073	13,757	9,678	9,125
	British Africa.....	913,505	326	15,074	16,409	6,038
	Other countries.....	60	433	26,537	19,536	17,156
Bacon and hams.....	Totals.....	913,908	3,344,387	9,092,032	285	9,967,132
	Great Britain.....	2,941	5,830	9,092,032	12,155,585	25,382
	United States.....	6,614	538	3,127	5,368	6
Meats—	British Africa.....	343	1,443,403	1,923	5,646	2,194
	Other countries.....	88	59	13,757	25,359	1,991
	Totals.....	913,908	1,443,895	18,807	36,373	4,191
Bacon and hams.....	Great Britain.....	60	1,443,403	4,911,444	4,832,635	3,996,090
	United States.....	343	59	4,133	4,022	1,147
	British Africa.....	88	27	6,953	10,529	1,553
Meats—	Other countries.....	88	433	4,278	13,149	3,215
	Totals.....	913,908	1,443,895	4,926,808	45,384	4,000,881
	Great Britain.....	2,941	5,830	9,092,032	12,155,585	25,382
	United States.....	6,614	538	3,127	5,368	6
	Other countries.....	343	1,443,403	1,923	5,646	2,194
	Totals.....	913,908	1,443,895	18,807	36,373	4,191
Bacon and hams.....	Great Britain.....	60	1,443,403	4,911,444	4,832,635	3,996,090
	United States.....	343	59	4,133	4,022	1,147
	British Africa.....	88	27	6,953	10,529	1,553
Meats—	Other countries.....	88	433	4,278	13,149	3,215
	Totals.....	913,908	1,443,895	4,926,808	45,384	4,000,881
	Great Britain.....	2,941	5,830	9,092,032	12,155,585	25,382
	United States.....	6,614	538	3,127	5,368	6
	Other countries.....	343	1,443,403	1,923	5,646	2,194
	Totals.....	913,908	1,443,895	18,807	36,373	4,191

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain...	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 23,109	\$ 792	\$ 24,171	\$ 2,720	\$ 11,038	\$ 852	\$ 33,806	\$ 1,899
	United States...	61,118	13,131	64,982	10,424	194,052	34,086	353,061	49,354	413,987	41,471
	Other countries.	10,082	1,582	15,901	13	56,770	1,373	74,404	2,071	74,776	992
	Totals	71,206	14,518	103,992	11,229	274,993	38,179	438,503	52,277	522,569	44,362
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	83,396	10	51,918	50	40	158	300	66	355	9
	United States...	541	1,161	1,161	1,161	302,458	2,884	335,046	3,430	293,136	3,017
	Other countries.	83,937	53,089	53,089	53,089	305,382	208	338,776	66	296,508	9
	Totals	15,405	64,439	64,439	64,439	73,414	923	1,624	4,669	2,189	54
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain...	16,066	2,704	65,001	1,376	77,347	11,561	64,287	15,252	125,945	6,334
	United States...	661	12	542	1,376	2,079	923	1,624	4,669	2,189	54
	Other countries.	15,405	2,692	64,439	1,376	73,414	2,737	61,953	9,965	121,532	6,280
	Totals	16,066	2,704	65,001	1,376	77,347	11,561	64,287	15,252	125,945	6,334
Tea.	Great Britain...	42,871	45,421	51,834	1,823	172,993	1,823	241,644	521	204,887	7,288
	United States...	1,766	1,766	1,523	1,523	11,431	11,431	13,431	13,431	10,036	10,036
	Newfoundland.	784	784	212	212	4,966	4,966	2,759	2,759	2,865	2,865
	Other countries.	45,421	45,421	53,569	53,569	191,219	191,219	258,355	258,355	225,126	225,126
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	1,311	6,004	395	17	8,470	2,103	8,019	48,479	9,460	5,957
	United States...	2,823	256	1,121	13,983	13,378	136,217	7,771	48,479	43,701	51,466
	Other countries.	4,134	6,260	1,152	40	28,072	5,287	15,658	6,715	20,688	5,500
	Totals	4,134	6,260	2,668	13,450	49,920	143,607	31,448	55,194	73,849	62,923

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	8	221	416	808	2	11,283	59,411	354	2	1,235	1,492
	United States.....	1,433		326		1,678		23,916			8,932	1,254
	B. W. Indies.....	1,974		172		11,956		39,076	1,504		19,932	6,224
	Cuba.....	1,565		705		35,181	2	34,572			16,260	759
	Other countries.....											
	Totals.....	4,980	221	1,619	808	74,300	11,285	156,874	1,858		46,361	9,729
Other vegetables, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	60		483		1,655		1,745			3,222	
	United States.....	9,076	2,656	9,592	402	25,617	6,294	36,468	18,631		25,352	1,829
	Other countries.....	1,750	69	887		3,038	100	10,012	155		2,175	648
	Totals.....	10,886	2,725	10,962	402	30,310	6,394	48,225	18,786		30,749	2,477
Wood and mfrs. of:— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs.....	Great Britain.....	135		5,336		19,609	410	22,723			24,414	
	United States.....	32,158		52,614		213,114		280,110	6		260,286	
	Other countries.....					813		220			500	
	Totals.....	32,293		57,950		233,536	410	303,053	6		285,200	
Lumber— Deals, pine.....	Great Britain.....	357,129		233,974		1,042,873		1,573,102			819,356	
	United States.....	24,431		2,165		122,967		95,390			39,937	
	Belgium.....					2,740						
	Other countries.....					6,160		210			1,485	
	Totals.....	381,560		236,139		1,174,740		1,668,702			860,778	
Deals, spruce and other.....	Great Britain.....	1,349,582		844,176		3,530,534		3,473,204			3,395,853	
	United States.....	101,764		52,292		156,660		275,316			299,711	
	France.....	26,260				1,346		26,260			9,833	
	Spain.....	4,053		11,274				4,053			18,059	
	Other countries.....	4,466		25,782		38,211		24,268			45,791	
	Totals.....	1,486,125		933,524		3,736,751		3,803,101			3,679,247	
Deal ends.....	Great Britain.....	66,246		43,493		195,981		178,597			167,658	
	United States.....	525		1,403		422		881			3,852	
	Other countries.....	497		628		10,513		800			1,903	
	Totals.....	67,268		45,524		206,916		180,278			173,413	
Planks and boards.....	Great Britain.....	292,777		227,241		710,824		1,009,328			707,984	
	United States.....	2,051,704	300	1,740,250	2,745	5,413,918	1,639	7,465,787	1,276		6,780,579	2,745
	Arg. Republic.....	205,859		138,798		405,383		734,204			613,774	
	Other countries.....	155,479		227,187		547,010	556	667,768			915,932	1,925
	Totals.....	2,705,819	300	2,333,476	2,745	7,077,135	2,195	9,867,087	1,276		9,018,269	4,670

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets	Great Britain	7,167	.....	252	.....	17,010	.....	15,428	.....	12,026	.....
	United States	259,343	.....	194,446	.....	590,792	.....	851,963	.....	790,149	.....
	Other countries	1,699	.....	7,459	.....	7,625	.....	9,959	.....	17,576	.....
	Totals	268,209	.....	202,157	.....	615,427	.....	877,350	.....	819,751	.....
Joists and scantling	Great Britain	116,352	.....	83,843	.....	253,459	.....	260,019	.....	302,448	.....
	United States	65,966	.....	32,433	.....	242,110	240	348,004	.....	229,867	.....
	Other countries	11,562	.....	43,047	.....	61,139	.....	24,638	.....	73,703	.....
	Totals	193,880	.....	159,323	.....	556,708	240	632,661	.....	606,018	.....
Staves and headings	Great Britain	6,117	.....	4,398	.....	13,985	.....	12,925	.....	12,121	.....
	United States	13,454	.....	28,903	.....	36,190	.....	33,327	.....	88,874	.....
	Other countries	2,760	.....	.....	.....	581	.....	6,424	.....	2,272	.....
	Totals	22,331	.....	33,301	.....	50,756	.....	52,676	.....	103,267	.....
Other lumber, N.E.S.	Great Britain	8,263	.....	14,524	.....	91,497	136	66,332	.....	54,942	.....
	United States	63,561	181	31,462	413	137,455	1,234	187,829	3,426	107,557	1,438
	Other countries	9,404	.....	467	.....	7,561	.....	22,792	.....	1,365	.....
	Totals	81,228	181	46,453	413	236,513	1,370	276,953	3,426	163,864	1,438
Shingles	Great Britain .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States	180,862	.....	362,432	.....	790,983	12	898,171	.....	1,204,334	.....
	B. W. Indies	459	.....	4,410	.....	16,923	.....	8,402	.....	12,595	.....
	Other countries	2,450	.....	370	.....	.....	961	3,278	.....	1,788	.....
	Totals	183,771	.....	367,212	.....	808,296	961	909,851	.....	1,218,717	.....

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain...	22,988	11,088	99,526	91,338	70,813
	United States...	1,926	375	16,482	8,885	2,840
	Mexico	1,721	642	6,142	9,338	2,259
	Other countries..	3,712	251	15,379	15,954	12,749
	Totals.....	30,347	12,356	137,529	125,515	88,661
Timber, square— Oak	Great Britain...		23,818	49,143	92,064	134,455
	United States...			397		1,037
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....		23,818	50,140	92,064	134,455
Pine, white	Great Britain...	66	270,450	387,661	295,033	420,921
	United States...			90	3,546	
	Other countries..			3,459	269	
	Totals.....	66	270,450	391,210	298,848	420,921
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	26,336	52,936	267,544	272,416	168,483
	United States...	1,205	16,700	8,430	15,514	17,006
	Other countries..			6,211	5,612	1,053
	Totals.....	27,601	69,636	282,185	293,542	186,542
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain...					
	United States...	396,042	477,991	1,281,097	1,335,946	1,749,820
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....	396,042	477,991	1,281,097	1,335,946	1,749,820
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	3,621		1,486	14,039	
	United States...	116,849	159,914	352,799	483,387	594,016
	Other countries..	202	19,595	2,068	10,080	32,537
	Totals.....	120,672	179,509	356,353	507,606	626,553
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	2,256,839	1,815,529	6,681,144	7,376,548	171,312
	United States...	3,369,790	3,153,386	9,364,506	12,284,156	12,079,865
	Other countries..	430,583	479,910	1,139,642	1,563,929	1,765,174
	Totals.....	5,997,212	5,448,819	17,185,292	21,224,633	20,094,782
Wood, unmanufactured...	Great Britain...					
	United States...					
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, manufactured— Furniture	Great Britain...	\$ 3,431	\$	\$ 3,914	\$ 21	\$ 53,329	\$ 54	\$ 34,934	\$ 74	\$ 16,210	\$ 44		
	United States...	1,287	14	604	31	9,800	457	2,794	2,048	7,943	380		
	Australasia...	834	...	...	...	9,420	419	12,834	265	60	45		
	Newfoundland...	354	...	830	...	11,567	62	7,579	2	6,734	...		
	Other countries...	1,172	...	5,790	99	48,343	985	22,303	229	24,474	248		
	Totals	7,578	14	11,138	151	132,459	1,977	80,444	2,618	55,421	717		
Doors, sashes and blinds	Great Britain...	7,551	...	15,843	...	39,797	...	40,729	...	31,257	...		
	United States...	38	...	...	...	5,839	28	608	235	31	15		
	British Africa...	1,440	...	...	...	19,630	...	12,928	...	5,267	...		
	Other countries...	1,084	...	...	...	638	...	2,260	...	...	...
	Totals	10,113	...	15,843	...	65,904	28	56,525	239	36,555	15		
Matches and match splints.....	Great Britain...	2,714	...	9,535	...	35,468	...	28,091	...	34,687	...		
	United States...	...	...	17	...	16	22	1,293	11	20	3		
	Other countries...	1,142	...	...	...	1,494	...	1,302	...	330	...		
	Totals	3,856	...	9,552	...	36,978	22	30,686	11	35,037	3		
	Great Britain...	159,004	...	47,391	...	418,739	...	589,536	...	258,806	...		
Wood pulp	United States...	194,834	...	347,244	...	1,013,209	497	1,031,284	...	1,456,370	...		
	Other countries...	23,295	...	...	...	54,906	...	28,490	...	6,903	...		
	Totals	377,133	...	394,635	...	1,486,854	497	1,649,310	...	1,722,279	...		
	Great Britain...	14,024	970	22,919	397	79,336	1,628	171,403	5,444	77,761	2,775		
	United States...	6,320	6,433	8,581	5,235	35,466	28,332	37,055	27,406	52,037	29,523		
Other wood, manufactured, N.E.S.	Other countries...	7,231	275	15,410	480	26,803	1,260	71,991	1,962	87,037	7,418		
	Totals	27,575	7,678	46,910	6,112	141,605	31,220	280,449	34,812	217,445	39,716		

Recapitulation.

Wood, manufactured.....	187,224	970	99,602	418	626,669	1,682	864,693	5,518	418,721	2,819
United States.....	202,479	6,447	356,429	5,206	1,064,330	29,336	1,072,646	29,704	1,072,646	29,921
Other countries.....	36,552	275	22,047	579	172,801	2,726	160,075	2,458	131,395	7,711
Totals.....	426,255	7,692	478,078	6,263	1,863,800	33,744	2,097,414	37,680	2,066,737	40,451
Wood and mfrs. of.....	2,444,063	970	1,915,131	171,730	7,307,813	17,318	8,241,241	83,602	6,668,464	174,131
United States.....	3,512,269	7,387	3,509,809	9,550	10,428,836	33,279	13,356,802	35,397	13,596,486	30,174
Other countries.....	467,135	275	501,957	579	1,312,443	4,578	1,724,094	3,823	1,896,569	11,742
Totals.....	6,423,467	8,632	5,926,897	181,859	19,049,092	55,175	23,322,047	122,822	22,161,519	222,047
Wool and mfrs. of.....	8,360	1,069	7,557	1,062	10,150	4,301	48,737	17,086	20,121	2,746
United States.....	98,412	15	93,008	.....	184,652	3,591	137,971	326	238,575	9,003
Newfoundland.....	535	.....	1,447	.....	28,840	34	7,739	73	9,074	887
Other countries.....	45	.....	49	7	1,560	27	1,534	445	354	7
Totals.....	107,352	1,084	102,061	1,069	225,202	7,953	195,981	17,930	268,124	12,643
All other articles, N.E.S.....	19,101	3,823	38,558	6,852	113,894	32,240	166,518	36,868	132,235	29,295
United States.....	95,878	58,148	109,320	139,746	339,707	567,520	460,699	320,698	602,043	262,783
Other countries.....	44,205	2,858	59,501	7,313	224,503	18,014	258,498	12,136	249,781	15,212
Totals.....	159,184	64,829	207,379	153,911	678,104	617,774	885,715	369,702	984,059	307,290
Total exports (mdse.).....	13,858,478	1,027,536	14,140,128	788,675	38,855,977	2,297,094	52,498,351	3,154,748	51,002,341	3,218,504
United States.....	8,098,562	500,529	9,434,663	650,370	32,231,407	2,358,832	37,352,752	2,174,103	38,848,611	2,216,288
Other countries.....	2,093,521	120,735	2,604,907	33,405	8,866,979	117,320	9,888,466	580,676	10,019,102	166,615
Totals.....	24,050,561	1,657,800	26,179,698	1,472,448	79,954,363	4,773,246	99,689,570	5,909,527	99,870,654	5,601,407
Coin and bullion.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	628
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	136,365	.....	1,301,982	.....	7,509,515	.....	4,665,232
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	22,545	.....	5,469	.....	36,976	.....	26,680
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,692,540
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	158,910	.....	1,307,451	.....	7,546,491	.....	.....
Grand totals, Exports.....	13,858,478	1,027,536	14,140,128	788,675	38,855,977	2,297,094	52,498,351	3,154,748	51,002,341	3,219,132
United States.....	8,098,562	2,672,521	9,434,663	786,735	32,231,407	3,660,814	37,352,753	9,683,618	38,848,611	6,881,520
Other countries.....	2,093,521	121,455	2,604,907	55,948	8,866,979	122,789	9,888,466	617,632	10,019,102	193,295
Totals.....	24,050,561	3,821,512	26,179,698	1,631,358	79,954,363	6,080,697	99,689,570	13,456,018	99,870,654	10,293,947

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	August.		Five months ending August.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits	571,786	604,961	2,325,162	2,728,395	3,041,484
Malt	129,869	136,252	539,956	602,644	692,408
Malt liquor	755	52	6,871	6,756	8,224
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	221,377	221,010	915,020	1,049,455	1,126,150
" Canadian leaf.....	14,040	12,822	69,907	69,177	64,662
" combination leaf.....	7,132	8,817	42,500	43,270	44,963
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	92,964	118,921	362,679	391,662	466,017
" Canadian leaf.....		28			141
" combination leaf.....	2,019	970	6,934	6,459	5,450
Snuff.....	2,526	2,681	12,294	13,712	14,229
Canada twist	11	13	561	459	123
Foreign raw leaf.....	142,137	150,785	559,047	625,435	703,402
Licenses	77		3,050	2,781	3,927
Totals, Tobacco.....	482,283	516,047	1,971,992	2,202,410	2,429,064
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	106,848	108,662	474,039	500,008	523,584
" Canadian leaf.....	316	401	2,016	1,597	2,013
" combination leaf.....	2,759	2,667	9,821	14,111	12,309
Licenses	169	75	14,538	11,028	15,000
Totals, Cigars	110,092	111,805	500,414	526,744	552,906
Acetic acid	138	141	1,721	176	651
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	7,417	7,696	24,864	30,173	34,438
Seizures	283	14	1,507	921	1,883
Other receipts	6,643	3,046	21,202	25,260	28,772
Totals, Excise Revenue...	1,309,266	1,380,014	5,393,689	6,123,479	6,789,830
Hydraulic and other rents.....	67	67	1,643	1,560	1,643
Minor public works.....	50		713	1,473	977
Inspection of electric light.....	2,290	2,879	8,831	12,710	11,368
" gas	3,983	3,757	15,633	20,055	16,541
" weights and measures.....	7,542	8,078	31,017	32,933	33,082
Law stamps	861	523	6,629	4,166	3,535
Other revenues.....	5,471	4,825	33,779	29,306	29,285
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,529,535	1,400,143	5,491,934	6,225,682	6,886,261

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure of Canada, during the *months, five months and twelve months* ending August, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.						
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office	Pub. W ^{ks} (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF AUGUST 1898 TO 1907.

1898	2,062,924	779,563	260,000	467,354	103,777	3,673,618	1,541,311	1,103,284
1899	2,559,096	752,889	220,000	547,308	94,367	4,173,660	1,614,956	457,022
1900	2,636,295	823,782	240,000	541,055	168,645	4,409,777	1,555,018	616,956
1901	2,996,449	913,713	270,234	635,078	201,221	5,016,695	2,686,189	2,273,942
1902	3,346,120	890,590	300,000	719,031	230,619	5,486,360	2,618,004	505,738
1903	3,983,936	1,069,486	340,000	805,159	176,108	6,374,689	1,448,233	255,490
1904	3,841,930	1,060,921	340,000	668,982	214,021	6,125,854	2,459,051	246,389
1905	4,188,476	1,128,537	370,000	720,218	253,036	6,660,267	2,325,638	990,109
1906	4,595,382	1,265,196	409,870	1,016,442	343,205	7,630,095	3,709,965	633,844
1907	5,618,583	1,352,562	470,000	941,519	981,853	9,364,517	5,846,498	2,448,258

FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST 1898 TO 1907.

1898	9,855,624	3,635,165	1,321,155	1,751,984	994,591	17,558,519	12,042,080	2,322,593
1899	10,908,736	3,916,873	1,205,743	2,080,032	930,123	19,041,507	12,546,417	2,015,976
1900	11,787,322	3,894,741	1,320,766	2,398,579	1,000,124	20,401,532	12,948,316	2,109,985
1901	12,139,795	4,288,748	1,460,028	2,603,106	1,143,317	21,634,994	15,309,879	4,746,726
1902	14,463,412	4,617,206	1,616,192	2,810,774	1,203,239	24,710,823	16,895,296	3,460,220
1903	17,197,527	5,044,871	1,795,353	3,002,036	1,623,235	28,663,022	13,883,828	1,710,010
1904	17,157,128	4,997,743	1,729,851	2,835,186	1,476,950	28,196,858	17,303,251	2,928,236
1905	17,855,711	5,167,691	2,006,878	3,201,151	1,447,909	29,679,340	16,865,486	3,752,696
1906	20,173,403	5,840,791	2,420,880	3,893,352	2,053,027	34,381,453	18,913,146	4,377,095
1907	22,146,181	5,491,836	2,197,392	4,046,013	2,272,581	36,153,003	26,760,909	8,628,111

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST 1898 TO 1907.

1898	22,846,140	8,450,617	3,444,606	3,931,800	2,400,064	41,073,227	31,421,749	5,590,096
1899	24,936,206	9,621,982	3,079,817	4,483,981	2,615,125	44,787,111	33,634,895	7,392,410
1900	28,642,499	9,932,498	3,148,410	5,225,378	2,900,626	49,849,411	35,031,131	7,935,935
1901	28,354,639	10,465,621	3,397,331	5,830,286	3,288,127	51,336,004	39,764,020	11,280,429
1902	32,624,636	11,160,652	3,806,791	6,489,606	3,163,894	57,245,579	42,446,451	9,805,856
1903	37,936,854	12,178,211	4,334,809	7,102,937	3,948,506	65,501,317	39,997,796	6,818,581
1904	40,197,364	12,727,722	4,567,368	6,692,992	3,793,988	67,979,434	45,861,695	9,146,906
1905	41,438,764	12,568,044	5,047,064	7,580,273	3,588,815	70,222,960	50,347,783	11,753,174
1906	46,399,162	14,207,609	5,855,926	8,743,376	4,555,588	79,761,661	55,313,282	12,360,029
1907	53,200,407	14,805,220	6,056,736	9,222,313	5,292,369	88,577,045	62,061,455	18,218,235

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

		FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.					
		Imports.		Exports of Home Produce.			
		1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Food, drink and tobacco—							
Grain and flour		142,235,564	151,406,314	156,377,417	6,201,607	4,801,082	6,615,211
Meat, including animals for food ..		100,358,142	110,028,884	111,365,804	1,706,243	2,739,471	2,870,691
Other foods and drinks—							
Free		126,842,692	141,503,394	139,305,042	27,108,896	30,648,079	33,986,473
Dutiable		83,009,364	82,697,621	92,193,161	1,950,831	2,060,594	2,538,496
Tobacco		6,710,780	8,846,860	6,633,556			
Totals		461,156,542	494,483,073	505,874,980	36,976,577	40,249,226	46,010,871
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—							
Coal, coke and patent fuel		108,767	85,201	3,300	53,566,704	66,436,417	88,046,836
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel		11,752,441	14,421,650	16,028,732	994,294	1,236,046	1,418,811
Other metallic ores		14,792,272	18,630,822	23,088,381	231,332	363,836	453,616
Wood and timber		58,254,190	65,337,886	63,902,997	135,653	204,267	273,045
Cotton		83,030,158	59,372,320	86,706,616			
Wool		41,326,186	60,736,307	64,191,202	3,546,923	5,312,376	6,373,648
Other textile materials		22,080,212	22,564,128	27,868,644	306,940	438,153	546,720
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums ..		49,390,071	51,892,749	67,783,706	5,094,641	5,562,546	6,703,360
Hides and undressed skins		15,638,395	22,347,572	22,216,172	3,440,413	4,207,748	3,578,787
Materials for making paper		8,134,698	8,304,961	8,723,551	1,086,187	1,461,771	1,699,383
Miscellaneous		42,775,749	46,390,309	52,145,871	3,473,469	3,840,000	5,008,748
Totals		348,178,139	370,083,905	432,659,172	71,876,546	89,063,154	114,105,554
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—							
Iron and steel and mfrs. of		16,867,146	17,231,215	14,153,677	64,679,777	79,932,264	100,375,687
Other metals and mfrs. of		41,559,312	56,521,736	59,644,655	17,980,372	19,348,274	24,845,101
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments		6,717,942	7,028,335	7,876,690	10,189,015	11,750,682	13,451,438

Telegraph, cables and apparatus	74,129	2,245,280	2,528,626	4,516,300	5,304,398	4,432,151
Machinery	9,791,524	11,297,362	12,182,508	47,632,497	54,452,996	63,830,611
Ships (new)	69,619	78,265	96,905	11,348,144	26,534,784	23,665,949
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture)	4,148,561	4,319,255	4,062,196	2,283,395	2,344,993	2,725,269
Yarns and textile fabrics—						
Cotton	15,639,381	18,546,413	18,731,820	182,011,976	201,685,319	228,080,742
Wool	25,349,542	25,182,294	22,214,489	58,758,938	64,115,247	71,752,387
Other materials	38,153,664	40,068,074	42,394,039	25,736,264	29,194,214	34,253,809
Apparel	8,121,035	7,744,072	7,652,431	11,725,810	13,067,116	14,327,735
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours	19,828,926	21,002,835	24,078,408	28,132,662	30,851,229	35,204,838
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves) ..	21,585,438	26,941,710	21,901,295	10,652,120	12,018,581	13,432,299
Earthenware and glass	8,360,256	8,437,015	8,212,534	6,378,457	7,365,458	8,519,076
Paper	10,283,311	11,538,681	10,920,260	3,841,147	4,119,512	4,846,115
Miscellaneous	56,443,397	59,286,574	59,286,273	51,586,597	58,053,471	68,064,024
Totals	282,495,103	317,379,179	315,935,876	537,447,471	620,094,538	714,007,311
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post)	4,523,288	4,944,756	4,663,445	9,318,572	11,433,127	12,864,503
Totals	1,096,353,072	1,186,890,913	1,259,133,473	655,615,166	760,840,045	886,988,239
Exports of foreign produce				154,319,994	168,796,611	194,546,887
Grand totals ..	1,096,353,072	1,186,890,913	1,259,133,473	809,935,160	929,636,656	1,081,535,096

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.					VALUES.				
	Month of August.		Five months ending August.			Month of August.		Five months ending August.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Animals, living—										
Cattle..... No.	18,330	18,173	67,993	73,982	63,291	1,511,504	1,551,965	5,443,866	6,218,665	5,454,803
Sheep and lambs	292	699	13,264	7,861	4,108	2,132	6,667	102,584	57,757	37,818
Horses..... "	28	1	175	96	72	7,300	219	47,012	24,139	15,428
Grain —										
Indian corn..... Cwt.	324,600	440,200	2,176,800	1,097,100	1,708,500	416,956	584,672	2,802,358	1,339,369	2,251,349
Wheat.... "	812,000	1,723,300	1,860,830	4,938,000	5,487,000	1,392,927	3,295,234	3,384,873	8,622,316	10,690,580
Wheat flour..... "	167,100	219,400	467,500	819,200	883,320	375,020	527,547	1,063,021	1,884,542	2,095,435
Pease..... "	310	23,300	55,630	68,860	84,330	501	47,577	85,698	120,999	157,178
Oats..... "	215,800	308,600	415,600	558,434	1,029,000	329,123	477,921	564,745	1,121,329	1,649,925
Provisions—										
Bacon..... Cwt.	168,051	174,930	637,538	582,087	621,552	2,189,824	2,287,859	7,001,081	7,464,420	8,924,744
Hams..... "	42,761	49,042	185,277	160,281	180,698	563,894	703,399	2,154,612	2,067,384	2,555,351
Butter..... "	46,925	16,382	159,840	105,891	22,585	1,138,464	401,631	3,755,401	2,568,782	546,380

Cheese.....	Cwt.	319,430	327,030	791,186	919,007	739,299	4,400,119	4,465,025	9,619,175	12,657,889	11,285,166
Eggs.....	Gt. hunds.	2,060	600	1,500	2,060	600	4,755	1,168	2,672	4,755	1,168
Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	5,703	8,314	25,994	20,562	17,776	182,822	322,319	806,853	678,997	680,898
Salmon.....	"	12,879	21,383	12,062	133,760	76,146	146,072	393,606	164,565	1,881,320	1,334,576
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads.	16,705	8,984	32,547	53,619	23,088	434,987	356,717	1,002,163	1,574,575	857,667
Sawn and split, planed or dressed.....	"	280,095	225,390	654,210	742,384	615,809	4,041,338	3,095,511	8,979,686	10,736,109	8,731,189
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,157,708	18,519,037	47,020,365	59,023,947	56,378,655

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *five months* ending August 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

	ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.					VALUES.				
		Month of August.		Five months ending August.			Month of August.		Five months ending August.		
		1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.		1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.											
1.	Articles of food and drink :—										
	Salt, rock and white	8,708	7,398	43,298	42,948	30,723	34,436	31,590	161,625	133,331	
	Spirits	44,365	48,572	238,884	281,130	364,803	97,766	105,276	589,571	781,226	
2.	Raw materials :—										
	Wool, sheep and lambs	82,400	117,900	541,800	261,500	598,400	23,204	28,806	75,262	154,248	
3.	Articles, manufactured and partly manufac- tured :—										
	Cotton manufactures—										
	Piece goods, gray or unbleached	360,700	1,431,300	939,900	1,191,000	6,418,300	20,264	82,300	51,146	70,945	
	" " bleached	910,100	2,139,400	4,095,509	4,413,600	8,875,200	73,092	161,841	309,272	346,262	
	" " printed	1,422,200	1,912,800	4,409,800	6,397,300	8,383,100	109,417	145,017	321,443	482,213	
	" " dyed, or manufactured of dyed yarn	1,534,400	2,203,500	5,626,500	6,033,500	9,259,800	206,274	289,138	770,793	822,792	
	Jute manufactures—										
	Piece goods, all kinds.	1,473,580	2,286,500	7,949,000	6,247,680	8,771,900	100,696	126,300	406,438	418,732	
	Linen manufactures—										
	Piece goods, all kinds	1,122,100	1,037,100	4,296,600	4,913,600	5,805,400	122,669	118,450	464,028	526,800	
	Silk manufactures—										
	Lace						7,523	4,531	24,056	15,509	
	Silk and other materials						113,953	57,684	179,165	296,935	
	Woollen tissues	1,068,600	1,052,006	3,119,700	3,556,700	4,475,300	585,572	576,206	1,638,325	1,882,426	
	Worsted	1,134,400	1,302,100	4,482,400	5,049,900	5,640,600	521,419	602,693	1,703,620	2,031,234	
	Carpets, not being rugs	350,700	406,200	821,800	1,131,200	1,211,700	166,985	234,958	423,759	510,687	
	Hardware, unenumerated						19,962	21,141	93,806	141,595	
	Cutlery						42,320	44,887	170,742	209,645	
	Iron and steel—										
	Iron : Pig	6,797	10,042	18,021	30,139	70,218	104,361	157,529	313,270	552,440	
	Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables	122	275	657	704	1,322	9,446	20,557	45,995	54,599	
	Bars, angles, rods and shapes or sections	2,129	1,711	7,777	13,095	13,787	89,123	92,228	400,604	588,058	

Rails.....	Tons.	2,611	616	17,802	6,514	2,312	75,570	23,054	438,652	185,362	84,568
Sheets and plates.....	"	3,311	5,377	12,949	12,829	20,220	131,741	243,484	493,120	513,759	860,693
Galvanized sheets.....	"	1,258	2,164	8,261	7,210	11,461	81,573	167,988	532,062	478,329	1,081,612
Tin plates and sheets.....	"	1,812	1,900	9,208	6,752	8,823	108,123	127,292	559,057	420,359	566,630
Wire.....	"	407	649	2,111	1,907	2,944	39,726	63,617	177,360	215,457	380,830
Old, for manufacture.....	"	2,052	1,571	7,257	7,863	14,396	30,470	22,557	104,653	118,200	228,173
Lead, pig.....	"	555	350	1,848	2,147	2,173	51,265	33,940	128,612	187,736	225,048
Tin, unwrought.....	Cwt.	680	1,700	3,800	4,100	5,740	28,961	74,810	127,730	177,427	260,945
Apparel and slops.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	226,645	338,832	568,358	701,656	1,016,539
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroidery and needlework.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cement.....	Tons.	8,246	6,755	18,939	27,966	26,177	120,197	121,594	486,222	344,940	417,726
Earthenware and chinaware.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62,814	52,404	157,884	205,197	214,075
Oil, seed oil.....	Tons.	161	128	4,932	918	.....	108,856	129,327	437,965	552,147	655,067
Paper, writing or printing, and envelopes.....	Cwt.	5,754	10,112	22,935	22,877	38,037	40,992	63,705	157,020	160,867	254,411
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	"	1,114	2,919	4,906	5,464	10,425	14,420	25,219	54,705	75,000	94,779
Stationery, other than paper.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,844	56,512	153,871	172,381	278,562
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India.....	Lbs.	115,059	52,462	266,845	614,349	432,953	16,600	10,009	57,444	99,329	95,857
" Ceylon.....	"	232,205	163,348	1,168,767	1,223,422	1,111,075	36,869	30,709	220,991	221,573	226,381
" China.....	"	15,862	3,250	88,514	87,219	88,792	1,854	633	14,838	13,243	14,372
" other countries.....	"	6,617	986	17,825	17,342	15,079	1,017	204	4,852	3,324	3,708
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,680,007	4,507,732	13,316,724	14,718,341	20,201,601

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States during the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
IMPORTS :—	\$	\$	\$
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			51,726,241
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			59,811,445
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			159,962,439
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			95,855,138
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			123,773,776
Miscellaneous.....			2,377,623
Total imports.....	363,356,916	415,611,434	493,506,662
Duties collected from customs.....	83,885,137	99,095,485	112,052,585
EXPORTS :—			
Domestic—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			51,529,932
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			113,836,311
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			114,364,973
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			90,916,028
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			173,268,676
Miscellaneous.....			2,969,072
Totals, exports, domestic.....	471,275,670	502,398,635	546,884,992
Foreign—			
Free of duty.....	4,660,221	4,891,294	5,880,909
Dutiable.....	5,923,306	4,312,318	5,682,857
Totals, exports, foreign..	10,583,527	9,203,612	11,563,766
Totals, exports.....	481,859,197	511,602,247	558,448,758
AGGREGATE TRADE :—			
Imports.....	363,356,916	415,611,434	493,506,662
Exports.....	481,859,197	511,602,247	558,448,758
Grand totals.....	845,216,113	927,213,681	1,051,955,420

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTINENTS.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Exports.		Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Exports.		Imports.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa	550,986	863,523	1,142,399	1,001,494	3,777,169	5,616,921	3,202,590	5,490,492	6,527,707	4,546,232		
Asia	14,657,106	6,567,205	17,237,418	8,254,149	48,200,428	51,599,462	57,995,056	28,367,369	65,622,176	33,909,190		
Europe.....	55,152,312	68,683,597	69,856,860	76,442,928	177,705,135	296,191,404	215,524,158	329,605,050	251,452,390	348,871,068		
North America.....	22,493,872	26,602,787	23,415,611	31,606,131	85,607,340	95,682,768	93,755,409	110,727,214	108,533,750	130,502,992		
South "	7,897,949	5,718,732	11,077,698	7,326,334	38,533,495	21,138,111	37,319,771	24,920,306	49,717,111	26,904,367		
Oceania.....	1,834,572	3,115,571	2,097,980	3,924,199	9,533,349	11,630,531	7,814,360	12,491,816	11,653,528	13,714,909		
Totals.....	102,586,797	111,551,415	124,830,966	128,555,235	383,356,916	481,859,197	415,611,434	511,602,247	498,506,662	558,448,758		

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of July, 1906 and 1907, and the *four months* ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Countries.	MONTH OF JULY.				FOUR MONTHS ENDING JULY.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
British Empire—										
Great Britain.....	18,738,522	32,294,492	25,452,092	33,748,467	59,180,778	155,528,387	74,428,319	154,674,280	86,694,429	158,258,004
Aden.....	162,833	191,304	207,731	154,722	610,255	553,616	802,256	913,218	1,063,219	332,609
Bermuda.....	24,872	47,706	23,550	52,888	382,582	378,108	297,296	263,546	446,663	271,068
British Africa.....	156,306	549,089	181,395	710,074	545,084	4,298,293	753,223	3,948,768	1,095,914	2,901,192
" Australasia—										
Australia.....	680,368	2,520,822	{ 605,023	2,635,458	{ 4,233,753	9,218,132	4,066,055	10,052,209	{ 5,984,452	9,183,293
New Zealand.....			401,239	375,837					1,980,350	1,617,066
" East Indies.....	7,312,901	688,454	7,390,907	594,391	21,942,006	2,454,355	28,289,254	2,446,186	30,686,757	2,619,083
Ghana.....	4,234	114,882	26,271	142,935	125,643	706,105	21,374	603,319	61,206	560,399
Honduras.....	44,630	79,729	64,990	82,145	167,197	273,760	219,191	389,402	257,486	381,565
British North America—										
Canada.....	6,558,326	14,585,517	7,655,472	16,554,066	21,802,020	52,998,044	24,289,715	59,723,788	27,949,562	70,373,589
Newfoundland and Labrador.	129,816	194,457	14,452	253,674	271,038	811,998	299,875	871,317	163,836	1,057,773
British West Indies.....	1,127,915	838,076	1,082,691	962,468	4,682,749	3,290,491	4,149,868	3,275,475	4,678,127	3,860,851
Gibraltar.....	188	11,615	4,194	19,561	48,566	74,107	3,232	83,749	15,536	87,032
Hong Kong.....	202,107	382,295	207,786	929,873	491,987	2,951,546	634,551	1,633,515	1,092,164	3,458,608
Other British Colonies.....	370	16,826	2,563	55,076	60,830	81,559	2,241	320,390	10,041	234,222
Totals, British Empire.....	35,143,388	52,485,264	43,820,356	57,271,635	114,544,488	233,618,501	138,266,450	239,201,112	162,144,742	255,196,374
Foreign Countries—										
Austria Hungary.....	1,368,323	524,929	1,313,811	1,007,096	3,633,655	3,747,193	4,694,652	3,392,781	5,134,860	5,394,509
Argentine Republic.....	1,644,930	2,132,218	763,998	2,640,840	7,504,029	8,333,325	6,997,427	9,568,130	5,991,454	9,121,389
Belgium.....	2,421,301	2,645,116	2,261,725	3,560,260	8,818,140	12,240,135	9,350,221	14,607,812	9,299,075	14,781,559
Brazil.....	3,532,217	1,253,389	5,795,108	1,815,503	19,499,526	4,136,160	17,201,951	5,353,857	26,707,990	7,164,382
Central American States.....	795,998	1,706,640	1,459,605	2,571,051	5,077,026	5,982,186	5,018,119	8,356,025	7,464,387	10,428,342
Cuba.....	9,137,257	3,633,055	6,850,438	4,419,369	33,384,743	13,847,789	39,581,315	14,832,397	43,491,682	17,241,738

Chile.....	832,586	1,015,551	1,400,222	970,411	4,708,188	2,374,025	5,304,448	3,612,418	6,508,306	3,598,414
Colombia.....	477,618	219,754	608,240	239,853	1,867,907	1,037,046	2,440,472	3,977,085	1,950,840	1,017,987
Chinese Empire.....	2,490,418	2,296,157	2,754,126	2,305,388	9,284,981	23,220,044	10,951,079	11,745,430	10,876,854	10,184,808
Denmark.....	94,767	964,340	143,569	2,035,486	383,881	4,017,041	381,431	6,984,865	402,081	7,169,144
Dutch East Indies.....	208,520	8,203	298,385	308,472	679,037	368,848	1,250,243	142,301	1,407,638	850,422
Egypt.....	234,374	115,483	884,979	83,973	2,677,042	283,618	1,864,572	290,862	4,710,355	463,838
Ecuador.....	196,792	93,281	484,553	164,548	959,929	711,582	1,007,538	681,567	1,269,285	641,624
France.....	9,252,369	5,438,926	11,108,143	5,605,939	27,563,653	21,631,184	34,801,854	23,213,215	39,386,295	28,463,319
Germany.....	11,892,668	12,822,668	14,672,857	15,259,011	37,814,828	50,934,487	43,661,304	63,420,580	53,408,418	64,618,852
Greece.....	220,867	8,420	226,645	15,905	269,437	40,516	607,398	27,205	911,628	743,063
Italy.....	3,233,523	3,359,059	4,135,740	3,073,024	12,816,937	10,033,519	14,576,920	14,443,690	18,521,170	14,921,486
Japan.....	3,650,070	2,471,216	5,887,870	2,641,724	13,330,248	21,355,966	14,120,123	9,015,379	17,934,363	12,688,670
Mexico.....	4,064,089	4,758,078	5,668,582	5,930,511	17,510,475	15,877,893	17,641,641	20,278,434	21,372,989	24,181,467
Netherlands.....	2,741,287	7,769,808	3,147,078	8,257,313	8,753,017	24,411,870	12,083,295	30,924,362	12,016,319	35,021,999
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	188,404	322,311	205,579	416,113	1,944,476	3,503,610	794,586	1,653,702	1,010,548	1,718,338
Sweden.....	390,521	718,129	512,018	758,781	1,944,476	3,503,610	1,364,352	2,782,687	1,613,158	2,790,690
Portugal.....	301,282	114,346	639,464	296,680	1,953,851	576,804	1,774,928	457,943	2,238,192	1,545,051
Peru.....	206,318	334,875	1,008,641	413,850	777,281	1,411,224	723,945	1,397,109	2,913,452	1,797,030
Philippine Islands.....	1,090,104	564,682	1,090,700	870,165	5,093,025	2,285,851	3,430,307	2,113,610	3,519,411	2,764,341
Russia—										
In Asia.....	207,643	185,803	7,846	131,681	4,229,692	3,530,176	256,546	1,128,709	140,368	652,525
In Europe.....	1,294,375	692,474	1,321,522	515,794	2,558,721	5,346,457	4,816,946	4,077,779	5,099,260	4,509,359
Spain.....	640,593	750,855	1,041,857	1,515,887	6,281,282	89,007	2,914,065	6,098,069	4,395,435	7,440,779
Switzerland.....	1,940,497	57,926	2,571,719	59,141	6,281,282	89,007	6,773,240	182,377	8,616,401	219,160
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	991,902	344,667	1,075,820	194,242	3,212,396	458,127	3,916,212	594,832	4,738,665	734,253
Uruguay.....	271,430	195,123	123,201	522,929	937,261	973,534	827,066	928,420	1,119,776	1,410,530
Venezuela.....	682,602	256,942	633,143	157,211	1,909,974	1,110,093	2,537,258	1,218,371	2,734,195	848,939
Other Foreign Countries.....	948,938	1,271,690	953,416	2,493,449	3,420,760	4,371,386	3,587,730	5,690,132	4,524,020	7,994,397
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	67,443,409	59,066,151	81,010,610	71,283,600	248,812,428	248,240,696	277,344,984	272,401,135	331,361,920	303,252,404
Grand totals.....	102,586,797	111,551,415	124,830,966	128,555,235	363,356,916	481,859,197	415,611,434	511,602,247	493,506,662	558,448,758
		214,138,212	253,386,201		845,216,113		927,213,681		1,051,455,420	

Spices, nutmegs, peppers	Lbs.	3,380	430	397
Spices, distilled—				
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture)	Proof. Galls.	196,832	280,313	362,564
Sugar	Lbs.	64,385	32,305	190,834
Tea	"	145,257	186,018	190,834
Tobacco and manufactures of—				
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers	"	63,399	10,108	61,971
Leaf, all other sorts	"	2,395	27,405	
Wood and manufactures of—				
Boards, planks, &c	M. ft.	1,672,363	5,932,480	5,783,767
Wood pulp	Tons.	376,609	808,460	1,219,093
Wood	Lbs.	45,065	64,173	170,337
All other goods imported		3,910,893	11,372,998	14,182,392
Totals, Imports		22,073,958	24,589,690	28,113,398

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of July, 1906 and 1907 and the four months ending July, 1905, 1906 and 1907.
(From *United States Returns*.)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.							
	Month of July.		Four months ending July.		Month of July.		Four months ending July.		1905.		1906.	
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.
Agricultural implements.....						\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—												
Cattle.....	2,311	826	8,950	10,726	7,531	260,943	274,920	600,910	1,132,023	1,372,209		
Hogs.....	6	7	37,083	93	61	43,647	23,275	198,357	310,502	191,573		
Horses.....	2,167	1,781	9,439	17,695	14,717	325,373	253,673	346,323	980,827	739		
Sheep.....	9,588	3,894	22,846	28,727	14,062	29,781	14,076	67,355	94,901	1,997,011		
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....						159,115	219,986	621,940	620,143	753,327		
Breadstuffs—												
Corn.....	383,425	933,700	3,612,804	1,985,115	5,098,259	216,500	532,237	1,931,967	1,066,067	2,761,233		
Oats.....	543	142	1,187,700	226,790	6,234	249	75	335,869	77,441	2,713		
Wheat.....	3,342	368	40,478	119,991	11,741	2,652	318	36,599	102,844	9,209		
Wheat flour.....	10,072	5,701	25,446	51,196	49,306	40,806	22,578	115,676	205,991	189,038		
Carriages, cars and parts of—												
Automobiles and parts of.....						85,704	183,508		380,425	662,958		
Cycles and parts of.....						4,214	5,409	61,473	38,541	33,928		
Railway carriages.....						109,203	131,450	834,730	587,381	351,502		
Other kinds.....												
Clocks and watches.....						85,382	89,959	232,490	288,749	356,415		
Coal—												
Anthracite.....	304,409	271,638	1,055,825	804,187	1,007,733	1,478,457	1,305,476	5,122,824	4,167,417	4,843,346		
Bituminous.....	519,523	930,111	1,814,726	1,626,048	2,842,345	1,312,492	2,189,483	4,252,906	3,906,629	6,784,217		
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ingots, bars and old.....	401,703	183,286	1,077,292	1,067,235	1,115,760	72,465	46,716	170,021	198,997	282,455		
Ore, matte and regulus.....	2,080	10,318		9,150	26,759	51,525	125,767		239,345	352,164		
Cotton and manufactures of—												
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	4,184	2,087	34,071	24,841	22,369	223,902	118,820	1,570,879	1,387,929	1,238,880		
" coloured and uncoloured.....	2,178,156	1,051,788	12,880,600	11,541,511	2,389,530	54,924	46,951	271,149	304,873	231,425		

[illegible]

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....	(5 mos.) May.....		83,886,733	98,491,599
British South Africa.....	(6 ") June.....		82,086,066	68,512,933
Canada (special).....	(5 ") August.....	115,020,311	132,240,446	162,753,260
Great Britain (special).....	(5 ") ".....	1,096,353,072	1,186,890,912	1,259,133,473
United States.....	(4 ") July.....	363,356,916	415,611,434	493,503,662
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(6 ") June.....	218,553,048	242,892,342	234,936,569
Belgium (principal articles).....	(7 ") July.....	318,424,331	367,139,075	400,133,583
British India.....	(6 ") June.....	171,117,684	188,281,584	193,312,656
Egypt.....	(6 ") ".....	47,135,000	52,570,000	61,430,000
France (special).....	(8 ") August.....		739,296,200	800,520,600
Germany (special).....	(6 ") June.....	777,455,560	959,844,004	1,015,099,036
Italy (special).....	(5 ") May.....	155,260,394	198,485,832	234,954,726
Japan (special).....	(6 ") June.....	142,975,000	111,321,000	132,353,000
Mexico (a).....	(5 ") May.....	37,497,500	54,892,000	51,358,000
Portugal.....	(10 ") *October.....	56,064,960	55,998,000	55,019,520
Russia (special).....	(4 ") April.....	76,052,625	100,288,525	109,074,940
Spain (principal articles).....	(6 ") June.....	97,912,953	100,134,576	89,991,654
Switzerland (special).....	(3 ") March.....	57,436,221	63,336,617	70,993,892

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....	(5 mos.) May.....	127,711,066	138,291,199
British South Africa.....	(6 ") June.....	99,391,933	115,889,933
Canada (special).....	(5 ") August.....	79,954,363	99,689,570
Great Britain (special).....	(5 ") ".....	655,615,166	760,840,045
United States (special).....	(4 ") July.....	471,275,670	502,398,635
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(6 ") June.....	196,681,625	225,563,450
Belgium (principal articles).....	(7 ") July.....	228,925,406	281,366,208
British India.....	(6 ") June.....	254,051,640	278,494,524
Egypt.....	(6 ") ".....	48,050,000	55,775,000
France (special).....	(8 ") August.....		674,013,800
Germany (special).....	(6 ") June.....	616,263,158	680,006,698
Italy (special).....	(5 ") May.....	126,435,651	151,559,812
Japan (special).....	(6 ") June.....	70,616,000	87,136,000
Mexico (a).....	(5 ") May.....	46,611,500	58,102,500
Portugal.....	(10 ") *October.....	28,069,200	25,971,840
Russia (special).....	(4 ") April.....	135,575,295	138,855,330
Spain (principal articles).....	(6 ") June.....	81,819,455	84,273,450
Switzerland (special).....	(3 ") March.....	43,874,111	49,772,963

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

NEW TARIFFS

During the month under review there have been distributed from this department to all the principal Customs-houses and Boards of Trade throughout the Dominion, copies of all foreign and colonial tariffs and supplements thereto, as furnished during that period by the International Customs Tariff Bureau, which are always available for reference by those interested therein, resident at the principal centres of trade. The following British and Colonial are supplemental to those published in the departmental Annual Report, 1893, and the quarterly and monthly reports since published, and comprise all additions thereto or changes therein, so far as the department has authentic advice.

AUSTRALIA

A complete copy of the new Australian Tariff recently introduced in the Commonwealth parliament has just been received by the Department of Trade and Commerce. This tariff, though enforced at present, has not passed the Australian parliament. Some changes, however, will likely be made.

THE CUSTOMS TARIFF.

All imitations to be dutiable at the rate chargeable on the goods they imitate, unless such rate is less than the rate which would otherwise be chargeable on the imitations.

‘Proof,’ or ‘Proof Spirit’ means spirit of a strength equal to that of pure ethyl alcohol compounded with distilled water so that the resultant mixture at a temperature of 60° Fahrenheit has a specific gravity of 0·9198 as compared with that of distilled water at the same temperature.

The term ‘Iron’ includes Steel.

‘Sheet.’

When applied to Metals, means a sheet or plate not exceeding $\frac{1}{16}$ ths of an inch in thickness.

When applied to Glass, means a sheet or plate not exceeding $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch in thickness.

‘Plate.’

When applied to Metals, means a plate or sheet more than $\frac{1}{16}$ ths of an inch in thickness.

When applied to Glass, means a plate or sheet more than $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch in thickness.

‘N.E.I.’ means ‘not elsewhere included.’

‘Departmental By-law’ means By-law made by the Minister, and published in the *Gazette*.

Any article, not otherwise dutiable, composed of a combination of other articles, some of which are dutiable when imported separately, and of others free of duty when imported separately, shall be dealt with as follows:—

(a) When the value of the dutiable portion exceeds the value of the free portion, duty shall be charged upon the whole article at the same rate as would be chargeable on that portion of the dutiable portion which, if imported separately, would be liable to the highest rate of duty.

(b) When the value of the free portion exceeds the value of the dutiable portion of such article, the whole article shall be admitted free of duty.

IMPORT DUTIES.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION I.—ALE, SPIRITS AND BEVERAGES.		
1. Ale, porter and other beer, cider and perry, containing not less than two per cent of proof spirit—		
(a) In bottle*.....	Gall.	1s. 6d.
(b) In bulk.....	"	1s.
2. Ale, porter and other beer, cider and perry containing less than two per cent of proof spirit.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.
3. Spirits† and spirituous liquors, n.e.i.—		
(a) When not exceeding the strength of proof.....	Gall.	14s.
(b) When exceeding the strength of proof.....	Pf. gall.	14s.
4. Amylic alcohol and fusel oil.....	Gall.	14s.
5. Collodion.....	"	3s.
6. Spirits denaturated, or to be denaturated, in accordance with departmental by-laws prior to delivery, and being not less than 65 o.p.....	"	1s.
7. Perfumed spirits and bay rum.....	"	25s.
8. Spirituous essences, fruit ethers aromas and flavours, fluid extracts, sarsaparilla, tinctures, medicines, infusions, toilet preparations, and lime juice and other fruit juices and fruit syrups, containing more than 2 per cent of proof spirit, containing—		
(a) Not more than 25 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	3s. 6d.
(b) More than 25 per cent, but not more than 50 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	7s.
(c) More than 50 per cent, but not more than 75 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	10s. 6d.
(d) More than 75 per cent of proof spirit, but not over proof.	"	14s.
(e) Over proof to be charged as spirituous liquors under item 3 (b).....	Pf. gall.	14s.
9. Sulphuric ether and other ethers, n.e.i.—		
(a) Containing 5 per cent and more of proof spirit.....	"	14s.
(b) Containing less than 5 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	Free.
10. Non-spirituous ethereal fruit essences and artificial fruit essences, ethers, aromas and flavours.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	15 p.c.
11. Wine, sparkling.....	Gall.	12s.
12. Wine, still (including medicated and Vermouth)—		
(a) In bottle.....	"	8s.
(b) In bulk.....	"	6s.
(c) Containing more than 35 per cent of proof spirit, for each 1 per cent of proof spirit over 35 per cent up to and including 40 per cent.....	Additional per gall.	6d.
(d) Containing more than 40 per cent of proof spirit.....	Gall.	14s.
13. Wine (grape), unfermented.....	"	3s.
14. Wine, n.e.i., including sake, ginger and prune wines, and wines (other than grape) containing—		
(a) Not more than 25 per cent of proof spirit.....	Gall.	3s. 6d.
(b) More than 25 per cent, but not more than 50 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	7s.
(c) More than 50 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	14s.
15. Lime juice and other fruit juices and fruit syrups, containing not more than 2 per cent of proof spirit.....	"	9d.
16. Table waters (aerated or mineral), and preparations, n.e.i., packed for household use for the production thereof.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
DIVISION II.—TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF.		
17. Tobacco, manufactured, n.e.i., including the weight of tags, labels and other attachments.....	Lb.	3s. 6d.
18. Tobacco, cut, n.e.i.....	"	3s. 9d.
19. Tobacco, cut fine for cigarettes.....	"	6s. 6d.
20. Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	"	3s. 3d.
21. Tobacco, unmanufactured, but entered to be locally manufactured into tobacco or cigarettes, to be paid at the time of removal to the factory—		
(a) Unstemmed.....	"	1s. 9d.
(b) Stemmed or in strips.....	"	2s.
(c) Clippings and cuttings and any similar waste.....	"	4s.

* Six reputed quarts, or twelve reputed pints, or twenty-four reputed half-pints to be charged as one gallon.

† Spirits, in cases of two gallons and under, to be charged as two gallons; over two gallons and not exceeding three gallons, as three gallons; over three gallons, and not exceeding four gallons, as four gallons; and so on, provided that small bottles or phials of liquor intended for samples or other special purposes only may be entered at actual measurement.

‡ Three magnums, six reputed quarts, twelve reputed pints or twenty-four reputed half-pints to be charged as one gallon.

§ Six reputed quarts, twelve reputed pints or twenty-four reputed half-pints to be charged as one gallon.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION II.—TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF—Continued.		
22. Tobacco, unmanufactured, but entered to be locally manufactured into cigars, to be paid at the time of removal to the factory—		
(a) Unstemmed.....	Lb. 3s.	
(b) Stemmed or in strips.....	" 3s. 3d.	
(c) Clippings and cuttings and any similar waste.....	" 4s.	
23. Tobacco destroyed for manufacture of sheepwash or other purposes, under departmental by-laws.....		Free.
24. Cigars, including the weight of bands and ribbons.....	Lb. 6s. 3d.	
	and <i>ad val.</i> 15 p.c.	
25. Cigarettes, including weight of cards and mouthpieces contained in inside packages.....	Lb. 6s. 6d.	
26. Snuff.....	" 6s. 6d.	
DIVISION III.—SUGAR.		
27. Glucose.....	Cwt. 8s.	
28. Sugar, the produce of sugar-cane.....	" 6s.	
29. Invert sugar and invert syrup, including brewers' priming sugars..	" 6s.	
30. Sugar, n.e.i.....	" 10s.	
31. Golden syrup and sugar syrups, n.e.i.....	" 3s.	
32. Molasses.....	" 1s.	
DIVISION IV.—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND GROCERIES.		
33. Animals, living (except for stud purposes), viz:—		
(a) Horned cattle.....	Head. 10s.	
(b) Sheep.....	" 2s.	
(c) Figs.....	" 5s.	
34. Sago and tapioca.....	Lb. ½d.	
35. Biscuits.....	" 1½d.	
36. Blue, laundry.....	" 2d.	
37. Broom corn, millet and rice straw.....	Cental. 4s.	
38. Rice root.....	" 2s.	
39. Butter and cheese.....	Lb. 3d.	
40. Candles, tapers and night lights—		
(a) Paraffine wax, wholly or in part.....	" 2½ d.	2d.
(b) N.E.I.....	" 1½d.	1d.
41. Solid spirit heaters, including the weight of the immediate contain- ing package.....	" 1d.	
42. Stearine, paraffine wax, beeswax, canambria, ceresine and Japanese or vegetable wax.....	" 1d.	
43. Lard and lard oil and refined fats, n.e.i.....	" 1d.	
44. Mixed or compounded waxes, liquid or solid.....	" 1d.	
45. Confectionery, cocoa and chocolate, viz—		
(a) Confectionery, n.e.i., including cocoa and chocolate prepared for edible use or potable use (not in powdered form), bons-bons and mixed packets of confectionery containing trinkets (gross weights), sugar candy, cachous and crystallized or candied fruits.....	" 3½d.	3½d.
(b) Confectionery, ornamental but not edible.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 25 p.c.	
(c) Cocoa and chocolate, for potable use, in powdered form..	Lb. 2½d.	2d.
(d) Cocoa beans.....	" Free.	
(e) Cocoa shells and nibs, cocoa mass paste or slab, un- sweetened.....	Lb. ½d.	½d.
(f) Cocoa butter, caramel, caramel paste and caramel butter.....	" 1½d.	1½d.
46. Liquorice, viz:—		
(a) Root in its natural state.....	" Free.	
(b) Crude, crude paste and block juice.....	Lb. 1d.	
(c) Other.....	" 3½d.	
47. Coffee and chicory, viz:—		
(a) Raw and kiln dried.....	" 3d.	
(b) Roasted or ground, in liquid form, or mixed with milk or other substance.....	" 6d.	
48. Eggs, in shell.....	Lb. 6d.	
49. Egg contents, being yolk and albumen combined, dry.....	Doz. 1s. 4d.	
50. Egg yolk, dry.....	" 8½d.	
51. Egg albumen, dry.....	" 2s. 6d.	
52. Egg (not in shell) in liquid form, when imported for use in industries other than those for the preparation of articles of food and de- naturation, may, as prescribed by departmental by-laws, be delivered free.		

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION IV.—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND GROCERIES—Continued.		
53. Fish, viz.:—		
(a) Fresh, smoked, dried or preserved by cold process.... Lb.	1½d.	
(b) Potted or concentrated, including extracts of and caviare..... <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.	
(c) Preserved in tins or other air-tight vessels (except fish preserved in salt or brine, and smoked or dried) including the weight of liquid contents..... Lb.	1½d.	
(d) N.E.I. Cwt.	5s.	
(e) Oysters, fresh, in the shell.....	2s.	
54. Fruits and vegetables, viz.:—		
Fruits, dried, viz.:—		
(a) Currants..... Lb	3d.	
(b) Dates..... "	2d.	
(c) Raisins and other, including desiccated banana, banana flour, and peel, candied, drained or dried..... "	3d.	
(d) Ginger preserved (not in liquid)..... "	3d.	
Fruits and vegetables, including ginger (preserved in liquid, or partly preserved or pulped)—		
(e) Half-pints and smaller sizes..... Doz.	9d.	
(f) Pints and over half-pints..... "	1s. 6d.	
(g) Quarts and over pints..... "	3s.	
(h) Exceeding a quart..... Gall.	1s.	
(i) When preserved in spirituous liquid, additional duty at 14s. per gallon to be paid on the liquid.		
55. Fruits, n.e.i., including fresh Lychee nuts..... Cental.	2s.	
56. Fruits, citrus..... Lb.	½d.	
57. Ginger, green..... "	1d.	
58. Peel, preserved in liquid, including the weight of the liquid..... "	1d.	
59. Bananas..... Cental.	1s.	
60. Vegetables, n.e.i. "	2s.	
61. Vegetables, dried, dry salted, concentrated, compressed, or powdered <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	
62. Onions, in their natural state..... Cwt.	1s.	
63. Potatoes, in their natural state..... "	1s.	
64. Potato flour..... Lb.	2d.	
65. Grain and pulse, not prepared or manufactured—		
(a) Barley..... Cental	2s.	
(b) N.E.I. "	1s. 6d.	
66. Grain and pulse, prepared or manufactured, viz.:—		
(a) Bran, pollard, and sharps..... "	1s.	
(b) Wheat flour..... "	2s. 6d.	
(c) Corn flour..... Lb.	2d.	
(d) N.E.I., including phosphorized wheat..... "	½d.	
67. Animal foods, n.e.i. Cental.	2s.	
68. Hay and chaff..... Cwt.	1s.	
69. Straw..... "	1s.	
70. Herbs, dried (not medicinal)..... Lb.	4d.	
71. Honey, jams, and jellies, including calves' foot but not meat jellies. "	2d.	
72. Hops..... "	6d.	
73. Linseed..... Cental.	2s.	
74. Linseed for the manufacture of oil and cake under departmental by-laws..... "	Free.	
75. Linseed meal..... "	4s.	
76. Linseed cake and oil cake..... "	1s.	
77. Arrowroot, macaroni, and vermicelli..... Lb.	1d.	
78. Malt, including granulated, maize, and rice malts and roasted, or torrefied barley..... Cental.	6s.	
79. Malt extract, non-spirituous, including peptonized malt extract.... Lb.	2d.	
80. Matches and vestas of all kinds—		
(a) In boxes containing 100 or less of matches or vestas. Gross of boxes.	1s. 9d.	1s. 6d.
(b) In boxes containing over 100, but not exceeding 200 matches or vestas..... Gross of boxes.	3s. 6d.	3s.
(c) For each additional 100, or portion of 100 matches or vestas per box, an additional duty..... Gross of boxes.	1s. 9d.	1s. 6d.
(d) When in boxes with matter thereon advertising any commodity other than the matches contained therein, in addition to the duties set out in (a), (b), (c) above Gross of boxes.	7d.	6d.
81. Meats, poultry, and game, viz.:—		
(a) Fresh or smoked..... Lb.	2d.	
(b) Potted or concentrated, including extracts of, and meat jellies..... <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.	
(c) Preserved in tins or other air-tight vessels, including the weight of liquid contents..... Lb.	1½d.	
(d) Soup in tins or other air-tight vessels..... "	1½d.	
(e) N.E.I. Cwt.	5s.	
(f) Preserved by cold process..... Lb.	2d.	
82. Bacon and hams, partly or wholly cured..... "	3d.	

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION IV.—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND GROCERIES—Continued.		
83. Sausage casings..... Lb.	2d.	
84. Milk (including cream)—		
(a) Preserved, condensed, concentrated, peptonized, and frozen—		
(1) Sweetened..... "	2½d.	2d.
(2) Unsweetened..... "	1½d.	1d.
(b) Dried or in powder form..... "	2½d.	2d.
85. Mustard seed..... "	½d.	
86. Mustard, including French mustard..... "	3d.	
87. Nuts, edible, viz.—		
(a) Cocoanuts, whole..... Cwt.	1s.	
(b) Cocoanuts, prepared..... Lb.	2d.	
(c) Almonds, unshelled..... "	2d.	
(d) Almond kernels..... "	4d.	
(e) N.E.I., whole or prepared..... "	2d.	
(f) Almond paste and meal..... "	4d.	
88. Copra..... "	Free.	
89. Oilmen's stores, n.e.i., being groceries, including culinary and flavouring essences non-spirituous, soap dyes, condition foods, and other preparations used in the household including food for birds..... Ad val.	20 p.c.	15 p.c.
90. Anatto, liquid or solid, in packages over 1 lb..... "	Free.	
91. Isinglass—		
(a) In sheets..... "	Free.	
(b) N.E.I..... Ad val.	15 p.c.	
92. Rennet liquid, dry, or in tablets; in packages of not less than half a pint..... "	Free.	
93. Pickles, sauces, chutney, olives, and capers—		
(a) Quarter-pints and smaller sizes..... Doz.	7½d.	6d.
(b) Half-pints and over quarter-pints..... "	1s. 3d.	1s.
(c) Pints and over half-pints..... "	2s. 6d.	2s.
(d) Quarts and over pints..... "	5s.	4s.
(e) Exceeding a quart..... Gal. 1	1s. 8d.	1s. 4d.
(f) Curry manufactured, whether paste or powder..... Ad val.	35 p.c.	25 p.c.
(g) Soy, for sauces, in packages containing over 10 gallons, may be delivered free as prescribed by departmental by-laws.		
94. Rice, viz.—		
(a) Uncleaned..... Cental.	3s. 4d.	
(b) Rice for use in the manufacture of starch may be delivered free as prescribed by departmental by-laws.		
(c) N.E.I., including rice meal and flour..... "	6s.	
95. Salt, and table preparations thereof, in packages of any description, not exceeding 14 lb. net weight..... Ad val.	15 p.c.	
96. Salt—		
(a) Brown, or dark red rock..... "	Free.	
(b) N.E.I., including pink rock..... Ton.	20s.	
97. Seed: canary, hemp, and rape..... Cental.	1s. 6d.	
98. Seed (cotton)..... "	4s.	
99. Seed (cotton), for the manufacture of cotton seed cake and denatured cotton seed oil may be delivered free as prescribed by departmental by-laws.		
100. Soap..... Ad val.	25 p.c.	
101. Spices, viz.—		
(a) Unground, n.e.i..... Lb.	2d.	
(b) Ground, n.e.i..... "	4d.	
102. Sparklets, for making aerated waters..... "	Free.	
103. Starch, and dextrine..... "	2½d.	2d.
104. Starch flours..... "	2½d.	2d.
105. Tea—		
(a) In packets not exceeding 20 lbs. in weight..... "	1d.	
(b) N.E.I..... "	Free.	
DIVISION V.—TEXTILES, FELTS AND FURS, AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF, AND ATTIRE.		
106. Apparel and attire—woollen or silk, or containing wool or silk—partly or wholly made up; including articles cut into shape..... Ad val.	45 p.c.	40 p.c.
107. Apparel and attire of any material, n.e.i., including armlets; cuff sleeve and necktie holders and clips not used in the manufacture of apparel; lace collars; lace bows; scarfs and cravats; lace fichus; plastrons; yokes; rabats and fronts; garters; corset supporters; skirt bands; skirt elevators and retainers; dress and stocking suspenders; children's rope lanyards; teething necklaces; eye shades; belts and belt frames and supports; braces and brace ends; girdles; collar springs, frames, loops, supports and fasteners; hair frames, binders and fasteners; hat guards; puggarees; pins of all kinds, n.e.i.; handkerchiefs of silk; suspensory bandages; artificial bosoms; chest protectors; shoulder pads; baptising and wading pants; bridal sets; leggings, n.e.i.; gaiters, and puttees..... "	40 p.c.	35 p.c.

IMPORT DUTIES—*Continued.*

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION V.—TEXTILES, FELTS AND FURS, AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF, AND ATTIRE— <i>Continued.</i>		
108. Articles n.e.i., including dusters, n.e.i.; cleaning pads; kettle holders; polishing, tea, glass, kitchen, sponge, counter, and crumb cloths; scapular prints; canvas water holders; animal clothing; horse and body rollers; saddle cloths; sleeping sacks; tracing cloth with designs; hair curlers and wavers; adhesive labels, and letters (textile); hangers, labels, bands, and ribbons, with woven name or design thereon; scourers, and other articles of a like character.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
109. Feathers, undressed.....	"	15 p.c.
110. Feathers, dressed.....	"	30 p.c.
111. Diving dresses.....	"	Free.
112. Regalia, viz., embroidery woven sashes and collars.....	"	Free.
113. Bags and sacks of calico, hessian, n.e.i., and linen, and meat wraps, whether partly or wholly made up; and bags and sacks, n.e.i. <i>Ad val.</i>	15 p.c.	
114. Bags, sacks, packs and bales for bran, chaff, compressed fodder, potato, onion, ore, coal and wool; also sugar mats, and corn and flour sacks, and salt, gypsum, and manure bags.....	Free.	
115. Blankets (except of rubber); blanketing; flannels, including domett; rugs, n.e.i., including buggy rugs or aprons, and rugging,.... <i>Ad val.</i>	30 p.c.	
116. Carpets, carpeting, floor cloths, floor and carriage mats of any material except coir; lap dusters; and floor rugs and coverings (including felts and pads).....	"	20 p.c.
117. Coir mats and matting.....	"	25 p.c.
118. Cosies and cushions, in part or wholly made up; articles as under and the like, not being piece goods, viz., articles of furnishing drapery and napery, including quilts, table-covers, doyleys, tray-cloths, sheets, pillow-cases and covers, bolster cases, counterpanes, bed spreads, table mats, splashes, tablecloths, runners, mantle borders, toilet sets, bags for linen, brush and comb bags, nightdress cases, antimacassars, handkerchief sachets.....	"	25 p.c.
119. Curtains and blinds, n.e.i., (not including blinds attached to rollers); curtain clips, bands, loops, and holders; and blind tassels and acorns.....	"	25 p.c.
120. Furs and other skins—		
(a) Furs, being apparel or attire or other article in part or wholly made up, including furs sewn together.....	"	35 p.c.
(b) Fur and other skins, n.e.i., dressed or prepared for making up.....	"	15 p.c.
(c) Hatters' fur, not on the skin.....	"	15 p.c.
121. Gloves, n.e.i., of all materials, including mittens and flesh gloves..	"	30 p.c.
122. Hats, caps, and bonnets—		
(a) Of all descriptions and materials, n.e.i., including forms and pull-over hoods and shapes, and frames, n.e.i....	"	35 p.c.
(b) Firemen's helmets, and miners' hats.....	"	Free.
123. Parasols, sunshades, and umbrellas..... <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	
†124. Piece goods,* viz.—		
(a) Woollen, or containing wool, n.e.i.	"	35 p.c.
(b) Denims, striped and fancy.....	"	35 p.c.
(c) Silk, or containing silk or having silk worked thereon.	"	20 p.c.
(d) Velvets, velveteens plushes, ribbons, galoons, not being bindings; lace for attire; lace flouncings; millinery and dress nets; veilings; embroideries in the piece; tucked linens or cottons; boxed robes when not shaped or sewn.....	"	20 p.c.
(e) Cotton, linen, jute, and other piece goods, n.e.i.; oil baize; leather cloth; dungaree; denims, other than striped and fancy; moleskins and corduroys.....	"	10 p.c.
(f) Piece goods, other than of wool or silk, suitable for human apparel, or to be worn in connection with the human body, having on one or both sides a teased, treated, combed, fluffed, or raised nap or surface in imitation of or resembling flannel or wool in feel or appearance.....	"	25 p.c.
125. Waddings and cotton wool.....	"	20 p.c.
126. Bunting; sheathing roofing and boiler felt; felt for making polishing pads; hair fabric and hair material for covering steam pipes and boilers.....	Free.	15 p.c.
127. Saddlers' webs; upholsterers' webs; collar check; kersey; saddlers' serge and felt.....	Free.	
128. Horse-hair cloth and cloth of horse-hair and cotton or horse-hair and wool combined; hop-cloth.....	Free.	

*DEFINITION OF PIECE GOODS.—When material is defined by selvedge or by pattern for cutting up into separate articles, it is not to be considered Piece Goods but as dutiable under the heading applying to the article into which it is designed to be made. Tasselled, whipped (with or without loops) or taped curtain material, when not defined for cutting up is to be considered Piece Goods.

†Subject to rebate under the conditions specified in the Schedule hereto.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION V.—TEXTILES, FELTS AND FURS, AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF, AND ATTIRE—Continued.		
129. Milling silk.....	Free.	
130. Canvas and duck, tent, sail and tarpaulin makers'.....	Free.	
131. Hessians and brattice cloth.....	Free.	
132. Fringes of textile materials, not being for attire.....	Free.	
133. Socks and stockings, woollen, with or without silk or other ornamentation.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
134. Socks and stockings, cotton, with or without silk or other ornamentation.....	"	15 p.c.
135. Socks and stockings, silk, or partly of silk and other material not being cotton or wool.....	"	20 p.c.
136. Tents and tarpaulins, sails and flags—		
(a) Tents, tarpaulins, and sails.....	"	15 p.c.
(b) Flags and banners over 1 foot in length.....	"	20 p.c.
137. Trimmings and ornaments, n.e.i., for bonnets, hats, shoes, and other attire, not being in part or wholly of gold or silver; including buckles; clasps; slides; buttons; badges, n.e.i.; fringes, n.e.i.; braids, n.e.i.; piping; gimp, n.e.i.; crowns and bandeaux for hats; natural and imitation birds and wings; tinsel cloth; tinsel belting and thread; frillings; ruffing; pleating; and ruchings.....	"	15 p.c.
138. Bayonets, swords, scabbards, and attachments; embroidered cap peaks; waist belts; medals; and all accoutrements, badges, buttons, braid, and lace for naval, military, and militia uniforms may be delivered free under departmental by-laws.		
139. Artificial plants, flowers, fruits, leaves, and grains of all kinds and materials.....	"	25 p.c.
140. Wigs, hair-nets, and articles of natural or imitation hair.....	"	30 p.c.
DIVISION VI.—METALS AND MACHINERY.*		
141. Ammunition, viz.: shot, bullets, and slugs.....	Cwt.	5s. 6d.
142. Arms, viz.—		
(a) Double-barrelled guns and rifles.....	Each.	11s.
(b) Single-barrelled guns and rifles.....	"	5s. 6d.
(c) Revolvers, pistols, saloon and pea rifles, and air guns and pistols.....	"	2s. 9d.
(d) Barrels or actions, other—		
(1) For double-barrelled guns.....	"	5s. 6d.
(2) For single-barrelled guns.....	"	2s. 9d.
(e) Bayonets, swords, fencing foils and masks, gun, revolver and pistol covers, cases and fittings, loading tools and cartridge belts.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	22½ p.c.
(f) N.E.I.....	"	22½ p.c.
(g) Rifles, military and match, including authorized cadet rifles and Morris tubes, gun stocks in the rough, barrels (not fitted to any action) bearing the British test mark.....		5 p.c.
143. Iron, plate and sheet, viz.—		
(a) Corrugated galvanized.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
(b) Galvanized not corrugated, and corrugated not galvanized.....	"	20 p.c.
144. Lamps and lampware, viz.—		
(a) Oil and other self-contained lamps, lanterns and parts thereof, including one chimney, shade and globe, or other article imported with and used as an integral part of any lamp or lantern, coach and carriage lamps and lamp irons, arc lamps and accessories, and incandescent lamps and bulbs.....	"	25 p.c.
(b) Fittings for lighting purposes, including parts thereof (except chimneys, glass shades and globes), lamps and lampware, n.e.i. (but not the columns of street lamps, metal reflectors and shades.....	"	25 p.c.
(c) Lamp, gas and electrical stoves for heating and cooking.....	"	30 p.c.
(d) Incandescent mantles.....	"	40 p.c.
145. Lamps, miners' safety.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	10 p.c.
146. Lead, sheet and piping.....	Ton.	50s.
147. Mangles, clothes-wringers and washing machines, n.e.i.....		20 p.c.
148. Agricultural, horticultural and viticultural machinery and implements, n.e.i., including cane loaders on wheels, channel-making graders, feed grinders, garden and field spraying machines, garden and field rollers, garden hose reels, garden syringes, horse road rollers and machines, lawn mowers, sweepers and sprinklers, road-making ploughs, road scoops and scrapers, scoops, stump extractors.....	"	20 p.c.

*Motive power, engine combinations, and power connections are dutiable under their respective headings when not integral parts of exempted machines, machinery, or machine tools.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION VI.—METALS AND MACHINERY—Continued.		
149. Chaffcutters and horse gears, chaffcutters knife, corn shellers, corn huskers, cultivators other than disc, harrows, ploughs, other, plough shares, plough mould boards, scarifiers..... <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	
150. Combined corn sheller, husker and bagger, combined corn sheller and husker, discs for agricultural implements, disc cultivators, drills (fertilizer seed and grain), and all attachments thereto, stump jump ploughs, winnowers (horse and other power), seats, poles, swingle-bars, yokes and trees for agricultural machines, when imported separately..... “	25 p.c.	
151. Churns of all kinds, cheese presses, dairy coolers, dairy refrigerators, supply cans, incubators, n.e.i., foster mothers..... “	25 p.c.	
152. Stripper harvesters..... Each.	£16	
153. Strippers..... “	£8	
154. Metal parts of stripper harvesters and strippers..... Lb.	2½ d.	
155. Agricultural, horticultural and viticultural machinery and implements, viz.:— Cream separators, testers and Pasteurizers, cotton gins, fibre scutching machines, hand-worked rakes and ploughs combined, hay tedders, horse rakes, lucerne bunchers, maize harvesters, maize binders, milking machines, mouldboard plates in the rough and not cut into shape, potato raisers or diggers, potato sorters, root cutters, pulpers and graters, sheep shearing machines, straw stackers, subsurface packers, threshing machines, winnower forks (wood and steel).....	10 p.c.	Free.
156. Cutlery, of all kinds, n.e.i., including plated cutlery, clippers, knife sharpeners, manicure sets, but not cutlery in part or wholly made up of gold or silver..... <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	15 p.c.
157. Crucibles.....	Free.	
158. Diving apparatus, not including hose.....	Free.	
159. Nails, viz.:— (a) Horse-shoe nails..... Cwt.	8s. 3d.	7s. 6d.
(b) Brads (including moulders' and glaziers'), picture nails, rail-dogs or brobs, spikes, staples, n.e.i., tacks, n.e.i., wire and other nails, n.e.i..... “	5s. 6d.	5s.
160. Tanks, containing goods, or empty.—For every 100 gallons capacity or part thereof.....	3s.	
161. Weighing machines, weighbridges, scales, n.e.i., including adding and computing machines, and all attachments, cash registers, chemists' counter scales, spring balances and steel-yards, weights, n.e.i..... <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	
162. Marine engine boilers and machinery and fittings and mountings, n.e.i., for such engines, boilers and machinery, shafts, propellers, winches, liners for cylinders, windlasses, steering gear, feed water heaters, feed pumps, evaporators, auxiliary condensers, feed water fillers and ash ejectors..... “	25 p.c.	
163. Steam road rollers, including scarifier attachments..... “	25 p.c.	
*164. (a) Engines (including traction and portable), n.e.i., turbines, winches, n.e.i., boilers, n.e.i., pumps, wind-mills..... “	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
(b) Elevating and conveying machinery, pile driving plant, economizers, cranes, beer engines, cloth folding and measuring machines, wool and other presses, lifts, water and gas meters..... “	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
(c) Machines and machinery, n.e.i..... “	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
165. Machinery and parts thereof, viz.:— Steam engine indicators and recorders; patent porcelain and steel rollers for flour mills; roll shells; typewriters (including covers); zinc refining retorts; fire engines; stitching machines; sewing machines (including cabinets and covers); button-hole punching and sewing machines; darning machines; straw envelope-making machines.....	10 p.c.	Free.
*166. Machinery and machines; and machine tools n.e.i., viz.:— (a) Machines n.e.i., used in the tanning of hides and skins, and in the preparation of leather; automatic can-making and closing machines; machinery for scouring and washing wool; machinery for the manufacture of paper, and for felting; soap-cutting machines; artesian boring machines..... <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
(b) Machine tools— Hat-making—Hydraulic blocking press for making straw hats..... “	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
India rubber working—Hose machines, steel stamps, steel tyre mandrils, spreading, tread drums, washer cutting..... “	25 p.c.	20 p.c.

* Subject to rebate under the conditions specified in the Schedule hereto.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION VI.—METALS AND MACHINERY—Continued.		
*166. Machinery and machines; and machine tools n.e.i., viz.:—Continued. (b) Machine tools—Continued— Metal working—Wire netting machines, blowers for foundry and mining purposes, pneumatic hammers, steam hammers up to and including sizes up to 16 in. cylinders, punching and shearing machines, combined or separate, sizes up to $\frac{1}{2}$ in., slotting machines, sizes up to 12 in. stroke, centreing machines to centre up to 6 in. diameter, bolt screwing and nut tapping, combined or separate, sizes above $\frac{3}{8}$ in. and up to 2 in., bending rolls in sizes to bend up to $\frac{1}{2}$ in. plate.	Ad val.	25 p.c.
Artesian boring tools, n.e.i.	"	25 p.c.
Boot-making machine tools, n.e.i.	"	25 p.c.
Tire benders and shrinkers.	"	25 p.c.
Tinsmiths' tools, being machine.	"	25 p.c.
167. Machine tools, as prescribed by departmental by-laws.	Free.	20 p.c.
168. Any dutiable machinery or machine tool, or any part thereof specified in any proclamation issued by the Governor General in pursuance of a joint address passed on the motion of Ministers by both Houses of the Parliament, stating that such machinery, machine tool or part cannot be reasonably manufactured within the Commonwealth, and that it should be admitted free.	Free.	
169. Tools of trade for the use of artisans and mechanics and tools in general use, as prescribed by departmental by-laws.	Free.	
170. Mixed metalware and platedware, n.e.i.	Ad val.	30 p.c.
171. Manufactures of metal, n.e.i.	"	30 p.c.
172. Saws, n.e.i.	"	25 p.c.
173. Brasswork and gun metal work for general engineering and plumbing and other trades.	"	30 p.c.
174. Type, printers'	"	25 p.c.
175. Fire extinguishers, hand.	"	20 p.c.
176. Screws, n.e.i., including screws with nuts not being bolts and nuts, sash screws and attachments, engineers' set screws, music stool and table, roofing and spiral screws.	5 p.c.	Free.
177. Mining engines and machinery, n.e.i.	Ad val.	35 p.c.
178. Electrical machinery, viz.:— (a) Generators, motors up to the capacity of 500 h.p., fans, starting and regulating rheostats.	"	30 p.c.
(b) N.E.I.	"	17½ p.c.
179. Electrical and gas appliances, viz.:— (a) Electroliers, gasaliers, chandeliers, pendants, brackets, switches, controlling devices, n.e.i., radiators and zinc tubing.	"	25 p.c.
(b) N.E.I.	"	17½ p.c.
180. Electrical materials, viz.:— Accumulators or storage batteries, including glass cells used therewith, cable and wire (covered), carbons, testing meters and instruments, translafor, insulating tapes, meters, resistance coils, static transformers and terminals, photo-meters for gas and electricity.	5 p.c.	Free.
181. Rails, fish plates, fish bolts, tie plates and rods, switches, points, crossings and intersections for railways and tramways.	Ad val.	12½ p.c.
182. Iron pipes, cast and wrought, n.e.i.	"	30 p.c.
183. Iron and steel tubes or pipes (except riveted or cast) not more than 4 inches internal diameter, including flexible metal tubes, gallo-way and vertical parallel boiler tubes, water bore casings, wrought iron fittings for pipes.	Free.	
184. Rolled iron or steel beams, channels, joists, girders, columns, trough and bridge iron and steel, not drilled or further manufactured, shafting, cold rolled, turned or planished.	Ad val.	17½ p.c.
185. Bolts, nuts, rivets and washers, n.e.i.	"	30 p.c.
186. Barbed wire.	"	30 p.c.
187. Wire netting.	"	30 p.c.
188. Electrotypes and stereotypes for advertising purposes.	1s. 1d.	
per block of 12 square inches and under. for every square inch over 12 square inches.		
189. Ammonia condenser coils and coils for sugar boilers and the like, corrugated cylinders for boilers.	Ad val.	25 p.c.
190. Plates (except plain tin) and sheets and pipes and tubes of any metal, tin plated, polished or decorated.	Ad val.	15 p.c.
191. Aluminium, bronze, yellow metal, Britannia metal, nickel, and German silver, viz.:—Pigs, ingots, scrap, blocks, bars, strips, sheets (plain), plates (plain) pipes (plain), and tubes (plain).	Ad val.	Free.
192. Anchors, over 10 cwt.	5 p.c.	Free.

* Subject to rebate under the conditions specified in the schedule hereto.

IMPORT DUTIES—*Continued.*

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION VI.—METALS AND MACHINERY—<i>Continued.</i>		
193. Anodes and hooks for plating purposes.....	5 p.c.	Free.
194. Bolts, carriage ($\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch and under in diameter and 4 inches and under in length).....	5 p.c.	Free.
195. Brass, viz.:—Scrap, bars, sheets (plain), pipes (plain), tubes (plain), and strips.....	Free.	
196. Capsules, metallic.....	5 p.c.	Free.
197. Chain, n.e.i., not made into serviceable articles.....	5 p.c.	Free.
198. Copper, viz.:—Strips, scrap, bars, rod wire, sheets (plain), pipes (plain), and tubes (plain).....	Free.	
199. Cylinders for anhydrous ammonia and for gas.....	5 p.c.	Free.
200. Droppers, patent steel of all lengths.....	5 p.c.	Free.
201. Eyelets and eyelet studs.....	5 p.c.	Free.
202. Fasteners, machine belt.....	5 p.c.	Free.
203. Thimbles and block fasteners for lasts.....	5 p.c.	Free.
204. Leaf and foil of any metal.....	5 p.c.	Free.
205. Locks, including knobs, keys, escutcheons, and staples.....	5 p.c.	Free.
206. Pins (not being gold or silver or gold or silver-plated), viz.:—Gimp, solid-headed short toilet, plain wire hair, plain safety, and crochet hooks.....	5 p.c.	Free.
207. Platinum, viz.:—Bars, strips, tubing, pipes, sheets and plates.....	Free.	
208. Retorts, pans, condensers, cylinders, and other articles used in the manufacture of acids and in laboratories, and made of platinum.....	5 p.c.	Free.
209. Printers' Materials, viz.:—		
Circles, clumps, curves, knives (paring), rules, leads, and slugs.....	5 p.c.	Free.
210. Rabbit traps, dog traps, vermin traps.....	5 p.c.	Free.
211. Saddlers' and harness makers' materials, viz.:—Saddlers' tacks (not cut), and nails, snaps (harness and halter), spurs (not being partly or wholly of gold or silver, or plated), and spur boxes.....	5 p.c.	Free.
212. Scales, viz., chemical, analytical, and assay, including weights; and precision and physical balances.....	Free.	
*213. Scrap iron and steel, and, subject to Departmental by-laws, materials for use as scrap iron.....	Free.	
214. Screw hooks, eyes and rings.....	5 p.c.	Free.
215. Sprinklers (not being partly or wholly of gold or silver) for perfume bottles.....	5 p.c.	Free.
216. Standards, steel fencing of all lengths, and pillars.....	5 p.c.	Free.
217. Steel, band or ribbon for making band-saws or band-knives.....	5 p.c.	Free.
218. Steel grit and steel wool, and steel balls for other than cycle bearings.....	5 p.c.	Free.
219. Steel knives for hand tobacco cutters and hand tin openers.....	5 p.c.	Free.
220. Steel, rough-shaped, for chaff-cutter and other knives.....	5 p.c.	Free.
221. Tin plates, plain.....	5 p.c.	Free.
222. Tubes (collapsible) empty.....	5 p.c.	Free.
223. Washers and rivets, copper.....	5 p.c.	Free.
224. Wedges, patent, for droppers and standards.....	5 p.c.	Free.
225. Wire cloth, wire gauze.....	5 p.c.	Free.
226. Wire, n.e.i.....	10 p.c.	Free.
227. Zinc, viz.:—Bar, scrap, sheet (plain), and circles and ingots bored or unbored for cyanide gold process, and zinc sheets (perforated with round holes of less than $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch diameter), for meat safes and covers.....	Free.	
228. Zinc blocks for marine boilers.....	5 p.c.	Free.
†DIVISION VIa.—METALS AND MACHINERY.		
229. Iron and steel—		
(a) Scrap iron and steel and pig iron.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	12½ p.c.
(b) Ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops, or like crude manufactures, less finished than iron or steel bars, but more advanced than pig iron (except castings).....	"	12½ p.c.
(c) Bar, rod, angle, tee, sheet and plate (plain), wire and hoop.....	"	12½ p.c.
(d) Machinery, machines and parts—		
Mowers, reapers and reapers and binders.....	"	17½ p.c.
(e) Iron and steel tubes and pipes, not dutiable under division vi.....	"	12½ p.c.
(f) Spelter.....	"	10 p.c.

*To continue only until the coming into force of "Division VI(a) Metals."

†To come into operation on dates to be fixed by proclamation, and exempt from duty in the meantime. Proclamation to issue so soon as it is certified to Parliament by the Minister that the manufacture to which the proclamation refers has been sufficiently established in the Commonwealth.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
*DIVISION VIb.		
229 (a).—Continued. Division VI. Item.		
(143) Iron, plate and sheet, viz.:— (a) Corrugated galvanized..... (b) Galvanized, not corrugated, and corrugated, not galvanized.....	Ad val. " "	25 p.c. 25 p.c. 20 p.c.
(147) Mangles, clothes-wringers and washing machines, n.e.i.....	"	22½ p.c.
(148) Agricultural, horticultural and viticultural machinery and implements, n.e.i.; including cane loaders on wheels; channel-making graders; feed grinders; garden and field spraying machines; garden and field rollers; garden hose reels; garden syringes; horse road rollers and machines; lawn mowers, sweepers and sprinklers; road-making ploughs; road scoops and scrapers; scoops; stump extractors.....	"	22½ p.c.
(149) Chaffcutters and horse gears; chaffcutter knives; corn shellers; corn huskers; cultivators other than disc; harrows; ploughs, other; plough shares; plough mould boards; scarifiers.....	"	22½ p.c.
(150) Combined corn sheller, husker and bagger; combined corn sheller and husker; discs for agricultural implements; disc cultivators; drills (fertilizer seed and grain), and all attachments thereto; stump jump ploughs; winnowers (horse and other power); seats, poles, swingle-bars, yokes, and trees for agricultural machines, when imported separately.....	"	27½ p.c.
(151) Churns of all kinds; cheese presses; dairy coolers; dairy refrigerators; supply cans; incubators, n.e.i.; foster mothers.....	"	27½ p.c.
(152) Stripper harvesters.....	Each.	£16 10s.
(153) Strippers.....	"	£8 5s.
(154) Metal parts of stripper harvesters and strippers....	Lb.	2½d.
(159) Nails, viz.:— (a) Horseshoe nails..... (b) Brads (including moulders' and glaziers'); picture nails; rail-dogs or brobs; spikes; staples, n.e.i.; tacks, n.e.i.; wire and other nails, n.e.i.....	Cwt. " "	8s. 5s. 6d. 5s. 3d.
(160) Tanks containing goods, or empty.—For every 100 gallons capacity or part thereof.....	"	3s. 3d.
(161) Weighing machines; weighbridges; scales, n.e.i.; including adding and computing machines, and all attachments; cash registers; chemists' counter scales; spring balances and steel-yards; weights, n.e.i.....	Ad val.	25 p.c.
(162) Marine engines, boilers, and machinery, and fittings, n.e.i., and mountings, n.e.i., for such engines, boilers, and machinery; shafts; propellers; winches; liners for cylinders; windlasses; steering gear; feed water heaters; feed pumps; evaporators; auxiliary condensers; feed water fillers, and ash ejectors.....	" "	27½ p.c. 27½ p.c.
(163) Steam road rollers, including scarifier attachments..	"	27½ p.c.
(164) (a) Engines (including traction and portable) n.e.i.; turbines; winches, n.e.i.; boilers, n.e.i.; pumps; windmills.....	"	32½ p.c.
(b) Elevating and conveying machinery; pile driving plant; economizers; cranes; beer engines; cloth folding and measuring machines; wool and other presses; lifts; water and gas meters....	" "	32½ p.c. 27½ p.c.
(c) Machines and machinery, n.e.i.....	"	27½ p.c.
(166) Machinery and machines, and machine tools, n.e.i., viz.:—		
(a) Machines, n.e.i., used in the tanning of hides and skins, and in the preparation of leather; automatic can-making and closing machines; machinery for scouring and washing wool; machinery for the manufacture of paper, and for felting; soap-cutting machines; artesian boring machines.....	"	27½ p.c. 22½ p.c.

*To come into operation on dates to be fixed by proclamation, and subject to the duties specified in division vi. in the meantime. Proclamation to issue so soon as the duties specified in division VIa. have been brought into operation.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION VIIb—Continued.		
229. (a)—Continued. Division VI.—Continued. Item (166)—Continued.		
(b) Machine tools—		
Hat-making—hydraulic blocking press for making straw hats.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
India-rubber working—Hose machines; steel stamps; steel tyre mandrills; spreading; tread drums; washer cutting.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
Metal working—Wire netting machines; blowers for foundry and mining purposes; pneumatic hammers; steam hammers, up to and including sizes up to 16 in. cylinders; punching and shearing machines, combined or separate, sizes up to ¼ in.; slotting machines, sizes up to 12 in. stroke; centreing machines to centre up to 6 in. diameter; bolt screwing and nut tapping, combined or separate, sizes above ½ in., and up to 2 in.; bending rolls in sizes to bend up to ¼ in. plate.	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
Artesian boring tools, n.e.i.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
Boot-making machine tools, n.e.i.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
Tyre benders and shrinkers.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
Tinmiths' tools, being machine.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
(171) Manufacture of metal, n.e.i.....	32½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
(172) Saws, n.e.i.....	27½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
(177) Mining engines and machinery, n.e.i.....	37½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
(181) Rails, fish plates, fish bolts, tie plates and rods, switches, points, crossings, and intersections, for railways and tramways.....	22½ p.c.	17½ p.c.
(182) Iron pipes, cast, and wrought, n.e.i.....	32½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
(184) Rolled iron or steel beams, channels, joists, girders, columns, trough and bridge iron and steel, not drilled or further manufactured; shafting, cold rolled, turned or planished.....	22½ p.c.	17½ p.c.
(185) Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers, n.e.i.....	32½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
(190) Plates (except plain tin) and sheets and pipes and tubes of any metal, tin plated, polished or decorated.....	20 p.c.	
DIVISION VII.—OILS, PAINTS AND VARNISHES.		
230. Blacking, including dressings, pastes, and polishes for leather; furniture oils, pastes, and polishes; and bronzing and metal liquids.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
231. Graphite of plumbago, black lead, and foundry black, in bulk.....	40 p.c.	35 p.c.
232. Bronzing and metal powders.....	Free.	
233. Tallow and greases—	20 p.c.	
(a) Greases, including axle grease, and tallow unrefined, in packages not exceeding 4 lbs. in weight.....	Cwt.	
(b) In packages exceeding 4 lbs. in weight.....	4s.	
234. Oils—	2s.	
In vessels not exceeding one gallon, viz.—		
(a) Quarter-pints and smaller sizes.....	Doz.	
(b) Half-pints and over quarter-pints.....	1s. 6d.	
(c) Pints and over a half-pint.....	3s.	
(d) Quarts and over a pint.....	6s.	
(e) Over a quart.....	12s.	
In vessels exceeding one gallon, viz.—	Gal.	
(f) Cotton seed.....	4s.	
(g) Cotton seed when denaturated as prescribed by departmental by-law.....	2s.	
(h) Olive.....	6d.	
(i) Castor, colza, linseed.....	2s.	
(j) Lubricating (mineral)*.....	6d.	3d.
(k) Mineral, n.e.i.; naphtha; benzine; benzoline; gasoline; pentane; petrol; turpentine substitutes, and the like.....	3½d.	
(l) Solar oils, and residual oil†.....	¾d.	½d.
(m) N.E.I., including cloth oil.....	¾d.	
(n) Castor-oleine and other saponifiable oils.....	6d.	
(o) Kerosene and other refined petroleum oils, in packages less than 10 gallons in content.....	6d.	
(p) Kerosene, and other refined petroleum oils, n.e.i.....	3d.	
	Free.	

*An admixture not exceeding 2 per cent of any vegetable or animal oil or other foreign matter shall not be deemed to render the oil liable to any higher duty.

†When the Department is in doubt as to the exact nature of any oil so described it shall be denaturated in accordance with departmental by-laws.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION VIII.—EARTHENWARE, CEMENT, CHINA, GLASS AND STONE—Con.		
256. Scientific apparatus (glass), viz.:— Beakers, flasks, test tubes, vacuum tubes, burettes, weighing bottles and tubes, eudiometers, nitrometers, radiometers, fat extraction tubes, filter pumps, gas, washing, reduction, absorption and drying bulbs, towers and tubes, glassware, graduated in centimetres, grains, minims, ounces and grammes, also carbonic acid, sulphuretted hydrogen, decomposing water and bacteriological apparatus of glass.....	Free.	
257. Screens, process engravers'.....	Free.	
258. Bottle stoppers, n.e.i., of all kinds and materials.....	Free.	
259. Bottles, n.e.i., flasks and jars, empty, including packing, measuring outside the package as imported— (a) From one dram up to and including 10 ozs. of fluid capacity.....	Cu. ft. 2s.	1s. 9d.
(b) Over 10 ozs. of fluid capacity.....	1s. 1d.	1s.
(c) Wine, beer, spirit and aerated water bottles.....	10d.	9d.
260. Bottles, n.e.i., flasks and jars, filled, irrespective of whether the contents are liable to duty or not— (a) Up to and including 2 ozs. of fluid capacity.....	Doz. 1s. 1d.	1s.
(b) Over 2 ozs. of fluid capacity.....	10d.	9d.
261. Glue, gelatine of all kinds, and cements, n.e.i., including mucilage and belting compounds.....	Ad val. 40 p.c.	30 p.c.
262. Printing roller composition.....	35 p.c.	
263. Dry gums, shellac, sandarac and mastic.....	Free.	
264. Slate slabs, split, and with rough edges.....	Ad val. 15 p.c.	
265. Slate slabs, sawn or chiselled on one or more faces, or on one or more edges.....	" 20 p.c.	
266. Wrought slate, n.e.i.....	" 30 p.c.	
267. Roofing slates.....	" 25 p.c.	
268. Stone and marble— (a) Unwrought, including rough or scabbled from the pick.....	" 10 p.c.	
(b) Slabs or scantlings, sawn on one or two faces.....	" 15 p.c.	
(c) Slabs or scantlings, sawn on one or more faces and one or more edges.....	" 20 p.c.	
(d) Wrought, n.e.i.....	" 30 p.c.	
(e) Wrought, ornamental.....	" 35 p.c.	
(f) Dust and chips.....	" 20 p.c.	
269. Bathbricks.....	Free.	
270. Oil and whet stones, also lithographic and emery stones.....	Free.	
271. Pestles and mortars, agate.....	Free.	
272. Stone, viz., in the rough, n.e.i.....	Free.	
DIVISION IX.—DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.		
273. Acetic acid, extract, or essence of vinegar— (a) Vinegar, standard (as prescribed by departmental by-laws), the product of malt or grain or fruit juice by alcoholic and acetic fermentation, containing not more than 6 per cent of absolute acetic acid.....	Gall. 6d.	
(b) Vinegar, not the product of malt or grain or fruit juice.....	" 2s.	
(c) Solutions, extracts or essences containing more than 6 per cent but not more than 30 per cent of absolute acetic acid.....	" 3s. 9d.	
(d) Solutions, extracts or essences containing more than 30 per cent of absolute acetic acid for every extra 10 per cent or part thereof.....	" 1s. 3d.	
(e) Acetic acid, in crystals or powdered form.....	Ad val. 15 p.c.	
274. Acids, viz., muriatic, nitric and sulphuric.....	" 15 p.c.	
275. Carbonate of ammonia.....	Cwt. 5s.	
276. Carbonic acid gas.....	Lb. 2d.	
277. Carbide of calcium.....	10 p.c.	Free.
278. Drugs and chemicals, viz.:— (a) Salicylic and boric acids and other food preservatives, n.e.i., salicylate of soda, sulphites and bisulphites of potassium, bisulphate of sodium, calcium and magnesium, and foaming powders and liquids, including malto-peptone, yeast food, yeast food preservatives, yeast nourishment, quillaya bark, saponarins, glycerizin and its compounds,.....	Ad val. 25 p.c.	20 p.c.
(b) Saccharin and other similar substitutes for sugar, and substances capable of conversion into such substitutes for sugar, when imported for medicinal purposes only, in accordance with departmental by-law, in packages of not less than 11 lb. weight....	Lb. 30s.	
279. Cresylic acid, crude creosote oil and tar oil, saponaceous mixture of creosote, carbolic acid.....	Gall. 6d.	
280. Naphthaline.....	Ad val. 25 p.c.	
281. Cyanide of potassium.....	Free.	

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION IX.—DRUGS AND CHEMICALS—Continued.		
282. Voltoids of sal-ammoniac.....	Free.	
283. Insecticides, sheep washes and disinfectants, n.e.i.....	Free.	
284. Fly papers, chemical and sticky.....	15 p.c.	
285. Thio sulphates (hydrosulphites), and hydrosulphites containing zinc sulphite and formaldehyde.....	Free.	
286. Chemical compounds and simple drugs.....	Free.	
287. Bacteriological products and serum, as prescribed by departmental by-laws.....	Free.	
288. Carbonate and bicarbonate of soda.....	Free.	
289. Tartaric acid, cream of tartar and citric acid.....	5 p.c.	Free.
290. Essential oils, non-spirituous, n.e.i.....	Free.	
291. Medicines:—		
(a) Pharmaceutical preparations, patent and proprietary medicines and other medicinal preparations and compounds (not chemical), medicinal extracts, essences, juices, infusions, solutions, emulsions, confections, and syrups, pills, pilules, tabloids, soloids, ovoids, tablets, capsules, troches, cachets, suppositories, pessaries n.e.i., plasters, poultices, salves, cerates, ointments, liniments, lotions, pastes and the like, medicinal waters and oils n.e.i., and medicines for animals.....	Ad val.	
(b) Spirituous.....	15 p.c.	
(Or according to the rates provided in Division I., whichever rate returns the higher duty.)	15 p.c.	
292. Opium, for use as medicine only, and not capable of being used for smoking purposes.....	Lb.	
293. Medicinal preparations containing opium.....	30s.	
294. Perfumery (including perfumed ammonia), camphor (in tablets), toilet preparations not containing spirit (perfumed or not), cachous, skin foods, refined lanoline, refined glycerine and vaseline, and perfumed petroleum jelly.....	Ad val.	25 p.c.
295. Unrefined glycerine and unrefined lanoline.....	35 p.c.	
296. Essential oils, and fat containing extract of flowers used in making perfumes.....	Free.	
297. Sulphuric ether, and other ethers n.e.i., non-spirituous, or containing not more than 5 per cent of proof spirit.....	Ad val.	
298. Soda crystals.....	20 p.c.	
	Free.	
	1s.	
DIVISION X.—WOOD, WICKER, AND CANE.		
299. Furniture (except of metal, wicker, bamboo, and cane) n.e.i. in parts or finished, including billiard and bagatelle tables and boards and accessories, trays, crumb trays and brushes, mattresses, bolsters, pillows, window shade or blind rollers, rollers with blinds, screens, portieres, dress stands and show figures for draping or other purposes, writing desks and cabinets, stationary cabinets, type cabinets and cases, mirrors framed or not n.e.i., blinds not being textile, panels for incorporating into furniture, ice chests or refrigerators, housemaids' boxes, meat and other household safes, bath cabinets, dental and surgical cabinets, invalid furniture and chairs on wheels, aseptic hospital furniture, including trolleys, stretchers and the like.....	Ad val.	
300. Lounges and settees.....	40 p.c.	30 p.c.
	Each.	
	10s.	
	or Ad val.	
	30 p.c.	
301. Chairs.....	7s. 6d.	
	Each.	
	or Ad val.	
	30 p.c.	
302. Billiard balls, in the rough.....	Free.	
303. Timber, viz.:—		
(a) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent) and over.....	100 super. feet*	
(b) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 7 in. x 2½ in. (or its equivalent) and upwards, and less than 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent).....	100 super. feet*	
(c) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes less than 7 in. x 2½ in. (or its equivalent), including door stocks.....	100 super. feet*	
(d) Timber, dressed, n.e.i.....	2s. 6d.	
(e) Architraves, mouldings and skirtings of any material.....	3s.	
(f) Shingles.....	5s.	
	100 lineal feet.	
	M.	
	3s.	

* NOTE.—Definition of a superficial foot.—A superficial foot of timber shall mean an area of one square foot on one surface, and being one inch or less in thickness.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
<i>DIVISION X.—WOOD, WICKER AND CANE—Continued.</i>		
303. Timber, viz.:— <i>Continued.</i>		
(g) Pickets, undressed.....	100. 2s. 6d.	
(h) Pickets, dressed.....	M. 6s.	
(i) Laths.....	Ad val. 7s. 6d.	
(j) Laths for blinds.....	25 p.c.	
(k) Spokes, dressed or prepared (not being of hickory), 2 in. or under in diameter.....	100. 10s.	
(l) Palings.....	M. 15s.	
(m) Prepared hubs (not of elm).....	Each. 1s.	
(n) Rims, n.e.i.....	" 1s. 3d.	
(o) Staves, dressed or partly dressed, but not shaped.....	100. 2s. 6d.	
(p) Three-ply veneer.....	100 super. feet* 3s.	
(q) Veneers, n.e.i.....	Free.	
(r) Timber for making boxes or doors, being cut into shape and dressed or partly dressed. 100 feet super. face†.....	Ad val. 2s. 6d.	
(s) Picture and room mouldings.....	" 20 p.c.	
(t) Broom stocks.....	" 20 p.c.	
(u) Timber, bent or cut into shape, dressed or partly dressed, n.e.i.....	" 30 p.c.	
(v) Hickory spokes, dressed, 2 in. and under in diameter.....	Free.	
(x) Hickory, undressed.....	Free.	
(y) Elm hubs, with or without metal bands.....	Free.	
(z) Engravers' boxwood and engravers' maplewood.....	Free.	
(aa) Logs, not sawn.....	Free.	
(bb) Spars, in the rough.....	Free.	
(cc) Spokes, rims and felloes of hickory, in the rough.....	Free.	
(dd) Staves, undressed.....	Free.	
304. Wicker, bamboo and cane, all articles, n.e.i., made of, whether partly or wholly finished.....	Ad val. 45 p.c.	40 p.c.
305. Basketware, n.e.i., per cubic foot outside measurement.....	or ad val. 1s. 1½d.	1s.
	45 p.c.	40 p.c.
306. Wood, all articles made of, n.e.i., whether partly or wholly finished, including bellows, sashes and frames, wire doors, window screens, walking sticks, hods, mallets, rakes, grain shovels, saw frames, mitre boxes, wood bungs, wood type, wood rules, wash-boards and knifeboards.....	Ad val. 40 p.c.	30 p.c.
307. Wicker, bamboo, cane or wood, viz.:—		
(a) Bamboo, clouded.....	Free.	
(b) Canes and rattans, and bamboo, unmanufactured.....	Free.	
(c) Cane, compressed, in sheet and unshaped and enamelled.....	Free.	
(d) Last blocks, rough turned.....	10 p.c.	Free.
308. Brushmakers' woodware and turnery, including brush handles.....	Ad val. 30 p.c.	
309. Tool handles, unattached.....	" 20 p.c.	
310. Doors of wood—		
Sizes, 1½ in. and over.....	Each. 7s. 6d.	
" over 1½ in. and under 1¾ in.....	" 5s.	
" 1½ in. and under.....	" 3s. 6d.	
311. Photograph frames and stands for pictures, picture frames (on pictures or otherwise).....	Ad val. 35 p.c.	25 p.c.
312. Lasts and trees, wooden.....	" 35 p.c.	
313. Buggy shafts, bent but not dressed.....	Pair. 2s. 6d.	
314. Buggy shafts, bent and dressed.....	" 3s. 6d.	
315. Shafts, n.e.i., in the rough.....	" 3s.	
316. Shafts, n.e.i., dressed.....	" 4s.	
317. Bent poles, rough.....	Each. 2s. 6d.	
318. Bent poles, dressed.....	" 3s. 6d.	
319. Whiffle-tree bars.....	Doz. 3s.	
320. Shaft bars.....	Ad val. 4s. 6d.	
321. Casks, barrels and vats, n.e.i., full or empty.....	Ad val. 35 p.c.	
322. Hogsheads, second hand, full or empty.....	Each. 12s.	
323. Shooks—		
Hogshead, new.....	" 6s. 6d.	
Barrel, new.....	" 5s.	
Half hogshead, new.....	" 4s. 6d.	
Kilderkin, new.....	" 3s. 6d.	
Puncheon, new.....	" 11s.	
Hogshead, second hand.....	" 10s.	
N.E.I.....	Ad val. 35 p.c.	
324. Buckets and tubs, wooden.....	45 p.c.	35 p.c.

NOTE.—Definition of a Superficial Foot.—A superficial foot of timber shall mean an area of one square foot on one surface, and being one inch or less in thickness.

† Definition of superficial face.—The term 'super. face' means the lineal measurement of that part of the timber actually planed

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION XI.—JEWELLERY AND FANCY GOODS.		
325. Fancy goods, including card cases, snuff and match boxes, purses, n.e.i., wallets, thimbles, serviette rings, button hooks, shoe-horns and lifts, glove stretchers, toys, ivory and other ornamental figures, feather dusters, paper parasols articles used for outdoor and indoor games, fishing appliances n.e.i., and articles, n.e.i., used for ornamental purposes, or partly for use and partly for ornament.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
326. Combs (toilet), and shaving sets.....	35 p.c.	
327. Pencils and penholders of wood.....	25 p.c.	
328. School pen and pencil sets, including boxes.....	Free.	
329. Paint boxes of all kinds when completely fitted.....	Free.	
330. Shells in their natural state, weapons and curios of aboriginal inhabitants of any country, old coins.....	Free.	
331. Jewellery unfinished, being settings and mounts for, with or without imitation stones.....	Free.	
332. Jewellery, commonly known as imitation gold or rolled gold, and jewellery under 9 carat.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 40 p.c.	35 p.c.
333. Jewellery, being machine made, chain in the rough (known as Brunswick pattern foxtail, or lace chain), gallerie, beads, catches and joints for pins, clasps, n.e.i., points and brooch pins.....	40 p.c.	35 p.c.
334. Jewellery and imitation jewellery, n.e.i., including bolt and split rings, swivels, ear wires, bars and stampings used in manufacture of jewellery, medals and medallions of gold and silver, links and studs of all kinds, buckles, badges clasps slides, buttons and other ornaments of gold or silver for attire, combined bracelets and watches, gold, silver or plated safety pins, gold or silver bags and purses, imitation precious stones, alberts of all materials.....	20 p.c.	15 p.c.
335. All articles partly or wholly made up of gold or silver, unless dutiable at a higher rate, or specified or included under the head of jewellery elsewhere.....	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
336. Bullion and coin, gold and silver bar ingot and sheet, cameos, intaglius and precious stones, unset, including pearls, coral and doublets, gold and silver wire for embroidery bullion, purl.....	Free.	
337. Watches, clocks and chronometers, n.e.i., and parts thereof; time registers and detectors, opera, field and marine glasses, pedometers, and pocket counters and the like.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 30 p.c.	20 p.c.
338. Watch and clock main and hair springs, compasses of all kinds except for external wear, ships' chronometers, patent logs and sounding machines, microscopes, telescopes, barometers and thermometers, except advertising.....	5 p.c.	Free.
339. Kinematographs, including sensitized and exposed films, kinetoscopes, phonographs, graphophones, gramophones, including accessories, n.e.i.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 35 p.c.	25 p.c.
340. Spectacle cases of all kinds, not being partly or wholly of gold or silver, or gold or silver plated.....	15 p.c.	
341. Spectacle frames (not being partly or wholly of gold or silver, or gold or silver plated), with or without glasses.....	10 p.c.	Free.
DIVISION XII.—LEATHER AND RUBBER.		
342. Boots, shoes, slippers, clogs, pattens, and other footwear (of any material), n.e.i., and boot and shoe uppers and tops, cork, leather, or other socks or soles.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 35 p.c.	30 p.c.
343. Goloshes, rubber sand boots and shoes and plimsolls.....	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
344. Slipper forms and royal cord in the piece, prunella, lasting, and stuff for boots, shoes, and slippers.....	10 p.c.	5 p.c.
345. Boots, rubber, viz.:—Gum and wading boots.....	5 p.c.	Free.
346. Rubber and other hose.....	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
347. Rubber manufactures, n.e.i., and articles, n.e.i., in which rubber forms a part, including air and water beds, air cushions and pillows, surgical tubing, bandages, elastic stockings, leggings, knee caps, thigh-pieces and wristlets, hat-makers' press bags and rings, gas bags, soles, pads, and heels, cash mats, rubbered tyre fabric, tyre rubber, tyres, not accompanying cycles or vehicles, tubes, valved or unvalved, rubber stoppers or corks, reclaimed rubber.....	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
348. Rubber and rubber manufactures, viz.:— India rubber, crude or powdered, rubber waste, hard rubber, in sheets, rubber thread, boot and apparel elastics, masticated rubber, India-rubber syringes, enemas, injection bottle, urinals.....	Free.	
349. Leather manufactures, n.e.i., leather cut into shape, harness, razor strops and whips, including keepers, thongs and lashes.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 25 p.c.	
350. (a) Leather, rubber and composition, belting and green hide for belting and other purposes.....	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
(b) Leather, n.e.i., including chamois leather and unspecified articles used in the manufacture of boots and shoes.....	30 p.c.	20 p.c.
351. Leather, viz.:— (a) Pump butts, weighing not less than 48 lbs. each hide.....	Free.	
(b) Goat and sheep skins, raw, hogskins.....	Free.	

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom
DIVISION XIII.—PAPER AND STATIONERY.		
352. Paper, viz.:—		
(a) Manufactures of, framed or unframed, having advertisements thereon, including price lists and trade catalogues and all printed or lithographed matter to be used for purpose of advertising.....	Lb.	6d.
(b) Australian directories, guides and time tables.....	"	6d.
(c) Printed matter, n.e.i., (except newspapers registered for transmission through the post) being or containing advertisements, including magazines containing advertisements, being more than one-fifth of the printed matter contained within the outside covers.....	"	
(d) Printing, in rolls or folios, known as newspaper, to be used exclusively for newspapers under departmental by-laws, in sizes not less than 20 x 25 inches, or its equivalent.....	10 p.c.	Free.
(e) Writing (plain) cut less than 16 x 13 inches.....	Ad val.	15 p.c.
(f) Ruled and bordered papers.....	"	25 p.c.
(g) Browns and sugar (grey, blue and other tints), fruit bag paper.....	Cwt.	6s. 6d.
(h) Cartridge and blotting.....	"	6s. 3d.
(i) Strawboard.....	"	2s. 6d.
(j) Bags.....	Ad val.	30 p.c.
(k) N.E.I., paperhangings or wall papers, including cardboard, pasteboard, pulpboard*, cloth-lined boards and cloth-lined paper, floor paper, millboard, grey-board, leatherboard and woodboard, and toilet paper in rolls or packets.....	20 p.c.	15 p.c.
(l) Surface-coated paper, including marble and foil paper.....	20 p.c.	
(m) Gummed paper, n.e.i.....	20 p.c.	
(n) Vesta and match-boxes, empty, n.e.i.....	Gross.	3d.
(o) Vesta and match-boxes having advertisements thereon, empty.....	"	9d.
(p) Cards, playing, in sheet or cut.....	Doz. pack.	3s.
(q) Fashion plates and books.....	"	Free.
(r) Paper shavings and waste paper for making paper.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(s) Emery paper, emery cloth, flint paper, flint cloth, filter paper, litmus paper.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(t) Pulp, for manufacturing paper.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(u) Roofing, sheathing and insulating paper.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(v) True vegetable parchment.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(w) Writing and typing paper (plain), in sheets not less than 16 x 13 inches.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(z) Tissue cap paper, in sheets, 20 x 30 inches and over.....	5 p.c.	Free.
353. (a) Stationery, manufactured, including bill files and letter clips, cardboard boxes, cut and shaped, or finished, mounts for pictures, calendars and almanacs, n.e.i., date cases and cards, albums, including birthday, scrap, motto and character, cards and booklets, including printers', visiting, menu, programme, wedding, funeral, Christmas, Easter, New Year and birthday, scraps, transfers, inkstands, ink bottles, ink-wells, paper knives, blotters, blotting cases and pads, billheads and other printed, ruled or engraved forms of paper, n.e.i., bound or unbound, books, account, betting, cheque, copy, copying, diary, drawing, exercise, guard, letter, music, memo., pocket, receipt, sketch, and the like, envelopes, stationery packets, wrappers for writing paper, memo. and sketch blocks, memo. slates and tablets, labels, tags and tickets, sealing and bottling wax, pictures of all kinds, n.e.i., pencil cases, pencils, n.e.i., pen and pencil sets and penholders n.e.i. fountain pens, book-markers, rulers, writing desks (not being furniture), writing cases, stationery cases, paper binders, card hangers, pen racks, bookbinders' staples, charts for manuscript use, corrugated strawboard, strawboard made into bottle envelopes, paper lace, academy boards, confetti paper, printed parchment.....	Ad val.	30 p.c.
(b) Manufactures of paper, n.e.i., including printers' matrices.....	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
354. Printing and stencilling inks, n.e.i.....	Lb.	6d.
Or ad val. whichever rate returns the higher duty.		30 p.c.
355. News printing ink, invoiced at under 3d. per lb., and in packages of not less than 1 cwt.....	Ad val.	30 p.c.
356. Writing ink and ink powders.....	"	30 p.c.
357. Ceramic transfers for pottery.....	5 p.c.	Free.
358. Kindergarten materials prescribed by departmental by-laws.....	5 p.c.	Free.

* NOTE.—Pulpboard shall mean a pulp paper whether plain, coloured or coated, which, at the size of single royal, 20 x 25 inches or its equivalent, weighs 80 lbs. or over per ream of 480 sheets. Paper, which is below the weight which constitutes 'boards,' to be dealt with under the paper duties.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION XIII.—PAPER AND STATIONERY—Continued.		
359. Paper patterns, not being connected or associated with advertising matter.....	5 p.c.	Free.
360. Pens, n.e.i., without holders or not including holders.....	5 p.c.	Free.
361. Maps, except those of Australia or any part thereof, and charts, n.e.i.....	5 p.c.	Free.
362. Globes, geographical, topographical and astronomical.....	5 p.c.	Free.
363. Parchment, cut and uncut.....	5 p.c.	Free.
364. Photographs sent by friends and not for the purpose of sale.....	Free.	
365. School and drawing slates, slate pencils and school colours in boxes.....	5 p.c.	Free.
366. Stay paper and stay cloth, gummed on one side, in rolls cut to a width of not more than one inch.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
367. Licht-pauschpapier.....	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
368. Books, n.e.i., prospectuses and catalogues (other than trade), n.e.i.....	5 p.c.	Free.
Free.		
DIVISION XIV.—VEHICLES.		
369. Bicycles, tricycles and similar vehicles, n.e.i., and frames thereof, whether partly or wholly finished.....	Each. £5 5s. or <i>ad val.</i> 30 p.c.	£5 25 p.c.
370. Children's cycles.....	whichever rate returns the higher duty. <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.
371. Motor cycles, tricycles and similar vehicles, n.e.i., and frames thereof, whether partly or wholly finished.....	Each. £10 10s. or <i>ad val.</i> 30 p.c.	£10 25 p.c.
372. Cycle tubing and fork sides in the rough, liners, including bent tubing not brazed or plated.....	whichever rate returns the higher duty.	
373. Perambulators and go-carts and parts thereof, n.e.i.....	5 p.c.	Free.
374. Perambulator or go-cart body and under-gear.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 35 p.c.	30 p.c.
375. Cycle parts plated, brazed, enamelled or permanently joined (including chains), cycle accessories and parts thereof, including cyclometers, steel trouser clips, steel toe clips and bands, parcel carriers, inflators, inflator clips and connections, bells, saddle covers, tool bags, repair outfits and the like.....	Each. 5s. 3d.	5s.
376. Cycle parts, n.e.i., including steel bars for the manufacture of rims, also unplated parts, namely, ball heads, bottom brackets, lugs, fork ends, bridges, sprocket wheels, balls, nipples, spokes, washers, n.e.i., and valves for tires.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 25 p.c.	20 p.c.
377. Vehicles, viz.—	15 p.c.	10 p.c.
(a) Boston chaises, dog carts, gigs, tilburys, and other two-wheeled vehicles on springs or thorough braces. Each.	£6 12s.	£6
(b) Buggies, four-wheeled		
Wagons, for carrying goods.—	Without tops, mounted on springs or thorough braces	
Wagons, single or double-seated.	“	£9 18s.
Wagons, express		£9
(c) Hansom cabs, with tops.....	“	£12
Single and double-seated waggons, with tops.....	“	£12
Wagonettes, with tops.....	“	£12
Four-wheeled buggies, with tops.....	“	£12
(d) Omnibuses and coaches for carrying mails or passengers	“	£12
(e) Barouches.....	£27 10s.	£25
Broughams.....	“	£40
Drags.....	“	£40
Landaus.....	“	£40
Mail phaetons.....	“	£40
Victorias.....	“	£40
(f) All carts and wagons (without springs) and spring carts and spring drays, with two wheels.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 30 p.c.	20 p.c.
(g) All carriages or conveyances, n.e.i., hand trucks and parts, n.e.i., of vehicles, including axles and springs when imported separately.....	“	25 p.c.
(h) Parts of carriages—		
(1) Sets of wheels (unbored and untired).....	Set. 33s.	30s.
(2) Sets of wheels (bored and tired).....	“ 49s. 6d.	45s.
(3) Under gear (including axles, springs and arms).....	“ 66s.	60s.
(4) Buggy hoods.....	Each. 49s. 6d.	45s.
(5) Carriage bodies, in the white.....	“ 88s.	80s.
(i) Motor lorries and wagons.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 35 p.c.	25 p.c.
(j) Motor cars, and parts thereof, including tyres when accompanying vehicles.....	35 p.c.	25 p.c.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION XV.—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.		
378. Musical instruments, n.e.i.; musical boxes; pianolas, and other attachments or articles for rendering music by mechanical process; and metronomes and the like.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
379. Organs, pipe.....	20 p.c.	
380. Metal pipes for pipe organs.....	20 p.c.	
381. Pianos, viz.:—	Free.	
(a) Grand and semi-grand.....	Each. £16 10s. or <i>Ad val.</i> 40 p.c.	£15 30 p.c.
(b) Upright.....	Each. £5 10s. or <i>Ad val.</i> 40 p.c.	£5 30 p.c.
(c) N.E.I.....	whichever rate returns the higher duty. <i>Ad val.</i>	40 p.c.
(d) Parts thereof, n.e.i.....	30 p.c.	30 p.c.
382. Musical instruments, parts of, and accessories— Actions in separate parts; strings; felts and felting; hammers and ivories; handles and hinges for pianos; violin, mutes and chin rests; holders for attaching to band or orchestral instruments.....		20 p.c.
383. Military band and orchestral musical instruments— Bassoons; baritones; bombardons; bugles; clarionettes; cornets; cornophones; cor, Anglais (Wood); cymbals; cor, tenor (brass); contra bassoon (brass); doblophones; drums; double basses; euphoniums; flutes; fifes; harps; horns, viz., Flugel, French, Koenig tenor, and vocal ballad-musette; oboes or hautbois; piccoloes; saxophones; tenor trombones; trumpets; tubas; triangles; violins and violoncellos; bagpipes.....	10 p.c.	Free.
	Free.	
DIVISION XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS.		
384. Bags, baskets, boxes, cases, or trunks, with or without fittings, viz.:—		
(a) Fancy; hand; jewel and trinket; sporting; travelling; picnic; toilet; dressing; glove; handkerchief; collar; and work; satchels; reticules; valises; and companions.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
(b) Fancy boxes containing free goods or goods subject to a specific rate.....	35 p.c.	25 p.c.
(c) Fancy boxes containing goods subject to duty <i>ad valorem</i> to be dutiable at the same rate as the goods.....	35 p.c.	25 p.c.
385. Baskets, viz.:—Workmen's, of rush and straw.....	Free.	
386. Articles, n.e.i., for advertising purposes, including all articles otherwise specifically enumerated as free.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
387. Curled hair and curled fibre.....	25 p.c.	
388. Filters of all kinds and materials.....	25 p.c.	
389. Boats, launches and yachts imported in any vessel, or which have been put out of any vessel off the coast of Australia, and are subsequently brought into Australia, including all fittings....	15 p.c.	
390. Oars and sculls.....	20 p.c.	
391. Carpet sweepers, brooms, whisks, mops.....	20 p.c.	
392. Brushes, viz.:—	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
(a) Hair brushes, tooth, scrubbing, and other brushes, n.e.i., and brush sets for halls.....		
(b) Hog-hair, sable-hair, camel-hair, badger-hair, in white metal, tin, or quill, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch or under, including aerographs.....	30 p.c.	25 p.c.
393. Coke.....	5 p.c.	Free.
394. Manures.....	4s. Ton.	
395. Rope cordage, and twines, n.e.i., including cordage with metal core; macrame twines; fleece thread; brushmakers' and mattress twine; saddlers' twines; roping, seaming, sewing and shop twines; and coir fenders, halters, and other articles manufactured from cord or twine.....	Free.	
396. Fishing nets and netting therefor.....	<i>Ad val.</i>	
397. Yarns—	25 p.c.	
(a) Jute, hemp, and flax.....	20 p.c.	
(b) Wool, n.e.i.....	10 p.c.	
(c) Coir.....	10 p.c.	5 p.c.
(d) N.E.I., including hose yarn.....	Free.	
398. Reaper and binder twine and yarn.....	5 p.c.	Free.
399. Sewing silks and twists; and household, shoe-making, and bag-making threads and cottons.....	5s. Cwt.	
400. Unserviceable cordage for paper manufacture, pursuant to departmental by-laws.....	5 p.c.	Free.
401. Metal cordage, including cordage of metal, with core of other material.....	Free.	
402. Copying apparatus for duplicating typewriting and the like.....	Free.	
	<i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.

IMPORT DUTIES—Continued.

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
<i>DIVISION XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS—Continued.</i>		
403. Fumigators, atomizers, odorizers, vaporizers, and the like..... <i>Ad val.</i>	20 p.c.	
404. Cork mats, bungs, rings, floats for fishing nets, and other manufactures of cork, n.e.i..... "	15 p.c.	
405. Corks—		
(a) Small corks (up to 8-oz. bottles)..... Lb.	1s.	
(b) N. E. I.	6d.	
406. Explosives, viz.:—		
(a) Cartridges, n.e.i..... <i>Ad val.</i>	30 p.c.	20 p.c.
(b) Fireworks..... "	35 p.c.	25 p.c.
(c) Fuse, n.e.i., per coil of 24 feet or less, and in proportion for any greater quantity.....	Coil. 1½ d. Lb. 4½ d.	1d. 4d.
(d) Powder, sporting..... <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.	20 p.c.
(e) Wads for cartridges.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(f) Caps, percussion.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(g) Cartridges, military.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(h) Detonators.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(i) Cartridge cases, empty, capped, or uncapped.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(j) Fuse cotton.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(k) Fuses, electrical.....	5 p.c.	Free.
(l) N. E. I.		
407. Cameras and magic or optical lanterns, including lenses and accessories; lantern slides; photographic sensitized films and paper; photographic mounts; photographic backgrounds (mounted or unmounted); photographs, n.e.i.; post cards (sensitized with or without letter press); post cards (finished, with letter press); powdered magnesium; sulphite of soda; metabisulphite of soda; metabisulphite of potash..... <i>Ad val.</i>	35 p.c.	25 p.c.
408. Photographic accessories, rubber, not being integral parts of cameras.....	30 p.c.	20 p.c.
409. Photographic dry plates and negatives.....	5 p.c.	Free.
410. Prepared plates for engravers and lithographers.....	5 p.c.	Free.
411. Smoking pipes, n.e.i., and cigar and cigarette holders, and accessories; smokers' requisites including cases, tobacco pouches, smokers' sets, boxes, match stands, ash trays, smokers' lamps, cigar stands, and lighters..... <i>Ad val.</i>	30 p.c.	20 p.c.
412. Clay smoking pipes..... Gross.	1s.	
413. Works of art, being statuary* and paintings, oil or water colours, framed or unframed, imported for public institutions or purposes under departmental by-laws.....	Free.	
414. Works of art, being statuary and paintings, oil or water colours, £5 and over in value, other than those for public institutions or purposes..... <i>Ad val.</i>	25 p.c.	
(To be assessed for duty at £5 plus the value of the frame and mounting, if any, and plus the value of the canvas or other material of which such statuary or painting is made.)		
415. Paintings, oil or water colour, invoiced at less than £5 value..... "	35 p.c.	
416. Pictures, n.e.i.....	25 p.c.	
417. Undertakers' requisites of all kinds and materials, including mortelle crosses and the like..... "	25 p.c.	
418. Wall and ceiling parts, and decorations of any materials, n.e.i..... "	25 p.c.	
419. Cotton, asbestos, and other packings; including sheet asbestos, yarn, and cord..... "	20 p.c.	
420. Asbestos pipe and boiler covering; asbestos mattresses for boilers; asbestos millboards..... "	20 p.c.	
421. Inks and stains for leather..... "	20 p.c.	
422. Articles, n.e.i., of celluloid, xylonite, bone, ivory, pulp, papier-maché, indurated fibre, or asbestos..... "	25 p.c.	
423. Surgical appliances, n.e.i., including belts, trusses, pads, corsets, braces, breast supports, vaccination shields..... "	25 p.c.	
424. Articles imported by or being the property of the Commonwealth.....	Free.	
425. Articles imported, or purchased in bond, for the official use of the Governor General and declared as being for such official use.....	Free.	
426. Articles specially designed and imported for the use of the blind, deaf, and dumb, when imported by governing bodies of public institutions having the care thereof.....	Free.	
427. Uniforms, flags, and office requisites, for official use, imported by a consul who is not a British subject or engaged in trade in Australia.....	Free.	
428. Fire brigade appliances, n.e.i., viz.:— Fire escape and fire ladders, ladder and hose carriages, and water towers.....	Free.	
429. Minor articles, prescribed by departmental by-laws, for use in the manufacture of goods within the Commonwealth.....	Free.	
430. Models of inventions and other improvements in the arts and manufactures, and models of ships.....	Free.	

*Statuary means any reproduction of complete figures in marble, clay, cement, metal or wood, and being a work of art.

IMPORT DUTIES—*Concluded.*

Tariff Items.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of the United Kingdom.
DIVISION XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS— <i>Concluded.</i>		
431. Collections of antiquities for public institutions, under departmental by-laws.....	Free.	
432. Natural history, specimens of; models and wall diagrams for illustration of natural history.....	Free.	
433. Passengers' personal effects; passengers' furniture and household goods which have been in actual use by such passengers for at least one year, not exceeding £50 in value for each adult passenger*.....	Free.	
434. Pictorial illustrations and casts and models for teaching purposes, when imported by and for the use of universities, colleges, or schools.....	Free.	
435. Scientific instruments and apparatus (and materials for scientific purposes) for use in universities, colleges, schools, or public hospitals under departmental by-laws.....	Free.	
436. Surgical and dental and veterinary instruments and appliances (not being furniture), viz.:—		
Amputating, cupping, dissecting examining and operating, veterinary, lint, gauzes, bandages, n.e.i., ligatures, oil silk, poroplastic felt, splints and artificial limbs and eyes, surgical pessaries, glass rectum and vaginal tubes, operation bags fitted with instruments, syringes, galvanocautery batteries and appliances, operating tables, dressing and instrument trays, accident emergency cases, hot air apparatus for legs and arms, X-ray apparatus except motors, snake bite outfits, medicated wool, aseptic paper, impression trays, dental rubber, amalgam and gold filling in pellets or cylinders.....	10 p.c.	Free.
437. Theatrical costumes and properties subject to departmental by laws.....	Free.	
438. Trophies won abroad and decorations awarded and sent from abroad to individuals.....	Free.	
439. Goods which have been passed by the Customs and subsequently sent out of the Commonwealth for repairs, which, in the opinion of the Minister, cannot be reasonably done in the Commonwealth, may, upon reintroduction, under departmental by-laws, be admitted upon payment of duty on the dutiable value only of any repairs or additions to the goods.....		
440. Furniture and other household effects, the <i>bona fide</i> property of passengers arriving in Australia, and which have been previously in use by such passengers within the Commonwealth, and are not imported for sale.....	Free.	
441. Blankets, rubber or wool, for printing machines, top cloths for ruling machines, felts for paper making machines, when imported with the machines of which they form a necessary working part, one or more as required for working the machine.....	Free.	
442. Scientific instruments and apparatus, viz.:—		
(a) Instruments for measuring the density of liquids, solids and gases, including hydrometers, saccharometers, lactometers, salinometers and barkometers.....	Free.	
(b) Barographs, calorimeters, cathetometers, dividing engines for graduating bars, tubes and circles, kymographs and time markers, dial micrometers, microtomes, pyrometers, sphereometers, thermographs, thermostats, thermoregulators, microscopical, mineralogical and blow pipe cabinets (fitted), mercury vacuum pumps, vacuum gauges, viscometers, vacuum ovens for laboratories, drawing, mathematical and surveying instruments.....	Free.	
(c) Bacteriological apparatus, including counting apparatus, culture dishes, flasks and tubes, slide cabinets and trays, staining dishes and plates, stains, incubators.....	Free.	
(d) Scientific instruments for measuring absorption, dispersion, reflection, refraction and rotation of light, and for colour analysis and colour comparison.....	Free.	
(e) Apparatus for the testing and analysis of milk, wine and other agricultural products, as prescribed by departmental by-laws.....	Free.	
443. Ophthalmic instruments and appliances, including cases of trial lenses, caustic holders, demonstrating apparatus, eye douches, electro magnets, eye compresses, eye guards, ophthalmic lamps, ligature bottles and troughs, ophthalmoscopes, optometers, perimeters, pupilometers, sterilizing apparatus for solutions, operation tables, temperature regulator, test types, tests for colour vision, trial cases, trial drums, trial frames, dressing trays, instrument trays.....	Free.	
444. Outside packages, n.e.i., in which goods other than those subject to an <i>ad valorem</i> duty are ordinarily imported, when containing such goods.....	Free.	

*Two members of a family, under eighteen years of age but not less than twelve years, may be reckoned as one adult.

SCHEDULE.

REBATE FOR HOME CONSUMPTION.

No. of Item in Schedule A.	Tariff Item.	Rebate.
124	Piece goods of any material, when used in the manufacture of rubber waterproof cloth.	Three-fourths of the duty paid.
164 and 166	Machinery, and parts thereof, used in the manufacture of fibrous materials and felt, and felt hats, when installed for use in a woollen mill or a hat factory for the manufacture of such materials, felt and hats.	The full duty paid.

EXCISE DUTIES.

All imitations to be dutiable at the rate chargeable on the goods they imitate, unless such rate is less than the rate which would otherwise be chargeable on the imitations.

"N.E.I." means "not elsewhere included."

Tariff Items.	Rate.
Tobacco, cut fine, for cigarettes.....	Lb. 3s.
Tobacco, manufactured, n.e.i., made in Australia, both from imported and locally grown leaf.....	" 1s. 3d.
Cigars—	
(a) Machine-made.....	" 1s.
(b) Hand-made.....	" 6d.
Cigarettes, including the weight of the outer portion of each cigarette.....	" 3s.
Snuff.....	" 2s.
Starch—	
(a) Made from rice.....	" 1d.
(b) Made from materials grown in the Commonwealth.....	Free.
Amylic alcohol and fusel oil.....	Gall. 12s.
Glucose.....	Cwt. 4s.
Invert sugar and invert syrup.....	" 3s.
Saccharin and other similar substitutes for sugar.....	Lb. £5
Golden syrup and syrups, n.e.i.....	Cwt. 1s. 6d.

BERMUDA.

THE CUSTOMS TARIFF ACT, 1906.

(No. 29, dated December 18, 1906.)

Whereas it is requisite to pass a Customs Tariff Act for providing a revenue toward the support of the government of these islands:

Be it, therefore, enacted by the Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly of the Bermudas or Somers Islands as follows:—

1. In this Act the word 'goods' means and includes all kinds of goods, wares, merchandise and live stock.

2. On and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and seven there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid on all goods imported into these islands, or taken out of bond from any bonding warehouse in these islands, the duties provided for by this Act, that is to say:

(1) On the goods specified in the following table of specific duties the several specific duties therein respectively set forth:—

Table of Specific Duties.

	£	s.	d.
Arrowroot (unmanufactured) hundred pounds	0	10	0
Arrowroot (manufactured) pound	0	2	0
Arrack gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Brandy gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Cordials gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Gin gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Peppermint water gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Shrub gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Whisky gallon	0	6	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Alcohol and rum gallon	0	5	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	25	%
Bananas, in the months of May, June, July, August, September, October, November and December bunch	0	2	6
Bicycles, with wheels of not less than eighteen inches in diameter . each	0	5	0
Bulbs of the <i>Lilium Longiflorum</i> thousand	10	0	0
Cartridges for pistols or revolvers hundred	0	3	0
Cigars hundred	0	2	6
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	10	%
Cigarettes pound	0	2	6
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	10	%
Cows, calves, heifers and oxen each	0	4	0
Eggs dozen	0	0	3

	£.	s.	d.
Horses.	1	0	0
Malt liquor, cider and perry.	1	0	0
Malt liquor, cider and perry in bottles commonly called quart bottles. .dozen	0	1	0
Pistols and revolvers.	0	10	0
Potatoes other than sweet potatoes, during the months of January, February, March, April, May, June, July.	0	2	0
Potatoes, sweet, during the months of January, February, September, October, November and December.	0	2	0
Snuff.	0	0	9
Tobacco (manufactured) other than cigars or cigarettes.	0	1	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	10	%
Tobacco (unmanufactured), stemmed.	0	1	0
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	10	%
Tobacco (unmanufactured), unstemmed.	0	0	9
	and <i>ad valorem</i>	10	%

Drawback of duty not to be allowed on unmanufactured tobacco exported unless exported in its original condition.

Watermelons.	0	1	0
Wine.	20	%	
Wood alcohol, wood naphtha or methyl alcohol and methylated alcohol. .	0	0	3
	gallon		

(2) On such books as are under the Copyright Act, 1848, liable to import duty, 15 per cent *ad valorem*.

(3) On all goods except such as are mentioned in the following table of exemptions, and such other goods (if any) as are exempt from import duty under any other Act, 10 per cent *ad valorem*.

Table of Exemptions.

Animals and goods imported on account of the government of these islands by any public officer or committee being the property of the public or purchased at the public expense.

Articles the property of any foreign or British colonial government imported into these islands for use at or in connection with, any establishment or institution in these islands maintained by such government solely for scientific purposes, on proof to the satisfaction of the Receiver General that such articles have been so imported.

Articles imported into these islands by or under the authority of the proper officer of His Majesty's service to be appropriated as prizes for competition by His Majesty's land or sea forces at the annual army and navy rifle meeting.

Baggage consisting of the apparel and professional apparatus of passengers and exclusive of goods intended for sale or merchandise or any goods not *bona fide* the property of the passengers.

Books except such as are under the Copyright Act, 1848, liable to an import duty of 15 per cent *ad valorem*.

Bullion.

Coals.

Coin.

Electric cable and electric cable machinery and apparatus imported into these islands by any company or person or persons under contract with His Majesty's government with the view of establishing and maintaining telegraphic communication with places beyond the sea.

Fresh fruit, except bananas and watermelons.

Horses and other beasts and all stores, provisions and goods of every description imported into these islands for the use of His Majesty's land or sea forces or any

department of His Majesty's service, being the property of His Majesty, on satisfactory proof being furnished to that effect, and on compliance by the proper officer or officers of His Majesty's government with any regulations made by the Governor in Council with respect to such importations: provided that no military officer shall, during his term of service in these islands, be allowed to import free of import duty more horses than shall be shown by the certificate of the proper officer of His Majesty's service to be required by such military officer as a necessary part of his military equipment.

Horses and other beasts, stores, provisions and other articles, and goods of every description imported into these islands by or for the use of the Naval Commander in Chief on the station and intended for use or consumption in his establishment or family in these islands.

Ice.

Official supplies imported for the use of the consulates of any foreign countries which admit similar supplies for the use of His Majesty's consulates free of duty.

Paintings, engravings, photographs and sculpture, whether monumental or otherwise.

Personal effects of inhabitants of these islands dying abroad and not intended for sale.

Regimental plate, furniture, table linen, glass, china, cutlery or band instruments, the joint property of any regimental mess or of the officers of any of His Majesty's forces stationed in these islands.

Specimens of natural history.

Tobacco dust, stems or other tobacco refuse imported solely for use for agricultural or horticultural purposes.

Trees, plants, bulbs and shrubs for planting, except such as are subject to specific duty under this or any other Act.

Uniforms, naval and military, that is to say, the special dress of naval and military officers indicating their rank and profession, and by which they are distinguished from civilians, including the necessary arms, badges, decorations and ornaments proper thereto, and imported by naval and military officers for their own personal use.

Vessels, dredgers, boats, machinery, tools, plant and materials imported into these islands by any contractor or other person for surveying or improving any of the channels or harbours of these islands under any contract or agreement with the government of these islands.

Vessels built out of these islands and subsequently sold in these islands and their appurtenances for the time being forming part of such vessels.

3. (1) The said duties shall be paid by the importer or consignee of the goods to the Receiver General or other proper officer of the Revenue Department at the office of the Public Treasury in these islands to the use of His Majesty, his heirs and successors, for and towards the support of the government of these islands, to be applied to such objects as have been or shall be authorized by the legislature of these islands.

(2) In every case in which a specific duty is imposed according to a specific quantity the same shall be deemed to apply in the same proportion to any greater or less quantity.

(3) On every cask or other package landed in these islands containing alcohol, arrack, brandy, cordials, gin, peppermint water, rum, shrub or whisky in bulk to the extent of not less than ten gallons, there shall be levied and paid by the importer or consignee into the Public Treasury, in addition to any duty payable on the contents thereof, a landing tax of three pence, which shall not be subject to refund as import duty.

4. Where the import duty payable at one time by one importer or consignee on any goods imported by one ship or payable by any person on any goods taken out of any bonding warehouse at one time, shall be paid in coin to the amount of five pounds or upwards, one-fifth at least of such duties shall be payable in lawful gold coin; pro-

vided that such gold payments shall not be required except on amounts of five pounds or multiples thereof.

5. This Act shall continue in force until and throughout the last day of December, one thousand nine hundred and seven.

FIJI.

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL 'THE CUSTOMS DUTIES ORDINANCE, 1898,' AND TO MAKE OTHER PROVISIONS IN LIEU THEREOF.

(No. VIII., assented to 7th June, 1907.)

Be it enacted by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as 'The Customs Duties Ordinance 1907.'

2. On and after the commencement of this Ordinance the Customs Duties contained in the Schedule hereto shall be collected and paid in lieu of the Customs Duties heretofore payable.

3. Where any article subject to specific duty is imported in any bag, box, tin, jar, bottle or any other package intended for retail sale and marked or labelled or commonly sold as containing a specific quantity of such article, such article shall be deemed as against the importer to contain such specific quantity.

4. It shall be lawful for the Governor with the consent of the Legislative Council to direct a refund of any duties that may have been paid in respect of any materials that may have been used in the building, construction, maintenance or repair of any church or chapel or any bridge which is open to the use of the public.

5. 'The Customs Duties Ordinance 1898' and 'The Oil Fuel Ordinance 1900' are hereby repealed.

Passed in Council this seventh day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seven.

THE SCHEDULE.

Tariff of Customs Dues.

	£	s.	d.
Aerated and mineral waters.per dozen quarts	0	1	6
Aerated and mineral waters.per dozen pints and smaller quantities	0	0	9
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, hop, ginger, or other beers. .per dozen quarts	0	2	0
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, hop, ginger or other beers. .per dozen pints	0	1	0
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, hop, ginger or other beers.			
per dozen half-pints or less	0	0	6
Ale, beer, porter, cider, perry, hop, ginger or other beers, in wood or jar.per gallon	0	1	0
Anchors and chains, black or galvanized.per lb.	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
Arrowroot."	0	0	1
Bacon, hams, and cured pork."	0	0	2
Bags and sacks, 3 bushels and over.per dozen	0	0	3
Baking powder.per lb. or pint	0	0	1
Barley.per lb.	0	0	1

	£	s.	d.
Iron, black, in bar, hoop, rod, sheets or plates.	per ton	1	10 0
Iron, pig and scrap.	"	1	0 0
Iron tanks, black.	each	0	5 0
Iron tanks, galvanized.	"	0	10 0
Isinglass.	per lb.	0	0 2
Jams and jellies.	"	0	0 1
Kava.	"	0	0 1
Kerosene, of 100 degrees or over, closed-flash test.	per gallon	0	0 6
Kerosene, under 100 degrees, closed-flash test.	"	0	0 10
Macaroni.	per lb.	0	0 1
Maize.	per bushel	0	0 6
Malt.	"	0	0 6
Matches—			
Wooden, in boxes.	per gross boxes	0	1 0
Wax or other kinds, in boxes containing under 100 matches.	"	0	1 0
For each additional 100 or part thereof.	"	0	1 0
Meat, dried, preserved, salt or chilled.	per lb.	0	0 1
Methylated spirit.	per gallon	0	2 0
Millstones.	per inch diameter	0	0 1
Molasses and treacle.	per cwt.	0	3 0
Mustard.	per lb.	0	0 1
Nails, copper and Muntz's metal.	ad val.	12½	%
Nails, other.	per cwt.	0	3 0
Nuts of all kinds, except cocoanuts.	per lb.	0	0 1
Oakum.	per cwt.	0	4 0
Oars.	per foot	0	0 ½
Oatmeal, including rolled or crushed oats.	per lb.	0	0 1
Oats.	per bushel	0	0 6
Oils, of all kinds, not otherwise enumerated, except for medicinal use, in bulk.	per gallon	0	0 9
Oils, in bottle.	ad val.	12½	%
Oilman's stores, including flavouring and culinary essences, not otherwise specified.	ad val.	12½	%
Opium and tincture of opium.	per lb.	0	16 0
Opium: medical and other preparations containing opium unless dutiable at a higher rate of duty under the head of drugs or spirits.	per lb. of opium contained	0	16 0
Paints, in oil or dry colours.	per cwt.	0	3 0
Paints, mixed, ready for use.	"	0	6 0
Paints, artists'.	ad val.	12½	%
Palings.	per 100	0	2 0
Paper, brown, wrapping, and paper bags.	per cwt.	0	3 0
Peas, split, peasemeal, and dried pea-soup.	per lb.	0	0 1
Peas, dried.	per bushel	0	0 6
Pepper.	per lb. or pint	0	0 2
Posts and rails.	per 100	0	2 0
Potted meats and soups.	ad val.	12½	%
Powder, sporting.	per lb.	0	0 6
Printing materials (type, paper, and ink).	ad val.	12½	%
Putty.	per cwt.	0	3 0
Resin.	"	0	2 0
Rice.	per ton.	2	0 0
Sago.	per lb.	0	0 1
Salt (in bulk).	per cwt.	0	2 0
Salt (in bottles or jars).	ad val.	12½	%

	£	s.	d.
Shingles.....per 1,000	0	2	0
Snuff.....per lb.	0	3	0
Soap, plain, hard or soft (including 'Sunlight' brand).....per lb.	0	0	1
Soap, toilet, fancy, medicated, scented, and soap extracts..... <i>ad val.</i>	12½	%	
Soda, crystals.....per ton	1	0	0
Spices of all kinds, including aniseed, caraway seed, celery seed, cardamom seed, capsicums, cayenne, cassia, cinnamon, cummin seed, coriander, cloves, curry powder, fenugreek, mace, myrabolams, pimento, turmeric, vanilla, and similar articles.....per lb. or pint	0	0	2
Spirits of all kinds imported into the colony, the strength of which can be ascertained by Sikes' hydrometer, and is over proof.....per proof gallon	0	14	0
Spirits of all kinds imported into the colony, the strength of which can be ascertained by Sikes' hydrometer, and is under proof.....per liquid gallon	0	14	0
Spirits, and spirituous compounds, unless otherwise enumerated, and scented waters imported into the colony, the strength of which cannot be ascertained by Sikes' hydrometer.....per liquid gallon	0	14	0
Case spirits—Reputed contents of two, three, four, or more gallons shall be charged:—			

Two gallons and under, as two gallons; over two gallons and not exceeding three gallons, as three gallons; over three gallons and not exceeding four gallons, as four gallons, and so on for any greater quantity contained in any case.

Starch.....per lb.	0	0	2
Steel..... <i>ad val.</i>	12½	%	
Sugar.....per lb.	0	0	½
Tapioca.....“	0	0	1
Tea.....“	0	0	6
Timber, dressed or surfaced, over 2 inches wide.....per 100 feet superficial	0	2	0
Timber, undressed, over 2 inches wide.....“	0	1	6

The duty on timber to be computed on a thickness of 1 inch, and to be in proportion for any greater thickness. Any thickness under 1 inch to be reckoned as 1 inch.

Tobacco, manufactured.....per lb.	0	3	0
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....“	0	1	0
Turpentine.....per gallon	0	1	0
Twine.....per lb.	0	0	2
Varnish, lacquer, Japan, furniture and other polishes.....per gallon	0	2	0
Vaseline or soft paraffin.....per lb.	0	0	2
Vermicelli.....“	0	0	1
Vinegar.....per gallon	0	0	6
Whiting, chalk and lime.....per cwt.	0	1	0

Wines—

Bordeaux (claret), hock, or Australian, in bulk.....per gallon	0	2	0
Bordeaux (claret), hock, or Australian, in bottle, for six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints or twenty-four reputed half-pints or smaller quantities.....	0	2	0
Other kinds, in bulk.....per gallon	0	4	0
Other kinds, for six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints or twenty-four reputed half-pints or smaller quantities.....	0	4	0
Sparkling, for six reputed quarts or twelve reputed pints or twenty-four reputed half-pints or smaller quantities.....	0	6	0
Wire rope.....per ton	3	0	0
On all other articles, unless included in the following list of articles exempt from duty..... <i>ad val.</i>	12½	%	

List of Articles Exempt from Duty.

Agricultural implements and machines and parts thereof, the following: bottoming tools; coffee-pulpers; corn-crackers; corn-hillers; cultivators; digging-forks; earth-scoops; evaporating machines for tea, fruit and like products; fencing augers; fibre cleaning, ginning, spinning, and weaving machines; grain sowers; harrows; hoes; mattocks and picks; ploughs; scarifiers; scythes; shellers; sickles; spades; winnowing machines; handles for above wooden and unfitted.

Animals.

Bags and sacks under three bushels.

Ballast, ships'—stone or sand.

Bêche-de-mer.

Books and periodicals, printed.

Boiler-plates.

Casks and tanks for exporting molasses and spirits.

Coal.

Coats of arms, flags, and other objects sent by their respective governments for official use by consuls.

Cocoanuts.

Cocoanut fibre.

Coin.

Coke.

Copra.

Cotton, raw.

Curiosities, South Sea Island.

Cylinders for importing gas or ammonia.

Earthenware drain-pipes.

Garden seeds.

Government medals and decorations to be worn by persons resident in Fiji.

Guano.

Hides.

Horns.

Iron drums and cylinders for exporting molasses and spirits or for importing sulphuric acid.

Iron and steel rails and fish-plates, and switches, crossings, turn-tables and parts thereof, and bolts and nuts imported with and belonging to the same.

Lead for lining tea-chests.

Lint for surgical purposes.

Living oysters.

Luggage, personal, as may be from time to time permitted by the governor by any regulation made by him and published in the *Gazette*.

Machinery, and component parts thereof; agricultural, electrical, mining, sawing, sugar-making, and sugar-mill fixtures; steam-engines, oil-engines and boilers.

Manures.

Maps, including atlases and plans.

Matting for ships' dunnage.

Mats for sugar.

Microscopes.

Music, printed.

Ores.

Inside and outside packages of wood, tin, glass, paper or other material in which goods are ordinarily and actually contained.

Packages, empty, used and returned.

Paper-making machines.

Pictures and photographs, unframed.

Plants.

- Prizes imported for competition for purposes approved by the Governor.
- Pyrethrum roseum.
- Pug-mills.
- Rifles imported by and for the use of the Fiji Rifle Association.
- Sandalwood.
- School slates, copy-books, drawing-books, and other educational material and apparatus imported with the consent of the Governor for any school or mission.
- Salt for manure.
- Seeds for propagation or cultivation, including maize, beans, rice, or other grain for planting purposes on allowance by the Governor in Council.
- Shell, tortoise and pearl.
- Show-cards, patterns and cut samples, and advertising matter of no commercial value.
- Skins.
- South Sea Island produce not otherwise enumerated.
- Steel and iron punts and lighters, and plates rolled, curved, and shaped for building the same.
- Steel railway-sleepers, and bolts and nuts imported with and belonging to the same.
- Sulphur.
- Timber, cut for cases, not exceeding three feet in length, for exporting fruit.
- Tin, cut for exporting produce.
- Uniforms imported by a public servant for his own use.
- Vaccine lymph and other anti-toxins.
- Vegetables and green fruit not otherwise enumerated.
- Water and wind motors.
- Wire, fencing, barbed and plain, black and galvanized.
- Woolpacks.
- If imported to be used in connection with the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes—machinery, cedar boxes, linings, tapes and labels for such boxes, ribbons and rings for cigars, gold-foil, silver-foil and tin-foil, cigarette papers, cartons, labels, tins and boxes for tobacco and cigarettes and labels for such tins or boxes.
- Articles imported as the property of and for the use of the Pacific Cable Board on allowance by the Governor in Council.

THE SOLOMONS (CUSTOMS) REGULATION, 1907.

(*'Fiji Royal Gazette,' No. 9, of March 1, 1907.*)

IMPORT DUTY ON TOBACCO.

1. On and after the coming into force of this regulation, duty at the rate of one shilling for each pound avoirdupois weight shall be collected and paid on all tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured imported into the Protectorate. Provided that any duty that may have been properly and lawfully collected under the provisions of 'The Solomons (Tobacco) Import Duty Regulation, 1906,' that is to say after the third day of November, one thousand nine hundred and six, shall be deemed to have been collected under this regulation.

NEW ZEALAND.

A complete copy of the new tariff recently introduced in the New Zealand parliament has just been received by the Department of Trade and Commerce. This tariff, though enforced at present, has not passed the New Zealand parliament. Some changes, however, will likely be made.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Resolutions from the Committee of Ways and Means.

Resolved, that all duties of Customs, and all exemptions from such duties, as specified in the schedules to the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888, the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895, the Customs Duties Amendment Act, 1900, and the Preferential and Reciprocal Trade Act, 1903, and also all duties imposed by His Excellency the Governor under section 17 of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888, be repealed, and that there shall be levied, collected, and paid to and for the use of His Majesty on all goods imported into New Zealand after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, or entered for home consumption after that date, the several duties of Customs mentioned in schedules A and B.

Resolved, that the goods mentioned in schedule B shall, except as otherwise provided for in that schedule or in schedule E, be exempt from duties of Customs if imported into New Zealand after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, or if entered for home consumption after that date.

Resolved, that any goods delivered upon a deposit or other security of duty on or before the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, shall be liable to the duties in force at the time of such delivery.

Resolved, that there shall be levied, collected, and paid to the use of His Majesty on all goods specified in schedules C, D and E, and not being the produce or manufacture of some part of the British dominions, if imported into New Zealand after the respective dates hereinafter specified in this resolution, or entered for home consumption after the said dates, in addition to the duties (if any) authorized under schedules A and B, the duties of Customs following, that is to say:—

(1.) On the articles specified in schedule C, if so imported or entered after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, an amount equal to the amount payable on these articles under schedule A.

(2.) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part I., if so imported or entered after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, an amount equal to one-half of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A, except so far as otherwise provided in the said schedule D, Part I.

(3.) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part II., if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, an amount equal to one-half of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A.

(4.) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part III., if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, an amount equal to twenty per centum of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A.

(5.) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part I., if so imported or entered after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, duties of Customs equal to twenty per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments.

(6.) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part II., if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, duties of Customs equal to twenty per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments.

(7.) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part III., if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, duties of Customs equal to ten per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments.

Resolved, that section 9 of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895, be repealed, and that the following provisions be substituted therefor as from the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven:—

(1.) The articles in which spirit is a necessary ingredient, permitted to be manufactured in any warehouse or place of security approved and appointed under section 26 of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882 (hereinafter called manufacturing warehouse), shall be limited to the following articles when made under such conditions, in such quantities, and according to such formulæ as may from time to time be approved by the Minister of Customs, that is to say: Perfumed spirit, spirituous preparations for the toilet, culinary or flavouring essences, and medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wine or wine mixed with food).

(2.) Before delivery from any manufacturing warehouse there shall be paid to and for the use of His Majesty a duty on such articles in accordance with the following scale, that is to say:—

On perfumed spirit.	20s. the liquid gallon.
On toilet preparations which are subject to 16s. the liquid gallon on importation	12s. “
On toilet preparations which are subject to 25 per cent duty on importation.	6s. “
On culinary and flavouring essences.	12s. “
On medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing more than 50 per cent of proof spirit.	9d. per pound.
Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less.	Free.

(3.) The Minister of Customs may prohibit the manufacture of any article included under the foregoing headings, if in his judgment such manufacture is detrimental to the revenue derived from the duty on spirits.

Resolved, That all orders and decisions of the Minister of Customs issued under the authority of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895, and published in the *Gazette*, classifying articles as ‘Minor articles, required in the making-up of apparel, boots, shoes, hats, caps, saddlery, umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades,’ or as ‘Articles and materials which are suited only for, and are to be used solely in, the fabrication of goods within the colony,’ shall remain in full force and virtue (except where otherwise provided in these resolutions or in the schedules thereto) until cancelled or modified by a subsequent order or decision of the Minister of Customs.

Resolved, That in the case of tea grown in any part of the British dominions and imported into New Zealand after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, or entered for home consumption after that day, the same duties shall be payable as if the words ‘five pounds’ were substituted for the words ‘one pound’ in section 9 of the Preferential and Reciprocal Trade Act, 1903, and that the said section be amended accordingly.

Resolved, That these resolutions shall not extend to any of the islands situated within the boundaries set forth in the schedule to the Cook and other Islands Government Act, 1901, and that, until otherwise determined by any Act to be passed or by

other lawful authority, the duties and exemptions now in force in those islands shall continue to be paid and allowed.

Resolved, That nothing in these resolutions shall be so construed or shall so operate as to conflict with the schedule of Customs duties and exemptions contained in the order in council made by the Governor on the seventh day of January, nineteen hundred and seven, for the purpose of carrying into effect a certain treaty therein referred to, and made between the government of New Zealand and the government of certain colonies in South Africa.

NOTE.—In these resolutions and schedules, if not inconsistent with the context, the expression 'the tariff' means and includes schedules A, B, C, D and E.

The headings of the respective classes in schedules A and B are used solely for convenience of classification, and shall not in any way affect the articles specified therein, or be construed to indicate the material of which any such article is made.

The word 'iron' includes steel, or steel and iron combined.

Neither steam-engines, nor parts of steam-engines, nor boilers (land or marine), nor fuel-economizers, steam-superheaters, or mechanical stokers are included in the expression 'machines' or 'machinery' as used in the tariff.

SCHEDULE A.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
CLASS I.—FOODS AND ARTICLES FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.	£	s.	d.
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Bacon and hams.....	0	0	2
Biscuits, ships', plain and unsweetened; also dog biscuits.....	0	3	0
Biscuits, other kinds.....	0	0	2
Candied peel and drained peel.....	0	0	3
Confectionery, including medicated lozenges, medicated confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice not otherwise enumerated, sugared or crystallized fruits, and chocolate confectionery—			
(1) In plain bottles.....	0	0	3
(2) In fancy packages.....	0	0	3
(3) In small packages for retail sale containing not more than 3 lb. net weight of confectionery.....	0	0	3
Confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice, sugared or crystallized fruits, and chocolate confectionery, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	0	3
Fish, dried, pickled or salted, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	10	0
Fish, potted and preserved.....	0	0	2
(NOTE.—The term 'fish' is used in the Tariff in its widest sense, and includes shell-fish, crustaceans and other foods obtained from the fisheries.)			
Fruits, dried—viz., currants and raisins.....	0	0	1
Fruits, dried—viz., figs, dates and prunes.....	0	0	2
Fruits, dried, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	0	2
Fruits, fresh—viz., apples, pears, plums, cherries, peaches, nectarines, medlars, apricots, quinces, tomatoes and grapes.....	0	0	1
(No duty exceeding 1d. the lb. to be levied on apples and pears on and from the 14th July to and including 31st December.)			
Fruits, fresh—viz., currants, raspberries, gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and lemons.....	0	0	0½
Fruit-pulp, partially preserved fruit, fruit preserved by sulphurous acid unsweetened and not otherwise enumerated.....	0	0	1½
Glucose and caramel.....	0	0	1
Honey.....	0	0	2
Jams, jellies, marmalade and preserves.....	0	0	2
Jellies, concentrated.....	0	0	4
Maizena and cornflour.....	0	0	0½
Mustard.....	0	0	2
Nuts—namely, walnuts, shelled or unshelled.....	0	0	2
Pearl barley.....	0	1	0
Peas, split.....	0	2	0
Pickles.....	0	3	0
Sauces, catsup and chutney.....	0	4	0
Soy, in vessels of 10 gallons capacity or under.....	0	4	0
Spices, ground, not otherwise enumerated, including pepper, pimento and olive-stones, ground.....	0	0	2
Spices, unground, including chillies, pepper and pimento, unground....	0	0	2
Sugar.....	0	0	0½
Treacle and molasses.....	0	0	0½
Vinegar, not exceeding 6·5 per cent of acidity calculated as acetic acid..	0	0	6

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
CLASS I.—FOODS AND ARTICLES FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION—Continued.			
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Capers, carraway-seeds, caviare, cayenne pepper, curry powder and paste, fish paste, olives.....	20	0	0
Cocoa-nut butter, cocoa or cocoa butter, nut butter and other refined vegetable butters or fats.....	20	0	0
Lard and refined animal fats, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Meats, potted or preserved.....	20	0	0
Provisions, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Vegetables, fresh, dried or preserved.....	20	0	0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Fruits, preserved in juice or syrup.....	25	0	0
(Fruits, preserved in juice or syrup, fortified with alcohol to any extent exceeding 33 per cent of proof spirit, shall be charged 16s. per proof gallon on such juice or syrup, in addition to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> on the total value of the goods.)			
Milk or cream, preserved, evaporated or dried.....	25	0	0
CLASS II.—TOBACCO.			
Subject to fixed rates—			
Cigarettes, not exceeding in weight 2½ lb. per 1,000.....	0	17	6
Cigarettes, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	7	0
Cigars, including the weight of every band, wrapper or attachment, to any cigar.....	0	7	0
Snuff.....	0	7	0
Tobacco, including the weight of every label, tag or other attachment..	0	3	6
Tobacco, unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in New Zealand in any licensed tobacco manufactory, for manufacturing purposes only, into tobacco, cigars, cigarettes or snuff.....	0	2	0
CLASS III.—ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND MATERIAL FOR MAKING THE SAME.			
Subject to fixed rates—			
Ale, beer of all sorts, porter, cider and perry, when containing more than 2 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity..	0	2	0
Cordials, bitters and liqueurs, when exceeding the strength of 33 per cent of proof spirit, but not exceeding the strength of proof.....	0	16	0
Cordials, bitters and liqueurs, when exceeding the strength of proof....	0	16	0
Hops.....	0	0	6
Malt, whole or ground, also maize, flaked.....	0	2	0
Rice malt.....	0	0	1
Solid wort.....	0	0	6
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, the strength of which can be ascertained by Sykes' hydrometer or other instrument.....	0	16	0
(No allowance beyond 16½ under proof shall be made for spirits or spirituous mixtures of a less strength than 16½ under proof.)			
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, sweetened, not otherwise enumerated, when not exceeding the strength of proof.....	0	16	0
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, sweetened, not otherwise enumerated, when exceeding the strength of proof.....	0	16	0
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, in bottles or jars in cases, shall be charged as follows, viz.:—Two gallons and under as two gallons, over two gallons and not exceeding three as three gallons, over three gallons and not exceeding four as four gallons, and so on for any greater quantity contained in any case.			
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, containing more than 33 per cent of proof spirit, in combination with other ingredients, and although thereby coming under any other designation excepting medicinal preparations otherwise enumerated.....	0	16	0
Wine.—The term 'wine' as applied to the Tariff includes medicated wine or wine mixed with food; also such spirituous beverages and fluid foods containing less than 33 per cent of proof spirit, as may be so decided by the Minister.			
Wine, Australian, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity.....	0	5	0
Wine, other than sparkling, and Australian, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon or for six reputed quart bottles or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity..	0	6	0
Wine, sparkling, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity.....	0	9	0
Wine of any kind containing more than 40 per cent of proof spirit.....	0	16	0

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
CLASS IV.—NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND MATERIALS FOR MAKING SAME.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Chicory.....	0	0	3 The lb.
Cocoa and chocolate, including cocoa beans roasted and crushed; also cocoa or chocolate mixed with milk or any other food substance whatsoever.....	0	0	3 "
Coffee, roasted.....	0	0	3 "
Tea not otherwise provided for.....	0	0	2 "
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Aerated and mineral waters, effervescing beverages and beverages not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0 Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
Coffee, essence of, and essence of coffee with milk or any other food substance.....	20	0	0 "
Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, unsweetened, in containers of less than ten gallons capacity.....	20	0	0 "
Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, sweetened; syrups, raspberry vinegar, sweetened.....	20	0	0 "
CLASS V.—DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Acid, acetic, containing not more than 30 per cent of acidity.....	0	0	1½ The lb.
Acid, acetic, containing more than 30 per cent of acidity, for every 10 per cent of acidity or fraction thereof.....	0	0	0½ "
Acid, tartaric.....	0	0	1 The lb., up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.
Cream of tartar.....	0	0	1 The lb., up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.
Essences, flavouring, containing more than 33 per cent of proof spirit....	0	16	0 The liquid gallon.
Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food), containing more than 50 per cent of proof spirit.....	0	1	0 The lb.
Opium.....	2	0	0 "
Saccharin not otherwise enumerated, including substances of a like nature or use.....	0	1	6 The ounce.
Soda, bicarbonate.....	0	1	0 The cwt., up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.
Soda crystals.....	0	2	0 The cwt.
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Baking powder, yeast preparations and other ferments, also yeast foods.	20	0	0 Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
Chemicals and chemical preparations, not otherwise enumerated, including photographic chemicals not otherwise enumerated, also anti-incrustation, boiler and other compounds.....	20	0	0 "
Dextrine and dextrine pastes or solutions.....	20	0	0 "
Essences, flavouring, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0 "
Eucalyptus oil, in bulk or bottle.....	20	0	0 "
Glycerine, refined.....	20	0	0 "
Medicinal preparations, drugs and druggists' sundries and apothecaries' wares, not otherwise enumerated, also aerated water makers', and cordial manufacturers', and brewers' drugs, chemicals and other sundries, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0 "
Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less.....	20	0	0 "
Saccharin, in the form of tablets, pilules, granules or cachets, each containing not more than ½ grain of saccharin in combination with at least 10 per cent of alkali.....	20	0	0 "
Surgeons', physicians', dentists' and opticians' instruments and appliances, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0 "
CLASS VI.—CLOTHING AND TEXTILE GOODS.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Cotton, raw.....	0	1	0 The lb.
Goods subject to 10 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Cotton piece goods, to include turkey twills, dress prints (hard-spun and plain-woven), where the invoice value does not exceed 4d. per yard, and cotton piece goods not otherwise enumerated.....	10	0	0 Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> , up to and including 31st day of October, 1907.
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> , except as specified—			
All articles not otherwise enumerated, made of textile, felt or other piece goods, or of any combination of the same, wholly or partly, made up or manufactured.....	20	0	0 Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
CLASS VI.—CLOTHING AND TEXTILE GOODS—Concluded.	£	s.	d.
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> , except as specified—Concluded.			
Cotton piece goods, viz., tapestry, cretonnes, chintz art crept and serges, velveteens, velvets and plushes all kinds damasks, moquette, sateens, linenettes, crepons, crimps, zephyrs, gingham, turkey twills, prints, printed cottons, piques, vestings, quiltings and marcellas, muslins of all kinds, nets, window-nets, holland, curtains and blinds, diapers, ticks, including coloured Belgian, towellings.....	20	0	0
Drapery, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Flags.....	20	0	0
Forfar, dowlas and flax sheeting, in the piece, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Haberdashery, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Lace and laces, all kinds.....	25	0	0
Linen and unions of cotton and linen, in the piece, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Ribbons and crape, all kinds.....	25	0	0
Rugs, woollen, cotton, opossum or other.....	20	0	0
Silks, satins, velvets, plushes, not otherwise enumerated, composed of silk mixed with any other material, in the piece.....	25	0	0
Textile piece goods, not otherwise enumerated, including imitation silks, composed of any material or substance whatsoever.....	20	0	0
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades.....	20	0	0
Yarns, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Apparel and ready-made clothing, not otherwise enumerated.....	25	0	0
Feathers, ornamental (including ostrich), artificial flowers, leaves and sprays.....	25	0	0
Furs and fur trimmings.....	25	0	0
Hats of all kinds (including straw hats), also caps.....	25	0	0
Hosiery, not otherwise enumerated.....	25	0	0
Millinery of all kinds, including trimmed hats, caps and bonnets.....	25	0	0
Goods subject to 40 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Apparel made to the order or measurement of residents in the colony and intended for the individual use of such residents, whether imported by the residents themselves or through an importing firm.....	40	0	0
Apparel, viz., volunteer clothing made to measurements sent from New Zealand.....	40	0	0
CLASS VII.—LEATHER AND MANUFACTURES OF LEATHER.			
Goods subject to mixed rates—			
Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated, viz.:—			
Men's, above size No. 5.....	0	1	6
Youths', above size No. 1.....	0	1	0
Boys', No. 7 to 1, both inclusive.....	0	0	6
Women's, above size No. 1.....	0	1	0
Girls', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive.....	0	0	6
Boots, shoes, shoettes and sandals, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	1	0
Slippers and goloshes (not including evening and court shoes, lawn tennis and gymnasium shoes, strapped shoes, shoes goloshed or bottomed, in India-rubber, leather or other material).....	0	0	6

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.			
	£	s.	d.	
CLASS VII.—LEATHER AND MANUFACTURE OF LEATHER—Concluded.				
Goods subject to fixed rates—				
Leather—				
Leather belting, belt leather, harness, welting, bridle, strap, legging, bag and kip, other than East India.	0	0	4	The lb.
All hide leathers dressed, not otherwise enumerated.	0	0	3	"
(Note.—Any leathers not otherwise enumerated (1) either dressed in sides, or pieces of whatever size, or (2) if in whole skins over 16 ft., are to be classed as hide leather.)				
Calf skins, being whole skins, however dressed, and 16 ft. spread and under.	0	0	1	"
Sheepskins and lambskins, however dressed, not otherwise enumerated.	0	0	3	"
East India kip, dressed.	0	0	1	"
Sole, pump and skirt leather.	0	0	2	"
Leather, dressed, not otherwise enumerated, including kangaroo and wallabi.	0	0	1	"
Leather board or compo.	0	0	4	"
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Leather bags and leather cloth bags, not otherwise enumerated.	20	0	0	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
Leather, chamois.	20	0	0	"
Leather manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.	20	0	0	"
Saddlery and harness, whips and whip thongs.	20	0	0	"
Goods subject to 22½ per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Heel plates, and toe stiffeners and toe plates.	22	10	0	"
Laces, vamps and uppers.	22	10	0	"
Leather, cut into shapes.	22	10	0	"
Leather leggings.	22	10	0	"
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Portmanteau, trunks, travelling bags and brief bags of leather or leather cloth, 10 in. in length and upwards, and carpet bags.	25	0	0	"
CLASS VIII.—FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING.				
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Basketware and wickerware, not otherwise enumerated, not being furniture	20	0	0	"
Carpets, druggets, floor cloth, mats, matting, plain and fancy stair oil baize, wood and fancy oil baize, and oil and other dado cloths.	20	0	0	"
Furniture, knife and plate powder and polish.	20	0	0	"
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Furniture and cabinetwork, not otherwise enumerated, and other than iron or other metal.	25	0	0	"
Mantle pieces, other than stone.	25	0	0	"
Upholstery, not otherwise enumerated.	25	0	0	"
CLASS IX.—CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHEN GOODS.				
Goods subject to fixed rates—				
Glass, crown, sheet and common window.	0	2	0	The 100 superficial feet up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Bricks, known as firebricks.	20	0	0	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
China, porcelain and parian ware.	20	0	0	"
Drainage pipes and drain agutiles.	20	0	0	"
Earthen flooring and garden tiles.	20	0	0	"
Earthenware, stoneware and brownware.	20	0	0	"
Filters.	20	0	0	"
Fire clay, ground, and fire clay goods.	20	0	0	"
Glass, plate, polished, coloured and other kinds, not otherwise enumerated	20	0	0	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> , up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.
Glassware, globes and chimneys, for lamps.	20	0	0	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
Lamps, lanterns and lampwick, not otherwise enumerated.	20	0	0	"
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —				
Plate glass, bevelled or silvered, mirrors and looking glasses, framed or unframed.	25	0	0	"
CLASS X.—FANCY GOODS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.				
Goods subject to fixed rates—				
Cards, playing.	0	0	6	The pack.
Perfumed spirits and Cologne water.	1	10	0	The liquid gallon.

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.
£ s. d.	
CLASS X.—FANCY GOODS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.—Concluded.	
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —	
Clocks, time registers and time detectors.....	20 0 0
Fancy goods and toys, also sporting, gaming and athletic requisites, not otherwise enumerated, including billiard tables and billiard requisites, hair and toilet combs.....	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
Fishing tackle, including artificially baited hooks, other than flies.....	20 0 0
Jewellery, plate, gold or silver, plated ware, greenstone, cut or polished.	20 0 0
Lay figures, busts and dress stands.....	20 0 0
Magic lanterns, bioscopes, cinematographs, kinetoscopes, phonographs, gramophones, graphophones and the like instruments, including accessories peculiar thereto, also limelight and the like apparatus, including accessories peculiar thereto.....	"
Mouldings and panels, in the piece, of either wood, plaster pulp, metal or other material for picture frames, cornices, walls or ceilings.....	20 0 0
Musical instruments.....	20 0 0
Photographic goods, not otherwise enumerated.....	20 0 0
Pictures, paintings, drawings, engravings and photographs, framed or unframed, picture or photograph frames or mounts.....	20 0 0
(Note.—Any painting, drawing or photograph in any medium, having a value for duty exceeding £5, shall be assessed for duty at £5, plus the value of the frame and mounting, if any, and plus the value of the canvas or other material upon which such painting, drawing or photograph is made.)	"
Statues, statuettes, casts and bronzes.....	20 0 0
Tobacco pipes and cases, cigar and cigarette holders and cases, cigarette papers and cases.....	20 0 0
Watches.....	20 0 0
Walking sticks.....	20 0 0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —	
Artificial flies.....	25 0 0
Oil, perfumed, also toilet preparations and perfumery, not otherwise enumerated.....	25 0 0
CLASS XI.—PAPER MANUFACTURES AND STATIONERY.	
Goods subject to fixed rates—	
Handbills, circulars, programmes, playbills, printed posters, trade catalogues, price lists and fashion plates, printed advertising matter not otherwise enumerated.....	0 0 3
Paper bags coarse (including sugar bags).....	The lb.
Paper wrapping, all kinds, not printed, including blue candle, glazed cap, glazed casings, small hand, lumber hand tissue brown, cartridge and sugar papers.....	0 7 6
(Note.—Paper wrapping, all kinds, if printed, shall be charged either as paper wrapping, all kinds, or as manufactured stationery, whichever classification yields the greater duty.)	The cwt.
Goods subject to 15 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —	
Paper hangings.....	0 5 0
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —	
Cardboard, pasteboard, strawboard, woodpulp board, corrugated board, and cloth-lined board, not otherwise enumerated.....	15 0 0
Cloth-lined, enamelled, gelatine and metallic papers, not otherwise enumerated, also 'ivorite' not otherwise enumerated.....	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i>
Inks, not otherwise enumerated.....	20 0 0
Stationery and writing paper, not otherwise enumerated, also printers' menu, wedding, programme and mourning cards of cardboard, celluloid or other material, edged or embossed, but otherwise unprinted.	20 0 0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —	
Calendars and showcards, all kinds.....	20 0 0
Cardboard or paper boxes, complete, or cardboard or paper, cut or shaped for boxes, wrappers or other receptacles (including match boxes).....	25 0 0
Directories of New Zealand or of any part thereof, also covers for directories.....	25 0 0
Paper bags, not otherwise enumerated.....	25 0 0
Stationery, manufactured, viz.—	
Account books, manuscript books, scribbling and letter blocks, and books, plain or ruled; bill head, invoice and statement forms; printed or ruled paper, counter books, cheque and draft forms; tags, labels, blotting pads, sketch books, book covers, copying letter books, manifold writers, albums (other than for photographs), diaries, birthday books, plain or faint lined ruled books, printed window tickets, printed, lithographed or embossed stationery, and Christmas, New Year birthday, Easter and other cards and booklets.....	25 0 0
Stereotypes, matrices, half-tone and line blocks.....	25 0 0

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
CLASS XII.—MANUFACTURES OF METAL.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Cartridges (shot) 10 to 24 bore.....	0	2	6
Cartridge cases.....	0	1	6
Composition piping.....	0	3	6
Iron galvanized corrugated sheets.....	0	2	0
Iron and other nails, not otherwise enumerated, including dog spikes....	0	2	0
Iron, plain galvanized sheet or hoop.....	0	1	6
Iron tanks, for every 100 gallons or fraction of 100 gallons, in holding capacity.....	0	2	6
Lead, in sheets.....	0	1	6
Lead piping.....	0	3	6
Shot.....	0	10	0
Goods subject to 5 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Machinery, viz.:—Flour milling, refrigerating dredging, woollen mill, paper mill, rope and twine making, oil refining, oil boring, meat preserving, leather splitting.....	5	0	0
Printing machines or presses; embossing, bronzing, type casting and typesetting machines; cardboard box making machines and tools for same.....	5	0	0
Soda water machines, also machines for aerating liquids.....	5	0	0
Steam engines and parts thereof, for mining (including gold dredging), or gold saving purposes and processes, or for dairying purposes.....	5	0	
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Bicycles, tricycles and the like vehicles, also finished or partly finished or machined parts of the same, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Bill hooks, bush hooks, slashers and hedge knives.....	20	0	0
Boilers, land and marine, including feed water heaters, fuel economizers steam superheaters and mechanical stokers.....	20	0	0
Cartridges, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Crab winches, cranes, capstans and windlasses.....	20	0	0
Electric batteries and cells; furniture, fittings, instruments and appliances not otherwise enumerated, for the generation, transmission, application or utilization of electricity, or of electric power of any description whatsoever.....	20	0	0
Firearms, all kinds.....	20	0	0
Hardware ironmongery and hollowware.....	20	0	0
Iron pipes and fibre pipes, exceeding 5 inches in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows and other fittings for the same.....	20	0	0
Lawn mowers.....	20	0	0
Machinery, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal, or manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal in combination with any other material whatsoever, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Steam engines and parts of steam engines, not otherwise enumerated....	20	0	0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Galvanized iron manufactures, not otherwise enumerated, made up from galvanized iron or from plain sheet iron, and then galvanized.....	25	0	0
Japanned and lacquered metalware.....	25	0	0
Tinware and tin manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.....	25	0	0
CLASS XIII.—TIMBER, AND ARTICLES MADE FROM TIMBER.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Timber, palings, split.....	0	2	0
Timber, posts, split.....	0	8	0
Timber, rails, split.....	0	4	0
Timber, sawn, dressed.....	0	4	0
Timber, sawn, rough.....	0	2	0
Timber, shingles and laths.....	0	2	0
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Bellows, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Blocks, wooden tackle.....	20	0	0
Carriages, carts, drays, wagons, perambulators and the like vehicles, and wheels for the same.....	20	0	0
Carriage shafts, spokes and felloes, dressed; bent carriage timber, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Cars, wagons and trucks railway and tramway, and wheels for the same; motor vehicles, not otherwise enumerated, and wheels for same.....	20	0	0
Doors and sashes either plain or glazed with ornamental glass.....	20	0	0
Woodenware and turnery, not otherwise enumerated, and veneers.....	20	0	0

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
CLASS XIV.—OILS, PAINTS, &c.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Oils in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more—namely vegetable oils.....	0	0	6
	The gallon, up to and including 31st day of October, 1907 thereafter free.		
Oil—namely, crude petroleum, crude residual oil, once-run shale oil, once-run petroleum oil.....	0	0	0½
	The gallon.		
Oil, not otherwise enumerated, including mineral lubricating oil, in vessels capable of containing one gallon or more.....	0	0	6
	“		
Paints and colours, ground in oil or turpentine also putty, and driers, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	2	6
	The cwt.		
Paints and colours, mixed ready for use, also enamel paints, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	5	0
	“		
Stearine.....	0	0	0½
	The lb.		
Varnish, including lithographic varnish, gold-size, liquid gold and other metallic paints; also liquid medium for mixing with metallic paints..	0	2	0
	The gallon.		
Whiting and chalk.....	0	1	0
	The cwt.		
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Axle grease and other solid lubricants.....	20	0	0
	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .		
Harness oil and composition, leather dressing and belt dressing.....	20	0	0
	“		
Oils in vessels having a lesser capacity than one gallon.....	20	0	0
	“		
CLASS XV.—AGRICULTURAL AND FARM PRODUCTS, &c.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Cattle (horned).....	0	10	0
	Each.		
Chaff.....	1	0	0
	The ton.		
Grain—namely, barley.....	0	2	0
	The 100 lb.		
Grain and pulse, of every kind, not otherwise enumerated.....	0	0	9
	“		
Grain and pulse, of every kind, when ground or in any way manufactured, not otherwise enumerated, including wheat flour.....	0	1	0
	“		
Horses.....	1	0	0
	Each.		
Onions.....	1	0	0
	The ton.		
Potatoes.....	1	0	0
	“		
Prepared calf meal.....	1	5	0
	“		
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Animals, food for, of all kinds, not otherwise enumerated, including horse and cattle spics, and condiments, proprietary or otherwise; also hempseed, mawseed, millet seed, canary seed and mixed bird seed..	20	0	0
	Per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .		
CLASS XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—			
Blue.....	0	0	1
	The lb.		
Candles.....	0	0	1½
	“		
Cement, Portland, and other structural, and building cement.....	0	2	0
	The barrel.		
Gelatine, isinglass, glue and size.....	0	0	1½
	The lb.		
Matches—			
Wooden, in boxes containing not more than 60 matches.....	0	1	0
	The gross of boxes.		
“ In boxes containing over 60 and not more than 100 matches.....	0	2	0
	“		
“ In boxes containing more than 100 matches, for every 100 matches or fraction thereof, contained in one box.....	0	2	0
	“		
Wax ‘plaid vestas’ in cardboard boxes containing under 100 matches.....	0	1	0
	“		
‘Pocket vestas,’ in tin or other boxes, containing under 100 matches	0	1	4
	“		
‘Sportsman’s,’ ‘Ovals,’ and ‘No. 4 tin vestas,’ in boxes containing not more than 200 matches.....	0	4	6
	“		
Wax, other kinds, for every 100 matches or fraction thereof contained in one box.....	0	2	3
	“		
Matches of any material other than wood or wax, a duty corresponding to the duty payable on wooden matches.			
(NOTE.—Boxes made of gold, silver, metal, wood or composition, of permanent value when empty, shall, in addition to the duty payable on any matches contained therein, be charged as jewellery or fancy goods.)			
Paraffin wax.....	0	0	1
	The lb.		
Powder, sporting.....	0	0	6
	The lb., up to and including 31st day of October, 1907, thereafter free.		
Sausage skins and casings (including brine or salt).....	0	0	3
	The lb.		
Soap, common yellow and blue mottled.....	0	5	0
	The cwt.		
Spirits, methylated to the satisfaction of the Minister.....	0	1	0
	The liquid gallon.		
Spirits, cleared from warehouse, methylated, under prescribed conditions	0	0	6
	The liquid gallon not including the added naphtha or other methylating material.		

SCHEDULE A—Concluded.

Names of Articles.	Rates of Duty.		
	£	s.	d.
CLASS XVI.—MISCELLANEGUS—Concluded.			
Goods subject to fixed rates—Concluded.			
Starch.....	0	0	2
Wax, mineral, vegetable, Japanese and beeswax.....	0	0	1
Goods subject to 10 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Flock.....	10	0	0
Goods subject to 20 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Bags, calico, forfar, linen, flour; bagging, bags and sacks, not otherwise			
enumerated, including filter bags and sheaths.....	20	0	0
Blackening and boot gloss, and polish.....	20	0	0
Blacklead.....	20	0	0
Boats, launches, yachts, also all vessels propelled by means other than			
oars (when imported in any vessel), including all fittings therefor,			
not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Cordage, rope and twine, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Fireworks, not otherwise enumerated.....	20	0	0
Nets and netting.....	20	0	0
Soap powder, extract of soap, dry soap, soft soap, liquid soap, soap solu-			
tions and washing or cleansing powders, crystals, pastes and liquids.....	20	0	0
Tarpaulins, tents, sails, rick, and wagon covers.....	20	0	0
Goods subject to 25 per cent <i>ad valorem</i> —			
Brooms, brushes and brushware.....	25	0	0
Marble, granite and other stone, dressed or polished, and articles made			
therefrom; also imitation stone, dressed or polished, and articles			
made therefrom or from cement.....	25	0	0
Soap, not otherwise enumerated.....	25	0	0

In addition to any duty chargeable by law on any goods imported into the colony a further duty of per 20 cent *ad valorem* shall be charged when the goods are prison made.

SCHEDULE B.

Class I.—Foods, &c.

Almonds and nuts, except walnuts.

Anchovies, salted, in casks, or other containers, capable of holding 28 pounds net or over.

Arrowroot, sago, tapioca, macaroni, vermicelli, rice-flour, prepared barley-flour, potato-flour.

Salt.

Rice, dressed or undressed.

Soy, in vessels exceeding 10 gallons capacity.

Class IV.—Non-alcoholic Beverages, &c.

Cocoa-beans, uncrushed.

Coffee, raw.

Fruit-juices, or imitation fruit-juices, unsweetened, in containers of 10 gallons capacity or over.

Class V.—Drugs, &c.

Acids, viz.: Boracic, carbolic, chromic, citric, fluoric, formic, lactic, muriatic, nitric, oleic, oxalic, picric, pyrogallie, salicylic, sulphuric.

Concentrated extracts, or essences, in liquid form, or preserved in fat, for the purpose of manufacturing perfumery, when entered to be warehoused in a manufacturing warehouse for the purpose of making perfumery or other articles therein.

Disinfectants.

Drugs and chemicals, viz.:— ,

Carnauba wax.

Catechu.

Cochineal.

Creosote, crude or commercial.

Crude distillates of coal-tar or wood, in vessels containing 10 gallons or over, for the manufacture of disinfectants in New Zealand.

Formic aldehyde, and solution thereof.

Fusel-oil.

Gall nuts.

Glycerine, crude.

Gums—viz., arabic, benzoin, damar, tragacanth, artificial gum-arabic.

Liquefied gases, and compressed gases.

Liquorice in blocks of 7 lb. net and over, or soft liquorice-extract in bulk, in tins or other vessels capable of holding 7 lb. net or over.

Naphthalene, crude or refined.

Saffron.

Strychnine, and salts of strychnine.

Sugar of milk.

Sulphur.

Turmeric.

Alum, alum sulphate.

Ammonium chloride, or sal ammoniac, ammonium sulphate.

Arsenic.

Borax.

Calcium carbide, chloride, sulphate, sulphite, and disulphite; chlorinated lime.

*Class V—Continued.*Drugs and Chemicals, viz.—*Con.*

Carbon bisulphide.

Copper sulphate, or bluestone, oxide of copper.

Iron sulphates.

Magnesium sulphite, and bisulphite.

Manganese oxides.

Phosphorus.

Potash; pearlash; potash, caustic, chlorate, cyanide, nitrate (or saltpetre), permanganate, prussiates, sulphite, and bisulphite; metallic potassium.

Silver nitrate in crystals.

Soda acetate, crude; soda ash; soda, arseniate, anhydrous carbonate, caustic, cyanide, bisulphite, hyposulphite, silicate, sulphate, sulphide, sulphite, nitrate, permanganate.

Metallic sodium.

Zinc chloride.

(NOTE.—Mixtures of any of the articles enumerated under this schedule as drugs and chemicals, with each other, or with chemicals, or substances not enumerated, shall, if not provided for elsewhere in the tariff, be charged as medicinal preparations not otherwise enumerated, or chemicals not otherwise enumerated 20 per cent *ad valorem*).

Drugs crude, not powdered, and unsuited for use as foods, or in the manufacture thereof, viz.: Barks, woods, twigs, leaves, herbs, flowers (except hops), roots, corms, gums, balsams, inspissated juices (except opium), seeds, fruits, fruit rinds, pitch, cantharides, ergot.

Essential oils, except eucalyptus; cod liver oil; oil of rhodium.

Horse, and cattle drenches.

Opium when entered to be warehoused in a manufacturing warehouse, for the purpose of making therein approved medicinal preparations.

Scrub exterminators.

Sheep dip; sheep drenches; sheep licks.

Surgeons', physicians', dentists', and opticians' instruments, also such appliances peculiar to medical, or surgical use, as may from time to time be approved by the minister, imported solely for the use of a public hospital, on a declaration by the chairman of the district board of such hospital that the goods are solely for the use of the said institution, and will not be sold, or disposed of, without payment of the duty.

Surgeons', physicians', dentists', and opticians' materials, viz.: Antiseptic dressings, gauzes, lint, tow, cotton wool, poroplastic felt, adhesive plaster, oiled silk or other fabric, spongio piline, bandages, catgut, and sterilized, and other sewings, thermometers; also appliances including splints for wear, peculiarly adapted to correct a deformity of the human body, to afford support to an abnormal condition of the human body, or to reduce or alleviate such condition, or to substitute any part of such body.

Crutches; ear trumpets, ear tubes, and audiphones, for the partially deaf. Opticians' trial cases, lenses, and frames, spectacles, and magnifying glasses, ophthalmoscopes, optometers and other measuring instruments, test cards, and diagrams, artificial eyes (demonstration and other).

Dentists' materials, viz.: Artificial teeth, tooth crowns, celluloid blanks, base plates, denture strengtheners, gutta percha stick, points, pellets, and sheets, rubber dam, amadou absorbent, absorbent paper, rubber in sheets, metal-plate, wire, foil, sticks, solder; fusible metal, porcelain powder, and enamel, inlays, modelling composition, and wax, investment compound, amalgam, and cement. Tools for lathes.

Scientific and philosophical instruments and apparatus, namely: Assay-balances; laboratory retorts, and laboratory flasks, and other instruments, and apparatus, for chemical analysis, and assay work; assay furnaces, including dentists', and jewellers' furnaces; also such instruments and apparatus, suited strictly for scientific and philosophical purposes, as may from time to time be approved by the minister.

Class VI.—Clothing and Textiles.

Brace-elastic and brace-mountings.

Brattice cloth made of jute or hessian.

Bunting, in the piece.

Butter, and cheese, cloth.

Buttons, tapes, wadding, pins, needles.

Calico, white and grey, also cotton sheetings, in the piece, up to and including October 31, 1907.

Corduroy, moleskin and plain beaver-skin, of cotton, in the piece, up to and including October 31, 1907.

Coloured cotton shirtings, flannelette shirtings, up to and including October 31, 1907.

Forfar, Dowlas and flax sheeting, when cut up under supervision in sizes not exceeding 47 in. by 36 in., for making flour-bags, and not exceeding 54 in. for lining wool mats, up to and including October 31, 1907.

Cotton or linen piece goods, and unions of the same, not otherwise enumerated, except imitation silks composed of any material or substance whatsoever, on and after November 1, 1907.

Fur skins, green or sun-dried.

Gold or silver lace or braid for military clothing, featherstitch braid.

Hatmakers' materials, viz.: Felt hoods; shellac; galloons; calicoes; spale boards for hat boxes; leathers; silk plush in the piece; linings, when cut up or otherwise, under such conditions as the minister may prescribe; blocks; moulds; frames; ventilators, and tassels.

Hessians, plain or striped, and scrim.

Leather cloth, plain colours.

Minor articles (required in the making-up of apparel, boots, shoes, hats, caps, saddlery, umbrellas, parasols and sunshades), enumerated in any order of the minister, and published in the *Gazette*.

Ostrich feathers grown in New Zealand, when returned from abroad dressed, or dyed, upon evidence being produced to the satisfaction of a collector of customs as to their previous exportation.

Sailcloth, canvas and unbleached doublewarped duck, in the piece.

Sewing cottons, silks, and threads; angola mendings not exceeding 45 yards in length; crewel, flourishing, embroidery, darning, knitting, and crochet threads of silk, linen or cotton, or unions of the same, plain or fancy.

Silk for flour dressing, in the piece.

Silk twist (shoemakers' and saddlers').

Staymakers' binding, eyelets, corset-fasteners, jean, ticks, lasting, sateen and cotell; also corset shields and busk protectors.

Tailors' trimmings, viz.: Haircloth; plain or coloured imitation haircloth; canvas; buckram; wadding, and padding; silk, worsted and cotton bindings, and braids; stay bindings; Russia braids; shoulder-pads; buckles; silesias; drab, slate and brown jeans; pocketings; slate, black and brown dyed unions and linens; Verona and Italian cloth, of cotton or wool, or unions of the same; also such other lining materials as may be approved by the minister.

Tubular woven cotton cloth in the piece for meat-wraps.

Umbrella-makers' materials, viz.: Reversible and levantine silk mixtures, gloria, and satin de chene, of not less than 44 in. in width; alpaca cloth, with border; zanella cloth, with border; also other piece-goods on such conditions as the minister may approve; sticks, runners, notches, caps, ferrules, cups, ribs, stretchers, tips and rings.

Union textiles not otherwise enumerated, in the piece, when cut up, and made into shirts or pyjamas, under such conditions and regulations as the minister may prescribe.

Waterproof material in the piece, having within, or upon it, a coating of india-rubber.

Class VII.—Leather and Articles used in Leather Manufactures.

Boot elastic.

Bootmakers' linings, canvas, plain or coloured, bag and portmanteau linings, of such materials, qualities and patterns, as may be approved by the minister.

Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs and pattens, slippers and goloshes, namely, children's No. 0 to 6.

Cork soles and sock-soles.

East India kip, also hides, crust or rough tanned, but undressed.

Goat skins and kid skins, however dressed.

Grindery, namely, button fasteners and staples; eyelets and hook eyelets, and eyelet rings; tingles; spikes for running or cricketing shoes; boot-protectors; wood or rubber heels or knobs; leather toe-tips, 'Wells' patent or a similar make, stiffeners or toes moulded ready for use, copper toes, boot stretchers and trees, hollow-fillers, japanned toe-tips; legging springs and stiffeners; lasting tacks, pegs, brass rivets, iron rivets; brass, iron and copper cut-bills; steel points, sparrow bills; wrought, cut and malleable hob-nails; Hungarian nails; wrought and cut tip-nails; iron or wooden lasts; riveting stands for iron lasts; sole, heel, stiffening and toe-cap knives; shoemakers' wax; heel-balls; bristles, hemp and flax; rubber solution or cement; welting cut into strips or in coils ready for use; shoemakers' binding or beading; welting leather cut into strips not exceeding 1 in. in width; webbing; curriers', and bootmakers' inks or stains; bootmakers' sectional cutting boards; glass or emery paper, or cloth, on sheets, in rolls, or cut into shapes.

Hog skins.

Kangaroo and wallaby skins, undressed.

Leather, japanned or enamelled.

Saddle-trees.

Saddlers' ironmongery (except bits and stirrup-irons), hames and mounts for harness; straining, surcingle, brace, girth and roller webs; collar checks and the same articles plain, of such quality as may be approved by the minister; legging-buckles, also metal articles required to repair or complete riding or driving harness, or saddlery, to be repaired or made in the colony.

Tanning materials, crude.

Class VIII.—Furniture, &c.

Blind webbing, and tape. Worsted covered cord, and solid glace cord, for venetian, and other blinds.

Upholsterers' materials, viz.:—webbing, hair-seating, imitation hair-seating; curled hair; gimp, and cord, of wool, cotton, or silk; tufts, and studs; chair canvas.

Class IX.—China, Glass, &c.

Bottles, empty, plain, glass, not being cut, or ground; also, jars, plain, glass, or plain earthen, up to three inches diameter at the mouth.

Earthen, or glass roofing tiles; also roofing slates.

Glass plates (engraved) for photo-lithographic work.

Jars specially suited to contain sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, and other strongly corrosive acids, when permanently branded with the name of any such acid and the name of a New Zealand factory for the manufacture of the same.

Jars, or other dutiable vessels, containing free goods, or goods subject to a fixed rate of duty, and being ordinary trade packages for the goods contained in them.

Lamps, miners' safety, and glasses therefor; lamps peculiarly adapted for use on harbour beacons and lighthouses, also appliances peculiar to such lamps; side lights, and head lights, especially suited for the use of ships.

Class X.—Fancy Goods, &c.

Action work, and keys, in frames, or otherwise, iron, or metal piano frames, for manufacture of organs, harmoniums, and pianos; organ pipes, and stop-knobs.

Articles, being exhibits for public display only in public museums, whether purchased under bond or directly imported by, or for presentation to such museums, upon declaration that such goods will not be sold or otherwise disposed of in New Zealand without payment of any duty which may be payable.

Artists' materials—viz., Canvas in the piece or on stretchers, oiled paper or drawing paper in sheets or blocks, colours, brushes, palettes, and palette knives.

Cigarette papers entered to be warehoused in any licensed tobacco manufactory for the manufacture therein of cigarettes.

Microscopes, and telescopes, and slides, and lenses, for same.

Paintings, statuary, and works of art, whether purchased under bond or directly imported by, or for presentation to any public institution or art association registered as a body corporate, for display in the buildings of such institution or association, and not to be sold or otherwise disposed of.

Paintings or pictures, painted or drawn by New Zealand students, within three years of the time of their departure from the colony for the purpose of undergoing a period of tuition abroad for the first time, upon evidence being produced to the satisfaction of a Collector of Customs.

Photographic cameras, and lenses, including focusing cloths, and camera covers.

Photographs of personal friends in letters or packets.

Precious stones, cut or uncut, if unmounted.

Sensitized surfaces, and albuminized paper, plain, not being postcards or other stationery.

Class XI.—Paper, &c.

(NOTE.—In every case where exemption from duty is governed by a size, the equivalent area shall be exempt under like condition.)

Bookbinders' materials, viz., cloth, leather, thread, headbands, webbing, end-papers, tacketing-gut, marbling-colours, marble-paper, blue orred paste for ruling-ink, staple-presses, wire staples, staple-sticks.

Butter paper (known as vegetable parchment paper), and waxed paper, unprinted.

(NOTE.—Butter paper or waxed paper, printed, shall be charged as manufactured stationery.)

Cardboard, pasteboard, strawboard, wood-pulp board, and corrugated board, of size not less than that known as 'royal' and weighing not less than 3 oz. per sheet of 'royal' size.

Cardboard boxes, material for—viz., gold, and silver paper, plain or embossed; embossed paper in strips; gelatine or coloured papers; known as 'box papers.'

Cartridge drawing paper.

Celluloid, plain, in sheets, not otherwise enumerated.

Cloth-lined boards, not less than 'royal' size.

Cloth-lined paper, and enamelled, gelatine and metallic paper, of size not less than 'demy'; also 'ivorite' of size not less than 'demy.'

Copy-books, having printed headlines on each page; also drawing-books.

Copying paper, medium and larger sizes, in original mill wrappers and labels.

Ink, printing, of net invoice value not exceeding 4d. the lb.

Masticated para.

7474—10½

Millboard, and book-binders' leather board.

Paper, hand-made or machine-made, book, or writing, when in original wrappers, of sizes not less than the size known as 'demy,' and not being a wrapping paper, or of the same quality as a wrapping paper.

Paper printing.

Printed books, papers, and music, not otherwise enumerated, excepting advertising matter.

Class XII.—Metals.

Agricultural machines and agricultural implements, not otherwise enumerated: also parts peculiar to the manufacture of agricultural machines, and implements—viz.: Chaff-cutting knives, fittings for threshing mills, forgings or castings for ploughs, discs for harrows, plough-shares, mould-board plates, and steel-share plates cut to pattern, skeith-plates, tilt-rakes, also reaper-knife sections or fingers, finished brass, and steel springs.

(NOTE.—Agriculture as applied to the Tariff shall include horticulture and viticulture.)

Anchors.

Artificers' tools, not otherwise enumerated, not including brushes or brushware; also the following tools, namely: axes and hatches, spades, shovels, forks, picks, mattocks, quartz and knapping hammers, scythes, sheep-shears, reaping hooks, soldering irons, paperhangers' scissors, butchers' saws or cleavers; measuring bands or tapes.

Axles, axle-arms, and axle boxes.

Bellows nails.

Bicycles and tricycles, fittings for—namely: Rubber tyres, pneumatic tyres, outside covers, and inner tubes, handle grips, pedal rubbers; also the following articles when not plated, japanned, painted, or varnished, namely: drop forgings, stampings, steel balls, weldless steel tubes with or without butted ends, wood or metal rims (not bored), forks, stays, handle bars, and seat pillars, unbuilt, bracket shells, fork, and stay ends, fork tips, bridges, crowns, and lugs.

Beekeepers' tools implements, and apparatus, namely: metal fittings for bee hives, bee smokers, wax-extractors, rubber gloves, gloves of textile soaked in oil, queen cages, comb foundation, foundation machines, honey knives, honey extractors, queen rearing outfits, wax presses, tools peculiar to the use of beekeepers.

Blacksmiths' anvils, forges, and fans.

Bolts, and bolt ends, up to 24 inches in length; nuts, blank or screwed nuts, black or finished nuts.

Brass, copper, and tin, in pigs, bars, tubes or sheets; also tinned hoops.

Brass tubing, and stamped work, in the rough, for gaseliers and brackets.

Caps, percussion.

Card clothing, for wollen-mills, and for paper-mills.

Castings for ships; also propeller-screws, including only bosses and blades.

Chains, iron, plain, or with hook, swivel, or ring, attached.

Copper, brass, and composition rod, bolt, sheathing, and nails.

Couch-roll jackets, machine wires, beater-bars, and strainer-plates, for paper-mills.

Crucibles.

Emery grinding machines, and emery wheels.

Empty iron drums, not exceeding 10 gallons capacity.

Engineers', and all metal or wood or stone-workers' machine tools or hand tools, not including brushes or brushware.

Engine-governors.

Eyelets.

Fire-engines, chemical fire-engines, and chemical fire-extinguishers; also fire-hose and couplings therefor, portable fire-escapes, fire-ladders, fire-reels, and firemen's helmets, if declared, to the satisfaction of the Collector, for the use of a fire-brigade.

Fish-hooks, unmounted, and without attachments.

Gas engines, and hammers, and oil engines.

Glassmakers' moulds.

Iron boiler-plates and unflanged end-plates for boilers; boiler-tubes not exceeding 5 inches in internal diameter and unflanged; expansion rings; furnace-flues.

Iron pipes, and fibre pipes, not exceeding 5 inches in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for same.

Iron, sheet, plate, hoop, rod, bolt, bar, angle, tee, channel, plain black; pig iron; plain iron rolled girders; rolled chequered plates; shafting, plain rolled or plain turned, but otherwise unwrought.

Iron and steel cordage.

Lead, in pigs and bars.

Machine saw-blades.

Machinery—viz.: dairying machinery (including cream-separating machines, also coolers), mining machinery, gold-saving machinery.

Medals, including only old or second-hand war medals, humane societies', and other similar medals; also old coins.

Metal fittings, for trunks, portmanteaux, travelling bags, leggings, bags, and satchels.

Metal sheaves.

Metal tubes in the rough, having a slit through their whole length, suited for the manufacture of fenders, bedsteads, gates, and the like articles.

Metal-wire of all kinds, plain, number 5 gauge and over according to British standard; metal cordage not otherwise enumerated, not being gold or silver; also barbed fencing-wire, and fencing-staples.

Metal wove-wire, and metal gauze; also wire-netting, and expanded metal lathing or fencing, in the piece.

Metallic capsules.

Moulders' chaplets, and dowels.

Perambulators, and the like vehicles, fittings for, not otherwise enumerated.

Perforated or cellular sheet zinc or iron.

Portable engines on four or any greater number of wheels, with boiler of locomotive type; also traction engines.

Printing type, and printing materials, not otherwise enumerated, suited only for the use of printers.

Rails for railways and tramways, including lay outs, and points, and crossings, for the same.

Rivets, and washers.

Set screws, engineers' studs, and split pins.

Sewing, knitting, and kilting machines.

Stem or hydraulic pressure, and vacuum gauges; pressure indicators or pressure gauges for gas or oil engines; speed indicators, engineers', for testing machinery.

Surveyors instruments—viz., steel bands, chains, measuring tapes, field instruments, and drawing instruments; draughtsmen's drawing instruments.

Tacks and nails, 1 inch and under.

Tea packing lead.

Tinsmith's fittings, and furniture, including stamped or blocked tin or copper, planished or unplanished.

Welded and flanged boiler furnaces, plain or corrugated.

Zinc, plain sheet.

Zinc plates or copper plates for photo-lithographic work.

Class XIII.—Timber, &c.

Ash, hickory and lancewood timber, unwrought.

Blacksmiths', braziers', assay and treadle power bellows.

Carriage or cart makers' materials, viz.: Shafts, spokes and felloes, in the rough; hubs, all kinds; poles if unbent and unplanned, all kinds; bent wheel rims.

Churns.

Lignum-vitæ.

Material for the manufacture of carriages, carts, drays and wagons, motor cars or vehicles, and railway cars or wagons, viz., springs, mountings, trimmings, brass hinges, tire bolts, shackle holders, step treads, rubber cloth, rubber tires, pneumatic tires, outer covers, inner tubes; also iron or metal fittings (except steps, lamp irons, dash irons, seat rails and fifth wheels) for the manufacture of carriages, carts, drays and wagons, other than motor cars or vehicles or railway cars or wagons.

Motor cars, and wheels for same.

Sieves, hair.

Wooden handles for tools.

Class XIV.—Oils, &c.

Oils in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more, viz.: Refined mineral oils not exceeding in specific gravity .870 at 60 deg. F.; fish, penguin, mutton bird, seal and whale oils.

(NOTE.—Mixtures of mineral or vegetable oils, with each other, or with fish, penguin, mutton bird, seal, whale, or other oils, shall be charged with duty (1) if imported in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more, 6d. the gallon; (2) if imported in vessels having a lesser capacity than one gallon, 20 per cent *ad valorem*).

Paints and colours, not otherwise enumerated.

Turpentine; turpentine substitute composed of volatile mineral oils, or of volatile mineral oils in combination with turpentine, or other volatile vegetable oils; liquid driers; terebene.

Wood naphtha.

Class XV.—Agricultural Farm Products, &c.

Linseed.

Class XVI.—Miscellaneous.

Apparatus, appliances, articles and materials, for educational purposes, as may be approved by the minister, and under conditions prescribed by him.

Bagging, bags or sacks, of jute or hessian; also cornsacks; bags made of New Zealand tow or flax.

Belting, for driving machinery, other than leather belting, and not being cordage or rope.

Binder twine, two-ply and under.

Bricks, other than fire-bricks.

Candle-nuts and candle-nut kernels.

Candle-wick.

Canvas aprons and elevators, for reapers and binders.

Canvas, indiarubber, or other hose, tubing, or piping, armoured or otherwise; flexible metal hose, tubing or piping.

Charts and maps.

Confectioners' moulding starch.

Cork, cut; bungs, fishermen's cork floats; also plain unornamental stoppers of every description for bottles, jars and casks.

Cotton and other waste, engineers.

Diving dresses and dresses suited solely for use in poisonous gases or smoke, with apparatus peculiar thereto.

Dyes; dye stuffs, and dyeing materials, crude.

Felt sheathing.

Gum boots, knee or thigh, the soles of which may be either leather or rubber.

Hawfers of 12 in. or over.

Honey and brown Windsor soap composition.

Indiarubber gloves.

Manures.

Marble, granite and other stone, hewn or rough sawn, not dressed or polished.

Netmakers' cotton twine.

Official supplies for consular officers of countries where a similar exemption exists in favour of British consuls.

Paper-makers' felts.

Passengers' baggage and effects, including only wearing apparel and other personal effects that have been worn, or are in use by persons arriving in the colony; also implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation or employment, of such persons, not exceeding £50 in value, and household or other effects not exceeding £100 in value, which have been in use for twelve months prior to embarkation by the persons or families bringing them to the colony, and which are not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale; also cabin furnishings belonging to such persons not exceeding in value £10: Provided that goods falling within the above exemption may be admitted free, only, if imported within two years of the first arrival in the colony of the persons or families by whom they have been used.

Plaster of Paris.

Powder, viz.: Blasting powder and blasting meal.

Returned empties which are identified as such to the satisfaction of a collector of customs.

Shipbuilders' models of vessels suited only for exhibition.

Ship chandlery, not otherwise enumerated.

Ships' rockets, blue lights, danger-signals and rocket life-saving apparatus.

Stones, mill, grind, oil and whet.

Tobacco for sheep-wash, or for insecticide, after being rendered unfit for human consumption to the satisfaction of the minister.

Treacle or molasses, mixed with bone-black in proportions to the satisfaction of the minister.

Typewriters.

Wax, bottling.

Wool packs and wool pockets.

Yarns, viz.: Coir, flax, jute and hemp.

Articles and materials (as may from time to time be specified by the minister) which are suited only for, and are to be used solely in, the fabrication or repair of goods within the colony. All decisions of the minister in reference to articles so admitted free to be published from time to time in the *Gazette*.

And all articles not otherwise enumerated: Provided that all goods falling under this schedule, which are prison-made, shall be charged an *ad valorem* duty of 20 per cent.

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.

SCHEDULE C.

Cement, Portland, and other structural and building cement.

SCHEDULE D.—PART I.

Basketware and wickerware, not otherwise enumerated, not being furniture.

Bicycles, tricycles and the like vehicles, also finished, or partly finished or machined parts of the same, not otherwise enumerated.

Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated, namely: Men's, above size No. 5; youths', above size No. 1; boys', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive; women's, above size No. 1; girls', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive; boots, shoes, shoettes and sandals, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated; slippers and goloshes (not including evening and court shoes, law tennis and gymnasium shoes, strapped shoes, shoes goloshed, or bottomed, in India rubber, leather, or other material).

Candles.

Carriages, carts, drays, wagons, perambulators and the like vehicles, and wheels for the same.

China, porcelain and parian ware.

Clocks, time registers and time detectors.

Cordage, rope and twine, not otherwise enumerated.

Earthenware, stoneware and brownware.

Fancy goods and toys; also sporting, gaming and athletic requisites, not otherwise enumerated, including billiard tables and billiard requisites; hair and toilet combs.

Firearms, all kinds.

Fish, potted and preserved.

Furniture and cabinetware, not otherwise enumerated, and other than iron or other metal.

Glassware; globes and chimneys, for lamps.

Hardware, ironmongery and hollow-ware.

Hops.

Iron and other nails, not otherwise enumerated, including dog-spikes.

Iron pipes and fibre pipes, exceeding 5 in. in internal diameter; also knees, bends, elbows and other fittings for the same.

Jewellery; plate, gold, or silver; plated ware; greenstone, cut or polished.

Lamps, lanterns and lamp-wick, not otherwise enumerated.

Lawn-mowers.

Motor vehicles, not otherwise enumerated, and wheels for same.

Musical instruments.

Paper-wrapping, all kinds, not printed, including blue candle, glazed cap, glazed casings, small-hand, lumber-hand, tissue, brown, cartridge and sugar papers.

Upholstery, not otherwise enumerated.

Walking-sticks.

Preferential duties upon the articles hereafter enumerated to be charged up to and including October 31, 1907, thereafter to cease and determine:—

Cream of tartar.

Glass, crown, sheet and common window.

Glass, plate, polished, coloured and other kinds, not otherwise enumerated.

Paper-hangings.

SCHEDULE D.—PART II.

Preferential duties upon the items hereafter enumerated shall only be charged after March 31, 1908:—

Bill-hooks, bush-hooks, slashers and hedge-knives.

Brooms, brushes and brushware.

Cartridges (shot), 10 to 24 bore.

Cartridge-cases.

Cartridges, not otherwise enumerated.

Cars, wagons and trucks, railway and tramway, and wheels for same.

Electric batteries and cells; furniture, fittings, instruments and appliances, not otherwise enumerated, for the generation, transmission, application, or utilization of electricity, or of electric power of any description whatsoever.

Fish, dried, pickled, or salted, not otherwise enumerated.

Galvanized iron manufactures, not otherwise enumerated, made up from galvanized iron, or from plain sheet iron and then galvanized.

Heelplates and toe stiffeners, and toe plates.

Japanned and lacquered metalware.

Laces, vamps and uppers.

Lay figures, busts and dress stands.

Leather bags and leathercloth bags, not otherwise enumerated.

Leather cut into shapes.

Leather leggings.

Leather manufactures not otherwise enumerated.

Magic lanterns, bioscopes, cinematographs, kinetoscopes, phonographs, gramophones, graphophones, and the like instruments, including accessories peculiar thereto; also limelight and the like apparatus, including accessories peculiar thereto.

Mantelpieces, other than stone.

Manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal, or manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal in combination with any other material whatsoever, not otherwise enumerated.

Matches:—

Wooden, in boxes containing not more than 60 matches.

In boxes containing over 60 and not more than 100 matches.

In boxes containing more than 100 matches.

Wax, 'plaid vestas' in cardboard boxes containing under 100 matches.

Wax, 'pocket vestas' in tin or other boxes, containing under 100 matches.

Wax, 'Sportsmen's,' 'Ovals,' and 'No. 4 tin vestas,' in boxes containing not more than 200 matches.

Wax, other kinds.

Matches of any material other than wood or wax.

Paper bags, coarse (including sugar bags).

Paper bags not otherwise enumerated.

Picture, or photograph, frames or mounts.

Statues, statuettes, casts and bronzes.

Tinware and tin manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.

Tobacco pipes and cases, cigar and cigarette holders and cases, cigarette cases and papers.

Woodenware and turnery, not otherwise enumerated, and veneers.

Cocoa-nut butter, cocoa or cacao butter, nut butter, and other refined vegetable butters or fats.

Lard and refined animal fats, not otherwise enumerated.

Meats, potted or preserved.

Provisions, not otherwise enumerated.

Vegetables, fresh, dried or preserved.

Fruits, preserved in juice or syrup.

Milk or cream, preserved, evaporated or dried.

Aerated and mineral waters, effervescing beverages, and beverages not otherwise enumerated.

Coffee, essence of, and essence of coffee with milk or any other food substance.

Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, unsweetened, in containers of less than ten gallons capacity.

Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, sweetened; syrups; raspberry vinegar, sweetened.

Baking powder; yeast preparations and other ferments; also yeast foods.

Chemicals and chemical preparations, not otherwise enumerated, including photographic chemicals, not otherwise enumerated; also, anti-incrustation, boiler and other compounds.

Dextrine and dextrine pastes or solutions.

Essences, flavouring, not otherwise enumerated.

Eucalyptus oil in bulk or bottle.

Glycerine, refined.

Medicinal preparations, drugs and druggists' sundries, and apothecaries' wares, not otherwise enumerated; also aerated water makers' and cordial manufacturers' and brewers' drugs, chemicals and other sundries, not otherwise enumerated.

Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less.

Saccharin, in the form of tablets, pilules, granules, or cachets, each containing not more than $\frac{1}{2}$ grain of saccharin in combination with at least 10 per cent of alkali.

Surgeons', physicians', dentists', and opticians' instruments and appliances, not otherwise enumerated.

Leather, chamois.

Saddlery and harness; whips and whip-thongs.

Portmanteaux; trunks; travelling-bags and brief bags, of leather or leather-cloth, 10 in. in length and upwards; and carpet bags.

Furniture, knife, and plate powder and polish.

Bricks, known as fire-bricks.

Drainage pipes and drainage tiles.

Earthen flooring and garden tiles.

Filters.

Fireclay ground, and fireclay goods.

Plate glass bevelled or silvered; mirrors and looking glasses, framed or unframed.

Fishing tackle, including artificially baited hooks, other than flies.

Mouldings and panels, in the piece, or either wood, plaster pulp, metal or other material, for picture frames, cornices, walls or ceilings.

Photographic goods not otherwise enumerated.

Watches.

LLL

Artificial flies.

Oil, perfumed; also toilet preparations and perfumery, not otherwise enumerated.

Cardboard, pasteboard, strawboard, wood-pulp board, corrugated board, and cloth-lined board, not otherwise enumerated.

Cloth-lined, enamelled, gelatiné and metallic papers, not otherwise enumerated; also 'ivorite' not otherwise enumerated.

Inks, not otherwise enumerated.

Stationery and writing paper, not otherwise enumerated, also printers' menu, wedding, programme and mourning cards of cardboard, celluloid or other material, edged or embossed, but otherwise unprinted.

Calendars and showcards, all kinds.

Cardboard or paper boxes complete; or cardboard or paper, cut, or shaped for boxes, wrappers or other receptacles (including match-boxes).

Directories of New Zealand or of any part thereof; also covers for directories.

Stationery, manufactured, viz.:—Account books, manuscript books, scribbling and letter blocks, and books, plain or ruled; billhead, invoice and statement forms; printed or ruled paper, counter-books, cheque and draft forms; tags, labels, blotting-pads, sketch-books, book covers, copying letter-books, manifold writers, albums (other than for photographs), diaries, birthday-books, plain or faint lined ruled books, printed window tickets, printed, lithographed or embossed stationery, and Christmas, New Year, birthday, Easter and other cards and booklets.

Stereotypes, matrices, half-tone and line blocks.

Boilers, land and marine, including feed water-heaters, fuel economisers, steam super-heaters, and mechanical stokers.

Crab winches, cranes, capstans and windlasses.

Machinery, not otherwise enumerated.

Steam engines and parts of steam engines, not otherwise enumerated.

Bellows, not otherwise enumerated.

Blocks, wooden tackle.

Doors and sashes, either plain or glazed with ornamental glass.

Axle grease and other solid lubricants.

Harness oil, and composition, leather dressing, and belt dressing.

Animals, food for, of all kinds, not otherwise enumerated, including horse and cattle spices, and condiments, proprietary or otherwise; also hemp seed, maw seed, millet seed, canary seed and mixed birdseed.

Bags, calico, forfar, linen, flour; bagging, bags, and sacks, not otherwise enumerated, including filter bags and sheaths.

Blacking, and boot gloss, and polish.

Backlead.

Boats, launches, yachts, also all vessels propelled by means other than oars (when imported in any vessel), including all fittings therefor, not otherwise enumerated.

Fireworks, not otherwise enumerated.

Nets and netting.

Soap powder, extract of soap, dry soap, soft soap, liquid soap, soap solutions, and washing, or cleansing powders, crystals, pastes and liquids.

Tarpaulins, tents, sails, rick and waggon covers.

Marble, granite and other stone, dressed or polished, and articles made therefrom; also imitation stone, dressed or polished, and articles made therefrom, or from cement.

Soap, not otherwise enumerated.

SCHEDULE D.—PART III.

Preferential duties upon items hereafter enumerated shall only be charged after the thirty-first day of March, 1908:—

Bacon and hams.

Biscuits, ships', plain and unsweetened; also dog biscuits.

Biscuits, other kinds.

Candied peel and drained peel.

Confectionery, including medicated lozenges, medicated confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice not otherwise enumerated, sugared, or crystallized fruits, and chocolate confectionery—

1. In plain bottles.

2. In fancy packages.

3. In small packages for retail sale containing not more than 3 lb. net weight of confectionery.

Confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice, sugared or crystallized fruits, and chocolate confectionery not otherwise enumerated.

Glucose and caramel.

Honey.

Jams, jellies, marmalade and preserves.

Jellies, concentrated.

Nuts, namely: Walnuts, shelled or unshelled.

Pearl barley.

Peas, split.

Spices, ground, not otherwise enumerated, pepper, pimento, and olive stones, ground.

Vinegar not exceeding 6·5 per cent of acidity calculated as acetic acid.

Chicory.

Cocoa and chocolate, including cocoa beans roasted and crushed; also cocoa or chocolate mixed with milk or any other food substance whatsoever.

Coffee, roasted.

Tea not otherwise provided for.

Acid, acetic, containing not more than 30 per cent of acidity.

Acid, acetic, containing more than 30 per cent of acidity.

Soda crystals.

Handbills, circulars, programmes, playbills, printed posters, trade catalogues, price-lists, and fashion-plates; printed advertising matter not otherwise enumerated.

Composition piping.

Iron galvanized corrugated sheets.

Iron, plain galvanized sheet or hoop.

Iron tanks.

Lead piping.

Shot.

Oil, not otherwise enumerated, including mineral lubricating oil, in vessels capable of containing one gallon or more.

Paints and colours, ground in oil or turpentine; also putty; and driers not otherwise enumerated.

Paints and colours, mixed ready for use; also enamel paints, not otherwise enumerated.

Stearine.

Varnish, including lithographic varnish, gold size, liquid gold, and other metallic paints; also liquid medium for mixing with metallic paints.

Whiting and chalk.

Cattle (horned).

Chaff.

Grain—namely: Barley.

Grain, and pulse, of every kind, not otherwise enumerated.

Grain, and pulse, of every kind, when ground or in any way manufactured, not otherwise enumerated, including wheat flour.

Horses.

Onions.

Potatoes.

Prepared calf-meal.

Blue.

Gelatine, isinglass, glue and size.

Soap, common yellow and blue mottled.

Spirits, methylated to the satisfaction of the minister.

Starch.

SCHEDULE E.—PART I.

Bicycles and tricycles, fittings for—namely: rubber tires, pneumatic tires, outside covers, and inner tubes, handle-grips, pedal rubbers; also the following articles when not plated, japanned, painted or varnished—namely: drop-forgings, stampings, steel balls, weldless steel tubes with or without butted ends, wood or metal rims (not

bored), forks, stays, handle-bars, and seat pillars, unbuilt, bracket shells, fork and stay ends, fork tips, bridges, crowns and lugs.

Gas engines, and hammers, and oil engines.

Gum boots, knee or thigh, the soles of which may be of either leather or rubber.

Iron, sheet, plate, hoop, rod, bolt, bar, angle, tee, channel, plain black; plain iron-rolled girders; rolled chequered plates; shafting, plain rolled or plain turned, but otherwise unwrought.

Iron and steel cordage.

Material for the manufacture of carriages and motor cars or vehicles—namely: Rubber tires, pneumatic tires, outer covers and inner tubes.

Motor cars and wheels for same.

Paper printing.

Rails for railways and tramways, including layouts and points and crossings for the same.

SCHEDULE E.—PART II.

Preferential duties upon the items hereafter enumerated shall only be charged after the thirty-first day of March, 1908:—

Canvas, indiarubber or other hose, tubing, or piping, armoured or otherwise; flexible metal hose, tubing, or piping.

Cardboard boxes, material for—namely: Gold and silver paper, plain or embossed; embossed paper in strips; gelatine or coloured papers; known as 'box papers.'

Castings for ships; also propeller-screws, including only bosses and blades.

Iron boiler-plates and unflanged end-plates for boilers; boiler-tubes not exceeding 5 inches in internal diameter and unflanged; expansion-rings; furnace-flues.

Iron pipes, and fibre pipes not exceeding 5 in. in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same.

Paper, hand-made or machine-made, book, or writing, when in original wrappers, of sizes not less than the size known as 'demy,' and not being a wrapping-paper, or of the same quality as a wrapping-paper.

SCHEDULE E.—PART III.

Preferential duties upon the articles hereinafter enumerated shall only be charged after the thirty-first day of March, 1908:—

Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs, and pattens, slippers and goloshes—namely: children's Nos. 0 to 6.

Cork soles, and sock-soles.

Bottles, empty, plain glass, not being cut, or ground; also, jars, plain glass, or plain earthen, up to 3 inches diameter at the mouth.

Artists' materials—viz., canvas in the piece or on stretchers, oiled paper or drawing-paper in sheets or blocks, colours, brushes, palettes, and palette knives.

Photographic cameras, and lenses, including focusing cloths, and camera covers.

Sensitized surfaces, and albuminized paper, plain, not being postcards or other stationery.

Butter-paper (known as vegetable parchment paper), and waxed paper, unprinted.

Cartridge drawing-paper.

Copy-books, having printed head lines on each page; also drawing-books.

Copying paper, medium and larger sizes, in original mill wrappers and labels.

Ink, printing, of net invoice value not exceeding 4d. the pound.

Anchors.

Axles, axle-arms, and axle-boxes.

Blacksmiths' anvils, forges, and fans.

Caps, percussion.

Chains, iron, plain, or with hook, swivel, or ring, attached.

Empty iron drums, not exceeding ten gallons capacity.

Engine governors.

Eyelets.

Fire-engines, chemical fire-engines, and chemical fire-extinguishers; also fire-hose and couplings therefor, portable fire-escapes, fire-ladders, fire-reels, and firemen's helmets, if declared, to the satisfaction of the Collector, for the use of a fire-brigade.

Fish-hooks, unmounted, and without attachments.

Machinery—namely: dairying machinery (including cream-separating machines, also coolers), mining machinery, gold-saving machinery.

Metal sheaves.

Metal-wire of all kinds, plain, No. 5 gauge and over according to British standard; metal cordage not otherwise enumerated, not being gold or silver; also barbed fencing-wire, and fencing-staples.

Metal wove-wire, and metal gauze; also wire-netting, and expanded metal lathing or fencing, in the piece.

Metallic capsules.

Perforated or cellular sheet zinc or iron.

Portable engines on four or any greater number of wheels, with boiler of locomotive type also traction engines.

Printing machines or presses, embossing, bronzing, type casting, and type setting machines, cardboard making machines, and tools for same.

Printing type, and printing materials, not otherwise enumerated, suited only for the use of printers.

Sewing, knitting, and knitting machines.

Steam or hydraulic pressure, and vacuum gauges; pressure indicators or pressure gauges for gas or oil engines; speed indicators, engineers', for testing machinery.

Surveyors' instruments—viz.: steel bands, chains, measuring tapes, field instruments, and drawing instruments; draughtsmen's drawing instruments.

Tacks, and nails, 1 inch and under.

Welded and flanged boiler furnaces, plain or corrugated.

Paints, and colours, n.o.e.

Belting, for driving machinery, other than leather belting, and not being cordage or rope.

Binder-twine, two-ply and under.

Bricks, other than fire-bricks.

Candle-wick.

Churns.

Cork, cut; bungs; fishermen's cork floats; also plain unornamental stoppers of every description for bottles, jars and casks.

Felt-sheathing.

Typewriters.

Wax, bottling.

Machinery—viz.: Flour milling, refrigerating, dredging, woollen mill, paper mill, rope and twine making, oil refining, oil boring, meat preserving, leather splitting.

Soda-water machines; also machines for aerating liquids.

Steam engines, and parts thereof, for mining (including gold dredging), or gold-saving purposes and processes, or for dairying purposes.

TARIFF CHANGES

BARBADOS.

I.—AN ACT TO AMEND THE TRADE ACT, 1891.

(No. 12, dated and assented to May 1, 1905.)

1. This Act may be cited as the Trade (Amendment) Act, 1905.

2. (1) In the case of manures mixed in this island and exported there shall be allowed on such of the constituents as may have been imported and on which duty may have been paid on importation a drawback of such amount as may have been paid by way of duty on such constituents respectively, on production of a certificate from the shipper of the quantity so exported by him.

(2) On exportation of such manure, the exporter shall furnish the Comptroller of Customs with a certificate that the manure about to be exported was mixed in this island, and the said certificate shall set forth the quantities of the constituents of every ton of such manure distinguishing constituents on which duty has been paid on importation from constituents on which duty has not been paid. Should the article exported not contain the quantities of the constituents mentioned in the certificate, in verification of which the comptroller may take samples for analysis, the exporter shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds to be recovered in a summary manner before a police magistrate on the complaint of the Comptroller of Customs or any other officer of Customs. The drawback shall in all other respects be subject to the provisions of section 105 of the Trade Act, 1891.

II.—AN ACT TO FURTHER AMEND THE CUSTOMS TARIFF ACT, 1901.

(No. 17, dated and assented to June 28, 1906.)

1. This Act may be cited as the Customs Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1906.

2. The words 'except kerosene oil or any of the bye-products of petroleum to be used exclusively as fuel in oil or motor engines, on a certificate to that effect from the importer' are hereby inserted between the words 'oil, kerosene, the gallon,' and the figure '4' in the schedule table A to the Customs Tariff Act, 1901 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

3. Should any kerosene oil or any bye-product of petroleum so imported and which has not paid duty as kerosene be used for any purpose other than according to the terms of such certificate, the importer shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, to be recovered and disposed of according to the provisions of sections 142 and 143 of the Trade Act, 1891 (1891-60).

III.—AN ACT TO IMPOSE ADDITIONAL DUTIES OF CUSTOMS IN AID OF REVENUE.

(No. 15, dated and assented to March 28, 1907.)

1. This Bill may be cited as the Revenue in Aid Act, 1907.

2. In addition to the duties heretofore levied by way of duties of Customs under the Customs Tariff Act, 1901 (1901-2), there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his heirs and successors for the use of this island an additional duty of Customs after the rate of ten per centum on the amount of duty raised,

levied and collected under the provisions of the Customs Tariff Act, 1901. Such additional duty shall be added to the amount payable under the Customs Tariff Act, 1901, and be collected and paid together with the same, and all the provisions of the Customs Tariff Act, 1901, shall apply to the levy, collection and payment of the additional duty imposed by this Act, so far as the same may be applicable.

3. The Revenue in Aid Act, 1902 (1902-3) is hereby repealed.

4. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of April, 1907, and shall continue in force until and inclusive of the thirty-first day of March, 1908.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.

D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.

W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

CHINA.

H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.

R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.

S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.

Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.

G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE,
SYDNEY, August 5, 1907.

NEW ZEALAND TRADE, 1906.

The returns of the trade of New Zealand for 1906 have been issued. The trade of New Zealand for 1906 and four years previous was:—

	Imports.	Exports.
1902..	£11,326,723	£13,644,977
1903..	12,788,679	15,001,378
1904..	13,291,694	14,744,348
1905..	12,828,857	15,655,947
1906..	15,211,857	18,095,137

Per head of the population the trade was:—

	Imports.			Exports.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1902..	11	3	11	17	2	1
1903..	15	11	10	18	6	0
1904..	15	14	7	17	9	1
1905..	14	14	11	17	19	11
1906..	16	19	8	20	1	9

In the July report I gave figures showing the divisions of the trade between the United Kingdom, other parts of the empire and foreign countries, and also the increases. The imports from the chief European countries show an increase, that of Germany and Belgium being considerably so. The imports from the United States, on the other hand, show some diminution.

The Canadian share of the trade was:—

	Imports from Canada.	Exports to Canada.
1902..	£ 52,374	£ 7,366
1903..	68,329	2,421
1904..	113,485	15,961
1905..	96,119	51,329
1906..	157,088	29,815

The importations from Canada show a very large increase, being the highest in the history of the trade. How much of this is due to exhibits sent to the Christchurch exhibition, I am unable at present to speak. The trade shows some notable increases, particularly in sawn timber, boots and shoes, paper, paper hangings, gum boots, nails and potatoes. The exportations to Canada show, on the other hand, a large diminution, due to the very great reduction in the direct exports of wool and skins to Canada.

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

The following are the items of the imports from Canada for 1904-5-6:—

Articles.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Apparel.	£1,802	£3,429	£1,522
Bicycles	5,939	1,902	1,479
Bicycle materials, dutiable.	3,169	847	1,389
Bicycle materials, free.	61	103	50
Books.	3	24	213
Boots and shoes.	11,112	8,479	10,001
Gum boots	743	4,021	8,533
Canvas	1,851	4,724	5,921
Carriages.	1,892	1,566	2,451
Cheese . . . . .	....	83	20
Carts and wagons.	2,549	81	....
Calico. . . . .	....	....	59
Shirtings, cotton.	228	138	411
Flannelette. . . . .	....	....	16
Cotton piece goods.	8,447	7,694	8,165
Drapery	396	234	488
Drugs and druggists' ware.	105	47	507
Tinctures.	1	....	4
Fancy goods.	57	86	67
Fish, preserved.	15,738	15,076	12,762
Furniture.	3,361	3,999	4,088
Grindery.	26	....	31
Furs.	10	99	....
Hardware	742	908	781
Hosiery.	440	10	39
India rubber goods.	72	30	82
Cabinet organs.	2,032	809	878
Pianos	209	36	193
Other musical instruments.	724	301	22
Agricultural machinery	22,725	7,609	14,926
Ploughs	270	588	859
Steam engines and boilers	132	318	....
Gas engines	590	....	88
Printing machinery	98	622	939
Woodworking machinery.	850	103	5
Flour mill machinery	91	....	....
Machinery, unenumerated.	64	129	556
Patent medicines.	1	2	218
Metal manufactures	168	369	142
Mineral oil.	70	64	26
Other oil.	85	110	64
Printing paper.	10,161	18,752	33,599
Writing paper.	242	484	344
Perfumery.	2	....	123
Toilet preparations. . . . .	....	....	45
Photographic goods.	109	1	27
Plated goods.	410	198	95
Provisions.	299	172	364
Salt. . . . .	....	320	34
Whisky	496	240	286
Belting.	71	131	115
Blacking.	6	420	60

Articles.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Carriage material	£ 137	£ 378	£ 399
Insecticides	1	....	2
Engine packing	584	248	874
Fire hose	223	....	....
Surgical and dental instruments.	237	71	6
Lamps.	6	76	86
Leather.	247	407	477
Boot uppers	66	10	....
Dairying machinery	86	2	166
Knitting machinery . . . . .	....	....	184
Sewing silk. . . . .	....	....	36
Weighing machines . . . . .	....	....	242
Fish oil. . . . .	....	164	....
Wrapping paper.	16	313	403
Paper hangings.	2,955	1,777	2,383
Portmanteau.	223	65	68
Saddlery.	121	20	150
Grass and clover seeds.	6,655	....	525
Soap.	210	352	259
School apparatus.	11	....	15
Textiles . . . . .	....	3	134
Tinware.	10	19	4
Woodenware.	422	625	13,839
Stationery.	164	277	133
Cardboard. . . . .	....	....	11
Tools.	296	305	261
Woollen piece goods.	39	....	17
Parcels by post.	462	446	414
Bookbinders' materials. . . . .	....	....	65
Tobacco and cigars	68	....	60
Timber, sawn.	284	310	6,801
Mouldings.	197	223	409
Chemicals.	14	....	2
Brushware and brooms.	29	73	11
Cordage and twine.	11	35	95
Earthenware	5	1	....
Felt sheathing	100	....	....
Floor cloth and oil cloth	78	7	49
Glassware	5	11	8
Mats and matting	174	....	105
Typewriters	60	113	27
Electric machinery.	41	89	35
Paints and colours	7	....	16
Pumps	4	1	15
Grindstones	2	....	22
Turpentine and driers.	125	....	....
Varnish	8	16	....
Fruits, preserved	57	....	11
Fruits, green	13	93	193
Animal foods.	17	4	....
Leather manufactures	104	36	....
Rugs.	82	....	5
Leather cloth.	22	....	....
Miscellaneous goods.	3	....	145
Cartridges. . . . .	....	2	25

Articles.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Boats	£ 110	£ 70	
Confectionery	49	21	
Doors, plain	291	....
Copper manufactures	11	....
Fire engines	69	310	
Fishing tackle	24	....
Hops	148	14	
Castings for ships	16	30	
Pipes and fittings	673	838	
Wire netting and fencing	6	82	
Sewing machines	3	162	
Nails, iron	2,720	7,693	
Oilmen's stores	7	....
Potatoes	22	1,258	
Natural history specimens	10	5	
Saddlery materials	23	38	
Poultry . . . . .	....	16	
Motor cars . . . . .	....	495	
Chains . . . . .	....	31	
Onions . . . . .	....	40	
Paper bags . . . . .	....	57	
Printing material . . . . .	....	50	
Spirits . . . . .	....	6	
Vegetables, fresh . . . . .	....	39	
Fish, pickled . . . . .	....	31	
Glue . . . . .	....	12	
Grain . . . . .	....	10	
Grease . . . . .	....	5	
Printing ink . . . . .	....	17	
Bolts and nuts . . . . .	....	10	
Staples . . . . .	....	38	
Rivets and washers . . . . .	....	48	
Gas making machinery . . . . .	....	15	
Candles . . . . .	....	2,143	

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

The exports of the produce of New Zealand for the years 1904-5-6 were:—

Articles.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Butter	£1,244	£1,764	£1,636
Kauri gum	879	523	2,660
Flax	10,345	7,227	13,669
Wool	1,676	32,388	3,453
Ploughs . . . . .	....	30	....
Meats, potted . . . . .	....	47	58
Preserved milk . . . . .	....	10	3
Provisions . . . . .	....	59	....
Seeds . . . . .	....	732	230
Skins . . . . .	....	1,865	....
Skins, sheep . . . . .	....	5,914	3,362
Hides . . . . .	....	....	941
Carpeting and ruggeting		£ 155	
Cement			38

Articles.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Coal			£2,035
Drapery			84
Earthenware			13
Fish			19
Fishing tackle			23
Fruits			12
Glassware			6
Jams and jellies			5
Mining machinery			450
Other machinery			87
Onions			60
Oils			16
Paints and colours			11
Soap			23
Brandy			25
Gin			3
Whisky			53
Tobacco			28
Cigars			15
Wine			13
Parcel post			168

The balance consists of small items not of New Zealand produce.

UNDER-VALUATION OF TRADE.

In my report of September, 1906, I made a comparison in certain lines between the export returns of Canada to New Zealand and the New Zealand returns of imports from Canada, showing a difference in seven items of £22,000. There are similar differences in the reports for the year 1906. In some instances, as in agricultural implements, cotton goods and india-rubber goods, the differences are very great. In part these are made up of goods which are credited in the New Zealand returns as imports from the United States. But as these were articles that were included in the preferential list but paid no preferential duties, it is evident that they were the products of Canada. On thirteen items the amount thus imported was £27,570, as against £12,000 of such goods last year, the principal item being printing paper, valued at £19,968. It is evident, therefore, that the Canadian exports to New Zealand are very much larger than the import returns show, and, probably, than are shown by the export returns of Canada. The Canadian returns show the export of paper to the United States to be \$169,109, the bulk of which must have been re-exported, a large portion to New Zealand.

PREFERENTIAL DUTIES.

Some of the differences between the Canadian export and the New Zealand import returns are due to the differences of classification. Apparently, there was an enormous growth in the export of woodenware to New Zealand. This, no doubt, in the New Zealand returns include wood piping, of which a large quantity was supplied to the government of British Columbia, and under that title would be included nearly all the articles classified in Canada under different items of imports of wood.

OPERATION OF PREFERENTIAL TARIFF.

The imports from all foreign countries of the articles subject to the additional preferential duties amounted in 1906 to £620,600, as against £599,764 in 1905. This would

show some increase in the importations from foreign countries, but when it is remembered that the total increase of imports from foreign countries in 1906 as compared with 1905, amounted to £1,527,204, the increase of less than £21,000 in the articles included in the preferential tariff, shows that that tariff must have had effect in stimulating the imports from Great Britain and Canada. The following table of articles imported from Canada under the preferential tariff from the United States and all foreign countries, show this. In the imports from Canada I have added not only those credited to Canada in the New Zealand returns, but also articles credited to the United States, which did not pay preferential duties and which clearly came from Canada. Then, on the other hand, I have not included in the imports from Canada articles which paid the preferential duty, and, therefore, did not originate in Canada.

Again, in the list of articles from foreign countries, this year I have included such articles as are credited to the United Kingdom, but which did pay the preferential duties, and, therefore, must have originated in some foreign country. The figures in this table will not, therefore, agree with the figures given in the previous table of importations from Canada into New Zealand, nor will the imports in this table from the United States and foreign countries agree with such returns. Further, this table will not show the full effect of the preferential tariff. For example, in 1904, the importations of candles from the United States amounted to £11,509. The effect of the tariff has been to transfer that trade mainly to Canada and Burmah.

Articles.	From Canada..		From United States.		From all foreign countries.	
	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bicycles.....	1,694	1,902	1,043	2,151	554	2,837
Bicycle materials.....	1,450	777	2,207	4,679	2,038	7,085
Boots and shoes.....	10,184	8,476	43,624	56,429	7,483	67,453
Gum boots.....	8,791	4,021	3,267	4,911	14	5,213
Candles.....	2,143	.....	58	3	107	100
Carriages.....	2,451	1,566	1,843	3,796	370	4,146
Canvas.....	7,633	4,724	130	200	188	242
Carts, wagons, &c.....	.....	66	1,328	818	11	833
Carriage materials.....	2,225	336	3,659	4,261	1,481	4,817
Cordage.....	109	35	2,007	1,329	31	1,406
Fancy goods.....	173	79	9,268	10,031	76,494	78,259
Fish, preserved.....	13,167	15,033	4,708	4,276	829	5,269
Furniture.....	4,805	3,996	10,093	11,561	11,755	25,394
Hardware, &c.....	604	781	35,067	38,662	17,382	56,296
Hops.....	14	148	705	590	331	915
Pianos.....	340	36	84	705	55,320	52,397
Pipes and fittings.....	1,001	673	3,363	3,097	2,468	6,944
Lamps, &c.....	162	64	11,003	11,102	13,315	22,071
Nails, iron.....	8,981	2,720	29,885	24,434	7,995	37,754
Paper hangings.....	2,944	1,774	1,658	1,217	5,641	5,871
Paper, printing.....	53,558	18,752	402	404	2,584	2,865
Paper, wrapping.....	323	313	514	740	4,902	4,807
Platedware.....	224	198	2,520	2,013	3,155	4,828
Pumps.....	15	1	2,366	3,444	1,893	4,946

In some of these lines the United States trade suffered heavily, while in many of them the European trade suffered still more severely. Canada did not reap the advantage that she might have done, with the exception of paper and gum boots, the United Kingdom taking most of the trade lost to foreign countries. The growth of the imports of printing paper from Canada are very satisfactory, and it is to be hoped that under the advantages that are likely to be accorded to other papers under the new tariff, there will be a like development in other lines, as wrapping paper and paper bags.

NEW TARIFF.

The parliament of New Zealand has now under consideration a tariff which involves striking changes. The preferential tariff has been extended to cover a very great variety of lines. The preferences granted in the past are preserved on Canadian goods with the exception of paper hangings, on which it is proposed that the preference shall be removed at the end of October next. I have hopes that this exception will be removed and the advantages granted under the last tariff will be retained. The new tariff covers nearly all the lines that have been shipped from Canada and some lines in which it is proposed that business could be done. The principal advance proposed is on boots and shoes, on which a specific as well as an ad valorem duty is to be placed.

It will make the duty on the finer lines with the tariff deductions not much beyond what it now is, but on some of the cheaper lines the duty will be nearly 60 per cent. This will render importations impossible. The importers are petitioning for a lessening of the duties, and it is possible that the government may make some concession in this respect. Until the Bill is finally passed, it is not advisable to point out its effects upon Canadian trade. There is little doubt, however, that when passed, it should be very advantageous.

PROGRESS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

In my April report, I gave some figures showing the development of New Zealand, similar figures for New South Wales may be of interest. In connection with these figures it should be remembered that from 1896 to 1903 were the severest years of the drought that affected this state, beyond any other portion of the southern world, Queensland, perhaps, excepted.

		1896.	1906.	Increase 1896-1906.
Population ...		1,278,970	1,530,984	252,014
Agriculture—				
Area under cultivation, including grasses.....	Acres.	2,043,733	3,521,842	1,478,109
Wheat.....	"	866,112	1,866,255	1,000,141
".....	Bush.	8,853,445	21,817,938	12,964,493
Live stock—				
Cattle.....	No.	2,226,163	2,549,758	323,595
Sheep.....	"	48,318,790	44,132,421	4,186,369
Horses.....	"	510,636	537,427	26,791
Pigs.....	"	214,581	243,370	28,789
Mining—Total production.....	£	4,431,643	7,912,916	3,481,073
Manufactories—Hands employed.....	No.	49,840	77,758	27,918
Trade—				
Exports.....	£	23,010,349	45,638,388	22,628,039
Imports.....	"	20,561,510	34,665,363	14,104,853
Wool {.....	£	8,776,529	14,186,562	5,410,033
".....	Lb.	272,033,262	291,133,294	19,150,032
Frozen mutton {.....	£	326,879	613,806	286,927
".....	Lb.	68,934,768	57,433,510	11,501,258
Other meat.....	£	273,906	504,141	230,235
Tallow {.....	£	353,566	481,770	128,204
".....	Lb.	404,054	378,203	25,251
Butter.....	£	102,502	1,011,536	909,044
Railways and Tramways—				
Capital expended on lines open.....	£	38,821,875	48,175,067	9,353,192
Railways—Miles open.....	"	2,640	3,453	813
" net earnings.....	£	1,413,524	2,187,231	773,707
Tramways—Miles open.....	"	62	127	65
" net earnings.....	£	57,814	203,118	145,304
Postal money orders issued.....	"	1,638,241	3,075,894	1,437,653
Bank of issue—				
Deposits.....	£	30,548,640	41,791,367	11,242,717
Assets.....	"	44,312,263	45,452,671	1,140,408
Liabilities.....	"	31,975,485	43,862,727	11,887,242
Savings banks—				
Depositors.....	No.	213,608	302,050	178,442
Deposits.....	"	8,522,623	15,320,532	6,797,909

These figures will show how very much the increased prices and improved processes have had to do with the prosperity of the state. Though the sheep were over four millions less in number in 1906 than in 1896, they produced over 19,000,000 pounds more of wool, which yielded nearly five and a half million pounds sterling more in price. The increase in wheat production and particularly in that of butter, proves that Australia is not to be dependent solely upon pastoral industry in the future. The chief increase in mining was in coal, though there were considerable increases in both tonnage and values of silver, lead and copper.

SALMON FALSELY LABELLED.

The new Commerce Act, when carried into operation, is likely to have a beneficial effect upon British Columbia salmon. Hitherto it is claimed that both Columbia river and Alaska salmon have been labelled as 'Sockeye,' and thus came into competition with the British Columbia fish, which is a superior article. So far, there has been no exposure of the false labelling, but salmon producers in British Columbia should send their agents here information that they may have, which will enable them to take action to protect their interests. The price of salmon has advanced in this market in harmony with the advance on the Pacific coast.

FIJIAN PRODUCTS.

The Colonial Secretary of Fiji has been for some time in Melbourne, in order to secure a reduction of the duties on bananas and some other productions of Fiji. He has offered a preferential treatment of imports into Fiji from Australia in return for the concession which he asks. It is not likely that the Australian government will, at present, meet the request. Canada ought to be able to do so, as bananas ought to carry safely from Fiji to Canada, as might pineapples and other productions of the island.

VALUATION FOR DUTY.

There is a dispute between importers and the government as to the meaning of the clause in the Commonwealth Customs Act, which places the value of the goods for duty at the fair market value of the country in which the goods are purchased. The fair market value is interpreted to mean by the custom-house official of the Commonwealth, the price at which the goods are ordinarily sold in that country. The importers, on the other hand, contend that as large buyers, they are allowed special discounts, and also in consideration of the lessened expense to the seller, sometimes special prices below these charged to home customers, and that this should be taken as the fair market value. There is reason for this contention. When a manufacturer sells in his own country he is put to expense for travelling and for advertising, which he commonly does not incur when he sells to a buyer from abroad. A decision is shortly expected upon this matter.

IRREGULARITY OF MAILS.

There seems to have been some delays in the arrival of letters in Canada by the last two mails. It is possible that this is due to letters being sent by slow freight steamers going to California or by the way of England. At this end, occasionally, an error is made in the sending of letters to Melbourne that should go to Sydney, but there is not much complaint of letters failing to be received. The receipt of newspapers, is, however, irregular, much beyond what they ought to be.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, August 5, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE, 1901-1906.

Since the inauguration of the Commonwealth of Australia in 1901, there has been great expansion in Australian trade, but more particularly in the remarkable growth in the values of the exports. This result is to a great extent attributable to good seasons and the high prices ruling for wool, wheat, butter and other staple commodities. Through the courtesy of the newly-appointed Commonwealth statistician, I am sending herewith an amended statement of the total values of imports to and exports from the Commonwealth of Australia during the years 1901-1906, as ascertained by the official records of the Department of Trade and Customs, and published in the trade returns.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA TRADE RETURNS.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.		
		Australian Produce.	Other Produce.	Total.
	£	£	£	£
1901.....	42,434,011	47,741,776	1,954,396	49,696,172
1902.....	40,675,950	41,268,781	2,646,306	43,915,087
1903.....	37,811,471	45,658,883	2,591,229	48,250,112
1904.....	37,020,842	55,100,167	2,385,748	57,485,915
1905.....	38,346,731	54,127,758	2,713,277	56,841,035
1906.....	44,729,506	66,299,874	3,437,889	69,737,763

AUSTRALIAN TOTAL TRADE, 1901-1906.

The figures relating to the total value of the external trade, and value per head of population, of the Commonwealth, are given as follow:—

Year.	Total trade.	Value per head.		
	£	£	s.	d.
1901..	92,130,183	13	2	1
1902..	84,591,037	11	7	9
1903..	86,061,583	12	7	4
1904..	94,506,757	14	10	10
1905..	95,187,766	14	3	0
1906..	114,467,269	17	1	4

AUSTRALASIAN WOOL CLIP THE LARGEST ON RECORD.

A review of the Australasian wool trade for the year 1906-1907 has just been issued, and the statistics presented are recognized as authoritative in all parts of the world where wool is handled. Not only has the past season's clip been a record one, but the prices realized have been at the highest for the last twenty-five years. The Australian exports reached 1,663,130 bales, and the New Zealand exports 427,058 bales, making the grand total for Australasia 2,090,188 bales, thus not only a record, but also being the first time the 2,000,000 mark has been reached. It is estimated that an additional 40,000 bales has been required for home manufactures, which must be added to the figures relating to the total clip. The average price realized for each bale in the local markets was £14 3s. 11d., so that the total production has added £30,239,794 to the wealth of Australasia. The growing popularity of the wool sales in Australia and New Zealand is evidenced by the fact that 74 per cent was sold prior to export.

PRODUCTION OF WOOL IN EACH STATE AND NEW ZEALAND.

Through various reasons the exports of wool from each state in 1906-1907 do not indicate the actual production. The shipment figures from each state and New Zealand are as follow:—

	Bales.
New South Wales..	837,869
Victoria..	506,650
Queensland	117,550
South Australia..	146,431
Western Australia	40,789
Tasmania	13,841
New Zealand	427,058
	<hr/>
	2,090,188

AUSTRALASIAN SHEEP RETURNS.

Sheep numbers as at the close of the year, compared with twelve months previously, show a net increase of 9,711,782 head. The totals in Australasia now reach 103,548,330, and for the first time since 1897 (ten years ago) exceed 100,000,000. The returns for the various states and New Zealand are the latest available figures:—

States.	Sheep in 1906.
New South Wales..	44,132,421
Victoria..	12,937,440
Queensland	14,886,438
South Australia	6,700,000
West Australia..	3,200,000
Tasmania	1,583,560
	<hr/>
Australian states	83,439,859
New Zealand..	20,108,471
	<hr/>
Total Australasia..	103,548,330

NUMBER OF SHEEP SLAUGHTERED IN AUSTRALASIA, 1906-7.

It is interesting to note from the figures given below that the increases in flocks of Australasian sheep have taken place in spite that the slaughterings for home consumption and export amounted to nearly 16,000,000 head, as per details with particulars of population stated in the following table:—

States.	Population.	Number of Sheep Slaughtered		
		For Local use.	For Export.	Total.
New South Wales	1,543,360	3,173,185	1,253,185	4,426,370
Victoria	1,231,940	1,972,331	861,669	2,834,000
Queensland	535,110	350,918	90,682	441,000
South Australia	385,330	531,490	248,550	780,040
West Australia	262,946	525,000	.....	525,000
Tasmania	178,276	326,500	.....	326,500
Australian States	4,136,962	6,879,424	2,453,486	9,332,910
New Zealand	918,650	1,802,530	4,656,470	6,459,000
Total Australasia	5,085,612	8,681,954	7,109,956	15,791,910

As a considerable quantity of frozen mutton and lamb is being exported to Vancouver, the above figures should prove of interest to Canadian meat importers.

BEARING OF AUSTRALIAN COMMERCE ACT UPON CANNED SALMON.

Monthly Report, August, 1905, page 300, I referred to the fact that canned salmon was being imported into Australia under false labels, irrespective of source of supply or designation of quality. Since then the Australian Commerce Act has come into force, the basic principle of which is that all imported (as well as exported) goods must be true to description and to the labels thereon. False labelling is no longer possible, and inferior salmon will not be permitted to go into consumption in the Commonwealth under the superlative description of, say, Sockeye. Australian legislation prevents inferior food products being palmed off on consumers as prime, and the consummation long desired by British Columbia salmon packers has been realized.

AUSTRALIAN ORDERS FOR CANADIAN CANNED SALMON, 1907.

It is satisfactory to report, from personal investigation, that Canadian brands of canned salmon have, so far this season, secured the bulk of the orders in these states. In Melbourne alone over 15,000 cases of British Columbia salmon has been placed during the last few weeks, and more business is anticipated. Buyers speak very highly of the Maple Leaf brand of sockeye salmon, packed by the British Columbia Packers Association, as being a distinctly high grade fish, rich in oil and of fine appearance. Orders so far secured in this market have been, in the main, for Sockeye, as the prices have not been advanced over the rates ruling last year. The leading line of Puget Sound Sockeye—Scroll brand—has been quoted to wholesale importers at the following rates: 1-lb. flats at 7s. 4½d. (\$1.79), and ½-lb. flats at 4s. 10½d. (\$1.18½) per dozen cans, c.i.f. and e. (ex-ships slings, including exchange) Melbourne.

RED ALASKA CANNED SALMON.

Owing to heavy stocks of Red Alaska canned salmon having been carried over from last year, little business has been done this season, and no inducement has so far been held out to importers, for prices have advanced to about 3s. (73 cents) per case over the rates quoted at the opening of the season in 1906. The latest quotations for Red Alaska salmon to wholesalers are: 1-lb. flats at 5s. 6d. (\$1.33), ½-lb. flats at 4s. (97 cents), and 1-lb. talls at 4s. 10d. (\$1.17) per dozen cans, c.i.f. and e, Melbourne.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN GLOBE ONIONS.

The Brown Globe variety of onions is chiefly grown in sandy soil in districts quite close to Melbourne, within a radius of 20 to 30 miles, and is marketed between the months of November and February. They are grown in fairly large quantities

and are of fine quality, being suitable in the early part of the season—from November to January—for export. After January they rapidly skin and are seldom fit to carry any distance. In appearance the Brown Globe much resembles Italian onions, being round in shape and large in size. They are of a soft nature and are not flavoured for export to oversea countries, because, generally speaking, they have only one outside skin and are thus liable to become easily bruised. This variety has, however, been exported to America and South Africa in cases, but it is only through using extreme care in their selection and obtaining good handling in transit that shipments can be made successful. While primarily grown for early local and interstate consumption, large quantities are exported in bags to New Zealand and the distant states of Western Australia and Queensland.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN SPANISH ONIONS.

Brown Spanish onions are only grown in Victoria, so far as Australia is concerned, and they differ very materially from the Brown Spanish of European production in being much better skinned, generally having five outside skins, or envelopes. This has been achieved by special cultivation in crossing the seeds of various varieties, with the result that one of the finest onions in the world is grown. In appearance they are inclined to be flat, the idea being to create a kind of dome on top so as to throw off rain and thus bring them to perfection at maturity. On account of the climate and soil of this state being adapted to the growth of this superior product, the industry is rapidly extending. The total production this year is estimated to be between 25,000 and 30,000 tons, while the average yield for some years past has been over 20,000 tons. In many places the crop this year has been from 8 to 10 tons per acre. Brown Spanish onions commence to be marketed in Melbourne about the middle of February, and are fit for export about the first week in March. If the season is favourable for their growth, they continue in sound condition for export up to the end of October.

AUSTRALIAN SHIPMENTS OF ONIONS TO CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

For many years Melbourne produce merchants have been exporting Brown Spanish onions—in the reverse season—to San Francisco, but it is only in recent years that shipments have been made to Vancouver and other points in Western Canada. When the excellent quality of Australian onions is better known in Canada a large export trade, which is being carefully fostered in Melbourne, is looked for. The cost of casing is about 30s. (\$7.30) per ton, and exporters complain that steamship companies insist on freight on the gross weight, which, after allowing for the weight of cases, makes the freight about 20 per cent higher than if the onions were shipped in bags. Experimental shipments have, this year, been made in bags to Vancouver, and the onions arrived in splendid condition, besides considerably reducing their landed cost. There is certainly some element of danger in shipping onions in open gunnie bags to Vancouver—but apparently not a serious one—when large quantities are on board one steamer, in which case, if stacked more than three bags high, sweating might take place, whereas onions in cases are relieved from pressure and consequent injury from other cargo. The Commonwealth trade returns show that 3,322 cwt. of onions, valued at £1,589, were exported to Canada in 1906, and 8,195 cwt., valued at £2,786, to the United States.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE IN AMERICAN AXES.

Distinctly high grade axes manufactured in the United States hold the bulk of the Australian trade. The brands which find the most favour are Plumb, Kelly, Sharp and Collins. The Plumb, Sharp and Collins axe has the steel let into the blade, while the Kelly is what is, in the trade, commonly called an overcoat axe. There are some cheaper axes sold, but these do not get into the hands of the wood-chopper, being required for household purposes, where quality is not so keenly criticised. Patterns

vary considerably, from the narrow Maine to the slightly wider Yankee, and then to the Tasmanian, which has a very wide blade and short poll. The axes are invariably handled and packed in strong cases containing one dozen of a size, but more frequently one dozen of a desired assortment of weights. The greatest sale is for cases containing one dozen assorted, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, then from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, with a few lighter and heavier weights. There is no distinct classification in the Australian trade returns showing the quantities and values of axes imported. Axes are included in the item of tools of trade—duty free—of which the Australian importations in 1906 were valued at £341,297, the United Kingdom being credited with £161,523, and the United States with £159,350.

EXPORT PRICES FOR AMERICAN AXES.

Prices for American axes vary considerably, depending upon the brand and weight and to a slight extent the quantities ordered. The export prices are governed by an agreement entered into by the axe manufacturers in the United States. The rates are generally understood to be ex cars New York, with cartage to steamer extra. Carload lots of about 600 cases are frequently placed in Melbourne. Taking a $4\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. axe as a basis, the latest available New York export quotations, for popular brands in Australia, are Plumb's, \$9 net; Kelly's Perfect, \$9.50, less 7 per cent; Sharp's, \$9, less 10 per cent, and Collins', \$9, less 10 per cent, per case of one dozen.

DIFFICULTY IN INTRODUCING A NEW BRAND OF AXES.

To successfully place a new brand of axes on the Australian market is a most difficult matter. It would probably take several years of persistent effort and constant advertising to establish a brand now unknown, besides which quality, pattern and prices would have to be considered. In certain states the demand would be for Collins, while in others the trade would be divided between Collins and Plumb, but the Plumb axe is considered to have the largest sale throughout the Commonwealth. Competition is keen and marine freight is an important factor in being able to quote upon a c.i.f. (landed cost), Australian basis. The American axe manufacturers have their own travellers in this territory canvassing the trade and using every effort to secure orders. As a proof of continued effort, and that another brand can be introduced, it might be pointed out that a few years ago the only axe called for in Victoria was Sharp's (made by the American Axe and Tool Company), but now Plumb and Kelly axes control the bulk of the business in this state, and further, Plumb's Tasmanian pattern is used by most lumbermen in felling Australian hard woods as well as New Zealand soft pines.

CANADIAN AXES IN AUSTRALIA.

Some shipments of Canadian axes have been landed in Australia, but apparently the introduction of these goods was a spasmodic effort, and interest in the line has not been maintained to that point which should command a steady and increasing trade. While high quality is essential, there are other influences to be contended with of equal consideration, over which even lower prices would have a comparatively unimportant bearing, in securing a fair portion of the Australian axe trade for Canadian manufacturers.

AUSTRALIAN LEGISLATION ON PATENT MEDICINES.

Action has been taken by the Minister of Trade and Commerce to ensure that every patent medicine imported into the Commonwealth of Australia shall show on the label the various drugs and materials of which the medicine is composed. This is being done under the authority of the Commonwealth Commerce Act, which came into operation last year. On July 11, the minister ordered a regulation to be framed to deal with the matter. Instructions have been given to have analysis made in all cases where it is thought that there might be substances deleterious to health contained in

the medicines. The contents of all patent or proprietary medicines must be disclosed on the label of each bottle or package. The Commonwealth has no control over medicines bottled in the country. If it is imported in bulk, the bulk quantity only will come under the power of the regulation. The retailing of it has to be looked after by the states. Several patent medicines have already been stopped. One contained 30 drugs, each of which is used in about 12 ailments. The medicines were hereupon boomed as a cure for all those 360 diseases. The agents are forbidden from importing the medicine until they prove to the customs that it will do all it is alleged to do.

THE PACIFIC CABLE—DEFICIT DECLINING.

The Pacific cable, which is owned by the governments of Great Britain, Australia, Canada and New Zealand, continues to show a nominal deficit, but a declining one. The accounts for the year ended March 31 last are being adjusted in London, but it is expected that the deficit will amount to about £69,000, which will be borne by the governments owning the cable, in the following proportions: Australia, $\frac{1}{8}$ s; Great Britain $\frac{1}{8}$ s; Canada, $\frac{1}{8}$ s; New Zealand, $\frac{1}{8}$ s. The deficit is, however, really only a nominal one, as far as the working of the cable is concerned, because, when, in 1902, £2,000,000 of capital was raised by the British Government, the money was secured on the condition that it be repaid in fifty annual instalments. When accounts are made up the Pacific Cable Board has to be debited, not merely with expenses and interest, but with an annuity of, roughly, £77,000 a year as an instalment of the loan repayment. The loan repayment annuity for 1906-1907 amounted to £77,545, so that, apart from this item, the Pacific cable earned a profit of £8,500. The net deficit of £69,000 for 1906-1907 is, moreover, an improvement on the net deficit of 1905-1906, which was £72,556. The cable's revenue from messages was also an improvement on that for the previous year, being £102,000, as against £94,456 in 1905. Australia's share of the past year's deficit totals about £23,000. It was over £30,000 when the cable completed the first year's operations.

LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONES—MELBOURNE TO SYDNEY.

The Postmaster General has arranged the charges on the recently-completed telephone line between Melbourne and Sydney at 5s. (\$1.21) for three minutes—or part of three minutes—conversation during the day, but after 8 p.m. the charge is reduced to 2s. 6d. (60 cents) for a similar period. It is intended to allow the rates to stand for three months, and provided the result is favourable a reduction may then be made. The distance between Melbourne and Sydney covered by this special service is 605 miles. Substantial reductions have also been made over all the government telephone lines, and as a result the demand for telephonic communication is rapidly increasing throughout Australia.

AUSTRALIAN EXHIBITION OF WOMEN'S WORK.

October 23 next is the date fixed for the opening of the Australian exhibition of women's work at Melbourne. It is stated that the large exhibition building will not afford sufficient capacity for displaying the goods intended to be shown. The exhibition has developed to an extent which even those closely interested did not at its inception anticipate. Besides exhibits from all parts of the Commonwealth and New Zealand, no fewer than 75 other countries will be represented, and amongst the articles coming from abroad are exhibits from several crowned heads and members of nearly every royal family in Europe. An impression exists that the undertaking is merely a small exhibition of needlework, and similar branches of women's work, and the executive finds it rather difficult to make it understood that it is a great international display. Any person or firm able to make an exhibit of work of any kind in which women or girls are employed, or the products of their labour, are entitled to take advantage of the exceptional opportunity afforded by the exhibition.

It will be held at a time when Melbourne is full of visitors to the spring racing carnival, and apart from the manifold attractions of the exhibits themselves, a number of unique and attractive entertainments and amusements have been organized. Application has been made for the necessary space required for the installation and display of exhibits to be forwarded from Canada.

DEMAND FOR PICTURE MOULDINGS.

Canadian moulding manufacturers should turn their attention to the remarkable demand for all classes of moulding suitable for pictures and mounts, which importers find hard to satisfy in Melbourne and other centres. During the last few months there has been quite a revival in Australian art and the consequent demand for picture frames has greatly exceeded anything previously experienced. I shall be glad to receive catalogues of Canadian mouldings and lowest export quotations, upon the basis of delivered ex cars New York, in order to submit same to some of the largest importers in Melbourne. If the prices are right a large business can be looked for with confidence. It would be well to submit a few small samples by parcel post in order to show the standard qualities.

THE NEW AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

It is probable that the proposed new customs tariff will be submitted by the government to the parliament of the Commonwealth within the next fortnight. In anticipation of increased duties—especially upon beer, spirits and tobacco—very heavy clearances have been recently made in all Australian importing centres. Upon the introduction of the new tariff, the Superintendent of Commercial Agencies, Ottawa, will be notified by cable of any changes of likely interest to Canadian exporters.

D. H. ROSS.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., July 20, 1907.

GREAT BRITAIN'S FRUIT CROP.

The season of the year has now come when a fair indication of the fruit crop of Great Britain can be given. From all indications the apple crop of Great Britain will be very light, one county probably excepted, Somerset, where they are looking forward to a fair crop, but for the purpose of manufacturing cider mostly.

From all I can hear, the apple crop in Canada promises to be good, and I can only still further follow out my advice to apple shippers to exercise even greater care than usual in the packing and shipping. I have followed up very closely the different shippers from Canada, and it is strange that year after year certain men always ship only first-class stuff, and very few complaints are made. On the other hand, year after year we see the same names appearing on poor quality and careless packing. I think however, that the latter cases show the amateur shipper and speculator more than the careful professional. If our Canadian shippers would only see the foolishness of making careless shipments, it would certainly pay them much better. It costs as much to ship a barrel of poorly packed and badly assorted apples to Great Britain, as it does to ship a barrel of the best, and the average made by the poor article brings the price obtained down most tremendously. Some firms have such a good name that no trouble is experienced in obtaining top prices; but the whole system of shipping to this side of the water, I do not think is good.

DIRECT SHIPMENTS.

I think that more direct shipments should be made. The filling up of Liverpool and London with no great care exercised as to quantities or regularity of shipments, allows the fruit broker to practically have command. I am glad to see that more attention is being paid to this district this year. Some large contracts have been made for direct shipments into this centre, which is one of the largest users in Great Britain; but the wholesale fruit men hitherto have been obliged to go to the larger shipping ports and buy their goods at auction.

From time to time I have received inquiries from Canada for direct shipments, and have put people into communication; but I regret to say that in several cases it has not been at all satisfactory. The sellers in Canada have their money and goods are not shipped either in quality or quantity as purchased, and in some cases lawsuits have followed, which to say the least of it, is a very expensive and very unsatisfactory way of settling matters of the kind.

PLUMS.

Plums will be very plentiful here this year. Still, as that does not interfere with anything in the matter of Canadian shipping, it may not interest our people. I believe a very large business could be done with plum pulp to the jam makers here even though the crop may be large in this country.

PEARS.

I should like to see an effort made to ship pears in larger quantities from Canada. What have been shipped are very much liked; but what really is required in this country in pears is a smaller size. All fruit is sold by the pound weight, and a pear running about five or six to the pound would bring a much larger price than those usually shipped from Canada, namely, two or three to the pound.

DECLINE OF PIG-REARING IN GREAT BRITAIN.

A report has just been published by the Pork Packers' Association of Great Britain, backed by the National Federation of Meat Traders, on the decline of pig-rearing in Great Britain. It points out that for the year ending June, 1905, there was a decrease in the number of pigs raised of 590,030 as compared with 1904. And for the year ending June, 1906, there was another decrease of 20,576; the latter figure would have been a much greater decrease but for Ireland's increasing 80,220. England's decrease for the year ending June, 1905, was 393,129, and for the year ending June, 1906, it was 99,624.

GOVERNMENT AID.

The report draws attention to the assistance rendered by the colonial and other governments by way of experiments, data, and expert advice, and hopes that the British government will follow their example. Sixteen million pounds a year is going out of Great Britain for bacon and hams, three and a quarter millions for lard, and close on two millions for pork. Evidently some efforts are to be made to try and overcome this decrease, but no large hope seems to be held out.

CANADA'S OPPORTUNITY.

It would appear to me that with the standing Canada has now as a bacon exporting country, our farmers should devote even greater attention than heretofore to the raising of pigs. It is acknowledged that no country produces a finer quality of bacon pigs than Canada.

P. B. BALL.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE BUILDINGS,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., August 28, 1907.

HULL IMPORTS.

The following are the aggregate imports of certain articles into the port of Hull up to the 27th of August, 1907, as compared with the same period for 1906:—

	1907.	1906.
Wheat, bushels	22,029,920	21,395,368
Flour, cwts.	147,657	258,668
Barley, bushels	2,686,688	1,511,728
Oats, bushels	1,057,032	2,031,888
Peas, bushels	192,240	215,160
Linseed, bushels	4,195,336	2,851,296
Cloverseed, cwts.	45,200	38,248
Rapeseed, bushels	493,600	528,144
Timber, hewn, loads	151,308	147,422
Deals, &c., sawn, loads	278,188	293,134

CROPS AND TRADE.

According to the Beerbohm estimates, the wheat-importing countries of Europe are likely to require 536,000,000 bushels this year, as against 448,000,000 bushels last year. In France the crop is about the same as a year ago, and in Scandinavia a trifle bigger, but Germany, which last year took 68,000,000, will this year require 104,000,000 bushels. Belgium and Holland will need to import about 68,000,000, and Italy about 48,000,000 bushels. Austria-Hungary, instead of having a surplus, as last year, will require to import about 24,000,000, while the United Kingdom, which last year imported 174,000,000 bushels, is expected this year to import 216,000,000 bushels.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

BRISTOL, August 31, 1907.

INSTRUCTION FOR GROCERS' CLERKS.

An interesting pamphlet, entitled 'Grocers in the Making,' has been published by the National Association of Grocers' Assistants. This publication describes the beginning and the development of technical education so far as the grocery trade is concerned, and is replete with suggestive matter. In Bristol the co-operation of the local Grocers' Association with the Merchants Venturers' College has led to the organization of a series of most useful and practical lectures, and the support of the Assistants Association has for the past two years assured the success of the movement.

The lectures have covered a wide field, the chief object being to stimulate in the clerk an intelligent interest in and knowledge of the various lines they handle, including sources of supply, the varying qualities of goods from different countries, the systems of distribution adopted for various products, and so on; an effort is also made to instruct the young men in methods which will enable them to set up business for themselves, and conduct it with a reasonable chance of succeeding. Leaders in the trade have freely given the students at these lectures the benefit of their experience, not only in handling the groceries, but in dealing with the 'personal equations' which arise out of transactions with importers, wholesalers and the public.

AN ADMIRABLE SYSTEM.

My reason for referring to this subject is that I am convinced that much good would result from an extension of the idea, whereby the young people intending to take up a given line of business might be provided, in the larger towns and cities at least, with practical instruction from these whose standing and experience would render their instruction of the greatest value to the business life of the community.

THE WELSH COAL FIELDS.

In connection with the recent extension of the docks at Cardiff, the following figures regarding the South Wales coal fields may be of interest:—

In 1855 the South Wales coal field exported 8,552,270 tons, and in 1906 nearly 44,000,000 tons. Between thirty and forty millions sterling are invested in the collieries, which in regard to export facilities are better off than the great Midland areas. The coal field is nearly ninety miles in length from east to west, and from eighteen to twenty miles at its greatest breadth. The whole area is estimated at about 1,000 square miles; it begins near Pontypool in Monmouthshire, on the east, extending to St. Bride's bay in Pembrokeshire on the west, and it affords employment for about 140,000 miners. It is often asked, how long will the Welsh coal field last? Sir Charles McLaren, chairman of the Tredegar Iron and Coal Company, recently estimated that 28,335,000,000 tons of available coal remained unworked.

W. A. MACKINNON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

MANCHESTER, September 3, 1907.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on August 31, 1907; together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month:—

	31st Aug. 1907.	31st July 1907.	31st Aug. 1906.
Bacon	16,585	15,998	22,355
Hams.....	9,870	4,018	3,816
Shoulders	7,797	5,352	4,136
Butter	5,219	3,627	14,888
Cheese (full shapes).....	88,852	69,173	58,647
" (50 lbs. and under).....	478	796	
Lard (Prime Steam Western)	8,594	9,936	4,315
Lard (Imported Pure Refined Lard) in tierces, firkins or other packages	1,892	1,649	1,702
Lardine and Compound.....	21	48	113

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBEGD No. 4, September 3, 1907.

FOREIGN TRADE OF SWEDEN.

The Norwegian minister at Stockholm, Sweden reports as follows in regard to the foreign trade of Sweden for the period January-July, 1907:—

According to official information, the foreign trade of Sweden this year shows a favourable result as compared with previous years. Especially does the effects of the good harvest in 1906 now commence to be felt. The imports of grain is thus considerably lower than in 1906. It was as follows in each of the years:—

January-July.	1906.	1907.
Wheat	112,504 tons.	80,622 tons.
Oats	38,627 "	14,645 "
Rye.....	38,810 "	4,984 "

The export of the same category of goods has at the same time gone up to such an extent, that the surplus of the import, especially as regards oats and rye, has about disappeared, the crop of these grains seeming to have been quite sufficient to cover the demand of the whole country. Otherwise the import side does not show any larger difference from former years except that the import of fertilizing stuffs is continually rising.

As regards the exports it may first be noticed that during the above mentioned period in 1907 there was exported 60,903 tons pig-iron against 54,459 tons during the same months in 1906, and that the export of this article since 1903 very near has doubled itself.

The export of the principal articles belonging under the iron and steel groups show the following results:—

January-July.	1906.	1907.
Iron in bars (cuts)	3,307 tons.	3,165 tons.
Rolled wire	3,488 "	13,645 "
Tubings and fittings	6,365 "	10,594 "
Nails of all kinds	3,007 "	3,824 "

It is not, however, only the production of the above mentioned half manufactures within this group that show an increase, but also the more finished manufactures. It is especially to be noticed, that the total export during the first seven months of machinery, implements and tools from a value of kroner 11,376,000 (\$3,033,600) in 1906 has gone up to kroner 14,120,000 (\$3,765,330) in 1907, while at the same time also the import within the same group has risen from kroner 12,250,000 (\$3,260,000) to kroner 15,263,000 ((\$4,070,000).

Within the ship-building industry there is still a stagnation; import for more than 5 million kroner (\$1,333,300) and export for only 30,000 kroner (\$8,000).

The export of paper and wood-pulp is as the following, comparing figures show in rapid growth:—

January-July.	1906.	1907.
Cardboards	7,491 tons.	9,567 tons.
Paper	71,171 "	71,277 "
Wood-pulp, chem., dry	124,736 "	155,577 "
Wood-pulp, chem., wet	12,229 "	18,566 "
Wood-pulp, mech., dry	26,248 "	27,946 "
Wood-pulp, mech., wet	38,214 "	46,103 "

LABOUR CONFLICTS AT THE NORWEGIAN MILLS.

The labour conflicts at the Norwegian pulp and paper mills referred to in my June and July reports have finally been settled, and the work has been taken up again at the different mills no doubt to the satisfaction of both the mill owners and the workingmen. The agreement is binding for three years, so at least during this time the production will go on unhindered.

HARVEST PROSPECTS.

Owing to continued rain and cold weather, the prospects for a good harvest in the Scandinavian countries and Denmark are now not as good as they were a month ago. Although the quantity of hay will be unusually large, the quality is less satisfactory, and in many places bad. As to the cereals, these have not got much further than they were a month ago, the fields still standing green in most places with small prospects of ripening. Still if the weather becomes settled and it does not freeze during September, there may yet be a fair cereal crop harvested, but the chances are utterly small.

APPLE CROP A FAILURE.

The apple crop of Norway may be considered entirely a failure this year, partly on account of the cold summer and partly on account of damages done by insects in the spring. For this reason there will likely be imported quite considerable of apples to Norway during the coming winter, on which the Canadian exporters of apples should have their attention.

C. E. SONTUM.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., September 7, 1907.

A NEW ANNEALING PROCESS.

According to the *Sheffield Telegraph*, an engineer of Sheffield has invented a new annealing process. The principle of the new annealing furnace is that the re-heating of the steel is performed in a chemically reducing instead of in a chemically oxidizing atmosphere. This is the effect of burning air in gas instead of having, as in the ordinary annealing furnace, gas burning in air. A small producer-gas plant is an integral part of the installation. The producer-gas is led through recuperating chambers, and air already heated to a high temperature is forced under pressure into the gas. A great saving of fuel is effected in this way. A small coal, much cheaper than that at present employed in annealing, can be used, and owing to the close proximity of the producer-gas generator to the annealing furnaces, and to the fact that the furnaces are built down into the ground, with only their covers at the floor level, there is but little loss of heat through radiation.

ADVANTAGES CLAIMED.

The great advantage claimed for the new process is that the finest high-speed and crucible steels can be annealed without oxidizing or 'scaling' the surface of the bars. By the older process the scaling of the thin bars amounts to as much as two per cent of the material, which is a consideration with steel sold at as much as 1s. 3d. a pound. Moreover, the new process gives a uniform dead softness to the steel so that it may be cut with a penknife, and this is considered a valuable property in the case of steels that have to be made up into twist drills, milling cutters, reamers, &c., before being hardened again after the tools have been shaped.

No other annealing furnace for steel bars is gas-fired, and it is found that annealing can be done with four hundredweight of coal per ton of steel annealed, whereas the ordinary annealing furnace requires nearly a ton of coal per ton of steel annealed. The complete process is accomplished in forty-eight hours, whereas in all other annealing furnaces in steel works both in Great Britain and abroad the thermal treatment occupies four, five or six days, and results in more or less oxidation of the surface of the material.

P. B. BALL.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)*CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., September 14, 1907.

CIDER.

I would hesitate to say that as a beverage cider is supplanting beer, but it is a fact that it is more largely consumed now than formerly. Devonshire cider is preferred, but considerable quantities are imported from the United States. The trade and navigation returns do not give the quantity and value. In connection with a recent inquiry from Canada as to its sale, I obtained some information that may be of value to Canadian manufacturers. New oak barrels are of no use for cider, not even if they are parafined inside, and the only media fit to ship cider in are good old whisky casks, and the rule of the trade is that the price includes the barrels. London, so far as I can learn, absorbs the major part of the imports, and prices to be entertained are made delivered there. Unless the cider is made upon the most up-to-date principles it will not command a sale, and upon it being scientifically refined depends its value. Without an anti-ferment the stock will not stand shipment. A London firm writes that they are in the market to purchase up to 5,000 casks imperial gallons and in whisky casks only, and price quoted ex-ship London or Liverpool, samples submitted and stock up to sample. The wholesale price of Devonshire cider as furnished by a large and reputable firm averages from 1s. to 1s. 3d. per gallon.

CIDER WITHOUT APPLES.

Complaints are rife in Somerset of the adulteration of cider to such an extent that there is hardly anything more adulterated, but owing to the absence of any standard it is very difficult to institute proceedings to suppress it. In one of the chief cities of England, a large proportion of the samples taken of what was called cider, have been found quite unfit to drink, and were certainly not produced from the apple. In many towns, even in Somerset, it is hard to get genuine Somerset cider drawn from the wood. What the inquirer is offered is generally an insipid, sparkling, bottled product with a flashy label which never was beneath the Somerset press. The National Fruit and Cider Institute are taking samples in the hope of obtaining evidence, which will result in a standard for cider being fixed by the legislature.

C.I.F. PRICES.

I wish to emphasize my remarks contained in monthly report No. 158 regarding the importance of quoting c.i.f. prices to intending British purchasers. Within the last two weeks I have had two cases wherein prices were quoted f.o.b. factory, and parties interested here would not entertain them, and insisted on c.i.f. prices Manchester, necessitating a good deal of delay, and a possible buying of such goods elsewhere. It would also be well to quote sterling price as well as in Canadian currency.

HOUSE FURNITURE.

I am assured by the managing director of a large furniture importing company that the Canadian manufacturers of house furniture would find a much larger market in this country than now exists, if they would conform to the slight detail of finish

that the British public demands. In the matter of office furniture the Canadian article meets all the requirements, as a different class of people is interested in such, and presumably the buyers of same are more limited than in bed-room and dining-room suites and sideboards. The imports of furniture in July, 1907, were £68,431 as against £54,950 in July, 1906. The total imports for seven months ending July 31, 1907, were £336,858, and for the same period in 1906, £355,464. It is in medium class furniture, the quality most in demand, that the chief objection is taken, and then only as regards the polishing which is deemed deficient, and might easily be remedied without much cost. No objection whatever exists regarding the patterns and style of Canadian furniture in this city and district.

THE COAL TRADE.

The higher prices for all kinds of coal have to some extent been the result of an excellent demand for foreign countries. Shipments continue on a large scale, over 5,842,000 tons being exported during August, against 5,201,500 tons in the same month of last year. The figures for the first eight months of the year are 42,972,000 tons, as compared with 38,029,000 tons in the corresponding period of 1906.

Several continental countries such as Germany and France are taking much more freely than twelve months ago. If the shipping demand continues on the present scale there is little chance of relief to home users in the way of lower prices.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns for the month of August, 1907, recently issued the total imports were £49,296,585, as against £48,889,137 in 1906 and £46,856,729 in 1905, an increase of £407,448 over 1906, and of £2,439,856 on 1905.

The exports amounted to £37,355,044, compared with £33,492,614 in 1906 and £29,517,836 in 1905, an increase of £3,862,430 over those of 1906 and of £7,837,208 over those of 1905.

For the eight months ended August 31, 1907, the total imports amounted to £429,850,513, which is an increase of £31,848,351 over the imports for the corresponding eight months in 1906.

The exports for the same period amounted to £284,124,844, which is an increase of £36,595,752 over the exports for the similar period in 1906.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,

YOKOHAMA, August 30, 1907.

EXPORT OF COPPER.

Statistics apart, it is readily appreciated by people on the street that Japan is a copper producing country. A string of drays laden with copper bars or pigs is a common sight. Referring to the export of copper, the figures show its production to be a valuable and rapidly increasing industry:—

	Quantity.	Value.
1904..	Kin. 34,903,132	Yen 12,907,775
1905..	34,040,107	16,048,452
1906..	56,610,864	25,004,955

(1 Kin — 1½ lbs; 1 Yen — 50 cents.)

The principal market is Hong Kong, which with China included takes 12,236 tons at the value of \$4,254,401.

The next highest buyer is Great Britain, with 4,162 tons at \$1,581,146. But Hong Kong being a British possession, if the export to that colony be added to that of Great Britain, the British customer for Japanese copper will be found to take 13,134 tons, for which he pays \$4,615,275, which will be practically one-half of Japan's total export averaged over the latter three years.

THE PORCELAIN TRADE.

Japan has achieved much of its distinction, in the view of Foreign peoples, from the high level of excellence and the artistic fame of design associated with its manufacture of porcelain. But the so-called advance of Japan has been in some important respects a retrogression; and not necessarily so, but seemingly inevitable, very greatly to the regret of those who for art's sake appreciate artistic things.

The export of porcelain has suffered a sudden falling off, which is accounted for by two of the best authorities on trade matters in this country, in the following terms:

The *Japan Chronicle (Kobe)* says: 'Small shipments continue to be made to South China, but in North China stocks are glutting the market, in consequence of the foolishly large shipments made after the war. It is known that stocks have accumulated in Kobe and Osaka without buyers. The manufacturers in the porcelain centres are directing their attention to the home market, and business is practically suspended whilst making alterations of plant, &c. The export of porcelain goods, this year so far, is less than one-half of last year, the price declining by from 20 to 30 per cent.'

The *Osaka Asahi (Rising Sun)* referring to the present depression in the export of porcelain, observes that the value of porcelain exported about ten years ago was only some 1,800,000 yen per annum. Since, the trade increased year by year to 2,400,000 yen in 1902. The outbreak of the war between Japan and Russia further stimulated the trade, until in 1904 it increased to 3,800,000 yen, and to 5,300,000 yen the following year. After the war the trade increased by leaps and bounds, the value for last year amounting to 8,000,000 yen. Although much of this marked increase was due to the successful issue of the war, the increase should have been maintained.

As usual, however, with all Japanese manufacturers, the porcelain makers turned out bad goods and shipped them at random, with the result that Japan porcelain forfeited its good reputation abroad. This was most noticeable in America. Some of the shippers to America are known to have entirely lost their custom, while others have received demands either for damages or for reduction of prices.

The Japanese, taking on the ways of the world, find that one thing entails another. The 'strenuous life' makes strenuous living for many people; and there is no reason why the people of the Orient should be exempt from the operation of the rule. When they lived the simple life they made things for fame, enduring things. Now they have to make things to sell, things they can get their money out of; and things that will not last, so that they may the sooner have to make them again.

But the making of porcelain of high quality and chaste form is not in immediate danger of becoming a lost art. Those who want a good article, and are willing to pay the price, can get it of the highest order of merit. Those, however, who want a good thing of course, but who must have it dirt cheap, and don't know the difference, will find the Oriental, whether artist or art dealer, prepared to give them an experience of the 'Golden Rule' on the David Harum plan that should make them wiser for a long time.

GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

It is current in the Japanese press, and is no doubt authentic, that the Japanese government has sent information to the governments of the powers concerning the Grand Exposition to be held in Tokyo, in 1912, from April 1 until October 31 of that year. The government explains that the exposition will be the greatest ever held in

Japan, and that the present estimates of expenses provide ample financial basis. A desire is expressed that foreign governments will support the scheme and encourage the contribution of exhibits. Foreign exhibits pertaining to education, technology, industries, machinery and electricity will be afforded space in the educational, technological and electrical halls, which are to be built by the Japanese government. Foreign governments taking part will build their own special halls for the display of their goods, in which case the sites will be let free of all charges, and special facilities will be furnished for importing the necessary building materials, &c.

Baron Kaneko, a member of the Privy Council, who has just been appointed chief director of the exhibition, is quoted by the *Osaka Jiji (Times)* as follows:—

‘The great exhibition of 1912 is one of the works for the promotion of Japanese interests abroad, and is intended to attract exhibitors from all parts of the world. The failure or success of the exhibition, therefore, will largely affect the national reputation of Japan. The authorities concerned must consequently conduct the affairs of the exhibition with the determination to obtain success even greater than has been attained by the World’s exhibitions held in Europe and America from time to time. They must plan all details, and exercise all their energies to attract foreign visitors to Japan. As the result of the Japan-China and Japanese-Russian wars, the national glory of Japan has been manifest abroad; but, by the mere influence of victory in war alone, Japan cannot claim to have entered the comity of the first-class powers. The coming exhibition will give the best possible opportunity to show the real power of Japan to the world, and her claim to enter the ranks of the first-class powers in name and in reality. The utmost efforts must therefore be made to ensure the success of the exhibition.’

SAFE BANKING.

At the half-yearly meeting recently of the shareholders of the Japan Credit Mobilier, Limited, the vice-president, who presided, said that notwithstanding the unsatisfactory conditions in the investment field they had been able to declare a dividend as previously at the rate of seven per cent. On the general business situation the vice-president gave the following aptly descriptive view of what he called ‘the general economic condition in Japan’:—‘After the business boom which prevailed so lately a reaction showed itself during the period under review, resulting in the collapse of the share-market, and the general business depression. Financial circles were threatened, the public was seized by panic, and bankers were led to operate with great caution, the period ending in an all-round depression. The banks worked with caution and circumspection, carefully avoiding the possibility of risk. Such being the case, nothing worthy of note was achieved, but at the same time there was no ground for any anxiety as to the condition of the banks.’

PROMOTING TRADE.

Upon the subject of trade prospects in Manchuria the United States Consul General at Mukden, referring to the difficulties to be overcome, says:—

‘As the prospective purchaser cannot travel to the United States for himself, he should be given opportunity to make local examinations. The Chinaman does not care to order articles which he has not seen. An illustrated catalogue may interest, but it does not convince him. In the Occidental markets other methods may be successful, but in gaining a foothold in Manchuria active representatives with samples of goods or exhibits of machinery will be able to secure results, while years of education in western business methods may be necessary before the native merchant will be tempted to engage in correspondence carried on at a distance of several thousand miles with firms with whose goods he is acquainted only through illustrated pamphlets. The Japanese have realized the necessity for establishing intimate relations between the seller and consumer. Their large firms have agents in all the principal Manchurian cities, while under government auspices they have opened a commercial exposition at

Tieh-ling, and will shortly open another at Mukden, for the purpose of placing their goods directly before the public.'

This is quoted for the purpose of backing-up what has been made to appear from time to time in these reports since their begining, and what has been put forward from time to time in correspondence with prospective exporters,—that is, that the Oriental dealer will not close a transaction unless in view of the article, or its equivalent, which is the subject of negotiation. That being the case it is necessary in Japan, as in Manchuria, that the thing offered for sale shall be demonstrated in some way before the buyer. What the Japanese themselves require at home, they know will be required of them over in Manchuria, and they supply it in advance of their commercial movement.

ANGLO-JAPANESE ENTERPRISE.

A few months ago a representative of the Armstrongs, English manufacturers, was in this country completing arrangements with the Hokkaido Colliery and Steamship Company for the joint operation of an extensive steel plant. Construction work is now going on; and as there is no lack of capital on either side, the Hokkaido Company having their railway capital set free by government purchase, a great undertaking may be regarded as assured. Now it is announced by the *Japan Chronicle* of Kobe that 'Coates Cotton' is going 'to be made in Japan.'

The particulars are to the effect that a Mr. Murai, a well-known capitalist who amassed a large fortune in the tobacco and cigarette business before the government monopoly was established, has agreed with the well-known firm of cotton-spinners, Messrs. J. and P. Coates, of Scotland, to form a company with a joint stock of 3,000,000 yen for the manufacture of cotton thread in Japan. The style of the company is the Teikoku Seishi Kaisha (The Imperial Thread Manufacturing Company). On the first instant, the inauguration meeting was held in Tokyo, and Mr. Murai was elected chairman of the board of directors. The board was completed by the election of leading business men including a member of the Coates firm and other foreign promoters. Mr. Murai contributes his thread factory at Osaka, and the Murai spinning mill in Kyoto, in part towards the capital of the company. The factories are to be largely extended, adopting machinery of the most modern type.

THE CIRCULATING MEDIUM.

The total amount of currency including hard cash and Bank of Japan notes, in circulation at the end of each month from January to June last, was as follows:—

Bank of Japan.

January.	Y 463,847,597	Y 326,806,706
February.	459,534,694	319,027,012
March.	445,652,348	318,732,159
April.	426,932,873	299,355,568
May.	422,518,354	294,202,480
June.	463,020,274	332,855,906
Average for 6 months, Notes.		315,163,305
Average for 6 months, Specie.		131,754,385
		<hr/>
		Y 446,917,690

(1 yen — 50 cents.)

INSURANCE ABUSES.

The Department of Agriculture and Commerce, finding that the development of the insurance business in this country has led to keen competition with various resultant evils, have ordered local authorities to report upon the following matters:—

1. Evils attending competition in canvassing for business.
2. Differences arising out of the settlement of claims.
3. Evils attending canvassing and medical inspection for life risk.
4. Whether there is anything which necessitates legal intervention to prevent property being insured above its actual value against fire; and if so, what measures should be taken.

JAPANESE SLATE.

Until lately the working of slate in Japan was limited to one locality, with production on a small scale, not sufficient for home consumption. The discovery of the great deposit in Formosa, about two years ago, will, it is expected, not only make Japan self-supporting in the matter, but also enable her to export largely. The proprietors have already received orders from Manchuria and Korea to the amount of 40,000 yen; and it is stated by the *Kobe Herald* that negotiations are said to be now in progress between a firm of foreign merchants at Kobe and the company with a view to exporting 6,000,000 pieces for roofing, and 4,000 for billiard tables, the estimated value being about 500,000 yen, to a foreign country. It is believed, according to Japanese papers, that Japan will easily be able to compete with Germany in the trade. Builders in the Pacific coast country of Canada might do well to take note of this, and make their wants known to this office as occasion arises.

BANK OF JAPAN.

The fifteenth annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Japan was held on the 17th of August, Mr. Matsuo, the governor, occupying the chair. The accounts presented showed the following results of the year's operations, the capital being, yen 30,000,000:—

	Yen.
Gross profit.	3,950,467
Dividends (12 per cent per annum)	1,800,000
To reserve.	750,000
To bonuses.	202,000
Carried forward.	1,198,467

(1 yen—50 cents.)

THE ORIENTAL FLOUR TRADE.

According to the Trade Register of Seattle, the Oriental millers appreciate gluten in flour; although for more gluten, as in the Canada product, they do not show any disposition to pay more money. According to this authority, 'the Japanese millers are extracting every particle of gluten from the grain, and their bran is of poor quality, but it is being offered at such a low figure that a return shipment is feared in California.' Practical men in the trade, however, give the assurance that 'the fear expressed, that by-products of Japanese milling will cut into the American market, should not be taken seriously. The double freight rate that must be paid more than offsets the difference in wages. Despite the fact that Japanese millers are introducing American machinery, Japanese business men engaged in the export trade from Seattle declare that the Japanese mills have not yet become efficient, and that their operations are not extensive. The Japanese flour importers are in touch with the development of the flour trade in their home country, and they hold that the Orient will continue to be a buyer of flour instead of becoming a seller of bran to America. Flour milling is a very interesting business, but is done largely upon a rather narrow margin of profit. This circumstance will operate seriously against milling in Japan, which does not afford a market for milling by-products proportionate to extensive milling.

Manchurian grain-growing has not reached an advanced stage; and, so long as the crude methods employed are continued, Pacific coast millers have no fear from that

market. The shipment of wheat from the United States and Australia to Japanese and Chinese mills is heavy, but it does not interfere with the market for American flour in the Orient. As a matter of fact, the Coast millers cannot supply the flour demanded in the Oriental markets.

DELAY OF SHIPMENTS AND DAMAGED GOODS.

There has been correspondence between the department and this office about ill-conditioned butter received in this market from Canada during last summer and autumn; and also about the delay of butter shipments.

A letter of explanation under date of July 12, copy of which has been forwarded to this office, throws some light upon the allegation of delay; and it does not need to be said that delay of perishable goods leads to damage.

The letter in question, accounting for a case of delay and irregularity of supply, and consequent breach of contract, says:—

‘The first shipment of this order was billed at Calgary on January 15, to go forward by the *Empress of Japan* on January 22. This shipment for some reason did not leave Vancouver until nearly a month later, by the *Empress of China*.’

Now, here was an example of latter-day transportation: creamery butter, which transportation people all know is perishable, leaving Calgary on the 15th with seven days to get to Vancouver for the *Empress* sailing on the 22nd, by which it should have reached Yokohama in nineteen days from Calgary. Instead, it was allowed to lie a month in the sheds at Vancouver, arriving here on the 3rd of March.

If this were a solitary or casual incident it would perhaps not justify the public recording of defective public service. But it is the common complaint with regard to the Canadian Pacific Railway service, in respect of this particular product, the class of butter in question is treated too often with the same consideration as ordinary freight; that is, left over for the *Tartar* and the *Athenian*. Apportioning the complaints to the small quantity, the evidence is that table butter coming here from Canada is very much treated as a common article of freight.

Now that the *Tartar* and the *Athenian* are permanently withdrawn from the route, there will apparently be only the *Monteagle* as a common receptacle for left-over freight. This condition of things it is to be hoped will not last long, in view of the great additions just announced for the Northern Pacific fleet, and now on the route between this and United States ports.

It should be again mentioned that it is regarded here as not creditable to Canadian enterprise, that there is no cold storage afforded by the Canadian route. Australia with efficient cold storage, and represented by Australian houses, easily overcomes the disadvantage of greater distance and tropical route.

A RECORD CARGO.

The *Monteagle*, of the Canadian Pacific Railway line, leaving here for Canada two days ago took over a record cargo, comprising 31,198 chests of tea and 2,456 bales of silk; and a general passenger list of over 1,100.

A. MACLEAN.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. P. B. Ball.)*39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., September 19, 1907.

COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE TRIALS.

Some interesting experiments are now being conducted in England with commercial motor vehicles. Not until during the last ten years have developments of road locomotives been possible owing to legislative restrictions prior to the passing of the Motor Car Act of 1896. Since 1896 further favourable legislation has encouraged experiments in road traction, and it is predicted that in Great Britain there is a great future for commercial motor vehicles, not only on account of their extreme usefulness where factories and commercial houses have no railway sidings, but also on account of the high railway rates in existence. Whether or not these vehicles could be run to profit in Canada in competition with electric car traction is questionable, as conditions in the two countries naturally differ very much.

Under the auspices of the Royal Automobile Club a series of trials have been organized as a test of their reliability, and as a demonstration of the extent to which the commercial motor has been put to use. Fifty-six vehicles of British and continental manufacture started from London on September 9, and fifty-four of them reached Birmingham yesterday.

Hitherto steam propelled automobiles have held the fields for loads as heavy as five tons, and an interesting feature of the trials is the running of vehicles driven by internal-combustion engines, in competition with the heavy steam lorries, wagons and tractors. The whole of the vehicles are graded in classes according to their weight carrying capacity. Class A comprising machines having a load of 10 cwt., and class F consisting of those carrying five tons. Steam tractors, which are in a special class by themselves, have a load of six tons, which includes the weight of the trailer. Of the fifty-four vehicles in the trials eleven are steam driven, and forty-three are propelled by internal-combustion engines, and of the latter type three use paraffin as fuel.

COST OF WORKING.

The working cost of these vehicles is given as follows: Class A, 10 cwt. loads for averages of 400 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £322 per annum, or 3·7d. per vehicle mile; class B, 1 ton loads for average of 400 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £361 per annum, or 4·2d per vehicle mile; class C, 30 cwt. loads for average of 400 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £406 per annum, or 4·7d. per vehicle mile; class D, 2-ton loads for average of 350 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £426 per annum, or 5·8d. per vehicle mile; class E, 3-ton loads, for average of 300 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £510 per annum, or 7·85d. per vehicle mile; class F (petrol vehicles), 5-ton loads, for average of 260 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £543 per annum, or 13·1d. per mile; class F (steam vehicles), 5-ton loads for average of 200 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £403 per annum, or 9·3d. per vehicle mile; class H (tractors), 6 tons behind drawbar, for average of 200 miles a week, an inclusive cost of £356 per annum, or 8·2d. per mile. These costs are based upon the experience of many users, and include interest, depreciation, wages, fuel, stores, repairs, insurance. and sundry contingencies.

TRIALS GIVE SATISFACTION.

The vehicles proceed from Birmingham further north until October 10, when the trials terminate. Their journey from London has given every satisfaction, and the trials are being watched with great interest by all classes of business men in Great Britain.

P. B. BALL.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of August and the *twelve months* ended August 31, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	Month of August.			Twelve months ended August, 31.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia	7,744	10,793	1,153	471,384	526,303	645,680
New Zealand.....	593	780	7,389	308,611	304,583	316,965
Canada	82,721	46,925	16,382	307,830	241,284	103,174
Totals	91,058	58,498	24,924	1,087,825	1,072,170	1,065,819
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark	136,794	141,083	140,923	1,639,899	1,642,202	1,770,361
France	35,314	36,827	40,167	344,883	354,852	265,411
Germany.....	1,372	1,509	1,163	3,198	10,144	8,014
Holland	23,994	19,472	17,815	209,530	201,449	173,507
Russia	68,633	83,014	88,681	393,802	543,716	673,608
Sweden	15,224	17,851	20,415	190,399	180,641	223,517
United States.....	18,806	23,825	27	63,587	180,614	28,974
Other countries.....	8,942	5,886	4,292	172,676	140,000	128,055
Totals.....	309,079	329,467	313,483	3,017,974	3,253,618	3,276,447
Grand totals	400,137	387,965	338,407	4,105,799	4,325,788	4,342,266

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—			305			3,515
Australia	640		3,171	80,435	117,432	184,594
New Zealand.....	275,625	319,430	327,030	1,905,701	1,960,583	1,776,826
Canada						
Totals	276,265	319,430	330,506	1,986,136	2,078,015	1,964,935
Foreign Countries—						
France	3,073	2,090	3,541	52,031	43,240	45,512
Holland	22,237	20,308	20,432	211,219	230,055	229,405
United States.....	6,439	23,286	2,089	181,539	250,456	131,934
Other countries.....	4,688	8,025	6,542	61,111	84,090	74,488
Total	36,437	53,709	32,604	505,900	607,841	481,339
Grand totals.....	312,702	373,139	363,110	2,492,036	2,685,856	2,446,274

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Ham, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during *months* of August and the *twelve months* ended August 31, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Return.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	213,404	168,051	174,930	1,111,904	1,230,259	1,182,774
Denmark.....	120,314	125,907	153,405	1,574,811	1,443,325	1,702,235
United States.....	154,328	214,634	200,734	2,818,855	2,789,464	2,484,750
Other countries.....	10,823	20,259	10,620	93,561	99,711	106,229
Totals.....	498,869	528,851	539,689	5,599,131	5,562,759	5,469,988

HAMS.

Canada.....	64,121	42,761	49,042	267,986	277,492	266,469
United States.....	82,611	101,196	101,353	1,061,190	1,049,360	877,363
Other countries.....	423	245	430	3,530	2,692	3,251
Totals.....	147,155	144,202	150,825	1,332,706	1,329,544	1,147,083

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	8,456	18,582	29,702	126,536	382,188	148,058
Newfoundland.....	1,914	1,755	1,348	6,902	8,657	7,082
France.....	3,578	1,044	928	55,319	28,342	25,738
Norway.....	12,900	22,969	14,528	162,728	208,386	139,990
Portugal.....	18,660	9,789	7,650	119,044	110,515	112,153
United States.....	2,271	13,656	5,178	183,593	232,083	107,533
Other countries.....	28,150	35,307	19,462	390,939	455,000	398,191
Totals.....	75,929	103,102	78,796	1,046,061	1,425,171	938,745

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	1,500	2,060	600	328,736	245,262	233,931
Belgium.....	188,638	193,338	162,957	2,143,016	2,440,994	2,207,641
Denmark.....	453,610	398,556	383,986	3,772,458	3,762,386	3,856,155
France.....	152,571	104,765	121,676	1,574,462	1,481,678	1,287,034
Germany.....	96,734	110,666	195,277	2,470,850	2,671,213	2,678,629
Russia.....	812,601	739,250	672,494	7,665,289	7,284,186	6,486,307
Other countries.....	32,844	27,373	30,743	1,313,394	1,080,470	1,222,007
Totals.....	1,708,498	1,578,008	1,567,733	19,268,205	18,966,189	17,971,704

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ended August 31, 1898 to 1907.

MONTH OF AUGUST, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners	Nation- ality not Distin- guished.	Total Emigrants
1898.	1,934	263	135	2,332	900	.....	3,322
1899.	2,365	276	137	2,778	2,338	23	5,139
1900.	2,897	283	189	3,369	2,906	26	6,301
1901.	2,042	583	274	2,899	1,834	13	4,746
1902.	2,683	451	216	3,350	2,665	51	6,066
1903.	4,388	999	268	5,655	2,937	99	8,691
1904.	5,382	1,196	358	6,936	1,461	11	8,408
1905.	7,743	1,092	409	9,244	2,686	15	11,945
1906.	11,013	1,936	492	13,441	3,294	.....	16,735
1907.	11,215	3,168	906	15,289	4,597	.....	19,886

TWELVE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 1898 to 1907.

1898.	14,087	1,655	957	17,482	8,632	47	26,161
1899.	14,726	1,614	919	17,259	15,412	82	32,753
1900.	14,667	1,598	878	17,143	29,905	125	47,173
1901.	13,164	2,167	1,247	16,578	26,353	90	43,021
1902.	18,628	3,237	1,459	23,324	35,536	134	58,994
1903.	44,695	9,811	2,431	56,937	41,877	275	99,089
1904.	52,041	11,927	2,753	66,721	24,159	84	90,964
1905.	65,013	13,878	3,349	82,240	25,199	62	107,501
1906.	84,075	20,279	4,129	108,483	24,409	32	132,917
1907.	105,216	33,007	7,004	145,227	31,922	.....	177,149

COLONIAL DAIRY PRODUCE REVIEW.

(*W. Weddel & Co., London, Eng., year ended June 30, 1907.*)

CANADIAN BUTTER IMPORTS INTO UNITED STATES.

The receipts of Canadian butter for the past year were about 6,925 tons, or 45 per cent less than in the previous twelve months. This was due partly to the manufacture of Canadian cheese paying better than butter, and partly to the droughty conditions which prevailed in the dairy districts of the Dominion. This import was the smallest since 1901, and from January to June of this year imports from Canada were nil.

QUALITY AND PRICES.

The quality of Canadian butter slowly improves year by year, but does not make the advance it ought to do. Canadian butter, which begins to arrive in May, has all the advantages of a usually rising market here for the five months from July to November; but butter makers in the Dominion make practically no progress in increasing their supply to our markets. The refrigeration facilities that now exist for placing Canadian butter here in about 14 days after its manufacture are such that the quality is virtually as good as when it is made, and the high prices which are obtainable for Danish and other Continental butters of 'choicest' quality should make the exportation of best quality Canadian a profitable business.

CHEESE.

The profitable import of cheese into this country has apparently reached a well-defined limit, which leaves little or no room for expansion. Notwithstanding the attraction of high prices, induced very largely by the scare last year in American tinned meats, the import of cheese for the year ended June 30 last was 1,000 tons below that of ten years ago. Contrast this with the import of butter, which exhibits an increase in the same period of 60,000 tons. New competitors for the supply of cheese to our markets have, therefore, a very uphill task before them, as only by displacing existing supplies can they succeed in getting a footing. This is worthy the serious attention of the dairy interest in New Zealand and Australia, which tempted by the high price of cheese for the last two years, is now expending considerable capital in fitting up cheese factories, in the expectation of a permanent success attending their enterprise. It is difficult to understand the basis on which such expectation exists, as the average price in British markets of Canadian cheese for the past two years is 11s. 9d. per cwt. (or 1½d. per lb.) above the two preceeding years, and 10s. 7d. per cwt. (or 1½d. per lb. above the average of the eight years from 1898 to 1905 inclusive.

COLONIAL CHEESE.

Colonial cheese is slowly but surely ousting the foreign article from British markets. Up to 1904 this operation has been practically carried on by Canada, for until the last two years, when abnormally high prices of cheese have enabled New Zealand to export to this country at a profit, the Australasian product showed scarcely any increase. The total import from New Zealand for the past ten years has been only 40,008 tons against 836,665 tons from Canada, an annual average of 4,000 against 83,666 tons. Before the abnormally high price of the last two years the increase from New Zealand from 1898 to 1905 inclusive, was only 1,674 tons, while within two years the increase has been 4,525 tons. This would appear to suggest that if prices go back to their normal level, and there are at present no sound indications to the contrary, an early check to the cheese industry may occur in New Zealand.

QUALITY.

There has been a steady improvement in quality for some years, both in Canada and New Zealand cheese, and this feature was well maintained during the year just ended. The improved methods of curing at ranges of temperatures lower and better controlled than formerly, the more suitable arrangements for transit, and, in the case of Canadian, for storage after arrival here have brought these desirable results.

PRICES.

The year ended on June 30 last will long be remembered for the high prices which have prevailed all through. In July, 1906, the average top price of Canadian was 58s. 6d. per cwt. and for the remaining eleven months, it has been above 60s., ranging from 60s. 6d. in August, 1906, to 68s. 6d. last May. Such a continuous run of high prices has not been witnessed since 1878. For the highest price in any individual month, April, 1903, keeps the record for the past thirty years, with an average of 17s. 9d. per cwt., against 68s. 6d. in May, the highest of the present year. The price of first grade New Zealand on the London market also never came below 60s. from December to June. It rose steadily from 60s. at the date of the first arrival early in December to 67s. in the beginning of March, when a decline began, and 62s. was reached at the end of April. A rapid rise occurred in May, and towards the close of the month 68s. was made, which was the highest point of the season. In June values again fell away to 63s. per cwt.

EXPORTS OF SUGAR FROM MAURITIUS.

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Exports of Sugar from Mauritius during the Years ended December 31, 1904, 1905 and 1906.

NOTE—Rupce=32·4 cts. Kilo=2·204 lbs.

COUNTRIES.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	1904.		1905.		1906.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Kilos.	Rs.	Kilos.	Rs.	Kilos.	Rs.
Aden	38,195	7,369	328,109	65,916	447,193	88,338
Australia	3,546,594	709,311	3,471,835	694,408	4,761,325	952,265
Barbados	1,177,645	235,529				
Canada			10,488,237	2,097,648		
Cape Colony.....	38,144,051	7,592,893	30,550,946	6,126,165	28,788,806	5,780,918
Ceylon.....	176,485	34,802	113,809	23,764	118,410	22,870
Cochin China	15,068	3,014				
Delagoa Bay.....	3,658,915	731,785	2,714,234	542,846	4,759,835	951,966
Dependencies of Mauritius	94,010	17,474	89,605	17,541	97,747	18,760
France.....			184	37	86	15
Great Britain	26,409,059	5,265,736	7,701,796	1,521,129	10,310,952	2,065,767
Hong Kong.....	1,450,830	266,748	6,407,524	1,221,425	15,906,072	3,061,266
India	115,490,180	21,841,131	94,982,357	18,806,307	113,069,839	21,090,870
Japan.....			99,392	19,879		
Natal.....	7,353,090	1,459,789	7,045,170	1,409,109	4,479,408	865,881
Philippine Islands.....	2,152	430				
Pondichery.....	1,476	295			3,798	759
Seychelles.....	267,916	52,998	201,284	42,056	198,244	37,086
United States.....					3,446,491	689,298
Ship's Stores.....			376	75	1,033	208
Total sugar, raw.....	197,825,666	38,219,304	164,194,858	32,588,335	186,389,239	35,626,267
Total exports, Mauritius—						
Home produce.....		39,562,925		33,693,411		37,155,826
Foreign ".....		2,442,749		1,034,611		1,604,000
Totals.....		42,005,674		34,728,022		38,759,826

IMPORTS OF DUTIABLE IRON AND STEEL INTO CANADA.

STATEMENT showing Value of Imports of Dutiable Iron and Steel entered for Consumption into Canada from Great Britain, United States, Other Countries and Total during the Year ended June 30, 1906, compared with the same items Imported during the Year ended June 30, 1907, under the Customs Tariff, 1907.

	FROM GREAT BRITAIN.		FROM UNITED STATES.		FROM OTHER COUNTRIES.		TOTAL.	
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and Steel Manufactures—								
Agricultural implements.....	39,404	34,044	1,574,185	2,468,405	885	1,742	1,614,564	2,504,191
Bar iron or steel rolled, rods or bars, &c.....	509,147	965,436	1,004,270	1,935,273	28,312	31,789	1,341,729	2,922,498
Canada plates: Russia iron, terme plate and rolled sheets, &c.....	573,690	627,638	126,457	312,684	278	1,047	699,744	941,369
Castings in the rough.....	16,982	22,045	368,840	431,479	.....	135	385,792	453,659
Cast iron pipe.....	356,427	446,563	91,023	66,733	.....	.....	447,450	513,296
Cast scrap iron.....	26,321	133,344	33,595	198,342	.....	.....	60,086	337,232
Chams.....	64,201	147,171	216,074	278,987	4,540	3,042	284,815	429,200
Cutlery.....	419,554	476,230	145,985	129,777	173,156	216,469	738,095	822,476
Engines, locomotives for railways.....	80	350	338,039	823,167	.....	.....	338,179	823,517
" gasoline.....	1,219	26,048	404,104	469,359	.....	363	405,323	495,770
" steam and boilers.....	135,735	149,182	460,564	616,244	.....	203	596,299	765,629
Fittings for iron or steel pipe.....	5,492	10,347	381,312	461,815	30	.....	386,834	472,162
Ferr i-silicon, suiegeleisen and ferro-manganese.....	363,686	650,266	84,389	68,958	14,664	78,006	462,739	797,230
Forgings of iron or steel, &c.....	4,427	3,791	165,365	205,388	534	.....	170,326	209,179
Hardware.....	81,302	78,477	666,005	701,594	4,803	6,014	752,110	786,085
Iron and steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars, &c; less finished than iron or steel bars, but more advanced than pig iron, &c.....	173,353	337,409	387,142	265,888	103,299	126,290	663,794	749,537
Iron or steel bridges or parts thereof; iron or steel structural work, columns, &c., or in any further stage of manufacture than as rolled or cast.....	1,871	17,912	500,475	455,540	.....	.....	508,345	473,452
Iron in pigs.....	454,125	1,900,782	946,322	1,632,377	6,000	.....	1,401,047	3,593,159
Locks.....	7,574	7,164	273,491	352,401	2,241	3,201	283,306	362,766
Machines, machinery, &c.:—								
Automobiles.....	112,097	122,808	459,687	770,810	74,087	112,928	645,871	1,006,546
Ore crushers and rock crushers, stamp mills, cornish and belted rolls, rock drills, air compressors, cranes, derricks and percussion coal cutters.....	54,793	23,224	151,311	126,562	489	1,188	206,593	150,974
Portable engines.....	.....	3,154	717,785	1,005,904	.....	.....	717,785	1,009,058

IMPORTS OF DUTIABLE IRON AND STEEL INTO CANADA—Continued.

STATEMENT showing the Value of Imports of Dutiable Iron and Steel entered for Consumption into Canada from Great Britain, United States, Other Countries and Total during the Year ended June 30, 1906, compared with the same items Imported during the Year ended June 30, 1907, under the Customs Tariff, 1907—Continued.

	FROM GREAT BRITAIN.		FROM UNITED STATES.		FROM OTHER COUNTRIES.		TOTAL.	
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and steel manufacturers—Con.								
Machines, machinery—Con.								
Printing machines, printing presses, folding machines, bookbinders, bookbinding, ruling, embossing and paper cutting machines.	51,590	48,708	326,641	307,378	9,180	9,022	387,411	365,108
Sewing machines.	14,120	22,714	269,279	322,243	790	827	284,189	345,784
Threshers and separators.			359,986	432,046			359,986	432,046
Typewriting machines.	426	91	282,897	452,264		50	283,323	452,405
All other machines, machinery, &c.	326,937	512,754	5,290,379	7,683,467	139,733	105,394	5,757,049	8,301,615
Mould boards or shaves or plough plates, land sides and other plates for agricultural implements, &c.	926	2,085	182,853	245,211	5,548	1,720	189,327	249,016
Pumps.	8,744	4,490	246,653	173,612	5,823	9,148	261,220	187,250
Railway bars or rails of any form, punched or not punched, for railways, &c.	659,264	243,771	548,822	1,759,534	6,462	13,014	1,214,548	2,016,319
Railway fish plates.	28,024	21,838	144,243	218,840		115	172,267	240,793
Rollad iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, joists, girders, zeos, stars or rolled shapes.	488,644	958,215	1,165,888	2,019,301	317,480	403,015	1,972,012	3,380,531
Rollad iron or steel hoop, band, scroll or strip.	65,525	77,109	168,379	290,751	7,176	8,416	241,080	376,276
Rollad iron or steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared, &c.	140,033	213,911	218,245	414,853	35,996	7,676	394,274	636,440
Rollad iron or steel sheets not less than 30 inches in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness.	139,768	199,217	754,732	513,042	9,752	1,981	904,232	714,840
Rollad iron or steel sheets, &c.	403,520	694,725	292,374	499,024	23,286	27,542	719,180	1,221,291
Sheets flat of galvanized iron or steel.	621,331	1,006,795	479,797	507,479		173	1,101,128	1,513,447
Sheep iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.	17,655	4,077	869,732	1,228,218		868	888,257	1,233,163
Stoves.	2,390	1,359	467,556	595,752	3,035	5,925	472,981	603,036
Tools and implements.	81,114	110,552	1,294,261	1,508,554	61,173	59,419	1,436,548	1,678,525
Tubing.	109,513	179,539	1,066,654	1,270,827	34,184	44,738	1,210,351	1,495,104
Wire-agate, enamelled, iron or steel hollow ware.	20,795	31,258	203,344	169,988	47,450	57,386	271,589	258,632
Wire.	274,017	433,706	625,819	1,106,142	52,003	50,379	951,839	1,650,427

Iron or steel nuts, washers, rivets, and bolts, &c.,	5,937	28,892	112,347	181,650	73	721	118,357	211,263
Iron or steel scrap, wrought, being waste or refuse, includ- ing punchings, cuttings, &c.,	167,830	405,832	129,816	200,111	27,628	8,395	325,269	614,338
Guns, rifles, muskets, cannons, pistols, revolvers, &c., . . .	31,047	251,432	323,479	401,377	80,148	63,114	434,674	715,923
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates, . . .	1,933	2,779	344,403	323,433	1,024	1,436	347,360	327,698
Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, &c.,	284,917	451,846	560,971	687,380	10,466	18,957	856,354	1,161,183
All other iron and steel,	336,898	590,230	3,603,958	5,028,135	129,964	166,567	4,090,820	5,784,932
Total iron and steel manufactures,	7,703,757	12,763,310	29,830,608	42,378,899	1,422,707	1,654,161	38,957,072	56,796,370
<i>Recapitulation.</i>								
Iron and Steel Manufactures Imported under—								
General tariff,	370,935	408,729	29,805,622	41,935,291	593,611	655,995	30,770,218	43,000,015
Preferential tariff,	7,173,622	10,382,779	24,986	20,933	84	3,130	7,173,706	10,387,909
Surtax tariff,	159,150	317,136	1,654,666	422,675	25,824	967,212	1,013,148	1,305,281
Free imports under customs tariff 1907, but dutiable under customs tariff, 1897, . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,103,165
Total,	7,703,757	12,763,310	29,830,608	42,378,899	1,422,707	1,654,161	38,957,072	56,796,370

TRADE OF FRANCE (Eight Months).

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *eight months* ending August, 1906 and 1907.

	Eight months ending August.		+ Increase. - Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	110,367,400	127,318,200	+ 16,950,800
Raw materials.....	499,544,800	522,651,400	+ 23,106,600
Manufactures.....	129,384,000	150,551,000	+ 21,167,000
Total imports.....	739,296,200	800,520,600	+ 61,224,400
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	87,582,200	93,374,200	+ 5,792,000
Raw materials.....	190,018,400	204,179,200	+ 14,160,800
Manufactures.....	346,669,600	384,325,800	+ 37,656,200
Small parcels.....	49,743,600	51,656,200	+ 1,912,600
Total exports.....	674,013,800	733,535,400	+ 59,521,600
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	739,296,200	800,520,600	+ 61,224,400
Exports.....	674,013,800	733,535,400	+ 59,521,600
Total trade.....	1,413,310,000	1,534,056,000	+ 120,746,000

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *eight months* ending August, 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	Eight months ending August.		+ Increase. - Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat	Algeria-Tunisia.....	31,394	103,900	+ 72,506
	Other countries.....	115,900	115,968	+ 68
	Totals.....	147,294	219,868	+ 72,574
Oats	Algeria-Tunisia.....	44,757	60,358	+ 15,601
	Other countries.....	227,386	117,017	- 110,369
	Totals.....	272,143	177,375	- 94,768
Barley	Algeria-Tunisia.....	13,633	93,190	+ 79,557
	Other countries.....	23,271	16,596	- 6,675
	Totals.....	36,904	109,786	+ 72,882
Rye	All countries.....	289	9,895	+ 9,606
Corn	All countries.....	222,897	339,560	+ 116,663

NOTE. — Metric ton = 1,000 kgr. = 2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from September report of A. Poindron, commercial agent at Paris.

TRADE OF GRENADA.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping of Grenada during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			SHIPPING.	
			Imports.	Exports.	Total.	British.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1895.	285,649	318,003	855,131	837,163	1,692,294	501,805	510,154
1896.	273,872	294,545	751,438	894,896	1,646,334	444,230	445,728
1897.	277,269	284,938	799,865	751,602	1,551,467	442,363	443,808
1898.	305,992	280,378	1,025,811	1,252,066	2,277,877	421,007	434,198
1899.	334,617	288,880	1,103,897	1,302,992	2,406,889	389,432	464,048
1900.	342,433	305,228	1,132,911	1,516,847	2,649,758	427,873	439,009
1901.	341,031	318,718	1,199,959	1,479,146	2,679,105	536,166	543,742
1902.	354,307	334,189	1,163,653	1,511,595	2,675,248	564,431	577,035
1903.	341,956	341,216	1,145,807	1,380,016	2,525,823	543,715	569,190
1904.	335,766	338,277	1,247,176	1,565,928	2,813,104	627,903	632,291
1905.	340,443	350,244	1,154,646	1,381,917	2,536,563	636,834	659,086
1906.	349,358	342,511	1,087,452	1,022,730	2,110,182	589,560	595,534

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Grenada during the Years 1895 to 1906.

IMPORTS, BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Barbados.	Canada.	Other British.	France and French Possessions.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.	379,984		205,135		1,966	266,377	1,669
1896.	323,560		206,853		1,285	218,382	1,358
1897.	383,946	123,180	13,704	58,395	1,854	216,707	2,079
1898.	479,979	141,800	31,025	96,079	1,703	272,888	2,337
1899.	496,017	164,892	32,845	116,664	6,473	280,505	6,501
1900.	513,881	139,177	38,670	102,609	7,899	323,984	6,691
1901.	554,571	125,428	54,818	106,632	3,163	346,643	8,704
1902.	513,064	98,331	44,481	104,584	2,672	390,876	9,645
1903.	545,742	65,554	76,334	71,560	2,322	373,580	10,715
1904.	570,821	127,463	57,480	96,618	5,583	370,260	18,951
1905.	487,066	104,551	103,918	105,708	2,054	338,360	12,989
1906.	421,604	117,101	74,251	135,893	3,368	325,565	9,670

EXPORTS, BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Barbados.	Canada.	Other British.	France and French Possessions.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.	684,915		27,331		100,564	22,810	1,543
1896.	824,894		28,178		10,254	30,660	910
1897.	674,792	6,507		14,332	14,727	39,449	1,795
1898.	1,185,393	4,541		11,553	6,497	43,454	628
1899.	1,073,000	9,164	2,792	15,473	123,745	67,866	10,952
1900.	1,260,851	6,229	1,372	18,674	69,340	155,125	5,256
1901.	1,103,345	5,543	443	16,080	160,157	189,234	4,294
1902.	1,294,222	6,560		44,681	30,932	128,723	6,477
1903.	982,088	3,995	252	55,341	81,848	252,925	3,567
1904.	1,018,642	6,603		19,269	218,372	297,479	5,563
1905.	885,592	5,173	3,918	25,213	164,512	287,108	10,401
1906.	583,523	6,744	2,278	26,237	174,514	217,442	11,992

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Imports, Exports, and Aggregate Trade for Grenada during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1906.

IMPORTS.

Calendar Years.	Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics.	Raw Materials.	Manufactured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895	414,226	83,166	357,739	.....	855,131
1896	345,743	55,529	350,166	.....	751,438
1897	372,777	51,859	375,229	.....	799,865
1898	433,269	80,139	496,537	15,866	1,025,811
1899	508,275	91,080	489,333	15,209	1,103,897
1900	527,316	104,157	498,064	3,374	1,132,911
1901	519,254	111,164	539,626	29,915	1,199,959
1902	538,384	116,245	507,306	1,718	1,163,653
1903	490,682	113,529	532,321	9,275	1,145,807
1904	579,999	108,974	539,519	18,684	1,247,176
1905	568,874	98,326	456,075	31,371	1,154,646
1906	523,829	79,151	449,792	34,680	1,087,452

EXPORTS.

1895	792,994	37,497	5,699	973	837,163
1896	854,815	31,429	2,915	5,737	894,896
1897	724,681	20,994	1,333	4,594	751,602
1898	1,227,680	23,135	900	351	1,252,066
1899	1,270,901	19,788	7,801	4,502	1,302,992
1900	1,475,315	31,564	8,021	1,947	1,516,847
1901	1,440,484	29,146	9,516	.....	1,479,146
1902	1,455,006	32,076	9,864	14,649	1,511,595
1903	1,297,429	41,454	9,660	31,473	1,380,016
1904	1,507,577	50,560	7,791	.....	1,565,928
1905	1,344,718	22,590	9,986	4,623	1,381,917
1906	950,164	48,516	12,726	11,324	1,052,730

AGGREGATE TRADE.

1895	1,207,220	120,663	363,438	973	1,692,294
1896	1,200,558	86,958	353,081	5,737	1,646,334
1897	1,097,458	72,853	376,562	4,594	1,551,467
1898	1,660,949	103,274	497,437	16,217	2,277,877
1899	1,779,176	110,868	497,134	19,711	2,406,889
1900	2,002,631	135,721	506,085	5,321	2,649,758
1901	1,959,738	140,310	549,142	29,915	2,679,105
1902	1,993,390	148,321	517,170	16,367	2,675,248
1903	1,788,111	154,983	541,981	40,748	2,525,823
1904	2,087,576	159,534	547,310	18,684	2,813,104
1905	1,913,592	120,916	466,061	37,994	2,536,563
1906	1,473,993	127,667	462,518	46,004	2,110,182

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Imports into Grenada, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

Principal Articles.	IMPORTS INTO GRENADA—CALENDAR YEARS.											
	Totals.			From Great Britain			From United States.			From Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Animals, living	10,040	12,711	3,961		1,548	58	2,716	1,844	905	10		
Boots and shoes	26,737	16,420	21,380	20,570	12,833	15,053	4,288	2,263	4,054	200		
Bread	19,184	18,771	15,393	628	214	131	14,356	12,760	13,008	462	384	243
Butter	9,465	9,747	9,860	1,844	1,430	1,076	161	92	88	4,555	5,022	5,270
Cheese	5,723	5,416	4,618	564	564	526	4,229	4,067	3,986	102		49
Earthenware and glassware	16,303	11,899	11,023	7,947	6,267	5,733	477	1,071	735			
Fish	73,779	77,219	60,192	2,784	2,205	266	20,655	1,859	1,824	3,553	29,224	20,157
Flour, wheaten	155,743	153,581	140,783		5		137,799	136,057	125,919	6,331	15,612	11,514
Flour, malt	8,954	6,978	6,492	3,256	4,526	3,635	633		4,142			
Malt, liquor	2,618	4,180	5,314	506	370	521	1,762	3,090				
Meat	46,293	44,442	41,902	3,353	3,290	3,358	34,577	39,118	36,456		83	214
Meats	21,077	63,797	68,089	15,088	48,783	54,847	2,200	10,458	8,643	5	102	248
Metal manufactures—hardware	60,580	18,001	19,461	45,854	2,428	1,470	9,782	14,434	13,899	39	107	3,918
other	18,877	31,258	34,713	9,197	3,119	8,428	13,660	21,579	22,484	2,482	200	131
Oats	33,001	30,713	31,696	23,807	24,649	25,949			15			
Oils	2,195	5,790	2,482				6,370	4,258	3,514	968	4,904	1,698
Rice	21,179	18,814	15,447	11,606	9,139	6,394			3,514	323	107	44
Shingles	24,737	21,086	17,432	22,386	19,223	15,413	9,275	12,317	9,027		243	
Soap	33,035	38,514	34,514	603	341	200	17,656	7,985				
Sugar	52,408	46,764	37,337		5,674	6,771	6,608	7,985	6,312	32,845	43,454	33,055
Timber, sawn	16,600	13,797	13,481	8,550	26,518	43,158	2,136	185	341	5	15	1
Tobacco	45,815	31,594	51,426	39,337	20,518	43,158			15		5	
Wearing apparel & haberdashery	1,752	6,253	4,867	5,187	4,526	3,314			70,698	5,600	4,354	*
Wines	486,182	435,530	400,939	346,607	299,891	222,380	60,443	65,223				
All other articles												
Totals (merchandise)	1,228,493	1,123,275	1,052,772	570,821	483,543	418,757	370,260	338,360	325,505	57,480	103,918	74,251
Coin and bullion	18,683	31,371	34,680		3,523	2,847						
Total imports	1,247,176	1,154,646	1,087,452	570,821	487,066	421,604	370,260	338,360	325,505	57,480	103,918	74,251

* Principal articles added exceed total by \$2,291.

TRADE OF CANADA WITH JAPAN.

STATEMENT showing the Trade of Canada with Japan during the Six Months ended December 31, 1902 to 1906; Six Months ended June 30, 1903 to 1907; and Years ended June 30, 1903 to 1907. (From Canadian Returns).

		IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce	Foreign Produce	Total.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Six months ended Dec. 31,	1902.	282,411	530,713	813,124	206,527	147	206,674	1,019,798
"	" 1903.	308,845	819,479	1,218,324	153,530	4	153,534	1,371,858
"	" 1904.	415,769	787,645	1,203,414	259,757	1,128	260,885	1,464,299
"	" 1905.	494,213	500,114	994,327	231,704	284	231,988	1,226,315
"	" 1906.	563,372	552,471	1,115,843	340,256	2,623	342,879	1,458,722
Six months ended June 30,	1903.	399,258	216,034	615,292	118,411	96	118,507	733,799
"	" 1904.	473,505	255,402	728,907	188,273	309	188,582	917,489
"	" 1905.	560,182	165,290	725,472	248,852	1,188	250,040	975,512
"	" 1906.	551,813	127,402	679,215	260,571	1,543	262,114	941,329
"	" 1907.	567,574	334,119	901,693	240,629	62	240,691	1,142,384
Year ended June 30,	1903	681,669	746,747	1,428,416	324,938	243	325,181	1,753,597
"	" 1904.	872,350	1,074,881	1,947,231	341,803	313	342,116	2,289,347
"	" 1905.	975,951	952,935	1,928,886	508,609	2,316	510,925	2,439,811
"	" 1906.	1,046,026	627,516	1,673,542	492,275	1,827	494,102	2,167,644
"	" 1907.	1,130,946	886,590	2,017,536	580,885	2,685	583,570	2,601,106

TRADE OF MAURITIUS.

(From *Mauritius Returns*.)

No. 1 — VALUE of the Total Imports and Exports from and to each Principal Country during the Years ended December 31, 1902, to 1906, inclusive. (*Including Coin and Bullion*.)

NOTE.—Rs.—Rupees. Rupee—32·4 cents.

IMPORTS.					COUNTRIES.					EXPORTS.						
1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.		1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.		1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	<i>British Empire.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
8,224,250	10,307,582	11,108,714	7,357,174	8,971,262	Great Britain	4,365,353	4,348,861	6,288,850	2,564,944	3,098,753		19,253,313	23,266,342	40,990,104	33,829,216	36,758,759
1,059,311	967,962	1,528,541	1,258,972	1,624,660	British Australasia—	1,095,201	961,729	711,057	695,776	963,241		22,674,825	23,206,342	23,206,342	22,330,509	22,330,509
14,991,482	16,747,513	14,699,315	11,752,154	12,927,210	New Zealand	22,674,825	24,153,404	23,206,342	19,253,313	963,241		5,548,531	7,961,145	7,961,145	5,798,316	5,798,316
40,586	29,274	23,610	10,487	3,363	Canada	5,548,531	3,881,065	7,640,576	2,097,648	265,080		87,803	278,436	278,436	6,142,956	6,142,956
39,830	110,492	257,683	8,982	62,753	Cape of Good Hope	87,803	278,436	796,145	6,142,956	265,080		1,454,712	883,079	313,171	1,233,647	3,077,187
63,905	66,283	71,734	54,889	38,834	Ceylon	1,454,712	883,079	313,171	1,233,647	3,077,187		24,661	339,504	1,464,540	1,485,641	434,821
1,982	8,089	1,522	14,691	3,738	Hong Kong	24,661	339,504	1,464,540	1,485,641	434,821		290,431	247,419	235,460	108,663	183,940
.....	3,786	1,107	505	16,918	Natal	290,431	247,419	235,460	108,663	183,940		16,990	41,810	11,082	7,911	6,837
369,683	202,507	202,761	148,868	96,003	Seychelles	16,990	41,810	11,082	7,911	6,837		21,927	25,675	262,881	85,327	110,075
306,934	211,593	560,184	261,567	353,456	Straits Settlements	21,927	25,675	262,881	85,327	110,075		35,580,434	35,160,982	40,990,104	33,829,216	36,758,759
49,293	76,542	154,613	30,493	102,501	Other British Possessions	35,580,434	35,160,982	40,990,104	33,829,216	36,758,759						
25,147,256	28,731,623	28,606,184	20,898,828	23,806,698	Totals, British Empire											
					<i>Foreign Countries.</i>											
					Argentine Republic											
					Belgium											
					Chile											
					China	352										
					France	443,111	336,725	146,147	212,617	173,021						
					Germany	1,100		3,660	11,529	6,549						
					Holland											
					Madagascar	104,442	33,710	71,872	56,839	71,075						
					Pondicherry	2,689	3,142	1,555	176	759						

179,009	225,187	217,603	197,987	210,567	Remun.	65,449	71,711	22,512	21,149	74,384
.....	220,741	151,353	36,098	.....	Russia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41,360	119,503	33,381	52,939	37,251	Spain.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....
47,367	37,179	58,847	44,676	27,720	Switzerland.....	.....	.....	1,080	.....	711,719
651,514	614,944	784,892	429,431	532,147	United States.....	.....	.....	768,734	593,521	903,569
332,118	647,612	677,264	323,836	577,387	Other Foreign Countries.....	6,070	64,327	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Totals, Foreign Countries.....	623,213	509,615	1,015,570	808,806	2,001,607
5,591,522	10,538,224	6,807,440	6,045,571	5,787,557	..... Totals, British Empire.....	35,580,434	35,160,982	40,990,104	33,829,216	36,738,739
25,147,256	28,731,623	28,609,184	20,898,828	23,800,698	..... Grand Totals.....	36,203,647	35,670,597	42,005,674	34,728,022	38,759,826
30,738,778	33,263,847	35,416,624	26,944,399	29,588,255	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing Imports into Mauritius, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada during the Calendar Years 1905 and 1906.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO MAURITIUS—CALENDAR YEARS.									
	Totals.		From Great Britain.		From United States.		From Canada.			
	1905.	1906.	Rs.	Rs.	1905.	1906.	Rs.	Rs.	1905.	1906.
Ale and beer.....	199,311	199,854	190,223	194,473						
Ammonia, sulphate of.....	984,679	954,650	983,445	954,650						
Animals.....	1,191,725	983,952	81	3,678						
Apothecaries wares.....	181,211	177,775	68,647	66,526	109	630				
Apparel.....	150,899	138,336	43,475	44,020	112					
Bags.....	488,692	1,125,258								
Coal.....	1,247,563	1,788,351	617,759	1,163,368						
Coffee.....	169,392	129,511								
Cordage and twine.....	73,808	76,255	13,313	12,264	5,137					
Corn, grain and meal—										
Bran.....	139,322	191,915								
Dholl.....	480,164	439,314								
Gram.....	382,102	297,837								
Oats.....	340,577	232,696	343							
Rice.....	5,583,677	6,865,624								
Wheat flour.....	788,762	1,360,374								
Other.....	248,692	223,047	6,171	4,443						
Cottons.....	1,487,242	1,759,325	1,171,478	1,508,424	34					
Ea thenware.....	97,438	61,886	10,829	11,199						
Fish.....	189,449	216,342	27,770	24,289	14,536	21,337	10,472	3,296		
Fruits.....	42,563	253,674	1,333	2,012						
Glass.....	93,784	73,202	17,521	21,515	51	268				
Haberdashery.....	535,828	613,311	187,431	205,814	340	55				
Hardware and cutlery.....	564,804	1,021,629	435,083	865,593	4,774	14,566				
Hats and caps.....	63,153	144,345	37,737	52,648						
Iron and steel.....	425,673	533,674	397,137	358,945	37					
Jewellery.....	58,992	41,198	4,160	6,927						
Leather and manufactures of.....	199,996	183,820	80,246	64,146	1,110	3,057				
Machinery and millwork.....	462,180	743,346	251,003	382,164	3,332					
Manures.....	500,656	449,665	395,420	301,072						
Matches.....	61,376	37,217	24	26						
Military articles.....	1,062,000	694,986	876,413	606,165		3,622				
Musical instruments.....	27,304	13,576	2,348	1,106	1,248	448				

Oils.....	889,733	856,013	52,744	38,663	140,932	132,911	.....
Paints and colours.....	91,307	102,774	83,518	98,156	.....	.....	.....
Paper.....	133,641	110,544	27,386	31,670	113	.....	.....
Perfumery.....	64,954	88,279	8,861	11,501	3	35	.....
Potash.....	514,999	651,719	26,660	16,679	.....	.....	.....
Provisions—							
Butter.....	135,627	52,714	491	603	1,294	.....	.....
Cheese.....	39,311	30,613	16,008	14,058	.....	.....	.....
Ghee.....	109,847	151,332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lard.....	185,309	181,700	119	12	18,080	13,946	15
Margarine.....	47,939	44,315	8,585	6,714	12,574	7,390	.....
Meats.....	165,115	316,702	33,843	42,153	40,822	141,495	.....
Provisions, preserved.....	129,519	109,797	43,890	35,378	16,338	9,068	.....
Seeds.....	48,595	64,310	323	197	59	.....	.....
Silk manufactures.....	56,299	26,464	14,763	8,543	.....	.....	.....
Soap, ordinary.....	238,285	210,388	236,509	218,683	.....	.....	.....
Soda.....	238,014	250,109	19,261	12,316	.....	.....	.....
Spirits and wines.....	925,276	873,653	73,203	86,606	144	.....	.....
Stationery.....	119,080	99,780	79,753	63,719	.....	242	.....
Tobacco.....	415,080	412,022	608	2,092	183,304	174,589	.....
Wood.....	831,939	1,062,034	234,358	583,696	472	258	.....
Woolleens.....	172,592	154,319	82,777	86,825	.....	.....	.....
All other articles.....	2,035,368	1,123,730	541,524	716,146	.....	8,077	137
Totals (mdse.).....	26,156,863	28,967,276	7,320,574	8,931,877	429,431	532,147	3,363
Coin and bullion.....	787,536	620,979	30,600	39,385	*	.....	.....
Total Imports.....	26,944,399	29,588,255	7,357,174	8,971,262	429,431	532,147	3,363

* Principal articles added, exceed total by Rs. 15,341.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing Exports (Home Produce) from Mauritius, together with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years 1905 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM MAURITIUS—CALENDAR YEARS.									
Articles.	Totals.		To Great Britain.		To United States.		To Canada.		
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Home Produce—									
Aloe fibre.....	543,035	709,233	398,354	619,008	.....	22,320	.....	.....
Molascuit.....	5,115	16,073	4,815	2,461	.....	.....	.....	.....
Molasses.....	289,473	545,083	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oils, coconut.....	45,378	98,877	16,900	77,849	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spirits—Rum.....	38,078	10,648	23,468	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar, raw....	32,588,335	35,626,267	1,521,159	2,065,767	.....	689,298	2,097,648	.....
Vanilla.....	86,658	28,605	64,669	12,531	.....	.....	.....	.....
All other articles.....	97,339	121,040	12,991	46,201	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals, Home Produce.....	33,693,411	37,155,826	2,042,356	2,823,827	.....	711,618	2,097,648	.....
Foreign Produce.....	827,720	595,023	522,588	274,926	.....	101	.....	.....
Total Exports (mdse).....	34,521,131	37,750,849	2,564,944	3,098,753	.....	711,719	2,097,648	.....
Coin and Bullion.....	206,891	1,008,977	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Exports.....	34,728,022	38,759,826	2,564,944	3,098,753	.....	711,719	2,097,648	.....

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

SEPTEMBER 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a).	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
Land occupied (census)	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
" under cultivation (census)	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,156,038	30,156,038	30,156,038	30,156,038	30,156,038
Currency and Banking—To June 30—								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank.	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	96,362,130
Circulation—								
Dominion notes.	7,367,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427	58,316,532
Notes issued by Chartered Banks.	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	63,366,505	75,510,402
Chartered Banks—								
Chartered.	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	958,342,255
Assets.	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,320,761	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	781,075,593
Liabilities.								
Deposits in Chartered Banks.	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	468,571,648	536,769,519	589,453,889
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks.	2,497,260	6,208,227	21,738,648	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	46,882,611
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O.	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	16,101,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,911,071
Deposits in Special Savings Banks.	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,399,194	28,520,547
Total Deposits.	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,952,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	626,079,335	679,724,118
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks	No.							
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O.	No.							
Discoun's to the people—								
Chartered Banks.	17,153	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	165,518
Education—To December 31—		28,212	56,149	48,569	47,531	47,350	45,021	45,021
Pupils enrolled.	86,121,888	134,113,252	202,692,481	318,240,549	452,134,220	480,906,634	553,338,229	639,370,696
Teachers engaged.	773,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Expenditure.	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,487	47,531	6,822,005	6,449,652	6,449,652
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—	4,650,206	7,344,068	9,282,540	11,871,436	11,394,117	9,874,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Failures.	(b)	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Assets.	726	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Liabilities.	(b)	5,751,207	17,100,649	10,811,671	11,394,117	9,874,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Finance—Fiscal Years. (f)								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund.	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,879,311	52,514,701	70,669,873	71,182,739	80,139,167 (c)	67,969,398
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund.	15,623,052	25,502,554	36,343,568	46,866,308	55,612,833	63,319,682	67,270,641 (c)	51,592,161
" Gross.	19,293,478	33,796,643	40,793,208	57,982,866	72,255,048	78,804,138	83,277,642 (c)	65,778,139

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,655	199,861,538	289,899,290	354,752,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680 (c)	379,966,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	237,809,030	298,889,044	290,887,719	266,224,167	297,042,978 (c)	263,971,869
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.	(c) 27,773	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	No.	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	788,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	45,825,935	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,834,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....	1,862,974	3,094,089	8,417,702	13,189,864	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Liabilities—								
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	12,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,893,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,384,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170	.....	.....
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	.....	.....
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,685	7,497,660	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	.....	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	.....	.....	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	.....	3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,623	4,219,153	7,550,526	.....	.....
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	409,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,675	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	.....	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,994,014	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles.
 (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

(c) Unrevised.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31. No.		512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—									
Post offices.	No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued.	{	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	%	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,353,673	32,160,098
Post cards sent.	No.	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,274,000
Letters sent.	"	{ 27,650,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	261,650,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue.	%	1,079,767	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	8,535,093	6,535,093
Expenditure.	%	1,271,005	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—									
Canals—Vessels through } Season of naviga- (Tonnage.	{	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	
Freight carried } tion Tons.		3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	
Railways, electric—									
Miles in operation.	No.				672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.	"				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.	Tons.				287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross.	\$				5,768,283	8,453,669	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses.	%				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—									
Miles in operation.	No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried.	"		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,389,782	
Freight carried.	Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	
Earnings—Gross.	\$		27,987,309	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,136	106,407,199	125,322,865	
Working expenses.	%		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,571	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—									
Customs Duties collected.	%	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,454,319	42,024,340	46,671,101	40,290,172
Excise Revenue collected.	%	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,938,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,895,413
Imports, Total—	%								
Dutiable Goods.	%	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,836,659
Free Goods.	%	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,363,573	95,229,637	99,361,007	110,417,080	97,412,340
Totals (mdae).	%	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,938,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,248,999
Coin and Bullion.	%	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,978,603	7,517,008
Total imports.	%	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,475,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year ended June 30,

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.							
Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,260
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,580	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,287,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,397,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

644,737,791	221,465,700	140,994,207	362,459,907	9,104,007	371,563,914	58,661,696
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the 1868 to 1907, also for twelve months ending September, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)						Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.		
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,689,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,886	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907
ENDING SEPTEMBER, 1907.							
244,180,922	13,191,059	257,371,981	15,801,896	273,173,877	.....	58,661,696	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, six months and twelve months* ending September, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
1898	6,817,342	4,954,634	11,771,976	1,244,169	13,016,145	11,841,941	2,680,430	14,522,371	87,741	14,610,112	27,626,257	1,970,605	1898
1899	8,784,725	5,612,074	14,396,799	1,543,070	15,939,869	15,251,315	1,696,338	16,947,653	141,882	17,089,535	33,029,401	2,501,082	1899
1900	9,394,577	6,030,992	15,425,569	627,527	16,053,096	20,068,025	3,274,310	23,342,335	545,847	23,888,182	39,941,278	2,570,344	1900
1901	10,378,194	5,273,503	15,651,697	61,532	15,713,229	17,299,922	1,834,609	19,134,531	16,992	19,151,523	34,864,752	2,816,048	1901
1902	12,046,243	6,386,367	18,432,610	120,044	18,552,654	20,746,731	1,594,720	22,341,451	42,500	22,383,951	40,936,605	3,308,058	1902
1903	14,689,764	8,800,755	23,490,519	563,612	24,054,131	21,624,582	1,120,554	22,745,136	61,614	22,806,750	46,800,881	3,998,717	1903
1904	13,512,450	7,646,171	21,158,621	2,979,752	24,138,373	20,474,851	1,102,423	21,577,274	125,610	21,702,884	45,841,257	3,837,975	1904
1905	14,875,043	7,751,198	22,626,241	2,557,537	25,183,778	18,673,264	1,294,051	19,967,315	131,726	20,099,041	45,282,819	4,053,517	1905
1906	17,323,749	9,896,917	27,220,666	1,075,948	28,296,614	21,337,915	2,644,498	23,982,413	94,881	24,077,294	52,373,908	4,680,268	1906
1907	18,791,024	9,606,454	28,397,478	349,912	28,747,390	25,703,586	1,619,391	27,322,977	703,175	28,026,152	56,773,542	5,082,731	1907

MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	42,536,815	31,724,476	74,281,291	4,383,193	78,664,484	63,752,339	10,338,012	74,090,351	760,333	74,850,684	153,515,168	12,029,267	1898
1899	49,239,542	33,091,049	82,330,591	4,419,294	86,949,885	72,125,876	8,922,138	81,048,014	1,091,753	82,139,767	169,080,652	13,781,187	1899
1900	53,144,093	35,724,728	88,868,821	3,492,871	92,361,692	86,273,674	7,249,703	93,523,377	1,620,029	95,143,406	187,505,098	14,332,182	1900
1901	57,104,753	38,535,914	95,700,667	1,966,487	97,667,154	91,904,040	9,505,882	101,499,922	1,154,507	102,654,429	200,321,583	15,420,171	1901
1902	66,282,277	40,349,644	106,631,921	2,261,797	108,893,718	108,966,475	6,236,280	115,202,755	291,285	115,494,040	224,387,758	17,792,580	1902
1903	79,354,079	54,507,221	133,891,900	7,682,428	141,573,728	113,460,795	7,692,312	121,153,107	311,137	121,464,244	263,037,972	21,270,896	1903
1904	79,141,185	50,575,548	129,716,733	8,294,052	138,010,783	99,515,390	4,218,357	103,733,747	2,461,390	106,195,137	244,205,922	21,600,621	1904
1905	84,087,433	53,559,119	137,646,352	3,472,919	141,119,471	98,627,627	6,067,297	104,694,924	1,439,177	106,134,101	247,253,572	22,484,908	1905
1906	96,839,636	62,601,456	159,461,112	3,820,739	163,281,851	121,027,485	8,554,025	129,381,510	7,641,372	137,222,882	300,504,733	25,397,651	1906
1907	117,423,856	73,726,882	191,150,738	3,320,282	194,471,020	125,573,640	7,220,798	132,794,438	5,395,715	138,190,153	332,661,173	31,052,801	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	80,478,467	55,125,021	135,603,488	5,126,931	140,730,419	134,100,704	15,530,966	149,631,670	4,753,292	154,384,962	295,115,381	23,221,828	1898
1899	89,463,592	60,439,293	149,962,885	5,586,836	155,549,721	139,745,491	17,562,935	157,308,426	4,238,603	161,547,029	317,006,750	25,746,949	1899
1900	107,509,684	69,180,434	176,690,118	5,436,946	182,127,064	161,847,900	13,413,076	175,260,976	8,927,189	184,188,163	336,315,229	28,974,957	1900
1901	105,380,720	71,505,856	176,976,576	4,137,162	181,113,738	174,489,175	18,429,664	192,918,839	1,588,408	194,507,247	375,620,985	29,470,533	1901
1902	122,620,092	77,719,274	200,339,366	5,175,165	205,514,531	203,379,153	11,625,885	215,005,038	1,635,005	216,640,043	422,154,574	33,534,157	1902
1903	143,202,256	95,244,640	238,446,896	10,730,498	249,177,394	218,367,973	12,958,307	231,346,280	535,661	231,881,941	481,059,335	38,895,013	1903
1904	147,731,154	92,988,483	240,719,637	9,427,328	250,146,965	193,099,661	9,615,857	202,715,518	2,774,754	205,490,272	455,637,237	40,853,859	1904
1905	154,022,026	101,235,859	255,257,885	9,060,730	264,318,615	187,315,429	11,067,231	198,382,650	1,652,352	200,035,012	464,353,627	42,614,519	1905
1906	179,514,893	116,844,650	296,359,543	6,131,547	302,491,090	244,796,391	13,938,375	258,734,766	12,477,661	271,212,427	573,703,517	48,041,753	1906
1907	221,165,700	140,994,207	362,459,907	9,101,007	371,563,914	244,180,922	13,191,059	257,371,981	15,801,896	273,173,877	644,737,791	58,661,696	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of September, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.	1,110,884	697,933	3,273,674	4,467,995	1,328,807	946,297	16,401	11,841,941	59,185	11,901,126	1898
1899.	1,301,825	654,730	3,918,410	6,469,784	1,725,843	1,150,334	30,389	15,251,315	128,428	15,379,743	1899
1900.	3,601,169	835,986	5,088,643	6,991,841	2,001,087	1,543,296	6,003	20,068,025	.....	20,068,025	1900
1901.	4,111,127	799,150	3,844,983	5,599,162	1,638,468	1,307,009	23	17,299,922	.....	17,299,922	1901
1902.	3,813,172	844,352	5,627,631	7,006,920	1,674,800	1,762,004	17,792	20,746,731	.....	20,746,731	1902
1903.	4,331,274	717,657	4,677,749	7,940,494	2,174,250	1,779,811	3,347	21,624,582	.....	21,624,582	1903
1904.	4,490,523	873,461	3,656,736	7,660,772	2,016,488	1,773,173	3,698	20,474,851	.....	20,474,851	1904
1905.	1,945,590	1,136,586	3,952,695	7,491,158	2,234,070	1,888,441	4,814	18,673,264	.....	18,673,264	1905
1906.	3,152,608	806,631	5,373,829	7,625,185	2,549,638	1,788,766	41,258	21,337,915	.....	21,337,915	1906
1907.	3,326,859	1,036,478	5,979,198	7,041,316	5,551,366	2,700,446	7,923	25,703,586	.....	25,703,586	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	22,887	195	20,772	128,908	2,415,497	81,184	10,927	2,680,430	28,556	2,708,986	1898
1899	22,348	13,691	2,961	234,056	1,256,187	107,147	59,948	1,696,338	13,454	1,709,792	1899
1900	15,076	48	128,514	201,797	2,761,468	137,995	29,412	3,274,310	545,847	3,820,157	1900
1901	17,890	16,434	1,400	100,345	1,374,729	309,090	14,721	1,834,609	16,992	1,851,601	1901
1902	55,655	1,678	1,560	35,454	1,307,763	154,781	37,829	1,594,720	42,500	1,637,220	1902
1903	28,251	.....	11,171	101,494	602,345	340,156	37,137	1,120,554	61,614	1,182,168	1903
1904	22,294	1,639	1,479	124,197	528,949	382,395	41,470	1,102,423	125,610	1,228,633	1904
1905	19,214	89	35,508	38,886	885,079	260,187	55,088	1,294,051	131,726	1,425,777	1905
1906	18,405	1,162	815	101,284	2,135,470	243,454	143,908	2,644,498	94,881	2,739,379	1906
1907	15,136	.....	2,392	151,843	345,678	1,043,578	60,764	1,619,391	703,175	2,322,566	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,133,721	698,128	3,294,446	4,596,963	3,744,304	1,027,481	27,828	14,522,371	87,741	14,610,112	1898
1899	1,324,173	668,421	3,921,371	6,703,840	2,982,030	1,257,481	90,337	16,947,653	141,882	17,089,535	1899
1900	3,616,245	836,034	5,217,157	7,193,638	4,762,555	1,681,291	35,415	23,342,335	545,847	23,888,182	1900
1901	4,129,017	815,584	3,846,383	5,690,507	3,013,197	1,616,099	14,744	19,134,531	16,992	19,151,523	1901
1902	3,868,827	846,030	5,625,251	7,042,374	2,982,563	1,916,785	55,621	22,341,451	42,500	22,383,951	1902
1903	4,359,525	717,657	4,688,920	8,041,988	2,776,595	2,119,967	40,484	22,745,136	61,614	22,806,750	1903
1904	4,512,817	875,100	3,658,215	7,784,969	2,545,437	2,155,568	45,168	21,577,274	125,610	21,702,884	1904
1905	1,964,714	1,186,675	3,988,203	7,530,044	3,119,149	2,118,628	59,902	19,967,315	131,726	20,099,041	1905
1906	3,171,013	807,793	5,374,544	7,726,469	4,685,108	2,032,220	185,166	23,982,413	94,881	24,077,294	1906
1907	3,341,995	1,036,478	5,981,590	7,193,159	5,897,044	3,804,024	68,687	27,322,977	703,175	28,026,152	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA. *Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *six months* ending September, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	5,403,803	4,712,291	18,507,385	19,403,609	10,300,193	5,332,255	92,803	63,752,339	544,998	64,297,337	1898
1899	6,913,323	4,931,589	20,064,645	25,265,457	8,529,115	6,309,738	121,009	72,125,576	633,471	72,759,347	1899
1900	17,804,403	5,266,344	18,457,863	27,341,509	10,156,987	7,277,872	106,376	86,411,414	448,486	86,859,900	1900
1901	23,567,248	4,734,976	20,058,242	25,655,645	9,585,022	8,295,176	7,731	91,904,040	185,426	92,089,466	1901
1902	18,671,340	5,156,392	23,080,747	33,319,811	18,706,355	9,933,924	37,656	108,966,475	.....	108,966,475	1902
1903	18,128,681	5,244,170	22,242,444	35,466,077	21,483,142	10,877,439	18,842	113,460,795	.....	113,460,795	1903
1904	16,966,127	5,398,189	19,497,345	32,048,321	15,053,914	10,446,155	110,309	99,515,390	.....	99,515,390	1904
1905	16,422,073	5,730,660	21,180,921	33,834,906	10,337,659	11,081,600	39,808	98,627,627	.....	98,627,627	1905
1906	17,797,934	6,144,652	26,649,110	36,653,237	21,030,455	12,637,920	113,677	121,027,485	.....	121,027,485	1906
1907	20,056,350	6,027,322	26,112,724	29,418,869	36,385,714	13,523,098	39,563	125,573,640	.....	125,573,640	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	147,940	9,147	73,436	666,001	8,413,172	749,105	279,211	10,338,012	215,335	10,553,347	1898
1899	101,991	52,773	239,082	749,236	7,051,376	513,131	184,549	8,922,138	458,282	9,380,420	1899
1900	78,728	2,834	219,899	667,968	5,294,035	773,287	212,952	7,249,703	1,033,803	8,283,506	1900
1901	87,885	21,753	13,297	554,203	7,592,531	1,205,256	120,937	9,595,882	969,081	10,564,963	1901
1902	106,245	16,068	6,926	402,865	4,028,054	1,285,893	390,229	6,236,280	291,285	6,527,565	1902
1903	90,622	14,172	149,530	376,462	5,519,476	1,304,830	237,170	7,692,312	311,137	8,003,449	1903
1904	86,998	8,396	49,819	451,201	1,703,198	1,653,358	265,297	4,218,357	2,461,390	6,679,747	1904
1905	129,462	18,417	56,639	278,553	3,230,113	1,694,720	659,093	6,067,297	1,439,177	7,506,474	1905
1906	128,160	8,527	86,138	473,802	5,645,114	1,649,462	562,822	8,554,025	7,641,372	16,195,397	1906
1907	124,605	17,102	184,338	449,814	3,398,822	2,664,267	381,850	7,220,798	5,395,715	12,616,513	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	5,551,743	4,721,438	18,580,821	20,069,610	18,713,365	6,081,390	372,014	74,090,351	760,333	74,850,684	1898
1899	7,015,314	4,984,362	20,303,727	26,014,693	15,580,491	6,843,869	305,558	81,048,014	1,091,753	82,139,767	1899
1900	17,883,191	5,269,178	18,677,762	28,009,477	15,451,022	8,051,159	319,328	93,661,117	1,482,289	95,143,406	1900
1901	23,655,133	4,756,729	20,071,539	26,209,848	17,177,553	9,500,432	128,688	101,499,922	1,154,597	102,654,429	1901
1902	18,777,835	5,172,460	23,087,673	33,722,676	22,734,409	11,279,817	427,885	115,202,755	291,285	115,494,040	1902
1903	18,219,303	5,258,342	22,391,974	35,842,539	27,002,618	12,182,319	256,012	121,153,107	311,137	121,464,244	1903
1904	17,053,125	5,401,585	19,547,164	32,499,612	16,757,142	12,090,513	375,006	103,733,747	2,461,390	106,195,137	1904
1905	16,551,535	5,749,077	21,237,800	34,113,459	13,567,772	12,776,320	638,901	104,694,924	1,439,177	106,134,101	1905
1906	17,926,094	6,153,179	26,735,248	37,127,039	26,676,069	14,287,382	676,499	129,581,510	7,641,372	137,222,882	1906
1907	20,180,955	6,044,424	26,297,062	20,868,683	33,794,536	16,187,365	421,413	132,794,438	5,395,715	138,190,153	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>										
Great Britain.....	6,557,283	13,577,332	7,997,554	13,899,380	33,594,635	53,117,412	39,311,579	63,230,431	52,161,075	68,120,853
Bermuda.....		13,029		34,801		181,860		161,821		149,371
British Africa.....	7,649	95,571	25	211,433	19,314	909,060	138,670	678,792	17,551	936,183
British Australasia:—										
Australia.....	2,026	180,787	13,715	506,468	73,099	892,404	71,009	876,312	225,197	1,381,510
New Zealand.....	48,785	58,738	694	173,268	156,784	267,831	131,472	381,805	171,363	508,360
British East Indies.....	167,964	1,325	223,390	4,484	1,310,642	16,057	1,879,347	5,472	2,001,239	11,178
Guiana.....	167,545	27,045	132,548	75,925	1,625,188	231,446	852,239	259,494	704,131	252,479
West Indies.....	658,654	112,480	542,323	185,421	3,524,571	1,034,039	3,765,390	1,189,448	3,983,088	1,017,686
Fiji.....		904	40,390	21,836	507,105	18,729		11,334	121,387	33,964
Hong Kong.....	10,288		23,315	7,488	62,825	48,173	95,175		117,167	21,674
Newfoundland.....	197,350	245,640	243,116	492,093	743,449	1,369,302	805,685	1,432,229	661,628	1,597,863
Other British Colonies.....	290	3,099	279	2,423	1,275	27,076	4,010	18,578	2,027	13,965
Totals.....	7,817,804	14,316,000	9,219,549	15,614,970	41,618,890	58,113,389	47,054,496	74,245,516	60,165,853	74,045,086
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>										
Argentine Republic.....	34,691	321,318	7,503	218,642	450,041	753,219	754,394	1,300,218	122,301	977,334
Austria-Hungary.....	92,879		218,370	1	392,847	3,439	484,067	1,985	782,367	4,524
Belgium.....	298,057	527,105	147,742	199,588	1,371,846	925,413	1,260,511	1,510,256	1,405,972	990,613
Brazil.....	13,553	57,028	22,994	36,508	196,171	211,727	134,185	255,039	151,449	308,426
Central American States.....	773	11,132		7,913	120,099	18,982	89,409	46,760	84,916	36,599
China.....	70,889	32,166	51,025	83,503	257,829	744,578	226,544	435,976	338,857	547,760
Chile.....	91,022	2,555		4,965	54,377	88,252	122,382	157,503	52,416	169,166
Cuba.....	43,569	72,446	46,467	117,331	199,137	411,606	254,629	500,277	196,415	506,974
Denmark.....	2,180	9,454	1,610	14,066	7,111	49,830	10,987	45,799	20,814	74,276

Dutch E. Indies	10,502	70,917	425,727	451	204,150	480	380,955
France.....	740,164	862,251	3,424,280	863,121	4,086,879	1,270,680	5,235,771
French W. Indies			20	7,699	330		6,908
Germany.....		882,548	3,408,442	536,969	3,652,288	572,004	4,463,492
Greece.....	724,389		63,261	120	88,751	306	112,086
Holland.....	6,785	8,422	492,216	130,002	539,531	472,964	809,543
Italy.....	98,497	119,678	219,540	76,154	331,676	101,244	443,801
Japan.....	30,326	41,063	808,683	147,107	825,815	247,617	1,074,306
Mexico.....	171,546	240,533	38,997	69,018	205,159	116,026	543,839
Norway and Sweden :-	13,376	91,449					193,900
Norway.....		8,973		69,309	96,317		53,172
Sweden.....	12,349	12,531	78,088			180,321	80,865
Peru.....	17,188		132,166	2,037	12,991	55,774	36,044
Porto Rico.....	20,343	20	209,221	177,302	158,764	246,191	6,298
Portugal.....	14,841	3	52,974	40,067	73,872	28,136	71,426
Russia.....	12,972	7,997	71,030	48,659	98,865	82,051	164,781
Spain.....	27,381	32,429	235,739	22,996	260,759	13,261	311,583
Switzerland.....	61,525	49,552	960,753	6,718	842,164	27,802	1,230,154
United States.....	140,933	187,588	85,607,397	42,330,326	101,119,224	54,973,303	115,437,639
Other Foreign Countries.....	17,698,325	16,374,129	222,589	283,621	292,712	328,332	678,555
Totals.....	67,286	33,047					437,807
	20,478,810	19,527,841	99,500,581	48,020,712	116,227,355	62,977,366	134,305,167
Grand totals.....	28,296,614	28,747,390	141,119,471	106,134,101	163,281,851	137,222,882	194,471,020
	52,373,908	56,773,542	247,253,572		300,504,733		332,661,173

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and portlar.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	13,940	.....	16,872	.....	84,600	.....	88,787	.....	126,026	.....	126,026	.....
	United States.....	37,188	.....	33,659	.....	122,707	.....	201,744	.....	242,352	.....	242,352	.....
	Other countries.....	1,075	.....	818	.....	7,810	.....	6,073	.....	7,523	.....	7,523	.....
	Totals.....	52,203	.....	51,349	.....	215,117	.....	296,604	.....	375,901	.....	375,901	.....
Animals, living.....													
	Great Britain.....	351	31,874	106	41,676	938	185,361	591	343,485	1,578	379,062	1,578	379,062
	United States.....	84,630	64,472	66,881	28,682	581,779	161,603	993,726	292,043	416,509	255,686	416,509	255,686
	Other countries.....	190	.....	.....	.....	144	25,452	459	21,713	903	36,075	903	36,075
	Totals.....	85,171	96,346	66,987	70,358	582,861	372,418	994,776	657,691	418,990	669,823	418,990	669,823
Articles-ex-warehouse, for ships stores.....													
	Great Britain.....	.....	2,703	.....	3,107	.....	15,103	.....	17,578	.....	14,263	.....	14,263
	United States.....	.....	36,123	.....	50,421	.....	291,012	.....	258,524	.....	277,099	.....	277,099
	Other countries.....	.....	545	.....	731	.....	5,265	.....	6,096	.....	7,112	.....	7,112
	Totals.....	.....	39,371	.....	54,259	.....	311,410	.....	282,198	.....	298,474	.....	298,474
Articles for use of the Army and Navy.....													
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,430	.....	656	.....	1,355	.....	1,355
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	509	.....	1,039	.....	379	.....	379
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	218	.....	328	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,157	.....	2,023	.....	1,734	.....	1,734

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	46,766					361,336		492,102			
	United States.....	31,134					527,239		351,960			
	Germany.....	65					31,890		39,868			
	Other countries.....	122					13,118		66,983			
	Totals.....	78,087					933,583		950,893			
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....	47		195			454		47		12,289	
	United States.....	32,121		26,152			104,471		191,552		179,678	
	Other countries.....						850		146		6,284	
	Totals.....	32,168		26,347			105,775		191,745		198,251	
Baking powder	Great Britain.....							18		48		
	United States.....				15,464		74,224		65,810		68,124	
	Other countries.....											
	Totals.....				15,464		74,239		65,828		68,172	
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.....	Great Britain.....	42,779			36,633		169,469		177,647		234,940	
	United States.....	145,822			87,418		640,980		691,011		307,362	
	Other countries.....	5,262			8,502		36,457		51,447		747,875	
	Totals.....	193,863			132,553		846,906		920,105		1,043,676	
Breadstuffs :- Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....	7,369			13,856		27,991		49,645		70,302	
	United States.....	11,444			17,484		61,913		59,180		88,065	
	Other countries.....	13,337			23,517		52,373		79,111		108,014	
	Totals.....	32,150			54,857		142,277		187,936		266,381	
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....	1,007		653			1,406				3,974	
	United States.....	14,889		20,079			105,943		2,728		92,178	
	Other countries.....			110					87,210		347	
	Totals.....	15,896		20,842			107,349		89,941		96,499	
Rice, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....	8,204					113,684		59,130		107,658	
	United States.....	1,295		13,125		9,514		13,142			7,165	
	B. E. Indies.....	10,751		1,418			36,257		86,872		5,651	
	China.....	5,976		4,976			56,149		48,916		48,170	
	Japan.....	429		27,617			39,672		6,279		19,728	
	Other countries.....	17,212		887			64,941		147,187		143,565	
	Totals.....	43,867		20,376		41,265	321,585		363,526		185,183	
											378,773	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	4,082	542,166	2,241	670,085	205,675	3,904,482	178,161	2,703,868	164,217	4,513,814		
	United States.....					45	432						
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....	4,082	542,166	2,241	670,085	205,720	3,904,914	178,161	2,704,638	164,217	4,513,814		
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	8,704		14,041		94,519		80,241		81,224			
	United States.....	11				14				30			
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....	8,715		14,041		94,544		80,252		81,264			
All other, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	1,340				3,962	56	3,837	43	1,293			
	United States.....	25,758		25,098	3	293,937	378	157,995	233	119,780			90
	Other countries.....	529	380	736		1,518		1,653	380	3,137			
	Totals.....	27,627	380	25,834	3	299,417	434	163,485	656	124,210			90
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	17,920		27,634	9,514	147,054	56	115,340		183,237			83,279
	United States.....	66,172	542,177	30,361	670,088	773,869	3,914,120	577,929	2,709,218	562,629	4,515,093		
	Other countries.....	48,245	380	30,196	31,751	249,969	432	370,032	1,150	181,888	245,485		
	Totals.....	132,337	542,557	138,191	711,353	1,170,892	3,914,608	1,063,391	2,710,411	917,754	4,893,857		
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	7,642	18,296	17,878	23,917	19,174	94,855	44,179	107,909	67,397	132,980		
	United States.....	40,649	55,346	24,326	56,403	234,952	262,614	215,809	318,609	227,040	357,876		
	Other countries.....	318		278	179	724	90	1,101		499	239		
	Totals.....	48,609	73,642	42,482	80,499	254,850	357,559	261,089	426,578	294,936	491,095		

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	4,005	.....	5,346	34,085	.....	20,572	.....	19,743
	United States.....	1,504	.....	2,882	18,406	.....	13,196	.....	17,291
	Other countries.....	1,082	.....	11,865	3,278	.....	13,986	.....	23,569
	Totals.....	6,591	.....	20,183	55,769	.....	60,754	.....	60,603
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	8,964	.....	17,796	86,899	.....	80,215	.....	97,374
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
	Totals.....	8,964	.....	17,796	86,899	.....	80,215	.....	97,394
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	2,857	3,145	.....	15,611	.....	16,114	26,579	.....
	United States.....	19,850	10,937	.....	64,709	.....	80,516	75,274	.....
	Other countries.....	18,589	17,130	.....	54,069	.....	56,468	74,734	.....
	Totals.....	41,296	31,212	.....	134,929	.....	153,098	176,587	.....
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	5,830	8,072	.....	25,050	121	26,603	35,324	185
	United States.....	13,287	14,567	494	72,948	1,995	76,260	2,137	2,637
	Other countries.....	5,919	10,965	607	56,985	1,233	43,563	3,643	4,025
	Totals.....	25,036	33,604	1,101	154,983	3,349	146,426	6,096	6,847
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	1,389	1,482	.....	7,986	.....	6,704	.....	.....
	United States.....	4,267	4,257	.....	36,664	.....	33,067	27,151	.....
	Other countries.....	152	340	.....	457	.....	640	800	.....
	Totals.....	5,808	6,079	.....	45,107	.....	40,411	34,526	.....
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....	46,063	3,577	.....	147,759	.....	164,563	16,954	.....
	United States.....	3,186	742	.....	12,964	.....	14,631	7,289	.....
	Other countries.....	5,457	534	.....	16,883	.....	30,287	26,929	.....
	Totals.....	54,706	4,853	.....	177,606	.....	209,481	51,172	.....
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	1,641	13,692	.....	22,232	.....	102,080	136,928	.....
	United States.....	18,506	26,222	.....	253,006	.....	363,571	502,599	.....
	Other countries.....	1,875	869	.....	37,185	.....	49,160	70,678	.....
	Totals.....	22,022	40,783	.....	312,423	.....	514,811	700,205	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	334	278	...	2,479	...	4,054	...	5,856	...	22,288	...	...
	United States...	1,341	1,398	...	31,009	...	22,648	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	1,675	1,676	...	33,488	...	26,702	...	28,144	...	...	...	...
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	1,242	126	...	3,240	...	20,807	...	3,690	...	164,645	...	...
	United States...	13,263	22,804	...	126,354	...	132,150	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	5,400	2,266	...	39,100	...	23,949	...	47,823	...	...	...	...
	Totals	20,005	25,196	...	168,694	...	176,906	...	216,158	...	...	...	...
Other carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain...	2,049	3,803	...	3,766	...	11,648	...	17,791	...	...	...	...
	United States...	74,604	99,032	...	618,926	...	779,879	...	981,976	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	...	236	...	...	...	63	...	808	...	...	...	...
	Totals	76,653	102,571	...	622,692	...	791,590	...	1,006,575	...	...	...	...
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.	Great Britain...	5,266	17,399	...	31,717	...	138,589	...	154,265	...	...	...	...
	United States...	107,814	149,456	...	1,029,248	...	1,298,248	...	1,671,508	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	7,275	3,371	...	76,285	...	73,172	...	119,309	...	...	...	...
	Totals	120,355	170,226	...	1,137,297	...	1,510,009	...	1,945,082	...	...	...	...
Cement	Great Britain...	32,633	41,655	...	158,603	...	188,560	...	229,201	...	...	...	...
	United States...	40,728	52,534	...	546,523	...	292,694	...	274,837	...	...	...	...
	Belgium	9,894	7,207	...	43,095	...	30,984	...	32,504	...	...	...	...
	Other countries...	4,253	2,072	...	31,250	...	18,112	...	12,016	...	...	...	...
	Totals	87,528	103,468	...	779,531	...	530,350	...	548,558	...	...	...	...

Clocks	Great Britain...	1,069	1,069	1,559	8,072	6,545	10,557
	United States...	22,188	20,525	117,604	135,499	235,409	143,979
	Germany...	2,397	5,881	20,240	24,005	134,005	32,961
	Other countries...	1,896	3,316	9,139	8,294	8,294	7,894
	Totals	27,550	31,381	155,355	174,943	195,391	195,391
Coal, coke and coal dust	Great Britain...	15,573	844	28,280	49,320	134,167	66,253
	United States...	660,753	1,127,561	4,308,060	4,178,809	6,557,506	8,725,005
	Other countries...	7	11	81	152	44,335	4,825
	Totals	676,333	1,128,416	4,336,421	4,228,261	6,691,673	8,796,083
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa	Great Britain...	23,617	14,676	101,738	7,080	7,999	125,683
	United States...	26,936	24,426	114,313	22,568	79,450	152,693
	Other countries...	12,878	12,547	46,569	40,322	20,003	81,070
	Totals	63,431	51,049	262,620	69,971	107,452	252,886
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory	Great Britain...	1,082	971	9,545	50,851	8,975	13,579
	United States...	12,998	6,877	58,416	100,689	59,131	63,402
	Brazil...	...	...	...	7,092	...	...
	Venezuela...	...	...	...	115,635	11,721	...
	Other countries...	48	258	2,623	...	...	...
	Totals	14,128	8,106	70,584	274,267	79,927	80,143
Collars and cuffs	Great Britain...	3,407	3,720	26,025	23,135	23,135	31,418
	United States...	7,445	5,593	46,829	42,829	42,829	46,877
	Aust.-Hungary...	4,196	638	7,665	17,762	20,081	20,081
	Other countries...	1,922	319	21,279	15,710	2,407	2,407
	Totals	16,970	10,270	101,861	99,436	100,733	100,733
Combs	Great Britain...	11,078	7,631	34,020	47,038	59,521	59,521
	United States...	9,071	6,920	37,789	50,497	59,093	59,093
	Germany...	1,604	3,512	19,078	11,562	19,757	19,757
	Other countries...	2,081	5,436	8,728	21,561	41,142	41,142
	Totals	23,834	23,499	99,615	130,658	179,513	179,513
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	9,727	20,477	92,574	84,738	98,879	107,942
	United States...	14,283	6,499	82,105	71,492	2,025,005	1,390,429
	Other countries...	212	686	1,730	1,449	1,141	1,141
	Totals	24,222	27,662	176,409	157,679	2,124,974	1,498,371

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton.	Great Britain.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States.	166,495	166,495	134,943	134,943	16,691	1,922,953	781	2,141,723	3,119	1,695,420		
	Other countries.					8,170				11,139			
	Totals.		166,495		134,943		1,947,814		2,142,504		1,709,678		
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain.	8,698		11,823		28,747		43,994		107,638			
	United States.	1,403		1,601		6,064		21,375		22,399			
	Switzerland.	18,755		28,167		83,836		169,554		303,422			
	Other countries.	6,024		3,161		10,593		22,623		33,030			
	Totals.	34,880		44,752		129,240		257,546		406,489			
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain.	111,305		220,271		357,216		571,611		1,216,215			
	United States.	18,300		42,625		105,527		159,038		156,021			
	Other countries.	3,278		3,382		7,863		19,751		19,095			
	Totals.	132,883		266,278		470,606		750,400		1,385,331			
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain.	246,221		283,804		1,156,562		1,353,747		1,705,019			
	United States.	15,937		24,150		268,957		185,305		214,690			
	Other countries.	10,257		16,465		42,393		81,872		58,688			
	Totals.	272,415		324,479		1,467,912		1,620,924		1,978,397			
Lace, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain.			70,495						412,648			
	United States.			1,729						9,909			
	Other countries.			26,275						159,595			
	Totals.			98,499						582,152			

Socks and stockings	Great Britain.....	6,496	22,727	65,681	75,476	146,986
	United States.....	588	801	14,601	14,939	22,136
	Germany.....	3,108	10,778	56,882	75,528	111,434
	Other countries..	142	55	872	1,156	970
	Totals.....	10,334	34,361	138,036	167,429	281,526
Thread	Great Britain.....	40,462	52,866	255,465	301,196	480,885
	United States.....	12,235	15,137	88,737	87,147	108,821
	Other countries..	1,992	1,267	10,628	7,621	5,472
	Totals.....	54,689	69,290	354,830	395,864	595,128
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	40,045	43,147	231,181	249,600	301,096
	United States.....	9,744	8,538	38,415	39,873	44,769
	Germany.....	2,655	2,839	29,477	24,466	24,477
	Other countries..	3,159	2,549	5,818	14,786	19,993
	Totals.....	55,603	57,073	305,203	328,736	390,324
Other cotton and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	142,455	231,986	559,864	771,087	1,232,879
	United States.....	82,516	88,801	494,613	615,429	715,145
	Other countries..	20,267	24,799	79,929	94,975	122,735
	Totals.....	245,238	345,586	1,134,406	1,481,491	2,070,759
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						
Cotton and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	595,682	937,179	2,654,716	3,386,711	5,597,316
	United States.....	140,723	183,402	1,016,914	1,233,106	1,293,890
	Other countries..	69,637	119,737	328,603	512,573	858,900
	Totals.....	806,042	1,240,318	4,000,233	5,002,390	7,750,106
Curtains, made up, trimmed or untrimmed	Great Britain.....	44,054	33,237	141,690	161,630	185,567
	United States.....	3,976	8,766	33,345	37,050	30,144
	Switzerland.....	4,167	9,790	28,441	23,587	54,959
	Other countries..	4,008	4,797	16,786	52,341	33,102
	Totals.....	56,265	51,590	220,262	254,608	303,772
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines	Great Britain.....	102,440	54,454	344,114	423,406	436,961
	United States.....	90,804	91,580	488,777	577,424	641,776
	Other countries..	24,289	55,103	325,794	315,198	336,589
	Totals.....	217,533	201,137	1,091,685	1,389,400	1,415,326
	Totals.....					3,444,134

UNREVISSED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Earthenware, china and granieware.	Great Britain...	31,208	92,716	498,677	592,612	630,007	630,007	592,612	630,007	630,007	630,007
	United States...	21,254	17,062	163,873	141,858	128,577	128,577	141,858	128,577	128,577	128,577
	Germany...	26,324	31,636	103,790	127,834	175,773	175,773	127,834	175,773	175,773	175,773
	Other countries.	30,489	40,097	116,295	139,883	182,137	182,137	139,883	182,137	182,137	182,137
	Totals ...	169,275	181,451	877,635	1,002,187	1,146,494	1,146,494	1,002,187	1,146,494	1,146,494	1,146,494
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...	3,140	2,769	50,653	43,186	29,380	29,380	43,186	29,380	29,380	29,380
	United States...	274,201	226,329	1,789,696	1,573,383	1,645,238	1,645,238	1,573,383	1,645,238	1,645,238	1,645,238
	Other countries.	1,444	975	22,353	19,144	29,859	29,859	19,144	29,859	29,859	29,859
	Totals ...	278,785	230,073	1,862,702	1,635,713	1,704,477	1,704,477	1,635,713	1,704,477	1,704,477	1,704,477
Embroideries, N.O.P.	Great Britain...	5,771	4,598	9,460	19,599	21,112	21,112	19,599	21,112	21,112	21,112
	United States...	1,434	477	3,433	6,205	5,205	5,205	6,205	5,205	5,205	5,205
	Switzerland...	1,309	3,215	9,697	13,024	13,335	13,335	13,024	13,335	13,335	13,335
	Other countries.	3,430	3,622	7,937	14,467	15,949	15,949	14,467	15,949	15,949	15,949
	Totals ...	11,944	11,912	30,527	53,295	55,601	55,601	53,295	55,601	55,601	55,601
Fancy articles:— Braids, bracelets, cords, fringes, tassels, &c.	Great Britain...	25,486	24,623	68,422	86,183	106,137	106,137	86,183	106,137	106,137	106,137
	United States...	7,930	6,945	60,438	38,416	52,841	52,841	38,416	52,841	52,841	52,841
	France...	6,314	4,725	18,580	18,520	25,490	25,490	18,520	25,490	25,490	25,490
	Other countries.	15,264	16,963	75,588	62,638	66,010	66,010	62,638	66,010	66,010	66,010
	Totals ...	56,586	56,157	240,015	231,759	259,256	259,256	231,759	259,256	259,256	259,256
Laces, lace collars and similar goods, lace nets and nettings of cotton, linen, silk or other material	Great Britain...	95,026	58,134	380,321	508,006	274,189	274,189	508,006	274,189	274,189	274,189
	United States...	5,759	4,691	54,043	35,289	45,537	45,537	35,289	45,537	45,537	45,537
	France...	23,142	18,139	70,422	111,400	74,126	74,126	111,400	74,126	74,126	74,126
	Totals ...	123,927	80,964	404,786	654,735	393,852	393,852	654,735	393,852	393,852	393,852

Fancy articles, other	Germany.....	28,084	16,427	121,066	139,206	52,451
	Switzerland.....	6,175	2,779	11,229	32,777	16,215
	Other countries.....	2,100	1,784	33,146	9,358	8,587
	Totals.....	160,286	101,454	670,227	836,036	471,105
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	42,562	63,972	174,901	184,910	295,298
	United States.....	51,270	44,119	162,326	191,720	178,807
	France.....	18,117	20,192	61,059	101,358	109,866
	Germany.....	60,014	70,187	152,758	223,373	300,088
Fancy articles.	Other countries.....	9,498	13,946	50,663	48,024	85,095
	Totals.....	181,461	212,416	601,707	749,385	969,154
Fertilizers.	Great Britain.....	163,074	146,729	623,704	779,090	675,624
	United States.....	64,979	55,755	276,807	285,425	277,185
	Other countries.....	170,280	167,543	611,438	752,656	746,706
	Totals.....	398,333	370,027	1,511,949	1,817,180	1,699,515
Fisheries, articles for the use of.	Great Britain.....	1,499	80	3,793	5,455	4,843
	United States.....	3,169	18,743	34,568	78,266	150,539
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	3,330	1,749	630
	Totals.....	4,668	18,743	55,420	85,470	156,012
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	632	159	152,388	14,465	10,097
	United States.....	324	273	12,887	220,408	192,635
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	9	17,585	13,644
	Totals.....	956	432	23,196	390,391	390,288
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....	8,122	10,559	42,105	45,597	46,967
	United States.....	27,327	24,292	170,794	68	171,185
	Newfoundland.....	10,799	12,539	342,182	283,648	301,460
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	50,027	54,588	65,857
Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. F.	Totals.....	46,248	47,390	262,926	257,903	284,009
	Great Britain.....	58,469	56,024	302,088	395,708	358,315
	United States.....	915	1,313	5,641	3,773	4,406
	Germany.....	1,881	219	6,781	11,102	3,454
Fancy articles, other	Other countries.....	10,363	10,088	29,391	43,110	65,298
	Totals.....	71,628	67,644	343,901	398,693	426,473

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Hemp, undressed	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	39,311	4,202	12,232	225,525	154,603	86,992	154,603	86,992
	Other countries...	24,039	12,232	6,330	171,395	219,263	118,871	219,263	118,871
	Totals	1,728	6,330	22,764	396,920	24,047	74,499	24,047	74,499
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain...	28,865	26,127	102,326	158,479	158,479	259,082	158,479	259,082
	United States...	498	3,534	1,599	3,626	3,626	13,053	3,626	13,053
	B. E. Indies...	19,024	89,673	68,273	282,521	282,521	487,184	282,521	487,184
	Other countries...								
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way	Totals	48,387	119,334	172,198	444,626	444,626	759,319	444,626	759,319
	Great Britain...								
	United States...								
	B. E. Indies...								
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleach- ed, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	66,481	50,985	278,471	378,784	378,784	334,437	378,784	334,437
	United States...	1,582	421	13,725	14,405	14,405	8,909	14,405	8,909
	Other countries...	1,101	423	5,561	5,470	5,470	2,471	5,470	2,471
	Total.	69,164	51,829	297,757	398,659	398,659	345,517	398,659	345,517

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain	83,581	42,772	92,087	24,660	422,381	129,604	469,439	203,669	615,754	225,193
	United States	6,786	3,947	7,701	4,770	35,108	25,765	43,566	26,342	52,765	13,844
	Other countries.	16,196	.....	19,146	.....	63,152	.....	101,445	.....	154,769	13,976
	Total	106,563	46,719	118,934	29,430	520,701	155,369	614,450	230,011	823,288	259,013
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of.	Great Britain	237,396	150,732	225,223	142,348	1,105,266	716,747	1,342,410	715,076	1,562,588	922,854
	United States	9,781	27,986	12,969	17,470	56,133	199,822	65,370	248,056	78,833	140,057
	Other countries.	48,565	20,957	119,549	17,204	173,158	78,110	443,648	158,166	713,176	157,751
	Totals	295,742	199,675	357,741	177,022	1,334,557	994,679	1,851,428	1,121,898	2,354,597	1,220,662
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.	Great Britain	225	.....	8,000	.....	12,757	.....	15,766	.....	47,382	.....
	United States	60,138	.....	86,328	.....	375,806	.....	385,235	.....	404,465	.....
	France	6,731	.....	13,321	.....	43,240	.....	71,193	.....	85,359	.....
	Greece	6,135	.....	7,985	.....	54,888	.....	83,978	.....	104,781	.....
	Spain	10,893	.....	15,081	.....	70,599	.....	85,639	.....	88,797	.....
	Other countries.	3,626	.....	7,344	.....	38,547	.....	62,779	.....	91,836	.....
	Totals	87,748	.....	138,060	.....	595,830	.....	694,590	.....	822,820	.....
<i>Fruits, green.</i>											
	Great Britain	394	.....	392	1,941	14,125	.....	38,507	.....	888	127,501
	United States	209,946	109,398	181,985	217,715	1,081,122	1,026,323	1,273,955	1,248,731	651,090	2,431,433
	Italy	6,677	.....	.....	10,924	97,928	.....	165,688	.....	.....	232,284
	Other countries.	5,009	21,951	990	4,565	20,823	24,509	29,772	70,588	2,419	45,001
	Totals	222,026	131,349	183,367	235,145	1,213,998	1,050,832	1,507,922	1,319,319	654,397	2,836,219
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.</i>											
	Great Britain	16,947	.....	19,492	.....	63,260	620	91,815	715	130,711	.....
	United States	8,114	.....	14,609	7	31,063	10	30,071	115	44,861	53
	Other countries.	5,236	2	4,357	.....	24,938	.....	27,323	121	23,194	1,817
	Totals	30,297	2	38,458	7	119,261	630	149,209	951	198,796	1,870
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.	Great Britain	17,566	.....	27,884	1,941	90,142	620	146,088	715	179,181	127,501
	United States	278,198	109,398	282,922	217,722	1,487,991	1,026,333	1,689,261	1,248,846	1,100,416	2,431,486
	Other countries.	44,307	21,953	49,079	15,489	350,956	24,509	516,372	70,709	396,386	279,102
	Totals	340,071	131,351	359,885	235,152	1,929,089	1,051,462	2,351,721	1,320,270	1,675,983	2,838,039

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.....	Great Britain.....	81,099	.....	58,690	.....	338,256	.....	559,980	.....	341	560,945	4,396
	United States.....	71,686	.....	60,311	.....	309,616	.....	389,599	.....	.....	420,270	.....
	Other countries.....	114,923	3,006	121,225	.....	494,374	3,536	790,264	.....	3,976	787,851	4,863
	Totals.....	267,688	3,006	240,226	.....	1,142,246	3,575	1,739,843	.....	4,317	1,769,066	8,989
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	74,297	.....	80,981	.....	247,089	.....	313,898	.....	.....	515,949	.....
	United States.....	10,010	.....	12,973	.....	77,815	.....	102,301	.....	.....	106,300	.....
	Germany.....	63,031	.....	52,431	.....	128,171	.....	203,976	.....	.....	150,111	.....
	Other countries.....	15,258	.....	34,380	.....	63,732	.....	81,039	.....	.....	251,135	.....
	Totals.....	16,784	.....	11,083	.....	22,500	.....	51,768	.....	.....	63,261	.....
	Totals.....	179,380	.....	191,848	.....	539,307	.....	753,002	.....	.....	1,086,756	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	Great Britain.....	3,824	.....	5,666	.....	26,489	.....	40,597	.....	.....	35,359	.....
	United States.....	9,073	.....	7,325	.....	43,166	.....	55,137	.....	64	44,174	316
	Germany.....	4,293	.....	2,885	.....	20,805	.....	22,643	.....	.....	11,715	.....
	Other countries.....	4,020	.....	2,148	.....	23,858	.....	29,278	.....	.....	17,766	.....
	Totals.....	21,210	.....	18,024	.....	114,318	.....	147,645	.....	64	107,014	316
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	15	22,385	.....	4,635	438	.....	112	.....	88,857	916	85,083
	United States.....	4,518	8,301	3,230	87,426	19,645	233,380	24,255	182,778	37,620	514,397	514,397
	Other countries.....	1,469	285	1,029	84,602	11,915	3,125	10,574	30,423	13,793	382,113	382,113
	Totals.....	6,002	30,971	4,259	176,663	31,998	330,838	34,941	302,058	52,329	981,593	981,593
Grease, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	.....	720	.....	.....	562	3,148	361	4,820	212	5,501	5,501
	United States.....	7,633	30,067	10,309	58,659	22,853	128,468	47,547	216,358	52,515	416,362	416,362
	Other countries.....	.....	831	32	.....	59	7,851	43	4,196	92	4,301	4,301
	Totals.....	7,633	31,618	10,401	58,659	23,474	139,467	47,951	225,374	52,819	426,164	426,164
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	Great Britain.....	22,553	.....	112,898	.....	213,942	.....	268,986	.....	644,391	.....	.....
	United States.....	25,400	.....	35,749	.....	141,791	.....	166,864	.....	228,005	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	1,758	.....	297	.....	1,719	.....	5,016	.....	.....
	Totals.....	47,953	.....	150,405	.....	356,030	.....	437,569	.....	878,012	.....	.....
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	5,737	.....	9,218	1,073	55,219	552	48,328	1,004	88,390	8,515	8,515
	United States.....	52,739	.....	50,195	136,981	313,520	1,184,314	329,159	1,247,297	368,539	1,829,336	1,829,336
	Other countries.....	2,827	.....	2,914	14,643	13,048	415	18,480	1,727	27,475	62,383	62,383
	Totals.....	61,303	271,133	62,227	152,697	381,787	1,185,281	395,907	1,250,028	484,402	1,900,134	1,900,134

Ink.....	Great Britain.....	1,637	2,793	16,617	14,200	18,642
	United States.....	11,279	10,679	61,438	66,082	70,491
	Other countries.....	463	28	4,586	3,687	1,921
	Totals.....	13,379	13,500	85,631	83,969	91,054
Jewellery..	Great Britain.....	13,521	18,479	44,401	69,996	124,471
	United States.....	63,722	53,951	259,918	332,313	375,071
	Germany.....	10,841	14,416	34,533	59,821	66,752
	Other countries.....	2,205	8,880	23,803	22,615	62,150
	Totals.....	90,289	100,726	362,655	484,745	628,444
Junk, old and oakum.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Leather and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....					
Leather, unmanufactured—	United States.....					
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep	Other countries.....					
skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.	Totals.....					
	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed,	Great Britain.....					
coloured or uncoloured, import-	United States.....					
ed by glove manufacturers for	France.....					
use in their own factories.....	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Sole leather, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	France.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Upper leather including dongola,	Great Britain.....					
cordovan, kangaroo, alligator	United States.....					
and chamois skins, or other	France.....					
upper leather, N.E.S., dressed,	Other countries.....					
waxed or glazed.....	Totals.....					
	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	France.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Leather and infs. of.— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured	Great Britain...	25,872	.....	36,364	.....	67,935	.....	142,676	.....	173,775	.....	
	United States...	12,579	.....	18,404	.....	43,597	.....	74,014	.....	120,970	.....	
	Other countries.	435	.....	6,042	.....	5,016	.....	5,539	.....	12,107	.....	
	Totals	38,886	.....	60,810	.....	116,548	.....	222,229	.....	306,852	.....	
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	18,468	.....	19,454	.....	37,534	.....	54,101	.....	78,712	.....	
	United States...	146,528	.....	155,093	.....	618,516	.....	725,636	.....	782,238	.....	
	Other countries.	113	.....	130	.....	1,380	.....	757	.....	2,931	.....	
	Totals	165,109	.....	174,677	.....	657,430	.....	780,494	.....	863,881	.....	
Other leather, manufactured.....	Great Britain...	10,481	.....	8,514	.....	45,500	.....	45,794	.....	62,959	.....	
	United States...	24,584	.....	27,387	.....	132,023	.....	172,205	.....	207,069	.....	
	Other countries.	543	.....	450	.....	3,309	.....	4,005	.....	2,413	.....	
	Totals...	35,608	.....	36,351	.....	180,832	.....	222,004	.....	272,441	.....	
Leather and manufactures of.....	Great Britain...	69,711	.....	119,058	.....	229,432	.....	354,368	.....	575,821	.....	
	United States...	236,810	.....	254,487	.....	1,156,818	.....	1,401,130	.....	1,557,968	.....	
	Other countries.	3,130	.....	13,661	.....	40,117	.....	40,535	.....	50,648	.....	
	Totals	309,651	.....	387,206	.....	1,426,367	.....	1,796,033	.....	2,184,437	.....	
Marble and infs. of.....	Great Britain...	308	.....	202	.....	1,540	.....	2,476	.....	3,591	.....	
	United States...	16,957	.....	15,781	.....	72,982	.....	92,414	.....	121,089	.....	
	Italy	2,010	.....	14	.....	12,650	.....	18,757	.....	16,873	.....	
	Other countries.	46	.....	341	.....	3,081	.....	1,103	.....	2,923	.....	
	Totals	19,321	.....	16,338	.....	90,263	.....	114,780	.....	144,476	.....	

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	12,149	9,950	17,443	7,679	49,010	62,716	71,476	95,477	134,417	156,438
	United States...	56,925	93,757	85,815	50,024	323,120	333,933	409,085	561,592	732,969	383,841
	Other countries...	2,465	2,935	7,288	865	21,869	2,943	23,326	18,274	33,510	31,026
	Totals.....	71,539	106,642	110,546	59,468	383,999	399,592	503,887	675,343	902,896	571,305
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,558	5,334	1,364	28,429	3,117	26,138	5,386	26,870	6,758	198,462
	United States...	8,308	296,583	8,205	147,213	52,277	1,121,933	66,411	1,864,030	60,145	2,013,233
	Other countries...	599	9,251	645	50	1,407	1,672	2,111	10,277	4,650	1,825
	Totals.....	10,465	311,168	10,214	175,692	56,801	1,149,743	73,908	1,901,177	71,553	2,213,520
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	17,398		16,880		59,564		140,641		137,416	
	United States...	24,265		22,710		138,112	289	123,494	139	135,346	
	Other countries...	8,644		7,977		31,838		44,661		37,622	
	Totals.....	50,237		46,967		229,514	289	308,796	139	310,384	
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain...	3,620		953		12,936		28,579		20,791	
	United States...	123,587		138,564		685,088		1,273,197		1,096,735	
	Other countries...	36		189		700		294		1,296	
	Totals.....	127,243		139,706		698,724		1,308,070		1,118,876	
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	Great Britain...	60,598		64,909		223,513		369,832		488,758	
	United States...	121,002		172,642		310,384		742,122		1,065,563	
	Other countries...	1,798		4,815		21,217		23,042		17,613	
	Totals.....	183,398		242,366		555,114		1,134,996		1,571,934	
Chains.....	Great Britain...	9,092		19,889	20	32,392		44,001		109,540	550
	United States...	17,993		12,470	14,816	80,990		118,287		79,648	99,697
	Other countries...	224		381		2,620		2,020		2,394	
	Totals.....	27,309		32,740	14,836	116,002		164,308		191,582	100,247
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain...		2,340				34,687		39,788		19,510
	United States...		14,410				219,576		219,572		232,605
	Other countries...		855		1,812		1,559		6,252		9,580
	Totals.....		17,605		1,812		315,822		265,652		261,695

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Cutlery.....	Great Britain...	28,509	49,958	202,794	260,038	...	...	326,670	...
	United States...	10,575	14,097	61,284	66,149	...	...	72,318	...
	Germany.....	11,136	16,850	75,796	79,491	...	...	131,866	...
	Other countries.	725	387	3,932	6,145	...	...	4,944	...
	Totals.....	60,945	81,292	343,806	411,823	...	...	555,798	...
Engines, locomotives for railways, N. E.S.....	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	20,290	122,907	139,877	109,186	...	...	964,561	...
	Other countries.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engines, other, including boilers.	Totals.....	20,290	122,907	139,877	109,186	...	...	964,561	...
	Great Britain...	12,950	19,219	55,168	124,853	...	...	122,848	...
	United States...	95,009	141,240	448,318	604,708	...	...	758,300	...
	Other countries.	232	...	...	232	...	...	5,485	...
Fittings, iron or steel, for iron and steel pipe.....	Totals.....	108,191	160,459	503,486	729,793	...	...	886,633	...
	Great Britain...	2,213	736	1,156	4,829	...	...	7,620	...
	United States...	32,261	49,093	169,732	206,268	...	...	287,030	...
	Other countries.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	34,474	49,829	170,888	211,097	...	...	294,659	...
Hardware, viz. — Builders, cabinet-makers, &c.	Great Britain...	7,051	6,277	40,427	51,479	...	...	36,247	...
	United States...	50,732	42,184	302,548	364,478	...	...	321,615	...
	Other countries.	28	685	2,310	2,801	...	...	2,514	...
	Totals.....	57,831	49,146	345,285	418,758	...	...	360,376	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, &c.	Great Britain...	72,798	43,623	147,238	462,399	147,238	462,399	525,418	
	United States...	141,598	242,398	647,924	939,980	647,924	939,980	1,144,538	
	Germany...		6,086					121,923	
	Other countries.	61,003	9,185	162,947	229,655	162,947	229,655	64,507	
	Totals.....	275,399	301,292	958,109	1,652,034	958,109	1,652,034	1,856,416	
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves.....	Great Britain...	13,095	33,000	74,496	85,230	74,496	85,230	151,221	
	United States...	26,634	25,248	65,744	135,418	65,744	135,418	189,600	
	Other countries.	221	2,542	13,703	15,896	13,703	15,896	10,292	
	Totals.....	39,950	60,790	153,943	236,544	153,943	236,544	351,113	
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than 4 inch in thickness, N.O.P.....	Great Britain...	12,268	34,163	76,204	115,310	76,204	115,310	156,857	
	United States...	33,866	19,921	232,312	341,058	232,312	341,058	260,793	
	Other countries.		307	2,429	3,512	2,429	3,512	473	
	Totals.....	46,134	54,391	310,945	459,880	310,945	459,880	418,123	
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.	Great Britain...	1,064		8,866	2,619		2,619	3,751	
	United States...	85,633	87,363	467,401	391,279	467,401	391,279	536,383	
	Other countries.		903		850		850	3,501	
	Totals.....	86,697	88,266	476,207	394,748	476,207	394,748	543,635	

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	20,300	33,085	106,728	216,984	6,104	254,113
	United States...	42,967	39,588	259,662	280,885	274,849	...
	Other countries...	119	3,041	1,726	4,057	18,814	...
	Totals	63,386	42,629	308,116	501,426	299,857	254,113
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	19,143	48,503	1,879	1,394	...	...
	United States...	...	...	343,518	225,654	213,779	...
	Other countries...	...	...	168	173	1,343	...
	Totals	19,143	48,503	345,565	227,221	215,122	...
Steel rails...	Great Britain...	5,350	4,208	469,386	207,146	60,617	...
	United States...	1,436,856	168,422	141,721	1,769,253	490,940	...
	Other countries...	107	...	1,139	9,778	6,351	...
	Totals	1,442,313	172,690	612,246	1,986,177	557,908	...
Tools and implements...	Great Britain...	8,736	10,081	35,884	53,745	72,531	...
	United States...	124,243	108,896	609,951	765,046	753,345	...
	Other countries...	5,266	5,610	26,916	33,577	35,547	...
	Totals	138,245	124,587	672,751	852,398	861,423	...
Tubing...	Great Britain...	13,906	6,362	91,271	55,558	52,010	116,116
	United States...	95,175	95,197	521,620	568,806	107,960	333,640
	Other countries...	554	...	14,806	13,077	...	21,479
	Totals	109,635	101,559	627,680	637,441	159,970	473,235
Wire...	Great Britain...	21,782	51,455	127,816	168,374	372,645	261,499
	United States...	42,372	49,864	308,861	378,686	402,265	922,525
	Other countries...	2,792	14,877	7,662	36,730	63,764	48,437
	Totals	66,946	116,196	439,339	583,780	838,674	1,232,464
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	136,026	169,166	939,162	1,099,528	1,343,771	255,012
	United States...	585,851	644,059	2,930,825	3,901,829	4,438,412	1,004,010
	Other countries...	36,744	54,642	201,513	175,252	238,313	142,494
	Totals	758,621	867,907	4,071,500	5,176,109	6,020,496	1,401,516

<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	823,672	270,925	933,445	668,897	4,694,335	1,545,658	5,791,461	1,571,502	6,784,464	4,673,087
	United States	4,614,796	1,316,404	3,974,897	1,138,718	14,762,871	6,073,377	21,378,891	8,221,631	25,116,330	8,681,831
	Other countries	187,005	206,904	209,445	185,597	869,570	625,304	926,265	918,208	1,097,452	884,366
	Totals	5,625,473	1,794,233	5,117,787	1,993,212	20,266,576	8,244,539	28,096,687	10,711,342	32,998,246	14,239,284
Mineral water	Great Britain	746	.....	1,073	.....	6,299	.....	7,350	.....	10,499	85
	United States	5,671	11	6,837	23	37,636	433	48,356	929	42,118	313
	France	3,948	.....	9,439	.....	24,467	.....	29,077	.....	47,454	.....
	Germany	1,647	.....	2,551	.....	3,522	.....	14,462	.....	17,710	.....
Musical instruments	Other countries	* 894	.....	596	.....	9,749	.....	6,114	.....	5,075	5
	Totals	12,906	11	20,496	23	81,673	433	105,359	930	122,856	403
Mustard	Great Britain	1,424	875	4,958	1,306	13,205	3,518	14,618	3,370	28,467	8,307
	United States	37,549	2,040	62,709	1,370	172,299	15,120	205,891	12,374	385,435	19,840
	Germany	8,422	2,872	7,859	.....	30,005	10,386	38,047	11,921	37,475	12,843
	Other countries	3,574	.....	4,139	.....	18,762	.....	18,455	.....	22,947	.....
Oils :—	Totals	50,969	5,787	79,665	2,676	234,325	29,224	277,011	27,665	474,324	40,990
	Great Britain	9,928	.....	8,509	.....	44,516	.....	47,436	.....	57,005	.....
	United States	2,748	.....	2,138	.....	14,463	.....	12,832	.....	16,329	.....
	Other countries	2	.....	24	.....	357	.....	419	.....	277	.....
Mineral oils	Totals	12,678	.....	10,671	.....	59,336	.....	60,687	.....	73,611	.....
	Great Britain	303	1,186	.....	.....	1,688	2,041	1,469	3,919	1,108	7,316
	United States	109,967	36,850	48,550	132,959	353,370	355,353	376,338	401,416	273,280	641,913
	Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	550
Fish oils	Totals	110,270	38,036	48,550	192,959	355,058	357,394	377,819	405,335	274,388	649,779
	Great Britain	181	.....	85	.....	1,423	.....	662	.....	1,107	.....
	United States	1,832	.....	1,401	.....	9,482	.....	8,015	.....	9,298	.....
	Newfoundland . . . . .	.....	9,037	.....	11,283	.....	37,373	.....	30,618	.....	36,314
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Other countries	509	.....	547	.....	6,127	.....	2,539	.....	5,111	.....
	Totals	2,522	9,037	2,033	11,283	17,032	37,373	11,216	30,618	15,516	36,314
	Great Britain . . . . .	.....	4,540	.....	1,214	.....	34,554	.....	37,011	.....	44,201
	United States . . . . .	.....	2,514	.....	9,597	.....	29,820	.....	24,268	.....	29,284
Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	Other countries . . . . .	.....	357	.....	1,010	.....	5,788	.....	12,768	.....	12,145
	Totals . . . . .	.....	7,411	.....	11,821	.....	70,162	.....	74,047	.....	86,630

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, oils, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 3,119	.....	\$ 41,787	.....	\$ 372	.....	\$ 7,865	.....	\$ 527	.....	\$	\$
	United States.....	18,881	402	.....	.....	137,300	2,435	202,121	1,052	303,669	2,626	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	22,000	402	41,787	.....	138,347	2,435	210,029	1,052	304,196	2,626	.....	.....
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain.....	20,777	.....	5,032	.....	519,458	.....	115,588	.....	96,108	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	4,908	.....	2,663	.....	15,244	.....	35,206	.....	28,662	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	196	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	228	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	25,685	.....	7,891	.....	534,702	.....	150,819	.....	124,998	.....	.....	.....
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain.....	1,586	.....	2,057	.....	3,900	.....	5,485	.....	8,964	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	49,601	.....	50,798	.....	172,945	.....	226,593	.....	288,896	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	103	.....	510	.....	225	.....	1,912	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	51,187	.....	52,958	.....	177,355	.....	232,303	.....	299,972	.....	.....	.....
Oils, other.....	Great Britain.....	4,094	.....	13,398	1,171	29,300	2,020	43,001	1,594	59,772	9,142	.....	.....
	United States.....	20,090	3,863	15,180	7,951	79,438	19,730	106,877	25,718	127,500	46,292	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	6,639	.....	14,685	.....	46,471	.....	50,708	137	73,267	58	.....	.....
	Totals.....	30,823	3,863	43,263	9,122	155,209	21,750	200,586	27,449	260,539	55,492	.....	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Oils.....	Great Britain.....	30,060	5,726	20,572	2,385	556,141	38,615	174,070	42,524	167,586	60,659	.....	.....
	United States.....	205,279	43,629	160,379	150,507	767,979	407,338	955,150	452,454	1,031,305	720,115	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	7,148	9,394	15,531	12,298	53,583	43,161	53,552	43,523	80,518	49,067	.....	.....
	Totals.....	242,487	58,749	196,482	165,185	1,377,703	489,114	1,182,772	538,501	1,279,409	829,841	.....	.....

Oilcloth	Great Britain	65,504	.....	66,725	.....	273,891	.....	371,611	.....	468,996	.....
	United States	18,625	.....	14,537	.....	69,908	.....	116,350	.....	130,570	.....
	Other countries	42	.....	430	.....	911	.....	608	.....	2,352	.....
Totals		84,171	.....	81,692	.....	344,710	.....	488,629	.....	601,918	.....
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	Great Britain	3,487	2,008	16,957	3,600	16,513	6,803	23,099	3,691	65,206	12,340
	United States	19,372	4,397	29,539	8,706	136,740	14,591	164,904	14,690	217,232	28,247
	Other countries	6,349	7,921	12,085	12,085	24,273	6,931	25,153	6,037	39,719	18,393
Totals		29,808	9,127	54,417	24,391	177,526	28,325	213,156	24,418	322,157	58,980
Packages	Great Britain	37,075	.....	95,160	.....	196,486	.....	230,731	.....	573,924	.....
	United States	145,921	.....	165,185	.....	843,192	.....	921,897	.....	1,055,939	.....
	Other countries	29,350	.....	49,158	.....	164,476	.....	175,956	.....	272,070	.....
Totals		212,346	.....	309,503	.....	1,204,159	.....	1,328,489	.....	1,901,933	.....
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	Great Britain	11,534	10,679	19,137	12,052	44,068	192,481	77,026	36,789	131,744	163,425
	United States	37,800	2,710	47,532	250	147,828	188,368	193,648	24,363	262,076	15,378
	Other countries	12,997	1,548	30,349	930	37,142	5,418	80,511	7,074	163,525	6,903
Totals		62,331	14,937	97,018	13,232	228,538	386,267	351,185	68,226	557,945	185,706
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	Great Britain	37,662	.....	46,960	1,565	113,393	.....	218,401	.....	324,025	37,829
	United States	4,987	.....	7,596	.....	168,925	.....	65,720	.....	52,127	.....
	Germany	1,632	.....	2,330	.....	137,517	.....	14,743	.....	25,363	.....
Other countries		252	.....	12,038	.....	44,498	.....	23,033	.....	34,067	.....
Totals		44,533	.....	68,924	1,565	464,333	.....	321,917	.....	435,582	37,829
Other paints and colours	Great Britain	7,924	6,449	7,576	10,194	63,689	37,340	110,819	45,385	151,557	61,217
	United States	36,603	12,917	28,398	6,333	192,749	52,318	211,276	67,932	199,950	60,660
	Germany	6,835	.....	1,561	7,308	19,763	1,363	17,283	4,542	47,332	47,332
Other countries		2,087	2,016	1,168	269	11,577	7,872	12,929	14,855	7,290	1,760
Totals		53,449	21,382	38,703	24,104	287,880	98,893	352,307	132,714	365,440	170,969
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain	2,096	.....	2,200	.....	5,839	.....	12,317	.....	11,058	.....
	United States	6,857	.....	3,961	.....	78,605	.....	63,338	.....	55,373	.....
	Other countries	197	.....	458	.....	2,464	.....	5,253	.....	5,584	.....
Totals		9,150	.....	6,619	.....	87,408	.....	80,908	.....	72,015	.....

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	3,745	4,202	22,015	19,340	28,504
	United States.	14,302	13,307	54,652	64,170	84,514
	Other countries.	267	347	2,361	1,995	3,388
	Totals.	18,544	17,851	79,028	85,505	116,406
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	2,898	2,845	14,977	12,686	12,910
	United States.	15,965	10,214	46,700	71,023	85,231
	France.	3,199	10,185	35,604	35,435	53,348
	Other countries.	595	691	3,488	5,625	9,070
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Totals.	22,657	23,935	100,769	124,769	160,559
	Great Britain.	21,090	30,246	136,337	139,030	186,347
	United States.	8,525	6,502	64,049	62,768	63,001
	Other countries.	1,988	5,082	12,375	14,435	24,370
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Totals.	31,603	41,830	212,761	216,223	273,718
	Great Britain.	500	35	33,664	17,870	51,309
	United States.	997	5,163	12,043	20,567	44,956
	France.	1,085	2,115	69,157	14,763	53,352
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard &c.	Holland.	12,309	28,679	153,636	150,431	238,892
	Other countries.	331	1,280	6,734	6,843	24,748
	Totals.	2,913	8,593	65,062	59,543	175,041
	Great Britain.	326	2,448	7,758	12,751	17,592
Meats:— Bacon and hams.	United States.	61,558	63,199	292,507	405,024	553,853
	Other countries.	7,092	3,423	23,885	20,089	20,621
	Totals.	68,976	69,070	254,150	437,864	592,066
	Great Britain.	95,359	133	374	180	4,117
Pork, barrelled in brine	United States.	95,352	82,120	306,747	527,881	432,589
	Other countries.	7	5	110	433	28
	Totals.	95,359	82,258	307,231	528,494	436,734
	Great Britain.	80,262	64,697	4,980	5,158	270,284
Pork, barrelled in brine	United States.	80,262	64,697	263,156	343,929	270,284
	Other countries.	7	5	110	433	12
	Totals.	80,262	64,697	263,156	343,929	270,284
	Great Britain.	80,262	64,697	263,156	343,929	270,284

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Other meats, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	1,749		8,911			13,883				17,156		32,710
	United States...	57,807		34,525			240,877				323,155		233,906
	Other countries...	884		5,300			5,426				4,681		30,287
	Totals	60,440		48,736			260,186				344,992		296,903
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Provisions.....	Great Britain...	2,075		11,492			26,995				35,245		54,419
	United States...	294,979	235	244,541			1,033,287	873	876		1,604,989	876	1,490,632
	Other countries...	7,983		8,728			29,421	448			25,203		50,948
	Totals	305,037	235	264,761			1,089,703	1,321			1,665,437	876	1,595,999
Rags.....	Great Britain...		10,974		27,744			60,919				72,320	160,198
	United States...		19,114		43,822			93,579				126,022	275,111
	Germany.....		5,762		7,234			12,920				25,011	25,580
	Other countries...		1,925		4			4,384				6,389	2,799
	Totals		37,775		78,804			171,802				229,742	463,678
Rennet.....	Great Britain...		53		13			133				280	835
	United States...		996		1,334			32,484				25,226	27,516
	Other countries...		729		2,996			13,245				17,551	25,082
	Totals		1,778		4,343			45,862				43,057	53,433
Resin or rosin.....	Great Britain...							534				2,311	488
	United States...		27,617		25,842			164,944				183,692	213,712
	Other countries...												
	Totals		27,617		25,842			165,478				186,003	214,200

Ribbons.....	61,572	87,248	241,521	257,732	358,245
Great Britain.....	8,143	10,477	30,052	43,505	52,666
United States.....	22,263	44,601	96,220	157,001	248,208
France.....	22,966	28,863	89,914	138,409	209,690
Switzerland.....	9,240	5,735	107,667	24,173	40,257
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	124,186	176,926	565,374	620,820	909,066
Salt.....					
Great Britain.....					185,976
United States.....	8,404	46,759	101	208,466	3,665
Other countries.....		4,840	39,538	43,998	59,696
Totals.....	8,404	46,759	101	208,466	45
Seeds and bulbous roots.....					
Great Britain.....	314	198	17,593	4,868	31,258
United States.....	13,559	47,032	201,267	127,672	482,541
Other countries.....	2,158	61	1,694	7,109	11,212
Totals.....	16,031	47,291	220,554	139,649	1,308
Settlers' effects.....					
Great Britain.....					518,397
United States.....					19,393
Other countries.....					
Totals.....					
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing.....					
Great Britain.....	27,866	25,225	82,694	80,253	104,018
United States.....	2,711	6,035	29,728	19,155	24,200
Japan.....	1,314	3,059	16,040	10,301	25,196
Other countries.....	2,323	4,561	12,754	12,642	14,736
Totals.....	34,214	37,880	141,216	122,351	168,150
Fabrics.....					
Great Britain.....	151,615	167,144	772,449	685,044	901,154
United States.....	16,026	13,482	101,677	88,175	87,240
France.....	49,326	49,776	239,298	246,344	330,938
Germany.....	2,500	11,393	24,450	20,145	87,192
Japan.....	18,978	38,085	171,006	156,464	180,154
Switzerland.....	34,047	55,118	361,159	263,159	283,647
Other countries.....	37,350	20,604	154,294	138,305	116,544
Totals.....	309,842	355,602	1,825,130	1,537,636	1,986,869

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twisted or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain	22,701	15,381	47,488	32,664	47,488	17,622	131,636	188,682	156,864	173,670	260,779	17,622
	United States	1,276	5,281	6,557	2,105	6,557	8,662	6,631	20,085	21,732	8,736	22,984	17,622
	France	3,599	5,864	9,463	5,864	9,463	19,826	33,500	24,378	156,864	42,973	22,984	17,622
	Germany	4,718	3,301	8,019	3,301	8,019	1,907	19,826	24,378	21,732	3,225	22,984	17,622
	Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	579	.....	.....	1,907	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	32,294	20,662	65,110	44,513	65,110	.....	198,500	188,682	178,596	251,588	278,401	.....
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain	22,701	15,381	47,488	32,664	47,488	17,622	131,636	188,682	156,864	173,670	260,779	17,622
	United States	1,276	5,281	6,557	2,105	6,557	8,662	6,631	20,085	21,732	8,736	22,984	17,622
	France	3,599	5,864	9,463	5,864	9,463	19,826	33,500	24,378	156,864	42,973	22,984	17,622
	Germany	4,718	3,301	8,019	3,301	8,019	1,907	19,826	24,378	21,732	3,225	22,984	17,622
	Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	579	.....	.....	1,907	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	32,294	20,662	65,110	44,513	65,110	.....	198,500	188,682	178,596	251,588	278,401	.....
Silk, other	Great Britain	20,290	42	138	34,158	138	.....	103,342	1,227	592	122,760	1,883	.....
	United States	5,523	1,232	2,124	8,419	2,124	.....	28,241	5,945	9,514	46,179	15,008	.....
	Japan	9,926	.....	.....	19,142	.....	.....	65,428	.....	.....	95,447	.....	.....
	Other countries	5,592	.....	78	6,048	78	.....	20,647	182	312	33,152	592	.....
	Totals	41,331	1,274	2,340	68,367	2,340	.....	217,658	7,354	10,418	297,538	17,483	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Silk and mfrs. of	Great Britain	222,472	42	138	259,191	138	.....	1,090,121	1,227	592	1,301,602	1,883	.....
	United States	25,536	16,613	49,612	29,041	49,612	.....	166,277	194,627	166,378	166,353	275,787	.....
	Other countries	169,673	5,281	17,700	218,130	17,700	.....	1,121,106	182	22,044	1,236,188	18,214	.....
	Totals	417,681	21,936	67,450	506,362	67,450	.....	2,377,504	196,036	189,014	2,704,145	295,884	.....

Soap.....	Great Britain.....	4,306	2,938	21,202	97	27,192	100	30,534	157
	United States.....	41,456	38,023	181,472	657	225,750	791	248,639	187
	France.....	8,357	4,071	36,465	.....	46,750	.....	55,078	.....
	Other countries.....	292	139	3,270	.....	3,758	.....	3,854	.....
	Totals.....	54,411	45,171	242,409	754	303,428	891	338,125	344
Spices.....	Great Britain.....	7,415	6,211	69,993	.....	87,524	.....	80,388	.....
	United States.....	4,590	7,202	28,989	.....	27,989	.....	36,777	.....
	B. E. Indies.....	1,969	3,323	21,571	.....	41,660	.....	33,639	.....
	Other countries.....	2,459	971	20,271	.....	10,841	.....	17,524	.....
	Totals.....	15,833	17,707	140,807	.....	168,014	.....	167,278	.....
Spirits and wines—	Great Britain.....	2,199	1,572	13,867	.....	12,120	.....	7,936	.....
Spirits—	United States.....	24	85	977	.....	509	.....	4,130	.....
Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy.....	France.....	55,674	54,469	239,909	.....	276,731	.....	306,105	.....
	Other countries.....	31	40	461	.....	695	.....	482	.....
	Totals.....	57,928	56,166	255,214	.....	290,055	.....	318,653	.....
Gin of all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	9,540	14,252	44,355	.....	52,854	.....	65,998	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	168	.....	51	.....	735	.....
	Holland.....	24,170	32,674	121,554	.....	129,836	.....	168,530	.....
	Other countries.....	18	.....	114	.....	38	.....	27	.....
	Totals.....	33,728	46,926	166,191	.....	182,799	.....	235,290	.....
Whiskey.....	Great Britain.....	81,362	98,410	375,823	.....	466,293	.....	552,366	.....
	United States.....	1,888	366	5,715	.....	5,564	.....	3,465	.....
	Other countries.....	5	100	520	.....	454	.....	371	.....
	Totals.....	83,255	98,876	382,058	.....	472,311	.....	556,202	.....
Spirits, other.....	Great Britain.....	3,280	3,840	14,094	.....	16,643	.....	18,983	.....
	United States.....	1,034	39,918	39,918	.....	6,817	.....	5,617	.....
	Other countries.....	12,353	13,084	56,090	.....	67,399	.....	78,896	.....
	Totals.....	15,667	17,395	110,102	.....	91,059	.....	103,496	.....
Wines, non-sparkling.....	Great Britain.....	2,737	2,491	10,807	.....	18,070	.....	15,769	.....
	United States.....	2,064	1,390	10,145	.....	10,376	.....	8,438	.....
	France.....	8,936	11,622	57,007	.....	62,507	.....	68,417	.....
	Spain.....	8,663	11,186	66,232	.....	66,006	.....	75,040	.....
	Other countries.....	7,245	10,068	50,116	.....	50,059	.....	56,076	.....
	Totals.....	29,645	36,757	194,307	.....	209,218	.....	228,740	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling....	Great Britain....	890		759	6,146			7,980	4,802
	United States....	1,153		15	2,184			5,981	1,760
	France	20,819		24,500	119,493			134,637	168,666
	Other countries..	340		230	2,127			1,830	2,514
	Totals	23,202		25,504	129,950			150,428	177,742
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Spirits and wines	Great Britain....	100,008		121,324	465,092			573,960	685,685
	United States....	6,163		2,327	59,107			29,498	71,165
	Other countries..	138,254		157,973	713,623			792,412	935,843
	Totals	244,425		281,624	1,237,822			1,395,870	1,692,693
Stone and mfrs. of	Great Britain....	16,650	12,752	14,625	73,825	13,400	30,679	81,920	89,059
	United States....	43,105	26,882	33,041	188,124	70,366	118,517	209,569	228,991
	Other countries..	55		383	4,364	7,734	667	6,984	3,421
	Totals	59,810	39,664	48,049	266,313	91,500	149,863	298,473	321,471
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar	Great Britain....	102,868		88,829	471,809			473,971	625,528
	United States ..	1,535		201	10,715			8,979	3,287
	Belgium	60			293,545			150	11,546
	B. Guiana	166,711		131,703	1,617,020			836,149	696,294
	B. W. Indies....	568,778		484,067	2,087,015			2,744,793	2,952,534
	Dutch E. Indies.	16,338		67,553	425,630			196,350	374,847
	Fiji			40,390					121,387
	Germany				3,346				
	Other countries..	885		98,421	719,147			194,937	566,347
	Totals	851,175		911,164	6,228,827			4,455,329	5,351,770

Molasses.	Great Britain.	279	337	1,891	1,293	4,041	2,065
	United States.	3,455	2,880	34,074	30,522	14,397	831,947
	B. W. Indies.	324	34,085	659,702	723,309	5,961	1,774
	Porto Rico.	14,841	207,391	1,828	157,536	24,389	835,786
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple ■ syrup.	Other countries.		1,042		3,004		
	Totals.	18,575	35,585	245,184	192,355	726,151	
	Great Britain.	21,162	29,776	45,977	66,256	90,437	
	United States.	12,258	14,095	69,366	77,407	87,266	
Recapitulation.	Other countries.	795	2,139	8,022	5,763	9,543	
	Totals.	34,215	46,010	123,365	149,426	187,246	
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain.	124,309	118,942	519,677	541,520	720,006	2,065
	United States.	17,248	17,176	114,155	116,908	104,950	833,721
	Other countries.	762,408	824,273	5,963,544	4,138,682	4,738,459	835,786
	Totals.	903,965	960,391	6,597,376	4,797,110	5,563,415	
Tea.	Great Britain.	532	211	1,424	419	10	591,199
	United States.			16,037	14,574	12,523	715,154
	B. E. Indies.						47,474
	China.						227,724
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Japan.						
	Other countries.						
	Totals.	532	211	17,467	14,993	1,582,852	1,581,551
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	Great Britain.	13,297	23,463	68,399	76,556	108,003	1,552
	United States.	19,370	21,297	87,948	101,475	137,609	1,657,752
	Cuba.	39,689	38,432	187,747	226,618	163,513	27,154
	Other countries.	4,639	3,196	22,510	24,613	25,027	29,789
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	Totals.	76,995	86,388	366,604	429,262	1,522,690	1,716,247
	Great Britain.	22,606	32,668	112,798	138,768	161,577	
	United States.	6,416	7,677	16,694	18,782	23,648	
	Aust.-Hungary.	4,967	10,677	22,652	21,018	57,449	
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.	France.	3,467	14,284	51,203	62,887	62,887	
	Other countries.	1,413	3,908	19,109	11,483	13,446	
	Totals.	38,869	69,164	222,466	226,505	325,207	

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear, N.E.S.	Germany.....	14,773	16,757	60,218	63,481	79,771
	Other countries..	11,228	8,368	39,680	34,830	62,538
	Totals.....	564,409	600,458	2,686,487	3,125,881	3,923,591
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c...	Great Britain...	31,842	70,735	178,079	174,231	335,218
	United States...	2,156	2,332	23,232	18,199	18,903
	Germany.....	2,581	7,903	23,872	25,853	29,357
Wool, raw	Other countries..	1,765	563	3,130	7,374	17,857
	Totals.....	38,344	81,533	228,313	225,657	401,335
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
Yarn.	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,466	2,857
Yarn.	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
Yarn.	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
Yarn.	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
Yarn.	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
Yarn.	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
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Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
Yarn.	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
Yarn.	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
Yarn.	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
Yarn.	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
Yarn.	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
Yarn.	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
Yarn.	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
Yarn.	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
Yarn.	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
Yarn.	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
Yarn.	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
Yarn.	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
Yarn.	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
Yarn.	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
Yarn.	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
Yarn.	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
	Other countries..	274	71	2,678	2,091	2,846
Yarn.	Totals.....	124,418	127,448	505,533	636,051	674,230
	Great Britain...	58,196	113,538	434,942	508,243	676,030
	United States...	82	61	1,873	1,224	3,327
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Germany.....	2,314	708	32,110	22,098	31,053
	Other countries..	49	.....	9,554	4,402	3,179
	Totals.....	60,641	114,307	478,479	535,967	713,589
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	65,050	64,665	375,043	366,990	326,339
	United States...	9,271	5,645	52,228	52,737	59,384
	France.....	4,097	10,025	17,511	23,793	18,903
Yarn.	Germany.....	5,323	4,883	48,842	37,315	32,354
	Other countries..	9,654	20,088	45,768	54,472	24,641
	Totals.....	93,395	105,256	539,392	535,307	80,785
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	119,901	124,286	458,956	571,919	619,094
	United States...	485	184	11,947	8,004	5,138
	Germany.....	3,758	2,907	31,352	44,037	47,152
Yarn.	Other countries..					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.									
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.			1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	
Recapitulation.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
	Wool and mfrs. of.....	1,355,163	64,513	1,592,346	83,602	6,819,452	464,023	7,737,503	410,933	9,419,037	549,355	215,503	549,355	215,503	215,503	215,503	
	United States...	56,992	23,855	54,477	1,378	333,728	214,170	267,253	201,301	351,793	282,138	282,138	282,138	282,138	282,138	282,138	
	Other countries.	311,940	45,899	352,847	7,990	1,027,703	344,715	1,204,377	166,798	1,551,415							
	Totals.....	1,704,095	134,267	1,999,670	92,910	8,180,883	1,022,909	9,209,133	779,032	11,322,245	1,046,996			1,046,996			
All other articles, N.E.S.....		90,330	22,240	115,858	22,991	490,946	137,414	540,796	120,382	722,978	303,142		303,142				
	United States...	290,055	94,247	355,533	109,625	1,611,219	896,865	1,763,568	458,241	2,158,946	695,696		695,696				
	Other countries.	38,398	53,161	69,063	47,250	210,212	129,289	229,498	141,174	308,745	126,064		126,064				
	Totals.....	418,783	169,648	540,454	179,866	2,312,377	1,163,568	2,533,862	719,797	3,190,669	1,124,902		1,124,902				
	Total imports (mdse.).....		5,085,176	1,472,107	6,145,859	1,648,563	25,376,207	8,208,431	29,749,711	9,561,951	38,122,202	13,815,716		13,815,716			
Coin and bullion.....		9,455,807	7,106,757	9,333,979	6,893,370	43,067,299	39,077,469	51,661,945	45,637,353	60,619,525	51,721,533		51,721,533				
	United States...	2,782,766	1,258,053	3,311,186	1,064,521	15,643,927	6,273,219	15,448,000	7,402,252	18,682,129	8,180,633		8,180,633				
	Other countries.	17,323,749	9,896,917	18,791,024	9,606,454	84,087,433	53,559,119	96,859,656	62,601,456	117,423,856	73,726,882		73,726,882				
	Totals.....																
	Grand totals, Imports.....																
Grand totals, Imports.....		5,085,176	1,472,107	6,145,859	1,851,695	25,376,207	8,218,431	29,749,711	9,561,868	38,122,202	14,038,873		14,038,873				
	United States...	9,455,807	8,242,518	9,333,979	7,040,180	43,067,299	42,540,998	51,661,945	49,457,279	60,619,525	54,818,114		54,818,114				
	Other countries.	2,782,766	1,258,240	3,311,186	1,064,521	15,643,927	6,273,509	15,448,000	7,403,048	18,682,129	8,190,177		8,190,177				
	Totals.....	17,323,749	10,972,865	18,791,024	9,957,366	84,087,433	57,032,038	96,859,656	66,422,195	117,423,856	77,047,164		77,047,164				

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain...	\$ 1,920,960	\$	\$ 1,126,505	\$	\$ 4,966,260	\$	\$ 6,749,982	\$	\$ 4,974,108	\$
	United States...	44,686	.....	49,249	.....	118,780	.....	99,744	.....	132,969	.....
	Newfoundland...	4,340	.....	14,929	.....	43,205	.....	70,261	.....	63,230	.....
	Other countries.	86,704	.....	12,314	.....	76,411	.....	286,434	.....	23,614	.....
	Totals	2,056,690	.....	1,202,997	.....	5,204,656	.....	7,206,421	.....	5,193,921	.....
Horses	Great Britain...	780	.....	5,400	.....	30,380	.....	14,330	.....	23,000	.....
	United States...	48,893	.....	53,633	.....	208,979	.....	279,260	.....	274,178	.....
	Other countries.	960	.....	1,390	.....	16,845	.....	11,523	.....	14,725	.....
	Totals	50,633	.....	60,423	.....	256,204	.....	305,113	.....	311,903	.....
Sheep	Great Britain...	20,096	.....	28,065	.....	90,411	.....	64,657	.....	101,053	.....
	United States...	138,323	.....	119,772	.....	220,051	.....	188,840	.....	176,449	.....
	Other countries.	1,479	.....	2,928	.....	11,163	.....	12,174	.....	8,531	.....
	Totals	159,898	.....	150,765	.....	321,625	.....	265,671	.....	286,033	.....
Other animals, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,810	.....	175	.....	30	.....
	United States...	6,357	.....	10,308	.....	33,145	.....	24,819	.....	32,535	.....
	Other countries.	204	.....	1,128	.....	1,616	.....	1,195	.....	3,024	.....
	Totals	6,561	.....	11,436	.....	37,571	.....	26,189	.....	35,589	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Animals, living....	1,941,836	.....	1,159,970	.....	5,089,861	.....	6,829,144	.....	5,098,191	.....
	United States....	238,259	61,078	232,962	138,112	580,955	144,734	592,663	315,408	616,131	339,536
	Other countries..	93,687	.....	32,689	.....	149,240	.....	381,587	.....	113,124	.....
	Totals.....	2,273,782	61,078	1,425,621	138,112	5,820,056	144,734	7,803,394	315,408	5,827,446	339,536
Ashes.....	Great Britain....	2,840	.....	2,170	.....	15,264	.....	14,373	.....	14,090	350
	United States....	5,255	.....	6,184	.....	35,320	.....	42,148	.....	31,012	.....
	Other countries..	4,412	.....	3,540	.....	2,877	.....	6,634	.....	5,536	.....
	Totals.....	12,507	.....	11,894	.....	53,461	.....	63,155	.....	50,638	350
	Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	1,764	80	7,933	.....	47,675	9,174	28,198	563	38,599	629
	United States....	6,474	5,779	10,162	4,788	48,374	31,340	44,564	36,914	50,953	38,335
	Other countries..	3,057	761	1,478	66	26,962	2,588	28,485	3,152	8,637	629
	Totals.....	11,295	6,620	19,573	4,854	123,011	43,102	101,247	40,629	98,189	39,593
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....	Great Britain....	52,036	89,428	77,695	.....	49,645	231,111	259,580	188,412	418,761	.....
	United States....	.....	.....	5,165	.....	9,063	.....	7,023	.....	5,174	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	52,562	.....	20,177	.....	.....	.....	94,479	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	631	.....	2,853	.....	42	.....	6,929	29
	Totals.....	52,036	89,428	136,053	.....	81,738	231,111	266,645	188,412	525,343	29

Beans	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	444	.....	498	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	1,426	.....	5,070	.....	5	1,828
	France.....	.....	.....	.....	1,192	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	229	4	2,678	24	.....	2,032	.....	22	6,795
	Totals.....	229	4	2,678	24	9,809	7,600	27	8,623	214
Buckwheat.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	325	.....	.....	.....	12,095	40,944	440	4,629	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,779	4,198	.....	1,296	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,247	14,247	.....	8,760	.....
	Totals	325	.....	.....	.....	1,056	1,272	.....	.....	.....
Indian corn.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,177	60,493	440	14,635	.....
	United States...	.....	125,658	.....	122,606	1,431	2,308,219	17,717	1,477,387	2,298,103
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	830	49	34	500	110
	Other countries..	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	12,857	.....	.....	.....
	Totals ..	.....	125,658	28	122,606	10	590	.....	549	.....
Oats.....	Great Britain...	332,197	.....	250,365	.....	2,271	2,321,125	18,341	1,477,887	2,298,103
	United States...	1,049	.....	6,132	.....	38,372	358,402	1,124,518	65,204	2,272,338
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,909	20,144	19,103	67,296	88,471
	B. W. Indies...	4,066	.....	7,097	.....	312	.....	941	.....	638
	Other countries..	1,744	.....	24,090	.....	16,731	1,323	38,176	.....	42,142
	Totals	339,056	.....	287,684	.....	38,078	58,333	58,333	235,648	.....
Pease, whole and split.....	Great Britain...	4,347	.....	18,268	.....	97,402	379,929	1,241,071	132,410	638
	United States...	3,854	.....	3,267	.....	72,909	.....	109,992	.....	120,824
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,989	3	15,812	.....	16,123
	B. W. Indies...	.....	.....	531	.....	2,004	.....	17,491	.....	20,480
	Other countries..	10,664	.....	17,967	.....	120,171	.....	87,873	.....	71,573
	Totals	18,865	.....	40,033	.....	226,073	3	231,168	237,000	.....
Rye	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,637	.....	18,799
	Other countries..	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	13	9	9,765
	Totals.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	13	17,646	18,799

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain.....	18,258	69,922	164,711	197,211	379,964
	United States.....	5,628	551	1,788	930	24,928
	Other countries.....			4,836	14,020	
	Totals.....	23,886	70,473	171,335	212,161	404,892
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	179,282	673,347	877,586	1,691,727	2,289,968
	United States.....	100	14,578	59,886	38,077	70,253
	Australasia.....	6,800			7,875	
	B. W. Indies.....	15,910	22,711	158,142	131,336	134,475
	Newfoundland.....	72,766	238,600	382,411	442,420	643,513
	Other countries.....	49,810	237,254	524,940	374,132	1,147,425
	Totals.....	324,658	1,206,490	2,002,965	2,685,567	4,285,634
Other breadstuffs, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	5,450	3,170	19,321	25,110	22,269
	United States.....	74	56	6,059	3,677	4,047
	Other countries.....	4,026	5,476	20,821	24,882	34,069
	Totals.....	9,550	8,702	46,201	53,669	70,385
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	1,957,859	4,359,734	6,036,079	15,858,422	25,665,360
	United States.....	147,309	39,012	708,307	1,680,663	3,211,754
	Other countries.....	208,400	774,932	1,797,124	2,509	322,656
	Totals.....	2,313,568	5,173,678	8,541,510	19,110,476	30,659,421
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....	1,550	5,700	9,483	10,537	5,250
Automobiles.....	United States.....	5,900	12,735	15,380	15,980	40,685
	Other countries.....		13,090	760	30,705	76,189
	Totals.....	1,550	25,825	24,863	56,315	1,650
Bicycles.....	Great Britain.....	280	50	428	560	86,456
	United States.....	145	60	644	809	235
	Australasia.....	7,293	3,585	6,960	15,513	1,001
	Other countries.....	735	4,137	4,635	15,513	26,885
	Totals.....	8,453	7,832	12,667	17,913	14,208
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain.....	1,400	727	22,555	6,226	9,016
	United States.....	3,037	7,563	42,713	10,442	49,635
	Other countries.....	9,381	18,062	1,832	56,034	62,059
	Totals.....	13,768	26,342	117,962	72,702	120,710

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.		Home Produce.		Home Produce.		Home Produce.		Home Produce.			
		\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain	3,230	5,700	777	1,500	22,983	9,593	16,416	11,137	16,951	10,958	5,325	3,325
	United States	3,182	9,239	20,348	19,449	47,757	63,922	27,431	112,328	91,321	57,435	87,435	57,435
	Other countries	17,359	350	38,874	362	65,049	2,082	103,283	6,273	141,223	162,964	3,525	3,525
	Totals	23,771	15,289	59,999	21,311	132,789	75,597	146,930	129,738	249,495	36,285	96,285	96,285
Clothing and wearing apparel	Great Britain	1,039	...	312	151	12,614	1,504	7,548	974	8,950	728	728	728
	United States	3,858	1,723	3,528	806	10,681	11,604	17,453	10,144	20,242	6,105	6,105	6,105
	Newfoundland	2,145	16	2,439	...	17,470	5	17,811	31	14,106	11	11	11
	Other countries	4,106	...	7,631	...	9,326	154	20,486	120	20,738	...	...	...
	Totals	11,148	1,739	14,410	957	50,091	13,267	63,298	11,269	64,036	6,844	6,844	6,844
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders	Great Britain	2,478	...	3,141	...	27,510	...	13,332	...	17,563	...	...	...
	United States	271,275	9,253	442,438	5,817	1,827,250	68,584	2,124,509	73,571	2,150,743	76,460	76,460	76,460
	Newfoundland	45,548	...	35,823	150	200,803	1,486	163,283	261	138,347	570	570	570
	Other countries	10,894	...	16,000	...	58,607	72	84,341	...	79,725	...	...	...
	Totals	330,195	9,253	497,402	5,967	2,114,170	70,142	2,385,555	73,832	2,406,380	77,030	77,030	77,030
Cordage, rope and twine	Great Britain	500	...	...	...	41,599	...	32,003	...	75,167	4,165	4,165	4,165
	United States	16,631	109	92,236	47	208,503	5,530	236,287	5,199	340,412	165	165	165
	Newfoundland	148	30	106	979	1,156	413	1,624	348	1,783	1,112	1,112	1,112
	Other countries	3,799	...	7,457	...	42,102	280	23,509	...	41,126	...	...	...
	Totals	21,078	139	99,799	1,026	293,360	6,223	293,483	5,547	458,488	5,443	5,443	5,443
Cotton and mfrs. of.	Great Britain	940	4,201	447	5,622	23,105	879	16,324	11,820	10,958	19,618	19,618	19,618
	United States	1,882	1,383	2,804	...	46,486	11,916	49,412	8,870	53,030	12,113	12,113	12,113
	Other countries	67,291	...	28,721	41	840,519	289	450,338	16,115	162,964	2,366	2,366	2,366
	Totals	70,113	6,134	31,972	5,663	910,110	13,084	516,074	36,805	226,952	34,097	34,097	34,097

Salmon, pickled.....	912	12,248	1,237	340	912	67,618	3,518	3,352
United States.....	156	19,892	21,443	54,812	186,119	157,242		
E. W. Indies.....								
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	33,208		23,575					
Fish, all other, fresh.....								
Great Britain.....	86,364	100	102,146	555	580,777	504,637	3,352	3,352
United States.....				78	1	293		
Other countries.....								
Totals.....	86,464		102,146		107	504,930	3,352	3,352
Other fish, N. E. S.....								
Great Britain.....	19,214	23,807	156	1,719	23,243	5,566	337	337
United States.....	23,807	4,722	34,950	180,709	175,643	201,014	12,228	12,228
Other countries.....			7,550	22,422	52,302	739	883	883
Totals.....	47,743		42,656	204,850	251,188	250,840	13,448	13,448
Fish and fish products.....								
Great Britain.....	122,858	238,094	168,264	1,115,906	1,136,493	1,201,792	337	337
United States.....	379,646	548	354,023	2,698,293	2,402,790	2,382,694	15,582	15,582
Other countries.....			511,876	1,877,064	3,663	2,311,610	1,183	1,183
Totals.....	770,598	1,162	1,034,163	5,691,263	6,021,300	5,896,096	17,102	17,102
Flax, hemp, &c.....								
Great Britain.....	6,224		4,434	19,380	6,224	300		
United States.....	42			292,295	162,236	73,850		
Other countries.....					42			
Totals.....	6,266		4,434	311,675	168,502	74,150		
Fruits—								
Fruits, dried.....								
Great Britain.....				2,259	162	245	8,951	8,951
United States.....				23	920	475		
Germany.....				7,409	4,094	1,920		
Holland.....				15,283	310	1,500		
Other countries.....	20		23	1,323	118	591	1,876	1,876
Totals.....	20		23	2,883	5,604	4,731	10,827	10,827
Fruits, green, apples.....								
Great Britain.....	22,524	58	8,838	253,090	88,105	57,359	141	141
United States.....	2,893		4,763	2,613	1,878	4,821		
Other countries.....			2,509	8,807	4,099	4,318		
Totals.....	25,417	45	16,110	264,510	94,082	66,498	141	141

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including can- ned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	428	40	.....	950	.....	.....	86,173	252	.....	35,562	1,351	65
	United States...	43,292	3,345	7,178	115,944	.....	.....	83,293	42,970	.....	106,567	28,745	47,727
	Other countries..	731	1,042	1,449	873	.....	.....	10,504	2,826	.....	8,960	3,072	4,076
	Totals	44,451	4,427	8,627	117,767	.....	.....	179,970	46,048	.....	151,089	33,168	51,868
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.	Great Britain...	22,952	40	.....	9,788	.....	.....	341,522	312	.....	123,829	1,532	65
	United States...	43,350	3,390	9,532	120,707	.....	.....	85,929	46,328	.....	109,365	34,751	56,819
	Other countries..	3,624	1,062	2,073	3,405	.....	.....	43,317	3,757	.....	17,581	4,078	5,952
	Totals	69,926	4,492	11,605	133,900	.....	.....	470,768	50,397	.....	250,775	40,361	62,836
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.....	Great Britain...	181,735	183	.....	106,023	.....	.....	369,937	5,010	.....	898,149	1,169	310
	United States...	22,358	11,058	2,153	57,880	.....	.....	661,722	19,372	.....	637,560	19,812	22,247
	Other countries..	6,287	.....	.....	1,923	.....	.....	7,427	.....	.....	40,725	1,462	6,265
	Totals	210,380	11,241	2,153	165,826	.....	.....	1,039,086	24,382	.....	1,636,424	22,443	28,822
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	15,787	.....	.....	28,072	.....	.....
	United States...	1,681	.....	.....	430	.....	.....	4,933	14,094	.....	18,517	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	1,681	.....	.....	455	.....	.....	23,720	14,094	.....	46,589	.....	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	90,365	.....	354	20	.....	.....	3,736	1,678	.....	92,064	224	3,104
	United States...	2,128	240	94	1,221	.....	.....	15,576	7,028	.....	25,726	3,039	91
	Other countries..	80	.....	76	55	.....	.....	1,422	500	.....	690	1,529	4,789
	Totals	92,573	240	524	1,296	.....	.....	20,734	9,206	.....	118,480	4,792	7,987

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	272,100 26,167 6,367 304,634	183 11,298 .. 11,481	106,068 59,531 1,978 167,577	354 2,247 76 2,677	389,460 682,231 11,849 1,083,540	6,688 40,494 500 47,682	1,018,285 741,793 41,413 1,801,493	1,393 22,851 2,991 27,235	347,098 801,612 95,847 1,244,557	3,414 22,341 11,054 36,809
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland .. Other countries.. Totals	2,428 951 45 466 3,890	35 7,781 51 .. 7,867	2,325 5,835 38 725 8,923	.. 11,329 15 .. 11,344	6,234 108,698 25,483 7,343 147,688	.. 9,857 395 193 10,445	6,300 206,335 11,143 12,492 236,270	75 37,617 249 306 38,247	6,527 113,137 2,020 18,669 140,353	.. 14,020 15 220 14,255
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Australasia... Other countries.. Totals	2,576 14,067 6,730 4,611 27,993	30 2,124 2,154	1,999 2,379 5,040 17,809 27,227	.. 8,319 8,319	32,170 64,424 23,203 27,797 147,594	110 35,495 .. 11 35,616	16,214 87,600 14,804 25,773 144,391	282 23,210 .. 164 23,656	16,698 7,757 22,410 41,162 88,927	476 22,063 .. 404 22,943
Hair.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.. Totals .....	.. 9,878 .. 9,878	.. .. .. ..	10,246 11,518 5 21,769	.. .. .. ..	6,342 67,514 1,196 75,052	.. 2,166 .. 2,166	4,444 72,281 .. 76,725	.. 481 .. 481	10,905 83,815 5 94,725	.. 92 .. 92
Hay.....	Great Britain... United States... B. W. Indies... Other countries.. Totals	66,712 26,174 .. 2,380 95,266	.. 510 510	36,547 8,516 1,221 3,099 49,383	.. 1,300 1,300	434,611 137,168 2,675 51,836 626,390	.. 2,613 2,613	564,529 280,944 8,180 49,306 902,959	.. 2,738 2,738	228,132 209,814 6,825 31,830 476,601	.. 5,463 5,463
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts ..	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.. Totals	7 194,320 1,429 195,756	.. .. .. ..	25,389 250,683 1,404 277,456	.. 64 .. 64	2,073 1,703,104 2,887 1,708,054	.. 8,947 125 9,072	16,125 1,757,995 18,002 1,792,122	3 6,085 .. 6,088	36,762 1,897,524 9,811 1,944,097	.. 12,580 .. 12,580
Leather and mfrs. of— Sole and upper.....	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland .. Other countries.. Totals	47,794 2,370 2,029 52,193	.. .. .. ..	220,972 714 7,096 16,973 245,755	.. .. .. .. ..	729,091 608 22,219 61,253 813,171	.. 280 280	705,537 12,190 17,953 24,238 759,918	.. .. .. .. ..	679,873 755 20,147 36,783 737,558	..........

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, unim'fd— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	31,535 3,379 2,271	19	5,899 739 2,908	784	117,307 20,578 20,499	85 4,626	267,726 16,994 31,653	68,718 7,923 32,116	4,614 50 4,664	
Totals.		37,185	19	9,546	784	158,384	4,711	316,373	108,737	4,664	
Leather, m'fd.— Boots and shoes.	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland... Other countries..	3,496 8,552 1,143	1,616	716 2,696 2,116	559	1,697 16,237 38,984 16,744	9,579 59,887 16	7,111 9,400 27,596	5,943 4,092 18,470 11,597	10 7,660 7 100	
Totals.....		13,191	1,610	5,528	559	73,662	9,589	103,944	40,202	7,777	
All other leather m'fd.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	4,131 275	1,404	15 720 495	35 258	5,801 8,920 4,368	203 3,407	4,796 6,683 1,397	2,934 3,189 1,469	335 1,203	
Totals.....		4,406	1,404	1,230	263	19,089	3,610	12,876	7,592	1,538	
Recapitulation.											
Leather and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	79,329 11,006 16,640	3,683	226,886 2,889 32,284	35 1,571	853,896 46,343 164,067	288 17,892 10	985,170 45,267 162,674	757,468 15,959 120,682	345 13,477 157	
Totals.....		106,975	3,033	262,059	1,606	1,064,306	18,190	1,193,111	894,109	13,979	
Lime.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	6,674 5		4,540	43	13,440 37,029 2,851		34,502 37	8,199 23,738 2,078	3,569 3,569	
Totals.....		6,679		4,540	43	53,320		34,539	34,015	3,569	

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Copper, all kinds.	Great Britain.	19,239	41,281	407,473	139,336	132,148
	United States.	375,655	484,242	2,253,891	3,350,442	4,448,742
	Other countries.	6,891	3,743	3,876	6,891	846
	Totals	401,785	525,523	2,665,240	3,497,269	4,589
Gold and silver— Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, &c.	Great Britain.					
	United States.	1,365,338	912,439	7,012,202	6,189,314	500
	Other countries.		340	29,745		7,190
	Totals	1,365,338	912,779	7,041,947	6,189,914	7,190
Silver ore.	Great Britain.					
	United States.	472,102	750,682	1,223,546	2,057,264	4,224
	Other countries.	28,704		103,392	94,459	8,803
	Totals	500,806	750,682	1,326,938	2,151,763	8,803
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.	Great Britain.	8,676	32,424	173,008	265,313	264,416
	United States.	1,876	501	67,169	7,689	8,149
	Australasia.	60,586	215,386	289,217	289,731	430,227
	France.	1,712	3,130	143,431	75,279	195,991
Chronic iron.	Germany.	7,219	569	128,138	245,027	245,534
	Other countries.	100,782	91,951	392,072	493,721	360,326
	Totals	180,851	343,961	1,173,035	1,326,760	1,504,643
						1,945
Hardware.	Great Britain.					
	United States.		1,134	3,510	8,166	6,000
	Other countries.			6,795		6,812
	Totals		1,134	10,305	8,166	12,812
	Great Britain.	289	3,289	8,786	14,342	5,698
	United States.	1,141	1,475	30,348	18,087	11,904
	Newfoundland.	2,838	5,446	31,826	22,455	1,258
	Other countries.	1,204	3,748	24,319	34,005	1,501
	Totals	5,472	13,908	95,279	88,889	20,361
						16,393

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		1905.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 8,916	\$ 70	18,868	150	48,892	6,305	81,202	1,938	97,512	2,314	81,202	1,938
	United States.....	23,777	25,986	8,349	56,841	89,989	277,753	95,541	158,801	66,607	331,457	95,541	158,801
	Australasia.....	503		10,642		14,950	177	28,136		23,134		28,136	
	Other countries.....	15,242	132	55,311	1,890	112,048	702	148,266	4,842	176,476	37,856	148,266	4,842
	Totals.....	48,438	26,188	92,570	58,881	266,379	284,937	353,139	165,081	363,729	371,657	353,139	165,081
Ores—iron.....	Great Britain.....												
	United States.....	10,654		15,320		313,650	2,840	78,580		39,163		78,580	
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....	10,654		15,320		313,650	2,840	78,580		39,163		78,580	
Pig iron.....	Great Britain.....					1,568		1,792				1,792	
	United States.....					7,802				8,764			
	Other countries.....			775						4,650			
	Totals.....			775		9,370		1,792		13,414		1,792	
Scrap iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	468				4,250	16	3,945		9,635		3,945	
	United States.....	16,551	182	39,176	49,813	23,046	28,424	66,742	1,163	126,197	135,824	66,742	1,163
	Other countries.....					171		75		119		75	
	Totals.....	17,019	182	39,176	49,813	28,067	28,440	70,762	1,163	135,951	135,824	70,762	1,163
Steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	1,148	999	1,502	250	16,276	831	17,933	3,242	24,601	3,834	17,933	3,242
	United States.....	16,631	11,620	25,522	43,806	59,167	162,037	161,609	162,774	99,406	127,691	161,609	162,774
	Newfoundland.....	1,458	21	11,446	276	12,669	1,809	24,325	1,162	35,418	654	24,325	1,162
	Other countries.....	5,185		11,285	228	38,442	2,351	49,393	3,097	75,888	1,652	49,393	3,097
	Totals.....	24,422	12,640	49,755	44,560	126,554	167,038	253,260	170,275	235,013	133,831	253,260	170,275

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	2,782	25	7,365	4,347	3,620	15
	United States.....	431	1,086	11,925	10,902	10,045	4,004
	Other countries.....		1,589	9,967	11,832	5,165	1,541
	Totals.....	3,213	2,700	28,857	27,081	18,830	5,560
Iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	19,497	56,058	263,655	388,999	416,757	6,617
	United States.....	73,412	92,563	610,401	447,316	373,686	615,611
	Other countries.....	197,160	410,678	1,177,330	1,372,239	1,613,479	44,784
	Totals.....	290,069	559,299	2,051,496	2,208,554	2,403,932	607,012
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Great Britain.....	16,900	71,680	25,865	82,368	201,732	.....
	United States.....	34,232	9,180	60,390	113,012	107,693	.....
	Belgium.....	19,999	30,688	48,018	241,487	276,820	14,319
	Other countries.....				44,087	.....	.....
Asbestos.....	Totals.....	71,131	111,548	134,273	480,954	586,245	14,319
	Great Britain.....	19,052	36,252	188,095	81,778	84,337	.....
	United States.....	93,789	112,602	430,386	543,144	688,949	.....
	Germany.....	1,380	1,400	70,356	58,077	8,195	.....
Nickel.....	Other countries.....	30,286	7,709	55,951	141,202	75,550	.....
	Totals.....	144,507	157,963	744,788	824,201	856,431	.....
	Great Britain.....	57,612	130,252	184,690	414,950	444,214	.....
	United States.....	144,297	123,703	696,412	988,326	721,697	.....
Lead ore.....	Other countries.....						.....
	Totals.....	201,909	253,955	881,102	1,403,276	1,165,911	.....
	Great Britain.....	48,209	23,629	233,886	286,455	295,511	.....
	United States.....	1,765	19,557	537,605	43,213	176,884	.....
Mica.....	Other countries.....	49,974	43,186	771,491	329,608	472,395	.....
	Totals.....	97	22,732	9,463	13,357	25,511	.....
	Great Britain.....	43,875	115	79,523	257,943	196,319	36
	Other countries.....			985	1,095	8,761	.....
Recapitulation.	Totals.....	43,972	22,847	89,971	272,395	225,591	36
	Great Britain.....				9,954		
	United States.....						
	Other countries.....						

Oilcake	Great Britain	25,922	41,079	35,432	168,101	254,159	.....
	United States	2,271	.....	.....	4,552	16	.....
	Other countries	19,240	12,734	.....	65,261	98,424	.....
	Totals	47,433	54,413	35,432	237,914	352,599	.....
Oils	Great Britain	32,896	1,063	6,275	92,095	97,782	.....
	United States	3,689	187	82	28,310	25,435	5,713
	Other countries	442	913	694	15,137	5,206	5,571
	Totals	36,977	1,100	776	136,142	131,799	11,384
Paper	Great Britain	123,361	192,544	417,460	1,116	591,253	95
	United States	3,180	50,426	109,318	2,500	439,550	2,800
	Australasia	.....	57,465	.....	34,977	325,212	.....
	Other countries	33,686	31,834	276,934	5,595	165,826	314
	Totals	160,227	332,269	803,712	9,211	1,521,841	3,209
Provisions— Butter	Great Britain	910,653	24,972	4,950,636	3,497,517	747,884	.....
	United States	387	5,041	30,243	12,816	31,341	1,058
	Newfoundland	5,802	8,633	33,390	31,366	21,564	.....
	Other countries	12,290	24,496	95,898	93,783	89,772	2,899
	Totals	929,132	25,237	5,110,167	3,641,482	890,561	3,957
Cheese	Great Britain	2,868,264	3,289,832	12,044,230	14,972,134	13,219,879	7,996
	United States	919	451	9,074	7,011	5,217	11
	B. W. Indies	1,462	2,277	17,068	11,140	11,402	.....
	Newfoundland	5,568	12,472	18,721	21,977	18,510	34
	Other countries	4,058	4,901	33,055	23,594	22,057	.....
	Totals	2,880,271	3,309,933	12,122,148	15,035,856	13,277,065	8,041
Eggs	Great Britain	6,949	3,780	17,592	12,317	3,786	.....
	United States	300	1,031	2,121	5,946	3,225	3,220
	Other countries	319	930	15,173	25,678	2,921	.....
	Totals	7,568	5,741	34,886	43,941	9,932	3,220
Meats— Bacon and hams	Great Britain	929,578	1,186,307	5,836,189	5,762,213	5,182,397	.....
	United States	3,609	56	4,634	7,631	1,203	2,089
	British Africa	.....	.....	10,150	10,589	4,429	.....
	Other countries	343	185	4,634	13,492	3,400	24
	Totals	933,530	1,186,548	5,845,627	5,793,925	5,187,429	2,113

Recapitulation.

Recapitulation.										
Provisions	4,746,684	25,374	4,950,287	.....	24,281,991	40,326	24,491,628	87,713	19,605,419	7,996
United States ..	7,144	11,459	11,459	4,248	65,241	22,883	54,572	3,438	56,959	12,420
Other countries..	32,676	2,690	54,719	4,573	150	264,575	292,457	22,556	207,209	25,734
Totals	4,786,504	28,668	5,016,465	8,821	84,263	86,151	24,838,657	113,707	19,869,587	46,150
Rags.....	5,576	.....	8,884	.....	18,872	.....	50,524	.....	49,226	.....
Great Britain...	16,654	.....	15,374	.....	65,241	117	82,004	347	95,195	499
United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	150	.....	2,637	20	511	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	117	135,165	367	144,932	490
Totals	22,230	.....	24,258	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salt.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States...	.....	164	27	3,938	5,069	16,401	1,589	8,333	425	14,515
Newfoundland..	.....	774	5	1,333	.....	7,683	396	9,798	12	7,794
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	500	991	420	212	.....	5	500
Totals .....	.....	938	32	5,771	6,060	24,504	2,197	18,131	442	22,809
Seeds—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clover and grass .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain...	16,525	.....	25,348	.....	25,168	.....	15,669	.....	28,472	.....
United States...	4,271	.....	67,696	.....	102,270	.....	107,768	.....	144,166	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	8,027	.....	18,750	.....	34,813	.....	19,154	.....
Totals	20,796	.....	101,071	.....	146,188	.....	158,250	.....	191,822	.....
Other seeds, N.E.S. ....	.....	1,115,624	.....	.....	270	.....	143,927	2,336,318	2,676	439
Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,776	177	5,331	70	4,853	11
United States...	.....	625,311	1,329	66,936	305	320	214	1,052,592	506	66,979
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	984	1,740,935	1,329	66,936	7,351	497	149,472	3,388,980	8,035	67,429
Settlers' effects ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain...	12,339	.....	75,066	90	43,437	9,855	62,242	1,000	120,557	202
United States...	139,520	9,429	174,906	19,621	728,434	44,801	804,039	60,798	827,334	73,165
Other countries..	2,043	30	3,507	.....	21,350	935	18,863	1,150	14,932	.....
Totals	153,902	9,459	253,479	19,711	793,271	55,591	885,144	62,948	962,843	73,367
Ships.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	260	.....	.....	32,300	.....	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,323	.....	23,175	.....	.....	.....
Totals .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,583	.....	23,175	32,300	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain...	3,879	8	3,649	700	2,720	25,131	25,131	2,720	14,917	37,455	860	2,599
	United States...	71,744	9,403	89,467	6,549	39,140	238,370	238,370	39,140	424,805	503,454	58,757	48,020
	Other countries.	15,877	28	11,711	410	1,393	65,054	65,054	1,393	90,281	86,487	2,099	1,402
	Totals	91,500	9,439	104,827	7,659	43,253	323,555	323,555	43,253	530,003	627,396	61,716	52,021
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	25	.....	.....	.....	50	640	391,776	158	325	355	.....	9
	United States...	81,159	.....	102,339	.....	158	3,221	3,221	.....	416,205	395,475	66	.....
	Other countries.	150	.....	94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,580	3,111	.....	.....
	Totals	81,334	.....	102,433	.....	208	395,637	395,637	208	420,110	398,941	66	9
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain...	45	.....	250	.....	923	2,081	2,081	923	1,669	2,439	4,669	.....
	United States...	20,671	160	52,635	3	2,969	90,068	90,068	2,969	82,624	174,167	778	57
	Other countries.	313	2,100	284	2,423	9,818	1,869	1,869	9,818	1,023	2,508	12,065	8,703
	Totals	21,029	2,260	53,169	2,426	13,710	94,018	94,018	13,710	85,316	179,114	17,512	8,760
Tea . . .	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	1,035	2,258	.....	.....	2,258	.....	.....	521	8,373
	United States...	.....	39,898	.....	37,908	212,550	.....	.....	212,550	.....	.....	281,542	242,795
	Newfoundland.	.....	662	.....	660	13,903	.....	.....	13,903	.....	.....	14,093	10,746
	Other countries.	.....	320	.....	1,199	6,101	.....	.....	6,101	.....	.....	3,079	4,064
	Totals .....	.....	40,880	.....	40,852	235,112	.....	.....	235,112	.....	.....	299,235	265,978
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	1,160	.....	1,300	5,000	2,103	11,310	11,310	2,103	9,179	10,760	.....	10,957
	United States...	1,039	13,803	2,296	6,904	155,917	13,467	13,467	155,917	9,470	45,997	62,282	58,370
	Other countries.	4,435	70	6,425	1,633	6,830	31,228	31,228	6,830	20,093	27,113	6,785	7,133
	Totals	7,294	13,873	10,021	13,537	164,830	57,005	57,005	164,830	38,742	88,870	69,067	76,460

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	167	347	942	903	2,970	11,283	59,578	701	2,177	2,395
	United States.....	2,273		1,941		16,088		26,088		10,873	1,254
	B. W. Indies.....	4,967		5,933		25,566		44,043	1,501	25,865	6,224
	Cuba.....	4,937		7,420		47,106	2	39,509		23,680	759
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	12,344	347	16,236	903	91,650	11,285	169,218	2,205	62,597	10,632
Other vegetables, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	270		1,483		3,105		2,015		4,705	
	United States.....	10,410	1,390	13,148	138	47,133	6,877	46,878	20,021	38,500	1,967
	Other countries.....	1,552		2,909		4,467	121	11,564	155	5,144	648
	Totals.....	12,232	1,390	17,600	138	54,705	6,998	60,457	20,176	48,349	2,615
Wood and mfrs. of:— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs.....	Great Britain.....	638					410	23,361		24,414	
	United States.....	52,740		111,212		233,252		332,850	6	371,498	
	Other countries.....					918		220		500	
	Totals.....	53,378		111,212		274,604	410	356,431	6	396,412	
Lumber— Deals, pine.....	Great Britain.....	205,139		250,924	1,380	1,309,411		1,778,241		1,070,280	1,380
	United States.....	7,760		10,365		151,769		103,150		50,302	
	Belgium.....					3,255					
	Other countries.....					7,040		210		1,485	
	Totals.....	212,899		261,289	1,380	1,471,475		1,881,601		1,122,067	1,380
Deals, spruce and other.....	Great Britain.....	1,454,583		1,028,853		4,227,438		4,927,787		4,424,706	
	United States.....	62,095		67,419		223,894		337,411		277,130	
	France.....			41,898		21,950		26,280		51,731	
	Spain.....			16,932		4,106		4,053		34,991	
	Other countries.....	18,790		15,182		56,791		43,058		60,973	
	Totals.....	1,535,468		1,170,284		4,534,187		5,338,569		4,849,531	
Deal ends.....	Great Britain.....	58,137		52,275		237,142		236,734		219,933	
	United States.....	7,690		2,471		841		8,571		6,323	
	Other countries.....			1,553		11,208		800		3,456	
	Totals.....	65,827		56,299		249,191		246,105		229,712	
Planks and boards.....	Great Britain.....	158,892		214,255		870,895		1,168,290		922,239	
	United States.....	1,601,610		2,085,682		6,094,657	1,639	9,067,397	1,276	8,806,261	2,745
	Arg. Republic.....	246,436		180,073		497,411		970,640		793,847	
	Other countries.....	203,684		356,776		606,970	556	871,452		1,272,708	1,925
	Totals.....	2,210,622		2,836,786		8,669,933	2,195	12,077,709	1,276	11,855,055	4,670

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Lumber— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets	Great Britain	5,530.	.....	2,632	.....	19,510	.....	20,958	.....	14,658	.....	.....	.....
	United States	240,700	.....	210,864	.....	804,863	.....	1,092,663	.....	1,001,013	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	300	.....	14,963	.....	7,755	.....	10,259	.....	32,539	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	246,530	.....	228,459	.....	832,068	.....	1,123,880	.....	1,048,210	.....	.....	.....
Joists and scantling	Great Britain	100,174	.....	83,032	.....	313,747	.....	360,193	.....	385,480	.....	.....	.....
	United States	26,522	.....	63,143	.....	273,646	.....	374,526	.....	293,010	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	9,398	.....	26,027	.....	66,220	.....	33,436	.....	99,730	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	136,094	.....	172,202	.....	653,613	.....	768,155	.....	778,220	.....	.....	.....
Staves and headings	Great Britain	8,925	.....	4,251	.....	18,433	.....	21,850	.....	16,372	.....	.....	.....
	United States	12,097	.....	17,408	.....	43,371	.....	45,424	.....	106,282	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	31	.....	3,130	.....	665	.....	6,455	.....	5,402	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	21,053	.....	24,789	.....	62,469	.....	73,729	.....	128,056	.....	.....	.....
Other lumber, N. E. S.	Great Britain	6,671	.....	21,685	.....	109,819	.....	73,063	.....	76,627	.....	.....	.....
	United States	27,779	.....	24,650	.....	165,678	.....	215,608	.....	132,207	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	2,769	.....	1,222	.....	9,261	.....	25,561	.....	2,587	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	37,219	.....	47,537	.....	284,758	.....	314,172	.....	211,421	.....	.....	.....
Shingles	Great Britain . . . . .	.....	.....	274	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	294	.....	.....	.....
	United States	215,771	.....	310,132	.....	973,612	.....	1,113,942	.....	1,514,466	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies	737	.....	1,853	.....	20,633	.....	9,139	.....	14,448	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	20	.....	96	.....	666	.....	3,298	.....	1,884	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	216,528	.....	312,355	.....	994,983	.....	1,126,379	.....	1,531,072	.....	.....	.....

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain...	10,907	7,300	118,242	102,245	78,113
	United States...	4,784	2,871	20,250	13,669	5,711
	Mexico	...	300	7,892	9,338	2,539
	Other countries..	1,447	16	15,654	17,401	12,765
	Totals.....	17,138	10,487	162,038	142,653	99,148
Timber, square— Oak	Great Britain...	8,085	...	61,446	100,149	92,724
	United States...	...	...	997	60,981	1,037
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	8,085	...	62,443	100,149	93,761
Pine, white	Great Britain...	101,915	1,174	571,545	396,948	422,095
	United States...	...	...	90	3,546	...
	Other countries..	...	...	6,914	269	...
	Totals.....	101,915	1,174	578,549	400,763	422,095
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	119,884	8,765	337,654	392,300	177,248
	United States...	120	533	8,990	15,634	17,589
	Other countries..	...	50	14,090	5,612	1,103
	Totals.....	120,004	9,348	360,734	413,546	195,890
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain...	268,051	559,787	1,510,850	1,603,997	2,309,607
	United States...	...	...	450	459	1,350
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	268,051	559,787	1,510,850	1,603,997	2,309,607
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	5,136	...	3,611	19,175	...
	United States...	103,422	...	416,374	586,909	633
	Other countries..	1,953	...	4,980	12,033	53,730
	Totals.....	110,511	165,276	425,565	618,117	791,829
Wood, unmanufactured..... Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	2,244,616	1,675,420	8,219,339	9,621,164	7,925,163
	United States...	2,631,141	3,610,620	980	14,915,267	15,690,485
	Other countries..	485,565	681,264	32	2,049,404	2,446,438
	Totals.....	5,361,322	5,967,304	21,127,450	26,585,955	26,062,086
						183,988

<i>Recapitulation.</i> Wood, manufactured.....	Great Britain...	129,074	507	61,028	791	742,482	2,445	993,767	6,025	479,749	3,610
	United States...	212,383	4,863	351,193	6,258	1,277,915	31,481	1,286,229	34,587	1,868,114	36,179
	Other countries...	18,287	243	31,286	469	204,367	2,778	178,362	2,701	162,681	8,180
	Totals...	359,944	5,633	443,807	7,518	2,224,764	36,704	2,457,358	43,313	2,510,544	47,969
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Wood and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	2,373,690	507	1,736,448	2,171	8,961,821	53,329	10,614,941	84,109	8,404,912	176,302
	United States...	2,843,724	5,698	3,962,113	7,238	12,821,589	35,424	16,200,526	41,095	17,598,999	43,412
	Other countries...	503,852	243	712,550	501	1,598,814	4,890	2,227,856	4,066	2,609,119	12,243
	Totals.....	5,721,266	6,448	6,411,111	9,910	23,352,224	93,643	29,043,313	129,270	28,572,630	231,957
Wool and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	800	1,147	1,966	11,805	13,143	5,003	49,537	18,233	22,057	14,551
	United States...	20,335	.....	92,965	.....	306,494	3,737	158,306	326	331,540	9,003
	Newfoundland...	7,639	502	5,376	.....	84,973	34	15,378	575	14,450	887
	Other countries...	6,836	.....	380	.....	1,560	27	8,370	445	734	7
All other articles, N.E.S.....	Totals.....	35,610	1,649	100,637	11,805	356,170	8,801	231,591	19,579	368,811	24,448
	Great Britain...	32,102	3,109	42,906	10,660	142,559	32,431	198,620	39,977	175,141	39,955
	United States...	105,367	146,627	92,818	49,618	440,310	622,057	566,066	467,325	694,861	312,401
	Other countries...	39,718	5,360	56,910	3,006	263,102	19,198	298,216	17,496	306,691	18,218
Total exports (mdse.).....	Totals.....	177,187	155,096	192,634	63,284	845,971	673,686	1,062,902	524,798	1,176,693	370,574
	Great Britain...	12,027,176	1,543,956	13,600,026	299,354	49,937,894	3,179,518	64,525,527	4,698,704	64,602,367	3,517,858
	United States...	7,394,602	453,649	9,069,762	1,225,913	38,234,336	2,738,394	44,747,355	2,627,732	47,918,373	3,442,201
	Other countries...	1,916,137	646,893	3,033,798	94,124	10,455,397	149,385	11,754,603	1,227,569	13,052,900	260,739
Coin and bullion.....	Totals.....	21,337,915	2,644,498	25,703,586	1,619,391	98,627,627	6,067,297	121,027,485	8,554,025	125,573,640	7,220,798
	Great Britain...	.....	6,200	.....	.....	.....	6,200	.....	6,200	.....	628
	United States...	.....	88,681	.....	701,975	.....	1,357,596	.....	7,598,196	.....	5,367,207
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	1,200	.....	81,581	.....	36,976	.....	27,880
Grand totals, Exports.....	Totals.....	.....	94,881	.....	703,175	.....	1,439,177	.....	7,641,372	.....	5,395,715
	Great Britain...	12,027,176	1,550,156	13,600,026	299,354	49,937,894	3,179,518	64,525,527	4,704,904	64,602,367	3,518,486
	United States...	7,394,602	542,330	9,069,762	1,927,888	38,234,336	4,095,990	44,747,355	10,255,990	47,918,373	8,803,408
	Other countries...	1,916,137	646,893	3,033,798	95,324	10,455,397	230,966	11,754,603	1,264,545	13,052,900	288,619
Totals.....	Totals.....	21,337,915	2,739,379	25,703,586	2,322,566	98,627,627	7,506,474	121,027,485	16,195,397	125,573,640	12,616,513

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	September.		Six months ending September.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	615,944	652,267	2,858,650	3,344,339	3,693,751
Malt.....	108,253	114,160	635,705	710,897	806,568
Malt liquor.....	109	505	7,119	6,865	8,729
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	205,772	203,164	1,114,403	1,255,227	1,329,314
" Canadian leaf.....	11,242	12,901	84,483	80,419	77,563
" combination leaf.....	9,576	9,662	50,960	52,846	54,625
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	80,505	93,422	426,226	472,167	559,439
" Canadian leaf.....		5			146
" combination leaf.....	899	1,888	7,386	7,358	7,338
Snuff.....	2,392	2,533	15,184	16,104	16,762
Canada twist.....	16	11	594	475	134
Foreign raw leaf.....	126,896	128,602	677,766	752,331	832,004
Licenses.....	39	4	3,133	2,820	3,981
Totals, Tobacco.....	437,337	452,192	2,380,135	2,639,747	2,881,256
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	94,554	99,916	568,385	594,562	623,500
" Canadian leaf.....	548	509	2,399	2,145	2,522
" combination leaf.....	2,678	1,935	11,791	16,789	14,244
Licenses.....	169	200	14,663	11,197	15,200
Totals, Cigars.....	97,949	102,560	597,238	624,693	655,466
Acetic acid.....	481	1,098	2,971	657	1,749
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	7,145	8,546	32,796	37,318	42,984
Seizures.....	224	558	1,667	1,145	2,441
Other receipts.....	4,885	5,011	24,679	30,145	33,783
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,272,327	1,336,897	6,540,960	7,395,806	8,126,727
Hydraulic and other rents.....	106	106	1,749	1,666	1,749
Minor public works.....	7	1	724	1,480	978
Inspection of electric light.....	2,351	2,257	10,285	15,061	13,625
" gas.....	3,652	3,466	18,568	23,707	20,007
" weights and measures.....	6,401	7,162	37,388	39,334	40,244
Law stamps.....	1,154	1,194	8,258	5,320	4,729
Other revenues.....	4,534	4,762	39,639	33,840	34,047
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,290,532	1,355,845	6,657,571	7,516,214	8,242,106

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure of Canada during the *months, six months and twelve months* ending September, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.	Expenditure on Capital Account, &c.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office	Pub. W'ks (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1898.....	2,030,501	822,358	265,000	449,004	561,800	4,128,663	1,752,141	1,030,157
1899.....	2,576,571	856,483	240,000	405,344	184,238	4,262,636	2,190,591	602,936
1900.....	2,418,429	837,341	260,000	617,829	407,477	4,541,076	2,677,909	1,278,822
1901.....	2,739,301	918,489	269,766	597,006	206,895	4,731,457	2,720,153	853,963
1902.....	3,119,635	1,055,819	310,000	586,621	326,345	5,428,420	2,422,877	801,554
1903.....	3,812,567	1,098,299	350,000	769,261	281,985	6,212,112	588,495	400,707
1904.....	3,852,638	1,048,276	360,000	824,418	186,598	6,271,930	*3,748,279	1,491,539
1905.....	3,884,452	1,142,542	410,000	866,607	253,522	6,557,123	5,469,773	1,059,823
1906.....	4,613,453	1,298,220	500,000	922,910	368,476	7,703,059	4,343,099	1,088,142
1907.....	5,205,305	1,364,901	600,000	860,701	347,395	8,378,302	5,692,257	3,005,002

MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.								
1898.....	11,886,125	4,457,323	1,586,155	2,200,988	1,556,391	21,687,182	13,794,221	3,352,750
1899.....	13,485,307	4,773,356	1,445,743	2,485,376	1,114,361	23,304,143	14,737,008	2,618,912
1900.....	14,205,751	4,732,082	1,580,766	3,016,408	1,407,601	24,942,608	15,626,225	3,388,807
1901.....	14,879,096	5,207,237	1,729,794	3,200,112	1,350,212	26,366,451	18,030,032	5,600,689
1902.....	17,613,047	5,673,025	1,926,192	3,397,395	1,529,584	30,139,243	19,318,173	4,261,774
1903.....	21,010,094	6,143,170	2,145,353	3,771,297	1,905,220	34,975,134	14,472,323	2,110,717
1904.....	21,009,766	6,046,019	2,089,851	3,659,604	1,663,548	34,468,788	21,051,530	4,419,775
1905.....	21,740,163	6,310,233	2,416,878	4,067,758	1,701,431	36,236,463	22,335,256	4,812,519
1906.....	24,786,856	7,139,011	2,920,880	4,816,262	2,421,503	42,084,512	23,256,239	5,465,237
1907.....	27,351,486	6,856,737	2,797,392	4,905,714	2,619,976	44,531,305	32,453,166	11,633,113

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	22,964,655	8,765,940	3,439,606	3,996,639	2,854,786	42,021,626	31,303,896	6,281,725
1899.....	25,582,276	9,656,106	3,054,817	4,440,322	2,237,563	44,921,084	34,073,345	6,965,189
1900.....	28,484,357	9,913,357	3,168,410	5,437,863	3,123,864	50,127,851	35,518,419	8,611,824
1901.....	28,675,511	10,546,769	3,407,097	5,809,463	3,087,546	51,526,386	39,806,264	10,855,370
1902.....	33,034,971	11,297,981	3,847,025	6,479,222	3,283,344	57,942,543	42,149,175	9,753,447
1903.....	38,599,787	12,220,692	4,374,809	7,285,576	3,904,145	66,385,009	38,163,414	6,417,736
1904.....	40,237,435	12,677,699	4,577,268	6,748,149	3,698,601	67,939,252	49,021,479	10,237,738
1905.....	41,470,578	12,662,310	5,097,064	7,622,462	3,655,739	70,508,153	52,069,274	11,321,458
1906.....	47,128,163	14,363,287	5,945,926	8,799,679	4,670,542	80,907,597	54,186,605	12,388,348
1907.....	53,792,259	14,871,901	6,156,736	9,160,104	5,271,288	89,252,288	63,440,619	20,135,095

* This represents the amounts which passed through the books of the Finance Department only. In the case of 1903 a large amount was held by the Auditor General.

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

		SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER—					
		Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
		1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Food, drink and tobacco—	Grain and flour.....	176,646,591	182,262,319	190,479,240	7,349,722	5,799,328	7,916,334
	Meat, including animals for food.....	120,879,191	130,822,563	131,525,065	2,180,952	3,377,150	3,385,073
	Other food and drink—						
	Free.....	151,627,365	166,568,878	162,279,354	35,451,029	39,004,199	43,004,421
	Dutiable.....	104,354,885	100,796,963	111,604,104	2,373,892	2,479,316	3,031,786
Tobacco.....		8,567,131	11,035,484	8,611,049			
Totals.....		562,075,163	591,486,207	604,498,812	47,355,595	50,659,993	57,337,614
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—	Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	126,820	85,386	4,171	64,558,095	79,505,173	106,397,050
	Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	13,805,507	16,052,836	18,731,635	1,190,216	1,482,668	1,570,310
	Other metallic ores.....	18,104,112	22,387,933	25,923,117	290,389	396,564	511,106
	Wood and timber.....	72,416,969	82,656,070	79,743,846	163,407	271,071	315,599
	Cotton.....	95,375,093	65,371,596	94,339,184	4,447,451	6,441,442	8,244,297
	Wool.....	46,729,301	66,537,393	70,085,110	340,666	468,492	504,209
	Other textile materials.....	25,747,888	25,307,270	31,470,371	6,139,927	6,796,839	8,143,982
	Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	58,279,762	62,014,515	79,062,206	4,157,545	4,927,290	4,037,618
	Hides and undressed skins.....	18,989,148	26,942,712	25,693,352	1,315,976	1,798,856	1,990,799
	Materials for making paper.....	9,773,183	9,913,273	10,581,017	4,272,184	4,682,734	5,832,828
	Miscellaneous.....	51,463,159	55,403,421	61,320,166			
Totals.....		410,810,942	434,072,405	496,954,175	86,875,856	106,771,129	137,717,798
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—	Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	19,764,128	19,859,366	16,684,553	78,233,916	95,770,063	118,066,497
	Other metals and mfrs. of.....	51,118,102	66,640,983	69,690,969	22,347,552	23,746,436	28,991,370
	Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	8,106,816	8,487,394	9,454,770	12,262,826	14,120,778	16,003,046

Telegraph and cable apparatus.....	95,148	2,705,306	2,981,941	4,757,701	5,898,665	5,778,154
Machinery.....	11,256,712	13,126,911	14,065,128	56,714,933	64,745,241	78,381,318
Ships (new).....	72,227	95,162	109,991	17,956,215	29,000,510	29,580,049
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	4,925,992	5,063,982	4,777,669	2,826,505	2,942,381	3,376,059
Yarns and textile fabrics—						
Cotton.....	19,158,408	22,118,313	22,387,154	219,081,434	239,497,868	269,674,244
Wool.....	30,414,073	29,668,042	26,171,493	70,559,670	75,949,768	85,235,389
Other materials.....	45,830,635	47,831,949	50,289,792	31,198,112	35,367,034	40,469,637
Apparel.....	10,197,691	9,462,375	9,202,957	14,493,887	16,012,495	17,637,009
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	23,334,946	24,456,177	28,341,559	33,742,693	36,627,808	41,178,306
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	26,111,818	31,367,681	26,198,401	13,270,348	14,757,013	16,358,814
Earthenware and glass.....	10,051,024	9,960,297	9,643,223	7,655,976	8,900,137	10,081,480
Paper.....	12,484,894	13,747,169	13,369,398	4,700,206	4,961,240	5,762,542
Miscellaneous.....	67,584,951	70,373,027	69,406,855	62,947,181	70,070,551	81,311,204
Totals.....	340,507,565	374,964,134	372,721,953	652,743,155	738,268,009	847,888,148
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	5,524,955	5,701,810	5,619,409	11,479,465	13,696,657	15,138,769
Totals.....	1,318,918,625	1,406,224,556	1,479,794,349	798,454,071	909,395,788	1,058,082,329
Exports of foreign produce.....				181,190,014	195,664,323	223,466,109
Grand totals.....	1,318,918,625	1,406,224,556	1,479,794,349	979,644,085	1,105,060,111	1,281,548,438

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the *months* of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of September.			Six months ending September.			Month of September.			Six months ending September.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Animals, living—												
Cattle..... No.	21,678	12,168	84,387	95,660	75,459		1,798,102	1,010,821	6,801,846	8,016,767	6,465,624	
Sheep and lambs.....	573	695	17,215	8,434	4,803		5,231	6,726	134,295	62,988	44,544	
Horses.....	49	15	188	145	87		12,054	2,190	49,397	36,193	17,618	
Grain—												
Indian corn..... Cwt.	172,300	195,900	2,783,401	1,269,400	1,904,400		219,083	271,546	3,603,708	1,558,452	2,522,895	
Wheat.....	1,068,500	1,702,000	2,252,430	6,006,500	7,489,000		1,808,764	3,359,489	4,190,856	10,431,080	14,059,069	
Wheat flour.....	192,600	185,400	546,800	1,011,800	1,068,720		446,716	464,324	1,253,235	2,331,258	2,559,759	
Pease.....	1,870	4,250	56,350	70,730	88,580		4,842	8,624	87,825	125,841	165,802	
Oats.....	281,900	181,900	534,600	840,334	1,210,900		412,406	311,189	718,098	1,533,735	1,961,114	
Provisions—												
Bacon..... Cwt.	122,495	119,181	783,997	704,582	740,733		1,617,008	1,564,755	8,846,020	9,081,428	9,589,499	
Hams.....	24,001	29,807	219,594	184,282	210,505		324,509	408,605	2,569,840	2,392,493	2,963,956	
Butter.....	40,524	9,326	215,453	146,415	31,911		1,610,461	237,119	5,086,916	3,579,243	783,499	

Cheese.....	Cwt.	239,646	204,521	1,012,287	1,158,653	1,003,820	3,483,687	2,837,880	12,476,759	16,141,576	14,123,016
Eggs.....	.....(lt. hunds.	5,055	1,020	8,960	7,115	1,620	11,324	2,132	19,452	16,079	3,300
Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	2,204	3,768	31,569	22,766	21,544	68,610	144,014	982,549	747,607	821,912
Salmon " ..	"	2,319	5,307	18,260	136,079	81,453	38,257	99,757	263,387	1,919,577	1,434,333
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	.....Loads,	4,079	4,878	40,217	57,698	27,966	175,097	191,878	1,249,216	1,749,672	1,049,545
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	204,995	171,256	811,005	947,379	787,065	2,836,473	2,315,244	10,899,703	13,572,582	11,046,433
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....							14,272,624	13,236,293	59,233,087	73,206,571	69,614,948

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the months of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.						
	Month of September.		Six months ending September.		Month of September.		Six months ending September.		Month of September.		Six months ending September.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.													
1. Articles of food and drink—													
Salt, rock and white.....Tons.	8,507	9,650	49,804	51,455	40,373	33,410	38,447	197,979	195,035	171,778			
Spirits.....Pf. galls.	84,011	64,414	295,577	365,141	429,217	172,255	135,026	628,789	761,826	916,252			
2. Raw materials:—													
Wool, sheep and lambs.....Lbs.	66,500	184,600	658,100	328,000	783,000	15,821	48,467	158,923	91,083	202,715			
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manu- factured:—													
Cotton manufactures—													
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....Yds.	344,900	3,861,600	1,055,400	1,535,900	10,279,900	18,858	199,275	59,005	89,803	564,994			
" bleached....."	946,800	1,928,100	4,895,009	5,360,400	10,803,300	73,584	152,883	365,414	419,846	844,168			
" printed....."	777,700	1,419,600	5,387,500	7,175,000	9,752,700	62,858	110,249	365,047	545,071	734,624			
" dyed, or manufactured of dyed yarn "	958,000	1,823,500	6,861,200	6,991,500	11,083,300	131,283	223,735	936,546	954,075	1,424,581			
Jute manufactures—													
Piece goods, all kinds....."	1,811,600	2,154,600	9,765,200	8,059,280	10,926,500	141,157	136,597	497,955	559,889	735,620			
Linen manufactures—													
Piece goods, all kinds....."	762,600	823,300	4,965,100	5,676,200	6,628,700	82,052	104,760	530,068	608,852	735,908			
Silk manufactures—													
Lace....."						934	2,769	25,560	16,443	20,309			
Silk and other materials....."						62,084	45,975	221,072	339,019	365,086			
Woollen tissues.....Yds.	558,900	523,700	3,654,200	4,115,600	4,999,000	290,392	297,290	1,912,951	2,173,418	2,557,389			
Worsted....."	661,800	799,100	5,124,900	5,711,700	6,439,700	307,379	379,478	1,970,669	2,338,613	2,833,499			
Carpets, not being rugs....."	270,700	222,200	1,014,500	1,401,900	1,433,900	139,303	141,347	542,487	649,990	794,302			
Hardware, unenumerated....."						16,260	16,712	111,882	157,855	155,265			
Cutlery....."						38,246	41,660	206,085	247,891	297,417			
Iron and steel—													
Iron: Pig.....Tons.	12,914	12,984	23,241	43,053	83,202	199,403	226,456	338,197	751,843	1,423,330			
Anchors, grappels, chains and cables....."	148	293	748	852	1,615	10,225	22,216	53,149	64,824	121,022			
Bars, angles, rods and sections....."	1,094	1,911	10,675	14,189	15,698	57,100	98,633	405,310	645,158	741,646			
Rails....."	72	197	21,842	6,586	2,509	1,888	12,755	534,048	187,250	97,323			

Sheets and plates.....	Tons.	1,642	3,713	15,466	14,471	23,933	69,374	161,612	587,689	583,153	1,022,305
Galvanized sheets.....	"	1,487	1,802	9,742	8,697	13,263	103,791	138,204	625,214	582,320	1,219,816
Tin plates and sheets.....	"	2,422	1,973	11,043	9,174	10,796	144,501	140,769	670,698	564,860	707,399
Wire.....	"	633	673	2,639	2,540	3,617	62,444	13,554	212,613	278,401	394,384
Old, for remanufacture.....	"	3,100	431	8,304	10,963	14,827	42,442	5,462	118,267	150,642	234,135
Lead, pig.....	"	571	276	2,862	2,718	2,449	53,435	28,270	199,271	241,171	253,318
Tin, unwrought.....	Cwt.	620	1,060	4,520	4,720	6,800	26,898	44,180	153,391	204,325	305,125
Apparel and slops.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	178,013	247,163	721,590	879,669	1,263,702
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroidery and needlework.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cement.....	Tons.	6,593	8,413	22,175	34,559	34,590	73,876	82,709	567,913	418,816	500,435
Earthenware and chinaware.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46,214	65,437	184,042	251,411	279,512
Oil, seed oil.....	Tons.	184	154	5,665	1,102	872	87,283	104,692	500,823	639,430	759,749
Paper, writing or printing and envelopes.....	Cwt.	3,906	3,918	25,946	26,783	41,956	17,710	17,729	477,322	111,113	99,481
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	"	1,745	1,988	5,943	7,209	12,413	25,015	28,207	177,324	185,882	252,618
Stationery, other than paper.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,497	16,946	66,754	87,497	111,725
.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42,890	43,367	188,633	215,871	321,920
FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India.....	Lbs.	61,565	135,038	312,045	675,914	567,991	13,388	27,789	66,773	112,717	123,646
" Ceylon.....	"	252,105	268,307	1,263,543	1,475,527	1,379,382	44,355	53,056	240,910	265,928	279,437
" China.....	"	13,902	19,470	98,802	101,121	108,262	2,370	4,292	17,116	15,613	18,664
" other countries.....	"	2,001	8,560	18,133	19,343	23,639	384	2,010	4,940	3,708	5,718
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,901,972	3,660,628	15,919,439	17,620,313	23,922,229

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *five months* ending August, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	FIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals			64,038,714
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			71,844,825
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			197,608,105
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			122,257,454
" ready for consumption.....			160,141,707
Miscellaneous.....			3,421,900
Total Imports.....	459,249,681	521,281,050	619,312,705
Duties collected from Customs	110,036,419	128,107,544	141,768,996
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			63,771,467
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			141,129,109
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			132,227,980
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			112,297,935
" ready for consumption.....			219,108,044
Miscellaneous.....			3,201,214
Total exports, domestic.....	587,234,663	630,358,736	671,735,749
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	5,541,751	5,789,716	7,361,061
Dutiable.....	6,795,946	5,237,545	6,622,395
Total exports, foreign.....	12,337,697	11,027,261	13,983,456
Total exports.....	599,572,360	641,385,997	685,719,205
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.....	459,249,681	521,281,050	619,312,705
Exports	599,572,360	641,385,997	685,719,205
Grand totals.....	1,058,822,041	1,162,667,047	1,305,031,910

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of August, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending August 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Countries.	MONTH OF AUGUST.				SIX MONTHS ENDING AUGUST 30.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
British Empire—										
Great Britain.....	19,159,143	37,301,673	20,732,567	32,542,786	191,331,659	93,587,462	191,975,903	107,426,996	190,800,790	
Aden.....	201,685	323,774	214,386	86,078	684,812	1,003,941	1,236,992	1,283,605	418,687	
Bermuda.....	5,904	63,445	10,117	63,934	458,614	303,200	326,991	456,780	335,002	
British Africa.....	206,793	1,025,017	199,573	1,136,926	643,004	960,016	4,973,785	1,295,487	4,040,118	
Australasia—										
Australia.....	794,663	3,091,619	520,060	3,621,424	4,861,397	4,860,718	13,143,828	6,504,512	12,804,717	
New Zealand.....			468,922	615,364				2,458,272	2,232,930	
British East Indies.....	5,480,578	860,071	7,022,743	1,123,961	26,914,738	3,011,101	33,769,832	3,306,257	37,639,500	
Guiana.....	8,054	186,147	45,286	141,248	131,797	892,075	789,466	106,492	7,743,044	
" Honduras.....	44,249	142,796	49,067	111,276	194,696	263,440	532,198	306,553	701,647	
British North America—										
Canada.....	6,821,768	15,588,413	8,646,016	16,802,536	27,578,786	31,111,483	75,312,201	36,595,578	87,176,125	
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	173,033	230,596	58,477	198,314	364,297	1,027,979	472,908	1,101,913	1,256,087	
British West Indies.....	957,883	733,635	1,258,693	1,107,356	5,591,453	4,233,820	4,009,110	5,936,820	4,968,207	
Gibraltar.....	2,445	41,193	132	15,385	49,408	108,812	136,942	16,688	102,617	
Hong Kong.....	223,447	498,910	171,829	753,920	569,429	3,854,467	2,132,425	1,263,993	4,212,528	
Other British Colonies.....	40,557	24,553	271	14,483	70,586	103,358	344,943	10,312	248,705	
Totals, British Empire.....	34,120,202	60,111,842	39,398,159	58,337,691	144,930,917	288,750,731	299,312,954	201,542,901	313,534,045	
Foreign Countries—										
Austria Hungary.....	1,338,178	908,456	1,597,423	913,009	4,815,263	6,034,830	4,301,237	6,732,283	6,507,518	
Argentine Republic.....	1,206,169	3,498,963	1,280,931	3,310,963	8,508,645	11,232,698	13,067,063	7,272,385	12,432,332	
Belgium.....	2,716,702	3,961,813	2,582,299	3,818,566	10,697,534	15,018,115	12,666,923	11,881,374	18,600,125	
Brazil.....	3,518,377	1,444,858	5,257,842	2,084,728	24,488,669	5,139,337	20,720,328	7,000,715	31,965,832	
Central America States.....	957,042	2,088,667	974,892	2,488,694	6,045,718	5,975,161	10,444,692	8,439,279	12,917,036	
Cuba.....	7,380,013	4,408,191	7,388,036	4,575,948	39,528,197	18,133,948	46,961,328	50,792,718	21,817,686	

Chile.....	1,696,436	570,445	2,937,357	1,254,251	6,017,869	3,374,555	7,000,884	4,182,803	9,445,753	4,783,665
Colombia.....	567,396	273,560	530,773	234,800	2,343,553	1,395,937	3,007,868	1,250,645	2,457,613	1,252,877
Chinese Empire.....	2,795,232	1,596,015	3,954,642	1,533,734	11,373,636	28,429,820	13,746,911	13,539,445	14,831,476	11,718,542
Denmark.....	86,137	1,537,909	96,399	1,588,628	4,777,146	4,963,145	467,588	8,322,774	498,480	8,735,772
Dutch East Indies.....	1,054,414	200,344	1,538,285	56,300	4,086,011	691,033	2,304,657	342,645	2,945,923	906,812
Egypt.....	170,069	153,647	785,701	59,579	3,191,424	482,920	2,034,641	444,509	5,496,056	528,417
Perador.....	223,034	128,424	239,263	157,448	1,124,506	966,803	1,230,572	800,911	1,508,548	798,072
France.....	9,678,289	6,988,888	10,714,175	5,223,170	36,065,864	26,486,249	44,480,143	32,202,103	50,100,470	33,686,489
Germany.....	13,368,045	13,944,077	15,779,247	13,351,438	49,387,499	65,036,596	57,029,349	77,364,657	69,187,665	77,970,290
Greece.....	106,322	16,754	158,999	32,087	385,378	115,150	773,920	43,959	1,070,627	775,150
Italy.....	3,604,892	3,803,404	4,544,264	3,490,836	15,253,791	12,899,829	18,181,812	18,247,094	23,065,434	18,412,322
Japan.....	5,723,586	2,008,916	7,880,507	2,912,875	18,568,897	23,730,180	19,843,689	11,024,295	25,814,870	15,601,545
Mexico.....	3,918,842	5,438,427	4,888,118	5,779,427	21,389,077	21,046,713	21,560,483	25,716,861	26,261,117	29,960,894
Netherlands.....	2,133,660	9,892,428	2,273,533	8,886,087	10,295,492	31,229,061	14,218,955	40,816,790	14,289,852	43,908,086
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	202,993	415,024	267,618	219,242	2,477,558	4,216,019	997,579	2,068,726	1,278,166	1,937,580
Sweden.....	316,179	925,454	508,411	862,133	2,477,558	4,216,019	1,680,531	3,708,141	2,121,569	3,652,823
Portugal.....	309,565	123,011	633,483	134,870	2,233,748	597,246	2,084,493	580,954	2,871,645	1,679,921
Peru.....	190,948	306,556	440,339	774,292	984,848	1,788,135	914,893	1,703,665	3,353,791	2,571,322
Philippine Islands.....	1,891,007	732,014	768,656	585,828	5,687,955	2,520,877	4,821,354	2,845,624	4,288,067	3,350,169
Russia—										
In Asia.....	77,641	49,270	79,250	67,424	5,365,574	4,292,723	334,187	1,177,979	219,618	719,949
In Europe.....	1,431,432	562,185	2,033,834	410,725	3,263,427	5,958,108	6,248,378	4,639,964	7,133,094	4,920,084
Spain.....	702,282	1,457,970	1,214,914	1,200,076	8,438,871	113,859	3,646,347	7,556,039	5,610,349	8,640,855
Switzerland.....	2,235,413	52,779	2,368,706	55,222	8,438,871	113,859	9,007,653	235,156	10,985,107	274,382
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	841,578	123,486	1,030,050	219,638	4,077,162	737,560	4,737,790	718,318	5,788,715	953,891
Uruguay.....	100,017	356,611	69,870	305,969	1,062,170	1,264,318	927,083	1,285,031	1,189,646	1,716,499
Venezuela.....	737,213	290,658	569,973	201,108	2,506,046	1,344,655	3,274,471	1,509,029	3,304,168	1,110,047
Other Foreign Countries.....	770,311	1,412,704	1,014,094	2,083,481	4,123,236	5,712,576	4,358,041	7,111,836	5,538,114	10,077,878
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	71,549,414	69,671,908	86,407,884	68,932,756	314,309,764	310,821,629	348,894,398	342,073,043	417,769,804	372,183,160
Grand totals.....	105,669,616	129,783,750	125,806,043	127,270,447	459,249,681	599,572,360	521,281,050	641,385,997	619,312,705	685,719,205
	235,453,366		253,076,490		1,058,822,041		1,162,667,047		1,305,031,910	

Provisions—										
Cheese.....	Lbs.	4,651	3,762	45,631	19,592	11,638	786	749	8,296	3,337
Spices, nutmegs, peppers.....	"			3,036	3,380				430	397
Spices, distilled—										
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture).....	Pf. galls.	37,811	37,731	123,645	187,832	286,744	76,444	71,806	298,254	365,757
Sugar.....	Lbs.			1,177,547	581,824				80,759	32,305
Tea.....	"	193,118	228,862	781,850	936,729	1,043,922	46,625	51,369	193,947	232,643
Tobacco and manufactures of—										
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers.....	"	8,482	4,159	111,395	57,472	16,518	7,007	3,532	63,656	34,412
" all other sorts.....	"		6,864			112,937		779		
Wood and manufactures of—										
Beards, planks, &c.....	M. ft.	107,210	105,816	384,775	482,985	419,197	1,743,771	1,970,171	5,430,996	7,682,251
Wood pulp.....	Tons.	9,920	11,394	45,926	48,615	66,226	215,267	358,404	1,014,729	1,024,127
Wool.....	Lbs.	287,823	455,723	815,458	518,046	1,087,001	117,213	117,213	201,253	144,907
All other goods imported.....							3,587,652	4,244,122	13,983,529	14,900,650
Total imports.....							6,994,801	8,704,493	27,013,983	31,584,391

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of August, 1906 and 1907 and the *five months* ending August 1905, 1906 and 1907.
(From *United States Returns*.)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.					VALUES.				
	Month of August.		Five months ending August.			Month of August.		Five months ending August.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Agricultural implements.....										
Animals—										
Cattle.....	460	703	9,730	11,186	8,234	501,390	172,142	756,128	1,633,413	1,544,351
Hogs.....		2	41,623	93	63	20,231	47,885	217,062	330,733	239,458
Horses.....	2,096	932	10,560	19,791	15,649	400,735	10	400,735	739	1,418
Sheep.....	8,004	5,919	29,312	36,731	19,981	230,357	114,141	1,091,293	2,396,423	2,111,132
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....						24,034	22,802	85,856	118,935	66,002
Breadstuffs—						180,450	240,804	806,703	800,593	994,221
Corn.....	391,722	340,122	4,057,500	2,376,837	5,438,381	206,927	199,489	2,190,673	1,272,994	2,060,772
Oats.....	2,012	736	1,480,382	228,802	6,970	985	327	486,628	78,426	3,040
Wheat.....	103,940	352,099	47,386	223,931	363,840	73,615	307,818	176,459	317,427	317,427
Wheat flour.....	21,418	12,702	41,524	72,614	62,008	87,732	55,317	183,499	293,723	244,355
Carriages, cars and parts of—										
Automobiles and parts of.....						150,210	135,905	.....	530,635	798,863
Cycles and parts of.....						3,180	3,449	65,007	41,721	37,377
Railway carriages.....						84,888	126,194	983,555	672,269	477,696
Other kinds.....								.....	357,258	425,270
Clocks and watches.....						68,509	68,855	297,402	357,258	425,270
Coal.....										
Anthracite.....	218,345	318,056	1,210,325	1,082,532	1,325,789	1,087,713	1,599,800	5,893,076	5,255,130	6,443,146
Bituminous.....	629,067	831,309	2,409,588	2,255,115	3,673,654	1,457,170	1,938,543	5,590,706	5,363,799	8,717,700
Copper and manufactures of—										
Ingots, bars and old.....	900,426	231,174	1,208,822	1,967,461	1,346,934	170,503	55,569	204,063	369,500	338,024
Ore, matte and regulus.....	3,113	11,898	.....	12,263	38,657	35,475	128,530	.....	274,820	480,694
Cotton and manufactures of—										
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	5,097	2,469	41,647	29,938	24,838	285,614	141,104	1,982,724	1,675,543	1,379,984
" coloured and uncoloured.....	2,618,933	1,232,887	20,980,263	15,499,583	12,774,398	64,210	45,119	332,690	369,083	276,744
Wearing apparel.....	926,440	474,451	4,525,644	4,378,604	2,863,981	219,690	84,577	1,112,420	1,232,428	466,920
Other kinds.....										
Fertilizers.....	300	2,982	2,841	3,438	7,844	2,970	101,283	56,959	67,769	210,639

[illegible]

UNITED STATES

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America, &c.—*Concluded.*

Articles.	QUANTITIES.					VALUES.				
	Month of August.		Five Months ending August.			Month of August.		Five Months ending August.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Provisions: Meats— <i>Con.</i>										
Hog products—										
Bacon.....	310,525	110,897	771,185	1,297,184	608,558	40,801	17,258	93,016	132,293	86,741
Hams.....	612,802	498,398	1,595,975	2,472,477	1,314,374	77,798	60,216	187,506	303,612	172,052
Pork—										
Salted or pickled.....	1,035,410	924,029	5,008,688	5,107,263	5,047,723	84,464	76,112	353,112	408,112	438,541
Fresh.....										
Lard.....	620,524	475,054	1,648,101	3,041,285	2,388,717	57,040	46,418	127,148	275,221	231,688
Oil and oleomargarine.....	58,055	35,049	670,032	708,503	703,146	5,658	3,454	59,150	64,939	69,100
Dairy products—										
Butter.....	20,962	3,363	172,545	133,267	208,031	4,527	1,043	37,368	28,186	53,021
Cheese.....	203,666	7,035	89,338	1,040,825	776,511	22,854	1,256	10,732	113,228	81,216
Seeds										
Flaxseed or linseed.....					26	8,698		153,818	603,565	37
Other kinds.....						17,273		18,107	87,550	
Sugar, refined.....	448,464		493,770	2,571,924		284,486	218,765	811,636	704,542	632,686
Tobacco and manufactures of—										
Leaf, stems and trimmings.....	2,353,140	1,303,813	7,371,425	5,865,308	4,568,921					
Cigars.....										
Cigarettes.....										
Plug.....		23,965			194,154	18,063	9,119	96,265	93,442	56,677
Other kinds.....										
Wood and manufactures of—										
Timber and unmanufactured wood.....						145,197	99,420	671,973	775,599	560,831
Lumber—Boards, planks, deals, &c.....	11,095	16,021	55,219	48,386	102,366	274,028	474,372	1,237,777	1,282,394	3,021,441
Manufactures of wood—										
Furniture, N.E.S.....						80,657	81,635	335,734	372,033	440,631
All other goods exported, including foreign goods.....						7,540,896	7,551,132	31,738,267	37,445,557	39,403,427
Total exports.....						15,819,009	17,000,850	66,667,807	76,414,114	88,432,212

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries from which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a)..... (6 mos.)	June.....		100,039,199	116,619,933
British South Africa..... (7 ")	July.....		93,522,732	79,638,132
Canada (special)..... (6 ")	September..	137,646,552	159,461,112	191,150,738
Great Britain (special)..... (6 ")	" ..	1,318,918,625	1,406,224,556	1,479,794,349
United States..... (5 ")	August.....	459,249,681	521,281,050	619,312,705
Austria-Hungary (special)..... (7 ")	July.....	252,105,773	275,446,843	271,662,720
Belgium (principal articles)..... (8 ")	August.....	363,983,525	413,910,888	452,811,003
British India..... (7 ")	July.....	196,529,328	215,607,420	228,370,752
Egypt..... (7 ")	" ..	54,685,000	61,500,000	72,165,000
France (special)..... (9 ")	September..		821,391,200	890,970,800
Germany (special)..... (6 ")	June.....	777,455,560	959,344,004	1,015,099,036
Italy (special)..... (5 ")	May.....	155,260,394	198,485,832	234,954,726
Japan (special)..... (7 ")	July.....	160,765,000	126,404,000	152,562,500
Mexico (a)..... (6 ")	June.....	44,807,000	66,254,500	62,382,500
Portugal..... (11 ")	*November..	61,329,960	60,714,360	59,963,760
Russia (special)..... (5 ")	May.....	103,936,775	127,778,195	140,415,780
Spain (principal articles)..... (7 ")	July.....	115,466,496	117,333,964	105,349,822
Switzerland (special)..... (6 ")	June.....	117,557,844	129,503,386	144,310,925

EXPORTS.

Australia (a)..... (6 mos.)	June.....	143,955,999	158,215,333
British South Africa..... (7 ")	July.....	115,159,933	135,453,933
Canada (special)..... (6 ")	September..	98,627,627	121,027,485
Great Britain (special)..... (6 ")	" ..	798,454,071	909,395,788
United States (special)..... (5 ")	August.....	587,234,663	630,358,736
Austria-Hungary (special)..... (7 ")	July.....	232,980,055	260,442,707
Belgium (principal articles)..... (8 ")	August.....	260,304,118	319,644,091
British India..... (7 ")	July.....	292,488,408	315,588,960
Egypt..... (7 ")	" ..	53,920,000	60,150,000
France (special)..... (9 ")	September..		765,503,600
Germany (special)..... (6 ")	June.....	616,263,158	580,006,698
Italy (special)..... (5 ")	May.....	126,435,651	151,559,812
Japan (special)..... (7 ")	July.....	82,669,000	102,454,500
Mexico (a)..... (6 ")	June.....	56,845,500	69,637,000
Portugal..... (11 ")	*November..	30,657,520	28,715,040
Russia (special)..... (5 ")	May.....	188,571,885	186,105,035
Spain (principal articles)..... (7 ")	July.....	94,941,139	97,793,100
Switzerland (special)..... (6 ")	June.....	86,566,676	97,895,390

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

*Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TARIFF CHANGES

CEYLON.

I.—RULES MADE BY THE GOVERNOR, WITH THE ADVICE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, TO
REGULATE THE IMPORTATION, STORAGE AND TRANSPORT OF CALCIUM CARBIDE.

(*'Ceylon Government Gazette,' No. 6065 of July 21, 1905.*)

IMPORTATION.

1. Acetylene when liquid or when subject to a pressure above that of the atmosphere capable of supporting a column of water exceeding 100 inches in height and whether or not in admixture with other substances shall be deemed to be dangerous, and shall be prohibited from being manufactured, imported, kept, conveyed, or sold subject to the following exception:—

Acetylene in admixture with oil gas in a proportion not exceeding 20 parts by volume of acetylene in every 100 parts of the mixture, when subjected to a pressure not exceeding 150 pounds to the square inch, shall not be deemed to be dangerous, provided that the acetylene and oil gas shall be mixed together in a chamber or vessel before the gases are subjected to compression.

2. The importation of calcium carbide, which contains impurities liable to generate phosphoretted hydrogen or siliciuretted hydrogen so as to render the gas evolved liable to ignite spontaneously, is hereby prohibited.

3. The owner or master of every ship carrying a cargo, any part of which consists of carbide of calcium shall, on entering the harbour, immediately give notice of the nature of such cargo to the master attendant, and shall place or moor his ship in such place as the master attendant may direct, and while any carbide of calcium remains on board shall not, except for the purpose of proceeding to sea, remove his ship without the written permission of the master attendant.

4. The hold of every vessel carrying carbide calcium shall be efficiently ventilated from the time of entering the harbour until all the carbide has been discharged or until the ship has left the harbour.

5. Carbide of calcium shall only be brought into the harbour in hermetically closed metal vessels containing each not more than 112 pounds, and of such strength and construction as not to be liable to be broken or to become defective or insecure in conveyance otherwise than by gross negligence or extraordinary accident.

6. No such closed metal vessel containing calcium carbide shall be opened within the limits of the port or customs premises except with the written consent of the principal collector of Customs.

7. Every reasonable precaution shall be taken to prevent the contact of water or moisture with the carbide of calcium, and where such contact may have occurred to prevent the gas evolved from being ignited.

8. When carbide of calcium is landed within the ports of Colombo, Galle and Trincomalee:

(a) It shall be landed only in cargo boats and after sunrise and before sunset, and only at such place or places as the collector of Customs shall direct. Every such cargo boat shall carry at its bows in an exposed and prominent position a red flag not less than 18 inches square. When carrying calcium carbide the boat shall carry no other cargo;

(b) No fire, smoking, or light shall be allowed in any boat during the time that the calcium carbide is on board the boat.

9. All calcium carbide landed as aforesaid shall, without being deposited or stacked on the ground, be carried at once from the boat in which it has been conveyed to premises in respect of which a license for the storage of calcium carbide has been granted.

II.—CUSTOMS NOTICE OF SEPTEMBER 19, 1905, RELATING TO THE FREE ADMISSION OF MOTOR TRAILERS.

(*'Ceylon Government Gazette,' No. 6076 of September 22, 1905.*)

It is hereby notified that, from and after the first day of October, 1905, motor trailers shall be exempted from the Customs duty payable upon their importation into the Island.

III.—CUSTOMS NOTICE RESPECTING THE FREE IMPORTATION OF RAW RUBBER.

(*'Ceylon Government Gazette,' of December 22, 1905.*)

This notice provides that, from and after December 1, 1905, raw rubber shall be exempted from Customs import duty.

IV.—PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR, DATED JANUARY 24, 1907, REPEALING THE TEA EXPORT DUTY ORDINANCE OF 1894.

(*'Ceylon Government Gazette,' No. 6168, of February 1, 1907.*)

Whereas by section 4 of the Ordinance No. 4 of 1894, intituled 'An Ordinance to provide for the continuance of the Export Duty on Tea levied under Ordinance No. 15 of 1892,' it is enacted that the said first-mentioned ordinance shall cease to be in force from and after such time as the Governor in Executive Council shall appoint by proclamation to be published in the *Government Gazette*:

And whereas it is expedient that the said ordinance should cease to be in force from and after the time hereinafter mentioned:

Now know ye that we, the said Governor in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers in us vested as aforesaid, do hereby appoint that the said Ordinance No. 4 of 1894, intituled 'An Ordinance to provide for the continuance of the Export Duty on Tea levied under Ordinance No. 15 of 1892,' shall cease to be in force as from and after the thirty-first day of December, 1908.

V.—ORDINANCE NO. 2, ASSENTED TO APRIL 3, 1907, TO AMEND 'THE INDIAN HEMP ORDINANCE, 1905.'

1. This ordinance may be cited as 'The Indian Hemp Ordinance, 1907,' and shall be construed and read as one with 'The Indian Hemp Ordinance, 1905,' hereinafter referred to as 'the principal Ordinance.'

2. For section 3 of the principal ordinance the following section shall be substituted:—

3. (1) Any person who within the Island of Ceylon shall plant, grow, cultivate, or permit to be planted, grown, or cultivated Indian hemp shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment, simple or rigorous, not exceeding six months, or to both.

(2) Any person who shall import into Ceylon or sell or in any manner distribute or knowingly keep or have in his possession Indian hemp shall be guilty of an offence,

and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment, simple or rigorous, not exceeding six months, or to both. Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person duly licensed under section 3 of 'The Poisons Ordinance, 1901,' to sell or expose or offer for sale any poison.

3. Section 5 of the principal ordinance shall be amended by inserting the words 'other than a person licensed to sell poisons under "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," between the words 'any person' and the words 'is in possession' in line 3 of the section.

4. From and after the passing of this ordinance it shall be lawful for any person licensed to sell or expose or offer for sale poisons under 'The Poisons Ordinance, 1901,' to import Indian hemp or any preparation of Indian hemp, and to possess and sell the same, subject to the regulations as to the possession and sale of poisons for the time being in force made under the provisions of sections 9 and 10 of the said 'Poisons Ordinance, 1901.'

MONTSERRAT.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE CUSTOMS TARIFF ORDINANCE, 1906.

(No. 9, Assented to December 22, 1906.)

Be it ordained by the Governor and Legislative Council of Montserrat as follows:

1. This ordinance may be cited for all purposes as 'The Customs Tariff Amendment Ordinance, 1906,' and shall be read as one with 'The Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1906.'

2. This ordinance shall come into operation on such day as the Governor shall appoint in that behalf by proclamation.

3. The figures '7/6' (seven shillings and six pence) appearing against the words 'four of wheat per barrel or bag not exceeding 196 pounds and other packages in like proportion' in schedule A of 'The Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1906,' are hereby repealed, and the figures '6/8' (six shillings and eight pence) substituted.

The figures ' $\frac{3}{4}$ ' (three farthings), appearing against the words 'soap, other than fancy or toilet, per pound,' in the said schedule A, are hereby repealed, and the figures ' $\frac{1}{2}$ ' (one-half penny) substituted.

The figure '9' (nine pence), appearing against the words 'tea per pound' in the said schedule A, are hereby repealed and the figure '6' (six pence) substituted.

The figures '1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' (one shilling and one penny half penny), appearing against the words 'tobacco, viz.: leaf tobacco if imported in packages containing not less than 500 pounds per pound' in the said schedule A, are hereby repealed, and the figures '1 0' (one shilling) substituted.

The figures '3/9' (three shillings and nine pence), appearing against the words 'tobacco, manufactured tobacco including snuff per pound' in the said schedule A, are hereby repealed, and the figures '3/4' (three shillings and four pence) substituted.

The figures '15. 0. 0.' (fifteen pounds), appearing against the words 'all goods not hereinbefore specified and not exempted by "this ordinance or schedule B, per £100 *ad valorem*"' in the said schedule A, are hereby repealed, and the figures '13. 6. 8.' (thirteen pounds six shillings and eight pence) substituted.

Duly published and proclaimed, December 31, 1906.

ST. CHRISTOPHER-NEVIS.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN DUTIES UPON SUGAR AND RUM.

(No. 7, Assented to November 1, 1906.)

Be it ordained by the Governor and Legislative Council of Saint Christopher and Nevis as follows:—

1. This ordinance may be cited for all purposes as ‘The Export Duty Ordinance, 1906.’

2. Ordinance No. 1 of 1898, entitled ‘An Ordinance to provide for the payment of certain duties upon sugar and rum,’ and Ordinance No. 1 of 1906, entitled ‘An Ordinance to provide for the payment of certain duties upon sugar and rum,’ are hereby repealed.

3. From and after the coming into operation of this ordinance the following duties shall be paid into the treasury for the use of the presidency in respect of all sugar and rum shipped or exported from the presidency:—

On every hogshead of sugar, not exceeding forty-two inches truss, the sum of four shillings and eight pence;

On every tierce of sugar not exceeding thirty inches truss, the sum of three shillings and two pence;

On every barrel of sugar, the sum of sixpence and a half-penny;

On every ton of sugar otherwise packed, the sum of four shillings and eightpence;

On every one hundred gallons of rum, the sum of three shillings and sixpence;

And a proportionate sum upon any greater or less quantity of sugar or rum, respectively.

4. All duties payable under this ordinance shall be paid by the shipper or exporter before or at the time of exportation.

5. If any person shall refuse or neglect to pay any duty imposed by this ordinance, such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds, in addition to the amount of such duty; and such duty and the penalty hereby imposed shall be recoverable upon complaint made by the treasurer or some person duly authorized by him on his behalf before any district magistrate.

6. This ordinance shall be deemed to have come into operation on January 1, 1906.

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

The undermentioned Canadian agents will answer correspondence relative to trade requirements in the districts they represent.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent for New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand.

D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne, agent for Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Room 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds, agent for Leeds and Hull.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.

W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F., Mexico.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Poste Restante, Hong Kong.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

CHINA.

H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.

R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua, agent for Antigua, Montserrat and Dominica.

S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, agent for St. Kitts, Nevis and the Virgin Islands.

Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad, agent for Trinidad and Tobago.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.

G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND
NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, Sept. 3, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

The trade of Australia for 1905 and 1906 was:—

	1905.	1906.
Imports.	£38,346,731	£44,729,506
Exports.	56,841,035	69,737,763

These are the figures given in the returns, but in order to make the comparison correct, there should be added to the exports of 1906 £875,966, value of ships' stores supplied to ships trading to foreign countries which, in 1905, were included in the exports, but in the returns of last year were given separately. The expansion of exports is very striking, being double the expansion of imports, which increased 16 per cent.

The chief trade was with the following countries:—

	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.
	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom	23,074,717	26,575,833	26,702,390	32,854,049
Canada	230,981	303,751	43,288	732,688
Cape Colony	11,105	8,762	1,752,944	1,179,830
Ceylon	693,616	643,906	3,893,436	3,648,645
India	1,311,427	1,703,606	2,935,094	3,520,499
New Zealand	2,333,516	3,156,489	1,595,368	2,391,767
Total British countries	28,458,867	33,311,697	39,221,709	46,704,961

	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.
	£	£	£	£
Belgium	551,984	909,620	3,212,869	4,804,268
France	510,950	462,622	5,762,904	5,553,055
Germany	2,643,412	3,204,844	3,888,170	3,725,974
Japan	371,761	424,583	581,155	1,210,138
United States	4,486,604	4,633,553	1,049,773	4,338,701
Total foreign countries	8,887,864	11,417,867	17,619,326	23,032,802

THE CANADIAN TRADE.

The trade with Canada shows an increase of nearly £73,000, and an increase of exports of over £700,000. In my report of March 9 on the trade of New South Wales I explained that the very large increase of exports was due to the export of gold via the Canadian steamers to points in the United States, to meet the balance of trade in favour of that country as against Great Britain. The actual trade with Canada is no nearer to being ascertained in the statement of 1905 than in previous statements. The returns give the country of origin of the goods and in that statement make the imports from Canada £305,497, as against £303,751 in the general returns. Even this statement is very far out from the actual facts. Taking some of the leading items, the imports according to the Australian returns and the exports according to the Canadian returns were as follows:—

	Aus. Returns.	Can. Returns.
Bicycles and parts.	£12,763	£ 15,218
Agricultural machinery.	74,265	107,572
Machinery, other.	5,704	9,800
Paper.	63,402	68,833
Cotton fabrics.	12,199	19,950
Rubber goods.	5,766	18,810
Musical instruments.	2,611	5,845

Inasmuch as similar discrepancies existed in 1905, it is very clear that the Australian statistics are very much below the mark, though there would naturally be some differences owing to the different endings of the fiscal years of the two countries.

THE TREND OF AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

It may be of interest to know the variations in the importations of Australia in ten years. The total imports of Australia were:—

1896.	£29,658,197
1906.	44,729,506

These imports came mainly as follows from:—

	1896.	1906.
United Kingdom.	£20,252,561	£26,575,833
Canada.	113,790	303,751
Other British possessions.	3,070,739	6,432,113
Total, British countries.	£23,437,090	£33,311,697

Foreign countries:—

Belgium.	£ 285,728	£ 909,620
France.	350,063	462,622
Germany.	1,574,624	3,204,844
Sweden and Norway.	179,488	359,588
United States.	2,845,903	4,633,553
Total from all foreign countries	£ 6,221,107	£11,417,809

EXPORTS.

The principal exports for similar years were:—

	1896.	1906.
United Kingdom.	£21,630,820	£32,854,049
Canada.	- 11,565	732,688
Ceylon.	760,094	3,648,645
Cape Colony.	75,992	1,179,830
New Zealand.	856,191	2,391,767
Total British possessions.	2,861,751	13,850,912
Total British countries.	£24,492,571	£46,704,961
Belgium.	£ 1,322,369	£ 4,804,268
France.	2,425,328	5,553,055
Germany.	1,536,332	3,725,974
United States.	2,360,067	4,338,701
Total foreign countries.	8,470,951	23,032,802
Total exports.	£32,963,522	£70,613,729

These totals include the stores supplied to foreign bound ships.

The increase in the imports from the United Kingdom was greater than that from all foreign countries. By percentage the increase from foreign countries is very much greater and that from the British colonies is nearly three-fold the percentage of the increase from the United Kingdom. The statistics do not accurately convey the trade of other countries as well as that of Canada. The imports from Belgium include imports from France via Antwerp and those from the United States include imports, as have been shown, from Canada. The importations from Canada are certainly double of those shown in the above statement and though they are not what they should be, yet under the circumstances in Canada the increase in trade in ten years has been fair. The remarkable feature in this statement is the increase in the exports, having nearly doubled in ten years, and the great increases have been to the British possessions and to foreign countries. The increases in the exports to foreign countries have been greater than the increases to the United Kingdom and, it will be evident, have been very large to other countries than those named in the statement given. The exports to Belgium, France and Germany have been proportionately large, but those to a number of other countries have been still greater. As for examples, the exports to British colonies, India, Straits Settlement and Natal have been proportionately even greater than those shown in the countries given. The trade to Japan, the Philippine Islands, and the islands of the Pacific has shown marked increases indicating the attention that has been paid in Australia to the trade in the far east and the results that have followed from it.

APPAREL AND TEXTILES.

The importations under this head have shown an increase in every branch of the trade. The importations from Canada were £21,150 in 1905 as against £24,831 last year, a fair increase in percentage. If the Canadian mills were able to supply a larger quantity of piece goods, the market would have taken them.

ARMS AND AMMUNITIONS.

The importations from Canada are practically limited to one size of cartridges. Last year showed a slight increase in the importations from Canada over the previous year, being £1,640 as against £1,253 in 1905, proportionately, a larger increase than from other countries. The total amount imported last year was £146,647 of which the United Kingdom supplied £65,289, the United States £76,300, Canada, Belgium and Germany fairly dividing the balance between them. Cartridges for the army and navy were not included in these figures. They came wholly from the United Kingdom as did the most of the cartridge cases and the percussion caps.

BLACKING.

The importations totaled £63,861 of which the United Kingdom is credited with £48,044; the United States £11,285, Germany £3,136 and Canada but £11. However, in the country of origin the amount imported from Canada is stated at £326, which falls below the true figures as a very promising trade has sprung up in this article, though Canada has yet obtained but a small proportion of the total imports.

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

The importations in 1906 were but very slightly above those of the previous year, the changes being a decline in the importations from the United Kingdom and Germany and an increase of nearly £8,000 from the United States. The importations from Canada are very small, being £210 as against £233 of the previous year.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

The trade in boots and shoes, which since the adoption of the Federal tariff, steadily declined until last year there were less than half the importations for 1901; this year has shown a slight improvement. The Canadian portion of it shows very little improvement except in the item of gum boots, which went up to £552 as against £153 in 1905. Canada is not entitled to the credit of the boots and shoes which the Australian returns place as coming from it. They originated in the United States, largely in Detroit and were shipped to this country via Windsor. Rubber shoes show an increase in the importations of £10,000. According to the general returns, the trade from Canada declined from £2,781 to £2,319. In the column of the 'Country of Origin,' however, the importations are more correctly stated at £4,369, being a very considerable increase over the figures of the previous year. Even at the latter figures, Canada is not doing one-tenth of the trade, the principal business being done with the United Kingdom which shows a very considerable increase over the figures of the previous year.

BRUSHWARE.

The importations of brushes and brushware were £145,748 as against £122,851 of the previous year. Three-fourths of the amount came from Great Britain, France supplying £14,000, and Germany £7,000. The United States' share of the trade is only about £5,000; Canada has scarcely made a beginning, the amount credited to it being £13.

CANDLES.

In the importations into New Zealand of candles to the amount of £48,357 Canada sent £2,143. The importations of candles into Australia last year were £36,997, none of which are set down as coming from Canada. The trade with New Zealand was due to the preferential tariff in favour of Canada, and the difference in the trade of the two countries illustrates the value of even a small preferential tariff.

CANVAS.

A like statement can be made respecting canvas as was made respecting candles. Canada is credited with nearly one-tenth of the importations into New Zealand but of

£244,662 which came into Australia last year as in the previous year, none of it is said to have come from Canada. It is probable, however, that a portion of the imports from the United States originated in Canada as one of the Canadian mills has always exported through a New York firm. The imports from the United States were small being only £3,445 as against £114,710 coming from Great Britain, and £125,942 from India. The importations from Great Britain increased by nearly 50 per cent last year.

CHEESE.

The importations last year amounted to £11,553. The Canadian share of the trade was £583, as against £337 of the previous year. The bulk of the importations were from the United Kingdom, New Zealand, Germany and the Netherlands. The only cheese imported from Canada is a potted cheese, exceedingly difficult of transportation in good order in a hot climate without the use of special preservatives, which are practically prohibited in Australia. In New Zealand similar cheese has been made which has entered the market here in lieu of the Canadian article. The short distance which it has to be carried gives it considerable advantage in the competition.

CONFECTIONERY.

The total imports show an advance of £116,305, as against £99,490 of the previous year. Of this increase Great Britain took over £11,000 and the United States nearly £4,500; the share of other countries, Canada included, being very small.

FISH.

The importations of fish preserved in tins increased from £288,371 in 1905 to £310,656 last year, but the importations from Canada fell from £51,779 to £38,256. The importations from the United States also showed some decrease, but not quite equal to that from Canada. Those from Great Britain increased from £94,134 to £119,120, and Germany, Norway and Portugal secured the balance of the advance. Fresh fish to the value of £510 was imported from Canada, but New Zealand, from its proximity, sent £12,514, and the United Kingdom nearly three times as much as Canada. The difficulty in the importations of fresh fish from Canada is the inability of the Canadian-Australian line of steamers to carry small parcels, as the refrigerated spaces devoted to ships' stores are not large enough to enable the steamers to take such cargoes, and it is not profitable to refrigerate the large spaces for the quantity of this freight offered.

APPLES.

Apples to the value of £4,990 were credited as coming from Canada last year, as against £719 the previous year. Almost every bushel of this quantity came from the United States. Though the shipment of apples from British Columbia would realize a better price when sent to Australia than they command at home, no firm apparently cares to enter the trade. The apples sent from the State of Washington arrived in perfect condition, and were free from disease or blemish. They would net the owner about \$2.50 at Vancouver, and the trade is so promising that the same exporter proposes to continue the business this year, sending a large proportion of his crop to this point as the most profitable market available.

FURNITURE.

The furniture imported in 1906 was valued at £212,526, as against £219,003 in 1905. In the 'Country of Origin' the amount credited to Canada is £8,163, which is double the amount so credited in 1905. This is still short of the actual trade, which is growing and likely to be made much larger as the Canadian factories increase their

equipment. But if the new tariff, or anything approaching to it, on chairs is supported by parliament, a large portion of this trade will be destroyed. Notwithstanding the duties, the improved times have sustained the importations. The following figures will give the imports from the principal suppliers for the years 1903, 1905 and 1906:—

	1903.	1905.	1906.
	£	£	£
United Kingdom.....	69,020	83,131	75,975
Canada.....	1,735	1,870	2,538
Austria.....	3,683	2,269	1,875
Belgium.....	1,923	1,585	1,644
Germany.....	31,185	51,101	60,357
United States.....	42,993	57,843	44,333

GRAIN.

In spite of the high duties, there was imported last year £34,468 of barley which according to the 'Country of Origin' the following supplied the chief amounts:—

Canada.....	£ 1,601
New Zealand.....	7,016
United States.....	25,733

When the Northwest of Canada grows heavy two rowed barley, there will no doubt be an extension of this trade. The importation of oats for feed amounted to £27,445; New Zealand furnishing nearly the whole of it; Canada a little to the amount of £66. Owing to the poor harvest of New Zealand this year, Canada is shipping oats to that Dominion, and if Australia should have a dry season it is likely that at the end of the year, a demand may be made upon Canada for supplies to meet the Australian requirements. A small quantity of wheat for seed was obtained from Canada. I have more than once called attention to a demand for clean seed wheat from Manitoba and the great difficulty there was of having the requirements met. The market would take many more times the amount than has hitherto been sent for this purpose.

FLOUR AND MEAL.

The total importations of flour amounted to £8,844, which is slightly below the importations of the previous year. It nearly all came from Canada and the United States, Canada supplying £5,019 and the United States £3,337. The probability is that the whole of the United States' supply was ground from Manitoba wheat. Canada is credited with supplying oatmeal to the value of £1,365 and the United States £6,495. The imports came practically from one firm having mills in both Canada and the United States. It is probable that if the Canadian harvest should be a good one, the Canadian proportion sent will be increased.

HOPS.

The importations last year were £60,897, as in previous years, the United Kingdom, New Zealand, Germany and the United States furnishing nearly all the supplies. Canada is credited with £797. More was shipped from Canada but the exports were the product of the United States.

AGRICULTURE IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

The importation of agricultural implements for 1905 amounted to £361,439 and last year £282,520. This is rather less than half of the importations of 1904. The quantity originating in Canada is credited as £21,525 of harvesters, £7,100 of reapers and binders, and £45,640 of ploughs, drills, &c. As stated in the previous paragraphs of this report, this is very considerably below the actual amount which originated in Canada. Canada is doing a very fair proportion of the trade as there are some lines in implements, particularly, which are not manufactured in Canada at all and which are very largely supplied by the United States.

INDIA RUBBER.

In this item of the Australian returns, boots and shoes are not included. Owing to the growth of the motor trade there has been a very rapid increase in the importations in rubber tyres and other goods, the total importations in 1906 having been £314,854. Of this amount the United Kingdom supplied £274,805, being an advance of £50,000 on the importations of the previous year. Germany increased its proportion of the trade; the United States lost to Great Britain and Germany. The Canadian proportion is small being only £862. The principal Canadian trade in rubber goods is in boots and shoes which have been already referred to.

CABINET ORGANS.

The importation of 1906 were in value £14,881, a slight advance upon the imports of 1905. The returns illustrate trade routes. According to the two columns, one giving the 'General entry' and the other the 'Country of origin,' the imports were as follows:—

	General entry.	Country of origin.
United Kingdom.. . . .	£6,859	£ 259
Canada.. . . .	331	346
New Zealand.. . . .	18	....
Japan.. . . .	35	35
Germany.. . . .	227	239
United States.. . . .	7,411	14,002

A large proportion of the shipments from the United States evidently came by the way of England and it is likely also that Canadian organs also arrived here via England. The Australian returns credit Canada with sending 29 organs but the Canadian returns show an exportation from Canada to Australia of 114. The trade is almost stationary. Should the duties of the new tariff be continued upon pianos, it will no doubt seriously affect the importation of the cheap piano from Germany and may lead to an extension of the trade in cabinet organs.

PIANOS.

The total importations amounted to £241,357, Germany supplying £196,090 and the United Kingdom £35,161. Canada is credited with £2,115 last year as against £1,046 for 1905, but this is below the Canadian return of exports of these instruments.

LEATHER.

The total importations for 1906 were £380,788, Great Britain supplying £243,000 and the United States £78,335. The returns under the 'Country of origin,' however, make a very great variation of which it credits the United Kingdom with sending but £72,299 and the United States with £211,812. Canada's share in the trade was about £135 according to the returns. Latterly, there has been a promising development of the trade both in sole and upper leathers. It is anticipated that the trade will grow to one of considerable extent. There seems to be no reason why Canada should not share in the large trade that is done from the United States.

LEATHER MANUFACTURES.

The importation of leather manufactures was almost of the same value in 1906 as in 1905, being £109,980 last year as against £109,197 the previous year. The bulk of the supplies in both years came from Great Britain, being about £95,000 in each year. The United States came next with £8,538, being a little less than the imports from that country for the year before. The imports from Germany were £8,385, three times the amount of the previous year. The imports from Canada consist of whips valued at £253 as against £116 of the previous year.

MACHINES AND MACHINERY.

The importations under this item, covering a very large variety of goods, showed a very considerable increase in 1906 being £2,118,352 as against £1,735,859 in 1905. Great Britain still dominates the market with the United States second. In some items the United States has gained very considerably in the trade. These are in cream separators, gas and oil engines, portable engines, printing machinery, sewing machines, typewriters, and weighing machines. In electrical and mining machinery the importations from that country have decreased. Canada's contributions are:—

Gas and oil engines.. . . .	£ 642
Other engines.. . . .	38
Boilers and pumps.. . . .	1,509
Printing machinery.. . . .	3,511
Sewing machines.. . . .	53
Typewriters.. . . .	1,584
Machine tools.. . . .	197

which is a decrease of £1,747 as compared with last year.

METAL MANUFACTURES.

Importations have increased in nearly all the branches of this department, specially in wire netting, of which the importations amounted to £521,788, the United Kingdom, Germany and Belgium furnishing nearly all the supplies. Canada's contribution to no item was of any great importance, the whole amount being £1,860, but somewhat better than in 1905, when the importations were £1,376.

PRINTING PAPER.

In uncoated printing paper the imports for 1905 and 1906 were:—

1905.. . . .	£475,230
1906.. . . .	437,573

The chief importations according to the 'Country of origin' for the two years were:—

	1905.	1906.
United Kingdom.. . . .	£129,084	£124,188
Canada.. . . .	86,111	62,060
Austria.. . . .	542	642
Belgium.. . . .	1,546	702
Germany.. . . .	56,285	51,468
Netherlands.. . . .	92	418
Norway.. . . .	2,552	3,413
Sweden.. . . .	4,399	2,682
United States.. . . .	194,588	191,864

The figures relating to Canada do not agree with the Canadian export returns which, it is believed, are short of the amount shipped to this country. The Canadian share of the trade is increasing and this year promises to be larger than in any previous year.

PAPER HANGINGS.

The importations show a slight increase, being £42,251 in 1905, and £44,942 last year. The share credited to Canada was £797, as against £1,057 in 1905. The proportion to the United States is £2,227 as against £1,365. As these figures are below the Canadian export returns, the increase credited to the United States is evidently wall paper of Canadian origin. The United Kingdom increased its proportion of the trade, while Germany, the only other country supplying any quantity, decreased slightly.

DRESSED TIMBER.

Despite the tariff, there was an increase in the importations of dressed timber, being £264,843 in 1905, as against £311,358 in 1906. The share of Canada in either year was very small. The bulk of the trade, as in previous years, came from Norway, which sent to this country in linings and shelvings, timber, to the value of £226,098. Sweden and the United States sent, respectively, £14,783 and £23,221. No effort has been made for some time to get Canadian spruce into the market.

UNDRESSED OREGON.

The prosperity of the country and the increase in building, especially in the cities, are reflected by the increased importations of timber. Undressed Oregon imports were as follows:—

1905..	£417,527
1906..	631,559

The Canadian proportion, on the other hand, showed a marked relapse, being:—

1905..	£50,329
1906..	31,540

Canadian mills for many months were unable to execute any orders sent to them. The great increase in the trade fell to the United States. The feature of the timber market last year was the entrance of Japan into the trade. It is credited with 'logs not sawn,' to the amount of £4,552. A company with some capital has been formed in Sydney and Melbourne to pursue the importation of these logs. The timber is inferior to Oregon and other timber obtained from North America, but it will suit certain classes of the trade, and the importations this year are likely to be considerably increased.

VEHICLES—BICYCLES.

There is an improvement in the bicycle trade, the imports being £118,095 in 1905 as against £153,805 in 1906. The Canadian trade was £9,400 in 1905 and £12,763 last year. While these figures are below what once was an important item in the Canadian trade, yet it is a gratifying improvement. The United Kingdom absorbed most of the improvements in the trade: Germany and France doing somewhat better but the United States remained stationary.

MOTOR CARS.

An improvement is shown in the importation of motor cars having been £122,589 in 1905 and £163,005 in 1906. The principal imports were from:—

United Kingdom..	£95,223
France..	46,627
Germany..	9,161
United States..	7,776

Canada for the first time appears with the value of £1,116. These cars, where used, have been well spoken of. Preference is increasing for British built cars, for while the imports from Germany and France showed some small increase, yet the trade from Great Britain absorbed nearly all the increased imports. The United States' trade fell from £14,597 in 1905 to £7,776 in 1906. The verdict is that the United States' cars while suited to city streets and good roads will not stand usage in the country districts or outside of the city streets.

A brief summary of the imports from Canada last year has been given but until the tariff is fixed it would be useless to say much of the prospects of the future. The tariff will, probably, be higher than that in force last year and will affect some lines of industries, but not greatly the trade as a whole. Australia will be compelled to import the chief lines, which she now receives.

J. S. LARKE.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(*Mr. D. H. Ross.*)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MELBOURNE, September 2, 1907.

THE 1907 COMMONWEALTH CUSTOMS TARIFF.

Late on August 8, the proposed new Australian tariff was introduced into the Commonwealth parliament, and the new duties came into operation the following day. The Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, was promptly notified by cable of the principal increases in the duties in so far as they affected leading lines of Canadian exports to Australia. The tariff has been under parliamentary debate for about 10 days, but so far the review of the items has not been commenced. There are 444 items which—in many instances—are subdivided under half a dozen or more headings. Ales, wines, spirits and tobaccos are responsible for 26 items, and free goods—unimportant to Canada—comprise a fair number of items. It is anticipated that it will take at least two to three months before the tariff will be finally settled.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT'S APPLICATION FOR SUSPENSION OF DUTIES.

Strong representations were made by the Canadian government in requesting the Australian government to suspend the operation of the new duties until such time as the goods in transit—when the new tariff was introduced—could be admitted under the old rates. Practically the same request was made by the British government in regard to goods in transit from the United Kingdom, but, in both cases, the consideration asked for was refused. The Acting Prime Minister of the Commonwealth gave as his reason for declining the requests made by the British and Canadian governments, that it was contrary to the precedent established by the Australian colonies prior to federation and followed when the first Commonwealth tariff came into operation.

HIGHER CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Duties in the proposed Australian tariff now in operation—are in many cases doubled in comparison with previous rates. The schedule has many items varying from 30 to 45 per cent, and these duties are really higher than superficially expressed for the reason that the 10 per cent is added to the invoiced value of the goods before the duty is computed thereon. Thus the Australian tariff rate of 5 per cent becomes $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent net, $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent becomes $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, 10 per cent becomes 11 per cent, $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent becomes $13\frac{3}{4}$ per cent, 15 per cent becomes $16\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, $17\frac{1}{2}$ per cent becomes $19\frac{1}{4}$ per cent, 20 per cent becomes 22 per cent, 25 per cent becomes $27\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, $27\frac{1}{2}$ per cent becomes $30\frac{1}{4}$ per cent, 30 per cent becomes 33 per cent, 35 per cent becomes $38\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, 40 per cent becomes 44 per cent, 45 per cent becomes $49\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, 50 per cent becomes 55 per cent net.

INCIDENCE OF THE TARIFF ON CANADIAN GOODS.

It is a remarkable fact that the duties proposed under the new customs tariff—and in the meantime in operation—are particularly heavy upon the principal lines of Canadian exports to Australia. The following examples may be quoted:—

	General Tariff.	Preferential Tariff U.K. Goods.
Apparel and attire—wool or silk.	45 per cent.	40 per cent.
" n.e.i.	40 "	35 "
" sundries.	30 "	25 "
Fish—in tins.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb.
Denims—striped and fancy.	35 per cent.	30 per cent.
Denims and Dungaree, n.e.i.	10 "	5 "
Cotton piece goods, n.e.i.	10 "	5 "
Furniture.	40 "	30 "
Chairs (at rate giving higher duty).	7s. 6d. each or 30 per cent.	7s. 6d. each or 30 per cent.
Wood articles—doors, screens, &c.	40 "	30 "
Boots, shoes, slippers, &c.	35 "	30 "
Goloshes, I. R. sand-shoes, &c.	25 "	20 "
Gum and wading boots.	5 "	Free.
Rubber and other hose.	25 "	20 per cent.
Leather, n.e.i.	30 "	20 "
Paper 'news'.	10 "	Free.
Paper 'wall'.	20 "	15 per cent.
Pulp (for paper).	5 "	Free.
Bicycles, &c. (at higher duty).	£5 5s. 0d. or 30 per cent.	£5 0s. 0d. or 25 per cent.
Motor cars.	35 "	25 "

PROPOSED DUTY ON AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

With the exception of cream separators and a few minor articles the proposed Australian customs duty on agricultural implements and machines only shows an advance in one or two lines. Later on when iron and steel are proclaimed dutiable, it is the intention to increase the duties by about $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The new tariff rates—in comparison with the old and rates to be proclaimed—are as follows:—

Implements.	Old Tariff Rates.	1907 Tariff Rates.	Rate when Iron and Steel have been proclaimed dutiable.
Reapers and binders.....	Free.	Free.	.....
Duty of 17½ per cent proposed on reapers and binders, reapers and mowers to come into operation on dates to be fixed by proclamation.....	.....	.....	.....
Stripper harvesters.....	£12	£16.	£16 Os. 10d.
Harvester parts (per lb.).....	1¼d.	2¼d.	2½d.
Mowers.....	Free.	Free.	.....
Drills.....	25 per cent.	25 per cent.	27½ per cent.
Cultivators (discs).....	25 "	25 "	27½ "
Cultivators (other).....	20 "	20 "	22½ "
Harrows.....	20 "	20 "	22½ "
Scufflers.....	20 "	20 "	22½ "
Ploughs (Stump Jump).....	25 "	25 "	27½ "
Ploughs (other).....	20 "	20 "	22½ "
Land rollers.....	12½ "	20 "	22½ "
Pulpers.....	Free.	10 "	.....
Hay tedders.....	Free.	10 "	.....
Discs for ploughs and harrows.....	Free.	25 "	27½ "
Swingle tress and neckyokes (when imported separately)...	20 per cent.	25 "	27½ "
Poles for reapers and binders.....	Free.	25 "	27½ "
Poles for cultivators (when imported separately).....	20 per cent.	25 "	27½ "
Bolts and nuts.....	12½ "	30 "	32½ "

PROPOSED DUTY ON VEHICLES NOW IN OPERATION.

The higher rates of Australian customs duties embodied in the new tariff upon buggies and similar vehicles will if finally passed practically prohibit the importation of such goods in a finished condition. Several Canadian manufacturers had a fairly large trade established throughout these states which will be seriously affected if the increased duties are agreed upon by the Federal parliament. It will be understood that the duties given below are subject to modification:—

	General Tariff.	Preferential Tariff U. K. Goods.
(A) Boston Chaises, Dog Carts, Gigs, Tilburys, and other two-wheeled Vehicles on springs or thorough braces.....each.	£6 12s.	£6
(B) Buggies, four wheeled.....	} without tops, mounted on springs or thorough braces.....each.	£9
Wagons, for carrying goods.....		
Wagons, single or double-seated.....		
Wagons, Express.....	} with tops.....each.	£12
(C) Hansom Cabs.....		
Single and double-seated wagons.....		
Wagonettes.....	} with tops.....each.	£25
Four-wheeled buggies.....		
(D) Omnibuses and coaches for carrying mails or passengers.....each.	£27 10s.	£25
(E) Barouches.....	}each.	£40
Broughams.....		
Drags.....		
Landaus.....		
Mail Phaetons.....		
Victorias.....	£44	£40
(F) All Carts and Wagons (without springs) and Spring Carts and Spring Drays, with two wheels.....ad val.	30 per cent.	20 per cent.
(G) All Carriages or Conveyances, n.e.i., Hand Trucks and parts, n.e.i., of Vehicles, including Axles and Springs when imported separately.....ad val.	35 per cent.	20 per cent.
(H) Parts of Carriages—		
(a) Sets of Wheels (unbored and untyred).....per set.	33s.	30s.
(b) Sets of Wheels (bored and tyred).....per set.	49s. 6d.	45s.
(c) Under Gear (including Axles, Springs, and Arms).....per set.	66s.	60s.
(d) Buggy hoods.....each.	49s. 6d.	45s.
(e) Carriage Bodies, in the white.....each.	88s.	80s.

INCREASED DUTY ON LUMBER, &C.

The duties on lumber have been considerably increased and, although now in operation, are subject to modification before they are finally passed. There is no preference given to the United Kingdom on lumber, although in some minor articles of wood there is a preference of about 10 per cent. The proposed rates are as follows:—

	General Tariff.	Preferential Tariff, U. K. Goods
(A) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent) and over..... per 100 super. feet*	1s. 6d.	
(B) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 7 in. x 2½ in. (or its equivalent) and upwards, and less than 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent). per 100 super. feet*	2s.	
(C) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes less than 7 in. x 2½ in. (or its equivalent); including door stocks. per 100 super. feet*	2s. 6d.	
(D) Timber, dressed, n.e.i. per 100 super. feet*	3s.	
(E) Architraves, mouldings and skirtings, of any material. per 100	5s.	
(F) Shingles..... per 1,000	3s.	
(G) Pickets, undressed..... per 100	2s. 6d.	
(H) Pickets, dressed..... per 100	6s.	
(I) Laths..... per 1,000	7s. 6d.	
(J) Laths for blinds..... ad val.	25 per cent.	
(K) Spokes, dressed or prepared (not being of hickory), 2 inches or under in diameter. per 100	10s.	
(L) Palings..... per 1,000	15s.	
(M) Prepared hubs (not of elm). each	1s.	
(N) Rims, n.e.i. each	1s. 3d.	
(O) Staves, dressed or partly dressed, but not shaped..... per 100	2s. 6d.	
(P) Three-ply veneer..... per 100 super. feet*	3s.	
(Q) Veneers, n.e.i.	Free.	
(R) Timber, for making boxes or doors, being cut into shape, and dressed or partly dressed..... per 100 feet super. facet	2s. 6d.	
(S) Picture and room mouldings..... ad val.	20 per cent.	
(T) Broom stocks..... ad val.	20 per cent.	
(U) Timber, bent or cut into shape, dressed or partly dressed, n.e.i. ad val.	30 per cent.	

Carriage woodware such as hickory, spokes, elm hubs, &c., are duty free.

CANADIAN RECIPROCAL TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA.

The preliminary proposals made on behalf of the Canadian government for a reciprocal trade agreement with the Australian government were submitted to the Acting Prime Minister of the Commonwealth on August 29 with a request that the negotiations should be entered upon at the earliest opportunity. The Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, will be advised by cable in regard to the adjustment of the Australian tariff and the progress made towards a preferential trade agreement being arranged between the two countries.

AUSTRALIAN PREFERENCE TO UNITED KINGDOM.

The schedule under which is enumerated the lines of goods and products to which an Australian preferential tariff is proposed to be extended to the United Kingdom is rather limited in extent and in value of preference. It is by no means so comprehensive as the preferential rates granted by Canada upon the goods and products of Great Britain.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

The introduction of the new tariff caused an immediate increase of prices on all lines of merchandise affected by higher duties. Bonded stores throughout the Com-

monwealth are having their capacity taxed to accommodate heavy arrivals of goods upon which a reduction of duties is—to some extent—anticipated. Business is naturally disturbed by the charges in the tariff as importers are so uncertain what the final settlement of duties will be. Duties on packages are now calculated at the same rate as the goods they contain. Under the most favourable circumstances it will be some months before trade assumes a normal condition. The spring is opening well and the outlook for the pastoral, farming and dairy industries is decidedly favourable throughout the Commonwealth.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS AND EXPORTERS CRITICISED.

As a result of several recent interviews with Melbourne importers of Canadian goods, I regret to report just grounds for the revival of the old complaint that manufacturers and exporters in the Dominion—some in a large way of business—are not extending due consideration to correspondence and orders received from distant Australia. One importer contrasted the replies received from United States and Canadian manufacturers when approached for information as to the lines they have to export. The former almost invariably sends catalogues and export (f.o.b.) prices of the goods he has to sell, whilst the Canadian frequently asks for further particulars of the inquirer's wants. This latter course is not appreciated for the following reasons:—

(a) It is well known that both United States and Canadian manufacturers look upon export trade as an outlet for their surplus production of lines for which they already have a home market. If other sizes or descriptions are asked for, either high prices are demanded, or such a minimum quantity stipulated that business is frequently impracticable.

(b) The delay in obtaining definite information on which orders could be placed. Frequently a firm desires information in order to make up indent for seasonable goods, and write say nine months before the goods are wanted here. The reply asking for further particulars reaches him in say three months, and another two or three months must elapse before the second reply with prices reaches Australia. Thus only four months are left for the ordering, manufacturing and delivery here, which would rarely suffice to bring the goods in time for the season.

SLOW DELIVERIES OF CANADIAN GOODS.

The very slow delivery of orders placed with Canadian manufacturers is operating seriously against the development of trade with Australia. I am aware of orders having been sent from Melbourne to Canada in June, 1906, and no advices have yet been received that the goods are shipped. There are numbers of instances of indents accepted by manufacturers 9 to 10 months ago that were not, at latest advices, executed. Australian buyers may be obliged to accept delivery when the goods arrive, but they decline to send repeat orders on account of the uncertainty of delivery.

CANCELLATION OF INDENTS FOR CANADIAN GOODS.

Several instances have been brought under my notice of Canadian manufacturers repudiating business contracts, obviously on account of an increase in demand and higher rates ruling elsewhere. Upon the basis of their own quotations some manufacturers notified Australian importers of their acceptance of orders, and the buyers, after anticipating the arrival of the goods from month to month, simply received a notification that the orders could not be filled at the prices upon which the orders were in the first instance accepted. Such treatment is most reprehensible as it reflects upon the good name of all Canadian exporters, who are endeavouring to secure a larger share of the Australian trade.

D. H. ROSS.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, September 28, 1907.

HERRING FISHERY.

The Colonial government has just announced its intention of removing all restrictions in regard to the purchase of herring on the west coast during the coming season, and pending a settlement by the Hague court of arbitration of the matters in dispute between Newfoundland and the United States in regard to the future conduct of this fishery.

It is very desirable that Canadians interested in this trade should take full advantage of the opportunity that will be at their disposal this season to capture as large a share of it as possible in free competition with the Americans, who in former years have almost had a monopoly of this business. Last year as was shown by the statistics that were published after the close of this fishery, Canadians succeeded in obtaining a considerable amount of this trade, which no doubt was a mutually satisfactory one to themselves, as well as to the fishermen from who they obtained their supplies, and it is hoped that this year will see a still larger share fall into their hands. Where the conditions are equally favourable it is pretty well understood that the fishermen prefer to sell their catch to Canadians rather than to Americans, who they appear to think have not treated them quite fairly in the past.

COD FISHERY.

A very severe storm swept over the east coast of this island on the 19th inst., the effects of which were felt more or less from Cape John on the north to Cape Race on the South. Although several days have now elapsed since it occurred the full results are not yet ascertained owing to the remote position of some of the outports, and the destruction of the telegraph wires in many parts. Enough, however, is known to place a rough estimate upon the losses of \$250,000. About 60 schooners have been completely lost or badly wrecked valued at \$50,000 while the fish destroyed is worth about \$100,000 and fish stages with other stationary property worth say \$100,000 more. So far as known at present the Labrador vessels appear to have escaped the disaster. The price of cod-fish still remains high with no immediate prospect of any serious drop, \$6.50 being given for large merchantable, and \$5.50 for small.

E. D. ARNAUD.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)*NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., Sept. 27, 1907.

PROSPECTS FOR CANADIAN TURKEYS.

At the present moment there is every indication that Canadian turkeys will meet with fair demand on the British market this season. According to the opinions expressed by well-informed dealers the unseasonable weather which has been experienced at different periods of the year in this country has seriously interfered with the rearing of all kinds of game. In certain parts of the country this is the case to such an extent that shooting on some large estates has had to be abandoned in consequence of the shortage of birds, the few that there are being required for breeding purposes. Local importers will rely largely this season upon Canadian supplies, and it rests with exporters in Canada to try to meet this deficiency and to assist them in obtaining the best market prices. The following suggestions are given as to how the birds should be packed.

SYSTEM OF PACKING.

It is perhaps hardly necessary to state that cold storage arrangements are essential, and also to point out that 'appearance alone,' in nine cases out of ten, decides the sale of a case of birds. This fact should be kept in mind by all new importers who may be inclined to try the enterprise. The most important point, however, and one which, by the way, has created a good deal of discussion, is the killing of the bird. On this subject dealers in the north of England declare that the only way which gives satisfaction here is that the bird should be well bled, as, by this method, when it comes out of cold storage, it is not only whiter in colour but keeps longer. If the bird is killed by the ordinary process of 'wringing the neck,' then the heat of the blood seems to accumulate and turns the flesh a greenish colour. Before being actually killed it is also suggested that the bird should be starved for a few hours, so that the food may get digested, otherwise this might spoil the appearance, and after it has been killed it should be hung up for two clear days before being put into the case.

THE VALUE OF APPEARANCE.

As before mentioned, the appearance of the birds plays an important part in the demand which they obtain, and Canadian exporters will be well advised to pay special attention to this point, especially seeing that Canadian turkeys last season only fetched 18 cents per pound, compared with 24 cents for British. Before being packed the birds should be plucked clean, and as a protection in the handling they should be wrapped round with a sheet of grease-proof paper similar to that used in wrapping butter, which, in its turn, should be tied with a piece of white tape to keep it in position. In the packing it is usual for one dozen cock birds to be shipped in a box, and in the case of hen birds, eighteen; but there is a growing preference that a box should contain only one dozen of each kind. These may appear to be unimportant details, but they all go to make up appearance, and Canadian exporters will find that close attention to them will amply repay them in the prices which they obtain.

THE DEMAND FOR CANADIAN CHICKENS.

There is every indication that local importers will look to Canada to supply them with larger shipments of chickens this season. The best time to send this class of poultry is between March and June, as this is the period when they are most in demand and fetch the highest prices. Here again it is necessary to point out that appearance is everything, and anything that can be done to make them arrive in a first-class condition is an advantage.

In the packing it is advocated that twelve birds should be put up in a case, positions alternatively reversed, and with a piece of grease-proof paper wrapped round each, and in turn a larger piece laid all round the inside of the box. Another important point, too, is the grading. Birds of equal size and quality should be packed together and on the outside of each case should be marked the gross and net weights. Supposing, for example, the birds are graded into 1, 2 and 3 qualities. Class 1 will perhaps average from 42 to 48 lbs.; class 2 from 32 to 38 lbs., and class 3 will be composed of any mixed weights below class 2.

OPENING FOR CANADIAN TOOL HANDLERS.

A remarkably good opening occurs for Canadian manufacturers to develop their trade in supplying Sheffield firms with the wood handles required in the making of picks, shovels, agricultural and garden implements and small tools, such as chisels, turnscrews, files, trowels, axes, awls, hammers, hatchets, gimlets, prickers and other miscellaneous goods. At present this trade is largely in the hands of manufacturers in the United States.

Much dissatisfaction is being shown at the supplies forthcoming, the handles received during the past few months having deteriorated so much both in quality and finish that local firms have now no option but to buy elsewhere. This makes it a peculiarly opportune time for Canadian manufacturers to step in and supply a really first-class handle and in doing this they will be assisted by a knowledge of the complaints found in the pick handles received from the United States, which are as follows:—

- (a) Too broad near the socket.
- (b) Too wide in the shaft.
- (c) Too broad in the grip.
- (d) Many handles of an exceptionally knotty nature, thus spoiling the appearance of the tool when finished.

The opportunities for building up a substantial trade in these goods are unquestionable, and I shall be glad to hear from Canadian firms who are in a position to fall in with the requirements of local buyers.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS FOR CANADIAN APPLES.

From inquiries carefully made in well-informed fruit circles, my previous reports on the market for Canadian apples are fully confirmed. Importers who are in close communication with fruit growers in Belgium, Holland and Germany, state that little competition will be experienced from that quarter, whilst, as it has now become generally recognized the English apple crop has been anything but a good one. To say that prospects are bright is only a poor way of describing the outlook for Canadian apples this season. Local importers are relying more than ever before on the Dominion's apple crop, and it is up to Canadian shippers to make the most of their opportunities.

JOHN B. JACKSON.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)*SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,
BRISTOL, ENG., Sept. 30, 1907.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

It would appear that both in quantity and quality the English grain crops will be very much in advance of what was anticipated towards the end of August. Continuous sunshine with warm dry air and little wind has been the prevailing conditions this month, and crops have gained immensely thereby. It is estimated now that the present harvest will rank as almost an average one, instead of, as was feared, the worst in many years.

THE POTATO CROP.

Potatoes have not turned out very well, though disease appears to be confined to certain varieties, others being immune. Estimates are that the bulk of the crop will be below average. All varieties are tending to small size.

INCREASED DEMAND FOR GRAIN.

A short crop of potatoes always proves an additional burden upon the supplies of grain and flour, since the chief alternative to bread among the masses is potatoes. The upward tendency of prices throughout the trade indicates clearly that the increased demand is having its usual effect.

THE FRUIT CROP.

The situation as regards fruit has changed but little. Excessive supplies of plums have been coming in, and have so far prevented high prices being received for early apples. The present figure for apples should not, however, be taken as an accurate index of values, for now that plums are beginning to disappear, apples, will certainly command higher prices in accordance with the known shortage of this crop. Canadian apples, even of the early sorts, if arriving perfectly sound, will be sure of a ready sale at what should be considered satisfactory prices.

PEARS.

There is a decline in the supply from France, followed by an improvement in the price of English pears, of which the Bartlett is still most prominent. Selected specimens of this variety have been bringing from 36 cents to 48 cents per dozen wholesale. In small places, the price for this fruit a few days ago was 6 cents each, while good eating plums brought 16 cents a pound. This is but one more indication that really choice Canadian pears, picked when quite firm, carefully packed and kept cool until delivered in England, may be absolutely depended upon to yield a good return. It is to be hoped that further efforts will be made to develop so profitable a trade.

LABOUR TROUBLES AND THE COAL TRADE.

At a special meeting of the North Wales Miners' Association, held at Wrexham on the 27th instant, it was decided to hand notices in to-day in every colliery in the North Wales coalfields, terminating contracts within a fortnight, unless, in the meantime, a price list is agreed to by masters and men at all the collieries.

W. A. MacKINNON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

MANCHESTER, October 2, 1907.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on September 30, 1907; together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month:—

	September 30, 1907.	August 31, 1907.	September 29, 1906.
Bacon	12,155	16,585	19,649
Hams.....	6,771	9,870	1,627
Shoulders.....	5,671	7,797	3,960
Butter.....	5,539	5,219	16,218
Cheese (full shapes).....	88,574	88,582	68,970
Cheese (50 lbs. and under).....	405	478	
Lard (prime steam western) tierces.....	4,912	8,594	2,205
Lard (imported pure refined lard) in tierces, firkins or other packages.....	1,535	1,892	1,401
Lardine and compound.....	15	21	70

JAPAN.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,

YOKOHAMA, September 23, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the monthly return, for the seven months ending July 31, of the present and the previous year:—

	1907.	1906.
Silk tissues, Tabutai.....	\$135,648	\$164,127
Silk handkerchiefs.....	46,917	49,557
Mats and matting (Ilanageza).....	41,364	24,594
Cotton tissues.....	1,806	2,247
Porcelain and earthenware.....	70,845	50,860
Lacquered ware.....	6,665	5,949
Tea.....	213,799	157,117
Rice.....	147,618	93,702
Saké.....	14,502	8,256
Straw plaits and chip braids.....	549	1,943
Camphor.....	1,389	6,623

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Flour.....	\$86,803	\$46,148

The 'principal items' given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items, making up the aggregate of trade, the annual return has to be awaited.

It may be noted, as indicative of the gradual and ultimate appreciation of Canadian flour, that although the price has been all along above the market, and while the importation of flour generally has fallen off 33 per cent, the importation from Canada has increased by 86 per cent.

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

Seven months ending July 31, compared:—

Principal Imports.	1907. Value.	1906. Value.
Flour, wheat.	\$1,897,667	\$2,521,389
Butter.	32,423	51,998
Salted salmon.	119,415	172,586
Condensed milk.	549,500	428,467
Fertilizers (artificial).	8,156,757	6,778,142
Leather (sole).	658,348	278,641
Leather (artificial).	142,443	90,956
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.	263,099	485,670
Printing paper.	994,148	664,035
Cotton duck.	31,835	39,184
" prints.	585,131	579,684
" satins and Italians.	428,336	545,963
White shirtings.	384,607	429,496
Grey "	1,745,488	2,388,849
Pulp (sulphite).	466,534	533,684
Horses.	—	—
Horn cattle.	70,603	28,281
Wheat.	965,902	623,401
Cheese.	8,431	9,531
Whisky in bottles.	21,547	52,216
" casks.	4,131	—
Tallow, beef.	128,255	78,128
Nickel.	58,977	224,386
Nails (iron).	1,091,439	888,869
Mechanics' tools and agricultural implements.	186,565	263,598
Musical instruments.	21,414	49,329
Sewing machines.	282,660	116,678
Lumber (pine boards).	51,812	12,225
Timber (round and square).	175,125	55,583
Portland cement.	295,906	3,772
Asbestos, boards or sheets.	15,146	—

TROUBLES IN THE SILK BUSINESS.

Season after season offers further developments looking towards strained relations between the Japanese and the foreign elements in trade. The silk situation has evidently developed a boycott. The Silk Association of America have been considering what action should be taken in regard to the information contained in a cable from Yokohama, in the following terms:—

'Please inform your members that no new orders for Ushisha, Kansasha, and Shimonita will be accepted by foreign exporters, until further notice, on account of discrimination against foreign buyers.' The cable is from the Association of Foreign Raw and Waste Silk Merchants of Yokohama.

The 'chops' mentioned in the cable, the proprietors of which are virtually boycotted by the foreign exporters, are re-reels, and are used largely in foreign countries by sewing silk, twist, and ribbon manufacturers. Details regarding the trouble are meagre, and the matter is not much talked about for publication. The difficulty is much regretted, and if it is not satisfactorily adjusted will make some trouble in a commercial way. A New York despatch alleges the action of the foreign exporters to be 'directly due to the policy of the Japanese, who are desirous of controlling the foreign market for raw silk.' The Japanese rejoinder is that 'the ground for taking this step was that the foreign merchants coveted unjust profits.'

The situation, divested of petty considerations, is not an unnatural one. It is reasonable that the trade element in Japan who were formerly tributary to the foreign merchant at the ports should aspire to independence. With financial ability there comes the desire to take all out of their trade that there is in it. This new and advancing consideration does not necessarily lead to the conclusion that the day of the foreign merchant is passing and will soon be past. It is probable only that he will have to reconstruct, and revise in facilities and methods, brace up, and make himself a continuing factor; and this applies not only to the silk trade, but to the export and import business generally.

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

The superintendent of foreign mails gives public information that it has been arranged that from the 11th inst. letters and post cards only may be forwarded by the Siberian route to all the countries of Europe. To Russia, any kind of mail matter may be sent as before.

Mail matter to be so sent must, however, bear the superscription 'Via Siberia.'

At a meeting of the foreign banks recently held it was agreed that on the establishment of the Siberian through mail route, all mail matter, bills, &c., be forwarded by this route; and that the recognized mail day be fixed for Friday, to catch the mail leaving Yokohama post office that evening.

AN ARTICLE NOT MUCH SOUGHT HERETOFORE.

A mercantile firm, in correspondence with this office, calls attention to the value of gall-stone, with the view of procuring the article from Canada. They describe gall-stone as 'a hard concretion in the gall bladder of beef animals, sometimes called the biliary duct. It is a pea-shaped bag found on the underside of the liver, being the reservoir for the bile.' Gall-stone can be sold in Japan, in quantity, all that can be produced, at high and profitable prices varying somewhat according to quality.

Until certain Japanese began to import this article the westerners did not know the value of it, and not many knew what it was when asked for. Even at the present time the slaughter-house owners seem not to know the existence of it, or that they are throwing the gold away.'

Another interested party says:—

'A Chicago slaughter-house firm not knowing the value of it, sold their output to a Japanese importer at about thirty yen per pound, upon which the importer realized two hundred yen per pound. In course of time the Chicago firm, by way of discovering the value of the stone, gradually increased the price; the quantity at the same time greatly increased, so that the house is yet importing to Japan thousands of yen worth monthly.'

There does not appear to be any open market price for this particular article. The party interested in the inquiry understands that Canada is 'known for the abundance of beef,' and gives the assurance that 'all the gall-stones that can be procured can be readily sold at very good price if the right goods are sent.'

The inquiring party advises that any one interesting himself in this matter should provide for attendance at slaughter-houses to examine the liver in every case of slaughtered animals. The value of the article varies according to quality, the chief points being size, colour, and texture or solidity. Samples should be sent by post in tin, wrapped each piece separately in soft cotton, not pressed too hard, and not loose enough to shake about.

CUSTOMS TARIFF REVISION.

Under date of September 8, Tokyo despatches say the revision of the customs tariff by the Finance Department is progressing apace. This year and next will be devoted to thorough investigation into the condition of production of staple commodities of export and import. A draft tariff will be drawn up the year after next, which will be submitted to a joint conference of committees of the Finance and Agriculture and Commerce Departments and the Foreign Office. The result of the deliberations of the conference will be further considered with experts chosen from business circles.

IMPORTATION AND USE OF MACHINERY.

An incident of the development of industries in Japan, presented by the following statement, tabulated by the *Japan Chronicle*, will in some measure indicate the direction which the advance has taken:—

	Steam Engines.	Electric Dynos.	Locomotive Engines.	Lathes.	Others and Total.
1896	Y 818,241	Y 14,094	Y 1,620,768	Y 73,538	Y 12,944,669
1897	1,308,173	167,638	4,235,617	192,672	22,347,432
1898	697,173	91,414	4,282,502	243,863	21,114,104
1899	327,144	12,566	1,968,374	331,070	9,561,246
1900	773,255	309,195	1,089,209	231,405	13,930,302
1901	1,095,906	388,716	1,749,408	709,103	16,738,947
1902	905,253	810,989	1,708,014	473,084	12,114,323
1903	989,873	836,653	2,267,472	178,109	13,213,072
1904	1,710,914	1,266,186	2,291,327	827,615	14,757,884
1905	2,633,033	2,455,424	2,466,561	3,349,617	27,954,226
1906	2,162,123	1,408,315	1,659,951	1,120,405	27,040,554

The aggregate horse-power industrially employed at the end of 1900 was 246,000, which may have increased by the present time to 300,000. This although not large for an industrial country, is yet large relatively, for the figures have quadrupled during the previous ten years; and there is no reason to doubt that the ratio of increase will continue, especially in the lines indicated, with the addition of some others amongst which may be, conspicuously, flour-milling machinery. The *Chronicle* in presenting the figures directs attention to the remarkable increases that followed the war with China twelve years ago, and that with Russia two years ago.

THE HIGH PRICE OF RICE.

The weather upon the whole to date has been favourable to the rice crop, but yet the price is commonly declared to be high beyond all reason. The middle of September passed with prices at the Tokyo Exchange:—

	Per koku.
For September	\$9 14
For October	8 58
For November	8 18

At the Kobe Exchange:—

For September	\$8 85
For October	8 44
For November	8 09

(1 koku=5 bush.)

These are regarded as famine prices. Being the chief staple article of food for the Oriental masses, the excessive price, nearly double the normal, bears very hardly upon the people.

THE RICE HARVEST PROSPECTS.

On the authority of the Director of the Agriculture Bureau, Department of Agriculture and Commerce, vernacular contemporaries state that the first forecast of this year's rice harvest estimated the crop to be about 35,000,000 bushels above the figures of a normal year. As a result of the recent inundations about 7,500,000 bushels of the crop were lost, and further damage may be done by the rainfall and the low temperature which has prevailed during the past few days. Nothing definite can be said as yet, owing to the absence of reports on the damages. But the total damage will probably not much exceed 5,000,000 bushels, in which case the increase will be still 25,000,000 bushels above that of a normal year. At any rate, there can be doubts in the opinion of the official quoted, 'that the rice harvest yield will be above that of a normal year.'

SHIP BUILDING IN JAPAN.

In the Mitsu Bishi yards at Nagasaki there are under construction two steamships, the largest yet built in this country. The gross tonnage of each of these liners is 13,500 tons. They are being fitted with turbine engines, and for the speed of nineteen knots. These ships are to displace other two of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha fleet (Oriental Steamship Co.), of half their tonnage, operating between the Orient and San Francisco.

Upon the general subject of increasing tonnage the Oriental press take note that the Messageries Maritimes, the leading French line, commonly known as the M.M., have decided to put three new ships of ten thousand tons each on their run, which is between Marseilles and Yokohama via ports. The increase of business, especially, is given as demanding this large increase of shipping capacity.

Increases in ocean transportation facilities, both passenger and freight, are conspicuous, to the American continent, excepting to Canada.

A. MACLEAN.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBBEGD No. 4, October 3, 1907.

FARMERS ECONOMIC ADVANCE ASSOCIATIONS.

The farmers economic advance associations in Denmark were created according to a law of March 26, 1898, with the intention of exclusively furnishing the members with temporary loans for covering the running expenses of their farms, such as the purchasing of seeds, feed for the cattle, artificial fertilizing, renewal of their stock and inventory as well as to wages for their hired help. The directors of the associations consist of one foreman appointed by the 'amtsraad' (county board) and of four other members elected by the associations. The directors decide about the applications for membership, assess the farms of those taken up in the associations to a certain loan value according to the number of cattle, that normally is kept on the farms, and also decide about the size of the advance loans up to kr. 50 (\$13.33) per head of cattle, but not more than kr. 3,000 (\$800) in all to one party. The directors also decide about the rate of interest, which is to be the same for all members, and must not exceed $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum. Every member must pay an entrance fee of kr. 1 (27 cents) per head of cattle, which he keeps, to the reserve fund. The advance loans cannot be had for a longer time than nine months. The total loan value of one association must not without the consent of the Minister of Agriculture exceed 10,000 cattle or be less than 1,000.

The laws of the associations shall among other things contain the above-mentioned provisions, and be confirmed by the Minister of Agriculture in order to obtain certain favours granted by the Danish government, viz., that the members can write out bonds to the associations on unstamped paper, and that the associations of the government each can obtain a loan for a starting capital. These loans from the government, however, must not exceed kr. 30 (8) per head of cattle owned by all of the members of the association. These loans, to which there is placed for disposal by the Danish government 5 Lillion-krone (\$1,333,300), yield an interest of three per cent per annum.

The Danish Agricultural Department inspects the doings of the associations, the number of which is at present 168 with a state loan of in all kr. 4,997,460 (\$1,332,656).

THE HARVEST IN NORWAY.

The hay crop is now harvested practically all over Norway. For the eastern part of the country the quantity is considerable above that of an average year; for the western and northern part the return is touching an average year, or rising slightly above that. Owing to the protracted wet weather the hay has been harvested under very trying conditions, and the quality has undoubtedly suffered very much.

The prospects for the grain crop are more gloomy. Except the rye crop, which has been very rich, all other grains are a decided failure, there being no possibility of their getting ripe in most places; accordingly, there is likely to be cut down more unripe grain this autumn than for years. The potato crop will be small, and the prices at present are about fifty per cent higher than in regular years.

THE HARVEST IN SWEDEN.

The natural fields, and still more the fields under cultivation, have this year all over Sweden given an excellent crop of hay. On account of the cold and rainy summer, the harvesting has been much delayed also in Sweden, so most of the hay is more or less damaged; still the quality is not poorer than it can be used for cattle food. As besides considerable quantities of grain will have to be cut in unripe state and used as straw fodder, there is hardly reason to believe that it will be necessary to import hay to Sweden this year. Quite on the contrary, there is figured on some export of Swedish hay. The prices are very reasonable.

THE HARVEST IN DENMARK.

In spite of the steady interruptions on account of the rain, the harvesting work in Denmark has gone on fairly well, and on the islands the farmers are nearly through with the harvesting. The barley, oats and mixed grain has filled very well on the fields, and the marrow seems to be well developed. In certain districts it is estimated that this crop will be the best for the past twenty years. The threshing, however, is not yet so far advanced that it can be ascertained, if the crop really will hold, what it seems to promise. The rye crop on the other hand is partly a failure, and the pea-fields will give less than a medium crop.

CONDENSED MILK INDUSTRY OF NORWAY.

The condensed milk industry of Norway is steadily increasing. Although there are at present only four factories, these have grown to be very large factories, which have during the last years used in all more than fifteen Lillion gallons of milk per year. The factories pay for the milk from 9½ to 10 öre per litre (about 2 7-10 cents). 1 gallon equals 4½ litres.

WAGES AT THE NORWEGIAN PULP FACTORIES.

The wages at the Norwegian pulp factories since the strike have been stipulated as follows: Minimum wages, kr. 3.50 (93 cents) per day. On contracts the working-man can make up to kr. 5 to kr. 6 (\$1.33 to \$1.60) per day. They must all pay their own board.

C. E. SONTUM.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., October 20, 1907.

ELECTRICAL SIGNALLING.

Power signalling is steadily growing in Great Britain, and almost every scheme of rebuilding a large terminus or junction includes the installation of some system of electric or pneumatic signalling. The latest installation will take place at the new Great Western Railway Station, Birmingham. This power signalling equipment will comprise 304 levers in two cabins, containing locking frames with 224 and 80 levers

respectively. On this system any ordinary direct current supply of electrical energy having an E.M.F. of from 110 to 220 volts may be used, the maximum current required at any one moment not usually exceeding 20 amperes per cabin worked by one man.

The current required for working an ordinary pair of points, with rail sections up to 100 pounds per yard, and facing point lock and bars averages four amperes at 130 volts. The time taken is from two to three seconds for the complete movement. The current for operating a main line signal of the heaviest type averages $1\frac{1}{2}$ amperes during a movement lasting $1\frac{1}{2}$ seconds. The motor is then automatically cut out, and the signal is held in the proceed position by a magnet which is energized by a current of 0.25 ampere through the coils.

P. B. BALL.

GREAT BRITAIN.

REPORT OF THE CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER.

(*The Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona, G.C.M.G., &c.*)

17 VICTORIA STREET,

LONDON, S.W., October 8, 1907.

The Right Honourable the Minister of Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.

SIR.—The head of a well-known firm of carriage builders has written me on the subject of the desirability of Canadian coach builders sending carriages for display at the Franco-British Exhibition in London next year. The gentleman referred to is a reliable authority on the subject of coach-building, and a man of excellent standing in the trade, and as I have every confidence in accepting his statements, I think it well to bring the matter under your notice, in case you may consider it advisable to draw the attention of Canadian manufacturers to the opportunity in question.

The International Horse Show will again be held in London next year, as well as the Olympic Games, and both events will attract a large number of visitors, who would be likely to interest themselves in such an exhibit of Canadian-made carriages at the Franco-British Exhibition.

The gentleman alluded to suggests that it would be unwise to send vehicles to compete with heavy vehicles of European manufacture, but that light buggies and trotting wagons with indiarubber tyres would probably sell. He adds that some of the carriages might be built of such a size as would enable them to be turned in an English lane, by which I presume he alludes to the disposition of the front wheels.

My correspondent has been good enough to offer his services in connection with the unpacking and placing of the vehicles at the exhibition, if any assistance of the kind should be needed by Canadian manufacturers. He is a man who has all along taken a great interest in the Dominion, and I am inclined to think that the offer is made, not so much with the idea of profiting by the occasion, as to be of some practical use in a matter where the services of a man with a knowledge of the trade would be needed.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

STRATHCONA,

High Commissioner.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,
YOKOHAMA, October 3, 1904.

TRADE ECHOES FROM CANADA.

Recent correspondence may be recited in order to show, what has already been shown from time to time in these reports, that the unreadiness on the part of Canada to entertain any considerable export trade to the Far East is disappointingly evident.

JAPANESE FLOUR MARKET.

Flour is of course the great staple article of export at present looked for, to Canada, by the Orient. The figures show that there is some increase, and a growing capacity for further increase with regard to that article; but correspondence is to the effect that conditions of production and export as viewed from this market are developing very slowly. Correspondence from Western Canada during the past summer may be referred to as affording a view of the circumstances under which the late season's products are passing out, and the harvest, now being realized, is coming in.

CONTINUED HIGH PRICES.

A correspondent under date June 10, says:—

'The continued high prices here for wheat and flour appear to handicap the export trade to the Orient. Flour has advanced 60 cents per barrel in the last month; and the greater part of the season the price has been above an export basis. With regard to the inquiry from the Manchurian Trading Company, we are offering them the best conditions we can, but have not much expectation, since it is almost impossible for us to compete with Australia at Hong Kong. However, in the face of all this, there is quite a large quantity of flour going forward by every Canadian Pacific Railway steamer. We have no idea where it goes to, or what price it fetches; but all the millers with whom we have discussed this subject are of the opinion that the export of Canadian flour to the Orient has so far been done, if not at a loss, at a less net price than it would fetch in Canada.'

WILL SUBMIT SAMPLES AND PRICES.

Another correspondent under date June 10, says:—

'We will be pleased to go into the matter of shipment of wheat immediately the new crop begins to move, and we are in a position to submit samples and prices. This however, as you will observe, will be some three to four months yet; meantime we shall keep our oriental correspondents posted, presenting things to them in as favourable a light as possible regarding prospects of business in this territory. At present conditions admit of little being done, the very backward spring that we have had will tend to reduce our visible supply; but, as the winter wheat is looking particularly well, we will doubtless have limited quantities to supply, which in another year or two should show a very substantial increase.'

FORWARDING SAMPLES.

Another correspondent under date June 18, says:—

'With regard to flour, we are now writing and at the same time forwarding samples and c.i.f. quotations on what we have to offer, which is not a great deal, as nearly all the Northwest mills are sold up for several months in advance, leaving them nothing to offer at the present moment. There has been considerable demand for low grade flour from China, and the cargoes of nearly all Canadian Pacific steamers during the past few months have been almost exclusively of this commodity. It happens at the moment that one of the large milling companies at Winnipeg have a few thousand barrels to ship, upon which we are counting.'

BUSINESS NOT HOPEFUL.

Another correspondent under date June 20, says:—

'I am writing and sending samples with quotations, but for this season I have not much hope of business resulting. It is encouraging, however, to be able to say that the agricultural development of the Northwest is going on at such a rapid pace, it will only be a matter of time when we shall be able to compete with Washington and Oregon in Japan and Northern China, but I am not sanguine about competition with Australia in Hong Kong and Southern China.'

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY.

Another correspondent under date June 4, says:—

'People have been led to the conclusion that an enormous trade should at once spring up between Canada and the Orient. They think because there is a demand from the Orient for wheat and flour, that necessarily there is a profit in supplying the same. The thousand and one difficulties that have to be smoothed away before trade runs as on oiled wheels they have no thought of; they forget that the matter of production is as necessary to business as that of consumption. No doubt gradually facilities for transportation will develop as production develops; but at present the expense entailed in moving grain and flour from Alberta to the coast renders competition with Washington and Oregon wheat impossible. There is no elevator accommodation here (at Vancouver) and vessels are not fitted to carry grain in bulk, and unless grain can be shipped from Vancouver in bulk we shall compete only spasmodically with grain from the United States.'

CANNOT COMPETE WITH SOFT WHEAT.

Another correspondent under date June 1, says:—

Re flour: From correspondents and samples we are inclined to think that the flours represented are made from Oregon or Washington soft wheats. As our flours are made from the best hard Fyfe wheat, we could not compete with these soft wheat flours in price, and unless there is a demand in the Far East for the best quality of flour, from buyers who would be willing to pay a reasonable price, it would be impracticable for us to do any business. We have had several replies lately from dealers in Japanese ports, but in each case they state they would require us to make consignments in order to introduce our brands. We do not adopt this method, and unless we can make c.i.f. sales we would not care to do any business in Japanese or Chinese markets.'

Another correspondent writing under date May 30, says:—

'With reference to the wheat situation we use practically all the good wheat we can get hold of ourselves in Alberta, but occasionally are in a position to ship out a consignment of flour, and if trade would warrant it we would manufacture a special flour for the Japanese and Chinese market.'

WILL GIVE EVERY ENCOURAGEMENT.

Another correspondent under date May 30, says:—

‘We take pleasure in answering inquiry, and we assure you we will give the inquiring firm every encouragement in the future. The present price of wheat is out of line for export, and we will write them fully setting forth the facts at the present time, and will also send them samples of different kinds of wheat; but we will have to await a favourable turn in the market in order to do actual business.’

WILL SEND SAMPLES.

Another firm writing under date May 30, says:—

‘We have pleasure in giving the firm in question all the information available regarding the flour market, and will send them samples and current quotations. At present, however, we are not in a position to make them a firm offer on a quantity of flour for immediate or 60 days shipment, for the reason that we are sold up to August 1 for Hong Kong. We will be in a position at the commencement of harvest to make them firm offers on large quantities. We are encouraged to say so by the favourable crop prospects in Alberta at present, looking forward as we are to the largest crop of wheat ever raised in this part of Canada.’

SAMPLES INDISPENSABLE.

Another correspondent under date August 1, says:—

‘The first thing we are trying to do is to get samples of the Alberta wheats so that we may send same to our correspondents in Japan, samples being apparently indispensable to business. We are not leading our correspondents to expect immediate business, but rather that there is every prospect of business in the near future. In fact the export wheat trade here (Vancouver) is operating under primitive and crude conditions. For the purposes of sale in the far eastern market samples are understood to be invariably requisite; and yet, with that information before them, our correspondents in the interior offer us various classes of wheat but no samples. It would seem as if people thought that there was only one class of wheat for sale; and that, just the wheat they happen to want to sell. The wheat trade in the interior must do more to facilitate export if they expect people at the Canadian ports to compete with those of the United States. Inconvenient as shipping facilities are, and although the trade in the interior is not taking the trouble to understand the situation as it has been placed before them, with a little extra effort we are sending forward samples of Alberta and Saskatchewan growth with code, ready for quotations, so that when the opportunity offers prompt advantage may be taken.’

PRICES IN JAPAN TOO LOW.

Another correspondent writing under date August 12, says:—

‘We are pleased to have the popularity which our brands of flour are gaining in the far east confirmed by your testimony. We may state that lately it has been no trouble whatsoever to sell flour, repeated orders coming in without solicitation. The only objection we have to the market in Japan is that the prices are so low as to leave us no margin whatsoever; and the only thing we have to work for is to give good quality at all times in the hope that our brands will become so popular and in such demand that they will eventually get a better price. We have found it advisable to have our more popular brands registered, as they have become popular, and we expect in due course profitable also. With regard to shipping flour to Manchuria we do not think the prospects are promising, as the Canadian Pacific Railway do not seem to favour assimilating rates so as to permit us to compete with through steamships. We

assume that this is due to the small carrying capacity of the C.P.R. vessels. However, we hope at some future time to have better facilities in this way. We feel certain there will be more wheat grown in western Canada this season than ever before; that is, the Manitoba crop will be more affected by the shortage than Alberta and Saskatchewan.'

TRADE NOT OF SUFFICIENT VOLUME.

These are only a few of the authorities, of comparatively recent date, whose testimony goes to support the view, as taken from this side of the Pacific, that Canadian trade tributary to the Orient is not yet of sufficient volume to offer effective competition in this market. The commission merchant affects at least to wonder why it is; but he shows by his inability to supply, or the weakness of his performance to that end, that however desirous he may be the conditions do not enable him. The miller, possibly with a sense of greater responsibility, is more candid. By a great majority he admits, or has been admitting since Alberta wheat began to grow, that he is not now ready, but is getting ready so as to be prepared when the Alberta wheat crop will be waiting for him.

Then there will have been noticed, in the foregoing quotations from correspondence, that the facilities for export are far from being what they should be. Port elevators, export-in-bulk, and sufficient tonnage, are all things of the future, as much as the grain and the milling capacity are.

It is, of course, not fair to hold any party responsible for these shortcomings. This is only the third harvest since the growing of wheat, on an export scale, was discovered to be the practical result of experiments in Alberta. Until the crop should be grown, or the marketing of it at least anticipated as an assured enterprise, it would be unreasonable to expect that capital would provide the requisite facilities for getting it to the far eastern markets. Production, manufacture, and transportation facilities, are related and interdependent things that cannot stand alone. But until we have them it is not to be expected that Canadian flour and wheat will compete in this market with the flour from Washington and Oregon. Even then Canadian export will be at the disadvantage of the mountain haul, from which its competitor may be said to be exempt.

It will be noticed that one correspondent of June 10, cites the milling trade as of the opinion that their sales to the Orient have been so far at a loss, or at a less net profit than if done at home. Another, under date August 12, states the objection to the Japanese market to be that it leaves no profit whatsoever. This simply goes to show that Canadian flour can get a better price than the market in Japan will offer, which is a comfortable situation. Doubtless when the Canadian miller finds much more flour on his hands than he can market in Canada he will look more cheerfully to Japan.

The second correspondent who writes under date June 10, is one of a numerous sort in trade generally. They will not consign, or go out of their way, whatever others may do. This milling firm were put into correspondence with the trade here. One of the oldest and strongest houses in the far east asked for the consignment of a small trial order, made other conditions common to firms of the highest standing, and altogether gave a favourable opportunity to place this firm's flour on the market under the best conditions. Their answer was to the effect of what is in the quotation from their letter. All that needs to be said to such as these is, what has already been said and repeated in these reports: They must make their brands known, at their own expense, when they want to get the benefit of this market.

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

Principal Imports.

For the eight months ending August 31, of the present and the previous year:—

	1907.	1906.
Flour wheat..	\$2,151,858	\$2,899,838
Butter..	33,854	64,938
Salted salmon..	119,424	194,682
Condensed milk..	640,728	487,696
Fertilizers, artificial..	8,536,241	7,319,520
Leather, sole..	788,468	338,968
Lead, pig, ingot and slab..	27,359	32,631
Printing paper..	1,080,896	722,733
Cotton duck..	35,106	40,667
Cotton prints..	957,658	791,486
Cotton satins and Italians..	590,332	724,919
White shirtings..	440,834	485,899
Grey shirtings..	2,426,130	2,965,930
Pulp..	538,690	639,149
Horses..	55,573	13,529
Horned cattle..	88,902	33,769
Wheat..	998,187	633,667
Cheese..	9,118	10,517
Whisky in bottles..	26,991)	88,462
Whisky in casks..	4,458)	
Tallow, beef..	142,975	98,185
Nickel..	59,479	287,417
Nails, iron..	1,199,786	945,241
Mechanics' tools and agricultural imple- ments..	204,987	314,953
Musical instruments..	25,602	60,504
Sewing machines..	310,010	153,778
Lumber (pine boards)..	64,660	18,737
Timber (round and square)..	208,771	88,513
Portland cement..	314,351	3,773
Asbestos, boards or sheets..	16,767	.....

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the monthly return, for the eight months ending August 31, of the present and the previous year:—

Exports to Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Silk, raw..	\$ 15,378	\$118,050
Silk tissues, habutae..	145,800	175,313
Silk handkerchiefs..	63,719	58,627
Cotton tissues..	1,810	2,611
Mats and mattings for floor (Hanagoza)..	41,470	25,109
Porcelain and earthenware..	80,849	56,583
Lacquered ware..	7,047	6,450
Tea..	314,624	232,136
Rice..	180,719	101,438
Saké..	17,760	9,588
Straw plaits and chip braids..	549	2,283
Camphor..	1,600	6,623

Imports from Canada.

	1907.	1906.
Flour.	\$101,545	\$49,564

The principal items given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the annual return has to be awaited.

A PECULIAR HIGH TAXATION GRIEVANCE.

A suffering complainant says the Japanese government every year contracts with a certain number of foreign teachers to come to Japan as instructors in the government schools, guaranteeing them a salary of so much per month, but nothing is said about excessive tax (income) which they will be obliged to pay out of this salary back to the government. The complainant further says that to come to this country on the promise of, say, Yen 300 (\$150) a month, without information that more than Yen 15 (\$7.50) a month will be deducted from that amount for taxes, is to pay but Yen 285 (\$142.50) a month instead of the promised Yen 300, which is manifestly unfair. The foreign teacher, with the present high rents and increasing cost of living, finds it difficult enough to get on with the small salary he is promised; but had he known it was to be even less by more than 5 per cent he very probably would not have accepted the position. It seems only right that every foreigner asked to come to Japan as a teacher should be plainly made aware of the fact that his salary does not represent its face value, so that he may have a fair chance of refusing or accepting the conditions. Many foreigners suffer in this way when it is too late to remedy their mistake.

The answer of the government doubtless would be that teachers as well as others come to this country in their own interest. It might be regarded as unduly officious on the part of the government to warn intelligent people of the ordinary consequences of their own act. Taxation in Japan is high; but it is open to the public.

THE LABOUR QUESTION IN JAPAN.

Labour troubles have been somewhat frequent of late. The latest, arising from the increased cost of living, has occurred among the knitted goods operatives in Osaka. They demand an increase of wages, threatening to go on strike. It appears that the operatives had been earning 80 to 90 sen (40 to 45 cents) a day until eight or nine years ago, when competition from the rural district caused a falling off to about 50 sen (25 cents.) They had been demanding an increase, during the past two or three months, on account of the increased cost of commodities. The demand is for an increase of 30 per cent, if necessary by having recourse to a general strike. This is one of the results of the increased cost of living, to all classes in this country.

HIGH PRICE OF RICE.

The Kobe *Chronicle* reports that the Chamber of Commerce (Japanese) of that city, is of the opinion that to increase the duty on rice will simply increase the already too high price, and impede further development of the industry generally. For this reason the Chamber regards it as of primary importance that rather than increase the duty at the present time it should be discontinued or reduced. The chamber expresses the opinion 'that any increase on the duty on cleaned rice as suggested in some quarters, will do great harm to the Empire. That there may be some advantage in the imposition of a higher duty on cleaned rice than on the uncleaned, if the duty on the latter cannot be abolished, as that would tend probably to encourage the importation of the cereal in the uncleaned state and thus encourage the rice cleaning industry.' The Chamber, in view of this advantage, has made representations to the government suggesting the adoption of some such course.

ABUNDANT WHEAT IN MANCHURIA.

The wheat crops in Manchuria have been so abundant that it is being urgently requested that the prohibition against exportation shall be withdrawn. Both Japanese and Chinese are petitioning the governor in this respect, says the Peking and Tientsin *Times*, as the accumulation of wheat is far in excess of domestic needs, and the farmers will suffer if it cannot be turned to account.

THE MEDICAL PROFESSION—A LANGUAGE PROBLEM.

An American doctor, who recently passed the examination of the Japanese authorities for a license to practise in Japan, wrote his answers in the English language. Exception is taken by some against this practice. It is maintained that the acceptance of the answers in English was against the regulations and usage concerning the examination of candidates for a license for the practice of medicine, and that competent practice under license is not practicable without a knowledge of the language in general use.

It is said, however, that the authorities maintain that it was quite regular—no express provision having been made in the regulations prohibiting answers to be written in a foreign language. At present the examination committee is fully competent to understand foreign languages, and foreigners are quite at liberty to write their answers for such examinations in their own language.

THE CEMENT TRADE.

Commenting upon this line of trade, the Japanese trade journals state in substance that during last spring, when the business boom was still active, large orders were issued for foreign cement on speculation, and about 80,000 casks arrived at Yokohama and about 12,000 at Kobe in June last. By that time, however, a great change had taken place in the situation; many new companies had collapsed, and the demand for cement had practically ceased. The imported article, chiefly American cement, was found to be inferior in quality, and importers made great efforts, but without result, to dispose of their stocks.

These large arrivals of foreign cement and the projected cement companies, and also the extension of the old cement works, adversely affected the market, and buyers consequently hesitated. The situation was nervous almost to the degree of panic. The new enterprises, however, collapsed, and if the old companies have increased their output, the stock has not glutted the market to such an extent as to force down the price. By the recent inundations heavy damages were caused in various parts, and the necessary repairs will soon call for a large demand for cement, and the market has therefore a good prospect.

RICE CROPS REPORTS FAVOURABLE

Merchants interested in the rice market may be informed that on the 2nd inst., there was something like a debacle in the rice market. Prices had been kept up unduly by the unsettled state of the weather, but all danger on that score having disappeared, there was a sudden fall, which reached as much as 26 sen per koku (1 koku=5 bush.) for December delivery. Such a fall is very unusual in the rice market. It is evident that operators on 'Change are now convinced as to the success of the rice crop, with the natural result that present high prices cannot be maintained.

A. MACLEAN.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,

MANCHESTER, ENG., October 15, 1907.

THE PEOPLE'S BREAD.

From an article recently published I condense the following:—

The recent advance in the price of wheat only equalled by the Leiter corner in 1898, is a reminder to the British people that the problem of the wheat supply is becoming a pressing one. In a few months wheat in the United States has advanced first to a dollar, 4s 6d. per bushel, and then to nearly \$1.25, or 37s. 4d. per quarter. The price in London for best Manitoba wheat has advanced to 46s. 6d. per quarter, and because of the advance, the London Flour Millers Association decided to raise the price of flour by six pence per sack, and this will necessarily be followed by a rise in the price of the loaf. The universal belief that bread at 4½d. or 5d. for a 4 lb. loaf is the limit, is likely to receive a crash in the near future. Years ago the German Professor Pohle pointed out that a general advance in the price of wheat was inevitable, and events are realizing the prediction. There will no doubt be fluctuations in the near future, but the tendency will be upwards, for the reason that the consumption is overtaking the supply of wheat.

The total area of wheat land at present in cultivation is capable of supplying 656,000,000 mouths with bread, and the number to be fed is 585,000,000. The margin may seem large, but it is one which will rapidly vanish with the natural increase of population, while the process will be accelerated by the tendency now shown in Japan and China to use wheat instead of rice for feed. Thus, ten, fifteen or twenty years will see the supply fall below the demand unless fresh wheat fields are brought into cultivation. Fortunately there are nearly 500,000 square miles of such land awaiting tillage in western Canada, but outside of that there is no great available area. The future bread supply of this country will thus depend on the relations of Canada to the United Kingdom, and we shall do well to make every effort to bind our daughter state to our side by the closest ties of affection and mutual interest. If these wheat lands were to pass into hands unfriendly to England her people might be made to pay enormously for their wheat, and a repetition of the days of 1812, when the loaf stood at 1s. 8d., might occur. In this connection, it might be stated that the demand for Canadian flour is greater now than for the past five years, and large buyers in London, Glasgow, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Christiania and Helsingfors are endeavouring to establish buying connections.

CHEESE.

I am indebted to one of the largest produce firms in this city for the following report:—

'We are pleased to state that the improvement in Canadian cheese this year has been well maintained, and one of the great difficulties that we had to contend with last year, which was the shipping of cheese in the green state, has been noticeable by its absence this year. The goods have come forward not only in good condition, but the averaging of same has been fairly well effected.

'We are now nearing the close of one of the most exceptional seasons we have had. The make opened up at the early part of the season very late, and we are

going to close the season with a great shortage of cheese on that of last year. Our home make has been exceptionally large, which has filled up the shortage in Canadians, and all through the season domestic has been placed on our market within a few shillings of Canadian prices, thus causing a good healthy home demand. It is only within the last two weeks that there has been any noticeable falling off in the make. This week there is a great shortage, and it has dropped off fully 30 per cent of what it was a month ago.

'The Canadian season, from a financial point of view, has been disappointing, owing to the great speculation of a few who have tried to corner the market, and have evidently realized their object to a great extent. The result of this has caused prices to advance very rapidly during the last two or three weeks. What the future result of this manipulation will be we cannot say, but certainly it is not conducive to a healthy tone of trade from our point of view. There is every prospect of a huge make from New Zealand and Australia; we ourselves having in sight our first consignment, which is quite a month earlier than usual.

'We are looking forward next year to a better Canadian trade, and if only this system of manipulation could be kept out of your market we should have a much healthier tone, and one that would be beneficial to every one on both sides.

EGGS.

'The supply of eggs on this market is very scarce, and the demand is much in excess of the supply. Present prices are 1s. per hundred higher than four weeks ago, and the only countries supplying us with any quantity are Russia and Austria.

BACON.

'The demand is greater than the supply, which is very scarce indeed, and prices are far in excess of Irish and other grades.'

APPLES AT LIVERPOOL.

Messrs. Woodall & Co. report:—Arrivals this week 33,188 barrels, 525 boxes, 33,363 barrels. Arrivals to date, 61,680 barrels. Arrivals against same period last year, 71,590 barrels

The total arrivals to date are 61,680 barrels, of which more than half (33,363 barrels) arrived this week, as against 71,590 barrels to same period last season. The English crops have turned out much as was anticipated in our report of August last, the supply of plums having been enormous, and until they were cleared had a serious effect on the prices of early apples, and first of which reached here the latter part of August. Canadian fruit has been of better quality and condition than last year, and has consequently commanded the trade, and if winter fruit shows the same superiority, there should be a satisfactory season. The first arrivals of Nova Scotia were small and contained a large amount of black rot. There has been an excellent demand, the market closing at its best, the bulk of supplies during the week being from Canada and Nova Scotia. The following prices were readily paid for coloured varieties of:—

Canadian, No. 1....	18s.	25s.	No. 2....	13s. 6d.	19s.
Ordinary, "	14s.	17s.	"	11s. 6d.	15s.
Common, "	11s.	13s. 9d.	"	8s. 6d.	10s.

TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns for September issued recently, the imports were £45,341,276, an increase compared with the same period last year of £281,441, and the exports £35,156,230, an increase of £4,631,167 over September last year.

The imports for the nine months ended September show an increase of £32,129,083 compared with the same period last year, and the exports an increase of £41,226,919.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

SOUTH AFRICA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. John A. Chesley.)

RHODES BUILDING, CAPE TOWN,

P.O. Box 668, September 17, 1907.

SIX MONTHS TRADE RETURNS.

The figures showing Cape Colony's trade for the six months ending June 30, 1907, have just been issued and are as follows:—

Total imports over sea, £24,528,829; total exports over sea, £26,494,571. Excess of exports over imports for the first six months of 1907, £1,965,742. For the corresponding period of 1906, the total imports over sea were £23,311,181, and the total exports over sea were £23,877,516. Excess of exports over imports for the first six months of 1906, £566,335.

Imports for the six months ending June 30, 1907, show an increase of £1,217,648 over imports for the same period of 1906, and exports for the six months ending June 30, 1907, show an increase of £2,617,055 over exports for the like period of 1906.

The imports of merchandise into Cape Colony from countries outside the South African Customs Union, for the first six months of 1907, are £1,447,392 less than the imports for the same period of 1906. This condition is in some measure due to the increased production of agricultural and animal products in the British South African Colonies. Notably in beef, butter, cereals, and mutton.

Although the imports of merchandise, from all countries outside the South African Customs Union for the first six months of 1907, are £1,447,392 less than the imports for the corresponding period of 1906, yet it is encouraging to note that imports of merchandise from the United Kingdom and British Colonies have increased during the period named from 74·7 to 78·7 per cent. While imports from foreign countries for the same period have decreased from 25·3 to 21·3 per cent.

The following summary shows the total value of the imports into, and exports from Cape Colony over sea for six months ending June 30, 1907, as compared with corresponding periods of 1906; also the value of the imports from, and exports to other states in the union for similar periods:—

	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1907.	1906.		
<i>Imports, Oversea.</i>	£	£	£	£
From countries outside South African Customs Union	7,430,451	8,877,843		1,447,392
<i>From other States in the Union.</i>				
South African produce, other than gold or diamonds—				
From Natal.....	145,973	207,784		61,811
Transvaal.....	220,634	153,883	66,751	
Orange River Colony.....	516,485	570,075		53,590
Southern Rhodesia.....	13,478	6,163	7,315	
Other parts of the Union.....	59,543	64,496		4,953
Gold, raw (produce of Transvaal, Rhodesia and Bech. Prot.).....	13,706,952	11,541,898	2,165,054	
Diamonds (produce of Transvaal, Rhodesia and Orange River Colony.....	1,467,401	1,206,063	261,338	

	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1907.	1906.		
<i>Goods, not South African Produce.</i>	£	£	£	£
From Natal	99,361	102,082	.....	2,721
Transvaal	75,504	53,636	21,868	
Orange River Colony	36,375	33,235	3,140	
Southern Rhodesia	976	802	174	
Other parts of the Union	848	237	591	
Total, Imports of Merchandise	23,773,941	22,818,217	2,526,231	1,570,467
Imported for the Govt. of Cape Colony	262,004	240,297	21,707	
" S. A. Govts. other than Cape Colony	192,561	62,171	130,390	
Specie	300,283	190,496	109,787	
Grand Total, Imports	24,528,829	23,311,181	2,788,115	1,570,467
<i>Exports, Oversea.</i>				
South African produce to countries outside the Customs Union—				
Other than gold or diamonds	3,727,317	3,216,217	511,100	
Gold, raw	13,709,736	11,542,114	2,167,622	
Diamonds	4,701,810	4,295,676	406,134	
<i>To other States in the Customs Union.</i>				
South African produce—				
To Natal	146,840	82,814	64,026	
Transvaal	808,960	779,726	29,234	
Orange River Colony	365,627	438,498	.....	72,871
Southern Rhodesia	72,805	66,000	6,805	
Other parts of the Union	24,862	26,842	.....	1,980
Total, Exports Oversea	23,557,957	20,447,887	3,184,921	74,851
Imported goods re-exported	203,165	189,156	14,009	
<i>Imported Goods Re-exported—Duty Paid.</i>				
To Natal	41,271	49,663	.....	8,392
Transvaal	943,093	1,431,856	.....	488,763
Orange River Colony	703,384	834,910	.....	131,526
Southern Rhodesia	78,206	162,220	.....	84,014
Other parts of the Union	91,566	92,836	.....	1,270
<i>Direct Ex-Ship.</i>				
To Transvaal	425,718	391,100	34,618	
Other States	148,213	69,347	78,866	
<i>Ex-Local Bond.</i>				
To Transvaal	37,059	34,538	2,521	
Other States	29,241	29,128	113	
Total, Imported Goods (Re-exported)	2,700,916	3,284,754	130,127	713,965
Articles exported through the post office	11,646	12,163	.....	517
Specie (to all parts)	224,052	132,712	91,340	
Total South African produce	23,557,957	20,447,887	3,184,921	74,851
Grand Total, Exports	26,494,571	23,877,516	3,406,388	789,333

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PROPORTION PER CENT.

		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30.	
		1907.	
<i>Imports (Other than Gold or Diamonds).</i>		Per cent.	Per cent.
British Goods—			
From the United Kingdom		54.4	49.0
From other parts of the British Empire.....		24.2	22.3
Foreign Goods—			
Via the United Kingdom.....		1	3.4
From other parts of the British Empire			
Total, Empire Trade.....		78.7	74.7
Goods from Foreign Countries.....		21.3	25.3
<i>Exports of South African Produce (Other than Gold and Diamonds).</i>			
To all parts of the British Empire		88.9	83.8
To Foreign Countries.....		11.1	16.2

FROZEN MEATS.

The imports of frozen meat into Cape Colony for the six months ending June 30, 1906, were 27,731,069 lbs., value £279,568. The imports for the six months ending June 30, 1907, were 8,034,729 lbs., value £99,488, showing a decrease for six months of 1907, as compared with the first six months of 1906, of 19,696,340 lbs., value £180,080.

This large reduction in the quantity and value of imported frozen meats into Cape Colony is due to the great increase in the number of cattle and sheep during the last five or six years, owing chiefly to the extermination of the disease known as 'Rinderpest,' which in past years has been a great destroyer of cattle in the South African colonies and territories. In the year ending May 31, 1898, the loss of cattle from rinderpest in the Cape Colony alone was 410,000, and the total losses in the colony and Bechuanaland during this period from rinderpest, drought and exposure were 1,400,000 head. The loss of sheep in the same period, in the colony and territories from diseases of all kinds, drought and wild animals, amounted to 2,086,000. The eradication of the cattle and sheep diseases, together with the provision made against further loss from wild animals, has resulted in a very large increase in the number of food producing animals in South Africa.

The total importations into Cape Colony, whether for her own consumption or in transit up country, were but little more than half in 1906 what they were in 1904. For the Orange River Colony they were much less than half, and for Natal they were a little less than half. For Rhodesia they were less than one-third. The main market remains that of the Rand mines, and hence the importations into the Transvaal have not fallen to the same extent, as they have in the cases of the other colonies. While the supplies of local meat have become more abundant, the number of employees on the mines has increased very considerably, with the result that the effect which would otherwise have become apparent in a reduction of the consumption of imported frozen meat is to some extent counteracted.

The total value of frozen meats (beef and mutton) imported into South Africa in the three years 1904, 1905 and 1906, were as follows:—

Year 1904, £1,696,000=£8,253,866; year 1905, £1,197,000=£5,825,400; year 1906, £856,000=£4,165,866.

The following statement shows the quantity and value of imported frozen meat into Cape Colony, and the countries from which imported, for the first six months of 1906 and the first six months of 1907:—

SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30.

Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	1906.	1906.	1907.	1907.
	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
United Kingdom.....	103,231	3,369	29,563	966
New South Wales.....	3,224,107	32,025	2,415,766	28,369
Queensland.....	2,762,556	28,263	2,148,667	25,844
Victoria.....	1,487,557	14,342	71,820	913
Dominion of Canada.....	290,628	6,574	52,833	1,596
United States.....	159,857	3,555	53,257	1,229
Argentine Republic.....	19,759,801	190,459	3,190,888	38,421
Holland.....	2,016	60	67	5
Other countries.....	31,316	921	71,868	2,145
Total.....	27,731,069	279,538	8,034,729	99,488

BACON AND HAMS.

There is active demand here for Canadian bacon and hams. Both these commodities have an excellent reputation in the South African market. Systematic effort on the part of Canadian exporters should result in a large increase in the export of pork products to South Africa. The imports into Cape Colony for six months ending June, 1907, were 1,610,519 lbs., value £57,008. The imports for the corresponding period of 1906 were 1,314,031 lbs., value £43,612, showing an increase for the first six months of 1907, as compared with the first six months of 1906, of 296,488 lbs., value £13,396.

The following statement shows the quantity and value of bacon and hams imported into Cape Colony and the countries from which imported for the year ended December 31, 1906:—

	Lbs.	£
United Kingdom.....	2,532,066	89,121
Dominion of Canada.....	250,503	7,804
Queensland.....	586	15
France.....	917	31
Germany.....	19,742	1,089
German S. W. Africa.....	193	6
United States.....	37,998	1,213
Other countries.....	392	18
South African produce.....	12,767	391
Total.....	2,855,164	99,688

APPLES.

There is a good market here for apples. As the season approaches for marketing this fruit, inquiry is being made as to the probable supply from Canada. Canadian apples are much appreciated in South Africa, indeed, so far as I have been able to learn they are preferred to any others that reach here. Kings, Ben Davis, Blenheim, Golden Russets, Canada Reds, Wealthy and Spy are familiar names in the South African market. Fruit growers and exporters should exercise care in packing, and so maintain the excellent reputation Canadian apples have in this market. There is no question as to the quality of the fruit itself, and the possibilities for a large increase in the sale of Canadian apples in the South African Colonies are good.

FRESH FRUIT IMPORTED.

The following statement shows the value of fresh fruit imported into Cape Colony, and the countries from which imported for the year ended December 31, 1906:—

United Kingdom.. . . .	£ 1,187
Dominion of Canada.. . . .	5,010
India-Bengal.. . . .	77
South Australia.. . . .	713
Tasmania.. . . .	66
Victoria.. . . .	77
Mauritius.. . . .	15
Zanzibar.. . . .	360
France.. . . .	14
Italy.. . . .	617
Portugal.. . . .	18
Madeira.. . . .	491
Spain.. . . .	955
Turkey.. . . .	91
Egypt.. . . .	39
United States.. . . .	91
Other countries.. . . .	17
South African produce.. . . .	36,130
Total.. . . .	£45,968

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, October 22, 1907.

CUSTOMS RETURNS.

The following figures showing the totals of the imports and exports of the colony with the undermentioned countries have now been completed for the year ended June 30 last:—

	Imports.	Exports.
Great Britain.. . . .	\$2,669,934	\$1,492,795
Canada.. . . .	3,669,098	1,611,480
United States.. . . .	3,447,359	1,394,289

while the total imports from all sources were \$10,426,040, on which the duties collected amounted to \$2,354,056 and the total of exports to \$12,101,161.

A comparison of these figures with those of the previous year show the following results:—

	1906.	1907.
Total of imports.. . . .	\$10,414,274	\$10,426,040
Total of duties.. . . .	2,319,986	2,354,056
Great Britain imports.. . . .	2,651,196	2,669,934
Canada imports.. . . .	3,521,939	3,669,098
United States imports.. . . .	3,609,192	3,447,359
Great Britain exports.. . . .	1,662,612	1,492,795
Canada exports.. . . .	1,777,169	1,611,480
United States exports.. . . .	1,278,997	1,394,289
Total of exports to all countries.. . . .	12,086,276	12,101,161

It will be noted from the above figures that Canadian trade increased \$147,159 while that from the United States declined \$161,833 during the same period.

The figures on the whole show that trade has been well maintained, and that the revenue from Customs duties has increased some \$34,000 over that of the previous year.

Later on when the returns have been printed and laid before the legislature, probably in February or March next year, it will be possible to go into the details of the figures given above, and so ascertain how far they affect the various items that go to form the total of Canadian trade with this colony.

E. D. ARNAUD.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., October 19, 1907.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1907.

The New Companies Act, 1907, which will come into force on July 1, 1908, is too lengthy to embody in a report in its entirety, but several sections may be of interest to Canadian companies.

The Companies Act, 1900, provided for the disclosure in every prospectus of various matters calculated to influence investors, and in order to evade this obligation many promoters dispensed with a prospectus and sold large blocks of shares to the public through the medium of the stock exchange. Section 1 of the new Act prevents this by enacting that every company which does not issue a prospectus shall file a statement, signed by every director or proposed director, containing the principal particulars which, under the Act of 1900, must be stated in a prospectus, and also by bringing such company under the provisions of sections 2, 6 and 11 of the Companies Act, 1900. The three sections referred to compel the company to file the consent of a proposed director before naming him as such, to refrain from altering the terms of any material contract prior to the statutory meeting (except subject to the approval of such meeting) and to obtain from the Registrar a special certificate (based on a statutory declaration that the law as to minimum subscription, directors' qualification, &c., has been complied with) before commencing business or exercising any of its borrowing powers. They also require any director or proposed director named in a prospectus (this will not include a statement in lieu of prospectus) either to sign the memorandum for his qualification shares, if any, or to agree with the company to take up and pay for such shares.

'Private companies' and companies which have allotted any shares or debentures before the commencement of the Act are, however, exempted from the operation of this section, but the mere omission to issue a prospectus no longer classifies a company as 'private.'

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

The Companies Act, 1862, provided that a 'general meeting of every company under this Act shall be held once at least in every year' and meetings held on January 1 in one year and December 31 in the following year were in accordance with the Act. This is no longer possible under the new Act of 1907, the maximum interval being fifteen months.

AUDITS AND FILING OF BALANCE SHEETS.

Section 21 of the Act originally required every company in each year to file an audited statement 'in the form of a balance sheet,' summarizing its capital, assets and liabilities; but not necessarily including a statement of profit and loss. 'Private' companies, however, as defined by the Act are to be exempted.

WINDING-UP.

The Act provides that any liquidator appointed by a company in voluntary liquidation must file notice of his appointment within twenty-one days, and must also promptly call a meeting of creditors, who may decide whether or not an application shall be made to court for the appointment of another liquidator in place of or jointly with such original liquidator. Other clauses give the court power to suspend the dissolution of a company in voluntary liquidation after notice of the final winding-up meeting has been filed (at present a company is automatically dissolved three months after the registration of such notice), or to cancel a dissolution within two years of the event.

FOREIGN FLOTATIONS.

Every company registered outside, but having a place of business within, the United Kingdom (whether incorporated before or after the commencement of the Act) is compelled to file particulars substantially the same as the more important details filed by a British company, including an annual statement of capital taken up, &c., to mention the country of its origin in its prospectus (if any), and on its letter headings, bill heads, and other printed matter, and to exhibit its name and the name of such country on every place in the United Kingdom where it carries on business. The penalty for non-compliance is £50, or £5 per diem in the case of a continuing offence.

The recommendations of the company law amendment committee as to reducing the ad valorem duty on nominal capital from 5s. per cent to not more than 2s. 6d. per cent, payable in two instalments, and as to the codifying of the Companies Act, 1862 and 1900, are not carried out in the present Act; but the government proposes shortly to bring in a Consolidating Bill, which is to unite in one statute the provisions of the present Act and all the unrepealed clauses of the seventeen previously existing Companies Acts.

P. B. BALL.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, October 1, 1907.

THE AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF, 1907.

To-day (October 1) the Commonwealth parliament will commence the revision of the customs duties proposed in the new tariff which came into operation early in August. It is the intention of the government to take each item in regular sequence—from No. 1 to 444—and continue the final adjustment of the duties, without interruption of other business, until the tariff is completed. When the duties upon items of special interest to Canadian exporters are definitely arranged the superintendent of commercial agencies, Ottawa, will be advised by cable.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTING TRADE DEPRESSED.

The uncertainty in regard to the duties likely to be imposed in the revision of the new tariff is exercising a depressing influence upon business throughout Australia. Large shipments of goods are being placed in bonded stores pending the adjustment of the tariff and the hope of importers that the increased duties may be somewhat modified. It is almost impossible to interest importers in any new line of goods at the present time. Under ordinary conditions, at this time of the year, the bulk of oversea orders have been placed and Melbourne manufacturers' agents report indents of only limited values being forwarded by this mail to Canadian exporters.

PRINCIPAL LINES OF AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS, 1906.

The leading values in the total Australian exports of £69,737,763 in 1906 are given in the following schedule:—

Wool.. . . .	£22,645,769
Wheat.. . . .	4,913,798
Flour.. . . .	1,216,849
Meats.. . . .	2,330,326
Butter.. . . .	3,240,063
Apples.. . . .	134,302
Wines.. . . .	97,683
Specie (gold and silver).. . . .	11,939,459
Bullion.. . . .	5,616,603
Ore and concentrates.. . . .	1,440,728
Leather.. . . .	562,291
Coal.. . . .	894,002
Hides—	
Cattle.. . . .	166,908
Horse.. . . .	1,589
Skins—	
Rabbit.. . . .	477,450
Sheep, with wool.. . . .	1,462,832
Sheep, pelts.. . . .	151,631
Other.. . . .	457,699

There has been an increase in volume and values of nearly all the items over the figures of the exports for the previous year. High prices ruling for the principal Australian staples had an important bearing upon the marked expansion in the Commonwealth's total trade last year.

INQUIRIES FOR CANADIAN AXES.

On account of the recent advance in prices of brands of American axes which are popular in Australia, advantage has been taken of the opportunity to supply importers throughout these states with the names of leading Canadian axe manufacturers who are capable of doing an export business. At the present time there is a scarcity of stocks of American axes in both Melbourne and Adelaide, and such a condition is likely to continue while manufacturers are so far behind in making deliveries. Now is the chance for new brands of Canadian axes to find a sympathetic market in Australia. A prominent Canadian axe manufacturing company has hitherto restricted the sale of their goods to one importing firm in each of the Australian states, but the wisdom of such an arrangement is open to serious doubt. Some trial orders for Canadian axes are going forward by this mail from Melbourne importers.

CANADIAN CORSETS IN AUSTRALIA.

After a determined and tactful effort made by the direct representative of a leading Canadian corset manufacturing company to introduce their goods—hitherto unknown—the line has recently been successfully introduced to Australian wholesale importers. Large initial orders are going forward by this mail to the manufacturers which reflects the excellent values offered in a line in which the competition is most marked. The satisfactory introduction of a new branch of Canadian corsets (there is at least one other Canadian make favourably known here) and the arrangements made for future business are attributable to the exceptional ability of the travelling salesman in overcoming the prejudices of conservative buyers.

CANNED SALMON.

Owing to reports having been received of the reduced catch of salmon in British Columbia and Alaska, business in canned salmon has been exceptionally active during the last month in Melbourne and other Australian importing centres. Quotations for sockeye were withdrawn by British Columbia packers in September and the c.i.f. prices on Red Alaska advanced 6d. (12 cents) per dozen cans. Some shipments from Vancouver have been re-sold several times, and there are indications that Australian prices will advance to such an extent as to make the retail price of canned salmon rather an expensive item.

ADVERSE HARVEST PROSPECTS IN AUSTRALIA.

According to the reports of meteorologists, there are strong indications throughout Australia that the exceedingly dry weather experienced the last few months will continue for some time ahead. It is no longer concealed that the country is in a very critical position with regard to the prospects of the coming harvest, but more particularly the wheat crop. The season has been remarkable in its general backwardness and shortage of rain. In some districts owners of sheep are travelling huge flocks to relief country where water and feed can be obtained, but already some losses of stock have been reported. So far as the state of Victoria is concerned, large areas of wheat are not expected to yield more than four or five bushels to the acre unless there is an immediate heavy rainfall. The mail closes with unaltered weather conditions and rather gloomy prospects for the coming harvest.

HIGH PRICES FOR AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

The dollar limit has for some weeks past been exceeded for f.a.q. Australian wheat, and the mail closes with export rates at about 4s. 4d. (say \$1.05) per bushel free on board ship at Melbourne and other Australian ports. It is impossible, in view of a failure in the harvest, to obtain large quantities of the old crop at the price quoted, because holders anticipate a further advance. Some 3,000 tons of western Australian wheat have been purchased for export to South Africa. The mail closes with a firm market and prospects of higher prices ruling for the comparatively limited quantity available for consumption within the Commonwealth.

THE LUMBER TRADE.

Whilst building operations have recently been extensive throughout these states, the lumber importing business has received a considerable check through the increased duties imposed by the new tariff. Business continued on a restricted scale during September, buyers only operating for actual requirements. Stock in distributors' hands are becoming low and if the duties are modified large orders will undoubtedly be placed. Comparatively little spruce is held in Melbourne owing to the competition of Manchurian pine.

D. H. ROSS.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, October 1, 1907.

FIJI.

The report of the trade and commerce of the colony of Fiji for 1906 gives the trade for that year and three previous years as follows:—

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£
1903	489,095	554,707
1904	439,995	589,960
1905	442,852	706,403
1906	609,496	603,410

Eighty-seven per cent of the trade of the island is done with Australia and New Zealand, more than one-half of the imports coming from Australia and more than one-half of the exports going to New Zealand. The principal exports are sugar, copra and green fruit, New Zealand furnishing the market for sugar and green fruit, though last year New South Wales, in spite of the duty, took slightly more green fruit than did New Zealand. The exports of sugar were:—

1905..	£539,594
1906..	347,148

This decrease last year was owing to the drought of 1905, which compelled the closing of some of the mills for an unusual lengthy period in 1906. The value of green fruit and copra exported has very largely increased. The trade with Canada was:—

Imports..	£17,450
Exports..	20,237

The exports for 1905 were £51,488 12s., the decrease being due totally to the reduced export of sugar. I have no figures of the imports from Canada for 1905, but in 1904 the imports from Canada amounted to £12,210 14s. The trade slowly grows, but Canada as yet does but a percentage of what might be done. No details are given of the imports from Canada, but the exports to Canada consisted almost wholly of sugar, the value of which was £19,834 10s., the other items being bark, £383 17s.; bananas, £10, and jams, £7 13s., with one or two other trifling items.

The following are the imports with which Canada does some trade, but ought to do more:—

Article.	1906.
Bicycles..	£ 213 15 6
Biscuits, fancy..	1,521 7 7
Biscuits, plain..	10,195 17 8
Boots and shoes—	
Children's..	91 11 6
Girls' and boys'..	472 12 0
Women's..	838 18 11
Men's..	2,763 9 11
India rubber..	1,047 5 10
Breadstuffs..	27,345 2 8
Brushware..	675 14 2
Canvas..	418 11 4
Carriages..	466 2 5
Cartridges..	706 18 1
Casks and tanks for export, molasses, &c..	190 18 0
Church furniture..	459 5 3
Confectionery..	1,288 16 11
Doors and sashes..	1,231 19 10
Drapery..	100,544 13 10
Drugs..	4,869 13 5
Fruits and vegetables, dried and preserved..	1,953 3 8
Furniture..	3,624 8 5
Grain..	1,500 3 1
Gutta percha and India rubber..	635 19 9
Hardware..	45,184 8 6
Hollow-ware..	499 14 3
Hops..	147 6 9
Jewellery..	3,092 12 10
Leatherware..	5,466 13 6
Machinery..	53,794 12 11
Machinery, agricultural..	10,504 14 7
Matches, wooden..	2,253 3 0
Pianos..	1,218 18 0
Oatmeal..	329 2 5
Paints—	
Dry..	2,209 10 11
Mixed..	602 14 4

Article.	1906.
Paper, wrapping and printing.	£ 1,491 3 8
Pease and peasemeal.	96 9 7
Pickles and sauces.	893 0 11
Platedware.	654 18 9
Sewing machines.	963 11 11
Soap.	1,780 0 0
Stationery.	5,261 12 0
Timber, case.	4,814 9 8
Timber, dressed.	9,244 6 6
Timber, rough.	12,497 10 0
Tinware.	934 18 4
Tobacco, manufactured.	5,562 6 10
Umbrellas and parasols.	1,349 3 7
Vegetables and green fruit.	6,728 3 7

NEW ZEALAND TRADE CONDITIONS.

The exports of New Zealand for the year ending August 31 last, which is practically the end of one season and the beginning of another, have materially increased over those of last year. In quantities, wool shows an increase of $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, butter $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, cheese 68 per cent, mutton $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, lamb $14\frac{3}{4}$ per cent, and beef $74\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The development of the cheese trade is rapid, being as follows for three years:—

	Cases.
1904-5.	61,985
1905-6.	90,021
1906-7.	151,396

Imports into the principal ports show an increase of about $18\frac{3}{4}$ per cent over those of the previous year.

UNITED STATES TRADE.

Cable advices state that the tariff has passed its third reading, but at the time of writing this paragraph the changes made in it since its introduction have not reached me. The preferential sections are not likely to be affected except in one or two lines, and hence a statement of the imports for such lines that were affected by the previous preferential tariff, and also those, by the tariff as introduced, will be instructive. The following are the lines affected by the preferential conditions of the late tariff:—

	1906.	1905.	1904.	1903.
	£	£	£	£
Arms, caps, cartridges and cases	13,945	15,041	16,616	17,256
Bicycles and materials.....	3,853	7,778	18,398	28,284
Boots and shoes	47,558	61,660	90,232	107,713
Candles	58	2	12,296	14,482
Canvas	1,846	3,875	8,634	9,639
Carriages, carts, &c.....	11,197	13,616	13,184	16,427
" materials for.....	12,630	16,685	19,467	17,971
Clocks	8,365	9,212	9,751	9,276
Cordage	2,127	1,493	1,684	1,780
Fish, canned, &c.....	5,825	5,323	9,744	48,469
Furniture	10,881	12,660	14,976	14,206
Glassware	5,222	7,454	11,185	11,461
Hardware	37,445	41,022	45,543	56,569
Hops	705	590	1,669	2,025
Dental and surgical instruments.....	14,150	11,546	11,128	15,905
Pipes and fittings.....	3,526	3,874	4,196	4,402
Rails.....	2,288	23,050	33,528	4,200
Lamps, lanterns and wicks.....	11,084	11,137	10,290	9,612
Gas and oil engines.....	25,573	19,849	28,834	25,395
Nails	31,243	24,633	20,757	20,768
Paper, printing.....	20,361	28,429	37,452	40,909
" hangings.....	2,219	2,163	2,707	4,962
Plate and plateware	2,657	2,074	2,991	3,245
Pumps.....	2,366	4,016	3,306	3,401

Below are those affected by the preferential conditions of the new tariff:—

	1906.	1905.	1904.	1903.
	£	£	£	£
Brushes and brushware.....	2,148	2,574	1,951	2,532
Drugs, chemicals and wares.....	16,933	16,674	20,216	13,006
Fancy goods.....	9,781	10,262	13,433	18,252
Furniture, knife powder and polish.....	3,212	3,814	3,449	3,185
Bottles	2,013	3,303	4,054	4,206
Grain and pulse, whole and ground.....	1,987	2,247	2,854	4,212
Grindery	1,930	3,214	3,044	3,553
Indian rubber and G. Percha goods.....	2,247	3,327	3,837	1,853
Instruments, musical, organs, &c.....	5,003	5,534	6,620	9,597
Iron, wire, barbed and plain.....	46,524	67,285	51,495	39,781
Other shapes.....	8,535	7,351	6,245	5,520
Leather.....	24,515	22,972	23,502	24,699
Manufactures.....	2,342	3,769	2,319	1,528
Machinery, dairying.....	4,505	4,289	6,589	5,874
Mining.....	3,037	2,555	2,705	3,271
Sewing and knitting.....	19,346	23,133	27,478	27,119
Printing.....	16,161	2,742	2,927	2,667
Other.....	31,308	31,590	22,288	25,606
Materials and parts.....	1,726	685	955	1,115
Metal manufactures.....	32,475	21,980	20,813	8,535
Typewriters.....	6,612	3,993	5,944	3,807
Onions	4,270	7,115	710	723
Paints and colours.....	9,580	9,477	6,710	5,517
Paper, bags.....	1,769	2,027	2,074	2,301
Writing.....	2,361	1,584	3,851	422
Other kinds.....	1,678	2,298	1,776	2,177
Photographic goods.....	1,298	2,645	2,668	4,872
Pictures, frames, &c.....	3,903	3,729	2,484	2,913
Railway plant.....	2,109	1,487	17,322	10,393
Saddlery and materials.....	3,526	3,303	4,078	4,437
Soap.....	10,275	8,095	8,554	8,124
Stationery	12,894	12,242	13,531	12,170
Tools and implements.....	61,979	60,764	64,901	52,858
Tramway plant.....	4,393	17,849	7,591	12,164
Watches and materials.....	3,835	3,614	5,574	2,095

It will be seen that in the lines affected by the last preferential tariff, the decline in imports has been very considerable, particularly in bicycles and material, which have been reduced to exceedingly small figures. Boots and shoes have fallen away by one-half, canvas to one-fifth, fish to less than one-eighth below the importations of three years ago. In some of the items the preferential tariff covered only a portion of the lines embraced and the decline, therefore, was not so marked. It is probable that a similar reduction will be made in the lines newly affected by the tariff of this year, and the Canadian manufacturers must determine whether the decline shall go to them. As soon as the tariff is finally passed, and I have received a copy of it, fuller particulars of the trade to be done in the lines included in the preferential tariff will be given.

AUSTRALIAN WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Since June there has been but a small rainfall. What has fallen has been on the interior slopes and pastoral sections. The costal areas, including the dairying districts, have been very dry. There is a possibility of a harvest of moderate extent should good rains speedily come. In no case can there be a crop equal to that of last year. The prospects are against early rains. Already the pastoral country has been affected and stock has been pushed into the market for sale on account of the lack of feed. The reduction in the price of metals and the decreased yield of gold are also having their effects upon trade. The latter part of the year is not likely to be as favourable for imports as the first half.

WOOL.

The wool sales have opened very favourably to the seller. There is a keener competition for wools that will spin to 60's and over than was the case at the opening sales twelve months ago. While it is possible that the crop will be equal to last year's in quantity, there is no possibility that it will equal it in quality, and hence the demand for good high grades.

DUTY ON TRADE PUBLICATIONS.

Under the existing tariff 6d. per pound is levied upon magazines, one-fifth of whose contents is advertising matter. Canadian trade journals are included amongst the magazines. Where single copies have been mailed they have been allowed to pass, but when packages, in which two or more are included, have been sent, the duty has been demanded before the delivery by the post office authorities. In some cases the receiver has refused to pay the duty, and the publications have been destroyed.

GLASSEY KID.

I am informed that in November next the United States government will put into operation regulations which will prevent the introduction of sheep skins from Australia. The consequences, it is anticipated, will make this raw material more expensive to the United States tanner. Under these conditions, the Canadian tanner, with cheaper raw material, should be enabled better to compete for the trade in glassey kid, of which large quantities have come from the United States.

AUSTRALIAN SISAL.

The high price of fibre has induced the experiment of growing sisal. Plants for the purpose have been imported from Mexico. It is claimed that large areas of this country are better adapted to the production of this fibre than for any other purpose, and that it can, even with the high price of labour, be grown profitably. Should the experiment prove successful, the whole product, for a very considerable time, will be consumed in Australia. It may be, however, that later there will be quantities to export.

TREATMENT OF ALKALI SOILS.

The water for many of the artesian bores is highly mineralized. This has prevented the hoped for advantage expected to be gained by using these waters for irrigation purposes. Experiments have shown that if this soil could be treated with a limited quantity of nitric acid, it would turn the injurious alkali into soda nitrate, which is such a valuable fertilizer. It has been proposed to use the force of the water from the bores to drive turbine wheels for the purpose of producing nitric acid from the atmosphere, as is done in Norway. The whole problem turns upon the commercial possibility of this being done, of which there is very great doubt. Had Australia the water powers of Norway or Canada available for the cheap production of nitric acid, no doubt a transformation could be made in the alkaline waters and soils of the country.

POTATOES AND COOL STORAGE.

With a view of the possibility of exporting potatoes to Great Britain, the government of the state in April, 1906, put a quantity of Early Rose potatoes in cool storage. They were opened last week, and according to reports appear to be as fresh as when put in and to have the qualities of new potatoes after thus being stored for eighty-two weeks. It is believed that shipments to England in cool storage will form a favourable market for the surplus potatoes of Australia in time of glut.

THE COMMONWEALTH TARIFF.

It was announced last week that the House of Representatives would go into committee to consider the tariff to-day, but some doubts are expressed if the general debate upon the budget may not be re-opened, though formally closed a week ago. If so, it will delay consideration of the items for some little time longer. As it is believed that some of the duties will be scaled down, trade is much affected by the uncertainty prevailing, and orders for future shipments are being held over.

PRICES.

The apprehension of a drought is forcing considerable numbers of stock into the market, and prices have been reduced materially. Yesterday some Merino ewes were sold at 4s. each. They were, of course, in poor condition, but carried wool. A little time ago sheep in a little better condition would have been worth three times the money, indeed, were sold up to more than five times that value. It is possible that sheep skins will follow the price of sheep. They have been maintained at a very high figure, but the probability is that the next auctions will see some reduction in prices in any but the very best wool skins. Hides also show irregularity, though good quality is firmer, but light weights and inferior quality are lower. Furs show some indication of a decline as do rabbit skins, the market in England latterly having been unfavourable.

J. S. LARKE.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of September and the *twelve months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
British Colonies—	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	24,595	9,380	3,868	489,677	511,088	640,168
New Zealand.....	1,443	1	2,261	308,930	303,141	319,225
Canada.....	55,613	40,524	9,326	303,506	226,195	71,976
Totals.....	81,651	49,905	15,455	1,102,113	1,040,424	1,031,369
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	112,963	118,234	129,539	1,638,606	1,647,473	1,781,666
France.....	31,693	24,669	33,085	342,664	347,828	273,827
Germany.....	78	1,941	385	3,269	12,007	6,458
Holland.....	13,809	13,500	14,552	203,802	201,140	174,559
Russia.....	53,196	65,019	72,250	411,017	555,539	685,839
Sweden.....	15,040	13,329	17,251	190,968	178,930	227,439
United States.....	12,655	17,335	.....	66,416	185,294	11,639
Other countries.....	7,333	7,427	4,418	173,180	140,094	125,046
Totals.....	246,767	261,454	271,480	3,029,922	3,268,305	3,286,473
Grand totals.....	328,418	311,359	286,935	4,132,035	4,308,729	4,317,842

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....			663	79,777	117,432	3,515
New Zealand.....			.....	.....	.....	185,257
Canada.....	221,101	239,646	204,521	1,900,588	1,979,128	1,741,701
Totals.....	221,101	239,646	205,184	1,980,365	2,096,560	1,930,473
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,857	3,210	3,429	52,636	42,593	45,731
Holland.....	17,706	18,183	20,438	209,056	230,532	231,660
United States.....	5,225	7,294	485	176,677	252,525	125,125
Other countries.....	6,968	5,027	6,151	60,823	82,149	75,612
Totals.....	33,756	33,714	30,503	499,192	607,799	478,128
Grand totals.....	254,857	273,360	235,687	2,479,557	2,704,359	2,408,601

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the months of September and the *twelve months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	148,459	122,495	119,181	1,155,576	1,204,295	1,179,460
Denmark.....	139,508	118,037	160,976	1,573,853	1,421,854	1,745,174
United States.....	179,635	185,413	143,585	2,810,997	2,795,242	2,442,922
Other countries.....	8,561	10,276	4,648	92,447	101,426	94,601
Totals.....	476,163	436,221	428,390	5,632	5,522,817	5,462,157

HAM.

Canada.....	34,317	24,001	29,807	276,193	267,176	272,275
United States.....	56,265	68,906	50,493	1,041,268	1,062,001	858,950
Other countries.....	132	123	411	3,475	2,683	3,539
Totals.....	90,714	93,030	80,711	1,320,936	1,331,860	1,134,764

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	11,783	4,523	9,075	133,112	374,928	152,610
Newfoundland.....	943	2,569	278	6,811	10,283	4,791
France.....	6,971	1,747	530	54,610	23,118	24,521
Norway.....	17,077	19,310	13,478	150,406	210,619	134,158
Portugal.....	11,997	8,230	8,913	122,364	106,748	112,836
United States.....	6,856	1,917	12,986	190,446	227,144	118,602
Other countries.....	37,355	51,902	17,434	380,730	469,547	363,723
Totals.....	92,982	90,198	62,694	1,038,479	1,422,387	911,241

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	7,460	5,055	1,020	327,510	242,857	229,896
Belgium.....	131,046	95,820	151,880	2,157,696	2,405,768	2,263,701
Denmark.....	342,510	360,276	307,916	3,772,679	3,780,152	3,803,795
France.....	141,593	109,961	97,875	1,611,651	1,450,046	1,274,948
Germany.....	126,128	120,588	171,420	2,405,623	2,665,673	2,729,461
Russia.....	992,371	755,264	884,219	7,812,599	7,047,079	6,615,262
Other countries.....	26,611	29,018	49,201	1,322,901	1,082,877	1,242,190
Totals.....	1,767,719	1,475,982	1,663,531	19,410,659	18,674,452	18,159,253

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending September, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not Dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants
MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.							
1898.....	2,054	209	96	2,359	991	.....	3,350
1899.....	1,647	242	108	1,997	1,306	20	3,323
1900.....	2,323	416	162	2,901	2,232	.....	5,133
1901.....	1,856	338	171	2,365	1,694	6	4,065
1902.....	2,579	500	136	3,215	3,573	9	6,797
1903.....	4,187	767	340	5,294	3,011	19	8,324
1904.....	6,050	1,167	369	7,586	1,976	19	9,581
1905.....	5,468	1,461	412	7,341	2,139	4	9,484
1906.....	7,174	2,147	410	9,731	2,829	.....	12,560
1907.....	9,083	2,708	845	12,636	2,971	.....	15,607

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	14,730	1,704	933	17,367	9,025	35	26,427
1899.....	14,319	1,647	931	16,897	15,727	102	32,726
1900.....	15,343	1,772	932	18,047	30,831	105	48,983
1901.....	12,697	2,089	12,56	16,042	25,815	96	41,953
1902.....	19,351	3,399	1,424	24,174	37,415	137	61,726
1903.....	46,303	10,078	2,635	59,016	41,315	285	100,616
1904.....	53,904	12,327	2,782	69,013	23,124	84	92,221
1905.....	64,431	14,172	3,392	81,995	25,362	47	107,404
1906.....	85,781	20,965	4,127	110,873	25,092	28	135,993
1907.....	107,125	33,568	7,439	148,132	32,064	.....	180,196

THE EXPORT TRADE OF BRITISH GUIANA.

STATEMENT showing the Exports of Balata Gum, Gold, Raw, Rum and Sugar the Produce of British Guiana, during the Years ended March 31, 1906 to 1907.

BALATA GUM.

	EXPORTS FROM BRITISH GUIANA TO					
Years ended March 31.	Great Britain.	United States.	British North America.		Other Countries.	Totals.
			Canada.	New- foundland.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	43,420					43,420
1897.....		99,981				99,981
1898.....	149,733	219				149,952
1899.....	136,368	643				137,011
1900.....	58,947					58,947
1901.....	94,008					94,008
1902.....	113,535					113,535
1903.....	195,057					195,057
1904.....	216,895					216,895
1905.....	165,301	17,306				182,607
1906.....	176,822	12,827			3,846	193,495
1907.....	179,246	54,248			7,016	240,510

GOLD, RAW.

1896.....	2,165,618					2,165,618
1897.....	2,268,562					2,268,562
1898.....	2,208,119					2,208,119
1899.....	2,015,992	983				2,016,975
1900.....	1,990,208					1,990,208
1901.....	1,886,803					1,886,803
1902.....	1,783,161					1,783,161
1903.....	1,789,367	221				1,789,588
1904.....	1,572,130					1,572,130
1905.....	1,690,199					1,690,199
1906.....	1,572,147	117,600				1,689,747
1907.....	1,318,174	214,092				1,532,266

RUM.

1896.....	544,118	24	15,267	2,618	27,540	589,567
1897.....	579,381	73	20,318		66,605	666,377
1898.....	579,921	195	17,452	686	46,998	645,252
1899.....	636,234	180	16,308		51,543	704,265
1900.....	937,084		30,117		33,107	1,000,308
1901.....	1,333,916		59,964		43,202	1,437,082
1902.....	719,971		18,778	4,436	28,873	772,058
1903.....	607,146		12,392	2,689	28,992	651,219
1904.....	454,943		13,456	4,530	16,290	489,219
1905.....	259,527		13,288	2,866	25,341	301,022
1906.....	543,655		9,188	8,918	22,539	584,300
1907.....	474,646		15,488	6,207	24,269	520,610

SUGAR.

1896.....	1,708,706	3,193,877	179,789		8,940	5,091,312
1897.....	1,500,349	3,777,867	61,257		6,064	5,345,537
1898.....	1,499,191	3,417,952	55,397		8,605	4,981,145
1899.....	923,187	4,120,558	11,451		10,916	5,066,112
1900.....	1,258,549	3,995,845	26,215		7,811	5,288,420
1901.....	1,074,979	4,243,706	90,548		2,559	5,411,792
1902.....	784,345	3,842,432	353,712		2,695	4,983,184
1903.....	693,893	3,730,675	571,750	142	5,250	5,001,710
1904.....	543,949	1,938,730	2,886,881	329	11,596	5,381,485
1905.....	1,018,464	2,570,848	2,553,325		4,224	6,146,861
1906.....	1,262,393	1,424,372	3,108,199	106	4,075	5,799,145
1907.....	1,155,040	1,685,352	2,240,749	826	3,650	5,085,617

IMPORTS INTO JAPAN.

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Principal Imports into Japan during the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Articles and Countries.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bicycles and tricycles—					
British America.....	6,635	2,287	1,102	1,810	494
Germany.....	3,513	11,378	32,336	38,407	43,447
Great Britain.....	8,432	40,419	42,177	145,893	336,380
United States.....	407,715	431,538	203,269	202,562	118,362
Other countries.....	2,179	852	436	241	2,034
Totals.....	428,474	486,474	279,320	388,913	500,717
Blankets—					
Germany.....	19,348	43,105	93,928	67,965	72,531
Great Britain.....	39,799	34,490	3,110,507	2,250,128	72,093
Switzerland.....	1,689	4,671	5,389	26,346	25,668
Other countries.....	952	868	1,733	9,594	7,000
Totals.....	61,788	83,134	3,211,557	2,354,033	177,292
Breadstuffs—					
Beans, pease and pulse—					
China.....	1,762,069	2,751,569	2,584,795	3,651,004	2,564,729
Corea.....	1,127,450	1,145,097	1,358,195	1,522,962	2,182,479
Other countries.....	3,834	100,041	275,105	98,205	45,308
Totals.....	2,893,353	3,996,707	4,218,095	5,272,173	4,792,516
Rice—					
British India.....	3,612,742	13,713,837	17,928,955	16,479,685	7,565,694
China.....	170,845	1,022,446	408,806	735,723	135,375
Corea.....	1,980,656	2,390,609	789,314	634,251	789,500
French India.....	2,325,697	7,103,684	7,894,435	4,251,250	3,241,149
Other countries.....	785,468	1,749,560	2,874,445	1,889,724	1,354,322
Totals.....	8,875,408	25,980,136	29,895,955	23,990,633	13,086,040
Wheat—					
British America.....		17,230	51		
British India.....		369,292	37,842	166,724	6,752
China.....	1,019	1,113,794	8,549	3,070	671
Corea.....	118,609	20,719	703	819	63,595
United States.....	21	860,991	423,172	1,214,410	584,356
Other countries.....	376	1,893	298,069	621,023	33,500
Totals.....	120,025	2,383,919	768,386	2,006,046	685,874
Wheat flour—					
British America.....	11,677	95,400	106,203	52,054	81,821
United States.....	1,621,888	5,051,838	4,671,506	4,816,774	3,962,135
Other countries.....	5,597	14,972	34,990	106,856	51,535
Totals.....	1,639,162	5,162,210	4,812,699	4,975,684	4,095,491
Coal—					
Great Britain.....	459,298	837,747	5,634,976	2,728,852	72,851
United States.....	188,274	148,408	462,253	413	19,676
Other countries.....	1,615	306	2,713	3,096	37,468
Totals.....	649,187	986,461	6,099,942	2,732,361	129,995
Comestibles, in cans—					
British America.....	3,251	1,710	88,658	2,264	1,628
France.....	2,694	4,745	7,998	11,545	15,016
Germany.....	1,088	3,001	4,357	4,311	5,233
Great Britain.....	17,478	27,391	27,564	20,399	25,166
Switzerland.....	91	2,812	7,281	6,067	4,580
United States.....	23,447	25,130	800,852	200,148	51,941
Other countries.....	12,563	13,142	18,343	31,451	24,999
Totals.....	60,612	77,931	955,053	276,185	128,563

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Principal Imports into Japan,
&c.—Continued.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

Articles and Countries.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cotton goods—					
Cotton flannels—					
Belgium.....	8,157	30,105	21,663	16,121	5,241
Germany.....	254,536	190,219	96,854	143,519	261,621
Great Britain.....	7,250	4,030	190	10,831	113,622
Holland.....	75,604	42,153	17,350	70,005	145,257
Other countries.....	6,859	1,966		290	1,375
Totals.....	352,406	268,473	136,057	240,766	527,116
Cotton prints—					
Great Britain.....	1,214,096	942,903	231,184	648,639	1,219,653
Russia.....	6,648	11,397	741		1,784
Switzerland.....	58,805	13,379	13,695	9,831	17,795
Other countries.....	21,467	20,009	20,426	38,018	46,933
Totals.....	1,301,016	987,688	266,046	696,488	1,286,165
Cotton satins—					
France.....	357	387			
Great Britain.....	892,272	567,501	324,590	999,939	1,084,542
Other countries.....	1,639	2,541	3,683	23	9,355
Totals.....	894,268	570,429	328,273	999,962	1,093,897
Cotton shirting, gray and white—					
Great Britain.....	3,097,110	2,113,037	1,360,809	3,950,522	4,333,336
Holland.....	17,002	13,469	11,179	16,742	27,733
United States.....	17,060		104,505	4,437	5
Other countries.....	42	678	10,139	4,772	6,053
Totals.....	3,131,214	2,127,184	1,486,632	3,976,473	4,367,127
Cotton velvets—					
Germany.....	81,856	38,711	2,918	37,224	23,312
Great Britain.....	528,890	340,777	142,358	390,223	325,094
Other countries.....	4,792	366	1,513	4,597	8,166
Totals.....	615,538	379,854	146,789	432,044	356,572
Fish—					
Salmon and trout, salted—					
British America.....	187,286	47,498	139,459	143,610	203,877
Russia.....	716,814	709,638	49,346	28,401	559,259
United States.....	101,329	21,582	96,652	186,532	182,436
Other countries.....	315			2,304	954
Totals.....	1,005,744	778,718	285,457	360,847	946,526
Leather, sole—					
Australia.....	43,788	835	16,567	247,608	7,474
United States.....	219,735	301,076	1,280,532	3,510,586	539,805
Other countries.....	2,173	3,773	8,946	425,892	51,776
Totals.....	265,696	305,684	1,306,045	4,184,086	599,055
Leather, other—					
British India.....	43,150	81,989	77,063	115,102	100,900
Germany.....	39,656	28,096	47,386	69,827	74,193
Great Britain.....	68,638	75,079	60,476	131,841	176,858
Straits Settlements.....	181,055	172,015	252,556	378,054	167,883
United States.....	58,629	78,033	402,032	2,034,554	308,135
Other countries.....	16,226	25,239	36,925	111,721	84,433
Totals.....	407,354	460,451	876,438	2,841,099	912,402
Milk, condensed—					
Great Britain.....	162,319	184,226	167,132	197,521	190,478
Switzerland.....	63,803	78,658	88,228	137,589	119,629
United States.....	179,294	208,116	315,292	457,246	436,129
Other countries.....	26,557	18,995	18,398	11,834	8,151
Totals.....	431,973	489,995	589,050	804,190	754,387

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Principal Imports into Japan,
 &c.—Continued.

Articles and Countries.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Paper, glazed or fancy—					
Austria-Hungary.....	29,520	46,203	18,622	34,339	31,784
Belgium.....	34,510	45,258	11,636	137,136	103,912
Germany.....	101,476	114,660	80,145	266,316	223,470
Great Britain.....	10,001	9,270	3,276	12,480	5,696
Other countries.....	3,297	8,359	3,525	25,822	21,533
Totals.....	178,804	223,750	117,204	476,093	386,395
Paper, imitation Japanese writing—					
Austria-Hungary.....	140,716	132,780	135,795	210,036	294,945
Belgium.....	29,713	14,212	683	13,973	54,312
Germany.....	81,599	111,649	139,025	203,241	218,307
Other countries.....	5,807	3,798	3,549	26,192	82,094
Totals.....	257,835	262,439	279,052	453,442	649,658
Paper, printing—					
Austria-Hungary.....	75,999	35,036	35,484	132,652	76,722
Belgium.....	245,075	136,065	134,416	193,910	264,052
British America.....				3,020	22,571
Germany.....	117,874	53,704	81,272	79,179	115,542
Great Britain.....	164,796	216,959	187,595	259,611	233,278
United States.....	90,082	47,856	40,821	243,966	402,620
Other countries.....	7,605	6,017	8,401	30,738	20,991
Totals.....	701,431	495,637	487,989	943,076	1,135,776
Pulp—					
British America.....	1,235	1,695	8,850		856
Germany.....	104,980	217,302	300,407	338,018	638,589
Great Britain.....	24,794	40,208	1,282	23,962	67,844
Norway and Sweden.....	36,854	23,609	77,061	128,664	84,745
United States.....	8,611	29,914	19,407	32,768	35,308
Other countries.....	6,055	842	20,782	237	54,658
Totals.....	182,529	313,570	427,789	523,649	882,000
Timber—					
British America.....	23,760	60,612	41,782	81,017	33,435
China.....	54,843	40,654	20,055	23,888	49,648
Great Britain.....	6,093	43,626	6,672	19,370	37,050
Siam.....	187,212	78,468	73,649	371,348	166,942
United States.....	78,443	96,407	97,017	131,158	217,406
Other countries.....	27,330	17,515	14,728	13,906	158,448
Totals.....	377,681	337,282	253,903	640,687	662,929
Woollen and worsted goods—					
Mousseline de laine—					
France.....	954,467	1,157,595	279,130	587,721	305,488
Germany.....	467,446	267,647	203,038	336,078	278,533
Switzerland.....	453,628	640,127	427,087	593,140	749,285
Other countries.....	1,877	29,169	20	16,245	2,478
Totals.....	1,877,418	2,094,538	909,275	1,533,184	1,335,784
Cloths (pure)—					
Belgium.....	40,165	75,363	9,481	9,593	42,758
Germany.....	323,172	281,123	261,818	421,811	476,475
Great Britain.....	584,547	865,119	558,948	4,921,425	5,007,271
Holland.....	29,048	46,315	10,467	23,977	45,465
Other countries.....	23,074	37,177	36,413	62,848	61,490
Totals.....	1,000,006	1,305,097	877,127	5,439,654	5,633,459
Cloths (mixed with cotton)—					
Germany.....	94,129	88,327	24,654	54,831	275,120
Great Britain.....	587,068	339,768	373,847	2,188,992	1,250,630
Holland.....	20,873	31,235	11,016	24,088	94,390
Other countries.....	12,947	18,096	3,475	6,818	37,633
Totals.....	715,017	477,426	412,992	2,274,729	1,657,773

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Principal Imports into Japan,
&c.—*Concluded.*

Articles and Countries.	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Woollen and worsted goods— <i>Con.</i>					
Serges—					
Germany.....	28,695	31,961	50,142	76,998	85,069
Great Britain.....	91,089	176,927	251,056	233,603	370,840
Other countries.....	1,383	4,898	3,784	972	5,927
Totals.....	121,167	213,786	304,982	311,573	461,836

IMPORTS OF TEA INTO CANADA.

STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Quantities and Values of Tea Imported for Consumption into Canada, during the Years ended June 30, 1898 to 1907.

Years ended June 30.	GREAT BRITAIN.		BRITISH EAST INDIES.		CHINA.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
1899.....	4,083,598	667,232	2,769,961	408,437	3,622,006	420,395
1899.....	4,682,935	788,373	4,864,317	690,207	3,008,184	361,015
1900.....	4,449,292	748,336	7,749,243	1,148,402	3,487,434	391,421
1901.....	4,751,122	687,999	6,723,398	925,428	3,963,148	468,386
1902.....	5,207,915	843,720	6,496,635	993,232	1,145,048	150,814
1903.....	6,117,577	948,798	10,976,090	1,523,983	1,888,732	258,570
1904.....	5,695,425	949,872	16,533,212	2,462,187	2,099,909	259,862
1905.....	5,176,359	833,841	13,330,646	1,780,810	1,327,545	165,022
1906.....	6,360,224	1,010,303	14,328,810	1,921,875	993,123	143,084
1907.....	7,409,332	1,200,736	13,605,454	1,863,118	1,039,403	153,025

JAPAN.		UNITED STATES.		OTHER COUNTRIES.		TOTAL.	
Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
8,953,186	1,165,536	521,234	58,974	4,577	615	19,954,562	2,721,189
11,695,322	1,529,201	798,710	142,216	6,139	716	25,055,607	3,511,728
9,089,964	1,276,782	188,460	38,660	3,889	426	24,968,282	3,604,027
7,413,327	1,064,556	110,130	20,752	83,189	9,674	23,044,314	3,176,795
6,430,984	910,000	217,151	38,394	32,921	4,237	19,530,654	2,940,397
4,352,892	673,131	587,190	53,968	46,890	6,289	23,969,371	3,464,739
6,374,013	978,752	610,653	39,832	46,802	5,937	31,360,014	4,696,442
6,287,630	869,501	144,873	15,815	47,189	5,951	26,314,242	3,670,940
3,768,310	562,317	162,677	25,452	19,483	2,750	25,632,627	3,665,781
4,063,599	602,393	371,814	39,259	978	197	26,490,580	3,858,728

TRADE OF BRITISH GUIANA.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of British Guiana; also the Tonnage of Vessels Entered and Cleared during the Years 1893 to 1907.

Years ended March 31.	Total Imports.	EXPORTS.			Aggregate Trade.	TONNAGE OF VESSELS (EXCEPT COASTING) ENTERED AND CLEARED	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.		British.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1893.....	8,664,219	11,426,226	415,411	11,841,637	20,505,856	363,685	637,398
1894.....	9,347,455	11,078,032	402,035	11,480,067	20,827,522	379,785	648,528
1895.....	8,121,250	9,302,618	624,900	9,927,518	18,048,768	401,294	650,547
1896.....	7,025,291	8,117,289	494,278	8,611,567	15,636,858	303,626	534,062
1897.....	6,529,655	8,724,220	519,803	9,244,023	15,773,678	468,648	695,229
1898.....	6,243,816	8,214,105	466,884	8,680,989	14,924,805	394,936	621,198
1899.....	6,674,205	8,141,996	499,700	8,641,696	15,315,901	417,911	648,708
1900.....	6,329,765	8,587,138	667,070	9,254,208	15,583,973	435,395	653,475
1901.....	6,688,937	9,100,385	827,964	9,928,349	16,617,286	449,117	709,928
1902.....	6,790,891	7,974,657	826,737	8,801,394	15,592,285	485,273	725,867
1903.....	6,931,605	8,033,035	749,761	8,782,796	15,714,401	498,801	729,531
1904.....	7,948,913	8,056,295	631,887	8,688,182	16,637,095	572,142	793,532
1905.....	7,380,437	8,907,427	649,603	9,557,030	16,937,467	598,426	866,604
1906.....	7,978,588	8,791,100	781,994	9,573,094	17,551,682	569,603	794,440
1907.....	8,115,862	7,964,546	882,371	8,846,917	16,962,779	526,278	735,494

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of British Guiana during the Years 1893 to 1907.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1893 TO 1907.

Years ended March 31.	Great Britain.	*British North America.	British West Indies.	Other British.	Dutch Guiana.	French Guiana.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1893.....	4,618,714	442,930	374,699	677,109	92,802	20,406	2,128,655	308,904
1894.....	5,094,728	437,075	332,150	756,275	37,512	10,921	2,342,487	336,307
1895.....	4,294,293	472,051	232,393	549,846	64,381	31,487	2,120,825	355,974
1896.....	3,843,776	337,484	246,248	411,579	51,061	22,854	1,857,336	254,953
1897.....	3,813,992	421,531	148,049	387,211	75,929	16,668	1,455,788	210,487
1898.....	3,605,606	307,169	139,372	261,588	36,928	41,649	1,663,129	188,375
1899.....	3,709,315	281,288	216,089	305,803	113,423	10,419	1,855,937	181,931
1900.....	3,586,507	314,842	124,508	307,968	53,902	9,548	1,806,344	126,146
1901.....	3,230,495	373,678	134,982	410,915	4,588	14,189	1,901,333	618,757
1902.....	3,375,684	403,425	99,932	225,011	2,258	5,275	1,943,807	735,499
1903.....	3,496,926	400,696	80,347	155,732	8,262	130	2,172,856	616,656
1904.....	4,170,062	513,700	236,271	172,651	2,457	7,726	2,286,932	559,114
1905.....	3,775,220	484,165	167,731	262,226	4,024	1,421	2,128,704	556,946
1906.....	4,127,781	562,351	126,215	289,262	9,273	2,186	2,258,475	603,045
1907.....	4,424,086	547,232	132,912	139,038	7,521	3,531	2,300,530	561,012

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1893 TO 1907.

1893.....	6,184,531	310,591	121,759	15,812	119,705	92,369	4,772,073	224,797
1894.....	6,006,464	481,162	156,147	18,114	156,351	90,744	4,372,524	198,561
1895.....	6,199,896	128,534	185,658	9,140	146,136	150,200	2,906,796	201,158
1896.....	4,712,159	206,123	77,098	17,807	125,652	147,801	3,200,772	124,155
1897.....	4,692,673	96,982	160,761	13,188	144,486	135,118	3,790,904	209,911
1898.....	4,618,539	80,265	117,146	6,339	124,382	115,866	3,429,033	189,419
1899.....	3,978,903	34,796	75,083	11,067	175,546	77,419	4,129,985	158,897
1900.....	4,629,076	87,847	119,865	8,660	154,525	88,415	4,022,352	143,468
1901.....	4,555,241	181,977	89,242	7,623	125,262	78,563	4,365,505	524,936
1902.....	3,611,604	379,196	87,615	20,266	105,371	76,920	3,878,903	641,519
1903.....	3,675,142	592,652	80,390	10,808	93,407	129,486	3,761,177	439,734
1904.....	3,234,932	2,907,648	74,596	7,816	48,916	79,596	1,968,399	366,279
1905.....	3,652,929	2,582,511	128,718	6,849	82,896	45,916	2,626,017	431,194
1906.....	4,136,476	3,126,129	94,806	18,375	102,058	34,310	1,571,568	489,372
1907.....	3,850,386	2,278,860	192,376	12,676	111,722	38,591	1,991,220	371,086

* Figures subsequent to 1901 are for Canada only.

No. 3.—STATEMENT of Imports into British Guiana, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and British North America, for the Years ended March 31, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

IMPORTS INTO BRITISH GUIANA—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31.

	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From Canada.		
	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bacon.....	3,285	3,477	3,702	2,476	2,634	2,540	59	843	1,160	11	.....	.....
Bicycles.....	3,000	6,001	.....	4,961	6,240	.....	537	239	.....	.....	.....	.....
Butter.....	93,578	97,334	116,479	41,351	44,258	45,756	7,678	3,776	8,595	9,483	9,858	11,310
Beef, pickled.....	54,135	94,351	87,107	1,324	1,308	716	53,303	92,515	86,243	30	130	132
Bread and Biscuits.....	30,135	28,690	27,892	8,710	10,132	9,458	15,355	15,355	11,282	1,360	1,648	1,951
Building Material.....	8,093	22,806	8,466	1,040	19,325	2,985	7,577	3,444	5,099	20	.....	18
Cheese.....	29,693	31,225	34,730	4,645	4,136	2,949	7,654	444	1,004	2,335	3,510	4,070
Clothing.....	29,243	41,337	37,646	29,533	40,335	31,013	350	685	6,507	288	172	58
Coal.....	118,254	127,880	163,741	86,894	95,044	142,215	31,363	32,632	21,526	.....	.....	9
Confectionery.....	118,685	13,813	15,704	14,588	13,395	15,412	101	161	123	61	35	.....
Cormeal and oatmeal.....	24,247	24,070	21,355	2,778	2,510	2,485	19,015	20,077	18,868	2,790	173	.....
Cordage and twine.....	34,464	32,890	48,129	23,923	23,929	36,919	1,609	2,273	2,829	8,911	6,653	8,114
Drugs.....	52,516	48,533	63,540	41,520	39,010	50,474	9,041	8,805	11,897	965	368	.....
Fish, dried.....	236,133	282,984	254,438	2,706	21,881	19,116	21,872	35,489	20,052	202,702	217,678	206,693
Fish, all other.....	71,410	87,813	87,902	15,469	16,941	24,058	17,461	24,767	19,494	27,561	37,475	40,433
Flour.....	856,038	893,946	731,842	518	6,101	147	811,508	699,077	671,571	40,266	86,921	56,719
Glass manufactures.....	22,646	22,664	20,657	16,691	16,684	22,163	3,764	3,517	2,585	1,025	1,042	340
Haberdashery and millinery.....	183,104	217,540	220,754	180,620	210,659	215,334	1,594	3,367	2,754	407	15	4
Hams.....	26,929	30,275	34,682	6,628	8,366	9,151	19,846	21,906	20,736	455	2	4,790
Horses.....	1,801	5,835	2,250	.....	225	600	995	3,338	813	500	1,913	.....
Hardware and cutlery.....	78,315	84,905	111,559	67,458	69,731	95,341	9,585	9,585	14,812	478	512	621
Hay and chaff.....	7,130	6,023	5,294	348	205	205	3,669	13,055	2,228	2,920	1,664	2,861
Hoops, iron.....	6,518	10,305	14,400	6,518	10,305	14,400	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lumber.....	136,202	152,441	135,792	99	103	102	114,080	137,630	114,368	22,023	14,368	21,631
Lard.....	26,172	34,634	33,187	526	245	205	25,632	34,118	32,908	14	.....	.....
Leather manufactures —	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boots and shoes.....	95,757	80,218	122,635	61,075	44,398	84,924	33,203	34,063	37,217	811	1,680	377
Other manufactures.....	27,452	27,962	35,145	23,661	22,075	28,349	3,358	4,889	5,991	414	829	536
Linen, cotton and woollen goods.....	715,181	820,129	895,198	634,295	696,180	771,263	79,430	122,851	120,337	393	489	150
Meats, preserved in this.....	12,271	14,249	10,101	3,927	3,882	3,393	7,574	10,183	5,843	611	94	211
Malt liquor.....	102,497	79,312	112,712	101,607	77,452	111,509	470	625	625	.....	.....	135
Manures.....	611,908	706,375	686,713	608,757	675,281	664,749	239	532	717	.....	24,081	.....
Musical instruments.....	7,004	7,734	8,094	6,275	6,952	6,913	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Machinery, including sewing machines.....	280,943	565,697	358,859	218,627	484,629	257,384	58,361	71,075	92,088	445	108	143
Medicines, patent and proprietary.....	17,495	25,980	18,359	7,543	10,249	10,692	9,138	13,039	6,501	815	2,426	1,020
Naval stores.....	15,508	21,229	27,848	13,073	18,777	24,869	1,956	1,909	2,399	466	543	580

Oats.....	70,602	80,655	90,601	7,016	8,825	7,967	36,916	46,258	48,179	25,048	23,447	26,241
Oilse.....	183,237	189,116	214,487	31,857	42,788	33,331	141,434	140,994	175,553	3,362	3,109	4,368
Onions.....	52,512	28,942	41,101	3,757	1,111	7,427	233	33	1,454	2,363	909	5,526
Paints.....	19,555	27,026	25,597	17,177	23,092	22,087	565	456	517	2,812	3,451	2,993
Pork, pickled.....	175,995	190,233	204,422	3	63	.....	174,256	189,652	203,836	904	523	319
Potatoes.....	116,671	116,522	109,680	29,556	25,741	18,553	435	832	1,892	65,449	66,075	64,298
Pulse and grain.....	160,452	133,406	181,472	64,164	48,014	83,098	51,815	34,972	35,430	26,506	24,990	53,939
Rice.....	455,482	274,406	131,563	182,428	35,002	22,635	7,480	16,501	18,933	.....	.....	.....
Staves.....	44,017	30,025	85,633	.....	.....	.....	4,017	29,879	85,618	.....	.....	15
Soaps and soap powders.....	61,829	72,880	65,921	55,322	67,194	57,085	3,434	3,859	5,239	1,808	1,529	3,412
Sleep.....	7,067	6,099	5,549	.....	98	.....	6,644	5,273	5,538	423	675	.....
Shocks.....	26,314	22,961	26,312	14,483	.....	.....	10,005	22,343	26,312	.....	.....	.....
Tea.....	16,239	14,468	15,477	15,353	12,979	14,535	115	11	313	757	1,019	483
Tobacco all kinds.....	97,521	110,678	106,830	45,263	51,953	53,689	49,910	53,315	49,163	1,453	622	413
Whiskey.....	43,403	47,335	51,415	43,304	47,258	51,405	.....	12	10	7	.....	.....
All other articles.....	1,699,078	1,869,324	1,922,790	913,608	980,590	1,100,326	213,328	275,249	274,748	24,627	21,525	21,665
Total (mdse.).....	7,250,372	7,875,723	7,839,762	3,663,025	4,048,128	4,180,583	2,115,937	2,241,387	2,281,382	484,139	562,351	547,212
Coin and bullion.....	130,065	102,865	276,100	112,195	79,633	243,503	12,767	17,088	19,148	26	.....	20
Total imports.....	7,380,437	7,978,588	8,115,862	3,775,220	4,127,781	4,424,086	2,128,704	2,258,475	2,300,530	484,165	562,351	547,232

No. 4.—STATEMENT of Exports from British Guiana, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, the United States and British North America, for the Years ended March 31, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS FROM BRITISH GUIANA—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31.														
	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To Canada.				
	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Balata.....	252,530	222,859	277,113	200,022	199,965	188,738		36,631	19,049	80,569		1,645		
Coal.....	9,031	13,633	8,591											
Molasses.....	71,936	42,873	56,781	10,110	5,068	31,343				1,510		123	4,960	1,722
Rice.....	21,040	10,017	94,493	17		25								
Rum.....	301,022	584,300	520,610	259,527	543,655	474,640						13,288	9,188	15,488
Sugar, raw.....	6,146,861	5,799,145	5,085,617	1,018,464	1,262,393	1,155,040		2,570,848	1,424,372	1,685,352		2,553,325	3,108,199	2,240,749
Timber.....	117,287	119,706	74,670	83,438	97,830	39,979		18	135			86		
All other articles.....	857,537	926,073	861,064	301,565	290,677	306,729		16,520	10,412	9,695		14,044	3,782	20,901
Total (mdse.).....	7,777,244	7,718,606	6,978,939	1,873,143	2,399,588	2,196,500		2,626,017	1,453,968	1,777,128		2,582,511	3,126,129	2,278,860
Bullion—														
Gold, raw.....	1,692,311	1,692,194	1,536,662	1,692,311	1,574,594	1,322,570			117,600	214,092				
Com—														
Gold and silver.....	87,475	162,294	331,316	87,475	162,294	331,316								
Total exports.....	9,557,030	9,573,094	8,846,917	3,652,929	4,136,476	3,850,386		2,626,017	1,571,568	1,991,220		2,582,511	3,126,129	2,278,860

TRADE OF CANADA WITH FRANCE.

(From Canadian Returns.)

Years ended June 30.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1898.....	3,291,213	684,138	3,975,351	1,015,612	9,650	1,025,262	5,000,613
1899.....	3,341,369	547,926	3,889,295	1,551,909	5,813	1,557,722	5,447,017
1900.....	3,503,609	864,893	4,368,502	1,372,359	2,411	1,374,770	5,743,272
1901.....	4,569,060	828,961	5,398,021	1,436,628	144,703	1,581,331	6,979,352
1902.....	5,546,876	1,125,318	6,672,194	1,300,798	88,050	1,388,848	8,061,042
1903.....	5,159,258	1,420,771	6,580,029	1,316,713	24,905	1,341,618	7,921,647
1904.....	5,056,303	1,150,222	6,206,525	1,539,462	58,466	1,597,928	7,804,453
1905.....	5,345,962	1,713,177	7,059,139	1,479,999	31,299	1,511,298	8,570,437
1906.....	6,205,612	1,462,375	7,667,987	2,110,444	9,647	2,120,091	9,788,078
1907.....	7,427,630	1,718,255	9,145,885	1,746,184	11,602	1,757,786	10,903,671

TRADE OF FRANCE (Nine Months.)

STATEMENT showing by Classes, the Value of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *nine months* ending September, 1906, and 1907.

	NINE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 com- pared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	£
Food products.....	126,166,200	145,924,200	+ 19,758,000
Raw material.....	549,483,600	574,538,400	+ 20,054,800
Manufactures.....	145,741,400	170,508,200	+ 24,766,800
Total imports.....	821,391,200	890,970,800	+ 69,579,600
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	101,733,200	106,536,400	+ 4,803,200
Raw material.....	214,540,000	227,423,800	+ 12,883,800
Manufactures.....	394,113,800	426,741,400	+ 32,627,600
Small parcels.....	55,116,600	57,212,600	+ 2,096,000
Total exports.....	765,503,600	817,914,200	+ 52,410,600
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	821,391,200	890,970,800	+ 69,579,600
Exports.....	765,503,600	817,914,200	+ 52,410,600
Total trade.....	1,586,894,800	1,708,885,000	+ 121,990,200

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *nine months* ending September 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	NINE MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 com- pared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	68,471	168,787	+ 100,316
	Other countries.....	127,030	120,197	— 6,833
	Totals.....	195,501	288,984	+ 93,483
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	57,525	79,198	+ 21,673
	Other countries.....	262,190	118,650	— 143,540
	Totals.....	319,715	197,848	— 121,867
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	19,582	100,966	+ 81,384
	Other countries.....	24,340	16,833	— 7,517
	Totals.....	43,922	117,799	+ 73,867
Rye.....	All countries.....	293	10,148	+ 9,855
Corn.....	All countries.....	252,750	368,981	+ 116,231

NOTE.—Metric ton=1,000 kgr.=2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from October report of A. Poindron, commercial agent at Paris.

TRADE OF JAPAN.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Japan, for the Years ended December 31, 1901 to 1906.

NOTE.—Yen—49½ cents.

Principal Countries.	Calendar Years.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.
Imports—						
Australasia.....	1,778,000	1,672,000	1,200,000	4,399,000	6,001,000	4,128,000
Belgium.....	5,811,000	6,978,000	7,579,000	6,104,000	11,002,000	10,551,000
British America.....	182,000	517,000	499,000	837,000	732,000	1,002,000
British India.....	42,780,000	50,977,000	71,218,000	70,738,000	93,625,000	62,783,000
China.....	27,257,000	40,591,000	45,458,000	54,810,000	52,618,000	57,397,000
France.....	3,753,000	4,746,000	5,108,000	3,334,000	5,129,000	4,997,000
Germany.....	28,320,000	25,813,000	26,959,000	28,697,000	42,580,000	42,500,000
Great Britain.....	50,576,000	50,364,000	48,737,000	74,993,000	115,380,000	101,311,000
Hong Kong.....	11,142,000	2,455,000	1,740,000	2,495,000	1,129,000	685,000
Philippine Islands.....	2,981,000	1,494,000	3,422,000	2,469,000	1,368,000	1,143,000
Russia.....	4,725,000	6,067,000	8,560,000	6,524,000	2,756,000	1,448,000
Switzerland.....	2,209,000	1,951,000	2,188,000	1,960,000	2,974,000	4,480,000
United States.....	42,769,000	48,653,000	46,274,000	58,116,000	104,287,000	69,949,000
Other countries.....	31,534,000	29,453,000	48,194,000	55,885,000	48,957,000	56,410,000
Total imports.....	255,817,000	271,731,000	317,136,000	371,361,000	488,538,000	418,784,000
Exports—						
Australasia.....	2,533,000	3,172,000	3,352,000	4,439,000	4,073,000	4,226,000
Belgium.....	519,000	600,000	487,000	311,000	666,000	1,308,000
British America.....	3,276,000	3,486,000	2,924,000	3,212,000	3,240,000	3,953,000
British India.....	9,658,000	13,337,000	15,195,000	14,676,000	12,422,000	14,386,000
China.....	42,926,000	46,839,000	64,994,000	67,986,000	98,682,000	117,780,000
France.....	27,276,000	27,283,000	34,279,000	36,320,000	27,227,000	40,289,000
Germany.....	5,251,000	4,737,000	5,186,000	4,104,000	4,360,000	8,396,000
Great Britain.....	11,483,000	17,346,000	16,545,000	17,644,000	13,039,000	22,553,000
Hong Kong.....	41,787,000	25,876,000	29,725,000	28,160,000	20,215,000	27,061,000
Philippine Islands.....	2,581,000	1,732,000	1,676,000	1,676,000	1,364,000	1,375,000
Russia.....	3,143,000	3,114,000	3,365,000	81,000	1,720,000	11,022,000
Switzerland.....	150,000	756,000	265,000	589,000	12,000	23,000
United States.....	72,309,000	80,233,000	82,724,000	101,251,000	94,009,000	125,964,000
Other countries.....	29,458,000	29,792,000	28,785,000	38,812,000	40,505,000	45,419,000
Total exports.....	252,350,000	258,303,000	289,502,000	319,261,000	321,534,000	423,755,000

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports into Japan for the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Classified Commodities.	Calendar Years.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.
Arms, clocks, watches, instruments, tools and machinery.....	12,114,000	13,220,000	14,758,000	27,954,000	27,041,000
Beverages and comestibles.....	8,714,000	15,158,000	14,933,000	15,345,000	14,706,000
Clothing and accessories.....	1,328,000	1,374,000	1,261,000	1,841,000	2,456,000
Drugs, chemicals and medicines.....	7,183,000	6,712,000	8,126,000	10,909,000	10,170,000
Dyes, colours and paints.....	6,682,000	7,729,000	5,418,000	7,385,000	9,701,000
Glass and glass manufactures.....	1,837,000	1,425,000	947,000	1,762,000	2,866,000
Grains and seeds.....	26,223,000	67,113,000	73,093,000	66,573,000	39,934,000
Horns, ivory, skins, hair, shells, &c.....	3,076,000	3,272,000	8,277,000	18,095,000	5,854,000
Metals and metal manufactures—					
(a) Iron and steel.....	18,769,000	21,919,000	24,928,000	41,387,000	35,673,000
(b) Other.....	5,068,000	5,822,000	7,845,000	16,583,000	12,530,000
Totals, metals, &c.....	23,837,000	27,741,000	32,773,000	57,970,000	48,203,000
Oil and wax.....	16,700,000	13,929,000	21,116,000	15,176,000	17,321,000
Paper and stationery.....	4,948,000	4,855,000	3,975,000	7,914,000	8,976,000
Sugar.....	14,486,000	21,006,000	23,093,000	13,711,000	23,729,000
Tissues, yarn, threads and raw materials thereof—					
(a) Cotton.....	96,950,000	81,371,000	83,419,000	131,387,000	107,059,000
(b) Wool.....	14,305,000	16,316,000	19,343,000	35,250,000	32,779,000
(c) Silk.....	2,457,000	1,941,000	1,235,000	2,237,000	2,910,000
(d) Hemp.....	2,103,000	2,073,000	3,018,000	6,423,000	4,012,000
(e) Other.....	1,055,000	1,203,000	7,471,000	6,704,000	2,642,000
Totals, tissues, yarns, &c.....	116,870,000	102,904,000	114,486,000	182,001,000	149,402,000
Tobacco.....	996,000	1,118,000	1,510,000	2,218,000	1,745,000
Wines, liquors and spirits.....	696,000	769,000	771,000	1,037,000	1,428,000
Miscellaneous.....	25,629,000	28,303,000	46,271,000	57,782,000	54,296,000
Totals.....	271,319,000	316,628,000	370,808,000	487,673,000	417,828,000
Re-imports.....	412,000	508,000	553,000	865,000	956,000
Total imports.....	271,731,000	317,136,000	371,361,000	488,538,000	418,784,000

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports from Japan for the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Classified Commodities.	Calendar Years.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.
Beverages and comestibles—					
(a) Tea.....	10,484,000	13,935,000	12,834,000	10,584,000	10,767,000
(b) Grains.....	6,823,000	5,170,000	5,077,000	3,729,000	4,401,000
(c) Marine productions.....	6,200,000	7,073,000	7,866,000	7,938,000	9,049,000
(d) Other.....	5,222,000	6,255,000	8,880,000	17,424,000	24,704,000
Totals, beverages, &c.....	28,729,000	32,433,000	34,657,000	39,675,000	48,921,000
Clothing and accessories.....	2,860,000	3,474,000	4,616,000	5,577,000	9,667,000
Drugs, medicines, chemicals, dyes and paints.....	6,151,000	7,323,000	7,880,000	7,313,000	8,751,000
Metal and metal manufactures.....	12,796,000	18,330,000	16,379,000	18,939,000	29,846,000
Oil and wax.....	2,487,000	2,388,000	2,814,000	1,750,000	2,537,000
Paper and paper manufactures.....	1,786,000	2,053,000	2,795,000	3,003,000	4,635,000
Skins, hairs, shells, horns, &c.....	1,107,000	1,645,000	1,565,000	1,320,000	2,212,000
Tissues, yarns, threads, and raw materials thereof—					
(a) Silk.....	113,954,000	113,701,000	138,301,000	113,461,000	157,955,000
(b) Cotton.....	27,111,000	39,928,000	39,064,000	47,561,000	54,506,000
(c) Other.....	1,334,000	1,476,000	1,509,000	2,322,000	3,485,000
Totals, tissues, yarns, &c.....	142,399,000	155,105,000	178,874,000	163,344,000	215,946,000
Tobacco.....	2,366,000	2,128,000	2,695,000	3,523,000	1,978,000
Miscellaneous.....	54,994,000	61,093,000	63,455,000	73,845,000	94,692,000
Totals.....	255,675,000	285,972,000	315,730,000	318,289,000	419,185,000
Re-exports.....	2,628,000	3,530,000	3,531,000	3,245,000	4,570,000
Total exports.....	258,303,000	289,502,000	319,261,000	321,534,000	423,755,000

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing (by Principal Articles) the Trade of Japan with Canada and other British America for the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Principal Articles.	Calendar Years.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
IMPORTS FROM CANADA.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.	Yen.
Animals, living.....			355	12,226	
Arms, clocks, watches, instruments, tools, machinery.....	26,886	11,977	2,159		599
Bicycles and parts thereof.....	13,271	4,575			989
Butter.....	3,664	7,228	10,525	14,515	22,957
Books and stationery.....	747	3,463	179	2,558	972
Cheese.....	1,608	2,707	1,885	894	3,819
Comestibles in cans.....	6,503	3,420	177,316	4,528	3,255
Cotton duck.....	7,481	2,907		9,185	
Fertilizers.....		6,809	21,484	34,574	56,199
Fish, salted, salmon and trout.....	374,372	94,996	284,813	296,561	407,754
Flour.....	23,355	190,833	212,407	104,107	163,642
Iron and mild steel.....		426	3,253		6
Leather and manufactures of.....			693	5,362	171,935
Metals.....			6,151	52,110	45,142
Paper, printing.....				6,039	1,713
Pulp.....	2,470	3,389	17,700		66,869
Timber, lumber, planks and boards.....	47,521	121,224	83,564	162,034	56,469
All other articles.....	8,922	45,046	14,959	27,329	
Total imports.....	517,000	499,000	837,443	732,022	1,002,320
EXPORTS TO CANADA.					
Beverages and Comestibles—					
Fish.....	3,031	3,946	3,309	6,872	7,781
Mushroom, Shutake.....	5,217	5,626	5,218	8,370	9,908
Oranges.....	18,957	36,680	30,381		27,694
Rice.....	175,112	250,565	240,367	240,818	288,050
Sake.....	14,852	15,815	5,569	27,022	34,359
Shell-fish.....	1,436	1,121	1,146	1,797	2,223
Soy.....	8,709	11,148	10,840	13,027	15,100
Tea.....	938,117	1,289,628	1,384,937	878,671	909,327
Other beverages and comestibles.....	31,240	45,818	49,703	130,266	79,923
Clothing and accessories.....	28,139	32,418	28,697	41,864	82,297
Drugs, medicines, chemicals, dyes and paints—					
Camphor.....	20,607	25,592	28,715	20,487	13,901
Other.....	37,665	46,608	79,166	58,147	40,424
Metals and metal manufactures.....	7,009	8,898	6,941	21,520	29,529
Oil and wax.....	315	669	996	365	433
Paper and paper manufactures.....	24,186	14,106	15,764	19,360	17,732
Tissues, yarns, threads and raw materials thereof—					
Cotton manufactures.....	3,180	2,006	2,125	9,018	9,254
Silk manufactures.....	1,827,000	715,488	763,803	952,246	1,773,675
Carpets, cotton or hemp.....	19,944	21,509	13,982	19,426	9,630
Other tissues, &c.....	13,940	32,018	17,631	27,366	46,599
Miscellaneous—					
Bamboo and manufactures of.....	5,913	9,749	9,313	19,919	22,722
Brushes, tooth and other.....	20,714	45,311	50,699	37,632	73,543
Coal.....		59,409			
Fans.....	1,728	1,641	3,016	16,503	3,403
Lacquered ware.....	4,897	5,915	5,930	20,220	21,212
Mats for floor.....	155,205	85,300	58,159	128,090	82,986
Paper lanterns.....	1,307	784	2,425	3,433	4,039
Porcelain and earthenware.....	52,991	84,439	123,069	188,761	199,009
Screens.....	1,811	2,879	5,847	9,954	9,879
Toys.....	7,708	3,884	7,085	13,653	17,119
Other miscellaneous articles.....	55,070	65,030	256,842	325,229	121,300
Total exports.....	3,486,000	2,924,000	3,211,675	3,240,036	3,953,051

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

OCTOBER 1907

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1907

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,655	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,260,680	379,966,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	237,809,030	268,480,004	260,887,619	266,224,107	263,471,860	263,471,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	No.		(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,908	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,897,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....		3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Liabilities—								
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserves.....	.....	5,128,413	10,100,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,370,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,389	64,380,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,584,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,625,170	.....	.....
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	.....	.....
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,635	7,497,660	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	.....	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	.....	3,857	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,082,116	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—	.....	.....	409,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,675	.....	.....
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,336,239	1,924,014	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	985,895	856,028	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—Concluded.

—		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31.....	No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—	No.								
Post offices.....	No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued.....	{ \$	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent	No.	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,166,098
Post cards sent.....	No.	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	194,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Letters sent.....	No.	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue.....	\$	1,079,767	1,487,953	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,420	7,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,093
Expenditure.....	\$	1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—									
Canals—Vessels through (Season of naviga- (Tonnage,		4,658,227	4,208,098	3,978,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	
Freight carried) tion	{ Tons.	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	
Railways, electric—									
Miles in operation.....					672	767	793	814	
Passengers carried.....					120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	
Freight carried.....					400,161	400,161	510,350	506,024	
Earnings—Gross.....					5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	
Working expenses.....					3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	
Railways, steam—									
Miles in operation.....	No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	
Passengers carried.....	"		6,943,671	13,292,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	
Freight carried.....	"		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,906,713	
Earnings—Gross.....	Tons.		14,485,648	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,486	106,467,199	125,322,865	
Working expenses.....	\$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	73,977,574	87,129,434	
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—									
Customs Duties collected.....	\$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101	40,290,172
Excise Revenue collected.....	\$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,805,413
Imports, Total—	\$								
Dutiable Goods.....	\$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,856,659
Free Goods.....	\$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080	97,412,340
Totals (mdse).....	\$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,268,999
Coin and Bullion.....	\$	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,306,435	7,078,603	7,517,008
Total imports.....	\$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption)
Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	46,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,287,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,888,968	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	4,765,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,587,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

641,448,902	223,014,197	141,809,642	364,823,839	6,935,059	371,758,898	59,092,588
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending October, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)							Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.	Total Customs Duties Collected.	
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,888	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	54,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907

ENDING OCTOBER, 1907.

240,997,980	14,278,639	255,276,619	14,413,385	269,690,004	59,092,588	
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MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, seven months and twelve months* ending October, 1898 to 1907.

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.	
YEARS.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.				Total Exports.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
1898	6,426,294	4,805,156	11,231,450	498,446	11,729,896	15,899,339	2,636,682	18,536,021	1,453,841	19,989,862	31,719,758	1,910,978	
1899	8,777,730	5,645,679	14,423,409	134,557	14,557,966	16,686,299	1,902,276	18,588,575	148,437	18,737,012	33,294,978	2,401,264	
1900	9,107,310	6,418,110	15,525,420	699,064	16,224,484	17,089,026	1,063,880	18,152,906	101,543	18,254,449	34,478,933	2,494,718	
1901	9,778,697	7,633,758	17,412,455	769,191	18,181,646	23,237,194	2,076,137	25,313,331	19,143	25,332,474	43,514,120	2,719,326	
1902	11,320,974	7,319,128	18,849,102	668,266	19,517,368	23,639,761	1,592,272	25,232,033	27,541	25,259,574	44,776,942	3,189,287	
1903	12,744,001	8,387,446	21,131,447	524,230	21,655,677	21,804,307	1,890,690	23,694,997	27,635	23,722,632	45,378,309	3,463,559	
1904	12,736,596	8,749,737	21,486,333	305,406	21,791,739	19,507,155	1,418,256	20,925,411	48,981	20,974,392	42,766,131	3,700,585	
1905	14,600,961	9,097,172	23,698,133	1,208,693	24,906,826	30,092,039	1,642,832	31,735,531	120,150	31,855,681	56,762,507	3,992,056	
1906	17,741,256	11,379,312	29,120,568	2,609,263	31,729,831	26,880,090	1,838,350	28,718,440	1,802,864	30,521,304	62,251,135	4,688,244	
1907	19,289,753	12,194,747	31,484,500	440,315	31,924,815	23,697,148	2,925,930	26,623,078	414,353	27,037,431	58,962,246	5,119,136	

MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	48,983,109	36,529,632	85,512,741	4,881,639	90,394,380	79,651,678	12,974,694	92,626,372	2,214,174	94,840,546	185,234,926	13,940,245	1898
1899	58,017,272	38,739,728	96,754,000	4,753,851	101,507,851	88,812,175	10,824,414	99,636,589	1,240,190	100,876,779	202,384,630	16,182,451	1899
1900	62,251,403	42,142,838	104,394,241	4,191,935	108,586,176	103,362,700	8,313,583	111,676,283	1,721,572	113,397,855	221,984,031	16,826,900	1900
1901	66,943,450	46,169,672	113,113,122	2,735,678	115,848,800	115,141,234	11,672,019	126,813,253	1,173,650	127,986,903	243,835,703	18,139,497	1901
1902	77,812,251	47,668,772	125,481,023	2,930,063	128,411,086	132,606,236	7,828,552	140,434,788	318,826	140,753,614	269,164,700	20,981,817	1902
1903	92,128,080	62,894,667	155,022,747	8,206,658	163,229,405	135,265,102	9,583,002	144,848,104	338,772	145,186,876	308,416,281	24,734,455	1903
1904	91,877,781	59,325,285	151,203,066	8,599,458	159,802,524	119,022,545	5,636,613	124,659,158	2,510,371	127,169,529	286,972,053	25,301,206	1904
1905	98,688,394	62,656,291	161,344,685	4,681,612	166,026,297	128,720,326	7,710,129	136,430,455	1,559,327	137,989,782	304,016,079	26,476,964	1905
1906	114,600,912	73,980,768	188,581,680	6,430,002	195,011,682	147,907,575	10,392,375	158,299,950	9,444,236	167,744,186	362,755,868	30,085,895	1906
1907	136,713,609	85,921,629	222,635,238	3,760,597	226,395,835	149,270,788	10,146,728	159,417,516	5,810,068	165,227,584	391,623,419	36,171,937	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	81,258,516	55,589,172	136,847,688	5,551,776	142,399,464	133,477,117	16,504,949	149,982,066	6,036,761	156,018,827	298,418,291	23,448,545	1898
1899	91,815,028	61,339,816	153,154,844	5,222,947	158,377,791	140,532,451	16,828,529	157,360,980	2,933,199	160,294,179	318,671,970	26,237,255	1899
1900	107,839,264	69,952,865	177,792,129	6,001,453	183,793,582	162,249,607	12,574,161	174,823,768	8,874,295	183,698,063	367,491,645	29,068,411	1900
1901	106,052,107	72,811,504	178,863,611	4,207,289	183,070,900	180,638,363	19,442,440	200,080,803	1,512,008	201,592,811	384,663,711	29,695,161	1901
1902	124,371,369	77,404,644	201,776,013	5,074,240	206,850,253	203,781,720	11,142,020	214,923,740	1,643,403	216,567,143	423,417,396	34,004,118	1902
1903	144,416,283	96,312,958	240,729,241	10,586,462	251,315,703	216,552,519	13,256,725	229,809,244	535,755	230,344,999	481,660,702	39,169,285	1903
1904	147,723,749	93,850,774	241,074,523	9,208,504	250,283,027	190,802,509	9,143,423	199,945,982	2,796,100	202,742,032	453,025,059	41,090,885	1904
1905	155,886,361	101,583,294	257,469,685	9,964,017	267,433,702	197,900,973	11,291,807	209,192,780	1,723,521	210,916,301	478,350,003	42,905,990	1905
1906	182,655,188	119,126,790	301,781,973	7,532,117	309,314,095	241,583,782	14,133,863	235,717,675	14,160,375	269,878,050	579,192,145	48,737,941	1906
1907	223,014,197	141,809,642	364,823,839	6,935,059	371,758,898	240,997,980	14,278,629	255,276,619	14,413,385	269,690,004	641,448,902	59,092,588	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of October, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	1,413,252	1,917,594	3,398,753	5,959,308	2,372,531	819,983	17,978	15,899,339	92,007	15,991,346	1898
1899.....	749,680	1,880,452	3,410,427	6,061,734	3,441,854	1,100,484	41,668	16,686,299	139,930	16,826,229	1899
1900.....	3,340,492	922,611	3,335,002	6,109,896	1,939,288	1,437,099	4,638	17,089,026	.....	17,089,026	1900
1901.....	3,419,773	2,226,762	3,575,789	8,341,449	3,641,910	2,025,736	5,774	23,237,194	.....	23,237,194	1901
1902.....	3,969,550	1,826,688	3,965,767	7,632,657	4,327,729	1,907,222	10,148	23,639,761	.....	23,639,761	1902
1903.....	3,403,499	930,103	3,839,677	8,464,874	3,450,944	1,713,028	2,182	21,804,307	.....	21,804,307	1903
1904.....	3,653,886	751,629	3,799,039	7,496,397	1,938,042	1,865,541	2,621	19,507,155	.....	19,507,155	1904
1905.....	5,073,056	2,263,816	3,718,133	8,785,038	8,247,385	2,001,148	4,123	30,092,699	.....	30,092,699	1905
1906.....	3,931,494	1,085,672	5,540,355	9,097,233	5,055,196	2,157,529	12,611	26,880,090	.....	26,880,090	1906
1907.....	3,657,449	1,175,034	5,146,917	7,183,978	4,170,728	2,355,180	7,862	23,697,148	.....	23,697,148	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	18,530	373	9,709	145,109	2,400,308	51,779	10,874	2,636,682	1,361,834	3,998,516	1898
1899	23,985	3,491	28,046	170,126	1,499,935	116,440	60,253	1,902,276	8,507	1,910,783	1899
1900	22,479	1,012	23,378	99,326	753,222	145,790	18,673	1,063,880	101,543	1,165,423	1900
1901	15,723	10,287	90	183,396	1,525,078	312,036	29,527	2,076,137	19,143	2,095,280	1901
1902	25,784	347	848	109,512	1,054,001	269,948	131,232	1,592,272	27,541	1,619,813	1902
1903	37,954	1,143	122,926	42,596	1,398,771	238,476	48,824	1,890,690	27,635	1,918,325	1903
1904	50,065	386	63,568	109,913	832,727	305,079	56,518	1,418,256	48,981	1,467,237	1904
1905	21,950	387	3,906	207,938	1,105,871	238,735	64,045	1,642,832	120,150	1,762,982	1905
1906	31,008	4,339	1,939	145,218	1,018,304	380,005	257,537	1,838,350	1,802,864	3,641,214	1906
1907	40,867	1,336	52,733	138,503	2,180,328	409,886	102,277	2,925,930	414,353	3,340,283	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,431,782	1,917,907	3,408,462	6,104,417	4,772,839	871,762	28,852	18,536,021	1,453,841	19,989,862	1898
1899	773,665	1,883,943	3,438,473	6,231,860	4,941,789	1,216,924	101,921	18,588,575	148,437	18,737,012	1899
1900	3,362,971	923,623	3,358,380	6,209,222	2,692,510	1,582,889	23,311	18,152,906	101,543	18,254,449	1900
1901	3,435,496	2,237,019	3,575,878	8,524,845	5,166,988	2,337,774	35,301	25,313,331	19,143	25,332,474	1901
1902	3,995,334	1,827,035	3,966,615	7,742,169	5,382,330	2,177,170	141,380	25,232,033	27,541	25,259,574	1902
1903	3,441,453	931,246	3,962,603	8,507,470	4,849,715	1,951,504	51,006	23,694,997	27,635	23,722,632	1903
1904	3,703,951	752,015	3,862,607	7,606,310	2,770,769	2,170,620	59,139	20,925,411	48,981	20,974,392	1904
1905	5,095,006	2,294,203	3,722,039	8,992,976	9,353,256	2,239,883	68,168	31,735,531	120,150	31,855,681	1905
1906	3,962,502	1,090,011	5,542,294	9,242,451	6,073,500	2,537,534	270,148	28,718,440	1,802,864	30,521,304	1906
1907	3,698,316	1,176,370	5,199,650	7,822,481	6,351,056	2,765,066	110,139	26,623,078	414,353	27,037,431	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—Concluded.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the seven months ending October, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	6,817,055	6,629,825	21,906,138	25,362,917	12,672,724	6,152,238	110,781	79,651,678	637,005	80,288,683	1898
1899	7,663,003	6,812,041	23,475,072	31,327,191	11,970,969	7,401,222	162,677	88,812,175	773,401	89,585,576	1899
1900	21,144,955	6,188,955	21,792,865	33,451,405	12,046,275	8,714,971	111,014	103,500,440	448,486	103,948,926	1900
1901	26,987,021	6,961,738	23,634,030	33,997,094	13,226,932	10,320,914	13,505	115,141,234	185,426	115,326,660	1901
1902	22,641,140	6,983,080	27,046,514	40,952,468	23,034,084	11,901,146	47,804	132,606,236	.....	132,606,236	1902
1903	21,532,180	6,174,273	26,082,121	43,930,951	24,984,086	12,590,467	21,024	135,263,102	.....	135,263,102	1903
1904	20,620,013	6,144,818	23,296,384	39,544,718	16,991,986	12,311,696	112,930	119,022,545	.....	119,022,545	1904
1905	21,495,129	7,994,476	24,899,054	42,619,944	18,585,044	13,082,748	43,931	128,720,326	.....	128,720,326	1905
1906	21,729,428	7,280,324	32,189,465	45,750,470	26,086,151	14,795,449	126,283	147,907,575	.....	147,907,575	1906
1907	23,713,799	7,202,356	31,259,641	36,602,847	34,506,442	15,878,278	47,425	149,270,788	.....	149,270,788	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	166,470	9,520	83,145	811,110	10,813,480	800,884	290,085	12,974,694	1,577,169	14,551,863	1898
1899	125,976	56,264	267,128	919,362	8,551,311	659,571	244,802	10,824,414	466,789	11,291,203	1899
1900	101,207	3,846	243,277	707,294	6,047,257	919,077	231,025	8,313,583	1,125,346	9,448,929	1900
1901	103,608	32,040	13,387	737,599	9,117,009	1,517,292	150,484	11,072,019	988,224	12,060,243	1901
1902	132,029	16,415	7,774	512,377	5,082,655	1,555,841	521,461	7,828,552	318,826	8,147,378	1902
1903	128,576	15,315	272,456	419,058	6,918,247	1,543,356	283,994	9,583,002	338,772	9,921,774	1903
1904	137,063	8,782	113,387	561,204	2,535,925	1,958,437	321,815	5,036,613	2,510,371	8,146,984	1904
1905	151,412	18,804	60,845	486,491	4,335,984	1,933,455	723,138	7,710,129	1,559,327	9,269,456	1905
1906	159,168	12,866	88,077	619,020	6,063,418	2,029,467	820,359	10,392,375	9,444,236	19,836,611	1906
1907	165,472	18,438	237,071	588,317	5,579,150	3,074,153	484,127	10,146,728	5,810,068	15,956,796	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	6,983,525	6,639,345	21,989,283	26,174,027	23,486,204	6,933,122	400,866	92,626,372	2,214,174	94,840,546	1898
1899	7,788,979	6,808,305	23,742,200	32,246,553	20,522,280	8,060,793	407,479	99,636,589	1,240,190	100,876,779	1899
1900	21,246,162	6,192,861	22,036,142	34,218,699	18,143,632	9,634,048	342,639	111,814,023	1,583,832	113,397,855	1900
1901	27,090,629	6,993,778	23,647,417	34,734,693	22,344,541	11,838,206	163,989	126,813,253	1,173,650	127,986,903	1901
1902	22,773,169	6,999,495	27,054,288	41,464,845	28,116,739	13,456,987	569,265	140,434,788	318,826	140,753,614	1902
1903	21,600,756	6,189,588	26,354,577	44,350,009	31,852,333	14,133,823	307,018	144,848,104	338,772	145,186,876	1903
1904	20,757,076	6,153,600	23,409,771	40,105,922	19,527,911	14,270,133	434,745	124,059,158	2,510,371	127,169,529	1904
1905	21,646,541	8,013,280	24,950,899	43,106,435	22,921,028	15,016,203	707,069	136,430,455	1,559,327	137,989,782	1905
1906	21,888,596	7,243,190	32,277,542	46,369,490	32,749,569	16,824,916	946,647	158,299,950	9,444,236	167,744,186	1906
1907	23,879,271	7,220,794	31,496,712	37,191,164	40,145,592	18,952,431	531,552	159,417,516	5,810,068	165,227,584	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of October, 1906 and 1907, and the seven months ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	7,792,286	16,802,449	8,065,459	13,518,293	39,241,357	72,302,975	47,103,865	86,032,880	60,226,534	81,639,146		
Bermuda.....		22,082		43,385		204,825		183,903		192,756		
British Africa.....	2,735	156,324		81,521	19,364	1,136,442	141,405	835,716		1,017,704		
British Australasia :—												
Australia.....	20,828	269,161	10,725	257,148	77,323	1,049,982	91,837	1,145,473	235,922	1,638,658		
New Zealand.....	118,547	118,547	8,656	81,097	186,684	315,884	146,148	500,352	180,019	589,457		
British East Indies.....	277,620	6,795	464,286	1,125	1,547,109	18,321	2,156,967	12,267	2,465,525	12,303		
" Guiana.....	530,448	32,449	135,215	71,339	1,856,783	264,758	1,382,687	291,943	839,346	323,818		
" West Indies.....	316,460	181,636	829,139	245,527	3,840,254	1,165,841	4,081,760	1,371,084	4,812,287	1,263,213		
Fiji.....		870	28,366	5,413	507,105	22,757		12,204	149,753	39,377		
Hong Kong.....	7,722		24,447	460	74,136	51,285	102,897		141,614	22,134		
Newfoundland.....	214,064	377,708	318,149	377,462	1,014,047	1,713,792	1,019,759	1,809,937	979,777	1,975,325		
Other British Colonies.....	85	2,672	205	7,795	1,418	28,186	4,095	21,050	2,232	21,760		
Totals.....	9,176,924	17,971,293	9,884,707	14,630,565	48,365,580	78,275,048	56,231,420	92,216,809	70,050,560	88,735,651		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentina Republic.....	47,878	302,866	43,713	301,486	581,361	933,038	802,272	1,603,084	166,014	1,278,829		
Austria-Hungary.....	83,102	12	114,852	200	463,522	3,429	567,169	1,937	897,219	4,724		
Belgium.....	294,025	81,014	291,281	463,268	1,698,076	1,051,480	1,354,536	1,591,270	1,697,263	1,453,881		
Brazil.....	57,657	85,505	13,501	81,051	217,499	304,235	191,842	340,544	165,000	389,477		
Central American States.....	12,232	10,527		4,600	120,198	22,801	101,641	57,387	84,916	41,190		
China.....	51,337	27,071	66,303	76,967	303,554	747,296	277,881	463,047	405,160	624,727		
Chile.....		37,721		32,570	54,377	97,746	122,882	195,224	52,416	201,736		
Cuba.....	63,010	62,813	59,929	153,895	230,155	582,161	317,639	563,090	256,344	662,869		
Denmark.....	998	20,399	579	45,198	10,145	63,081	11,985	66,198	21,393	119,474		

Dutch E. Indies.....	103,076	51,179	530,740	451	307,226	480	432,134
France.....	678,540	791,678	3,997,233	1,123,796	4,765,419	1,366,373	6,027,449
French W. Indies.....			20	7,659	330	7,061	1,397,740
Germany.....	654,405	207,867	4,082,050	674,791	4,306,693	779,871	5,138,530
Greece.....	45,020	50,318	129,369	120	133,771	306	162,404
Holland.....	142,631	133,103	567,071	163,285	682,162	636,815	942,646
Italy.....	28,753	45,261	246,030	102,784	360,429	174,782	495,062
Japan.....	280,430	232,131	980,939	191,037	1,106,245	277,060	1,306,437
Mexico.....	32,173	178,223	44,302	86,613	237,332	126,848	722,062
Norway and Sweden :—							
Norway.....	19,602	9,446	96,425	95,785	115,919	212,679	62,618
Sweden.....		25,975	13,913	5,151	13,011	71,619	106,840
Peru.....	20	15,387	168,782	250,217	172,208	301,777	51,431
Porto Rico.....	13,444	313	233,977	41,252	89,050	36,274	6,611
Portugal.....	15,178	16,332	63,438	55,259	177,401	95,627	87,738
Russia.....	78,536	62,112	147,020	24,183	347,434	13,261	226,893
Spain.....	86,675	168,472	400,527	24,183	406,876	27,852	480,055
Switzerland.....	144,437	181,138	1,097,876	6,718	987,101	1,420,592	1,420,592
United States.....	19,542,354	18,701,753	100,932,526	52,719,786	120,661,778	66,116,038	134,139,392
Other Foreign Countries.....	76,694	112,081	263,510	360,510	369,406	400,207	790,636
Totals.....	22,552,907	22,040,108	117,660,717	59,714,734	138,780,262	75,527,377	156,345,275
Grand totals.....	31,729,831	31,924,815	156,026,297	137,989,782	195,011,682	167,744,186	226,395,835
	62,251,135	58,962,246	304,016,079		362,755,808		391,623,419

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of October, 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	25,929	.....	20,175	.....	99,907	.....	114,716	.....	146,201	.....
	United States.....	39,313	.....	32,606	.....	139,056	.....	241,057	.....	274,958	.....
	Other countries.....	356	.....	746	.....	8,104	.....	6,429	.....	8,269	.....
	Totals.....	65,598	.....	53,527	.....	247,067	.....	362,202	.....	429,428	.....
Animals, living.....											
	Great Britain.....	211	176,115	32	11,621	948	224,462	802	520,050	1,610	390,683
	United States.....	142,181	28,936	44,234	26,713	662,392	192,904	1,135,907	320,979	460,743	282,399
	Other countries.....	180	.....	.....	2,000	178	30,452	639	21,713	903	37,075
	Totals.....	142,572	205,051	44,266	40,334	663,518	447,818	1,137,348	862,742	463,256	710,157
Articles—warehoused, for ships' stores											
	Great Britain.....	.....	2,947	.....	1,610	.....	17,870	.....	20,525	.....	15,873
	United States.....	.....	34,090	.....	56,167	.....	343,530	.....	292,614	.....	332,266
	Other countries.....	.....	661	.....	555	.....	6,106	.....	6,757	.....	7,667
	Totals.....	.....	37,698	.....	57,332	.....	367,506	.....	319,896	.....	355,806
Articles for use of the Army and Navy											
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	7,644	.....	656	.....	1,432
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	663	.....	1,039	.....	396
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	94	.....	8,538	.....	2,023	.....	1,828

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	658,571				453,355	1,150,673		
	United States.....	31,277				585,992	383,237		
	Germany.....					33,020	39,868		
	Other countries.....	620				14,154	67,583		
	Totals.....	690,468				1,086,521	1,641,361		
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....					454	47		12,289
	United States.....	34,975			49,960	129,395	226,527		229,638
	Other countries.....					850	146		6,284
	Totals.....	34,975		49,960		130,699	226,720		248,211
Baking powder	Great Britain.....		3					51	
	United States.....	10,224			91,189			78,348	
	Other countries.....	143						143	
	Totals.....	10,370			91,204			78,542	
Books, periodicals and other printed matter	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....	33,664	56,489	37,263	206,307	151,579	176,432	291,429	228,953
	Other countries.....	80,354	163,561	90,171	779,009	361,301	387,716	911,436	509,076
	Totals.....	118,815	226,314	136,482	1,028,822	569,360	615,473	1,269,990	801,421
Breadstuffs :- Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....		8,758		32,100			79,060	
	Other countries.....		17,668		71,565			103,728	1,185
	Totals.....		26,426		103,665			119,965	
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....		38,372	5	163,822	9,265	5,117	304,753	1,185
	United States.....		518		1,451			4,492	
	Other countries.....		17,291		113,568			109,469	
	Totals.....		55,961		176,841			460	
R'ice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....		10,487	18,129	130,049			118,145	101,408
	Other countries.....		2,153		12,206			9,318	9
	Totals.....		12,640		142,255			127,463	110,417
R'ice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....		10,487	18,129	130,049			118,145	101,408
	Other countries.....		2,153		12,206			9,318	9
	Totals.....		12,640		142,255			127,463	110,417
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	Other countries.....		2,153		12,206			9,318	9
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	United States.....		10,487	18,129	130,049			118,145	101,408
	Other countries.....		2,153		12,206			9,318	9
	Totals.....		12,640		142,255			127,463	110,417
R'ice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....								
	United States.....		10,487	18,129	130,049			118,145	101,408
	Other countries.....		2,153		12,206			9,318	9</

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	7,300	2,077	35,179	27,872	21,890
	United States.....	2,147	4,750	20,528	28,343	122,041
	Other countries.....	895		4,708	14,881	23,569
	Totals.....	10,342	6,827	60,415	71,096	67,430
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	25,248	21,787	107,649	105,463	119,161
	United States.....	25,248	21,787	107,649	105,463	20
	Other countries.....					119,181
	Totals.....	25,248	21,787	107,649	105,463	
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	4,990		18,651	21,104	29,612
	United States.....	12,521		80,816	93,037	99,641
	Other countries.....	12,317		77,653	68,785	93,719
	Totals.....	29,828		177,120	182,926	222,972
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	5,494		29,025	32,097	38,656
	United States.....	13,237		83,205	89,497	134,081
	Other countries.....	9,260		63,997	52,823	3,960
	Totals.....	27,991		176,227	174,417	78,454
			483	4,174	6,842	251,791
						7,330
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	859		9,675	7,563	8,056
	United States.....	6,851		41,766	39,918	31,743
	Other countries.....	113		592	753	859
	Totals.....	7,823		52,033	48,234	40,658
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....	34,168		169,481	198,731	19,917
(Mats and rugs, included under	United States.....	2,182		14,996	16,813	7,986
woollen carpets subsequent to	Other countries.....	11,921		20,813	42,208	28,682
1906.)	Totals.....	48,271		205,292	257,752	56,585
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....	6,225		24,391	108,305	155,670
Automobiles.....	United States.....	34,830		262,629	398,401	524,136
	Other countries.....	105		37,185	49,265	70,678
	Totals.....	41,160		324,205	555,971	750,484

Clocks	Great Britain...	1,106	1,105	9,085	7,651	11,662
	United States...	26,875	29,699	146,172	162,374	173,678
	Germany...	3,496	3,294	11,502	28,101	36,255
	Other countries...	2,806	2,897	11,502	11,160	10,191
	Totals	34,343	36,995	191,635	209,286	232,386
Coal, coke and coal dust.	Great Britain...	1,593	810	35,806	50,913	73,969
	United States...	1,141,249	1,484,504	5,334,064	8,468,569	8,923,284
	Other countries...	298	1,681,205	86	40	10,406,210
	Totals	1,143,140	1,485,314	5,369,956	8,468,569	10,485,004
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa	Great Britain...	35,228	33,204	126,122	158,990	158,887
	United States...	23,052	43,550	140,751	32,975	29,940
	Other countries...	9,473	15,061	57,713	41,568	190,243
	Totals	67,753	91,815	324,586	86,720	253,069
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory	Great Britain...	1,317	1,948	12,579	59,643	61,798
	United States...	9,748	9,587	72,669	68,879	72,989
	Brazil...	57,425	13,394	121,901	179,564	161,686
	Venezuela...	9,115	7,092	63,701	138,418	19,036
	Other countries...	599	4,330	117,779	12,320	147,325
	Totals	11,664	11,608	306,415	448,776	389,845
Collars and cuffs	Great Britain...	3,509	3,662	32,098	26,644	35,080
	United States...	6,938	6,378	53,848	49,767	53,255
	Aust.-Hungary...	2,462	2,065	10,376	20,224	22,096
	Other countries...	1,584	272	23,437	17,294	2,679
	Totals	14,493	12,377	119,759	113,939	113,110
Combs.	Great Britain...	7,970	6,897	40,315	55,008	66,418
	United States...	14,615	9,509	47,136	65,112	68,602
	Germany...	2,380	3,222	20,622	13,942	22,979
	Other countries...	3,499	6,050	10,211	25,060	47,192
	Totals	28,464	25,678	118,284	159,122	205,191
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	11,556	18,683	105,958	96,294	147,918
	United States...	10,424	6,773	88,879	81,916	83,508
	Other countries...	626	1,789	1,991	1,449	1,767
	Totals	21,980	26,082	196,828	179,659	233,193
						1,510,160

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton.	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	271	365,686	271	338,748	16,743	2,190,144	1,052	2,507,409	1,512,467	2,034,168
	Other countries..					14,005				22,095	11,139
	Totals.....		365,957		338,748		2,220,892		2,508,461		2,048,426
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain...	7,018		10,554		32,384		51,012		118,192	
	United States...	1,167		2,297		7,313		22,542		24,696	
	Switzerland...	19,588		34,609		96,746		189,142		338,031	
	Other countries..	4,556		1,906		11,725		27,179		34,936	
	Totals.....	32,329		49,366		148,168		289,875		515,855	
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain...	101,847		302,252		412,768		673,458		1,512,467	
	United States...	19,583		36,003		118,464		178,621		192,024	
	Other countries..	3,534		3,000		8,705		23,285		22,095	
	Totals.....	124,964		341,255		539,927		875,364		1,726,586	
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	173,550		235,655		1,296,985		1,527,297		1,940,674	
	United States...	21,507		29,605		304,823		206,812		244,295	
	Other countries..	6,239		5,867		47,919		88,111		64,555	
	Totals.....	201,296		271,127		1,649,727		1,822,220		2,249,524	
Lace, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain...			51,531						464,179	
	United States...			860						10,768	
	Other countries..			25,974						185,569	
	Totals.....			78,365						660,517	

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	6,233	17,353	69,708	81,709	164,339
	United States.....	282	863	16,042	15,201	22,999
	Germany.....	4,009	5,465	59,083	29,867	116,899
	Other countries.....	87	166	873	1,243	1,136
	Totals.....	10,591	23,847	145,706	128,020	305,373
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	66,138	81,312	306,431	397,334	562,147
	United States.....	18,559	18,429	103,245	105,706	127,250
	Other countries.....	1,659	867	12,686	9,180	6,389
	Totals.....	86,356	100,608	422,362	482,220	695,736
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	19,219	23,620	248,817	268,819	324,716
	United States.....	10,066	4,138	44,412	49,939	48,907
	Germany.....	1,679	1,061	32,668	26,156	25,827
	Other countries.....	2,966	1,237	7,819	17,752	21,230
	Totals.....	33,930	30,056	333,716	362,666	420,380
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	123,206	210,025	639,556	894,293	1,442,904
	United States.....	81,843	85,238	567,541	697,272	800,383
	Other countries.....	19,434	20,983	89,302	114,409	143,718
	Totals.....	224,483	316,246	1,296,399	1,705,974	2,387,005
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	497,211	923,302	3,006,649	3,863,922	6,529,618
	United States.....	152,987	177,433	1,161,890	1,276,093	1,471,323
	Other countries.....	63,751	101,135	367,626	576,324	960,035
	Totals.....	713,949	1,210,870	4,536,005	5,716,339	8,960,976
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain.....	25,439	29,303	158,132	187,069	214,870
	United States.....	6,915	6,638	38,487	43,965	36,782
	Switzerland.....	5,437	7,193	33,260	29,024	62,152
	Other countries.....	5,985	4,426	18,235	38,396	37,528
	Totals.....	43,776	47,560	248,114	298,384	351,332
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	161,949	68,839	405,027	732,286	505,800
	United States.....	101,590	111,035	570,950	679,014	752,811
	Other countries.....	28,262	53,849	308,823	269,961	390,478
	Totals.....	291,801	233,763	1,284,800	1,681,261	1,649,089
						4,163,854

Recapitulation.

Fancy articles, other	Germany	18,488	7,659	142,159	157,694	60,110
	Switzerland	6,889	883	17,150	39,666	16,898
	Other countries	3,438	4,829	34,574	12,796	13,416
	Totals	122,284	72,724	778,377	958,320	543,823
Recapitulation.	Great Britain	33,016	45,408	194,602	217,926	340,706
	United States	45,581	58,518	208,593	237,301	237,325
	France	10,298	8,379	72,697	111,656	118,245
	Germany	35,708	63,211	197,914	259,081	363,299
Fancy articles, other	Other countries	7,368	13,090	56,101	55,392	98,185
	Totals	131,971	188,606	729,907	881,356	1,157,760
Fancy articles.	Great Britain	120,860	98,412	713,316	899,959	774,036
	United States	58,399	71,885	339,538	343,824	349,070
	Other countries	104,015	124,446	722,498	856,671	871,152
	Totals	283,274	294,743	1,775,352	2,100,454	1,994,258
Fertilizers	Great Britain	819	1,095	4,045	3,793	6,364
	United States	9,813	8,428	64,929	54,709	158,967
	Other countries	330	382	4,450	1,749	630
	Totals	10,632	9,949	68,974	62,952	2,120
Fisheries, articles for the use of	Great Britain	626	5,432	10,470	15,091	19,284
	United States	656	32,264	13,029	243,816	53,125
	Other countries	2,460	1,406	9	18,516	3,349
	Totals	1,282	40,156	23,508	417,895	74,529
Fish and fish products, N.E.S.	Great Britain	10,647	9,152	49,866	56,244	19,356
	United States	48,265	43,074	210,769	205,983	7,978
	Newfoundland	16,173	14,512	63,917	70,761	8
	Totals	75,085	66,738	324,552	332,988	17,143
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damaak of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doilies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N.O.P.	Great Britain	39,024	55,647	335,627	374,732	408,962
	United States	718	288	6,229	4,491	4,694
	Germany	581	1,152	7,249	11,683	4,606
	Other countries	14,668	11,678	34,974	57,778	76,976
Fancy articles, other	Totals	54,991	68,765	384,079	448,684	495,238
	Totals	75,085	88,648	324,552	372,940	494,958

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
												\$	\$
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
Hemp, undressed	Great Britain...		\$ 45,345		\$ 1,996		\$ 257,177		\$ 199,948		\$ 88,988		
	United States...		29,453		10,138		200,731		248,716		129,009		
	Other countries..		22,297		26,259				46,344		100,758		
	Totals		97,095		38,393		469,908		495,068		318,755		
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain...	39,029		26,792		146,872		197,508		285,874			
	United States...	16,688		3,348		3,969		4,314		16,401			
	B. E. Indies...	58,481		82,788		68,273		341,002		569,972			
	Other countries..												
	Totals	98,198		112,928		219,114		542,824		872,274			
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way	Great Britain...		58,539		81,129		412,132		415,943		691,798		
	United States...						3,070		2,451		1,342		
	B. E. Indies...		4,920		17,911		93,949		139,039		87,187		
	Other countries..												
	Totals		63,459		99,040		509,151		557,433		780,327		
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleach- ed, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	47,673		29,556		313,132		426,457		363,993			
	United States...	1,316		371		15,782		15,721		8,980			
	Other countries..	1,145		551		6,952		6,615		3,002			
	Total	50,134		30,458		335,866		448,793		375,975			

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain...	69,630	42,256	83,633	29,860	487,664	158,231	539,069	245,925	698,737	255,053
	United States...	8,402	6,621	5,456	1,856	40,965	28,000	51,968	32,963	58,221	21,700
	Other countries...	43,941	.....	18,375	.....	77,488	.....	145,386	.....	173,144	13,976
	Total	121,973	48,877	106,864	31,716	606,067	186,231	736,423	278,888	930,152	290,729
<i>Recapitulation</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs of.	Great Britain...	195,356	146,140	195,028	112,985	1,283,295	839,540	1,537,766	861,816	1,757,616	1,035,839
	United States...	11,124	36,074	9,463	11,994	66,945	231,801	76,494	234,130	88,296	152,051
	Other countries...	118,816	27,217	114,524	44,170	194,886	93,949	562,464	185,383	827,700	201,921
	Totals	325,296	209,431	319,015	169,149	1,545,126	1,165,290	2,176,724	1,331,329	2,673,612	1,389,811
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.	Great Britain...	4,496	.....	18,773	.....	21,251	.....	20,262	.....	66,355	.....
	United States...	121,916	.....	96,848	.....	508,718	.....	507,151	.....	501,313	.....
	France...	25,012	.....	25,405	.....	53,643	.....	96,235	.....	110,764	.....
	Greece...	40,074	.....	49,777	.....	117,653	.....	124,062	.....	154,558	.....
Fruits, green.	Spain	58,295	.....	129,764	.....	194,719	.....	133,934	.....	218,561	.....
	Other countries.	59,030	.....	42,673	.....	65,163	.....	121,809	.....	134,509	.....
	Totals	308,853	.....	363,240	.....	961,147	.....	1,003,443	.....	1,186,060	.....

Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	Great Britain...	13,985	.....	10,482	216	24,627	.....	52,492	.....	11,370	127,717
	United States...	146,733	57,370	187,512	108,423	1,169,136	1,055,023	1,420,688	1,306,101	838,602	2,532,856
	Italy	5,442	.....	.....	3,953	99,383	.....	171,130	.....	236,237	.....
	Other countries.	8,270	21,531	8,449	12,813	36,470	32,732	38,042	92,119	10,868	57,814
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	Totals	174,430	78,901	206,443	125,405	1,329,816	1,087,755	1,682,352	1,398,220	860,840	2,961,624

Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	Great Britain...	23,904	.....	39,377	.....	72,079	620	115,719	715	170,088	.....
	United States...	8,875	.....	9,881	.....	38,398	10	36,946	115	54,742	53
	Other countries.	7,210	.....	12,535	.....	29,175	.....	34,533	121	35,729	1,817
	Totals	39,989	.....	61,793	.....	137,652	630	189,198	951	260,559	1,870
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.	Great Britain...	42,385	.....	68,632	216	117,957	620	188,473	715	247,813	127,717
	United States...	277,524	57,370	294,241	108,423	1,714,252	1,055,033	1,966,785	1,306,216	1,394,657	2,539,909
	Other countries.	203,363	21,531	268,603	16,766	596,406	32,732	719,735	92,240	664,989	235,868
	Totals	523,272	78,901	631,476	125,405	2,428,615	1,088,385	2,874,993	1,399,171	2,307,459	2,963,494

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	44,569	3,429	23,185	4,672	386,377	285,849	350,800	202,963	429,898	147,404		
	United States...	22,295	66,469	23,205	72,701	178,547	685,954	149,144	656,037	163,270	671,058		
	Germany	20,339	26,689	21,437	54,435	178,780	318,747	151,372	257,218	203,124	277,679		
	Other countries.	19,834	66,983	22,231	62,169	174,631	222,106	167,592	156,400	140,329	129,323		
	Totals	106,977	163,520	95,058	193,977	918,335	1,512,656	818,908	1,272,618	938,621	1,225,404		
Glass and mfrs. of:— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	35,581	...	33,690	...	198,763	...	292,436	...	260,435	...		
	United States...	4,168	...	2,345	...	20,471	...	32,343	...	13,982	...		
	Belgium	80,699	...	61,067	...	208,573	...	596,199	...	389,370	...		
	Other countries.	938	...	124	...	2,851	...	7,718	...	7,575	...		
	Totals	121,386	...	97,426	...	430,658	...	838,696	...	671,362	...		
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes....	Great Britain...	35,612	...	15,439	...	84,835	...	197,948	...	175,966	...		
	United States...	252	...	44	...	8,538	...	6,935	...	7,505	...		
	Belgium	33,803	...	1,946	...	102,003	...	136,431	...	97,067	...		
	Other countries.	8,359	...	7,203	...	23,257	...	24,724	...	52,963	...		
	Totals	78,026	...	24,632	...	218,633	...	366,038	...	333,501	...		
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	34,698	...	25,894	...	119,862	...	175,487	341	199,567	...		
	United States...	57,140	...	63,583	...	339,823	77	411,881	...	464,955	4,396		
	Germany	9,410	...	15,471	...	98,891	...	78,071	...	128,042	...		
	Other countries.	30,763	...	34,491	...	168,918	3,536	201,093	3,976	233,136	4,583		
	Totals	132,011	...	139,439	...	727,494	3,613	866,532	4,317	1,025,700	8,989		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.	Great Britain...	105,891	75,023	403,460	665,811	341	635,968
	United States...	61,560	66,172	388,832	451,159	...	486,442
	Other countries...	163,972	120,302	604,493	3,536	...	908,153
	Totals	331,423	261,497	1,376,785	2,071,266	4,317	2,030,563
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.	Great Britain...	49,639	68,085	286,318	363,537	...	584,034
	United States...	11,796	15,117	85,464	114,097	...	121,417
	France...	42,443	48,189	152,930	246,419	...	198,300
	Germany...	19,077	22,884	74,617	100,136	...	274,019
	Other countries...	18,745	6,351	24,069	70,513	...	69,612
	Totals	141,700	160,626	623,338	894,702	...	1,247,382
Glue and mncilage.	Great Britain...	6,667	8,367	31,242	47,264	...	41,726
	United States...	8,951	7,789	51,161	64,078	145	51,913
	Germany...	5,974	4,131	30,795	28,617	...	15,846
	Other countries...	2,469	198	27,169	31,747	...	17,964
	Totals	24,061	20,435	140,367	171,706	145	127,449
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	84	103	472	196	...	...
	United States...	3,086	3,713	23,029	27,341	...	...
	Other countries...	2,278	3,196	13,365	12,852	...	...
	Totals	5,448	7,012	36,866	40,389	...	...
Grease, all kinds.	Great Britain...	...	300	562	361	...	...
	United States...	7,477	11,097	26,097	55,024	...	...
	Other countries...	24	336	59	67	...	...
	Totals	7,501	11,397	26,718	55,432	...	...
Gunpowder and other explosives.	Great Britain...	32,631	21,486	239,744	301,617	...	...
	United States...	29,112	17,669	166,554	195,976	...	...
	Other countries...	39	920	496	1,758	...	...
	Totals	61,782	40,075	406,894	499,351	...	...
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	7,677	17,346	62,637	56,005	...	...
	United States...	66,347	65,941	389,410	395,506	...	...
	Other countries...	2,334	3,550	14,146	20,814	...	...
	Totals	76,358	86,837	466,193	472,325	...	...

341 635,968 486,442 4,306 908,153 4,593 2,030,563 8,989 584,034 121,417 198,300 274,019 69,612 1,247,382 41,726 51,913 15,846 17,964 127,449 345 115,334 197,436 16,989 534,704 59,341 1,274,485 7,372 204,285 63,612 512 477,724 5,194 276,189 489,431 665,877 246,274 5,936 918,087 105,736 434,480 2,199,729 31,023 63,865 571,239 2,274,128

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.	Dutiable.		Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	1,109	2,850	1,395	2,748	7,499	11,192	8,761	19,423	14,280	27,501		
	United States.....	1,186	7,788	2,114	9,143	11,527	34,569	8,799	51,011	12,967	75,289		
	Other countries.....	160	1,443	.....	134	788	3,429	2,407	14,706	5,233	4,029		
	Totals.....	2,455	12,081	10,538	4,996	19,814	49,190	19,967	85,140	32,480	106,819		
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	44,157	9,076	7,501	51,094	465,003	67,175	512,559	54,725	750,371	50,439		
	United States.....	60,313	21,351	12,163	43,669	669,997	107,546	628,719	114,236	563,603	120,666		
	Other countries.....	1,705	2,474	3,526	2,760	32,861	29,738	45,416	26,088	64,965	18,150		
	Totals.....	106,175	32,901	23,190	97,523	1,167,861	204,459	1,186,694	195,049	1,378,939	189,255		
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain.....	.....	222,898	92,830	.....	1,123,217	.....	.....	1,181,200	.....	657,346		
	United States.....	.....	194,656	98,255	.....	817,556	.....	.....	1,252,009	.....	832,397		
	Arg. Republic.....	.....	43,638	43,713	.....	486,600	.....	.....	787,765	.....	140,096		
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	20,519	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	198,295		
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	2,911	4,870	.....	44,999	.....	.....	120,904	.....	40,612		
	France.....	.....	46,953	40,914	.....	191,123	.....	.....	296,972	.....	373,069		
	Other countries.....	.....	85,336	57,141	.....	536,011	.....	.....	712,264	.....	729,090		
	Totals.....	.....	596,392	358,242	.....	3,199,506	.....	.....	4,351,114	.....	2,970,905		
Hops.....	Great Britain.....	1,802	.....	.....	2,884	13,506	.....	5,847	.....	7,314	.....	
	United States.....	3,382	.....	.....	3,250	68,318	.....	23,422	.....	52,849	.....	
	Germany.....	1,652	.....	.....	761	6,375	.....	3,350	.....	2,277	.....	
	Other countries.....	300	.....	.....	954	3,146	.....	5,011	.....	8,962	.....	
	Totals.....	7,136	.....	.....	7,849	91,395	.....	37,630	.....	71,342	.....	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured.	Great Britain...	\$ 19,858		\$ 19,725		\$ 85,276		\$ 162,534		\$ 193,500		\$	\$
	United States...	10,247		17,596		50,457		84,261		138,566			
	Other countries...	129				5,127		5,668		12,107			
	Totals	30,234		37,321		140,860		252,463		344,173			
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	8,943		11,026		43,173		63,044		89,738			
	United States...	108,636		123,897		716,137		834,272		906,135			
	Other countries...	36		1,893		1,501		793		4,824			
	Totals	117,615		136,816		760,811		898,109		1,000,697			
Other leather, manufactured....	Great Britain...	6,195		5,843		51,063		51,980		68,802			
	United States...	28,982		28,298		153,274		201,157		235,367			
	Other countries...	1,432		231		3,634		5,437		2,644			
	Totals	36,609		34,372		207,971		258,613		306,813			
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and manufactures of.....	Great Britain...	57,592		59,668		270,289		411,960		635,489			
	United States...	215,635		222,369		1,344,789		1,616,765		1,780,337			
	Other countries...	3,142		4,258		47,927		43,677		54,906			
	Totals	276,369		286,295		1,663,005		2,072,402		2,470,732			
Marble and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,753		2,071		1,666		4,229		5,662			
	United States...	24,788		14,502		80,080		122,202		135,591			
	Italy	45		11,701		12,725		18,832		28,574			
	Other countries...	489				3,156		1,592		2,923			
	Totals	32,075		28,274		97,627		146,855		172,750			

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	12,718	15,834	16,183	13,980	57,569	71,247	84,194	111,311	150,600	170,418
	United States.....	78,304	89,007	79,627	27,255	384,027	390,035	487,389	651,199	812,596	411,006
	Other countries.....	2,143	1,369	6,536	4,899	25,305	3,212	25,469	19,643	42,046	35,925
	Totals.....	93,165	106,810	102,346	46,134	466,901	464,494	597,052	782,153	1,005,242	617,439
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	304	886	198	12,825	3,735	28,741	5,630	27,756	6,956	211,287
	United States.....	18,578	342,028	6,631	122,033	72,273	1,390,041	84,889	2,206,058	66,776	2,135,266
	Other countries.....	272	383	372	.....	1,509	1,883	2,383	10,600	5,022	1,825
	Totals.....	19,154	343,297	7,201	134,858	77,517	1,420,665	93,062	2,244,474	78,754	2,348,378
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	19,396	.....	16,384	.....	70,658	.....	160,037	.....	153,800	.....
	United States.....	33,834	2	31,449	.....	171,195	289	157,328	141	166,795	.....
	Other countries.....	7,919	.....	4,618	.....	40,738	.....	52,580	.....	42,240	.....
	Totals.....	61,149	2	52,451	.....	282,586	289	369,945	141	362,835	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain.....	1,241	.....	3,641	.....	14,199	.....	29,820	.....	24,432	.....
	United States.....	170,897	.....	101,313	.....	735,265	.....	1,450,094	.....	1,198,108	.....
	Other countries.....	62	.....	253	.....	754	.....	356	.....	1,543	.....
	Totals.....	172,200	.....	105,207	.....	750,218	.....	1,480,270	.....	1,224,683	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c.....	Great Britain.....	156,126	.....	82,445	.....	248,866	.....	525,958	.....	571,203	.....
	United States.....	129,326	.....	175,804	.....	371,448	.....	871,367	.....	1,241,367	.....
	Other countries.....	1,801	.....	521	.....	22,510	.....	24,843	.....	18,134	.....
	Totals.....	287,253	.....	258,770	.....	643,037	.....	1,422,249	.....	1,830,704	.....
Chains.....	Great Britain.....	9,441	.....	20,074	.....	37,676	.....	53,442	.....	129,614	550
	United States.....	21,995	.....	8,662	.....	96,217	.....	140,282	.....	88,310	111,676
	Other countries.....	372	.....	369	.....	2,682	.....	2,392	.....	2,763	.....
	Totals.....	31,808	.....	29,105	.....	136,575	.....	196,116	.....	220,687	112,226
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain.....	.....	53,505	.....	18,120	.....	99,588	.....	93,293	.....	37,630
	United States.....	.....	19,226	.....	8,344	.....	235,856	.....	238,798	.....	240,919
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	4,286	.....	1,559	.....	6,292	.....	13,806
	Totals.....	.....	72,731	.....	30,750	.....	336,953	.....	338,383	.....	292,445

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Cutlery.....	Great Britain...	46,816	.....	45,145	.....	250,660	.....	306,854	.....	371,815	.....
	United States...	12,709	.....	14,613	.....	75,170	.....	79,858	.....	86,931	.....
	Germany.....	18,461	.....	23,019	.....	83,533	.....	97,952	.....	154,885	.....
	Other countries..	1,669	.....	1,756	.....	4,951	.....	7,814	.....	6,699	.....
	Totals.....	80,655	.....	84,532	.....	394,314	.....	492,478	.....	620,330	.....
Engines, locomotives for railways, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	42,160	.....	34,883	.....	258,021	.....	151,346	.....	999,444	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	42,160	.....	34,883	.....	258,101	.....	151,346	.....	999,444	.....
	Great Britain...	7,701	.....	48,630	.....	57,842	.....	132,554	.....	171,478	.....
Engines, other, including boilers.	United States...	125,131	.....	105,855	.....	528,694	.....	729,859	.....	804,155	.....
	Other countries..	131	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	363	.....	5,485	.....
	Totals.....	132,983	.....	154,485	.....	586,536	.....	862,776	.....	1,041,118	.....
	Great Britain...	2,947	.....	2,943	.....	1,702	.....	7,776	.....	10,572	.....
	United States...	42,540	.....	54,332	.....	208,021	.....	248,808	.....	341,362	.....
Fittings, iron or steel, for iron and steel pipe.....	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	45,487	.....	57,275	.....	209,753	.....	256,584	.....	351,934	.....
	Great Britain...	8,382	.....	3,420	.....	47,884	.....	59,861	.....	39,667	.....
	United States...	74,269	.....	38,749	.....	356,083	.....	438,747	.....	390,364	.....
	Other countries..	2,171	.....	47	.....	2,339	.....	4,972	.....	2,561	.....
Hardware, viz.:— Builders', cabinet-makers', &c.	Totals.....	84,822	.....	42,216	.....	406,306	.....	503,580	.....	402,592	.....

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	233,457 77,205 1,100	244,618 148,629 15,977	257,715 297,931 4,928	667,411 799,402 1,144	1,686,584 1,279,010 20,274
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N.E.S.	Totals	317,762	409,224	550,574	1,467,957	2,985,868
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	25 34,213	18,713 94,811	555 426,716	1,573 316,567	59,294 438,961
	Totals	34,238	113,524	427,271	318,140	498,255
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	29,084 19,847 22,709	12,283 26,534	121,304 300,385	152,380 116,983	257,059 182,823
	Totals	71,640	38,817	538,405	338,408	459,754
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	217,113 95,073 2,203	316 105,390 3,840	1,338,411 499,369 19,527	1,305,162 696,103 15,785	14,034 978,967 27,154
	Totals	314,391	109,546	1,857,307	1,987,050	1,020,145
Machinery and machines.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	39,615 747,520 11,053	63,343 1,017,609 11,838	216,472 3,988,935 73,362	275,985 5,650,071 89,461	519,656 7,654,081 106,197
	Totals	798,188	1,097,790	4,278,769	6,015,517	8,279,934
Nails.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries.	1,084 18,609	87 13,499	2,209 81,705	5,867 75,379	4,513 71,554
	Totals	19,693	13,586	83,914	81,267	76,067

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, &c.	Great Britain.....	94,947			76,923			205,834			557,346		
	United States.....	171,449			176,464			710,831			1,131,429		
	Germany.....				911								
	Other countries.....	43,504			7,426			190,001			273,159		
	Totals.....	309,900			261,724			1,106,666			1,961,934		
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves.	Great Britain.....	31,492			19,405			102,207			116,722		
	United States.....	16,533			30,288			80,714			151,951		
	Other countries.....	876			147			17,887			16,772		
	Totals.....	48,901			49,840			200,808			285,445		
											400,953		
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than ½ inch in thickness, N.O.P.	Great Britain.....	30,145			19,805			91,341			145,455		
	United States.....	72,520			37,310			274,361			413,578		
	Other countries.....	421						2,429			3,953		
	Totals.....	103,086			57,115			368,131			562,966		
											475,238		
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.	Great Britain.....							15,012			2,619		
	United States.....	55,906			132,999			548,915			447,183		
	Other countries.....										850		
	Totals.....	55,906			132,999			563,927			450,654		
											676,634		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		Countries.		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
				Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> <i>Recapitulation.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	1,175,696	104,554	1,057,504	381,502	5,118,470	511,377	6,409,624	499,093	7,109,373	3,154,922		
	United States.....	3,147,907	451,024	3,540,950	575,757	16,008,647	2,975,339	22,987,232	3,586,892	26,558,752	4,317,370		
	Other countries.....	162,491	55,162	102,170	46,944	774,893	126,792	937,454	210,996	974,946	282,341		
	Totals.....	4,486,094	610,740	4,700,624	1,004,208	21,902,010	3,613,508	30,334,310	4,296,981	34,643,071	7,704,633		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	48,334	7,521	30,599	12,251	196,790	36,888	227,578	43,375	275,909	74,139		
	United States.....	4,121	1,806	5,560	1,780	24,090	22,352	30,374	21,778	35,913	13,633		
	Other countries.....	3,955	507	3,880	829	20,545	768	21,448	3,756	32,520	2,066		
	Totals.....	56,410	9,834	40,039	14,860	241,425	60,008	279,400	68,909	344,342	89,858		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	2,064	249,031	4,767	243,165	19,559	1,057,985	23,169	1,081,202	28,661	1,487,891		
	United States.....	47,356	99,507	18,817	101,311	112,366	726,626	191,097	980,293	141,050	952,867		
	Other countries.....	601	22,451	614	5,363	7,430	146,533	7,371	181,824	5,339	156,445		
	Totals.....	50,021	370,989	24,198	349,839	139,355	1,931,144	221,637	2,243,319	175,050	2,597,203		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	.....	11,995	491	9,497	431	71,643	300	88,135	1,045	157,058	
	United States.....	1,060	27,298	2,315	9,140	6,443	91,466	6,958	125,890	10,483	38,827		
	Belgium.....	.....	3,841	.....	4,227	.....	59,394	.....	47,214	.....	109,867
	Germany.....	.....	24,716	.....	.....	36	16,839	39	56,049	.....	17,772
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	468	9,773	267	228	717	9,230
	Totals.....	1,060	67,850	2,806	22,864	7,378	249,115	7,564	317,576	12,245	332,754		
	Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	20,229	24,379	23,260	8,180	126,744	87,574	159,610	134,770	207,506	88,772	
		United States.....	144,618	322,570	181,515	505,885	763,122	1,413,656	909,372	1,983,222	1,130,829	2,155,913	
Other countries.....		10,305	124,669	17,767	114,925	59,927	371,388	66,940	627,937	130,579	446,082		
Totals.....		175,152	471,618	222,542	628,990	949,793	1,872,618	1,135,922	2,738,929	1,528,914	2,690,767		

<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	1,278,741	414,200	1,149,286	681,400	5,593,956	1,865,455	7,070,202	1,985,702	7,933,850	5,354,487
	United States	3,475,778	1,833,842	3,866,864	1,343,161	17,542,163	7,003,804	24,854,739	9,555,473	28,983,194	10,024,992
	Other countries	187,686	233,038	135,957	177,187	930,846	736,582	1,113,951	1,151,307	1,233,400	1,061,553
	Totals	4,942,205	1,981,140	5,152,207	2,001,748	24,066,965	9,611,841	33,038,892	12,692,482	38,150,453	16,441,032
Mineral water	Great Britain	1,016	43	1,688	26	13,300	458	8,366	972	12,187	85
	United States	7,955	43	9,161	26	44,795	458	56,311	972	51,279	339
	France	17,026	43	6,337	26	31,542	458	46,103	972	53,791	339
	Germany	4,779	43	3,849	26	11,672	458	19,241	972	21,559	5
Musical instruments	Other countries	1,296	43	2,033	26	10,777	458	7,410	972	7,108	5
	Totals	32,072	43	23,068	26	112,084	458	137,431	972	145,924	429
Mustard	Great Britain	2,412	43	5,547	1,583	13,820	3,913	17,030	3,370	34,014	9,890
	United States	42,574	3,277	76,544	4,877	208,973	20,171	484,465	15,651	461,979	24,717
	Germany	5,646	1,833	6,794	293	37,930	11,347	43,693	13,754	44,269	13,136
	Other countries	2,600	43	4,505	26	20,777	458	21,055	972	27,452	5
Oils :—	Totals	53,232	5,110	93,390	6,753	281,500	35,431	330,243	32,775	567,714	47,743
	Great Britain	10,054	43	9,944	26	50,364	458	57,490	972	66,949	429
	United States	3,338	43	1,987	26	17,632	458	16,179	972	18,316	429
	Other countries	58	43	18	26	367	458	477	972	295	5
Mineral oils	Totals	13,450	43	11,949	26	68,363	458	74,137	972	85,569	429
	Great Britain	414	43	60	26	2,175	458	519,368	480,506	342,933	869,995
	United States	141,135	71,758	68,476	219,331	469,998	444,291	517,473	7,332	1,168	8,201
	Other countries	141,549	75,171	68,545	220,216	472,201	545	12	473,174	341,756	861,244
Fish oils	Totals	272	43	523	26	1,683	458	934	972	1,630	429
	Great Britain	1,545	43	1,153	26	12,647	458	9,560	972	10,451	429
	United States	2,309	43	218	26	8,324	458	4,848	44,238	41,838	41,838
	Other countries	4,126	43	1,894	26	22,654	458	15,342	44,238	17,410	41,838
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Totals	1,570	43	5,098	26	44,984	458	38,581	972	49,299	429
	Great Britain	6,132	43	1,437	26	32,778	458	30,400	972	30,721	429
	United States	2,702	43	1,053	26	5,788	458	15,470	972	13,198	429
	Other countries	10,404	43	7,588	26	83,430	458	84,451	972	93,218	429
Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	Totals	1,570	43	5,098	26	44,984	458	38,581	972	49,299	429
	Great Britain	6,132	43	1,437	26	32,778	458	30,400	972	30,721	429
	United States	2,702	43	1,053	26	5,788	458	15,470	972	13,198	429
	Other countries	10,404	43	7,588	26	83,430	458	84,451	972	93,218	429

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
<i>Oils—Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, oils, &c.— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain.....	31,580	742	27,246	.....	1,884	.....	7,865	.....	527	.....	.....	.....
Cotton seed.....	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106,610	3,580	233,701	1,794	330,915	.....	.....	2,626
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	31,580	742	27,246	.....	108,919	3,580	241,009	1,794	331,442	.....	.....	2,626
<i>Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled</i>	Great Britain.....	22,917	.....	10,743	.....	560,229	.....	138,505	.....	106,851	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	5,459	.....	2,549	.....	18,702	.....	40,065	.....	31,211	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	228	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	28,376	.....	13,292	.....	578,931	.....	179,195	.....	138,290	.....	.....	.....
<i>Lubricating oils.</i>	Great Britain.....	757	.....	1,954	.....	6,215	.....	6,242	.....	10,918	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	47,040	.....	46,339	.....	209,328	.....	273,633	.....	335,235	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	367	.....	510	.....	225	.....	2,579	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	47,797	.....	48,660	.....	216,053	.....	280,100	.....	348,432	.....	.....	.....
<i>Oils, other</i>	Great Britain.....	10,932	.....	7,610	1,251	31,280	2,661	53,933	1,594	67,382	10,303	.....	.....
	United States.....	25,014	4,574	13,197	2,430	91,488	22,383	131,891	30,292	142,697	48,722	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	11,404	.....	11,614	411	58,582	.....	62,112	137	84,881	469	.....	.....
	Totals.....	47,350	4,574	34,421	4,092	181,350	25,044	247,936	32,023	294,960	59,584	.....	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
<i>Oils</i>	Great Britain.....	35,292	4,983	20,890	7,284	608,416	50,835	209,362	47,507	188,476	67,893	.....	.....
	United States.....	251,773	83,206	160,960	223,198	968,773	503,032	1,295,923	535,660	1,192,265	943,313	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	13,713	16,322	12,208	6,988	67,919	56,108	67,265	59,845	92,726	56,055	.....	.....
	Totals.....	300,778	104,511	194,058	237,420	1,640,108	610,025	1,483,550	643,012	1,473,467	1,067,261	.....	.....

Oilcloth	Great Britain	63,649	61,198	310,297	435,250	530,194
	United States	25,880	14,518	91,237	142,230	145,088
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	937	668	2,352
	Totals	89,529	75,716	402,471	578,158	677,634
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	Great Britain	3,980	2,270	20,082	27,079	5,961
	United States	22,128	4,805	158,527	187,032	74,317
	Other countries	4,907	2,125	29,392	30,060	232,956
	Totals	31,015	9,200	208,001	244,171	376,133
Packages	Great Britain	46,266	97,904	224,648	276,997	671,828
	United States	176,396	196,487	985,415	1,098,198	1,252,426
	Other countries	38,378	51,703	203,364	214,334	323,773
	Totals	261,040	346,094	1,423,427	1,589,529	2,248,027
Paintings, drawings engravings, prints and building plans	Great Britain	20,663	24,377	57,501	97,689	156,121
	United States	39,567	62,421	174,987	233,215	325,097
	Other countries	17,927	28,212	49,969	98,438	15,515
	Totals	78,157	115,010	282,407	429,342	191,737
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	Great Britain	42,961	36,228	133,096	261,362	360,253
	United States	8,798	3,663	173,901	74,518	55,790
	Germany	11,474	3,680	146,374	26,217	28,993
	Other countries	11,770	3,471	55,347	34,823	37,538
	Totals	75,003	46,992	508,618	396,920	482,574
Other paints and colours	Great Britain	13,309	14,129	70,357	124,128	165,686
	United States	39,923	30,332	222,477	251,199	79,022
	Germany	751	1,546	22,876	18,033	290,282
	Other countries	1,137	901	13,047	14,066	8,189
	Totals	55,120	46,908	328,757	407,427	8,191
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain	546	1,824	6,864	12,863	12,882
	United States	10,036	8,418	85,374	73,374	63,791
	Other countries	742	409	4,264	5,995	5,993
	Totals	11,324	10,651	96,370	92,232	82,666
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain	546	1,824	6,864	12,863	12,882
	United States	10,036	8,418	85,374	73,374	63,791
	Other countries	742	409	4,264	5,995	5,993
	Totals	11,324	10,651	96,370	92,232	82,666

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain...	11,959	.....	13,920	.....	100,403	.....	100,103	.....	140,078	.....
	United States...	27,553	.....	14,148	.....	188,361	.....	221,964	.....	195,759	.....
	Other countries...	197	.....	298	.....	1,934	.....	5,357	.....	1,569	.....
	Totals.....	39,709	.....	28,366	.....	290,698	.....	327,424	.....	337,406	.....
Paper, other.....	Great Britain...	42,800	10	72,231	221	266,268	19	296,928	32	459,834	452
	United States...	199,863	2,067	211,405	2,204	1,012,772	6,414	1,172,111	19,394	1,454,572	26,703
	Other countries...	26,682	.....	32,447	1,286	113,036	1,525	131,958	7,942	201,116	4,244
	Totals.....	269,345	2,077	316,083	3,711	1,392,076	7,958	1,600,997	27,368	2,115,622	31,399
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	55,305	10	87,975	221	373,535	19	409,894	32	612,794	452
	United States...	237,452	2,067	233,971	2,204	1,286,375	6,414	1,467,449	19,394	1,714,222	26,703
	Other countries...	27,621	.....	33,154	1,286	119,254	1,525	143,510	7,942	208,678	4,244
	Totals.....	320,378	2,077	355,100	3,711	1,779,144	7,958	2,020,653	27,368	2,535,694	31,399
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise.....	Great Britain...	2,432	.....	2,223	.....	15,275	.....	22,749	.....	28,704	.....
	United States...	9,605	.....	8,454	.....	56,825	.....	62,361	.....	79,617	.....
	Germany.....	1,679	.....	2,473	.....	26,419	.....	26,877	.....	23,633	.....
	Other countries...	95	.....	2	.....	338	.....	478	.....	1,676	.....
	Totals.....	13,811	.....	13,152	.....	98,857	.....	112,465	.....	133,630	.....

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	1,904	5,195	27,114	21,304	33,699
	United States.	19,699	27,810	72,518	83,899	112,324
	Other countries.	145	278	2,696	2,140	3,656
	Totals.	21,808	33,283	102,328	107,313	149,689
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	5,347	3,406	17,277	18,033	16,316
	United States.	16,255	24,860	58,912	87,218	110,091
	France.	18,981	15,214	54,483	68,562	68,562
	Other countries.	1,099	1,103	3,893	6,724	10,173
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Totals.	41,682	44,583	128,565	166,451	205,142
	Great Britain.	33,608	32,194	158,265	172,638	218,541
	United States.	17,593	13,826	76,256	80,351	76,827
	Other countries.	2,009	4,078	13,214	16,444	28,448
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Totals.	53,210	50,098	247,735	269,433	323,816
	Great Britain.	404	6,997	33,691	18,274	58,306
	United States.	4,321	3,618	14,537	24,888	88,192
	France.	3,348	3,732	13,868	18,111	119,289
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Holland.	15,633	16,221	118,361	166,064	257,643
	Other countries.	222	4,632	7,010	6,565	676
	Totals.	8,295	19,029	69,106	970,363	29,430
	Great Britain.	2,586	5,859	11,349	15,337	23,451
Meats:— Beacon and hams.	United States.	113,386	145,832	310,270	518,410	689,685
	Other countries.	5,648	8,244	28,068	25,737	28,865
	Totals.	121,620	159,935	349,687	559,484	752,001
	Great Britain.	140,697	238	492	180	4,355
Pork, barrelled in brine	United States.	21	91,329	384,581	668,578	523,918
	Other countries.	140,718	28	145	454	56
	Totals.	140,718	91,595	385,218	669,212	528,329
	Great Britain.	145,087	101,998	4,980	5,158	372,382
	United States.	145,087	101,998	366,480	404,016	372,382
	Other countries.	145,087	101,998	366,480	404,016	372,382
	Totals.	145,087	101,998	366,480	404,016	372,382
	Great Britain.	145,087	101,998	366,480	404,016	372,382

Ribbons.....	Great Britain.....	36,163	42,177	263,547	293,895	400,422
	United States.....	12,326	15,462	57,282	55,831	68,128
	France.....	23,474	39,427	111,792	180,475	287,635
	Switzerland.....	23,347	28,443	106,561	161,756	238,133
	Other countries.....	5,278	3,079	113,883	29,451	43,336
	Totals.....	100,588	128,588	633,011	721,408	1,037,654
Salt	Great Britain.....	62			245,767	219,999
	United States.....	9,739	8,400	101	53,737	68,096
	Other countries.....			43,768	6,410	3,065
	Totals.....	9,801	8,400	2,062	24,960	50,070
Seeds and bulbous roots.....	Great Britain.....	338			277,137	273,134
	United States.....	5,372	114			
	Other countries.....	1,296	130,591	19,260		
	Totals.....	7,066	38	206,055	5,266	9,921
				1,761	133,044	12,272
Settlers' effects.....	Great Britain.....				8,405	5,444
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					
Fabrics.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....					
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoen, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain.....	69,316	.....	38,107	.....	233,725	.....	226,180	.....	298,886	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	28,980	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50,712	.....	17,622	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	98,296	.....	38,107	.....	233,725	.....	276,892	.....	316,508	.....	.....	.....
Velvets, valveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	12,645	.....	25,300	.....	142,071	.....	145,139	.....	198,970	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	1,261	.....	1,449	.....	7,272	.....	6,794	.....	10,185	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	6,359	.....	4,916	.....	38,999	.....	26,444	.....	47,889	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	1,993	.....	1,635	.....	20,002	.....	26,871	.....	24,619	.....	.....	.....
Silk, other.....	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,907	.....	1,601	.....	3,225	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	22,258	.....	33,300	.....	208,251	.....	206,849	.....	284,888	.....	.....	.....
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	21,395	17	24,001	.....	119,128	1,268	115,119	609	146,761	1,883	.....	.....
	United States.....	6,332	1,790	4,017	4,830	32,134	6,789	36,673	11,304	50,196	19,838	.....	.....
	Japan.....	17,204	.....	15,925	.....	76,785	.....	73,545	.....	111,372	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	4,250	.....	6,176	85	24,929	182	29,428	312	39,328	677	.....	.....
Silk and mfrs. of.....	Totals.....	49,381	1,807	50,119	4,915	252,976	8,189	254,765	12,225	347,657	22,398	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	144,117	17	189,034	.....	1,221,125	1,208	1,135,632	609	1,490,636	1,883	.....	.....
	United States.....	32,359	71,106	26,873	42,937	198,299	240,464	175,363	237,484	133,228	318,724	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	158,633	28,980	149,797	85	1,270,359	182	1,074,076	51,024	1,389,985	18,299	.....	.....
Totals.....	Totals.....	335,109	100,103	365,704	43,022	2,689,783	241,914	2,385,071	289,117	3,069,849	338,906	.....	.....

Soap.....	4,405	150	6,811	25,391	274	31,507	250	37,345	157
United States.....	45,192	.....	41,195	84	657	270,930	791	289,854	271
France.....	9,531	.....	4,719	38,009	.....	56,251	.....	59,797	.....
Other countries.....	346	.....	777	3,365	.....	4,104	.....	4,631	.....
Totals.....	59,474	150	53,502	84	904	362,902	1,041	391,627	428
Spices.....	12,492	.....	16,376	82,659	.....	100,016	.....	96,714	.....
United States.....	11,007	.....	7,398	36,903	.....	38,996	.....	43,175	.....
B. E. Indies.....	6,277	.....	453	28,129	.....	47,937	.....	34,032	.....
Other countries.....	3,605	.....	3,151	20,858	.....	14,446	.....	20,675	.....
Totals.....	33,381	.....	27,378	108,549	.....	201,395	.....	194,636	.....
Spirits and wines—	2,447	.....	1,996	15,310	.....	14,667	.....	9,932	.....
Spirits—	178	.....	165	997	.....	387,687	.....	4,295	.....
Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy.....	60,530	.....	63,860	290,115	.....	337,261	.....	369,965	.....
United States.....	59	.....	43	609	.....	754	.....	525	.....
France.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	63,214	.....	66,064	307,031	.....	353,269	.....	384,717	.....
Gin of all kinds.....	10,031	.....	13,652	52,277	.....	62,885	.....	79,650	.....
United States.....	22	.....	168	168	.....	73	.....	735	.....
Holland.....	28,049	.....	47,483	147,648	.....	157,905	.....	216,013	.....
Other countries.....	5	.....	5	151	.....	43	.....	32	.....
Totals.....	38,107	.....	61,140	200,244	.....	220,906	.....	296,430	.....
Whiskey.....	107,957	.....	114,628	457,893	.....	574,250	.....	666,994	.....
United States.....	590	.....	468	7,025	.....	6,154	.....	3,433	.....
Other countries.....	33	.....	62	532	.....	487	.....	433	.....
Totals.....	108,580	.....	115,158	465,450	.....	580,891	.....	671,360	.....
Spirits, other.....	4,627	.....	5,985	17,679	.....	21,270	.....	24,968	.....
United States.....	1,209	.....	1,299	47,316	.....	8,026	.....	6,516	.....
Other countries.....	12,285	.....	17,294	67,975	.....	79,884	.....	96,190	.....
Totals.....	18,121	.....	24,578	132,970	.....	109,180	.....	128,074	.....
Wines, non-sparkling.....	4,008	.....	3,501	13,928	.....	22,078	.....	19,270	.....
United States.....	1,522	.....	1,410	11,849	.....	12,098	.....	9,848	.....
France.....	13,256	.....	11,288	67,220	.....	75,703	.....	79,705	.....
Spain.....	12,313	.....	14,018	76,336	.....	80,319	.....	89,058	.....
Other countries.....	9,619	.....	12,910	60,010	.....	59,678	.....	68,986	.....
Totals.....	40,718	.....	43,127	220,343	.....	249,936	.....	266,867	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling,	Great Britain	756		444		7,419		8,736		5,246			
	United States	17		184		2,207		5,998		1,944			
	France	31,946		35,173		137,645		166,583		203,889			
	Other countries	579		305		2,364		2,409		2,880			
	Totals	33,298		36,167		149,635		188,726		213,909			
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Spirits and wines	Great Britain	129,826		140,206		564,506		703,786		825,891			
	United States	3,538		3,526		69,562		33,036		74,691			
	Other countries	168,674		202,502		850,605		961,086		1,138,345			
	Totals	302,038		346,234		1,484,673		1,697,908		2,038,927			
Stone and mfrs. of	Great Britain	8,449	856	8,089	1,115	82,068	19,026	99,369	31,535	97,148	26,062		
	United States	51,976	37,636	37,654	65,274	228,048	91,645	261,545	156,153	266,645	288,873		
	Other countries	795	7,303	347	12,789	4,713	7,734	7,779	7,170	3,768	26,866		
	Totals	61,220	45,795	46,090	79,178	314,829	118,405	359,693	195,658	367,561	341,801		
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar	Great Britain	90,946		82,221		593,761		564,917		707,749			
	United States	675		133		11,864		9,654		3,420			
	Belgium	60				453,695		210		11,546			
	B. Guiana	528,112		132,279		1,847,296		1,364,261		828,573			
	B. W. Indies	249,819		759,308		2,966,068		2,994,612		3,711,842			
	Dutch E. Indies	163,076		51,001		530,643		299,426		425,848			
	Fiji			28,366						149,753			
	Germany	568		15,387		3,346		195,505		581,734			
	Other countries					756,221							
	Totals	973,256		1,068,695		7,162,909		5,423,585		6,420,465			

Molasses.....	127	67	1,995	3,798	1,420	4,108
Great Britain.....	6,140	340	41,091	660,341	37,062	19,389
United States.....	13,444	21,657	232,138	744,966	170,980	863,589
B. W. Indies.....	6,469	285	2,261		9,473	1,774
Porto Rico.....						
Other countries..						
Totals.....	26,580	21,997	277,485	664,139	218,935	23,723
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....						
Great Britain.....	48,972		76,821		115,228	157,200
United States.....	15,987		86,531		93,394	106,045
Other countries..	3,276		11,231		9,039	11,824
Totals.....	68,235		174,583		217,661	275,069
Recapitulation.						
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	140,045		672,577		681,565	869,057
Great Britain.....	23,202	340	139,486	3,798	140,110	128,834
United States.....	904,824	21,657	6,802,914	660,341	5,043,506	5,727,366
Other countries..						
Totals.....	1,068,071	21,997	7,614,977	664,139	5,865,181	6,725,257
Tea.....	71		1,424	509,411	490	742,652
Great Britain.....	3,927		17,275		18,501	14,169
United States.....		115,394				
B. E. Indies.....		1,646				
China.....		130,098		811,735		921,518
Japan.....		30,073		86,612		86,893
Other countries..		115,688		336,888		336,191
Totals.....	3,998	391,253	6	3,054		79
Tobacco and mfrs. of.....			18,705	1,747,700	18,991	14,179
Great Britain.....	17,463		74,894	1,945	94,019	123,563
United States.....	24,960	169,222	104,762	1,645,689	126,435	163,585
Cuba.....	37,017	19,049	215,455	6,359	263,635	209,134
Other countries..	4,951	223	26,270	7,710	29,564	35,747
Totals.....	84,391	188,494	421,381	1,661,703	513,653	532,019
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.....	32,430		139,481		171,193	193,715
Great Britain.....	5,984		18,932		24,766	32,601
United States.....	7,849		30,258		27,867	68,088
Aust.-Hungary.....	2,633		61,252		76,488	76,488
France.....	622		22,882		12,105	18,353
Other countries..						
Totals.....	49,518		272,805		275,023	389,245

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Turpentine, spirits of	Great Britain				75			2,231					3,235
	United States	41,718			32,238			310,497					413,559
	Other countries				18								623
	Totals	41,718			35,331			313,717					417,417
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials	Great Britain	2,386		7,268				25,896				38,687	
	United States	277		451				6,138				13,871	
	Other countries	57		2				1,094				4,697	
	Totals	2,720		7,721				33,128				57,255	
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c.	Great Britain	1,995		3,451				33,398	307		111	25,582	
	United States	10,386	13	8,707				67,460	61		286	63,912	
	Other countries	17						256				201	
	Totals	12,398	13	12,158				101,054	368		397	89,695	
Vegetables	Great Britain	7,327		12,679				56,095				78,331	
	United States	45,540		50,055				658,619				686,789	
	Other countries	15,307		16,991				74,952				91,597	
	Totals	68,174		79,725				789,666				856,717	

Watches.....	Great Britain.....	3,799	1,797	17,174	15,987	15,447
	United States.....	85,740	89,832	396,123	423,284	488,870
	France.....	3,092	976	22,707	13,614	3,160
	Switzerland.....	17,310	25,204	98,045	81,756	128,540
	Other countries.....	2,780	7,817	10,676	21,306	31,626
	Totals.....	112,721	125,125	543,725	555,947	667,643
Wood and mfrs. of—						
Furniture..	Great Britain.....	8,930	8,267	28,094	29,865	38,538
	United States.....	50,222	60,435	416,495	409,777	470,887
	Other countries.....	3,009	4,026	26,272	21,015	20,408
	Totals.....	62,161	72,732	470,861	460,657	529,783
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....			697,041	548,808	397,031
	Other countries.....	80,380	30,385	787	4,738	6,748
	Totals.....	80,380	30,385	697,828	553,546	403,779
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	14,741	11,277	1,348	8,449	54
	Other countries.....		663,018	108,921	3,037,883	74,290
	Totals.....	14,741	11,277	109,269	45,890	5,003,904
			667,725	2,637,341	3,092,222	9,649
				110,269	75,481	74,344
						5,629,950
Other wood and mfrs. of, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	7,887	8,544	41,067	6,226	8,460
	United States.....	153,307	188,075	854,799	965,333	78,119
	Other countries.....	12,957	11,907	96,404	637,631	1,261,210
	Totals.....	174,151	208,526	992,180	9,687	113,906
			139,486	488,545	633,544	1,453,235
						839,305
Wood and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	16,817	16,811	70,509	74,443	116,711
	United States.....	218,270	259,791	1,380,125	1,450,265	1,806,357
	Other countries.....	15,966	15,953	122,676	131,107	134,314
	Totals.....	251,053	292,535	1,573,310	60,315	2,057,362
			837,596	3,823,714	4,299,312	6,873,634
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.						SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets (includes mats and rugs subsequent to 1906)	Great Britain...	104,927	.....	115,458	.....	700,401	.....	729,911	.....	1,079,037	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	219	.....	1,743	.....	4,272	.....	3,997	.....	13,969	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	202	.....	461	.....	5,901	.....	3,693	.....	1,250	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	1,772	.....	9,296	.....	6,508	.....	7,171	.....	31,748	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	107,120	.....	126,958	.....	717,082	.....	744,772	.....	1,136,004	.....	.....	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain...	70,600	.....	88,431	.....	417,392	.....	420,049	.....	573,250	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	35,250	.....	42,871	.....	233,023	.....	182,252	.....	241,692	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	899	.....	1,567	.....	6,322	.....	6,331	.....	17,309	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	40,811	.....	50,434	.....	223,172	.....	233,186	.....	263,182	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	2,845	.....	1,002	.....	14,372	.....	5,215	.....	3,047	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	150,405	.....	184,305	.....	914,281	.....	846,033	.....	1,098,480	.....	.....	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain...	315,058	.....	333,272	.....	2,462,468	.....	3,047,708	.....	3,379,497	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	530	.....	913	.....	5,627	.....	3,343	.....	17,607	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	5,193	.....	8,839	.....	23,576	.....	40,431	.....	60,573	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	5,116	.....	3,357	.....	40,262	.....	47,351	.....	51,225	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	3,038	.....	670	.....	6,626	.....	17,092	.....	10,930	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	328,935	.....	347,051	.....	2,538,559	.....	3,155,925	.....	3,519,827	.....	.....	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain...	226,269	.....	265,113	.....	2,342,778	.....	2,635,306	.....	3,232,846	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	6,636	.....	4,018	.....	27,759	.....	40,132	.....	41,918	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	71,601	.....	88,790	.....	472,318	.....	656,638	.....	865,039	.....	.....	.....

Knitted goods, including underwear, N.E.S.	Germany.	3,686	12,000	71,172	67,167	91,861
	Other countries.	7,306	2,231	45,846	42,226	64,769
	Totals.	315,588	372,842	2,959,873	3,441,469	4,296,433
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c. .	Great Britain.	26,794	69,237	200,074	201,025	404,455
	United States.	1,265	1,400	26,252	19,464	20,363
	Germany.	4,294	5,633	28,822	30,147	34,990
	Other countries.	618	1,613	3,851	7,992	19,470
	Totals.	32,971	77,943	258,999	258,628	479,278
Wool, raw.	Great Britain.	101,167	112,048	544,068	673,086	731,142
	United States.	1,081	1,121	12,728	9,085	6,259
	Germany.	3,784	2,963	33,910	47,821	50,115
	Other countries.	95	14	2,708	2,186	2,860
	Totals.	106,127	116,146	593,414	732,178	790,376
Yarn.	Great Britain.	16,670	65,648	392,150	209,458	352,621
	United States.	15,640	11,851	191,183	195,181	218,672
	France.	474	13,005	97,653	82,292	101,115
	Other countries.	8,815	690	277,300	125,871	89,295
	Totals.	41,599	91,194	958,286	562,802	858,731
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain.	63,193	97,528	508,426	571,436	773,558
	United States.	36	154	1,920	1,260	3,481
	Germany.	1,450	4,652	34,104	23,548	35,705
	Other countries.	3,053	56	11,452	7,455	3,235
	Totals.	67,732	102,390	555,902	603,699	815,979
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain.	59,808	56,219	424,643	426,798	382,558
	United States.	7,789	7,866	67,550	60,526	67,250
	France.	3,245	5,151	18,949	27,038	37,508
	Germany.	9,765	4,777	55,839	47,080	29,418
	Other countries.	5,428	5,778	51,542	69,900	86,563
	Totals.	86,035	79,791	618,523	621,342	603,294
						309,579

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of October, 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.		MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Countries.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle	Great Britain.....	1,804,535			1,426,575		7,016,130		8,554,517		6,400,683
	United States.....	23,283			124,763		1,250		123,027		257,732
	Newfoundland.....	19,698			15,355		59,860		89,959		78,585
	Other countries.....	13,359			2,245		110,702		293,731		25,859
	Totals	1,860,875			1,568,938		7,336,900		9,057,296		6,762,859
Horses	Great Britain.....	750			1,800		37,680		15,080		24,800
	United States.....	34,439			35,770		276,119		313,719		309,948
	Other countries.....	34,080			1,280		22,865		45,903		16,005
	Totals	69,269			38,850		336,664		288,335		350,753
	Sheep	Great Britain.....	49,572			38,088		141,691		114,229		139,141
	United States.....	258,786			255,443		448,192		447,626		431,892
	Other countries.....	3,443			3,297		14,190		15,617		11,828
	Totals	311,801			296,828		604,073		577,472		582,861
Other animals, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	16,453			14,496		2,810		175		30
	United States.....	1,023			252		44,681		41,272		47,031
	Other countries.....						1,966		2,218		3,276
	Totals	17,476			14,748		49,457		43,665		50,337
											53,270

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	\$ 1,854,857	\$	\$ 1,466,463	\$	\$ 7,198,311	\$	\$ 8,684,001	\$	\$ 6,564,654	\$
	United States...	332,981	102,386	430,472	102,438	919,200	297,134	925,644	417,744	1,046,603	442,694
	Other countries..	71,603	22,429	22,429	..	209,583	..	453,190	..	136,553	..
	Totals.....	2,259,441	102,336	1,919,364	102,438	8,327,094	297,134	10,062,835	417,744	7,746,810	442,034
Ashes	Great Britain...	665	..	2,295	..	18,781	..	15,038	..	16,385	350
	United States...	4,608	..	4,923	..	38,539	..	46,756	181	35,935	..
	Other countries..	16	..	6	..	3,027	..	6,650	..	5,542	..
	Totals.....	5,289	..	7,224	..	60,347	..	68,444	181	57,862	350
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c	Great Britain...	1,650	221	3,563	..	55,966	9,174	29,848	784	42,162	629
	United States...	4,147	4,147	9,649	5,699	55,265	35,094	49,418	41,061	60,062	44,054
	Other countries..	4,081	146	3,611	338	30,633	2,624	32,566	3,298	12,248	967
	Totals	10,585	4,514	16,823	6,037	141,924	46,892	111,832	45,143	115,012	45,630
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley	Great Britain...	20,075	23,437	54,827	..	67,133	401,060	280,255	211,849	473,588	..
	United States...	418	..	11,954	..	9,563	70	7,441	..	17,128	..
	Belgium .....	..	..	10,010	..	25,108	3,750	..	..	104,489	..
	Other countries..	..	..	3,032	..	3,322	..	42	..	9,961	29
	Totals	21,093	23,437	79,823	..	105,126	404,880	287,738	211,849	695,166	29

Beans	Great Britain	5,998	42	2,895	444	206	498	47	4,723	39
	United States	474	26	7,494	3,044	318	2,506	48	14,289	192
	Other countries				9,272					
	Totals	6,472	68	10,389	14,306	524	14,072	95	19,012	224
Buckwheat	Great Britain			2,426	28,519		40,944	440	7,055	
	United States			12	3,779		4,128		1,308	
	Belgium				19,800		14,149		8,760	
	Other countries				5,627		1,272			
Indian corn	Totals			2,438	57,725		60,498	440	17,123	
	Great Britain		567,298		1,431	2,798,173	17,717	2,044,685	1,992	2,448,397
	United States	1			830	49	33	500	110	
	Belgium					12,857				
Oats	Germany									
	Other countries			94	224		590		643	
	Totals	1	567,298	94	2,485	2,811,079	18,342	2,045,185	2,745	2,448,397
Pease, whole and split	Great Britain	159,028		31,707	151,636	559,661	1,283,546	65,204	2,304,045	638
	United States	2,028		6,838	6,208	51,342	21,131	67,206	95,309	
	Belgium				7,909		941		17,536	
	B. W. Indies	8,901		5,489	24,556	1,323	47,077		47,631	
Rye	Other countries	9,175		23,961	63,807		67,508		259,609	
	Totals	179,132		67,995	254,116	612,326	1,420,203	132,410	2,794,130	638
	Great Britain	37,813		24,127	107,953		147,805		152,951	
	United States	7,282		6,204	40,211	3	23,094		22,327	
	Belgium	345					345			
	B. W. Indies	3,671		2,442	2,034		21,162		22,922	
	Other countries	49,042		17,089	154,544		136,915		88,662	1,412
	Totals	98,153		49,862	394,742	3	329,321		286,862	1,412
	Great Britain			4,450						
	United States				43,007			17,637	4,450	18,799
	Other countries	7			73		20		9,765	
	Totals	7		4,450	10,807			9		
	Totals	7			53,887		20	17,646	14,215	18,799

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Breadstuffs—Con. Grain—Con. Wheat.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	3,150,676	680	2,152,606	842,401	9,350,093	216,838	15,068,440	324,725	21,820,816	1,737,236		
	United States.....	185,733		1,073		918,195		1,721,743		60,983	35		
	Belgium.....				48,414	237,425		68,556		102,556	48,414		
	Germany.....												
	Other countries.....	19,156		9		12,406		95,503		35,429			
	Totals.....	3,355,565	680	2,153,688	890,815	10,518,119	216,838	16,954,242	324,725	22,019,784	1,785,685		
Other grain, N.E.S.....								1,120					
	Great Britain.....			736		2,407		7		738			
	United States.....					1,404		10		5			
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....			736		3,811		1,137		743			
Grain.....													
	Great Britain.....	3,368,192	591,415	2,270,143	992,695	9,707,209	4,018,739	16,840,325	2,604,540	24,764,897	4,204,432		
	United States.....	201,460	42	28,976	9	982,739	51,746	1,788,647	67,753	201,890	705		
	Other countries.....	90,771	26	70,356	49,827	570,482	29,055	456,596	57	722,993	50,047		
	Totals.....	3,660,423	591,483	2,369,475	1,042,531	11,260,430	4,099,540	19,085,568	2,732,350	25,689,780	4,255,184		
Grain products— Bran.....													
	Great Britain.....	23,892		25,284		90,370		125,052		110,168			
	United States.....	9,076		32,701		128,401		49,836		105,118			
	B. W. Indies.....	738		90		6,300		3,780		2,982			
	Other countries.....	6,079		43,172		91,193		42,350		257,598			
	Totals.....	39,782		101,247		316,264		221,018		475,866			
Cereal foods.....													
	Great Britain.....	121,690		128,726	48	616,256		492,771		522,247	48		
	United States.....	1,242		17		304		11,254		3,042			
	Other countries.....	40,379		65,730		212,244		211,964		270,786	37		
	Totals.....	163,311		194,473	48	828,804	432	716,009	386	796,075	854		

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	53,763 5 15,934	38,372 5,835	203,941 2,276 13,128	250,974 935 29,954	418,356 30,763
Totals.....		69,702	44,207	219,345	281,863	449,099
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Australasia..... B. W. Indies..... Newfoundland..... Other countries.....	232,475 688 17,118 182,563 83,548	348,309 12,234 35,915 154,549 93,767	1,275,442 65,457 11,685 178,025 624,983 601,362	1,924,202 38,765 7,875 148,454 798,062 457,680	2,638,277 82,487 149 170,390 798,062 1,241,192
Totals.....		516,392	644,774	2,636,608	3,201,959	4,930,408
Other breadstuffs, N. F. S.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	5,835 1,144 4,804	4,786 812 7,290	23,096 6,815 25,008	30,945 4,821 29,686	27,055 4,859 41,359
Totals.....		11,783	12,888	54,849	65,452	73,273
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	3,805,847 213,615 441,931	2,815,620 74,740 475,704	992,743 83 49,999	19,664,269 1,894,278 2,013,322	28,480,980 397,396 3,536,125
Totals.....		4,461,393	3,367,064	1,042,825	23,571,869	32,414,501
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	4,000 7,423	8,000 8,700 7,645	..... 22,100	13,630 15,980 38,128	15,700 49,385 45,716
Totals.....		11,423	24,345	22,100	67,738	110,801
Bicycles.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Australasia..... Other countries.....	30 155 3,500 311	..... 75 990	518 789 19,735 5,260	590 964 19,013 1,342	235 1,076 26,885 15,198
Totals.....		3,996	1,065	26,302	21,909	43,394
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	152 1,920 12,318	4,044 2,755 20,063	27,537 54,234 59,228	6,378 12,362 68,352	13,060 52,390 82,122
Totals.....		14,390	26,862	140,999	87,092	147,572
						29,558

Recapitulation.

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	23,641	...	35,505	...	205,927	199,300	1,550	158,259	440
	United States...	30,423	129,403	58,106	95,403	311,064	320,489	505,317	357,357	638,304
	Australasia...	3,212	...	2,073	...	11,990	26,282	...	9,881	...
	Other countries...	10,989	259	42,927	1,957	143,282	273,285	10,517	197,239	7,511
	Totals	70,265	129,662	138,611	97,860	672,273	825,356	517,394	722,746	646,275
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	198	...	141	50	2,868	4,467	11,107	1,082	100
	United States...	563	3,852	3,184	6,085	126,434	7,190	27,730	12,910	31,650
	Other countries...	3,725	2	901	124	2,312	10,867	280	8,424	2,272
	Totals	4,486	3,854	4,226	6,209	10,561	22,524	39,117	22,416	34,022
Fertilizers.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	1,950	9,600	...	...	...
	United States...	23,683	...	19,452	...	140,485	108,601	1,909	115,648	...
	Other countries...	...	...	9,057	...	15,348	6,947	...	28,453	...
	Totals	23,683	...	28,509	...	157,783	125,148	1,909	144,101	...
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted.	Great Britain...	3,008	...	1,798	...	24,235	24,935	...	13,181	...
	United States...	55,638	...	38,615	...	376,203	145,184	...	126,146	...
	Brazil...	81,461	...	71,136	...	231,311	302,220	...	291,829	...
	B. W. Indies...	72,344	2,741	124,572	1,171	370,669	485,373	3,775	436,026	1,171
	Cuba...	15,065	...	21,835	...	199,161	187,042	...	166,953	...
	Other countries...	150,228	...	144,127	...	461,888	625,849	...	528,064	...
	Totals	377,824	2,741	402,083	1,171	1,663,467	1,770,603	3,775	1,562,199	1,171
Herrings, fresh or frozen.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	14,786	...	15,861	...	127,183	55,688	...	91,719	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	50	...
	Totals	14,786	...	15,861	...	127,183	55,738	...	91,769	...
Herrings, pickled.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	225	...	...	...	...
	United States...	7,295	...	10,187	88	56,243	36,302	...	40,567	88
	B. W. Indies...	16,854	...	6,410	...	131,396	102,998	...	67,013	300
	Other countries...	3,968	...	8,782	...	34,274	26,060	...	49,583	...
	Totals	28,117	...	20,379	88	222,138	165,360	...	157,163	388
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	8,476	...	...	...
	United States...	57	...	98	...	292,180	292,537	...	277,104	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	37	...	98	...	292,180	301,013	...	277,104	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported*from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.		MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
Countries.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain.....	8,172	58,232	58,232	666,619	815,072	539,232	815,072	666,619	539,232	666,619
	United States.....	13,630	33,816	33,816	917,151	643,584	932,131	643,584	917,151	932,131	917,151
	Belgium.....		2,715	2,715	56,490	35,021	41,987	35,021	56,490	41,987	56,490
	France.....	4,091	51,274	51,274	608,402	823,823	812,420	823,823	608,402	812,420	823,823
	Germany.....		18,568	18,568	29,775	18,052	51,671	18,052	29,775	51,671	29,775
	Other countries.....	22,524	20,768	20,768	80,214	80,984	94,071	80,984	80,214	94,071	80,214
	Totals.....	48,417	185,404	185,404	2,358,651	2,416,536	2,471,512	2,416,536	2,358,651	2,471,512	2,358,651
Mackerel, fresh.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	12,150	2,970	2,970	33,039	118,952	47,733	118,952	33,039	47,733	33,039
	Other countries.....					4					
	Totals.....	12,150	2,970	2,970	33,039	118,956	47,733	118,956	33,039	47,733	33,039
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	71,663	48,232	48,232	105,405	233,923	108,404	233,923	105,405	233,923	105,405
	B. W. Indies.....	5,590	4,868	4,868	19,384	31,838	28,615	31,838	19,384	28,615	19,384
	Other countries.....	3,114	1,081	2,315	11,091	22,215	18,704	22,215	11,091	22,215	11,091
	Totals.....	80,367	1,171	55,415	135,880	287,976	155,723	287,976	135,880	155,723	135,880
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain.....	268,220	134,545	134,545	1,322,266	501,186	809,647	501,186	1,322,266	809,647	1,322,266
	United States.....	754	2,896	2,896	209,439	12	18,634	209,439	209,439	18,634	209,439
	Australasia.....	8,452	7,122	7,122	70,595	12,773	30,819	12,773	70,595	30,819	70,595
	Other countries.....	3,883	42,964	42,964	61,292	20,238	82,084	20,238	61,292	82,084	61,292
	Totals.....	281,309	187,527	187,527	1,665,092	536,701	941,184	536,701	1,665,092	941,184	1,665,092
Salmon, fresh.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	3,197	718	718	149,105	150,951	120,410	150,951	149,105	120,410	149,105
	Germany.....	1,678			2,792	3,495		3,495	2,792		
	Other countries.....		7,042	7,042	7,066	1,234	7,042	1,234	7,066	7,042	7,066
	Totals.....	4,875	7,760	7,760	403,170	197,809	156,194	197,809	403,170	156,194	403,170

Salmon, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	3,890	.....	.....	.....	340	.....	4,802	.....	75,131	.....
	United States.....	755	.....	7,513	.....	48,202	.....	146,076	.....	4,319	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	545	.....	831	.....	3,108	.....	4,710	.....	103,175	.....
	Other countries.....	5,609	.....	17,069	.....	31,125	.....	40,730	.....	182,655	.....
	Totals.....	10,799	.....	25,413	.....	82,835	.....	196,918	.....	.....	.....
Fish, all other, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	30	.....	555	.....	693,421	.....	30	.....
	United States.....	112,644	65	142,748	.....	706,881	106	978	.....	617,385	3,352
	Other countries.....	512	.....	187	.....	96	1	.....	.....	480	.....
	Totals.....	113,156	65	142,965	.....	707,532	107	.....	.....	647,895	3,352
Other fish, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	1,231	.....	.....	.....	1,899	383	24,474	129	5,566	337
	United States.....	42,203	.....	40,809	77	213,210	542	217,846	321	241,823	12,305
	Other countries.....	7,758	362	8,900	.....	24,896	288	60,060	1,101	53,160	883
	Totals.....	51,192	362	49,709	77	240,005	1,213	302,380	1,551	300,549	13,525
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fish and fish products.....	Great Britain.....	284,581	.....	194,606	.....	2,261,346	383	1,421,074	129	1,396,398	337
	United States.....	334,772	65	344,493	165	3,234,741	660	2,737,562	1,209	2,727,187	15,747
	Other countries.....	403,676	4,274	556,485	1,171	2,435,085	3,667	2,883,753	11,528	2,868,095	2,351
	Totals.....	1,023,029	4,339	1,095,584	1,336	7,931,172	4,710	7,044,389	12,866	6,991,680	18,438
Flax, hemp, &c.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,380	.....	6,324	.....	300	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	4,500	292,295	.....	162,236	.....	73,850	4,500
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	4,500	311,675	.....	168,502	.....	74,150	4,500
Fruits—	Great Britain.....	5,640	.....	.....	441	2,259	60	5,802	181	245	444
Fruits, dried.....	United States.....	17	.....	4,700	43	93	3,409	937	5,948	5,175	8,991
	Germany.....	.....	.....	5,250	.....	8,900	.....	4,094	.....	7,170	.....
	Holland.....	1,400	.....	4,800	.....	18,193	.....	1,710	.....	6,300	.....
	Other countries.....	2,228	28	14,327	552	1,483	1,132	2,346	1,002	14,918	2,428
	Totals.....	9,285	28	29,077	1,039	30,928	4,601	14,889	7,131	33,808	11,866
Fruits, green, apples.....	Great Britain.....	266,132	156	285,125	.....	1,200,179	.....	354,257	156	342,484	.....
	United States.....	2,932	194	86,323	13	26,826	587	19,680	252	91,144	154
	Other countries.....	15,581	.....	21,728	.....	46,061	.....	.....	32	26,046	.....
	Totals.....	284,665	350	393,176	13	1,273,066	587	378,747	440	459,674	154

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.

MONTH OF OCTOBER.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	1906.				1907.				1908.				1909.			
		1906.		1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	5,330	.....	182	.....	120,713	267	40,882	1,351	40,882	1,351	14,484	.....	14,484	.....	65	.....
	United States...	12,765	3,654	36,682	6,972	102,542	44,609	119,339	32,339	119,339	32,339	193,759	.....	193,759	.....	54,699	.....
	Other countries..	2,784	610	3,950	868	14,162	3,408	11,744	3,682	11,744	3,682	10,021	.....	10,021	.....	4,944	.....
	Totals.....	20,879	4,264	40,814	7,840	237,417	48,284	171,968	37,432	171,968	37,432	218,264	.....	218,264	.....	59,708	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.	Great Britain...	277,122	156	285,307	444	1,323,151	327	400,951	1,688	400,951	1,688	357,213	.....	357,213	.....	509	.....
	United States...	15,714	3,848	127,705	7,028	199,461	48,605	125,079	38,599	125,079	38,599	290,068	.....	290,068	.....	63,847	.....
	Other countries..	21,993	638	50,055	1,420	88,799	4,540	39,574	4,716	39,574	4,716	64,465	.....	64,465	.....	7,372	.....
	Totals.....	314,829	4,642	463,067	8,892	1,541,411	53,472	565,504	45,003	565,504	45,003	711,746	.....	711,746	.....	71,728	.....
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.	Great Britain...	338,832	.....	3,106	5,898	457,574	5,565	1,237,081	1,169	1,237,081	1,169	314,924	.....	314,924	.....	6,208	.....
	United States...	23,977	1,399	133,355	6,729	776,710	24,121	727,527	21,211	727,527	21,211	848,428	.....	848,428	.....	28,976	.....
	Other countries..	339	.....	4,080	.....	7,427	3,143	41,564	1,462	41,564	1,462	96,659	.....	96,659	.....	6,265	.....
	Totals.....	369,748	1,399	140,541	12,627	1,241,711	32,829	2,006,172	23,842	2,006,172	23,842	1,260,011	.....	1,260,011	.....	41,449	.....
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.	Great Britain...	52,075	.....	.....	.....	15,859	.....	80,147	.....	80,147	.....	31,705	.....	31,705	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	140	.....	1,050	.....	5,403	14,094	18,657	.....	18,657	.....	58,458	.....	58,458	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	52,215	.....	1,050	.....	24,262	14,094	98,804	.....	98,804	.....	90,163	.....	90,163	.....	.....	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of. N.E.S.	Great Britain...	3,358	.....	701	.....	3,736	3,314	95,432	224	95,432	224	4,276	.....	4,276	.....	3,104	.....
	United States...	7,229	4,003	2,781	.....	19,164	7,028	32,955	7,042	32,955	7,042	31,912	.....	31,912	.....	94	.....
	Other countries..	507	.....	1,286	.....	1,999	500	1,137	1,529	1,137	1,529	4,554	.....	4,554	.....	4,789	.....
	Totals.....	11,104	4,003	4,768	.....	24,899	10,842	129,564	8,795	129,564	8,795	40,742	.....	40,742	.....	7,987	.....

Recapitulation.	Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	394,375	.....	3,807	5,898	477,169	8,879	1,412,660	1,393	350,905	9,312
		United States.....	37,346	5,402	137,186	6,729	801,277	43,243	779,139	28,253	938,798	29,070
		Other countries.....	1,346	.....	5,366	.....	12,425	3,643	42,761	2,991	101,213	11,054
		Totals.....	433,067	5,402	146,359	12,627	1,290,872	57,765	2,234,560	32,637	1,390,916	49,436
	(Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....)	Great Britain.....	3,286	.....	697	.....	6,449	.....	9,586	75	7,224	.....
		United States.....	81,118	7,808	84,563	99	116,937	10,171	287,453	45,425	197,700	14,119
		Newfoundland.....	35	.....	109	.....	26,165	558	11,178	2,129	2,129	15
		Other countries.....	356	.....	10,795	.....	8,677	193	12,848	306	29,464	220
	Totals.....		84,795	7,808	96,164	99	158,228	10,922	321,065	46,055	236,517	14,354
		Great Britain.....	3,375	.....	3,802	50	*47,297	1,892	19,589	282	20,500	526
		United States.....	11,592	2,425	898	2,373	80,591	38,354	99,192	25,635	8,653	24,436
		Australasia.....	2,595	.....	3,407	.....	27,330	11	17,339	.....	25,817	.....
	Totals.....		7,265	337	13,174	.....	31,577	.....	33,038	501	54,336	404
		Great Britain.....	24,827	2,762	21,281	2,423	186,695	40,167	169,218	26,418	109,308	25,366
		United States.....	6,821	.....	5,822	.....	9,242	.....	4,444	.....	16,727	.....
		Other countries.....	.....	.....	11,972	2,179	70,925	3,456	79,102	481	95,787	2,271
	Totals.....		6,821	.....	16	.....	1,434	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
		Great Britain.....	111,698	.....	34,092	.....	528,940	170	676,227	.....	112,535	2,271
		United States.....	26,472	2,526	8,101	801	168,416	2,980	307,416	5,264	262,224	.....
		Other countries.....	116	.....	436	.....	8,062	.....	7,261	.....	7,261	6,264
	Totals.....		4,812	.....	3,898	.....	60,770	.....	54,118	.....	35,728	.....
		Great Britain.....	143,098	2,526	46,527	801	761,188	3,150	1,046,057	5,264	523,128	6,264
		United States.....	362,999	.....	4,145	.....	3,123	.....	16,125	3	40,907	.....
		Other countries.....	11,443	2,562	412,858	1,259	1,904,226	8,977	2,120,994	8,647	2,310,382	13,839
	Totals.....		374,442	2,562	420,284	1,259	1,910,659	9,102	2,166,564	8,650	2,364,381	13,839
		Great Britain.....	88,335	.....	105,211	.....	840,273	.....	793,872	.....	785,084	.....
		United States.....	10	.....	273	7,194	663	280	12,200	.....	1,028	7,194
		Other countries.....	813	.....	5,438	.....	25,569	.....	18,766	.....	25,585	.....
	Totals.....		195	.....	3,207	.....	72,594	.....	24,433	.....	39,990	.....
		Great Britain.....	89,353	.....	114,129	7,194	939,099	280	849,271	.....	851,687	7,194

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, unim f'd— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	31,775	...	3,565	...	140,972	163	299,501	...	72,383	...
	United States...	8,516	344	762	...	24,665	5,926	25,510	5,348	8,685	4,614
	Other countries...	5,909	...	2,237	...	25,821	...	37,562	131	34,353	50
	Totals...	46,200	344	6,564	...	191,458	6,089	362,573	5,479	115,321	4,664
Leather, m'f'd.— Boots and shoes.	Great Britain...	13	...	311	...	3,287	...	7,124	...	6,254	10
	United States...	1,096	746	2,081	1,242	18,733	10,775	10,496	9,941	6,173	8,902
	Newfoundland...	4,619	...	2,882	...	40,884	...	64,456	...	21,352	7
	Other countries...	5,024	...	1,014	...	21,008	16	32,620	...	12,711	100
	Totals...	10,752	740	6,288	1,242	83,912	10,785	114,696	9,941	46,490	9,019
All other leather m'f'd.	Great Britain...	92	2,100	520	8	6,356	203	4,888	2,154	3,454	343
	United States...	1,389	898	823	1,215	11,198	3,691	8,072	5,347	4,012	2,418
	Other countries...	1,133	...	1,712	...	6,422	...	2,530	165	3,181	...
	Totals...	2,614	2,998	3,055	1,223	23,976	3,894	15,490	7,666	10,647	2,761
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	120,215	2,100	109,607	8	990,888	366	1,105,385	2,154	867,075	353
	United States...	11,011	1,982	3,939	9,651	55,259	20,672	56,278	20,636	19,898	23,128
	Other countries...	17,693	...	16,490	...	192,298	10	180,367	296	137,172	157
	Totals...	148,919	4,082	130,036	9,659	1,238,445	21,048	1,342,030	23,086	1,024,145	23,638
Lime.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	13,440	...	...	...	8,199	...
	United States...	6,126	...	4,870	...	42,050	...	40,628	...	28,608	3,569
	Other countries...	...	...	15	...	2,914	...	37	...	2,093	...
	Totals...	6,126	...	4,885	...	58,404	...	40,665	...	38,900	3,569

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	36,781	43,422	494,799	176,717	.....	.....	185,570
.....	United States.....	590,840	651,571	2,708,454	3,941,282	.....	846	5,100,313
.....	Other countries..	.....	18,335	3,876	6,891	.....	3,743	18,335
Totals.....	Totals.....	627,621	713,328	3,207,129	4,124,890	.....	4,589	5,304,218
Gold and silver—	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug-	United States.....	1,284,580	840,010	10,033,119	600	24,280	.....	500
gets, &c.....	Other countries..	.....	.....	29,949	7,473,844	.....	8,841	5,150,488
Totals.....	Totals.....	1,284,580	840,010	10,063,068	7,474,444	24,280	8,841	5,151,408
Silver ore.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States.....	900,273	931,406	1,747,961	2,957,537	.....	.....	4,224
.....	Other countries..	.....	45,610	136,333	94,459	.....	8,803	6,166,766
Totals.....	Totals.....	900,273	977,016	1,884,314	3,052,036	.....	8,803	214,276
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....	12,142	4,437	184,092	277,455	.....	.....	203,853
Agricultural implements.....	United States.....	392	987	68,345	8,081	675	1,465	9,135
.....	Australasia.....	161,457	127,697	316,742	401,138	3,361	484	537,924
.....	France.....	13,139	5,020	146,666	88,418	.....	.....	201,011
.....	Germany.....	423	370	130,548	245,450	.....	.....	245,904
.....	Other countries..	52,230	16	476,627	545,951	85	18	384,860
Totals.....	Totals.....	239,783	163,045	1,323,020	1,566,543	4,121	1,967	1,667,688
Chromic iron.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	United States.....	300	264	3,510	8,466	.....	.....	6,000
.....	Other countries..	.....	.....	12,527	.....	.....	.....	7,076
Totals.....	Totals.....	300	264	16,037	8,466	.....	.....	13,076
Hardware.....	Great Britain.....	6,363	1,083	10,067	20,705	.....	6,196	12,066
.....	United States.....	1,034	2,649	32,523	19,121	91	14,401	11,192
.....	Newfoundland..	3,731	4,332	34,600	26,186	52,600	1,258	14,999
.....	Other countries..	4,940	2,267	30,414	38,945	4,403	1,504	52,451
Totals.....	Totals.....	16,068	10,331	107,604	104,957	57,790	23,359	90,708
.....	.....	.....	3,353	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,746

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 15,546	\$ 2,718	\$ 6,436	.....	49,113	6,901	96,748	4,656	103,948	2,344		
	United States.....	11,521	66,498	12,666	51,183	103,127	322,571	107,062	225,239	79,273	382,640		
	Australasia.....	1,427	.....	6,906	13,475	177	177	29,563	.....	30,034	.....	
	Other countries.....	26,244	564	25,319	632	148,024	916	174,504	4,906	201,795	38,488		
	Totals.....	54,738	69,780	51,321	51,815	315,739	330,565	407,877	234,861	415,050	423,472		
Ores—iron.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	16,036	.....	2,449	.....	405,772	2,840	94,616	.....	41,612	.....	
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	16,036	.....	2,449	.....	405,772	2,840	94,741	.....	41,612	.....	
Pig iron.....	Great Britain.....	1,792	.....	.....	.....	4,032	.....	3,584	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,802	.....	.....	.....	8,764	.....	
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,650	.....	
	Totals.....	1,792	.....	.....	.....	11,834	.....	3,584	.....	13,414	.....	
Scrap iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,250	16	3,945	.....	9,635	.....	
	United States.....	31,538	10,895	2,513	31,461	44,521	28,424	98,280	12,058	128,710	167,285		
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171	.....	75	.....	119	.....	
	Totals.....	31,538	10,895	2,513	31,461	48,942	28,440	102,300	12,058	138,464	167,285		
Steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	14,598	495	2,576	13	19,326	1,026	32,531	3,737	27,177	3,847		
	United States.....	15,099	18,042	13,199	25,749	68,047	185,197	176,708	180,816	112,605	153,440		
	Newfoundland.....	5,403	.....	5,931	300	14,718	1,839	29,728	1,162	41,349	954		
	Other countries.....	4,095	670	15,551	112	41,824	3,084	53,488	3,767	91,139	1,704		
	Totals.....	39,195	19,207	37,257	26,174	143,915	191,146	292,155	189,482	272,270	160,005		

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	280	7,365	4,347	3,900	15
	United States.....	2,118	13,692	12,015	3,500	4,719
	Other countries.....	1,339	11,284	13,330	6,504	1,897
	Totals.....	3,737	32,341	29,692	3,614	6,631
Iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	14,812	281,755	439,440	431,579	6,630
	United States.....	36,845	755,356	596,400	437,539	728,441
	Other countries.....	219,260	1,367,093	1,646,826	1,832,739	46,340
	Totals.....	270,917	2,405,204	2,610,615	465,341	781,411
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminum in bars, ingots, &c.....	Great Britain.....	31,324	25,865	112,248	233,056	
	United States.....	12,800	60,390	125,812	107,693	14,319
	Belgium.....	49,089	89,226	280,380	325,909	
	Other countries.....			44,087		
Asbestos.....	Totals.....	80,413	175,481	562,527	666,658	14,319
	Great Britain.....	10,163	209,950	235,029	94,500	
	United States.....	138,192	520,468	579,488	826,541	
	Germany.....	18,049	70,356	58,077	8,195	
Nickel.....	Other countries.....		77,200	156,843	93,599	
	Totals.....	166,404	878,095	1,029,437	1,022,835	
	Great Britain.....	103,682	237,595	509,363	547,896	
	United States.....	161,952	836,837	1,128,706	883,679	
Lead ore.....	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	265,664	1,074,432	1,638,069	1,431,575	
	Great Britain.....	31,663	266,821	383,248	327,174	
	United States.....	34,809	538,596	441,510	211,693	
Mica.....	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	66,472	805,417	427,758	538,867	
	Great Britain.....	6,236	12,115	18,339	31,747	
	United States.....	30,376	95,047	308,667	226,695	36
	Other countries.....	1,028	1,185	1,759	4,789	
	Totals.....	37,040	108,347	328,765	263,231	36

Oilcake	Great Britain.....	14,350	37,733	45,232	182,451	291,892
	United States.....	12,528	.....	16	4,552	16
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	77,789	98,424
	Totals.....	26,878	37,733	45,248	264,792	390,332
Oils	Great Britain.....	7,763	73,914	23,375	100,458	171,696
	United States.....	9,431	8,611	31,778	37,741	719
	Other countries.....	540	73	17,434	15,677	6,391
	Totals.....	17,734	82,598	72,487	153,876	214,397
Paper	Great Britain.....	109,600	171,739	555,968	1,116	762,992
	United States.....	6,684	38,247	129,012	41,661	477,797
	Australasia.....	.....	71,660	.....	.....	396,872
	Other countries.....	71,224	30,191	342,922	441,235	196,017
Provisions—	Totals.....	187,508	311,837	1,027,902	1,040,690	1,833,678
	Butter.....	744,331	56,087	6,074,767	220	808,971
	United States.....	210	5,003	31,146	4,833	36,344
	Newfoundland.....	10,398	3,773	39,026	644	25,337
Cheese	Other countries.....	15,916	17,894	105,263	5,338	107,666
	Totals.....	770,855	82,757	6,250,202	11,035	973,318
Eggs	Great Britain.....	4,232,529	3,684,259	15,422,440	19,204,663	16,904,138
	United States.....	1,356	2,158	10,283	458	7,375
	B. W. Indies.....	890	2,333	18,224	12,030	13,735
	Newfoundland.....	6,042	3,036	23,217	28,019	21,546
Meats—	Other countries.....	7,008	3,533	38,656	30,602	25,590
	Totals.....	4,247,825	3,695,319	15,512,820	19,283,681	16,972,384
	Bacon and hams.....	57,721	4,287	88,703	70,038	8,073
	United States.....	1,661	588	2,312	6,607	3,782
Meats—	Other countries.....	1,718	1,164	16,903	27,396	4,085
	Totals.....	60,100	6,008	105,918	104,041	15,940
	Bacon and hams.....	819,000	786,602	6,760,286	6,581,213	5,968,999
	United States.....	167	176	4,749	7,798	1,379
Meats—	British Africa.....	.....	.....	10,150	10,589	429
	Other countries.....	147	676	5,362	19	27
	Totals.....	819,314	787,454	6,780,547	6,613,239	5,974,833
	Meats.....	.....	.....	74,230	.....	910
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,122

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Provisions—Con.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Meats—Con.													
Beef	Great Britain...	8,799	296	13,450	38	10,194	130	35,922	296	32,926	296	8,653	65
	United States...	1,893	25	839	70	5,826	1,333	4,695	14,927	8,653	17,085	26	249
	Newfoundland...	25	2,931	70	6,812	1,222	13,356	8,773	86	18,635	26	17,085	249
	Other countries..	1,500				16,274							
	Totals	12,217	3,227	14,359	6,850	38,916	14,819	61,669	15,309	60,300	17,999		
Canned meats.....	Great Britain...	106,536				1,607,379		220,930		87,292			
	United States...			15		1,045	222	1,447	123	29			
	British Africa...	12,180				10,446		20,784					
	Other countries..			71		237	32	495		1,310			
	Totals	118,716		86		1,619,107	254	243,656	123	88,631			
Pork	Great Britain...	190		351		15,969		6,084		18,306		420	
	United States...	884	192	889	5,314	3,475	2,111	2,316	258	4,963	16,555		
	Newfoundland...		2,489	43	97	6,444	11,294	3,815	9,659	1,955	5,088	97	
	Other countries..	22		491		5,406	46	2,558					
	Totals	1,096	2,672	1,776	5,411	31,294	13,451	14,773	9,917	30,912	17,052		
Poultry.....	Great Britain...												
	United States...	800		1,860		6,636		150		1,636			
	Other countries..			15		7,424		1,051		1,900			
	Totals	800		1,875		501		510		177			
Other provisions, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	2,896		13,823		37,491		102,782		338,937		5,612	
	United States...	2,516	149	2,546	73	8,950	1,171	17,752	667	6,577	10,190	507	
	Other countries..	1,074	4	195		5,494	109	20,425	3,272	10,190			
	Totals	6,486	153	16,564	90	51,935	1,280	140,959	3,939	355,704	6,119		

Recapitulation.

Provisions	Great Britain.....	5,972,092	10,523	4,558,859	6,680	30,021,865	67,787	30,463,630	98,236	24,164,278	14,676
	United States.....	8,487	14,043	14,043	55	74,710	28,210	63,059	21,046	71,002	12,475
	Other countries.....	56,920	5,415	33,296	12,395	908,725	30,838	349,377	27,971	240,505	38,039
	Totals	6,037,409	33,546	4,606,198	19,040	30,405,300	126,835	30,876,066	147,253	24,475,785	65,190
Rags.....	Great Britain.....	3,937		9,446		23,024		54,461		58,672	
	United States.....	11,706		16,238	372	80,533	117	93,710	347	111,433	871
	Other countries.....					150		2,637	20	511	
	Totals	15,643		25,684	372	103,707	117	150,808	367	170,616	871
Salt.....	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	109	832	6,244	182	5,077	20,089	1,698	9,165	6,669	14,697
	Newfoundland.....		4,331	283	5,713		12,978	396	14,129	295	13,507
	Other countries.....	547		168		991	420	759		173	590
	Totals	656	5,163	6,695	5,895	6,068	33,487	2,853	23,234	7,137	28,704
Seeds—											
Clover and grass	Great Britain.....	3,662		37,867		52,290		19,331		66,339	
	United States.....	27,023		77,340		154,848		134,791		221,506	
	Other countries.....	18,485		32,075		71,785		53,298		51,259	
	Totals	49,170		147,282		278,923		207,420		339,104	
Other seeds, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....		94,843	924	852,768	270		143,927	2,431,161	3,600	853,207
	United States.....	4,378	34	658	7,006	7,006	177	9,709	104	5,511	11
	Other countries.....	683	312,080	3	267,611	306	320	897	1,364,672	509	334,590
	Totals	5,061	406,957	1,585	1,120,379	7,582	497	154,533	3,795,937	9,620	1,187,808
Settlers effects ..	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....	5,677	100	8,060	600	53,684	11,955	67,919	1,100	128,617	802
	Other countries.....	218,185	13,478	224,774	43,773	902,271	59,768	1,022,224	74,276	1,052,108	116,938
	Totals	2,579		2,112		25,950	1,865	21,442	1,150	17,064	
		226,441	13,578	234,946	44,373	981,905	73,588	1,111,585	76,526	1,197,789	117,740
Ships	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....								32,300		
	Totals					7,583		23,175	32,300		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain...	\$ 2,025	\$ 11,453	\$ 4,476	\$ 9,779	\$ 30,313	\$ 3,051	\$ 16,942	\$ 860	\$ 41,931	\$ 2,599
	United States...	90,115	11,453	22,684	9,779	332,676	52,890	514,920	70,210	526,138	57,799
	Other countries.	5,363	311	9,832	262	70,962	2,030	95,644	2,410	96,319	1,664
	Totals	97,503	11,764	36,992	10,041	433,951	57,971	627,506	73,480	664,388	62,062
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	200	60	50	9,815	640	50	525	60	455,612	9,824
	United States...	64,481	60	60,137	9,815	461,888	158	480,686	66	3,409	...
	Other countries.	242	...	298	4,284	4,284	...	3,822	...	...	...
	Totals	64,922	60	60,485	9,815	466,812	208	485,033	126	459,426	9,824
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain...	182	43	...	...	3,187	923	1,851	4,669	2,439	...
	United States...	15,901	130	30,504	109,916	5,878	13,913	98,525	821	204,671	57
	Other countries.	36	1,715	...	4,931	1,956	...	1,059	13,780	2,638	13,634
	Totals	16,119	1,758	30,634	4,931	115,059	20,714	101,435	19,270	209,748	13,691
Tea	Great Britain...	...	25	...	...	...	2,258	...	546	...	8,373
	United States...	...	51,078	...	46,048	...	259,373	...	332,620	...	288,843
	Newfoundland...	...	2,043	...	3,602	...	15,796	...	16,136	...	14,348
	Other countries.	...	567	...	225	...	6,796	...	3,646	...	4,289
	Totals .....	...	53,713	...	49,875	...	284,223	...	352,948	...	315,853
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	1,520	...	...	...	11,351	2,943	10,694	...	10,760	10,957
	United States...	1,194	10,631	4,300	6,289	14,574	178,008	11,164	72,913	50,297	64,559
	Other countries.	1,133	1,137	1,293	261	32,018	7,373	21,226	7,922	28,406	7,394
	Totals	4,347	11,768	5,593	6,550	57,943	188,324	43,089	80,835	89,463	83,010

Vegetables— Potatoes	Great Britain	544	264	2	13,518	60,122	1,255	296	2,465
	United States	554	522	60	17,731	28,769	1,255	2,089	1,254
	B. W. Indies	2,661	57,408	102,140	55,956	49,845	1,904	83,273	6,224
	Cuba	12,077	7,200	55,956	2	49,845	1,904	30,880	739
	Other countries	10,356	7,200	55,956	2	49,845	1,904	30,880	739
	Totals	25,638	68,055	60	179,606	13,520	2,759	130,652	10,692
Other vegetables, N. E. S.	Great Britain	2,500	49	3,643	8,869	4,515	20,193	4,754	1,983
	United States	38,998	43,973	26	68,315	85,876	20,193	82,473	1,983
	Other countries	1,114	1,190	45	5,877	139	2,717	6,334	693
	Totals	42,612	45,212	71	77,835	103,069	22,910	93,561	2,686
Wood and mfrs. of— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs	Great Britain	151	298	20,634	410	23,512	6	24,712	10,487
	United States	107,197	98,722	319,571	918	440,047	6	470,220	500
	Other countries	82	99,020	341,123	410	463,861	6	495,432	1,707
	Totals	107,430	99,020	341,123	410	463,861	6	495,432	1,707
Lumber— Deals, pine	Great Britain	251,998	215,216	1,604,723	2,030,239	2,030,239	1,285,496	53,311	10,487
	United States	11,658	3,009	176,281	4,126	114,808	1,285,496	53,311	10,487
	Other countries	700	222	12,216	910	910	1,285,496	53,311	10,487
	Totals	264,356	218,447	1,797,346	2,145,957	2,145,957	1,340,514	10,487	10,487
Deals, spruce and other	Great Britain	1,243,862	642,628	4,661,482	6,171,649	6,171,649	5,067,334	331,235	51,731
	United States	44,754	54,105	350,751	382,105	382,105	5,067,334	331,235	51,731
	Other countries	12,984	8,218	21,958	39,244	39,244	5,067,334	331,235	51,731
	Totals	6,760	4,690	62,846	49,818	49,818	5,559,172	65,663	10,487
Deal ends	Great Britain	47,190	35,022	293,057	283,924	283,924	254,955	7,971	3,832
	United States	196	1,648	2,957	8,571	8,571	254,955	7,971	3,832
	Other countries	47,386	37,046	307,299	293,491	293,491	254,955	7,971	3,832
	Totals	157,490	213,609	1,069,177	975	1,325,710	1,135,848	10,766,406	2,745
Planks and boards	Great Britain	1,723,407	1,900,143	7,968,194	1,639	10,790,804	1,276	1,038,899	1,925
	United States	230,890	245,052	615,215	556	1,201,530	1,276	1,483,447	4,670
	Other countries	141,956	160,739	690,467	556	1,013,408	1,276	1,483,447	4,670
	Totals	2,253,743	2,519,545	10,343,053	3,170	14,331,452	1,276	14,374,600	4,670

<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Wood, manufactured.....	134,865	376	88,752	888	854,635	3,615	1,128,632	6,401	568,501	4,468
	United States....	238,202	8,083	321,589	8,537	1,472,527	36,718	1,523,431	42,670	2,189,703	44,716
	Other countries..	20,589	734	31,407	4,685	239,020	3,508	196,951	3,435	194,088	12,865
	Totals...	393,656	9,193	441,748	14,080	2,566,182	43,841	2,851,014	52,506	2,952,292	62,049
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Wood and mfrs. of.....	2,418,773	376	1,439,840	53,591	10,336,847	55,474	13,033,704	84,485	9,844,252	229,893
	United States....	3,071,831	9,168	3,669,620	8,537	15,224,199	43,592	19,272,357	50,263	21,228,219	51,949
	Other countries..	438,118	1,588	472,481	4,685	1,843,843	5,620	2,665,974	5,694	3,081,600	16,928
	Totals.....	5,928,722	11,132	5,581,441	66,813	27,404,889	104,686	34,972,035	140,402	34,154,071	298,770
	Wood and mfrs. of.....	268	3,385	9,752	307	14,738	5,979	49,805	21,618	31,839	14,858
	United States....	3,469	.....	25,867	1,409	319,204	4,083	161,775	326	387,407	10,412
	Newfoundland..	2,441	155	3,212	381	37,338	261	17,819	730	17,662	1,268
	Other countries..	2	.....	20	.....	1,625	27	8,372	445	754	7
	Totals.....	6,180	3,540	38,851	2,097	372,920	10,300	237,771	23,119	407,662	26,545
	Great Britain....	37,526	203,167	35,478	2,047	194,717	33,763	236,140	243,144	210,619	42,002
	United States....	99,498	41,892	139,423	95,678	523,858	678,970	665,564	509,217	834,284	408,079
	Other countries..	50,499	1,369	50,314	6,171	300,948	21,748	348,715	18,865	357,005	24,389
	Totals.....	187,517	246,428	225,215	103,896	1,019,523	734,481	1,250,419	771,226	1,401,908	474,470
	Great Britain....	15,891,300	911,149	11,602,257	1,916,036	68,047,941	4,255,034	80,416,827	5,609,853	76,204,624	5,433,894
	United States....	8,758,972	580,899	9,526,750	641,950	47,993,284	3,249,336	53,506,327	3,208,651	57,445,123	4,084,151
	Other countries..	2,229,818	346,302	2,568,141	367,944	12,679,101	205,759	13,984,421	1,573,871	15,621,041	628,683
	Totals.....	26,880,090	1,838,350	23,697,148	2,925,980	128,730,326	7,710,129	147,907,575	10,392,375	149,270,788	10,146,728
	Great Britain....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,200	.....	628
	United States....	.....	1,802,864	.....	413,348	.....	1,477,166	.....	9,401,060	.....	5,780,555
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	1,005	.....	82,161	.....	36,976	.....	28,885
	Totals.....	.....	1,802,864	.....	414,353	.....	1,559,327	.....	9,444,236	.....	5,810,063
	Grand totals, Exports.....	15,891,300	911,149	11,602,257	1,916,036	68,047,941	4,255,034	80,416,827	5,616,053	76,204,624	5,434,522
	United States....	8,758,972	2,383,763	9,526,750	1,055,298	47,993,284	4,726,502	53,506,327	12,609,711	57,445,123	9,864,706
	Other countries..	2,229,818	346,302	2,568,141	368,949	12,679,101	287,920	13,984,421	1,610,847	15,621,041	657,563
	Totals.....	26,880,090	3,641,214	23,697,148	3,340,283	128,730,326	9,269,456	147,907,575	19,886,611	149,270,788	15,956,796

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of October, 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	October.		Seven months sending October.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	808,524	821,652	3,461,059	4,924,024	4,515,403
Malt.....	157,816	103,332	731,783	985,387	909,900
Malt liquor.....	440	225	7,119	7,354	8,954
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	242,901	239,476	1,311,454	1,728,480	1,568,790
" Canadian leaf.....	12,459	14,770	97,637	106,793	92,333
" combination leaf.....	11,272	10,526	58,788	74,017	65,151
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	94,958	103,929	495,848	668,037	663,368
" Canadian leaf.....		84			230
" combination leaf.....	2,702	1,271	8,128	11,702	8,609
Snuff.....	3,097	2,764	17,716	22,127	19,526
Canada twist.....	161	51	685	693	185
Foreign raw leaf.....	148,459	148,815	801,234	1,049,313	980,819
Licenses.....	149	96	3,151	3,041	4,027
Totals, Tobacco.....	516,158	521,782	2,794,641	3,664,203	3,403,038
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	109,892	103,430	661,413	812,414	726,930
" Canadian leaf.....	390	454	2,730	3,091	2,976
" combination leaf.....	2,853	2,486	13,921	22,548	16,730
Licenses.....	225	112	14,878	11,471	15,312
Totals, Cigars.....	113,360	106,482	692,942	849,524	761,948
Acetic acid.....	426	665	2,971	1,623	2,414
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	5,663	8,328	40,144	49,027	51,312
Seizures.....	64	215	1,943	1,499	2,656
Other receipts.....	5,600	8,100	30,726	40,437	41,883
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,608,051	1,570,781	7,763,328	10,523,078	9,697,508
Hydraulic and other rents.....	76	101	1,850	1,843	1,850
Minor public works.....		51	775	1,531	1,029
Inspection of electric light.....	3,355	3,202	12,477	20,312	16,827
" gas.....	4,207	3,618	21,667	31,458	23,625
" weights and measures.....	6,233	9,477	45,953	54,108	49,721
Law stamps.....	465	909	9,450	6,628	5,638
Other revenues.....	6,132	6,092	45,523	45,123	40,139
Grand totals, Inland Revenue.....	1,628,519	1,594,231	7,901,023	10,684,081	9,836,337

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure of Canada during the *months, seven months and twelve months* ending October 1898 to 1907.

MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on Account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund	Expenditure on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Public Works (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1898.	1,966,901	893,818	260,000	405,733	(—)170,654	3,355,798	2,735,570	1,547,499
1899.	2,353,286	903,169	230,000	525,838	323,359	4,335,652	3,019,031	633,831
1900.	2,464,268	979,803	240,000	555,359	331,841	4,571,271	3,269,854	1,696,424
1901.	2,680,994	1,045,996	265,000	657,968	308,013	4,957,971	3,552,238	1,110,292
1902.	3,207,721	1,112,901	300,000	810,844	325,900	5,757,366	3,477,867	1,413,237
1903.	3,398,138	1,173,561	350,000	736,269	244,643	5,902,611	4,536,614	471,855
1904.	3,614,523	1,168,327	370,000	846,938	354,399	6,354,187	4,466,608	1,056,963
1905.	3,886,628	1,201,056	485,000	708,767	324,554	6,606,005	5,064,713	1,108,380
1906.	4,628,796	1,488,888	450,000	833,620	388,080	7,789,384	4,706,386	1,187,467
1907.	4,933,479	1,528,394	650,000	802,569	308,630	8,223,072	5,173,874	3,092,932

SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.	13,853,026	5,351,341	1,846,155	2,606,721	1,385,737	25,042,980	16,529,791	4,900,249
1899.	15,838,593	5,676,525	1,675,743	3,011,214	1,437,720	27,639,795	17,756,039	3,252,743
1900.	16,670,019	5,711,885	1,820,766	3,571,767	1,739,442	29,513,879	18,923,079	5,085,231
1901.	17,560,090	6,253,233	1,994,794	3,858,080	1,658,225	31,324,422	21,582,270	6,710,981
1902.	20,820,768	6,785,926	2,226,192	4,208,239	1,855,484	35,896,609	22,796,040	5,675,011
1903.	24,408,232	7,316,731	2,495,353	4,507,566	2,149,863	40,877,745	19,008,937	2,582,572
1904.	24,624,289	7,214,346	2,459,851	4,506,542	2,017,947	40,822,975	25,518,138	5,476,738
1905.	25,626,791	7,511,289	2,901,878	4,776,525	2,025,985	42,842,468	27,399,969	5,920,899
1906.	29,415,652	8,627,899	3,370,880	5,649,882	2,809,583	49,873,896	27,972,625	6,652,704
1907.	32,284,965	8,385,131	3,447,392	5,708,283	2,928,606	52,754,377	37,627,040	14,726,045

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.	23,300,813	8,998,437	3,359,606	3,987,304	2,599,401	42,245,561	31,578,636	7,231,188
1899.	25,918,661	9,665,458	3,024,817	4,560,427	2,731,575	45,900,938	34,356,805	6,051,521
1900.	28,595,339	9,989,990	3,178,410	5,467,384	3,132,347	50,363,470	35,796,272	9,674,417
1901.	28,892,237	10,612,962	3,432,097	5,912,071	3,063,715	51,913,082	40,061,648	10,269,438
1902.	33,561,696	11,364,886	3,882,025	6,632,099	3,301,231	58,741,937	42,074,804	10,056,392
1903.	38,790,204	12,281,352	4,424,809	7,211,001	3,822,889	66,530,255	39,222,161	5,476,354
1904.	40,453,820	12,672,465	4,597,368	6,858,818	3,808,357	68,390,828	48,951,473	10,822,846
1905.	41,742,683	12,695,039	5,212,064	7,484,291	3,625,894	70,759,971	52,667,379	11,372,875
1906.	47,870,331	14,651,119	5,910,926	8,924,532	4,734,068	82,090,976	53,838,078	12,467,435
1907.	54,096,942	14,911,407	6,356,736	9,129,053	5,191,838	89,685,976	63,868,107	22,040,560

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

		SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
		Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
		1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Food, Drink and Tobacco:—							
Grain and flour.....		203,968,617	208,447,964	232,024,065	8,619,995	6,992,265	9,352,234
Meats, including animals for food.....		139,802,129	152,101,576	132,552,233	2,657,302	4,031,809	4,016,119
Other food and drink:—							
Tea.....		180,831,974	198,047,412	192,192,136	43,492,665	48,206,283	51,980,189
Coffee.....		127,569,119	124,859,101	130,900,105	2,784,896	2,900,240	3,617,305
Dutiable.....		10,576,865	13,943,421	10,755,430			
Tobacco.....		662,748,704	697,399,474	723,523,969	57,554,858	62,250,597	68,905,847
Totals.....							
		167,495	92,671	6,235	75,710,854	93,842,913	126,602,857
Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured:—							
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....		16,023,884	19,585,088	21,617,734	1,818,678	1,731,548	1,731,548
Iron, scrap iron and steel.....		20,575,250	26,806,195	30,302,698	338,180	500,341	554,896
Other metallic ores.....		85,483,726	100,744,191	96,584,791	203,445	294,796	354,503
Wood and timber.....		116,169,678	89,947,941	119,783,928			
Wool.....		52,129,583	59,947,234	78,900,155	5,367,996	7,833,198	9,615,840
Other textile materials.....		31,848,761	32,416,881	37,950,206	415,525	504,495	681,678
Oil seed, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....		68,762,630	72,325,312	91,420,551	7,410,351	8,165,921	9,929,903
Hides and undressed skins.....		23,006,777	32,433,040	31,520,368	4,943,955	5,986,846	4,697,931
Materials for making paper.....		11,448,324	17,585,683	12,381,182	1,524,926	2,106,916	2,261,624
Miscellaneous.....		61,053,739	67,199,596	73,077,443	5,152,253	5,624,965	6,893,862
Totals.....		486,729,847	527,222,205	592,745,291	102,434,779	126,699,063	163,384,642
Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured:—							
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....		23,348,501	23,114,061	20,322,917	92,595,352	113,358,576	138,077,325
Other metals and mfrs. of.....		59,659,308	78,734,092	80,031,876	26,865,011	28,794,975	33,514,868
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....		9,753,340	10,237,642	11,437,640	14,002,023	16,808,200	18,932,090
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....		130,091	3,260,914	3,498,561	4,878,599	6,515,331	8,350,348
Machinery.....		12,768,095	15,108,763	16,111,212	67,043,201	76,772,356	93,438,442

Ships (new).....	100,638	96,787	115,724	19,732,315	31,735,878	33,563,882
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	5,719,351	5,911,059	5,576,440	3,384,931	3,586,895	4,198,313
Yarns and Textile Fabrics:..						
Cotton.....	22,454,781	25,674,095	26,230,293	256,840,154	280,128,028	315,925,034
Wool.....	35,341,476	34,170,142	30,421,397	81,950,901	87,096,513	97,362,601
Other materials.....	53,963,828	56,730,498	58,523,827	36,674,061	41,895,784	47,649,518
Apparel.....	12,207,041	11,065,503	10,864,169	17,015,857	18,835,162	20,419,409
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	27,261,007	28,900,485	33,594,571	39,939,892	43,117,206	48,378,291
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	30,879,536	36,823,823	31,816,456	15,913,780	17,935,808	19,254,841
Earthenware and glass.....	12,021,810	11,808,395	11,440,639	9,113,956	10,455,144	11,906,126
Paper.....	14,784,389	16,223,781	16,032,178	5,527,034	5,846,438	6,803,906
Miscellaneous.....	79,719,459	82,893,911	81,647,116	75,477,295	83,346,648	96,381,436
Totals.....	400,109,851	440,753,861	437,665,016	767,554,362	866,227,942	994,196,432
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	6,222,124	6,760,363	6,432,371	13,832,177	15,958,596	18,023,739
Totals.....	1,555,810,526	1,672,135,903	1,760,416,647	941,376,176	1,071,136,198	1,244,570,660
Exports of foreign produce.....				211,537,623	230,421,482	256,916,617
Grand totals.....	1,555,810,526	1,672,135,903	1,760,416,647	1,152,913,799	1,301,557,680	1,501,487,277

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the *months* of October, 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of October.			Seven months ending October.			Month of October.			Seven months ending October.		
	1906.	1907.		1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Animals, living—												
Cattle.....	18,285	12,704	No.	103,682	113,945	88,163	1,507,421	1,015,517	8,411,340	9,524,188	7,481,141	\$
Sheep and lambs.....	1,994	898	"	20,847	10,428	5,701	16,435	8,273	163,553	79,423	52,817	\$
Horses.....	4	13	"	190	149	100	1,192	3,212	49,665	37,385	20,830	\$
Grain—												
Indian corn.....	421,100	73,700	Cwt.	2,995,300	1,690,500	1,978,100	521,551	108,537	3,883,181	2,080,003	2,631,432	
Wheat.....	949,900	1,585,400	"	3,114,730	6,956,400	9,074,400	1,625,364	3,368,118	5,750,637	12,056,444	17,427,187	
Wheat flour.....	111,600	165,700	"	693,600	1,123,400	1,234,420	275,687	442,954	1,613,397	2,606,945	3,002,713	
Pease.....	7,560	9,850	"	61,360	78,290	98,430	20,916	21,491	104,187	146,757	187,293	
Oats.....	109,600	24,000	"	683,200	949,934	1,234,900	161,457	41,590	911,694	1,695,192	2,002,704	
Provisions—												
Bacon.....	88,141	95,765	Cwt.	884,468	792,723	836,498	1,181,349	1,251,083	10,002,189	10,262,777	10,840,582	
Hams.....	19,671	26,537	"	231,783	203,953	237,042	262,109	369,039	2,711,543	2,654,602	3,332,995	
Butter.....	32,349	2,702	"	268,930	178,764	34,613	851,774	67,262	6,392,886	4,431,017	850,761	

Cheese.....	Cwt.	300,461	272,002	1,303,636	1,459,104	1,275,822	4,484,721	3,815,963	16,292,139	20,626,297	17,939,009
Eggs.....	Gt. hunds.	65,687	26,148	53,170	72,802	27,768	142,578	55,728	106,755	158,657	59,028
Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	1,581	5,602	33,092	24,347	27,146	52,209	213,165	1,031,464	799,816	1,038,077
Salmon .....	"	.....	4,150	32,691	136,079	85,603	.....	51,153	464,589	1,919,577	1,485,486
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads.	9,716	9,962	52,619	67,414	37,928	420,129	412,557	1,661,358	2,169,801	1,462,102
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	205,208	148,585	957,382	1,152,587	935,050	2,921,864	2,189,372	12,983,955	16,494,446	13,235,805
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....											
		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,446,756	13,435,014	72,534,532	87,743,327	83,049,962

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada, during the *months* of October, 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITY.				VALUES.					
	Month of October.		Seven months ending October.		Month of October.		Seven months ending October.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1907.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.										
1. Articles of food and drink:—										
Salt, rock and white.....	6,339	8,786	56,207	57,794	27,749	37,084	223,232	222,784	208,862	
Spirits.....	147,090	155,453	407,908	512,231	310,800	323,385	802,423	1,072,626	1,229,637	
2. Raw materials:—										
Wool, sheep and lambs.....	85,000	102,800	813,300	413,000	23,345	26,601	198,839	114,428	229,316	
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured:—										
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....	346,600	1,336,400	1,137,000	1,882,500	21,710	73,141	64,709	111,513	638,135	
" bleached.....	938,500	2,170,200	5,554,209	6,298,900	79,492	160,011	415,307	498,338	1,004,179	
" printed.....	821,900	1,174,700	6,108,600	7,996,900	63,938	94,170	448,020	609,009	828,694	
" dyed, or manufactured of dyed yarn.....	903,300	1,477,500	7,793,300	7,894,800	122,450	168,669	1,059,561	1,076,525	1,593,250	
Jute manufactures—										
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,535,600	1,406,300	11,715,100	9,594,880	110,804	82,354	591,682	670,693	817,974	
Linen manufactures—										
Piece goods, all kinds.....	817,500	661,800	5,613,700	6,493,700	89,912	81,775	598,882	698,764	817,683	
Silk manufactures—										
Lace.....					501	2,720	25,969	16,044	23,029	
Silk and other materials.....	466,500	428,000	4,090,300	4,582,100	66,279	26,007	255,835	425,093	391,093	
Woollen tissues.....	601,200	675,100	5,714,500	6,312,900	232,106	252,091	2,133,450	2,402,521	2,789,480	
Worsted.....	182,700	171,500	1,125,400	1,584,600	293,209	323,444	2,184,793	2,707,822	3,158,943	
Carpets, not being rugs.....					88,002	94,412	602,931	728,052	888,744	
Hardware, unenumerated.....					18,537	21,491	134,556	176,392	176,756	
Cutlery.....					43,839	62,362	239,132	291,750	359,779	

Iron and steel—	11,500	26,243	32,013	54,553	109,445	229,341	441,047	551,006	981,184	1,864,371
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables.....	186	408	829	1,038	2,083	13,665	32,329	58,581	78,489	153,351
Bars, angles, rods or sections.....	4,662	3,052	12,518	18,851	18,750	173,504	184,203	818,659	879,849	1,105,203
Rails.....	4,222	649	27,373	7,008	3,158	13,252	17,880	200,502	200,502	1,162,498
Sheets and plates.....	4,058	3,952	17,384	18,529	27,885	135,278	180,193	660,479	738,881	1,202,498
Galvanized sheets.....	1,904	1,875	10,981	10,661	15,138	143,581	144,866	725,901	725,901	1,364,082
Tin plates and sheets.....	3,450	2,731	13,545	12,624	13,527	220,936	211,204	822,626	785,816	918,003
Wire.....	759	846	2,875	3,299	4,463	87,925	96,764	240,893	366,327	491,148
Old, for remanufacture.....	3,898	2,155	9,407	14,831	16,982	56,443	131,371	237,085	263,194	263,194
Lead, pig.....	710	384	3,287	3,428	2,833	67,700	39,721	226,320	308,871	293,039
Tin, unwrought.....	1,360	800	5,000	6,080	7,600	62,800	31,890	270,283	330,515	330,515
Apparel and slops.....						97,304	113,836	609,346	976,973	1,577,938
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroidery and needlework.....	5,598	6,144	25,171	40,157	40,734	43,586	42,690	464,402	543,425	543,425
Cement.....						150,326	145,720	598,562	928,962	928,962
Earthenware and chinaware.....	309	46	6,098	1,411	918	50,736	50,736	100,756	100,756	100,756
Oil, seed oil.....	5,089	7,013	30,011	31,872	48,588	33,343	47,111	210,583	219,243	330,029
Paper, writing or printing, and envelopes.....	1,083	2,790	7,104	8,294	13,203	12,823	22,385	80,381	100,330	135,110
Paper, all other, except hanging.....						33,171	35,624	228,797	249,004	355,553
Stationery, other than paper.....										
FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.										
Tea of British East India.....	160,724	306,015	432,867	836,638	874,006	32,641	58,950	91,870	145,358	182,596
Ceylon.....	338,874	252,246	1,479,877	1,814,401	1,632,628	65,549	58,152	289,864	331,477	337,589
China.....	29,032	77,493	102,858	130,153	185,755	4,677	14,123	17,909	20,290	32,787
" other countries.....	4,779	6,228	20,957	24,122	29,867	720	1,304	5,782	4,428	7,022
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....						3,313,911	3,766,958	18,427,758	20,934,224	27,689,187

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States during the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS:—			
Food stuffs in crude condition and food animals.			75,764,420
Food stuffs partly or wholly manufactured.			80,227,824
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.			230,653,623
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.			141,030,865
Manufactures ready for consumption.			193,480,786
Miscellaneous.			4,516,739
Total imports.	561,359,507	623,956,835	725,674,257
Duties collected from customs.	137,280,566	155,387,555	167,373,194
EXPORTS:—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Food stuffs in crude condition and food animals.			79,354,075
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.			164,863,976
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.			167,528,478
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.			131,102,624
Manufactures ready for consumption.			258,696,208
Miscellaneous.			3,518,988
Totals, exports, domestic.	721,446,237	767,436,894	805,064,349
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.	6,433,845	6,699,553	8,494,844
Dutiable.	7,677,194	6,238,857	7,513,727
Totals, expts, foreign.	14,111,039	12,938,410	16,008,571
Totals, exports.	735,557,276	780,375,304	821,072,920
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.	561,359,507	623,956,835	725,674,257
Exports.	735,557,276	780,375,304	821,072,920
Grand totals.	1,296,916,783	1,404,332,139	1,546,747,177

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of September, 1906 and 1907, and the six months ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTINENTS.	MONTH, OF SEPTEMBER.				SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
Africa	\$ 440,011	\$ 1,233,405	\$ 836,594	\$ 903,961	\$ 5,200,100	\$ 8,515,998	\$ 4,162,939	\$ 8,161,366	\$ 8,487,106	\$ 6,914,898
Asia	16,523,836	7,041,989	18,431,165	7,290,354	83,880,950	71,030,633	90,483,871	41,220,907	105,547,127	48,480,333
Europe	56,416,049	94,836,990	57,558,425	87,833,059	280,879,196	459,607,463	329,788,576	506,530,212	375,103,796	509,628,638
North America	16,694,521	25,448,713	17,932,808	28,817,133	121,781,593	145,067,570	131,231,496	165,598,439	150,239,008	191,288,361
South America	11,834,468	6,242,301	9,448,406	6,726,431	56,453,818	34,106,084	57,444,256	38,290,655	70,628,949	42,386,045
Oceania	766,900	4,185,849	2,154,154	3,782,777	13,163,850	17,229,528	10,845,697	20,573,725	15,667,671	22,374,645
Totals	102,675,785	138,989,307	106,361,552	135,353,715	561,359,507	735,557,276	623,956,835	780,375,304	725,674,257	821,072,920

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of September, 1905 and 1906, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTINENTS.	MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.						SIX MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER.					
	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
	Imports.	Exports.		Imports.	Exports.		Imports.	Exports.		Imports.	Exports.	
<i>British Empire.</i>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	17,946,304	42,220,642	18,298,054	38,875,852	93,438,280	232,095,998	111,533,766	234,196,515	125,725,050	220,676,642		
	Aden.....	105,703	238,758	52,727	936,487	736,694	1,109,644	1,475,750	1,377,747	471,414		
	Bermuda.....	2,607	66,953	52,023	391,282	601,962	305,807	393,944	459,396	387,025		
	British Africa.....	164,951	901,418	183,572	563,882	708,899	1,124,967	5,875,203	1,479,059	4,604,000		
	British Australasia:—											
	Australia.....	451,865	2,805,311	641,391	1,317,470	5,253,208	13,995,785	15,949,139	7,145,903	14,122,187		
	New Zealand.....		332,351	631,054						2,803,084		
	British East Indies.....	5,575,169	631,717	4,389,787	961,784	30,784,152	3,655,185	3,937,974	42,049,287	4,704,828		
	British Guiana.....	112,552	199,658	176,239	176,239	1,018,371	141,980	989,124	145,273	877,886		
	British Honduras.....	70,002	182,007	38,781	112,567	315,660	400,635	614,205	356,485	605,408		
	British North America:—											
	Canada.....	6,472,825	13,765,906	7,914,372	15,011,166	33,575,894	78,309,495	89,078,107	44,509,950	102,190,291		
	Newfoundland & Labrador.....	112,787	301,266	102,429	290,101	461,871	1,350,655	1,403,179	324,432	5,506,188		
	British West Indies.....	761,994	803,615	887,615	916,807	6,369,551	4,928,338	4,814,745	6,824,435	5,885,014		
	Gibraltar.....	33,308	742	49,432	34,180	49,432	138,165	160,250	16,430	136,797		
	Hong Kong.....	129,719	722,377	142,927	794,037	675,773	4,351,073	997,177	2,854,802	5,006,565		
	Other British Colonies.....	26,896	298	8,701	78,486	78,486	117,795	371,839	10,610	257,406		
Totals, British Empire.....	31,906,587	62,801,852	33,079,009	59,801,590	173,215,862	348,169,843	204,293,239	362,114,806	234,621,910	373,335,635		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
	Austria-Hungary.....	1,171,772	509,887	1,363,680	745,181	6,036,482	5,818,590	4,811,124	8,095,963	7,252,699		
	Argentina Republic.....	507,216	2,634,642	1,018,086	2,624,588	9,298,943	14,019,105	13,701,755	8,290,471	15,056,940		
	Belgium.....	2,613,530	5,350,955	1,625,520	3,961,021	13,235,765	18,716,258	23,922,551	13,505,894	22,501,146		
	Brazil.....	8,202,237	1,161,836	5,945,413	1,508,271	29,233,281	6,124,923	28,922,565	37,911,245	10,757,381		
	Central American States.....	1,730,983	887,850	887,850	1,850,500	6,531,383	8,838,374	12,173,075	9,327,129	14,767,536		
	Cuba.....	4,725,822	3,398,192	3,721,505	4,529,494	45,499,398	22,230,180	22,638,780	54,514,223	26,347,180		

Chile.....	1,187,729	700,451	510,491	794,405	7,643,282	4,319,300	8,188,613	4,883,314	9,956,244	5,577,070
Colombia.....	528,457	238,582	458,996	255,943	2,945,836	1,725,828	3,536,325	1,489,227	2,946,609	1,508,820
Chinese Empire.....	2,315,034	1,034,998	2,095,684	1,241,387	14,262,432	33,004,946	16,061,945	15,274,443	17,527,100	12,959,929
Denmark.....	85,232	1,850,737	89,554	1,609,446	596,226	5,837,671	552,820	10,373,511	588,034	10,367,218
Dutch East Indies.....	1,509,145	349,736	1,783,270	189,872	9,791,968	728,346	3,813,802	692,381	4,679,193	1,096,084
Egypt.....	188,887	132,224	615,750	56,719	3,661,324	560,939	2,223,528	976,733	6,111,806	580,436
Ecuador.....	207,952	152,962	187,114	104,388	1,323,183	1,125,590	1,458,524	562,953	1,695,662	903,460
Finland.....	9,693,333	7,641,399	11,034,396	6,749,198	45,161,749	33,704,661	54,173,476	39,843,502	61,134,866	40,435,087
France.....	13,203,180	19,261,618	13,392,391	21,691,415	61,859,992	88,374,242	70,232,529	96,626,275	82,500,056	99,461,705
Germany.....	211,094	9,074	180,067	26,765	581,569	120,967	985,014	53,033	1,250,694	801,915
Greece.....	3,063,703	4,387,978	3,597,839	2,506,300	18,268,412	15,996,227	21,245,515	22,635,072	26,605,273	20,318,622
Italy.....	6,250,319	2,619,034	8,733,057	2,201,076	24,696,426	27,002,024	26,094,008	13,643,329	34,547,927	17,802,621
Japan.....	3,681,188	4,685,770	4,126,871	5,336,308	25,565,064	24,882,684	25,241,671	30,412,631	30,387,988	35,297,202
Mexico.....	2,119,131	9,291,148	2,170,975	7,621,129	12,313,770	37,730,147	16,338,086	50,107,938	16,400,827	51,529,271
Netherlands.....	258,620	423,373	257,344	692,618	3,046,844	5,436,926	1,256,199	2,492,099	1,535,710	2,630,198
Norway.....	272,908	669,348	322,763	809,452	2,654,898	656,380	1,953,439	4,377,489	2,444,332	4,462,275
Sweden.....	298,015	73,389	403,381	31,324	1,241,425	2,122,882	2,382,508	654,343	3,275,026	1,711,245
Portugal.....	293,085	568,004	772,783	482,224	1,241,425	2,122,882	2,382,508	654,343	3,275,026	1,711,245
Peru.....	1,330,599	1,441,143	1,793,358	7,577,819	2,982,818	7,118,294	5,052,486	4,176,223	4,126,574	3,053,546
Philippine Islands.....	87,416	141,537	36,191	209,116	6,918,551	7,118,294	421,603	1,319,516	255,809	929,065
Russia.....	2,129,413	1,037,191	1,183,078	963,077	4,016,934	7,166,754	8,377,791	5,677,155	8,316,772	5,883,161
Spain.....	886,841	1,920,222	900,810	1,321,319	10,308,580	132,135	4,533,188	9,476,261	6,511,159	9,962,174
Switzerland.....	1,991,086	40,119	2,427,300	45,107	4,890,469	853,145	10,999,339	273,275	13,412,407	319,489
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	910,640	136,456	804,869	174,992	4,890,469	853,145	5,608,430	854,774	6,503,584	1,128,883
Uruguay.....	21,856	223,334	14,362	393,572	1,076,955	1,478,736	948,939	1,908,365	1,204,008	2,110,071
Venezuela.....	702,640	253,683	448,653	188,464	3,025,952	1,620,276	3,977,111	1,762,712	3,752,851	1,298,511
Other foreign countries.....	523,087	1,317,994	480,527	2,844,096	4,728,993	6,988,115	4,881,728	8,429,530	6,018,641	13,321,974
Totals, foreign countries.....	70,769,198	76,187,455	73,282,543	75,552,125	388,143,645	387,387,433	419,603,596	418,260,498	491,052,347	447,737,285
Grand totals.....	102,675,755	138,989,307	106,361,552	135,353,715	561,359,507	735,557,276	623,966,835	780,375,304	725,674,257	821,072,920
	241,665,092		241,715,267		1,296,916,783		1,404,332,139		1,546,747,177	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the months of September, 1906 and 1907, and the *six months* ending September, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of September.			Six months ending September.			Month of September.			Six months ending September.		
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1907.
Animals—												
Horses.....	198	196		1,456	1,632	1,488	33,746	34,641	302,030	233,506	308,788	
Art work.....							2,301	121	331,050	34,465	16,274	
Books, &c.....							8,312	8,570	58,243	56,590	62,511	
Cement, Roman—												
Portland.....	200,020	29,900		121,710	2,655,346	237,950	1,490	189	1,101	18,408	1,432	
Coal, bituminous.....	87,072	117,216		633,963	658,402	704,214	222,115	315,777	1,481,261	1,548,020	1,659,313	
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ores and regulus.....	6,934	922		73,089	35,106	50,914	121,496	9,292	581,397	736,352	940,693	
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other unmanufactured.....	2,005,367	1,285,220		10,673,351	14,877,091	16,961,817	359,592	204,848	1,629,177	2,671,296	3,747,492	
Fibres, vegetable, &c. and manufactures of—												
Flax.....		20		497	340	353		4,437	106,038	74,527	75,863	
Fruits—												
Bananas.....										2,147		
Lemons.....									76,132	66		
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....									918	635,922	731,245	
Hides and skins, other than fur—							46,453	64,966	757,004			
Cattle hides.....												
All other.....												
Iron and steel and manufactures of—												
Iron ores.....												
Tin plates.....												
Jewellery, and other precious stones, &c.....												
Lead and manufactures of—												
Pigs, bars, &c.....												
P. per stock, crude (<i>see also</i> wood pulp).....												
Provisions—												
Cheese.....	5,838	3,294		51,074	25,430	14,932		979	9,251	4,316	2,753	

Spices, nutmeg, peppers.....	Lbs.	3,036	3,350	.....	.....	.....	430	397	.....
Spirits, distilled.....	Pt. gls.	154,960	229,452	293,550	79,219	107,091	297,869	444,976	541,461
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture).....	Lbs.	1,304,889	581,824	1,270,152	53,403	54,467	92,729	32,305	305,670
Sugar.....	Lbs.	974,178	1,196,446	.....	.....	.....	236,529	286,046	.....
Tea.....	Lbs.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tobacco and manufactures of—	"	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers.....	"	129,148	67,660	{ 22,468	7,235	{ 6,057	76,284	41,647	{ 19,697
" Leaf, all other sorts.....	"	.....	.....	{ 123,244	.....	{ 6,182	.....	.....	{ 68,932
Woods and manufactures of—	M. ft.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boards, planks, &c.....	M. ft.	473,890	591,802	519,501	1,825,337	1,924,652	7,269,034	9,507,588	9,678,590
Wood pulp.....	Tons.	53,956	59,004	82,479	208,893	344,582	1,211,062	1,233,020	1,922,079
Wool.....	Lbs.	1,097,719	551,134	1,318,608	8,775	58,407	276,059	153,742	345,957
All other goods imported.....	Lbs.	.....	.....	.....	3,186,140	4,688,506	17,099,577	18,146,790	23,115,020
Totals, Imports.....		.....	.....	.....	6,585,612	8,016,801	34,037,765	38,170,003	44,834,692

[illegible]

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS..

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....(7 mos.)	July.....		119,199,266	139,838,799
British South Africa.....(8 "	August.....		106,356,133	91,931,333
Canada (special).....(7 "	October.....	161,344,685	188,581,680	222,635,238
Great Britain (special).....(7 "	".....	1,555,810,526	1,672,135,903	1,760,416,647
United States.....(6 "	September.....	561,359,507	623,956,835	725,674,257
Austria-Hungary (special).....(8 "	August.....	285,734,477	306,857,845	306,374,299
Belgium (principal articles).....(9 "	September.....	411,939,200	460,816,643	504,742,864
British India.....(8 "	August.....	227,770,056	248,884,164	265,529,664
Egypt.....(8 "	".....	63,705,000	71,805,000	82,080,000
France (special).....(10 "	October.....		916,496,000	986,832,000
Germany (special).....(9 "	September.....	1,159,435,802	1,375,601,206	1,525,727,798
Italy (special).....(6 "	June.....	186,918,377	242,689,587	279,097,493
Japan (special).....(8 "	August.....	178,032,500	143,980,500	170,804,000
Mexico... (a).....(7 "	July.....	51,076,500	73,742,500	72,196,500
Portugal.....(12 "	*December.....	67,006,440	65,532,240	65,222,280
Russia (special).....(6 "	June.....	131,369,290	151,894,615	169,745,545
Spain (principal articles).....(8 "	August.....	134,459,849	131,004,540	119,793,363
Switzerland (special).....(6 "	June.....	117,557,844	129,503,386	144,310,925

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....(7 mos.)	July.....	160,784,933	177,755,000
British South Africa.....(8 "	August.....	132,821,066	153,514,133
Canada (special).....(7 "	October.....	147,907,575	149,270,788
Great Britain (special).....(7 "	".....	1,071,136,198	1,224,570,666
United States (special).....(6 "	September.....	721,446,237	805,064,349
Austria-Hungary (special).....(8 "	August.....	268,852,185	300,431,677
Belgium (principal articles).....(9 "	September.....	297,663,707	373,708,409
British India.....(8 "	August.....	332,856,216	424,415,376
Egypt.....(8 "	".....	59,750,000	76,780,000
France (special).....(10 "	October.....	857,310,600	914,582,600
Germany (special).....(9 "	September.....	958,174,434	1,206,690,702
Italy (special).....(6 "	June.....	151,764,199	172,874,539
Japan (special).....(8 "	August.....	96,530,500	140,135,500
Mexico (a).....(7 "	July.....	67,379,000	74,313,500
Portugal.....(12 "	*December.....	33,168,960	33,040,440
Russia (special).....(6 "	June.....	241,005,065	204,043,515
Spain (principal articles).....(8 "	August.....	110,991,791	109,784,576
Switzerland (special).....(6 "	June.....	86,566,676	106,999,779

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

*Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906

TARIFF CHANGES.

MAURITIUS.

I.—AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND ORDINANCES NOS. 29 OF 1895 AND 17 OF 1901 (CUSTOMS TARIFF).
(No. 5, assented to 2nd July, 1907.)

Be it enacted by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council of Government, as follows:—

1. The following item is added to Schedule B of Ordinance No. 29 of 1895:—

	Rs.	Cts.
75 (a) Hessian cloth, when imported for the packing of hemp... Per 100 yds.	0	60
2. Item 96 of Schedule B to Ordinance No. 29 of 1895, as replaced by Ordinance No. 17 of 1901, is repealed and replaced by the following:—		
96 (i) Machinery or apparatus, by whomsoever imported, for the manufacture of sugar, rum, aloe-fibre, or for the preparation of tea, vanilla-pods, or of any such other produce of the Colony which may be added to this item by proclamation of the Governor in Executive Council... Per 1,000 kilos	1	10
(ii) Parts of machinery or apparatus, when imported by or on behalf of the local manufacturer or the owner of a mill, for the manufacture of sugar, rum, aloe-fibre, or for the preparation of tea, vanilla-pods or of any such other produce of the Colony which may be added to this item by proclamation of the Governor in Executive Council... Per 1,000 kilos	1	10
“ “ when the crane is used... “	2	10

3. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Customs Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance, 1907.”

II.—PROCLAMATION NO. 15, OF JULY 10, 1907, ISSUED IN PURSUANCE OF “THE CUSTOMS

TARIFF (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1901.”

Whereas it is enacted under item 99 (iii) of Schedule B of Ordinance No. 29 of 1895 as replaced by article 1 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1901, entitled “The Customs Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance, 1901,” that substances when imported for use in local manufactures may, by Proclamation of the Governor in Executive Council, be added to the list of substances included in such item 99 (iii);

Now, therefore, in virtue of the powers vested in me by the aforesaid Ordinance, I do hereby declare that I have, at a meeting of the Executive Council held on the 28th June, 1907, added the following substance to item 99 (iii) of the aforesaid Ordinance, viz.:—

HYDROSULPHITE POWDER
(also known and invoiced as BLANKIT.)

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c. and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.c.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

F. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.

W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
E. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

CHINA.

H. J. Craig, 18 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbejd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.

G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,
YOKOHAMA, October 15, 1907.

DELAYING FREIGHTS.

Can cargo, shipped to go by a certain vessel, be shut out and taken on by another vessel, of the same line, sailing subsequently, the vessel owners not being liable for the delay and consequent damage incurred? This is the issue raised in an action brought against the Hansa (German) line of steamships and their agents at Calcutta. The case was before the bench on the application of the defendants to have the case transferred to a higher court. Counsel for the application said the important question involved was, whether a shipping company, when freight was booked to go by a certain ship, were bound to take it by that ship, the time of sailing being stipulated in the usual way. The plaintiff's case was, that the goods in question were for May shipment to London, and that the company were bound to take the cargo by that steamer provided it was delivered to them on their wharf by May 31. The defendants' case was that they were not so bound, if there was not space on that particular steamer, and in this case the goods were shipped by a subsequent vessel on June 8, or one week later; they therefore denied liability. His Lordship considered the case of sufficient public importance, although the damages claimed were small, to send it to a higher court.

AN INNOVATION.

In Japan railway tickets are sold only at the railway stations. The passenger must be there in time to get his ticket or he cannot go. In spite of a general official dubiousness about risk, and irregularity, this time-honoured rule is to suffer an experimental variation. A leading hotel in a well-known city, where tourists do mostly concentrate, it is announced, 'will shortly receive permission to sell railway tickets.' This 'will establish a precedent,' so that the rule will no longer stand in the way; and, it is expected, 'will be greatly appreciated by foreign tourists.' The next step doubtless will be the taking of the best city corner locations for railway ticket business.

DECLINE OF JAPAN TEAS.

It has been claimed in Japan that owing to the competition of Ceylon and other foreign teas, a gradual decline has been shown in the Japanese tea market of late years. This is borne out by the figures showing the annual value of tea exported during the past seven years.

One cause for the decline is attributed to the competition with teas which have farther to travel to get to the United States, but which by systematic advertising have succeeded in crippling the Japan tea trade to some extent. There are other considerations, says the *Kobe Chronicle*, 'it is a noteworthy fact that the decline in the trade has been coincident with the endeavour made to confine the trade to Japanese hands by means of direct export. Without going over old ground at present, it may be admitted that the increasing activity of the agents of Ceylon tea in America has something to do with the falling off in the export of Japan tea.' This, doubtless, more than any falling off either actual or relative in point of merit.

The remedy would seem to be for the Japanese tea guilds to invite the co-operation of foreigners with a view to meet the competition of Ceylon with similar methods, that would in their turn bring the advantages of the Japan product before the people of America.

FLOUR IN THE FAR EAST.

An Australian journalist, travelling in China and Japan, points out that 'in a Hong Kong paper it is stated that the steamer *Empress of Japan* had arrived with a cargo of Manitoba flour for Hong Kong, and that a five-million-dollar order had been placed by a Japanese concern with the Hong Kong Milling Company. It is stated that the reason for the shipment of flour from Canada was not altogether famine conditions in China, but that supplies of wheat from Pacific coast states had been reduced to a minimum, and there was practically no more available for export. With reference to the five million dollar order from Japan, Japanese papers indicated that the state of the flour market in Kobe underwent a change last year. When flour milling was in prospect in Japan during the latter part of 1906, importers of flour postponed issuing orders except for pressing demands. Since then the importation of American flour had been affected by the Chinese boycott. The crops in China were last year largely a failure, and this created a demand for flour, and further affected stocks in Japan.

'Several Australian merchants have been trying to introduce their flour. It is alleged that Australian flour is not sufficiently strong in gluten. The Chinese want a flour rich in gluten rather than rich in starch. Strength is the test for the Chinese purchaser. He does not care for whiteness; in fact, a darker flour more readily suggests strength than does a white starchy flour. The Chinese trade uses the bulk of its flour for manufacture into flour strings, a sort of macaroni. I have seen these strings, thirty and forty feet long, suspended upon racks for drying. Naturally, a flour rich in starch would not produce a good string. The merchant here buys what in California is known as superfine flour. The flour produced by the Washington mills seems to be better adapted to this market than any other at present coming here. There is some Japanese-made flour being imported into Formosa. It seems to be the product of the Nagasaki roller mills, from American imported wheat. Owing to the increased duty upon foreign manufactured flour, the Japanese product may extend its trade very materially. It may not be many years until the Japanese mills draw upon Manchuria for their wheat.

'As the Manchurian wheat is raised under conditions similar to those of the state of Washington, and is strong in gluten, it is well adapted to the Chinese trade. But, even after the much-talked-of Harbin flour mills are in full operation and after the fields of Manchuria are producing all the wheat they can, there will still be demand for American-made flour. The increasing consumption will certainly allow for enormous increase in the production.'

There is a tendency in the Orient, not quite unknown elsewhere, when talking of quantities, to unduly magnify. Such statements as that of the five-million-dollar order from Japan to the Hong Kong mills, as well as the frequently met with reports of ship loads away up in the thousands of tons, from Vancouver, experience teaches should always be turned over and looked through before using. In other respects, the foregoing newspaper report is interesting and credible. The fact is that California, Oregon and Washington flours, however described, are practically on a level as to quality, all deficient in gluten compared with Canadian flour. Every dealer of any note knows that Canadian flour has the quality that would make its sale easy in this market and on the Asiatic mainland. But unfortunately it has the price that counteracts the going effect of the quality.

THE NEW JAPAN—THE NORTHEAST.

Attention is being directed to the northeastern part of this country, which heretofore has been very much unknown, excepting to those who are native to it, or have

business relations with the people. The Northeastern Industrial Association, as the title indicates, was formed for the purpose of promoting some measure of knowledge respecting the capabilities of the northern mainland and island, and of forwarding such industries as may be found suitable, and as a necessary incident encouraging immigration from the overpeopled sections. The *Japan Times* reports a periodical meeting of this association at Sendai, a large industrial town in the northeast, at which there were in attendance over a thousand industrial representatives, speaking for twelve branches of industry: agriculture, sericulture, stock-farming, dyeing, lacquering, forestry, brewing, metal-work, fruit-raising, marine products, tobacco and soy. All these are being promoted in the northeast, and since these indicate the productions of the south and west it follows that the whole country may produce those staples that heretofore have not extended beyond the limits of what they regard here climatically as the temperate zone. The 'North' has terrors for the Japanese, just as it has had for some people when they looked to Canada, but in both cases the fear is due to unacquaintance, and is passing away.

Mr. Matsuoka, Minister of State for Agriculture and Commerce, was in attendance, and spoke at length on the subject of industry in the northeast. He condemned as a radical fallacy the belief that the northeastern districts are too cold in climate and too sterile in soil to be suitable for rice culture and other of Japan's productions, and contradicted the idea entertained by some, that the people of the northeastern provinces ought to supplant the ill-paying rice-cultivation by some other branch of industry. Rice cultivation was an industry of so long standing that it was impossible to change from it without serious consequences. Mr. Matsuoka said that there are evidences nowadays of civilization steadily finding its way into cold regions, and exhorted those present to inculcate a spirit of diligence in the people of the northeast, so as to counteract natural drawbacks. He suggested the profitableness of rearing cattle and poultry and of the expansion of such industries as sericulture, forestry, minerals, &c.

JAPANESE ENTERPRISE.

Mr. S. Takashima, representing Messrs. Nozawa & Co., a Japanese exporting and importing firm, reports to this office the arrival of sixty head of cattle, mostly cows, all pedigree registered, selected by him in Canada, and purchased for the government experimental farms. This shipment came via Canadian Pacific Railway to Seattle, thence by the Japan Steamship Company's line to Yokohama. Doubtless, as is too often the case, if not as usual, the Canadian identity will be lost and the statistics of 'American' export will gain accordingly. The cattle were bought mostly from Eastern Townships farmers. Pedigree cattle, for stock improvement purposes, are carried when a few in quantity, at half ordinary rates, and by the carload at less than half. About the practicability of doing a trade in beef cattle from the Canadian ranches, he said the ordinary tariff rate would not admit of it; but that slaughtering in Canada and transportation with cold storage should be practicable from Canada, since the Australians had demonstrated what could be done in that way.

Mr. Takashima had just returned from a business prospecting tour of three years, taking in France, Belgium, Germany, Australia, England, United States, and Eastern Canada. And he is only one of many Japanese who are now trade-prospecting the producing countries of the world.

INCREASE OF SILK CROP.

According to the report of the Agricultural and Commercial Department, the estimate of silk worm for the summer season shows an increase of 15.2 per cent as compared with the output of the corresponding season last year, while the estimate for this autumn season stands at about an increase of 8.6 per cent compared with the output of the previous year. Though the somewhat untoward weather and incidental floods in August and September have proved unfavourable, the crop of cocoons through summer and autumn is estimated at an increase of 11.4 per cent compared with the total yield of last year.

INCREASING MINERAL PRODUCTION.

Twenty years ago the annual output of mineral products of this country hardly exceeded 10,000,000 yen. During these two decades the mining industry of Japan has made remarkable progress. At the end of last year the value of its total yield was over 100,000,000 yen. The total value in yen is distributed as follows: Gold, 3,790,000; silver, 3,230,000; copper, 26,300,000; lead, 430,000; iron, 2,190,000; coal, 63,360,000; sulphur, 6,000,000; petroleum oil, 3,840,000, and other minerals, 480,000. The total stands at 104,270,000 yen (1 yen = 50 cents).

A. MACLEAN.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,
BRISTOL, ENG., October 31, 1907.

DISPOSAL OF GARBAGE.

The current number of *Chambers Journal* describes an ingenious machine, which has been devised and is now being experimented with by one of the London borough councils, to 'turn garbage to a more profitable account in a hygienic manner.' This apparatus combines the three operations of disintegrating, pulverizing, and mixing in one. The assorted garbage is discharged into a hopper, through which it falls into a small compartment in which revolve four fifty-pound hammers at a speed of 1,250 revolutions per minute. This is equivalent to 5,000 strokes for a cumulative weight of over 250,000 pounds per minute, irrespective of the impetus produced by the centrifugal force of the machine.

RESULT OF THE PROCESS.

Under this treatment the incongruous mass of rubbish and filth is turned out of the machine in one operation in the shape of a uniform black mould. Bottles, ashes, slates, vegetable refuse, and other garbage are completely reduced to powder in the apparatus, and so assimilated and intermixed as to constitute a new substance of great value. It is claimed that the plant occupied little space, and can deal with about five tons of garbage per hour, thus rendering the operation very cheap. It is also claimed to be entirely hygienic, as there is no dust, smoke, or noisome effluvia.

THE PRODUCT.

The manure thus obtained is said to be entirely odourless and extremely valuable as a fertilizer. There is naturally a keen demand for such manure, and it is stated that the municipality where this destructor is in operation obtains substantial profits from the sale of the product.

AUSTRALIAN BUTTER FOR BRISTOL DIRECT.

Now that the trade of the port of Avonmouth occupies so prominent a place, it is interesting to note that the first steamer to sail direct from Australia to Avonmouth

with shipments of butter, is now on her way. The ss. *Devon*, which is specially equipped with refrigerators, left Melbourne on October the 10th with a large consignment of superfine Victorian butter, and is due at Avonmouth on December 3. Another steamer, the *Nairnshire*, now at Sydney, will follow.

THE SOUTH WALES COAL TRADE.

A correspondent in the Financial and Commercial Supplement of *The Times*, points out that there are now signs of a change as regards the 'boom' in Welsh coal. The chief feature of the situation is a deadlock as regards future supplies. Shippers are insisting upon a reduction of from 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per ton, which characterizes the present prices for best admiralty coal, as compared with August figures; sellers on the other hand, are holding out for higher prices, claiming that the present lull is purely temporary, and sure to be followed by a revival of the strong demand which caused such a rise during the past summer.

THE FOREIGN DEMAND DECIDES.

The foreign demand has been chiefly responsible for higher prices; whether this demand will be continued or not depends largely on the political situation. Should an important war break out it will no doubt be continued, and probably increased. If on the other hand, no such disturbance occurs, the prospects are that German competition will increase in French and other markets, so that Welsh coal will have to make concessions if it is to retain its present share of the trade. Should this come to pass we may expect a gradual but somewhat persistent decline in prices.

APPLES.

The following quotations received this week from Liverpool will be of interest to Canadian exporters:—

	Boston and Maine.		New York.		Canadian.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Baldwins.	16	9 to 18	6	15	6 to 17	6
Greenings	14	0 to 15	0	13	6 to 15	9
Kings.	18	0 to 21	6	18	0 to 21	0
					19	9 to 26
						0

The Canadian trade will no doubt be familiar with similar quotations, but what I wish to point out is that, taking the only three varieties common to all on the list, the result as above shows that 'Canadians' have in every case a decided advantage, this amounting as regards 'Kings' to 4s. 6d. and 5s. These figures afford both an explanation and a justification of the action recently taken by American pomological authorities in requesting that a system of grading and inspection, similar to that in Canada, be enforced by the United States government. It is evident that Canadian growers have no cause to regret their action in demanding and supporting a rigid inspection of fruit destined for export.

W. A. MACKINNON.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., October 29, 1907.

SMOKED SALMON.

In looking over the various exports from Canada, I find that the quantity of smoked salmon exported to Great Britain is practically nil. From inquiries made among fish dealers here there would appear to be a very good chance to enlarge this trade between the two countries. Taking into consideration the price that is paid in Great Britain for smoked salmon, 3s. 6d. (86c.) to 5s. (\$1.25) per pound retail, there seems to be left a large margin of profit. By bringing this article to a reasonable price, say 2s. or 2s. 6d. (48c. to 60c.) per pound, the trade could be enormously developed. As the prices are at the present time only the wealthier classes can purchase.

Fresh salmon in Great Britain at its lowest (and then only for a few days) is 1s. 6d. (37c.) per pound, and it is very rarely sold under 2s. 6d. (60c.), and from that to 3s. 6d. (86c.) per pound. Considerable trade has been developed between the two countries, and from what the dealers here say who are large handlers of Canadian fresh salmon, it is very satisfactory.

It may be that the salmon as smoked in Canada is not exactly as used here, but there will be no difficulty in ascertaining the particular method of curing desired by the people of Great Britain.

P. B. BALL.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. E. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., November 2, 1907.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

Estimate of stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on October 31, 1907, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month.

	31st Oct., 1907.	30th Sept. 1907.	31st Oct., 1906.
Bacon Boxes	6,515	12,155	15,654
Hams "	4,315	6,771	2,995
Shoulders "	3,915	5,671	3,023
Butter Cwts	5,387	5,539	18,289
Cheese (full shapes) Boxes	99,802	88,574	79,884
" (50 lbs. and under) "	331	405	
Lard (Prime Steam Western) Tierces	1,094	4,912	1,000
Lard (Imported Pure Refined Lard) in Tierces, Firkins, or other packages Tons	1,450	1,535	810
Lardine and Compound "	71	15	34

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Edgar E. Tripp.)

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, October 29, 1906.

CACAO.

Since the raising of quarantine, business generally has been much brighter. Added to this the very considerable rise in the value of cacao, which will mean if it is maintained, an extra profit to the planters of nearly a million sterling, makes the present outlook satisfactory. It is true that the market price of sugar leaves but little over the cost of production, but the arrangement to extend the Brussels' Convention until 1913, lends a stability to the industry that had been much shaken of late, and crop operations are being vigorously proceeded with. Some fear is expressed that, owing to recent events, the Canadian market may not prove so good as during the past year or two, but planters on the whole are hopeful.

TRADE RETURNS.

Official returns for quarter ending September 29, show that trade with the Dominion is being fairly maintained and, in some respects, improved. Bread, of which an excellent quality now reaches us, is steadily making its way. The imports rose to 800 barrels for the quarter, not very much, it may be said, but still more than during any similar period. Nearly 6,000 lbs. of cheese came, only 1,800 lbs. less than the whole of last year, while the import of flour was 500 barrels over corresponding period in 1906.

NEW MAIL SERVICE.

A new mail contract has been entered into for ten years with the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company for the conveyance of the intercolonial and European mails fortnightly. Barbados will be the headquarters. The ocean boats of the line are scheduled to call at this port, but the colony does not contribute to the subsidy.

EDGAR TRIPP.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., November 8, 1905.

GREAT BRITAIN'S WOOL PRODUCTION.

A report issued by the board of agriculture on the production of wool in Great Britain during 1905 and 1906 shows that the total average wool clip for the two years was 133,088,000 lbs. and the imports 360,000,000 lbs., so that home producers were responsible for only about 27 per cent of the total. As to prices the rock-bottom was touched in 1902 when the average was 6½d. (13 cents), but by 1906 values advanced to 13d. (26 cents).

The question of the preparation of wool is dealt with in one chapter of the report. When wool prices were low, washing was very little practised, but with the improvement in the trade more attention was given to this point. Even in times when prices are high washing seems to be in favour amongst breeds which produce wool of high quality, such as the down and lustre wools. This is seen in a table compiled from returns by certain buyers of wool bought by them in 1905 and 1906. In this table some seventy-three thousand Shropshire fleeces are returned as washed, about eleven times the number of unwashed. The washed fleeces averaged 5½ lbs. in weight, and the unwashed 8½ lbs. Several of the long-wool breeds, such as the Dartmoors, Devon Long-wools, Lincolns and Leicesters, are credited with almost identical clips of 14 lbs. for sheep other than ewes. Among the short wools, Ryelands, the Herefordshire breed with 7.75 lbs., Oxfords with 7.5 lbs. and Shropshire with 7 lbs. are credited with the biggest yields. So far as counties are concerned those in which the long-wools are prevalent naturally shows the biggest fleeces. Gloucestershire which probably carries a bigger variety of pure-bred sheep than any other, averages 5½ lbs. for ewes and 7½ lbs. for other sheep, and Shropshire is credited with similar figures. The county with the smallest average is Sussex where the small Southdown is the prevailing breed, the yield being 4 lbs. and 5 lbs. for ewes and other sheep respectively.

SMOKELESS COAL.

What is considered to be one of the greatest discoveries in Great Britain recently, is the discovery of a method to produce smokeless coal. The discovery has been made by an eminent British engineer, and he has given to his discovery the name of 'coalite.' The object of the inventor, Mr. Thomas Parker, when making his experiments, was not only to abate the smoke nuisance, but also to effect a large saving in coal consequent upon the possibility of burning the smoke. Many experiments have been made from time to time, some of them effective but costly, but only in the case of factories to abate the excessive smoke. 'Coalite,' however, can be used in dwelling houses, and it is believed that smoke will be a thing of the past.

THE NATURE OF COALITE.

'Coalite' is described as a completely combustible coal. It is ordinary coal so treated that it cannot emit smoke—the smoke-forming constituents having been eliminated. It is easily ignited and may be consumed in any grate, stove, furnace or kitchen range. It does not emit any noxious or injurious fumes, and is equally pleasing in appearance. And it is considerably cheaper in use.

'Coalite' is not coke, and is obtained in an entirely different manner, the temperature at which it is formed being nothing like the white heat to which ordinary gas retorts are subjected. The result is that the constituents of which illuminating gas is composed remains behind in 'coalite' to a remarkable degree. It is claimed for the fuel that no less than twelve per cent of its waste consists of volatile flame-producing matters. The plant used in preparation of 'coalite' is entirely different from that used at present in gas and coke manufacture. The stills are automatic and continuous in their action, and the coal fed in at the top emerges as coalite at the bottom. As the apparatus undergoes no destructive high temperature the wear and tear is small, and the perpetual renewals common in gas-making practice are rendered unnecessary. In the production of 'coalite' results are encountered which must lead to an economic reform. The effect of the gentle distillation of coal in the preparation of coalite is that a gas is evolved of superb quality—over twenty candle power—approximating to the illuminating power of acetylene. As the process does not break down the hydrocarbons, almost a double quantity of valuable liquid by-products is obtained.

A NEW INDUSTRY.

It is intended to open factories all over the United Kingdom, and consequently there will be a new and large industry. A large site has already been purchased in a central situation on the banks of the Thames, with a frontage of over a mile. The patent has been registered all over the world, and a company is now being formed with an adequate capital to take over the British rights.

If any Canadians would be interested in this matter, I shall be glad to give them any further information in my possession.

P. B. BALL.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,

YOKOHAMA, November 28, 1907.

THE OUTLOOK IN CANADIAN FLOUR.

Information, sought by this office, from wheat and flour exporting sources in Canada, as to the outlook for export to the orient presented by the conditions at the close of harvest:—

A British Columbia milling company, whose flour I saw for the first time a few days ago being carted to warehouse in Yokohama, say under date September 30:—

‘Threshing operations are now getting in full swing, and the big movement will be on in about fifteen days. From present indications it would seem that the Northwest will have about 75 per cent of the amount of wheat they had last year, 25 per cent of which will be high grade milling wheat, and the balance frosted. Alberta should have from three to four million bushels of wheat to export, all or the greater part of which will be frosted. An advance in values to the extent of 15 cents per bushel has taken place within the last thirty days, and speaking off-hand it would seem that the prospects are unfavourable for business on account of the high values which now exist here. On the other hand, the frosted wheat still retains the greater part of its strength and bread-making qualities; and, being purchased at quite a large discount, may be handled at such a value as will permit its importation into your territory. It is our intention immediately, with samples, to take the matter up with some of your merchants, and we will without doubt very quickly ascertain whether business will be practicable or not. We shall advise you further, in this matter, immediately we have more definite information in hand.’

Another British Columbia milling company say, date September 2:

‘We beg to advise you that at present reports are very bad for the crop in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and cash wheat, One Northern, has closed to-day at \$1.05½. Almost every one interested is considerably at sea as to just how to size up the market, and largely of the opinion that wheat prices will range high this season, but we sincerely hope not so high as to discourage oriental business.’

A British Columbia commission firm, well informed as to the orient and its peculiarities, say, date September 26:

'We are unable to give definite information at this moment owing to the fact that not one-half of the crop in the western provinces has yet been harvested, and it is doubtful whether a great deal of it ever will be. In consequence of the late spring, harvesting has been from two weeks to one month later than in ordinary years, and as a result many sections have been caught by early frosts, which in some cases will result in a total loss; and in many others the damage will make it totally unfit for milling purposes. It may be that considerable of this quality, while unfit for milling in this country, may be offered for export, providing it proves suitable for the markets of China and Japan. We have had one or two inquiries from Japanese correspondents for Canadian wheat, and are writing them by this mail advising that it will be impossible for us to name them offers or submit samples for another ten days, by which time a better idea as to the crop and outlook will be obtainable, and just as soon as we have any definite information along this line, we will be pleased to lay same before you.'

Another British Columbia commission merchant, date September 30, says:

'I don't see how any Canadian exporter could ship wheat or flour to Japan this year except at considerable loss. I have had a standing order from Hong Kong for the last six months for 4,000 barrels to be shipped by every Empress steamer, and a letter of credit from the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation to draw against shipping documents, but the price is limited, and I have never been able to purchase within the limits, and wheat is considerable higher now than six months ago. Wheat is now quoted in Winnipeg at 97 cents to \$1.03½, and more than one commercial paper has predicted that \$1.25 will be obtained before midwinter. It may be the market is excited and forced up beyond its value by speculators, plungers and gamblers, and that there may be some reaction later on, but I cannot hear of any one who expects wheat to be as low as last year. I expected to commence business this autumn with a Manchurian company, they having requested me to make them a sample shipment, but I see no chance this year and am writing them by this mail to that effect. At the present time wheat appears to be dearer in Canada than in any other wheat growing country in the world.'

From Alberta, a milling company interested in the Japan and China trade, under date September 27, say:—

'Conditions are not favourable for much business at this time for the reason that there are large stocks of flour in both Japan and China purchased at a low price, and until those stocks are worked off we look for no change or advance in the price of flour in the orient. We have sold 20,000 quarters of flour for Hong Kong, half September shipment and half October, but this wheat was bought at a low price which enabled us to obtain a small profit on these two particular shipments. We are receiving firm offers from Hong Kong, but quite out of line in accordance with the price of wheat.'

Re crop conditions in Alberta:—'We had a heavy frost in August which caused a damage of at least 30 per cent to the grain. Following the frost, we had heavy rains and snow to the depth of from 4 inches to 18 inches with 50 per cent of the crop uncut, which caused a further damage. After the snow disappeared we had another frost which did more damage to the crops, and at this writing there is 30 per cent of the crops uncut in Alberta.'

A Saskatchewan milling company under date September 16, says:

'The wheat crop has unquestionably been severely damaged by frost in many localities although we are pleased to state no frost damage has occurred in our immediate vicinity. Owing to the partial failure of the winter wheat crop in the United States, and to the poor outlook for their spring wheat crop, as well as to the shortage in several of the European wheat countries, wheat prices are exceedingly high for this period of the year; and we are inclined to think that the only flour trade that it may be

practicable to carry on with Japanese buyers will be for the lower grades. We are making arrangements with a view of offering a quality of flour, to the Japanese trade, which we understand is in demand there, and will mail sample to you, or to buyers whose names you favour us with, at the earliest possible date. We intend to make an effort to supply some of this trade.'

A British Columbia commission firm write, dated September 30, of the present impossibility of active movement or prospect of business in flour with the orient. They quote from their Hong Kong correspondent, dated August 31, as follows:

'We inclose market report just received from Hong Kong. You will notice that prices there are actually lower than here; and that great distributing point, being so near Japan, must influence prices there. Since our last market report of July 31, our market has dragged along on its weary course, and prices are maintained solely because of the high values ruling in Australia and America, and in the event of lower American quotations our market would experience a sudden collapse. Stocks are now 74,000 bags Cal., 450,000 Wash. and Ore., and 500,000 bags Australian. Our market cannot recover until the large Australian stock has been placed, as this has already been paid for by dealers. The quality has deteriorated to 20 to 25 per cent gluten, which accounts for the indifferent demand, and when the Australian mills re-enter our market next year they will not obtain better prices than are paid for Ore. and Wash. export brands.

'As to future business, our dealers do not think they will be able to offer present American values for several months to come, but it all depends upon the stocks in North China, Siam, Indo China, and the Straits. With small stocks, those countries would soon be attracted by the low prices ruling here, and clear out stock within two months, in which case our dealers would be in the market for October and November shipments.'

From Manitoba, regarded here as it is there, too far from the Pacific coast to take seriously the export of much flour to this country the information to hand has reference to the probabilities as to the harvest yield and market price. Manitoba flour is too high for this market, and the percentage of low grade so limited that it finds market at home. There is therefore no present expectation that Manitoba flour, at its general price, will be wanted here.

One Manitoba milling company, under date September 14, says:

'We here—in Manitoba—are too far east to hope to do anything worth while with either China or Japan, except in low grade flours, which only means 5 to 10 per cent of the product of our wheat—the other 90 to 95 per cent must find a market elsewhere for at least many years to come. Our wheat commands too high a price here, and in the world's market generally, to allow of it or any great part of its product to be shipped to your market. China and Japan buy their flour requirements on a basis of colour and price; our wheats and flours are sold on basis of strength and quality. It will take years—or more—to make any material change in these conditions, some of the reasons therefor being as follows:—

'The masses will have to attain higher earning powers before they can buy high-priced goods.

'The strong determined opposition of west coast American mills, west coast Canadian mills, and middle-west Canadian and American mills, whose milling lives depend on their holding the markets of the orient.

'Established usage of soft white flours, pleasing to the eye and suitable to the purse.

'We were the first Canadians, in the field of both China and Japan flour markets; we had a traveller for China and Japan. We sent two Japanese bakers, who had learned to handle Manitoba high grade flour, to Hong Kong and Shanghai to teach the Chinese how to bake bread, but all to no good purpose. The price of high-grade flours prohibited their sale. Large sample orders given our traveller were not repeated,

the trouble being price. We still ship 1 to 2 cars per month of high-grades to China, but not at a profit, just keeping trade open in the hope that some day we may be able to sell at a profit. There is of course an unlimited demand for our low grades; but there is not much object in cultivating a trade that calls for only 5 per cent of the output, when doing so, oftentimes proves detrimental to the other 95 per cent of trade—who generally want a portion of their orders in low grades. On the whole, Manitoba and the west will have a good crop; and, on account of price, a better paying crop than last year.'

The *Winnipeg Market Record* says, date September 20: 'Prices are so high that there is little chance of any trade being done with the orient unless they are very hard up for supplies. The home market will take a great deal more low grade flour this year than previously, and the British market is at the present time making firm bids for our higher grades.'

DECLARATION OF POLICY.

The policy of the Japanese government having been taken to tend towards trade protection, on a recent important public occasion, Baron Sakatani, Finance Minister, is reported to have made an interesting statement which is accepted as a virtual disavowal of the policy of protection. He endorsed, almost in so many words, the conclusion arrived at by Mr. Soyeda (Japanese Financial Agent in London), and formulated plainly by the latter on his recent return from Europe, namely, that the great industrial progress made by Germany during the past three or four decades had been the outcome purely of energy and industry and was not due to any exercise of the protection policy. England was now in the throes of a hot discussion about this question of free trade or retaliatory protection, but a final decision seems still a long way off. Meanwhile he (Baron Sakatani) was persuaded that Japan must look rather to her own diligence than to the ægis of protection, and must bear in mind the fact that a supply of hard money is essential, and that the only certain way of procuring it is by developing her export trade and encouraging expenditure by foreigners in the country.

Baron Shibusawa (a leading financial authority and capitalist), in replying to the above speech, referred 'once more to the necessity of raising the standard of commercial morality in Japan; and urged that in any practical, public platform, the main feature of that platform should be the preaching of commercial morality.'

JAPANESE OAK.

An inquiry for Oak, suitable for barrel staves, received at this office from the Pacific coast of Canada, has brought out some information; but only one firm, in the business of manufacturing or dealing in Japanese forest products, responded with a readiness to undertake. This firm, in northern Japan, is a substantial one, having recently declared a large dividend and made provision for extensions. They, however, offer only squared timber, not having the facilities for sawing export orders, which usually are received upon short time and in some approach to cargo quantity. The dimensions of timber offered are 1 foot by 1 foot and over; and 8 feet by 12 feet in length, at \$175 per 1,000 cubic feet, English measure, f.o.b.

A company in Shanghai, dealing largely in Japan timber, who operate a barrel factory, say that they have had great difficulty in finding the right wood for coopering work. Their experience, they report, is that 'very little of the oak grown in Japan is suitable for barrel staves, although for other classes of work it is fully equal and in some cases superior to American and European oak. We are therefore of the opinion that good barrel staves cannot be supplied in oak, in large quantities, for export by Japan. For our barrel works, we have found that good white ash has given the most satisfaction. Our barrels are made for the export of wood oil.'

Observation at the furniture shops and cabinet factories, in Japan, would quite prepare one to learn, as from the Shanghai company's advices, that for other uses than

barrel staves, the Japanese oak should be a favourite article, and well worth looking after. It is of close, fine texture, light colour, the 'oak-heart' and 'quartered-oak' grain showing clearly and beautifully. It should yield exquisite finish in cabinet work, and in house finishings, such as panelled doors and wainscoting, to the pleasure of those who appreciate the beauty of the 'grain' of the oak.

On the subject of the export of timber and lumber from Japan, it is stated by the *Kobe Chronicle*, that there has lately been a marked increase. The value of railway sleepers, wood for tea chests, timber and planks exported this year up to the end of August amounted to about 8,680,000 yen. This compares with the corresponding periods of the preceding two years, as follows :—

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Railway sleepers.	Y2,120,000	Y1,259,000	Y 703,000
Wood for tea chests.	358,000	489,000	263,000
Timber and planks.	6,208,000	3,928,000	2,102,000
Total.	Y8,686,000	Y5,676,000	Y3,068,000

The value of Kyogi (shavings) material for chip-braid, and match-stick wood exported is as follows :—

1907.	Y149,000
1906.	138,000
1905.	113,000

(1 yen = 50 cents.)

Under present conditions, it is expected that orders for wood will greatly increase, and the total value for the whole of this year is expected to reach Y15,000,000.

The principal cause of this increase of export of timber is the demand for the South Manchuria, Seoul-Fusan and Seoul-Wiju railways, and the building of houses in Manchuria and Korea. There is also a noticeable increase in the demand for railway timber from the neighbourhood of Tientsin, while the American demand for Japanese woods produced in the Hokkaido, for desks, organ stands, doors and barrels, is also greatly increasing, owing to the beautiful grain of these woods.

WHAT AUSTRALIA IS DOING.

Current reports are to the effect that a contract has been signed between the Teikoku Reize Kabushiki Kaisha (Imperial Cold Storage Company, Limited), of Tokio, and a Melbourne firm for the import from Australia of frozen meat, and dairy produce to the value of over a million yen. Delivery commences in March next on a contract that covers a period of three years. A special feature of the contract is that, wherever practicable, preference is to be given to Victorian products.

Machinery for cold storage plant has been ordered for Tokio, Yokohama, Nagoya and Osaka. Refrigerator cars, now being built at Tokio, will convey the meat and dairy produce to various places where depots will be established.

Canada does not offer beef and mutton from the nearer great northwest of that country, nor is there cold storage transportation to induce it.

THE JAPANESE SPHERE.

There are frequently occurring incidents that go to show that whatever the average Japanese emigrant and emigration company may be inclined to do, the Japanese authorities and capitalists prefer to look to Japan's sphere of influence on the mainland of Asia for the opportunities of investing capital and effecting profitable development. The *Japan Times* says:—The Toyo Takushoku Kaisha (Oriental Colonization Company), to be established with a capital of 150,000,000 yen, is to be organized on the plan of the Industrial Bank of Japan and South Manchurian Railway. The organiz-

ing committee will be appointed from members of the Imperial Diet, and leading business men, as well as officials connected with colonial business. The president and vice-president are to be appointed by the government, while the directors will be elected by the shareholders, and appointed with the approval of the government authorities.

‘Of the total capital, 60,000,000 yen (1 yen=50 cents) will be undertaken by the government; 50,000,000 yen by the promoters and Korean partners, while the remainder will be invited from the public.’

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE—CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

At a meeting of secretaries of Chambers of Commerce, recently held at the office of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, Tokio, a committee was appointed to settle arrangements for an international conference which it is proposed to hold in Tokio during the exhibition of 1912. The committee, at a meeting subsequently, considered the date of the conference, the language to be used, and other details.

WEAVERS IN CONFERENCE.

A conference of weavers, from all parts of Japan, at Kyoto recently, was addressed by Mr. Oka, a councillor in the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, who as reported by the *Kobo Chronicle*, said that weavers' guilds were organized upon solemn articles of association approved by the government. In most cases, however, they accomplished little in furthering the interests of the industry; they appeared to have done nothing beyond arranging tables and chairs at their offices. Little confidence was therefore placed in the guilds; the coupon indicating inspection by the guild, which was affixed to goods, was not relied upon even by Japanese customers. For example, in silk, habutai for export would be dealt with on the reputation of the trade-mark of each firm dealing in the goods. It was necessary to the strengthening of confidence in guilds for the weavers to establish centres for experimenting in dyeing, and model weaving factories, and so to keep themselves in constant touch with experts in the weaving industry, and to continually study new designs and patterns. Referring to the labour question, Mr. Oka remarked that a factory law would be adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Commerce before long, and all factories, employing from ten upwards, would come under that law. The duty of master weavers, however, was to adopt measures for the protection and relief of their employees without waiting for the enactment of legislation.

The meeting unanimously adopted resolutions to organize a union of guilds, and to petition the government asking that measures be taken for encouraging the exports of woven fabrics, and for checking the importation of such goods. There is no doubt as to what is meant by these unanimously adopted resolutions.

DIRECT EXPORT OF TEA.

The tea merchants in Shidzuoka have formed a corporation under the firm name of the Dai Nippon Seicha Yushitsu Kaisha (Japan Tea Exporting Company), with a capital of one million yen, for the purpose of undertaking the direct export of tea to foreign markets from the port of Shidzuoka.

Shidzuoka, a tea producing centre, with its port Shimizu, is now fairly claiming a share of the tea export business that formerly was divided between Yokohama and Kobe. The tea trade at present is in a condition not satisfactory to those engaged in it, and under which it seems to be losing ground by competition in the world's markets. A current idea is that it is suffering from undue exploitation by contending interests. The sooner the tea trade resolutely determines to depend upon the merits of its products, the sooner it will regain the place from which it is falling away. It is suffering

from speculative exploitation, which relies largely upon guild patronage and subsidy backing. The other and the better policy would be to shun all such extraneous aids, and to throw open a free course to private capital in the hands of people who understand the business. Japan teas, with the aid of scientific inquiry in production, and practical skill in manufacture and marketing, will prove inviting to all the capital required, and will hold their own in the tea-drinking world.

DEPRECIATED SECURITIES.

That shares, even those of the highest standing commercially, should have continued to sink down, down far below the various declining points at which it was from time to time thought the lowest possible had been reached, is not to be regarded as the equivalent of a corresponding decrease in value of the properties represented; but rather as having a proportionate relation to the greatness of the late expansion and the liabilities incurred under cover of it, and the completeness of the bursting of the great bubble. There are financial doctrinaires, numerous enough, amongst the Japanese. They have been pressing for relief, of what is only a natural condition, not without a healthy convalescence apparent. Contrary to the scientific rule of starving a fever in the convalescent stage, the patients are, as usual in such cases, calling for more food. They call upon the imperial treasury to hand over the railway nationalization bonds, which have a five-year limit within which to issue; and they claim that the class of securities negotiable by the banks should be enlarged.

It may be said that all the responsible financial authorities are against any such treatment of the situation. Mr. Matsukata, a leading banking authority, is quoted by the *Jiji Shimpō* (*Times*) as strongly denying the expediency of abnormal attempts to bolster up the share market. He considers that 'such essays would ultimately produce the opposite effect. When the share market behaves as it has recently behaved, that is to say, when prices fall quite below the level of reasonable limits, natural reaction is sure to take place, and it is safer and more wholesome to trust to the operation of normal factors than to apply artificial stimulus.'

With regard to the causes of the present depression, Mr. Sonoda, a leading Tokio bank president and financier, indicates two. The first is, that financial circles are suffering from the reaction which inevitably followed the excessive boom of last spring; and the second, that present nervousness has been accentuated of late by the state of the markets of Europe and America. If in the commercial and industrial conditions of Japan any cause for the existing depression were discernible, the matter would be serious. But there is no such cause. On the contrary, he says, everything is prosperous and promising; and it may, therefore, be confidently expected that the share market if let to itself will recover its tone.

A. MACLEAN.

CITY TRADE BRANCH.

REPORT BY CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.

(Mr. Harrison Watson.)

73 BASINGHALL STREET,

LONDON, E.C., ENG., October 29, 1907.

PLUMBAGO.

A typical case came to my notice which it may be interesting to refer to as an illustration of the practical utility of the facilities which we have available for furnishing information about Canadian resources.

The chemist of one of the largest manufacturers of grate polish, blacklead, &c., who was about to proceed to the far east to examine into some deposits of plumbago which had been offered to his company in Corea, wrote us for information as to the existence of plumbago in the Dominion.

When furnishing some general information on the subject, we suggested that a personal interview would be more satisfactory. The chemist, when passing through London, consequently called at the office and was furnished with the special report on Canadian plumbago compiled by the Canadian Department of Mines, and also shown extracts from other official reports which have been published from time to time. The writer also communicated to him various details which have come to his notice in connection with several attempts which have been made to introduce Canadian plumbago to the United Kingdom market.

The chemist was also taken to the Imperial Institute, where he had the opportunity of seeing a number of specimens of plumbago displayed in the Canadian section, and further, had some conversation with the official who had, some little time ago, examined and reported upon several specimens of Canadian plumbago which had been sent to the laboratories for purposes of investigation.

It was understood that the chemist would visit Canada either on his way to or back from the east, and examine more fully into the matter, as he was of the opinion that some of the Canadian plumbago would be well adapted for the purposes of the company. The opinion prevails that such Canadian plumbago as has been seen in this country is less suitable for the production of crucibles than the graphite which comes from Ceylon, so that an increase in its use for polishing and lubricating purposes should be of benefit to the Dominion.

MAPLE FLOORING.

Among interesting inquiries during the month have been an application from an important company prepared to purchase large quantities of maple flooring if satisfactory arrangements as to price and delivery can be concluded; and another from a London firm as to the possibilities of obtaining supplies of newspaper for use in South Africa.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

We have received quite a number of applications from Canadian correspondents reporting an active demand for Portland cement and other building supplies, and as a further example of the extent to which the existing resources of the country are strained, we were informed by a firm the other day who has, in the past, made unsuccessful attempts to develop trade in Swiss condensed milk, that they had recently received a number of cable orders for the article, because the Canadian manufacturers have more business than they can deal with.

CANADIAN MINING REPORTS.

We continue to receive a considerable number of inquiries about Canadian mineral resources, and applications for copies of the reports on mining operations, which are annually issued by several of the provinces. In this connection several persons have called attention to the apparent delay which occurs in the publication of these reports whereby much of the news is to a certain extent out of date by the time the particular report is in the hands of the public. There are naturally difficulties in compiling reports of this description where the material comes from so many sources, but on the other hand it is possible that some improvement might be made in the direction indicated.

APPLE CROP.

As a result of the indifferent apple crop in the United Kingdom and the partial failure on the continent, it is not surprising to learn that Canadian shippers are standing out for abnormally high figures for their fruit. One firm informed us the other day that they had also had difficulty in obtaining any quotations whatever for gallon apples. High prices certainly should be realized for high class fruit, but Canadian shippers should not forget that bananas and oranges, of which large supplies are available, are also popular with the consumer in this country, and that when prices reach a certain figure the demand for apples is sure to fall away.

Apart from this it is stated that the prospects of a good yield in Tasmania and Australia are favourable. These apples hold a high reputation in this country and supplies will commence to come in soon after the turn of the year.

HARRISON WATSON.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. C. E. Sontum.*)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBBEGD No. 4, November 1, 1907.

IMPORT OF BUTTER. TO NORWAY.

The large import of butter to Norway still continues. During the month of September there was imported into Christiania alone about 80,000 kilogrammes = 176,000 pounds of natural butter, which principally came from Denmark, but of Siberian origin. During the first twenty days of October there has likewise been imported about 84,000 kilogrammes = 184,800 pounds. Part of this was of French and Galician make. For comparison it may be stated that last year during the same two months there was imported in all only 49,000 kilogrammes = 107,800 pounds of natural butter.

INCREASED IMPORT OF GRAIN.

During the month of September there was, according to official returns, imported to the port of Christiania 1,727 tons barley, 3,393 tons rye, 4,560 tons corn and 1,118 tons oats. During the same month last year the import was 1,061 tons barley, 8,423 tons rye, 0 tons corn and 30 tons oats. The import of rye has thus gone considerable down as compared with the same month last year, while the import of the other kinds of grain has gone up, as a consequence of the poor harvest. The shortage of oats is especially felt. The smaller import of rye has, however, not its cause in less need for

import, but greatly because of the very high prices that are demanded by the foreign exporters. The price of rye here now is very near 50 per cent higher than last year. The importers are, therefore, not buying more rye than to carry them over from one week to another.

UTILIZATION OF TURF-MOSSES IN PAPER INDUSTRY.

The utilization of turf-mosses in the paper industry, which has for a long time been announced, now seems as if it is going to be carried out. An English company, which claims to have a capital of £225,000 for this purpose, has bought large areas of turf-mosses in Sweden. It is the intention of the company there to start manufacturing on a large scale of pasteboard and 'Kraft' paper.

'NEWS' PAPER PRICES HIGHER.

The Swedish Paper Makers' Association have recently had a meeting, at which also the larger Norwegian factories were represented. It was agreed that as the market showed considerable improvement, and the production of both of the countries for 1907 and 1908 was already disposed of at rising prices, a considerable raise should take place for future sales.

C. E. SONTUM.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., November 13, 1907.

TURNED WOODS.

There are remarkably good openings at present to build up a substantial trade in supplying a demand for any and every kind of turned wood suitable for the building, cabinet and other trades.

Inquiries for goods under this heading are continually reaching this office and a keen interest is being manifested in the prospects of securing direct supplies from the Dominion. A few of the miscellaneous goods for which there is an ever-growing demand in the northeast of England may be enumerated as follows.—

- (a) Broom handles.
- (b) Small wood boxes suitable for holding pills, &c.
- (c) Balustrades.
- (d) Table and chair legs.
- (e) Doors for domestic dwellings, offices, &c.
- (f) Window sashes.
- (g) Church fittings.
- (h) Boat oars.
- (i) Small wood boards for the making of mouse traps.
- (j) Spring rollers for windows.
- (k) Picture frames.
- (l) Ash 'D' planks and tool and implement handles of all kinds.
- (m) Cart shafts.
- (n) Clothes pegs.
- (o) Maple blocks for bobbin making.

- (p) Wood pulleys.
- (q) Plywood for trousers' stretchers.
- (r) Maple roller blocks for washing machinery.
- (s) Garden seats, school desks, &c.
- (t) Wood blocks for flooring.
- (u) Box wood in various sizes.
- (v) Small wood boxes used by electrical engineers.

In addition to these it is no exaggeration to say that if prices are right, anything in the turned wood line can secure a ready market in this district. The prospects, for instance, of supplying the local fruit trade with wood chip baskets suitable for holding black currants, and other small fruit, are particularly good, and it rests with Canadian manufacturers to take advantage of their opportunities in this direction.

I shall be pleased to hear from exporters interested in opening up trade in these and other goods mentioned, to whom more complete details of the requirements of local buyers can be forwarded. So brisk is the demand that I am inclined to the opinion that if some of the larger manufacturers were to appoint an agent on the spot to secure orders first hand, an especially good trade would soon be established. Canadian manufacturers should also bear in mind that delivery, equal to sample, is a condition precedent to doing business, any breach of the conditions puts the defaulter on the black list for all time to come.

CANADIAN WOODWORKING MACHINERY FAVOURED.

Whilst on the subject of turned woods, it will be gratifying to those Canadian firms, who in the past, have made such energetic efforts to secure orders for wood-working machinery, to learn that their productions are at last steadily growing in favour among local timber mills. Many firms in the north of England, especially in the Tees and Tyneside districts, are now equipped with Canadian-made machinery which is giving satisfaction in every respect. Most of the orders secured have resulted mainly from the persistence which certain manufacturers have shown in mailing their catalogues to likely buyers on this side, and a continuance of this policy is to be strongly advocated to secure further trade. Buyers should also be kept regularly posted with descriptive pamphlets and other particulars of any new improvements, &c., as this is always an inducement to business.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., November 15, 1907.

CHEESE.

I have received from prominent provision merchants assurance that the trade in cheese is undergoing a considerable change in Manchester and district. Up to a few years ago practically nothing was sold in Lancashire except Cheshire and Canadian cheese, but now there is an increasing production every year in the quantity of cheese made in the county itself. This year competition from this source has been felt more seriously than hitherto, inasmuch as the quality has been considerably improved, in.

addition to a larger quantity being placed on the market, and buyers are purchasing this description to whom a few years ago it was practically unknown. The price has compared favourably with Canadian, and in many cases the local article was regarded as much better value for immediate use than any other description of cheese on the market.

The rise in Canadian during August and September has deterred many buyers from laying in anything like their usual stocks, and as the present figures are regarded as having reached their highest, the disposition of wholesale and retail firms is to buy for immediate requirements and take their chance of what the markets may be after Christmas. There is considerable speculation as to the probable arrivals of cheese from the Antipodes. Some advices indicate that owing to the comparatively low prices ruling there for butter, that a much larger quantity of cheese will be sent to England during the coming winter and spring than was the case in 1906-7. Canadian cheese is being sold on the spot at from 60s. to 63s., according to quality.

CHESHIRE CHEESE.

At the Whitchurch cheese fair held in conjunction with the dairy show on the 13th inst., record prices were obtained. No less than 225 tons were offered, a total unprecedented in this industry.

The price realized for prize cheese was sensational, namely, ten guineas per hundredweight, and other lots made big prices.

Cheese in the ordinary fair realized from 68s. to 72s. per hundredweight for the higher grades, and the medium and lower qualities down to 60s. per hundredweight. These latter prices were somewhat lower than those prevailing at the fair last year.

BUTTER.

The market for Canadian butter has been rather small this season owing to the very high price it reached. Unless it can be sold as a rule at from 10s. to 15s. per cwt. under the price of fresh landed Danish and Swedish butter, there is not much disposition to take it in Lancashire. During August and September the c. i. f. figures were altogether above the parity of prices obtainable in Manchester. The result was a considerable shrinkage in the orders from Manchester importers. At present the price on the Manchester market is from 116s. to 120s., but the trade passing is very trifling and stocks are almost non-existent.

EGGS.

The Manchester market has seen no Canadian eggs this season, although inquiries from this office have gone forward, owing, it is considered, to the higher prices obtainable for them elsewhere. Continental supplies have come forward freely and except in July and August the quality gave satisfaction. Russians continue to arrive freely, and some brands are considered equal almost to the best coming from other continental sources having an old and high reputation. Best Irish are selling at 13s. 6d. to 14s. 6d.; best Danish, 13s. to 13s. 6d., and best Russians 8s. 9d. to 9s. per 120, all 15 lbs. to 15½ lbs. average.

POTATOES.

No doubt owing to the very wet season experienced throughout England the potato crop has been adversely affected, and in the county of Cheshire a great acreage has been visited with disease. Farmers complain that the season will prove to be one of the worst ever known, and that potatoes will be scarce and dear. In some districts of Cheshire where they are largely grown, almost half of those dug up have been found rotten. I have received inquiries for Canadian potatoes, and one correspondent states

that shipment to Manchester via the Manchester Liners and ship canal should prove very profitable. At present it costs 1s. per bag to import potatoes from the continent. The freight per ton from St. John to Manchester is about 10s., leaving a good margin for railroad haul as against continental charges. It is suggested that Canadian potatoes should be shipped in bags of 112 lbs. each, cost of bags to be included in the price of the potatoes. Attention should be paid to the packing, and all small sizes excluded. Light soil potatoes are preferred. The present market price for best quality is 108s. per ton, second quality 95s.

APPLES AT LIVERPOOL.

Messrs. Woodall & Co. report, under date November 9:—

The arrivals this week.. . . .	brls.	68,086
“ “	boxes.	2,365
“ last week.. . . .	brls.	68,874
“ “	“	42,391
The arrivals to date.. . . .	“	274,690
“ against same period last year.. . . .	“	307,792

As will be seen from the above figures, receipts for the week show a substantial increase, and are the largest so far this season; still, the total quantity is less than to the same period last year. The condition of arrivals is exceptionally good, which gave buyers confidence, resulting in a brisk demand, especially for Canadian No. 1 stock, but owing to the increased quantity of No. 2's, these showed a decline.

PRICES OBTAINED.

Canadian.

	Firsts.		Seconds and slack.							
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.				
Kings.....	19	0	to	22	0	16	0	to	19	6
Snow.....	16	6	to	20	6	14	0	to	18	6
Blenheim.....	18	0	to	21	0	16	6	to	18	9
Greenings.....	16	6	to	19	9	14	0	to	18	3
Colverts.....	15	0	to	18	3	14	0	to	16	9
Jennetting.....	15	0	to	15	9	13	0	to	14	6
Baldwins.....	16	9	to	18	9	14	0	to	17	0
Spy.....	16	6	to	20	0	15	0	to	18	9
Russets.....	16	6	to	23	6	14	0	to	20	6

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

The Board of Trade returns recently issued show the imports for October £57,662,116 as against £54,637,062 for October, 1906, an increase of £3,025,054. The exports totalled £38,319,520, and for October, 1906, £33,234,331, an increase of £5,085,189.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, November 19, 1907.

PERISHABLE FOOD PRODUCTS.

A considerable quantity of perishable food products is consumed in this market every year, including dressed poultry, fruit and vegetables of various kinds, all of which find a ready sale at highly remunerative prices.

Owing to the absence of any provision for cold storage on the steamers running between Montreal and this port, the whole of these goods come here from New York, by the steamer *Rosalind*, of the Red Cross Line, which is the only boat equipped with cold storage facilities, and this, I understand, is operated as a monopoly in the hands of an official connected with that steamer. Under such circumstances it is easy to understand that the prices demanded by the dealers are usually quite exorbitant, while the supply often falls far short of the demand.

In the interests of Canadian exporters of similar goods it appears to be very desirable that some provision should be made whereby the steamers trading on the St. Lawrence route during the season of navigation could be fitted up for the safe transport of perishable freight. When this is done there seems to be no reason why a large portion of this trade should not be supplied by Canada, especially during the later portion of the year. It is difficult to get any reliable figures concerning the extent of this business, but from inquiries I have made I should say that it amounts to something like \$25,000 to \$30,000 annually, and may be considerably more.

DRESSED MEATS.

The trade in dressed beef and mutton also seems to be worthy of more attention than it has hitherto received at the hands of Canadian exporters. I referred to this subject in my report dated June 22, last, and since then I have learned that one of the difficulties likely to prove an obstacle in the improvement and increase of this trade, is the absence at present of properly fitted up cars especially at this end of the route, and of cold storage room on the steamers. No doubt if sufficient encouragement could be given of a remunerative amount of business to warrant the outlay, the necessary improvements would soon be forthcoming.

E. D. ARNAUD.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, October 19, 1907.

THE NEW ZEALAND TARIFF.

The New Zealand tariff, as passed, does not differ in the main provisions from the form as first introduced by the Committee of Ways and Means. Plain confectionery has been reduced from 3d. to 2d. per lb. A new item, flaked maize, has been included with a duty of 1s. per bushel. The chief changes affecting the trade of Canada are those respecting boots and shoes and, as it is, that item will affect to a considerable extent the Canadian trade. The tariff is given in full:—

Boots, shoes, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Men's, above size No. 5	0	1	6
Youths', above size No. 1	0	1	0
Boys', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive	0	0	6
Women's, above size No. 1	0	1	0
Girl's, Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive	0	0	6
Other kinds	0	1	0
Slippers (not including lawn tennis and gymnasium shoes soled with india rubber or felt)	0	0	6

On the above items is an additional duty of 15 per cent *ad valorem*.

Slippers of felt, with carpet, twine, or felt soles; shoes or goloshes known as Plimsolls with moulded india-rubber soles; champion, gymnasium, yachting and lawn tennis boots and shoes, with moulded india-rubber soles; goloshes or overshoes of all kinds, of rubber; shoettes and sandals, not otherwise enumerated, all 22½ per cent.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES.

The principal changes in the new tariff affecting the trade of Canada are in the striking out of the preferential duties upon the following items: rubber tyres, pneumatic tyres, and inner tubes, wall paper, gum boots, sail cloth, canvas, unbleached double warped duck and surgical and dental instruments and appliances. On wall paper Canada had secured half the trade outside of that imported from Great Britain. In gum boots it had secured half the total importations. In canvas it also had secured a fair share of the trade. In surgical and dental instruments, notwithstanding the advantages that it had, Canada had done something, but not very much, but it was possible that if these items had been retained upon the preferential list the trade would have been entered upon. A number of articles placed on the preferential list in the tariff first introduced, have been struck out in the revised. In some cases these would have been of advantage to Canada. Amongst these items are motor cars and wheels for the same, which were first free, but are now dutiable at 20 per cent, and taken off the preferential list. Amongst other items originally proposed for a preference but now excluded are, onions, potatoes, gum boots, as stated, axles, axle arms, and axle pockets.

THE PREFERENTIAL LIST.

Against these reductions there has been a large extension of the preferential list. As before, preference is granted to the goods named when produced in any part of the British Empire, and is an addition to the general duties where any such duties are levied. The list is included in three schedules. Schedule 'C' has but one item, cement, upon which the duty is 2s. per barrel when of British origin, and 4s. when imported from foreign countries. On articles in schedule 'D,' parts I. and II., there is an additional duty of 50 per cent of the duty levied by the tariff on foreign goods. In the articles included in Part II. the preferential advantage does not go into force until March 31, next. The following are the items in Part I., in which Canada is or may be interested:—

SCHEDULE D.—PART I.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.

Bicycles, tricycles, and the like vehicles, also finished, partly finished or machined parts of the same, not otherwise enumerated.

Boots, shoes, clogs and pattens, not otherwise enumerated, namely, men's, above size No. 5; youth's, above size No. 1; boy's, Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive; women's, above size No. 1; girl's, Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive; other kinds; slippers (not including lawn tennis and gymnasium shoes soled with india-rubber or felt); slippers of felt, with carpet, twine or felt soles; shoes or goloshes known as Plimsolls, with moulded india-rubber soles; champion, gymnasium, yachting and lawn tennis boots and shoes, with moulded india-rubber soles; goloshes or overshoes of all kinds, of rubber; shoette and sandals, not otherwise enumerated.

Candles.

Carriages, carts, drays, wagons, perambulators, and the like vehicles, and wheels for the same.

Clocks, time registers, and time detectors.

Cordage, rope and twine, not otherwise enumerated.

Earthenware, stoneware and brownware.

Fancy goods, and toys; also sporting, gaming and athletic requisites not otherwise enumerated, including billiard tables, and billiard requisites, hair, and toilet combs.

Firearms, all kinds.

Fish, potted and preserved (not including sardines).

Furniture and cabinetware, not otherwise enumerated, and other than iron and other metal.

Glassware; globes and chimneys for lamps.

Hardware, ironmongery, and hollowware, not otherwise enumerated.

Hops.

Iron, and other nails, not otherwise enumerated, including dog-spikes.

Iron pipes, wrought, not otherwise enumerated, and wood or fibre pipes, exceeding 6 inches in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same. Cast iron pipes exceeding 9 inches in internal diameter, and knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same.

Jewellery; seven-eighth; plate, gold, or silver; platedware.

Lamps, lanterns, and lampwick, not otherwise enumerated.

Lawn-mowers.

Musical instruments.

Paper-wrapping, all kinds, not printed, including blue candle, glazed cap, glazed casings, small-hand, lumber-hand, tissue, brown, cartridge, and sugar papers.

Upholstery, not otherwise enumerated.

Walking-sticks.

SCHEDULE D.—PART II.

Bill-hooks, bush-hooks, slashers, and hedge-knives.

Brooms, brushes and brushware.

Cartridges (shot) 10 to 24 bore.

Cartridge cases.

Cartridges, not otherwise enumerated.

Cars, wagons and trucks, railway, and tramway; and wheels for the same not otherwise enumerated.

Electric batteries and cells; furniture, fittings, instruments, and appliances, not otherwise enumerated, for the generation, transmission, application, or utilization of electricity, or of electric power of any description whatsoever.

Fish, dried, pickled, or salted, not otherwise enumerated.

Galvanized iron manufactures, not otherwise enumerated, made up from galvanized iron, or from plain sheet iron, and then galvanized.

Heel-plates, and toe stiffeners, and toe plates.

Japanned and laquered metalware.

Laces, vamps, and uppers; also clog or patten soles.

Lay figures, busts, and dress stands.

Leather bags, and leather cloth bags, not otherwise enumerated.

Leather cut into shapes.

Leather leggings.

Leather manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.

Machinery, electric, and appliances, namely, electric generators and electric motors, including slide rails therefor, electric lamps, including globes for arc lamps, electric transformers.

Magic lanterns, bioscopes, cinematographs, kinetoscopes, and the like instruments, including accessories peculiar thereto, not otherwise enumerated; also limelight and the like apparatus, including accessories peculiar thereto, except magic lantern slides.

Mantelpieces, other than stone.

Manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal, or manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal in combination with any other metal whatsoever, not otherwise enumerated.

Matches:—Wooden, in boxes containing not more than 60 matches; in boxes containing over 60 and not more than 100 matches; in boxes containing more than 100 matches. Wax:—'Plaid vestas' in cardboard boxes, containing under 100 matches. 'Pocket vestas' in tin or other boxes, containing under 100 matches. Wax, other kinds. Matches of any material other than wood or wax.

Paper bags, coarse (including sugar bags).

Paper bags, not otherwise enumerated.

Picture or photograph frames or mounts.

Statues, statuettes, casts and bronzes.

Tinware, and tin manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.

Tobacco pipes and cases, cigar and cigarette holders and cases, cigarette cases and papers.

Woodenware and turnery, not otherwise enumerated, and veneers.

Lard, and refined animal fats, not otherwise enumerated.

Meats, potted or preserved.

Provisions, not otherwise enumerated.

Vegetables, fresh, dried or preserved.

Fruits, preserved in juice or syrup.

Milk or cream, preserved, evaporated or dried.

Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, unsweetened, in containers of less than ten gallons capacity.

Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, sweetened, syrups, raspberry vinegar, sweetened.

Baking powder; yeast preparations, and other ferments; also yeast foods.

Chemicals, and chemical preparations, not otherwise enumerated, including photographic chemicals not otherwise enumerated; also anti-incrustation, boiler, and other compounds.

Essences, flavouring, not otherwise enumerated.

Medicinal preparations, drugs and druggists' sundries, and apothecaries wares, not otherwise enumerated; also aerated water makers' and cordial manufacturers' and brewers' drugs, chemicals, and other sundries, not otherwise enumerated.

Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less.

Saddlery and harness; whips and whip-thongs.

Portmanteaux; trunks, travelling-bags, and brief-bags, of leather or leather-cloth, 10 inches in length and upwards, and carpet-bags.

Furniture, knife, and plate powder, and polish; also floor and linoleum polishes, not being varnishes.

Photographic goods, not otherwise enumerated.

Oil, perfumed; also toilet preparations, and perfumery, not otherwise enumerated.

Cardboard, pasteboard, strawboard, wood-pulp, corrugated board, and cloth-lined board, not otherwise enumerated.

Cloth-lined, enamelled, gelatine, and metallic papers, not otherwise enumerated; also 'ivorite,' not otherwise enumerated.

Ink, writing.

Stationery, and writing paper, not otherwise enumerated; also printers' menu, wedding, programme, and mourning cards of cardboard, celluloid, or other material, edged or embossed but otherwise unprinted.

Calendars and showcards, all kinds.

Cardboard or paper boxes complete; or cardboard or paper, cut, or shaped, for boxes, wrappers, or other receptacles (including match-boxes).

Stationery, manufactured, viz.:—Account-books, manuscript-books, scribbling and letter blocks, and books; plain or ruled; bill-head, invoice and statement forms; printed or ruled paper, counter books, cheque and draft forms; tags, labels, not printed or lithographed, blotting-pads, sketch-books, book-covers, copying letter-books, manifold-writers, albums (other than photographs), diaries, birthday-books, plain or faint lined ruled books, printed window-tickets, printed, lithographed or embossed stationery, not otherwise enumerated, and Christmas, New Year, birthday, Easter and other cards, and booklets.

Boilers, land and marine, including feed-water heaters, fuel-economizers, steam super-heaters, and mechanical stokers.

Crab winches, cranes, capstans, and windlasses.

Machinery, not otherwise enumerated.

Steam-engines, and parts of steam-engines, not otherwise enumerated.

Bellows, not otherwise enumerated.

Doors and sashes, either plain or glazed with ornamental glass.

Axle grease, and other solid lubricants; petroleum greases and mixtures of the same with other substances, not otherwise enumerated.

Harness oil, and composition, leather dressing, and belt dressing, also leather revivers and polishers, not otherwise enumerated.

Animals, food for, of all kinds, not otherwise enumerated, including horse and cattle spices, and condiments, proprietary or otherwise; also hemp-seed, maw-seed, millet-seed, canary-seed and mixed bird-seed.

Bags, calico, forfar, linen, flour, bagging, bags, and sacks, not otherwise enumerated, including filter bags and sheaths.

Blacking, and boot-gloss, and polish.

Blacklead.

Boats, launches, yachts; also all vessels propelled by means other than oars (when imported in any vessel) including all fittings therefor, not otherwise enumerated.

Fireworks, not otherwise enumerated.
 Nets, and netting.
 Tarpaulins, tents, sails, rick, and wagon covers.
 Soap, not otherwise enumerated.

SCHEDULE D.—PART III.

The preference upon the articles in this section is one-fifth of the duties of the general tariff. As in Part II. of this schedule, the preferential duties do not go into effect until March 31, next. There are not many items in this list to interest Canadians, but the following should be of value:—

NAMES OF ARTICLES.

Biscuits, ships', plain and unsweetened; also dog biscuits.
 Biscuits, other kinds.
 Confectionery not otherwise enumerated, including medicated lozenges, medicated confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice, not otherwise enumerated, sugared or crystallized fruits.
 Chocolate confectionery, and confectionery containing chocolate: (1) in plain trade packages (2) In fancy packages, or in small packages for retail sale.
 Jams, jellies, marmalade, and preserves.
 Jellies, concentrated.
 Handbills, circulars, programmes, playbills, printed posters, trade catalogues, price-lists, and fashion plates; printed advertising matter not otherwise enumerated; also paper bags and wrapping paper, or wrappers, of all kinds, printed or lithographed; printed or lithographed envelopes or labels.
 (NOTE.—This shall not apply to trade catalogues or price-lists of the goods of firms or persons having no established business in New Zealand.)
 Shot.
 Oil, not otherwise enumerated, including mineral lubricating oil, in vessels capable of containing one gallon or more.
 Paints and colours, ground in oil or turpentine; also putty and driers not otherwise enumerated.
 Paints and colours mixed ready for use; also enamel paints, not otherwise enumerated.
 Varnish and lacquers, including lithographic varnish, gold size, liquid gold, and other metallic points; also liquid medium for mixing with metallic paints.
 Grain, and pulse of every kind, when ground or in any way manufactured, not otherwise enumerated, including wheat flour.
 Gelatine, isinglass, glue, and size.
 Soap, common yellow, and blue mottled.
 Spirits, methylated to the satisfaction of the Minister.
 Starch.

SCHEDULE E.

This schedule is also divided into Parts I., II., III. and IV. Part IV. only relates to tea, which is of no interest to Canada. Parts II. and III. of schedule E do not go into effect until March 31, next. The articles in schedule E are free when imported from British countries, but in Parts I. and II. a duty of 20 per cent is levied when imported from foreign countries, and 10 per cent on articles in Part III. The following are the sections of the schedule in which Canada may be interested:—

SCHEDULE E.—PART I.

NAMES OF ARTICLES.

Bicycles and tricycles, fittings for, namely, handle grips, pedal rubbers; also the following articles when not plated, japanned, enamelled or varnished, namely, drop forgings, stampings, steel balls, weldless steel tubes, with or without butted ends, wood or metal rims (not bored), spokes, forks, stays and handle-bars and seat pillars, unbuilt bracket shells, fork and stay ends, fork-tips, bridges, crowns and lugs; also ball-heads complete when not brazed, including all plated parts. Hubs complete plated or otherwise, sprockets, chains and chain-wheels, whether plated or not. Bottom brackets complete, including axles, cups, cranks, and pedals plated or otherwise.

Gas engines and hammers, and oil engines.

Iron pipes, wrought, and wood or fibre pipes not exceeding 6-in. in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows and other fittings for the same. Cast iron pipes not exceeding 9-in. in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same. Wrought iron boring, casing and lining tubes, for oil boring, mining, or well-sinking purposes.

Iron, plain black, viz., sheet, plate, hoop under 5-in. in width, rod, bolt, bar, angle, tee, channel; plain iron-rolled girders, rolled chequered plates, shafting, plain rolled or plain turned, but otherwise unwrought.

Iron and steel cordage.

Motor engines for bicycles.

Paper, printing.

Rails for railways and tramways, including lay-outs and points, and crossings for the same, also fish plates.

SCHEDULE E.—PART II.

Butter cloth; also cheese cloth, and cheese bandages or caps.

Canvas, india-rubber or other hose, tubing or piping, armoured or otherwise; flexible metal hose, tubing or piping.

Cardboard boxes, material for, namely: gold and silver paper, plain or embossed, embossed paper in strips, gelatine or coloured papers, known as 'box papers.'

Castings for ships; also propeller-screw, including only bosses and blades.

Iron boiler-plates and unflanged end-plates for boilers; boiler tubes not exceeding 6-in. in internal diameter and unflanged; expansion rings, furnace-flues.

Tubular woven cotton cloth in the piece for meat wraps.

SCHEDULE E.—PART III.

Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs, and pattens, slippers, and goloshes, namely, children's, Nos. 0 to 6.

Cork soles and sock soles; moulded shoe and slipper soles of rubber.

Photographic cameras and lenses, including focussing cloths and camera covers,

Sensitized surfaces and albumenized paper, plain, not being postcards or other stationery.

Copy-books, having printed headlines on each page; also drawing-books.

Ink, printing.

Anchors.

Blacksmiths' anvils, forges and fans.

Chains, iron, plain, with hook, swivel or ring, attached.

Engine governors.

Fire-engines, chemical fire-engines, and chemical fire-extinguishers; also fire-hose and couplings therefor, portable fire-escapes, fire-ladders, fire-reels, and firemen's helmets, if declared, to the satisfaction of the collector, for the use of a fire brigade.

Machinery, namely, dairying machinery (excluding cream-separating machines, also coolers).

Machinery, mining, and gold saving; also briquette making, and coal washing machines, rock-breaking machines, trommels, stamper batteries, ore feeders, grizzly

bars, steel shoes and dies, ore-crushing rolls, ball mills, grinding pans, tube mills, battery screening woven or punched; also the following machines, materials and appliances, when imported for mining purposes, namely:—Air compressors, not including the motive power for charging the same; chain links and rollers for conveyors, and conveyor belts of rubber or fibre; electric exploders; fans for mine ventilation; filter presses; fuel economizers; sand pumps; sinking pumps; solution pumps, made wholly of metal; steam pumps having a capacity exceeding 5,000 gallons per hour; turbine pumps; shaft signalling gear; steel or iron head frames for mining shafts; battery blanket, not exceeding 3 feet wide; material for filter cloths, and plush or other cloth for gold saving.

Metal sheaves, grooved metal pulleys.

Metal wove-wire, and metal gauze; also wire netting, and expanded metal lathing or fencing, in the piece.

Metallic capsules.

Perforated or cellular sheet zinc or iron.

Portable engines on four or any greater number of wheels, with boiler of locomotive type; also traction engines.

Printing machines or presses; embossing and bronzing machines, cardboard box-making machines, and tools for same.

Printing type and printing materials, not otherwise enumerated, suited only for the use of printers.

Steam or hydraulic pressure, and vacuum gauges; pressure indicators or pressure gauges for gas or oil engines; speed indicators, engineers', for testing machinery.

Surveyors' instruments, viz., steel bands, chains, measuring tapes, field instruments, draughtsman's drawing instruments.

Welded and flanged boiler furnaces, plain or corrugated.

Paints and colours, not otherwise enumerated.

Belting, for driving machinery, other than leather belting and not being cordage or rope.

Binder-twine.

Cork, cut; bungs, fishermen's cork floats, also plain unornamental stoppers of every description for bottles, jars and casks.

Felt-sheathing.

Machinery, viz., refrigerating, dredging, woollen mill, paper mill, rope and twine making, meat preserving, leather splitting.

Soda-water machines; also machines for aerating liquids.

Steam-engines, and parts thereof, for mining (including gold dredging), or gold-saving purposes or processes, or for dairying purposes.

Engines and machines for mining purposes, viz., capstan engines for mining shafts, winding engines, steam, air, or electrically driven, including bed-plates, foundation bolts, and friction clutches, when imported with the engines, drums for winding engines.

THE VALUE OF THE PREFERENCE.

Without giving the tariff in detail, it would be difficult to give the extent of the preference on the items included in schedule D. The tariff, with the exception of boots and shoes, ranges from 20 to 25 per cent. The preference would, therefore, be from 5 to 12½ per cent. On the larger portions of the items it would be 10 per cent.

It is equally as difficult to give the exact value of the trade affected by the preferential conditions. Below is a table of the total imports into the country, and the importations from all foreign countries, as given in the customs return of New Zealand. The imports from foreign countries are larger than those stated. The bulk of the goods came from Great Britain or the Australian colonies, but a very considerable portion of that set down in the customs returns as British goods were actually of foreign origin, as the returns of the goods affected by the late preferential tariff proves. The figures below are as nearly accurate as can be given at the present time.

Importations of articles included in the preferential tariff of New Zealand:—

Articles.	Total Imports.	Imports from foreign countries.
Boots and shoes.	£300,184	£50,433
Bicycles and tricycles.	71,692	1,561
Bicycle fittings.	127,916	3,499
Brooms, brushes and brushware.	33,300	5,259
Candles.	48,522	77
Carts, carriages and materials.	67,117	7,771
Drugs and chemicals.	316,173	55,628
Fancy goods and toys.	170,529	49,582
Fish, preserved.	54,608	10,553
Furniture.	78,820	35,803
Glass and glassware.	175,837	58,445
Musical instruments and materials.	134,212	59,017
Hardware and ironmongery.	371,037	67,894
Rails and railway materials.	247,394	3,899
Nails.	52,670	38,089
Sewing machines.	40,279	25,202
Knitting machines.	2,427	140
Paper machines.	243,588	47,398
Stationery.	174,969	28,166
Firearms.	11,997	7,244
Confectionery.	41,726	8,667
Cartridges.	24,335	12,320
Blacking.	20,632	1,162
Boats.	1,679	286
Clocks.	14,265	13,004
Cordage.	15,136	2,037
Earthenware.	74,903	4,919
Fire engines.	2,030	200
Fire hose.	4,860	957
Farinaceous foods.	13,976	1,999
Fruits, bottled.	20,415	14,670
Boot and shoe materials.	23,836	2,282
Hops.	3,321	1,046
Wire netting.	56,284	1,150
Jewellery.	12,234	246
Lamps and lampware.	40,694	24,333
Machinery, dairying.	38,010	12,083
“ electric.	188,773	48,368
“ gas and oil engines.	92,615	37,176
“ engines, portable.	27,590	.....
“ mining.	48,423	3,227
“ printing.	49,371	16,161
Paints and colours.	100,229	12,065
Plate and platedware.	89,381	5,686
Printing materials.	15,688	1,375
Pumps.	8,644	4,259
Saddlery and harness.	29,140	2,247
Tinware.	14,363	1,133
Varnishes.	23,040	4,623
Watches.	18,672	4,954
Woodenware.	68,921	29,253

J. S. LARKE.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(*Mr. D. H. Ross.*)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, October 28, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN VALUE-PAYABLE (C.O.D.) PARCEL POST SYSTEM.

Subject to certain regulations the Australian Postal Department undertakes to deliver registered articles sent by parcel post within the Commonwealth, and to recover from the addressee on delivery a specified sum of money fixed by the sender, and to remit this sum to the sender by money order, for which service a small commission is charged. The value-payable postal system is designed to meet the requirements of persons who wish to pay at the time of their receipt for articles sent to them, and also to meet the requirements of traders, and others, who do not wish their goods to be delivered except on payment. It is stipulated that no person can send a parcel by the value-payable post without certifying that it is sent in execution of a bona fide order.

In addition to the ordinary postage and cost of registration, the commission charged by the Postal Department is at the rate of two pence on sums not exceeding ten shillings (4 cents for \$2.43), and one penny for each additional five shillings (2 cents for \$1.22) or fraction thereof. The commission must be prepaid by postage stamps affixed to the parcel and marked 'commission.'

THE COMMONWEALTH ACTING AS TRADERS' AGENT.

With the advent of federal control of the post office the value-payable parcels post system, by means of which the state acts as traders' agent, and, for a commission, delivers a parcel, collects the money due for the goods contained in the parcel and remits the amount collected to the consignor, was extended from Queensland, where it had flourished for years, to the whole of the Commonwealth. Returns which have just been prepared show that outside of Tasmania, which, perhaps, is too small for the benefits of the system to have any scope, the experiment has been remarkably successful.

Queensland and Western Australia, owing to their large and sparsely populated territories, head the list as users of the system, but even in Victoria, where the population is relatively close and trading centres are accessible in all districts, the system is making headway, and, naturally enough, it has been strongly opposed by country storekeepers, as its tendency is towards diverting trade to the metropolis, though to some extent country storekeepers themselves share its advantages. Last year a record was established, except in South Australia, where there was a decrease in the business as compared with 1905. In Victoria the number of parcels sent increased by 87 per cent; in New South Wales they increased by 106 per cent; in Queensland by 38 per cent; in Western Australia by 45 per cent, and in Tasmania by 42 per cent.

EXTENT AND VALUES OF AUSTRALIAN 'C.O.D.' PARCEL POST SYSTEM.

The following return was recently issued by the Commonwealth Postal Department relative to the extent of the value-payable (cash on delivery) parcels post system:—

State.	Year.	Parcels Posted.	Value Collected.	Revenue Postage and Commission.
			£	£
Queensland.....	1905	18,095	23,594	2,496
".....	1906	25,039	33,507	3,556
Western Australia.....	1905	4,494	7,637	667
".....	1906	6,539	11,196	971
South Australia.....	1905	95	104	11
".....	1906	51	59	9
New South Wales.....	1905	1,839	2,644	257
".....	1906	3,798	6,025	579
Victoria.....	1905	390	1,042	39
".....	1906	731	1,220	93
Tasmania.....	1905	7	14	1
".....	1906	10	17	1

PRISON-MADE WIRE NETTING.

The government of Victoria has this month installed an up-to-date factory for the manufacture of wire netting in the principal state prison at Melbourne. The cost of the erection of the special factory building and the installation of machinery, engines and fittings is in the vicinity of £7,000. The plant consists of eight machines for weaving wire, two selvage machines for twisting the double wire which runs along both edges of the netting, twelve coil lathes for preparing a portion of the wire for weaving and a complete galvanizing outfit. The motive power is supplied by gas engines. With expert attendants the machines are capable of turning out about 5,000 yards of 3 feet 6-inch netting of $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch mesh (No. 17 gauge) per day. Some 300 tons of plain black wire for weaving the netting and some 60 tons of zinc for galvanizing are now in stock.

This will be sufficient for 250 miles of 3 feet 6-inch netting, as it takes about 24 cwt. of wire and 4 cwt. of zinc to make a mile of the size of netting required. Several Australian states have, for some time past, been importing large quantities of wire netting, and offering it to farmers and settlers at landed cost in order to protect their properties from the ravages of rabbits. Wire netting made by prison labour at Melbourne will be sold by the government of Victoria to farmers within the state at cost of production.

CANADIAN BUTTS OR OAK STAVES.

In the new Commonwealth customs tariff, now under parliamentary debate, duties of 35 per cent (really a net duty of $38\frac{1}{2}$ per cent) have been imposed upon casks, barrels and vats, full or empty, and 12s. (\$2.92) each upon second-hand hogsheads, full or empty. If these duties are maintained, there will be a large demand for Canadian butts or oak staves.

The sizes required are:—

66 in. long	x	3 in. thick	x	6 in. wide.
54 "	x	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "	x	4 to 6 in. wide.
44 "	x	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "	x	4 to 6 "
38 "	x	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "	x	4 to 6 "
33 "	x	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "	x	4 to 6 "

The staves would have to be supplied exactly to the sizes given, and it is essential that they should be free from shakes (splits) and sap, as any portion of the wood containing sap would be utterly useless. By this mail a special inquiry is being forwarded on behalf of an Australian importer to the Superintendent of Commercial Agencies, Ottawa, from whom all details can be obtained, and in view of the large orders likely

to be placed, I trust that Canadian manufacturers of oak staves will avail themselves of this exceptional opportunity which may secure the bulk of the trade in these markets.

MONTREAL POTASH AND PEARL ASH.

While it is true that highly refined European potash has the bulk of the Australasian imports, yet there remains a comparatively limited demand for Montreal potash throughout the Commonwealth and New Zealand, which should be worth the attention of some enterprising Canadian manufacturer. This product has hitherto been imported in strong casks containing about 7 cwt. (784 lbs.). There is also a demand for pearl ash in casks containing about $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 cwt. (504 to 560 lbs.). A special inquiry for these lines is being sent by this mail, on behalf of a Melbourne importer, to the Superintendent of Commercial Agencies, Ottawa, from whom all details can be obtained by Canadian exporters of Montreal potash and pearl ash.

EMPLOYMENT FOR AUSTRALIAN PRISONERS.

The task of providing profitable employment for prison inmates has been rendered more difficult to the state authorities throughout Australia by the recent action of the Commonwealth government restricting the use of prison-made articles by the various departments. In reply to questions in parliament, it was stated that when the present supplies of prison-made mail bags were exhausted the future requirements would be obtained from other sources, and a similar policy was indicated in connection with the Defence Department. When not supplying government wants, prison labour is turned to uses not competing with outside manufactures, and there is great difficulty in achieving the double object of providing employment for prisoners which will prove profitable and at the same time training them to some useful trade which will be to their advantage when liberated.

THE 'NEW PROTECTION' PROPOSALS OF THE AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT.

In opening the debate, on October 1, in the Commonwealth parliament, upon the tariff proposals, the Acting Prime Minister (Sir William Lyne) outlined the scheme of 'the new protection' under which it is proposed by the government that Australian manufacturers whose manufactures are protected by the recently imposed higher customs duties (now under parliamentary consideration), shall only enjoy that advantage on condition that a fair rate of wages is paid to their operatives. Briefly, 'the new protection' conditions are as follows:—

(a) All dutiable goods bearing the Commonwealth trade mark as a guarantee that they have been manufactured in Australia under fair and reasonable conditions as to remuneration of labour will be exempt from excise.

(b) All goods made in Australia not bearing the Commonwealth trade mark will be subjected to excise duty at the rate of half the duty on the imported goods.

(c) A board of excise, to consist of three members, to be appointed to give effect to the proposal.

(d) All goods manufactured under conditions which are in accordance with a state or Commonwealth industrial award or agreement, or which are declared to be fair and reasonable by the newly created board of excise, will be entitled to have the Commonwealth trade mark affixed to them.

The proposals received a rather favourable reception, although, obviously, the chief difficulty in the scheme is to determine what are fair conditions as to the remuneration of labour. The bill embodying the proposals has not, so far, been introduced into parliament.

PRINCIPLE OF PREFERENTIAL TRADE AFFIRMED.

For a time it was doubtful if the Commonwealth parliament would endorse the preferential trade proposals (embodied in the 1907 customs tariff) extended to certain

goods the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom. It is satisfactory to report, in view of a reciprocal trade agreement between Canada and Australia, that the principle of preferential trade was recently affirmed by the House of Representatives.

REVISION OF AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF, 1907.

Up to this date the Commonwealth House of Representatives has passed—in some instances amending the duties—the first 44 items in the new customs tariff. The only item taken out of regular sequence was that of wire netting (187), the duty upon which the government proposed to be 30 per cent in the general tariff and 25 per cent in the U.K. preference—these duties were reduced by parliament on October 11 to 10 and 5 per cent respectively. The debates are likely to be protracted, and it will probably be some months before the tariff revision is completed.

PROSPECTS OF AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROP, 1907.

Forward business in new wheat has not been active, and in the present condition of the markets such business involves considerable risk to both sides. If the Commonwealth harvest results in a yield of 30,000,000 bushels (against about 68,000,000 bushels for 1906-7, there would be an apparent surplus of about 5,000,000 bushels after providing for Commonwealth consumption for the new season. To this surplus of 5,000,000 bushels or thereabouts may be added stocks of old wheat and flour to be carried forward. Any estimate of the Australian crop at present, however, is subject to variation, as a good rainfall in Victoria and South Australia during the next week would make a substantial difference in the outlook. Without rain, the South Australian crop would probably yield about five bushels per acre, or a total of 10,000,000 bushels: but with a good early rain the yield would probably reach 14,000,000 bushels, or an average of seven bushels.

The Western Australia harvest promises to furnish a surplus of about one and one-half millions after providing for domestic consumption in that state. The Victorian crop, if it reaches 8,000,000 bushels, would practically give no opportunity for export business. The prospects are that several of the Australian states will require to import substantial quantities of wheat within the next nine months, and the cost of importing from abroad—in the present state of the world's markets—would be in the vicinity of 6s. 3d. (say \$1.52) per bushel duty paid.

ADVANCE IN PRICES OF WHEAT AND FLOUR.

The mail closes with an exceedingly firm market, and from day to day, during the last week, prices for wheat and flour have steadily advanced, until to-day's Melbourne quotations are nominally, wheat, 5s. 9d. (\$1.39) per bushel for f.a.q., and flour, £12 (\$58.40) per ton.

AUSTRALIAN INQUIRIES FOR CANADIAN OATS AND BARLEY.

Some of the leading Australian grain and produce dealers are now negotiating, by cable, for supplies of Canadian oats and barley. Several firms have obtained from this office the addresses of Canadian exporters and other particulars with the view of importing oats from Vancouver. Exporters of wheat, oats and barley from British Columbia ports may find it to their advantage to keep closely in touch with this office, and in the first instance sending standard samples, naming cable codes used and other necessary details.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

On account of the continued dry weather, country retailers are restricting their purchases in view of the poor outlook for the crops in many localities. Uncertainty in respect to the revision of the customs tariff is interfering with the placing of orders for Canadian and other oversea goods. While the imports and exports have so

far this year, with few exceptions, exceeded in value those of the similar period of last year, yet there appears every probability of a considerable decrease for the balance of the year. Otherwise trade is sound, and the purchasing power of the Australian people was never stronger than it is to-day.

D. H. ROSS.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, November 26, 1907.

LABRADOR EXPORTS, 1907.

The Customs Department has issued the following statement of the exports from the Labrador coast for the season just closed, in codfish, salmon and other products of that portion of the colony, which show that the total trade differs very little from that of the preceding year, notwithstanding the fact that during the earlier portion of the fishing season complaints were made of poor voyages on the northern part of that coast.

The following are the figures given:—

Dry codfish..	289,493 qtls.	\$1,013,227
Salmon..	715 tes. and 1 brl.	16,057
Trout..	121 brls.	968
Cod oil..	7½ tuns.	437
Seal oil..	6½ tuns.	562
Herring..	28 brls.	112
Dried caplin..	1 brl.	1
Feathers..	233 lbs.	30
Whale bone..	320 tons	2,560
Lumber..	1,753,451 feet	26,301
Furs..		33,487
		<hr/>
		\$1,093,742

DRY CODFISH.

The 289,493 qtls. shipped this year went to the following countries:—

	Qtls.	Value.
Gibraltar for orders..	78,832	\$275,913
Spain..	86,213	301,746
United Kingdom..	20,820	72,870
Italy..	71,909	251,681
Portugal..	6,503	22,761
Canada..	1,925	6,738
Greece..	23,291	81,518
		<hr/>
		\$1,013,227

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

1906..	250,887 qtls.	\$1,030,432
1907..	289,493 "	1,013,227
Increase for 1907..	38,606 "	Decrease 17,205

E. D. ARNAUD.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., October 31, 1907.

SCHOOL FOR JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

A school is in existence in Birmingham, particulars of which may be interesting to Canada. It is termed the 'School for Jewellers and Silversmiths,' and is under the control of the Museum and School of Art Committee of the Corporation. It is considered highly successful, and it was largely due to the efforts of the Jewellers' and Silversmiths' Association of Birmingham that the school was founded.

ITS OBJECT.

The object of the school is to provide an artistic training for apprentices and craftsmen engaged in the local metalwork trades; and to supplement the mere manipulative skill in one particular branch of a craft, which the workman acquires in the manufactory, by a training in design and by a complete and comprehensive knowledge of the principles of the craft.

STUDENTS.

About 600 apprentices and other employees are enrolled during the session. Most of these can only attend the evening classes, but many of the manufacturers send some of their apprentices to the afternoon classes.

Arrangements have recently been made by which the head teachers of the local elementary schools may send to the Jewellers' School, on one half day a week, all scholars in their 6th and 7th standards who propose to become jewellers or metalworkers.

EQUIPMENT.

The school is well equipped for practical exercises in all the various branches of goldsmiths' and silversmiths' work and die-sinking. All tools, apparatus and materials are supplied by the committee.

COURSE OF STUDY.

For jewellers the following subjects are taught. Drawing from nature, lettering, design, drawing from life, history of metalwork, engraving, enamelling, damascening, inlay, metal-colouring, enamel making, mounting, setting, carving, saw-piercing, chasing, repousse, lectures on processes and precious stones.

For silversmiths,—the above subjects, mounting, embossing, raising, and lectures on processes.

For die-sinkers,—elementary and advanced modelling from plants, foliage, animals and the human figure; modelled design, chipping, die-cutting, stamping, mounting.

SESSION AND FEES.

There are two terms—autumn term and winter term. The fees for ordinary students attending during the day are \$6 for the term; if attending evenings only,

84 cents per term. Employers who are members of the Jewellers' and Silversmiths' Association have the privilege of sending students to any of the classes for half the ordinary fee, the association paying the other half.

PRIZES.

The committee award special prizes for attendance and progress, and the Board of Education also award medals and book prizes for the best work.

EXHIBITIONS.

An exhibition of students' work is held at the school annually.

EXAMINATIONS.

Students are entered for the technological examinations conducted by the city and guilds of London Institute, and certificates awarded by the institute are acknowledged by the Board of Education and by the metal-work trades.

COST.

The cost to the Jewellers' Association is about £500 per year, and to the rates about £1,700.

COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE AWARDS.

Referring to my report on the above subject, and published in Weekly Report No. 193, of October 7, 1907, the Royal Automobile Club have just made the awards in connection with the trials. In all, ten gold medals were awarded, the recipients including members of each of the seven classes. In class A, the award went to a Unic motor-van carrying 10 cwt. In class B, both Lacre vans of one ton capacity were successful. A Thorneycroft lorry obtained the gold medal in the 30-cwt. class, as also did the Halley and the Milnes-Daimler lorries in class D, carrying two tons each. In the 'heavy weight' classes, E and F, two vehicles were successful in each. The three-ton gold medalists were the Hallford lorry and the Maudsley miller's dray; whilst in the five-ton class both the winners were steam-driven vehicles, a lorry by Messrs. Savage Bros., Limited, and one by the Yorkshire Patent Steam Wagon Company, Limited. Lastly, in class H, this being Burrell's steam tractor.

Though the above gold medals stand out most prominently in the lists, it must be mentioned that six vehicles were awarded silver medals for their excellent performances.

SPECIAL PRIZES AND ARMY AWARDS.

Two special prizes were awarded, and these are particularly worthy of note. The first was that offered by Mr. Worby Beaumont, for 'simplicity and freedom from liability to disarrangement, &c.,' conditions which the judges held to be found particularly well fulfilled in the case of a 30-cwt. Halley van. The second special award was offered for 'cleanliness in connection with the dropping of oil' by the Commercial Motor-users' Association. This was obtained by the De Dion three-ton lorry. In a special class altogether come the awards of the Army Council, which has decided to grant two diplomas. The first award goes to 'a lorry built by Messrs. Thorneycroft, Limited, capable of carrying 30 cwt., on account of the successful use of petroleum fuel in a four-cylinder internal combustion engine, as it is considered that an engine of this description is most suitable for army use.' In addition to carrying off the R.A.C. gold medal, the Maudsley motor also obtains one of the Army Council's diplomas 'on account of the accessibility of the working parts of the engine, which is a very valuable feature from a military point of view.'

P. B. BALL.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of October and the *twelve months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	Month of October.			Twelve months ending October.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	27,899	17,091	10,382	489,095	500,280	633,459
New Zealand.....	47	101	652	308,814	303,195	319,776
Canada.....	53,477	32,349	2,702	303,699	205,067	42,329
Totals.....	81,423	49,541	13,736	1,101,608	1,008,542	995,564
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	119,023	137,585	153,311	1,648,928	1,666,035	1,797,392
France.....	30,389	21,473	24,159	343,015	338,912	276,513
Germany.....	47	796	1,404	3,269	12,756	7,066
Holland.....	17,051	15,869	12,734	206,329	199,958	171,424
Russia.....	41,422	92,230	69,948	427,503	606,347	663,557
Sweden.....	13,048	16,656	18,275	187,849	182,538	229,058
United States.....	13,632	9,618	.....	70,707	181,280	2,021
Other countries.....	8,386	10,809	5,683	173,185	142,517	119,920
Totals.....	242,998	305,036	285,514	3,060,785	3,330,343	3,266,951
Grand totals.....	324,421	354,577	299,250	4,162,393	4,338,885	4,262,515

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....						3,515
New Zealand.....				79,777	117,432	185,257
Canada.....	291,349	300,451	272,002	1,877,384	1,988,230	1,713,252
Totals.....	291,349	300,451	272,002	1,957,161	2,105,662	1,902,024
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,088	3,885	4,334	52,350	43,390	46,180
Holland.....	19,404	19,650	23,650	210,915	230,778	235,660
United States.....	10,309	10,551	3,303	178,559	252,767	117,877
Other countries.....	6,995	7,075	5,374	62,141	82,229	73,911
Totals.....	39,796	41,161	36,661	503,965	609,164	473,628
Grand totals.....	331,145	341,612	308,663	2,461,126	2,714,826	2,375,652

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of October and the *twelve months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	Month of October.			Twelve months ending October.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	98,471	88,141	95,765	1,170,586	1,193,965	1,187,084
Denmark.....	114,405	130,289	153,724	1,539,731	1,437,738	1,768,609
United States.....	160,247	213,656	140,664	2,754,275	2,848,651	2,369,930
Other countries.....	8,104	12,473	6,896	90,381	105,795	89,024
Totals.....	381,227	444,559	397,049	5,554,973	5,586,149	5,414,647

HAMS.

Canada.....	12,189	19,671	26,537	273,824	274,658	279,141
United States.....	46,942	72,490	51,551	1,021,319	1,087,549	838,011
Other countries.....	124	198	302	3,335	2,757	3,643
Totals.....	59,255	92,359	78,390	1,298,478	1,364,964	1,120,795

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	15,954	1,581	9,752	146,638	360,555	160,781
Newfoundland.....	1,320	1,157	466	7,050	10,120	4,100
France.....	4,475	3,667	1,638	49,705	22,310	22,492
Norway.....	41,842	15,817	28,270	169,861	184,594	146,611
Portugal.....	10,299	10,208	14,623	122,937	106,657	117,251
United States.....	24,071	260	201	214,488	203,333	118,543
Other countries.....	58,000	84,194	80,196	354,031	495,741	359,725
Totals.....	155,961	116,884	135,146	1,064,710	1,383,310	929,503

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	44,210	65,687	26,148	275,524	264,334	190,357
Belgium.....	153,904	150,636	157,704	2,160,980	2,402,500	2,270,769
Denmark.....	405,057	425,886	428,146	3,820,920	3,800,981	3,806,055
France.....	98,690	105,440	95,334	1,603,886	1,456,796	1,264,842
Germany.....	148,759	138,673	216,183	2,264,128	2,655,587	2,806,971
Russia.....	755,260	1,071,363	1,251,772	7,508,697	7,363,182	6,795,671
Other countries.....	20,245	36,197	52,258	1,279,691	1,098,829	1,258,251
Totals.....	1,626,125	1,993,882	2,227,545	18,913,826	19,042,209	18,392,916

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending October, 1898 to 1907.

MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants.
1898.....	1,063	66	73	1,202	912	2	2,116
1899.....	814	138	68	1,020	1,336	5	2,361
1900.....	1,587	124	103	1,814	1,776	6	3,596
1901.....	1,150	146	140	1,436	2,159	26	3,621
1902.....	2,004	422	175	2,601	3,159	9	5,769
1903.....	2,971	762	149	3,882	2,108	14	6,004
1904.....	3,329	1,032	243	4,604	1,523	5	6,132
1905.....	3,680	952	182	4,814	1,666	.....	6,480
1906.....	5,088	1,492	350	6,930	2,776	.....	9,706
1907.....	8,209	1,758	466	10,433	4,655	.....	15,088

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	14,070	1,719	926	16,715	16,151	105	32,971
1899.....	16,116	1,758	967	18,841	31,271	106	50,218
1900.....	12,260	2,111	1,293	15,664	26,198	116	41,978
1901.....	12,260	2,111	1,293	15,664	26,198	116	41,978
1902.....	20,205	3,675	1,459	25,339	38,415	120	63,874
1903.....	47,270	10,418	2,609	60,297	40,264	290	100,851
1904.....	54,262	12,597	2,876	69,735	22,539	75	92,349
1905.....	64,782	14,092	3,331	82,205	25,505	42	107,752
1906.....	87,189	21,505	4,295	112,989	26,202	28	139,219
1907.....	110,246	33,834	7,555	151,635	33,943	.....	185,578

THE EXPORT TRADE OF BARBADOS.

STATEMENT showing the Exports of Cotton Raw, Manjak, Molasses and Sugar the Produce of Barbados, during the Years ended December 31, 1897 to 1906.

COTTON, RAW.

Years ended December 31.	EXPORTS FROM BARBADOS TO					Totals.
	Great Britain.	United States.	British North America.		Other Countries.	
			Canada.	Newfoundland.		
			\$	\$		
1897.....						
1898.....					39	39
1899.....						
1900.....						
1901.....			68			68
1902.....						
1903.....	136					136
1904.....	46,686					46,686
1905.....	83,760					83,760
1906.....	126,562					126,562

MANJAK.

1897.....	4,555	12,614			1,130	18,299
1898.....	3,952	6,735			604	11,291
1899.....	10,677	11,461			531	22,469
1900.....	15,505	13,889		54	540	29,988
1901.....	15,057	29,468			1,192	45,717
1902.....	13,252	23,958			832	38,042
1903.....	8,925	18,605			4,142	31,672
1904.....	8,906	14,999			486	24,391
1905.....	15,048	30,178				45,226
1906.....	10,025	27,302			730	38,057

MOLASSES.

1897.....	4,706	13,252	397,870		3,163	418,991
1898.....	2,414	13,879	433,021		444	449,758
1899.....	11,792	346	509,812		9,747	531,697
1900.....	5,587	33,210	679,756		6,268	724,821
1901.....	1,903	86,777	609,701		1,854	700,235
1902.....	5,368	20,332	556,172		804	582,676
1903.....	4,229	36,529	622,865		910	664,533
1904.....	23,345	82,821	329,920	233,337	32,326	701,749
1905.....	14,649		480,028	336,340	31,385	862,402
1906.....	19,466	98,676	696,887	220,922	9,861	1,045,812

SUGAR.

1897.....	111,577	2,046,370	19,126		425	2,177,498
1898.....	50,379	1,926,616	132,354		6,989	2,116,338
1899.....	35,332	2,231,732	26,475		12,044	2,305,583
1900.....	84,641	2,343,446	31,147		21,335	2,480,569
1901.....	100,925	2,575,804	48,773		21,211	2,746,713
1902.....	81,896	1,333,865	37,692		14,343	1,467,796
1903.....	40,067	1,172,210	35,682		16,138	1,264,097
1904.....	181,273	1,287,769	644,736	3,241	25,326	2,142,345
1905.....	438,156	1,159,532	522,362	1,801	75,405	2,197,256
1906.....	599,456	589,334	486,131	1,664	32,325	1,708,910

IMPORT TRADE OF AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH.

STATEMENT showing the Principal Imports into the Australian Commonwealth, from the undermentioned Countries during the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	
					Country whence imported.	Country of Origin.
	\$	\$	\$..\$	\$	\$
Agricultural implements and machinery—(a)						
Great Britain.....	322,422	303,188	460,951	284,846	262,429	187,561
Canada.....	255,791	284,271	131,040	210,868	186,758	361,423
Germany.....	2,336	31,740	6,716	14,697	5,898	3,655
New Zealand.....	30,986	36,271	26,815	12,191	31,701	11,831
United States.....	1,323,903	1,558,423	2,188,710	1,233,792	887,018	808,012
Other countries.....	4,795	1,058	458	2,609	1,146	2,468
Totals.....	1,940,233	2,214,951	2,814,690	1,759,003	1,374,950	1,374,950
Apparel and textiles—						
Great Britain.....	40,285,726	33,046,895	41,326,711	41,756,233	46,694,528	38,784,412
Belgium.....	221,628	138,768	202,317	225,687	301,962	316,265
Canada.....	83,356	74,591	100,526	102,930	117,398	97,280
France.....	716,894	548,313	215,822	488,053	306,610	3,516,565
Germany.....	2,465,073	1,685,297	1,833,745	1,970,104	1,890,666	4,287,246
Japan.....	492,540	446,385	732,915	775,163	953,000	1,058,490
New Zealand.....	35,906	32,251	47,621	39,838	39,814	17,661
United States.....	869,274	653,345	539,776	640,648	758,908	1,295,098
Other countries.....	354,431	358,723	320,179	382,497	446,951	2,136,820
Totals.....	45,524,828	36,984,568	45,319,612	46,381,153	51,509,837	51,509,837
Arms, ammunition and explosives—						
Great Britain.....	2,357,433	2,551,340	2,920,535	2,762,773	2,829,616	2,731,136
Belgium.....	60,473	48,204	32,227	35,181	41,619	30,173
Canada.....	9,110	5,509	5,548	6,297	11,855	9,738
Germany.....	525,814	473,638	412,942	404,751	406,629	498,478
United States.....	424,909	321,093	241,313	421,005	545,524	565,725
Other countries.....	20,216	11,716	13,369	26,329	20,374	20,367
Totals.....	3,397,955	3,411,500	3,625,934	3,656,336	3,855,617	3,855,617
Boots and shoes—						
Great Britain.....	1,101,161	928,131	1,062,009	940,828	1,082,936	911,093
Canada.....	15,710	18,304	47,956	39,590	42,442	31,667
France.....	5,513	13,587	3,343	1,572	6,059	15,116
Germany.....	72,557	61,636	73,584	61,393	45,003	43,143
United States.....	592,613	383,046	307,369	229,677	208,756	332,598
Other countries.....	38,838	35,094	29,940	23,873	21,810	73,389
Totals.....	1,826,392	1,439,798	1,524,201	1,296,933	1,407,006	1,407,006
Cheese—						
Great Britain.....	9,743	12,011	11,558	9,855	11,500	1,207
Canada.....	8,190	1,582	4,905	1,640	1,971	7,650
Germany.....	7,864	9,163	7,816	8,561	6,336	4,283
New Zealand.....	252,512	119,555	20,464	21,520	7,976	7,976
Other countries.....	12,104	18,635	15,356	19,228	28,344	35,011
Totals.....	290,413	160,946	60,099	60,804	56,127	56,127

(a) According to country of origin the value of Agricultural Implements and Machinery Imported into Australia, by Countries, during the year 1905 was as follows:—Great Britain, \$198,175; Canada, \$554,298; Germany, \$7,593; New Zealand, \$10,595; United States, \$978,550; other countries, \$9,792.

STATEMENT showing the Principal Imports into the Australian Commonwealth &c—*Con.*

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	
					Country whence imported.	Country of origin.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cordage and twine—						
Great Britain.....	582,948	471,181	608,382	395,246	560,616	551,670
Canada.....	102	156	24,187	.....	1,110	959
Germany.....	22,294	46,851	26,031	18,362	18,367	18,965
Italy.....	7,450	8,740	18,912	3,334	6,000	7,806
New Zealand.....	42,992	114,333	44,131	24,070	31,351	30,967
United States.....	47,834	57,967	163,608	24,255	17,428	21,091
Other countries.....	42,221	52,603	60,887	21,454	64,263	67,677
Totals.....	745,841	751,831	946,138	486,721	699,135	699,135
Drugs and chemicals—						
Great Britain.....	2,894,090	2,480,457	2,497,661	2,804,300	2,883,962	2,697,539
Canada.....	17,427	27,117	62,240	5,197	116,873	6,341
Belgium.....	26,620	14,045	37,692	33,575	54,331	3,509
France.....	282,368	440,706	468,018	576,530	557,589	616,042
Germany.....	346,185	361,345	468,723	500,201	635,956	560,479
Italy.....	87,984	14,561	64,721	10,663	19,209	4,273
United States.....	388,681	368,348	338,559	399,568	320,280	514,777
Other countries.....	81,149	115,321	78,598	73,233	111,243	206,483
Totals.....	4,124,504	3,821,900	4,016,212	4,403,267	4,699,443	4,699,443
Fancy goods—						
Great Britain.....	1,099,468	682,000	717,624	721,337	768,991	659,253
Canada.....	2,599	9,266	3,159	638	1,222	1,523
France.....	25,608	11,032	8,273	9,879	8,030	35,409
Germany.....	408,527	326,018	402,906	352,352	435,571	496,643
Japan.....	44,778	38,441	46,569	37,770	54,248	56,448
United States.....	81,224	64,389	66,697	56,930	61,763	84,091
Other countries.....	33,289	31,997	42,930	28,402	31,698	28,156
Totals.....	1,695,493	1,163,143	1,288,158	1,207,308	1,361,523	1,361,523
Fish preserved in tins—						
Great Britain.....	787,139	846,002	674,199	511,754	637,645	515,030
Canada.....	52,297	60,687	112,653	263,442	192,014	183,760
China.....	14,269	14,575	13,490	5,820	6,643	37,371
France.....	26,250	95,907	7,484	17,676	9,801	81,370
Germany.....	19,072	30,047	29,453	36,631	64,405	16,006
Hong Kong.....	30,237	26,416	54,677	51,655	41,065	.....
New Zealand.....	23,462	19,866	22,596	36,203	21,983	21,871
Norway.....	11,577	16,532	20,099	32,290	48,386	108,473
United States.....	416,620	295,986	345,469	532,827	506,196	547,529
Other countries.....	47,264	70,903	51,965	50,878	128,408	145,130
Totals.....	1,428,187	1,476,921	1,332,085	1,539,176	1,656,540	1,656,540
Furniture—						
Great Britain.....	776,754	335,897	408,206	404,571	496,707	413,535
Canada.....	2,117	8,443	3,514	9,100	12,351	39,726
Germany.....	282,388	151,766	261,335	248,692	307,700	254,911
Hong Kong.....	27,112	16,245	29,979	33,225	41,741	8,200
Japan.....	43,065	37,307	40,213	50,209	67,992	69,389
United States.....	256,083	209,233	231,999	281,503	226,704	263,428
Other countries.....	77,367	55,623	33,828	38,515	35,999	140,005
Totals.....	1,464,886	814,514	1,009,074	1,065,815	1,189,194	1,189,194

STATEMENT showing the Principal Imports into the Australian Commonwealth &c.—Con.

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	
					Country whence imported.	Country of origin.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Grain and pulse—						
Flour—						
Great Britain.....	1,168	15,962	4,813	12,113	11,358	1,582
Canada.....	420,538	528,316	14,264	25,589	21,525	24,425
United States.....	82,222	2,515,487	36,636	14,761	9,261	16,240
Other countries.....	1,373	91,328	803	968	897	794
Totals.....	505,301	3,151,093	56,516	53,431	43,041	43,041
Oats—						
Canada.....	3,679	48,696			321	321
New Zealand.....	758,397	1,052,139	77,351	221,166	129,565	129,565
United States.....	818	13,033			24	24
Other countries.....	5,946	2,521	131	73	3,656	3,656
Totals.....	768,840	1,116,389	77,482	221,239	133,566	133,566
Wheat—						
Argentine Republic.....	19,627	3,345,332				
Canada.....		56,166	331		307	311
New Zealand.....	111,222	88,938	88	5		
United States.....	40,797	5,547,659	5		248	287
Other countries.....	1,116	254,723	433	170	190	147
Totals.....	172,762	9,292,818	857	175	745	745
India-rubber and manufactures of—						
Great Britain.....	764,416	886,341	929,173	1,091,539	1,415,840	797,875
Canada.....	2,764	4,049	3,840	730	4,195	3,480
Germany.....	42,301	100,574	72,021	100,482	161,729	210,624
United States.....	87,970	104,468	103,777	118,362	112,210	134,549
Other countries.....	20,743	21,112	55,558	80,111	98,229	645,675
Totals.....	918,194	1,116,544	1,164,369	1,391,224	1,792,203	1,792,203
Machines and machinery—						
Great Britain.....	4,502,533	5,960,190	5,363,566	5,083,432	6,097,320	5,191,560
Belgium.....	13,427	27,725	74,791	99,401	187,517	89,756
Canada.....	60,634	101,158	51,499	69,958	191,766	36,685
Germany.....	500,007	727,391	900,119	625,697	1,025,728	895,214
New Zealand.....	55,251	56,575	74,037	67,228	103,305	62,108
Sweden.....	85,463	211,938	1,226	17,048	16,255	444,069
United States.....	2,298,570	2,260,304	2,006,507	2,435,329	2,162,129	2,989,846
Other countries.....	116,665	49,785	22,904	49,754	38,334	113,116
Totals.....	7,692,550	9,395,066	8,494,649	8,447,847	9,822,354	9,822,354
Musical instruments—						
Great Britain.....	164,411	149,056	201,650	237,537	359,909	222,178
Canada.....	10,979	5,470	6,881	6,200	12,458	12,707
Germany.....	907,628	788,103	1,030,677	890,804	1,103,536	1,164,072
United States.....	189,815	153,475	150,171	152,849	144,666	229,439
Other countries.....	16,615	18,339	19,102	18,506	22,690	14,863
Totals.....	1,289,448	1,114,443	1,408,481	1,305,896	1,643,259	1,643,259
Paints and colours—						
Great Britain.....	1,055,264	887,782	1,059,473	1,148,801	1,191,379	1,187,116
Other British.....	11,543	3,052	7,392	5,805	4,974	1,231
Germany.....	45,892	37,117	43,133	41,242	48,221	54,282
United States.....	125,370	114,507	132,743	204,794	148,821	157,762
Other foreign.....	21,385	20,830	22,470	27,121	32,091	25,114
Totals.....	1,259,454	1,063,288	1,265,211	1,427,763	1,425,501	1,425,505

STATEMENT showing the Principal Imports into the Australian Commonwealth, &c.—*Con.*

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	
					Country whence imported.	Country of origin.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Paper—						
Great Britain.....	1,856,375	1,708,161	2,296,531	2,332,097	2,333,172	1,972,046
Belgium.....	28,489	32,665	136,441	102,803	148,443	36,636
Canada.....	14,838	15,851	27,832	26,718	82,027	310,245
Germany.....	456,435	639,300	830,307	826,690	996,333	1,010,456
United States.....	1,314,300	1,515,616	1,313,021	1,384,980	1,205,020	1,325,553
Other countries.....	26,111	52,695	47,350	46,746	74,438	184,497
Totals.....	3,696,608	3,964,288	4,651,482	4,720,034	4,839,433	4,839,433
Spirits—Whiskey—						
Great Britain.....	2,752,630	2,150,050	2,038,481	2,490,093	2,372,227	2,377,751
Canada.....	3,066	5,392	7,411	3,845	4,331	4,774
United States.....	10,429	1,635	1,942	1,801	2,015	1,572
Other countries.....	17,384	4,322	9,681	3,353	5,894	370
Totals.....	2,783,509	2,161,399	2,057,515	2,499,092	2,384,467	2,384,467
Timber dressed—						
Great Britain.....	16,187	6,954	3,927	1,757	4,351	2,492
Canada.....	67,598	224	4,030	326	10	10
New Zealand.....	47,007	5,396	1,051	1,124	316	316
Norway.....	1,410,067	595,758	1,518,726	1,111,089	1,331,257	1,339,725
Sweden.....	139,639	101,737	250,044	58,229	73,263	73,263
United States.....	241,586	131,005	136,621	112,814	97,246	99,066
Other countries.....	4,347	80	8,669	3,564	8,832	403
Totals.....	1,926,431	841,154	1,923,068	1,288,903	1,515,275	1,515,275
Timber undressed—						
Great Britain.....	34,470	2,604	3,504	13,962	12,317	7,933
Canada.....	443,304	178,125	249,514	253,646	207,018	153,495
New Zealand.....	1,063,683	1,167,727	1,228,382	1,602,724	1,530,673	1,530,673
Norway.....	169,199	159,919	78,056	58,190	34,003	34,169
Sweden.....	93,683	73,117	104,127	101,032	86,451	86,451
United States.....	1,531,944	1,937,609	2,450,084	1,501,264	2,674,399	2,730,813
Other countries.....	93,505	45,839	151,864	120,574	94,883	96,210
Totals.....	3,429,788	3,564,940	4,265,531	3,651,392	4,639,744	4,639,744
Tools of trade—						
Great Britain.....	606,483	605,851	688,146	690,775	881,426	786,078
Other British.....	3,416	3,830	4,010	3,616	9,227	8,512
Germany.....	53,596	44,048	59,563	49,416	70,187	78,660
United States.....	713,516	576,962	567,828	601,384	683,669	775,503
Other foreign.....	9,989	6,474	7,758	5,926	16,470	12,226
Totals.....	1,387,000	1,237,165	1,327,305	1,351,117	1,660,979	1,660,979
Vehicles,—bicycles motors and parts—						
Great Britain.....	544,196	651,545	797,252	858,042	1,220,540	1,164,213
Belgium.....	2,492	15,564	145,610	106,517	158,001	10,200
Canada.....	110,259	121,336	66,420	23,336	52,866	71,812
France.....	1,304	33,692	26,873	50,807	28,533	232,023
Germany.....	43,688	46,934	63,612	84,519	108,419	81,833
United States.....	147,095	243,868	196,628	151,981	110,512	123,935
Other countries.....	6,433	4,676	4,626	7,778	8,568	3,423
Totals.....	855,467	1,117,615	1,301,021	1,282,980	1,687,439	1,687,439

STATEMENT showing the Principal Imports into the Australian Commonwealth, &c.—*Con.*

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	
					Country whence imported.	Country of origin.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vehicles, other and parts—						
Great Britain.....	249,704	401,835	642,546	282,280	249,427	222,626
Canada.....	1,129	1,129	584	4,516	5,403	4,127
Germany.....	4,604	12,181	43,440	18,012	24,143	38,271
United States.....	384,490	435,338	226,558	334,696	247,260	274,601
Other countries.....	21,847	2,318	5,708	10,847	21,700	8,308
Totals.....	661,774	852,801	918,836	650,351	547,933	547,933
Wicker, wood, etc., mfrs. of—						
Great Britain.....	198,633	141,576	147,518	129,745	153,674	121,053
Canada.....	4,322	1,027	2,842	978	1,251	2,117
Germany.....	44,803	46,165	32,402	28,333	49,864	52,083
United States.....	411,851	221,127	312,391	384,719	276,008	304,916
Other countries.....	88,709	98,224	91,801	101,467	127,317	127,945
Totals.....	748,318	508,119	586,954	645,242	608,114	608,114

TRADE OF BARBADOS.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue and Expenditure, Imports and Exports, and the Number and Tonnage of Vessels Entered and Cleared (Totals and British) for Barbados during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906.

Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Imports.	Exports.	VESSELS—ENTERED AND CLEARED.			
					Totals.		British.	
					No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
1891.....	797,675	860,431	5,195,734	3,962,703	2,677	1,178,305	2,280	1,047,503
1892.....	791,631	969,098	5,263,650	4,509,317	2,451	1,247,259	2,145	1,118,622
1893.....	787,086	801,214	6,679,675	6,049,666	2,458	1,224,067	2,155	1,100,747
1894.....	781,703	784,891	6,226,092	4,791,286	2,376	1,232,412	2,110	1,350,544
1895.....	712,066	739,923	4,657,016	2,858,184	2,134	1,160,536	1,893	1,072,750
1896.....	902,922	895,564	5,104,583	3,690,043	2,307	1,264,016	2,042	1,159,292
1897.....	898,902	839,748	4,909,001	3,582,659	2,383	1,335,962	2,145	1,244,314
1898.....	889,052	904,421	5,153,239	3,743,590	2,258	1,320,014	2,036	1,238,125
1899.....	1,051,307	1,011,702	4,856,967	4,115,204	2,056	1,265,417	1,842	1,179,228
1900.....	950,514	902,645	5,086,893	4,472,520	2,199	1,361,466	1,945	1,245,205
1901.....	875,868	853,370	4,972,175	4,624,185	2,163	1,476,166	1,927	1,326,839
1902.....	1,209,780	1,147,934	4,247,038	2,883,329	1,745	1,419,335	1,600	1,326,094
1903.....	902,051	1,048,684	3,998,541	2,690,736	1,818	1,388,403	1,657	1,273,602
1904.....	900,606	892,041	5,203,984	4,190,112	2,240	1,687,638	1,988	1,464,374
1905.....	935,816	880,531	5,073,801	4,554,441	2,231	1,700,787	2,010	1,594,987
1906.....	996,226	905,278	5,802,663	4,540,434	2,202	1,763,331	2,000	1,650,737

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Barbados during the Calendar Years 1891 to 1906.

IMPORTS, BY COUNTRIES.

Years.	Great Britain.	United States.	*British North America.	British Guiana.	British West Indies.	Foreign West Indies.	Other Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1891.....	2,105,500	1,839,347	408,834	83,789	286,569	72,693	399,002	5,195,734
1892.....	2,284,014	1,839,371	430,817	64,576	187,629	40,398	416,845	5,263,650
1893.....	2,837,690	2,441,217	580,214	107,271	312,756	70,946	329,581	6,679,675
1894.....	2,469,999	2,284,949	536,686	124,154	253,651	83,862	472,791	6,226,092
1895.....	1,904,979	1,637,916	391,626	119,676	215,423	58,147	329,249	4,657,016
1896.....	2,275,892	1,737,814	477,921	84,174	195,849	71,715	261,218	5,104,583
1897.....	2,309,826	1,566,618	529,663	105,266	177,915	57,937	161,776	4,909,001
1898.....	2,083,239	1,907,562	560,459	88,398	204,614	62,415	246,552	5,153,239
1899.....	2,088,520	1,887,313	385,654	72,528	134,534	63,695	224,723	4,856,967
1900.....	2,171,439	1,739,795	378,836	72,883	210,147	81,862	431,931	5,086,893
1901.....	2,251,846	1,825,384	391,449	114,186	154,793	69,107	165,410	4,972,175
1902.....	1,856,375	1,380,552	395,110	129,356	231,244	47,095*	207,306	4,247,038
1903.....	1,762,950	1,418,434	380,461	137,994	210,200	45,426	43,076	3,998,541
1904.....	2,335,119	1,717,903	335,313	157,169	281,513	66,600	310,367	5,203,984
1905.....	2,167,880	1,638,636	382,403	123,170	396,084	70,060	295,568	5,073,801
1906.....	2,346,298	1,967,758	421,808	174,124	412,655	73,078	406,942	5,802,663

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Years.	Great Britain.	United States.	*British North America.	British Guiana.	British West Indies.	Foreign West Indies.	Other Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1891.....	363,078	2,166,518	481,138	267,744	521,706	102,677	59,842	3,962,703
1892.....	580,021	2,437,806	600,098	151,844	574,077	115,019	50,452	4,509,317
1893.....	690,789	3,676,596	621,541	214,036	709,468	65,904	71,332	6,049,666
1894.....	620,227	2,448,240	747,574	202,093	597,052	45,990	130,110	4,791,286
1895.....	339,499	1,100,334	466,465	217,462	595,967	83,327	55,130	2,858,184
1896.....	187,464	2,032,680	582,676	153,091	601,656	83,162	49,314	3,690,043
1897.....	165,330	2,090,364	419,307	111,855	597,120	86,874	111,809	3,582,659
1898.....	171,340	1,950,265	567,828	151,095	682,919	70,347	149,796	3,743,590
1899.....	246,399	2,263,229	539,543	190,588	735,723	34,057	105,665	4,115,204
1900.....	332,155	2,439,003	713,886	131,361	656,917	67,496	131,702	4,472,520
1901.....	332,476	2,700,145	660,724	107,356	614,451	85,229	123,804	4,624,185
1902.....	249,338	1,421,732	595,062	79,564	418,232	25,179	94,222	2,883,329
1903.....	129,803	1,239,389	659,220	183,502	349,164	36,587	93,071	2,690,736
1904.....	449,042	1,396,285	980,190	165,160	576,578	12,556	610,301	4,190,112
1905.....	878,210	1,292,280	1,005,521	76,436	697,071	38,042	566,881	4,554,441
1906.....	1,064,549	827,898	1,191,797	54,886	669,619	20,366	711,319	4,540,434

* Figures for 1904 and subsequent years are for Canada only.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Imports into Barbados during the Calendar Years 1893 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY CLASSES.

Calendar Years.	Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics.	Raw Materials.	Manu- factured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1893.....	3,368,015	770,451	2,460,348	80,861	6,679,675
1894.....	3,395,824	621,890	2,177,293	28,085	6,226,092
1895.....	2,613,366	394,424	1,644,223	5,003	4,657,016
1896.....	2,459,594	486,550	2,112,669	45,770	5,104,583
1897.....	2,307,749	456,143	2,086,807	58,302	4,909,001
1898.....	2,730,623	246,481	2,137,709	38,426	5,153,239
1899.....	2,417,629	290,983	2,142,574	5,731	4,856,967
1900.....	2,520,091	479,265	2,087,537	.....	5,086,893
1901.....	2,275,088	502,780	2,194,307	.....	4,972,175
1902.....	2,046,749	570,745	1,605,454	24,090	4,247,038
1903.....	1,791,718	215,827	1,990,704	292	3,998,541
1904.....	2,462,872	125,605	2,613,809	1,698	5,203,984
1905.....	2,502,336	562,098	2,006,447	2,920	5,073,801
1906.....	2,431,572	933,373	2,437,402	316	5,802,663

IMPORTS FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

1893.....	503,817	260,857	2,056,366	16,650	2,837,690
1894.....	598,298	143,844	1,714,279	13,578	2,469,999
1895.....	483,148	113,545	1,308,257	29	1,904,979
1896.....	459,968	82,183	1,724,836	8,905	2,275,892
1897.....	470,859	98,379	1,707,252	33,336	2,309,826
1898.....	508,727	68,347	1,506,165	.....	2,083,239
1899.....	501,997	65,943	1,520,580	.....	2,088,520
1900.....	458,390	95,982	1,617,067	.....	2,171,439
1901.....	451,193	64,629	1,736,024	.....	2,251,846
1902.....	453,341	118,675	1,262,215	22,144	1,856,375
1903.....	354,990	81,182	1,326,778	.....	1,762,950
1904.....	524,275	50,078	1,760,766	.....	2,335,119
1905.....	501,228	126,577	1,540,075	.....	2,167,880
1906.....	470,928	129,969	1,745,401	.....	2,346,298

IMPORTS FROM UNITED STATES.

1893.....	1,895,017	282,101	259,788	4,311	2,441,217
1894.....	1,826,207	251,543	207,199	.....	2,284,949
1895.....	1,368,443	121,087	146,317	2,069	1,637,916
1896.....	1,301,692	196,675	220,812	18,635	1,737,814
1897.....	1,220,458	150,570	195,590	.....	1,566,618
1898.....	1,479,910	123,131	304,521	.....	1,907,562
1899.....	1,455,089	71,682	360,542	.....	1,887,313
1900.....	1,392,300	151,242	196,253	.....	1,739,795
1901.....	1,302,846	280,145	242,393	.....	1,825,384
1902.....	999,204	176,383	204,965	.....	1,380,552
1903.....	1,038,435	66,450	313,549	.....	1,418,434
1904.....	1,300,003	3,334	414,566	.....	1,717,903
1905.....	1,287,151	108,458	243,027	.....	1,638,636
1906.....	1,345,010	378,427	244,321	.....	1,967,758

*IMPORTS FROM BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

1893.....	402,108	147,085	31,021	.....	580,214
1894.....	356,916	136,359	43,411	.....	536,686
1895.....	294,044	70,835	26,747	.....	391,626
1896.....	361,633	96,053	20,235	.....	477,921
1897.....	354,517	129,638	45,508	.....	529,663
1898.....	372,090	134,913	53,456	.....	560,459
1899.....	215,632	105,529	64,493	.....	385,654
1900.....	236,938	117,448	24,450	.....	378,836
1901.....	266,289	86,977	38,183	.....	391,449
1902.....	231,722	160,239	3,149	.....	395,110
1903.....	147,883	103	232,475	.....	380,461
1904.....	120,907	4,940	209,466	.....	335,313
1905.....	129,064	167,758	85,581	.....	382,403
1906.....	144,437	148,229	129,142	.....	421,808

*Figures for 1904 and subsequent years are for Canada only.

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Exports from Barbados during the Calendar Years 1893 to 1906.

EXPORTS BY CLASSES.

Calendar Years.	Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics.	Raw Materials.	Manu- factured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1893.....	5,712,420	39,945	297,301	.....	6,049,666
1894.....	4,416,169	67,914	289,936	17,267	4,791,286
1895.....	2,548,883	69,068	236,398	3,835	2,858,184
1896.....	3,342,106	88,758	246,083	13,096	3,690,043
1897.....	3,234,216	61,865	268,888	17,690	3,582,659
1898.....	3,312,278	30,903	309,539	90,870	3,743,590
1899.....	3,486,918	50,905	366,285	211,096	4,115,204
1900.....	3,819,861	128,446	332,442	191,771	4,472,520
1901.....	3,995,017	95,917	353,344	179,907	4,624,185
1902.....	2,449,074	122,724	223,605	87,926	2,883,329
1903.....	2,378,566	67,093	200,420	44,657	2,690,736
1904.....	3,664,512	94,890	309,628	121,082	4,190,112
1905.....	3,766,084	235,984	326,783	225,590	4,554,441
1906.....	3,346,777	584,049	334,476	275,132	4,540,434

EXPORTS TO GREAT BRITAIN.

1893.....	635,241	8,171	47,377	.....	690,789
1894.....	585,913	9,373	10,594	14,347	620,227
1895.....	315,734	11,524	8,405	3,836	339,499
1896.....	158,760	8,774	10,046	9,884	187,464
1897.....	120,469	12,818	14,353	17,690	165,330
1898.....	55,674	13,579	13,762	88,325	171,340
1899.....	58,945	13,768	16,824	156,862	246,399
1900.....	95,382	32,786	14,215	189,772	332,155
1901.....	105,363	30,835	16,371	179,907	332,476
1902.....	113,190	18,354	29,868	87,926	249,338
1903.....	51,723	12,010	21,413	44,657	129,803
1904.....	226,290	67,164	34,504	121,084	449,042
1905.....	589,143	132,115	30,533	126,419	878,210
1906.....	667,930	226,324	16,274	154,021	1,064,549

EXPORTS TO UNITED STATES.

1893.....	3,674,688	58	1,850	.....	3,676,596
1894.....	2,425,182	22,922	136	.....	2,448,240
1895.....	1,071,640	28,377	317	.....	1,100,334
1896.....	1,982,339	44,566	5,775	.....	2,032,680
1897.....	2,060,075	26,586	3,703	.....	2,090,364
1898.....	1,941,152	7,029	1,246	838	1,950,265
1899.....	2,234,345	11,597	13,077	4,210	2,263,229
1900.....	2,376,699	61,914	336	54	2,439,003
1901.....	2,665,016	31,574	3,555	.....	2,700,145
1902.....	1,354,322	66,212	1,198	.....	1,421,732
1903.....	1,209,717	28,076	1,596	.....	1,239,389
1904.....	1,377,422	15,398	3,465	.....	1,396,285
1905.....	1,175,153	73,311	3,037	40,779	1,292,280
1906.....	691,421	46,769	26,995	62,713	827,898

*EXPORTS TO-BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

1893.....	620,855	584	102	.....	621,541
1894.....	747,276	185	113	.....	747,574
1895.....	465,764	657	44	.....	466,465
1896.....	582,593	10	68	.....	582,676
1897.....	418,289	959	59	.....	419,307
1898.....	566,786	720	322	.....	567,828
1899.....	537,304	930	1,309	.....	539,543
1900.....	711,983	1,679	224	.....	713,886
1901.....	659,127	1,436	161	.....	660,724
1902.....	594,979	.....	83	.....	595,062
1903.....	658,624	48	548	.....	659,220
1904.....	977,518	480	2,192	.....	980,190
1905.....	1,005,142	.....	379	.....	1,005,521
1906.....	1,188,158	1,037	2,602	.....	1,191,797

* Figures for 1904 and subsequent years are for Canada only.

No. 5.—STATEMENT of Imports into Barbados, together with portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada, for the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

ARTICLES.	IMPORTS INTO BARBADOS—CALENDAR YEARS.											
	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Animals, living.....	\$ 119,696	\$ 122,279	\$ 91,090	\$ 253	\$ 209	\$ 1,835	\$ 35,906	\$ 20,187	\$ 10,244	\$ 4,735	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,883
Breadstuffs—												
Bread and pollard.....	37,074	31,400	36,173	.....	24	.....	36,699	31,185	35,004	5	.....	5
Bread and biscuits.....	51,703	70,727	58,400	.....	10	11	50,131	60,167	55,748	34	.....	.....
Corn, barley and wheat.....	41,104	43,045	39,303	117	476	136	40,612	42,256	38,524	.....	.....	.....
Oats.....	83,278	99,299	100,399	.....	25	105	82,967	98,544	100,365	229	652	4
Grain, N.E.S.....	45,776	40,339	50,638	1,562	1,134	2,312	39,322	34,922	39,555	2,487	2,235	7,163
Flour, wheat or rye.....	294,983	332,561	367,794	2,778	9,366	2,312	279,040	291,205	339,577	12,230	31,322	20,935
Meal of all kinds.....	113,554	135,410	118,489	.....	1,499	.....	112,634	132,227	117,813	.....	.....	29
Rice.....	385,658	394,426	309,496	174,679	157,733	127,429	6,696	3,057	1,664	715	2,307	2,034
Carriages, including cycles.....	15,933	16,536	17,291	3,952	4,351	4,458	10,049	25,954	160,206	.....	.....	52
Coal and coke.....	169,053	139,088	278,232	158,081	111,855	103,470	10,498	25,954	160,206	.....	.....	4
Confectionery.....	5,898	7,285	5,704	4,871	5,767	4,609	983	1,324	920	.....	.....	.....
Cottons, linens, silks and wool- lens.....	872,933	820,715	1,013,074	844,848	785,139	915,848	18,226	30,830	46,472	1,251	2,350	536
Drugs, including patent medi- cines.....	44,903	45,498	59,335	24,591	27,331	25,993	17,632	17,062	31,672	784	667	715
Fish—												
Dried.....	144,068	161,495	193,572	63	481	944	64,882	87,478	90,340	50,715	54,229	77,020
Other sorts.....	46,477	33,181	26,830	2,311	3,183	4,672	15,622	9,874	7,319	17,486	9,928	7,484
Iron and steel manufactures.....	137,054	136,850	146,165	96,076	98,175	99,820	37,765	34,859	39,979	793	1,402	1,348
Liquors.....	118,800	119,579	137,561	107,582	102,054	125,930	1,479	4,239	2,501	389	15	112
Machinery.....	56,628	45,854	88,355	43,050	37,390	71,652	7,104	3,061	2,293	156	.....	.....
Manures and fertilizers.....	347,811	347,718	504,901	220,494	221,385	246,117	1,582	9,460	6,545	44,029	65,364	113,646
Provisions—												
Butter and its compounds.....	105,821	91,119	93,187	59,539	54,395	54,901	37,575	29,190	31,809	6,404	5,728	5,212
Cheese.....	12,191	9,241	8,316	2,215	1,134	1,295	4,020	1,498	1,548	5,888	6,384	5,295
Lard and its compounds.....	46,024	41,084	42,257	15	34	15	45,286	41,045	42,223	.....	.....	.....
Meats—Bacon and hams.....	24,216	18,799	15,408	8,214	6,744	4,978	15,286	11,202	9,937	526	555	389
Beef, salted or pickled	129,122	99,718	140,199	3,236	3,076	940	123,681	94,793	137,342	297	900	1,319
Pork.....	134,042	93,103	109,389	2,282	1,200	618	119,107	85,259	103,800	8,652	5,961	3,991
Soap.....	85,979	82,562	82,743	80,479	73,326	77,653	4,185	9,158	4,949	58	50	.....
Tobacco.....	32,874	61,757	37,911	17,165	21,360	20,664	4,433	14,342	8,765	.....	.....	.....
Vegetables, fresh and preserved	58,297	95,075	55,339	29,390	29,988	21,583	5,912	5,723	7,363	7,582	6,896	7,509
Wood—												
Hemlock, birch, beech, white pine, pitch pine and spruce timber.....	126,489	100,530	202,185	1,108	1,002	11,962	47,839	22,654	80,859	74,781	71,219	100,029
Staves.....	177,750	100,043	206,692	.....	2,920	6,321	129,049	52,472	132,432	42,885	43,191	9,032
Slings.....	50,504	58,473	31,268	.....	.....	.....	10,030	.....	78	35,983	51,518	30,085
Other sorts.....	81,857	88,111	102,040	19,462	15,763	15,184	4,122	4,068	4,039	3,343	715	735
All other articles (miscellaneous).....	1,004,616	986,831	1,032,661	425,517	389,331	393,312	292,617	289,197	264,899	12,876	17,426	25,241
Total (merchandise).....	5,202,286	5,070,881	5,802,347	2,335,119	2,167,880	2,346,298	1,717,903	1,638,636	1,967,758	335,313	382,403	421,808
Coin and bullion.....	1,698	2,920	316	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand totals.....	5,203,984	5,073,801	5,802,663	2,335,119	2,167,880	2,346,298	1,717,903	1,638,636	1,967,758	335,313	382,403	421,808

No. 6.—STATEMENT OF Exports from Barbados, together with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada for the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM BARBADOS—CALENDAR YEARS.											
	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Breadstuffs—												
Corn, barley and wheat.	7,737	8,043	8,477						24		3	58
Oats.	6,891	6,472	6,327									4
Grain, N.E.S.	5,285	2,974	3,193		3					68	204	170
Rice.	97,137	59,446	50,082						487		102	268
Flour, wheat and rye.	186,524	80,236	121,597									
Fish—												
Dried.	78,586	69,938	81,414			35			384		1,192	243
Other sorts.	24,669	7,221	9,796						10			
Lipens, cottons, silks and wool.												
Linens.	153,445	168,498	167,568	1,037	6,424	3,090	127	363	1,265	287	78	131
Manures and fertilizers.	12,147	10,799	74,118			151			19,067			
Meats, salted and pickled.	91,099	51,377	60,687						88			
Molasses.	701,749	862,402	1,046,812	23,345	14,649	19,466	82,821		98,076	329,920	480,028	696,887
Oil, including petroleum.	21,252	54,730	13,276	161	603	3,519		29,852	97		10	
Sugar—												
Dry.	121,039	113,062	77,244	17,116	67,043	7,514	94,291		7,787	9,874	46,019	61,943
Muscovado.	2,021,306	2,102,185	1,631,666	164,542	389,099	591,942	1,193,477	1,159,532	581,547	634,861	476,343	424,188
All other articles (indise).	540,144	731,468	914,045	121,759	273,970	284,811	25,569	61,754	55,748	5,180	1,538	7,909
Totals (merchandise).	4,099,030	4,328,851	4,265,302	327,960	751,791	910,528	1,396,285	1,251,501	765,185	980,190	1,005,521	1,191,797
Coin and bullion.	121,082	225,590	275,132	121,082	126,419	154,021		40,779	62,713			
Grand totals.	4,190,112	4,554,441	4,540,434	449,042	878,210	1,064,549	1,396,285	1,292,280	827,898	980,190	1,005,521	1,191,797

TRADE OF AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH.

No. 1.—VALUE of the Total Imports and Exports from and to each Principal Country during the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906 inclusive. (*Including Coin and Bullion.*)

IMPORTS.					COUNTRIES.					EXPORTS.				
1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	<i>British Empire.</i>					1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$						\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
116,072,711	96,629,321	109,314,356	112,296,956	129,335,720	Great Britain.....	98,425,919	97,150,847	134,149,666	129,951,631	159,889,705				
1,686,592	1,717,636	1,080,712	1,123,961	1,478,955	Canada.....	163,627	120,873	142,846	210,609	3,563,748				
30,251	54,190	29,185	54,190	42,642	Cape Colony.....	18,402,059	11,772,349	6,832,965	8,530,994	17,756,739				
2,447,651	2,563,541	3,168,594	3,375,598	3,133,676	Ceylon.....	12,636,460	19,339,156	34,732,134	18,948,056	17,756,739				
433,420	739,334	280,004	211,242	278,281	China.....	996,508	1,167,615	1,134,382	1,202,009	1,501,804				
1,559,207	1,506,501	1,348,251	1,348,251	1,120,847	Hong Kong.....	1,898,866	1,900,745	2,899,409	3,876,489	3,533,637				
3,981,624	4,706,436	4,595,228	6,382,277	8,290,882	India.....	6,245,032	27,262,931	16,240,214	14,284,124	17,133,095				
1,366,220	343,070	281,912	281,912	319,901	Mauritius.....	312,323	126,440	293,752	230,178	304,468				
1,533	3,105	5,072	1,533	39,104	Natal.....	10,647,298	4,129,254	3,319,110	4,307,614	3,299,809				
334,442	348,429	396,492	263,160	311,822	New Guinea.....	229,882	217,209	237,397	216,713	236,248				
13,373,371	11,202,054	9,036,139	11,356,444	15,361,580	New Zealand.....	6,794,835	8,509,040	7,272,752	7,764,124	11,639,933				
565,443	564,669	826,139	1,081,743	1,234,220	Straits Settlements.....	577,547	523,931	728,336	926,102	2,344,648				
392,019	528,879	514,651	713,983	1,169,995	Other British Possessions.....	458,272	317,509	341,212	430,280	349,784				
142,243,084	120,869,604	131,334,650	138,499,819	162,116,925	Total, British Empire.....	157,788,648	172,537,899	208,344,175	190,878,983	227,297,477				
					<i>Foreign Countries.</i>									
1,233,846	4,355,321	668	190	3,523	Argentina Republic.....	75,497	108,619	125,516	178,816	255,359				
120,942	111,553	24,494	55,154	42,963	Austria-Hungary.....	7,241	3,076	4,001	6,030	53,781				
1,715,738	1,660,871	3,134,006	2,686,322	4,426,817	Belgium.....	6,984,927	8,807,498	10,781,642	15,635,963	23,380,771				
52,258	29,487	50,846	70,547	175,701	Chile.....	1,189,447	1,428,425	1,231,432	1,289,725	3,172,138				
1,110,223	1,188,303	370,397	337,498	283,912	China.....	521,074	481,342	1,007,714	2,208,411	1,084,243				
54,862	37,011	69,502	39,342	59,218	Egypt.....	532,641	81,054	147,368	204,024	316,903				
2,559,847	2,386,325	1,638,806	2,486,623	2,251,427	France.....	12,669,568	15,653,760	18,576,713	28,046,133	27,024,868				
12,927,652	11,478,291	12,923,162	12,804,615	15,596,908	Germany.....	12,377,647	15,255,238	18,206,346	18,922,427	18,133,073				
355,631	265,447	160,600	196,058	283,668	Greece.....	1,703	1,703	54	973	29,145				
1,903	5,470	1,314	4,935	6,429	Guam.....	646,386	427,177	447,928	793,631	231,061				
856,080	748,430	866,160	721,167	901,535	Hawaii.....	294,336	405,346	177,157	262,279	872,097				
1,724,362	1,606,589	2,049,612	1,809,235	2,066,304	Italy.....	692,580	645,432	660,382	947,720	5,889,333				
3,660,672	3,728,830	1,327,665	1,286,902	2,422,700	Japan.....	2,018,951	504,494	2,828,575	828,491	1,022,491				
					Java.....	836,887	508,732	637,329						

317,748	395,120	375,750	643,991	737,931	Netherlands (Holland).	537,275	614,310	1,050,309	1,690,860	1,629,885
16,226	32,870	29,331	21,876	17,627	New Pommern.	69,043	139,897	37,399	128,993	138,101
105,500	79,453	144,890	90,121	164,328	New Caledonia.	732,356	650,103	692,560	660,684	594,921
1,885,317	1,053,833	1,686,753	1,262,506	1,495,439	Norway.	138,334	186,155	474,957	1,165,903	1,248,906
170	.....	.....	13,043	.....	Peru.	1,130,389	1,370,570	1,440,855	1,983,702	2,123,769
300,005	367,939	240,662	373,774	437,221	Philippines.	170	4,516	.....	50,316	562,625
125,078	48,807	142,943	64,994	10,088	Russia.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
627,202	457,706	369,297	515,530	721,829	} South Sea Islands including New Hebrides.	584,316	580,933	577,483	695,427	763,814
183,589	222,358	63,407	76,392	104,964		60,911	954	12,687	675,527	741,548
367,984	486,506	380,934	209,160	254,556	Spain.	4,814	3,897	4,702	8,341	73,511
589,121	579,698	48,122	111,086	131,814	Sweden.	764	2,716	2,400	1,961	20,435
161,004	100,784	35,049	18,406	42,062	Switzerland.	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,095
24,291,509	30,993,523	22,347,465	21,834,796	22,549,998	Turkey.	13,210,197	12,776,942	10,847,036	5,108,804	21,115,011
366,735	725,697	349,612	326,476	377,748	United States.	615,385	1,129,274	798,197	1,423,938	1,613,887
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Other Foreign Countries.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55,711,205	63,146,222	48,833,447	48,120,939	55,566,670	Totals, Foreign Countries.	55,931,442	61,890,232	71,436,676	85,747,387	112,092,970
142,245,084	120,869,004	131,334,650	138,499,819	102,116,925	Totals, British Empire.	157,788,648	172,537,899	208,344,175	190,878,983	227,297,477
197,956,289	184,015,826	180,168,097	186,020,758	217,683,595	Grand totals.	213,720,090	234,428,131	279,780,851	276,626,370	339,390,447

(a) Includes \$3,212,000 of coin and bullion.

(b) Includes \$11,575,691 of coin and bullion.

IMPORTS INTO AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH, 1905 AND 1906.

ARTICLES.	Totals.			From Great Britain.				From United States.				From Canada.			
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.		1905.	1906.		1905.	1906.		1905.	1906.		
				Country whence imported.	Country of origin.		Country whence imported.	Country of origin.		Country whence imported.	Country of origin.		Country whence imported.	Country of origin.	
Ale and beer.....	1,708,828	1,871,306	1,542,480	1,638,748	1,641,064	584	749	758,908	740	117,398	97,280				
Apparel and textiles.....	46,381,153	51,599,837	41,756,234	46,694,928	38,784,412	638,504	758,908	545,524	1,295,098	117,398	97,280				
Arms, ammunition and explosives.....	3,656,336	3,855,617	2,762,727	2,829,616	2,731,136	421,005	545,524	505,725	6,297	11,855	9,758				
Articles for Commonwealth.....	1,219,796	1,172,468	867,269	929,839	983,913	433	3,037	3,041	5		10				
Bags and sacks.....	4,181,298	5,480,400	112,410	90,948	89,094	2,010	5		5						
Blankets and blanketing.....	281,775	260,396	272,596	248,584	242,102	448	117	798							
Books and periodicals.....	2,207,058	2,203,078	1,994,043	2,052,317	2,027,078	113,812	86,193	111,636	1,022		428				
Boots and shoes.....	1,296,933	1,407,006	940,828	1,082,936	911,093	229,677	208,756	332,598	39,590	42,442	31,667				
Brushware.....	649,783	709,306	441,431	523,054	426,057	3,470	24,708	11,671	58		63				
Bundles.....	268,347	349,255	24,396	16,254	14,415	4,560	8,200	11,671							
Carpets and carpeting.....	602,104	1,190,685	376,222	564,947	558,255	19,491	10,950	16,766							
Cement.....	315,510	349,255	127,706	128,475	124,470	3,144	8,181	8,356							
China, earthenware &c.....	1,085,991	1,236,425	803,701	1,003,190	803,190	5,183	2,365	1,558	20	78	49				
Clocks and watches.....	998,284	782,778	454,337	509,462	230,174	152,399	177,492	254,814	161	24					
Cocoa and chocolate.....	1,166,428	1,166,428	766,281	860,636	657,779	227,649	14,911	3,557	20	292	19				
Confectionery.....	659,892	659,892	429,069	536,701	463,623	61,544	48,915	82,598	10	126	5				
Cutlery.....	618,052	682,652	518,416	565,087	545,144	22,985	27,788	33,298	10	126	5				
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.....	4,570,058	4,946,339	2,872,491	2,985,588	2,777,373	415,462	349,465	515,290	5,197	116,873	6,506				
Electric materials.....	1,001,200	1,258,126	688,555	916,354	871,732	91,708	68,873	93,532	827	2,540	1,523				
Fancy goods.....	1,207,308	1,361,523	721,337	768,991	659,253	56,930	61,763	84,091	638	1,222	1,523				
Fish.....	1,678,260	1,805,600	556,099	700,007	576,841	533,581	506,445	548,030	265,350	194,499	186,242				
Floor cloths.....	1,409,377	1,556,817	1,341,394	1,490,689	1,483,520	3,042	949	1,582							
Fruits and vegetables.....	948,922	1,240,095	219,038	174,596	34,349	94,018	129,424	137,755	3,514	24,440	15,763				
Furniture.....	1,065,815	1,180,194	404,571	496,707	413,535	281,503	226,701	263,428	9,100	12,351	39,726				
Glass and glassware.....	1,298,130	1,499,167	464,440	474,466	443,022	136,884	122,800	130,952	175	229	49				
Grain and pulse:—															
Oats.....	221,239	133,569	73	44	44		24	24		321	321				
Wheat.....	151,177	270,475	745	48	48		248	287		307	312				
Other, unprepared.....	53,431	43,041	7,942	15,671	7,957	69,101	88,207	129,239		29,146	8,069				
Flour.....	1,559,105	1,678,537	12,113	11,358	14,761	44,761	37,838	16,240	25,589	7,543	6,662				
Other, prepared.....	2,210,523	2,453,739	376,938	411,798	384,452	39,609	61,763	63,240	4,078	7,543	6,662				
Hats and caps.....	305,446	296,305	1,835,234	2,058,877	1,684,304	38,632	24,819	24,479							
Hats and caps.....	305,446	296,305	71,725	74,041	65,505	83,332	64,264	79,058		11,981	3,875				

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing Exports (Home Produce) from the Australian Commonwealth during the Calendar Years 1905 and 1906, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, the United States and Canada during the same period.

EXPORTS FROM AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH, 1905 AND 1906.

ARTICLES.

ARTICLES.	Totals.		To Great Britain.				To United States.				To Canada.	
	1905.	1906.	\$	\$	1905.	1906.	\$	\$	1905.	1906.	\$	\$
Home produce—												
Animals, living.....	1,962,906	1,533,209		7,611		13,378		7,884		492		
Bark for tanning.....	4,953,202	790,005		85,162		82,026		4,672				
Coal.....	4,193,598	4,350,810		71,180		15		208,882		175,356		
Copper.....	10,115,479	14,590,632		6,337,514		8,716,721		28,698		2,656,908		19,705
Ingots and copper matte	85,274	106,386		52,409		159,957						
Fodder.....	309,772	943,377		545		545						
Fruit and vegetables.....	1,749,723	947,500		654,206		555,165		555		2,798		6,302
Grain and pulse.....	26,733,253	30,160,213		15,983,686		10,672,942		521		10		628
Leads, pig, matte, sheet and piping.....	4,093,307	4,187,567		1,863,269		1,733,408		12,293		49,932		9,339
Oils.....	739,715	9,070,703		588,548		1,002,391				21,536		17,792
Pearl shell.....	1,250,756	1,032,911		1,228,201		1,008,452						
Provisions.....												
Butter.....	11,347,096	15,759,746		9,847,802		14,135,262		78		5,766		15,057
Meats—												
Beef, frozen.....	2,150,702	2,114,348		81,701		77,360		599				
Mutton, frozen.....	5,411,582	5,329,584		4,061,861		4,084,885				13,588		59,065
Other meats, frozen.....	2,260,912	2,802,173		1,954,591		2,543,832						754
Preserved in tins.....	1,297,845	865,502		962,091		523,836		127		1,256		10,490
Other, N.E.S.....	253,803	223,927		106,570		119,185		409		224		749
All other provisions.....	106,875	81,361		59,135		19,462		15		73		127
Sausage casings.....	148,813	208,853		1,431		6,378		803		7,095		
Silver—Lead bullion.....	3,750,365	3,806,502		3,726,981		3,805,514						
Silver—Ore.....	1,150,777	2,433,903		13,403		6,078						
Skins—Sheep.....	6,503,438	7,856,746		2,867,279		3,351,566		413,643		256,964		1,630
Other.....	3,776,979	5,370,936		2,172,694		3,147,828		762,641		1,207,392		38,203
Tallow.....	3,818,960	4,275,863		3,465,373		3,775,501				49		
Timber.....	4,922,822	4,818,297		964,549		816,515		25,865		26,319		27,254
Tin—Ingots.....	3,724,076	5,685,400		2,939,739		4,479,020		210,851		424,257		91,260
Ore.....	985,538	1,146,518		289,075		228,694		876				
Wine.....	511,784	446,443		409,919		319,487		10		20		80

Wool—Greasy.....	75,795,977	85,395,580	32,451,403	38,967,127	3,150,174	4,441,704	26,270	39,980
Scoured.....	20,672,140	24,813,829	10,133,008	13,136,287			297	
All other articles.....	13,133,504	14,530,962	3,753,794	4,591,688	116,025	94,849	13,889	14,768
Total exports (mdse).....	213,136,865	246,813,186	107,151,760	127,682,845	4,975,661	9,425,956	196,087	319,531
Gold and bullion—								
Bullion—Gold.....	25,597,056	24,117,252	17,835,521	15,580,040	423	701,564		
Silver.....	3,876,747	3,784,700	859,862	898,668	78	191,795		
Coin.....	20,711,088	47,944,249	1,114,437	13,424,418		7,076,721		2,127,336
Total exports—home produce.....	263,421,756	322,659,387	126,961,580	157,585,971	4,976,102	17,396,036	196,087	2,446,807
foreign produce.....	13,204,614	16,731,060	2,990,051	2,303,734	132,732	3,718,975	14,582	1,118,881
Total exports.....	276,626,370	339,390,447	129,951,631	159,889,705	5,108,894	21,115,011	210,669	3,565,748
<i>Recapitulation.</i>								
Foreign produce—Merchandise.....	6,084,671	6,388,921	1,027,335	958,013	131,087	113,364	14,582	34,217
Coin and bullion.....	7,119,943	10,342,139	1,962,716	1,345,721	1,645	3,605,611		1,084,664
Total.....	13,204,614	16,731,060	2,990,051	2,303,734	132,732	3,718,975	14,582	1,118,881

TRADE OF FRANCE (Ten Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *ten months* ending October 1906 and 1907.

	TEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	146,398,600	162,907,000	+ 16,508,400
Raw materials.....	607,855,400	632,901,800	+ 25,046,400
Manufactures.....	162,242,000	191,023,200	+ 28,781,200
Total imports.....	916,496,000	986,832,000	+ 70,336,000
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	115,083,400	120,510,000	+ 5,426,600
Raw materials.....	240,186,000	253,313,000	+ 13,127,000
Manufactures.....	440,271,000	476,942,800	+ 36,671,800
Small parcels.....	61,770,200	63,816,800	+ 2,046,600
Total exports.....	857,310,600	914,582,600	+ 57,272,000
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	916,496,000	986,832,000	+ 70,336,000
Exports.....	857,310,600	914,582,600	+ 57,272,000
Total trade.....	1,773,806,600	1,901,414,600	+ 127,608,000

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *ten months* ending October 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	TEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	98,524	197,357	+ 98,833
	Other countries.....	142,243	122,351	— 19,892
	Totals.....	240,767	319,708	+ 78,941
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	66,267	88,868	+ 22,601
	Other countries.....	307,845	118,604	— 189,241
	Totals.....	374,112	207,472	— 166,640
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	35,794	123,518	+ 87,724
	Other countries.....	25,927	16,908	— 9,019
	Totals.....	61,721	140,426	+ 78,705
Rye.....	All countries.....	1,486	10,155	+ 8,669
Corn.....	All countries.....	298,269	386,851	+ 88,582

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr. = 2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from November report of A. Poindron, commercial agent at Paris.

TRADE OF SAINT LUCIA.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping of Saint Lucia during the Years 1895 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			SHIPPING.	
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	British.	Totals.
						Tons.	Tons.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1895.....	236,345	280,213	754,070	670,963	1,425,033	802,165	947,668
1896.....	269,277	272,825	927,261	663,301	1,590,562	1,008,476	1,190,790
1897.....	295,110	276,149	1,193,563	1,121,495	2,315,058	1,545,025	1,780,560
1898.....	329,123	296,745	1,323,707	810,338	2,134,045	1,335,208	1,557,677
1899.....	347,864	310,596	1,377,085	830,585	2,207,670	1,067,401	1,279,353
1900.....	350,926	315,117	1,964,152	1,116,588	3,080,740	1,518,174	1,841,593
1901.....	327,843	328,431	1,862,239	915,259	2,777,498	1,557,975	1,864,720
1902.....	351,339	337,786	1,588,110	767,731	2,355,841	1,390,155	1,680,083
1903.....	321,243	344,033	1,708,619	824,846	2,533,465	1,097,351	1,275,909
1904.....	337,124	318,805	1,804,102	837,212	2,641,314	1,106,576	1,309,432
1905.....	301,134	304,269	1,391,803	1,030,050	2,421,853	1,510,660	1,829,563
1906.....	292,058	293,431	1,180,016	1,072,190	2,252,206	1,877,749	2,135,183

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Saint Lucia during the Years 1895 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Other British.	France.	United States.	Bunker Coal.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	362,625	139,625		33,137	191,542		27,141
1896.....	496,317	122,528		33,726	221,643		53,047
1897.....	580,861	256,176		43,308	279,726		33,492
1898.....	682,934	169,569		31,701	403,631		35,872
1899.....	726,953	168,615		30,222	417,613		33,682
1900.....	1,074,681				604,746		
1901.....	993,574	43,109	194,681	34,377	554,946		41,552
1902.....	885,081	50,384	94,335	33,103	501,700		23,507
1903.....	1,136,654	39,677	127,779	28,474	327,298		48,737
1904.....	965,443	49,366	93,719	40,812	624,047		30,715
1905.....	462,756	49,937	226,933	24,625	599,193		28,359
1906.....	427,503	37,621	128,223	21,911	551,442		13,316

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Other British.	France.	United States.	Bunker Coal.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	118,109	14,362		159,228	183,765	173,808	21,691
1896.....	117,501	23,564		71,632	226,207	207,198	17,199
1897.....	185,138	15,457		55,777	481,430	370,728	12,965
1898.....	54,283	32,242		110,429	238,729	355,719	18,936
1899.....	99,397	22,854		81,877	257,963	350,862	17,632
1900.....	114,459				192,866	606,163	
1901.....	155,227	1,319	17,165	16,240	177,648	536,285	11,375
1902.....	86,027	4,312	22,566	135,264	93,046	410,236	16,280
1903.....	280,072	335	22,128	168,337	31,117	309,062	13,795
1904.....	286,569	50,243	19,323	124,444	7,484	343,493	5,656
1905.....	280,550	27,653	34,018	180,164	2,229	499,449	5,987
1906.....	310,274	47,722	17,953	162,926	9,285	514,387	9,643

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Imports into St. Lucia during the Calendar Years, 1903, 1904 and 1906, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, the United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years, 1904 and 1906.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO SAINT LUCIA—CALENDAR YEARS.							
	Totals.		From Great Britain.		From United States.		From Canada.	
	1903.	1904.	1906.	1904.	1906.	1904.	1904.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ale and beer.....	14,941	17,452	7,173	15,831	4,959	545	520	
Animals, living.....	46,705	56,923	7,232	39		11,962	714	24
Arms and ammunition.....	81,448	61,090	1,085	61,237	920	29	531	
Bacon and hams.....	3,815	7,412	2,477	1,810		3,080	457	
Beef and pork, salted and pickled.....	16,693	16,795	12,157	9,406		14,984	428	25
Boots and shoes.....	24,903	29,769	19,909	138,718	6,375	11,719	4,949	4,910
Building materials, for military purposes.....	172,640	141,527						
Butter.....	16,985	17,092	8,867	1,732	1,386	6,607	2,180	3,971
Butter substitute—oleomargarine.....	4,351	7,732	8,122	189		3,893	3,893	
Cheese.....	4,302	4,769	2,978	156	124	3,803	1,042	1,523
Cotton and woollens.....	341,338	307,568	457,740	100,014	91,005	207,554	306,135	
Earthenware and glassware.....	121,492	104,920	125,421	99,329	108,950	1,265	10,391	
Fish, salted and dried.....	12,853	11,510	4,521	6,599	1,377	2,224	301	
Fish, other.....	47,119	49,036	46,440		43	22,678	11,870	180
Flour.....	1,037	2,287	1,765	141	80	506	238	92
Fruits and vegetables, fresh.....	93,953	92,607	72,807		2,073	85,900	66,089	12,761
Furniture.....	10,999	9,582	6,077	214	49	876	235	1,255
Haberdashery.....	11,427	10,171	10,008	5,981	6,298	1,397	881	1,072
Hats and caps.....	90,987	99,431	37,391	83,999	31,808	3,105	618	208
Hardware and cutlery.....	13,685	10,093	11,278	9,441	10,809	34	482	236
Lard.....	41,128	35,901	26,909	30,241	24,516	3,767	1,178	73
Machinery.....	5,046	6,715	5,169	25		6,248	4,806	
Manures.....	15,739	16,187	7,700	14,454	6,521	759	240	
Medicine.....	26,046	24,601	23,336	23,846	19,615	1,528	1,860	395
Oats.....	8,526	11,344	8,475	7,378	5,792	5,030	1,936	2,039
Oils.....	8,764	10,380	5,675	63		28,285	24,245	408
Ordnance stores.....	48,243	38,062	32,578	2,321	2,151			
Paints, dyes, &c.....	166,366	232,178		229,745				
Pease and beans.....	5,158	4,983	3,195	3,606	2,620	988	141	305
Preserves.....	6,049	5,488	4,977		2	2,822	3,085	1,198
Rice.....	9,143	10,268	3,772	7,173	1,995	1,272	1,081	224
Soap.....	12,361	12,458	13,744	7,752	6,070	841	180	
Spirits and wines.....	13,271	13,086	12,265	8,916	10,103	2,107	1,742	1,800
Tobacco.....	33,288	31,740	25,162	15,101	12,485	6,052	1,352	58
Wood—white pine.....	17,228	21,447	14,688	10,371	8,046	10,282	3,338	148
Wood—pitch pine.....	13,699	19,962	3,528			22,322	4,438	
All other articles.....	476	22,610	551	73,640	59,417	141,061	15,595	3,077
	141,023	152,931	116,260					
Total merchandise.....	1,676,227	1,728,707	1,151,403	965,443	427,503	624,047	551,442	37,621
Coin and bullion.....	32,392	75,395	28,553					
Grand totals.....	1,708,619	1,804,102	1,180,016	965,443	427,503	624,047	551,442	37,621

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Exports from St. Lucia, during the Calendar Years 1903, 1904 and 1906, together with portion sent to Great Britain, the United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years 1904 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM SAINT LUCIA—CALENDAR YEARS.									
Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.		To United States.		To Canada.	
	1903.	1904.	1906.	1904.	1906.	1904.	1906.	1904.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals, living.....	1,319	2,492	3,582						
Coal.....	4,575	2,428	1,968						
Cocoa.....	186,227	147,171	203,863	25,944	61,500	2,292	5,942		
Fuel wood.....	3,401	1,706	2,367						
Fruits, fresh—mangoes.....	1,874	1,143	1,729						
Hides.....	2,784	3,353	3,728	642	1,426	486			
Logwood.....	112	5,299	4,576						
Ordnance stores.....	84,651	22,308	3,365	4,376					
Rum.....	3,956	1,153	1,538	22,308					
Spices.....	258	136	172	662	172				
Sugar and molasses—				87					
Molasses.....	4,832	18,002	4,648	18,002	4,570				
Muscovado sugar.....	1,204	7,387	7,835	4,093	5,791			3,294	78
L-sine sugar.....	159,490	236,437	251,555	191,371	206,154			46,803	2,044
Vegetables.....	696	1,966	1,076						45,337
All other articles.....	45,302	39,916	42,184	11,101	14,377	4,706	601	146	263
Totals (mdse.).....	500,771	485,898	538,290	278,748	293,990	7,484	6,543	50,243	47,722
Coin and bullion.....	15,013	7,821	19,513	7,821	16,284		2,742		
Bunker coal.....	309,062	343,493	514,387						
Grand total.....	824,846	837,212	1,072,190	286,569	310,274	7,484	9,285	50,243	47,722

TRADE OF SAINT-VINCENT.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping for Saint Vincent during the Calendar Years 1896 to 1905-6.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			SHIPPING.	
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	British.	Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1896.....	131,351	130,242	347,913	327,974	675,887	264,475	18,770
1897.....	123,594	129,064	344,676	335,479	680,155	243,227	5,650
1898.....	130,631	134,680	429,765	217,374	647,139	252,246	2,579
1899.....	156,580	147,567	504,318	163,398	667,716	238,497	7,091
1900.....	138,982	141,527	468,130	475,809	943,939	278,029	11,683
1901.....	119,126	142,554	364,610	253,003	617,613	345,086	16,381
1902.....	142,554	138,164	385,065	214,590	599,655	371,380	9,040
1903-4.....	129,044	136,829	378,884	185,774	564,658	430,965	3,346
1904-5.....	131,147	122,776	361,291	252,595	613,886	496,956	1,631
1905-6.....	130,913	126,101	336,272	258,312	594,584	465,524	4,995

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Saint Vincent during the Years 1896 to 1905-6.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	British North America.	British West Indies.	Other British.	United States.	Venezuela.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	145,255		154,113			48,545	
1897.....	138,008		169,886			36,782	
1898.....	132,816		218,085			78,864	
1899.....	142,306		253,290			108,722	
1900.....	172,951		174,626			120,553	
1901.....	154,433	10,921	119,292		74,309	504	5,151
1902.....	119,618	11,583	110,600		137,882	511	4,871
1903-4.....	151,577	10,780	116,541		96,476	370	3,140
1904-5.....	140,237	12,371	131,497		73,711	229	3,246
1905-6.....	123,958	12,586	136,775		58,841		4,112

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

1896.....	102,838		77,141			147,995	
1897.....	99,435		106,799			129,245	
1898.....	68,990		69,398			78,986	
1899.....	94,330		52,618			16,450	
1900.....	348,376		70,975			56,458	
1901.....	137,756	6,019	57,163		43,809	5,574	2,682
1902.....	108,687	5,659	68,050		20,780	9,153	2,261
1903-4.....	93,459	2,837	77,315		10,203		1,960
1904-5.....	108,000	30,811	100,019		9,377	1,226	3,162
1905-6.....	118,773	21,093	114,781		841	1,927	897

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Trade of Saint Vincent during the Calendar Years 1896 to 1905-6.

Calendar Years.	Live Animals, Food, Drink, &c.	Raw Materials.	Manufac- tured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
IMPORTS—					
1896.....	154,945	48,764	144,204	No Returns.	347,913
1897.....	159,061	44,019	141,596		344,676
1898.....	199,197	70,075	160,493		429,765
1899.....	247,056	74,903	182,359		504,318
1900.....	194,180	74,937	199,013		468,130
1901.....	154,896	38,841	170,873		364,610
1902.....	184,256	54,954	145,855		385,065
1903-4.....	153,996	49,036	175,852		378,884
1904-5.....	158,332	41,989	160,970	No Returns.	361,291
1905-6.....	153,664	31,953	150,655		336,272
EXPORTS—					
1896.....	299,436	11,232	17,306	No Returns.	327,974
1897.....	310,026	7,942	17,511		335,479
1898.....	194,705	5,129	17,540		217,374
1899.....	138,301	15,247	9,850		163,398
1900.....	443,616	7,066	25,127		475,809
1901.....	229,916	12,902	10,185		253,003
1902.....	188,734	15,578	10,278		214,590
1903-4.....	160,712	17,383	7,679		185,774
1904-5.....	211,092	32,354	9,149	No Returns.	252,595
1905-6.....	199,217	50,074	9,021		258,312
AGGREGATE TRADE—					
1896.....	454,381	59,996	161,510	No Returns.	675,887
1897.....	469,087	51,961	159,107		680,155
1898.....	393,902	75,204	178,033		647,139
1899.....	385,357	90,150	192,209		667,716
1900.....	637,796	82,003	224,140		943,939
1901.....	384,812	51,743	181,058		617,613
1902.....	372,990	70,532	156,133		599,655
1903-4.....	314,708	66,419	183,531		564,658
1904-5.....	369,424	74,343	170,119	No Returns.	613,886
1905-6.....	352,881	82,027	159,676		594,584

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Imports into Saint Vincent, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and British North America, during the Calendar Years 1903 to 1905-6.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO SAINT VINCENT—CALENDAR YEARS.											
	Totals.						From Great Britain.			From United States.		
	1903-4.		1904-5.		1905-6.		1903-4.		1904-5.		1905-6.	
	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£
Animals, living.....	3,104	861	2,118	34	88	1,460	1,732	20	85	5	30	121
Bacon and Hams.....	1,537	1,358	1,021	1,051	788	501	229	243	346	38	15	5
Boots and Shoes.....	4,229	3,762	3,605	3,319	2,463	2,673	856	1,212	734	949	54	82
Butter.....	7,631	8,215	7,388	4,613	3,407	1,567	53	5			720	817
Cement.....	2,245	2,424	1,941	141	146	102						
Cheese.....	891	954	715	2,185	78	34	175	209	102	476	453	589
Earthen and Glassware.....	4,195	4,516	3,215	53	39	1,514	200	205	136	671	3,465	4,910
Fish.....	23,136	27,599	23,726	38,274	38,694	778	827	895	1,611	924	1,304	5,583
Flour, wheaten.....	42,922	2,166	2,501				32,037	20,630	13,052	5		102
Flour, other kinds.....	2,316	2,044	2,433	949	852	989	1,640	175	381			
Furniture.....	5,415	21,340	23,470	16,332	13,811	15,848	384	2,132	121	29	34	7
Metal manufactures.....	25,769	10,848	10,317	1,187	1,898	569	8,712	5,250	6,220	29	58	88
Oils.....	9,888	10,005	9,355	369	234	267	7,304	3,801	3,705	34		
Pork, salted and cured.....	9,080	11,670	10,606				263	117	70			
Rice.....	2,166	2,224	2,073									
Salt.....	7,139	7,246	6,692	520	603	146	2,156	1,231	746		165	727
Spirits and wines.....	6,511	7,309	7,052	4,521	5,231	4,849	88		154	146	15	83
Sugar.....	3,051	4,185	5,868	501	311	219	672	1,582	1,957			
Textile manufactures.....	81,040	85,590	81,500	69,330	70,853	63,492	6,837	6,740	9,688	492	1,903	1,002
Tobacco.....	4,354	4,618	4,736	1,163		1,324	2,862	2,813	2,880			
Wood and timber—												
Pine timber.....	27,059	17,350	9,972				7,002	12,288	4,660	5,620	2,180	1,922
Shooks, staves, &c.....	4,842	8,569	6,977	560	2,195	1,845	10				10	
Shingles.....	5,080	2,740	1,545					117	234		452	11
Other.....	49	1,100	375			25		272			24	*
All other articles.....	85,287	74,435	68,275	44,749	32,913	25,718	15,668	13,312	9,852	686	1,489	
Total imports.....	378,884	391,291	336,272	151,577	140,237	123,958	96,476	73,711	58,841	10,780	12,371	12,586

* Principal articles exceed total by \$3,458.

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Exports from Saint Vincent together with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and British North America, during the Calendar Years, 1903 to 1905-6.

EXPORTS FROM SAINT VINCENT—CALENDAR YEARS.

Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To British North America.		
	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals, living.....	13,052	20,036	24,776		29	20						
Arrowroot.....	105,539	100,613	99,876	76,319	71,744	69,951	122		360			550
Cocoa.....	10,487	10,974	11,806	3,718	5,582	4,730	273		467			
Ground nuts.....	4,502	6,121	11,897									
Metals, old.....	725	103	259	49		25						
Metal manufactures.....	740	754	464	20		125						
Oils, whale.....	5,596	2,124	1,236	5,348	910	1,110						
Pease, dried.....	2,677	2,229	1,845									
Spirits and wine.....	165	1,426	2,115	15	993	2,031						
Starch (Cassava).....	4,482	6,710	7,450									
Sugar (Muscovada).....	11,183	47,582	18,457	1,090	4,438		6,944	9,372		1,737	27,472	16,162
Textile manufactures.....	34	116	102	5		15						
Vegetables, fresh—												
Sweet potatoes.....	4,876	7,295	9,487									
Other.....	1,840	4,098	7,766									
All other articles.....	20,076	42,412	60,775	6,890	24,304	40,766	2,864	5	14	964	3,339	4,381
Total exports.....	185,774	252,595	258,312	93,459	108,000	118,773	10,203	9,377	841	2,837	30,811	21,093

TRADE OF SIERRA LEONE.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping of Sierra Leone, during the Years 1896 to 1905.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			Shipping.
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.
1896.....	472,597	565,424	2,407,481	2,185,294	4,592,775	1,076,260
1897.....	515,910	543,500	2,225,960	1,950,307	4,176,267	1,084,745
1898.....	572,719	589,411	2,950,894	1,416,156	4,367,050	1,110,228
1899.....	819,459	706,100	3,357,056	1,635,254	4,992,310	1,181,748
1900.....	820,851	761,249	2,716,919	1,764,025	4,480,944	1,290,933
1901.....	935,072	844,157	2,668,325	1,479,515	4,147,840	1,249,808
1902.....	1,001,389	900,037	3,046,217	1,963,782	5,009,999	1,467,988
1903.....	1,156,953	1,004,791	3,410,690	2,037,334	5,448,024	1,688,357
1904.....	1,170,297	1,157,741	3,490,548	2,359,700	5,850,248	1,595,914
1905.....	1,484,693	1,390,217	4,311,141	3,487,568	7,798,709	1,684,736

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Sierra Leone, during the Years 1996 to 1905.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1896 TO 1905.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Gambia.	Other British.	Germany.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	1,961,524	60,600		128,314	176,110	80,933
1897.....	1,837,006	29,672		134,257	135,113	89,912
1898.....	2,492,215	61,967		166,235	129,502	100,975
1899.....	2,650,323	95,367		277,989	198,535	134,842
1900.....	2,069,526	14,195	50,098	253,003	215,954	114,143
1901.....	2,003,013	12,750	40,086	294,925	195,401	122,150
1902.....	2,218,815	14,984	91,567	343,980	229,794	147,077
1903.....	2,506,186	15,793	177,209	353,120	177,944	180,438
1904.....	2,411,905	85,789	159,196	384,860	212,371	236,427
1905.....	3,200,617	69,593	48,443	531,775	85,974	374,739

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1896 TO 1905.

1896.....	990,342	91,887	14,663	502,284	5,401	580,717
1897.....	919,532	121,910	18,362	463,092	73	427,338
1898.....	572,933	129,760	20,849	392,964		299,650
1899.....	660,090	172,990	33,414	487,742	131	280,887
1900.....	611,054	218,280	70,192	545,436		319,063
1901.....	426,257	115,222	109,758	574,607		253,671
1902.....	599,928	178,125	180,359	697,461	29	307,880
1903.....	622,358	206,473	76,620	707,662		424,221
1904.....	890,386	277,819	70,566	719,702		401,227
1905.....	1,061,809	240,330	232,086	1,128,994		824,349

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Imports into Sierra Leone, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, British Possessions and the United States, during the Years 1903, 1904 and 1906.

IMPORTS INTO SIERRA LEONE—CALENDAR YEARS.

	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From British Possessions.			From United States.		
	1903.	1904.	1906.	1903.	1904.	1906.	1903.	1904.	1906.	1903.	1904.	1906.
Ale, beer and porter.....	30,032	34,752	43,123	22,148	26,937	32,801	.....	.....	10	.....	243	.....
Apparel.....	65,763	92,077	83,735	51,708	76,808	71,038	.....	1,353	1,835	97	92	5
Books and stationery.....	37,930	37,901	42,578	36,606	36,368	40,106	.....	.....	20	.....	161	.....
Boots and shoes.....	24,182	21,812	26,543	20,785	19,029	23,179	.....	219	156	788	784	.....
Bread.....	15,841	18,742	20,659	13,271	13,831	18,620	.....	.....	5	1,713	3,089	755
Building material.....	45,966	109,490	28,548	45,907	109,091	28,329	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....
Coal.....	94,442	104,731	124,138	93,756	80,114	92,831	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cottons.....	890,581	806,665	1,118,963	795,846	712,300	1,015,789	18,459	16,211	14,727	156	243	253
Cottons, cloths.....	1,694	1,110	34	.....	.....	4,030	1,596	1,066	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cutlery.....	12,001	17,238	16,177	3,747	7,173	.....	10	.....	.....	68	68	5
Earthenware.....	30,456	28,738	30,933	26,163	23,403	26,153	185	127	311	24	63	.....
Fish, preserved.....	12,576	12,395	11,655	8,458	9,144	6,035	195	584	1,231	175	350	803
Flour.....	70,372	104,517	81,433	37,877	38,390	46,472	.....	.....	.....	32,431	62,780	12,385
Furniture.....	18,707	26,635	16,410	14,137	19,821	11,032	54	97	112	1,835	2,745	1,027
Haberdashery.....	150,414	138,636	157,461	131,336	127,413	141,912	798	886	419	574	652	336
Hardware.....	350,945	195,839	198,379	335,863	176,878	172,854	58	24	21,223	1,913	2,302	930
Lumber.....	54,302	49,873	47,878	745	2,789	28,635	.....	.....	5	48,443	42,408	15,749
Machinery.....	53,011	44,812	27,248	51,464	43,965	26,289	.....	.....	15	375	535	97
Military stores.....	.....	10	.....	.....	10	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oils.....	41,581	56,463	44,496	11,787	9,806	14,128	73	.....	857	25,598	38,412	16,649
Provisions.....	93,424	85,483	105,373	84,028	78,168	93,571	944	131	209	2,638	2,355	1,202
Salt.....	66,634	64,088	73,827	59,320	49,649	66,605	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spirits and wines.....	212,819	211,149	241,542	69,481	76,346	89,595	628	321	1,835	827	346	107
Sugar.....	37,877	31,886	35,205	14,658	14,770	11,675	243	63	618	10	29	.....
Tobacco.....	187,040	176,524	216,420	124,304	119,063	173,730	83	34	15	50,481	42,836	29,254
Woolen goods.....	51,299	37,706	50,715	33,098	21,544	35,399	117	370	389	.....	.....	.....
Woolen articles.....	584,443	576,924	760,475	410,228	379,388	437,005	14,157	28,231	12,286	9,725	11,278	6,417
Totals merchandise.....	3,224,332	3,086,196	3,603,966	2,496,726	2,270,402	2,707,833	38,355	50,073	56,361	177,944	212,371	85,974
Coin and bullion.....	176,358	404,352	707,175	9,460	141,503	492,784	154,647	194,910	61,675	.....	.....	.....
Grand totals.....	3,410,690	3,490,548	4,311,141	2,506,186	2,411,905	3,200,617	193,002	244,983	118,036	177,944	212,371	85,974

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Exports from Sierra Leone, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, British Possessions and the United States, during the Years 1903, 1904 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM SIERRA LEONE—CALENDAR YEARS.											
Totals.				To Great Britain.			To British Possessions.			To United States.	
1903.	1904.	1906.		1903.	1904.	1906.	1903.	1904.	1906.	1903.	1906.
\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals living.....	24	10	579	10	3	5					
Bennised.....	12,399	4,502	1,416	14	39						
Cotton goods.....	12,244	13,933	15,087	1,100	2,993	1,567	1,134	2,336	1,557		
Food and drinks.....	20,074	29,147	33,750	7,514	5,333	3,037	3,616	3,850	4,560		
Ginger.....	77,370	62,016	52,949	76,626	60,517	52,812	29	49	49		
Gum copal.....	32,809	19,626	19,194	32,485	19,384	19,048					
Gum rosin.....	371,594	392,944	506,532	881	2,355	925	167,057	182,533	217,189		
Nola nuts.....	1,631	1,260	2,472	224	277	122	292	333	414		
Narcotics.....	955,963	1,040,158	1,608,078	281,381	342,228	526,320					
Palm kernels.....	68,463	79,058	135,021	54,954	67,053	112,940	569	190	165		
Palm oil.....	45,056	87,868	146,827	43,191	85,025	131,605					
Rubbers.....	63,338	257,123	374,602	36,700	229,575	184,803	8,250	8,400	9,918		
All other articles.....											
Totals merchandise.....	1,660,961	1,980,645	2,896,507	535,080	814,782	1,033,184	180,947	197,791	233,852		
Coin and bullion.....	376,375	379,055	591,061	87,278	75,604	28,625	102,146	150,594	238,564		
Grand totals.....	2,037,334	2,359,700	3,487,568	622,358	890,386	1,061,809	283,093	348,385	472,416		

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

NOVEMBER 1907

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OTTAWA
GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU
1908

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a)								
Land occupied (census)	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census)	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
"	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088	30,166,088
Currency and Banking—To June 30—								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank. ..	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	96,362,130
Circulation—								
Dominion notes	7,367,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427	58,316,532
Notes issued by Chartered Banks ..	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	63,366,505	75,510,402
Chartered Banks—								
Assets	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	958,342,255
Liabilities	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,387,504	417,320,761	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	781,075,593
Deposits in Chartered Banks	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	408,571,648	536,769,519	589,459,889
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks ..	2,497,260	6,208,227	21,738,048	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	46,832,611
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O. ..	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	16,101,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,911,071
Deposits in Special Savings Banks	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,339,194	28,520,547
Total Deposits	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,952,482	509,095,922	555,640,068	626,079,335	679,724,118
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks	No.							
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O. ..	"	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	164,542
Discounts to the people—		28,212	56,149	48,569	47,531	47,350	45,021	45,021
Chartered Banks								
Education—To December 31—		134,113,252	202,692,431	318,240,549	452,134,220	480,906,634	559,338,229	639,976,696
Pupils enrolled	No.	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,182,739	1,246	1,347	1,347
Teachers engaged	"	17,978	23,879	29,487	31,319	31,319	31,319	31,319
Expenditure	"	4,650,206	7,344,068	9,282,540	11,871,436	12,813	12,813	12,813
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—								
Failures	No.	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Assets	"	5,751,207	17,100,649	7,686,823	8,555,875	6,822,005	6,449,622	6,449,622
Liabilities	"	5,751,207	17,100,649	10,811,671	11,391,117	9,894,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Finance—Fiscal Years..(f)								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund	"	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	71,182,739	80,139,107	67,969,328
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund	"	15,623,082	23,502,554	36,343,568	50,612,833	63,319,682	67,270,641	51,542,161
Gross	"	19,293,473	33,796,643	40,793,208	72,255,048	78,804,138	83,277,642	65,778,139

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,655	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,263,680	379,966,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	237,809,030	268,480,604	260,897,719	266,224,167	267,042,978	263,571,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c) 27,773	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	180,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,108,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....	.....	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Liabilities—								
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,064	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,186,836	54,507,291	70,584,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170	.....	.....
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	.....	.....
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,561	5,306,635	7,497,660	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	.....	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	.....	.....	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	.....	.....	1,617,221	1,676,632	2,676,632	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—								
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,523	4,219,153	7,550,526	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	.....	409,549	3,265,354	2,047,695	3,617,675	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	101,661	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,820,263	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised. (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

STATISTICAL Record of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

Patents issued—To December 31.....		No.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—										
Post offices.....	No.	3,943		5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued.....	No.	120,521		338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Post cards sent.....	No.	4,546,434		7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent	No.	22,314,160		55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Letters sent.....	No.	27,050,000		9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	393,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue.....	\$	1,079,767		1,767,953	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,420	6,786,080	7,708,142	6,355,093
Expenditure.....	\$	1,271,006		2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,732
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—										
Canals—Vessels through.....	(Tonnage.	4,658,227		4,208,008	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	.....
Freight carried.....	{ Tons.	3,955,620		2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	.....
Railways, electric—										
Miles in operation.....	No.	.....		.....	.....	672	767	793	814	815
Passengers carried.....	No.	.....		.....	.....	120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	273,999,404
Freight carried.....	Tons.	.....		.....	.....	287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	479,731
Earnings—Gross.....	\$	.....		.....	.....	5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	12,630,430
Working expenses.....	\$	.....		.....	.....	3,483,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	7,737,251
Railways, steam—										
Miles in operation.....	No.	2,695		7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	22,452
Passengers carried.....	No.	.....		6,943,571	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	32,137,319
Freight carried.....	Tons.	.....		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	63,866,135
Earnings—Gross.....	\$	14,485,648		27,987,309	48,192,099	72,888,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,222,865	146,738,214
Working expenses.....	\$	.....		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,434	103,748,672
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—										
Customs Duties collected.....	\$	11,843,656		18,500,786	23,481,063	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101	40,200,172
Excise Revenue collected.....	\$	4,295,945		5,343,922	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,805,413
Imports, Total—	\$	70,295,223		85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,856,659
Dutiable Goods.....	\$	23,064,654		18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080	97,412,340
Free Goods.....	\$	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals (mdse).....	\$	93,359,877		104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,268,999
Coin and Bullion.....	\$	2,733,094		1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	7,078,603	7,078,603	7,517,008
Total imports.....	\$	96,092,971		105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

Exports—Home Produce—

Mine.....	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,626,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	26,191,455
Fisheries.....	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,759,029	11,114,318	16,095,840	10,362,142
Forest.....	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,824,170	33,476,098
Animal produce.....	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,067,741	56,495,311	63,812,117	63,337,458	66,455,960	55,422,499
Agricultural products.....	9,833,924	21,268,327	13,666,858	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,150	54,062,337	35,856,016
Manufactures.....	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	19,087,988
Miscellaneous.....	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906	148,008
Home produce (mdse).....	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	180,545,306
Foreign produce (mdse).....	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	11,541,927
Total exports (mdse).....	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	192,087,233
Coin and Bullion.....	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,928,828	13,189,964
Total exports (a).....	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,586,630	205,277,197
Total trade (a).....	167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,733,038	470,151,289	550,872,645	465,063,204
Shipping—Sea-going.....	5,116,038	8,104,337	10,095,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	13,904,874
Coasting.....	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,795	43,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062	31,691,420
Inland water.....	8,009,995	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,509	16,089,365	17,888,743	16,691,017
Total shipping.....	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234	62,287,311

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(b) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

(c) Unrevised.

Value for 1871.....	\$ 2,448,668
" 1881.....	3,023,322
" 1891.....	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,193,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,619	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,287,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,517,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,287,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,303,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,096	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,465	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

635,371,664	220,936,329	140,276,409	361,212,738	6,924,691	363,137,429	58,683,002
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending November, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)						Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.		
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1868
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907

ENDING NOVEMBER, 1907.

237,766,906	14,141,758	251,908,664	15,325,571	267,234,235	58,683,002	
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MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, eight months and twelve months* ending November, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
1898	6,392,224	6,265,056	12,657,280	193,335	12,850,615	14,627,181	3,261,976	17,889,157	152,049	18,041,206	30,891,821	1,898,268	1898
1899	8,755,719	7,490,837	16,246,556	431,591	16,678,147	17,287,123	1,859,383	19,146,506	304,916	19,451,422	36,129,569	2,456,042	1899
1900	7,899,765	5,582,291	13,482,056	323,097	13,805,153	19,673,037	2,044,858	21,717,895	57,297	21,775,192	33,580,345	2,225,320	1900
1901	9,202,317	6,847,860	16,050,177	1,398,062	17,448,239	21,424,627	1,707,707	23,132,334	1,016,085	24,148,419	41,596,658	2,557,472	1901
1902	9,841,234	7,265,305	17,106,539	1,239,318	18,345,857	20,390,149	2,020,161	22,410,310	33,878	22,444,188	40,790,045	2,690,689	1902
1903	11,181,253	7,453,095	18,634,348	120,483	18,754,831	22,104,322	1,801,300	23,905,622	83,695	23,989,317	42,744,148	3,156,020	1903
1904	11,284,965	10,174,270	21,459,235	321,136	21,780,371	18,426,886	723,646	19,150,532	29,100	19,179,632	40,960,003	3,383,577	1904
1905	13,746,974	9,739,518	23,486,492	149,395	23,635,887	29,072,794	1,242,717	30,315,511	98,035	30,413,546	54,049,433	3,722,392	1905
1906	21,091,266	13,953,590	35,044,856	1,675,962	36,720,818	26,393,965	1,163,855	27,557,820	1,548,758	29,106,578	65,827,396	5,350,108	1906
1907	19,013,398	12,420,357	31,433,755	1,665,594	33,099,349	23,162,891	1,026,974	24,189,865	2,460,944	26,650,809	59,750,158	4,940,522	1907

MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	55,375,333	42,794,688	98,170,021	5,074,974	103,244,995	94,278,859	16,236,670	110,515,529	2,336,223	112,831,752	216,126,747	15,838,513	1898
1899	66,772,991	46,227,565	113,000,556	5,185,442	118,185,998	106,099,298	12,683,797	118,783,095	1,545,106	120,328,201	238,514,199	18,638,493	1899
1900	70,151,168	47,725,129	117,876,297	4,515,032	122,391,329	123,035,737	10,358,441	133,394,178	1,778,869	135,173,047	257,564,376	19,052,220	1900
1901	76,145,767	53,017,582	129,163,299	4,133,740	133,297,039	136,565,861	13,379,726	149,945,587	2,189,735	152,135,322	285,432,361	20,696,969	1901
1902	87,653,485	54,934,077	142,587,562	4,169,331	146,756,943	152,996,385	9,848,713	162,845,098	352,704	163,197,802	309,954,745	23,072,506	1902
1903	103,309,333	70,347,762	173,657,095	8,327,141	181,984,236	157,369,424	11,384,302	168,753,726	422,467	169,176,193	351,160,429	27,890,475	1903
1904	103,162,746	69,499,555	172,662,301	8,920,594	181,582,895	137,409,431	6,360,259	143,809,690	2,539,471	146,349,161	327,932,056	28,084,783	1904
1905	112,435,368	72,395,809	184,831,177	4,831,007	189,662,184	157,703,120	8,952,846	166,745,966	1,657,362	168,403,328	358,065,512	30,199,356	1905
1906	135,692,178	87,934,358	223,626,536	8,105,964	231,732,500	174,301,540	11,556,230	185,857,770	10,992,994	196,850,764	428,583,264	35,436,003	1906
1907	155,727,007	98,341,986	254,068,993	5,426,191	259,495,184	172,433,679	11,173,702	183,607,381	8,271,012	191,878,393	451,373,577	41,122,459	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	82,340,008	56,917,323	139,257,331	5,512,438	144,769,769	131,957,084	18,558,152	150,515,236	6,069,435	156,584,671	301,854,440	23,739,610	1898
1899	94,178,523	62,565,597	156,744,120	5,461,203	162,205,323	143,192,393	15,425,936	158,618,329	3,086,066	161,704,395	323,909,718	26,795,009	1899
1900	106,983,310	68,044,319	175,027,629	5,892,959	180,920,588	164,635,521	12,759,636	177,395,157	8,626,676	186,021,833	366,942,421	23,837,639	1900
1901	107,354,659	74,077,073	181,431,732	5,282,254	186,713,986	182,389,953	19,105,289	201,495,242	2,470,796	203,966,038	390,680,024	30,627,313	1901
1902	125,010,837	77,822,089	202,832,926	4,914,945	207,747,871	202,747,242	11,454,474	214,201,716	661,196	214,862,912	422,610,783	34,137,355	1902
1903	145,756,302	96,500,748	242,257,050	9,467,627	251,724,677	218,266,692	13,037,864	231,304,556	585,572	231,890,128	483,614,805	39,634,616	1903
1904	147,827,461	96,071,949	243,899,410	9,409,157	253,308,567	187,125,073	8,065,769	195,190,842	2,741,505	197,932,347	451,240,914	41,318,442	1904
1905	158,348,400	101,148,542	259,496,942	9,792,276	269,289,218	208,546,881	11,810,878	220,357,759	1,792,456	222,150,215	491,439,433	43,244,805	1905
1906	189,999,480	123,340,862	313,340,342	9,058,684	322,399,026	238,904,933	14,055,031	232,939,984	15,611,098	238,571,082	590,970,108	50,365,657	1906
1907	220,936,329	140,276,409	361,212,738	6,924,691	363,137,429	237,766,906	14,141,758	251,908,664	15,325,571	267,234,235	635,371,664	58,683,002	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of November, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	1,338,043	936,455	1,857,361	6,081,580	3,395,549	994,100	24,093	14,627,181	132,639	14,759,820	1898
1899.....	976,053	1,214,206	2,908,106	7,332,353	3,530,726	1,264,811	60,868	17,287,123	229,901	17,517,024	1899
1900.....	3,840,086	1,252,897	2,725,294	6,954,688	3,265,708	1,632,047	2,347	19,673,037	11,579	19,684,616	1900
1901.....	3,771,443	1,481,008	2,710,110	7,476,063	4,514,487	1,471,486	30	21,424,627	.....	21,424,627	1901
1902.....	2,250,806	1,102,050	3,089,386	6,300,347	6,146,570	1,488,168	3,822	20,390,149	.....	20,390,149	1902
1903.....	3,469,487	1,557,860	3,020,545	7,075,762	5,310,799	1,666,079	3,190	22,104,322	.....	22,104,322	1903
1904.....	2,131,921	1,912,044	2,952,903	6,346,790	3,471,290	1,606,497	5,471	18,426,886	.....	18,426,886	1904
1905.....	2,812,522	1,976,080	3,139,811	9,366,126	9,669,428	2,100,933	7,894	29,072,794	.....	29,072,794	1905
1906.....	3,929,879	1,326,755	3,995,589	7,183,325	7,711,819	2,237,721	8,875	26,393,965	.....	26,393,965	1906
1907.....	3,661,013	1,498,016	4,547,452	5,150,453	5,883,870	2,410,660	11,427	23,162,891	.....	23,162,891	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	31,585	175	11,840	85,886	2,967,685	83,043	81,762	3,261,976	19,410	3,281,386	1898
1899	27,241	6,385	8,538	71,663	1,444,413	272,158	28,985	1,959,383	75,015	1,934,398	1899
1900	23,867	1,367	14,399	24,708	1,761,302	202,107	17,108	2,044,858	45,718	2,090,576	1900
1901	38,960	3,805	821	59,789	1,359,662	216,136	28,534	1,707,707	1,016,085	2,723,792	1901
1902	10,130	497	11,635	41,219	1,731,465	197,151	28,064	2,020,161	33,878	2,054,039	1902
1903	23,611	.....	17,490	13,953	1,477,611	225,166	43,469	1,801,300	83,695	1,884,995	1903
1904	14,482	.....	877	14,425	417,663	246,567	26,314	723,646	29,100	752,746	1904
1905	7,446	.....	20,412	54,587	818,022	270,986	70,169	1,242,717	98,035	1,340,752	1905
1906	28,023	.....	100,288	55,263	690,810	221,276	66,856	1,163,855	1,548,758	2,712,613	1906
1907	18,814	.....	56	73,933	536,539	333,285	63,296	1,026,974	2,460,944	3,487,918	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,369,628	936,630	1,869,201	6,167,466	6,363,234	1,077,143	105,855	17,889,157	152,049	18,041,206	1898
1899	1,003,294	1,226,591	2,916,644	7,404,016	4,975,139	1,536,969	89,853	19,146,506	304,916	19,451,422	1899
1900	3,803,953	1,254,234	2,739,693	6,979,396	5,027,010	1,834,154	19,455	21,717,895	57,297	21,775,192	1900
1901	3,810,403	1,484,813	2,710,691	7,535,852	5,874,149	1,687,622	28,564	23,132,334	1,016,085	24,148,419	1901
1902	2,260,936	1,102,547	3,101,021	6,350,566	7,878,085	1,685,319	31,886	22,410,310	33,878	22,444,183	1902
1903	3,493,098	1,557,860	3,038,035	7,089,715	6,788,410	1,891,845	46,659	23,905,622	83,695	23,989,317	1903
1904	2,146,403	1,915,362	2,953,780	6,361,185	3,888,953	1,853,064	31,785	19,150,532	29,100	19,179,632	1904
1905	2,819,968	1,977,175	3,160,223	9,420,713	10,487,450	2,371,919	78,063	30,315,511	98,035	30,413,546	1905
1906	3,957,902	1,328,096	4,095,877	7,238,588	8,402,029	2,458,997	75,731	27,557,820	1,548,758	29,106,578	1906
1907	3,679,827	1,499,067	4,547,508	5,294,386	6,420,409	2,743,945	74,723	24,189,865	2,460,944	26,650,809	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—*Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *eight months* ending November, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	8,155,098	7,566,280	23,763,499	31,444,497	16,068,273	7,146,338	134,874	94,278,859	769,644	95,048,503	1898
1899	8,639,056	8,026,247	26,383,178	38,659,544	15,501,695	8,666,033	223,545	106,099,298	1,003,302	107,102,600	1899
1900	24,985,041	7,441,822	24,518,159	40,406,093	15,361,983	10,347,018	113,361	123,173,477	460,065	123,633,542	1900
1901	30,758,464	8,442,746	26,344,140	41,473,157	17,741,419	11,792,400	13,535	136,565,881	185,426	136,751,287	1901
1902	24,891,946	8,085,130	30,135,900	47,261,815	29,180,654	13,389,314	51,626	152,996,385	.....	152,996,385	1902
1903	25,001,667	7,732,133	29,102,666	51,006,713	30,244,885	14,257,146	24,214	157,369,424	.....	157,369,424	1903
1904	22,751,934	8,056,802	26,249,287	45,891,478	20,463,276	13,918,193	118,401	137,449,431	.....	137,449,431	1904
1905	24,307,651	9,970,556	28,038,865	51,986,070	28,254,472	15,183,681	51,825	157,793,120	.....	157,793,120	1905
1906	25,659,307	8,557,081	36,185,054	52,933,795	33,797,970	17,033,170	135,163	174,301,540	.....	174,301,540	1906
1907	27,374,812	8,700,372	35,807,093	41,753,300	40,450,312	18,288,938	53,852	172,433,679	.....	172,433,679	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	198,055	9,695	94,985	896,996	13,781,165	883,927	371,847	16,236,670	1,596,579	17,833,249	1898
1899	153,217	62,649	275,666	991,025	9,995,724	931,729	273,787	12,683,797	541,804	13,225,601	1899
1900	125,074	5,213	257,676	792,002	7,808,559	1,121,184	248,733	10,358,441	1,181,064	11,539,505	1900
1901	142,568	35,845	14,208	797,388	10,477,271	1,733,428	179,018	13,379,726	2,004,309	15,384,035	1901
1902	142,159	16,912	19,409	553,596	6,814,120	1,752,992	549,525	9,848,713	352,704	10,201,417	1902
1903	152,187	15,315	289,946	433,011	8,395,868	1,768,522	329,463	11,384,302	422,467	11,806,769	1903
1904	151,545	12,100	114,264	575,629	2,953,588	2,205,004	348,129	6,300,259	2,539,471	8,839,730	1904
1905	158,858	19,899	81,257	541,978	5,154,006	2,204,441	793,307	8,952,846	1,657,362	10,610,208	1905
1906	187,191	14,205	188,365	674,283	7,354,228	2,250,743	887,215	11,556,230	10,992,994	22,549,224	1906
1907	184,286	19,489	237,127	662,250	6,115,639	3,407,438	547,423	11,173,702	8,271,012	19,444,714	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	8,353,153	7,575,975	23,858,484	32,341,493	29,849,438	8,036,265	506,721	110,515,529	2,366,223	112,881,752	1898
1899	8,792,273	8,088,896	26,658,844	39,650,569	25,497,419	9,597,762	497,332	118,783,095	1,545,106	120,328,201	1899
1900	25,110,115	7,447,035	24,775,835	41,198,095	23,170,542	11,468,202	362,094	133,531,918	1,641,129	135,173,047	1900
1901	30,901,032	8,478,591	26,358,348	42,270,545	28,218,690	13,525,828	192,553	149,945,567	2,189,735	152,135,322	1901
1902	25,034,105	8,102,042	30,155,309	47,815,411	35,994,774	15,142,306	601,151	102,845,098	352,704	163,197,802	1902
1903	25,153,854	7,747,448	29,392,612	51,439,724	38,640,743	16,025,668	353,677	168,753,726	422,467	169,176,193	1903
1904	22,903,479	8,068,962	26,363,551	46,467,107	23,416,864	16,123,197	466,530	143,809,690	2,539,471	146,349,161	1904
1905	24,466,509	9,990,455	28,120,122	52,527,148	33,408,478	17,388,122	845,132	166,745,906	1,657,362	168,403,238	1905
1906	25,846,498	8,571,286	36,373,419	53,608,078	41,152,198	19,283,913	1,022,378	185,887,770	10,992,994	196,880,764	1906
1907	27,553,098	8,719,861	36,044,220	42,415,550	46,566,001	21,696,376	606,275	183,607,381	8,271,012	191,878,393	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of November, 1906 and 1907, and the *eight months* ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>British Empire.</i>										
Great Britain.....	8,428,452	15,536,447	7,991,409	11,162,372	45,174,249	92,116,212	55,532,317	101,569,327	68,217,943	92,801,518
Bermuda.....	..	39,861	..	36,849	..	248,268	..	223,764	..	229,605
British Africa.....	33,588	215,950	6,449	125,929	23,534	1,301,224	174,993	1,051,666	24,000	1,143,633
British Australasia:—										
Australia.....	26,112	292,724	10,979	326,912	97,928	1,312,991	117,949	1,438,197	246,901	1,965,570
New Zealand.....	1,602	55,798	695	116,310	214,382	365,071	147,750	536,150	180,714	705,767
British East Indies.....	393,014	1,911	306,943	3,673	1,849,052	18,321	2,549,981	14,178	2,772,468	15,976
" Guiana.....	874,238	48,179	21,347	37,968	1,941,797	300,136	2,256,925	340,122	860,693	361,786
" West Indies.....	384,584	222,628	1,015,990	216,514	4,103,315	1,382,347	4,466,344	1,593,712	5,828,277	1,479,727
Fiji.....	18,670	2,432	40,079	11,357	566,912	46,564	18,670	14,636	189,832	50,734
Hong Kong.....	11,595	..	19,964	44,536	80,502	54,990	114,492	..	161,578	66,670
Newfoundland.....	230,575	248,153	320,581	332,319	1,273,987	1,993,864	1,250,334	2,058,100	1,300,358	2,307,614
Other British Colonies.....	185	9,403	47	1,143	1,560	33,918	4,280	30,453	2,279	22,903
Totals.....	10,402,615	16,673,496	9,734,483	12,415,882	55,327,218	99,173,906	66,634,035	108,890,305	79,785,043	101,151,533
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>										
Argentina Republic.....	260,575	285,570	67,632	380,766	728,142	1,163,744	1,062,847	1,888,654	233,646	1,659,586
Austria-Hungary.....	192,004	..	102,169	25	511,340	5,081	759,173	1,997	999,388	4,749
Belgium.....	278,553	170,198	304,548	262,037	2,017,324	1,240,045	1,833,089	1,761,468	2,001,811	1,715,918
Brazil.....	53,406	94,603	67,619	54,563	247,543	377,296	245,218	435,147	232,619	444,040
Central American States.....	6,339	9,971	..	10,689	120,209	25,886	107,980	67,358	84,916	51,879
China.....	72,811	29,486	70,300	64,226	343,029	760,455	350,692	492,533	475,460	688,953
Chile.....	..	50,515	26,208	57,742	54,377	111,415	122,382	245,739	76,624	259,478
Cuba.....	81,439	205,007	57,964	190,692	264,484	773,033	399,078	768,097	314,308	853,561
Denmark.....	7,997	25,631	..	25,209	10,145	92,488	19,982	91,829	21,393	144,683

Dutch E. Indies.....	105,712	.....	84,593	1,000	664,552	451	412,938	480	516,727	1,000
France.....	750,724	172,465	717,058	77,041	4,644,087	1,458,436	5,516,143	1,539,444	6,744,597	1,474,781
French W. Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	80	20	9,366	330	7,061	.....	6,988
Germany.....	668,379	156,063	755,718	208,504	4,658,405	1,070,966	4,975,072	935,931	5,894,248	1,073,940
Greece.....	108,742	.....	133,537	.....	200,117	665	242,513	306	295,941	.....
Holland.....	220,188	44,727	143,556	189,172	720,763	231,977	902,350	681,542	1,086,202	486,247
Italy.....	51,550	78,191	55,378	75,492	308,309	140,186	411,979	247,976	350,440	265,463
Japan.....	215,541	40,674	210,632	51,623	1,200,181	217,698	1,321,786	317,734	1,517,069	305,149
Mexico.....	97,940	21,180	97,617	41,659	50,596	105,769	335,272	148,028	819,679	253,317
Norway and Sweden :—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norway.....	32,867	39,510	5,696	20,579	111,433	120,635	148,786	252,189	68,314	133,688
Sweden.....	16,473	27,767	33,192	7,480	197,419	5,198	29,484	99,386	140,032	76,408
Peru.....	53,115	33,968	.....	2,869	258,710	328,714	225,323	835,745	51,431	97,501
Porto Rico.....	39,740	97,505	15,637	48,492	82,009	75,482	128,790	133,779	103,415	336,738
Portugal.....	41,734	6,842	25,986	27,069	222,109	63,936	219,135	102,469	252,879	26,728
Russia.....	294,585	.....	339,281	951	616,773	33,520	642,019	13,261	819,336	130,802
Spain.....	163,106	.....	158,416	2,870	1,243,993	6,773	1,150,207	27,852	1,579,008	62,922
Switzerland.....	22,339,605	10,777,590	19,725,845	12,345,535	114,496,836	60,407,809	143,001,383	76,893,628	153,865,237	12,065
United States.....	165,078	70,616	166,234	83,502	362,011	402,378	534,484	470,823	956,870	79,655,364
Other Foreign Countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	608,912
Totals.....	26,318,203	12,433,082	23,364,866	14,234,927	134,334,966	69,229,422	165,098,465	87,960,459	179,710,141	90,726,860
Grand totals.....	36,720,818	29,106,578	33,099,349	26,650,809	189,602,184	168,403,398	231,732,500	196,850,764	259,495,184	191,878,393
	65,827,396	.....	59,750,158	.....	358,065,512	.....	428,583,264	.....	451,373,577	.....

Articles for use of the Dominion Gov- ernment, &c.	Great Britain.....	152,612				559,216		1,303,285		
	United States.....	65,952				645,061		449,189		
	Germany.....					41,132		39,868		
	Other countries.....	623				19,379		68,206		
	Totals.....	219,187				1,264,788		1,860,548		
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....									
	United States.....	48,113			/ 10,806	454		47		23,095
	Other countries.....				30,886	152,457		274,640		269,524
	Totals.....	48,113			270	850		146		6,554
Baking powder	Great Britain.....									
	United States.....									
	Other countries.....									
	Totals.....	48,113			41,962	153,761		274,833		290,173
Books, periodicals and other printed matter	Great Britain.....	19								
	United States.....	9,796								
	Other countries.....									
	Totals.....	9,815								
Breadstuffs :- Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....	44,212								
	United States.....	179,221								
	Other countries.....	8,175								
	Totals.....	231,608								
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....	18,489								
	United States.....	11,457								
	Other countries.....	32,208								
	Totals.....	62,154								
R'ice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....	2,158								
	United States.....	18,670								
	Other countries.....	72								
	Totals.....	20,900								
	Great Britain.....	16,732								
	United States.....	18,350								
	China.....	6,788								
	Japan.....	411								
	Other countries.....	19,733								
	Totals.....	62,730								

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn	Great Britain	21,085	1,545,306	92,588	1,323,638	554,511	4,643,156	415,588	4,608,542	457,524	6,424,483		
	United States					45	432		770				
	Other countries												
	Totals	21,085	1,545,306	92,588	1,323,638	554,556	4,643,588	415,588	4,609,312	457,524	6,424,483		
Wheat flour	Great Britain					178				10			
	United States	20,275		28,889		126,866		123,374		123,199			
	Other countries			4		14		11		38			
	Totals	20,275		28,887		127,058		123,385		123,247			
All other, N.E.S.	Great Britain	257		198		6,673	56	4,580	43	1,513			
	United States	39,249	88	82,462	44	363,422	631	231,068	321	240,448	134		
	Other countries	450		371		1,961		2,289	380	4,563			
	Totals	39,956	88	83,031	44	372,056	687	237,887	744	246,524	134		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs	Great Britain	37,636		39,455	21,191	197,598	56	198,715	43	242,477	122,509		
	United States	111,452	1,545,397	238,464	1,323,684	1,262,764	4,653,052	906,561	4,673,983	1,080,217	6,425,813		
	Other countries	78,012		29,660	14,904	339,946	432	433,252	1,150	234,253	362,919		
	Totals	227,100	1,545,397	307,579	1,359,779	1,800,308	4,653,540	1,678,528	4,673,176	1,556,947	6,911,361		
Bricks tiles, clays and mfrs. of	Great Britain	12,261	58,415	14,328	22,445	28,488	178,013	69,927	192,205	94,116	189,347		
	United States	37,904	71,058	20,312	53,880	315,251	389,276	291,938	446,121	276,910	494,618		
	Other countries	853		92	79	1,093	248	1,958		592	318		
	Totals	51,018	129,473	34,732	78,404	344,832	567,537	363,823	638,326	371,618	684,283		

Bristles.....	Great Britain...	6,400	.....	8,292	44,765	34,362	30,112
	United States...	2,499	.....	4,728	26,431	30,842	26,769
	Other countries...	3,861	.....	.....	5,435	18,742	23,569
	Totals.....	12,850	.....	13,020	77,131	83,946	80,450
Broom corn.....	Great Britain...	30,634	.....	42,486	129,119	136,097	161,647
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	30,634	.....	42,486	129,119	136,097	161,667
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain...	3,660	4,223	.....	22,677	24,704	33,835
	United States...	33,181	16,181	.....	92,121	126,718	115,822
	Other countries...	12,661	18,142	.....	90,707	81,446	111,861
	Totals.....	50,002	38,546	.....	205,505	232,928	261,518
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain...	4,256	4,182	171	299	36,353	42,838
	United States...	14,895	15,605	419	94,631	104,392	150,286
	Other countries...	6,344	9,192	38	67,205	59,167	87,646
	Totals.....	25,495	28,979	628	194,200	199,912	280,770
Candles.....	Great Britain...	1,470	1,368	.....	10,573	9,083	9,424
	United States...	7,269	4,746	.....	50,916	47,187	36,488
	Other countries...	128	23	.....	745	881	882
	Totals.....	8,867	6,137	.....	62,234	57,101	46,795
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain...	15,803	1,587	.....	179,942	214,534	21,504
	(Mats and rugs, included under	4,273	434	.....	17,491	21,086	8,420
	woollen carpets subsequent to	1,922	3,880	.....	24,259	44,130	32,562
	1906.)	21,998	5,901	.....	221,692	279,750	62,486
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain...	2,569	14,088	.....	27,106	110,874	169,758
	United States...	38,836	14,705	.....	272,401	437,237	538,841
	Other countries...	.....	1,041	.....	39,767	49,265	71,719
	Totals.....	41,405	29,834	.....	339,277	597,376	780,318

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	97	...	310	...	2,679	...	4,328	...	6,249	...	...	...
	United States...	770	...	828	...	33,010	...	23,971	...	24,066	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	867	...	1,138	...	35,689	...	28,289	...	30,315	...	...	...
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	4,776	...	2,805	...	5,827	...	28,809	...	6,495	...	...	...
	United States...	16,620	...	26,647	...	184,113	...	173,388	...	206,266	...	...	...
	Other countries..	4,096	...	...	...	52,734	...	31,009	...	55,695	...	...	...
	Totals	25,492	...	29,452	...	242,674	...	233,206	...	268,456	...	...	...
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain...	2,122	...	940	...	4,248	...	15,078	...	21,572	...	...	...
	United States...	86,263	...	66,770	...	819,129	...	954,113	...	1,136,094	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	1,004	...	35	...	63	...	2,037	...	...	...
	Totals	88,385	...	68,714	...	823,412	...	969,254	...	1,159,703	...	...	...
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain...	9,564	...	18,143	...	39,860	...	159,079	...	204,074	...	...	...
	United States...	142,489	...	108,950	...	1,308,656	...	1,588,709	...	1,905,267	...	...	...
	Other countries..	4,096	...	2,045	...	92,536	...	80,337	...	129,451	...	...	...
	Totals	156,149	...	129,138	...	1,441,052	...	1,828,125	...	2,238,792	...	...	...
Cement	Great Britain...	57,673	...	57,304	...	196,541	...	291,180	...	326,628	...	...	...
	United States...	33,709	...	33,800	...	701,737	...	355,134	...	370,284	...	...	...
	Belgium	7,249	...	7,386	...	58,181	...	43,203	...	47,955	...	...	...
	Other countries..	146	...	923	...	44,465	...	20,082	...	15,146	...	...	...
	Totals	98,777	...	79,413	...	1,000,924	...	709,599	...	760,011	...	...	...

Recapitulation.

locks.....	2,961	1,420	9,606	10,612	13,082
Great Britain.....	35,559	29,730	178,056	197,933	203,408
United States.....	4,569	2,726	27,397	32,670	38,981
Germany.....	490	2,046	13,467	11,650	12,837
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	43,509	35,922	228,726	252,885	268,308
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	12,677	1,771	37,142	63,590	9,083
Great Britain.....	1,320,884	1,226,760	5,895,366	6,640,942	10,150,044
United States.....		33	103	450	44,368
Other countries.....					5,719
Totals.....	1,333,561	1,228,564	5,932,611	6,704,962	10,203,493
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	37,569	32,023	164,025	196,559	190,910
Great Britain.....	20,306	42,512	166,096	176,657	238,755
United States.....	12,034	27,862	69,987	98,367	133,729
Other countries.....					24,116
Totals.....	69,909	102,397	400,108	471,583	553,658
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory.....	3,298	1,278	14,222	13,590	16,805
Great Britain.....	18,107	10,003	84,844	86,986	82,992
United States.....					229,305
Brazil.....	53,225	67,619	151,813	232,789	36,157
Venezuela.....	3,105	17,121	24,240	66,806	151,335
Other countries.....	36	349	2,743	12,356	3,584
Totals.....	21,441	11,630	101,809	112,932	483,825
Collars and cuffs.....	4,356	3,187	36,113	31,000	38,267
Great Britain.....	5,669	7,138	55,215	55,436	60,393
United States.....	3,152	4,233	11,113	23,376	26,329
Aust.-Hungary.....	1,085	2	26,037	18,379	2,681
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	14,262	14,560	131,478	128,191	127,670
Combs.....	9,833	7,499	46,309	64,841	73,917
Great Britain.....	14,666	9,791	56,224	79,778	78,393
United States.....	3,712	1,917	17,684	21,910	24,896
Germany.....	7,286	5,540	12,775	32,346	52,732
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	35,527	24,747	137,218	194,649	229,938
Cordeage, rope, twine and mfrs. of.....	14,972	16,961	120,886	111,266	164,879
Great Britain.....	8,955	5,712	97,365	90,871	89,220
United States.....	82	92	2,660	1,531	1,859
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	24,009	22,765	221,011	203,668	255,958
					1,514,767

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton...	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...		996,613		681,048		16,827		1,052		2,715,216		3,119
	Other countries...						2,882,701		3,504,022		11,139		
	Totals.....		996,613		681,048		2,913,533		3,505,074		2,729,474		
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain...	8,081		10,581		34,663		59,093		128,773			
	United States...	2,251		1,934		9,270		24,793		26,630			
	Switzerland...	38,996		26,300		121,732		228,138		364,331			
	Other countries...	2,358		4,781		12,646		29,537		39,717			
	Totals.....	51,686		43,596		178,311		341,561		559,451			
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain...	98,732		229,003		466,048		772,190		1,741,470			
	United States...	39,741		10,637		132,926		218,362		202,661			
	Other countries...	2,339		4,916		11,087		25,624		27,011			
	Totals.....	140,812		244,556		610,061		1,016,176		1,971,142			
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	181,578		195,093		1,416,680		1,708,875		2,135,767			
	United States...	27,890		16,242		332,068		234,702		260,537			
	Other countries...	6,368		4,960		50,548		94,479		69,515			
	Totals.....	215,836		216,295		1,799,296		2,038,056		2,465,819			
Lace, white and cream coloured.	Great Britain...			61,865						526,044			
	United States...			1,322						12,091			
	Other countries...			23,112						208,681			
	Totals.....			86,299						746,816			

Socks and stockings.	Great Britain.	6,575	16,137	75,719	88,284	180,476
	United States.	424	894	16,160	13,625	23,893
	Germany.	2,838	2,791	60,705	82,773	119,690
	Other countries.	5	13	1,032	1,248	1,149
	Totals.	9,842	19,835	153,184	187,862	325,208
Thread.	Great Britain.	46,469	76,740	342,129	413,803	638,887
	United States.	19,405	19,436	119,194	125,111	146,686
	Other countries.	200	1,763	15,653	9,380	8,102
	Totals.	66,074	97,939	476,976	548,294	793,675
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain.	20,202	13,015	263,127	289,021	337,731
	United States.	6,850	8,315	49,190	56,789	52,222
	Germany.	1,546	326	33,516	27,702	25,853
	Other countries.	1,170	912	8,496	18,922	22,142
	Totals.	29,768	17,568	354,329	392,434	437,948
Other cotton and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	124,804	170,145	713,018	260,182	1,613,049
	United States.	79,690	72,645	644,825	399,446	873,028
	Other countries.	16,195	26,583	102,388	16,144	170,301
	Totals.	220,689	269,373	1,460,231	675,772	2,656,378
Cotton and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	486,441	772,579	3,311,384	277,009	7,302,197
	United States.	176,251	126,425	1,303,633	3,282,147	1,597,748
	Other countries.	72,015	96,457	417,371	30,149	1,056,492
	Totals.	734,707	995,461	5,032,388	3,589,305	9,956,437
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.	Great Britain.	29,401	31,299	188,887	216,470	246,169
	United States.	6,240	6,919	42,753	50,205	43,701
	Switzerland.	3,332	3,098	40,222	32,356	65,250
	Other countries.	2,562	4,505	21,674	40,888	42,033
	Totals.	41,535	45,821	293,516	339,919	397,153
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.	145,630	105,767	509,251	665,418	611,567
	United States.	117,900	352,538	657,706	1,948,647	856,813
	Other countries.	68,567	51,779	357,415	338,528	442,257
	Totals.	332,097	261,548	1,524,372	2,013,358	1,910,637
	Totals.	674,157	666,746	3,084,018	3,979,338	4,830,600

Recapitulation.

Fancy articles, other	Germany	22,035	7,170	165,781	179,729	67,280
	Switzerland	2,394	1,186	21,054	42,060	18,084
	Other countries	2,150	413	36,695	14,946	13,829
	Totals	130,958	57,546	877,384	1,089,278	601,375
Recapitulation	Great Britain	38,131	33,256	225,109	256,057	373,962
	United States	49,447	42,758	249,451	286,083	280,083
	France	10,062	7,079	78,497	121,718	125,824
	Germany	40,605	51,154	213,441	299,686	414,453
Fancy articles	Other countries	10,526	9,328	60,551	65,918	107,513
	Totals	148,771	143,575	827,049	1,030,127	1,301,335
Fertilizers	Great Britain	127,203	71,891	804,733	1,027,162	845,927
	United States	62,958	57,301	395,183	406,782	406,371
	Other countries	108,187	86,836	797,500	964,858	957,988
	Totals	298,348	216,028	1,997,416	2,398,802	2,210,286
Fisheries, articles for the use of	Great Britain	186	57	4,098	6,460	6,421
	United States	18,832	14,819	76,540	106,911	173,786
	Other countries	.....	.....	2,651	5,757	630
	Totals	19,018	14,876	80,638	115,120	180,837
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	Great Britain	549	157	169,970	15,640	10,513
	United States	1,104	242	13,204	265,785	8,220
	Other countries	.....	.....	9	18,806	19,618
	Totals	1,653	399	23,688	454,561	505,491
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Damaak of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. P.	Great Britain	20,227	7,461	62,855	76,471	63,580
	United States	95,594	70,271	289,403	301,577	284,530
	Newfoundland	146,381	197,764	769,155	518,630	2,918
	Other countries	25,261	18,177	82,545	96,022	98,546
Fancy articles, other	Totals	141,082	146,381	434,803	474,070	446,656
	Great Britain	55,786	33,846	379,976	430,518	447,808
	United States	607	1,539	6,878	5,098	6,233
	Germany	260	627	7,506	11,943	5,233
Recapitulation	Other countries	12,252	6,587	40,523	70,030	83,563
	Totals	68,905	47,599	434,973	517,589	542,837

Flax, hemp and jute, other.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Total	71,231 6,777 16,544 94,552	49,535 8,469 58,004	70,811	22,130	20,646 1,484 84,190 682,660	551,340 47,130 31,475 212,705	181,232 31,475 161,930 830,975	610,300 58,745 41,432 336,892	295,460 759,999 61,320 1,000,963	275,699 23,184 13,976 312,869
<i>Recapitulation</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs of....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	236,014 9,815 104,565 350,384	167,635 27,352 108,866 303,853	139,110 11,597 82,362 233,069	108,911	1,436,848 76,130 260,803 1,773,781	1,436,848 76,130 260,803 1,773,781	987,038 286,578 153,535 1,427,196	1,773,780 86,309 666,969 2,527,058	1,896,726 99,893 910,062 2,906,681	1,144,750 170,171 225,350 1,540,271
Fruits:—											
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Greece..... Spain..... Other countries... Totals	8,335 408,049 45,913 93,888 184,360 160,639 901,184	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	20,684 213,975 13,357 131,058 276,238 190,213 844,625	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	33,665 684,200 69,186 182,652 361,925 157,965 1,489,683	33,665 684,200 69,186 182,652 361,925 157,965 1,489,683	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	28,597 915,200 124,121 217,940 318,294 282,448 1,904,627	87,039 714,388 124,121 285,616 494,799 324,722 2,030,685	...................................
Fruits, green.....	Great Britain... United States... Italy..... Other countries... Totals	37,338 182,143 18,166 28,711 266,358	..... 48,197 14,058 62,255	35,275 107,016 4,382 146,673	2,683 109,636 14,202 21,013 147,534	59,189 1,279,115 115,437 52,780 1,506,521	59,189 1,279,115 115,437 52,780 1,506,521	..... 1,090,969 189,296 36,909 1,127,878	89,830 1,602,831 189,296 66,753 1,948,710	46,645 945,618 15,250 1,007,513	130,400 2,649,492 250,439 78,827 3,109,158
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	45,350 9,651 10,285 65,285	..... 8 8	40,515 10,720 5,377 56,612	..... ..... ..... .....	102,434 40,493 33,961 176,888	102,434 40,493 33,961 176,888	620 10 630	161,069 48,597 44,818 254,484	715 123 121 959	210,603 65,462 1,817 1,870
Fruits.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	91,023 599,843 541,962 1,232,828	..... 48,205 14,058 62,263	96,474 330,811 620,625 1,047,910	2,683 109,636 35,215 147,534	195,288 2,003,898 973,906 3,173,092	195,288 2,003,898 973,906 3,173,092	620 1,090,979 36,909 1,128,508	279,496 2,506,628 1,251,697 4,107,821	715 1,354,421 106,298 1,461,434	130,400 2,649,545 331,083 3,111,028

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	24,504	28,091	41,080	37,397	412,523	307,679	375,304	231,054	470,978	184,891		
	United States...	30,377	73,297	17,370	145,723	218,826	756,403	179,621	729,334	182,840	816,781		
	Germany	20,959	11,749	20,918	82,228	191,673	382,077	172,331	268,967	224,042	339,907		
	Other countries.	24,979	39,717	30,822	12,915	197,152	288,396	192,571	196,117	171,151	142,238		
	Totals	100,819	152,854	110,390	278,263	1,020,174	1,734,555	919,727	1,425,472	1,049,011	1,503,727		
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	47,544	.....	37,138	.....	231,574	.....	339,980	.....	297,573	.....	
	United States...	4,450	.....	50,706	.....	22,257	.....	36,793	.....	14,980	.....	
	Belgium	68,405	.....	2,032	.....	270,490	.....	574,604	.....	440,076	.....	
	Other countries.	121	.....	.....	.....	3,881	.....	7,839	.....	9,607	.....	
	Totals	120,520	.....	90,874	.....	528,202	.....	950,216	.....	762,236	.....	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes.....	Great Britain...	26,089	.....	48,146	.....	109,068	.....	224,037	.....	224,112	.....	
	United States...	2,173	.....	42	.....	9,421	.....	9,108	.....	7,547	.....	
	Belgium	24,850	.....	29,333	.....	123,977	.....	161,281	.....	126,400	.....	
	Other countries.	6,416	.....	1,985	.....	23,257	.....	31,140	.....	54,948	.....	
	Totals	59,528	.....	79,506	.....	265,723	.....	425,566	.....	413,007	.....	
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	25,166	.....	27,333	.....	138,178	1,560	200,653	341	226,900	.....	
	United States...	79,964	.....	75,496	.....	338,457	77	491,845	.....	540,451	4,396		
	Germany	16,029	.....	16,866	.....	117,087	.....	94,100	.....	144,908	.....	
	Other countries.	38,563	1,591	51,645	.....	187,416	3,636	239,656	5,567	284,781	4,593		
	Totals	159,722	1,591	171,340	.....	836,138	5,173	1,026,254	5,908	1,197,040	8,989		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.....	Great Britain.....	98,799	112,617	478,820	1,560	764,670	341	748,585	.....
	United States.....	86,587	76,536	425,135	77	537,146	.....	562,978	4,396
	Other countries.....	154,384	152,567	726,108	3,577	1,108,620	5,567	1,060,720	4,593
	Totals.....	339,770	341,720	1,630,063	5,173	2,411,036	5,908	2,372,283	8,989
Gloves and mites, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	40,979	45,167	309,282	.....	404,516	.....	629,201	.....
	United States.....	10,919	15,657	91,496	.....	125,016	.....	137,074	.....
	France.....	29,333	17,858	173,481	.....	275,752	.....	216,158	.....
	Germany.....	19,370	7,651	80,293	.....	119,506	.....	281,670	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	Other countries.....	3,249	3,606	26,105	.....	73,762	.....	73,218	.....
	Totals.....	103,850	89,939	680,657	.....	998,552	.....	1,337,321	.....
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	10,807	6,316	35,644	.....	58,071	.....	48,042	.....
	United States.....	12,487	10,294	64,568	489	76,565	145	62,207	345
	Germany.....	9,294	3,939	37,203	.....	37,821	.....	19,785	.....
	Other countries.....	8,140	3,311	32,737	.....	39,887	.....	21,275	.....
Grease, all kinds.....	Totals.....	40,638	23,860	170,087	489	212,344	145	151,309	345
	Great Britain.....	104	6	472	185,612	300	145,384	1,025	119,280
	United States.....	4,716	2,572	25,573	411,297	32,057	274,954	43,905	783,533
	Other countries.....	2,231	2,118	14,723	3,904	15,083	32,992	19,107	624,845
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	Totals.....	7,051	4,696	40,768	600,813	47,440	453,240	64,037	1,597,658
	Great Britain.....	112	.....	569	4,301	473	19,463	512	7,100
	United States.....	7,774	17,048	29,102	204,193	62,798	317,904	80,660	544,703
	Other countries.....	16	24	76	11,318	83	5,529	116	6,031
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.....	Totals.....	7,902	17,072	29,747	219,812	63,354	342,896	81,288	557,834
	Great Britain.....	34,789	90,936	254,535	.....	336,406	.....	756,813	.....
	United States.....	26,364	11,375	184,030	.....	292,340	.....	257,649	.....
	Other countries.....	394	2,518	613	.....	2,152	.....	8,454	.....
	Totals.....	61,547	104,829	439,178	.....	560,898	.....	1,022,916	.....
	Great Britain.....	7,443	9,706	67,174	552	63,448	1,215	115,442	12,139
	United States.....	65,141	52,287	448,216	1,888,737	460,647	1,899,201	486,767	2,453,434
	Other countries.....	4,499	2,735	16,609	433	25,313	1,917	33,758	63,865
	Totals.....	77,083	64,728	531,999	1,859,722	549,408	1,902,333	635,967	2,529,438

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Free.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 674	\$ 6,852	\$ 3,031	\$ 4,690	\$ 8,126	\$ 12,487	\$ 9,435	\$ 26,275	\$ 17,311	\$ 32,191	\$	\$
	United States.....	1,214	4,653	2,184	9,043	12,355	37,119	10,013	53,664	15,151	84,323		
	Other countries.....	239	.....	487	499	824	3,429	2,646	14,706	5,720	4,228		
	Totals.....	2,127	11,505	5,702	14,223	21,305	53,035	22,094	96,645	38,182	121,042		
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	31,223	11,178	32,766	7,142	491,131	72,861	543,782	65,903	783,137	57,581		
	United States.....	47,127	26,331	26,744	10,795	705,579	117,455	675,846	140,567	590,347	131,461		
	Other countries.....	2,287	1,495	2,120	2,383	33,646	34,101	47,703	27,583	67,085	20,533		
	Totals.....	80,637	39,004	61,630	20,320	1,230,356	224,397	1,267,331	234,053	1,440,569	209,575		
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain.....	.....	172,989	.....	80,439	.....	1,313,552	.....	1,354,189	.....	737,785		
	United States.....	.....	134,394	.....	140,848	.....	972,029	.....	1,386,403	.....	973,245		
	Arg. Republic.....	.....	229,295	.....	66,891	.....	602,631	.....	1,017,060	.....	206,987		
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	198,295		
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	10,036	.....	1,731	.....	52,666	.....	130,940	.....	42,343		
	France.....	.....	60,039	.....	23,119	.....	247,878	.....	357,011	.....	395,188		
	Other countries.....	.....	156,397	.....	13,874	.....	571,115	.....	868,661	.....	742,964		
	Totals.....	.....	763,150	.....	325,902	.....	3,759,871	.....	5,114,264	.....	3,296,897		
Hops.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	18,401	.....	33,392	.....	30,119	.....	25,715	.....	
	United States.....	24,272	.....	15,924	.....	82,994	.....	42,061	.....	68,773	.....	
	Germany.....	18,639	.....	.....	.....	9,149	.....	.....	.....	2,277	.....	
	Other countries.....	6,587	.....	9,561	.....	14,938	.....	11,598	.....	18,463	.....	
	Totals.....	49,498	.....	43,886	.....	141,073	.....	87,128	.....	115,228	.....	

Ink.....	2,723	2,303	23,719	21,896	25,102
Great Britain.....	19,059	15,802	94,768	102,087	100,878
United States.....	58	2,117	5,527	6,242	4,039
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	21,840	20,222	124,014	130,175	130,019
Jewellery.....					
Great Britain.....	27,165	16,920	54,639	112,923	162,362
United States.....	116,531	83,774	410,171	545,982	548,471
Germany.....	7,371	9,185	45,659	77,948	84,922
Other countries.....	2,264	6,600	28,407	28,070	73,278
Totals.....	153,331	116,479	538,876	764,923	869,033
Junk, old and oakum.....					
Great Britain.....		5,950		21,878	39,215
United States.....		2,642	4,040	19,967	14,258
Other countries.....		74	2,255	1,713	1,033
Totals.....		8,666	6,295	43,558	54,506
Leather and mfrs. of—					
Leather, unmanufactured—					
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep					
skins, dressed, waxed or glazed,					
Great Britain.....	7,747	7,808	47,800	54,500	57,446
United States.....	37,415	22,177	182,269	187,624	135,916
France.....	386	3,698	31,356	9,282	27,793
Other countries.....	83	312	290	587	3,610
Totals.....	45,631	33,995	261,715	252,033	224,765
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed,					
coloured or uncoloured, import-					
ed by glove manufacturers for					
use in their own factories.....					
Great Britain.....	324	1,062	2,013	1,810	6,966
United States.....	50,896	41,486	211,596	295,495	345,411
Other countries.....	584	1,315	5,325	8,382	9,216
Totals.....	51,804	43,862	219,934	305,687	361,593
Sole leather, all kinds.....					
Great Britain.....	20,548	15,943	30,627	68,474	216,133
United States.....	484	57	35,478	30,410	6,079
France.....					
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	21,032	16,000	66,105	98,884	222,212
Upper leather including dongola,					
cordovan, kangaroo, alligator					
and chamois skins, or other					
upper leather, N.E.S., dressed,					
waxed or glazed.....					
Great Britain.....	5,870	269	23,237	44,008	27,986
United States.....	23,749	6,639	61,773	96,060	83,221
France.....	2,117		5,447	14,639	22
Other countries.....	561		1,296	2,570	15
Totals.....	32,297	6,908	91,753	157,227	111,244

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Free.	Dutiable.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain...	140,994	.....	14,396	.....	102,888	.....	303,528	.....	207,896	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	14,121	.....	23,592	.....	76,931	.....	98,382	.....	162,158	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	.....	.....	1,300	.....	5,127	.....	5,668	.....	13,407	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	155,115	.....	39,288	.....	184,946	.....	407,578	.....	383,461	.....	.....	.....
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes													
	Great Britain...	6,961	.....	8,773	.....	48,007	.....	70,005	.....	98,511	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	84,688	.....	92,117	.....	794,667	.....	918,960	.....	998,252	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	241	.....	40	.....	1,592	.....	1,037	.....	4,864	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	91,893	.....	100,930	.....	844,266	.....	990,002	.....	1,101,627	.....	.....	.....
Other leather, manufactured.													
	Great Britain...	8,811	.....	4,415	.....	54,884	.....	60,800	.....	73,217	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	35,986	.....	30,906	.....	173,574	.....	237,167	.....	265,873	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	115	.....	940	.....	3,724	.....	5,352	.....	3,584	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	44,906	.....	35,861	.....	232,182	.....	303,519	.....	342,674	.....	.....	.....
Recapitulation. Leather and manufactures of.....													
	Great Britain...	191,255	.....	52,666	.....	309,456	.....	603,215	.....	688,155	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	247,333	.....	216,573	.....	1,536,288	.....	1,864,098	.....	1,996,910	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	4,090	.....	7,605	.....	55,157	.....	47,767	.....	62,511	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	442,678	.....	276,844	.....	1,900,901	.....	2,515,080	.....	2,747,576	.....	.....	.....
Marble and mfrs. of.....													
	Great Britain...	764	.....	76	.....	2,046	.....	4,993	.....	5,738	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	14,453	.....	12,439	.....	95,504	.....	136,655	.....	148,030	.....	.....	.....
	Italy	5,317	.....	.....	.....	26,147	.....	24,149	.....	28,574	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	81	.....	758	.....	3,267	.....	1,673	.....	3,681	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	20,615	.....	13,273	.....	126,904	.....	167,470	.....	186,023	.....	.....	.....

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	12,586	27,886	19,305	9,642	68,455	78,648	96,780	139,197	169,905	180,040
	United States.....	73,437	145,505	81,643	35,897	434,763	449,377	562,826	796,704	894,239	446,993
	Other countries..	9,310	1,441	4,797	3,269	29,458	4,208	34,779	21,084	46,843	39,194
	Totals.....	97,333	174,832	105,745	48,808	532,676	582,233	694,385	956,985	1,110,987	666,247
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	782	208	1,499	5,671	4,272	29,549	6,472	27,964	8,455	216,958
	United States.....	13,741	290,838	7,013	210,748	81,950	1,564,552	98,730	2,496,896	73,789	2,846,014
	Other countries..	509	171	144	946	1,652	2,741	2,892	10,831	5,166	2,821
	Totals.....	15,032	291,217	8,656	217,415	87,874	1,596,842	108,094	2,585,691	87,410	2,865,793
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	23,804	.....	25,719	.....	101,258	.....	183,841	.....	179,519	.....
	United States.....	54,646	129	40,526	.....	218,743	291	211,974	270	207,321	.....
	Other countries..	4,042	.....	4,579	.....	47,739	.....	56,622	.....	46,819	.....
	Totals.....	82,492	129	70,824	.....	367,740	291	452,437	270	433,659	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....	3,928	.....	1,489	.....	17,576	.....	33,748	.....	25,921	.....
Agricultural implements.....	United States.....	205,027	.....	91,388	.....	815,233	.....	1,655,121	.....	1,289,496	.....
	Other countries..	17	.....	89	.....	769	.....	373	.....	1,632	.....
	Totals.....	208,972	.....	92,966	.....	833,578	.....	1,689,242	.....	1,317,649	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether	Great Britain.....	248,135	.....	70,333	.....	329,287	.....	774,093	.....	641,556	.....
in coils, bundles, rods or bars	United States.....	171,487	.....	193,133	.....	455,846	.....	1,042,935	.....	1,434,500	.....
comprising rounds, ovals, &c...	Other countries..	3,272	.....	8,379	.....	24,000	.....	28,115	.....	26,513	.....
	Totals.....	422,894	.....	271,865	.....	809,133	.....	1,845,143	.....	2,102,569	.....
Chains.....	Great Britain.....	18,033	.....	34,803	.....	46,174	.....	71,475	.....	164,417	550
	United States.....	23,609	.....	14,148	23,230	107,371	.....	163,891	.....	102,458	134,906
	Other countries..	491	.....	995	.....	2,847	.....	2,883	.....	3,758	.....
	Totals.....	42,133	.....	49,946	23,230	156,392	.....	238,249	.....	270,633	135,456
Cream separators and steel bowls	Great Britain.....	.....	21,317	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37,630
or.....	United States.....	.....	77,552	.....	3,392	.....	100,133	.....	114,610	.....	244,341
	Other countries..	.....	7,039	.....	2,174	.....	263,764	.....	316,350	.....	16,040
	Totals.....	.....	105,908	.....	5,566	.....	369,278	.....	444,291	.....	298,011

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain...	266,130	302,003	334,578	933,541	1,988,567
	United States...	131,758	161,750	343,990	931,160	1,440,760
	Other countries...	627	14,339	4,928	1,771	34,613
	Totals.....	398,515	478,092	683,496	1,866,472	3,463,960
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	8,884	33,549	802	10,457	92,843
	United States...	53,183	38,707	510,708	369,750	477,668
	Other countries...		126	6,000		126
	Totals.....	62,067	72,382	517,510	380,207	570,637
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.....	Great Britain...	21,485	23,406	176,122	173,865	280,555
	United States...	24,456	36,585	376,238	141,439	213,358
	Other countries...	50,954		66,431	119,999	19,872
	Totals.....	96,895	59,031	618,791	435,303	518,785
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.....	Great Britain...					
	United States...					
	Other countries...					
	Totals.....					
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plate, &c.....	Great Britain...	294,792	518	1,537,973	1,599,954	14,532
	United States...	136,527	67,609	573,706	802,630	1,046,566
	Other countries...	2,951	11,481	20,963	18,746	38,635
	Totals.....	434,280	79,608	2,132,702	2,421,330	1,099,753
Machinery and machines.....	Great Britain...	49,473	89,436	270,153	325,458	609,092
	United States...	863,278	812,122	4,523,040	6,513,349	8,466,203
	Other countries...	8,596	19,667	81,366	98,057	125,864
	Totals.....	921,347	921,225	5,674,559	1,397,459	9,201,159
Nails	Great Britain...	633	133	2,367	6,550	4,646
	United States...	3,297	6,530	84,803	78,606	78,084
	Other countries...	33			54	
	Totals.....	3,943	6,663	87,170	85,210	82,730

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	51,802				148,511	298,479	6,844	306,791
	United States...	76,094	38,559	29,764		350,023	405,111	358,143	
	Other countries...	5,065	662			6,406	9,657	19,674	
	Totals	132,961	39,221	29,764		504,940	713,247	334,661	306,791
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	1,347	1,866			1,879	2,833	2,450	
	United States...	41,715	47,772			367,466	395,213	290,476	
	Other countries...					286	173	1,943	
	Totals	43,062	49,638			369,631	398,219	294,269	
Steel rails	Great Britain...	12,617	4,983			794,840	229,202	73,802	
	United States...	13,956	394,303			324,365	1,798,232	1,093,537	
	Other countries...	2,676				4,983	12,464	6,351	
	Totals	29,249	399,286			1,124,188	2,039,888	1,179,690	
Tools and implements	Great Britain...	8,301	6,694			49,717	73,394	85,349	
	United States...	155,422	89,944			799,577	1,051,747	944,489	
	Other countries...	5,345	4,766			34,647	42,780	45,232	
	Totals	169,068	101,404			883,841	1,167,921	1,075,070	
Tubing	Great Britain...	28,880	28,977			117,850	92,239	66,252	171,446
	United States...	148,259	82,762			730,697	840,937	141,661	433,380
	Other countries...	7,258				17,874	21,132	631,244	46,969
	Totals	184,397	111,729			866,121	954,308	742,424	651,795
Wire	Great Britain...	30,102	45,941			171,134	215,040	455,514	302,751
	United States...	82,183	39,818			407,228	512,277	1,101,809	1,088,170
	Other countries...	3,526	10,500			19,183	56,026	73,803	81,824
	Totals	115,811	96,259			597,545	783,343	1,029,222	1,472,745
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	330,857	326,827			1,214,705	1,615,558	233,766	343,202
	United States...	780,587	602,633			3,950,356	676,965	973,958	1,298,221
	Other countries...	111,127	25,499			244,338	84,623	147,548	208,567
	Totals	1,228,571	963,076			5,409,399	7,435,766	1,355,272	1,849,990

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Free.		Dutiable.	Free.		Dutiable.	Free.		Dutiable.	Free.		Dutiable.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
	<i>Recapitulation.</i>												
	Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	1,738,782	80,409	1,283,919	410,110	6,154,565	575,222	8,148,406	579,502	8,393,292	3,575,032		
	United States.....	3,684,502	572,924	3,428,477	615,676	18,197,546	3,326,453	26,671,734	4,159,816	29,987,229	4,933,046		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Other countries.....	317,727	50,383	216,438	87,765	902,447	181,012	1,249,181	261,379	1,191,384	370,106		
	Totals.....	5,735,011	703,716	4,928,884	1,113,551	25,254,558	4,082,687	36,069,321	5,000,697	39,571,905	8,878,184		
	Great Britain.....	77,627	11,707	36,333	13,482	215,192	51,636	305,205	55,082	312,242	87,621		
	United States.....	3,888	1,029	5,727	1,805	28,209	25,343	34,202	22,807	41,640	15,458		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Other countries.....	4,534	191	6,309	1,088	22,759	1,289	25,982	3,947	38,829	3,154		
	Totals.....	86,049	12,927	48,369	16,375	266,160	78,268	365,449	81,836	392,711	106,233		
	Great Britain.....	2,409	353,362	2,805	223,042	22,881	1,310,188	25,578	1,434,564	31,466	1,710,433		
	United States.....	20,718	67,217	13,527	94,133	121,398	791,440	211,815	1,047,510	154,577	1,047,000		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Other countries.....	958	3,998	638	472	7,832	147,930	8,329	185,822	5,977	156,917		
	Totals.....	24,085	424,577	16,970	317,647	152,111	2,249,558	245,722	2,667,896	192,020	2,914,830		
	Great Britain.....	24,107	42	27,635	431	76,681		300	112,302	1,087	184,693		
	United States.....	1,379	28,765	1,373	6,498	7,318	108,963	8,337	134,635	11,856	45,325		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Belgium.....		13,031		23,418		61,237		60,246		133,285		
	Germany.....		7,032		2,825	36	22,790	39	63,081		20,597		
	Other countries.....		2,738	1	19,640	468	9,991	267	2,966	718	28,870		
	Totals.....	1,379	75,673	1,416	80,016	8,253	279,662	8,943	393,249	13,661	412,770		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	28,264	37,107	53,986	8,443	145,238	102,954	182,874	171,877	261,492	97,215		
	United States.....	191,313	211,974	210,488	320,863	899,263	1,655,435	1,100,685	2,195,196	1,401,317	2,476,776		
	Other countries.....	7,456	90,211	12,440	115,233	66,398	424,166	74,396	711,148	143,019	561,315		
	Totals.....	222,033	339,292	276,914	444,539	1,111,899	2,182,555	1,337,955	3,078,221	1,805,828	3,135,306		

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	1,879,254	534,786	1,423,618	698,025	6,713,292	2,214,878	8,949,456	2,529,488	9,357,458	6,052,512
	United States	4,045,624	1,318,381	3,788,774	1,285,620	19,988,190	7,921,854	28,900,363	10,873,854	32,771,908	11,316,612
	Other countries..	338,536	169,196	245,346	294,709	1,078,789	855,364	1,452,487	1,320,503	1,478,755	1,316,259
	Totals	6,263,414	2,022,363	5,457,728	2,238,351	27,781,271	10,992,096	39,302,396	14,714,845	43,608,181	18,679,383
Mineral water	Great Britain	1,628	.....	1,833	.....	16,190	.....	9,994	.....	14,020	85
	United States	15,630	.....	5,359	39	57,592	507	71,941	1,055	56,638	378
	France	4,712	.....	16,430	.....	48,337	.....	50,815	.....	70,221	.....
	Germany	21,128	.....	14,974	.....	13,421	.....	40,369	.....	36,533	.....
	Other countries..	1,407	.....	3,315	.....	11,731	.....	8,817	1	10,423	5
	Totals	44,505	83	41,911	39	147,231	507	181,936	1,036	187,835	468
Musical instruments	Great Britain	1,841	1,718	4,508	.....	15,456	4,449	18,871	5,088	38,522	9,890
	United States	52,736	2,340	72,047	.....	242,553	23,701	301,221	17,991	534,026	24,717
	Germany	18,093	557	14,737	.....	50,685	14,650	61,786	14,311	59,006	13,136
	Other countries..	2,433	.....	2,187	.....	22,270	76	23,488	.....	29,639	.....
	Totals	75,123	4,615	93,479	.....	320,964	42,876	405,366	37,390	661,193	47,743
Mustard	Great Britain	18,084	.....	14,514	.....	73,970	.....	75,574	.....	81,463	.....
	United States	2,576	.....	3,750	.....	20,302	.....	18,746	.....	22,066	.....
	Other countries..	150	.....	180	.....	476	.....	627	.....	475	.....
	Totals	20,810	.....	18,444	.....	94,748	.....	94,947	.....	104,004	.....
Oils :—	Great Britain	590	.....	1,198	32	2,801	3,360	2,473	7,332	2,366	8,233
Mineral oils	United States	141,176	55,859	72,492	135,763	598,761	546,095	658,649	529,033	414,248	997,007
	Other countries..	11	.....	.....	.....	370	545	23	.....	9	550
	Totals	141,777	55,859	73,690	135,795	601,935	550,000	661,145	536,365	416,623	1,005,790
Fish oils	Great Britain	617	.....	619	.....	1,683	.....	1,551	.....	2,249	.....
	United States	1,645	.....	2,130	.....	12,891	.....	11,205	.....	12,581	.....
	Newfoundland..	.....	9,948	.....	6,619	.....	54,506	.....	54,186	.....	48,457
	Other countries..	912	.....	506	.....	8,622	.....	5,760	.....	5,885	.....
	Totals	3,174	9,948	3,255	6,619	23,196	54,506	18,516	54,186	20,665	48,457
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Great Britain .....	.....	21,396	.....	13,442	.....	58,084	.....	59,977	.....	62,741
Cocoa nut and palm in their natural state	United States .....	.....	7,155	.....	1,461	.....	37,695	.....	37,555	.....	32,182
	Other countries..	.....	746	.....	1,142	.....	8,070	.....	16,216	.....	14,340
	Totals .....	.....	29,297	.....	16,045	.....	103,849	.....	113,748	.....	* 109,263

Oilcloth	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	68,826 27,332 113	42,092 15,843 497	335,109 107,566 987	504,086 160,582 781	572,286 160,931 2,849
Totals		96,271	58,432	443,612	674,429	736,066
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	2,506 22,838 4,508	1,644 5,205 1,995	1,832 12,090 4,519	23,810 26,411 33,886	7,605 24,700 10,157
Totals		29,852	8,844	18,441	274,023	42,462
Packages	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	70,484 210,914 62,720	104,128 192,013 58,787	281,147 1,129,467 256,857	347,481 1,309,112 277,054	775,956 1,444,439 377,560
Totals		344,118	349,928	1,667,471	1,933,647	2,507,955
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	20,042 46,012 18,491	82,669 26,150 32,597	15,288 4,056 1,928	69,131 203,537 62,882	244,037 64,280 69,042
Totals		84,545	141,416	21,272	724,981	377,359
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	Great Britain... United States... Germany . . . Other countries..	65,752 11,215 5,148 4,138	36,455 11,847 18,242 4,161	13,164 176,980 159,102 68,351	327,114 85,733 31,365 38,961	396,708 67,637 47,285 41,699
Totals		86,253	70,705	567,394	483,173	553,279
Other paints and colours	Great Britain... United States... Germany . . . Other countries..	15,111 39,771 2,289 3,674	12,544 21,121 3,332 3,440	18,840 11,534 9,123 903	83,543 248,588 24,134 15,542	88,543 74,927 91,375 22,323
Totals		60,845	43,978	371,807	468,272	197,850
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	382 11,713 883	412 15,804 1,312	7,573 99,744 4,713	13,245 85,087 6,878	13,294 79,595 7,305
Totals		12,978	17,528	112,030	105,210	100,194

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 23,685		\$ 18,094		\$ 117,032		\$ 123,788		\$ 158,172		\$ 158,172	
	United States.....	33,234		17,577		222,337		255,198		213,336		213,336	
	Other countries.....	957				2,534		6,314		1,569		1,569	
	Totals.....	57,876		35,671		341,923		385,300		373,077		373,077	
Paper, other.....	Great Britain.....	71,755	22	69,691	146	312,897	80	368,683	54	529,525	598	529,525	598
	United States.....	208,571	3,143	230,677	2,937	1,174,217	6,668	1,380,682	22,337	1,685,349	29,640	1,685,349	29,640
	Other countries.....	36,163		34,369	858	137,681	1,921	168,121	7,942	235,485	5,102	235,485	5,102
	Totals.....	316,489	3,165	334,737	3,941	1,624,795	8,669	1,917,486	30,533	2,450,359	35,340	2,450,359	35,340
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	95,822	22	88,197	146	437,472	80	505,716	54	700,991	598	700,991	598
	United States.....	253,518	3,143	264,038	2,937	1,496,318	6,668	1,720,967	22,337	1,978,280	29,640	1,978,280	29,640
	Other countries.....	38,003		35,681	858	144,928	1,921	181,313	7,942	244,359	5,102	244,359	5,102
	Totals.....	387,343	3,165	387,936	3,941	2,078,718	8,669	2,407,996	30,533	2,923,630	35,340	2,923,630	35,340
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise.....	Great Britain.....	1,494		3,752		18,009		24,243		32,456		32,456	
	United States.....	12,792		8,209		63,818		75,153		87,826		87,826	
	Germany.....	1,404		1,123		27,793		28,341		24,756		24,756	
	Other countries.....	945		96		374		1,428		1,772		1,772	
	Totals.....	16,695		13,190		109,994		129,160		146,810		146,810	

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds	Great Britain	4,085	2,512	30,276	25,380	36,211
	United States	25,684	26,584	87,633	109,492	138,908
	Other countries	15	482	2,922	2,155	4,148
	Totals	29,723	29,578	120,831	137,036	179,267
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain	4,790	5,005	21,372	22,823	21,321
	United States	19,151	19,258	70,565	106,429	123,349
	France	16,246	19,550	65,432	70,662	88,112
	Other countries	1,301	1,024	4,276	8,095	11,197
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Totals	41,488	44,837	161,665	207,939	249,979
	Great Britain	52,474	46,788	188,696	225,112	265,329
	United States	9,220	18,786	83,861	89,571	95,613
	Other countries	2,874	2,544	16,026	19,318	30,992
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Totals	64,568	68,118	288,583	334,001	391,934
	Great Britain	3,141	79	33,694	21,415	486,407
	United States	3,630	5,659	17,970	28,518	102,951
	France	3,727	2,940	14,235	131,031	122,714
Provisions:—	Holland	52,630	8,925	180,959	218,694	238,421
	Other countries	1,327	1,494	7,542	7,892	676
	Totals	11,825	10,172	73,441	985,868	30,924
	Great Britain	88,876	30,103	12,212	18,042	58,385
Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	United States	7,997	162,695	392,667	2,220	54,233
	Other countries	343	4,259	30,596	607,286	60,024
	Totals	99,578	197,057	435,475	3,092	676
	Great Britain	261	132	626	659,062	30,924
Meats:—	Bacon and hams	69,765	78,026	439,818	738,343	949,058
	Other countries	3	28	148	457	84
	Totals	70,029	78,186	440,592	739,241	606,515
	Great Britain	88,794	80,311	4,980	5,158	4,487
Pork, barrelled in brine	United States	86	47,834	47,834	582,810	601,944
	Other countries	86	86	86	86	84
	Totals	88,880	80,311	452,804	588,054	452,605
	Great Britain	88,880	80,311	452,804	588,054	452,605

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

		MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
ARTICLES IMPORTED.		Countries.		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Other meats, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	11,000		2,194		16,695		29,146		41,484		304,925	
	United States...	63,593		40,470		336,050		465,650		43,629		390,038	
	Other countries...	18,675		7,775		9,333		25,520					
	Totals	93,268		50,439		362,078							
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	13,966		32,429		34,513		52,787		99,525			
	United States...	311,028		361,502		1,616,359		2,394,089		2,221,842			
	Other countries...	26,761		12,062		40,077		59,797		76,849			
	Totals	351,755		405,993		1,690,949		2,506,673		2,398,216			
Rags.	Great Britain...		12,148		30,165		77,000		104,859		209,858		
	United States...		22,332		36,136		119,894		162,514		348,279		
	Germany...		7,994		3,275		21,837		36,568		33,119		
	Other countries...		803		767		5,687		7,575		5,681		
	Totals		43,277		70,343		224,418		311,516		596,937		
Rennet.	Great Britain...		56		34		147		341		871		
	United States...		168		22		33,983		27,006		27,827		
	Other countries...						13,245		18,319		25,366		
	Totals		224		56		47,375		45,669		54,064		
Resin or rosin.	Great Britain...		10				2,256		7,509		488		
	United States...		53,378		58,081		244,870		276,131		350,004		
	Other countries...						67						
	Totals		53,888		58,081		247,193		283,640		350,492		

Ribbons	Great Britain.....	31,608	28,936	282,506	325,503	429,358
	United States....	14,830	16,938	42,843	70,661	79,666
	France	11,038	18,861	120,005	191,513	306,496
	Switzerland....	21,631	24,731	120,477	183,387	262,864
	Other countries..	3,248	1,906	118,975	32,639	45,242
	Totals	82,355	85,372	684,806	803,763	1,123,026
Salt	Great Britain.....					
	United States....	6,413	5,805	101	62	255,021
	Other countries..		101	47,316	60,150	73,901
					44	146
	Totals	6,413	5,906	47,417	60,256	74,836
Seeds and bulbous roots	Great Britain.....					
	United States....	49	5,837	19,857	5,315	37,209
	Other countries..	34,611	92,064	223,467	167,655	705,186
		2,242	824	5,848	10,647	5,460
	Totals	36,902	98,715	249,172	183,617	747,855
Settlers' effects	Great Britain.....					
	United States....					
	Other countries..					
	Totals					
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing	Great Britain.....					
	United States....					
	Japan					
	Other countries..					
	Totals					
Fabrics	Great Britain.....					
	United States....					
	France					
	Germany					
	Totals					

Soap.....	7,907	249	7,010	271	31,014	341	39,504	490	44,355	128
Great Britain.....	47,496		34,577	566	248,435	657	248,416	791	324,431	637
United States.....	22,339		13,042		51,186		78,650		72,839	
Other countries.....	662		1,511		4,080		4,766		6,142	
Totals.....	78,434	240	56,140	637	334,715	998	441,336	1,281	447,767	1,065
Spices.....	10,745		7,221		89,780		110,761		103,935	
Great Britain.....	8,608		7,024		44,108		47,604		50,199	
United States.....	5,460		3,554		29,803		53,897		37,646	
B. E. Indies.....	2,469		1,937		22,792		16,915		22,612	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	27,282		19,756		186,483		228,677		214,392	
Spirits and wines—										
Shirts										
Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy.....	2,961		1,237		17,139		17,528		11,169	
Great Britain.....	115		146		1,080		802		4,441	
United States.....	87,966		74,030		349,632		428,227		443,995	
France.....	63		130		647		817		655	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	91,105		75,543		368,498		444,374		460,260	
Gin of all kinds.....	13,427		10,468		59,681		76,312		90,118	
Great Britain.....	87				168		160		735	
United States.....	45,671		39,041		177,482		203,576		245,064	
Holland.....	2		4		184		45		36	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	59,187		49,513		237,515		280,093		345,943	
Whisky.....	141,957		114,830		549,635		716,207		781,824	
Great Britain.....	710		298		7,577		6,864		4,231	
United States.....	151		22		651		638		455	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	142,818		115,150		557,863		723,709		786,510	
Spirits, other.....	6,649		5,443		22,104		27,919		30,411	
Great Britain.....	1,697		798		49,654		9,123		7,714	
United States.....	23,105		15,812		81,689		102,989		112,002	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	30,851		22,053		153,447		140,031		150,127	
Wines, non-sparkling.....	4,473		4,361		17,306		26,551		23,631	
Great Britain.....	2,386		2,249		13,834		14,484		12,097	
United States.....	16,603		13,765		81,550		92,366		93,470	
France.....	26,317		21,334		92,611		106,636		110,392	
Spain.....	17,018		13,728		74,465		76,686		82,714	
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	66,797		55,437		279,766		316,733		322,304	

Molasses.....	Great Britain.....	327	1,405	2,171	1,447	5,513
	United States.....	12,633	7,751	47,576	49,695	27,120
	B. W. Indies.....	1,130	477	4,307	4,312	2,542
	Porto Rico.....	9,601	11,886	670,242	754,567	875,425
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	Other countries.....	53,115	26	236,871	224,095	6,272
	Totals.....	73,650	9,182	310,177	758,879	880,736
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	42,124	69,728	117,360	157,352	226,928
	United States.....	25,818	20,436	108,524	119,212	126,481
	Other countries.....	5,029	4,205	14,718	14,068	16,029
	Totals.....	72,971	94,369	240,602	290,632	369,438
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	Great Britain.....	156,963	112,460	818,035	838,528	981,517
	United States.....	38,583	28,308	169,784	178,693	157,142
	Other countries.....	1,461,430	1,172,341	7,495,710	6,504,936	6,899,707
	Totals.....	1,656,976	1,313,109	8,483,529	7,522,157	8,038,366
Tea.....	Great Britain.....	3	6	1,432	403	16
	United States.....	1,154	905	21,713	19,655	15,074
	B. E. Indies.....	178,204	185,512	970,891	1,099,722	1,210,301
	China.....	17,204	32,583	101,204	104,097	103,302
Tobacco and mfrs. of.....	Japan.....	80,536	130,496	467,084	416,727	471,750
	Other countries.....	74	7	3,180	74	7
	Totals.....	1,231	918	23,451	20,222	15,097
	Totals.....	406,966	510,974	2,198,779	2,381,101	2,690,388
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.....	Great Britain.....	14,611	16,014	96,726	108,630	139,567
	United States.....	25,570	16,119	114,059	152,005	179,704
	Cuba.....	55,307	44,438	1,789,898	1,926,901	2,041,063
	Other countries.....	10,015	3,385	245,864	318,942	253,572
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.....	Totals.....	105,503	79,956	30,810	39,579	39,132
	Totals.....	318,285	198,903	487,459	619,156	611,975
	Totals.....	28,416	26,752	171,857	199,609	220,467
	United States.....	4,019	7,241	25,657	28,785	39,842
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c.....	Aust.-Hungary.....	11,177	14,415	35,417	39,044	82,503
	France.....	3,294	21,962	65,149	43,386	98,450
	Other countries.....	824	2,321	24,504	12,929	20,674
	Totals.....	47,730	72,691	322,584	323,753	461,936

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Turpentine, spirits of....	Great Britain....											\$	3,235
	United States....	40,824			40,260	3,800		2,231					453,819
	Other countries....					337,810		435,792					623
	Totals.....	40,824			40,260	341,610		437,993					457,677
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.....	Great Britain....	2,361		5,599		20,996		28,257		44,286			
	United States....	278		294		5,577		6,416		14,165			
	Other countries....	128		93		559		1,222		4,790			
	Totals.....	2,767		5,986		27,532		35,895		63,241			
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c....	Great Britain....	5,334		1,761		37,960	307	34,908	111	27,343			
	United States....	10,154	39	11,470		74,927	115	74,622	325	75,382			
	Other countries....	107				357		338		201			
	Totals.....	15,595	39	13,231		113,244	422	109,958	436	102,926			
Vegetables.....	Great Britain....	4,121		10,794		59,576		53,939		89,125			
	United States....	35,477		35,495		673,647		538,917		722,284			
	Other countries....	16,889		18,765		85,431		98,149		110,362			
	Totals.....	56,487		65,054		818,654		706,005		921,771			

Watches.....	2,879	1,546	20,900	18,866	16,993
Great Britain...	87,218	74,739	467,986	510,502	563,609
United States...	4,365	341	26,897	17,979	3,501
France...	25,740	17,950	111,432	107,456	146,490
Switzerland...	4,921	3,892	12,212	26,227	35,518
Other countries...					
Totals	125,083	98,468	639,427	681,030	766,111
Wood and mfrs. of—					
Furniture.....	7,190	4,539	38,254	37,055	43,077
Great Britain...	77,636	66,241	479,221	487,413	537,078
United States...	3,468	2,661	30,339	26,483	23,069
Other countries...					
Totals	90,294	73,441	542,814	550,951	603,224
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....					
Great Britain...					
United States...	50,511			732,888	599,319
Other countries...				837	4,738
Totals					424,489
					6,748
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....					
Great Britain...					
United States...	16,069	7,218	1,348	291	54
Other countries...			128,860	91,224	81,508
Totals	16,069	7,218	130,208	3,723,005	6,309,336
					9,984
Other wood and mfrs. of, N.E.S.....					
Great Britain...	9,169	5,232	45,606	53,456	87,351
United States...	178,334	159,641	990,453	1,143,667	1,420,851
Other countries...	26,038	20,787	108,354	136,095	134,693
Totals	213,541	189,660	1,144,413	1,833,218	1,642,895
					974,429
Recapitulation.					
Wood and mfrs. of.....					
Great Britain...	16,359	13,771	80,208	90,802	130,482
United States...	272,639	233,100	1,598,534	1,722,304	2,039,457
Other countries...	31,506	23,448	138,693	162,613	157,762
Totals	319,904	270,319	1,817,435	1,975,719	2,327,681
					7,744,358

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets (includes mats and rugs subsequent to 1906)		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....	61,199	.....	62,003	.....	749,771	.....	791,110	.....
	United States.....	168	.....	1,476	.....	4,639	.....	4,165	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,106	.....	3,693	.....
	Other countries.....	621	.....	2,689	.....	7,926	.....	7,792	.....
	Totals.....	61,988	.....	65,518	.....	768,102	.....	806,760	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....									
	Great Britain.....	41,355	.....	46,779	.....	442,279	.....	461,404	.....
	United States.....	15,396	.....	23,167	.....	271,374	.....	197,648	.....
	France.....	141	.....	1,099	.....	7,354	.....	5,472	.....
	Germany.....	4,910	.....	11,982	.....	230,192	.....	238,096	.....
	Other countries.....	135	.....	614	.....	14,469	.....	5,350	.....
	Totals.....	61,937	.....	83,641	.....	965,868	.....	907,970	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....									
	Great Britain.....	348,396	.....	292,467	.....	2,659,105	.....	3,396,104	.....
	United States.....	5,847	.....	852	.....	5,979	.....	9,190	.....
	France.....	3,427	.....	10,869	.....	26,041	.....	43,858	.....
	Germany.....	3,129	.....	4,230	.....	42,130	.....	56,773	.....
	Other countries.....	1,168	.....	.....	.....	6,922	.....	18,260	.....
	Totals.....	362,260	.....	308,418	.....	2,740,173	.....	3,518,185	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....									
	Great Britain.....	197,388	.....	199,116	.....	2,509,993	.....	2,832,694	.....
	United States.....	3,508	.....	3,665	.....	30,903	.....	43,640	.....
	France.....	41,500	.....	48,930	.....	514,699	.....	701,138	.....

Knitted goods, including underwear, N.E.S.	Germany..	1,481	5,539	80,372	68,648	97,400
	Other countries.	1,424	3,111	57,761	43,650	67,880
	Totals.....	248,301	260,361	3,193,728	3,689,770	4,536,794
	Totals.....					
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c. .	Great Britain ..	16,702	28,187	213,606	217,727	432,642
	United States ..	1,428	3,070	28,094	20,892	23,433
	Germany	1,554	4,557	30,806	31,701	39,547
	Other countries..	892	609	4,776	8,884	20,079
	Totals.....	20,576	36,423	277,282	279,204	515,701
Wool, raw	Great Britain ..	65,886	66,701	604,491	738,972	797,843
	United States ..	725	563	13,131	9,810	6,822
	Germany	1,715	2,741	34,480	49,536	52,856
	Other countries..			2,828	2,186	2,860
	Totals.....	68,326	70,005	654,930	800,504	860,381
Yarn.	Great Britain ..	59,872				
	United States ..	9,351				
	Australasia ..					
	France	9,839				
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries.	5,876				
	Totals.....	81,938				
	Totals.....					
	Totals.....					
Yarn.	Great Britain ..	67,135	100,904	571,101	638,571	874,462
	United States ..	575	72	2,027	1,835	3,553
	Germany	1,236	3,759	37,339	24,784	39,464
	Other countries.	189	385	12,552	7,644	3,620
	Totals.....	69,135	105,120	623,019	672,834	921,099
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain ..	40,608	38,460	453,298	467,406	421,018
	United States ..	10,571	16,882	75,839	57,315	84,132
	France	1,835	1,630	20,911	12,530	19,023
	Germany	7,427	2,974	57,654	28,873	39,135
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries.	16,953	8,609	56,713	54,507	32,392
	Totals.....	77,394	68,575	664,445	76,853	95,172
	Totals.....					
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	France	1,835	1,630	20,911	12,530	19,023
	Germany	7,427	2,974	57,654	28,873	39,135
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries.	16,953	8,609	56,713	54,507	32,392
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Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain ..	40,608	38,460	453,298	467,406	421,018
	United States ..	10,571	16,882	75,839	57,315	84,132
	France	1,835	1,630	20,911	12,530	19,023
	Germany	7,427	2,974	57,654	28,873	39,135
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Other countries.	16,953	8,609	56,713	54,507	32,392
	Totals.....	77,394	68,575	664,445	76,853	95,1

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of November, 1906 and 1907, and the *eight months* ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 1,381,855	\$	\$ 1,001,895	\$	\$ 9,750,173	\$	\$ 9,936,372	\$	\$ 7,402,578	\$	\$	\$
	United States.....	15,374	170	129,943	.....	167,509	.....	138,401	.....	387,675	.....	1,525	.....
	Newfoundland.....	9,745	.....	16,990	.....	71,985	.....	99,704	.....	95,575	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	23,270	.....	2,020	.....	149,934	.....	323,063	.....	27,879	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	1,430,244	170	1,150,848	.....	10,139,601	.....	10,497,540	170	7,913,707	.....	1,525	.....
Horses.....	Great Britain.....	3,095	.....	2,300	.....	41,830	.....	18,175	.....	27,100	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	68,039	45,015	15,866	26,470	311,127	312,005	381,758	446,463	325,814	407,596	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	30,085	.....	8,005	.....	39,860	.....	75,688	.....	24,010	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	101,219	45,015	26,171	26,470	392,817	312,005	475,621	446,463	376,924	407,596	.....	.....
Sheep.....	Great Britain.....	46,838	.....	55,203	.....	213,307	.....	161,067	.....	194,344	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	303,115	50	297,648	8,500	689,171	1,665	750,741	11,980	729,540	14,613	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,711	.....	2,897	.....	19,587	.....	17,328	.....	14,725	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	351,664	50	355,748	8,500	922,065	1,665	929,136	11,980	938,609	14,613	.....	.....
Other animals, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,810	.....	175	.....	30	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	11,976	632	23,096	508	62,955	6,600	53,248	4,908	70,127	53,778	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,791	.....	758	.....	3,539	.....	4,009	.....	4,034	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	13,767	632	23,854	508	69,304	6,600	57,432	4,998	74,191	53,778	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.		MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
Countries.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	1,431,788		1,059,398		10,008,120		10,115,769		7,624,052			
	United States...	398,504	45,867	466,553	35,478	1,230,762	323,072	1,324,138	463,611	1,513,156	477,512		
	Other countries...	66,602		30,670		284,905		519,792		166,223			
	Totals.....	1,896,894	45,867	1,556,621	35,478	11,523,787	323,072	11,959,729	463,611	9,303,431	477,512		
Animals, living.....	Great Britain...	4,689		3,392		21,639		19,727		19,777		350	
	United States...	7,562		2,183		41,795		54,318		38,118			
	Other countries...	358		167		4,037		7,008		5,709			
	Totals.....	12,609		5,742		67,471		81,053		63,604		350	
Ashes.....	Great Britain...												
	United States...												
	Other countries...												
	Totals.....												
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	Great Britain...	4,387	158	4,045	262	63,411	9,194	34,235	942	46,207	891		
	United States...	7,830	4,025	12,950	10,226	61,601	40,293	57,248	45,086	73,552	54,260		
	Other countries...	1,765	130	3,868	114	34,029	3,153	34,331	3,428	16,116	1,081		
	Totals.....	13,982	4,313	20,863	10,602	162,041	52,640	125,814	49,456	135,875	56,232		
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley.....	Great Britain...												
	United States...												
	Belgium.....												
	Other countries...												
Totals.....	Great Britain...	61,869	150	28,375		73,978	758,423	342,124	211,849	501,963			
	United States...			30,486		12,733	70	7,411	150	47,614			
	Belgium.....					25,108	3,750			104,489			
	Other countries...			20,991		3,364		42		30,952	29		
Totals.....	Great Britain...	61,869	150	79,852		115,183	762,243	349,607	211,999	685,018			
	United States...												
	Belgium.....												
	Other countries...												

Beans	Great Britain...	5,264	13,385	5,762	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	3,521	7,341	14,389	206	99	4,730	.....	32
	France...	.....	23,599	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries...	6,333	15,781	8,839	521	48	14,800	.....	192
	Totals	15,118	60,106	29,190	727	147	19,530	.....	224
Buckwheat..	Great Britain...	41,118	64,993	82,062	.....	440	47,936	.....	.....
	United States...	5,508	4,179	6,816	.....	.....	6,816	.....	.....
	Belgium...	5,645	27,210	19,794	.....	.....	16,728	.....	.....
	Other countries...	.....	8,236	1,272	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	46,763	104,618	107,256	.....	440	71,480	.....	.....
Indian corn.....	Great Britain...	.....	1,431	17,717	3,038,360	2,450,798	1,992	2,728,517	.....
	United States...	4	830	39	49	500	114	.....	.....
	Belgium...	.....	.....	.....	47,117	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Germany...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries...	2	229	592	60,715	14,682	675	18	.....
	Totals	6	2,490	18,348	3,146,241	2,465,980	2,781	2,728,535	.....
Oats.....	Great Britain...	66,916	192,356	1,350,462	613,910	65,204	2,312,992	.....	.....
	United States...	5,229	10,691	26,360	71,536	75,165	161,766	638	.....
	Belgium...	.....	28,855	941	.....	.....	17,536	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies...	6,054	42,263	53,131	1,323	.....	60,597	.....	.....
	Other countries...	13,169	87,309	80,677	.....	.....	302,726	.....	.....
	Totals	91,368	361,474	1,511,571	686,769	140,369	2,795,617	638	.....
Pease, whole and split.....	Great Britain...	64,451	138,827	212,256	.....	.....	217,356	.....	.....
	United States...	9,384	61,783	32,478	3	.....	35,948	.....	.....
	Belgium...	.....	.....	346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies...	3,998	2,771	25,155	.....	.....	28,076	.....	.....
	Other countries...	23,213	177,927	160,138	.....	.....	113,594	1,412	.....
	Totals	101,041	381,308	430,362	3	.....	394,974	1,412	.....
Rye	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	.....	2	.....	64,228	17,637	4,450	18,799	.....
	Other countries...	.....	.....	20	73	9	9,765	.....	.....
	Totals .....	.....	2	20	75,108	17,646	14,215	18,799	.....

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain.....	59,868	22,322	281,735	310,842	440,658
	United States.....	2	19	2,405	987	19
	Other countries.....	11,195	10,773	16,987	41,149	41,536
	Totals.....	71,065	33,114	301,127	352,928	482,213
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	248,664	333,334	1,779,137	2,172,866	2,071,611
	United States.....	1,266	6,388	67,742	40,031	309
	Australasia.....	1,904	25,814	17,776	9,779	88,875
	B. W. Indies.....	21,219	131,418	217,230	169,673	196,204
Newfoundland.....	Other countries.....	86,543	146,358	579,026	711,528	929,480
	Totals.....	112,345	643,312	681,469	570,925	1,387,550
Other breadstuffs, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	471,943	160	3,342,380	3,673,902	5,573,720
	United States.....	1,166	2,250	28,616	32,111	309
	Other countries.....	377	286	7,979	5,198	20,305
	Totals.....	3,441	5,961	27,101	33,127	975
Recapitulation.....	Great Britain.....	4,984	8,497	63,696	70,436	81,770
	United States.....	113	18	758	1,108	1,240
	Other countries.....	18	38	2,637,042	2,417,841	265
	Totals.....	5,115	387,788	18,349,101	25,554,566	32,327,750
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	5,890,297	3,846,770	1,832,582	2,039,212	481,178
	United States.....	164,934	83,782	115	75,170	3,740
	Other countries.....	404,519	526,878	2,637,042	2,417,841	4,063,003
	Totals.....	6,459,750	4,457,430	22,812,725	30,031,619	36,871,931
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	1,400	5,650	3,228	13,630	15,700
	United States.....	1,683	70	3,485	15,980	49,385
	Other countries.....	1,400	111	8,110	39,528	51,366
	Totals.....	1,400	1,683	11,595	69,138	116,451
Bicycles.....	Great Britain.....	100	1,056	618	690	305
	United States.....	195	45	834	1,159	1,187
	Australasia.....	5,850	15,935	26,109	24,863	26,885
	Other countries.....	940	15,935	8,691	2,282	31,133
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Totals.....	7,085	16,116	36,252	28,994	59,510
	Great Britain.....	384	220	28,403	6,702	13,280
	United States.....	5,904	8,505	55,672	18,326	60,326
	Other countries.....	6,919	11,128	63,403	75,271	93,250
Totals.....	Totals.....	13,267	19,853	151,478	100,359	167,425
	Great Britain.....	1,267	4,130	151,478	74,734	167,425
	United States.....	5,904	8,505	55,672	18,326	60,326
	Other countries.....	6,919	11,128	63,403	75,271	93,250
Totals.....	Totals.....	13,267	19,853	151,478	100,359	167,425
	Great Britain.....	1,267	4,130	151,478	74,734	167,425
	United States.....	5,904	8,505	55,672	18,326	60,326
	Other countries.....	6,919	11,128	63,403	75,271	93,250

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued*.

ARTICLES EXPORTED	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain.....	\$ 484	\$ 1,056	\$ 290	\$ 9,593	\$ 29,021	\$ 9,593	\$ 21,082	\$ 12,288	\$ 29,285	\$ 5,325		
	United States.....	6,159	1,392	8,616	3,753	63,991	101,329	35,465	138,040	111,467	123,192		
	Other countries.....	15,109	4,466	32,713	9,852	106,313	7,896	141,944	15,376	202,634	13,486		
	Totals.....	21,752	6,914	41,619	13,605	199,325	118,818	198,491	165,704	343,386	142,003		
Clothing and wearing apparel.....	Great Britain.....	1,709	.....	2,321	128	13,738	2,137	10,790	1,389	12,205	1,093	
	United States.....	6,468	1,191	5,016	954	17,930	15,572	27,545	13,013	31,074	8,423		
	Newfoundland.....	1,704	1,568	1,827	.....	20,252	17	20,626	1,609	17,009	11	
	Other countries.....	816	.....	3,619	.....	10,324	1,352	22,779	120	26,376	505
	Totals.....	10,697	2,759	12,983	1,082	62,244	19,078	81,740	16,131	86,664	10,032		
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders.....	Great Britain.....	1,502	.....	552	.....	31,440	.....	16,502	.....	23,266	.....	
	United States.....	242,962	11,421	365,437	13,372	2,403,415	83,016	2,698,714	108,381	2,995,846	110,085		
	Newfoundland.....	7,658	111	30,682	154	208,091	1,840	217,561	567	234,040	1,848		
	Other countries.....	13,395	.....	9,600	.....	81,144	72	117,471	.....	108,538	.....	
	Totals ...	265,517	11,532	406,291	13,526	2,784,090	84,928	3,050,248	108,948	3,271,690	111,933		
Cordage, rope and twine.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	2,321	41,599	1,000	35,063	.....	75,167	6,487
	United States.....	849	97	65,616	3,653	256,580	5,530	288,296	5,296	504,038	3,843		
	Newfoundland.....	345	70	66	.....	2,102	769	2,139	429	3,011	1,669	
	Other countries.....	9,676	.....	5,926	.....	48,179	280	54,574	.....	77,542	.....	
	Totals.....	10,870	167	71,608	5,974	348,460	7,579	329,982	5,725	659,758	11,999		
Cotton and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.....	250	400	606	251	34,211	1,150	19,912	12,569	18,057	20,092		
	United States.....	521	248	9,701	35	63,221	12,216	55,043	9,123	69,479	12,630		
	Other countries.....	41,643	.....	17,775	.....	991,959	299	352,653	16,115	199,905	2,749
	Totals.....	42,414	648	28,082	286	1,089,391	13,665	627,608	37,807	287,441	35,471		

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	48,883	27,653	258,981	2,982	248,183	1,560	185,912	460
	United States...	89,082	44,085	357,274	368,802	409,571	551,101	401,442	755,169
	Australasia...	5,314	3,836	14,010	.....	31,596	.....	13,727	.....
	Other countries..	17,853	23,776	156,665	2,431	297,138	10,829	221,015	8,112
	Totals	161,132	46,096	786,930	374,215	986,488	563,490	822,096	713,741
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	.....	71	2,868	373	4,467	11,377	1,153	100
	United States...	851	5,902	5,657	130,233	8,041	33,632	13,822	36,428
	Other countries..	309	305	2,362	3,396	11,176	447	8,720	2,272
Fertilizers.	Totals	1,160	6,339	10,887	134,002	23,684	43,456	23,204	38,800
	Great Britain...	20,085	.....	1,950	.....	29,685	.....	148,164	.....
	United States...	5,530	32,516	157,906	1,025	114,131	1,909	38,199	.....
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted	Other countries..	7,361	9,746	32,523	.....	14,308	.....	186,363	.....
	Totals	32,976	42,262	192,379	1,025	158,124	1,909	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	4,175	5,563	24,429	.....	29,110	.....	18,744	.....
	United States...	69,595	94,257	463,198	.....	214,779	.....	220,403	.....
	Brazil	79,503	35,098	303,018	.....	381,723	.....	326,927	.....
Herrings, fresh or frozen.....	B. W. Indies...	85,015	68,439	446,568	2,732	570,388	3,775	504,465	1,171
	Cuba	30,199	41,101	244,178	.....	217,241	.....	208,054	.....
	Other countries..	210,863	142,060	607,647	130	836,712	.....	670,124	.....
	Totals	479,350	386,518	2,088,838	2,882	2,249,953	3,775	1,948,717	1,171
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	109,166	.....
Herrings, pickled	United States...	18,079	17,447	133,479	.....	73,767	.....	50	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	18,079	17,447	133,479	.....	73,817	.....	109,216	.....
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	.....	.....	225	.....	49,036	.....	49,892	88
	United States...	12,734	9,325	70,537	.....	121,037	.....	78,489	300
	B. W. Indies...	18,039	11,476	153,256	496	30,536	.....	51,963	.....
	Other countries..	4,476	2,880	37,323	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	35,249	23,481	261,341	496	200,609	.....	180,344	388
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,476	.....	277,193	.....
	United States...	1,649	89	295,370	.....	294,186	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lobsters, fresh.	Totals	1,649	89	295,370	.....	302,662	.....	277,193	.....

Salmon, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	3,107	4,074	340	4,802	79,205	.....
	United States.....	819	677	75,431	149,783	5,026	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	13,602	40,650	36,425	54,332	143,825	.....
	Other countries.....						.....
	Totals.....	17,528	45,401	115,951	214,446	228,056	.....
Fish, all other, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	191	2,050	584	191	2,080	.....
	United States.....	118,227	144,735	825,616	811,648	792,120	3,352
	Other countries.....	899		154	1,877	480	.....
	Totals.....	119,317	146,785	826,354	813,716	794,680	3,359
Other fish, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	869	520	5,405	1,334	6,086	337
	United States.....	38,537	31,263	239,086	588	273,086	12,362
	Other countries.....	6,256	8,786	27,891	317	61,946	932
	Totals.....	45,662	40,569	272,382	2,239	341,118	13,631
Fish and fish products.....	Great Britain.....	176,163	536,807	3,074,611	1,597,237	1,933,205	337
	United States.....	443,726	432,427	3,615,395	775	3,159,614	15,804
	Other countries.....	598,066	495,926	2,987,099	3,696	3,483,819	2,403
	Totals.....	1,217,955	1,465,160	9,677,106	5,805	8,456,840	18,544
Flax, hemp, &c.....	Great Britain.....	7,314		19,380	13,538	300	.....
	United States.....	37		292,850	162,273	73,856	4,500
	Other countries.....	242			284		.....
	Totals.....	7,593		312,230	176,095	74,150	4,500
Fruits—	Great Britain.....	1,050		4,959	70	245	444
Fruits, dried.....	United States.....	312	26,050	204	3,474	31,225	9,150
	Germany.....	6,900	19,050	39,501	10,994	26,220	.....
	Holland.....	17,700	37,972	54,095	19,410	44,272	.....
	Other countries.....	11	17,033	1,608	2,57	31,951	3,428
	Totals.....	25,973	100,105	100,367	5,003	133,913	13,022
Fruits, green, apples.....	Great Britain.....	675,005	716,104	2,297,344	1,029,262	1,058,588	.....
	United States.....	4,450	179,632	89,329	9,290	270,776	260
	Other countries.....	41,835	21,506	348,424	61,515	47,652	.....
	Totals.....	721,320	917,342	2,645,097	1,100,067	1,377,016	260

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	64,746	.....	10,952	.....	177,559	745	105,638	1,351	25,436	.....	65	.....
	United States...	16,664	1,643	35,371	2,910	112,369	45,034	135,996	34,042	229,130	.....	57,609	.....
	Other countries..	7,434	776	9,201	293	31,266	6,455	19,178	4,458	19,222	.....	5,257	.....
	Totals.....	88,844	2,419	55,524	3,203	321,194	52,234	260,812	39,851	273,788	.....	62,911	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.	Great Britain...	740,801	.....	727,056	.....	2,389,862	815	1,141,752	1,088	1,084,269	.....	509	.....
	United States...	21,456	9,215	241,953	3,172	201,902	49,095	146,535	47,814	531,121	.....	67,019	.....
	Other countries..	73,880	1,408	101,862	1,293	474,894	7,914	113,454	6,124	169,327	.....	8,665	.....
	Totals.....	836,137	10,623	1,072,971	4,465	3,066,658	57,824	1,401,741	55,626	1,784,717	.....	76,193	.....
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.....	Great Britain...	139,736	.....	15,995	1,401	627,108	5,985	1,376,817	1,169	330,919	.....	7,609	.....
	United States...	30,165	2,738	18,242	11,993	804,983	27,146	757,692	23,949	866,670	.....	40,969	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	2,470	.....	7,967	3,887	41,564	1,462	99,129	.....	6,265	.....
	Totals.....	169,901	2,738	36,707	13,394	1,440,058	37,018	2,176,073	26,580	1,296,718	.....	54,843	.....
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.....	Great Britain...	90,425	.....	400	.....	224,926	.....	170,572	.....	32,105	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	1,685	.....	1,971	.....	6,083	14,091	20,342	.....	60,429	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	92,110	.....	2,371	.....	214,009	14,094	190,914	.....	92,534	.....	.....	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain...	2,529	.....	7,673	25	3,759	3,314	97,961	224	11,949	.....	3,120	.....
	United States...	2,438	898	2,141	1,211	20,415	7,498	35,393	7,940	34,053	.....	1,365	.....
	Other countries..	274	307	196	.....	2,136	937	1,471	1,836	4,750	.....	4,789	.....
	Totals.....	5,241	1,205	10,010	1,236	26,310	11,749	134,825	10,000	50,752	.....	9,223	.....

Recapitulation.	Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	232,690	.....	24,068	1,426	865,793	9,299	1,645,350	1,393	374,973	10,738
		United States.....	84,288	3,636	22,354	13,204	831,481	48,738	813,427	31,889	101,152	42,274
		Other countries..	274	307	2,666	.....	13,103	48,738	43,035	3,289	103,879	11,054
		Totals	267,252	3,943	49,088	14,630	1,710,377	62,861	2,501,812	36,580	1,440,004	64,066
	Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	Great Britain.....	1,286	.....	2,124	.....	6,774	1,700	10,872	75	9,348	.....
		United States.....	41,475	270	48,258	67	120,220	26,132	328,928	45,695	245,958	14,186
		Newfoundland..	15,004	.....	70	.....	41,193	611	26,182	249	2,199	15
		Other countries..	3,167	.....	3,220	.....	9,290	193	16,015	306	32,684	920
		Totals	60,932	270	53,672	67	177,477	28,636	381,997	46,325	290,180	14,421
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	Great Britain.....	.....	5,545	.....	10,523	.....	60,125	1,802	25,134	282	31,023	526
		United States.....	28,341	1,498	1,514	420	113,856	39,455	127,533	27,133	10,169	24,856
		Australasia.....	5,101	.....	2,862	.....	32,400	.....	22,509	.....	28,679	.....
		Other countries..	3,214	5	8,561	2,850	37,532	111	36,252	506	62,897	3,254
		Totals	42,201	1,503	23,460	3,270	243,919	41,368	211,419	27,921	132,768	28,636
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	.....	8,732	.....	.....	.....	9,242	.....	4,444	.....	16,127	.....
		United States.....	8,732	715	13,642	1,819	79,627	3,456	87,834	1,196	109,429	4,090
		Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,434	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
		Totals	8,732	715	13,642	1,819	90,303	3,456	92,278	1,196	126,177	4,090
Hay.....	Great Britain.....	.....	74,987	.....	25,207	.....	636,031	170	751,194	.....	287,431	.....
		United States.....	21,386	.....	6,370	1,040	201,576	3,150	328,802	5,264	224,285	7,304
		B. W. Indies.....	265	.....	434	.....	3,390	.....	8,561	.....	7,695	.....
		Other countries..	9,367	.....	8,688	.....	74,629	.....	63,485	.....	44,416	.....
		Totals	105,985	.....	40,699	1,040	915,626	3,320	1,152,042	5,264	563,827	7,304
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts..	Great Britain.....	.....	3,289	.....	3,935	.....	3,283	.....	19,414	3	44,842	.....
		United States.....	319,492	32	266,007	2,670	2,166,837	9,248	2,440,436	8,679	2,576,389	16,500
		Other countries..	21,512	.....	2,234	189	3,955	125	50,957	.....	15,326	189
		Totals	344,293	32	272,176	2,859	2,174,077	9,373	2,510,857	8,682	2,636,557	16,698
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unimpd— Sole and upper.....	Great Britain.....	.....	124,368	.....	165,550	.....	1,044,398	.....	918,240	.....	950,634	.....
		United States.....	569	.....	2,535	.....	12,000	487	12,200	.....	1,028	7,194
		Newfoundland..	3,052	.....	3,812	.....	25,766	.....	19,335	.....	28,120	.....
		Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	84,586	.....	27,485	.....	43,802	.....
		Totals	127,989	.....	171,897	.....	1,155,846	487	977,260	.....	1,023,594	7,194

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, unmf'd.— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	\$ 5,091	\$	1,135	\$	142,319	\$ 163	304,592	\$	73,418	\$		
	United States.....	5,577	39	2,426	113	26,688	5,934	31,087	5,387	11,111	4,727		
	Other countries.....	3,722		3,405		30,435		41,284	131	37,758	50		
	Totals.....	14,390	39	6,966	113	199,442	6,097	376,963	5,518	122,287	4,777		
Leather, mf'd.— Boots and shoes.....	Great Britain.....	11	53			3,545		7,135	53	6,254	10		
	United States.....	2,917	394	3,062		21,761	11,125	13,413	10,385	9,285	9,479		
	Newfoundland.....	6,971		1,977	577	42,867		71,427		23,329	7		
	Other countries.....	8,028		2,068		23,731	16	40,648		14,779	100		
	Totals.....	17,927	447	7,107	577	91,904	11,135	132,623	10,388	53,597	9,596		
All other leather mf'd.....	Great Britain.....	399		2,465		6,647	203	5,287	2,154	5,919	343		
	United States.....	664	967	82	146	12,770	4,168	8,736	6,314	4,094	2,564		
	Other countries.....	30		388		6,594		2,560	165	3,569			
	Totals.....	1,093	967	2,935	146	26,011	4,371	16,583	8,633	13,582	2,907		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	129,869	53	169,150		1,196,909	366	1,235,254	2,207	1,056,225	353		
	United States.....	9,158	1,400	3,570	886	62,315	21,714	65,436	22,036	25,468	23,964		
	Other countries.....	22,372		14,185		213,979	10	202,739	296	151,357	157		
	Totals.....	161,399	1,453	188,905	886	1,473,203	22,090	1,503,429	24,539	1,213,050	24,474		
Lime.....	Great Britain.....					13,440				8,199			
	United States.....	5,947		2,161		47,216		46,375		30,769	3,569		
	Other countries.....			16		2,914		37		2,109			
	Totals.....	5,947		2,177		63,570		46,612		41,077	3,569		

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	24,192 611,352	..... 6,450	13,822 746,179	..... .....	518,484 3,253,506	..... 3,876	200,909 4,552,634	..... 6,891	..... 199,402	..... 5,846,432	..... 7,296	..... 3,743	..... 18,335	..... 6,064,229	..........
Totals.....	635,544	6,450	760,011	.....	3,775,866	.....	4,760,434	.....	.....	.....	11,039	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold and silver— Gold-bearing gets, &c.....	1,479,987	9,251	1,478,967	.....	11,317,617	24,280	8,953,881	.....	.....	6,629,435	18,092	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	40	.....	30,299	.....	.....	.....	.....	460	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	1,479,987	9,251	1,479,007	.....	11,347,916	24,280	8,954,431	.....	.....	6,630,415	18,092	.....	.....	.....	2,400
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Silver ore.....	888,769	.....	353,411	.....	1,974,321	.....	3,846,306	.....	40	4,224	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	69,709	.....	136,353	.....	94,459	.....	.....	6,520,177	8,803	.....	.....	.....	500
United States.....	.....	.....	423,120	.....	2,115,674	.....	3,940,805	.....	.....	283,985	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	888,769	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,808,386	8,803	.....	.....	.....	500
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	6,122 1,019	..... 2,485	7,796 593	..... 325	193,937 68,452	675 3,361	283,577 9,100	..... .....	..... .....	276,649 9,729	..... 3,930	..... 484	..... .....	..... .....	345 1,669
Great Britain.....	123,993	.....	103,564	.....	378,624	.....	525,181	.....	.....	661,488	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Australasia.....	23,786	.....	13,345	.....	148,667	.....	112,204	.....	.....	214,356	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
France.....	63	.....	21,976	.....	143,835	.....	245,513	.....	.....	267,880	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Germany.....	16,446	.....	45,543	.....	497,190	85	562,397	.....	.....	430,405	18	.....	.....	.....	2,583
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	171,429	2,485	192,819	325	1,430,705	4,121	1,737,972	.....	.....	1,860,507	4,432	.....	.....	.....	4,597
Chromic iron.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	336	.....	3,510	.....	8,466	.....	.....	6,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,527	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,412	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	.....	.....	336	.....	16,037	.....	8,466	.....	.....	13,412	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hardware.....	1,302 2,760	70 1,165	6,135 2,655	90 685	15,311 34,373	91 56,828	22,007 21,881	..... .....	..... .....	18,201 13,847	6,266 15,566	..... .....	..... .....	..... .....	494 19,373
Great Britain.....	270	.....	3,669	161	40,135	4,413	26,436	.....	.....	18,668	1,258	.....	.....	.....	372
United States.....	.....	.....	8,109	3	33,507	728	44,655	.....	.....	60,560	1,538	.....	.....	.....	446
Newfoundland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	1,042	1,269	20,568	939	123,326	62,060	114,999	.....	.....	111,276	24,628	.....	.....	.....	20,685
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Machines and machinery.....	Great Britain.....	10,283	500	24,200	.....	60,047	7,671	107,631	5,156	128,208	2,344		
	United States.....	12,324	18,542	10,055	34,535	117,305	384,095	119,386	213,841	89,328	417,175		
	Australasia.....	4,370	56	6,965	.....	16,552	177	33,933	56	36,999	.....	
	Other countries.....	11,389	27	20,142	106	170,678	2 014	185,893	4,933	221,937	38,594		
	Totals.....	38,366	19,125	61,422	34,641	364,582	393,957	446,243	253,986	476,472	458,113		
Ores—iron.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	1,997	.....	406,548	2,840	95,128	.....	43,609	.....	
	United States.....	512	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	512	.....	1,997	.....	406,548	2,840	95,253	.....	43,609	.....	
Pig iron.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,282	.....	3,584	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,802	.....	.....	.....	8,764	.....	
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,650	.....	
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,084	.....	3,584	.....	13,414	.....	
Scrap iron and steel.....	Great Britain.....	1,496	.....	.....	.....	9,391	16	5,441	.....	9,635	.....	
	United States.....	19,918	12,320	3,755	15,188	113,022	28,424	118,198	24,378	182,463	182,473		
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	310	.....	171	.....	75	.....	429	.....	
	Totals.....	21,414	12,320	4,665	15,188	122,584	28,440	123,714	24,378	142,529	182,473		
Steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	6,094	.....	2,842	1,401	20,820	2,121	38,625	3,737	30,019	5,248		
	United States.....	11,096	14,676	15,337	45,982	76,549	198,224	187,804	195,492	127,942	199,422		
	Newfoundland.....	7,005	9	5,576	50	16,629	3,292	36,733	1,171	46,925	1,004		
	Other countries.....	10,370	43	15,397	406	47,549	3,333	63,838	3,810	106,536	2,170		
	Totals.....	34,565	14,728	39,152	47,839	161,547	206,970	327,020	204,210	311,422	207,844		

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
	Countries.		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Ores, except iron ore.....	11,940	30,050	28,982	.....	.....	.....	75,551	.....	.....	61,310	.....	.....
	31,188	22,594	237,531	.....	73	.....	197,519	.....	.....	194,236	.....	6,280
	6,510	8,110	10,248	.....	.....	.....	27,757	.....	.....	41,905	.....	.....
	49,638	60,754	276,761	.....	73	.....	300,827	.....	.....	297,451	.....	6,280
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	2,835	1,730	106,995	.....	5,908	.....	47,005	.....	727	34,271	.....	2,430
	22,957	29,809	193,758	.....	51,509	.....	211,995	.....	32,554	242,571	.....	680,455
	1,676	7,653	48,846	.....	1,459	.....	54,894	.....	1,883	68,898	.....	979
	27,468	39,192	349,599	.....	58,876	.....	313,894	.....	35,164	345,740	.....	683,864
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of..... <i>Recapitulation.</i>	176,268	154,692	1,563,694	.....	16,482	.....	1,775,825	.....	15,911	1,747,565	.....	10,876
	3,515,858	2,923,973	19,871,423	.....	755,522	.....	21,294,169	.....	563,901	22,568,257	.....	1,529,021
	295,318	563,507	2,582,248	.....	15,562	.....	2,703,615	.....	19,008	3,308,502	.....	48,295
	3,987,444	3,642,172	24,017,365	.....	787,506	.....	25,773,000	.....	598,820	27,624,324	.....	1,588,192
Milk and cream, condensed.....	320	.....	1,100	.....	140	.....	7,884	.....	.....	7,131	.....	.....
	40	64	2,135	.....	2,696	.....	912	.....	307	582	.....	520
	.....	.....	84,741	.....	.....	.....	30,332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	896	27	24,209	.....	.....	.....	19,996	.....	.....	4,379	.....	.....
Musical instruments	1,256	129	112,185	.....	2,836	.....	59,124	.....	307	12,092	.....	520
	22,134	9,311	83,286	.....	1,986	.....	109,496	.....	213	73,405	.....	.....
	3,988	4,467	26,038	.....	11,596	.....	25,338	.....	15,546	40,103	.....	11,556
	8,068	14,353	40,533	.....	39	.....	54,669	.....	2,425	52,741	.....	875
Totals.....	34,190	28,161	149,852	.....	13,621	.....	189,703	.....	18,184	166,249	.....	12,431

Oilcake	Great Britain.....	16,800	.....	24,895	.....	63,580	.....	199,251	.....	316,787	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,552	50	16	.....
	Other countries..	5,881	.....	12,992	.....	16	.....	83,670	.....	111,416	.....
Totals		22,681	.....	37,887	.....	63,596	.....	287,473	20	428,219	.....
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	6,414	.....	16,656	.....	23,800	.....	106,872	.....	188,352	947
	United States.....	13,544	505	16,959	319	45,083	2,650	51,285	1,224	51,005	6,032
	Other countries..	175	709	777	419	18,001	7,620	15,852	7,100	9,432	8,224
Totals		20,133	1,214	34,392	1,683	86,884	10,270	174,009	8,324	248,789	15,203
Paper	Great Britain.....	99,016	16	117,642	.....	788,804	1,116	656,810	16	880,634	95
	United States.....	5,975	113	89,279	840	143,594	3,361	47,636	12,746	567,076	5,175
	Australasia.....	.....	.....	98,660	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495,532	.....
Provisions—	Other countries..	73,639	.....	23,164	15	393,599	8,565	514,874	1,362	219,181	329
	Totals	178,630	129	328,745	855	1,325,997	13,642	1,219,320	14,124	2,162,423	5,599
Butter.....	Great Britain.....	142,460	.....	3,786	.....	6,719,157	220	4,384,308	70,684	807,737	.....
	United States.....	372	206	1,444	.....	31,929	4,977	13,398	17,477	37,788	1,058
	Newfoundland..	5,680	.....	3,247	.....	43,083	644	47,444	.....	28,584	.....
Cheese	Other countries..	21,010	.....	14,941	.....	120,024	5,338	136,709	.....	122,607	2,899
	Totals	169,522	286	23,418	.....	6,914,193	11,179	4,581,859	88,161	996,736	3,957
Eggs.....	Great Britain.....	2,796,907	.....	2,094,382	4,243	18,620,700	.....	22,001,570	27,552	18,998,520	18,919
	United States.....	1,374	.....	544	.....	11,548	458	9,741	18	7,919	11
	B. W. Indies	1,659	.....	1,832	.....	20,207	.....	13,689	.....	13,567	.....
Meats—	Newfoundland..	9,418	.....	7,522	.....	25,007	.....	37,437	.....	29,068	34
	Other countries..	7,799	.....	2,739	.....	44,221	.....	38,401	.....	28,329	.....
	Totals	2,817,157	.....	2,107,019	4,243	18,721,683	458	22,100,838	27,570	19,079,403	18,964
Bacon and hams	Great Britain.....	249,813	.....	51,845	.....	294,467	.....	319,851	.....	59,918	.....
	United States.....	2,775	87	215	498	2,377	11,757	9,382	1,677	3,997	3,718
	Other countries..	10,140	.....	1,635	.....	19,525	.....	37,536	.....	5,720	.....
British Africa.....	Totals	262,728	87	53,695	498	316,369	11,757	366,769	1,677	69,635	3,718
	Great Britain.....	1,339,562	.....	959,322	.....	8,038,670	79,120	7,920,775	.....	6,928,371	2,260
	United States.....	23	688	63	171	4,882	7,065	7,821	1,571	1,442	.....
Other countries..	Other countries..	87	237	366	.....	17,970	19	10,589	264	429	33
	Totals	1,339,672	925	959,751	171	8,069,603	86,204	7,952,911	1,835	6,934,634	2,293

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Meats— <i>Con.</i>													
Beef	Great Britain...	10,940		23,527		13,107	130	46,862		56,453			
	United States...	3,483	394	938	117	5,331	3,521	8,178	690	9,581			182
	Newfoundland...	27	1,167	59	1,570	12,550	15,625	12,306	16,094	18,754			19,255
	Other countries...	16	9		6	49,871	239	8,789	95	26			255
	Totals	14,466	1,570	24,524	1,093	75,859	19,515	76,135	16,879	84,824			19,692
Canned meats	Great Britain...	72,163		5,227		1,796,373		293,093		92,519			
	United States...			87		1,045	222	1,447	123	116			
	British Africa...	12,778		36		10,446		33,562		36			
	Other countries...	293		309		303	32	788		1,619			
	Totals	85,234		5,659		1,808,167	254	328,890	123	94,290			
Pork	Great Britain...	1,450		403		17,776		7,534		18,709			
	United States...	1,876	6	3,303	36	6,385	2,172	4,192	264	8,266			456
	Newfoundland...	1,082	1,161	93	1,730	6,957	13,741	4,957	10,820	2,048			18,265
	Other countries...	425		326		5,478	63	2,983		6,014			97
	Totals	4,833	1,167	4,125	1,766	36,597	15,976	19,606	11,084	35,037			18,818
Poultry	Great Britain...			24		6,636		150		1,660			
	United States...	1,626		751		11,258	386	2,677		2,651			
	Other countries...					628		510		177			
	Totals	1,626		775		18,522	386	3,337		4,488			
Other provisions, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	3,872		31,751		41,949		106,654		370,688			
	United States...	8,625	428	4,265	110	12,611	1,171	26,377	1,045	10,842			5,722
	Other countries...	1,754		774	35	5,738	117	22,179	3,272	10,964			542
	Totals	14,251	428	36,790	145	60,298	1,288	155,210	4,367	392,494			6,264

Recapitulation.

Provisions	Great Britain...	4,617,167	1,869	3,170,267	4,243	35,548,835	79,470	35,080,797	98,236	27,334,545	18,019
	United States...	20,154	2,574	11,610	932	87,366	31,729	83,213	22,915	82,612	13,407
	Other countries...	72,168		33,879	3,341	385,090	35,818	421,545	30,545	274,384	41,380
	Totals	4,709,489	4,443	3,215,756	8,516	36,021,291	147,017	35,585,555	151,696	27,691,541	73,706
Rags	Great Britain...	4,152		16,689		28,656		58,613		75,361	
	United States...	16,628	537	24,805	643	92,297	117	110,338	884	136,238	1,514
	Other countries...			434		247	960	2,637	20	943	
	Totals	20,780	537	41,928	643	121,200	1,077	171,588	904	212,544	1,514
Salt	Great Britain...										
	United States...	72			182	5,077	20,906	1,770	9,165	6,669	14,879
	Newfoundland...				1,437		13,854	396	14,407	301	14,944
	Other countries...		278	6		994	420	759		173	560
	Totals	72	278	6	1,619	6,071	37,180	2,925	23,572	7,143	30,323
Seeds—	Great Britain...	9,326		37,854		99,955		28,057		104,193	
Clover and grass	United States...	15,353		24,679		272,992		150,144		246,185	
	Other countries...	12,134		47,543		181,564		65,432		98,802	
	Totals	36,813		110,076		554,511		244,233		449,180	
Other seeds, N. E. S.	Great Britain...		141,069	5,375	20,250	270		143,927	2,572,230	8,975	873,457
	United States...	1,456	37	652	12	7,132	177	11,164	141	6,163	23
	Other countries...	52	94,166		117,342	343	320	949	1,458,888	509	451,982
	Totals	1,507	235,272	6,027	137,604	7,745	497	156,040	4,031,209	15,647	1,325,412
Settlers' effects	Great Britain...	13,989	150	9,911	3,650	60,046	12,415	81,908	1,250	138,598	4,452
	United States...	166,729	11,729	184,037	11,651	1,087,007	67,175	1,188,953	86,005	1,236,145	128,580
	Other countries...	5,031	30	5,889		29,435	1,915	26,473	1,180	22,953	
	Totals	185,749	11,909	199,837	15,301	1,176,488	81,505	1,297,334	88,435	1,397,636	133,041
Ships	Great Britain...										
	United States...		1,800			260					
	Other countries...	7,500				7,323		30,675	34,100		
	Totals	7,500	1,800			7,583		30,675	34,100		

• UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain.	4,482	249	4,694	180	31,816	3,352	31,816	3,352	21,424	1,109	46,625	2,779
	United States.	154,271	11,721	108,575	8,127	394,731	59,687	394,731	59,687	659,191	81,931	634,713	65,926
	Other countries.	15,153	294	18,685	172	79,354	2,307	79,354	2,307	110,797	2,704	115,004	1,836
	Totals.	173,906	12,264	131,954	8,479	505,901	65,946	505,901	65,946	801,412	85,744	796,342	70,541
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	306	.....	.....	.....	690	50	690	50	831	.....	405	.....
	United States.	85,538	75	69,394	.....	527,434	158	527,434	158	566,224	135	525,006	9,824
	Other countries.	12,982	.....	22	.....	4,938	.....	4,938	.....	16,804	66	3,431	.....
	Totals.	98,826	75	69,416	.....	533,062	208	533,062	208	583,859	201	528,842	9,824
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain.	634	.....	2,548	.....	3,901	923	3,901	923	2,485	4,669	4,987	.....
	United States.	46,965	2,555	4,915	.....	115,201	5,946	115,201	5,946	145,490	3,376	209,586	57
	Other countries. ....	.....	968	225	333	2,670	16,575	2,670	16,575	1,039	14,748	2,863	13,967
	Totals.	47,599	3,523	7,688	333	121,772	23,444	121,772	23,444	149,034	22,793	217,436	14,024
Tea.	Great Britain. ....	.....	.....	.....	1,036	.....	2,258	.....	2,258	.....	546	.....	9,409
	United States. ....	.....	43,419	54,601	54,601	308,296	308,296	.....	308,296	.....	376,039	.....	343,444
	Newfoundland. ....	.....	1,730	1,292	1,292	18,895	18,895	.....	18,895	.....	17,865	.....	15,640
	Other countries. ....	.....	1,399	975	975	.....	8,420	.....	8,420	.....	5,045	.....	5,264
	Totals. ....	.....	46,548	57,904	57,904	.....	337,869	.....	337,869	.....	399,496	.....	373,757
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	820	.....	.....	.....	12,291	2,959	12,291	2,959	11,519	.....	10,760	10,957
	United States.	2,141	16,367	4,849	6,608	18,686	185,205	18,686	185,205	13,308	89,280	55,146	71,327
	Other countries.	1,389	3,851	2,002	2,460	35,037	7,432	35,037	7,432	22,615	11,773	30,408	9,854
	Totals.	4,353	20,218	6,851	9,128	66,014	195,646	66,014	195,646	47,442	101,053	96,314	92,138

Vegetables— Potatoes	Great Britain	695	2128	545	30,645	13,518	60,817	1,536	266
	United States	7,240	5,336	..	21,602	..	36,009	..	1,827
	B. W. Indies	136,314	107,798	..	196,709	..	192,434	1,304	18,870
	Other countries	20,506	16,286	..	71,242	2	70,351	..	1,251
	Totals	164,755	131,548	545	319,201	13,520	359,611	3,040	6,224
Other vegetables, N.E.S.	Great Britain	75	840	..	4,438	..	4,390	..	759
	United States	43,409	44,517	316	120,896	8,940	129,285	20,309	1,297
	Other countries	3,094	4,106	..	14,891	244	15,772	2,786	5,594
	Totals	46,578	49,463	316	140,225	9,184	149,647	23,095	126,990
Wood and mfrs. of:— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs	Great Britain	1,152	..	..	24,359	410	24,664	..	10,487
	United States	52,446	50,314	..	324,958	..	492,493	6	66,682
	Other countries	..	135	..	2,038	..	302	..	2,127
	Totals	53,598	50,449	..	351,355	410	517,459	6	545,881
Lumber— Deals, pine	Great Britain	178,711	192,567	..	1,838,666	..	2,208,950	..	10,487
	United States	7,036	13,371	..	189,070	..	121,844	..	66,682
	Belgium	..	..	..	4,126	..	3,286	..	..
	Other countries	2,376	420	..	12,216	..	..	..	..
	Totals	188,123	206,358	..	2,044,078	..	2,334,080	..	10,487
Deals, spruce and other	Great Britain	356,637	232,992	..	4,948,615	..	6,528,285	..	5,300,326
	United States	53,528	50,665	..	401,387	..	435,693	259	381,900
	France	14,352	5,535	..	21,956	..	53,596	..	57,266
	Spain	..	..	..	11,672	..	4,053	..	43,209
	Other countries	39,270	8,342	..	97,362	..	89,088	..	74,005
	Totals	463,787	297,534	..	5,480,994	..	7,110,716	259	5,856,706
Deal ends	Great Britain	34,683	23,465	..	326,029	..	318,607	..	278,420
	United States	5,779	6,104	..	6,104	..	14,350	..	7,971
	Other countries	930	1,868	..	11,803	..	1,326	..	3,700
	Totals	41,392	25,333	..	343,936	..	334,883	..	292,091
Planks and boards	Great Britain	123,720	127,063	..	1,170,115	2,375	1,449,430	..	1,262,911
	United States	1,696,010	2,198,578	..	9,043,956	1,639	12,486,814	1,350	12,964,984
	Arg. Republic	246,431	352,979	..	799,041	..	1,447,961	..	1,391,878
	Other countries	196,705	204,420	..	840,112	556	1,210,113	..	1,637,867
	Totals	2,262,866	2,883,040	..	11,853,224	4,570	16,594,318	1,359	17,257,640

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Lumber— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets.....	Great Britain.....	4,643	.....	5,329	.....	26,195	.....	25,601	.....	21,212	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	162,990	.....	197,189	.....	1,137,282	.....	1,469,039	.....	1,419,817	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	439	.....	3,665	.....	9,625	.....	15,700	.....	42,607	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	168,072	.....	206,183	.....	1,173,102	.....	1,510,340	.....	1,483,636	.....	.....	.....
Joists and scantling.....	Great Britain.....	15,518	.....	16,785	.....	351,545	.....	497,365	.....	440,384	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	16,903	.....	25,934	.....	396,900	.....	434,442	.....	366,926	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	18,956	.....	11,424	.....	95,698	.....	60,847	.....	119,360	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	51,377	.....	54,143	.....	844,143	.....	992,654	.....	926,670	.....	.....	.....
Staves and headings.....	Great Britain.....	2,793	.....	2,924	.....	28,057	.....	28,799	.....	30,717	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	9,454	.....	16,230	.....	62,602	.....	72,585	.....	137,331	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	56	.....	.....	.....	4,145	.....	6,597	.....	6,666	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	12,303	.....	19,154	.....	94,804	.....	107,981	.....	174,714	.....	.....	.....
Other lumber, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	2,924	.....	648	.....	126,463	.....	84,719	.....	90,925	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	36,455	.....	26,747	.....	231,229	.....	301,683	.....	188,293	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	462	.....	862	.....	23,656	.....	27,873	.....	3,528	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	39,841	.....	28,257	.....	381,348	.....	414,275	.....	282,746	.....	.....	.....
Shingles.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	274	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	148,439	.....	256,321	.....	1,301,106	.....	1,471,748	.....	2,122,089	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	2,036	.....	2,098	.....	27,735	.....	11,437	.....	17,078	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,630	.....	862	.....	1,811	.....	5,362	.....	3,697	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	152,105	.....	259,281	.....	1,330,664	.....	1,488,537	.....	2,143,038	.....	.....	.....

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain.....	36,180	927	161,964	154,524	80,742
	United States.....	2,390	4,420	20,995	20,414	15,038
	Mexico	1,639	5,574	10,451	16,432	8,133
	Other countries..	4,350	2,240	27,794	22,980	19,023
	Totals.....	44,619	13,161	230,204	214,350	122,936
Timber, square—						
Oak	Great Britain.....	58,019		104,959	193,771	100,251
	United States.....			997		1,037
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....	58,019		105,956	193,771	101,288
Pine, white.....						
	Great Britain.....	172,573		837,419	803,451	564,388
	United States..			90	3,516	
	Other countries..		5,203	6,914	269	3,203
	Totals.....	172,573	5,203	844,423	807,266	569,591
Other timber, N.E.S.						
	Great Britain.....	59,263	21,468	429,221	553,642	226,394
	United States..	725	1,479	12,455	19,857	708
	Other countries..		1,196	14,090	5,622	854
	Totals.....	59,988	24,143	455,766	581,121	249,279
Wood for wood pulp						
	Great Britain.....					
	United States..	207,807	381,333	1,881,390	2,073,396	3,167,464
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....	207,807	381,333	1,881,390	2,073,396	3,167,464
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.						
	Great Britain.....	63,808		9,575	20,060	
	United States..	721	84,073	541,063	794,792	964,518
	Other countries..		4,065	5,369	14,002	58,219
	Totals.....	64,529	88,138	556,007	828,854	1,022,737
Recapitulation.						
	Great Britain.....	988,797				
	United States..	2,463,770	624,168	10,383,194	12,893,869	9,899,919
	Other countries..	530,413	3,306,654	15,560,584	20,212,696	22,345,170
	Totals.....	3,982,980	4,541,710	27,971,394	36,104,001	35,743,489
						236,777

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.						EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	1907.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>												
Wood, manufactured—												
Furniture	15,155	110	5,853	7,225	79	84,727	76	57,644	720	28,462	60	
Great Britain...	2,192	663	7,225	79	12,646	1,211	1,211	8,591	2,897	26,924	629	
United States...	1,834	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,168	574	14,968	265	417	64	
Australasia...	4,388	32	905	.....	.....	15,162	62	17,785	34	10,293	.....
Newfoundland...	15,108	75	2,100	.....	17	84,256	1,425	42,609	325	39,954	2,431	
Other countries...												
Totals	38,677	880	16,083	96	211,973	3,348	3,348	141,597	4,241	106,050	3,184	
Doors, sashes and blinds.....												
Great Britain...	6,038	.....	9,623	.....	59,272	18,526	308	54,819	.....	46,070	15	
United States...	77	85	.....	.....	49,279	708	.....	17,162	239	205	.....
British Africa	3,509	300	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,330	.....	13,118	.....
Other countries...	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	9,694	.....	10,008	.....	127,785	308	308	75,025	239	59,393	15	
Matches and match splints....												
Great Britain...	5,454	.....	3,525	.....	55,276	68	22	40,277	.....	52,439	.....
United States...	105	45	.....	.....	2,070	.....	.....	350	11	20	3	
Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,844	.....	480	.....
Totals	5,559	.....	3,570	.....	57,414	22	22	43,071	11	52,939	3	
Wood pulp												
Great Britain...	47,156	.....	15,094	.....	672,923	497	.....	812,446	.....	331,214	.....
United States...	291,329	351,515	.....	.....	1,533,897	497	.....	1,758,634	.....	2,454,040	.....
Other countries...	1,070	.....	.....	.....	57,750	.....	.....	30,045	.....	7,023	.....
Totals	339,555	.....	366,609	.....	2,264,570	497	497	2,601,125	.....	2,792,277	.....
Other wood, manufactured, N.E.S.												
Great Britain...	9,526	120	13,797	3,348	178,329	3,968	3,968	246,775	5,911	158,208	7,756	
United States...	8,972	7,285	10,163	6,268	56,563	37,564	37,564	57,112	47,421	77,502	50,416	
Other countries...	7,576	1,241	24,483	1,361	12,923	2,982	2,982	105,808	4,159	150,636	11,748	
Totals	26,074	8,596	48,443	10,977	277,615	14,514	14,514	409,755	57,491	386,346	69,920	

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of November, 1906 and 1907, and during the *eight months* ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	November.		Eight months ending November.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	808,524	703,544	4,162,740	4,924,024	5,218,947
Malt.....	157,816	111,694	835,159	985,387	1,021,594
Malt liquor.....	440	230	7,169	7,354	9,184
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	242,901	229,007	1,525,268	1,728,480	1,797,797
" Canadian leaf.....	12,459	14,904	111,227	106,793	107,237
" combination leaf.....	11,272	10,274	68,359	74,017	75,425
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	94,958	99,765	563,091	668,037	763,133
" Canadian leaf.....		67			297
" combination leaf.....	2,702	179	8,862	11,702	8,788
Snuff.....	3,097	2,875	20,291	22,127	22,401
Canada twist.....	161	62	911	693	247
Foreign raw leaf.....	148,459	145,489	930,244	1,049,313	1,126,308
Licenses.....	149	54	3,256	3,041	4,081
Totals, Tobacco.....	516,158	502,676	3,231,509	3,664,203	3,905,714
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	109,892	103,764	759,645	812,414	830,694
" Canadian leaf.....	390	683	3,041	3,091	3,659
" combination leaf.....	2,853	2,437	16,265	22,548	19,167
Licenses.....	225	70	14,953	11,471	15,382
Totals, Cigars.....	113,360	106,954	793,904	849,524	868,902
Acetic acid.....	426	672	2,971	1,623	3,086
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	5,663	5,497	43,617	49,027	56,809
Seizures.....	64	89	2,228	1,499	2,745
Other receipts.....	5,600	5,644	35,207	40,437	47,527
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,608,051	1,437,000	9,114,504	10,523,078	11,134,508
Hydraulic and other rents.....	76	76	1,926	1,843	1,926
Minor public works.....			775	1,531	1,029
Inspection of electric light.....	3,355	3,843	45,307	20,312	20,670
" gas.....	4,207	3,608	24,978	31,458	27,233
" weights and measures.....	6,233	8,064	51,761	54,108	57,785
Law stamps.....	465	789	10,014	6,628	6,427
Other revenues.....	6,132	4,719	54,086	45,123	44,858
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,628,519	1,458,099	9,273,351	10,684,081	11,294,436

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months, eight months and twelve months* ending November 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.	Expenditure on Capital Account. &c.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Pub. W'ks (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.								
1898.	1,888,279	838,185	279,986	411,885	195,909	4,614,244	3,872,477	765,145
1899.	2,351,550	912,544	260,000	440,561	234,237	4,198,892	3,839,458	2,429,932
1900.	2,241,806	967,395	309,238	404,162	252,751	4,175,352	4,270,355	732,324
1901.	2,571,328	1,000,921	310,000	448,324	304,912	4,635,485	4,565,474	829,155
1902.	2,738,664	1,005,554	340,000	552,914	322,710	4,959,842	4,701,033	597,820
1903.	3,228,036	1,138,521	380,000	420,195	264,437	5,431,189	5,963,384	1,237,863
1904.	3,277,457	1,053,297	440,000	662,707	361,940	5,795,401	5,374,432	677,117
1905.	3,742,857	1,322,512	500,000	838,586	360,099	6,764,054	5,530,901	1,139,589
1906.	4,540,563	1,429,672	550,000	783,680	335,741	7,639,656	5,114,151	1,316,463
1907.	4,963,743	1,443,297	628,190	1,000,114	369,304	8,404,648	7,640,164	3,546,653

EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER 1898 TO 1907.

1898.	15,741,305	6,189,526	2,126,141	3,018,606	1,581,646	28,657,224	20,402,268	5,665,394
1899.	18,190,143	6,589,069	1,935,743	3,451,775	1,671,957	31,838,687	21,595,497	5,682,675
1900.	18,911,825	6,679,280	2,130,004	3,975,929	1,992,193	33,689,231	23,193,434	5,817,555
1901.	20,131,418	7,254,154	2,304,794	4,306,404	1,963,137	35,959,907	26,147,744	7,540,136
1902.	23,559,432	7,791,480	2,566,192	4,761,153	2,178,194	40,856,451	27,497,073	6,272,831
1903.	27,636,268	8,455,252	2,875,353	4,927,761	2,414,300	46,308,934	24,972,321	3,820,435
1904.	27,901,746	8,267,643	2,899,851	5,169,249	2,379,887	46,618,376	30,892,570	6,153,855
1905.	29,369,648	8,833,801	3,401,878	5,615,111	2,386,084	49,606,522	32,930,870	7,060,488
1906.	33,956,215	10,057,571	3,920,880	6,433,562	3,145,324	57,513,552	33,086,776	7,969,167
1907.	37,248,708	9,828,428	4,075,582	6,708,397	3,297,910	61,159,025	45,267,204	18,272,698

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER 1898 TO 1907.

1898.	23,540,067	9,110,575	3,309,591	4,106,074	2,589,030	42,655,337	31,974,300	7,267,635
1899.	26,331,933	9,739,817	3,004,832	4,589,103	2,769,903	46,485,588	34,323,787	7,716,308
1900.	28,485,595	10,044,841	3,227,647	5,430,985	3,150,860	50,339,928	36,227,169	7,976,809
1901.	29,221,758	10,646,487	3,432,860	5,956,234	3,115,877	52,373,216	40,356,767	10,366,269
1902.	33,729,032	11,369,520	3,912,025	6,736,688	3,319,029	59,066,294	42,210,363	9,825,057
1903.	39,279,576	12,414,319	4,464,809	7,078,282	3,764,616	67,001,602	40,414,512	6,116,397
1904.	40,503,241	12,587,241	4,657,368	7,101,330	3,905,860	68,755,040	48,362,521	10,262,100
1905.	42,208,083	12,964,254	5,272,064	7,660,170	3,624,053	71,728,624	52,823,848	11,835,347
1906.	48,668,037	14,758,279	5,960,926	8,869,626	4,709,710	82,966,578	53,421,328	12,644,309
1907.	54,520,122	14,925,032	6,434,926	9,345,487	5,225,401	90,450,968	66,394,120	24,270,750

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *eight months* ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.						
	Imports.		Exports of Home Produce.			
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Food, drink and tobacco:—						
Grain and flour.....	231,674,531	234,502,870	267,352,409	9,650,332	8,243,052	10,824,926
Meat, including animals for food.....	159,808,976	170,448,772	170,009,414	3,238,153	4,673,060	4,613,205
Other food and drink—						
Free.....	209,605,683	226,887,444	221,362,912	} 51,945,758	57,180,916	61,078,296
Dutiable.....	150,547,431	147,721,547	160,773,735		3,455,152	4,217,731
Tobacco.....	12,126,139	15,945,959	12,986,963	68,254,400	73,552,180	80,734,158
Totals.....	763,762,760	795,506,592	832,485,433			
Raw Materials and Articles mainly unmanufactured:—						
Coal, coke and patent fuels.....	188,159	113,801	8,337	86,279,219	106,711,547	145,746,463
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	18,302,555	21,838,848	24,059,818	1,524,190	2,062,915	1,897,798
Other metallic ores.....	94,296,802	110,104,742	107,343,365	365,073	591,645	626,601
Wood and timber.....	150,199,183	136,822,225	161,267,584	232,752	327,140	403,155
Cotton.....	64,788,430	81,314,213	91,555,782	6,217,239	9,332,090	10,816,276
Wool.....	40,760,912	45,539,576	45,144,292	457,451	555,263	735,172
Other textile materials.....	78,001,894	83,439,820	103,498,415	8,645,827	9,482,501	11,655,681
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	26,628,612	35,907,564	35,118,056	5,739,761	6,685,499	5,400,844
Hides and undressed skins.....	13,221,581	13,218,970	14,393,836	1,754,862	2,419,468	2,532,410
Materials for making paper.....	71,888,721	77,045,802	83,056,235	6,127,482	6,587,618	7,990,417
Miscellaneous.....						
Totals.....	582,052,857	635,787,678	699,465,690	117,343,856	144,755,686	187,810,817
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured:—						
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	27,527,196	25,911,985	23,712,463	106,932,007	132,953,310	156,041,929
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	69,869,879	91,523,361	92,104,806	30,868,516	33,507,616	37,443,470
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	11,643,332	11,942,352	13,286,642	16,944,150	19,325,449	21,616,731
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	141,601	3,816,512	3,995,886	6,528,224	7,370,277	8,976,630
Machinery.....	14,776,869	17,091,160	18,035,010	77,432,010	88,605,948	107,086,517
Ships, new.....	149,261	136,080	116,877	21,536,397	33,040,601	35,901,200
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	6,605,697	6,682,036	6,415,541	4,016,045	4,216,328	4,810,562

Yarns and Textile Fabrics:—

Cotton.....	25,522,916	29,084,504	29,811,376	295,287,433	320,543,646	362,239,271
Wool.....	40,134,398	38,167,135	34,185,574	93,289,275	98,571,261	100,238,659
Other materials.....	61,153,598	63,875,402	65,476,240	42,479,114	48,766,520	53,924,359
Apparel.....	13,479,202	12,545,724	11,940,398	19,609,308	21,377,299	23,043,993
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	31,180,679	33,203,591	38,361,700	46,085,572	49,738,224	55,066,813
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	35,896,363	42,765,151	36,728,592	18,639,950	21,070,647	21,967,662
Earthenware and glass.....	14,108,427	13,634,865	13,208,436	10,601,345	12,148,832	13,695,672
Paper.....	17,158,232	18,541,813	18,397,870	6,348,007	6,770,780	7,741,138
Miscellaneous.....	91,950,324	95,474,268	93,365,090	86,969,299	96,438,701	110,750,520 ¹
Totals.....	461,332,474	504,396,939	499,142,701	883,596,652	994,445,439	1,129,552,156
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	7,310,845	7,755,849	7,428,972	16,274,261	18,862,015	21,002,786
Totals.....	1,814,458,936	1,943,447,058	2,038,522,796	1,085,469,169	1,231,615,320	1,419,099,917
Exports of foreign produce.....	.....	.....	.....	244,110,019	266,202,782	286,757,640
Grand totals.....	1,814,458,936	1,943,447,058	2,038,522,796	1,329,579,188	1,497,818,102	1,705,857,557

Fish—										
Lobsters, canned.....	483	960	34,707	24,830	28,106	13,607	25,088	1,400,483	813,423	1,003,165
Salmon "	583	1,293	36,850	136,602	86,896	11,665	23,253	527,350	1,931,242	1,508,739
Wood and timber—										
Flewn.....	2,349	2,132	55,878	69,763	40,060	80,446	86,890	1,769,845	2,250,247	1,548,992
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	111,534	68,239	1,041,947	1,264,121	1,003,889	1,528,308	1,174,550	14,250,777	18,022,754	14,410,355
Total Imports, Principal Articles.....						9,849,690	10,042,334	84,080,381	97,593,017	93,062,296

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months* of November 1906 and 1907, and the *eight months* ending November 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of November.			Eight months ending November.			Month of November.			Eight months ending November.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.												
1. Articles of food and drink:—												
Salt, rock and white.....	6,737	6,029	61,008	64,531	55,188		25,504	24,494	241,905	248,348	233,356	Tons.
Spirits.....	74,711	80,214	499,975	586,942	664,884		159,617	172,509	1,041,998	1,232,243	1,412,146	Pt. galls.
2. Raw materials:—												
Wool, sheep and lambs.....	242,000	190,900	1,063,900	655,000	1,076,700		62,220	47,348	256,197	176,648	276,664	Lbs.
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured:—												
Cotton manufactures—												
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....	871,700	3,130,700	1,317,100	2,754,200	14,747,000		54,677	172,504	75,075	166,190	810,639	Yds.
" bleached.....	1,313,700	2,528,100	6,863,909	7,612,600	15,501,600		90,196	188,233	502,620	601,304	1,192,412	"
" dyed, or manufactured of dyed yarn.....	1,258,700	2,016,200	6,982,700	9,254,900	12,943,600		101,510	139,188	512,882	699,519	977,882	"
Jute manufactures—	1,112,600	1,473,400	8,806,300	9,007,400	14,034,200		137,979	182,091	1,190,279	1,214,504	1,775,341	"
Piece goods, all kinds.....	2,154,900	1,126,200	13,583,500	11,749,780	13,459,000		129,171	81,434	677,515	799,864	899,408	"
Linen manufactures—	1,098,800	1,096,000	6,607,300	7,592,500	8,386,500		133,746	133,468	705,472	832,510	951,151	"
Silk manufactures—												
Lace.....							1,085	9,481	29,274	18,029	32,510	
Silk and other materials.....	589,200	435,400	4,501,100	5,171,300	5,862,400		66,980	24,095	279,160	492,278	415,188	
Woolen tissues.....	825,500	850,900	6,449,500	7,138,400	7,965,700		296,365	204,950	2,341,899	2,701,889	2,994,430	
Carpets, not being rugs.....	185,600	148,600	1,293,800	1,770,200	1,754,000		353,926	355,855	2,478,151	2,961,748	3,514,798	
Hardware, unenumerated.....							88,247	77,146	667,259	826,299	965,890	
Cutlery.....							17,418	22,065	155,696	193,810	198,821	
Iron and steel—							41,177	45,216	278,303	332,907	404,995	
Iron, Pig.....	15,754	6,812	37,906	70,307	116,257		295,927	102,575	666,540	1,277,111	1,966,952	
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables.....	272	438	15,172	1,310	2,521		19,389	33,361	65,837	97,878	186,712	
Bars, angles, rods or sections.....	7,035	1,996	30,442	25,886	20,746		262,031	105,493	580,052	1,080,690	981,344	
Rails.....	119	472	3,630	7,127	3,630		4,604	12,502	753,048	205,106	127,705	
Sheets and plates.....	2,721	2,394	19,535	21,250	30,279		103,947	106,984	743,135	842,828	1,309,482	
Galvanized sheets.....	2,017	1,005	12,893	12,678	16,143		146,813	825,103	825,103	872,714	1,440,393	
Tin plates and sheets.....	3,223	1,363	16,453	15,847	14,890		209,626	103,115	1,017,882	995,442	1,021,718	
Wire.....	376	586	3,539	3,675	5,049		45,095	63,832	289,779	411,422	554,980	

[illegible]

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *seven months* ending October 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
IMPORTS—	\$	\$	\$
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			75,764,420
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			80,227,824
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			230,653,623
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			141,030,865
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			193,480,786
Miscellaneous.....			4,516,739
Total imports.....	668,917,103	742,146,013	725,674,257
Duties collected from Customs.....	162,902,097	183,163,446	167,373,190
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			79,354,075
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			164,863,976
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			167,528,478
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			131,102,624
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			258,696,208
Miscellaneous.....			3,518,988
Total exports, domestic.....	873,485,765	952,928,472	805,064,349]
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	7,629,626	7,707,519	8,494,844
Dutiable.....	8,806,981	7,089,646	7,513,727
Total exports, foreign.....	16,436,607	14,797,165	16,008,571
Total exports.....	889,922,372	967,725,637	821,072,920
AGGREGATE TRADE:—			
Imports.....	668,917,103	742,146,013	725,674,257
Exports.....	889,922,372	967,725,637	821,072,920
Grand totals.....	1,558,839,475	1,709,871,650	1,546,747,177

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports and Exports from the United States during the *months* of October 1906 and 1907, and the *seven months* ending October 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Continents.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.		Imports.		Imports.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa.....	640,217	2,293,364	836,594	903,961	5,892,847	10,004,343	4,803,156	10,454,730	8,487,106	6,914,898
Asia.....	19,528,675	7,856,369	18,431,165	7,290,354	103,420,954	80,175,733	110,012,546	49,077,276	105,547,127	48,480,333
Europe.....	66,223,495	138,522,966	57,558,425	87,833,059	335,063,745	509,385,842	396,012,071	645,053,178	375,103,796	509,628,638
North America.....	18,666,504	27,567,578	17,932,808	28,817,133	137,618,954	170,199,279	149,898,000	193,166,017	150,239,608	191,288,361
South America.....	11,782,563	7,801,437	9,448,406	6,726,431	72,101,428	40,306,688	69,226,819	46,092,092	70,628,949	42,386,045
Oceania.....	1,347,724	3,308,619	2,154,154	3,782,777	14,819,175	19,850,487	12,193,421	23,882,344	15,667,671	22,374,645
Totals.....	118,189,178	187,350,333	106,361,552	135,353,715	668,917,103	889,922,372	742,146,013	967,725,637	725,674,257	821,072,920

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of October, 1906 and 1907, and the seven months ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (From *United States Returns*.)

Countries.	MONTH OF OCTOBER.				SEVEN MONTHS ENDING OCTOBER.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.		
British Empire—												
Great Britain.....	20,724,826	66,710,126	18,098,390	61,387,958	110,433,083	283,434,342	132,258,592	300,906,671	143,823,440	291,004,600		
Aden.....	98,802	207,860	103,188	84	1,044,775	842,605	1,208,446	1,683,610	1,480,935	471,498		
Bermuda.....	6,943	84,986	2,768	106,091	394,014	700,150	312,750	478,930	462,164	493,116		
British Africa.....	223,092	1,258,068	208,890	841,967	846,501	7,547,389	1,348,059	7,133,271	1,687,949	5,445,967		
Australasia—												
Australia.....	470,460	2,654,327	449,493	2,502,626	5,936,667	16,199,231	5,783,043	18,603,466	7,595,396	16,024,813		
New Zealand.....			285,057	550,429					3,075,680	3,414,413		
British East Indies.....	5,760,912	505,504	5,618,523	591,530	35,478,453	4,109,270	45,105,913	4,443,478	47,667,810	5,296,358		
"Guiana.....	27,842	177,529	47,962	177,210	328,182	1,178,611	169,822	1,166,653	193,235	1,055,096		
"Honduras.....	77,231	95,785	40,499	130,650	382,736	483,715	410,673	709,990	396,984	736,058		
British North America—												
Canada.....	7,377,873	14,668,212	9,305,928	16,834,921	39,943,348	91,235,575	44,962,181	108,746,319	53,815,878	119,025,212		
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	122,710	333,837	199,735	500,773	735,108	1,728,929	708,405	1,737,016	524,477	2,046,961		
British West Indies.....	852,244	905,309	1,123,877	976,450	6,988,978	5,649,241	6,721,989	5,720,054	7,948,312	6,861,464		
Gibraltar.....	1,174	23,055	162	7,084	50,256	157,117	6,900	183,305	16,592	143,881		
Hong Kong.....	151,502	847,971	119,821	419,186	808,889	5,036,896	1,149,219	3,702,773	1,526,741	5,425,751		
Other British Colonies.....	1,283	90,115	35,850	14,068	108,889	5,147,196	44,081	461,954	46,460	271,474		
Totals, British Empire.....	35,896,894	88,562,684	35,640,143	85,041,027	203,479,879	418,450,267	240,190,133	450,677,490	270,262,033	458,376,662		
Foreign Countries—												
Austria-Hungary.....	1,406,826	1,063,164	1,286,294	829,824	7,129,182	7,135,026	8,611,428	5,874,287	9,382,257	8,082,523		
Argentina Republic.....	836,906	3,730,890	708,560	2,258,210	10,280,943	16,902,677	9,567,718	19,432,625	8,998,921	17,315,150		
Bolivia.....	3,098,612	2,292,452	2,292,452	2,569,044	15,430,105	22,506,107	17,779,065	28,934,171	15,799,456	28,130,190		
Brazil.....	8,119,313	1,347,335	6,697,118	2,139,080	40,259,380	7,247,803	37,041,878	9,509,886	44,608,363	13,016,461		
Central American States.....	654,327	1,983,740	724,886	2,137,690	20,728,733	10,438,796	7,275,746	14,159,415	10,511,515	16,905,226		
China.....	4,320,877	3,324,655	3,623,773	4,784,137	48,907,730	26,541,320	56,008,027	25,973,435	58,137,996	31,131,317		
Cuba.....	1,180,752	3,393,568	1,398,548	4,000,960	8,627,192	4,916,707	9,369,365	5,706,882	11,354,792	6,978,030		
Colombia.....	503,221	328,491	430,509	1,288,241	3,607,981	1,981,764	4,039,546	1,817,718	3,377,118	1,797,061		
Chinese Empire.....	2,481,739	2,455,431	2,184,509	1,264,848	16,562,438	36,143,591	18,543,081	17,519,874	19,712,119	14,224,777		
Denmark.....	149,673	2,437,145	1,108,310	1,293,168	3,397,240	7,014,370	702,493	12,820,656	696,344	11,660,386		
Dutch East Indies.....	2,483,849	2,34,389	3,291,931	62,024	16,045,216	1,010,638	6,297,653	12,726,770	7,971,184	1,780,708		
Egypt.....	284,744	147,765	246,803	200,354	4,054,061	6,603,978	2,508,272	724,498	6,358,609			

Ecuador.....	389,822	167,699	161,109	189,579	1,473,458	1,308,125	1,828,356	1,130,652	1,856,771	1,093,039
France.....	11,699,464	13,451,465	9,177,304	11,804,269	54,728,349	44,258,892	63,872,940	53,294,967	70,312,107	52,239,956
Germany.....	14,486,053	28,026,235	13,138,804	27,704,626	73,248,227	112,351,736	84,718,582	124,652,510	95,718,950	127,426,331
Greece.....	14,376,971	28,245,102	4,039,755	3,727,462	21,854,861	125,945	1,361,985	298,135	1,850,199	816,565
Italy.....	3,839,080	6,337,302	4,039,755	3,727,462	21,854,861	125,945	1,361,985	298,135	1,850,199	816,565
Japan.....	7,153,763	3,804,182	7,578,353	2,077,285	23,721,867	31,202,509	33,247,771	17,447,511	30,730,047	24,708,084
Mexico.....	5,016,281	5,329,534	4,563,492	3,508,632	29,835,357	29,089,056	30,257,952	35,742,165	42,126,280	20,879,856
Netherlands.....	2,991,822	8,725,064	2,111,173	8,331,335	14,081,925	45,224,168	19,329,908	58,833,002	34,953,630	40,806,154
Norway and Sweden —									18,572,000	59,860,550
Norway.....	455,882	615,193	511,657	660,980	3,848,857	6,660,723	1,712,081	3,107,292	2,047,367	3,291,178
Sweden.....	346,352	1,317,777	355,619	1,201,723	2,999,791	723,549	2,799,951	5,095,266	2,799,951	5,095,266
Portugal.....	414,958	90,004	199,636	243,311	2,943,515	723,549	2,799,951	5,095,266	3,474,662	1,954,556
Peru.....	213,762	589,214	717,282	643,382	1,477,056	2,586,447	1,441,740	2,860,883	4,843,856	3,696,928
Philippine Islands.....	852,253	616,863	1,802,279	1,021,420	8,437,357	3,360,533	5,934,739	4,793,086	7,231,489	6,164,947
Russia —										
In Asia.....	131,104	123,937	75,477	99,736	8,335,462	9,622,088	552,707	1,443,453	331,286	1,028,801
Europe.....	1,956,846	1,693,393	1,222,414	1,251,354	5,393,463	9,284,383	10,334,637	7,370,548	9,539,186	7,134,515
Spain.....	1,536,308	2,517,600	2,180,550	3,105,813	12,590,361	9,284,383	18,169,466	11,993,861	8,691,709	13,067,987
Switzerland.....	2,155,767	52,735	2,337,866	52,579	12,590,361	9,284,383	18,169,466	11,993,861	15,750,273	372,068
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,737,855	84,522	983,555	86,866	6,191,745	910,100	7,436,296	328,010	7,577,119	1,215,749
Uruguay.....	61,311	311,960	256,594	254,771	1,350,335	1,683,880	1,010,255	1,820,225	1,460,002	2,364,842
Venezuela.....	419,770	270,039	510,204	218,961	4,233,049	1,849,362	4,390,831	2,052,751	4,263,055	1,517,472
Other foreign countries.....	516,011	1,927,667	629,276	3,710,922	5,229,449	8,542,032	5,397,739	10,357,497	6,647,917	16,632,896
Totals, foreign countries	82,292,284	98,787,649	76,174,843	95,379,506	465,437,224	471,472,105	501,955,880	517,048,147	567,227,190	543,116,791
Grand totals	118,189,178	187,350,333	111,814,986	180,420,533	668,917,103	889,922,372	742,146,013	967,725,637	837,489,243	1,001,493,453
	305,539,511		292,235,519		1,538,839,475		1,709,871,650		1,838,982,696	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of October and the *seven months* ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.					
	Month of October.		Seven months ending October.		Month of October.		Seven months ending October.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Animals—									
Horses.....	205	146	1,678	1,837	1,634				
Art work.....						\$	\$	\$	\$
Books, &c.....						34,212	25,189	267,718	333,977
Cement, Roman—						8,750	8,868	13,215	17,142
Portland.....	675,733	20,200	157,110	3,331,073	258,150	8,436	10,291	65,026	72,802
Coal, bituminous.....	93,284	114,489	732,585	731,086	818,653				
Copper and manufactures of—						5,045	93	23,453	1,525
Ore and regulus.....	9,133	9,805	97,327	44,239	60,719	239,295	255,674	1,705,430	1,914,987
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other unmanufactured.....	2,886,569	3,526,339	12,583,015	17,763,660	20,488,156	165,600	129,687	901,952	1,070,380
Fibres, vegetables, &c., and manufactures of—						520,538	532,176	3,191,834	4,279,668
Flax.....			497	340	353			74,527	75,863
Fruits—									
Bananas.....							106,038	2,147	
Lemons.....							76,463	66	
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....							918	676,817	756,579
Hides and skins, other than fur—						40,895	25,334		
Cattle hides.....									
All other.....	3,022,229	3,980,570	18,435,890	18,819,516	14,839,788	347,672	328,021	2,312,616	1,284,441
Iron and steel and manufactures of—									
Iron ore.....		26,288			110,008				138,919
Tin plates.....		22,060	117,185	97,917	162,165			3,945	6,672
Jewellery and other precious stones, &c.....									
Lead and manufactures of—									
Pigs, bars, &c.....	1,725,642	608,059	10,576,657	12,546,882	7,149,300	65,489	25,868	377,925	251,988
Paper stock, crude (<i>see also</i> wood pulp)								56,552	102,106
Provisions—									
Cheese.....	7,896	17,648	56,293	33,326	32,580	1,366	2,657	5,882	5,440
Spices, nutmegs, peppers.....			3,036	3,380			430	397	
Spirits, distilled—									
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture). . . Pt. galls.	58,855	64,614	192,238	288,307	358,164	116,052	119,483	561,028	600,944
Sugar.....			1,594,164	581,824			107,454	32,365	

Tea.....	212,719	200,421	1,157,952	1,409,165	1,470,573	50,964	49,447	281,745	337,010	355,117
Tobacco and manufactures of—										
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers.....		3,449			25,917					21,957
" all other sorts.....	9,434	7,107	163,687	77,094	130,351	6,758	2,260	99,139	48,405	73,331
Wood and manufactures of							4,399			
Boards, planks, &c.....		117,594	575,813	699,720	637,095	1,869,034	2,258,489	8,782,446	11,376,622	11,937,079
Wood pulp.....	107,918	16,579	62,493	70,902	99,058	248,521	333,353	1,400,690	1,481,541	2,255,432
Wool.....	11,838	107,549	1,145,111	562,507	1,426,157	2,732	26,894	288,922	156,474	372,851
All other goods imported.....	11,373					3,769,224	5,338,241	20,662,188	21,916,014	28,453,261
Total imports.....						7,500,583	9,505,663	40,678,456	45,670,586	54,340,355

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of October, 1906 and 1907, and the seven months ending October, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.						VALUES.					
	Month of October.		Seven months ending October.				Month of October.		Seven months ending October.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.		1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Agricultural implements.												
Animals—												
Cattle.	872	324	11,279	12,438	8,896		20,943	8,496	253,553	365,727	1,788,884	
Hogs.	17	61	47,525	127	128		215	897	458,641	1,029	258,677	
Horses.	1,887	793	13,551	23,003	17,252		185,183	103,570	1,348,673	2,728,655	2,326,270	
Sheep.	11,625	9,730	45,677	58,467	37,620		32,252	34,729	132,741	189,542	131,004	
Books, maps, engravings, &c.							205,881	251,744	1,245,962	1,199,395	1,487,985	
Breadstuffs—												
Corn.	677,616	1,317,926	5,808,607	4,091,170	7,566,393		363,071	865,495	3,186,829	2,169,814	4,338,798	
Oats.	165,987	5,796	2,117,942	395,864	17,733		57,667	3,273	681,099	136,589	7,468	
Wheat.	3,849	519,231	59,557	268,252	941,571		2,334	524,511	50,884	208,492	893,492	
Wheat flour.	32,324	20,462	107,385	128,694	100,603		130,024	95,091	446,824	516,829	418,198	
Carriages, cars and parts of—							48,600	38,438	18,715	689,323	887,551	
Automobiles and parts of—							1,915	4,477	68,230	45,911	45,298	
Cycles and parts of.												
Railway carriages.							95,676	325,028	1,233,278	844,010	839,095	
Other kinds.							95,997	116,325	476,152	540,455	617,909	
Clocks and watches.												
Coal—												
Anthracite.	176,016	255,093	1,555,037	1,456,124	1,838,624		881,698	1,285,121	7,675,226	7,127,996	9,030,701	
Bituminous.	564,465	654,095	3,409,519	3,371,551	5,027,498		1,326,785	1,566,811	7,981,888	7,978,287	11,974,642	
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ingots, bars and old.	318,814	10,884	1,652,664	2,871,475	1,483,521		59,250	119,062	261,249	527,585	487,800	
Ore, matte and regulus.	3,165	298,233		16,273	346,020		27,314	50,216		311,785	637,135	
Cotton and manufactures of—												
Cotton, unmanufactured.	9,901	6,648	52,865	43,018	33,210		546,442	371,773	2,560,994	2,382,780	1,838,015	
" coloured and uncoloured.	5,210,264	3,382,238	26,802,604	22,331,680	17,025,999		64,139	41,079	452,345	481,914	363,580	
Wearing apparel.	636,955	379,973	5,874,631	5,538,517	3,702,742							
Other kinds.							197,342	84,376	1,511,235	1,621,242	609,578	
Fertilizers.	1,614	1,375	5,463	5,913	11,464		33,685	30,047	112,124	117,770	272,465	
Fibres, vegetable, &c.												
wine.								39,505			1,264,152	

[illegible]

UNREISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Importnd into and Exported from the undesmentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....	(8 mos.) August.....	141,196,600	160,687,600	
British South Africa.....	9 " September.....	117,749,000	102,049,133	
Canada (special).....	8 " November.....	184,831,177	223,626,536	254,068,993
Great Britain (special).....	8 " ".....	1,814,458,936	1,943,447,058	2,038,522,796
United States.....	7 " October.....	668,917,103	742,146,013	725,674,257
Austria-Hungary (special).....	9 " September.....	319,609,087	338,268,847	343,268,331
Belgium (principal articles).....	10 " October.....	460,813,555	514,376,073	557,542,453
British India.....	9 " September.....	257,385,924	278,349,048	302,549,580
Egypt.....	9 " ".....	73,585,000	82,295,000	92,235,000
France (special).....	11 " November.....	1,008,871,000	1,093,529,600	
Germany (special).....	9 " September.....	1,159,435,802	1,375,601,206	1,525,727,798
Italy (special).....	7 " July.....	217,717,703	280,056,703	321,214,146
Japan (special).....	9 " September.....	196,254,500	161,640,500	187,290,000
Mexico (a).....	8 " August.....	57,587,500	82,123,000	82,368,500
Portugal.....	12 " *December.....	67,006,440	65,532,240	65,222,280
Russia (special).....	7 " July.....	157,650,775	178,832,720	202,472,765
Spain (principal articles).....	9 " September.....	151,709,001	145,372,811	133,655,202
Switzerland (special).....	9 " ".....	178,612,815	196,585,168	218,219,340

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....	(8 mos.) August.....	179,672,467	194,413,600	
British South Africa.....	9 " September.....	149,158,467	169,749,333	
Canada (special).....	8 " November.....	157,793,120	174,301,540	172,433,679
Great Britain (special).....	8 " ".....	1,085,469,169	1,231,615,320	1,419,099,917
United States (special).....	7 " October.....	873,485,765	952,928,472	805,064,349
Austria-Hungary (special).....	9 " September.....	308,861,252	337,363,670	342,999,965
Belgium (principal articles).....	10 " October.....	337,845,535	405,294,982	418,314,569
British India.....	9 " September.....	373,106,088	394,023,528	472,664,160
Egypt.....	9 " ".....	64,390,000	68,215,000	82,010,000
France (special).....	11 " November.....	951,464,400	1,011,997,400	
Germany (special).....	9 " September.....	958,174,434	1,053,419,416	1,206,690,702
Italy (special).....	7 " July.....	177,440,147	207,938,972	200,668,469
Japan (special).....	9 " September.....	111,141,000	141,096,500	159,227,500
Mexico (a).....	8 " August.....	77,462,000	88,349,000	87,405,000
Portugal.....	12 " *December.....	33,108,960	31,286,520	33,040,440
Russia (special).....	7 " July.....	285,346,565	275,369,470	252,866,030
Spain (principal articles).....	9 " September.....	127,111,730	124,595,975	124,483,842
Switzerland (special).....	9 " ".....	133,339,068	147,978,504	161,789,777

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TARIFF CHANGES

SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION.

I.—EXTENSION OF REBATES OF CUSTOMS DUTIES TO GOODS FROM NEW ZEALAND.

(*The Cape of Good Hope Government Gazette—Extraordinary, of December 29, 1906.*)

A proclamation No. 515, dated December 29, 1906, of the Governor of the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope, and of the Territories and Dependencies thereof, proclaims, declares and makes known, that the Government of the said Colony and other Parties to the South African Customs Union Convention have, in terms of Article 4 of the said Convention, extended the rebates of Customs duties granted on goods and articles the growth, produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom, as from the 1st January, 1907, to goods and articles, the growth, produce or manufacture of New Zealand, the Government of the said Colony having extended to goods and articles the growth, produce or manufacture of the South African Customs Union reciprocal privileges.

II.—TRANSVAAL CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION NO. 311, DATED 4TH APRIL, 1907, RESPECTING THE REDUCTION OF ADDITIONAL DUTY ON SUGARS FROM ROUMANIA.

(*Transvaal Government Gazette of April 5, 1907.*)

It is hereby notified for general information that the special additional duty on sugars imported from Roumania has been reduced to the following rates:—

	S.	D.
Sugar, raw 100 lbs.	5	6
Sugar, refined “	7	3

To take effect from the date of publication of this notice.

III.—TREASURY (CAPE TOWN) NOTICE NO. 559, DATED MAY 18, 1907, AS TO THE REDUCTION OF THE SURTAX LEVIABLE ON ROUMANIAN SUGARS.

(*The Cape of Good Hope Government Gazette of May 21, 1907.*)

His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to approve, under the provisions of Act No. 1 of 1906, of the surtax fixed by Government Notice No. 231, 1905, on sugars of Roumanian origin, being reduced to the following rates, as from the 1st of April, 1907:—

	S.	D.
Sugar, raw 100 lbs.	5	6
Sugar, refined “	7	3

IV.—CUSTOMS NOTICE NO. 1210, OF JULY 10, 1907, RESPECTING DUTY ON BEER BREWED, AND SPIRITS DISTILLED, IN ANY OTHER COLONY IN THE CUSTOMS UNION IMPORTED INTO THE CAPE COLONY.

(*The Cape of Good Hope Government Gazette of July 19, 1907.*)

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of Section 5 of Act No. 1 of 1906, a duty of Customs is levied on Beer brewed, and spirits distilled, in any Colony or Territory in the Customs Union, imported for consumption in this Colony; and

that every importer thereof is required, before he accepts delivery, to proceed to the Office of the Civil Commissioner or Resident Magistrate of the District (where there is no Custom House) and pay the Custom Duty on such Beer or Spirits, and have the Customs Union "Advice to Consignee" (Form D) duly certified to that effect.

Importers are further warned that should they accept delivery of any such Beer or Spirits—the duty not having been paid—it will be regarded as being illegally imported, and they will be liable to the penalties provided for by law.

The import duty on such Beer and Spirits is as follows:—

On Beer, 3d. per gallon.

On Spirits:—

(a) The produce of the vine, 6s. per proof gallon.

(b) Other than the above, 10s. per proof gallon.

V.—ACT NO. 10, OF 1907, TO PROHIBIT THE EXPORT OF OSTRICHES AND OSTRICH EGGS.

[ASSENTED TO ON 19TH, PROMULGATED ON 20TH AUGUST, 1907.]

(*The Cape of Good Hope Government Gazette Extraordinary of 20th August, 1907.*)

Whereas it is desirable to prohibit the exportation of Ostriches and Ostrich Eggs from this Colony: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the House of Assembly thereof, as follows:—

1. Act No. 24 of 1884, intituled the "Ostrich Export Duty Act, 1884," is hereby repealed.

2. It shall not be lawful to export any Ostrich or Ostrich Eggs, except as herein-after provided, to any place beyond the limits of this Colony or to any country separated therefrom by sea: provided, however, that this prohibition shall not apply to the export of any Ostrich or Ostrich Egg to any neighbouring Colony or State which, shall, by its own Legislature, have similarly prohibited the exportation of Ostriches and Ostrich Eggs, subject to the aforesaid exemption to any neighbouring Colony or State, and under a penalty not less than that provided for by this Act.

3. Every person who shall contravene the provisions of this Act by exporting any Ostrich or Ostrich Egg (except as hereinbefore excepted), shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any term not less than twelve months nor more than two years.

4. All penalties under this Act may be enforced in the Court of the Resident Magistrate of the District in which the offence was committed.

3. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the "Ostrich Export Prohibition Act, 1907."

VI.—TREASURY (CAPE TOWN) NOTICE NO. 1134, DATED 12TH OCTOBER, 1907, RELATING TO REBATE OF CUSTOMS DUTIES ON GOODS REMOVED TO GERMAN SOUTHWEST AFRICA.

(*The Cape of Good Hope Government Gazette of October 15, 1907.*)

His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under and by virtue of Section 15 of Act No. 1 of 1906, has been pleased to notify that, on and after the 15th day of October, 1907, a Rebate of Customs Duties to the extent shown in the Schedule hereunto annexed shall be granted to Goods entered, whether on first importation or *ex* a Bonded Warehouse, for removal overland to German Southwest Africa, in accordance with the Regulations from time to time prescribed in that behalf.

SCHEDULE.

On all goods, wares, or merchandise chargeable with duty under Classes I., II., III., IV., and VI., of the Schedule B to "The Customs Amendment and Tariff Act, 1906," a Rebate shall be allowed to the extent of the difference between the duties specified in the aforesaid Classes to the aforesaid Schedule, and a Transit Duty of Three Pounds Sterling per centum of the value of such goods, &c., and such Transit Duty of 3 per cent *ad valorem* shall be the duty less rebate to be paid on such goods, &c., except as to the following articles, viz.:—

Spirits, namely:—(a) Liqueurs, Cordials and Mixed Spirits exceeding 3 per cent of Proof Spirits, on which a rebate shall be allowed to the extent of 17s. per Imperial gallon, and the duty less rebate to be paid shall be 3s. per Imperial gallon. (b) Other potable Spirits containing more than 3 per cent of Proof Spirit on which a rebate shall be allowed to the extent of 15s. 6d. per Imperial proof gallon, and the duty less rebate to be paid shall be 3s. 6d. per proof gallon; provided that no allowance will be made for underproof in excess of 15 per cent.

Wines:—On which a rebate shall be allowed of the difference between 1s. 6d. per Imperial gallon and the duties thereon as set forth in Class I., item 41 (a), (b) and (c), of the Customs Union Tariff and the duty less rebate to be paid shall be 1s. 6d. per Imperial (b) gallon.

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, cr, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

F. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.
P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Coeli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.
L. Burnett, York.
John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.
John McLennan, Aberdeen.
E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, October 29, 1907.

THE DROUGHT.

In my report of October 1, the dry weather for the previous two months was referred to, and it was also stated that there were poor prospects of early rains, which were badly needed. Unfortunately, the facts have been in accordance with these indications. The rainfall for October has been very light, especially in the dairying and wheat-producing districts of New South Wales. The rainfall in July, August and September, which so largely determines the crops and summer pasturage, except in the west of this state, have been very much below the average. In Sydney, where the average for this month is over 12 inches, there was a rainfall of less than 1 inch. In the far west, which is solely a pastoral region, the rainfall, though not heavy, was better. There is a difference of opinion as to the conditions. The heavy rainfall of June have so far marvellously supported vegetation, but drought conditions are generally prevalent. The best authorities agree that there is no possibility of there being more than a half crop of wheat in this state with the probability, that unless there is a change in the weather conditions for the better, there will be not more than one-third of last year's crop harvested. Victoria and South Australia, the other wheat-producing states, are also seriously affected; Victoria nearly as badly as New South Wales; South Australia, for the present, not quite so badly. The yield of the last harvest throughout Australia was estimated at 67,000,000 bushels. It is hardly possible that more than 30,000,000 bushels will be obtained this year, which, with the surplus of last year's stock, will just about supply home consumption. Very much depends on what the weather will be for the next two weeks, but as I write I have to repeat the statement in the report of four weeks ago, that there is little immediate promise of good rains.

A month ago the prospect was that the year would be the most prosperous one that the dairying industry of Australia had experienced, but already, the export of butter has fallen off greatly and must shortly cease altogether. Cattle have been fed for a month from food which had been stored up to meet such contingencies, and in some places, where only a limited provision had been made, these stocks have already been exhausted.

CANADA AS A SOURCE OF SUPPLY.

In view of the possibility of the dry weather becoming a prolonged drought, there have been some inquiry for food stuffs from Canada. Whether there shall be any demands and what their extent, will depend upon the extent of the drought, and something upon the duties in the new tariff. The first demand would naturally be for a strong wheat flour. The principal mills of Canada, which can supply this requirement, are well represented here. The next requirement will be wheat. Several firms have already begun negotiations with Canadian firms to secure supplies when required. If arrangements for shipping at Vancouver are made, there should be a demand for

the softer wheats, grown upon the eastern slopes of the Rockies and the Pacific slope, to supply mills which are better equipped for grinding this wheat than the hard wheat of the Northwest. Oats have already been in demand, not only in Australia, but for some time in New Zealand where last year's crop was a poor one. So far, the probabilities favour a fair season for New Zealand, but the oat crop of that Dominion will not come into market until March next. It is not likely that the oats of Canada, in view of the duties and also still more of the fact that they are not liked for feeding purposes, will experience a very large demand unless the drought should be very severe and prolonged. But already there has been inquiries for oats for milling purposes, as for this purpose, their value has become known. It is possible, too, that there may be a market for high grade Canadian barley. The barley of Canada is unknown here and unless the need is great, the average barley of Canada is not likely to find much favour. The heavy barley of California is well known here, and has been long imported for malting purposes. If Canada can supply a grade similar to it, there is no doubt that it would find a demand. Another possibility is potatoes. At the present writing it is too early to form any opinion as to what the potato crop of Australia will be. The bulk of the yield is grown in southern Victoria and Tasmania, where the weather conditions have been much more favourable than in the eastern portions of Australia. A similar statement can be made respecting onions. As other vegetables under drought conditions fail, the onion becomes very valuable and the local production may not meet the requirements.

It may be, too, that if the drought be prolonged, butter will be inquired into, though not for some time to come. During the last drought there was a considerable importation of frozen pork as there was then no duty upon it. The new tariff, as it stands, imposes a duty of 2d. per lb., which renders it improbable that it is likely to become an importation from Canada. However, all depends upon the weather for the next three months. Canadians who desire to share in this business, should at once arrange with the importers here for it, as the demand will be made by cable, and those who wait to make arrangements when the demand has been made, will likely be out of the business. During the drought of 1902-3 Vancouver completely failed as a shipping port and Canada did but one-tenth of the trade that she should have done, had the suggestions made from this office, been acted upon. I should be glad to receive samples of wheat and oats, particularly of wheat of the softer variety, with prices at the moment subject, however, to change, from any one who wishes to share in the possibility of the trade that may arise. Owing to the indifferent manner with a few exceptions in which orders during the last drought were filled, Australian houses now demand an assurance that agents in Canada can be depended upon, and it might be well, therefore, that firms not well known here who wish to engage in this trade, should send references or such credentials as would be acceptable here.

PRICES.

The prices of products have not yet reached an import basis, but they have rapidly advanced in two months. Wheat has gone up from 3s. 9d. to 5s. 7d. per bushel; flour from £8 10s. to £12 per ton, both in Sydney and New Zealand. Oats are quoted at 3s. 4d. to 3s. 6d. per bushel. Potatoes have rapidly advanced and are now quoted at £6 10s. per ton, three times the price they were in August last.

THE TRADE OF 1902-3.

In order to emphasize the importance of being ready, it may be well to recall the experience during the drought year of 1902-3. In May, 1902, I not only reported to the government, but memorialized the chief boards of trade of Canada respecting the prospect of business in food stuffs, owing to the drought that threatened the harvests of the year and asked for communications from those who might be prepared to undertake the business. In response I received but two replies. I also interviewed leading

firms of this city. Some of them sent their agents to Canada, who returned reporting that they found it impossible to interest Canadians in the trade and to make the necessary arrangements. They had been obliged to negotiate with firms in the United States. It was not surprising, therefore, that Canada failed to secure very much of the drought trade. The following were the total importations into Australia and from Canada for the year 1902-3, as given in the Australian returns:—

	Total Importa- tions	From Canada.
Barley, bushels.....	1,417,972	
Oats, bushels ..	3,103,961	88,506
Wheat, bushels.....	9,290,623	57,110
Flour, tons.....	80,942	20,332

The chief breakdown was in transportation. The mail steamers were full, but no other ships had been arranged for and none were obtainable except one sailing vessel, sent out at so late a period, that there was a heavy loss upon its cargo. More of the products of Canada than is given in this table were imported. But flour, oats and wheat had to be obtained from United States mills, grinding Canadian wheat and through United States ports, Canada losing the profit of the business.

TRADE PROSPECTS.

In addition to the droughty conditions which threaten the farming, dairying and pastoral industries alike, there is this year the probability of a decreased output of wool. Up to a short time ago it was anticipated that the shearing this year would yield about the same quantity as last. It is now admitted that it will be, as a whole, less in quantity and not equal in quality. How much less, experts are not agreed, but probably 100,000 bales below the production of 1905-6. The heavy reduction in the price of copper, lead, tin and silver will also seriously affect the value of these articles and the quantity exported. If low prices should rule for some time, it will mean the closing of mines that otherwise would have to be worked at a loss. There is also a decrease in the yield of gold, but this may change at any moment. Against this, there is a strong demand for coal at advanced prices. Under these conditions, particularly in view of a possible high tariff, there will be a lessened importation of goods. Australia has had four excellent seasons and enjoyed for two years very great prosperity. It can stand, therefore, without serious inconvenience, one or two poor years. If the demand for goods should somewhat decrease, there is no doubt that the country will be able to pay for all that it asks for.

DESICCATED EGGS.

Publication has been given to a process devised in Melbourne, but carried out in Sydney, for desiccating eggs. For this process, high claims are made. It has been thus described:—

'Desiccated eggs are not substitutes for eggs, but newly laid eggs treated by a process by which only the shell and water contents of the egg are removed, and the whole substance of the egg, yolk and albumen converted into powder. The eggs first pass through a dark room, being carried on a perforated rolling table over a 50 candle-power light. Any eggs not perfectly fresh, or dirty in any way, are at once detected and put on one side. The sound eggs are carried along and go into a centrifugal separator, revolving at a tremendous rate. Here the eggs are smashed, and the shells separated from the liquid matter which flows into a small tank, and is then pumped up to another tank, where a preservative is added. Below this tank, in a very hot

room, with a temperature of 120 to 130 degrees, there are great cylinders, or drums, slowly revolving at the rate of 1 to 2½ minutes. The liquid egg substance goes from the tank into troughs below these cylinders, and as they revolve become attached to them. By the time a cylinder has completed its revolution the coating has dried, and a further coating adheres. Ultimately this coating comes off in flaky pieces, which are ground into a powder. This powder will, it is claimed to have been proved, keep for years, and only requires the addition of milk or water, when the powdered eggs will reconstitute, and be ready for use for any purpose the same as a newly laid egg. The powder is rich and attractive looking, and is reported by the government analysts of New South Wales and Victoria to contain no chemical preservative. No part of the egg, except the water, has been removed.

In all probability an account of this process will reach Canada. There is no question that if it were perfect, as the newspapers state, it would be of great value in Canada as in Australia. It must, however, be added, that the process is not yet perfected. The inventor has some difficulties still to overcome before it can be a commercial success; one of which is the reduction of the dried egg to powder. It is hoped that this and other obstacles to success will shortly be overcome. If so, the appliance should receive consideration in Canada where a cheap process of preserving eggs would be most useful.

SALMON DELIVERIES.

In the contracts made by the Alaska Packers' Association with their Australian purchasers, there is this clause: 'Right is reserved to sellers, in case of damage to catch, or failure to make the full pack, of any or all of the goods named, to deliver pro rata, to the purchasers whose orders are received prior and up to the time of the beginning of the pack of each article named.' Some time ago the association's agents notified customers here that there would be a very short supply of salmon, but that the usual quantity would be reserved for the Australian requirements. A little time ago a second notice was sent out to the effect that only one-fourth of the orders could be filled. As some of the contracts were signed after the commencement of the salmon fishing, it is under consideration whether the reserved clause applies and whether the association is not under legal obligations to deliver the full amounts.

AN APPRECIATION OF CANADIAN METHODS.

In contrast to this there has been published the action of the British Columbia Packers' Association, which has written to its agent: 'In order to fill orders now in hand we have been obliged to purchase some 12,000 cases, in some instances at a direct loss to ourselves. We have established a reputation here, and hope also on your side, of filling all orders to the best of our power, and although by cutting down deliveries pro rata we could make an extra 3s. per case on the balances thus secured, we will protect all our buyers to the last case we have or can buy.'

Where Canadian business methods have so often been criticised, this action of the British Columbia Packers' Association is worthy of notice, and it is to be hoped that the losses incurred by it will be repaid in future years through the added confidence in its business methods.

DUTY ON CATALOGUES.

An inquiry has reached me respecting the duty on catalogues or on advertising matter sent to Australia. The duty at present is 6d. per lb. But there is a possibility that it will be changed before the tariff finally passes. I have made an application to the Department of Customs of the Commonwealth that should there be a duty fixed upon advertising matter, an arrangement may be made, that when mailed in Canada

there shall be a provision whereby the duty could be pre-paid there. I am given to understand that the matter is under consideration. I hope that a special duty stamp may be provided which could be sold in Canada and affixed to the documents when mailed.

The duty on printed matter in New Zealand is 3d. per lb. But there is an important and liberal exception whereby it is declared that this duty shall not apply to trade catalogues or price lists of the goods of firms or persons having no established business in New Zealand. It will be seen, therefore, that there is no difficulty in sending such matter to New Zealand. If the Canadian firm has an established house, the matter should be addressed to it and it would pay the duty. But if it has none, no duty will be levied.

INLAND FREIGHTS.

The Customs Department has issued the following order :—‘Satisfactory evidence having been produced that the proportion of freight rate from Hamilton, Canada, to Niagara, on goods in transit to New York, is 4.37 cents on 100 lb. (per car load), the Customs order bearing on the subject has been amended accordingly.’

Apparently, this is intended to cover all classes of freight emanating from Hamilton and will be the dutiable rate of freight by whatever route goods may be shipped, to Australia. It must be remembered that this is a temporary arrangement and will be altered when evidence is given to show that the proportion of the freight rate to New York is higher or lower than that now fixed upon. There is still much confusion in respect to the proportion of the freight on which duty is charged in the minds of Canadian shippers. For example, from Peterborough the inland freight is charged via Niagara Falls. Its nearest port would be Port Hope and, if the matter, I think, were properly taken up, it should pay duty upon the proportion of the freight from Port Hope. The ruling is that the charge shall be that to the nearest Canadian port of export.

WEATHER PROSPECTS.

At the closing of the mail the weather bureau forecasts more favourable prospects for some rain upon the droughty districts. But it has no assurance that the anticipation will be realized. The probabilities, on the whole, are rather against it. A number of firms in the anticipation of the necessity of importation of foodstuffs have cabled to Canadn. I regret to say that so far as I can obtain information, the replies have all been most unsatisfactory; not a quotation having been received. There, perhaps, are circumstances that justify this failure to give some price, but it is in striking contrast with the result of inquiries made elsewhere.

J. S. LARKE.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., November 12, 1907.

MUNICIPAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL.

The above school exists for the purposes of carrying out a liberal scheme of technical education. It is open both day and evening, and male and female students are eligible for admission. The school contains elaborate workshops and laboratories, and among the many subjects taught, the following are chief :—chemistry, metallurgy, physics, engineering, electrical engineering, building construction, brasswork, mathematics, telegraphy, cookery, dress-making, &c.

CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

All the classes, excepting the special classes for women, are open to students of either sex. Students in attendance at secondary schools, or who are under 14 years of age, are admitted only by special permission of the principal.

FEES.

The fees range from 2s. 6d. (60 cents) to £1 (\$4.86) and are made payable in advance.

EXAMINATIONS AND AWARDS.

The work at the end of the session is examined by examiners specially appointed by the school committee, by the Board of Education or by the City or Guilds Institute of London. The Board of Education grant certificates to successful students, the City and Guilds of London Institute award first and second class certificates to students in technological subjects; the Board of Education also award a number of King's Prizes of books, instruments, &c., to the value of £2 each to the students doing best in a science subject, or mathematics, and bronze medals are given to all candidates who obtain a first class in honours. Bronze, silver and gold medals are given in the national competition for the best drawings in machine drawing and building construction. Seven Royal Exhibitions each of the value of £50 per annum for three years, with fees remitted, tenable either at the Royal College of Science, London, or at the Royal College of Science, Dublin. Twenty-two national scholarships, each of the value of £50 per annum for three years, with fees remitted, tenable at either of the two last named colleges. Six free studentships tenable for three years at the Royal College of Science, London, as national scholarships, but without any maintenance allowance. Many prizes are also offered by Birmingham Trade Societies, manufacturing firms, and private donors.

COST OF MAINTENANCE.

The following table gives the income and expenditure for the year ending March 31, 1906.

	£	s.	d.
Apparatus, chemical and class requiremenas	1,941	8	7
Cleaning materials and sundries	119	16	5
Furniture and fittings	131	16	0
General repairs and replacements	242	10	10
Gas, water and fuel	829	0	5
Maintenance and renewal of plant and machinery	193	12	5
Postages and incidentals	111	11	11
Printing, stationery, advertising, books, &c.	603	17	2
Rents, rates, taxes and insurances	838	6	6
Salaries of secretary and office staff	753	8	4
Scholarships, prizes, certificates, examination expences	313	11	10
Teachers' salaries	6,628	8	0
Wages and uniforms of industrial staff	1,689	15	3
Damage by fire	85	17	5
Special purchase of books for library	46	16	7
Superannuation allowances	265	10	9
Return of contributions to Superannuation Fund	0	5	9
Interest on loans	2,191	11	0
Sinking fund	3,876	11	5
	20,863	16	7
Grant from Board of Education	£3,222	17	0
Class fees	1,416	9	6
Examination fees	28	15	6
Prizes, donations for	96	0	0
Sales of apparatus	164	1	6
Hire of rooms	68	19	6
Miscellaneous receipts	3	4	7
Donation from W. Butler, Esq.	50	0	0
" " H. Lewis, Esq.	100	0	0
Contributions for superannuation	165	14	7
* Balance being expenditure in excess of income for year ending March 31, 1906	15,547	14	5
Total	20,863	16	7

The exchequer contributions under the local taxation (Customs and Excise) Act, 1890, amounting to about £13,000 per annum, were credited to the school account previous to Education Act 1902, but this amount now appears as part of the general income of the Education Committee.

The school is under the management of the City of Birmingham Education Committee, and is subject to the same rules, and enjoys the same financial benefits as the other schools in the district.

It would occupy too much space to give the details of the subjects taught, and the methods of teaching, but if fuller information is desired with regard to the technical school I shall be pleased to forward it to interested parties.

NEW RAILWAY SIGNAL SYSTEMS.

From time to time I have forwarded particulars of new railway signal systems experimented with in Great Britain. One of the more recent attempts to evolve a system of cab signalling on locomotives has been made on the South Eastern and Chatham Railway, sections of which are often worked under the inconvenience of thick fogs. For some time past an experimental section has been in operation between Norwood and Beckenham Junctions, and it has recently been examined by Major Pringle, of the Board of Trade.

In this instance the engine cab is fitted with miniature home and distant signals, and also a bell and telephone. Two pairs of shoes beneath the engine make contact with a length of rail in the track, completing an electric circuit between the engine and the signal-box, and reproducing the line signals in the cab of the engine. At the same time duplicate miniature signals are operated in the signal-box. There is the signal man has this signal reproduced, and he and the driver are at the same time signalman has this signal reproduced, and he and the driver are at the same time placed in telephonic communication.

A system of signalling designed to repeat the signals on the engine is also being tested on the Wirral Railway. In this case also the completion of an electric circuit given audible and sight signals in the cab of the engine.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,

YOKOHAMA, November 14, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the Monthly Return, for the nine months ending September 30, of the present and the previous year:—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk, raw	\$ 15,378	\$118,050
Silk tissues, habutal	153,674	190,005
Silk handkerchiefs	77,688	73,000
Cotton tissues	1,839	3,000
Mats and matting for floor (Hanagoza)	44,096	31,000
Porcelain and earthenware	87,048	64,000
Lacquered ware	7,344	7,777
Tea	427,829	29,000
Rice	197,072	10,000
Sake	20,483	10,000
Straw plaits and chip braids	549	10,000
Camphor	1,600	2,000
		6,623

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Flour	\$114,377	\$62,015

The 'principal items' given in the Monthly Return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the Annual Return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURN.

Principal imports into Japan for the nine months ending September 30, of the present and the previous year:—

	1907.	1906.
Flour, wheat.....	\$2,320,395	\$3,391,758
Butter.....	36,565	74,741
Salted salmon.....	119,416	262,943
Condensed milk.....	712,769	541,736
Leather, sole.....	892,323	371,177
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.....	344,991	568,072
Printing paper.....	1,276,574	783,516
Cotton, duck.....	37,929	44,602
Cotton, prints.....	1,144,834	1,027,077
Cotton, satins and italians.....	741,628	894,027
White shirtings.....	492,339	539,506
Grey shirtings.....	2,908,674	3,339,643
Pulp.....	645,497	691,816
Manures, artificial and all others.....	8,452,482	7,186,714

Total Imports		Total Exports	
For nine months ending Sept. 30.		For nine months ending Sept. 30.	
1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.
\$187,688,718	\$162,217,177	\$160,552,827	\$142,924,771

THE RICE MARKET.

The rice harvest in Japan is going forward towards the finish. Reports indicate that the crop will yield at least ten per cent in excess of that of the average year. The highly speculative figures of the summer months have not been maintained. Subject to the effect of the estimated full yield, prices at the time of writing are quoted as follows:—

Tokyo Rice Exchange—

November delivery—Yen 16.62 per koku.
December “ “ 16.49 “
January “ “ 16.28 “

Kobe Rice Exchange—

November delivery—Yen 15.90 per koku.
December “ “ 15.91½ “
January “ “ 15.84 “

(1 koku=5 bush.)—(1 yen=50 cents.)

COMMERCIAL MORALITY.

There is no one topic incidental to trade with Japan that presents itself so persistently as that of the ‘commercial morality’ of the Japanese merchant trader. The subject is a rather extensive one in all its bearings. It is well known in Occidental countries that things generally are different in the Orient; and it is therefore a reasonable expectation that some things in their moral aspect should have at least an apparent difference, according to the point of view. An homogeneous people differ amongst themselves as to the moral quality of actions and opinions; therefore, where in life and living there is extreme dissimilitude, similarity of normal standards should be a matter of surprise.

Whether because of a change of ethical view, or on grounds of expediency, the Japanese give at least signs that, in that commercial intercourse with the world to which they are aspiring, it will be the part of wisdom to conform to the customs and

practices of the greater number. As they advance in experience they find that foreign trade brings its usages with it, and that the two things are inseparable.

A periodical, under the title of *Commercial Morality*, published at Kobe by Mr. Uno, himself a Japanese, describing the foreign trade of Japan as having 'recently made gigantic bounds,' says that 'commercial morality should be strictly maintained and improved for the sake of the country'; and, 'that there still exists in this country a class of merchants who are not only indifferent to this important doctrine, but who transact business with foreigners in such a way that it tends not only to damage their own reputation and future prospects, but creates a great obstacle to the foreign trade of Japan. This state of things left unchanged will seriously threaten the national interests.' And, accordingly, Mr. Uno, having, as he says, 'been in contact with the prevailing conditions in commercial circles for some years past,' knows whereof he writes, and has resolved to call public attention to the need of such change as the title of his publication suggests. Foreign firms, who are usually the complainants in this regard, he invites to communicate with him.

That a bargain is a bargain, the profit of which is to be taken, or the loss to be borne, whether the market conditions prove favourable or adverse, is a proposition that must be accepted as invariable by the commercial world. The Japanese are perhaps the most recent acquisition to the commercial sphere; and, considering what that change on their part involves, it is not fairly to their discredit that they should yet have some of the essentials to learn. There are two circumstances that seem to be especially the prolific cause of acts and charges of bad faith in business transactions in Japan. These are, first, the disposition to repudiate when the market takes an adverse turn; and, second, the disposition to repudiate under the plea of 'goods not being equal to sample.' These will both gradually disappear from the conduct of people who are not constitutionally dishonest, and with whom moral rectitude in private and public life is as cherished an element as it is elsewhere, where they claim that commercial morality does much more abound.

THE TEA CROP.

It has been ascertained, with probably fair accuracy, that the government order, forbidding the picking of fourth crop teas, has reduced the output for the present year to 32,000,000 pounds, against an average of 42,000,000 in previous years. The crop of Oolongs (Formosa) in addition to this is about 1,000,000 bags short of last year. The production, up to and including the third picking, is however quite equal to the average yearly yield, in Japan proper.

So far as the rivalry prevailing for some time past, and each season growing more acute, between the foreign and the Japanese firing and exporting interests, is concerned, it is not easy to judge which side may be described as winning. Now that the interval of the off season has been entered upon, it may be said from what can be heard and read that both are in the winning class. Which is quite satisfactory to the disinterested onlooker, who is satisfied so long as there is no danger of his tea being cut off.

THE TRADE MARK QUESTION.

In the course of much discussion, from time to time, it is pointed out that Japan is the only great commercial nation that does not extend reciprocal status or protection to trade marks. The Journal of the American Asiatic Association in this connection says:—

'Japan should recognize the necessity of outlawing a number of trade marks bearing Japanese names, which her subjects have fraudulently appropriated from their foreign owners. The fact that there exists in Japan a technical right for anybody to register a trade mark for which its owner has neglected to secure protection, and that legal ownership has thus nothing to do with priority of use, does not make the proceeding respectable, according to any recognized standard of international ethics.'

Cases in point are quite frequent, and no doubt discussion will in due time create a public sense of the justice and necessity of reform in this matter. To the Occidental mind the trade mark law as it is here, and its administration, are indefensible. But it is not reasonable to expect desirable changes in much more rapid succession than they have been coming for the latter two-score years. The disposition to right wrongs may be evident; but changes when offered are never free from complications, which, however, do not appeal to the insistent and perhaps suffering reformer.

I have a trade mark case now in view. One of the phases of usefulness attaching to this office has been that of attending to the registration of trade marks on behalf of Canadian clients or correspondents. Some few months ago two flour brands were forwarded here for registration, and duly put into the hands of a reputable patent agency that had given satisfactory service previously. In due course of time, quite recently, the information came from the Patent Office that the application was rejected because the same brands had been previously registered, giving the names of the parties who registered them, and the dates. I have now to convey to the Canadian owner of the brands in question the unsatisfactory intimation that what he thought was his property, in Japan became the property of others by their being the first to register.

GRAND EXHIBITION OF JAPAN, 1912.

Those nations that have announced their intention to take part in, or to favourably consider, the great exhibition that Japan is organizing, are given with the official answers in the following order: 1 Germany, 2 Mexico, 3 Canada, 4 New Zealand, 5 Great Britain, 6 France, 7 the United States.

Viscount Kaneko, the president, at a banquet given to a party of foreign journalists, in the course of his address referred especially to the press in the terms following:—

‘Gentlemen, I do not wish to magnify the importance of the press; but I feel that the success or failure of an international exhibition largely depends on what you, the representatives of the press, will do for it. It has been wisely said that ‘the St. Louis World’s Fair was built upon newspaper columns.’ I think that is true, and one may easily see from it what a vast influence you can exert. But in saying this, I do not mean to ask you to send abroad anything unduly favourable to us. What I want is simply to solicit your co-operation by reporting to the outside world those things which, in your judgment, our coming exhibition justly deserves to have mentioned.’

ALEX. MACLEAN.

MEXICO.

SPECIAL REPORT BY MR. A. W. DONLY, CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONER, UPON THE POSSIBILITIES OF TRADE WITH THE PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO.

Prior to Mr. Donly's visit to Canada during the past summer, Mr. Donly was instructed to proceed to the Pacific coast of Mexico, in view of the recent establishment of a steamship service from British Columbia, to report upon the possibilities of extending Canadian trade in that part of the Mexican Republic. Immediately thereafter Mr. Donly visited Canada and has only recently, when about to sail for Mexico, been able to complete his report, which is published herewith for general information.

VANCOUVER, November 30, 1907.

THE NEW STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

After more than two years of negotiations, a contract was entered into during the last days of 1906 for the establishing of a service between Vancouver and Victoria and the Pacific coast ports of this republic. The service is now an accomplished fact. The *Georgia* and the *Lonsdale* are boats with a net register of a little less than two thousand tons, and a dead weight carrying capacity of about four thousand tons. The passenger accommodations are not extensive, but may be classed as good. In marked contrast to the boats of other lines trading on Mexico's west coast, the service is excellent. If the contractors continue their policy of providing first-class creature comforts for the traveller and are able to adhere to a uniform itinerary from month to month, there is no doubt but that the line will soon be the one most favoured by the travelling public and should be taxed to its utmost capacity in handling local passenger traffic between Mexican ports. The boats of other lines plying along the coast are both old and slow, and the service somewhat worse than indifferent.

A TRIP TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

In obedience to instructions received from the department, I left the City of Mexico during the latter days of April, bound for the west coast of the republic, for the purpose of studying the trade outlook in that district.

In speaking of the present physical conditions of such a trip, it may truthfully be said that it is not one to be undertaken for the mere pleasure of it by any one unused to long journeys on horseback. From Mexico City to Tuxpam, via the Mexican Central Railway, the journeying is pleasant enough, but from Tuxpam to Colima, twenty-five long leagues, is quite another story.

THE CONNECTING LINK.

As for the physical discomforts of the trip, they will soon belong to history, as the Mexican Central is now about to close up the last gap in their route, begun a few years ago, from Gaudalajara to the Pacific. Those in charge of affairs fully expect that the work will be completed and trains running from Manzanillo to the City of Mexico some time during the coming winter. The undertaking has been one of great magnitude, taking into account the physical difficulties to be overcome, and reflects great credit on the enterprise and ability of those at the head of affairs.

OF IMPORTANCE TO PACIFIC COAST MERCHANTS.

With this route completed and opened to traffic, merchants in Western Canada will, in the writer's opinion, be in a position to bid favourably for the trade of Central Mexico, against those who have previously monopolized it with shipments via the frontier and the gulf ports.

It is true that for some time there has existed all-rail communication between Salina Cruz, on the Pacific, and this city, but as shipments by this route must come over three different lines, the freight rates are high, at present being equal to the sum of the three locals. Besides, the time consumed in the journey is about twice what will be required by the new route.

I am led to believe, from conversation with those in authority, that the freight rate from Manzanillo to Mexico will practically compete with that from the gulf ports to Mexico, and this, coupled with a low rate from British Columbia by the new Canada-Mexico Pacific service, warrants one in making the assertion that in the near future the British Columbia merchant will be most favourably situated in respect to this market, for not only will he be able to put his goods into Mexico City but into the towns to the north and west of the capital, of which there is a goodly number, the following being the more important: Zapotlan (30,000), Sayula (15,000), Guadalajara (110,000), Irapaato (25,000), Guanajuato (60,000), Leon (80,000), Aguascalientes (40,000), Celaya (25,000), Queretaro (40,000), Zacatecas (60,000), San Luis Potosi (70,000), Pachuen (40,000).

PORTS OF CALL.

There are four ports on the coast where, according to the contract, the boats of the line must call on both the outward and homeward voyage. Beginning with the most northerly they are: Mazatlan, Manzanillo, Acapulco, and Salina Cruz, the present terminus of the line as well as the Pacific terminus of the Tehauntepec National Railroad. Besides these the boats may, on proper notice to the department of communications, make calls at any of the other ports, either to discharge or take on cargo. The more important of these, also beginning with the most northerly, are: Guaymas, Carmen Island, La Paz (Lower California), Altata, San Blas and San Benito.

GENERAL REMARKS ON PORTS OF CALL.

Mazatlan is the largest of all the Mexican west coast ports, its population being in the neighbourhood of 30,000. As well as being the largest port it is also the largest town on the western slope of the Sierra Madra. It has long been an important commercial centre and the principal port of entry for imports for consumption and distribution in that territory. There are a number of old and wealthy houses carrying large stocks of goods which I shall give by name later in this same report. The west coast extension of the Southern Pacific Railway, at present under construction, and known in Mexico as the Cananea, Rio Yaqui and Pacific Railway, will pass through Mazatlan, and when completed will connect it with the whole coast to the north as far as Guaymas, with central Mexico at Guadalajara. At present there is a large force consisting of several thousand men employed on the construction of this line which from Mazatlan will follow a southerly and easterly course to Guadalajara, passing en route, through the towns of Acaponeta, Santiago, Ixcuintla and Tepic. It is expected to complete the road in three years when mail, that now takes seven days from Mexico City, will be landed in Mazatlan in about forty-eight hours.

MANZANILLO.

Manzanillo, as I have said above, will be the Pacific terminus of the Mexican Central's west coast extension. The town itself is small and hot, but the harbour is

spacious, and when the port works, at present under construction, are completed, will afford ample and safe accommodation for a large number of ships. At present all general cargo must be handled by lighters. The Mexican Central has a deep water pier, but up to the present time only construction material has been handled thereat. At present the cost for loading and unloading is high, but once the railway is completed, this undesirable feature of the situation will be remedied.

Manzanillo is situated in the state of Colima, and for some twenty years has been connected with the city of Colima, the state capital, by a narrow gauge line of railway. Colima is a beautifully clean city of about 25,000 inhabitants, and the commercial centre of a fertile district, rich in tropical products, amongst which may be cited sugar, rice, coffee, pineapples, bananas, cocoanuts and cocoa beans, the oil of which is extensively used in the manufacture of soap.

None of these products are at present exported, to any extent, beyond the confines of the other coast towns in Mexico, though they could undoubtedly be had for shipment to Canada in limited quantities and later in much larger quantities, were the demand created.

Cocoanut trees take about eight years to bear, but at the end of that time, with only a local market, leave a profit of \$1.50 gold per tree and continue to bear for from fifty to one hundred and fifty years.

SUGAR.

The sugar manufactured in the district is refined and I doubt if it could be profitably exported to British Columbia. The bulk of it is manufactured in cubes and is not so white as American cube sugar, but is sweeter and absolutely free from adulteration or mixture with chemicals for the purpose of whitening. This, indeed, may be said of all Mexican sugars which fulfil the requirements of the recent pure food laws.

COFFEE.

The production of coffee is not as yet very extensive, amounting to about 4,000 quintals or 200 tons. Colima coffee is of a superior grade and in demand locally at a good price, and for this reason exporters have not exerted themselves to accredit it outside of Mexico. However, the production of coffee, not only in this district, but throughout Mexico generally, is increasing faster than the local demand and for this reason, we may expect, in the future, to find the surplus of this district seeking a foreign market.

PINEAPPLES AND BANANAS.

The successful shipment of pineapples and bananas from Manzanillo to British Columbia would, undoubtedly, depend on the rapidity with which they could be landed at destination, once they were loaded. This, though, would not be the case with cocoanuts, and I believe a good business could be developed. The price of cocoanuts in Colima and Manzanillo is from two to three cents each, Canadian money. They are rather larger than the ones I have generally seen offered for sale in Canada.

Besides the articles above enumerated, there is quite an exportation of hides and skins, principally deer skins, from Colima and Manzanillo.

PINE AND OAK FORESTS.

There are extensive areas of pine and oak forests in this district and it is expected that much capital will soon find its way in this direction with a view to their development. As lumber is high in all parts of Mexico it is only necessary to have adequate means of transportation for the lumber industry to leave a good margin of profit on capital invested.

COPPER MINING.

In this state and the southern and western parts of Jalisco there is at present under way a considerable development in copper mining and with the port of Manzanillo so conveniently situated, it would be quite feasible to ship either the ores or the copper matte to the British Columbia smelters. As the ores, for the most part, carry a high percentage of copper, they would easily stand the cost of transportation. The output in the immediate future is not likely to be very great, but with the amount of development work now being done, it is certain to be greatly increased in the very near future. Mexico is fast becoming a very important factor in copper production. Further on in this report will be found a list of persons engaged in the development of copper properties in this district.

PALM HATS.

Cheap palm hats are manufactured quite extensively in and about Colima. There are no regular factories as they are made by the Indians by hand. It strikes me that they might find a good sale during harvest time in the great wheat areas of the Northwest.

ACAPULCO.

Acapulco has the finest harbour of any port south of San Francisco and north of Valparaiso on the Pacific coast of America. There are very fertile lands all about and the climate is well adapted to the production of all kinds of tropical fruits. Construction is being commenced on a railroad to run inland from Acapulco to Chilpancingo, the capital of the state of Guerrero. Both of these towns suffered quite severely in last spring's earthquake though at Acapulco there was no loss of life. A large quantity of ties and construction lumber will undoubtedly be required for the building of the railroad and I am glad to be able to report that important shipments have already been made from British Columbia for use therein. The SS. *Tottenham* cleared from Victoria in the month of March with the largest cargo of lumber to ever leave a Pacific coast port, nearly four million feet, to be used in the work.

Acapulco is but a small town and the population in the surrounding district inland and along the coast is very sparse, and for this reason it is not to be expected that it will be a big purchaser of Canadian products. Nevertheless there is a certain consumption that can very well be supplied from the British Columbia market.

COALING STATION.

Acapulco's greatest importance is as a coaling station. Coal is received from both Wales and Newcastle, Australia. Welsh coal sells at \$16 gold per ton, while the Australian product can be bought for \$10 gold. The *Boston* and *Chicago* of the American navy, which recently returned from Central American waters, coaled in Acapulco a few days previous to my arrival there, and paid the higher price for the Welsh article. British Columbia coal is known on the coast and while not considered as good as the Welsh, is considered better than the Australian, and were it available in sufficient quantity, would undoubtedly meet with a large sale as it could even undersell the cheaper grade now available.

SALINA CRUZ.

Salina Cruz owes its existence and importance to the fact of its being the Pacific terminus of the new international highway, the Tehautepec National Railway. By the expenditure of a vast sum of money it has been converted from an open stretch of beach into a safe harbour, where ships of the largest tonnage can tie up at the piers and be quickly unloaded and reloaded by immense electric cranes. Sugar from

the Hawaiian Islands for the refineries in the eastern states and general merchandise from the east destined for San Francisco and Seattle and other western ports are at present being shipped by this route, the monthly tonnage being already in the neighbourhood of 4,000 tons. Shipments between Europe and eastern Canada destined for Pacific ports, and *vice versa*, could well utilize this same route, which is certainly destined to be an important factor in the world's commerce between east and west. Freight rates are much cheaper than by an all-rail haul across the continent, and much valuable time may be saved over the trip by the straits of Magellan or around the Horn.

From here the traveller may reach Mexico City by rail in about forty hours. There is sleeping car service all the way through with but one change, which is made at Corboda, on the line of the Mexican Railway.

Salina Cruz is a growing and important port, and a constant market may here be found for several of British Columbia's products, for besides the local consumption it is the distributing point for much of the merchandise destined for the towns to the east and south. It will also be a natural outlet for much of the hennequen fibre, whose cultivation is at present being extensively developed in the state of Chiapas.

GUAYMAS.

Guaymas, while not one of the ports at which the boats of the service are obliged to call, will likely be included in the regular itinerary, as there will, in all probability, be a regular demand there for coal and other products, and it is from here that boats get their clearance when loading salt at Carmen Island, where there are no customs officials. It is important as being the next largest port on the coast to Mazatlan, having a population of about 15,000. It is the present southern terminus of the Sonora Railroad, which connects it with the Southern Pacific Railroad at Nogales, on the Arizona boundary line, passing en route through Hermosillo, the capital of the state of Sonora, and several other towns of more or less importance. The state of Sonora is very rich in mineral wealth, the famous Cananea copper mines being situated in the northern part.

SAN BLAS.

San Blas, about half way between Mazatlan and Manzanillo, is another port of some importance, not that it is of any considerable size, but because it is the port of entry and outlet for the city of Tepic, the capital of the territory of the same name and also the centre of a good coffee and fruit district. There are at present several fruit-growing companies operating in the neighbourhood and growing bananas for export.

COAL AND LUMBER.

There is a market for coal and lumber in greater or less quantities at all of the ports above mentioned. Acapulco, I have already stated, is an international coaling station. The other ports need it for railroad engines, steamboats, power and lighting plants and factories generally. The company operating the line of coast steamers keeps a regular supply both at Mazatlan and Guaymas. Rough lumber and flooring can also be sold, in limited quantities, all along the coast, and it is quite likely that larger quantities will soon be required at Mazatlan, where it is intended to shortly begin the construction of modern port works. Railway ties will also be in demand in connection with the construction of the different lines of railway of which I have already made mention.

APPLES AND POTATOES.

While not being required in large quantities, there will be a steady demand throughout the winter months for both apples and potatoes. The quality should be of the best, as the freight on this class is the same as on inferior grades, thus making the difference in cost laid down so little that the consumer is always willing to pay the slightly higher price for the best article obtainable. Apples should be packed in boxes and wrapped, and potatoes in either barrels or crates. I would also recommend, as much as possible, uniformity in size in selecting these articles.

CANNED FISH.

While there will always be a limited demand for this, it is not likely that the consumption will ever reach the proportions that the British Columbia dealers would certainly desire in view of the importance of the canning industry in that province. This is due to the fact that fresh fish is to be had all along the coast throughout the year. When the railroad lines, which will connect this coast with the interior, are completed, the trade may be increased, as it is more difficult to transport the fresh fish to the interior towns, and the consumption of canned fish will naturally be greater. The kinds in greatest demand are sardines and a cheap grade of salmon, the colour demanded in the latter case being a deep pink. It is necessary to offer a quality of fish that can be retailed in the stores at 38c. Mexican (19 cents Canadian) per can. There might also be a small demand for the higher grades of salmon, but the bulk of the trade will always be in the cheap article.

CEMENT.

There is always a demand for Portland cement in all parts of Mexico where there is any building. More especially is this the case at the ports and the demand along this coast, for railroad and port works construction is likely to be heavy for some years to come. According to grade the present retail price at Salina Cruz varies from \$7 to \$11 per barrel, Mexican money.

SISAL (HENNEQUEN).

For some eight years experiments have been conducted in the cultivation of this fibre in the state of Chiapas and the result has been to prove that it can be successfully produced here. The fibre is somewhat shorter than that grown in Yucatan but is stronger and due to the climate and soil the plant matures much more rapidly. In Yucatan it requires several years to mature, while in Chiapas but three to four are necessary. The Yucatan plant continues producing from 12 to 15 years, while the Chiapas only for from 8 to 12 years.

At present there are about three and a half million bearing plants in the district but within two years more there will be fully five millions. The fibre is at present being exported to the markets of the eastern United States, but would be quite as available, if not more so, so far as transportation is concerned, for shipment to western Canada. There is also, a considerable quantity being produced in the vicinity of Mazatalan, the available output this year being six hundred tons. I am giving this information about this important article of commerce as it might be to the advantage of some of those interested in the manufacture of cordage and binder twine to investigate the advisability of establishing a factory in British Columbia.

COFFEE, CACAO AND COQUITO.

While there is at present very little coffee on the coast offering for export the production, not only there but in other parts of the republic, is increasing from year to year, and it is only to be expected that in the near future it must seek an outside

market. The districts about Colima and Tepic are both well adapted to its cultivation, and produce a very high grade of coffee, commanding a considerably higher price than ordinary grades, and it is much in demand for domestic consumption. It is estimated that the coming crop in the Tepic district will amount to about nine or ten thousand quintals.

Cacao, for the manufacture of chocolate, is also cultivated on a small scale, but could easily be produced in larger quantity did the demand warrant.

Coquito or cocoa beans, the oil from which is used in the manufacture of soap, is quite extensively cultivated in the Manzanillo and San Blas districts. This product should, I believe, find a ready sale in British Columbia.

RICE.

There is a considerable production of rice at different points on and near the coast, though its exportation is at present confined to other ports and interior points of the country. In this connection I have been informed that the oriental population of western Canada insists on rice from China and Japan.

SUGAR AND HIGH WINES.

There are extensive sugar plantations in the states of Colima and Sinaloa and in the territory of Tepic. Practically all of the product is manufactured into refined granulated and cube sugar, the tank bottoms being manufactured into high wines. These high wines might be put to various industrial uses in Canada.

TROPICAL FRUITS.

While the present production of tropical fruits is not sufficient to admit of a large export trade, it might be well to state that there is much land, that can be purchased at a low price, suitable for growing oranges, bananas, pineapples, lemons and cocoanuts, and conveniently situated to the ports of call. I am informed that one large company has already been organized intending to engage extensively in fruit culture, and to put on a line of fruit boats to ply between Mexican ports and those of the Western States and Canada.

HIDES AND SKINS.

There are large areas of good grazing land in the southerly part of this region, and a considerable exportation of hides. Also goat and deer skins are to be had. The American buyers are keenly awake to this fact, and have their agents all along the coast buying them up.

GENERAL REMARKS.

There are undoubtedly other lines in which a profitable commerce may be developed, either now or in the future. In this connection I would repeat the suggestion I have made on previous occasions, viz., that those interested in any of the lines above mentioned should pay a visit to the country, each one carefully studying conditions as they affect their particular line of business. Attempting to establish connections by means of correspondence is entirely inadequate. It is desirable that buyers and sellers should know each other personally, and not only is it desirable but much valuable time may be saved in getting matters started. The boats of the Canada-Mexico Pacific service sail from Victoria on the last day of each month, and make the round trip in about six weeks. With the five ports at which they call and the time spent in each port, the passenger thereon can form some idea of existing trade conditions, though a much more thorough study could be made and more accomplished were the return trip made a month later on the next boat. The company, I believe, is will-

ing to make special rates to business men going down to study trade conditions. The agent for the line in Vancouver and Victoria is Mr. J. H. Greer, who will give more definite information on all points.

PRINCIPAL COMMERCIAL HOUSES.

The following is a list of the principal commercial houses doing business between Guaymas and Salina Cruz:—

GUAYMAS, SIN., MEX.

- *W. Iberri é Hijos, agents Canada-Mexico line and general steamboat brokers.
- *Luis A. Martinez, agents of the boats of the Compañia Naviera del Pacifico (coast line).
- Compania Industrial y Explotadora de Maderas, S. A., lumber.
- *G. Moller y Cia., Sucrs., dry goods, general merchants, mining, &c.
- Pedro Cosca y Cia., S. en C., dry goods and general.
- Arturo Morales, groceries, implements, &c.

CULIACAN, SIN., MEX.

- Mariano Amescua, lumber.
- Ponciano Almada y Cia., Sucrs., hardware and general.
- Pedro Villaverde, groceries, mining and general merchants.
- Jorge de la Vega, dry goods.
- Pomposo Guemez, commission merchant.

MAZATLAN, SIN., MEX.

- *Wöhler, Bartning, Sucrs., general merchants, importers and exporters.
- *Melchers Sucrs., general merchants, bankers, agents 'Kosmos' and 'Chargeus Reunis' lines, importers and exporters.
- *Heyman Sucrs., hardware, imports and exports.
- *Francisco Echeguren & Cia., hardware, imports and exports.
- *Luis Reynaud, hardware, imports and exports.
- Elozra, Lejarza y Cia., groceries.
- Antonio de la Peña, groceries.
- *Goldschmidt Sucrs., groceries.
- *Valadez y Cia., Sucrs., wholesale drugs.
- *J. W. Edwards, commission merchant.
- *Felton Bros., agents Canada-Mexico Pacific line, manufacturers wagons, matches, brooms, &c.; imports and exports; buy hickory, oak, wagon springs and axles, match splints, broom sticks, harness trimmings and lumber.
- *F. Stait-Gardner, British Vice-Consul.

SAN BLAS, TEPIC, MEX.

- *Manuel Lanzagorta, agent Canada-Mexico Pacific line, general merchant, exporter and importer.
- *Delius & Cia., agents Pacific Mail SS. line, general commission merchants, manufacturers, importers and exporters.
- *San Blas Fruit Co., bananas.
- *California & Mexico Fruit Co., bananas.

TEPIC, TEP., MEX.

- *Delius & Cia., same as in San Blas, the head house being located in Tepic.
- Domingo G. Aguirre, general merchant.

José Vargas, general merchant.
Augustin Herrera, general merchant.
Espidion Gutierrez, general merchant.
Federico Vasquez, general merchant.
Hocquard and Langlade, coffee.

SANTIAGO IXQUINTLA, TEP., MEX.

Marcelino Medina, general merchant.
Dominguez & Cia., general merchants.
Toribio Parada, general merchant.

MANZANILLO, COL., MEX.

*Arnoldo Vogel & Cia., agents Canada-Mexico Pacific line, and general steamship brokers, lighterage.
Blas Ruiz, agent National line of steamers, and general commissions.

COLIMA, COL., MEX.

*Arnoldo Vogel & Cia., general merchants, importers and exporters; agents Naviera, Kosmos and Pacific Mail and Canada-Mexico lines; dealers in coffee, rice, sugar, lard, palm hats and cocoa oil.
Blas Ruiz, agent National line of steamers, general commission merchant, palm hats, importer and exporter.
*Jorge M. Oldenbourg, Sucrs., hardware and general, imports and exports, agricultural implements, iron pipe, wire and wire fencing, deerskins.
*Carlos Schulte, hardware, general merchant, commissions, exports, imports, deerskins.
Ramon J. de la Vega, general commission merchant.
*D. G. C. MacNeill, British Vice-Consul.

SALINA CRUZ, OAX., MEX.

*Aldridge & McNab, general merchants and lumber.
Cipriano G. Bravo, general merchants.
Guasti Hermanos, general merchants.
*S. Pearson & Son, Ltd., general contractors and operators Tehauntepec National R.R.
*W. S. Buchanan, British Vice-Consul.

ACAPULCO.

*B. Fernandez y Cia., general merchants and S.S. agents. Agents Canada-Mexico line, importers and exporters.
Alzuyeta & Cia., general merchants, imports and exports.
P. Uruñuelas y Cia., S. en C., general merchants, imports and exports.
*C. L. Vucanovich, general merchant.
Nebreda y Fernandez, soap manufacturers.

TEPAUNTEPEC.

Guzman & Cia., general merchants.

SAN GERONIMO, OAX., MEX.

*Pan American Construction Co., general railroad contractors, construction material.

RINCON ANTONIO, OAX., MEX.

*Tehuantepec National R.R., general offices, lumber, ties, &c.

STA. LUCRECIA, VER., MEX.

José Elliott, general merchant.

COPPER ORE PRODUCERS.

*Leon Giry, 'La Maravilla y Anexas,' Manzanillo, Col., Mex.

*Kant Keller, Autlan, Jal., Mex.

*John Dee, Autlan, Jal., Mex.

*D. B. Richardson, Autlan, Jal., Mex.

*Martin Poe, Autlan, Jal., Mex.

*W. Oliver, Autlan, Jal., Mex.

*Carlos Vogt, Union de Tula, Jal., Mex.

*James Herford, Union de Tula, Jal., Mex.

*W. M. Lees, Jr., Union de Tula, Jal., Mex.

*Ed. Fitzpatrick, Ayutla, Jal., Mex.

*B. Koffman, Ayutla, Jal., Mex.

*J. Sawyer, Ayutla, Jal., Mex.

*Pedro Vincennes, Manzanillo, Col., Mex.

*Ed. Kincaid, Colima, Col., Mex.

*Chas. H. Showers, P.O. Box 123, Colima, Col., Mex.

*Those houses marked with an asterisk may to my knowledge, be written to in English.

A. W. DONLY.

CITY TRADE BRANCH.

REPORT BY CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.

(Mr. Harrison Watson.)

73 BASINGHALL STREET,

LONDON, E.C., ENG., November 29, 1907.

APPLES.

Large shipments of Canadian apples have arrived in London during the present month, and it is interesting to note that shipments include a small proportion put up in cases which appears to come from Ontario. Although the large dealers do not seem to favour Canadian apples packed in cases, such fruit as has come under my notice has a much superior appearance to the ordinary run of apples which are imported in barrels.

PACKING METHODS.

In the first place the apples are probably selected with particular care, and owing to superior packing methods there is an absence of the bruises which are so detrimental to value. The general trade hold that there is only a very limited demand for apples in cases owing to the increased cost, but in a large market like this there is a class of the public which wants the best of everything, and as other sources of supply

seem to find good customers for a high class apple, Canadian shippers can be encouraged, in my opinion, to cater to this demand to a certain extent and in certain varieties of apples.

It is true that cheapness is of paramount importance in this country, and that any increase in cost above prices which have become almost standard in the retail and barrow trade would affect trade adversely, and for this reason the large demand for apples shipped in barrels is certain to remain. Merchants in this market are, however, very conservative in their views, and as they have become accustomed to Canadian apples always being shipped in barrels, there is probably some involuntary opposition to the novelty of the adoption of the case, which will wear off in time.

CALIFORNIAN AND TASMANIAN APPLES.

The Californian and Tasmanian apples, which are forwarded in cases, have undoubtedly secured permanent favour, owing to the excellent appearance and condition in which they are offered at the leading fruit shops, and it is obvious that apples packed in barrels cannot possibly be delivered over here in the same state of perfection. In fact the more or less bruised state in which practically all Canadian apples are sold in this country forms a constant source of complaint and regret from people who have tried them, and is certainly prejudicial to their use for table purposes.

CARELESS PACKING.

Calling the other day upon one of the largest importers of Canadian apples, mainly from Nova Scotia, a complaint was made that great carelessness in grading was noticeable in the fruit now to hand, and upon my asking the head of the firm to put the matter into writing, I have received a letter from which the following is an extract:—

‘There have been thousands of barrels of “dropped” apples, that is to say apples that have been blown down by the gale and bruised, shipped as No. 1 and No. 2, as the case may be.’

WOOD FLOUR.

It is constantly pointed out that Canada has special natural advantages for the production of so-called ‘wood flour’ or ‘meal,’ which is used in large quantities by manufacturers of linoleum and also of explosives in this country. The matter has frequently been the subject of report to Canada, but until recently nothing has resulted. Latterly, however, Canadian manufacturers having expressed their readiness to thoroughly examine the question, some samples and current prices were obtained and forwarded, together with other information, to those interested. Although the inauguration of the industry would necessitate some expense in the direction of plant, there are apparently no particular difficulties in the establishment of the industry, provided that the enterprise holds out reasonable prospects of profit.

One Canadian manufacturer, however, who has carefully investigated the subject, now reports that the prices offering at the present time in this market for wood flour are altogether too low to be attractive, and barely equal the actual cost of material at the factory in Canada. As several thousand tons of the various grades of wood flour are annually imported into this country, the industry should be advantageous to a country possessing the timber-bearing resources of the Dominion, but under the circumstances stated above it is hardly to be expected that the industry will be established for the time being.

It would, however, probably be essential that the district in which the factory were operated must be advantageously located, both as to the supply of the raw material—which is understood to be largely waste—and as to the ability to secure low rates of transportation, both of which advantages are probably possessed by the manu-

facturers who are at present supplying the requirements of this country from abroad. The Canadian manufacturer who proposed to take up the matter reports that present prices offering would have to advance at least £1 a ton to make the business profitable as far as he is situated.

I am making some further inquiries with a view to ascertaining if business might be practicable in some of the finer grades which would command higher prices, but speaking generally, unless Canadian manufacturers can reduce the cost of production it would appear that prospects of the establishment of the trade upon a profitable basis are unfavourable.

AUTOMOBILES.

In view of the increased use of motor cars in Canada, I paid a visit to the motor show held in London during the month. The British motor industry has again made striking progress, and many of the leading manufacturers can produce as fine a quality of vehicle as that manufactured by their continental competitors.

The increase in the number of manufacturers is, however, resulting in over-production, and already there has been a considerable drop in prices with every sign of a still heavier reduction in the near future. As a consequence, manufacturers will strain every effort to enlarge their sources of outlet, and several of them are already paying attention to the possibility of increasing trade in Canada, where up to the present it is understood the majority of the automobiles in use are of American manufacture.

PITWOOD.

From time to time inquiries are made as to the possibility of Welsh firms obtaining supplies of pitwood from Canada. This matter was again raised during the month by Messrs. L. Gueret, Limited, of Cardiff and Nowport. They point out that nearly one million tons of this commodity are imported annually into Bristol channel ports from France, Portugal and Spain, and also the Baltic, and they asked us to place them in touch with any Canadian shippers who would like to take up the matter.

Although the nature of pitwood is fairly well known in Canada, we reproduce the requirements of Messrs. Gueret, which are as follows:—

‘The material is supplied with the bark on, and in the following lengths, viz., 6½ feet, 9 feet and 13 feet; the diameter at the small ends being 4 inches to 7 inches, 5 inches to 9 inches, and 8 inches to 12 inches respectively, and the proportions of each are 30, 60 and 10 per cent. The wood usually employed is larch or fir, and must be straight. The timber is sold by the ton, and is weighed by the dock company at each of the receiving ports.’

The company mentions from 20s. to 25s. per ton net, ex ship, as a fair range of prices, and about 21s. 6d. as the current quotations. Previous inquiry into the subject has been met with the statement that the prices offering are as a rule quite unprofitable to Canadian shippers, particularly in the cases where the material would be subject to inland freight of any kind. On the other hand, there is no doubt that many firms would welcome additional supplies of pitwood from Canada.

HARRISON WATSON.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND,

YOKOHAMA, November 27, 1907.

SALTED SALMON.

The dry-salted salmon or dog-salmon trade between Canada and Japan is seriously threatened by the competition of the Russian product. By virtue of the recent Russo-Japanese treaty, it is alleged salted fish from the Siberian coast is admitted free of duty, while that from Canada is subject to the tariff rate of \$1 per 133 pounds. It is conceded that the Russian article is very far inferior; but the duty, and higher freight rate consequent upon the greater distance from Canada, with higher cost of production, will give the market to the Siberian fishermen. The much higher quality of the Canadian fish will keep it on hand to some extent for those who prefer the good article notwithstanding the price. But since Japan furnishes the only market for that kind of fish, it may be doubted whether it will afford sufficient support to enable that branch of the Canadian fishery interest to continue. The pioneer of the Japan-Canada fishery trade, the originator of the salted salmon as a marketed food, Mr. Tamura, is said to have relinquished that particular line; which may be taken to mean that he sees no inducement in it for the future.

JAPAN BLACK TEA.

The talk about turning to the production of black tea in Japan is likely to have results. The call for the black tea of commerce from Turkey and other places in eastern Europe and western Asia is attracting attention, according to reports. Current tea rumours are to the effect that the growing demand in these places promises to obtain a good many customers for the Formosan black tea, which industry is now in the way of active development. Of course, Formosan tea has many defects which can be remedied. It has too strong an odour, is rather loosely rolled, and is often mixed with dust and stems. These shortcomings are owing to the inexpert way of manufacture, and can be removed by careful attention on the part of operators. However, Formosan leaves having a superiority quite their own, will win popularity over the Indian product if made after the Indian fashion, and attention paid to the taste of customers.

EXPORT RETURNS.

The official return of the national trade for the ten months ending with October are not received at the time of writing; but here, as elsewhere, sometimes good news is too good to keep. The press have the information that the export trade of Japan during the ten months ending October this year shows an increase of over \$14,000,000 in value as compared with the corresponding period of last year. This showing is said to be due to a rise in the price of the principal export staples this year, since the quantity showed a marked decrease from last year.

There were quantity decreases in raw silk, habutai, cotton yarn, tea, and silk handkerchiefs. The increases were in waste silk, copper, camphor and coal. It may be added that raw silk showed an increase of \$8,723,500 in value; tea, \$2,252,500; copper, \$3,743,000; coal, \$1,071,000; waste silk, \$846,000, and camphor, \$795,000.

DEPRESSION IN THE SILK MARKET.

The financial disturbance in America and Europe is thought will seriously affect the raw silk market at Yokohama. Japanese sources aver that the export of silk has been almost entirely suspended, and that consequently about 35,000 bales of silk, valued at something like \$17,500,000, have accumulated in Yokohama. This large absorbing of bank funds has contributed to advance to eight per cent the bank rate of discount, and greatly accentuated the general stringency.

Should the stock of raw silk in Yokohama be much increased, the tension of the money market will be intensified, and the bank rate may advance still further. There seems to be little prospect of the money market being relieved so long as the raw silk market continues in its present depressed state.

GRAND EXHIBITION OF JAPAN, 1912.

The chief director of this auspicious undertaking, Viscount Kaneko, availed himself of a recent opportunity to explain at length the nature and scope of the exhibition. In part, he said:—

‘Those who have watched the history of our previous five domestic exhibitions, as well as of our participation in foreign international exhibitions, will have noticed that in each case the initiative was taken by the Imperial government; which organized and carried out entirely under rules and regulations. The proposed Grand Exhibition in 1912 is no exception to this precedent. It is entirely a government affair, and comes under the control of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce. The organization and regulation of this Grand Exhibition are therefore necessarily different from those of similar exhibitions in Europe and America, with which the world is familiar.

‘From the name of the proposed exhibition—which is officially styled the “Grand Exhibition of Japan, 1912”—it may be inferred that it is a domestic exhibition, but in its spirit and nature it is thoroughly identical with an international exhibition, because the prime and direct object of the Imperial government is to emphasize its universal character and to make it as great an international exhibition as possible.

‘With such aims and objects, the Imperial government have cordially invited the government of the nations to assist and participate by sending exhibits relating to education, science, machinery, electricity and manufactures. Although our government provides buildings for those five specified exhibits of foreign countries, yet any nation can erect a special building of its own, and can exhibit products irrespective of those mentioned.

‘Whether we are fully prepared or not to assume the gigantic responsibility of holding such an exhibition, and of inviting to it all the nations, remains to be seen; but our earnest hope is to solicit all the nations to come together and assist us in this grand exposition of the arts of peace, and realize the debt which one owes to the other, in the matter of promoting science and education, industry and commerce, of which the twentieth century is so justly and so proudly characteristic.

‘I am now happy to announce that prompt replies are coming from the governments of various countries.’

THE MATCH INDUSTRY.

Several years ago Japanese matches scarcely found a market beyond Bombay, except a small export to America; now they are exported in great quantity to Egypt, France, England and other western countries. As a result of indiscriminate timber cutting, the material for match wood is becoming short. The whole stock of poplar trees, of which the match splinters are made, will, it is said, scarcely supply ten years more. The poplar is being further depleted by the supply of the raw material for ‘chip braid.’ This condition is thought to cloud the future of the industry. Beech is said to be the next best available material, of which there is abundance.

TEA EXPORT.

According to the official returns the total export of Japanese tea during eight months from January to August this year amounts to 32,843,391 pounds, valued at \$5,306,613, which is said to show an increase of $17\frac{1}{2}$ per cent over the total of the previous year.

JAPAN SUGAR.

The Island of Formosa is a wonderfully fertile country. Referring to the sugar industry there, the *Osaka Asahi* (*Times*) observes that owing to serious drought at the time of the replanting of sugar cane this year, the area under plantation has materially decreased, showing a decrease of nearly thirty per cent on the figures for the preceding season, and a still heavier reduction when compared with the season before that. But the area of plantation of the improved variety has continued to increase year after year. This variety withstands drought, and yields more sugar. The new sugar will appear on the market in a week or so, and the total output this season is estimated at the value of \$60,000,000, almost equal to that of the preceding season.

NEW LINER,—AND LIVE STOCK.

The Kobe *Chronicle* reports the safe arrival at Nagasaki of the *Niigata-maru*, a new steamer built in England for the Nippon Yusen Kaisha (Japan Steamship Company). The vessel was fully loaded with ship-building materials for Nagasaki and Kure shipyards, and also carried a quantity of arms for the latter port. She also had on board thirty-seven Belgian stud horses, purchased in Europe by the Department of Agriculture and Commerce. This is one lot of several coming from Austria-Hungary, England and Australia. The purchasing agents had Canada also on their itinerary.

THE RUSSIAN RAILWAY ROUTE.

From the diary of a resident who has just made a trip from Yokohama to London via Siberia, one gathers that the Siberian route has nothing to offer in the way of scenic beauties or luxuries like the Canadian Pacific Railway can boast; but any one pressed for time, and travelling light, is afforded a very quick passage to Europe. Provided only hand baggage is taken, and that one is fairly easy-going, there is little to seriously complain of along the whole route. Of course there are tiresome delays now and again, great carelessness is displayed in the ventilation of the cars, which are sometimes below freezing point, and again so over-heated as to be unbearable; the visits of customs inspectors are fairly frequent, while the food is served up to suit Russian palates rather than those of western Europeans. Extraordinary delays and robberies of baggage, too, are frequent. The interminable birch forests, at parts of the journey, are succeeded by long stretches of the most monotonous, uninviting landscape in others; the only bits of fine scenery being encountered near Lake Baikal.

A. MACLEAN.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

MANCHESTER, December 3, 1907.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on November 30, 1907; together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month:—

	Nov. 30, 1907.	Oct. 31, 1907.	Nov. 30, 1906.
Bacon.....boxes.	6,022	6,515	9,782
Hams....."	6,024	4,315	1,379
Shoulders....."	3,917	3,915	1,275
Butter.....cwt.	3,920	5,387	10,825
Cheese (full shapes).....boxes.	84,682	99,802	103,807
" (50 lbs. and under)....."	2,599	331	
Lard (Prime Steam Western).....tierces	1,838	1,094	1,266
" (Imported pure refined lard) in tierces, firkins or other packages.....tins.	1,583	1,450	454
Lardine and compound....."	46	71	5

JAPAN, CHINA AND COREA.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. T. R. Preston.)

TOKYO, JAPAN, November 27, 1907.

INTRODUCTION OF WHEAT AND FLOUR.

The problems surrounding the introduction of Canadian wheat and flour in the far east present several serious phases for the careful consideration of the department. The personal interests of the agricultural population of the west, and the great milling interests, are more immediately concerned in this question. Nevertheless the direct results that are certain to accrue to all commercial interests in Canada, from the opening of the markets of the far east to Canadian products, are so evident, it may safely be said that the entire population of the Dominion cannot avoid regarding the question as of the greatest possible importance. The possession of this eastern market for the cereal products of Canada would mean the establishment of a national reputation for the Dominion in the east, and would unquestionably create and foster inquiries for every character of Canadian produce that might find a market in Japan or China.

DIFFICULTIES TO OVERCOME.

But the difficulties that have to be overcome in the successful introduction of Canadian wheat and flour in the east should not be minimized. They certainly cannot be looked upon as insignificant. It is easy to say that the products of Canadian wheat are the best in the world, and that, in the course of time, these products are certain to find a demand in Japan. That is quite true, but the probabilities are that the present generation will long have passed away before the Canadian cereal trade with Japan will increase to any comparatively significant extent, considering the enormous possibilities, unless very special efforts are exerted to secure a general appreciation of the excellence of the Canadian products by the mass of the population

in the east. The wheat and flour imports of Japan have increased more than eight hundred per cent in ten years, and the trade is only in its infancy.

It should be remembered that it is only within a recent period that the wheat and flour from western civilization were introduced into this part of Asia. Previous to that time the staple articles of food were supplied altogether by the products of eastern soils. The time has been too short during which the taste of the great consuming millions of Asia could be educated by the ordinary channels of commerce, to appreciate the differences between the various qualities of the wheat products of the western world. To the vast majority of the population 'flour is flour.' The overwhelming bulk of the people do not understand the difference between a product of wheat containing twenty per cent more gluten than the inferior quality. For their purposes the products of all wheats make 'batter,' 'paste' and 'dough.' In their judgment the products of wheat stand in the same relationship to the parent product as the pulverized product from various sizes of chestnuts, all of which render the same grade of flour. That is the extent of the general understanding of the wheat flour question among the masses throughout eastern Asia.

LOW GRADE FLOUR.

This situation has consequently furnished the opportunity for flooding the east with a quality of flour for cooking purposes, regarding which there is, probably, no market in any other part of the world. And the enterprise with which these low grade products have been pushed into all the great distributing centres of trade, commerce and population, and the prices at which they are sold, forms the basis for a serious problem in connection with any efforts that may be made to successfully introduce, on a fairly large scale, the better qualities of the products of wheat.

The fact that western Canadian wheat is intrinsically better than the ordinary products of Australia, Washington and Oregon, enhances the value of the Canadian product. So that, to begin with, the Canadian cereal commands a greater value at the point of production. That it should also be quoted at a higher figure than the inferior grade thousands of miles from the scene of its growth need occasion no surprise. Merchants and traders here, as elsewhere, naturally follow the line of least resistance. It is, therefore, more convenient to those engaged in the flour and grain trade to actively push the lower grades of wheat products, than to waste time attempting to handle the more expensive and better qualities. Under those circumstances it is only too obvious that the Canadian products are placed at a singularly serious disadvantage. No other result could be expected from the present situation. The ordinary commission merchant supplies the demand, he does not expend his energy trying to create it. There is only one exception to this general policy on the part of merchants and traders in the east, and that is in respect to Mr. S. Tamura, of Kobe and Tokio, the pioneer of Canadian trade with Japan. Mr. Tamura strenuously advocates the use of Canadian wheat and flour on all occasions.

DISADVANTAGES OF CANADIAN WHEAT FLOUR.

From this brief statement it will be seen the serious disadvantages that Canadian wheat products are under in Japan are two-fold, (1) the absence of an appreciable knowledge by the mass of the population of the relative qualities of flour; and (2) the comparatively high prices of the Canadian products by comparison with the figures that are quoted for the lower grades of flour that are marketed here. So long as the former exists, the latter assumes the aspect of an insuperable barrier for any such increase in the Canadian trade as the value of the Canadian flour justifies, or as the consuming capacity of the vast population here might fairly indicate as probable. If the former could be replaced by a personal acquaintance with the relative merits and values of the products of the various wheats that are offered for sale in the eastern markets, the difficulties surrounding the latter would be overcome in the natural course of events. But until the one is removed the other must remain. The serious

import of the present situation must be self-evident. But the problems are capable of solution. And the solution of the one means, in the very near future afterwards, the equally successful solution of the other. With an appreciable knowledge by the general population of the relative qualities of Canadian flour and other wheats, the successful introduction of the Canadian products on a large scale will most assuredly follow.

On the other hand, it may be said that Canada has certain advantages in respect to the eastern market that are not possessed by any other country. Not the least of these is the more favourable geographical relationship of the Dominion to Japan, with its nearly fifty millions of population, than any other part of the western continent.

DISTANCES TO JAPAN.

The following tables of distances, although well known, may not be uninteresting:—

Vancouver to Japan, route	4,280 miles.
Seattle to Japan, route	4,800 "
San Francisco to Japan, route	5,520 "
Winnipeg to Vancouver	1,420 "
Calgary to Vancouver	643 "
Edmonton to Vancouver	842 "
Toronto to Vancouver	2,770 "
Chicago to San Francisco	2,270 "
New York to San Francisco	3,270 "
Winnipeg to Japan	5,700 "
Calgary to Japan	4,720 "
Edmonton to Japan	4,920 "
Toronto to Japan	7,050 "
Chicago to Japan	7,790 "
New York to Japan	8,790 "

But notwithstanding the difference in mileage being altogether in favour of Canada by enormous distances, to say nothing about the time occupied in transportation between the various points and Japan, the cost of transportation by the shortest route does not present the same relative favourable comparison.

A mutually protective arrangement between the railway and steamship companies will likely prevent the Dominion from securing any appreciable benefit from the natural geographical advantages that Canada possesses in respect to the markets of the far east. So that any solution of the problems that have to be solved must be looked for elsewhere. This aspect of the case therefore narrows the range of possibilities to a very limited area, i.e., the education of the millions of population in the eastern world to an intelligent appreciation of the unquestionable excellence of the Canadian wheat products.

UNITED STATES CAPITAL EMPLOYED.

Capital from the western parts of the United States has brought about the erection of large mills, installed with the latest Roller machinery, on the Pacific Coast, and in conjunction with Japan capital, the milling operations have been extended to the east. These mills have been erected for the sole purpose of supplying Japan and China with the flour products of the wheat that is grown in Washington and Oregon. To western consumers the quality of this commodity is well known, and the reasons why it can be placed on the market here at a lower figure than other competitors in the east can quote, are also obvious. These ventures are only successful because the general public here, as may be inferred from what has already been noted on the subject, do not even faintly understand the merits and values of the different charac-

ters of the flour that the world offers for sale. And, least of all, do they appreciate the difference between the flour produced from Washington and Oregon wheat, in comparison with the value of product of the prairies in Western Canada.

PRICES OF WHEAT FLOUR.

At the date of writing this report the prices quoted for different classes of wheat flour in the markets of Japan are as follows:—

Japanese mills, for fifty pounds of flour, Nippon Sefun Kwaisha.

Metu, best....	Yen 2 80
Take, second..	" 2 70
Ume, third....	" 2 40

From these prices there is a reduction of five sen per bag and an additional two or three sen to large buyers.

Taikoku Sefun Kwaisha.

Fugi, best....	Yen 2 80
Shikishima, second..	" 2 70
Yamato, third....	" 2 55

The same reductions are given as in the previous quotations.

Kobe Milling Company—

Best, 1st....	Yen 2 74
MMM, 2nd....	" 2 69
Gold, 3rd....	" 2 66

A reduction is made of four sen off each bag.

United States flour, per barrel of 196 pounds—

The export grade..	Yen 4 25
Duty and other charges..	" 1 40

Total cost..	" 5 65
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The price is equal to yen 11.30 for 196 pounds, or yen 2.82 for 40 pounds.

This grade of flour competes with the best Japanese product.

Australian flour, per bag of fifty pounds—

The export grade, c.i.f..	Yen 2 27
Duty and other charges..	" 0 70

Total..	" 2 97
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The price is yen 2.97 for 49 pounds. The product is considered to be equal to the Japanese best grade, and is regarded as better than the flour that is imported from the United States.

It should also be noted that this flour has only to bear a transportation rate of from four to five dollars per long ton of 2,400 lbs., as against eight or ten dollars per ordinary ton of 2,000 lbs. for the transportation that has to be paid by the flour from Canada and the United States ports. The journey from Australia to Yokohama occupies from four to five weeks.

Canadian flour, per barrel of 196 pounds—

From Manitoba, first..	\$5 65
" second..	4 75
" third..	3 80

These figures include 80 cents or 90 cents freight charges per barrel.

Add duty, exchange and other charges, \$1.40, total for first, \$7.05; total for second, \$6.15; total for third, \$5.20.

First, the net cost is yen 3.32 for 49 pounds. It is not considered equal in colour to the best Japanese flour, but it is better in nutrition and strength.

Second, the net cost is yen 3.07 for 49 pounds. This is regarded as too dark for bread when used alone, and it is sold principally for the purpose of mixing with other flour.

Third, the net cost is yen 2.60 per 49 pounds. This product is only available for manufacturing vermicelli.

West of Manitoba flour, per barrel of 196 pounds—

Best for export, including 80 cents freight charges.	\$5 35
Add duty, exchange and other charges.	1 40

Total. \$5 75

This is equivalent to yen 3.40 for 49 pounds, and is, therefore, much more expensive than the best product otherwise offered for sale in Japan.

A careful study of the figures that are given in these schedules will probably give the reading public of the Dominion an intelligent idea of the situation here in respect to the introduction of the Canadian products of wheat.

W. T. R. PRESTON.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBBEGD, No. 4, December 3, 1907.

IMPORTS INTO SWEDEN.

Articles.	Value or Quantity (Jan. to Sept. 30).	
	1906.	1907.
Brandy and Spirits in barrels:—		
Made from grain, potatoes, &c.	276,000 *litres	350,800 litres
" rice (arrac)	442,000 "	505,700 "
" sugar (rum)	23,500 "	6,400 "
" grapes (cognac)	660,000 "	648,900 "
Ships (steam)	\$1,414,900	\$1,819,200
Pork, all kinds	6,165 tons	6,027 tons
Seeds (grass)	1,755 "	1,529 "
" linseed (flax)	15,609 "	21,705 "
Yarns, woollen, all kinds	1,204 "	1,339 "
" cotton, "	1,054 "	1,185 "
Hides and skins (not prepared)	7,156 "	6,968 "
" (prepared)	975 "	948 "
Furs, prepared, all kinds	71 "	71 "
Hops	180 "	150 "
Bran, all kinds	101,483 "	65,698 "
Canned goods, all kinds	700 "	560 "
Horses, all kinds	1,230 head	1,480 head
Cattle "	4,530 "	3,610 "
Sheep "	145 "	80 "
Hogs "	1,120 "	630 "
Meat "	1,751 tons	2,139 tons
Machinery and tools (not engines or sewing machines)	\$4,342,100	\$5,450,700
Oleomargarine	313 "	333 "
Oil-cases	77,035 "	96,890 "
Cheese, all kinds	285 "	376 "
Paper "	1,826 "	2,102 "
Potatoes "	14,209 "	8,338 "
Oats, not ground	50,653 "	22,811 "
Wheat "	150,896 "	104,395 "
Corn "	5,311 "	3,564 "
Rye "	37,164 "	13,737 "
Wheat-flour	4,706 "	7,757 "
Rye-flour	179 "	134 "
Sewing and knitting machines	\$3,341,100	456,500
Tallow	4,969 "	4,342 "
Wool, uncoloured and coloured	3,818 "	4,214 "
Cycles	5,590 pieces	7,500 pieces
Eggs	53,155,000 "	51,803,000 "

* French (metric) measure $4\frac{1}{2}$ litres=1 gallon.

Export of wood pulp from Sweden for the months January-September, 1907 as compared with the same period, 1906:—

	Chemical, Kilogrammes.		Mechanical, Kilogrammes.	
	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.
1907.. . . .	210,231,047	24,112,255	39,927,771	67,482,567
1906.. . . .	152,580,734	16,490,452	37,344,151	56,913,371

PULP-LOGS RISING IN PRICE.

A considerable rise has taken place in the price of pulp logs lately. The forest owner, however, had expected still higher prices. As it is, the increase will make a difference in the cost of a ton of moist mechanical about 80 cents, and about \$2.40 per ton of dry cellulose.

PAPER PRICES RISING.

Paper prices have to some extent responded to the advance in the cost of the raw materials, and the Norwegian and Swedish 'News' makers are endeavouring to keep together as much as possible in order to carry out a rise in their products.

DANISH CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS FOR EGGS AND FRUITS.

The principal reason why the export of agricultural and other farm and garden products from Denmark has reached the present dimensions lays in the forming of co-operative export associations, whereby quality and packing, &c., become uniform and reliable. Besides the dairy and creamery associations which I have previously mentioned, there also exists such co-operative associations for egg and fruit producers.

The Danish farmers co-operative egg export association founded in 1895, now counts about 40,000 members and has its own paper. The object of the association is to work up the best possible market in foreign countries for Danish eggs, by guaranteeing the buyers that the eggs sold under the mark of the association are strictly fresh and clean. It has packeries in the principal cities. Every week the association sends out a list of prices, which then is in force from Thursday morning to the next Wednesday evening. The sales of the association amount to about 1½ million dollars per year.

The Danish Fruit Producers Association, founded in 1888, has now about 7,000 members, and like the egg exporters, also have their own paper. The association's work consists in arranging expositions and discourses and also by sending out travelling teachers throughout the country. Further it assists the members in obtaining the most suitable young trees and plants, as well as in the most profitable sale of their products. The sales of the association now amount to about 1½ million pounds of fruit per year.

C. E. SONTUM.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, December 17, 1907.

TRADES AND LABOUR COUNCIL.

A local trade journal announces the formation in this city of a Trades and Labour Council, and says: 'The object in view is the creation of a board of arbitration representative of the various handicrafts to whom all differences with employers must be submitted before decisive action is taken. In a small way it is an Industrial Hague Tribunal to whom appeal must be made before introducing strikes in the event of disagreement as to labour rates. Up to date nearly all the trades in the city have asked for representation on the board, and it is expected that the salesmen will go in after the end of the year. The institution is not intended as a socialistic battering ram to exact all sorts of outrageous terms; on the contrary it is mainly intended to facilitate understanding between employers and employees in all departments of industry. With such an object in view it cannot fail to be productive of good, and should be welcomed by all interested.'

NEWFOUNDLAND FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

A forestry association has recently been formed here with His Excellency the Governor as patron, and Sir Robert Bond, the Premier of the Colony, as president, together with a number of prominent persons more or less connected with the lumber industry as directors. The objects of this association are stated to be:—

- (1) To advocate and encourage judicious methods in dealing with our forests and woodlands.
- (2) To awaken public interest to the very serious results attending the destruction of our forests by fires and other illicit processes, and to devise and suggest methods for their preservation.
- (3) To consider and recommend the exploration, as far as practicable, of our public domain with the view of determining the areas suitable for agricultural settlement and those that may be permanently reserved for the growth of timber.
- (4) To encourage afforestation wherever advisable and to promote forest tree planting.
- (5) To collect and disseminate, for the benefit of the public, reports and information bearing on the forestry problem in general and especially with respect to the conservation of our own forests and to teach the rising generation the value of the forest with the view of enlisting their efforts in its preservation.

E. D. ARNAUD.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(*Mr. J. S. Larke.*)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, November 4, 1907.

IMPROVED AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS.

In my report for October (see Monthly Report, September, 1907, page 1030) I dwelt upon the probabilities of a short supply of wheat and flour and some other products through drought. In the latter portion of last week, good rains have fallen which have materially relieved the situation and may avoid any demand, more than the ordinary one, for supplies from Canada. It is a little too soon to know what is the actual condition, but the harvest in Victoria will be helped and a small portion of those in this State. The probabilities are, however, that there will be enough grains for home consumption providing that the Southern States should get some good rain-falls later.

J. S. LARKE.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.*(Mr. D. H. Ross.)*STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, November 25, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN-ENGLISH MAIL SERVICE VIA SUEZ.

The Orient Steam Navigation Company has been successful in securing from the Commonwealth Government an annual subsidy of £170,000 for a fortnightly mail service between Australia and England via Suez, alternating with the Peninsular and Oriental Company subsidized by the Imperial Government. The term of contract is for a period of 10 years from February 1, 1910. The new subsidy exceeds by £50,000 that now paid to the Orient Company, but, for the increased payments, provision has been made for new steamers, acceleration of speed, special freight rates and a continuation of the Australian ports of call to Brisbane.

For two years the Queensland state government has paid about £26,000 per annum for the steamers to proceed to Brisbane from Sydney, but after 1910 the state will be relieved from further expenditure by the Federal Government in terms of the new contract. Seven new steamers, in addition to some of the fleet now engaged, of not less than 11,000 tons gross tonnage, and capable of steaming at least 17 knots per hour will ultimately be placed in the service. In the articles of agreement between the Commonwealth and the contractors adequate cold storage capacity is stipulated for, besides which the freight on butter is fixed not to exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ d. (1 cent) per lb. and the freight on fruit at 60 shillings=(\$14.60) per ton of 40 cubic feet from any Australian port to London.

REVISION OF AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF, 1907.

The Commonwealth House of Representatives has up to this date revised 229 items (some items will likely be recommitted) of the new Customs tariff which came into operation on August 9th last. There are yet 215 items—with important subdivisions to be passed—but the amendments so far made, generally in the way of slight reductions from the rates originally introduced, went into immediate effect. The duties upon agricultural implements and machinery remain practically unaltered from those quoted in my report of September 2nd (Weekly Report No.). With the exception of a few lines of comparatively unimportant implements there is no preference given to the manufactures of the United Kingdom. The duty upon canned fish has been reduced to 1d. (2 cents) per lb. with no preferential treatment. Leading items of apparel and attire have been reduced by about 5 per cent in both the general and United Kingdom preferential rates. Denims and Dungaree are now 5 per cent in the general and free in the United Kingdom preferential tariff, while the rates on cotton piece goods remain unaltered.

Many items of particular interest to Canadian exporters have not yet been debated. A copy of the revised tariff—to item No. 229—is going forward by this mail to the Superintendent of Trade Commissioner Service, Ottawa, from whom inquirers can obtain the latest available information. The Commonwealth Senate has adjourned until January 22nd and the House of Representatives will likely be prorogued early in December, resuming the debate upon the tariff—if not then completed—early in 1908.

THE COMMONWEALTH EXCISE DUTY ON HARVESTERS.

Last year the Australian customs duty upon complete harvesters was fixed at £12 (\$58.40) per machine and at the same time, the Excise Act provided that an excise duty of £6 (\$29.20) should be imposed upon every harvester manufactured in Australia under conditions as to remuneration of labour which had not been pronounced by the President of the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration to be fair and reasonable. Until quite recently no action was taken by manufacturers to obtain the necessary exemption certificates from the court. During the last two months the principal manufacturers made application for exemption from excise duty upon the ground that the wages paid by them were fair and reasonable. The trend of this legislation was referred to in my report of October 28 (see Monthly Report, October, 1907, page 1186), in which the 'New Protection' proposals of the Australian Government were reviewed. The principle involved is that, while manufacturers are adequately protected by customs duties, fair and reasonable wages must be paid to the employees.

Profound interest has been taken in the notable judgment of the court, delivered at Melbourne on November 8, whereby the principal manufacturer of agricultural implements in Australia was refused exemption from excise duty for the reason that he had not paid fair and reasonable wages. Subsequently, the Customs authorities made a demand for the collection of the excise duty from the time the fixed duty was placed upon harvesters. It is understood that there are some legal difficulties in the way and that no action will be taken for the collection of the excise duty on harvesters until January next.

STANDARD WAGES—AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT TRADE.

The president of the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration, in delivering judgment upon the application for exemption from excise duty received from agricultural implement manufactures, said, in regard to fair and reasonable wages, 'I cannot think of any other standard appropriate than the normal need of the average employee in a civilized community.'

After elaborating the reasons for his judgment, I quote from same as follows:—

The following schedule conditions as to remuneration are declared to be fair and reasonable, for the purposes of the excise tariff 1906, for persons employed on time work in the manufactures referred to in the Act, if (except in the case of watchmen) their hours of work do not exceed eight hours per day. The excise standard remains until altered:—

	Rate per day. s. d.
Labourers, unskilled, including furnacemen's labourers and lorry drivers	7 0
Labourer, skilled (including pullers out)	7 6
Strikers, dressers, drillers	7 6
Iron benders, malleable iron annealers and belt cutters	8 0
Furnacemen, sheet ironworkers, machinists (other than fitters and turners and including grinders)	9 0
Fitters, turners, moulders, case makers and blacksmiths	10 0

Wood workers and Painters.

Machinists (excepting those working shaping machine, carver, borer or mortising machines or crosscut saws)	9 6
Men working shaping machine or Boutt's carver	10 8
Men working boring or mortising machines or crosscut saw	8 0
Carpenters (including timber markers)	10 0
Wheelwrights	10 0
Pattern makers	11 0
Painters—brush hands	9 0

	Rate per day.
	s. d.
Painters—writers and liners..	10 0
Timber yardsmen	8 0
Watchmen..	8 0
Engine drivers (first class engine)..	9 2
Engine drivers (with other work)..	10 0

Apprentices.

	Rate per week.
First year..	8 0
Second year..	12 0
Third year	16 0
Fourth year..	20 0
Fifth year	24 0
Sixth year..	30 0
Seventh year..	36 0

Boys (not apprenticed).

	Per day.
Under 15 years..	2 0
15 to 16..	2 6
16 to 17..	3 0
17 to 18..	3 6
18 to 19..	4 0
19 to 20..	5 0
20 to 21..	6 0

Young Journeymen.

Class A.—Rate: Not less than two-thirds of the minimum prescribed for journeymen.

Class B.—Rate: Not less for the first year than five-eighths, and for the second three-fourths of the minimum prescribed for journeymen.

An Exception.

Any old, slow or infirm worker licensed to work at a lower rate under section 99 of the Factories and Shops Act, 1905 (No. 2) of Victoria (or any substitution therefor) if the license be approved by the registrar of the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration.

Overtime.

At the rate of time and a quarter for two hours, time and a half for the next two hours and double time afterwards. Double time on Sundays and Christmas Day, New Year's Day, Good Friday and Eight Hours Day. Overtime to be reckoned separately for each day from the usual time for ceasing work, and without regard to any time off on other days.

Definitions.

'Journeyman' means any person doing any of the work of an artisan as an employee, not being an apprentice or a young journeyman. 'Apprentice' means any person under 21 years bound by indenture for a term of years (not less than five or more than seven) to learn the trade of an artisan. 'Young Journeyman' means, class (a) any person who has served his time as apprentice, and who has not had more than one year's subsequent experience; class (b) for a period of two years only from November (1907) any person under 25 and not being an apprentice who on that date was doing any of the work of an artisan in the manufacture of any of the articles referred to in the schedule to the Excise tariff, 1906.

STANDARD WAGES—AMENDED FOR IMPLEMENT MAKERS.

At a subsequent date the president of the Australian Arbitration Court amended the following items of wages for workers engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements, the rates being at per day:—

Machinists (iron), other than fitters and turners, and including grinders.	9s.
Moulders (including core makers)	10s.
Machinists (wood), excepting those working shaping machines or Boutt's carver, or boring or mortising machine, or crosscut saw.	9s. 6d.
Men working shaping machine, or Boutt's carver; men working boring or mortising machine or crosscut saw.	8s.
Wheelwrights.	10s.
Unskilled labourers, drivers, &c.	7s. 6d.

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF TASMANIAN SCHOOLS.

Tasmania is the first state of the Commonwealth to institute the systematic medical examination of schools, and this has been attended to with unqualified success. A lady—Dr. Gertrude Halley—has for some time past occupied the position of medical inspector of schools, and the important subject of 'school hygiene' is, on account of her published reports, now receiving the careful consideration of educational authorities throughout the other states. It appears that the duties of a medical inspector of schools are somewhat varied.

The fact that good school work cannot be done by children with either defective eyesight or hearing, under bad hygienic conditions, is well recognized, and in the past a great deal of money has been wasted in trying to teach pupils who could not see or hear properly. Badly lighted schoolrooms develop bad sight, and epidemics of infectious diseases may break out, entailing loss of time, money and life to the community. The early recognition of disease, and the stamping out or prevention of its spread, comes under the direct supervision of the medical inspector.

RECEPTION OF NEW PUPILS IN TASMANIAN SCHOOLS.

In the city and town schools of Tasmania every new pupil has his or her name, weight and age taken, the vision and hearing tested, and the history of any previous infectious disease, and any personal peculiarities, such as club-foot, cleft palate, curvature of the spine, marked presence of adenoids, or other troubles, are entered on a class card by the teacher. Then the medical inspector on the next visit examines any children whose names have been entered, and should they require medical treatment the head teacher is instructed to forward to the parents a notice informing them of the fact, and urging them to consult their own doctor.

In no case do the medical inspectors treat the children. They only advise that treatment be obtained, and in case of defective hearing or sight, instruct the teacher to place the child in the best position for seeing and hearing. It is a fact that in practically none of the cases so reported were the parents previously aware of any defect.

VENTILATION, LIGHTING, &C., OF TASMANIAN SCHOOLS.

Any defects in the cleanliness of a Tasmanian schoolroom are brought under the notice of the head teacher, and suggestions are given as to the improvement in school buildings, though, of course, it is impossible to have all the older schoolrooms equipped with the latest improvements. So the teachers are assisted to remedy such defects. For example, should a room be lighted from the wrong direction, turning the desks

will often improve matters. The subject of the ventilation and perfuming of the room is explained, and in the country districts the teacher is instructed in special exercises and the hygienic treatment of individual children. In an outbreak of infectious disease prompt measures are at once taken.

METHOD OF CLEANING TASMANIAN SCHOOLS.

School cleaning is put on a systematic and direct basis in Tasmania, that being regarded as a most important matter both from a hygienic as well as educational standpoint. The method is as follows:—Sawdust, damped with a solution of cyllin (one of the best carbolic preparations) or phenyle, is scattered over the floors before sweeping, and afterwards the sawdust and accumulated dirt are burnt. This is done after school hours every day, and then desks, presses and other furniture are wiped over with dusters wrung out in a solution of either of the above-mentioned disinfectants.

In addition, in each vacation all the floors, desks, and paintwork are thoroughly scrubbed, and the walls above the paint are cleaned. It is already found that the training of the children themselves in matters of hygiene is important, for they are quick to learn and appreciate the value of fresh air and cleanliness in schools and there is no doubt the sense so developed will be exercised in their homes.

AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUIT—1908 SEASON.

Arrangements are now being made for exporting large quantities of the new season's crop of Australian raisins and sultanas to Canada. Prices will be available in February next and shipment can be made from March onward. Over 10,000 cases were sold to Canadian importers last year, and if the season proves favourable to the growers a much larger business is anticipated in 1908. The address of the principal shippers in Melbourne can be obtained, by wholesale fruit, importers in Canada, upon application to the Superintendent of Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa.

EXHIBIT OF CANADIAN WOMEN'S WORK IN AUSTRALIA.

The Canadian Pavilion erected—in the huge Melbourne Exhibition Building—to contain the goods sent from the Dominion for the Australian Exhibition of Women's Work, is one of the most attractive features in this successful undertaking of Her Excellency Lady Northcote, wife of the Governor General of Australia. All the goods from overseas are placed in the large balconies of the building—the ground floor being reserved for Australia—and the Canadian Pavilion occupies a most prominent position, being directly opposite the gallery containing the Royal exhibits.

The following extract from a report which appeared in a Melbourne newspaper may be of interest:—

There is no spot in the Exhibition that more effectively combines picturesqueness with an appearance of businesslike capacity than the Canadian Pavilion. From the galleries opposite, or from the ground floor, the graceful white lines of its structure, and the charmingly-arranged curtains of vivid orange and dark myrtle green present an irresistible attractiveness. Once inside its portals, it is the orderliness, the excellence of the arrangements that is most striking. It might be a well-managed little shop, so admirably are its wares displayed. It is eminently characteristic of the businesslike methods of the Canadian people, and its whole scope is suggestive of the trend of Canadian patriotism. The court owes its existence to Her Excellency the Countess Grey, but none the less it embodies the spirit which makes for the success and strength of Canada. For these hangings of handsome and serviceable worsted, these homespun dress stuffs and useful rugs are the outcome and expression of a truly patriotic movement. They have been sent by the patroness of the Canadian Handicrafts Guild, a

society whose object is to encourage and develop handicrafts and home art industries throughout the Dominion.'

PROSPECTS OF AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROP, 1907.

Shortly after the departure of the last Vancouver mail on October 28 the greater portion of the wheat-growing districts in Australia experienced two heavy rainfalls, thus greatly improving crop prospects. A moderate crop is looked for in Victoria, though any estimate is still subject to weather contingencies before harvest, while the prospects for the Commonwealth is still for a surplus of about 10 million bushels over domestic consumption, for shipment mainly from South Australia. The mail closes with an unsettled market, wheat being quoted nominally at 4s. 8d. (\$1.13) per bushel f.o.b. principal Australian ports. Prices are now entirely dependent upon London quotations in view of the probable surplus.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

Many orders for oversea goods are being held in abeyance or are being forwarded subject to confirmation by cable pending the results of the complete revision of the Australian customs tariff. In other respects the business outlook is upon the whole a favourable one, though with a smaller production of wheat and butter—and a decline in the wool market—it is not anticipated that the current season will cause such an influx of money into the country districts as during the last two years.

CANADIAN TRADE NOTES.

Large orders are going forward by this mail for Canadian news paper, which is now well established on the Australian market. The quality of the paper, competitive prices and excellent representation are responsible for this satisfactory condition of affairs. Canadian wall papers are in excellent demand, and business is being done for some manufacturers in the Dominion who were hitherto not represented in this part of the world. The sales of Canadian implements for this year is reported as of good volume, but the margin of profit has been curtailed owing to the high customs duty imposed on these lines. Fair indents for general lines are being taken, but until the tariff is definitely fixed upon furniture, chairs and bicycles no new or repeat business is in prospect.

D. H. ROSS.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(*Mr. J. S. Larke.*)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, November 26, 1907.

HARVEST BELOW AVERAGE.

Four weeks ago the probabilities were that drought would ruin the crops of Australia. Within a week, fortunately, rainfall, general, though not heavy, came and saved the situation. While the harvest will be below the average throughout Australia yet there will be enough for home consumption and something to spare. There will be, therefore, no requirements upon Canada to meet a special need.

NEW ZEALAND TRADE.

Though the government's statistics are made up for the year ending on December 31, yet the trade year ends in September. The figures for the year closing last September show a remarkable advance over those for the similar year ending September 30, 1906. Excluding specie, it is found that the exports went up by nearly £2,200,000, and imports by nearly £2,500,000, or a total increase in trade amounting to little less than four and three-quarter million pounds in value. Thus:—

	1905-6	1906-7
Exports.	£17,709,378	£19,892,377
Imports.	13,375,121	16,071,887
Total.	£31,284,449	£35,964,264

The principal increase in exports is due to wool, amounting to £800,000. The increase in the quantity exported accounts for two-thirds and a higher value about one-third of this advance. In nearly all lines of export the quantity has very considerably increased. Naturally, New Zealand, in spite of some dry weather in the earlier part of this calendar year, is in an exceptionally sound condition. The probabilities are that there will be a lowering value of many of its chief products, in harmony with the reduction in prices throughout the world, but there should be a sound import trade for the next twelve months to come.

HEMP.

The millers of New Zealand flax have become anxious to do business and accepted considerably lower prices. Quotations have been: £23 10s. for 'Good fair,' £22 10s. for 'Fair,' and £20 for 'Common.' In view of the heavy royalties which the millers have to pay, it is probable that some of them will be compelled to close down and the output reduced unless better arrangements can be made.

Some hemp plants from Manila have been introduced into British New Guinea. There is every reason to believe that the climate and soil are adapted to producing hemp of the highest quality, but the development of Papua has been very slow, and it is likely to be some years before there would be any quantity to export. If the development is speedier it would be of very great advantage to Canadian cordage makers to have a source of supply open to them upon as good terms as those accorded to any country.

LEGISLATION AGAINST COMBINES.

Complaints have frequently been made that prices in New Zealand have been advanced upon flour and potatoes beyond the receipt of a reasonable profit upon the transaction. The Government of New Zealand has introduced into the parliament a Bill called the Flour and Other Products Monopoly Prevention Bill. It provides that it shall be lawful for the governor at any time, on the recommendation of the Court of Arbitration, to declare by order in council that on and after a date to be specified flour imported into New Zealand shall be admitted free of duty. Any such order in council may be revoked by the governor at any time as from a day to be specified, not being earlier than three months from the gazettement of the revocation. The Court of Arbitration may from time to time, at the direction of the governor, make an inquiry as to whether the wholesale market price of flour in New Zealand is unreasonably high, and if the court finds that such price is or has at any time since the receipt of such direction from the governor been unreasonably high, it shall recommend the governor to exercise the powers conferred by this Act. These provisions shall also apply to wheat and potatoes in the same manner as to flour.

It is laid down for the purpose of inquiries, the price of flour shall be deemed to be unreasonably high: (a) If the average price of flour in New Zealand is relatively to the price of wheat in New Zealand higher than the average price of flour in Australia, unless, in the opinion of the Court of Arbitration, the additional price in New Zealand is justified by additional cost of production; or (b) if the average price of wheat in New Zealand has, by reason of any combination among the holders of stocks of wheat, or by reason of any complete or partial monopoly established by any such holder, been raised above the price which would be determined by unrestricted competition. The price of wheat shall be deemed to be unreasonably high if the average wholesale price in New Zealand has, by reason of any combination among the holders of stocks or by reason of any complete or partial monopoly established by any such holder, been raised above the price which would be determined by unrestricted competition. The price of potatoes shall be deemed to be unreasonably high: (a) If the average wholesale price in New Zealand exceeds £7 per ton, or (b) if the average wholesale price in New Zealand has, by reason of any combination among the holders of stocks, or by reason of any complete or partial monopoly established by any such holder, be raised above the price which would be determined by unrestricted competition.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

The returns of trade for the first eight months of the year show an increase of imports of £4,000,000 and an increase of exports of £3,000,000 as compared with the similar period of the previous year. The return of the state of New South Wales for the first ten months is proportionately better, showing an increase of over £3,000,000 in imports and nearly a similar amount in exports for the ten months. Trade, however, is not likely to continue at this expanding rate. The drought has materially affected the export of dairy produce. The production of gold has declined from the inability of surface workers to procure water. The reduced price of metals is likely to close a number of mines that cannot be made to pay at present prices; the higher grades of wool as well as the lower at the Sydney sales have fallen from 10 per cent to 15 per cent and may be further reduced, following the trend of prices throughout the world. The finances of Australia are, however, in a healthy condition, and there is no probability of a very material reduction of trade unless the weather should be more unpropitious than it now appears to be.

QUEENSLAND BUTTER.

As an exception to the decline in dairy products, the exportation of butter from Queensland has increased in quantity and remarkably so in quality. In England some recent shipments brought 122s. and 124s. per cwt. These are striking prices to be obtained from butter produced in a semi-tropical climate. During the months of July and August its shipments were nearly double in quantity of those of Victoria and New South Wales combined, hitherto considered as the home of dairy production. It illustrates the varied character of the resources of a state that is but very partially developed.

PATENT MEDICINES.

The Minister for Customs of the Commonwealth has changed somewhat his Bill dealing with proprietary medicines. The principal clause of the new Bill is as follows:—

16. 1. In respect of any goods being medicines or medicinal preparations for internal or external use, or articles intended for food for infants or invalids, if the Governor General is satisfied (a) That any trade description or part of a trade description required by the regulations under section 7 or 11 of this Act would involve the disclosure of trade secrets of manufacture or preparation; and (b) that such disclosure

is not necessary for the protection of health or welfare of the public, he may by order allow the trade description with respect to those goods to be modified in such manner as he directs. 2. With respect to goods other than those mentioned in the preceding subsection, the regulations under section 7 and 11 of this Act shall not prescribe a trade description which discloses trade secrets of manufacture or preparation, unless in the opinion of the Governor-General the disclosure is necessary for the protection of the health or welfare of the public. 3. In respect of any goods being medicines or medicinal preparations, the regulations may prescribe a trade description stating the ailments and diseases which they are intended to alleviate or cure.

THE COAL STRIKE.

For two weeks there was a serious strike in the Newcastle district which produces the coal largely consumed in Australia, and probably all the coal that is exported. Through the intervention of the Premier, work was resumed yesterday morning in all but one of the mines, where a new dispute arose. This, too, has been settled and work this morning is anticipated in all the mines. There were no stocks of coal on hand, and if the strike had continued it would have had very serious effects upon the leading interests of Australia within two weeks.

THE TARIFF.

The following is a list of those items of the tariff which have been reduced by the House of Representatives. The preference duty is that which is charged on goods imported from the United Kingdom, and the general tariff is that charged on goods from all other countries:—

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE

	Old Tariff.	Tariff as Introduced.	As Passed by House.
Biscuits, per lb., general.....	1d.	1½d.	1½d.
" " preference.....			1d.
Molasses, per cwt.....	Free.	1s.	Free.
Confectionery, per lb., general.....	2d.	3½d.	3d.
" " preference.....		3½d.	2½d.
Preserved fish, in tins, per lb.....	1½d.	1½d.	1d.
Dates, per lb.....	1d.	2d.	1d.
Hay and chaff, per cwt.....	1s.	1s.	Free.
Honey, jams and jellies, per lb., general.....	1½d.	2d.	2d.
" " preference.....			1½d.
Arrowroot, per lb.....	½d.	1d.	½d.
Matches, in boxes of 100, per gross, general.....	6d.	1s. 9d.	1s.
" " " preference.....		1s. 6d.	6d.
" " in boxes over 100, per gross, general.....	1s.	3s. 6d.	2s.
" " " preference.....		3s.	1s.
" " each additional 100, per gross, general.....	6d.	1s. 9d.	1s.
" " " preference.....		1s. 6d.	6d.
Candles, per lb., general.....	1d.	2½d.	2d.
" " preference.....		2d.	1½d.
Sausage casings, per lb.....	Free.	2d.	Free.
Condensed milk, per lb., general.....	1d.	2½d.	2d.
" " preference.....		2d.	1½d.
Apparel, ad val., general.....	25 p.c.	45 p.c.	40 p.c.
" " preference.....		40 "	35 "
Blankets, general.....	15 p.c.	30 "	25 "
" " preference.....			20 "
Carpets, general.....	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	20 "
" " preference.....			15 "
Wire netting, general.....	Free.	30 p.c.	10 "
" " preference.....		25 "	5 "
Tobacco.....	3s. 3d.	3s. 6d.	3s. 6d.
Woollen piece goods, general.....	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	30 "
" " preference.....		30 "	25 "
Piece goods not weighing more than 5 oz. per sq. yard, general.....	15 p.c.	35 "	15 "
" " " preference.....		30 "	10 "
Cotton and linen piece goods, general.....	5 p.c.	10 "	5 "
" " " preference.....		5 "	Free.
Flannelette, general.....	15 p.c.	25 "	10 p.c.
" " preference.....		20 "	5 "
Wadding and cotton wool, general.....	Free.	20 "	Free.
" " preference.....		15 "	
Woollen hosiery, general.....	15 p.c.	30 "	25 "
" " preference.....		25 "	20 "
Cotton, general.....	10 p.c.	25 "	25 "
" " preference.....		15 "	20 "
Silk, general.....	25 p.c.	30 "	25 "
" " preference.....		20 "	20 "
Wigs.....	20 p.c.	30 "	20 "
Incandescent mantles, general.....	15 p.c.	40 "	25 "
" " preference.....		30 "	15 "
Miners' safety lamp, general.....	Free.	10 "	Free.
" " preference.....		Free.	
Sheet and piping lead.....	Free.	50 / ton.	Free.

Last week the attention of Parliament was devoted to other matters, but yesterday the Government introduced some amendments to the tariff as originally proposed, changing the iron and machinery duties, increasing some and lowering the duty upon others. They have not all as yet been passed by Parliament but during the day, corrugated iron galvanized, on which the original duty was 15c. per ton and the general tariff, as introduced 20 per cent, the preferential tariff 15 per cent, was reduced to 30s. per ton and 20s. per ton preferential tariff. Galvanized iron, not corrugated, the general duty was fixed at 20s. per ton and the preferential tariff 10s. per ton.

Mangles, clothes wringers, and washing machines, preferential tariff 12½ per cent, tariff as introduced 20 per cent; the general duty was made 20 per cent, preferential duty 12½ per cent.

Agricultural, horticultural and viticultural machinery and implements, n.e.i., including caneloaders on wheels, channel-making graders, feed grinders, garden and field spraying machines, garden and field rollers, garden hose reels, garden syringes, horse road rollers and machines, lawnmowers, sweepers and sprinklers, road-making ploughs, road scoops and scrapers, scoops, stump extractors, general tariff 20 per cent *ad valorem*; previous tariff 12 per cent. Duty reduced to 15 per cent, general tariff, 12½ per cent preferential. Other items of the section of machinery were passed as originally proposed by the tariff.

J. S. LARKE.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., December 14, 1907.

CIDER.

The apple harvest in Devonshire has proved to be the poorest in many years, and as the production of cider from that county, which has heretofore been one of the chief sources of supply, has failed, the trade is compelled to look elsewhere for its requirements. From inquiries made throughout the 100 apple-growing parishes it is found that the crop will not be more than half as large as usual and as a result but little cider will be made.

A firm in London dealing largely in this article has deemed it necessary to send a representative to Canada, and the addresses of Canadian cider manufacturers was furnished from this office. There is therefore every prospect that the price of cider in England will be advanced although last year's output was a particularly good one and that a substantial supply of it is still on hand, yet the consumption of it is increasing rapidly. It is therefore necessary that the Canadian cider makers adapt themselves to producing an article second to none, and they will be recompensed by finding a ready sale for it at good prices in this country.

TURNED WOODWARE.

From information furnished me by one of the largest houses in Manchester, the demand for turned wood of great variety is increasing, not only here but throughout England, and that Canada does not contribute very largely in these articles affords some surprise. It is difficult to enumerate all the different kinds of turned goods required in cabinet making, as there are numerous designs of all kinds of small spindles required; the other articles that bulk largely are table legs, chair legs, sofa and dresser feet, chair stretchers and spindles, also curtain poles in various lengths and diameters, broom handles, tool handles of every description, towel rollers, towel rails, and rolling pins.

Dowels are well worth consideration, and are mostly made from birch in diameters from ¼ inch up to 1 inch with 1-16 multiples, and should be made in 36 inch lengths, but shorter and longer lengths are marketable but only in moderate quantities, as by far the greatest demand is for 36 inch rods. Maple and oak dowels are purchased, but the trade prefers good birch. Pill boxes are largely handled here, but at present are supplied by Sweden, Norway and Finland, also round boxes for needles and pins. I have assurance that the firm I refer to will gladly afford every assistance in their power to Canadian manufacturers desirous of exporting the above goods by furnishing drawings and designs, and their address can be obtained from this office.

APPLES AT LIVERPOOL.

Messrs. Woodall & Co. report under date December 14, 1907, as follows:—

• Arrivals this week...	61,240 barrels, 10,583 boxes,	64,768 barrels.
“ last week...		90,060 “
“ to date...		640,395 “
“ against same period last year...		605,307 “

Although arrivals this week are on a more moderate scale, they have been more than sufficient for requirements. The market should be feeling the effects of the Christmas demand, but the trade has been dull and dropping, and the bulk has not brought last year's prices, the only exception to this being some superior and well selected Canadian, for which there was an active demand.

Canadian.

	Firsts	Seconds and Slack.
Baldwins...	12/9 to 18/6	8/ to 14/
Spy...	12/ to 22/6	9/ to 15/
Kings...	20/6 to 28/	15/ to 21/
Greenings...	16/6 to 23/6	12/ to 17/3
Russets...	14/ to 22/	10/ to 16/9
T. Sweet...	8/6 to 10/3	7/6 to 9/
Davis...	11/6 to 12/6	9/ to 11/

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

The Board of Trade returns for November recently issued show the imports amounted to £57,145,099, while the total exports were £35,862,176. The imports show an increase of £1,398,020, as compared with the corresponding month of last year, and an increase of £4,009,203 as compared with November, 1905. The exports likewise show a large increase, the excess over November, 1906, being £2,887,014, and over the same month of the previous year, £6,254,027.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, December 28, 1907.

LOCAL MANUFACTURERS.

The particulars contained in the following item published in a recent issue of a local trade journal, if correctly stated, as I have no doubt they are, should be interesting and instructive reading to many Canadian manufacturers, especially those engaged in the cordage business. Making due allowance for the exceptional character of the transaction mentioned, there seems to be no reason to suppose that it may not be followed by others, or that in course of time the various factories now operated here will not be able to obtain a footing upon the Canadian market if some have not already done so, but in any case the more reciprocal the trade between the two colonies can be made in the future the better it is likely to be for both sides.

'Most of our local manufacturing concerns never contemplate getting their products beyond the home area, and if they succeed in displacing a foreign article in the Newfoundland market they are happy. Occasionally, however, a local product not only holds its own at home, but, in addition, it is called for by some outside country. The Colonial Cordage Company has a case in point, for they have just completed a very large cable for the Dominion Coal Company of Canada. The cable is eleven inches in circumference, is two hundred and twenty fathoms long, and weighs over four tons. It will be shipped by the *Cacouna*, and the probabilities are that this order will be but the forerunner of many others. The cable has been made with special care, and it is a fair index of the capabilities of the St. John's Ropewalk.

'There are a good many rope manufacturing concerns in Canada, and the Eastern States have also many to which this order could be sent, and it is safe to infer that every one of these was negotiated with before the order was sent down here. Under the circumstances, then, Mr. Munroe should be pleased with the order, as a tribute to the capabilities of his factory. An incident of this kind ought to produce some thinking on the part of manufacturers in other lines here, with a view to ascertaining if they can't push their wares outside their own country. To date, somehow, we seem to tacitly accept the notion that we can never get beyond our own country with our own manufactures; but there is no reason why this should be always so. In our crude and untried period of manufacturing our diffidence was natural enough, but we have become experts now, and should rise to a proper appreciation of the fact.'

E. D. ARNAUD.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of November and the *twelve months* ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	Month of November.			Twelve Months ending November.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	37,406	42,580	29,157	475,407	505,454	620,036
New Zealand.....	8,563	6,378	8,880	310,630	301,010	322,278
Canada.....	18,207	7,570	139	300,883	194,430	34,898
Totals.....	64,176	56,528	38,176	1,086,920	1,000,894	977,212
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	122,174	118,059	122,311	1,647,423	1,661,920	1,801,644
France.....	31,706	19,149	20,689	349,221	326,355	278,053
Germany.....	18	341	636	3,278	13,079	7,361
Holland.....	15,535	13,054	10,375	210,085	197,477	168,745
Russia.....	31,451	40,908	35,690	446,603	615,804	658,339
Sweden.....	11,194	13,768	12,199	185,325	185,112	227,489
United States.....	9,337	1,883	.....	72,109	173,826	138
Other countries.....	14,188	12,816	10,588	174,017	141,145	117,692
Totals.....	235,603	219,978	212,488	3,088,061	3,314,718	3,259,461
Grand totals.....	299,779	276,506	250,664	4,174,981	4,315,612	4,236,673

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....						3,515
New Zealand.....			4,848	78,841	117,432	190,105
Canada.....	220,140	178,995	166,248	1,869,192	1,947,085	1,700,505
Totals.....	220,140	178,995	171,096	1,948,033	2,064,517	1,894,125
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,693	3,584	3,910	50,869	43,281	46,506
Holland.....	19,470	20,383	22,477	211,392	231,691	237,754
United States.....	9,524	10,727	4,143	167,615	253,970	111,293
Other countries.....	7,003	5,818	6,650	65,278	81,044	74,743
Totals.....	39,690	40,512	37,180	495,154	609,986	470,296
Grand totals.....	259,830	219,507	208,276	2,443,187	2,674,503	2,364,421

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the months of November and the twelve months ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

Countries.	Month of November.			Twelve Months ending November.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	81,669	81,885	88,547	1,171,506	1,194,181	1,193,746
Denmark.....	115,747	131,119	152,197	1,508,533	1,453,110	1,789,687
United States.....	209,669	191,931	157,689	2,749,649	2,830,913	2,335,688
Other countries.....	4,519	10,921	8,309	84,378	112,197	86,412
Totals.....	411,604	415,856	406,742	5,514,066	5,590,401	5,405,533

HAMS.

Canada.....	26,439	11,716	22,369	283,161	259,935	289,794
United States.....	84,616	55,074	69,443	1,028,581	1,058,007	852,380
Other countries.....	156	96	122	3,199	2,697	3,669
Totals.....	111,211	66,886	91,934	1,314,741	1,320,639	1,145,843

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	5,774	1,066	2,253	150,390	355,847	161,968
Newfoundland.....	813	560	222	7,454	9,867	3,762
France.....	4,253	4,876	1,042	48,352	22,933	18,658
Norway.....	27,006	25,081	23,441	180,415	182,669	144,971
Portugal.....	11,327	5,963	14,956	125,967	101,293	126,244
United States.....	6,303	52,527	2,439	220,121	249,557	68,455
Other countries.....	73,120	43,172	36,911	376,819	465,793	353,464
Totals.....	128,596	133,245	81,264	1,109,518	1,387,959	877,522

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	139,951	111,081	44,384	296,222	235,464	123,660
Belgium.....	156,667	186,611	123,858	2,161,573	2,432,444	2,208,016
Denmark.....	331,208	329,590	313,550	3,856,818	3,799,363	3,790,015
France.....	70,196	95,006	64,350	1,583,568	1,481,606	1,234,186
Germany.....	265,997	250,301	238,654	2,218,877	2,639,891	2,795,324
Russia.....	784,118	708,988	866,205	7,493,417	7,288,052	6,952,888
Other countries.....	52,507	50,711	67,489	1,239,870	1,097,033	1,275,029
Totals.....	1,800,644	1,732,288	1,718,490	18,850,345	18,973,853	18,379,118

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending November, 1898 to 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants.
MONTH OF NOVEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.							
1898.....	561	24	35	620	677	.....	1,297
1899.....	377	28	19	424	1,170	2	1,596
1900.....	475	10	18	503	1,813	7	2,323
1901.....	311	17	49	377	1,553	13	1,943
1902.....	874	59	48	981	2,824	5	3,810
1903.....	1,452	108	70	1,630	2,185	4	3,819
1904.....	1,905	225	110	2,240	1,408	5	3,653
1905.....	2,231	290	112	2,633	1,565	4	4,202
1906.....	2,843	824	257	3,924	2,153	.....	6,077
1907.....	3,289	635	253	4,177	3,023	.....	7,200
TWELVE MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER 1898 TO 1907.							
1898.....	15,013	1,696	864	17,573	9,722	35	27,330
1899.....	13,886	1,723	910	16,519	16,644	107	33,270
1900.....	16,214	1,740	966	18,920	31,914	111	50,945
1901.....	12,096	2,118	1,324	15,538	25,938	122	41,598
1902.....	20,768	3,717	1,458	25,943	39,686	112	65,741
1903.....	47,848	10,467	2,631	60,946	39,625	289	100,860
1904.....	54,715	12,714	2,916	70,345	21,762	76	92,183
1905.....	65,108	14,157	3,333	82,598	25,662	41	108,301
1906.....	87,801	22,039	4,440	114,280	26,790	24	141,094
1907.....	110,692	33,645	7,551	151,888	34,813	.....	186,701

EXPORTS OF MICA FROM CANADA.

STATEMENT showing amount of Canadian Mica Exported from Canada to Great Britain, United States, Other Countries and Total during the Years ended June 30, 1896 to 1907. (*From Canadian Returns.*)

Years ended. June 30.	GREAT BRITAIN.		UNITED STATES.		OTHER COUNTRIES.		TOTAL.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
1896.....	10,500	1,445	544,159	54,085	3,760	97	558,419	55,627
1897.....	3,242	443	472,353	61,435	3,421	120	479,016	61,998
1898.....	1,913	779	503,343	68,329	4,080	405	509,336	69,513
1899.....	3,585	797	1,182,127	147,032	473	410	1,186,185	148,239
1900.....	14,429	1,765	1,064,924	134,587	.....	.....	1,079,353	136,352
1901.....	211,833	26,959	761,991	121,310	5,434	1,319	979,258	149,588
1902.....	115,388	53,001	868,645	186,400	13,132	2,909	997,165	242,310
1903.....	658,081	143,736	729,489	183,193	6,150	950	1,393,720	327,879
1904.....	268,889	68,215	595,558	145,345	880	100	865,327	213,660
1905.....	436,333	46,721	555,013	120,617	25,317	1,790	1,016,663	169,128
1906.....	272,454	32,072	1,038,465	300,169	18,715	3,350	1,329,634	335,591
1907.....	279,011	75,175	1,444,842	555,173	9,050	2,212	1,732,903	632,560

IMPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS INTO BELGIUM.

STATEMENT showing Value of Breadstuffs Imported into Belgium during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1906.

BREADSTUFFS.

Years, ended Decem- ber 31.	IMPORTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION INTO BELGIUM.						Rate of Duty.	
	Totals.	From.						
		Argentine Republic.	Canada.	France.	Roumania.	Russia.		United States.
		Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.		Francs.
BARLEY.								
1898.....	50,293,171	874,359	10,985,422	15,110,441	5,725,628	Free.	
1899.....	52,779,678	.....	1,781,512	4,690,398	19,591,857	10,363,651	
1900.....	39,965,034	66,607	1,939,743	3,698,751	7,327,885	9,731,835		
1901.....	39,523,776	115,072	2,749,225	4,737,079	10,238,846	4,810,507		
1902.....	47,279,759	.....	2,618,241	5,948,329	11,413,277	2,726,683	
1903.....	53,126,701	.....	1,630,169	11,724,099	15,658,401	2,818,606	
1904.....	54,888,728	.....	1,283,090	6,871,284	20,009,714	6,988,661	
1905.....	58,113,628	.....	770,167	11,881,376	18,808,208	8,326,047	
1906.....	57,944,891	34,703	837,909	21,919,560	10,365,510	6,383,463		

BARLEY.

1898.....	1,469,008	160,913	434,844	51,309	304,313	Free.	
1899.....	2,315,176	341,455	906,478	106,444	49,577		
1900.....	2,755,267	412,197	1,398,982	243,352	161,833		
1901.....	2,891,725	276,747	1,515,719	457,597	91,707		
1902.....	3,441,469	94,403	2,606,330	272,620	16,296		
1903.....	6,556,154	1,190,120	3,752,407	277,558	224,368		
1904.....	8,223,625	1,675,180	5,365,236	110,587	160,414		
1905.....	8,486,629	1,866,686	3,964,019	268,371	130,998		
1906.....	11,600,856	2,474,180	57,000	4,012,485	556,187	200,732	1,579,362

BRAN.

BUCKWHEAT.

1898.....	742,405	143,627	89,805	355,072	Free.
1899.....	1,428,991	362,083	237,057	352,148	
1900.....	1,270,812	567,660	170,090	329,549	
1901.....	1,380,399	82,992	340,423	201,848	
1902.....	1,035,957	113,203	435,356	186,522	
1903.....	840,587	16,129	308,097	300,759	
1904.....	1,435,262	498,517	319,202	203,940	
1905.....	1,343,745	220,970	319,202	193,023	
1906.....	1,131,327	198,547	84,436	149,014	512,613

CORN.

1898.....	50,462,618	8,345,398	1,173,188	1,217,700	7,047,158	5,926,712	24,250,903	Free.
1899.....	52,932,191	13,983,970	993,403	867,173	7,205,197	5,424,320	22,217,644	
1900.....	59,251,922	10,860,479	2,584,107	2,615,956	5,468,644	2,304,263	33,107,806	
1901.....	44,615,037	14,370,498	242,814	1,119,599	8,355,419	848,958	16,860,547	
1902.....	46,284,878	13,278,389	762,928	734,300	17,197,515	7,490,371	1,929,723	
1903.....	60,633,903	28,932,048	508,501	1,019,919	6,491,333	5,894,463	15,261,512	
1904.....	58,105,182	36,427,207	446,691	6,192,485	6,691,855	4,691,855	6,216,234	
1905.....	79,790,349	49,715,365	444,257	839,665	466,310	2,716,620	21,224,162	
1906.....	61,317,207	33,217,162	55,493	622,002	9,498,177	784,484	15,359,297	

STATEMENT showing Value of Breadstuffs Imported into Belgium during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1906—*Continued.*

BREADSTUFFS—*Continued.*

Year ended December 31.	IMPORTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION INTO BELGIUM.							Rate of Duty
	Totals.	From.						
		Argentine Republic.	Canada	France.	Roumania.	Russia.	United States.	
	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	

MALT

1898.....	3,313,681			2,282,244			182,909	
1899.....	4,542,139			3,475,456			194,889	1½ Francs per
1900.....	4,463,959			3,275,467			205,765	100 Kilos or
1901.....	4,189,672			3,073,765			172,825	13.2 cents per
1902.....	3,795,729			2,939,879			47,223	100 lbs.
1903.....	4,104,244			3,012,905			119,091	
1904.....	4,102,977			3,027,998			102,510	
1905.....	4,123,603			2,679,329			125,300	
1906.....	4,437,494			2,931,776			205,537	

OATS.

1898.....	4,720,839		113,736			825,477	3,460,098	
1899.....	5,248,120		160,091		6,161	805,606	3,889,978	3 Francs per 100
1900.....	11,439,064	798	260,165	62,135		6,015,868	4,495,028	Kilos or 26.3
1901.....	7,200,814		453,831		91,026	2,524,753	3,323,850	cents per 100
1902.....	2,505,531	2,562	2,699	49,698	203,133	1,754,155	210,098	lbs.
1903.....	829,549		43,595	22,267	68,845	470,025	8,828	
1904.....	4,440,634	141,937		25,843	351,146	3,210,017	152,113	
1905.....	20,866,188	37,072	212,600		402,566	17,333,058	2,042,345	
1906.....	15,557,501	417,835		41,283	642,002	9,278,797	4,113,685	

RICE.

1898.....	12,966,757	46,560		327,684				
1899.....	14,782,706	31,913		1,973,513			3,525	
1900.....	11,969,571			309,543				
1901.....	12,572,187			421,822				Free.
1902.....	12,544,357			138,664				
1903.....	15,470,096	495		187,779				
1904.....	16,220,954			295,709				
1905.....	15,316,658			36,492				
1906.....	17,725,335	231,141		104,244	72,944	14,286		

RYE.

1898.....	12,177,529		325,739	255,100	1,700,752	2,966,727	6,452,817	
1899.....	3,721,826			223,254	564,760	1,234,721	1,223,597	
1900.....	6,049,403	77,241	500,007	105,092	1,171,274	2,178,508	1,348,076	
1901.....	8,879,293		118,305	13,101	4,632,201	1,992,657	928,695	
1902.....	8,053,258		34,781		2,560,506	1,566,361	2,689,245	Free.
1903.....	10,750,913	27,238	117,450	25,589	4,099,381	2,668,113	1,979,524	
1904.....	9,453,582			36,470	3,377,146	1,893,007	22,728	
1905.....	9,715,874	109,258			2,565,188	1,166,375	331,007	
1906.....	11,263,116			28,082	6,545,714	1,891,812	980,413	

STATEMENT showing Value of Breadstuffs Imported into Belgium during the Calendar Years 1898 to 1906—*Concluded.*

BREADSTUFFS—*Concluded.*

Years ended Decem- ber 31.	Totals.	IMPORTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION INTO BELGIUM.						Rate of Duty.
		From.						
		Argentine Republic.	Canada.	France.	Roumania.	Russia.	United States.	
		Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	Francs.	

WHEAT.

1898....	265,011,052	29,786,301	1,239,599	3,676,736	56,598,356	14,966,591	103,361,842	Free.
1899....	221,927,846	58,865,364	2,563,299	172,370	20,821,060	4,946,244	79,116,417	
1900....	179,896,164	49,252,560	2,762,860	606,890	51,714,695	5,155,890	36,553,215	
1901....	243,698,275	23,222,494	11,120,491	421,101	53,447,328	3,518,379	118,525,996	
1902....	256,241,307	23,731,749	5,835,648	1,249,169	105,253,696	8,613,357	79,938,400	
1903....	265,559,610	51,018,396	2,839,496	1,001,426	99,535,013	23,838,760	39,311,063	
1904....	304,599,204	59,009,639	2,533,918	113,380	80,458,139	36,260,004	12,413,032	
1905....	313,182,852	85,052,014	3,860,871	812,887	108,285,413	32,653,149	11,661,163	
1906....	314,279,414	96,001,159	2,962,960	223,044	109,643,717	39,695,097	37,934,789	

WHEAT FLOUR.

1898....	2,514,012	1,677,200	645,256	2 Francs per 100 Kilogs or 17.5 cents per 100 lbs.
1899....	5,405,279	.....	.....	4,572,632	.....	.....	697,099
1900....	5,199,253	.....	.....	4,308,048	.....	.....	771,088
1901....	4,658,971	.....	.....	3,657,489	.....	.....	812,305
1902....	1,980,774	.....	.....	1,402,362	.....	.....	457,839
1903....	1,324,447	.....	.....	810,648	.....	.....	364,072
1904....	823,082	12,769	.....	534,896	.....	.....	171,669
1905....	867,375	.....	.....	599,592	.....	.....	95,126
1906....	1,062,782	.....	.....	645,075	.....	14,275	237,909

OTHER, N. E. S.

1898....	938,884	357,026	9,627	65,194	Various.
1899....	923,997	.....	.....	407,587	.....	.....	69,520
1900....	1,039,319	.....	.....	499,996	.....	.....	49,276
1901....	974,629	.....	.....	497,172	.....	7,002	43,573
1902....	998,936	.....	4,547	495,295	.....	.....	47,432
1903....	1,112,275	669	.....	536,859	.....	.....	77,559
1904....	1,329,946	242,627	106,945	490,863	.....	1,892	37,386
1905....	1,476,980	156,955	15,556	532,440	.....	.....	42,254
1906....	445,143	.....	14,000	79,925	45,457	1,725	64,884

RECAPITULATION—BREADSTUFFS.

1898....	404,609,956	38,339,172	2,995,889	11,102,893	76,382,997	39,895,380	144,801,032
1899....	366,007,949	73,222,702	4,884,806	14,617,032	33,394,020	32,404,473	118,804,281
1900....	323,299,768	60,669,882	7,208,771	15,291,932	62,296,716	23,473,796	86,637,648
1901....	370,585,778	37,985,411	12,289,000	13,809,416	71,720,650	19,424,150	146,221,555
1902....	384,161,955	37,107,103	6,191,466	12,669,264	131,536,799	31,040,340	88,380,677
1903....	420,308,479	81,168,966	4,225,000	12,308,065	122,196,229	49,054,889	60,397,269
1904....	463,623,176	97,509,359	3,311,181	12,118,993	97,360,787	66,430,843	26,780,833
1905....	513,283,881	136,937,350	5,171,069	10,553,793	123,869,224	73,001,431	44,911,384
1906....	496,765,066	132,376,180	3,288,000	9,610,261	148,923,758	62,395,732	67,371,952

TRADE OF BELGIUM.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade, Duty Collected and Population of Belgium during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

NOTE.—Franc=19.3 cents.

Calendar Years.	SPECIAL TRADE.			GENERAL TRADE.			Goods in Transit.	Duty Col- lected.	Popu- lation.
	Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	Imports.	Exports.	Totals.			
In thousands of Francs.									No.
1894.....	1,574,549	1,303,686	2,878,235	2,703,081	2,424,560	5,127,641	1,120,874	34,818	6,341,958
1895.....	1,680,408	1,385,439	3,065,847	2,904,948	2,604,863	5,509,811	1,219,424	38,216	6,410,783
1896.....	1,776,732	1,467,944	3,244,676	3,037,372	2,720,302	5,757,674	1,252,358	46,664	6,495,886
1897.....	1,873,012	1,626,372	3,499,384	3,145,830	2,895,272	6,041,102	1,268,899	45,897	6,586,593
1898.....	2,044,727	1,787,007	3,831,734	3,279,048	3,019,882	6,298,930	1,232,875	45,460	6,669,732
1899.....	2,260,243	1,949,292	4,209,535	3,654,300	3,351,563	7,005,863	1,402,270	49,097	6,744,532
1900.....	2,215,753	1,922,884	4,138,637	3,594,425	3,297,510	6,891,935	1,374,626	51,182	6,693,548
1901.....	2,220,992	1,828,232	4,049,224	3,640,645	3,239,443	6,880,088	1,411,211	50,591	6,799,999
1902.....	2,380,683	1,925,490	4,306,173	3,939,578	3,473,161	7,412,739	1,547,671	49,132	6,896,079
1903.....	2,656,370	2,110,338	4,766,708	4,447,338	3,889,852	8,337,190	1,779,514	50,435	6,985,219
1904.....	2,782,220	2,183,261	4,965,481	4,426,445	3,849,107	8,275,552	1,665,846	50,184	7,074,910
1905.....	3,068,337	2,333,676	5,402,013	4,989,916	4,256,009	9,245,925	1,922,333	55,572	7,160,547
1906.....	3,454,017	2,793,840	6,247,857	5,725,751	5,062,732	10,788,483	2,268,892	56,288	7,098,948

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing (by Countries) the Trade of Belgium during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906

IMPORTS (SPECIAL) BY COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Austra- lasia.	British East Indies.	Canada.	Argentine Republic.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Countries
In thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	177,702	17,188	76,312	2,374	89,514	282,009	184,687	125,945	618,818
1895.....	193,130	21,171	52,965	575	92,693	299,856	199,195	132,852	687,971
1896.....	205,618	28,449	55,228	1,535	85,222	310,611	215,395	173,650	701,024
1897.....	275,566	29,650	46,729	3,788	68,207	296,583	233,972	231,743	686,774
1898.....	283,806	35,543	92,166	4,643	100,084	311,322	245,318	303,095	668,750
1899.....	311,974	63,756	84,739	6,837	148,223	389,719	285,429	280,083	689,483
1900.....	300,856	37,415	39,862	11,697	118,563	375,346	323,890	266,674	741,450
1901.....	269,305	43,757	71,406	16,543	99,508	350,953	299,936	335,675	733,909
1902.....	323,920	44,998	85,070	12,168	103,540	385,836	331,143	275,841	858,167
1903.....	325,364	42,344	117,121	7,319	184,620	412,302	340,217	266,245	960,838
1904.....	335,404	58,190	141,669	7,487	198,913	465,684	351,026	222,301	1,001,546
1905.....	376,936	72,718	104,083	13,041	240,022	517,517	409,683	242,216	1,092,121
1906.....	445,762	95,932	103,959	18,258	238,291	604,631	465,153	299,479	1,182,552

EXPORTS (SPECIAL) BY COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Austra- lasia.	British East Indies.	Canada.	Argentine Republic.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Countries
1894.....	235,452	4,099	15,851	3,719	13,550	285,481	294,201	42,252	409,081
1895.....	266,709	5,666	20,267	6,845	14,353	284,220	310,789	46,650	429,940
1896.....	291,202	7,965	20,993	5,757	19,096	287,539	327,258	48,912	459,222
1897.....	302,085	8,326	16,844	9,749	16,816	297,938	363,254	40,436	550,924
1898.....	306,515	7,661	18,055	11,289	20,600	331,963	451,232	51,576	588,116
1899.....	360,707	10,494	15,329	12,574	19,646	345,805	485,527	65,354	633,856
1900.....	359,054	14,088	17,594	15,782	20,939	426,092	426,564	76,861	565,910
1901.....	342,025	15,475	25,468	11,314	21,047	350,598	415,349	78,451	568,505
1902.....	358,901	12,003	21,596	9,143	13,534	357,337	428,540	88,858	635,578
1903.....	364,795	12,355	20,812	16,294	21,512	393,074	459,313	93,395	728,788
1904.....	392,324	12,086	25,860	9,866	41,508	346,669	505,473	86,324	763,151
1905.....	366,307	13,175	35,052	13,761	48,151	371,632	509,859	92,295	823,444
1906.....	409,819	17,300	27,717	14,818	66,171	548,062	642,067	108,563	959,523

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (special) into Belgium during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	ANIMALS.		Butter, fresh and salted.	Coal.	Coffee.	Copper and Nickel, Raw.	COTTON.		
	Horses.	Other.					Raw.	Yarn.	Manufac- tured.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	13,964	21,593	15,378	21,206	54,522	10,560	29,438	2,727	20,404
1895.....	16,902	20,890	18,868	23,623	55,174	12,157	19,403	3,216	27,036
1896.....	20,322	36,249	14,219	26,273	52,260	17,987	24,813	4,693	29,130
1897.....	25,453	19,369	13,453	32,289	60,878	17,785	32,806	4,233	28,973
1898.....	21,124	22,138	11,862	36,374	46,342	25,411	36,054	4,300	27,823
1899.....	20,168	25,965	9,673	52,839	39,363	16,654	31,774	3,842	31,807
1900.....	18,042	25,109	10,062	70,486	31,587	27,536	40,069	4,405	37,079
1901.....	14,917	26,094	9,771	55,374	36,563	21,624	34,680	3,664	30,082
1902.....	12,981	26,888	9,033	60,632	32,173	19,876	47,811	3,531	31,485
1903.....	13,081	34,323	12,122	63,556	22,831	20,404	73,333	4,010	31,413
1904.....	12,295	29,736	12,796	58,087	71,910	21,478	52,491	4,008	30,365
1905.....	13,786	26,650	12,770	64,740	48,627	23,194	57,305	12,526	34,239
1906.....	21,656	29,566	14,689	96,152	56,241	54,421	67,562	8,413	35,676

Calendar Years.	Diamonds in the Rough.	Dyes and Dye Stuffs.	Fish.	FLAX.		GRAIN (INCLUDING RICE).			
				Raw.	Yarn.	Barley.	Corn.	Wheat.	Other Grain.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894.....		21,438	22,533	21,664	11,727				
1895.....		28,985	21,955	29,389	15,965				
1896.....		27,660	21,960	26,238	16,948	304,257			
1897.....	55,000	25,893	21,337	23,540	16,487	327,145			
1898.....	60,000	34,812	19,955	32,123	17,551	50,293	50,463	265,011	30,607
1899.....	60,000	34,278	20,482	36,515	26,851	52,780	52,932	221,928	25,182
1900.....	40,000	35,904	20,105	51,032	29,930	39,965	59,252	179,896	30,728
1901.....	42,316	41,874	23,606	58,248	20,196	39,524	44,616	243,698	30,032
1902.....	42,688	49,849	27,370	92,152	26,091	47,280	46,285	256,241	24,139
1903.....	77,789	36,846	26,545	135,239	25,462	53,127	60,634	265,560	27,892
1904.....	80,297	41,230	25,508	150,560	32,526	54,889	58,105	304,685	31,551
1905.....	93,371	55,223	24,236	142,577	36,697	58,114	79,790	313,183	47,243
1906.....	93,418	61,465	25,033	151,059	37,794	57,945	61,317	314,279	45,677

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (special) into Belgium, &c.—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years.	Grain Products.	Hemp, Raw.	Hides, Raw.	Iron Ore and Pig Iron (including Scrap Iron).	Machines and Machinery	Manures.	Meats.	Minerals, Raw (except Coal and Iron).	Resins and Bitumens (including Petroleum).
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..		7,038	52,174	31,766	17,181	18,522	27,035	54,406	67,280
1895..		8,143	59,037	30,427	19,518	20,612	32,833	45,543	85,457
1896..	8,644	8,339	49,743	41,192	21,659	18,203	18,036	54,183	81,102
1897..	7,637	10,134	64,867	44,414	24,834	16,698	20,250	67,796	83,680
1898..	8,235	11,834	64,713	43,764	28,004	16,549	19,100	70,636	94,611
1899..	13,187	14,891	70,010	58,712	34,797	16,374	16,639	90,611	96,380
1900..	13,457	16,966	64,696	58,261	54,861	23,485	14,792	80,449	82,773
1901..	12,715	15,214	54,755	33,146	43,068	22,141	16,176	90,161	89,705
1902..	10,217	13,204	70,498	45,630	45,511	23,284	15,825	77,352	109,566
1903..	13,095	17,693	81,726	50,722	49,323	27,815	16,433	93,731	115,118
1904..	14,393	17,246	80,595	53,603	50,979	17,877	18,137	99,205	113,607
1905..	14,955	15,649	92,473	64,916	60,970	21,438	19,119	109,248	116,604
1906..	18,494	17,628	119,324	86,782	74,115	27,030	23,369	130,386	120,659
Calendar Years.	Seeds, Oleaginous.	Silk, Manufactures.	Tallow and other Fats.	Tow.	Wine.	Wood for Building.	WOOL.		Totals, Principal and other Articles.
							Raw.	Manufactures.	
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..	55,423	12,593	19,048	7,529	26,173	68,594	54,877	24,690	1,574,549
1895..	59,462	11,574	19,134	7,889	32,791	66,411	72,715	25,449	1,680,407
1896..	55,532	10,955	19,932	8,883	39,522	78,677	83,870	23,457	1,776,732
1897..	49,803	10,950	17,972	9,076	24,565	89,880	75,207	21,746	1,873,012
1898..	65,203	11,299	19,901	9,683	25,723	91,802	92,501	21,074	2,044,727
1899..	62,531	12,636	21,494	10,128	27,772	105,439	187,151	22,191	2,260,243
1900..	46,900	11,371	27,179	12,548	30,251	114,068	83,912	21,076	2,215,753
1901..	65,125	11,548	32,643	12,873	26,082	111,925	101,517	20,471	2,220,992
1902..	73,515	10,593	33,641	11,221	26,005	118,148	124,099	20,095	2,380,683
1903..	95,199	9,798	29,520	15,075	28,544	119,546	148,187	19,312	2,656,370
1904..	87,895	9,834	26,788	12,459	25,787	130,122	153,203	19,624	2,782,220
1905..	88,555	11,026	29,886	11,734	30,067	125,942	191,579	19,951	3,068,337
1906..	93,479	11,889	33,607	11,149	30,702	133,861	200,666	19,424	3,454,017

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (special) from Belgium during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Animals. — Horses.	Arms.	Butter, fresh and salted.	Coal.	Coke.	Cotton Manu- factures.	Dia- monds, cut.	Flax, Raw.	Glass and Glass- ware.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..	23,579	12,430	7,261	78,857	15,563	19,476	.....	30,745	50,324
1895..	27,288	14,397	7,845	79,142	15,939	27,556	.....	49,665	50,954
1896..	31,287	15,807	6,622	79,662	16,183	26,914	.....	47,500	78,344
1897..	35,005	15,300	6,629	81,941	19,554	22,370	58,000	47,450	76,082
1898..	34,946	16,661	7,528	88,061	19,325	23,253	67,053	51,773	80,600
1899..	32,932	17,749	7,942	95,300	25,218	25,437	67,020	48,472	87,829
1900..	29,361	17,988	7,256	128,581	32,736	30,844	43,005	51,666	76,840
1901..	23,229	17,060	7,396	107,885	19,823	29,688	44,071	53,938	80,546
1902..	26,038	15,293	6,911	110,741	18,958	32,530	44,277	80,128	92,521
1903..	28,011	16,289	5,563	100,747	17,875	37,488	83,541	102,307	89,453
1904..	29,756	20,557	5,709	88,965	17,906	44,425	85,142	83,899	75,565
1905..	33,748	22,395	4,827	79,061	20,519	49,419	99,652	85,506	91,381
1906..	35,466	23,123	4,889	95,599	20,555	55,589	99,967	101,814	106,588

Calendar Years.	Grain (except Rice).	Hides, Raw	IRON AND STEEL.				Linen and other Veget- able Fibres, Yarn.	Linen, Hemp and Jute and Manu- factures of.	Machin- ery: Loco- motives, Railway Carri- ages, &c.
			Iron, Ham- mered, Drawn or Rolled.	Steel in Pigs, Bars, Wire, &c.	Iron, Wrought.	Steel, Wrought.			
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..	73,699	40,287	35,219	13,075	15,542	43,549	49,398	14,968	35,901
1895..	62,821	45,180	33,487	20,366	18,883	27,540	2,551	6,713	36,466
1896..	65,505	41,903	45,362	23,106	22,424	39,219	57,711	11,266	30,978
1897..	84,358	51,588	50,457	24,323	22,899	38,824	62,219	12,177	37,746
1898..	109,005	49,716	55,487	24,376	25,842	33,325	59,647	13,887	47,618
1899..	88,208	52,665	58,776	24,048	30,366	30,759	79,581	16,408	59,826
1900..	65,413	47,856	45,684	24,384	36,429	25,854	79,406	16,077	78,601
1901..	82,472	51,069	47,209	22,207	26,660	31,536	78,744	14,135	47,713
1902..	80,290	55,254	49,769	33,398	29,882	48,735	87,189	15,948	32,128
1903..	81,225	57,843	53,409	44,376	28,525	40,162	88,532	15,865	64,051
1904..	98,716	59,435	58,973	3 5,327	28,662	51,255	93,697	15,993	65,928
1905..	111,498	68,775	72,547	41,883	30,042	47,824	69,433	17,428	72,854
1906..	107,799	85,929	123,866		83,884		81,879	17,232	135,709

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (special) from Belgium, &c.—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years.	Machinery other, N. E. S.	Manures.	Meats.	Oils, Vegetable.	Paints and Colours.	Paper (including Paper Hangings).	Resins and Bitu- mens (in- cluding Petro- leum).	Salt of Soda.	Seeds, Olea- ginous.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..	32,545	27,856	44,649	10,541	17,997	14,641	19,092	17,354	26,223
1895..	25,314	27,850	52,877	9,993	22,430	15,321	24,447	19,825	22,295
1896..	33,848	23,807	28,650	12,048	24,256	19,851	26,712	11,493	22,119
1897..	37,215	30,856	25,684	13,614	23,032	15,690	26,078	11,014	21,179
1898..	41,087	37,998	24,333	12,984	28,504	14,324	30,313	8,907	37,571
1899..	47,671	39,625	23,226	14,612	30,882	15,877	32,988	8,592	30,148
1900..	57,711	36,740	21,724	17,869	29,172	21,491	28,712	11,361	25,669
1901..	41,243	42,598	17,188	21,296	29,192	17,031	25,648	12,654	39,821
1902..	30,798	50,927	14,383	20,857	32,236	18,338	29,701	9,795	39,704
1903..	36,061	70,664	13,985	20,112	35,435	17,555	29,433	10,294	50,114
1904..	46,792	32,615	15,009	17,851	36,095	20,561	30,181	11,154	40,969
1905..	49,559	32,605	16,776	18,934	53,451	25,578	35,463	17,106	42,207
1906..	65,415	40,059	15,422	23,376	52,787	29,606	36,923	18,473	55,586

Calendar Years.	Stone, Rough and Hewn.	SUGAR.		Tallow and other Fats.	WOOL.			Zinc, un- wrought.	Totals, Principal and other Articles.
		Raw.	Refined.		Raw.	Yarn.	Manu- factures.		
In thousands of Francs.									
1894..	23,760	27,799	11,991	19,970	11,981	38,539	17,164	30,062	1,303,686
1895..	24,088	29,761	18,329	17,538	15,030	43,731	23,059	31,794	1,385,439
1896..	28,102	38,125	21,564	18,181	20,308	46,001	16,942	40,148	1,467,944
1897..	30,186	39,419	19,963	18,159	18,325	37,584	16,209	42,597	1,626,372
1898..	36,715	27,541	17,679	21,774	47,899	38,226	15,511	54,037	1,787,007
1899..	38,833	45,086	17,719	22,209	102,885	50,063	15,614	52,647	1,949,292
1900..	45,239	59,520	19,521	25,731	43,836	32,536	13,938	49,617	1,922,884
1901..	36,316	36,681	17,946	30,755	63,245	29,236	13,786	44,156	1,828,232
1902..	31,046	15,995	12,394	31,795	88,996	38,788	15,085	53,153	1,925,490
1903..	30,231	17,206	10,913	29,466	102,566	43,511	15,326	61,194	2,110,338
1904..	34,989	32,508	17,015	26,094	95,439	42,973	14,610	64,192	2,183,261
1905..	33,218	26,395	16,217	27,709	95,310	50,380	14,541	78,389	2,333,676
1906..	36,474	26,246	25,350	31,064	100,945	50,571	13,659	89,357	2,793,840

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Principal Articles Imported (special) into Belgium from Canada during the Calendar Years 1900 to 1906.

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	CALENDAR YEARS.						
	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
In thousands of Francs.							
Aluminum, crude.....					782	2,604	4,975
Animals, living—							
Horses.....		5					
Arms.....	1						
Chemical products.....	2	53	112	82	211	44	192
Grain.....	7,209	12,289	6,187	4,225	3,300	5,061	3,217
Grease, including lard.....	349	639	44	36	27	538	28
Meats.....	45	68		5	4	2	4
Minerals, raw.....	304	609	355	111	1,413	1,052	437
Oil, vegetable.....	1,163	147				52	157
Resins and bitumens.....					279	751	109
Skins.....		2					41
Tin.....							
Vegetables, including pease and beans.....	1,756	202	1,046	42	250	927	282
Vegetable substances—							
Oil cake, oil cake meal, &c.....	23	1,105	619	1,575	1,037	1,148	1,769
Seeds.....	160	790	343	316		111	6,741
Wood pulp.....	78	124	3,031	642			
Wood—							
Oak and walnut.....	20						
Other.....	184	121	255	94	31	27	44
Other articles.....	403	389	176	191	127	724	262
Total imports.....	11,697	16,543	12,168	7,319	7,487	13,041	18,258

No. 6.—STATEMENT showing Principal Articles Exported (special) from Belgium to Canada during the Calendar Years 1900 to 1906.

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	CALENDAR YEARS.						
	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	In thousands of Francs.						
Apparel and drapery.....	86	11	40	5	22	26	37
Arms.....	74	106	142	194	297	195	131
Chemical products.....	118	155	237	103	524	217	347
Coal.....	83	34	70	181	33	34	30
Cotton manufactures.....	14	20	11	17	53	29	32
Drugs.....	50	31	44	100	234	132	976
Earthenware, chinaware, &c.....	4	2	2	6	1	4	7
Fish.....			10		1	105	34
Flax, hemp and jute manufactures.....	50	55	100	39	35	11	16
Furniture.....	6			2	4	3	7
Glassware.....	1,673	2,371	3,696	2,681	2,741	4,160	6,015
Grease, including lard.....	37	13	40	6	51	35	45
Hardware.....	5	15	3	4	12	17	8
Machinery and tools—			29		22	19	
Railway carriages, including tramway.....			270	234	192	173	479
Other, N.E.S.....	80	105					
Metals—							
Iron and steel.....	69	86	876	6,368	2,103	2,031	1,884
Zinc, unwrought.....	243	335	197	678	572	597	593
Minerals, raw—							
Cement.....	661	495	677	773	367	292	282
Other, N.E.S.....	47	25	143	54	65	159	57
Paints and colours.....	402	526	257	418	509	398	244
Paper.....	155	94	203	191	296	339	458
Rags.....	101	75		38	111	85	69
Skins.....	353	328	864	345	296	537	518
Stone, except roofing slate.....	9	18	25	11	4	12	11
Sugar.....	10,739	5,616	268	2,993	525	3,019	141
Tobacco.....	1	1		1	1	1	
Wood, manufactured.....	350	367	357	307	273	257	590
Woollen manufactures.....	2	23	1	2	16	24	17
Yarns.....	12		17	1	5	6	5
Other articles.....	358	407	564	542	501	844	1,785
Total exports.....	15,782	11,314	9,143	16,294	9,866	13,761	14,818

RECAPITULATION.

Imports.....	11,697	16,543	12,168	7,319	7,487	13,041	18,258
Exports.....	15,782	11,314	9,143	16,294	9,866	13,761	14,818
Total trade.....	27,479	27,857	21,311	23,613	17,353	26,802	33,076

TRADE OF FRANCE (Eleven Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into the Exports from France during the *eleven months* ending November, 1906 and 1907.

	ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907, com- pared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	166,453,000	182,071,000	+ 15,618,000
Raw materials.....	662,831,400	700,017,400	+ 37,186,000
Manufactures.....	179,586,600	211,441,200	+ 31,854,600
Total imports.....	1,008,871,000	1,093,529,600	+ 84,658,600
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	129,304,600	136,177,000	+ 6,872,400
Raw materials.....	266,077,000	279,731,800	+ 13,654,800
Manufactures.....	488,400,600	524,529,000	+ 36,128,400
Small parcels.....	67,682,200	71,559,600	+ 3,877,400
Total exports.....	951,464,400	1,011,997,400	+ 60,533,000
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	1,008,871,000	1,093,529,600	+ 84,658,600
Exports.....	951,464,400	1,011,997,400	+ 60,533,000
Total trade.....	1,960,335,400	2,105,527,000	+ 145,191,600

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *eleven months* ending November, 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	Country.	ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1907, com- pared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	117,659	220,753	+ 103,094
	Other countries.....	154,935	123,860	— 31,075
	Totals.....	272,594	344,613	+ 72,019
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	72,557	99,825	+ 27,268
	Other countries.....	350,538	118,656	— 231,882
	Totals.....	423,095	218,481	— 204,614
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	55,250	137,930	+ 82,680
	Other countries.....	31,699	16,984	— 14,715
	Totals.....	86,949	154,914	+ 67,965
Rye.....	All countries.....	5,429	10,155	+ 4,726
Corn.....	"	327,083	409,889	+ 82,806

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr.—2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from November report of A. Poindron, trade commissioner at Paris.

TRADE OF FRANCE.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of France, also the Shipping (except Coastal) during the Calendar Years, 1892 to 1906.

NOTE.—Franc—19.3 cents.

Calendar Years.	Imports entered for Consump- tion.	Exports, Domestic Produce.	Total Imports.	Total Exports.	Aggregate Trade.	SHIPPING (EXCEPT COASTAL).	
						French.	Foreign.
	In thousands of Francs.					Tons.	Tons.
1892.....	4,188,000	3,460,700	5,135,900	4,551,300	9,687,200	9,121,879	18,998,645
1893.....	3,853,700	3,236,400	4,951,500	4,326,400	9,277,900	8,382,311	19,640,015
1894.....	3,850,400	3,078,100	4,794,900	4,124,600	8,919,500	8,259,856	20,278,971
1895.....	3,719,900	3,373,800	4,919,600	4,589,300	9,508,900	8,531,234	19,378,145
1896.....	3,798,600	3,400,900	4,928,800	4,593,600	9,522,400	9,133,960	20,892,972
1897.....	3,956,000	3,598,000	5,137,500	4,803,100	9,940,600	9,551,538	21,937,215
1898.....	4,472,500	3,510,900	5,582,600	4,673,500	10,256,100	9,536,826	24,027,026
1899.....	4,518,300	4,152,600	5,848,000	5,533,500	11,381,500	10,137,277	25,555,535
1900.....	4,697,800	4,108,700	5,988,600	5,521,600	11,510,200	9,994,550	28,291,895
1901.....	4,369,200	4,012,900	5,606,200	5,219,700	10,825,900	10,362,008	27,809,398
1902.....	4,394,000	4,252,200	5,698,600	5,597,000	11,295,600	10,276,474	28,367,541
1903.....	4,801,200	4,252,300	6,079,500	5,577,500	11,657,000	10,221,028	29,769,088
1904.....	4,502,300	4,451,000	5,721,500	5,744,500	11,466,000	10,516,305	29,829,193
1905.....	4,778,900	4,866,900	6,061,500	6,302,300	12,363,800	11,157,082	26,763,018
1906.....	5,627,200	5,265,500	7,090,400	6,828,200	13,918,600	.....	.....

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of France during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906.

IMPORTS (ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION) BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Australasia.	*Canada.	Algeria.	Belgium.	Germany.	Switzerland.	United States.	Other Countries.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892.....	530,115	58,368	1,052	195,274	388,438	337,439	91,958	533,470	2,051,886
1893.....	491,892	51,291	2,127	142,367	394,821	323,074	74,861	317,149	2,056,118
1894.....	480,197	55,458	2,203	207,658	371,860	310,263	66,650	326,989	2,029,122
1895.....	496,001	68,712	3,803	245,660	288,127	310,202	67,269	283,182	1,956,944
1896.....	510,607	76,921	3,883	196,842	282,012	307,852	75,409	313,747	2,031,327
1897.....	485,396	79,518	5,639	237,940	288,220	309,202	78,577	437,540	2,033,968
1898.....	504,942	84,809	9,832	224,451	314,578	334,022	80,804	623,370	2,295,692
1899.....	590,867	95,330	5,676	271,468	332,430	359,999	92,995	427,157	2,342,378
1900.....	674,658	91,838	7,609	165,891	421,930	426,981	107,229	509,531	2,292,133
1901.....	601,852	64,104	7,025	197,796	357,679	401,879	102,825	457,139	2,178,901
1902.....	566,800	69,600	4,455	253,700	330,100	418,200	103,400	424,800	2,222,945
1903.....	555,900	72,800	5,636	262,800	325,000	444,200	106,900	539,700	2,488,264
1904.....	523,500	83,200	4,684	233,800	306,400	428,800	102,300	482,800	2,336,816
1905.....	592,500	108,300	6,391	216,300	312,900	477,200	108,600	512,300	2,444,409
1906.....	750,500	150,600	7,310	243,700	377,000	583,400	109,500	587,900	2,817,290

EXPORTS (DOMESTIC PRODUCE) BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

1892.....	1,027,264	2,374	2,410	189,639	502,157	355,357	227,885	240,088	913,526
1893.....	961,294	1,809	3,349	184,754	504,937	336,337	172,806	204,937	866,177
1894.....	912,879	2,599	2,032	199,319	477,989	324,570	129,871	185,761	843,080
1895.....	999,563	3,421	2,616	203,163	496,812	333,811	163,228	288,696	882,490
1896.....	1,030,643	5,396	2,740	217,802	501,362	339,683	179,937	224,715	898,622
1897.....	1,132,289	6,729	2,267	216,175	512,851	380,066	190,609	242,162	914,852
1898.....	1,021,572	6,594	1,298	225,535	548,969	393,593	202,171	209,690	901,478
1899.....	1,238,252	7,679	1,754	260,422	605,477	457,113	215,913	255,401	1,110,589
1900.....	1,227,602	8,237	4,733	259,355	598,257	465,174	211,487	255,204	1,078,651
1901.....	1,198,237	6,331	7,563	258,977	562,241	443,455	216,566	253,055	1,066,475
1902.....	1,280,100	6,100	4,681	269,200	633,500	487,400	229,600	248,200	1,093,419
1903.....	1,192,000	5,300	3,158	286,700	630,600	512,800	240,600	254,500	1,126,642
1904.....	1,213,900	8,300	5,315	314,900	677,700	555,300	253,100	250,700	1,171,785
1905.....	1,256,200	7,300	6,856	326,800	763,700	628,800	302,200	294,900	1,280,144
1906.....	1,294,200	7,800	9,110	355,400	803,600	640,300	308,800	402,100	1,444,190

* Included Newfoundland prior to 1897.

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (entered for Consumption) into France, during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.

Calendar years.	ANIMALS LIVING.		Butter and Cheese.	Coal and Coke.	Coffee, Raw.	Copper.	Cotton, Raw.	Cotton Yarn.	Cotton Manu- factures.
	Cattle.	Horses.							
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	55,000	18,343	30,219	184,605	144,797	33,984	207,022	22,520	39,100
1893..	41,500	18,350	31,809	164,393	145,673	33,576	184,235	18,209	32,700
1894..	132,000	24,960	33,323	171,677	146,577	34,319	168,741	16,710	32,900
1895..	112,000	38,543	36,965	166,816	177,173	44,296	167,196	15,398	34,500
1896..	57,900	34,612	41,160	173,669	175,178	63,463	166,867	14,356	37,900
1897..	41,100	39,601	41,849	189,473	105,365	71,877	205,664	12,270	36,300
1898..	40,800	27,869	46,649	207,191	107,196	74,991	166,188	8,934	37,600
1899..	32,100	28,683	46,925	258,232	895,560	101,180	177,607	7,837	43,800
1900..	26,400	12,268	51,359	406,833	91,839	108,004	248,872	14,894	48,400
1901..	36,700	13,541	53,408	342,792	91,007	77,213	238,692	17,664	46,200
1902..	49,500	12,184	52,882	281,736	88,415	72,937	253,089	12,276	50,300
1903..	58,100	12,928	46,383	250,476	112,752	75,852	336,719	12,067	51,516
1904..	36,313	11,360	46,315	224,522	77,816	93,544	328,578	9,850	49,983
1905..	32,351	11,354	49,673	217,831	94,625	108,137	311,359	9,326	55,526
1906..	31,470	9,568	56,419	361,223	101,757	164,685	358,855	14,826	63,080

Calendar years.	Fish, Fresh Salted or Preserved.	Flax, Hemp and Jute, Raw.	Flax, Hemp and Jute and Mfrs. of	Fruits, Fresh and Preserved.	Fruits and Seeds, Olea- ginous.	Grease, all kinds, including Margarine.	Grain and Grain Products.	Guano and other Manures.	Hides and Skins Raw.
In thousand of Francs.									
1892..	32,900	92,400	6,900	48,331	153,470	33,800	487,800	10,410	146,611
1893..	33,300	110,800	6,500	35,740	187,910	27,100	308,600	11,148	145,825
1894..	35,600	87,000	7,800	38,305	198,578	26,500	364,400	12,911	115,906
1895..	38,200	105,300	8,600	25,888	156,665	23,700	162,900	13,873	134,456
1896..	35,900	105,200	9,200	25,189	147,573	26,200	123,400	18,194	110,839
1897..	32,900	88,500	9,800	29,596	135,719	26,100	247,400	18,078	116,499
1898..	36,500	98,300	10,000	35,478	137,844	24,700	632,000	19,486	129,711
1899..	36,600	102,500	10,300	36,596	166,099	24,900	143,900	18,870	139,575
1900..	44,600	131,100	11,200	33,143	188,595	23,700	127,300	14,404	161,004
1901..	43,700	115,600	10,100	28,577	213,167	22,000	185,300	33,833	150,832
1902..	46,700	138,400	11,400	39,625	220,226	13,200	148,000	11,437	161,627
1903..	46,400	169,300	10,000	53,852	222,245	20,000	173,391	14,258	169,905
1904..	41,800	116,000	9,200	44,477	209,724	13,000	110,278	12,062	134,081
1905..	42,200	147,800	8,600	36,075	192,593	16,700	151,218	11,272	179,672
1906..	46,200	174,200	9,000	38,653	231,209	18,100	220,875	11,062	199,588

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (entered for Consumption) into France, &c.—*Concluded.*

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS—*Concluded.*

Calendar years.	Hides, Tanned or Curried.	Lead.	Leather- ware.	Machin- ery and Machines.	Meats, Fresh, Salted or Preserved.	Nitrate of Soda.	Oils, Petroleum and Vegetable.	Rice.	Silk, Raw, Thrown and Waste Silk.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	24,000	25,800	8,900	55,144	37,100	45,100	73,042	14,700	257,700
1893..	27,900	24,600	8,900	46,726	20,900	30,200	66,340	22,400	261,200
1894..	22,000	26,200	8,600	57,009	42,700	38,000	77,809	30,900	182,600
1895..	28,000	23,100	8,500	58,594	44,900	43,100	80,501	23,500	226,400
1896..	24,200	28,800	8,800	62,179	31,900	45,100	82,355	17,500	179,900
1897..	26,000	33,300	8,100	67,633	26,000	40,500	92,579	20,900	266,400
1898..	27,500	29,200	8,300	77,657	32,300	40,100	97,304	36,100	233,900
1899..	27,300	33,300	8,700	103,633	46,100	47,000	100,683	30,100	370,600
1900..	31,600	38,700	9,700	142,891	38,600	60,000	103,399	28,700	248,000
1901..	31,700	23,800	9,300	120,609	26,100	52,600	109,014	26,800	272,700
1902..	36,600	21,000	10,900	106,902	23,500	46,900	118,975	43,400	311,600
1903..	41,000	19,300	13,100	106,924	24,029	54,043	125,205	20,900	320,900
1904..	37,500	20,300	13,300	112,199	21,129	45,128	122,584	42,000	298,200
1905..	53,700	22,900	16,500	130,100	22,356	55,805	133,600	39,700	267,200
1906..	59,200	25,900	22,100	148,400	22,916	68,373	130,515	39,700	345,200

Calendar years.	Silk and Waste Silk. Mfrs. of	Sugar Raw. (French Colonial).	Tobacco and Mfrs. of.	Timber. Common.	Wine.	Wool. Raw.	Woollen. Yarn.	Woollen mfrs.	Totals. Principal and other Articles.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	62,200	37,376	32,609	103,664	305,627	319,000	12,100	55,961	4,188,000
1893..	51,000	44,573	28,000	124,277	183,032	324,600	12,500	62,661	3,853,700
1894..	41,900	33,242	29,200	147,474	144,808	317,200	9,800	43,610	3,850,400
1895..	50,200	25,765	36,800	130,105	211,856	307,500	13,600	41,956	3,719,900
1896..	50,300	34,547	26,100	149,579	293,815	364,900	15,400	45,070	3,798,600
1897..	52,000	32,078	32,200	154,584	280,309	343,700	10,800	39,997	3,956,000
1898..	50,900	29,892	21,100	147,282	309,884	387,100	10,000	38,315	4,472,552
1899..	65,400	30,325	36,100	156,986	267,446	467,400	9,900	50,609	4,518,300
1900..	62,000	27,998	37,500	177,014	155,276	426,400	7,800	41,977	4,697,800
1901..	71,300	23,844	37,400	178,056	84,779	362,300	6,900	37,492	4,369,200
1902..	73,700	19,779	30,300	169,064	110,700	338,100	8,900	43,074	4,394,000
1903..	75,363	31,098	33,100	162,819	181,500	379,159	9,400	41,350	4,801,200
1904..	80,444	22,732	30,700	168,107	160,200	382,599	8,000	35,816	4,502,300
1905..	48,309	25,003	33,100	166,936	108,800	446,146	8,900	38,803	4,778,900
1906..	44,749	24,998	30,000	172,374	102,456	533,090	11,300	41,823	5,627,200

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Domestic Produce) from France during the Calendar Years 1892 to 1906.

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS.

Calendar Years.	ANIMALS, LIVING.		Apparel	Brandy and other Spirits.	Butter.	Cheese.	Chemical Products.	Copper.	Cotton, Raw.
	Cattle.	Horses and Mules, &c.							
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	33,100	20,266	43,814	66,160	80,676	7,667	58,146	29,300	23,963
1893..	38,100	21,760	46,836	56,401	72,056	8,497	53,411	25,200	29,691
1894..	11,200	20,140	18,138	54,433	57,340	8,531	56,688	28,800	26,723
1895..	9,800	19,127	14,755	48,150	54,167	7,117	61,874	34,000	33,134
1896..	8,300	18,746	13,345	48,748	73,535	8,564	62,475	46,700	25,199
1897..	13,200	21,173	95,360	51,930	76,967	9,024	75,418	69,100	26,021
1898..	12,900	18,319	91,752	47,951	71,358	9,534	75,331	65,800	22,038
1899..	8,400	25,514	142,139	40,019	64,844	11,362	83,748	61,400	24,530
1900..	9,900	19,750	136,092	52,775	61,205	12,565	88,346	63,500	44,172
1901..	10,600	23,068	127,430	40,344	58,469	13,157	86,866	56,900	31,014
1902..	12,300	24,103	138,823	46,024	71,463	16,309	90,130	44,800	30,123
1903..	15,100	27,488	102,000	41,600	72,272	16,779	95,731	29,400	47,826
1904..	20,800	26,600	121,476	36,035	62,122	15,501	101,542	33,800	50,891
1905..	16,200	29,200	145,178	45,838	62,946	17,563	114,675	38,600	46,455
1906..	24,500	39,400	140,929	41,241	53,972	20,011	120,317	52,100	54,132

Calendar Years	Cotton Mfrs.	Earthen-ware and Glass-ware.	Eggs.	Fruit.	Grain and Flour.	Haberdashery, Small Fancy Wares, Toys, &c.	Hides and Skins, Raw.	Hides Tanned or Curried.	Jewellery.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	95,482	49,361	21,706	31,027	60,456	157,400	73,700	114,160	30,382
1893..	100,457	47,666	29,570	36,268	14,287	154,100	61,500	97,347	23,922
1894..	113,051	48,009	14,921	33,297	15,313	154,200	65,700	81,082	20,503
1895..	118,264	49,138	18,467	29,169	13,784	153,800	93,600	104,934	22,713
1896..	131,445	56,371	22,328	28,976	13,578	160,700	62,000	83,423	21,585
1897..	119,328	56,568	17,317	34,605	11,888	160,300	77,100	102,817	19,471
1898..	128,739	56,588	13,677	29,953	26,538	140,400	87,400	109,248	21,974
1899..	179,715	65,276	13,985	29,584	17,122	183,700	122,100	130,362	21,263
1900..	174,991	69,978	15,005	36,206	19,084	185,000	109,700	114,294	28,987
1901..	176,349	73,510	14,434	39,386	13,833	183,400	139,400	109,839	35,057
1902..	176,000	69,060	12,862	31,246	15,100	192,300	139,800	115,701	27,739
1903..	180,964	72,554	13,227	29,413	9,300	202,000	118,979	117,092	29,723
1904..	209,961	74,752	16,785	40,326	12,600	198,200	102,719	118,479	40,882
1905..	254,503	81,260	14,668	53,928	14,300	213,600	140,314	133,207	31,545
1906..	306,728	85,536	14,721	50,719	15,100	228,700	153,137	122,648	36,545

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Domestic Produce) from France, &c.—*Concluded.*PRINCIPAL EXPORTS—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years	Leather-ware.	Ma- chinery and Machines.	Meats, Fresh, Salted or Preserved.	Metal Wares and Tools.	Millinery.	Oils, Vegetable except Volatile.	Paper and Mfrs. of.	Silk, Raw.	Silk and Waste Silk, Mfrs. of.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	111,741	35,946	18,700	81,600	44,002	47,300	56,727	132,104	249,219
1893..	95,976	30,175	21,400	69,500	42,470	43,800	55,159	126,014	231,909
1894..	80,388	35,002	16,800	56,300	48,650	36,800	47,578	89,081	223,517
1895..	82,893	36,962	14,800	67,900	66,344	32,800	51,277	136,221	270,830
1896..	82,134	46,150	18,700	85,100	68,933	28,300	54,243	93,222	246,974
1897..	69,354	43,772	18,700	79,500	71,472	27,900	53,432	117,679	270,860
1898..	73,885	55,035	20,600	79,100	62,792	22,500	49,853	118,884	250,591
1899..	75,919	61,515	21,000	91,800	94,621	26,400	56,409	135,351	278,835
1900..	70,810	64,364	23,800	87,200	115,649	24,100	54,216	135,691	258,088
1901..	67,660	55,954	25,400	94,200	129,979	30,200	57,394	117,538	266,947
1902..	62,358	52,538	26,400	97,000	136,241	31,400	58,140	141,899	310,600
1903..	61,200	56,902	24,800	89,200	123,112	30,500	63,591	147,181	293,400
1904..	63,173	59,616	24,800	105,700	117,748	27,200	65,203	135,388	286,900
1905..	64,906	71,252	28,800	111,100	111,828	34,000	74,492	148,207	275,007
1906..	89,833	82,500	30,000	114,800	124,854	38,600	77,578	172,336	307,755

Calendar Years	Sugar, Raw.	Sugar, Refined.	Vege- tables, Dry (in- cluding Potatoes).	Wine.	Wood, Common.	Wool, Raw (including Combed and Waste).	Woollen Yarn.	Woollen Mfrs.	Totals, Principal and other Articles.
In thousands of Francs.									
1892..	36,294	54,706	15,700	213,572	44,033	119,492	20,658	328,523	3,460,700
1893..	62,038	54,755	12,000	188,616	39,982	120,250	21,074	278,927	3,236,400
1894..	49,121	48,378	13,600	232,734	48,700	123,572	18,549	242,251	3,078,100
1895..	25,562	40,631	10,200	222,377	44,447	153,228	31,100	323,068	3,373,800
1896..	34,924	39,769	10,300	242,268	48,905	145,290	29,597	294,147	3,400,900
1897..	88,604	45,433	14,100	232,507	50,161	172,166	24,083	265,498	3,598,000
1898..	50,234	37,970	13,900	218,334	35,308	185,741	29,485	222,839	3,510,900
1899..	65,722	46,228	15,000	210,218	46,310	271,704	37,078	263,994	4,152,600
1900..	109,005	57,659	19,300	227,870	49,608	201,665	34,582	227,219	4,108,700
1901..	100,225	52,523	21,800	228,007	47,852	164,449	24,222	213,601	4,012,900
1902..	35,041	38,770	24,300	232,458	46,645	245,127	34,276	220,300	4,252,200
1903..	15,233	39,420	26,500	224,201	54,194	224,711	35,275	218,349	4,252,300
1904..	36,773	50,929	32,200	210,137	53,924	260,454	30,882	211,700	4,451,000
1905..	44,697	56,946	30,500	247,608	53,007	250,151	41,472	193,434	4,866,900
1906..	29,258	50,037	33,800	196,892	58,568	273,020	53,340	223,960	5,265,500

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of France with Canada during the Years 1901 to 1906.

	CALENDAR YEARS.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
In thousands of Francs.						
Imports for consumption.....	7,025	4,455	5,636	4,684	6,391	7,310
Exports, domestic produce.....	7,563	4,681	3,158	5,315	6,856	9,110
Total trade.....	14,588	9,136	8,794	9,999	13,247	16,420
Total imports.....	9,409	4,950	5,925	4,653	8,053	9,061
Total exports.....	7,773	4,932	3,766	5,929	8,059	10,615
Total trade.....	17,182	9,882	9,691	10,582	16,112	19,676

No. 6.—STATEMENT showing the Values of Principal Articles Imported into France from Canada during the Years 1903 to 1906.

Articles.	CALENDAR YEAR, 1903.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1904.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1905.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1906.	
	Imports entered for Con- sumption.	Total Imports.	Imports entered for Con- sumption.	Total Imports.	Imports entered for Con- sumption.	Total Imports.	Imports entered for Con- sumption.	Total Imports.
In Thousands of Francs.								
Cattle.....						630		817
Fish—								
Lobsters, canned.....	2,448	2,531	2,706	2,829	3,153	3,330	3,428	3,478
All other fish.....					292	313		
Fruits.....	377	377	70	70	665	665	561	560
Grains.....	444	598	42	97	79	103	317	807
Seeds, flax.....	38	38						
Ships, sea-going (wooden)	66	66						
Timber.....	2,103	2,186	1,631	1,256	956	1,760	709	940
Vegetables.....			65	146	191	179		
Whalebone.....							1,083	1,083
Wood pulp.....			37	17	894	894	487	487
All other articles.....	160	129	133	238	161	179	725	889
Total imports.....	5,636	5,925	4,684	4,653	6,391	8,053	7,310	9,061

No. 7.—STATEMENT showing the Values of Principal Articles Exported from France to Canada during the Years 1903 to 1906.

Articles.	CALENDAR YEAR, 1903.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1904.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1905.		CALENDAR YEAR, 1906.	
	Exports, Domestic Produce.	Total Exports.	Exports, Domestic Produce.	Total Exports.	Exports, Domestic Produce.	Total Exports.	Exports, Domestic Produce.	Total Exports.
In Thousands of Francs.								
Apparel.....							149	151
Automobiles.....					149	149	281	281
Chemical products.....								
Cotton manufactures—								
Embroideries and rib-								
bons.....					167	192	189	206
Earthenware and glass-								
ware.....	106	106	104	106	197	203	384	386
Fancy wares, toys, &c..	3	88	101	102	283	358	514	517
Feathers.....							354	354
Fish, preserved.....			70	98	132	149		
Fruits, dried.....							191	192
Hides and skins, raw....	846	877	1,920	1,947	1,948	1,954	1,161	1,550
Hides and skins, tanned								
or curried.....					327	332	995	1,038
Jewellery.....							130	130
Medicines.....			77	77	155	155	159	159
Metal mfrs.....			121	123	274	275	435	446
Paints and colours.....			63	63	122	122	128	128
Paper, books, engravings,								
&c.....	100	100	180	180	295	305	573	580
Perfumes and soaps.....							141	141
Seeds.....			122	122	230	230		
Silk manufactures—								
Embroideries.....			56	379	36	802	265	986
Spirits and wines—								
Brandy and other spir-								
its.....	431	433	386	387	444	451	312	316
Wines.....	680	708	629	645	613	619	789	793
Sugar, raw.....								
Vegetables, fresh, salted,								
dried or preserved....	121	132	86	86	201	201	304	304
Wool, raw.....	192	192	750	750	261	261		
Wool, manufactures of ..					173	191	484	496
All other articles.....	679	1,130	650	864	849	1,110	1,172	1,461
Total exports.....	3,158	3,766	5,315	5,929	6,856	8,059	9,110	10,615

TRADE OF MEXICO.

(From Mexican Returns.)

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Mexico during the Years ended June 30, 1895 to 1907.

NOTE.—Peso (imports) = 4s. or about \$1 Canadian currency, prior to 1906. Peso (exports) = 2s. or about 50 cents Canadian currency, prior to 1906. Peso (imports and exports) = 49.8 cents, subsequent to 1905.

Years ended June 30.	TRADE.			
	Imports.	Exports.		
		Merchandise.	Precious Metals.	Totals.
	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.
1895.....	34,000,440	38,319,099	52,535,854	90,854,953
1896.....	42,253,938	40,178,306	64,838,596	105,016,902
1896.....	42,204,095	45,164,417	66,182,077	111,346,494
1897.....	43,603,492	53,930,417	75,042,332	128,972,749
1896.....	50,869,194	63,296,537	75,181,600	138,478,137
1899.....	61,318,000	79,031,336	71,025,024	150,056,360
1900.....	65,083,453	67,282,682	81,376,320	148,659,002
1901.....	66,228,988			159,903,324
1902.....	75,904,808	105,965,468	87,024,026	192,989,494
1903.....	78,360,771	106,889,382	89,837,129	196,726,511
1904.....	86,122,294	114,634,924	79,219,793	193,854,717
1905.....	220,004,755	114,042,948	157,095,861	271,138,809
1906.....	233,363,389	124,282,506	123,735,504	248,018,010
1907.....				

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Mexico during the Years ended June 30, 1898 to 1907.

IMPORTS.

Years ended June 30.	Great Britain.	Canada.	United States.	France.	Germany.	Spain.	Other Countries.
	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.
1898.....	8,105,696		21,490,604	5,435,698	4,781,821	2,039,132	1,750,541
1899.....	9,211,221	11,575	24,164,887	5,917,167	5,677,925	2,969,936	2,916,483
1900.....	10,483,000	24,000	31,026,000	6,757,000	6,674,000	2,919,000	3,435,000
1901.....	9,924,635	11,444	35,165,253	6,564,108	7,084,742	2,876,743	3,456,528
1902.....	8,264,127	15,514	39,016,676	6,285,859	6,452,203	2,720,073	3,474,536
1903.....	10,331,116	19,238	40,795,956	6,537,289	9,569,039	3,029,650	5,622,520
1904.....	10,026,146	30,157	42,640,297	7,473,474	9,549,665	3,271,495	5,369,537
1905.....	10,460,793	25,456	48,377,530	8,555,326	9,836,217	3,740,929	5,126,043
1906.....	20,181,743	278,400	145,541,633	16,171,337	20,668,731	7,592,987	9,569,924
1907.....	23,592,923	448,481	146,376,586	17,633,786	24,429,253	7,972,977	12,909,383

EXPORTS.

1898.....	14,775,638		94,974,616	5,320,016	6,995,733	1,231,542	5,675,404
1899.....	14,095,178		103,553,486	6,252,293	4,020,307	1,172,948	9,383,925
1900.....	12,458,000	8,317	116,102,000	6,638,000	5,049,000	912,000	8,889,043
1901.....	12,033,077	720	117,226,328	2,824,303	5,018,464	1,187,714	10,368,396
1902.....	10,572,484	21,085	130,323,347	2,215,307	4,813,313	663,245	11,294,543
1903.....	26,764,508	11,350	139,567,083	3,653,948	9,491,363	1,163,798	12,337,444
1904.....	24,991,466	12,376	141,537,181	6,297,698	10,900,415	2,401,064	10,586,311
1905.....	16,719,892	33,501	139,989,417	5,905,746	15,719,885	1,934,316	13,551,960
1906.....	41,672,873	208,335	186,010,052	8,010,280	20,523,156	2,201,295	12,512,818
1907.....	31,874,024	456,679	175,809,124	8,054,973	20,109,664	2,988,411	8,725,135

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Classes, the Trade of Mexico during the Years ended June 30, 1900 to 1907.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

1399

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.									
		1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.
IMPORTS INTO MEXICO.									
Animal substances.....		4,359,923	4,860,720	4,878,582	4,734,438	5,698,412	6,848,730	16,319,191	19,234,181
Vegetable ".....		8,357,184	10,185,243	11,108,412	13,532,549	13,788,233	14,751,803	32,574,264	31,730,755
Mineral ".....		16,555,522	19,031,291	21,223,548	24,016,423	22,493,629	25,540,422	90,743,252	82,871,772
Dry goods.....		9,928,361	9,212,507	8,409,332	9,766,155	9,945,563	11,205,383	22,654,313	26,498,604
Chemical and pharmaceutical substances.....		2,450,028	2,585,320	2,668,497	2,791,623	3,158,359	3,424,670	7,726,365	9,506,953
Spirituous, fermented and natural beverages.....		2,809,986	2,788,920	2,852,588	3,133,238	3,393,022	3,427,778	7,264,827	7,296,234
Paper and its application.....		2,126,630	2,215,620	1,922,831	1,925,361	2,347,966	2,704,421	5,437,926	6,027,056
Machinery and apparatus.....		9,843,880	9,531,654	8,398,186	10,337,085	10,623,057	10,811,499	20,410,723	27,735,744
Vehicles.....		1,392,847	1,446,738	1,401,127	1,713,670	2,225,913	2,035,575	4,595,157	3,000,309
Arms and explosives.....		1,715,575	1,512,767	1,401,605	1,796,312	2,179,712	2,722,875	4,122,866	3,907,928
Miscellaneous.....		1,768,239	1,712,673	1,964,280	2,157,954	2,506,905	2,649,138	8,155,877	9,553,763
Total imports.....		61,318,175	65,083,453	66,228,988	75,904,808	78,360,771	86,122,294	220,004,755	233,363,389
EXPORTS FROM MEXICO.									
Minerals.....		84,988,572	97,911,618	92,075,180	113,992,202	119,256,163	115,638,243	192,709,186	160,246,004
Vegetable substances.....		50,939,474	36,149,110	51,946,478	57,849,917	60,548,680	59,076,271	62,928,136	71,810,374
Animals.....		10,633,713	11,538,086	11,935,654	15,262,831	10,871,318	10,505,119	11,723,425	11,151,928
Manufactured products.....		2,813,687	2,395,108	3,471,089	5,133,666	5,528,073	7,896,959	2,978,441	3,766,494
Various.....		680,914	665,080	474,623	750,878	522,277	738,125	799,621	1,043,210
Total exports.....		150,056,360	148,659,002	159,903,324	192,989,494	196,726,511	193,854,717	271,138,809	248,018,010

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Values of Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Mexico during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1906.

ARTICLES.	YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.
Boots and shoes of all kinds.....	705,000	647,070	958,849	1,293,112	3,315,794
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—					
Railway carriages and wagons.....	781,000	930,254	1,356,352	1,143,232	1,690,121
Other sorts (including cycles).....	570,000	783,414	869,561	892,342	2,905,036
Chemical and pharmaceutical products..	2,668,000	2,791,623	3,158,359	3,424,670	7,726,364
Coal and coke.....	4,213,000	4,724,468	4,095,493	3,640,088	8,232,961
Copper, brass, bronze, &c., mfrs. of.....	1,014,000	1,381,469	1,388,708	1,853,969	6,830,277
Cotton—					
Raw, ginned, waste and carded.....	1,301,000	3,181,464	3,117,618	4,164,365	3,360,124
Yarn.....	985,000	881,123	1,076,810	1,089,491	2,116,414
Mfrs., piece goods.....	2,655,000	3,231,393	3,136,325	3,449,814	7,336,909
Other sorts (includes ready-made clothing).....	1,081,000	1,398,517	1,504,731	1,623,071	3,175,198
Dynamite and similar explosives.....	713,000	922,502	702,804	628,532	1,913,681
Fruits and vegetables.....	591,000	592,424	674,479	806,408	1,577,765
Furniture.....	629,000	529,912	626,063	678,096	1,744,194
Grain—					
Maize.....	520,000	78,716	294,242	274,893	1,780,402
Wheat and other cereals.....	896,000	1,358,132	776,575	233,627	165,473
Iron and steel—					
Bars, rods, ingots, &c., hoop iron and T-iron.....	548,000	591,579	601,516	546,645	828,198
Sheets, plain, corrugated, perforated..	669,000	766,003	800,883	753,980	2,025,239
Piping.....	1,062,000	1,051,211	1,076,983	1,314,870	2,535,968
Wire.....	497,000	483,949	681,068	622,018	1,469,985
Railway materials—					
Rails, points, sleepers, bolts, &c.....	2,373,000	4,856,379	2,226,308	1,805,046	5,324,261
Lard.....	768,000	389,931	352,042	457,272	1,643,873
Machinery, &c.—					
Agricultural, mining, &c., and parts thereof.....	4,468,000	5,262,485	6,233,755	8,652,780	19,051,580
Steam engines and parts thereof.....	2,191,000	3,231,829	2,381,949		
Oil—					
Cotton seed, crude or refined.....	1,061,000	1,085,063	1,122,468	642,663	1,948,562
Mineral, crude or refined.....	733,000	586,978	860,975	1,449,360	2,513,345
Paper and mfrs. of.....	1,857,607	1,835,607	2,190,928	2,553,066	5,025,993
Silks mfrs.—					
Piece goods (includes mfrs. of half-silk). Other sorts (includes ready-made clothing).....	750,000	822,088	831,616	914,141	1,851,637
Spirits (except liqueurs).....	578,000	769,480	794,739	1,063,285	2,063,435
Wine.....	867,000	905,666	1,033,137	1,071,888	2,346,685
Wood.....	1,616,000	1,863,990	1,769,126	1,931,355	4,069,158
Common for building.....	1,875,000	2,176,659	2,113,856	2,067,052	4,850,499
Wooden wares (except furniture).....	821,000	840,776	1,039,144	1,293,205	2,180,719
Woollen mfrs.—					
Piece goods.....	1,297,000	1,368,900	1,220,734	1,466,665	2,892,431
Other sorts (includes ready-made clothing).....	475,000	522,948	578,056	832,136	1,723,442
All other sorts.....	22,401,000	23,060,806	26,714,519	31,489,157	101,789,032
Total imports.....	66,229,000	75,904,808	78,360,771	86,122,294	220,004,755

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing Values of Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Mexico during the Years ended June 30, 1902 to 1906.

ARTICLES.	YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.				
	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.
Animals, living—					
Horses, mules and asses.....	237,000	600,280	585,000	791,000	691,933
Cattle.....	4,763,000	6,368,548	3,035,982	2,343,237	2,523,988
Beans, kidney (Frijol).....	555,000	553,303	536,504	624,981	716,134
Broom root (Raiz de Zacaton).....	1,517,000	1,587,350	2,007,513	2,009,251	1,872,757
Caoutchouc.....	324,000	325,013	520,766	719,104	2,390,425
Chicle (Gum).....	1,231,000	1,473,837	1,580,222	1,623,466	1,696,523
Coffee.....	10,229,000	9,021,501	8,076,239	9,256,782	9,288,623
Cotton seed, meal and cake.....	296,000	311,745	382,572	562,802	565,700
Dye woods.....	1,386,000	1,269,000	951,000	787,565	629,216
Fruit, fresh.....	272,000	283,446	271,011	222,774	286,333
Henequén—Raw.....	29,210,000	32,620,579	31,525,156	29,389,128	29,437,318
Manufactures of.....	1,485,000	1,355,653	1,065,522	41,785	15
Ixtle, raw.....	1,745,000	3,126,625	3,209,810	3,495,669	3,667,845
Hides and skins, raw—					
Cattle hides.....	2,603,000	3,179,762	2,515,759	2,701,056	3,059,539
Goat skins.....	3,284,000	3,807,140	3,582,886	3,635,080	4,335,539
Other sorts.....	399,000	479,579	455,443	403,475	487,051
Metallic products—					
Copper—Ore.....	2,858,000	1,261,249	3,772,744	5,838,477	5,466,144
Unwrought.....	13,992,000	18,861,089	19,461,472	23,964,943	23,189,754
Gold—Ore and dust.....	256,000	276,742	316,977	724,853	3,567,323
Bullion.....	8,885,000	9,076,641	10,298,868	12,846,260	28,123,379
Lead.....	5,731,000	5,668,240	4,825,620	5,504,645	4,967,796
Silver—Ore and dust.....	4,501,000	8,068,685	12,586,003	9,012,763	8,573,700
Bullion.....	43,520,000	48,301,747	47,766,093	54,533,017	67,031,906
Peas (chick peas).....	930,000	1,430,543	2,951,908	2,253,508	2,960,822
Tobacco—Raw.....	976,000	1,383,301	1,899,624	2,725,362	2,216,282
Manufactured.....	626,000	654,229	340,861	465,445	373,331
Vanilla.....	859,000	1,427,984	2,670,482	2,285,673	4,157,395
Wood, fine cabinet.....	1,448,000	1,631,143	2,359,322	1,951,263	1,691,798
All other articles.....	15,785,000	28,584,540	26,575,152	13,141,353	57,170,240
Total exports.....	159,903,000	192,989,494	196,726,511	193,854,717	271,138,809

TRADE OF SWITZERLAND.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Imports into and Exports (Special) from Switzerland during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

NOTE.—Franc=19.3 cents.

Calendar Years.	IMPORTS (SPECIAL).			EXPORTS (SPECIAL).				Aggregate Trade.
	Mer- chandise.	Gold and Silver Coin.	Totals.	Mer- chandise.	Ship's Use.	Gold and Silver Coin.	Totals.	
In Thousands of Francs.								
1894.....	825,883	54,962	880,845	618,803	2,396	51,805	673,004	1,553,849
1895.....	915,853	64,267	980,120	660,032	3,328	41,068	704,428	1,684,548
1896.....	993,859	67,973	1,061,832	684,189	3,907	50,555	738,651	1,800,483
1897.....	1,031,220	83,222	1,114,442	689,827	3,346	54,263	747,436	1,861,878
1898.....	1,065,305	88,935	1,154,240	720,581	3,245	57,597	781,423	1,935,663
1899.....	1,159,941	124,047	1,283,988	791,848	4,166	69,653	865,667	2,149,655
1900.....	1,111,110	95,700	1,206,810	831,697	4,383	48,819	884,899	2,091,709
1901.....	1,050,004	68,566	1,118,570	831,957	4,610	26,548	863,115	1,981,685
1902.....	1,128,511	78,734	1,207,245	870,048	4,257	42,611	916,916	2,124,161
1903.....	1,196,165	55,927	1,252,092	883,098	5,424	28,211	916,733	2,168,825
1904.....	1,240,071	83,239	1,323,310	885,722	5,758	43,086	934,566	2,257,876
1905.....	1,379,851	78,471	1,458,322	962,602	6,719	38,502	1,007,823	2,466,145
1906.....	1,469,059	85,135	1,554,194	1,068,058	6,810	28,491	1,103,359	2,657,553

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Switzerland during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

IMPORTS (SPECIAL BY COUNTRIES (Mdse.))

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Austria- Hungary.	France.	Germany.	Italy.	Russia.	United States.	Other Countries.
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	43,140	187	80,256	110,252	242,855	143,823	55,735	35,084	114,551
1895.....	47,372	219	67,816	138,459	273,891	157,555	61,784	38,825	129,932
1896.....	51,707	318	71,413	177,612	304,971	137,298	65,151	39,258	146,131
1897.....	54,044	1,192	66,848	192,416	306,371	149,841	66,915	51,688	141,905
1898.....	50,959	1,365	66,219	203,932	314,612	155,812	61,099	73,068	138,239
1899.....	56,431	2,816	76,522	213,933	342,684	191,344	57,122	61,837	157,252
1900.....	62,306	5,738	69,142	207,354	350,357	162,009	48,063	57,070	149,071
1901.....	47,024	1,773	63,911	205,541	316,992	157,845	57,956	61,310	137,652
1902.....	54,050	3,277	70,514	217,056	324,433	177,786	62,976	61,605	156,814
1903.....	57,110	6,853	77,686	221,501	355,803	180,937	69,164	57,344	169,767
1904.....	57,525	1,546	82,131	238,925	376,459	169,375	81,070	53,826	179,214
1905.....	68,803	1,799	91,524	274,299	440,799	176,901	77,075	56,924	191,727
1906.....	83,712	2,991	91,730	281,321	477,498	200,684	72,470	58,483	200,170

EXPORTS (SPECIAL) BY COUNTRIES (Mdse.)

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Austria- Hungary.	France.	Germany.	Italy.	Russia.	United States.	Other Countries.
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	117,580	1,199	39,343	73,044	157,110	37,933	22,416	71,840	98,338
1895.....	130,016	2,236	39,225	74,524	164,411	39,210	21,866	90,975	97,569
1896.....	147,008	2,013	40,413	80,932	172,182	39,161	24,394	70,513	107,571
1897.....	146,071	2,034	41,274	83,648	175,567	38,975	24,451	70,988	106,819
1898.....	143,204	2,255	42,003	83,219	194,013	38,739	30,619	73,733	106,796
1899.....	165,943	4,045	45,496	96,288	198,581	41,981	31,661	91,689	116,164
1900.....	175,505	4,205	45,519	109,933	201,573	44,180	26,961	95,745	128,047
1901.....	188,693	4,547	45,315	109,237	192,446	46,182	25,303	87,931	132,303
1902.....	186,317	6,163	46,013	111,905	202,816	50,899	26,802	108,987	129,546
1903.....	177,604	7,896	48,154	113,514	202,113	51,714	29,584	116,869	135,650
1904.....	171,570	8,749	52,363	107,474	211,426	54,310	22,459	106,338	151,033
1905.....	175,194	10,852	54,370	119,600	232,029	56,981	27,743	125,049	160,784
1906.....	177,608	11,968	63,792	109,640	276,984	70,324	31,742	136,667	189,333

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (Special) into Switzerland during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS (SPECIAL).

Calendar Years.	Animals.	Chemical Products.	Coal Briquettes.	Coal and Coke.	COTTON.			Eggs.	Flax, Hemp, Jute, &c., Manufactures.
					Raw.	Yarn.	Manufac- tures.		
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	71,676	17,464	5,323	32,840	25,973	5,524	19,696	7,250	10,374
1895.....	66,263	18,407	5,026	36,123	31,195	6,838	23,393	8,287	11,621
1896.....	51,943	19,344	6,756	39,783	29,291	6,515	24,901	8,427	11,965
1897.....	51,954	20,461	7,126	36,628	25,678	5,676	26,155	9,311	11,723
1898.....	51,386	22,300	8,234	40,294	24,749	5,748	24,845	10,170	11,778
1899.....	47,220	25,964	9,479	46,202	26,872	7,193	27,232	11,152	12,305
1900.....	43,388	25,833	12,237	57,341	34,009	9,209	33,115	10,983	12,613
1901.....	44,892	24,508	10,325	52,958	28,895	6,870	25,427	10,503	12,082
1902.....	51,401	25,925	5,299	46,619	33,049	7,958	30,947	11,915	13,253
1903.....	64,033	26,602	9,436	48,503	41,937	8,064	34,508	12,573	14,538
1904.....	63,319	27,760	9,575	51,996	40,654	9,680	34,867	12,897	15,829
1905.....	59,881	31,453	11,848	53,752	34,868	11,861	44,899	13,646	19,072
1906.....	57,799	32,354	12,971	61,608	41,310	11,885	49,765	14,882	17,978

Calendar Years.	Flour.	Fruits and Vege- tables. Fresh and Preserved.	GRAIN.				IRON AND STEEL.		
			Barley.	Maize.	Oats.	Wheat.	Pig.	Wrought.	Manufac- tures.
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	5,967	9,080	2,625	4,169	9,064	55,141	5,560	21,329	16,769
1895.....	6,807	10,174	2,338	3,462	10,694	61,319	4,649	21,332	17,618
1896.....	8,959	13,867	2,032	7,444	12,853	77,413	6,614	29,633	23,497
1897.....	8,947	18,857	1,655	7,010	14,228	77,057	6,542	29,102	23,629
1898.....	7,840	16,432	1,855	7,636	14,269	81,595	7,173	28,104	24,006
1899.....	8,038	19,385	1,601	7,821	14,686	77,051	9,817	37,327	30,183
1900.....	5,437	14,703	1,608	6,493	14,283	69,702	11,735	37,411	26,171
1901.....	8,139	16,719	1,480	7,639	16,068	72,658	6,355	25,785	20,854
1902.....	6,754	17,555	1,776	9,105	17,569	77,346	5,695	30,924	20,539
1903.....	6,271	19,904	1,868	9,738	15,495	81,808	7,433	29,895	21,106
1904.....	6,549	19,670	2,491	10,668	17,683	91,858	8,355	34,078	22,547
1905.....	6,424	23,141	3,044	10,284	19,881	83,239	9,209	36,713	33,733
1906.....	7,705	24,844	3,438	10,767	22,277	87,685	12,259	83,062	

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported (Special) into Switzerland, &c.—*Concluded.*

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS (SPECIAL)—*Concluded.*

Calendar Years.	Leather and Manu- factures of.	Machinery and Loco- motives.	Malt.	Oils, Mineral.	Paper.	SILK.			Sugar, Raw.
						Waste.	Thrown and Spun.	Manu- factures.	
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	18,818	14,667	7,385	6,263	.....	3,167	98,166	6,900	11,608
1895.....	22,155	16,430	9,230	7,693	.....	3,233	125,521	7,185	10,158
1896.....	22,232	18,825	10,716	8,070	6,822	3,209	104,801	10,298	13,065
1897.....	26,586	22,001	12,445	8,069	7,297	3,094	120,097	11,282	11,915
1898.....	26,358	24,569	13,862	9,216	8,192	3,158	120,042	11,976	13,077
1899.....	25,882	25,877	12,974	11,816	8,889	4,906	156,547	13,200	13,803
1900.....	23,758	23,459	12,192	11,762	8,861	3,954	127,048	12,913	14,277
1901.....	25,064	16,231	11,136	11,059	8,672	4,393	125,067	14,465	12,633
1902.....	28,793	14,889	11,250	10,396	9,120	7,351	145,807	15,361	12,795
1903.....	30,420	16,568	11,249	11,137	10,675	7,515	133,569	15,363	14,847
1904.....	28,907	20,413	11,753	10,349	11,948	8,616	132,255	14,146	15,958
1905.....	38,643	28,579	13,812	9,609	13,758	6,513	130,615	16,614	21,556
1906.....	33,876	36,009	13,952	8,894	10,704	7,331	171,332	13,403	15,793

Calendar Years.	Sugar, Refined.	Tobacco and Manu- factures of.	Wearing Apparel.	Wine in the Cask.	Wood for Building.	WOOL.			Totals. Principal and Other Articles.
						Raw.	Yarn.	Manu- factures.	
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....	7,281	.....	16,417	21,990	9,101	9,334	3,937	30,794	880,845
1895.....	6,593	.....	18,905	30,582	12,094	11,345	5,623	35,209	980,120
1896.....	7,841	9,282	23,915	31,625	15,775	11,627	5,897	36,722	1,061,832
1897.....	7,124	10,444	25,345	34,857	17,792	12,510	4,726	34,138	1,114,442
1898.....	7,736	9,371	25,437	34,887	16,736	13,979	4,751	34,076	1,154,240
1899.....	8,259	9,852	29,161	33,567	15,280	18,568	6,335	38,727	1,283,988
1900.....	8,860	9,771	29,021	28,604	13,535	15,430	5,515	34,909	1,206,810
1901.....	8,693	9,953	28,062	21,394	11,625	12,362	5,336	31,815	1,118,570
1902.....	8,001	10,078	29,228	30,176	12,614	15,689	7,492	32,580	1,207,245
1903.....	8,201	10,185	32,345	34,552	14,501	18,068	8,328	32,406	1,252,092
1904.....	9,242	10,559	33,752	32,301	16,843	21,763	8,617	32,062	1,323,310
1905.....	11,697	11,576	44,496	51,543	21,372	22,677	9,890	39,858	1,458,322
1906.....	10,569	11,146	45,122	16,880	22,277	28,226	9,505	36,865	1,554,194

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Special)
from Switzerland during the Calendar Years 1894 to 1906.

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS (SPECIAL).

Calendar Years.	Animals.	Books, Printed.	Cheese.	Chemical Products.	Chocolate.	Copper.	COTTON MANUFACTURES.		
							Piece Goods.	Ribbons, Em- broidery and Lace.	Yarn.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894....	15,620	2,868	37,715	4,330	.....	.....	38,354	62,975	19,304
1895....	15,395	2,690	37,696	3,970	.....	.....	36,632	73,762	18,165
1896....	14,065	2,808	38,728	4,288	3,720	1,206	37,837	77,894	18,038
1897....	15,618	3,166	38,364	4,383	4,653	1,315	32,994	74,178	16,557
1898....	12,661	3,133	39,415	4,911	5,917	1,657	31,617	77,290	16,587
1899....	10,249	3,432	40,211	6,618	7,908	2,409	33,971	100,252	18,698
1900....	11,972	3,500	43,479	7,331	10,019	2,235	34,710	111,254	20,026
1901....	13,703	3,367	44,035	6,950	14,362	2,294	33,879	98,643	17,022
1902....	16,940	3,440	43,298	7,787	18,118	2,009	34,436	111,747	15,572
1903....	13,326	3,441	41,751	8,873	22,912	2,436	34,653	121,100	16,156
1904....	12,248	3,558	40,915	8,756	26,836	2,701	38,929	111,406	14,736
1905....	14,812	3,963	45,946	10,342	30,395	3,563	43,576	126,225	13,796
1906 ...	22,622	3,427	50,119	11,037	34,193	4,599	41,579	149,682	16,987

Calendar Years.	Drugs.	Dyes, Coal Tar.	Flax, Hemp, Jute, &c., and Mfrs. of.	Flour of all sorts.	Hides and Skins, raw.	Iron Manu- factures.	Jewellery.	Leather and Manu- factures. of.	Machin- ery and Locomo- tives.
In thousands of Francs.									
1894....	.....	13,147	1,702	3,318	6,829	3,932	2,704	6,429	25,444
1895....	.....	14,598	2,292	3,232	8,458	4,354	2,837	7,100	24,741
1896....	3,756	13,911	2,851	3,066	8,699	4,454	2,758	7,815	29,042
1897....	4,091	16,511	1,748	3,084	9,201	4,997	2,756	7,606	33,031
1898....	4,110	16,889	1,307	3,885	9,914	5,722	2,716	8,222	37,000
1899....	5,006	16,437	1,492	3,421	10,623	6,645	6,190	8,835	43,604
1900....	5,713	15,343	1,612	3,206	10,841	6,513	7,863	10,134	47,832
1901....	6,253	14,754	1,790	3,335	11,587	6,566	7,355	10,011	45,437
1902....	7,398	15,967	1,851	3,539	11,471	7,198	7,278	8,326	44,193
1903....	7,961	17,288	2,110	3,423	12,172	8,036	7,600	8,307	47,759
1904....	7,930	17,888	2,423	3,031	12,985	8,217	7,586	8,425	48,730
1905....	9,109	20,014	2,690	3,195	13,795	8,830	8,700	9,122	55,560
1906....	8,862	21,812	2,694	3,506	16,945	10,863	9,841	10,647	62,801

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Special)
from Switzerland, &c.—*Concluded.*

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS (SPECIAL)—*Concluded.*

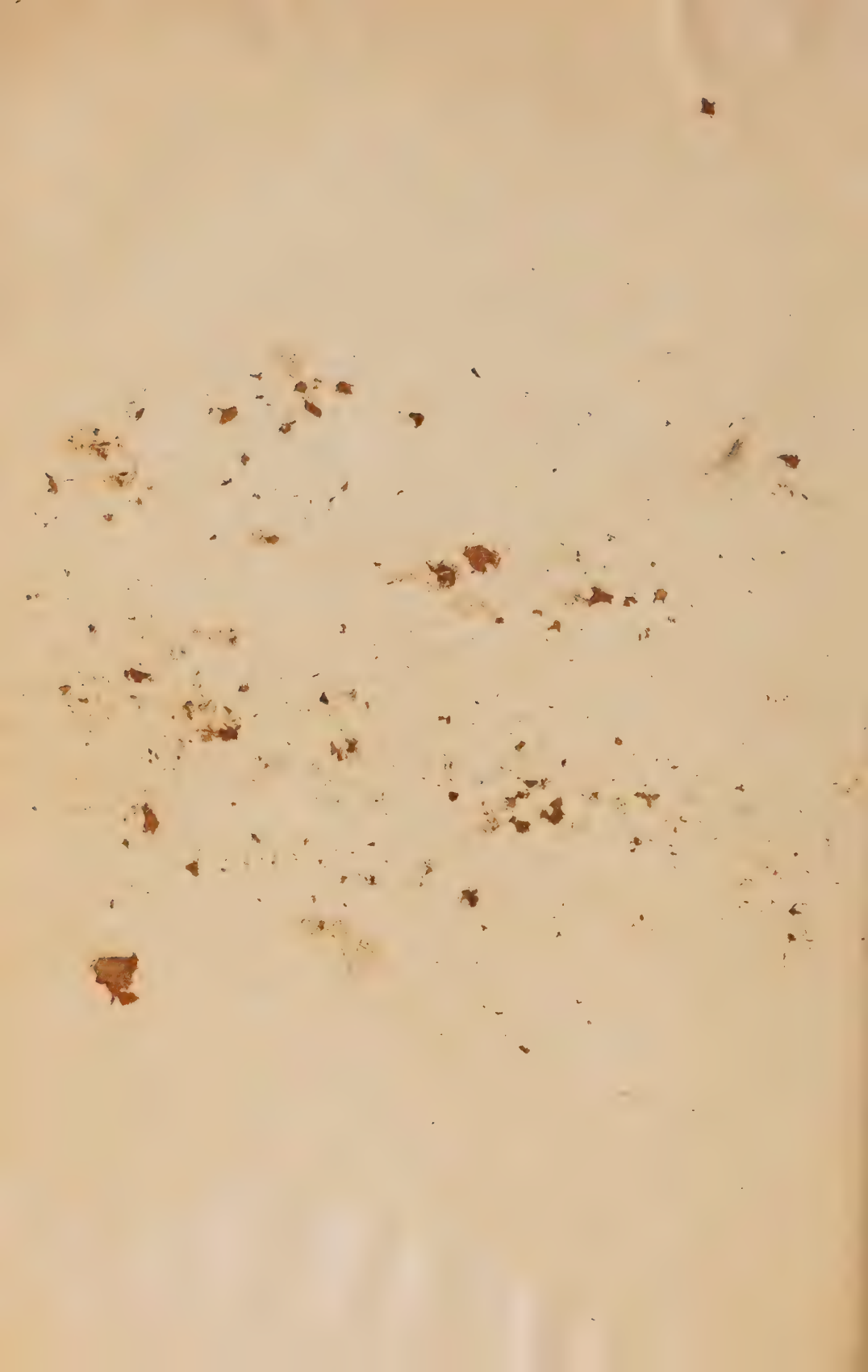
Calen- dar Years.	Meat, Fresh and Salted.	Milk, Conden- sed.	Musical Boxes and Parts of.	Paper and Manufac- tures of.	SILK.			Spirits and Wines.	Straw Plait.
					Waste.	Thrown and Spun.	Manufac- tures.		
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894...	4,187	18,945	2,644	1,261	1,847	62,624	116,398	.....	4,745
1895...	3,393	18,501	2,715	1,109	1,243	73,819	131,920	.....	5,881
1896...	3,359	18,366	3,083	1,188	1,314	68,334	129,821	2,360	7,695
1897...	2,833	19,775	2,757	1,183	960	70,387	132,497	2,283	8,674
1898...	2,759	19,250	2,707	1,328	952	72,812	138,946	2,405	8,303
1899...	3,197	20,806	2,715	1,415	1,347	82,350	152,331	2,497	8,241
1900...	3,438	26,733	2,630	2,110	1,196	74,264	148,556	2,730	8,371
1901...	2,625	28,942	2,730	1,834	831	75,734	155,355	2,132	6,440
1902...	2,639	34,132	2,183	2,153	1,106	82,501	162,256	2,083	6,976
1903...	2,316	31,456	2,071	2,675	1,631	81,994	158,181	2,064	8,037
1904...	1,990	29,217	1,600	2,921	1,662	79,879	154,034	2,428	9,452
1905...	2,085	28,590	1,453	2,723	1,686	85,427	163,377	2,856	9,272
1906...	1,978	27,833	1,369	2,533	2,070	105,369	154,978	3,121	10,278

Calen- dar Years.	Tobacco and Manufac- tures of.	Watches and Clocks and Parts of.	Wear- ing Apparel.	Wood for Building.	Wood- enware.	WOOL.			Totals, Principal and Other Articles.
						Raw.	Yarn.	Manufac- tures.	
In Thousands of Francs.									
1894.....		83,270	6,596	1,532	1,721	2,021	8,706	3,949	673,004
1895.....		87,253	7,888	1,492	1,711	1,916	9,687	3,323	704,428
1896...	2,943	97,280	9,331	1,733	1,826	2,165	9,960	6,119	738,651
1897...	3,028	101,008	8,899	1,933	1,739	2,281	8,905	5,524	747,436
1898...	2,773	106,501	8,722	1,820	1,874	3,072	9,055	5,070	781,423
1899...	2,754	110,816	9,691	2,096	2,067	3,217	9,503	5,871	865,667
1900...	3,235	120,193	11,270	2,369	2,146	3,204	8,190	7,374	884,899
1901...	3,304	128,340	11,091	3,056	2,197	2,838	8,852	6,054	863,115
1902...	2,998	128,586	11,752	2,930	2,219	2,763	9,796	5,621	916,916
1903...	3,364	116,445	11,991	2,302	2,447	3,423	9,699	7,812	916,733
1904...	3,509	121,016	12,463	2,496	2,553	3,539	9,921	8,341	934,566
1905...	3,743	122,013	13,518	2,067	2,579	4,125	9,437	9,736	1,007,823
1906...	3,483	150,401	13,688	2,706	2,847	6,624	10,432	8,880	1,103,359

TRADE WITH CANADA.

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Trade of Switzerland with Canada during the Calendar Years 1901 to 1906.

	CALENDAR YEARS.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
IMPORTS FROM CANADA.	In Thousands of Francs.					
Animals, living, cattle.....					1,174	1,226
Fish, fresh.....	27					
" dried, salted, &c.....	24	45	44	41	68	
Grain—						
Oats.....	296	169	303	31		25
Pease.....	366	64				
Wheat.....	903	2,846	6,261	1,152	198	1,189
Grain products—Groats, Semolina.....	127	101	147	237	152	34
Leather.....					100	5
All other articles imported.....	30	52	98	85	107	512
Totals.....	1,773	3,277	6,853	1,546	1,799	2,991
EXPORTS TO CANADA.						
Cheese, hard.....	98	95	111	189	197	335
Chocolate.....	15	33	123	326	331	447
Clocks and watches—						
Movements for watches, finished.....	436	732	820	701	774	768
Watches, gold.....	15	30	73	73	83	63
" nickel.....	25	56	54	108	132	99
" silver.....	94	97	107	119	83	64
" other and parts of.....	70	64	72	103	87	71
Dyes, aniline.....	129	109	127	194	168	233
Machinery.....		13	215	545	15	7
Textile materials—						
Embroideries—						
Crochet embroidery.....	442	393	572	558	709	649
Feather stitched.....	1,698	2,109	2,405	2,004	2,168	3,775
Fabrics, silk.....	469	612	1,156	1,610	2,955	2,310
" half silk.....	316	396	378	522	603	
Ribbons, silk.....	195	435	565	773	1,545	
" half silk.....	60	204	319	262	284	2,222
Other textile materials.....	301	577	540	469	455	629
All other articles exported.....	184	208	259	193	263	296
Totals.....	4,547	6,163	7,896	8,749	10,852	11,968



MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

DECEMBER 1907

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OTTAWA
GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU
1908

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,533	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680	379,966,826
—Net.....	77,066,518	155,385,780	237,804,030	268,480,604	260,807,719	266,224,167	267,042,978	263,571,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,163,304	7,391,145	9,584,137	10,807,956	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c) 27,773	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,088,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,108,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,324,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....	.....	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	19,408,09	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Total assets.....	.....	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Liabilities—								
Capital paid up.....	.....	25,845,639	34,658,449	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,202	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	.....	13,460,268	18,482,939	20,763,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,584,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	.....	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170	.....	.....
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	.....	.....
Gold.....	.....	.....	1,149,598	6,096,581	5,306,635	7,497,660	.....	.....
Iron ore.....	.....	1,313,153	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	.....	.....
— pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	.....	142,005	382,582	174,000	175,500	.....	.....
Lead.....	.....	.....	.....	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116	.....	.....
Nickel.....	.....	.....	3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632	.....	.....
Silver.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,623	4,219,133	7,550,326	.....	.....
Non-Metallic Minerals—								
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	409,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,675	.....	.....
Cement.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	.....	.....
Coal.....	.....	35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	.....	.....
Coke.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,680	1,388,239	1,924,014	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,039,243	16,592,231	17,520,263	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028	.....	.....

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised, (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

STATISTICAL Record of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

—		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31.....	No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—									
Post offices.....	No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued.....	" \$	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent	"	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	23,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098
Post cards sent.....	"	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Letters sent.....	"	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,190,000	285,540,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue.....	" \$	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,000	191,650,000	6,306,430	6,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,063
Expenditure.....	" \$	1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,236,245	6,696,377	5,132,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—									
Canals—Vessels through Season of naviga- (Tonnage.		4,658,227	4,208,008	3,573,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	
Freight carried) tion		3,935,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	
Railways, electric—					672				
Miles in operation.....					120,934,656	181,689,998	203,407,317	237,655,074	815
Passengers carried.....					287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	273,999,404
Freight carried.....					5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	479,731
Earnings—Gross.....					3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	12,630,430
Working expenses.....									7,737,251
Railways, steam—									
Miles in operation.....	No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,333	22,452
Passengers carried.....	"		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,782	32,137,319
Freight carried.....	Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,906,713	63,866,135
Earnings—Gross.....	\$	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,322,865	146,738,214
Working expenses.....	\$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,977,574	87,129,484	103,748,672
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—									
Customs Duties collected.....	\$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,431,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,024,340	46,671,101	40,290,172
Excise Revenue collected.....	\$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,938,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,806,413
Imports, Total—	\$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,856,659
Dutiable Goods.....	\$	23,064,654	18,630,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,351,007	110,417,080	97,412,340
Free Goods.....	\$								
Totals (indus).....	\$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,218,999
Coin and Bullion.....	\$	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603	7,517,008
Total imports.....	\$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

Exports—Home Produce—

Mine.....	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,357,683	33,626,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	26,191,955
Fisheries.....	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,750,029	11,114,318	16,025,840	10,362,142
Forest.....	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,824,170	33,476,098
Animal produce.....	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,967,741	55,446,311	63,812,117	63,387,438	66,435,960	53,422,499
Agricultural products.....	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,696,898	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,130	54,002,337	33,856,616
Manufactures.....	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	19,087,988
Miscellaneous.....	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906	148,008
Home produce (mdse).....	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	180,545,206
Foreign produce (mdse).....	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	11,541,927
Total exports (mdse).....	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	192,087,233
Coin and Bullion.....	\$ 6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,928,828	13,189,964
Total exports (a).....	\$ 71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,586,630	203,277,197
Total trade (a).....	\$ 167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,733,038	470,151,289	550,872,645	465,063,294
Shipping—Sea-going.....	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	13,904,874
Coasting.....	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,796	43,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062	31,691,420
Inland water.....	..	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,709	16,689,365	17,888,743	16,691,017
Total shipping.....	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,036,234	62,287,311

(a) Estimated amount short reported not included.

(b) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

(c) Unrevised.

Value for 1871.....	\$ 2,448,668
" 1881.....	3,023,322
" 1891.....	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1866

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,703,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,237,259	115,110,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	1,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,397,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546
TWELVE MONTHS							
	646,150,779	224,469,938	141,325,622	365,795,560	7,029,805	372,825,365	59,624,119

(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending December, 1907.

EXPORTS. (a)							Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.			
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.						
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1862	
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1860	
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870	
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871	
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872	
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873	
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874	
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,213	15,361,382	1875	
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876	
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877	
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	163,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878	
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879	
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880	
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881	
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882	
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883	
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884	
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885	
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	5,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886	
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887	
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888	
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889	
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890	
85,757,744	8,793,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891	
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892	
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907
ENDING DECEMBER, 1907.								
238,015,557	16,020,927	254,036,484	19,288,930	273,325,414	.....	59,624,119	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, nine months and twelve months* ending December, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.						EXPORTS.						Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.					
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.							
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$					
1898	6,156,984	3,978,982	10,135,966	54,688	10,190,654	15,661,654	1,482,959	17,144,613	262,217	17,406,830	27,597,484	1,926,487	1898		
1899	8,665,844	5,484,818	14,150,662	592,252	14,742,914	15,093,264	1,639,198	16,752,462	3,944,395	20,676,857	35,419,771	2,463,872	1899		
1900	7,591,075	6,257,512	13,848,587	638,521	14,487,108	18,216,945	2,473,483	20,690,428	86,173	20,776,601	35,263,709	2,248,654	1900		
1901	8,747,794	6,329,047	15,076,841	173,291	15,250,132	18,772,744	1,109,819	19,882,563	228,113	20,110,676	35,360,808	2,577,842	1901		
1902	10,040,365	6,321,174	16,361,539	310,203	16,671,742	23,777,971	531,938	24,309,909	20,788	24,330,697	41,002,439	2,999,942	1902		
1903	10,884,891	6,360,614	17,245,505	122,690	17,368,195	17,595,441	879,876	18,475,317	118,713	18,594,030	35,962,225	3,133,070	1903		
1904	11,169,693	7,270,858	18,440,461	2,254,478	20,694,939	19,130,069	710,107	19,840,176	52,084	19,892,260	40,587,199	3,344,969	1904		
1905	12,854,788	8,462,301	21,317,089	474,862	21,791,951	21,389,647	947,496	22,337,143	28,700	22,365,843	44,157,794	3,631,392	1905		
1906	11,732,229	7,782,917	19,515,146	344,979	19,860,125	21,231,016	1,161,375	22,392,391	879,974	23,272,365	43,132,490	3,266,638	1906		
1907	15,265,838	8,832,130	24,097,968	450,093	24,548,061	21,479,667	3,040,544	24,520,211	4,843,333	29,363,544	53,911,605	4,207,755	1907		

MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	61,532,317	46,773,670	108,305,987	5,120,662	113,435,649	109,940,513	17,719,620	127,660,142	2,028,440	130,288,582	243,724,231	17,765,000	1898
1899	75,438,835	51,712,383	127,151,218	5,777,694	132,928,912	121,192,562	14,322,905	135,515,557	5,489,501	141,005,058	273,933,970	21,102,365	1899
1900	77,742,243	53,982,641	131,724,884	5,153,553	136,878,437	141,300,422	12,831,924	154,222,346	1,727,302	155,949,648	292,828,085	21,300,274	1900
1901	84,893,501	59,346,579	144,240,140	4,307,031	148,547,171	155,338,605	14,489,545	169,828,150	2,417,848	172,245,998	320,793,169	22,274,811	1901
1902	97,693,850	61,255,251	158,949,101	4,479,584	163,428,685	176,774,356	10,380,651	157,155,007	373,492	187,528,499	350,957,184	26,672,448	1902
1903	114,194,224	76,708,376	190,902,600	8,449,831	199,352,431	174,964,865	12,264,178	187,229,043	541,180	187,770,223	387,122,654	31,023,545	1903
1904	114,332,349	76,770,413	191,102,762	11,175,072	202,277,834	156,579,500	7,070,366	163,649,866	2,591,555	166,241,421	308,519,255	32,029,752	1904
1905	125,290,156	80,858,110	206,148,266	5,305,869	211,454,135	179,182,797	9,900,342	159,083,109	1,686,062	190,769,171	402,223,306	33,830,748	1905
1906	147,424,407	95,717,275	243,141,682	8,450,943	251,592,625	195,532,556	12,717,605	208,250,161	11,872,968	220,123,129	471,715,754	38,702,641	1906
1907	170,392,845	107,174,116	278,106,961	5,876,284	284,043,245	193,913,346	14,214,246	208,127,592	13,114,345	221,241,987	505,285,182	45,320,214	1907

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898	82,868,668	57,408,831	140,277,499	5,513,213	145,790,712	132,736,450	18,346,429	151,082,879	5,886,291	156,968,170	302,759,882	23,938,994	1898
1899	96,687,383	64,071,433	160,758,816	5,998,767	166,757,583	142,624,003	15,582,175	158,206,178	6,768,244	164,974,422	331,732,005	27,332,394	1899
1900	105,908,541	68,817,013	174,725,554	5,939,228	180,664,782	167,759,202	13,593,921	181,353,123	4,708,454	186,121,577	366,786,359	28,621,871	1900
1901	108,511,378	74,148,608	182,659,986	4,817,024	187,477,010	182,945,752	17,741,625	200,637,377	2,612,736	203,300,113	390,777,123	30,357,101	1901
1902	126,303,408	77,814,216	204,117,624	5,051,857	209,109,481	207,752,469	10,876,593	218,629,062	453,871	219,082,933	428,252,414	34,559,435	1902
1903	146,000,828	96,540,188	243,141,016	9,280,114	232,421,130	212,084,162	13,385,802	225,469,964	683,497	226,153,461	478,574,591	39,767,744	1903
1904	148,112,173	96,982,193	245,094,366	11,540,945	256,635,311	188,659,701	7,896,000	196,555,701	2,674,876	199,230,577	455,865,888	41,530,341	1904
1905	160,033,585	102,339,985	262,373,570	8,012,660	270,386,230	210,806,459	12,048,297	222,854,726	1,769,072	224,623,798	495,010,028	43,531,228	1905
1906	188,876,921	122,661,478	311,538,399	8,928,801	320,467,200	238,746,322	14,268,910	253,015,232	16,462,372	269,477,604	589,944,804	55,000,903	1906
1907	224,469,938	141,325,922	365,795,569	7,029,805	372,825,365	238,015,557	16,020,927	254,036,484	19,288,930	273,325,414	646,150,779	59,624,119	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of December, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898.....	1,322,107	988,356	1,089,380	7,012,284	4,214,848	1,014,719	19,960	15,661,654	76,615	15,738,269	1898
1899.....	1,264,627	1,528,581	1,712,910	6,292,812	3,166,369	1,086,597	41,368	15,093,264	115,017	15,208,281	1899
1900.....	3,270,396	1,733,858	1,782,011	6,478,791	3,386,013	1,565,011	865	18,216,945	310	18,217,255	1900
1901.....	2,451,916	2,187,121	2,132,088	6,401,482	3,980,926	1,611,802	7,409	18,772,744	.....	18,772,744	1901
1902.....	2,375,685	1,458,097	2,446,726	10,173,250	5,411,055	1,906,582	6,626	23,777,971	.....	23,777,971	1902
1903.....	2,156,775	1,115,512	2,435,860	5,131,794	4,931,898	1,841,282	2,320	17,595,441	.....	17,595,441	1903
1904.....	1,929,932	1,106,200	2,329,160	5,592,844	6,253,931	1,917,658	344	19,130,069	.....	19,130,069	1904
1905.....	1,956,200	1,626,001	2,061,020	5,335,604	8,126,471	2,278,541	5,810	21,889,647	.....	21,889,647	1905
1906.....	2,051,267	1,500,848	3,547,407	4,652,714	7,309,375	2,141,156	28,249	21,231,016	.....	21,231,016	1906
1907.....	2,627,277	1,051,520	3,387,314	3,545,491	8,481,113	2,386,705	247	21,479,667	.....	21,479,667	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	13,428	7,065	153	76,328	1,279,126	91,849	14,410	1,482,959	185,602	1,668,561	1898
1899	18,533	431	1,686	44,685	1,451,162	91,887	27,814	1,639,198	3,829,378	5,468,576	1899
1900	17,514	1,261	15,056	254,062	2,018,978	123,747	12,865	2,473,483	85,863	2,559,346	1900
1901	5,134	70	.....	12,222	912,250	159,556	20,587	1,109,819	228,113	1,337,932	1901
1902	8,869	6,491	915	25,153	337,660	127,486	25,364	531,938	20,788	552,726	1902
1903	7,293	78	681	24,095	608,115	186,643	52,961	879,876	118,713	998,589	1903
1904	23,138	808	3,563	32,668	116,992	486,685	46,252	710,107	52,084	762,191	1904
1905	31,495	806	1,516	87,769	581,287	195,485	49,138	947,496	28,700	976,196	1905
1906	11,694	6,321	.....	31,832	806,313	233,178	70,637	1,161,375	879,974	2,041,349	1906
1907	77,719	2,770	96,545	23,220	2,540,369	242,964	56,907	3,040,544	4,843,333	7,883,877	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	1,335,535	996,021	1,089,533	7,088,612	5,493,974	1,106,568	34,370	17,144,613	262,217	17,406,830	1898
1899	1,283,160	1,529,012	1,714,596	6,337,497	4,620,531	1,178,484	69,182	16,732,462	3,944,395	20,676,857	1899
1900	3,287,910	1,735,119	1,797,067	6,732,853	5,434,991	1,638,758	13,730	20,690,428	86,173	20,776,601	1900
1901	2,457,050	2,187,191	2,132,088	6,413,704	4,893,176	1,771,358	27,996	19,882,563	228,113	20,110,676	1901
1902	2,384,554	1,464,588	2,447,641	10,198,403	5,748,715	2,034,018	31,990	24,309,909	20,788	24,330,697	1902
1903	2,144,068	1,115,590	2,436,541	5,155,889	5,540,023	2,027,925	55,281	18,475,317	118,713	18,594,036	1903
1904	1,953,070	1,107,008	2,332,723	5,625,512	6,370,923	2,404,344	46,596	19,840,176	52,084	19,892,260	1904
1905	1,987,695	1,626,807	2,062,536	5,423,373	8,707,758	2,474,026	54,948	22,337,143	28,700	22,365,843	1905
1906	2,062,961	1,507,169	3,547,407	4,684,546	8,115,688	2,376,334	98,286	22,392,391	879,974	23,272,365	1906
1907	2,704,996	1,054,290	3,483,859	3,568,711	11,021,472	2,629,669	57,214	24,520,211	4,843,333	29,363,544	1907

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—Concluded.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *nine months* ending December, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1898	9,477,205	8,554,636	24,852,879	38,456,781	20,283,121	8,161,057	154,834	109,940,513	846,259	110,786,772	1898
1899	9,903,683	9,554,828	28,096,088	44,952,356	18,668,064	9,752,630	264,913	121,192,562	1,118,319	122,310,881	1899
1900	28,255,437	9,175,680	26,300,170	46,884,884	18,747,996	11,912,029	114,226	141,390,422	469,375	141,859,797	1900
1901	33,210,380	10,629,867	28,476,228	47,874,639	21,722,345	13,404,202	20,944	155,334,905	185,426	155,524,031	1901
1902	27,267,631	9,543,227	32,582,626	57,435,065	34,591,709	15,295,846	58,252	176,774,356	.....	176,774,356	1902
1903	27,138,442	8,847,045	31,538,526	56,138,507	35,176,733	16,098,428	26,534	174,964,865	.....	174,964,865	1903
1904	24,681,866	9,163,062	28,578,447	51,484,322	26,717,207	15,835,851	118,745	156,579,500	.....	156,579,500	1904
1905	26,263,851	11,590,557	30,099,885	57,321,674	36,380,943	17,462,222	57,635	179,182,767	.....	179,182,767	1905
1906	27,710,574	10,057,929	39,732,461	57,586,569	41,107,345	19,174,326	163,412	195,532,556	.....	195,532,556	1906
1907	30,002,089	9,751,892	39,194,407	45,208,791	48,931,425	20,675,643	59,099	193,913,346	.....	193,913,346	1907

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1898	211,483	17,300	95,138	973,324	15,060,291	975,776	386,257	17,719,629	1,782,181	19,501,810	1898
1899	171,750	63,080	277,352	1,035,710	11,449,886	1,023,616	301,601	14,322,995	4,371,182	18,694,177	1899
1900	142,588	6,474	272,732	1,046,064	9,857,537	1,244,931	261,598	12,831,924	1,266,927	14,098,851	1900
1901	147,702	35,915	14,208	800,610	11,339,521	1,892,984	199,605	14,489,545	2,232,422	16,721,967	1901
1902	151,028	23,403	20,324	578,749	7,151,780	1,880,478	574,869	10,380,651	373,492	10,754,143	1902
1903	159,480	15,393	290,627	457,106	9,003,983	1,955,165	382,424	12,264,178	541,180	12,805,358	1903
1904	174,683	12,908	117,827	608,297	3,070,580	2,691,690	394,381	7,070,366	2,501,555	9,661,921	1904
1905	190,353	20,705	82,773	628,847	5,735,293	2,399,926	842,445	9,900,342	1,686,072	11,586,404	1905
1906	198,885	20,526	188,365	706,115	8,160,541	2,485,921	957,252	12,717,605	11,872,968	24,590,573	1906
1907	262,005	22,259	333,672	685,470	8,656,048	3,650,402	604,390	14,214,246	13,114,345	27,328,591	1907

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1898	9,688,638	8,571,996	24,948,017	39,430,105	35,343,412	9,136,833	541,061	127,660,142	2,628,440	130,288,582	1898
1899	10,075,433	9,617,908	28,373,440	45,988,066	30,117,950	10,776,246	506,514	135,515,557	5,489,501	141,005,058	1899
1900	28,398,025	9,182,154	26,572,902	47,930,948	28,605,533	13,156,960	375,824	154,222,346	1,727,302	155,949,648	1900
1901	33,358,082	13,665,782	28,490,436	48,684,249	33,111,866	15,297,186	220,549	169,828,150	2,417,848	172,245,998	1901
1902	27,418,659	9,566,630	32,602,950	58,013,814	41,743,489	17,176,324	633,141	137,155,007	373,492	187,528,499	1902
1903	27,297,922	8,863,058	31,829,153	56,595,613	44,180,766	18,053,593	408,958	187,229,043	541,180	187,770,223	1903
1904	24,856,549	9,175,970	28,036,274	52,092,619	29,787,787	18,327,541	513,126	163,649,866	2,591,555	166,241,421	1904
1905	26,454,204	11,617,262	30,182,658	57,950,521	42,116,236	19,862,148	900,080	189,083,109	1,686,062	190,769,171	1905
1906	27,909,459	10,078,455	39,920,826	58,292,624	49,207,886	21,660,247	1,120,664	208,250,161	11,872,968	220,123,129	1906
1907	30,264,034	9,774,151	39,528,079	45,984,261	57,587,473	24,326,045	663,489	208,127,592	13,114,345	221,241,937	1907

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of December, 1906 and 1907, and the nine months ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.		
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	5,022,237	13,499,883	5,996,703	14,146,174	50,048,949	105,771,519	60,554,554	115,069,210	74,214,422	106,947,692		
Bermuda.....	23,768	28,927	20	47,428	23,534	295,262	252,691	252,691	24,020	277,633		
British Africa.....		95,184		129,851		1,440,577	198,761	1,146,850		1,273,484		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	7,977	271,133	27,454	297,494	168,132	1,587,294	125,926	1,709,330	274,355	2,203,064		
New Zealand.....	4,015	71,654	10,062	54,321	236,141	431,296	151,765	627,804	190,776	760,088		
British East Indies.....	222,284	3,885	362,188	3,689	2,066,190	23,247	2,772,365	18,013	3,134,656	19,665		
Guiana.....	82,541	31,927	7,666	71,379	2,237,599	371,000	2,339,466	372,049	868,359	433,165		
" West Indies.....	43,802	202,747	553,006	202,567	4,326,718	1,605,055	4,510,146	1,796,459	6,381,283	1,682,294		
Fiji.....	17,666	3,254	63,253	8,725	608,222	50,152	36,336	17,890	253,085	59,459		
Hong Kong.....	6,654	.....	15,799	432	92,457	59,429	121,146	.....	177,377	67,102
Newfoundland.....	180,298	563,374	212,189	299,510	1,513,751	2,585,458	1,430,632	2,621,474	1,512,547	2,607,154		
Other British Colonies.....	38	3,982	103	20,241	1,626	42,892	4,318	34,435	2,382	43,144		
Totals.....	5,611,380	14,775,900	7,248,443	15,221,811	61,263,319	114,263,181	72,245,415	123,666,205	87,033,262	116,373,344		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentina Republic.....	140,429	122,906	54,757	305,246	843,731	1,342,173	1,203,276	2,011,560	288,403	1,964,832		
Austria-Hungary.....	56,905	.....	74,637	.....	572,593	5,385	816,078	1,997	1,073,925	4,749
Belgium.....	85,318	163,273	51,093	540,455	2,214,119	1,396,557	1,918,407	1,924,741	2,032,904	2,256,373		
Brazil.....	42,135	130,837	29,698	224,434	322,832	434,623	287,383	565,984	262,317	668,474		
Central American States.....	.....	9,022	.....	12,808	120,209	31,056	107,980	76,380	84,916	64,687
China.....	50,561	11,065	75,627	12,008	427,608	908,152	401,253	503,598	531,087	690,003		
Chile.....	30,457	30,457	2,802	2,802	54,377	129,429	122,382	276,196	78,624	262,280		
Cuba.....	52,392	187,637	54,237	154,043	316,891	894,312	451,470	955,734	368,545	1,007,604		
Denmark.....	586	9,377	229	22,129	11,081	115,575	20,568	101,206	21,622	166,812		

Dutch E. Indies.....	1,495	17,590	854,578	539	414,433	480	534,317	1,000
France.....	596,306	729,170	5,285,472	1,028,082	6,112,449	1,654,354	7,473,077	1,535,553
French W. Indies.....			20	12,681	330	9,079		6,988
Germany.....	331,846	439,392	5,055,634	1,445,385	5,306,918	1,052,500	6,333,640	1,462,201
Greece.....	24,211	68,717	252,409	665	266,724	311	354,058	
Holland.....	165,916	97,589	87,031	339,091	1,068,206	783,063	1,183,791	539,068
Italy.....	61,306	48,538	361,073	149,863	473,285	302,135	598,978	259,311
Japan.....	138,277	231,088	1,355,954	326,329	1,460,063	502,357	1,748,157	347,229
Mexico.....	116,502	36,004	55,636	123,426	451,774	181,849	855,683	280,767
Norway and Sweden :—								
Norway.....		5,167	131,352	133,471	160,136	289,778	73,481	153,727
Sweden.....	11,350	3,078	8,804				85,212	
Peru.....		568	197,419	5,757	29,484	99,954	51,431	98,531
Porto Rico.....	5,220		265,650	359,708	230,543	398,602	7,544	371,465
Portugal.....	10,271	903	92,002	100,319	139,051	170,193	116,681	43,415
Russia.....	3,758	13,266	295,353	154,114	222,893	163,407	264,659	209,035
Spain.....	149,332	201,913	706,917	51,165	791,351	48,652	1,021,249	72,447
Switzerland.....	167,624	257,076	1,414,016	7,033	1,317,831	29,212	1,836,084	12,902
United States.....	11,959,497	14,756,328	127,704,050	65,838,448	154,960,880	83,820,400	168,621,789	91,584,183
Other Foreign Countries.....	77,508	35,841	412,806	572,153	611,992	531,162	992,711	720,445
Totals.....	14,248,745	17,299,618	150,190,816	76,505,990	179,347,210	96,456,924	197,009,983	104,868,593
Grand totals.....	19,860,125	24,548,061	211,454,135	190,769,171	251,592,625	220,123,129	284,043,245	221,241,937
	48,132,490	53,911,605	402,223,306		471,715,754		505,285,182	

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of December, 1906 and 1907, and the *nine months* ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Ale, beer and porter.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
	Great Britain.	11,481	.....	17,143	.....	130,150	.....	156,219	.....	183,582	.....	
	United States.	13,624	.....	25,911	.....	167,551	.....	288,391	.....	333,045	.....	
	Other countries.	438	.....	471	.....	9,604	.....	8,527	.....	9,550	.....	
	Totals	25,543	.....	43,525	.....	307,305	.....	453,137	.....	526,177	.....	
Animals, living													
	Great Britain.	.....	94,336	.....	27,706	1,005	275,941	1,323	752,689	1,746	469,287		
	United States.	25,149	32,624	35,970	23,143	774,506	296,550	1,346,791	408,558	542,400	329,291		
	Other countries.	100	90	140	.....	231	30,593	739	21,803	1,073	37,075		
	Totals	25,249	127,050	36,110	50,849	775,802	602,994	1,348,853	1,183,050	545,219	835,653		
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores													
	Great Britain.	.....	1,080	.....	2,467	.....	22,852	.....	26,871	.....	20,780		
	United States.	.....	14,505	.....	25,374	.....	394,456	.....	359,454	.....	415,235		
	Other countries.	.....	304	.....	2,959	.....	7,078	.....	7,868	.....	11,787		
	Totals	.....	15,889	.....	30,840	.....	424,385	.....	394,193	.....	447,802		
Articles for use of the Army and Navy													
	Great Britain.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,795	.....	681	.....	1,432		
	United States.	.....	120	.....	.....	.....	860	.....	1,196	.....	496		
	Other countries.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	258	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals	.....	120	.....	.....	.....	8,913	.....	2,205	.....	1,928		

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....					639,075			1,303,285		
	United States.....					691,638			449,189		
	Germany.....					39,868			38,868		
	Other countries.....					42,005			68,206		
	Totals.....					1,420,750			1,860,548		
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....					1,372			47		23,095
	United States.....					157,122			281,207		283,301
	Other countries.....					830			146		6,925
	Totals.....					159,344			281,400		313,321
Baking powder	Great Britain.....					15					
	United States.....					107,496			37		52
	Other countries.....					107,511			93,668		143
	Totals.....					214,516			93,700		95,467
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.	Great Britain.....					20,024			210,795		369,746
	United States.....					56,942			506,341		1,206,507
	Other countries.....					11,000			66,112		80,260
	Totals.....					87,966			783,248		1,656,513
Breadstuffs : - Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....					55,202			88,182		122,015
	United States.....					88,386			90,899		128,666
	Other countries.....					85,900			137,690		175,235
	Totals.....					229,488			316,681		425,936
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....					2,087			6,102		6,487
	United States.....					141,108			132,556		144,250
	Other countries.....					3			267		571
	Totals.....					143,198			138,925		151,305
R'ce, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....					159,527			109,723		139,237
	United States.....					14,525			21,584		139,237
	B. E. Indies.....					61,225			6,672		13,721
	China.....					75,064			105,222		6,423
R'ce, cleaned and uncleaned.	Japan.....					51,784			59,968		40,672
	Other countries.....					29,219			7,089		221,567
	Totals.....					103,490			189,690		22,891
	Totals.....					465,615			490,766		249,630
R'ce, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....					12,282			21,584		122,599
	United States.....					3,650			6,672		13,721
	B. E. Indies.....					6,772			105,222		6,423
	China.....					75,064			59,968		40,672
R'ce, cleaned and uncleaned.	Japan.....					51,784			7,089		221,567
	Other countries.....					29,219			189,690		22,891
	Totals.....					103,490			189,690		22,891
	Totals.....					465,615			490,766		249,630

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	61,614	314,606	83,381	618,460	603,634	4,986,787	477,202	4,983,148	540,905	7,012,943
	United States.....					45	432		770		
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....	61,614	314,606	83,381	618,460	603,679	4,987,219	477,202	4,983,918	540,905	7,042,943
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....					178				10	
	United States.....	6,044		7,693		138,485		129,418		130,892	
	Other countries.....			29		62		11		67	
	Totals.....	6,044		7,722		138,725		129,429		130,969	
All other, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	17		63		7,332	56	4,597	43	1,576	
	United States.....	17,523		55,976	12	393,579	633	248,591	321	296,124	146
	Other countries.....	902		1,318		2,634		3,141	380	5,881	
	Totals.....	18,442		57,057	12	403,545	689	256,329	744	303,581	146
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	9,889	21,584	26,848		224,326	56	208,604	21,627	269,325	122,559
	United States.....	101,229	321,278	174,341	618,472	1,379,717	4,996,702	1,037,790	4,995,261	1,254,558	7,044,285
	Other countries.....	19,686		44,193	36,427	380,207	432	502,938	1,150	278,446	399,376
	Totals.....	130,804	342,862	245,382	654,899	1,984,250	4,997,190	1,809,332	5,018,038	1,802,329	7,566,240
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	6,035	4,688	2,091	4,371	28,695	186,177	75,902	196,893	96,207	193,718
	United States.....	31,080	7,749	18,562	44,832	346,908	424,532	323,018	453,870	295,472	589,450
	Other countries.....			1	9	1,137	248	1,958		593	327
	Totals.....	37,115	12,437	20,654	49,212	376,740	610,957	400,938	650,763	392,272	733,495

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	1,990	3,128	52,841	36,352	33,240
	United States.....	4,574	12,018	28,962	33,416	38,747
	Other countries.....	618	1,643	5,435	19,360	25,212
	Totals.....	7,182	16,789	87,238	91,128	97,239
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	19,806	26,715	149,132	155,903	188,362
	Other countries.....					20
	Totals.....	19,806	26,715	149,132	155,903	188,382
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....		5,242			
	United States.....		10,995	25,593		39,077
	Other countries.....		17,643	105,557		126,817
	Totals.....		33,880	101,969		129,504
				233,119		295,398
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....		2,377			
	United States.....	135	16,583	36,009	39,064	45,215
	Other countries.....	287	8,847	116,396	2,801	166,869
	Totals.....	422	27,807	74,003	3,216	3,586
				2,113	4,457	4,844
Candles.....	Great Britain.....		905			
	United States.....		3,337	11,324	9,938	10,055
	Other countries.....		11	54,478	50,324	40,749
	Totals.....		4,253	810	892	1,007
				66,612		51,811
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs.....	Great Britain.....		1,444			
(Mats and rugs, included under	United States.....		1,398	207,062	250,302	22,948
woollen carpets subsequent to	Other countries.....		2,581	24,510	22,484	8,614
1906.)	Totals.....		4,219	28,038	48,543	35,143
				259,610	321,329	66,705
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....		10,247			
Automobiles.....	United States.....		11,957	111,000		180,005
	Other countries.....			455,971		550,798
	Totals.....		22,204	51,015		71,719
				617,986		802,622

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain...	65	...	277	...	2,742	...	4,383	...	6,526	...
Bicycles	United States...	2,123	...	474	...	34,357	...	26,094	...	24,540	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	2,188	...	751	...	37,079	...	30,477	...	31,066	...
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	365	...	8,658	...	7,399	...	29,174	...	15,153	...
	United States...	5,342	...	21,402	...	197,091	...	178,730	...	227,668	...
	Other countries...	9,149	...	740	...	65,204	...	40,158	...	56,435	...
	Totals.....	14,856	...	30,800	...	269,694	...	248,062	...	299,256	...
Other carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain...	280	...	2,021	...	13,824	...	15,358	...	23,593	...
	United States...	31,022	...	47,304	...	858,955	...	985,135	...	1,183,398	...
	Other countries...	...	...	1,390	...	35	...	63	...	3,427	...
	Totals.....	31,302	...	50,715	...	872,814	...	1,000,556	...	1,210,418	...
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.	Great Britain...	836	...	21,203	...	53,504	...	159,915	...	225,277	...
	United States...	57,221	...	81,137	...	1,374,222	...	1,645,930	...	1,986,404	...
	Other countries...	10,899	...	2,130	...	105,006	...	91,236	...	131,581	...
	Totals.....	68,956	...	104,470	...	1,532,732	...	1,847,081	...	2,343,262	...
Cement	Great Britain...	15,381	...	10,972	...	204,185	...	306,561	...	337,598	...
	United States...	7,196	...	20,478	...	733,532	...	362,330	...	390,762	...
	Belgium.....	...	...	...	...	59,378	...	43,203	...	47,955	...
	Other countries...	8	...	...	...	44,656	...	20,090	...	15,146	...
	Totals.....	22,585	...	31,450	...	1,041,751	...	732,184	...	791,461	...

Clocks.....	Great Britain.....	1,007	.....	1,339	.....	10,321	.....	11,619	.....	14,421	.....
	United States.....	19,280	.....	21,651	.....	199,153	.....	217,283	.....	225,059	.....
	Germany.....	718	.....	1,042	.....	30,291	.....	33,388	.....	40,023	.....
	Other countries.....	322	.....	269	.....	13,573	.....	11,972	.....	13,106	.....
	Totals.....	21,327	.....	24,301	.....	253,738	.....	274,212	.....	292,609	.....
Coal, coke and coal dust.....	Great Britain.....	362	3,513	183	9,984	46,198	114,251	63,952	172,505	9,266	99,106
	United States.....	632,485	830,498	1,054,428	1,131,574	6,486,537	10,637,153	7,273,427	9,966,823	11,204,472	13,116,361
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	.....	430	.....	44,368	5,719
	Totals.....	632,847	834,011	1,054,611	1,141,558	6,532,838	10,751,404	7,337,809	10,139,328	11,258,106	13,221,186
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain.....	17,887	10,842	28,591	4,253	180,324	14,684	214,446	30,942	219,501	43,162
	United States.....	27,402	12,972	13,272	4,328	183,133	54,275	204,059	146,701	252,027	212,207
	Other countries.....	4,921	12,273	9,335	13,756	76,114	48,208	103,288	36,389	133,328	96,968
	Totals.....	50,210	36,087	51,198	22,337	439,571	117,167	521,793	214,032	604,836	352,397
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory.....	Great Britain.....	1,573	11,719	2,208	11,885	16,188	80,852	15,163	87,061	19,008	78,913
	United States.....	5,048	.....	14,528	.....	97,469	.....	92,034	.....	97,520	.....
	Brazil.....	.....	42,135	.....	29,484	.....	226,771	.....	274,924	.....	.....
	Venezuela.....	.....	1,742	.....	4,412	.....	30,003	.....	66,806	.....	258,789
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	2,041	2,959	120,999	12,356	152,145	3,384	153,376
	Totals.....	6,621	55,596	16,731	47,822	116,616	458,625	119,553	580,936	120,112	531,647
Collars and cuffs.....	Great Britain.....	4,043	.....	4,873	.....	41,227	.....	35,943	.....	43,140	.....
	United States.....	4,367	.....	4,789	.....	68,348	.....	59,803	.....	65,182	.....
	Aust.-Hungary.....	2,721	.....	287	.....	13,410	.....	26,097	.....	26,616	.....
	Other countries.....	222	.....	171	.....	29,637	.....	18,601	.....	2,852	.....
	Totals.....	12,253	.....	10,120	.....	147,622	.....	140,444	.....	137,790	.....
Combs.....	Great Britain.....	7,491	.....	7,047	.....	50,777	.....	72,332	.....	80,964	.....
	United States.....	8,496	.....	6,160	.....	63,942	.....	88,274	.....	84,553	.....
	Germany.....	283	.....	1,421	.....	23,034	.....	17,967	.....	26,317	.....
	Other countries.....	2,809	.....	5,479	.....	15,023	.....	35,155	.....	58,211	.....
	Totals.....	19,079	.....	20,107	.....	152,776	.....	213,728	.....	259,045	.....
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	7,415	.....	14,560	446	135,518	19,122	118,681	99,485	179,439	109,431
	United States.....	6,426	3,814	6,942	8,950	102,348	1,528,685	97,297	2,073,235	96,162	1,414,732
	Other countries.....	10	.....	123	.....	3,230	.....	1,541	138	1,982	.....
	Totals.....	13,851	3,814	21,625	9,306	241,096	1,547,807	217,519	2,172,858	277,583	1,524,163

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton	Great Britain				159								
	United States		1,061,088		753,203		16,827		1,052		3,278		
	Other countries						4,082,293		4,565,110		3,468,479		
	Totals		1,061,088		753,422		27,207				11,139		
Embroideries, white and cream coloured	Great Britain	108,264		32,384		45,388		167,357		161,157			
	United States	8,322		2,963		11,521		28,115		29,593			
	Switzerland	68,887		128,465		164,638		297,025		492,796			
	Other countries	15,940		8,141		17,909		45,477		47,858			
	Totals	196,413		171,953		239,456		537,974		731,404			
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Great Britain	164,218		353,006		592,476		936,408		2,094,476			
	United States	18,874		41,789		151,967		237,236		244,430			
	Other countries	8,687		4,431		14,376		34,311		31,442			
	Totals	191,779		399,226		758,819		1,207,955		2,370,368			
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain	306,421		439,537		1,684,203		2,015,296		2,575,334			
	United States	34,977		26,520		367,861		269,679		287,057			
	Other countries	4,081		5,694		55,308		98,560		75,209			
	Totals	345,479		471,751		2,107,372		2,383,535		2,937,600			
Lace, white and cream coloured	Great Britain			137,292						663,336			
	United States			1,674						13,765			
	Other countries			31,099						239,780			
	Totals			170,065						916,881			

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain.....	6,261	19,706	81,191	94,547	200,182
	United States.....	1,714	1,215	17,636	17,339	25,108
	Germany.....	1,734	26,474	63,579	84,439	146,164
	Other countries.....	.....	1,269	1,077	1,248	2,418
	Totals.....	9,709	48,664	163,483	197,571	373,872
Thread.....	Great Britain.....	36,104	82,217	400,964	449,907	721,104
	United States.....	14,974	15,914	136,941	140,085	162,600
	Germany.....	1,737	751	17,771	11,117	8,853
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	52,815	98,882	555,676	601,109	892,557
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	22,934	16,842	290,810	311,955	354,573
	United States.....	3,145	2,452	54,749	59,984	54,074
	Germany.....	622	345	33,644	28,324	26,198
	Other countries.....	736	458	9,339	19,658	22,600
	Totals.....	27,437	20,097	388,542	419,871	458,045
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	105,423	212,739	832,256	1,124,520	1,825,788
	United States.....	73,001	85,484	720,655	849,963	958,512
	Germany.....	8,576	20,692	113,090	139,180	190,993
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	187,000	318,915	1,666,001	2,113,663	2,975,293
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	749,625	1,293,753	3,927,288	5,099,988	8,595,950
	United States.....	156,007	178,011	1,461,330	1,602,351	1,775,759
	Germany.....	111,000	227,819	490,731	759,339	1,254,311
	Other countries.....	.....	50	43,637	31,861	26,344
	Totals.....	1,010,632	1,699,583	5,879,349	7,461,678	11,656,020
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain.....	68,002	61,648	265,876	284,472	307,817
	United States.....	3,240	.....	48,069	53,445	48,362
	Switzerland.....	3,549	7,763	45,320	35,905	73,013
	Other countries.....	1,523	4,725	22,455	42,411	46,758
	Totals.....	76,314	78,797	381,320	416,233	475,950
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	47,735	43,983	556,425	925,651	655,580
	United States.....	70,396	76,125	723,346	867,310	932,938
	Germany.....	18,130	34,607	399,206	507,539	3,636,337
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	576,052	476,894
	Totals.....	136,261	154,715	1,680,977	2,149,619	2,065,352
						5,351,342

Fancy articles, other.....	Germany.....	11,150	8,445	190,873	190,879	75,725
	Switzerland.....	2,606	3,713	26,350	44,666	21,799
	Other countries.....	97	719	40,078	15,923	14,518
	Totals.....	75,774	85,768	1,044,513	1,165,012	687,143
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	15,195	26,416	240,696	271,252	400,378
	United States.....	23,689	25,337	277,739	310,437	305,420
	France.....	4,642	9,517	85,935	126,360	134,841
	Germany.....	13,593	17,379	225,067	313,279	431,832
Fancy articles.....	Other countries.....	4,804	13,326	64,837	70,782	120,839
	Totals.....	61,983	91,975	894,274	1,092,110	1,393,310
Fancy articles.....	Great Britain.....	60,468	82,827	944,521	1,087,630	928,754
	United States.....	43,099	35,912	434,852	449,881	441,383
	Other countries.....	55,371	79,625	878,117	1,020,229	1,037,613
	Totals.....	158,938	197,464	2,257,520	2,557,740	2,407,750
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain.....	30	744	4,098	6,490	7,165
	United States.....	2,254	7,541	87,651	109,195	88,742
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	5,757	1,749	6,210
	Totals.....	2,314	8,100	91,749	117,434	97,404
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....	Great Britain.....	1,043	56	182,087	16,683	225,457
	United States.....	74	92	294,362	15,678	301,007
	Other countries.....	.....	93	21,226	4	19,711
	Totals.....	1,117	148	497,675	32,365	546,175
Fish and fish products, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	5,866	5,584	69,078	82,337	69,164
	United States.....	71,991	72,233	361,723	373,568	356,763
	Newfoundland.....	.....	15	209	788	.....
	Other countries.....	7,670	11,598	93,022	693,195	834,385
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Dmasks of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N. O. P.	Totals.....	85,527	89,415	523,823	559,397	536,071
	Great Britain.....	59,141	65,013	442,283	489,659	512,821
	United States.....	870	389	8,953	5,968	6,622
	Germany.....	408	.....	8,292	12,351	5,233
Fancy articles, other.....	Other countries.....	6,538	4,095	45,423	76,368	87,658
	Totals.....	66,957	69,497	504,951	584,546	612,334

Flax, hemp and jute, other...	81,773	9,797	63,946	11,638	622,223	137,024	632,073	305,257	823,945	286,737
United States...	8,065	2,103	3,909	2,389	50,709	39,001	66,810	43,535	65,229	25,573
Other countries...	7,813		10,634		103,249		133,743		190,278	13,976
Total	97,651	11,900	78,489	13,427	776,231	236,025	928,626	348,792	1,079,452	326,286
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs of...	213,742	79,433	196,561	65,943	1,675,585	1,089,099	1,987,522	1,108,884	2,093,287	1,210,693
United States...	14,444	14,997	7,494	94,025	84,411	315,739	100,753	326,479	107,387	264,196
Other countries...	24,171	7,967	59,433	14,035	287,288	102,164	691,140	362,216	969,495	239,385
Totals	252,357	102,397	263,488	174,003	2,047,284	1,507,002	2,779,415	1,737,579	3,170,169	1,714,274
Fruits:—										
Fruits and nuts, dried...	6,113		20,036		45,068		34,710		107,075	
Great Britain...	197,728		274,667		801,374		1,112,928		989,055	
United States...	66,656		63,150		133,301		208,804		187,271	
France...	23,327		57,191		230,590		241,267		342,807	
Greece...	98,464		159,558		447,183		416,758		654,357	
Spain...	47,667		51,991		203,464		330,115		376,713	
Other countries...										
Totals	439,955		626,593		1,860,980		2,344,582		2,657,278	
Fruits, green...	7,394	39,612	12,625	36,970	97,537		97,224	39,612	59,270	167,370
United States...	15,203	157,545	69,388	247,677	1,427,097	1,116,487	1,618,034	1,511,843	1,015,066	2,897,169
Italy...				15,401	129,167		189,296		265,840	265,840
Other countries...	2,329	51,695	5,856	54,397	79,233	42,030	69,082	157,872	21,106	133,224
Totals	24,926	248,852	87,869	354,445	1,733,034	1,158,517	1,973,636	1,709,327	1,095,382	3,463,603
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c...	16,545		31,497		111,442	620	177,614	715	242,100	
United States...	7,062	21	7,561		47,562	10	55,659	144	73,023	53
Other countries...	10,334		7,404		37,401		55,152	121	48,610	1,817
Totals	33,941	21	46,402		196,405	630	288,425	980	363,633	1,870
Fruits...	30,052	39,612	64,138	36,970	254,047	620	309,548	40,327	408,445	157,370
United States...	219,993	157,566	351,616	247,677	2,276,033	1,116,497	2,786,621	1,511,987	2,077,084	2,897,222
Other countries...	248,777	51,695	345,150	69,798	1,260,339	42,030	1,510,474	157,933	1,630,764	400,881
Totals	498,822	248,873	760,924	354,445	3,790,419	1,159,147	4,606,643	1,710,307	4,116,293	3,465,473

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
	Countries.	1906.		1907.				1905.		1906.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.			Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$		
Hair.....	Great Britain....	1,834	4,386	2,707	1,428			9,068	12,639	11,269	30,661	20,018	33,619
	United States....	639	3,528	2,971	2,643			12,917	43,930	10,652	59,192	18,122	86,966
	Other countries..	9	571	505	1,436			887	4,922	2,655	15,277	6,225	5,964
	Totals.....	2,482	8,485	6,183	5,507			22,842	61,491	24,576	105,130	44,365	126,549
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain....	23,315	9,434	46,511	15,608			524,405	86,184	567,097	75,337	839,648	73,189
	United States....	29,603	13,272	35,730	16,809			732,082	134,163	705,449	153,839	626,077	148,270
	Other countries..	11,084	3,390	2,921	4,378			38,825	43,814	58,787	30,973	70,006	24,911
	Totals.....	64,002	26,096	85,162	36,795			1,295,312	264,161	1,331,333	260,149	1,525,731	246,370
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain....		107,516		79,759				1,409,666		1,461,705		817,544
	United States....		145,194		249,640				1,052,124		1,531,597		1,222,885
	Arg. Republic....		140,429		54,742				718,220		1,157,489		261,729
	B. Indies.....												198,295
	B. W. Indies....		3,928		3,516				59,611		134,868		45,859
	France.....		21,363		7,279				264,078		378,374		402,467
	Other countries..		113,040		3,490				649,200		981,701		746,454
	Totals.....		531,470		398,426				4,182,899		5,645,734		3,695,233
Hops.....	Great Britain....	3,328		11,032				41,235		33,447		36,747	
	United States....	3,501		15,836				95,956		45,562		84,609	
	Germany.....	1,648		4,224				11,481		4,998		6,501	
	Other countries..	4,735		4,176				21,845		16,833		22,639	
	Totals.....	13,212		35,268				170,517		100,340		150,496	

Ink....	405	1,247	24,428	22,302	26,349
Great Britain...	7,200	6,998	106,218	106,287	107,876
United States...		80	5,689	6,242	4,119
Other countries.					
Totals.....	7,606	8,325	136,185	137,781	138,344
Jewellery.....	6,696	14,220	61,105	119,619	176,532
Great Britain...	57,128	39,747	470,735	603,110	588,218
United States...	4,921	6,000	48,688	82,669	91,522
Germany.....	3,598	8,400	31,387	31,668	81,678
Other countries.					
Totals.....	72,343	68,967	611,865	837,266	938,000
Junk, old and oakum.....					
Great Britain...		361		22,239	
United States...		1,094	405	21,061	39,620
Other countries.		1,287	656	3,000	14,914
Totals.....		2,742	290		1,323
Leather and mfrs. of—					
Leather, unmanufactured—					
Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep					
skins, dressed, waxed or glazed,					
Great Britain...	6,884	1,857	51,793	61,474	59,303
United States...	7,126	16,621	204,945	194,749	152,537
France.....	5,974	3,517	34,380	15,256	31,310
Other countries.			290	587	3,610
Totals.....	19,983	21,995	291,409	272,066	246,760
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed,					
coloured or uncoloured, import-					
ed by glove manufacturers for					
use in their own factories.....					
Great Britain...	791	987	2,013	2,601	7,953
United States...	19,290	34,755	237,624	314,785	380,166
Other countries	705	134	6,325	9,087	9,350
Totals.....	20,786	35,876	245,962	326,473	397,469
Sole leather, all kinds.....					
Great Britain...	1,988	7,108	34,380	70,462	223,241
United States...	10,712	50	47,239	41,122	6,129
France.....					
Other countries.					
Totals.....	12,700	7,158	81,619	111,584	229,370
Upper leather including dongola,					
cordovan, kangaroo, alligator					
and chamois skins, or other					
upper leather, N.E.S., dressed,					
waxed or glazed.....					
Great Britain...	7,817	958	27,813	51,825	28,944
United States...	13,960	5,395	69,985	110,020	88,616
France.....	88		6,771	14,777	22
Other countries.			1,311	2,570	15
Totals.....	21,865	6,353	105,860	179,192	117,597

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Brass and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	5,566	7,406	16,283	5,080	74,136	84,481	102,346	146,603	186,188	185,140
	United States.....	96,215	101,537	79,229	31,907	492,765	537,387	634,041	898,301	973,468	478,900
	Other countries.....	1,278	2,640	9,265	404	32,352	4,717	36,057	23,724	56,108	39,598
	Totals.....	103,059	111,643	104,777	37,391	599,253	626,585	797,444	1,098,628	1,215,764	703,638
Copper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	219	9,498	51	3,122	4,885	31,489	6,691	37,462	8,506	220,080
	United States.....	11,511	252,571	12,921	185,067	92,227	1,785,378	110,241	2,749,467	86,710	2,531,081
	Other countries.....	53	133	320	.....	1,978	2,741	2,945	10,964	5,486	2,821
	Totals.....	11,783	262,202	13,292	188,189	99,090	1,819,608	119,877	2,797,893	100,702	2,753,982
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	11,092	.....	18,304	.....	118,239	.....	194,933	.....	197,823	.....
	United States.....	31,318	.....	26,799	.....	252,383	291	243,282	270	234,120	.....
	Other countries.....	1,654	.....	4,351	.....	52,084	.....	58,276	.....	51,170	.....
	Totals.....	44,064	.....	49,454	.....	422,706	291	496,501	270	483,113	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.....	Great Britain.....	1,145	.....	959	.....	19,523	.....	34,893	.....	26,880	.....
	United States.....	98,251	.....	70,431	.....	950,030	.....	1,753,372	.....	1,359,927	.....
	Other countries.....	58	.....	54	.....	993	.....	431	.....	1,686	.....
	Totals.....	99,454	.....	71,444	.....	970,596	.....	1,788,696	.....	1,388,493	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars comprising rounds, ovals, &c....	Great Britain.....	32,194	.....	21,247	.....	350,846	.....	806,287	.....	662,803	.....
	United States.....	131,678	.....	132,613	.....	519,400	.....	1,174,613	.....	1,567,113	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	206	.....	24,000	.....	28,115	.....	26,719	.....
	Totals.....	163,872	.....	154,066	.....	894,246	.....	2,009,015	.....	2,256,635	.....
Chains.....	Great Britain.....	9,549	.....	7,693	.....	50,400	.....	81,024	.....	172,110	550
	United States.....	12,852	.....	8,085	.....	127,190	.....	176,743	.....	110,493	146,858
	Other countries.....	23	.....	104	.....	3,135	.....	2,406	.....	3,862	.....
	Totals.....	22,424	.....	15,832	.....	180,725	.....	260,673	.....	286,465	147,408
Cream separators and steel bowls for.....	Great Britain.....	.....	4,504	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37,670
	United States.....	.....	31,577	.....	40	.....	120,221	.....	119,114	.....	247,281
	Other countries.....	.....	1,520	.....	2,940	.....	296,348	.....	347,927	.....	16,040
	Totals.....	.....	37,601	.....	2,980	.....	5,381	.....	14,851	.....	300,991

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into
Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Cutlery.....	Great Britain...	23,491		37,618		312,498		376,735		469,455	
	United States...	8,841		9,308		103,706		104,354		108,226	
	Germany.....	18,190		12,784		112,347		131,238		192,505	
	Other countries..	512		1,054		6,356		9,407		10,463	
	Totals.....	51,034		60,764		534,907		621,704		780,649	
Engines, locomotives for railways, N. E. S.	Great Britain...	350				80		350			
	United States...	2,600		41,133		272,772		178,624		1,095,205	
	Other countries..										
	Totals.....	2,950		41,133		272,852		178,974		1,095,205	
Engines, other, including boilers.	Great Britain...	5,022		11,369		71,097		165,470		260,501	
	United States...	48,256		57,411		653,394		896,438		1,023,513	
	Other countries..			15				363		6,500	
	Totals.....	53,278		68,795		724,491		1,062,271		1,290,514	
Fittings, iron or steel, for iron and steel pipes.....	Great Britain...	871		775		4,009		9,204		14,817	
	United States...	28,822		25,047		267,967		324,435		409,327	
	Other countries..					30					
	Totals.....	29,693		25,822		272,006		333,639		424,144	
Hardware, viz.:— Builders', cabinet-makers', &c.	Great Britain...	4,391		2,757		61,011		74,342		44,781	
	United States...	33,228		27,386		466,557		560,242		424,101	
	Other countries..			296		3,009		5,628		4,540	
	Totals.....	37,619		30,433		530,577		640,212		473,422	

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain	77,566	.....	.....	.....	1,011,107	.....	2,065,047	.....
	United States	130,823	.....	76,460	347,956	1,061,883	.....	1,526,941	.....
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	86,181	418,889	1,771	.....	37,802	.....
	Totals .....	.....	.....	3,279	4,928	2,074,861	.....	3,629,880	.....
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N.E.S .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Machinery and machines.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Nails .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, etc.	Great Britain..... United States..... Germany..... Other countries..... Totals.....	22,512 95,247 563 118,322	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	17,322 224,783 1,096 1,785 244,986	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	305,805 816,949 259,820 1,382,574	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	772,675 1,387,007 363,608 2,523,350	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	743,673 1,791,860 173,159 79,363 2,788,055	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries..... Totals.....	2,476 33,304 189 35,969	..... ..... ..... .....	3,881 17,737 21,618	..... ..... ..... .....	127,479 120,988 27,783 276,250	..... ..... ..... .....	156,204 233,977 19,482 409,663	..... ..... ..... .....	199,717 263,300 20,914 483,931	..... ..... ..... .....	
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness, N.O.P.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries..... Totals.....	1,130 17,642 255 19,027	..... ..... ..... .....	5,648 26,306 31,954	..... ..... ..... .....	113,426 420,278 7,797 541,501	..... ..... ..... .....	195,164 545,489 4,727 745,380	..... ..... ..... .....	202,368 359,070 4,041 565,479	..... ..... ..... .....	
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries..... Totals.....	..... 75,483 75,483	..... ..... ..... .....	..... 172,206 172,206	..... ..... ..... .....	20,769 740,602 761,371	..... ..... ..... .....	2,619 673,262 850 676,731	..... ..... ..... .....	3,851 999,100 16,193 1,019,144	..... ..... ..... .....	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		Countries.		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
				Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	358,071	133,754	470,590	155,287	6,451,385	617,808	8,506,477	713,256	8,863,882	3,730,319		
	United States.....	2,094,408	260,991	2,394,869	351,622	20,203,477	3,749,242	28,766,142	4,420,807	32,352,098	5,284,668		
	Other countries.....	50,441	12,832	93,196	3,094	996,892	188,863	1,299,622	274,211	1,284,580	373,200		
	Totals.....	2,502,920	407,577	2,958,655	510,003	27,651,754	4,555,913	38,572,241	5,408,274	42,530,560	9,388,187		
Lead and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	11,666	11,272	18,740	7,697	243,498	44,623	316,871	66,354	330,982	95,318		
	United States.....	2,891	2,258	1,739	4,141	33,548	29,898	37,153	25,065	43,379	19,599		
	Other countries.....	2,413	.....	3,903	.....	25,364	1,289	28,395	3,947	42,732	3,154
	Totals	16,970	13,530	24,382	11,838	302,410	75,810	382,419	95,366	417,093	118,071		
Tin and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	2,729	122,242	2,867	68,184	24,400	1,384,792	28,307	1,556,806	34,333	1,779,117		
	United States.....	12,042	106,066	12,988	65,752	130,118	868,422	223,857	1,153,576	167,565	1,112,752		
	Other countries.....	964	1,210	997	869	8,091	147,930	9,293	187,032	6,974	157,786		
	Totals	15,735	229,518	16,852	134,805	162,699	2,401,144	261,457	2,897,414	208,872	3,049,655		
Zinc and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	4	3,971	10	5,134	431	81,148	304	116,273	1,097	189,827		
	United States.....	970	25,251	1,317	2,808	7,849	132,579	9,307	179,906	13,173	48,133		
	Belgium .....	.....	2,471	.....	6,469	.....	62,193	.....	62,716	.....	139,754
	Germany .....	.....	2,775	89	.....	36	22,790	39	65,856	89	20,597
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	2,555	468	9,991	267	2,966	718	31,425
	Totals	974	34,468	1,416	16,966	8,784	308,791	9,917	427,717	15,077	429,736		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	10,271	10,085	20,818	4,750	164,518	114,031	193,145	181,962	282,310	101,965		
	United States.....	134,324	77,724	157,847	122,356	1,031,134	1,799,439	1,285,069	2,272,920	1,559,164	2,599,132		
	Other countries.....	4,882	22,540	9,926	62,513	73,913	544,324	79,278	733,688	152,945	623,828		
	Totals	149,477	110,349	188,591	189,619	1,269,565	2,457,994	1,507,432	3,188,570	1,994,419	3,324,925		

Recapitulation.											
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	399,618	298,228	547,663	249,254	7,081,492	2,358,372	9,349,074	2,818,716	9,905,121	6,301,766
	United States	2,383,679	826,458	2,687,709	763,653	22,243,301	8,902,636	31,284,042	11,700,312	35,439,677	12,074,265
	Other countries	61,685	44,601	122,047	75,904	1,191,178	985,038	1,514,172	1,365,104	1,690,802	1,392,163
	Totals	2,844,982	1,169,287	3,357,419	1,088,811	30,516,171	12,246,046	42,147,288	15,884,132	46,965,600	19,768,194
Mineral water	Great Britain	334	432	452	46	16,616	10,328	74,567	14,472	59,258	85
	United States	2,626	30	2,620	46	59,783	1,223	74,567	1,085	59,258	424
	France	759	1,142	1,142	88	50,369	13,460	40,534	8,854	36,621	5
	Other countries	37	30	32	32	11,934	8,854	8,854	1	10,455	5
Musical instruments	Totals	3,921	30	4,334	46	152,162	1,223	185,857	1,086	192,169	514
	Great Britain	2,805	377	1,952	1,027	16,320	4,906	21,676	5,465	40,474	10,917
	United States	62,230	1,309	58,928	2,770	285,610	26,374	363,451	19,300	592,954	27,487
	Germany	2,320	4,929	3,916	299	53,933	15,456	64,106	19,240	62,922	13,435
Mustard	Other countries	1,883	2,570	2,570	76	24,059	76	26,371	32,209	728,559	51,839
	Totals	69,238	6,615	67,366	4,096	379,922	46,812	474,604	44,005	728,559	51,839
	Great Britain	6,914	10,470	10,470	82,488	78,770	82,488	20,574	91,933	24,112	501
	United States	1,828	2,046	2,046	515	21,996	673	103,735	116,546	116,546	550
Oils : —	Other countries	8,788	12,542	12,542	101,281	736,362	615,488	713,498	594,439	491,656	1,136,074
	Totals	323	58	2,801	2,801	4,532	2,796	7,390	2,366	8,233	1,127,291
	Great Britain	52,030	58,016	75,017	130,284	723,191	610,411	710,679	587,049	489,265	1,127,291
	United States	52,735	58,074	75,033	130,284	726,362	615,488	713,498	594,439	491,656	1,136,074
Fish oils	Totals	192	54	1,683	1,743	14,298	11,752	11,752	55,670	5,887	50,114
	Great Britain	547	1,947	1,947	1,657	8,745	60,058	5,903	55,670	5,887	50,114
	United States	143	1,484	52	1,657	8,745	60,058	5,903	55,670	5,887	50,114
	Newfoundland	882	1,484	2,053	1,657	24,726	60,058	19,398	55,670	22,718	50,114
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils— Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	Totals	12,248	417	2,782	3,550	42,972	10,754	68,207	72,225	36,688	66,291
	Great Britain	12,248	417	2,782	3,550	42,972	10,754	68,207	72,225	36,688	66,291
	United States	2,782	15,447	15,447	11,776	121,938	121,938	129,195	129,195	121,039	18,060
	Other countries	15,447	15,447	15,447	11,776	121,938	121,938	129,195	129,195	121,039	18,060

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed....	Great Britain.....	\$ 2,960		\$		\$ 3,198	166	\$ 11,415		\$ 834	
	United States.....	34,747		32,511	2,028	207,855	4,037	307,825	2,292	416,468	4,654
	Other countries.....					475		43			
	Totals.....	37,707		32,511	2,028	211,528	4,193	319,282	2,292	417,302	4,654
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain.....	4,929		1,342		623,292		172,684		115,739	
	United States.....	2,590		2,658		26,357		50,174		36,421	
	Other countries.....			14				34		242	
	Totals.....	7,449		4,014		649,649		222,892		152,402	
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain.....	244		356		7,394		6,952		12,853	
	United States.....	26,696		48,116		268,026		348,491		452,293	
	Other countries.....					551		283		2,319	
	Totals.....	26,940		48,472		275,971		355,726		467,395	
Oils, other.....	Great Britain.....	812		3,118	629	52,444	4,213	71,334	3,435	89,718	14,408
	United States.....	10,537	5,218	15,262	5,924	120,275	31,059	168,345	42,798	179,385	61,604
	Other countries.....	5,156		7,299	367	73,915		83,900	788	100,931	836
	Totals.....	16,505	5,218	25,679	6,920	246,634	35,272	323,579	47,021	370,034	76,848
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	9,460	12,306	4,870	4,179	690,812	77,108	266,924	83,050	223,813	88,932
	United States.....	127,077	63,651	175,511	142,742	1,390,002	688,484	1,597,265	670,111	1,588,290	1,230,237
	Other countries.....	5,239	4,266	7,381	5,744	81,036	71,357	90,186	73,436	109,404	69,560
	Totals.....	141,836	80,223	187,762	152,665	2,134,870	836,949	1,954,375	828,617	1,921,507	1,388,729

Oilcloth	Great Britain...	47,217	66,404	385,068	551,303	638,690
	United States...	17,260	16,691	120,199	186,822	177,622
	Other countries...	52		1,083	833	2,849
	Totals	64,529	83,095	506,350	738,958	819,161
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments.....	Great Britain...	2,603	7,916	28,244	32,188	99,692
	United States...	16,237	21,563	194,676	226,107	304,505
	Other countries...	2,233	4,405	36,425	36,801	56,455
	Totals	21,073	32,823	259,345	295,096	460,652
Packages.....	Great Britain...	62,996	91,391	321,733	410,477	867,347
	United States...	138,423	189,607	1,281,208	1,147,535	1,634,046
	Other countries...	36,202	44,271	304,188	313,256	421,831
	Totals	237,621	325,269	1,907,129	2,171,268	2,923,224
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	Great Britain...	10,956	12,100	79,969	128,687	188,197
	United States...	32,963	59,679	228,485	312,190	427,802
	Other countries...	13,993	16,580	66,932	130,922	235,191
	Totals	57,912	88,359	375,386	571,799	851,190
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	Great Britain...	6,909	3,265	165,779	327,114	399,973
	United States...	533	272	186,183	92,642	67,909
	Germany	301	866	159,225	31,898	48,101
	Other countries...			68,681	39,262	41,699
Totals...	7,743	4,403	580,618	490,916	557,682	59,393
Other paints and colours	Great Britain...	4,407	6,701	87,237	143,646	192,815
	United States...	18,421	15,290	274,867	309,301	99,563
	Germany	1,429	387	28,200	20,223	9,225
	Other countries...		113	16,255	15,304	24,594
Totals	24,257	22,491	406,559	492,529	478,817	258,087
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain...	1,405	461	9,229	14,650	13,755
	United States...	6,953	7,908	109,026	92,040	87,503
	Other countries...	411	718	5,545	7,289	8,023
	Totals	8,769	9,087	123,800	113,979	109,281

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.			
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 10,413	\$..	\$ 8,815	\$..	\$ 127,609	\$..	\$ 134,201	\$..
	United States.....	19,595	..	18,000	..	259,204	..	274,793	..
	Other countries..	350	..	163	..	3,304	..	6,064	..
	Totals.....	30,358	..	26,978	..	390,117	..	415,058	..
Paper, other.....	Great Britain.....	26,609	166	46,722	153	347,873	82	398,292	220
	United States....	143,317	1,749	175,811	1,967	1,321,255	7,846	1,523,999	24,286
	Other countries..	14,908	..	12,614	..	150,320	2,153	183,029	7,942
	Totals.....	187,834	1,915	235,147	2,020	1,819,448	10,081	2,105,320	32,448
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	41,427	166	55,998	153	484,711	82	547,143	220
	United States....	169,865	1,749	201,719	1,867	1,689,485	7,846	1,890,832	24,286
	Other countries..	15,669	..	13,495	..	159,169	2,153	196,982	7,942
	Totals.....	226,961	1,915	271,212	2,020	2,333,365	10,081	2,634,957	32,448
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise....	Great Britain.....	2,392	..	754	..	21,229	..	26,635	..
	United States....	8,383	..	6,061	..	75,403	..	83,536	..
	Germany.....	1,248	..	2,891	..	30,551	..	29,689	..
	Other countries..	16	..	523	..	425	..	1,439	..
Totals.....	12,039	..	10,229	..	127,408	..	141,199	..	
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Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	2,881	3,252	32,732	28,270	39,463
	United States.	19,964	18,631	.....	109,636	129,436	157,539
	Other countries.	9	789	.....	3,020	2,164	4,937
	Totals.	22,854	22,672	.....	145,447	159,890	201,939
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	2,020	3,749	.....	22,893	24,843	25,070
	United States.	10,947	15,256	.....	78,586	117,376	144,005
	France.	6,417	9,295	.....	73,200	77,079	97,407
	Other countries.	291	397	.....	4,597	8,316	11,594
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Totals.	19,675	28,697	.....	179,186	227,614	278,676
	Great Britain.	14,479	28,348	.....	204,484	239,591	293,677
	United States.	7,900	8,094	.....	91,622	97,471	103,707
	Other countries.	660	3,488	.....	17,123	19,978	34,480
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Totals.	23,039	39,930	.....	313,229	357,040	431,864
	Great Britain.	13,918	2,294	.....	33,905	337,252	60,679
	United States.	8,963	5,921	.....	19,626	87,373	108,872
	France.	1,091	1,376	.....	18,627	168,467	122,714
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Holland.	.....	.....	.....	189,792	218,694	676
	Other countries.	93,869	200	.....	7,822	270,309	130,110
	Totals.	123,841	6,121	.....	79,380	203,504	209,228
	Great Britain.	464	6,766	.....	12,582	18,506	60,320
Meats— Bacon and hams.	United States.	82,779	114,512	.....	444,987	690,085	976,892
	Other countries.	8,029	14,011	.....	35,436	41,763	47,135
	Totals.	91,272	135,289	.....	493,005	750,334	1,084,347
	Great Britain.	1,231	133	.....	646	1,672	4,620
Pork, barrellled in brine	United States.	16,172	37,752	.....	488,086	754,515	639,696
	Other countries.	.....	60	.....	308	437	144
	Totals.	17,403	37,945	.....	489,040	756,644	644,460
	Great Britain.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pork, barrellled in brine	United States.	33,542	35,487	.....	4,980	5,158	.....
	Other countries.	.....	439	.....	488,174	616,352	488,080
	Totals.	33,542	35,946	.....	71	86	471
	Great Britain.	.....	.....	.....	493,225	621,596	488,551

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$.	Dutiable.	Free.	\$.	Dutiable.	Free.	\$.	Dutiable.	Free.	\$.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Other meats, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	733			1,886			17,101			29,879		
	United States.....	27,539			24,877			373,377			493,249		
	Other countries.....	8,851			6,552			12,246			34,371		
	Totals.....	37,183			33,315			402,724			557,499		
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	2,428			8,785			35,309			55,215		
	United States.....	160,092			212,628			1,794,624			2,554,181		
	Other countries.....	16,880			21,082			48,061			76,677		
	Totals.....	179,400			242,495			1,877,994			2,686,073		
Rags.	Great Britain.....		11,367			9,372			80,163			116,226	219,230
	United States.....		15,448			37,530			134,585			177,962	383,809
	Germany.....		3,090						22,443			39,658	33,119
	Other countries.....								5,687			7,575	5,681
	Totals.....		29,905			46,902			242,878			341,421	643,839
Rennet.....	Great Britain.....			12		15			174			356	886
	United States.....			116		209			34,224			27,122	28,036
	Other countries.....								13,245			18,319	23,306
	Totals.....			128		224			47,643			45,797	54,288
Resin or rosin.....	Great Britain.....			849					2,256			8,358	488
	United States.....			23,924					273,995			300,055	388,851
	Other countries.....								67				
	Totals.....			24,773					276,318			308,413	389,339

Ribbons.....	24,515	22,701	307,504	350,018	452,059
Great Britain.....	6,416	4,539	48,392	77,077	83,605
United States.....	18,092	30,287	129,667	209,605	345,733
France.....	23,696	17,578	146,948	207,083	280,442
Switzerland.....	8,369	3,713	125,760	41,068	48,955
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	81,088	87,818	758,271	884,851	1,210,844
Salt.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....	2,609	5,446	101	288,281	284,346
Other countries.....	4,131	7,508	52,279	64,281	6,889
Totals.....				33,501	31,127
Seeds and bulbous roots.....					
Great Britain.....	1,753	1,661	22,444	7,078	17,626
United States.....	53,634	141,765	244,443	221,349	4,273,804
Other countries.....	8,175	2,520	7,944	18,822	20,234
Totals.....	63,632	145,946	274,831	247,249	4,311,664
Settlers' effects.....					
Great Britain.....					
United States.....	26,213	30,307			
Other countries.....	224,775	385,366	1,672,809	2,283,470	3,373,067
Totals.....	2,071	6,871	4,543,080	6,297,350	5,551,436
Silk and mfrs. of —					
Clothing.....	253,059	422,544	240,224	178,320	415,706
Great Britain.....	6,484	17,692	128,823	117,585	157,485
United States.....	1,046	3,928	37,807	30,441	33,325
Japan.....	3,068	4,192	24,354	20,372	38,302
Other countries.....	1,178	3,781	18,519	21,062	25,581
Totals.....	12,376	29,593	209,503	189,460	250,893
Fabrics.....					
Great Britain.....	73,868	78,991	1,002,764	919,705	1,173,029
United States.....	11,313	10,629	146,178	133,175	122,182
France.....	40,879	30,168	323,401	330,936	458,695
Germany.....	7,282	6,368	34,131	32,638	107,636
Japan.....	36,230	7,068	265,901	262,743	217,156
Switzerland.....	31,488	45,752	500,647	307,616	411,413
Other countries.....	4,357	8,991	207,737	151,958	151,051
Totals.....	205,417	187,967	2,480,709	2,168,841	2,641,162

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain.....		36,474		31,844		285,493		302,648		383,905		383,905
	United States.....						6,485		50,712		17,622		17,622
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....		36,474		31,844		291,978		353,360		401,527		401,527
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....													
	Great Britain.....	7,131		12,055		163,744		164,665		220,543			
	United States.....	797		540		8,643		8,651		12,012			
	France.....	2,614		2,791		41,821		31,938		52,061			
	Germany.....	47		512		21,749		27,639		26,691			
	Other countries.....					3,024		1,601		3,225			
	Totals.....	10,589		15,898		238,931		234,494		314,532			
Silk, other.....													
	Great Britain.....	15,385	1,137	16,122		149,252	1,800	147,815	1,887	179,352	1,997		
	United States.....	3,960	2,127	2,003	1,475	41,582	13,802	46,538	16,489	55,313	22,785		
	Japan.....	3,591		3,407		90,755		93,100		126,126			
	Other countries.....	6,001	61	4,765		33,691	182	39,446	1,790	49,290	677		
	Totals.....	28,937	3,325	26,297	1,475	315,290	15,784	328,899	20,616	410,081	25,459		
Recapitulation. Silk and mfrs. of.....													
	Great Britain.....	102,868	1,137	124,860		1,444,583	1,800	1,349,770	1,887	1,750,409	1,997		
	United States.....	17,716	38,601	17,100	33,319	234,160	299,295	218,805	319,587	225,032	406,690		
	Other countries.....	136,735	61	117,795		1,565,740	6,667	1,351,119	52,502	1,667,227	18,299		
	Totals.....	257,319	39,799	259,755	33,319	3,244,483	397,762	2,919,694	373,976	3,622,668	426,986		

Samp.	Great Britain...	1,685	3,677	33,445	341	41,189	490	48,032	428
	United States...	28,055	32,291	274,480	657	346,471	791	356,722	637
	France.....	5,595	8,257	56,925	84,245	84,245		81,096	
	Other countries.	471	347	5,213	3,237	3,237		6,489	
	Totals.....	35,806	44,572	370,463	998	477,142	1,281	492,339	1,065
Spices.....	Great Britain...	4,880	7,320	95,015		115,641		111,255	
	United States...	3,715	4,615	53,239		51,319		54,814	
	B. E. Indies ..	7,363	3,041	29,803		60,760		40,687	
	Other countries.	1,947	1,746	25,321		18,862		24,358	
	Totals.....	17,905	16,722	203,378		246,582		231,114	
Spirits and wines— Spirits— Brandy including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy.....	Great Britain...	1,590	1,483	19,688		19,118		12,652	
	United States...	55,511	20	1,162		802		4,461	
	France.....	78	73,770	405,841		480,738		517,765	
	Other countries.		156	701		895		811	
	Totals.....	57,179	75,429	427,392		501,553		535,689	
Gin of all kinds	Great Britain...	5,794	9,023	66,541		82,096		99,141	
	United States...	26,092	45,080	209,262		229,668		300,134	
	Holland ..	10	10	184		55		46	
	Other countries.								
	Totals.....	31,886	54,113	276,155		311,979		400,056	
Whiskey	Great Britain...	85,242	123,640	637,462		801,449		905,464	
	United States...	300	1,234	8,626		7,164		5,465	
	Other countries.	26	129	708		664		584	
	Totals.....	85,568	125,003	646,796		809,277		911,513	
Other spirits.....	Great Britain...	3,306	5,621	26,137		31,225		36,032	
	United States...	743	791	50,541		9,866		8,505	
	Other countries.	14,890	19,184	96,644		117,879		131,186	
	Totals.....	18,439	25,596	173,322		158,970		175,723	
Wines, non-sparkling.....	Great Britain...	2,544	5,986	20,988		29,095		29,617	
	United States...	1,218	2,357	16,376		15,702		14,454	
	France.....	12,031	7,609	93,434		104,397		101,079	
	Spain	15,428	20,013	109,514		122,064		130,405	
	Other countries.	8,758	13,501	84,567		85,454		96,215	
	Totals.....	39,979	49,466	394,879		356,712		371,770	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling.....	Great Britain.....	1,189	.....	727	.....	10,716	.....	10,770	.....	8,099	.....	8,099	.....
	United States.....	289	.....	140	.....	2,669	.....	6,753	.....	2,084	.....	2,084	.....
	France.....	30,147	.....	31,521	.....	195,403	.....	241,608	.....	266,724	.....	266,724	.....
	Other countries..	571	.....	318	.....	2,793	.....	3,861	.....	3,576	.....	3,576	.....
	Totals.....	32,196	.....	32,706	.....	211,581	.....	262,992	.....	280,483	.....	280,483	.....
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Spirits and wines.....	Great Britain.....	99,655	.....	146,480	.....	781,532	.....	973,753	.....	1,091,005	.....	1,091,005	.....
	United States.....	2,550	.....	4,542	.....	79,542	.....	40,447	.....	35,704	.....	35,704	.....
	Other countries..	163,542	.....	211,291	.....	1,199,051	.....	1,387,283	.....	1,548,525	.....	1,548,525	.....
	Totals.....	265,747	.....	362,313	.....	2,060,125	.....	2,401,483	.....	2,675,234	.....	2,675,234	.....
Stone and infs. of. . .	Great Britain.....	5,376	.....	7,943	94	96,819	30,690	109,370	49,480	125,356	28,114	125,356	28,114
	United States.....	20,077	27,246	21,963	24,070	290,588	127,970	342,658	217,092	315,291	351,573	315,291	351,573
	Other countries..	148	.....	323	.....	5,368	16,385	8,247	8,040	4,212	28,742	4,212	28,742
	Totals.....	25,601	27,246	30,229	24,164	392,775	175,045	460,275	274,612	444,859	408,429	444,859	408,429
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar.....	Great Britain.....	40,198	.....	67,549	.....	734,094	.....	719,627	.....	810,625	.....	810,625	.....
	United States.....	152	.....	76	.....	15,788	.....	9,938	.....	3,617	.....	3,617	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	681,421	.....	348	.....	11,546	.....	11,546	.....
	B. Guiana.....	80,976	.....	3,730	.....	2,224,756	.....	2,316,531	.....	851,320	.....	851,320	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	921	.....	503,200	.....	3,366,543	.....	3,313,997	.....	5,189,557	.....	5,189,557	.....
	Dutch E. Indies..	1,495	.....	17,590	.....	854,481	.....	406,565	.....	528,031	.....	528,031	.....
	Fiji.....	.....	.....	63,253	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253,085	.....	253,085	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	45,780	.....	15	.....	889,155	.....	341,491	.....	631,655	.....	631,655	.....
	Totals.....	169,522	.....	655,413	.....	8,769,584	.....	7,108,462	.....	8,285,436	.....	8,285,436	.....

Molasses.	Great Britain.....	.....	451	.....	3,506	.....	1,747	.....	5,964
	United States.....	3,874	4,893	.....	53,457	5,004	53,569	4,312	32,013
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	.....	3,802	.....	673,817	.....	756,452	879,227
	Porto Rico.....	5,220	.....	.....	263,811	.....	229,315	.....	6,904
	Other countries.....	.....	632	2,034	4,008	.....	17,048	.....	4,823
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.	Totals.....	9,094	1,885	6,313	324,732	678,821	301,679	769,764	44,881
	Great Britain.....	18,268	.....	.....	133,609	.....	175,620	.....	261,315
	United States.....	20,012	34,387	.....	129,483	.....	139,224	.....	141,945
	Other countries.....	2,147	15,464	6,644	16,886	.....	16,215	.....	22,673
	Totals.....	40,427	56,495	.....	279,947	.....	331,059	.....	425,933
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	58,466	.....	.....	871,209	.....	896,994	.....	1,083,904
	United States.....	24,038	20,433	.....	138,698	5,004	202,731	4,312	177,575
	Other countries.....	136,539	595,064	5,836	8,304,406	673,817	6,641,475	756,452	7,494,771
	Totals.....	219,043	1,885	6,313	9,374,313	678,821	7,741,200	769,764	8,756,250
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	887,069
Tea.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	101,333	1,432	683,044	493	840,775	16
	United States.....	3,940	.....	.....	22,884	.....	23,595	.....	18,254
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	3,180	274,648	.....	1,139,701	.....	1,231,132	1,484,949
	China.....	.....	10,836	33,251	.....	196,994	.....	114,933	136,553
	Other countries.....	.....	56,722	121,119	.....	508,743	473,449	.....	592,869
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Totals.....	3,940	279,364	530,401	24,322	2,464,912	24,162	2,660,465	7
	Great Britain.....	3,755	.....	2,878	101,796	1,945	112,385	358	149,611
	United States.....	10,230	167,845	212,929	129,514	1,940,291	162,235	2,094,746	4,430
	Cuba.....	52,150	.....	975	294,796	12,134	371,092	60,763	2,253,992
	Other countries.....	4,475	13,384	1,915	34,577	8,586	44,054	54,831	54,012
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c	Totals.....	70,610	181,229	218,697	560,683	1,962,956	689,766	2,210,698	33,486
	Great Britain.....	15,870	.....	.....	200,911	.....	215,479	.....	2,345,920
	United States.....	3,118	.....	.....	27,304	.....	31,903	.....	240,384
	Aust.-Hungary.....	4,505	10,184	.....	38,398	.....	43,549	.....	41,485
	Other countries.....	611	8,880	71,410	27,860	.....	49,423	.....	92,087
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c	Totals.....	30,141	44,394	.....	365,878	.....	353,894	.....	107,330
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,444
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	506,330
	Aust.-Hungary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Turpentine, spirits of....	Great Britain....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,800	.....	2,231	.....	.....	3,235
	United States....	14,793	.....	.....	23,550	405,692	.....	450,555	.....	.....	477,369
	Other countries....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	623
	Totals.....	14,793	.....	.....	23,550	408,892	.....	452,786	.....	.....	481,227
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials....	Great Britain....	1,907	.....	2,398	.....	22,305	.....	30,164	.....	46,684	.....
	United States....	524	.....	1,387	.....	6,023	.....	6,940	.....	13,532	.....
	Other countries....	20	.....	543	.....	962	.....	1,242	.....	5,333	.....
	Totals ..	2,451	.....	4,328	.....	29,290	.....	38,346	.....	67,569	.....
Varnish, lacquers, japan dryers, &c	Great Britain ..	1,384	.....	950	.....	44,628	307	36,382	111	28,293	.....
	United States....	6,835	.....	7,408	.....	81,589	137	81,457	325	82,790	.....
	Other countries....	.....	.....	.....	.....	357	.....	338	.....	201	.....
	Totals ..	8,219	.....	8,358	.....	126,574	444	118,177	436	111,284	.....
Vegetables,	Great Britain....	1,689	.....	3,424	.....	62,112	.....	55,628	.....	92,549	.....
	United States....	14,635	.....	20,044	.....	688,648	.....	568,572	.....	742,928	.....
	Other countries....	4,847	.....	12,190	.....	93,019	.....	102,496	.....	192,552	.....
	Totals.....	21,191	.....	36,258	.....	843,779	.....	727,196	.....	958,029	.....

Watches.....	1,615	1,411	23,190	20,481	18,404	18,404
Great Britain...	63,088	42,050	528,185	573,591	605,659	605,659
United States...	303	355	30,899	18,282	3,856	3,856
France.....	11,520	20,624	128,776	118,976	167,114	167,114
Switzerland...	4,485	3,452	12,247	30,712	38,970	38,970
Other countries.						
Totals.....	81,011	67,892	723,294	762,041	834,003	834,003
Wood and mfrs. of—						
Furniture..	4,670	4,156	38,851	41,725	47,233	47,233
Great Britain...	35,712	50,155	533,944	523,145	587,233	587,233
United States...	1,307	4,442	33,291	27,790	27,511	27,511
Other countries.						
Totals.....	41,689	58,753	604,086	592,640	661,977	661,977
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....						
Great Britain...						
United States...	6,387					
Other countries.						
Totals.....	6,387					
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....						
Great Britain...	952					
United States...	4,099					
Other countries..	27					
Totals.....	4,126					
Other wood and mfrs. of, N. E. S.						
Great Britain...	2,735	5,714	9,128	56,191	93,065	9,828
United States...	117,400	151,647	660,000	1,261,067	1,572,498	1,066,432
Other countries...	8,720	14,556	12,534	144,815	140,249	22,366
Totals.....	128,855	171,917	1,272,831	1,462,073	1,814,812	1,098,626
Recapitulation.						
Wood and mfrs. of.....	7,405	9,870	86,315	98,207	140,352	29,203
Great Britain...	157,211	208,792	4,660,039	1,879,515	2,248,229	8,340,546
United States...	10,054	18,998	151,238	172,667	176,760	42,507
Other countries.						
Totals.....	174,670	237,660	2,014,836	2,150,389	2,565,341	8,412,256

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets (includes mats and rugs subsequent to 1906)	Great Britain...	91,142	.....	121,504	.....	885,357	.....	882,252	.....	1,262,544	.....	1,262,544	.....
	United States...	31	.....	352	.....	4,979	.....	4,196	.....	15,797	.....	15,797	.....
	Germany.....	681	.....	.....	.....	6,511	.....	4,374	.....	1,250	.....	1,250	.....
	Other countries.	161	.....	2,746	.....	7,781	.....	7,953	.....	36,533	.....	36,533	.....
	Totals.....	92,015	.....	124,602	.....	904,628	.....	898,775	.....	1,316,124	.....	1,316,124	.....
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.....	Great Britain...	22,376	.....	41,026	.....	473,814	.....	483,780	.....	661,055	.....	661,055	.....
	United States...	9,224	.....	11,217	.....	286,818	.....	206,872	.....	275,076	.....	275,076	.....
	France.....	241	.....	879	.....	8,248	.....	6,713	.....	19,287	.....	19,287	.....
	Germany.....	1,598	.....	5,827	.....	235,257	.....	239,691	.....	280,991	.....	280,991	.....
	Other countries.	556	.....	357	.....	14,585	.....	5,906	.....	4,018	.....	4,018	.....
	Totals.....	33,995	.....	59,306	.....	1,012,722	.....	941,965	.....	1,241,427	.....	1,241,427	.....
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.....	Great Britain...	534,090	.....	412,651	.....	3,114,256	.....	3,930,194	.....	4,084,615	.....	4,084,615	.....
	United States...	3	.....	1,714	.....	6,446	.....	9,193	.....	20,173	.....	20,173	.....
	France.....	7,949	.....	13,805	.....	31,242	.....	51,807	.....	85,247	.....	85,247	.....
	Germany.....	5,151	.....	2,060	.....	44,439	.....	55,924	.....	57,510	.....	57,510	.....
	Other countries.	72	.....	267	.....	7,046	.....	18,332	.....	11,197	.....	11,197	.....
	Totals.....	547,265	.....	430,497	.....	3,203,429	.....	4,005,450	.....	4,258,742	.....	4,258,742	.....
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.....	Great Britain...	393,463	.....	385,067	.....	2,974,850	.....	3,296,157	.....	3,817,029	.....	3,817,029	.....
	United States...	4,803	.....	3,878	.....	33,798	.....	48,443	.....	49,461	.....	49,461	.....
	France.....	103,830	.....	134,967	.....	600,100	.....	804,968	.....	1,048,936	.....	1,048,936	.....

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear, N.E.S.....	Germany..	6,270	.....	4,205	.....	83,947	.....	74,918	.....	101,695	.....
	Other countries	5,524	.....	2,213	.....	63,026	.....	49,174	.....	70,093	.....
	Totals	513,890	.....	530,420	.....	3,755,721	.....	4,203,660	.....	5,087,214	.....
	Totals	19,477	.....	32,378	.....	290,397	.....	298,681	.....	548,079	.....
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c...	Great Britain	13,086	.....	26,073	.....	223,859	.....	230,813	.....	458,715	.....
	United States	2,376	.....	4,137	.....	30,424	.....	23,268	.....	27,680	.....
	Germany	3,939	.....	1,284	.....	31,684	.....	35,040	.....	40,831	.....
	Other countries	76	.....	824	.....	4,830	.....	8,960	.....	20,903	.....
Totals	Totals	19,477	.....	32,378	.....	290,397	.....	298,681	.....	548,079	.....
	Great Britain	62,004	.....	84,402	.....	688,195	.....	800,376	.....	882,245	.....
	United States	3,239	.....	968	.....	13,906	.....	13,049	.....	7,790	.....
	Germany	551	.....	1,652	.....	34,946	.....	50,087	.....	54,508	.....
Totals	Other countries	67	.....	1,314	.....	2,828	.....	2,253	.....	4,174	.....
	Totals	65,861	.....	88,336	.....	739,875	.....	866,365	.....	948,717	.....
Wool, raw.....	Great Britain	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States	.....	81,041	.....	.....	.....	501,959	.....	350,371	.....	439,280
	Australasia	.....	9,177	.....	.....	.....	256,597	.....	213,709	.....	242,237
	Other countries	.....	8,380	.....	.....	.....	110,745	.....	50,511	.....	101,115
Totals	Totals	.....	98,598	.....	.....	.....	302,728	.....	131,747	.....	99,263
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,172,029	.....	746,338	.....	103,883
Yarn.....	Great Britain	48,065	.....	89,014	.....	644,978	.....	686,636	.....	963,476	.....
	United States	31	.....	9	.....	2,176	.....	1,866	.....	3,562	.....
	Germany	1,123	.....	401	.....	38,422	.....	25,907	.....	39,865	.....
	Other countries	216	.....	168	.....	12,622	.....	7,860	.....	3,788	.....
Totals	Totals	49,435	.....	89,592	.....	699,198	.....	722,269	.....	1,010,691	.....
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	81,217	.....	106,511	.....	23,071
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain	25,020	.....	30,122	.....	482,563	.....	492,426	.....	451,140	.....
	United States	4,849	.....	10,407	.....	82,585	.....	75,946	.....	94,539	.....
	France	2,310	.....	3,813	.....	25,081	.....	31,183	.....	42,968	.....
	Other countries	898	.....	1,663	.....	61,008	.....	55,405	.....	84,055	.....
Totals	Totals	33,430	.....	50,828	.....	709,183	.....	732,166	.....	99,995	.....
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,877	.....	7,064	.....	3,062
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	220,335	.....	274,692	.....	389,640
	Totals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	81,217	.....	106,511	.....	23,071

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	1,189,246	101,840	1,189,859	86,337	9,487,872	721,835	10,733,234	689,695	12,580,819	829,373		
	United States...	24,556	9,320	32,742	23,892	455,132	319,466	382,833	235,968	495,028	252,368		
	Other countries.	141,566	10,076	183,358	14,239	1,372,149	432,880	1,613,264	201,878	2,057,844	316,748		
	Totals.....	1,355,368	121,236	1,405,959	124,468	11,315,153	1,474,181	12,729,331	1,127,541	15,133,691	1,398,489		
All other articles, N. E. S.....	Great Britain...	66,027	122,131	100,740	21,825	701,301	199,514	819,925	318,162	1,046,117	385,797		
	United States...	208,056	94,105	274,243	110,286	2,360,757	1,177,853	2,652,220	789,248	3,235,756	1,119,588		
	Other countries.	24,313	9,900	33,730	15,753	311,347	212,238	345,148	214,179	438,684	217,397		
	Totals.....	298,396	226,136	408,713	147,864	3,373,405	1,589,605	3,817,293	1,321,589	4,720,557	1,722,782		
Total imports (mdse.).....	Great Britain...	3,793,943	1,228,268	4,966,026	1,030,677	37,914,332	13,023,994	44,606,518	15,947,976	54,128,960	19,593,305		
	United States...	6,163,959	5,450,897	7,631,246	6,674,989	64,790,133	57,679,049	78,247,371	68,264,090	88,312,666	74,926,185		
	Other countries.	1,774,327	1,103,752	2,668,566	1,126,464	23,485,691	10,155,067	24,570,518	11,505,209	28,551,219	12,654,626		
	Totals . . .	11,732,229	7,782,917	15,265,838	8,832,130	125,290,156	80,858,110	147,424,407	95,717,275	170,992,845	107,174,116		
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain...	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	10,623	.....	60	.....	492,157		
	United States...	.....	344,641	.....	450,093	.....	5,294,868	.....	8,449,419	.....	5,382,938		
	Other countries.	.....	312	.....	.....	.....	378	.....	1,464	.....	1,189		
	Totals.....	.....	344,979	.....	450,093	.....	5,305,869	.....	8,450,943	.....	5,876,284		
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain...	3,793,943	1,228,294	4,966,026	1,030,677	37,914,332	13,034,617	44,606,518	15,948,036	54,128,960	20,085,462		
	United States...	6,163,959	5,795,538	7,631,246	7,125,082	64,790,133	62,973,917	78,247,371	76,713,509	88,312,666	80,309,123		
	Other countries.	1,774,327	1,104,064	2,668,566	1,126,464	23,485,691	10,155,445	24,570,518	11,506,673	28,551,219	12,655,815		
	Totals.....	11,752,229	8,127,896	15,265,838	9,282,223	125,290,156	86,163,979	147,424,407	104,168,218	170,992,845	113,050,400		

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of December, 1906 and 1907, and the *nine months* ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals, living— Horned cattle.....	Great Britain.....	944,432	.....	421,878	.....	10,609,103	29,950	10,880,804	.....	7,824,456	.....
	United States.....	8,197	600	107,970	.....	179,648	2,802	146,598	770	405,645	1,525
	Newfoundland.....	5,640	.....	2,105	.....	75,825	.....	105,314	.....	97,680	.....
	Other countries.....	450	.....	1,690	.....	151,429	.....	323,513	.....	29,569	.....
	Totals.....	958,719	600	533,643	.....	11,016,005	32,752	11,456,259	770	8,447,350	1,525
Horses.....	Great Britain.....	2,400	.....	.....	300	44,380	.....	20,575	.....	27,100	300
	United States.....	52,945	10,580	67,985	10,070	322,968	312,875	434,703	457,043	393,799	417,666
	Other countries.....	2,940	.....	3,020	.....	40,693	.....	78,628	.....	27,030	.....
	Totals.....	58,285	10,580	71,005	10,370	408,041	312,875	533,906	457,043	447,929	417,966
Sheep.....	Great Britain.....	48,475	.....	45,696	.....	243,400	.....	209,542	.....	240,040	.....
	United States.....	249,968	455	138,279	.....	802,284	1,665	1,000,709	12,435	867,819	14,613
	Other countries.....	3,846	.....	1,697	.....	20,036	.....	21,174	.....	16,422	.....
	Totals.....	302,289	455	185,672	.....	1,065,720	1,665	1,231,425	12,435	1,124,281	14,613
Other animals, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	62	.....	36	.....	2,810	.....	287	.....	66	.....
	United States.....	18,901	167	22,507	97	78,031	7,232	79,149	5,165	92,634	53,875
	Other countries.....	1,360	.....	1,189	.....	3,808	.....	5,369	.....	5,223	.....
	Totals.....	20,323	167	23,732	97	84,644	7,232	77,755	5,165	97,923	53,875

Beans	1,148	22,337	5,762	1,148	5,762	1,148
Great Britain	2,091	12,054	206	16,737	99	36
United States	765	58,034	615	21,847	48	765
France	434	18,607	821	44,346	147	192
Other countries	4	111,032	821	44,346	147	228
Totals	4,438	104,058	121,350	440	96,480	
Buckwheat	48,553	6,853	4,133	10,555	10,555	
Great Britain	3,739	29,877	33,782	1,659	14,708	
United States	18,040	21,063	1,659	1,659	2	
Belgium	2	161,851	160,924	440	141,814	
Other countries	70,334	1,975	3,056,119	18,417	2,609,720	1,992
Totals	786	830	49	44	500	2,872,855
Indian corn	144,338	47,117	60,715	14,687	691	18
Great Britain	144,338	3,040	3,164,000	19,057	2,624,907	3,583
United States	786	214,983	622,567	1,570,180	65,204	2,322,953
Belgium	16	36,346	71,536	31,840	76,456	103,107
Other countries	5	39,613	1,323	941	17,536	638
Totals	802	47,993	1,323	63,068	68,796	17,536
Oats	102,521	124,636	110,019	405,247	405,247	
Great Britain	122,022	463,571	695,426	1,776,048	141,660	638
United States	48,049	191,806	270,686	270,686	265,405	
Belgium	27,470	92,283	51,811	51,811	63,418	
B. W. Indies	586	6,430	345	27,730	586	
Other countries	1,337	207,210	190,825	29,413	131,431	1,412
Totals	17,837	497,706	3	541,417	490,253	1,412
Pease, whole and split	95,279	64,228	33,113	22,184	18,799	
Great Britain	15,476	2	10,807	9	9,765	
United States	15,476	2	20	33,122	31,940	
Other countries	15,476	2	20	33,122	31,940	
Totals	15,476	2	20	33,122	31,940	
Rye	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	
Great Britain	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	
United States	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	
Other countries	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	
Totals	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	17,734	

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain— <i>Con.</i> Wheat.....	Great Britain...	4,741,873	396,724	5,673,488	1,717,104	19,851,321	263,677	25,925,069	721,449	30,749,352	3,562,008		
	United States...	818		879		2,007,532		1,845,772		66,669	150		
	Belgium.....	19,886			483,036	361,682	17,000	114,042		117,068	531,450		
	Germany.....												
	Other countries..	11,029	41,391	71,520	177,762	13,206	94,478	155,446	41,391	110,567	177,762		
	Totals.....	4,773,606	438,315	5,745,887	2,377,902	22,233,741	381,155	27,140,329	763,040	31,043,656	4,271,370		
Other grain, N.E.S....	Great Britain...							1,120					
	United States...			387		2,407		7,326		389			
	Other countries..	250		20		1,404		280		761			
	Totals.....	250		407		3,811		8,706		1,150			
Grain.....	Great Britain...	5,104,699	681,019	5,847,816	1,801,442	20,461,938	5,018,635	27,459,398	3,751,672	34,016,369	6,453,662		
	United States...	27,789	1,291	73,430	4	2,177,119	71,940	1,965,104	77,205	336,210	824		
	Other countries..	139,976	41,596	225,802	660,798	958,442	252,310	729,495	56,335	1,082,596	710,863		
	Totals.....	5,332,464	723,906	6,147,048	2,522,244	23,597,499	5,342,885	30,153,997	3,885,212	35,429,175	7,165,349		
Grain products— Bran.....	Great Britain...	5,692		57,432		138,320		146,983		181,786			
	United States...	8,276		47,849		140,776		72,493		169,149			
	B. W. Indies....	1,408				8,308		5,271		3,552			
	Other countries..	4,555		22,608		112,270		57,175		333,786			
	Totals.....	19,931		127,589		399,674		281,922		688,273			
Cereal foods.....	Great Britain...	101,611		70,112		714,207		704,368		669,081	48		
	United States...			2		1,382	395	11,514	250	3,061	769		
	Other countries..	18,439	20	43,848	42	260,356	50	254,997	184	333,237	81		
	Totals.....	120,050	20	113,962	42	975,945	445	970,879	464	1,005,379	898		

Recapitulation.

Oatmeal.....	90,100.....	56,431.....	343,824.....	400,942.....	497,089.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	96,302.....	67,490.....	367,622.....	449,230.....	549,703.....
Wheat flour.....	310,928.....	574,655.....	2,191,780.....	2,483,794.....	3,546,206.....
Great Britain.....	29.....	5,054.....	71,319.....	40,060.....	93,929.....
United States.....	7,364.....	.....	21,776.....	17,143.....	.....
Australasia.....	24,527.....	34,426.....	260,783.....	194,200.....	230,630.....
B. W. Indies.....	209,211.....	34,060.....	857,492.....	990,739.....	963,540.....
Newfoundland.....	87,273.....	84,023.....	784,789.....	657,298.....	1,471,573.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	639,332.....	732,218.....	4,187,939.....	4,313,234.....	6,305,938.....
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.....	5,718.....	2,264.....	31,694.....	37,829.....	31,569.....
Great Britain.....	1,035.....	178.....	9,423.....	6,233.....	5,323.....
United States.....	6,501.....	9,155.....	35,658.....	39,628.....	56,475.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	13,254.....	11,597.....	76,775.....	83,696.....	93,367.....
Breadstuffs.....	5,678,748.....	6,608,410.....	23,881,763.....	31,233,314.....	38,936,160.....
Great Britain.....	37,129.....	126,513.....	2,402,592.....	2,096,341.....	78,769.....
United States.....	505,456.....	454,981.....	3,321,699.....	2,523,297.....	697,691.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	6,221,333.....	7,199,904.....	2,522,397.....	36,252,962.....	4,527,984.....
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	.....	.....	5,346,643.....	3,887,262.....	44,071,835.....
Automobiles.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	7,686.....	980.....	9,483.....	13,630.....	15,700.....
United States.....	13,907.....	10,870.....	3,885.....	23,666.....	50,365.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	21,593.....	11,850.....	15,145.....	53,435.....	62,236.....
Bicycles.....	90.....	25.....	618.....	90,731.....	128,301.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	25.....	10.....	838.....	780.....	330.....
Australasia.....	16,545.....	.....	33,954.....	1,159.....	1,197.....
Other countries.....	1,085.....	.....	14,136.....	41,408.....	26,885.....
Totals.....	17,720.....	35.....	49,546.....	3,367.....	31,133.....
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	350.....	863.....	28,878.....	7,112.....	14,143.....
Great Britain.....	2,050.....	6,923.....	60,751.....	20,376.....	67,818.....
United States.....	11,953.....	12,239.....	71,835.....	86,324.....	105,549.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	13,453.....	20,085.....	161,464.....	113,812.....	187,510.....
				80,387.....	34,021.....

Recapitulation.

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	29,583	.....	24,109	563	309,529	4,377	277,656	1,560	210,021	1,023
	United States...	39,679	41,913	61,933	47,672	387,350	382,534	449,250	593,014	463,395	782,841
	Australasia	.....	.....	1	.....	16,203	.....	31,506	.....	13,798	.....
	Other countries..	21,547	14	15,477	291	177,822	37,569	318,085	10,843	286,492	8,403
	Totals	90,809	41,927	101,540	48,526	890,921	424,480	1,077,297	605,417	923,636	792,267
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...	59	60	.....	520	3,088	373	4,526	11,437	1,153	620
	United States...	1,069	3,128	436	4,514	2,457	135,821	9,110	36,760	13,758	40,942
	Other countries..	216	20	784	4	.....	3,396	11,392	467	9,513	2,276
	Totals	1,344	3,208	1,220	5,038	12,379	139,590	25,028	48,664	24,424	43,838
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain...	370	.....	.....	.....	1,950	.....	30,055	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	19,510	.....	14,407	.....	170,887	1,025	133,041	1,909	162,571	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	4,689	.....	33,585	.....	14,308	.....	42,888	.....
	Totals	19,880	.....	19,096	.....	212,422	1,025	178,004	1,909	205,459	.....
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted	Great Britain...	63,645	.....	61,176	.....	79,558	.....	92,755	.....	79,920	.....
	United States...	37,950	.....	62,979	86	505,482	.....	252,729	.....	283,382	86
	Brazil	123,736	.....	182,569	.....	339,684	.....	505,459	.....	509,496	.....
	B. W. Indies ..	77,355	.....	60,047	.....	540,750	2,732	617,743	3,775	564,512	1,171
Herrings, fresh or frozen	Cuba	46,499	.....	28,491	.....	267,739	.....	263,545	.....	236,545	.....
	Other countries..	180,895	.....	145,066	.....	764,396	150	1,017,407	.....	815,190	.....
	Totals	530,080	.....	540,328	86	2,517,609	2,882	2,780,033	3,775	2,489,045	1,257
	Great Britain...	11,271	.....	6,042	.....	148,711	.....	85,038	.....	115,208	.....
Herrings, pickled	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	50	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	11,271	.....	6,042	.....	148,711	.....	85,088	.....	115,258	.....
	Great Britain...	708	.....	.....	.....	425	.....	708	.....	.....	.....
Lobsters, fresh	United States...	10,895	4,980	19,849	1,200	97,878	.....	59,031	4,980	69,741	1,288
	B. W. Indies ..	13,243	145	13,555	.....	164,398	1,035	134,280	145	92,044	300
	Other countries..	3,825	.....	2,401	300	41,404	.....	34,361	.....	54,364	300
	Totals	28,671	5,125	35,805	1,500	304,105	1,035	229,280	5,125	216,149	1,888
Totals	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,476	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	264	.....	953	.....	307,683	.....	294,450	.....	278,146	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	264	.....	953	.....	307,688	.....	302,926	.....	278,146	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain...	\$ 22,412	\$	\$ 4,496	\$	\$ 733,982	\$	\$ 859,890	\$	\$ 557,930	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	2,329	.....	698	.....	960,103	.....	638,822	.....	938,286	.....	.....	.....
	Belgium.....	1,436	.....	.....	.....	63,190	.....	36,457	.....	41,987	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	.....	.....	2,998	.....	690,699	.....	888,451	.....	829,851	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29,975	.....	18,052	.....	51,671	.....	.....	.....
Mackerel, fresh	Other countries..	1,200	.....	89	.....	88,593	.....	94,240	.....	95,210	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	27,377	.....	9,281	.....	2,571,542	.....	2,555,919	.....	2,514,835	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	22,883	.....	8,261	.....	50,586	.....	163,162	.....	78,290	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mackerel, pickled.....	Totals	22,883	.....	8,261	.....	50,586	.....	163,166	.....	78,290	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	13,249	.....	19,117	.....	133,907	.....	358,169	.....	227,911	.....	.....	.....
	B. W. Indies...	5,667	765	5,171	.....	28,969	.....	43,320	.....	38,314	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	2,246	75	3,437	.....	14,182	.....	26,458	.....	32,680	.....	.....	.....
Salmon, canned.....	Totals	21,162	840	27,745	.....	177,058	.....	427,887	.....	298,905	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	383,653	.....	4,680	.....	2,691,427	.....	1,030,361	.....	1,321,647	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	1	.....	3,332	.....	225,090	.....	12	.....	24,575	.....	.....	.....
	Australasia. ...	44,848	8,810	8,100	.....	205,467	.....	109,974	.....	95,031	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	21,571	.....	15,683	.....	98,597	.....	47,721	.....	148,071	.....	.....	.....
Salmon, fresh	Totals	450,073	.....	32,505	.....	3,218,581	.....	1,225,755	.....	1,589,324	.....	.....	.....
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	9,753	.....	267,449	.....	45,129	.....	45,747	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	3,213	.....	5,178	.....	177,566	.....	155,580	.....	124,085	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	2,792	.....	2,792	.....	9,128	.....	13,201	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	5,991	.....	9,053	.....	1,234	.....	13,033	.....	.....	.....
Totals	Totals	3,213	.....	24,082	.....	457,060	.....	211,080	.....	198,066	.....	.....	.....

Salmon, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	327	2,703	890	4,802	81,914	.....
	United States.....	1,014	850	110,110	150,110	5,876	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	171,678	19,520	128,169	226,010	163,345	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	243,625	387,465	251,135	.....
	Totals.....	173,019	23,079	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fish, all other, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	91	174	746	282	2,254	.....
	United States.....	154,602	182,711	977,949	966,250	974,831	3,352
	Other countries.....	947	19	174	2,824	499	.....
	Totals.....	155,640	182,904	978,869	969,356	977,584	3,352
Other fish, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	594	1,090	5,485	25,937	7,176	337
	United States.....	39,134	19,274	266,553	295,517	292,360	13,460
	Other countries.....	6,308	10,112	32,183	72,624	72,058	1,018
	Totals.....	46,036	30,476	304,221	394,078	371,594	14,815
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	471,103	81,369	3,784,967	2,058,340	2,014,574	337
	United States.....	296,118	329,085	3,959,871	3,477,406	3,488,699	18,188
	Other countries.....	702,468	511,007	3,534,817	4,186,287	3,875,028	2,789
	Totals.....	1,469,689	921,461	11,279,655	9,732,033	9,378,301	21,314
Flax, hemp, &c.....	Great Britain.....	8,794	42	19,380	13,538	342	.....
	United States.....	.....	5,849	296,032	171,067	79,939	4,500
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	284	.....	.....
	Totals.....	8,794	5,891	315,412	184,889	80,041	4,500
Fruits—	Great Britain.....	2,687	2,101	9,560	9,539	781	444
Fruits, dried.....	United States.....	.....	24,717	219	1,249	13,596	55,942
	Germany.....	9,876	41,679	48,251	20,870	67,899	9,565
	Holland.....	48,174	46,960	83,054	67,584	91,232	.....
	Other countries.....	282	16,789	1,728	2,639	2,797	4,263
	Totals.....	61,019	132,246	142,812	101,881	266,159	14,272
Fruits, green, apples.....	Great Britain.....	597,444	698,218	2,772,784	1,626,706	1,686,806	.....
	United States.....	562	30,892	97,656	9,852	301,658	994
	Other countries.....	20,771	6,939	433,484	82,286	54,601	.....
	Totals.....	618,777	666,049	3,303,924	1,718,844	2,043,065	994

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	134,554	...	123,084	308	240,337	760	240,172	1,351	148,520	373	...	...
	United States...	5,146	2,320	11,680	9,619	117,197	48,860	141,142	36,362	240,810	67,228	...	...
	Other countries...	21,614	363	30,491	1,529	88,431	8,947	40,792	4,821	49,713	6,766	...	...
	Totals	161,294	2,683	165,255	11,456	445,965	58,557	422,106	42,534	439,043	74,367	...	...
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.	Great Britain...	734,655	600	753,403	308	3,022,681	1,006	1,876,417	2,288	1,837,672	817	...	...
	United States...	5,708	4,060	67,289	10,768	215,072	52,934	152,243	51,874	598,410	77,787	...	...
	Other countries...	100,717	1,526	142,858	2,364	654,948	12,228	214,171	7,650	312,185	11,029	...	...
	Totals	841,080	6,186	963,550	13,440	3,892,701	66,188	2,242,831	61,812	2,748,267	89,633	...	...
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.	Great Britain...	17,370	...	110,145	413	634,789	5,985	1,394,187	1,169	441,064	8,022	...	...
	United States...	48,732	977	47,995	344	868,678	30,778	806,424	24,926	914,665	41,313	...	...
	Other countries...	1,340	...	30	822	11,132	3,916	12,904	1,462	99,159	7,087	...	...
	Totals	67,442	977	158,170	1,579	1,514,659	40,679	2,243,515	27,557	1,454,888	56,422	...	...
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.	Great Britain...	...	...	75,280	...	234,936	...	170,572	...	107,385	...	...	...
	United States...	287	...	1,245	...	11,886	14,094	20,629	...	61,674	...	...	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	3,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals	287	...	76,525	...	249,962	14,094	191,201	...	169,059	...	...	...
Other furs and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	2,127	1,401	1,328	122	4,480	3,466	100,088	1,625	13,277	3,251	...	...
	United States...	2,038	1,560	1,578	55	26,636	8,143	37,431	9,500	35,631	1,360	...	...
	Other countries...	297	132	391	524	2,496	3,127	1,768	1,968	5,141	5,313	...	...
	Totals	4,462	3,093	3,297	701	33,612	14,736	139,287	13,093	54,049	9,924	...	...

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	19,497	1,401	186,753	585	874,185	9,451	1,664,847	2,794	561,726	11,273
	United States.....	51,057	2,537	50,818	399	16,838	53,015	864,484	34,426	1,011,370	42,673
	Other countries.....	1,637	132	421	1,346	16,838	7,043	44,672	3,430	104,300	12,400
Totals.....		72,191	4,070	237,992	2,280	1,798,233	69,509	2,574,003	40,650	1,677,996	66,346
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.....	Great Britain.....	751	10	.....	.....	6,776	1,833	11,623	85	9,348	.....
	United States.....	10,775	38	10,446	59	122,666	26,257	339,703	45,733	256,404	14,245
	Newfoundland.....	506	.....	20,163	.....	57,428	611	26,688	249	22,362	15
	Other countries.....	936	.....	4,764	.....	10,737	193	16,951	306	37,448	229
Totals.....		12,968	48	35,373	59	197,607	28,894	394,965	46,373	325,562	14,480
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	Great Britain.....	3,418	.....	2,872	.....	77,546	1,802	28,552	282	33,895	526
	United States.....	24,331	862	468	704	137,065	40,818	151,864	27,995	10,637	25,500
	Australasia.....	4,733	.....	684	.....	40,976	27,233	43,657	506	29,363	.....
	Other countries.....	6,805	.....	5,018	1,977	50,578	133	43,657	.....	67,915	5,231
Totals.....		39,287	862	9,042	2,681	306,195	42,753	250,706	28,783	141,810	31,317
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	.....	100	414	380	9,307	.....	4,444	100	17,111	380
	United States.....	16,914	.....	6,994	.....	83,673	3,456	104,748	1,196	116,423	4,090
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,434	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
Totals.....		16,914	100	7,408	380	94,414	3,456	109,192	1,296	133,585	4,470
Hay.....	Great Britain.....	30,587	.....	11,026	.....	681,529	170	781,781	.....	298,457	.....
	United States.....	17,583	.....	2,409	.....	231,594	3,191	346,885	5,264	226,694	7,304
	E. W. Indies.....	120	.....	603	.....	3,681	.....	8,681	.....	8,298	.....
	Other countries.....	6,023	.....	7,105	.....	87,381	.....	69,508	.....	51,521	.....
Totals.....		54,313	.....	21,143	.....	1,004,391	3,561	1,206,355	5,264	584,970	7,304
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain.....	1,080	.....	1,927	100	4,490	.....	20,494	3	46,769	100
	United States.....	314,228	.....	156,185	.....	2,425,278	9,338	2,754,714	8,679	2,732,574	16,509
	Other countries.....	805	.....	7,121	.....	6,232	125	51,762	.....	22,447	189
Totals.....		316,113	.....	165,233	100	2,436,000	9,463	2,826,970	8,682	2,801,790	16,798
Leather and mfrs. of—	Great Britain.....	104,972	.....	132,023	.....	1,164,603	.....	1,023,212	.....	1,082,657	.....
Leather, unmf'd—	United States.....	5,289	.....	1,377	155	1,201	559	12,200	.....	2,405	7,349
Sole and upper.....	Newfoundland.....	8,687	.....	1,070	.....	32,004	.....	24,564	.....	29,190	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	1,257	.....	92,196	.....	36,172	.....	45,059	.....
Totals.....		118,918	.....	135,727	155	1,290,044	559	1,096,178	.....	1,159,311	7,349

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmi'd— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.....	Great Britain..	\$ 10,575	\$ 226	\$ 26,890	\$ 336	\$ 147,472	\$ 163	\$ 315,167	\$ 226	\$ 100,308	\$ 5,063	\$ 100,308	\$ 5,063
	United States..	2,490	.....	1,985	336	33,086	5,989	33,577	5,387	13,096	.....	13,096	.....
	Other countries.	2,189	.....	3,491	.....	33,215	.....	43,473	131	41,249	.....	41,249	.....
	Totals.....	15,254	226	32,366	336	213,773	6,152	392,217	5,744	154,653	5,113	154,653	5,113
Leather, mi'd.— Boots and shoes.....	Great Britain..	481	60	130	5	3,557	.....	7,616	113	6,384	15	6,384	15
	United States..	2,619	578	1,242	479	24,546	11,632	16,042	10,913	10,477	9,958	10,477	9,958
	Newfoundland.	5,829	.....	1,197	.....	50,157	.....	77,256	.....	24,326	7	24,326	7
	Other countries.	1,061	.....	659	.....	28,289	10	41,708	.....	15,438	100	15,438	100
	Totals.....	9,990	638	3,228	484	106,549	11,642	142,613	11,026	56,825	10,080	56,825	10,080
All other leather mi'd.....	Great Britain..	230	.....	880	167	8,714	203	5,517	2,154	6,799	510	6,799	510
	United States..	1,987	25	1,506	874	12,955	4,867	10,723	6,339	5,600	3,438	5,600	3,438
	Other countries.	142	.....	182	.....	6,945	.....	2,702	165	3,751	.....	3,751	.....
	Totals.....	2,359	25	2,568	1,041	28,614	5,070	18,942	8,658	16,150	3,948	16,150	3,948
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain..	116,258	286	159,923	172	1,324,346	366	1,351,512	2,493	1,196,148	525	1,196,148	525
	United States..	7,096	603	6,110	1,844	71,788	23,047	72,532	22,639	31,578	25,808	31,578	25,808
	Other countries.	23,167	.....	7,856	.....	242,846	10	225,906	296	159,213	157	159,213	157
	Totals.....	146,521	889	173,889	2,016	1,638,980	23,423	1,649,950	25,428	1,386,939	26,490	1,386,939	26,490
Lime.....	Great Britain..	164	.....	.....	.....	13,440	.....	164	.....	8,199	.....	8,199	.....
	United States..	6,311	.....	2,847	.....	52,006	.....	52,886	.....	33,616	3,569	33,616	3,569
	Other countries.	4	.....	815	.....	2,933	.....	41	.....	2,924	.....	2,924	.....
	Totals.....	6,479	.....	3,662	.....	68,379	.....	53,091	.....	44,739	3,569	44,739	3,569
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— Copper, all kinds.....	Great Britain..	37,793	.....	9,321	.....	541,138	.....	238,702	.....	208,723	.....	208,723	.....
	United States..	341,259	.....	485,408	.....	3,717,565	5,024	4,893,893	7,296	6,331,900	.....	6,331,900	.....
	Other countries.	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,876	746	6,891	.....	18,335	.....	18,335	.....
	Totals.....	379,052	.....	494,729	.....	4,262,579	5,770	5,139,486	11,039	6,588,958	.....	6,588,958	.....

Gold and silver— Gold-bearing gets, &c.	Great Britain.....	412,265	446,122	48,629	11,761,018	30,280	600	18,132	500
	United States.....	412,265	446,122	48,629	31,529				7,075,577
	Other countries.....								40
	Totals.....	412,265	446,122	48,629	11,792,547	30,280	9,366,696	18,132	7,076,537
Silver ore.	Great Britain.....	301,752	63		2,063,744		40	15,303	4,887
	United States.....	301,752	734,137	1,000	190,454		4,148,058		7,254,314
	Other countries.....						94,459		283,985
	Totals.....	301,752	734,800	1,000	2,254,198		4,242,557	15,303	7,543,186
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— Agricultural implements.	Great Britain.....	8,554	17,907		202,027	675	292,131		294,556
	United States.....	68	293	100	69,036	3,361	9,168	3,990	10,022
	Australasia.....	64,225	27,692		444,682		589,406	484	689,180
	France.....	79,516	8,218		227,838		191,720		222,574
	Germany.....	27,638	99,277		173,247		273,151		367,157
	Other countries.....	128,794	89,844		674,709	85	691,191	18	520,249
	Totals.....	308,795	243,231	100	1,791,539	4,121	2,046,767	4,492	2,103,738
Chromic iron.	Great Britain.....				3,510		9,000		6,000
	United States.....	534	630		12,527				8,042
	Other countries.....								
	Totals.....	534	630		16,037		9,000		14,042
Hardware.	Great Britain.....	1,231	3,651	75	19,081	128	23,238	6,366	21,832
	United States.....	884	2,651	3,013	36,617	59,348	22,765	16,536	16,498
	Newfoundland.....	2,594	1,587		48,031	4,479	29,050	1,258	20,255
	Other countries.....	1,246	13,845	207	40,183	791	45,901	1,538	74,405
	Totals.....	5,955	21,734	3,295	143,912	64,746	120,954	25,698	133,010
Machines and machinery.	Great Britain.....	11,575	12,907		74,113	11,010	118,606	6,018	141,115
	United States.....	15,051	9,995	16,775	131,237	415,563	134,437	268,882	99,323
	Australasia.....	3,682	550		27,085	307	37,615	56	37,549
	Other countries.....	23,253	33,971	470	221,380	15,511	209,146	4,933	255,908
	Totals.....	53,561	57,423	17,245	453,815	442,391	499,804	279,889	533,895
Ores—iron.	Great Britain.....						125		
	United States.....	8,120	1,978		407,036	2,840	103,248		45,587
	Other countries.....								
	Totals.....	8,120	1,978		407,036	2,840	103,273		45,587

Asbestos.	Great Britain...	14,350	32,108	257,347	273,860	136,978	
	United States...	96,130	115,995	822,822	779,326	1,046,293	
	Germany...	4,145	60,623	60,623	62,222	8,196	
	Other countries	16,893	24,219	111,538	181,964	133,055	
	Totals.....	131,518	172,322	1,132,118	1,297,372	1,323,521	
Nickel.	Great Britain...		15,885	376,743	573,047	597,703	
	United States...	147,669	143,626	1,048,502	1,440,224	1,149,909	
	Other countries.						
	Totals.....	147,669	159,511	1,425,245	2,013,271	1,747,612	
Lead ore.	Great Britain...		1,748			1,748	
	United States...	60,257	27,057	320,280	518,048	372,535	
	Other countries.	49	17,530	540,437	44,510	359,000	38
	Totals.....	60,257	47,235	860,717	562,558	733,283	38
Mica.	Great Britain...	25,758		18,791	45,526	31,747	
	United States...	46,134	2,634	119,992	429,267	242,925	36
	Other countries.	861		1,185	2,620	4,789	
	Totals.....	72,753	2,634	139,878	477,423	279,461	36
Ores, except iron ore.	Great Britain...	5,700		29,037	81,251	61,310	
	United States...	17,083	33,973	277,440	214,602	228,209	6,280
	Other countries.	1,800		10,248	29,557	41,905	
	Totals.....	24,583	33,973	316,725	325,410	331,424	6,280
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	9,745	12,635	108,987	56,750	46,906	2,485
	United States...	20,818	24,810	220,607	232,813	267,381	707,325
	Other countries.	1,619	1,708	51,212	56,313	70,606	2,159
	Totals.....	32,182	39,153	380,800	346,076	384,893	712,169
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...	134,574	2,243	1,763,031	1,910,399	1,938,132	11,610
	United States...	1,515,955	2,052,468	126,997	810,891	24,560,725	1,656,018
	Other countries	470,379	353,752	3,265	22,810,115	3,722,254	51,560
	Totals.....	2,120,908	2,596,787	130,996	27,894,508	30,221,111	1,719,188
Milk and cream, condensed.	Great Britain...			2,300	7,884	7,131	
	United States...		18	2,200	2,696	600	1,117
	British Africa.			95,405	30,332		
	Other countries.	239		24,882	20,235	4,379	
	Totals.....	239	18	597	2,836	12,110	1,117

Eggs.....	186,549	95,474	433,420	506,400	155,392
Great Britain.....	1,166	149	11,757	1,677	5,163
United States.....	6,031	25,380	41,637	1,751	3,867
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	190,737	102,671	461,494	557,506	172,306
Meats—					
Bacon and hams.....	1,165,439	1,073,227	9,249,996	9,086,214	8,001,548
Great Britain.....	72	108	5,672	7,071	1,550
United States.....	552	389	24,846	10,589	3,130
British Africa.....		26	8,459	14,278	429
Other countries.....				264	59
Totals.....	1,166,063	1,073,724	9,288,973	9,118,974	8,008,358
Beef.....	3,686	3,194	21,000	50,548	59,647
Great Britain.....	11	477	6,111	3,521	8,189
United States.....	3,380	2,018	9,413	17,736	10,668
Newfoundland.....	430	12	91,807	9,219	20,772
Other countries.....				95	38
Totals.....	7,507	5,701	128,331	83,642	90,525
Canned meats.....	112,531	5,865	1,841,538	405,624	98,384
Great Britain.....		9	1,046	1,447	125
United States.....			10,446	33,562	36
British Africa.....			567	2,917	1,619
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	114,060	5,874	1,853,597	443,550	100,164
Pork.....	2,873	1,166	29,290	10,407	19,875
Great Britain.....	4,231	2,939	7,628	8,423	11,205
United States.....	2,554	224	8,261	7,451	2,272
Newfoundland.....	664	1,791	6,998	3,647	7,805
Other countries.....					97
Totals.....	10,322	6,120	52,177	29,928	41,157
Poultry.....	38,954	83,387	29,012	39,104	85,047
Great Britain.....	5,871	4,129	16,015	8,548	6,780
United States.....	1,562	6,151	5,896	2,072	6,328
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	46,387	93,667	50,923	49,724	98,155
Other provisions, N.E.S.....	10,317	24,817	48,985	116,971	395,505
Great Britain.....	8,669	1,541	16,220	1,171	12,383
United States.....	1,962	1,488	6,226	147	1,095
Other countries.....					3,272
Totals.....	20,948	27,846	71,431	176,158	420,340
Provisions.....	2,760,245	2,301,512	39,325,535	37,841,042	29,636,057
Great Britain.....	19,645	260	11,665	102,868	23,175
United States.....	60,740	38,850	484,243	39,953	94,277
Other countries.....				482,285	313,234
Totals.....	2,840,630	2,352,027	39,914,786	38,426,185	30,043,568
Recapitulation.					
					83,229

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c. - *Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
	1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	1907.
Rags.....	1,566	.....	6,375	.....	.....	31,971	.....	.....	117	60,179	.....	81,736
United States.....	15,383	.....	19,232	.....	400	102,457	.....	.....	960	1,25,721	884	155,470
Other countries.....	210	.....	.....	.....	.....	247	.....	.....	.....	2,847	20	945
Totals.....	17,159	.....	25,607	.....	400	134,705	.....	1,077	.....	188,747	904	238,151
Salt.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,080	.....	20,906	.....	1,791	9,165	6,672
Great Britain.....	21	.....	3	.....	1	16,783	.....	16,783	.....	396	15,143	301
United States.....	.....	736	.....	.....	431	.....	.....	420	.....	759	.....	15,375
Newfoundland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	994	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500
Totals.....	21	736	185	432	432	6,074	38,109	24,308	7,328	30,755	.....	.....
Seeds—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clover and grass.....	30,951	.....	85,755	.....	.....	197,354	.....	.....	.....	59,608	.....	189,948
.....	32,830	.....	15,058	.....	.....	335,044	.....	.....	.....	182,974	.....	261,243
.....	9,409	.....	28,776	.....	.....	268,717	.....	.....	.....	74,841	.....	127,578
Totals.....	73,190	.....	129,589	.....	.....	811,715	.....	.....	.....	317,423	.....	578,769
Other seeds, N.E.S.....	.....	64,661	.....	.....	.....	270	120,810	143,927	2,636,891	143,927	8,075	873,457
United States.....	.....	.....	208	.....	.....	8,810	2,852	11,164	1,458,838	11,164	6,370	27
Other countries.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	358	320	957	.....	.....	309	451,932
Totals.....	8	64,661	208	.....	.....	9,438	124,082	156,048	4,095,370	156,048	15,855	1,325,412
Settlers' effects.....	9,544	.....	11,040	567	.....	64,036	12,415	91,432	1,250	91,432	1,250	149,568
United States.....	111,919	7,759	134,377	14,624	.....	1,163,869	73,522	1,300,872	93,764	1,300,872	1,370,322	143,213
Other countries.....	3,947	50	4,161	.....	.....	34,997	1,915	30,420	1,230	30,420	27,114	.....
Totals.....	125,410	7,809	149,578	15,191	.....	1,262,902	87,852	1,422,744	96,244	1,422,744	1,547,204	148,232
Ships.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44,100	.....
United States.....	625	10,000	7,323	.....	.....	260	.....	31,300	.....	31,300	.....	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,583	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	625	10,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,300	44,100	.....	.....	.....

Spirits and wines,.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	9,201 61,852 12,997	8,698 40	11,372 71,238 7,088	8,639 340	33,316 506,463 105,037	3,352 63,411 3,174	30,625 731,043 123,794	1,109 90,629 2,744	57,997 705,961 122,082	2,779 74,555 2,176
	Totals,.....	84,050	8,738	89,708	8,999	644,816	72,508	885,462	94,482	886,050	79,540
	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	2,628 80,033 3,684	150 150 81	150 55,900 54	150 54	680 590,621 5,153	50 218	3,459 646,257 20,488	..... 285 147	555 580,906 3,485	..... 9,824
	Totals,.....	86,345	231	56,104	.....	596,464	288	670,204	432	584,946	9,824
Stone and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	7,182 ..... .....	..... ..... .....	46 3,828 15	32 4,005	4,054 127,987 2,755	923 5,966 18,336	2,485 152,672 1,059	4,669 3,376 18,406	5,033 213,414 2,878	..... ..... 17,972
	Totals,.....	7,182	3,658	3,889	4,037	134,796	25,225	156,216	26,451	221,325	18,061
	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland Other countries,.....	..... ..... ..... .....	6,180 42,266 1,172 314	..... ..... ..... .....	636 51,130 2,086 400	..... ..... ..... .....	2,516 382,664 21,388 9,453	..... ..... ..... .....	6,726 418,305 19,088 5,559	..... ..... ..... .....	10,045 394,574 17,726 4,664
	Totals,.....	.....	49,932	.....	54,252	.....	366,011	.....	449,428	.....	428,009
Tobacco and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	2,883 1,688 4,378	16,149 208	319 1,169 2,997	5,223 581	15,395 21,015 43,153	2,959 201,060 8,812	14,352 14,396 26,998	..... 105,429 11,981	11,079 56,313 33,405	10,957 76,550 10,435
	Totals,.....	8,899	16,357	4,485	5,804	79,563	212,831	56,341	117,410	100,797	97,942
	Great Britain... United States... B. W. Indies China,..... Other countries,.....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....
	Totals,.....	84,287	.....	94,523	.....	418,746	13,520	413,898	3,040	356,723	11,237
Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain... United States... B. W. Indies China,..... Other countries,.....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....
	Totals,.....	84,287	.....	94,523	.....	418,746	13,520	413,898	3,040	356,723	11,237
	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	188 19,102 2,432	..... 60	3,088 51,211 4,268	86 150	5,365 156,808 18,735	..... 8,977 244	4,778 148,477 18,204	..... 20,369 2,786	8,882 178,901 14,708	86 2,459 693
	Totals,.....	21,812	60	58,567	236	182,708	9,221	171,459	23,155	201,591	3,238
Other vegetables, N.E.S.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries,.....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....
	Totals,.....	21,812	60	58,567	236	182,708	9,221	171,459	23,155	201,591	3,238

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.							
		1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Wood and mfrs. of:— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs.....	Great Britain...	\$ 150	\$	\$	\$	\$ 24,359	\$ 410	\$ 24,814	\$	\$ 24,712	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	16,722	.....	7,281	.....	342,800	.....	509,215	.....	527,815	.....	527,815	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,118	.....	302	.....	635	.....	635	.....
	Totals.....	16,872	.....	7,281	.....	369,277	410	534,331	.....	553,162	.....	553,162	.....
Lumber— Deals, pine.....	Great Britain...	56,811	.....	58,674	.....	1,916,090	.....	2,265,761	.....	1,536,737	.....	1,536,737	10,487
	United States...	.....	.....	11,904	.....	189,796	.....	121,844	.....	78,586	.....	78,586	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,126	.....	.....	.....	2,127	.....	2,127	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,216	.....	3,286	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	56,811	.....	70,578	.....	2,122,228	.....	2,390,891	.....	1,617,450	.....	1,617,450	10,487
Deals, spruce and other.....	Great Britain...	855,154	.....	286,814	.....	5,318,561	.....	7,383,440	.....	5,587,140	.....	5,587,140	.....
	United States...	10,073	.....	17,310	.....	436,682	.....	445,766	.....	399,210	.....	399,210	.....
	France.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,763	.....	53,596	.....	57,266	.....	57,266	.....
	Spain.....	.....	.....	9,380	.....	11,672	.....	4,053	.....	52,589	.....	52,589	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	14,961	.....	97,770	.....	89,088	.....	88,966	.....	88,966	.....
	Totals.....	865,227	.....	328,465	.....	5,892,448	.....	7,975,943	.....	6,185,171	.....	6,185,171	.....
Deal ends.....	Great Britain...	21,960	.....	6,567	.....	348,300	.....	340,567	.....	284,987	.....	284,987	.....
	United States...	143	.....	2,603	.....	7,116	.....	14,493	.....	10,574	.....	10,574	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	609	.....	12,053	.....	1,926	.....	6,309	.....	6,309	.....
	Totals.....	22,103	.....	9,779	.....	367,469	.....	356,986	.....	301,870	.....	301,870	.....
Planks and boards.....	Great Britain...	80,824	.....	86,718	.....	1,274,789	.....	1,530,254	.....	1,349,629	.....	1,349,629	.....
	United States...	1,215,229	.....	1,234,088	.....	9,685,062	.....	13,702,043	.....	14,199,072	.....	14,199,072	2,745
	Arg. Republic...	97,586	.....	255,619	.....	929,700	.....	1,545,547	.....	1,644,497	.....	1,644,497	.....
	Other countries.....	189,005	.....	185,602	.....	985,813	.....	1,399,118	.....	1,823,469	.....	1,823,469	1,925
	Totals.....	1,582,644	.....	1,762,027	.....	12,875,364	4,570	18,176,962	1,359	19,019,667	.....	19,019,667	4,670

Laths, palings and pickets.....	Great Britain.....	550	9,163	27,895	26,151	30,375
	United States.....	233,810	127,582	1,263,474	1,702,858	1,547,399
	Other countries.....	3,780	854	9,788	19,480	43,461
Totals.....		238,140	137,599	1,301,157	1,748,489	1,621,235
Joists and scantling.....	Great Britain.....	19,367	4,653	367,816	516,732	445,237
	United States.....	35,971	28,081	430,738	470,413	395,007
	Other countries.....	11,904	29,380	97,114	72,751	148,740
Totals.....		67,242	62,114	895,668	1,059,896	988,984
Staves and headings.....	Great Britain.....	1,483	3,454	29,317	30,282	34,171
	United States.....	10,335	4,823	65,393	82,920	142,154
	Other countries.....	961	1,393	4,145	7,558	8,059
Totals.....		12,779	9,670	98,855	120,760	184,384
Other lumber, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	2,728	17,526	132,722	87,447	108,451
	United States.....	33,682	9,381	241,642	2,154	3,683
	Other countries.....	1,132	316	23,959	29,005	3,844
Totals.....		37,542	27,223	398,323	2,370	3,683
Shingles.....	Great Britain.....	151,625	162,979	990	1,623,373	274
	United States.....	1,066	6,223	28,178	12,493	2,285,068
	Other countries.....	55	38	1,828	5,417	23,301
Totals.....		152,746	169,240	1,452,633	1,641,283	3,635
Shooks, box and other.....	Great Britain.....	29,909	7,043	190,464	184,433	87,785
	United States.....	2,480	1,302	30,465	22,894	16,340
	Other countries.....	1,404	420	34,417	18,163	8,553
Totals.....		35,524	17,787	268,374	249,874	3,356
Timber, square—	Great Britain.....	41,474	28,379	104,959	235,245	128,630
	United States.....	2	2	997	1,039	1,039
	Other countries.....	41,474	28,381	105,956	235,245	129,669
Totals.....		248,963	386,507	858,316	1,052,414	950,895
Pine, white.....	Great Britain.....	248,963	386,507	858,316	1,052,414	950,895
	United States.....	101	101	7,210	3,546	5,203
	Other countries.....	248,963	386,507	865,627	1,056,229	956,098
Totals.....		248,963	386,507	865,627	1,056,229	956,098

Doors, sashes and blinds.....	3,807	2,870	72,353	58,626	48,940
Great Britain.....	3,050	116	20,722	714	321
United States.....	77		54,205	2,407	13,118
British Africa.....			708		
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	6,934	2,986	147,988	860	62,379
Matches and match splints.....	4,141	3,591	69,226	44,418	56,030
Great Britain.....	6		68	956	20
United States.....	21	17	2,123	1,865	497
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	4,168	3,608	71,417	47,239	56,547
Wood pulp.....	5,996	60,547	735,448	818,442	391,761
Great Britain.....	329,716	321,511	1,653,142	2,088,350	2,775,551
United States.....			57,750	30,045	7,023
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	335,712	382,058	2,446,340	2,936,837	3,174,335
Other wood, manufactured, N.E.S.					
Great Britain.....	12,844	24,657	194,467	259,619	182,865
United States.....	332,703	8,455	61,413	59,337	52,448
Other countries.....	32,761	18,696	57,680	138,629	5,248
Totals.....	47,830	51,808	313,560	457,585	169,332
Totals.....					438,154
Wood, manufactured.....	34,718	94,576	1,545	1,246,679	710,969
Great Britain.....	332,703	8,459	2,889	41,873	2,890,108
United States.....	43,348	1,202	234	5,805	59,057
Other countries.....					275,959
Totals.....	410,769	10,116	3,215,698	52,377	245,032
Totals.....					3,846,109
Wood and mfrs. of.....	1,432,480	425	12,206,484	76,890	15,538,310
Great Britain.....	2,167,737	2,267,386	18,412,893	49,215	24,206,434
United States.....	354,466	544,589	2,623,739	9,045	3,584,513
Other countries.....					
Totals.....	3,954,683	10,116	33,243,116	135,150	43,329,257
Totals.....					260,282
Wool and mfrs. of.....	785	15,711	15,229	65,104	38,689
Great Britain.....	11,306	35	352,799	7,384	365
United States.....	1,677	631	44,115	261	401,262
Newfoundland.....	131	77	2,460	67	20,665
Other countries.....					730
Totals.....	13,899	20,659	414,603	14,519	1,292
Totals.....					8,503
Totals.....					274,622
Totals.....					41,076
Totals.....					458,929
Totals.....					35,948
All other articles, N.E.S.	69,187	15,675	270,292	349,333	265,016
Great Britain.....	104,067	34,186	774,018	900,639	596,100
United States.....	125,259	15,579	403,309	25,275	1,031,783
Other countries.....					38,601
Totals.....	298,513	65,440	1,408,451	849,680	1,739,885
Totals.....					899,717
Totals.....					1,786,966
Totals.....					580,388

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.						NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
		1906.			1907.			1905.			1906.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Total exports (value.)	Great Britain...	12,701,208	798,675	12,173,179	1,972,995	100,251,648	5,519,871	107,996,632	7,066,378	99,098,985	7,841,675		
	United States...	5,763,034	283,864	6,710,435	375,051	60,399,095	3,838,204	68,128,719	3,861,989	73,601,797	4,904,053		
	Other countries.	2,766,774	78,836	2,596,053	692,498	18,532,024	542,267	19,407,205	1,789,238	21,212,564	1,468,518		
	Totals.	21,231,016	1,161,375	21,479,667	3,040,544	179,182,767	9,900,342	195,532,556	12,717,605	193,913,346	14,214,246		
Coin and bullion...	Great Britain...	...	879,874	...	...	...	...	...	6,200	...	7,032		
	United States...	...	100	...	4,843,333	...	1,601,149	...	11,829,692	...	13,078,333		
	Other countries.	...	...	...	...	...	84,913	...	37,076	...	28,980		
	Totals. . . . .	...	879,974	...	4,843,333	...	1,686,062	...	11,872,968	...	13,114,345		
Grand totals, Exports...	Great Britain...	12,701,208	798,675	12,173,179	1,972,995	100,251,648	5,519,871	107,996,632	7,072,578	99,098,985	7,848,707		
	United States...	5,763,034	1,163,738	6,710,435	5,218,384	60,399,095	3,439,353	68,128,719	15,691,681	73,601,797	17,982,386		
	Other countries.	2,766,774	78,936	2,596,053	692,498	18,532,024	627,180	19,407,205	1,826,314	21,212,564	1,497,498		
	Totals.	21,231,016	2,041,349	21,479,667	7,883,877	179,182,767	11,586,404	195,532,556	24,590,573	193,913,346	27,328,591		

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of December, 1906 and 1907, and during the *nine months* ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	December.		Nine months ending December.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	839,790	781,855	4,993,268	5,763,814	6,000,802
Malt.....	93,664	108,341	936,756	1,079,051	1,129,935
Malt liquor.....	474	735	7,452	7,828	9,919
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	178,375	179,492	1,693,299	1,906,855	1,977,289
" Canadian leaf.....	11,182	12,956	124,438	117,975	120,193
" combination leaf.....	6,587	8,075	75,451	80,604	83,500
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	74,952	101,550	625,495	742,989	864,683
" Canadian leaf.....		9			306
" combination leaf.....	1,576	321	10,116	13,278	9,109
Snuff.....	2,390	2,140	21,987	24,517	24,541
Canada twist.....	166	117	1,174	859	364
Foreign raw leaf.....	102,098	88,785	1,023,990	1,151,411	1,215,093
Licenses.....	21	31	3,278	3,062	4,112
Total tobacco.....	377,347	393,476	3,579,228	4,041,550	4,299,190
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	105,329	89,615	847,364	917,743	920,309
" Canadian leaf.....	264	621	3,225	3,355	4,280
" combination leaf.....	1,996	1,628	18,190	24,544	20,795
Licenses.....		38	14,953	11,471	15,420
Total cigars.....	107,589	91,902	883,732	957,113	960,804
Acetic acid.....		42	2,971	1,623	3,128
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	2,074	1,882	45,387	51,101	58,691
Seizures.....	151	54	2,591	1,650	2,799
Other receipts.....	4,426	4,411	38,382	44,863	51,938
Total Excise Revenue.....	1,425,515	1,382,698	10,489,767	11,948,593	12,517,206
Hydraulic and other rents.....	325	375	2,251	2,168	2,301
Minor public works.....	75	75	850	1,606	1,104
Inspection of electric lights.....	2,748	3,546	18,435	23,060	24,216
" gas.....	4,578	3,885	28,976	36,036	31,118
" weights and measures.....	4,763	6,076	57,995	58,871	63,861
Law stamps.....	780	751	11,192	7,408	7,178
Other revenues.....	2,826	2,960	58,858	47,949	47,818
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,441,610	1,400,366	10,668,324	12,125,691	12,694,802

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months, nine months and twelve months* ending December 1898 to 1907.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.						
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Pub. Works (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	1,972,057	935,088	325,000	342,007	127,286	3,701,438	2,419,310	815,172
1899.....	2,349,628	942,401	315,000	428,650	251,500	4,287,179	2,638,700	511,693
1900.....	2,239,108	1,002,304	315,000	425,929	244,610	4,226,951	2,790,021	455,368
1901.....	2,548,558	1,087,775	330,000	438,265	137,281	4,541,879	2,881,384	1,415,982
1902.....	2,973,050	1,174,705	375,000	618,272	217,261	5,358,288	3,393,796	545,849
1903.....	3,052,281	1,320,690	410,000	521,792	464,796	5,769,559	5,522,893	1,381,306
1904.....	3,325,701	1,281,962	475,000	543,385	195,885	5,821,933	3,047,837	758,182
1905.....	3,525,704	1,371,503	525,000	624,928	267,499	6,314,634	4,376,066	1,085,793
1906.....	4,169,158	1,560,328	600,000	564,905	277,810	7,172,201	3,963,334	1,683,747
1907.....	4,059,586	1,397,017	650,130	689,416	297,382	7,093,531	4,122,630	2,617,479

NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	17,713,362	7,124,614	2,451,141	3,360,613	1,708,932	32,358,662	22,821,578	5,980,566
1899.....	20,539,771	7,531,470	2,250,743	3,880,425	1,923,457	36,125,866	24,234,197	6,194,368
1900.....	21,150,933	7,681,584	2,445,004	4,401,858	2,236,803	37,916,182	25,983,455	6,272,923
1901.....	22,679,976	8,341,929	2,634,794	4,744,669	2,100,418	40,501,786	29,029,128	8,956,118
1902.....	26,532,482	8,966,185	2,941,192	5,379,425	2,395,455	46,214,739	30,980,869	6,818,680
1903.....	30,688,549	9,775,942	3,285,353	5,449,553	2,879,096	52,078,493	30,595,214	5,201,744
1904.....	31,227,447	9,549,605	3,374,851	5,712,634	2,575,772	52,440,309	33,940,407	6,912,037
1905.....	32,895,352	10,205,304	3,926,878	6,240,039	2,653,583	55,921,156	37,306,936	8,146,281
1906.....	38,125,373	11,617,899	4,520,880	6,998,467	3,423,134	64,685,753	37,050,110	9,652,914
1907.....	41,308,294	11,225,445	4,725,712	7,397,813	3,595,292	68,252,556	49,389,834	20,890,177

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	23,753,159	9,257,623	3,304,591	4,167,884	2,590,621	43,073,878	32,320,664	7,245,241
1899.....	26,759,503	9,747,130	2,994,832	4,675,746	2,894,119	47,071,330	34,543,178	7,912,829
1900.....	28,375,076	10,104,744	3,227,648	5,428,264	3,143,971	50,279,703	36,378,490	7,920,484
1901.....	29,531,208	10,731,959	3,447,859	5,968,570	3,008,548	52,688,144	40,448,130	11,326,883
1902.....	34,153,524	11,456,450	3,957,025	6,916,694	3,399,009	59,882,702	42,722,775	8,954,924
1903.....	39,358,807	12,560,302	4,499,809	6,981,803	4,012,151	67,412,872	42,613,609	6,951,857
1904.....	40,776,661	12,548,513	4,722,368	7,122,923	3,636,949	68,807,414	45,887,465	9,638,973
1905.....	42,408,086	13,053,795	5,322,064	7,741,713	3,695,666	72,221,324	54,152,077	12,162,958
1906.....	49,311,491	14,947,104	6,035,926	8,809,603	4,720,021	83,824,145	53,008,596	13,242,263
1907.....	54,410,550	14,761,721	6,485,056	9,469,998	5,244,973	90,372,298	66,553,416	25,204,482

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *nine months* ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.						
Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.			
1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Food, drink and tobacco—						
Grain and flour.....	259,876,635	295,712,301	10,994,865	9,334,285	12,045,710	
Meat, including animals for food.....	181,978,074	189,760,352	3,767,116	5,256,485	5,073,124	
Other food and drink—						
Free.....	237,282,903	248,752,590	57,961,820	63,446,904	67,894,564	
Dutiable.....	170,364,074	183,443,267	3,626,825	3,916,587	4,786,226	
Tobacco.....	13,600,700	15,787,768				
Totals.....	863,102,386	933,456,278	76,350,626	81,954,261	89,799,624	
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—						
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	200,997	10,600	96,951,960	118,859,048	163,661,855	
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	20,765,955	26,454,800	1,751,444	2,333,666	2,022,521	
Other metallic ores.....	27,513,383	37,251,138	418,908	692,195	688,077	
Wood and timber.....	101,652,945	115,954,693	268,814	366,404	449,515	
Cotton.....	189,469,888	207,968,074	6,863,961	10,611,780	11,452,768	
Wool.....	75,675,134	108,092,015	500,443	613,419	842,633	
Other textile materials.....	50,235,382	58,707,575	9,693,284	10,638,086	12,917,661	
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	87,794,056	114,079,818	6,565,406	7,440,358	5,915,742	
Hides and undressed skins.....	30,019,550	38,673,252	1,981,153	2,708,694	2,778,342	
Materials for making paper.....	14,828,116	17,065,826	6,982,297	7,677,375	8,941,217	
Miscellaneous.....	81,820,614	92,923,778	131,977,670	161,941,025	209,670,331	
Totals.....	679,976,420	812,241,759				
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—						
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	32,199,975	27,200,806	119,943,113	149,911,386	171,787,338	
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	80,910,506	102,325,010	34,729,014	37,716,548	40,878,271	
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	13,360,766	15,286,297	19,100,803	21,735,612	24,028,559	
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	162,903	4,491,176	6,669,435	8,063,850	9,579,488	
Machinery.....	16,465,193	19,095,844	87,782,354	99,957,993	120,479,384	
Ships (new).....	154,678	117,650	22,860,641	35,344,495	38,310,494	
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	7,408,653	7,207,917	4,506,198	4,810,416	5,331,242	
Yarns and textile fabrics—						
Cotton.....	28,852,521	33,366,452	335,933,103	361,280,851	405,176,688	
Wool.....	44,573,879	37,862,048	106,037,255	111,592,592	121,677,304	
Other materials.....	67,940,170	72,237,812	48,429,344	55,424,772	59,675,761	
Apparel.....	4,652,870	13,019,270	21,951,679	23,921,072	25,541,308	
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	35,042,571	42,942,523	51,594,279	55,960,272	61,135,450	
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	40,884,628	41,442,591	23,634,121	24,363,683	24,363,683	
Earthenware and glass.....	16,180,849	14,989,144	11,891,757	13,602,544	15,213,483	
Paper.....	19,517,616	20,937,078	7,071,194	7,580,962	8,663,668	
Miscellaneous.....	103,458,319	103,565,639	97,703,938	108,333,538	123,466,150	
Totals.....	521,758,019	557,077,263	997,316,368	1,118,870,124	1,255,338,271	
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	8,141,809	8,292,489	19,265,183	21,707,895	23,634,806	
Totals.....	2,072,978,634	2,311,067,789	1,224,909,847	1,384,473,305	1,578,443,032	
Exports of foreign produce.....			278,629,816	303,900,332	319,461,504	
Grand totals.....	2,072,978,634	2,311,067,789	1,503,539,663	1,688,373,637	1,897,904,536	

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into Great Britain from Canada during the months of December, 1906 and 1907, and the *nine months* ending December 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of December.		Nine months ending December.		Month of December.		Nine months ending December.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Animals, living—										
Cattle..... No.	11,175	7,066	129,766	140,213	107,994	949,725	518,533	10,520,719	11,735,639	8,986,600
Sheep and lambs..... "	456	4,283	23,140	12,914	13,299	3,416	35,969	182,197	97,658	118,935
Horses..... "	17	17	247	176	138	1,776	3,869	63,486	41,351	28,349
Grain—										
Indian corn..... Cwt.	152,400	114,900	3,051,600	2,255,100	2,354,400	183,550	154,871	3,959,991	2,760,833	3,155,284
Wheat..... "	1,053,200	880,960	5,753,830	9,064,100	11,298,200	1,803,640	1,832,242	10,592,605	15,633,750	22,166,737
Wheat flour..... "	82,600	148,000	1,029,900	1,302,300	1,532,220	190,778	387,956	2,433,669	3,021,035	3,787,010
Pease..... "	24,000	10,690	84,530	122,610	113,800	48,788	24,134	151,379	242,635	223,014
Oats..... "	66,300	.....	734,863	1,050,234	1,234,900	99,284	.....	982,839	1,844,510	2,002,704
Provisions—										
Bacon..... Cwt.	60,295	58,950	1,030,089	934,903	983,995	800,172	747,097	11,740,694	12,182,082	12,747,956
Ham..... "	7,890	15,015	271,523	223,529	274,426	109,636	182,047	3,176,665	2,934,410	3,806,896
Butter..... "	146	1	289,620	186,480	34,753	3,640	15	6,898,474	4,637,874	854,280
Cheese..... "	94,411	92,753	1,639,437	1,732,510	1,534,823	1,394,032	1,369,816	20,797,782	24,622,706	21,786,090
Eggs..... Gt. hunds.	43,936	36,148	240,802	227,819	108,300	98,993	87,259	521,740	508,278	240,998

Fish—										
Lobsters, canned..... Cwt.	468	150	35,472	25,298	28,256	17,394	5,976	1,425,843	830,817	1,069,141
	129	3,689	58,412	136,791	• 90,585	2,905	59,724	786,261	1,934,147	1,568,463
Wood and timber—										
Hewn..... Loads	939	3,057	57,403	70,702	43,117	29,994	133,074	1,808,578	2,280,241	1,682,066
	81,943	35,817	1,099,171	1,346,064	1,039,706	1,207,269	553,238	15,111,179	19,230,023	14,963,593
Total imports, principal articles.....										
						6,944,992	6,065,820	91,154,101	104,538,009	99,188,116

Lead, pig.....	247	191	3,768	4,315	3,388	24,576	18,990	266,504	394,670	350,563
Tin, unwrought.....	1,040	460	6,040	8,000	8,780	40,559	15,846	208,320	348,320	378,500
Apparel and slops.....						96,744	127,813	936,711	1,154,348	1,646,586
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroid- eries and needlework.....										
Carbuncles.....	684	552	27,085	43,907	44,064	52,871	34,062	727,802	567,745	612,265
Earthenware and chinaware.....							5,110	224,041	324,025	359,729
Oil, seed.....	117	5	6,846	1,704	973	104,497	129,862	730,028	1,008,892	1,186,769
Paper, writing or printing and envelopes.....	2,758	2,651	37,442	40,799	59,787	12,721	847	570,898	170,965	112,502
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	1,574	1,922	9,058	11,159	21,761	19,189	19,983	258,528	282,042	403,769
Stationery, other than paper.....						16,595	13,296	100,519	130,220	176,452
						25,735	18,897	274,456	304,332	401,829
II.—FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.										
Tea of British East India.....	211,635	165,460	629,958	1,252,391	1,176,325	35,667	38,120	131,002	215,393	248,840
“ Ceylon.....	231,778	270,375	1,917,614	2,241,685	2,052,924	43,859	63,072	377,445	407,923	436,995
“ China.....	1,741	11,518	123,639	152,014	224,275	433	2,467	21,077	24,023	40,588
“ Other countries.....	1,480	16,228	23,405	31,457	51,782	419	4,672	6,566	6,482	13,076
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....						3,057,423	3,060,078	23,747,391	27,451,740	33,872,675

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *eight months* ending November 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			105,196,885
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			104,012,180
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			297,394,798
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			179,184,991
" ready for consumption.....			256,008,966
Miscellaneous.....			6,630,269
Total imports.....	767,266,179	861,959,530	948,428,089
Duties collected from Customs.....	187,171,097	209,084,773	217,440,851
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			124,280,516
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			220,715,166
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			315,719,478
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			178,150,221
" ready for consumption.....			342,571,700
Miscellaneous.....			4,542,094
Total exports, domestic.....	1,041,868,890	1,133,390,047	1,185,979,175
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	8,626,257	8,742,616	10,370,380
Dutiable.....	9,755,090	8,121,659	9,618,085
Total exports, foreign.....	18,381,347	16,864,275	19,988,465
Total exports.....	1,060,250,237	1,150,254,322	1,205,967,640
AGGREGATE TRADE—			
Imports.....	767,266,179	861,959,530	948,428,089
Exports.....	1,060,250,237	1,150,254,322	1,205,967,640
Grand totals.....	1,827,516,416	2,012,213,852	2,154,395,729

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports and Exports from the United States during the months of November 1906 and 1907, and the eight months ending November 1905, 1906 and 1907. (From United States Returns.)

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.				EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.							
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Africa.....	637,550	1,253,034	923,171	2,408,318	6,658,277	11,921,596	5,440,706	11,707,764	10,054,473	10,918,608		
Asia.....	20,426,459	7,870,564	18,624,770	8,921,716	117,158,399	90,676,776	130,439,005	56,947,840	143,991,605	65,033,260		
Europe.....	63,925,667	134,017,278	61,392,209	153,113,965	385,577,974	692,883,512	459,937,738	779,070,456	494,441,861	790,128,179		
North America.....	15,304,265	28,954,839	15,710,019	28,872,531	153,268,767	194,734,999	165,202,265	222,120,856	185,735,622	251,906,796		
South America.....	17,872,907	6,869,172	12,618,455	7,219,214	88,222,659	47,328,704	87,099,726	52,961,264	94,187,205	57,564,032		
Oceania.....	1,646,669	3,563,798	1,670,222	3,938,443	16,380,103	22,704,650	13,840,090	27,446,142	20,017,323	30,416,765		
Totals.....	119,813,517	182,528,685	110,938,846	204,474,187	767,266,179	1,060,250,237	861,959,530	1,150,254,322	948,428,089	1,205,967,640		

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of November, 1906 and 1907, and the eight months ending November, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (From United States Returns.)

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF NOVEMBER.			EIGHT MONTHS ENDING NOVEMBER.					
	1906.			1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
British Empire—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	19,840,235	60,735,428	16,788,004	126,571,428	343,627,924	152,098,827	361,642,099	160,611,444	358,775,690
Aden.....	90,285	252,389	146,279	1,193,764	897,074	1,298,731	1,935,999	1,627,214	515,997
Bermuda.....	6,567	78,539	5,008	398,180	821,193	319,317	557,469	1,467,172	579,740
British Africa.....	124,380	742,977	174,009	945,499	8,827,988	1,472,439	7,876,248	1,861,958	6,473,294
Australasia—									
Australia.....	496,003	2,964,920	907,728	6,255,026	18,503,219	6,279,046	21,568,386	8,503,124	49,512
New Zealand.....	5,000,897	688,402	4,308,846	39,615,345	4,551,720	50,106,810	5,131,880	3,280,028	4,019,362
British East Indies.....	564,771	228,593	90,395	726,296	1,243,167	734,593	1,392,246	51,213,630	6,453,176
Guiana.....	90,154	126,819	52,862	478,550	584,500	500,827	836,809	449,846	1,918,047
Honduras.....									
British North America—									
Canada.....	6,349,505	15,024,958	7,372,301	45,905,183	103,927,571	51,311,686	118,781,277	61,188,179	133,665,274
Newfoundland and Labrador	167,414	987,830	130,119	892,683	1,933,374	3,375,819	2,024,846	634,596	2,354,610
British West Indies.....	661,824	828,361	851,738	7,728,781	6,569,180	7,383,813	6,543,415	8,800,050	8,147,550
Gibraltar.....	1,753	50,141	637	50,456	6,207,462	8,693	213,446	17,229	515,219
Hong Kong.....	134,123	567,011	158,734	913,328	5,938,664	1,283,343	4,260,784	1,685,475	6,394,021
Other British Colonies.....	1,633	97,247	18,115	112,968	180,250	45,714	559,201	64,575	300,567
Totals, British Empire....	33,529,527	82,655,615	31,139,123	231,782,667	497,833,295	273,719,660	533,333,105	301,401,176	549,102,767
Foreign Countries—									
Austria Hungary.....	1,079,236	2,034,717	1,509,219	8,277,333	8,641,174	9,690,664	7,909,004	10,891,476	9,214,138
Argentine Republic.....	889,866	2,622,489	1,873,391	11,338,365	20,960,315	10,467,584	22,055,114	19,879,312	19,505,769
Belgium.....	12,628,368	5,117,055	1,827,210	17,477,471	26,898,322	20,407,483	34,051,256	17,636,666	33,753,357
Brazil.....	2,242,547	1,717,157	7,884,241	51,116,168	11,189,363	49,284,425	11,227,043	52,092,004	4,453,234
Central American States.....	753,835	1,151,154	772,374	7,777,960	11,682,919	8,029,581	16,310,569	10,823,888	19,287,663
Cuba.....	3,125,803	4,338,828	2,838,430	52,768,797	30,130,985	59,133,530	30,312,307	60,076,426	33,039,967
Chile.....	2,074,393	772,999	1,476,105	10,658,668	5,438,296	11,443,538	3,479,881	12,830,897	2,134,997
Colombia.....	468,997	232,677	654,995	4,302,630	2,380,524	4,508,543	2,050,395	4,062,113	2,082,120
Chinese Empire.....	2,582,705	1,668,811	2,557,926	18,483,114	40,308,423	21,126,389	19,188,683	22,270,045	15,493,773
Denmark.....	88,970	2,309,240	1,195,539	8,958,321	8,702,039	7,91,463	15,119,896	10,891,883	14,038,000
Dutch East Indies.....	2,003,970	360,584	2,840,230	18,585,320	1,042,885	8,301,621	1,087,354	10,811,414	1,245,321
Egypt.....	418,813	30,254	93,798	4,609,308	991,849	2,927,085	1,754,732	7,016,757	874,288
Ecuador.....	332,269	144,594	320,163	1,631,352	1,422,729	2,160,625	1,275,256	2,176,934	1,269,913
France.....	11,264,150	13,720,651	9,679,343	63,126,443	58,711,234	77,137,090	67,015,618	79,991,510	69,905,186

Germany.....	14,493,553	31,085,834	14,435,352	36,988,577	84,272,639	137,026,368	99,212,135	155,738,344	110,154,302	164,414,908
Greece.....	203,307	308,472	580,197	194,114	1,048,403	133,550	1,565,292	606,607	2,430,396	1,010,679
Italy.....	4,124,217	6,704,152	4,958,360	5,177,237	25,367,791	24,972,560	29,208,812	35,676,525	35,688,407	29,885,321
Japan.....	9,185,149	3,513,849	7,058,378	4,031,715	33,409,449	35,417,529	42,432,920	20,961,360	49,184,658	24,961,571
Mexico.....	3,918,125	5,338,561	3,488,992	5,092,169	33,920,667	34,007,914	34,176,077	41,050,726	38,442,622	45,898,323
Netherlands.....	2,684,636	6,912,843	1,952,755	9,311,265	16,302,899	52,167,736	22,014,544	65,745,845	20,524,755	69,171,815
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	542,566	599,743	755,240	727,279	4,608,558	8,039,115	2,254,647	3,707,035	2,802,607	4,018,457
Sweden.....	349,923	844,818	488,185	1,132,579	3,295,112	844,155	2,649,714	6,540,084	3,288,136	6,796,577
Portugal.....	397,942	19,575	491,655	521,621	1,652,268	2,981,917	3,195,408	763,922	3,966,317	2,476,177
Peru.....	538,371	506,176	563,251	875,876	1,652,268	2,981,917	1,980,111	3,367,059	5,407,107	4,572,804
Philippine Islands.....	1,109,160	569,504	443,444	879,592	9,589,630	3,862,389	7,043,899	5,362,590	7,674,933	7,044,539
Russia—										
In Asia.....	181,231	216,422	42,927	73,069	9,748,361	11,529,205	733,838	1,659,875	374,213	1,101,870
Europe.....	1,637,680	1,150,312	1,594,825	1,602,688	6,845,252	10,995,798	11,972,317	8,520,860	11,134,011	8,737,203
Spain.....	1,655,228	2,233,874	2,800,319	2,656,742	6,845,252	10,995,798	7,724,724	14,227,735	11,492,028	15,724,729
Switzerland.....	2,400,934	64,402	2,961,121	40,459	14,612,803	192,500	15,556,040	392,412	18,711,394	412,527
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,716,148	73,120	1,642,615	125,957	7,630,641	1,021,069	9,122,433	1,012,416	9,219,134	1,341,705
Turkey in Asia.....	289,968	261,564	67,498	350,469	1,481,310	1,949,134	1,300,218	2,081,889	1,528,100	2,715,311
Uruguay.....	425,156	285,009	664,850	303,037	4,803,252	2,115,809	4,822,037	2,327,760	4,927,905	1,820,509
Venezuela.....	466,774	1,953,556	692,445	3,786,228	5,783,323	9,688,217	5,864,513	12,311,053	7,340,362	20,419,124
Other foreign countries.....										
Totals, foreign countries.....	86,283,990	99,873,070	79,799,723	113,748,082	535,483,512	562,416,942	588,239,870	616,921,217	647,026,913	656,864,873
Grand totals.....	119,813,517	182,528,685	110,938,846	204,474,187	767,266,179	1,060,250,237	861,959,530	1,150,254,322	948,428,089	1,205,967,640
	302,342,202		315,413,083		1,827,516,416		2,012,213,852		2,154,395,729	

Tea.....	190,448	189,290	1,330,326	1,599,613	1,659,803	51,263	47,333	325,217	388,273	402,450
Tobacco and manufactures of —										
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers..		6,258			32,175		5,232			27,189
" all other sorts.....	33,145	42,925		110,239	173,276	14,840	8,789	107,473	63,245	82,120
Wood and manufactures of —										
Boards, planks, &c.....	100,703	94,616	673,532	800,423	731,711	1,712,935	1,804,943	10,265,072	13,089,557	13,742,022
Wood pulp.....	15,101	17,275	71,708	86,003	116,333	318,993	366,187	1,610,174	1,800,534	2,611,619
Wool.....	16,818	92,180	1,243,347	579,325	1,518,337	4,523	22,972	315,108	160,997	395,823
All other goods imported.....						2,896,967	4,164,423	23,626,903	24,812,981	32,617,684
Totals, Imports.....						6,516,919	7,502,420	46,797,866	52,187,505	61,842,775

Hides and skins other than fur.....	Lbs.	155,710	238,459	565,704	849,382	961,194	21,736	23,545	62,091	120,707	123,211
Hops.....	Lbs.	81,164	151,316	308,462	208,332	328,372	15,032	16,723	64,848	33,768	44,728
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes.....											
Electrical appliances.....											
Other kinds.....											
Iron and steel and manufactures of—											
Billets, ingots of steel, &c.....	Tons.		1,061			3,644					
Builders' hardware and saws and tools.....											
Machinery, viz.....											
Electrical machinery.....											
Locomotives.....	No.	23									
Metal working.....				73							
Sewing machines and parts of.....					98	181					
Typewriting machines and parts of.....											
Pipes and fittings.....	Lbs.		7,021,115								
Structural iron and steel.....	Tons.	432	3,083			65,226,976					
Steel bars or rails for railways.....			3,758			51,934					
Wire.....	Lbs.		1,939,751	22,958	63,206	61,891,281	13,340	169,253	656,467	1,772,418	1,490,232
Leather and manufactures of—											
Boots and shoes.....											
Sole leather.....	Lbs.	87,749	72,741	459,771	522,222	467,150	60,416	58,467	718,251	797,781	846,684
Saddles, buff, grain, &c.....											
Other kinds.....											
Naval stores.....											
Resin, tar and pitch.....	Brls.	8,661	9,052	71,139	70,389	65,431	38,073	55,162	255,747	284,682	339,288
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Galls.	80,776	59,470	580,083	698,267	693,728	52,201	31,920	357,252	437,806	423,701
Oil cake and oil cake meal.....											
Cottonseed.....	Lbs.	235,000			1,229,345						
Flaxseed.....											
Oils.....											
Mineral, crude.....	Galls.	1,938,836	4,105,701	19,290,323	19,604,573	22,048,251	57,224	124,869	608,449	630,388	687,409
Mineral, refined.....											
Illuminating.....	"										
Lubricating.....	"										
Cotton-seed.....	"										
Other kinds.....											
Printing.....	Lbs.										
Paraffine and paraffine wax.....	Lbs.										
Provisions—											
Meat—											
Beef products—											
Beef, canned.....	"	3,448	807	395,518	294,986	66,089	452	103	43,694	28,728	8,249
" fresh.....	"	9,418	5,890	142,381	204,002	248,852	814	504	15,142	21,319	23,532
" salted or pickled and other, cured.....	"										
Tallow.....	"	1,048,900	929,697	6,441,790	6,241,935	6,029,703	50,387	59,497	341,436	328,557	352,856
Hog products—											
Bacon.....	"	129,602	71,533	1,464,260	1,875,465	1,012,701	17,837	10,309	178,094	249,612	148,854
Hams.....	"	499,591	198,757	2,512,810	4,278,503	2,137,849	56,721	26,006	300,151	526,864	285,648
Pork.....	"										
Salted or pickled.....	"										
Fresh.....	"	1,104,597	1,360,343	9,771,092	10,191,488	10,612,595	86,636	113,548	704,367	817,799	907,716
Lard.....	"	663,487	675,133	4,087,614	5,110,431	5,470,292	62,040	65,463	322,871	472,416	530,972
Oil and oleomargarine.....	"	197,543	58,199	1,170,202	1,429,388	1,481,497	19,570	5,859	107,800	133,189	142,444
Dairy products—											
Butter.....	"	10,854	1,603	411,117	204,262	216,891	2,717	554	85,302	43,962	55,674
Cheese.....	"	162,309	20,147	123,246	1,492,736	819,908	16,267	2,384	15,826	162,794	87,847

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America, &c.—*Concluded.*

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of November.		Eight months ending November.		Month of November.		Eight months ending November.	
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Seeds—								
Flaxseed or linseed.....								
Other kinds.....								
ugar, refined.....	101,250.	20.	1,688,258	3,424,920	35,046	421,813	649,471	45,537
obacco and manufactures of—								
Leaf, stems and trimmings.....	692,746	336,326	10,487,337	8,192,052	6,363,502	55,091	118,206	
Cigars.....						1,095,829	1,004,992	879,845
Plugs.....		38,793				158,650	157,807	89,002
Other kinds.....								
Wood and manufactures of—								
Timber and unmanufactured wood.....								
Lumber—Boards, planks, deals, joists, &c.....	11,827	13,077	78,417	83,457	151,011	1,019,968	1,255,823	808,920
Manufactures of wood—								
Furniture, N.E.S.....						1,799,346	2,259,110	4,426,412
All other goods exported, including foreign produce.....						506,266	573,864	624,982
						50,235,693	58,745,656	60,083,912
Totals, Exports.....						105,860,945	120,806,123	136,019,784

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1905.	1906.	1907.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....	(9 mos.) September...	133,458,600	180,001,400	184,665,666
British South Africa.....	(10 ") October.....		130,412,067	112,848,267
Canada (special).....	(9 ") December.....	206,148,266	243,141,682	278,167,961
Great Britain (special).....	(9 ") ".....	2,072,978,634	2,209,527,102	2,311,067,789
United States.....	(8 ") November.....	767,266,179	861,959,530	948,428,089
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(10 ") October.....	357,282,233	376,656,350	383,192,747
Belgium (principal articles).....	(11 ") November.....	505,953,360	562,907,081	608,603,884
British India.....	(10 ") October.....	287,601,192	314,677,872	342,471,240
Egypt.....	(10 ") ".....	86,105,000	95,900,000	105,620,000
France (special).....	(12 ") December.....		1,125,450,200	1,209,529,600
Germany (special).....	(9 ") September.....	1,159,435,802	1,375,601,206	1,529,727,798
Italy.....	(8 ") August.....	249,220,900	315,717,120	360,849,784
Japan (special).....	(10 ") October.....	210,854,000	177,851,500	209,064,000
Mexico (a).....	(9 ") September.....	64,257,000	91,300,500	92,836,000
Portugal.....	(12 ") *December.....	67,006,440	65,532,240	65,222,280
Russia (special).....	(8 ") August.....	185,274,855	202,710,695	229,301,175
Spain (principal articles).....	(10 ") October.....	168,939,848	161,523,051	148,521,220
Switzerland (special).....	(9 ") September.....	178,612,815	196,585,168	218,219,310

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....	(9 mos.) September...	149,435,867	207,208,067	216,216,267
British South Africa.....	(10 ") October.....		168,610,533	190,919,333
Canada (special).....	(9 ") December.....	179,182,767	195,632,556	193,913,347
Great Britain (special).....	(9 ") ".....	1,224,909,847	1,384,473,305	1,578,443,032
United States (special).....	(8 ") November.....	1,041,868,890	1,133,390,047	1,185,979,175
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(10 ") October.....	376,248,151	383,040,709	382,299,344
Belgium (principal articles).....	(11 ") November.....	375,902,240	444,882,756	463,828,987
British India.....	(10 ") October.....	415,074,132	444,577,896	519,537,888
Egypt.....	(10 ") ".....	74,085,000	83,210,000	98,655,000
France (special).....	(12 ") December.....		1,053,341,400	1,108,406,000
Germany (special).....	(9 ") September.....	958,174,434	1,053,419,416	1,206,690,702
Italy (special).....	(8 ") August.....	204,380,438	237,651,708	224,669,563
Japan (special).....	(10 ") October.....	125,600,500	166,540,500	181,281,000
Mexico (a).....	(9 ") September.....	86,720,000	96,521,000	97,469,500
Portugal.....	(12 ") *December.....	33,108,960	31,286,520	33,040,440
Russia (special).....	(8 ") August.....	340,993,345	323,432,880	310,850,395
Spain (principal articles).....	(10 ") October.....	145,272,258	139,840,852	141,345,287
Switzerland (special).....	(9 ") September.....	133,339,068	147,978,504	161,789,777

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

NEW TARIFFS.

During the month under review there have been distributed from this department to all the principal Custom-houses and Boards of Trade throughout the Dominion, copies of all foreign and colonial tariffs and supplements thereto, as furnished during that period by the International Customs Tariff Bureau, which are always available for reference by those interested therein, resident at the principal centres of trade. The following British and Colonial are supplemental to those published in the departmental Annual Report, 1893, and the quarterly and monthly reports since published, and comprise all additions thereto or changes therein, so far as the department has authentic advice.

NEW ZEALAND.

1907, No. 15.

AN ACT TO IMPOSE DUTIES OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE AND TO AMEND THE LAW
RELATING THERETO.

September 25, 1907.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of New Zealand in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the Tariff Act, 1907.
2. In this Act the term 'Tariff' means the schedules to this Act setting forth duties of Customs and exemptions from duties of Customs.

PART I.

Duties of Customs and Excise.

3. All duties of Customs, and all exemptions from such duties, as specified in the schedules to the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888, the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895, the Customs Duties Amendment Act, 1900, and the Preferential and Reciprocal Trade Act, 1903, and also all duties imposed by the Governor under section seventeen of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888, are hereby repealed, and there shall be levied, collected, and paid to the use of His Majesty on all goods imported into New Zealand or entered for home consumption after the coming into operation of this Act the several duties of Customs mentioned in schedules A and B to this Act.

4. The goods mentioned in schedule B hereto shall, except as otherwise provided for in that schedule or in schedule E,* be exempt from duties of Customs if imported into New Zealand or entered for home consumption after the coming into operation of this Act.

5. There shall be levied, collected, and paid to the use of His Majesty on all goods specified in schedule C, D, and E hereto,* and not being the produce or manufacture of some part of the British Dominions, if imported into New Zealand or entered for home consumption after the respective dates hereinafter specified in this section, in addition to the duties (if any) authorized under schedules A and B hereto, the duties of Customs following, that is to say:—

*The additional duties provided for in Schedules C, D and E have been incorporated in the rates of duty shown under Schedules A and B.

(a) On the articles specified in schedule C,* if so imported or entered after the coming into operation of this Act, an amount equal to the amount payable on these articles under schedule A;

(b) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part I,* if so imported or entered after the coming into operation of this Act, an amount equal to one-half of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A;

(c) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part II,* if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, an amount equal to one-half of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A;

(d) On the articles specified in schedule D, Part III,* if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, an amount equal to twenty per centum of the amount payable on these articles under schedule A;

(e) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part I,* if so imported or entered after the coming into operation of this Act, duties of Customs equal to twenty per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments;

(f) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part II,* if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, duties of Customs equal to twenty per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments;

(g) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part III,* if so imported or entered after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and eight, duties of Customs equal to ten per centum of the value for duty as defined by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, or its amendments;

(h) On the articles specified in schedule E, Part IV,* if so imported or entered after the coming into operation of this Act, duties of Customs specified in the said Part of the said schedule.

6. (1) With regard to all articles mentioned in schedule C, D, or E hereto,* the full duty shall be levied, collected, and paid as if they were not the produce or manufacture of any part of the British Dominions, unless there is produced to the collector an invoice of the goods having written or printed thereon a certificate signed by the sender or consignor, in such form as may be prescribed by the Minister of Customs, stating that the articles are *bona fide* the produce or manufacture of some part of the British Dominions named in the certificate. No such invoice shall relate to any goods other than those to which the certificate refers.

(2) On the importation of any articles mentioned in schedule C, D, or E hereto,* the importer or his agent, in addition to the particulars required to be given on the entry of dutiable goods, shall state, to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief, the country of which such articles are the produce or manufacture, and shall satisfy the collector, by declaration or otherwise, of the truth of such statement.

(3) If the collector has reason to believe that any such articles are not the produce or manufacture of the country mentioned in such invoice, certificate, or statement, he may detain them for examination; and if after due inquiry he is satisfied that such invoice, certificate, or statement is false, the articles shall be forfeited and dealt with as directed by the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, in the case of forfeited goods.

(4) Every importer, or agent of an importer, who produces any such invoice or certificate, or makes any such statement, knowing the same to be false in any particular is liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, or, at the option of the Minister of Customs, to a penalty of treble the value of the goods specified in such invoice.

(5) In any proceedings under this Act the onus of proof that any goods are the produce or manufacture of some part of the British Dominions shall be on the importer.

*The additional duties provided for in Schedules C, D and E have been incorporated in the rates of duty shown under Schedules A and B.

(6) In the case of parcels sent by post or through a forwarding agency, the collector may dispense with the certificate required by this section, if evidence satisfactory to him is produced that the goods are the produce or manufacture of the British Dominions.

(7) The Governor may from time to time, by order in council gazetted, make regulations for carrying into effect the provisions of this section, and may impose penalties for the breach of any such regulation not exceeding one hundred pounds, and in particular may prescribe the classes of goods which shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be the produce or manufacture of the British Dominions or of any specified country.

(8) Sections two to eleven of the Preferential and Reciprocal Trade Act, 1903, are hereby repealed.†

7. Nothing in this Act shall be so construed or shall so operate as to conflict with the schedule of Customs duties and exemptions contained in the order in council made by the Governor on the seventh day of January, nineteen hundred and seven, for the purpose of carrying into effect a certain treaty therein referred to, and made between the government of New Zealand and the governments of certain colonies in South Africa:

Provided that, notwithstanding anything in the said schedule, no higher duty shall be levied on any goods the produce or manufacture of the said colonies than that which would be levied under this Act on the same goods if they were the produce or manufacture of some other part of the British Dominions.

8. (1) The articles in which spirit is a necessary ingredient, permitted to be manufactured in any warehouse or place of security approved and appointed under section twenty-six of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882 (hereinafter called a manufacturing warehouse), shall be limited to the following articles when made under such conditions, in such quantities, and according to such formulæ as may from time to time be approved by the Minister of Customs, that is to say: Perfumed spirit, spirituous preparations for the toilet, culinary or flavouring essences, and medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wine or wine mixed with food).

(2) Before delivery from any manufacturing warehouse there shall be paid to and for the use of His Majesty a duty on such articles in accordance with the following scale, that is to say:—

On perfumed spirit, 20s. the liquid gal.

On toilet preparations which are subject to 16s. the liquid gallon on importation, 12s. the liquid gal.

On toilet preparation which are subject to 25 per centum duty on importation, 6s. the liquid gal.

On culinary and flavouring essences, 12s. the liquid gal.

On medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wine or wine mixed with food) containing more than 50 per centum of proof spirit, 9d. the pound.

Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wine or wine mixed with food) containing 50 per centum of proof spirit or less, free.

(3) The Minister of Customs may prohibit the manufacture of any article included under the foregoing headings, if in his judgment such manufacture is detrimental to the revenue derived from the duty on spirits.

(4) If at any time the collector is satisfied that any article made in a manufacturing warehouse has not been prepared strictly in accordance with the formula approved by the Minister of Customs, or that any article the manufacture of which has been prohibited by the said Minister under the authority of this section has been made in a manufacturing warehouse, the said Minister may by writing under his

† The effect of this repealing clause is to only retain the provisions relating to 'Reciprocal Trade' agreements with British Dominions and foreign countries. The preferential provisions of the Act of 1903 are, with certain amendments, incorporated in this Act.

hand revoke the appointment of the warehouse in which such article has been so prepared or made.

(5) For the period of two years after such revocation no person who was in occupation of such warehouse at the time of the revocation shall be competent to make application for the reappointment of that warehouse, or for the appointment of any other warehouse, and if he become the occupier of any manufacturing warehouse the Minister of Customs may revoke the appointment thereof.

(6) Sections nine and eleven of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895, are hereby repealed.†

9. (1) This Act shall be deemed to have come into operation on the seventeenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, and to have been in operation since the commencement of that day.

(2) Notwithstanding the last preceding subsection, sections seventeen to thirty of this Act shall be deemed to have come into operation on the passing of this Act, and not at any earlier date.

10. The several schedules to this Act, together with the notes to such schedules, shall be deemed to be part of this Act in the same manner as if they had been contained in the body thereof.

11. (1) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, every resolution of the House of Representatives passed on or after the sixteenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, and before the passing of this Act, purporting to impose any duties of Customs or excise, or to create any exemptions from such duties, shall be deemed to have taken effect and to have had the force of law according to the tenor of such resolution, and to have so continued until the passing of this Act, or until altered or revoked before the passing of this Act by a resolution of the House of Representatives.

(2) Every such resolution as is mentioned in the last preceding subsection shall be deemed to be revoked on the passing of this Act.

12. (1) No additional duty shall be chargeable in respect of goods cleared during the currency of any such resolution as aforesaid by reason merely of the fact that the duties or exemptions imposed or created by such resolution have been altered by any subsequent resolution or by this Act.

(2) When any duty has been paid under the authority of any such resolution in excess of the duty payable under this Act, the collector may allow a refund of such excess, if he is satisfied that the goods on which such duty has been paid are still in the possession of the person who paid the same.

13. Where any contract has been made before the seventeenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seven, between an importer carrying on business in New Zealand and a purchaser in New Zealand for the sale of any goods at a price which includes the duty payable on such goods in accordance with the tariff in force at the date of such contract, the following provisions shall apply:—

(a) If the said goods have been entered before the passing of this Act, and duty has been paid thereon in excess of the duty in force at the date of such contract, the collector, if satisfied that the goods have been delivered to the purchaser in pursuance of such contract, may allow a refund of such excess to the importer.

(b) If the said goods have not been so entered before the passing of this Act, but are entered before the first day of November, nineteen hundred and seven, the collector, if satisfied that they have been imported and are to be delivered by the importer under such a contract as aforesaid, may allow such goods to be admitted at the rate of duty in force in respect thereof on the date on which the said contract was made.

† These repealed sections relate to the manufacture of articles of which spirit is a necessary ingredient, and to the revocation of the appointment of manufacturing warehouses.

14. (1) This Act shall not take effect in the Islands situated within the boundaries set forth in the schedule to the Cook and other Islands Government Act, 1901, until a day to be determined by the Governor by order in council gazetted.

(2) All orders in council made under the authority of the said Act and affecting, the Customs duties or exemptions in the said Islands shall remain in full force and effect, notwithstanding this Act, until revoked or altered by a subsequent order in council.

(3) Nothing in this Act shall affect the provisions of section ten of the said Act, or of section five of the Cook and other Islands Government Act Amendment Act, 1902, or of section three of the Cook and other Islands Government Act Amendment Act, 1903.

(4) On and after the coming into force of this Act in the said Islands there shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act, be levied and collected in the said Islands, in addition to all other duties imposed by this Act, the duties of Customs following, that is to say:—

On sugar, whether imported from New Zealand or elsewhere, if entered in the said Islands on or after the first day of November, nineteen hundred and seven, a duty of one half-penny for every pound:

On cotton piece-goods (except calico), linen piece-goods, and piece-goods of mixed cotton and linen, whether imported from New Zealand or elsewhere, if entered in the said Islands after the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and seven, a duty of ten per centum *ad valorem*:

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor by order in council at any time to reduce or remit the duties so imposed upon the said goods or upon any class of the same, and so long as such order in council remains in force the said duties shall be reduced or remitted accordingly.

15. All goods delivered upon a deposit or other security for duty before the passing of this Act shall be liable to the duties in force or deemed by virtue of this Act to have been in force at the time of such delivery.

16. (1) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, printing paper imported by and for the use of the proprietor of any registered newspaper shall be exempt from the duty imposed thereon by schedule E hereto,* if imported and entered for home consumption on or before the last day of December, nineteen hundred and seven, if it is proved to the satisfaction of the collector that such paper was imported under a valid contract entered into before the sixteenth day of November, nineteen hundred and three, for the supply of such paper for a period not exceeding three years.

(2) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, raw cotton shall be exempt from duty if imported and entered for home consumption on or before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and eight, if it is proved to the satisfaction of the collector that such cotton was imported under a valid contract entered into before the thirteenth day of September, nineteen hundred and seven.

PART II.

Miscellaneous.

17 (1) The Governor may from time to time direct that any article imported into New Zealand, which in the opinion of the Minister of Customs is a substitute for some other article, or which in the opinion of the said Minister possesses such properties that it can be used or is intended to be used for a purpose similar to that for which some other article is used, shall be admitted to entry either at a rate to be fixed by the Governor in proportion to the degree in which it approximates in its properties or uses to such other article, or free of duty if such other article is free of duty.

* The additional rates of duty provided for in Schedule E are incorporated in the rates of duty shown under Schedules A and B.

(2) Section seventeen of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888, is hereby repealed. §

18. Whenever an article is imported in mechanical combination or connection with an article bearing a lower rate of duty, or with an article free of duty, the collector may refuse the admission of such composite article at any rate other than the highest rate chargeable on any of the mechanically combined or connected articles taken separately; but the Minister of Customs may, at his discretion, permit a separate classification of each article, or may admit the whole article under such heading of the Tariff as appears to him just.

19. Notwithstanding anything in this Act or in any other Act relating to the Customs, the collector may admit absolute alcohol, spirits of wine, and spirits, for scientific, medicinal, perfumery, and toilet purposes, and also trade samples and presents from abroad to residents in New Zealand, in packages of any size, and at a duty calculated upon the actual quantity or weight in cases where such duty is leviable by quantity or weight.

20. Whenever an article is imported which bears a proprietary name, or which has a composition which is not clearly disclosed on the label of the package, and it is, in the opinion of the collector, necessary for the purpose of ascertaining the duty payable to have such article analysed, the fee for such analysis shall be such as the Minister of Customs may direct, and shall be paid by the importer.

21. (1) All goods not produced or manufactured in New Zealand shall, on reimportation into New Zealand, whether duty was paid upon them on their first importation or not, be liable to the same duties, rules, regulations, and restrictions as if then imported for the first time.

Provided that goods subject to *ad valorem* rates of duty which are temporarily exported from New Zealand for repairs or otherwise may be admitted to entry on being returned to New Zealand at a duty calculated upon the cost of such repairs, or upon such value as may be lawfully assessed, if satisfactory proof is produced to the collector of the exportation of the goods, and that the goods have not been absent from New Zealand for more than two years from the date of exportation.

(2) All goods the produce or manufacture of New Zealand, brought back into New Zealand, and being of such a kind that if produced or manufactured elsewhere than in New Zealand they would be liable to any duty of Customs on importation, shall be liable to the same duties, rules, regulations, and restrictions as goods of the like kind produced or manufactured in England, unless the same are brought back within five years from the time of the exportation thereof, and it is proved to the satisfaction of the collector that they are the produce or manufacture of New Zealand, in which case the same may be entered by bill of store containing such particulars as the Minister of Customs may direct.

(3) All goods so entered shall be delivered free of duty, except where a duty is payable in New Zealand on the like goods produced or manufactured in New Zealand upon delivery for home consumption, in which case the same duties as are at the time of the return of the goods to New Zealand leviable on such goods shall be paid.

(4) Where a drawback has been obtained on exportation from New Zealand on any goods produced or manufactured in New Zealand, such goods shall, upon return to New Zealand, be liable for an amount of duty equal to the drawback payable on exportation of the like goods at the time of such return.

(5) Section ninety-one of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, is hereby repealed.*

22. The Minister of Customs may classify any medicinal preparation or any preparation claimed to be a medicinal preparation under any other heading of the Tariff, if in his judgment such preparation is fit for use or can be easily rendered

§ This repealed section relates to the imposition of duties on substitutes for other articles.

* This repealed section relates to the entry by bill of store of New Zealand goods returned.

fit for use as a beverage, flavouring-essence, toilet preparation, perfumed spirit, or as an article or spirituous ingredient in an article subject to a higher rate of duty than a medicinal preparation.

23. Where any dispute arises as to the true meaning and application of any terms used in the Tariff and therein printed in italics, the Minister of Customs may determine such dispute in such manner as appears to him just, and his decision thereon shall be final.

24. Section twenty-four of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, is hereby amended by inserting after the words 'such premises' the words 'upon payment of such fee, and.' §

25. In the event of any bonded or manufacturing warehouse, sugar refinery, or other premises for which an annual fee has been paid being destroyed or closed, the collector may refund a proportion of such fee, calculated from the time at which the premises were so destroyed or closed until the end of the year for which the fee was paid.

26 (1) Where printed matter liable to Customs duty is included in any mail, whether addressed to separate individuals or not, duty shall be paid on such matter (including the envelope or other covering) before its delivery from the post office.

(2) If such printed matter has been posted to the order of any person in New Zealand, or of any person having an agent in New Zealand, the said duty shall be payable by such person or agent, and in any other case the said duty shall be payable by the person who posted the said printed matter, or by his agent (if any) in New Zealand.

(3) The postmaster shall notify the person or agent so liable as aforesaid, if his name and address are known to the postmaster, that such printed matter is detained pending payment of the duty.

(4) If duty is not paid on any such printed matter within six months after the arrival thereof, it may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of as the Minister of Customs directs.

27. (1) Where goods are sent to New Zealand for direct or ultimate delivery to any specified person in New Zealand, such person shall be deemed to be an importer of the goods, notwithstanding that he may not be possessed of or beneficially interested in the goods at the time of importation or while they are in the control of the officers of Customs, and the definition of 'importer' in section two of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, is hereby extended accordingly.

(2) Where in respect of any goods there are more importers than one, the collector shall have the same power with regard to all of them as he has with regard to the importer by or on whose behalf entry is offered or passed.

28. (1) Notwithstanding anything in section thirty-nine of the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, it is hereby declared that where entry is offered or made of any goods liable to *ad valorem* duty in respect of which goods any agreement or arrangement, whether provisional or complete, for delivery thereof, after clearance at the Customs, to any purchaser in New Zealand has theretofore been made, the true and real value of goods the subject of the entry shall be deemed to be the amount paid or to be paid therefor by the New Zealand purchaser, less a fair allowance for freight and insurance and duty (if any), to be assessed by the collector of the port at which such entry is presented, and with an addition of ten per centum of the said amount after deducting the said allowance.

(2) In cases where the amount paid or to be paid by the New Zealand purchaser cannot be immediately ascertained, the true and real value shall be assessed by the collector at such sum as he determines to be the fair market value in New Zealand of the goods, less such fair allowance as aforesaid, and with an addition of ten per centum of the said market value after deducting the said allowance.

§ This section refers to the delivery of sugar for refining.

(3) Assessments made by the collector under this section shall be final and conclusive.

29. Every person making an entry in respect of goods to be delivered by such person shall at the time of entry deliver to the collector a correct list of the persons to whom and the places at which the goods are to be delivered, and shall declare to such list, and such declaration shall form part of the entry.

30. (1) Nothing in the three last preceding sections shall apply to goods delivered in pursuance of a *bona fide* contract of sale made in New Zealand between the purchaser and an importer carrying on business in New Zealand, unless such importer in so selling the goods acts as the agent of some other person.

(2) For the purposes of this section no person shall be deemed to carry on business in New Zealand merely because he has an agent in New Zealand.

(3) If any dispute arises as to whether any person carries on business in New Zealand within the meaning of this section, such dispute shall be referred to the Minister of Customs, whose decision shall be final.

31. This Act shall be deemed to be incorporated with the Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882, and the several Acts incorporated therewith; but these Acts shall, in so far as they conflict with this Act, be construed subject to this Act.

32. The following enactments and parts of Acts are hereby repealed, that is to say:—

Sections two to five and schedule A of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1888;*

Sections two to four and schedules A and B of the Customs and Excise Duties Act, 1895;* and

Sections two and three and schedules A and B of the Customs Duties Amendment Act, 1900.*

* These Sections and Schedules relate to the imposition of various rates of duty.

CUSTOMS TARIFF.

IMPORT DUTIES,

NOTE.—The headings of the respective classes in schedules A and B are used solely for convenience of classification, and shall not in any way affect the interpretation of the Tariff.

The word 'iron' includes steel, or steel and iron combined.

Neither steam-engines, nor parts of steam-engines, nor boilers (land or marine), nor feed-water heaters, fuel-economizers, steam superheaters, or mechanical stokers are included in the expression 'machines' or 'machinery' as used in the Tariff.

SCHEDULE A.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS I.		
<i>Foods and Articles for Human Consumption.</i>		
Bacon and hams.....	Lb. 2d.	2d.
Biscuits, ships', plain and unsweetened; also dog biscuits.....	Cwt. 3s. 7½d.	3s.
Biscuits, other kinds.....	Lb. 2½d.	2d.
Candied peel and drained peel.....	Lb. 3½d.	3d.
Confectionery n.o.e., including medicated lozenges, medicated confectionery, boiled sugars, liquorice not otherwise enumerated, sugared or crystallized fruits.....	Lb.* 2½d.	2d.
Chocolate confectionery and confectionery containing chocolate:—		
1. In plain trade packages.....	Lb. 3½d.	3d.
2. In fancy packages, or in small packages for retail sale.....	ad val. 24 %	20 %
Fish, dried, pickled or salted, not otherwise enumerated.....	Cwt. 15s.	10s.
Fish, potted and preserved, including any liquor, oil or sauce.....	Lb. 3d.†	2d.
NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that the term "fish" is used in its widest sense, and includes shell-fish, crustaceans and other foods obtained from the fisheries.....		
Fruits, dried—viz., figs, currants and raisins.....	Free.	Free.
Fruits, dried—viz., figs, dates and prunes.....	Free.	Free.
Fruits, dried, not otherwise enumerated.....	Lb. 2d.	2d.
Fruits, fresh—viz., apples, pears, plums, cherries, peaches, nectarines, medlars, apricots, quinces, tomatoes, and grapes.....	" 1d.	1d.
(No duty exceeding ½d. the lb. to be levied on apples and pears on and from the 14th July to and including 31st December.)		
Fruits, fresh,—viz. currants, raspberries, gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries, and lemons.....	" ½d.	½d.
Fruit-pulp, partially preserved fruit, fruit preserved by sulphurous acid, unsweetened and not otherwise enumerated.....	" 1½d.	1½d.
Glucose and caramel.....	" 1d.	1d.
Honey.....	" 2d.	2d.
Jams, jellies, marmalade, and preserves, the lb. or package of that reputed weight, whichever rate is higher, and so on in proportion for packages of greater or less reputed weight.....	2½d.	2d.
Jellies, concentrated.....	Lb. 4d.	4d.
Maizena, and cornflour.....	Free.	Free.

NOTE.—For explanation of some of the articles being printed in italics, see sec. 23, page 1511.

* The new Tariff provides that the weight of the packages shall include internal containing packages (other than plain bottles and plain trade packages.)

† Except sardines, which are dutiable at 2d. per lb.

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS I—Continued.		
Mustard.....	Free.	Free.
Nuts—namely, walnuts, shelled or unshelled.....	Lb. 2d.	2d.
Pearl barley.....	Cwt. 1s.	1s.
Peas, split.....	" 2s.	2s.
Pickles.....	Gall. 3s.	3s.
Sauces, catsup, and chutney.....	" 4s.	4s.
Soy, in vessels of 10 gallons capacity or under.....	" 4s.	4s.
Spices, ground, not otherwise enumerated, including pepper, pimento, and olive-stones, ground.....	Lb. 2½d.	2d.
Spices, unground, including chillies, pepper, and pimento, unground.....	Free.	Free.
Sugar.....	Free.	Free.
Treacle and molasses.....	Gall. 7½d.	6d.
Vinegar, not exceeding 6.5 per cent of acidity, calculated as acetic acid.....	Gall. 7½d.	6d.
Capers, caraway seeds, caviare, cayenne pepper, curry powder, and paste, fish paste, olives.....	ad val. 20 %	20 %
Lard and refined animal fats, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 30 %	20 %
Meats, potted or preserved.....	" 30 %	20 %
Provisions, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 30 %	20 %
Vegetables, fresh, dried, or preserved.....	" 30 %	20 %
Fruits, preserved in juice or syrup.....	ad val. 37½ %	25 %
(It is stated in the new Tariff that fruits, preserved in juice, or syrup, fortified with alcohol to any extent exceeding 33 per cent of proof spirit, shall be charged 16s. per proof gallon on such juice or syrup, in addition to 25 per cent ad valorem on the total value of the goods.)		
Milk or cream, preserved, evaporated, or dried.....	ad val. 37½ %	25 %
CLASS II.		
Tobacco		
Cigarettes, not exceeding in weight 2½ lbs. per 1,000.....	1,000 17s. 6d.	17s. 6d.
Cigarettes, not otherwise enumerated.....	Lb. 7s.	7s.
Cigars, including the weight of every band, wrapper, or attachment to any cigar.....	" 7s.	7s.
Snuff.....	" 7s.	7s.
Tobacco, including the weight of every label, tag or other attachment.....	" 3s. 6d.	3s. 6d.
Tobacco, unmanufactured, entered to be manufactured in New Zealand in any licensed tobacco manufactory, for manufacturing purposes only into tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, or snuff.....	" 2s.	2s.
CLASS III.		
Alcoholic Beverages and Material for making the same.		
Ale, beer of all sorts, porter, cider and perry, when containing more than 2 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon or for six reputed quart bottles or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity.....	Gall. 2s.	2s.
Cordials, bitters, and liqueurs, when exceeding the strength of 33 per cent of proof spirit, but not exceeding strength of proof.....	Ld. gall 16s.	16s.
Cordials, bitters, and liqueurs, when exceeding the strength of proof.....	Pf. gall 16s.	16s.
Hops.....	Lb. 9d.	6d.
Maize, flaked.....	Bush. 1s.	1s.
Malt, whole or ground.....	" 2s.	2s.
Rice malt.....	Lb. 1d.	1d.
Solid wort.....	" 6d.	6d.
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, the strength of which can be ascertained by Sykes's hydrometer or other instrument.....	Pf. gall. 16s.	16s.
(No allowance beyond 16.5 under proof shall be made for spirits or spirituous mixtures of a less strength than 16.5 under proof.)		
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, sweetened, not otherwise enumerated, when not exceeding the strength of proof.....	I.d. gall. 16s.	16s.
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, sweetened, not otherwise enumerated, when exceeding the strength of proof.....	Pf. gall. 16s.	16s.
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, in bottles or jars in cases, shall be charged as follows, viz.: two gallons and under, as two gallons; over two gallons and not exceeding three, as three gallons; over three gallons and not exceeding four, as four gallons; and so on for any greater quantity contained in any case.		
Spirits and spirituous mixtures, containing more than 33 per cent of proof spirit, in combination with other ingredients, and although thereby coming under any other designation excepting medicinal preparations otherwise enumerated.....	Ld. gall. 16s.	16s.

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

		RATES OF DUTY.	
Names of Articles.		General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS III—Continued.			
Wine—The term "wine" as applied to the new Tariff includes medicated wine or wine mixed with food; also such spirituous beverages and fluid foods, containing less than 33 per cent of proof spirit, as may be so decided by the minister.			
Wine, Australian, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles, or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity.....	Gall.	5s.	5s.
Wine, other than sparkling and Australian, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles, or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity..	"	6s.	6s.
Wine, sparkling, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit; the gallon, or for six reputed quart bottles, or the equivalent in bottles of a larger or smaller reputed quantity.....	"	9s.	9s.
Wine of any kind containing more than 40 per cent of proof spirit.....	Ld. gall.	16s.	16s.
CLASS IV.			
<i>Non-Alcoholic Beverages, and Materials for making same.</i>			
Chicory.....	Lb.	3½d.	3d.
Cocoa and chocolate, including cocoa-beans roasted and crushed; also cocoa or chocolate mixed with milk or any other food substance whatsoever.....	"	3½d.	3d.
Coffee, roasted.....	"	3½d.	3d.
Tea, n.o.e.t.....	"	2½d.	2d.†
Aerated and mineral waters, effervescing beverages, and beverages not otherwise enumerated.....	Ad val.	20 %	20 %
Coffee, essence of, and essence of coffee with milk or any other food substance.....	"	30 %	20 %
Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, unsweetened, in containers of less than ten gallons capacity.....	"	30 %	20 %
Fruit juices or imitation fruit juices, sweetened; syrups; raspberry vinegar, sweetened.....	"	30 %	20 %
CLASS V.			
<i>Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, and Druggists' Sundries.</i>			
Acid, acetic, containing not more than 30 per cent of acidity.....	Lb.	1½d.	1½d.
Acid, acetic, containing more than 30 per cent of acidity, for every 10 per cent of acidity or fraction thereof.....	"	½d.	½d.
Acid, tartaric.....	"	Free.	Free.
Cream of tartar.....	"	Free.	Free.
Essences flavouring, containing more than 33 per cent of proof spirit..	Ld. gall.	16s.	16s.
Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food), containing more than 50 per cent of proof spirit.....	Lb.	1s.	1s.
Opium.....	"	£2	£2
Saccharin not otherwise enumerated, including substances of a like nature or use.....	Ounce.	1s. 6d.	1s. 6d.
Soda, bicarbonate.....	"	Free.	Free.
Soda-crystals.....	"	Free.	Free.
Baking powder; yeast preparations, and other ferments; also yeast foods..	Cwt. Ad val.	2s. 4½d.	2s.
Chemicals, and chemical preparations, not otherwise enumerated, including photographic chemicals not otherwise enumerated; also anti-incrustation, boiler and other compounds.....	"	30 %	20 %
Essences, flavouring, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Eucalyptus oil in bulk or bottle.....	"	20 %	20 %
Glycerine, refined.....	"	30 %	20 %
Medicinal preparations, drugs, and druggists' sundries, and apothecaries' wares, not otherwise enumerated; also aerated water makers', and cordial manufacturers', and brewers' drugs, chemicals, and other sundries, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Medicinal preparations (excepting medicated wines or wines mixed with food) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less.....	"	30 %	20 %
Saccharin, in the form of tablets, pills, granules, or cachets, each containing not more than ½ grain of saccharin in combination with at least 10 per cent of alkali.....	"	30 %	20 %

†See Class IV., Schedule B, for tea in bulk

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

RATES OF DUTY.

Names of Articles.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS VI.		
<i>Clothing and Textile Goods.</i>		
Cotton, raw.....	Lb.	4d.
Cotton piece-goods, to include turkey twills, dress prints (hard spun and plain-woven), where the invoice value does not exceed 4d. per yard; and cotton piece-goods not otherwise enumerated.....	Free.	Free.
All articles not otherwise enumerated, made of textile, felt, or other piece-goods, or of any combination of the same, wholly or partly, made up or manufactured, and not apparel or clothing either wholly or partly made up.....	Ad val.	20 %
Cotton piece-goods—viz., tapestry, cretonnes; chintz art crêpe and serges; velveteens, velvets and plushes, all kinds; damasks; moquette; sateens; linenettes; crepons; crimps; zephyrs; ginghams; turkey twills; prints; printed cottons; piques; vestings; quiltings and marcellas; muslins of all kinds; nets; window-nets; hollandes, curtains and blinds; diapers; ticks, including coloured Belgian; towelings.....	Free.	Free.
Drapery not otherwise enumerated.....	Ad val.	20 %
Flags.....	20 %	20 %
Forfar, dowlas, and flax sheeting, in the piece, not otherwise enumerated.....	Free.	Free.
Haberdashery not otherwise enumerated.....	Ad val.	20 %
Lace and laces, not otherwise enumerated.....	20 %	20 %
Linen, and unions of cotton and linen, in the piece, not otherwise enumerated.....	Free.	Free.
Ribbons and crape, all kinds.....	Ad val.	20 %
Rugs, woollen, cotton, opossum, or other.....	20 %	20 %
Silks, satins, velvets, plushes, not otherwise enumerated, composed of pure silk, or of silk mixed with any other material, in the piece.....	20 %	20 %
Textile piece goods not otherwise enumerated, including imitation silks, composed of any material or substance whatsoever.....	20 %	20 %
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades.....	20 %	20 %
Yarns not otherwise enumerated.....	20 %	20 %
Apparel and ready-made clothing not otherwise enumerated.....	25 %	25 %
Feathers, ornamental (including ostrich); artificial flowers, leaves, and sprays.....	25 %	25 %
Furs and fur trimmings.....	25 %	25 %
Hats of all kinds (including straw hats), also caps.....	25 %	25 %
Hosiery not otherwise enumerated.....	25 %	25 %
Millinery of all kinds, including trimmed hats, caps and bonnets.....	25 %	25 %
Apparel made to the order, or measurement, of residents in the colony, and intended for the individual use of such residents, whether imported by the residents themselves or otherwise.....	40 %	40 %
Apparel—viz., Volunteer clothing made to measurements sent from New Zealand.....	40 %	40 %
CLASS VII.		
<i>Leather and Manufactures of Leather.</i>		
Boots, shoes, clogs, and pattens, not otherwise enumerated, viz:—		
Men's, above size No. 5.....	Pair.	2s. 3d. &
Youth's, above size No. 1.....	and Ad val.	1s. 6d. &
Boys', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive.....	Pair.	1s. 6d. &
Women's, above size No. 1.....	and Ad val.	15 %
Girls', Nos. 7 to 1, both inclusive.....	Pair.	9d. &
Other kinds.....	and Ad val.	15 %
Slippers, not including lawn tennis and gymnasium shoes, soled with india-rubber or felt.....	Pair.	1s. 6d. &
Slippers of felt, with carpet, twine or felt soles.....	and Ad val.	15 %
Shoes or goloshes known as "Plimsolls," with moulded india-rubber soles.....	33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Champion, gymnasium, yachting, and lawn tennis boots, and shoes, with moulded india-rubber soles.....	33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Goloshes and overshoes of all kinds, of rubber.....	33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Shoettes and sandals, not otherwise enumerated.....	33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

RATES OF DUTY.

Names of Articles.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods of the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS VII—Continued.		
Leather—		
Leather belting, belt leather, harness, welting, bridle, strap, legging, bag, and kip other than East India.....	Lb. 4d.	4d.
All <i>hide leathers dressed</i> , not otherwise enumerated.....	3d.	3d.
NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that any leathers not otherwise enumerated (1) either dressed in sides, or pieces of whatever size, or (2) if in <i>whole skins</i> over 16 ft., are to be classed as hide leather.		
Calf skins, being <i>whole skins</i> , however dressed, and 16 ft. spread and under.....	Lb. 1d.	1d.
Sheepskins, and lambskins, however dressed, not otherwise enumerated.....	3d.	3d.
East India kip, dressed.....	1d.	1d.
Sole, pump, and skirt leather.....	2d.	2d.
Leather, dressed, not otherwise enumerated, including kangaroo, and wallabi.....	" 1d.	1d.
Leather board or compo.....	4d.	4d.
Leather bags, and leather cloth bags, not otherwise enumerated.....	Ad val. 30 %	20 %
Leather, chamois.....	30 %	20 %
Leather manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 30 %	20 %
Saddlery and harness; whips and whip thongs.....	" 30 %	20 %
Heel plates, and toe stiffeners, and toe plates.....	" 33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Laces, vamps and uppers; also clog and patten soles.....	" 33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Leather cut into shapes.....	" 33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Leather leggings.....	" 33 1/3 %	22 1/2 %
Portmanteaux; trunks, travelling bags, and brief bags, of leather or leather cloth, 10 in. in length and upwards, and carpet bags.....	" 37 1/2 %	25 %
CLASS VIII.		
<i>Furniture and Household Furnishing.</i>		
Basketware and wickerware, not otherwise enumerated, and not being furniture.....	ad val. 30 %	20 %
Carpets; druggets; floorcloth; mats; matting; plain and fancy stair oil baize; wood, and fancy oil baize; and oil and other daddo cloths.....	" 20 %	20 %
Furniture, knife, and plate powder, and polish; also floor and linoleum polishes, not being varnishes.....	" 30 %	20 %
Furniture, and cabinetware, not otherwise enumerated, and other than iron, or other metal.....	" 37 1/2 %	25 %
Mantelpieces, other than stone.....	" 37 1/2 %	25 %
Upholstery, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 37 1/2 %	25 %
CLASS IX.		
<i>China, Glass and Earthen Goods.</i>		
Glass, crown, sheet, and common window.....	Free.	Free.
Bricks, known as fire bricks.....	ad val. 30 %	20 %
China, porcelain, and parianware.....	" 30 %	20 %
Drainage pipes, and drainage tiles.....	" 30 %	20 %
Earthenware, stoneware, and brownware.....	" 30 %	20 %
Filters.....	" 30 %	20 %
Fireclay, ground; and fireclay goods.....	" 30 %	20 %
Flooring, wall, hearth and garden tiles.....	" 30 %	20 %
Glass, plate, polished, coloured, and other kinds, not otherwise enumerated.....	Free.	Free.
Glassware; globes, and chimneys, for lamps.....	ad val. 30 %	20 %
Lamps, lanterns, and lampwick, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 30 %	20 %
Plate glass, bevelled or silvered; mirrors, and looking glasses, framed or unframed.....	" 37 1/2 %	25 %
CLASS X.		
<i>Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, &c.</i>		
Cards, playing.....	Pack. 6d.	6d.
Perfumed spirits, and Cologne water.....	Ld. gall. 30s.	30s.
Clocks, time registers, and time detectors.....	ad val. 30 %	20 %
Fancy goods, and toys; also sportig, gaming, and athletic requisites, not otherwise enumerated, including billiard tables, and billiard requisites; hair and toilet combs.....	" 30 %	20 %
Fishing tackle, including artificially baited hooks, other than flies.....	" 30 %	20 %
Jewellery; plate, gold or silver; plated-ware; greenstone, cut or polished.....	" 30 %†	20 %

† The duty on greenstone, cut or polished, is 20 %, ad val.

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS X—Continued.		
Lay figures, busts, and dress stands.....	ad val.	30 % 20 %
Magic lanterns, bioscopes, cinematographs, kinetoscopes, phonographs, gramophones, graphophones, and the like instruments, including accessories peculiar thereto, n.o.e., also limelight, and the like apparatus including accessories peculiar thereto, except magic lantern slides.....	"	30 % 20 %
Mouldings, and panels, in the piece, of either wood, plaster pulp, metal, or other material, for picture frames, cornices, walls, or ceilings.....	"	20 % 20 %
Musical instruments.....	"	30 % 20 %
Photographic goods, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 % 20 %
Pictures, paintings, drawings, engravings, and photographs, framed or unframed.....	"	20 % 20 %
Picture or photograph frames or mounts.....	"	30 % 20 %
(NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that any painting, drawing, or photograph, in any medium, having a value for duty exceeding £5, shall be assessed for duty at £5, plus the value of the frame and mounting, if any, and plus the value of the canvas or other material upon which such painting, drawing, or photograph is made.)	"	
Statues, statuettes, casts, and bronzes.....	"	30 % 20 %
Tobacco pipes and cases, cigar and cigarette holders and cases, cigarette papers and cases.....	"	30 % 20 %
Watches.....	"	20 % 20 %
Walking sticks.....	"	30 % 20 %
Artificial flies.....	"	37½ % 25 %
Oil, perfumed; also toilet preparations, and perfumery, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	37½ % 25 %
CLASS XI.		
Paper Manufactures and Stationery.		
Handbills, circulars, programmes, playbills, printed posters, trade catalogues, price-lists, and fashion-plates; printed advertising matter not otherwise enumerated; also paper bags, and wrapping paper or wrappers, of all kinds, printed or lithographed; printed or lithographed envelopes or labels.....	Lb.	3½d. 3d.
(NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that this item shall not apply to trade catalogues or price-lists of the goods of firms or persons having no established business in New Zealand.)		
Ink, writing.....	Gall.	3s. 2s.
Paper bags, coarse (including sugar bags).....	Cwt.	11s. 3d. 7s. 6d.
Paper wrapping, all kinds, not printed, including blue candle, glazed cap, glazed casings, small hand, lumber hand, tissue, brown, cartridge, and sugar papers.....	"	7s. 6d. 5s.
Paperhangings.....		Free. Free.
Cardboard, pasteboard, strawboard, wood-pulp board, corrugated board, and cloth-lined board, not otherwise enumerated.....	ad val.	30 % 20 %
Cloth-lined, enamelled, gelatine, and metallic papers, not otherwise enumerated; also "ivorite" not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 % 20 %
Stationery, and writing paper not otherwise enumerated, also printers' menu, wedding, programme, and mourning cards of card board, celluloid, or other material, edged or embossed, but otherwise unprinted.	"	30 % 20 %
Calendars, and showcards, all kinds.....	"	37½ % 25 %
Cardboard or paper boxes, complete; or cardboard or paper, cut, or shaped, for boxes, wrappers, or other receptacles (including match boxes).....	"	37½ % 25 %
Directories of New Zealand, or of any part thereof; also covers for directories.....	"	37½ % 25 %
Paper bags, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	37½ % 25 %
Stationery, manufactured, viz:— Account books, manuscript books, scribbling, and letter blocks, and books, plain or ruled; bill-head, invoice, and statement forms; printed or ruled paper, counter books, cheque and draft forms; tags, labels, not printed or lithographed; blotting pads, sketch books, book covers, copying letter books, manifold writers, albums (other than for photographs), diaries, birthday books, plain or faint-lined ruled books, printed window-tickets, printed, lithographed, or embossed stationery, not otherwise enumerated; and Christmas, New Year, birthday, Easter, and other cards, and booklets.....	"	37½ % 25 %
Stereotypes, matrices, half-tone, and line blocks.....	"	25 % 25 %

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

		RATES OF DUTY.	
Names of Articles.		General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XII.			
<i>Manufactures of Metal.</i>			
Cartridges (shot) 10 to 24 bore.....	100	3s. 9d.	2s. 6d.
Cartridge-cases.....	100	1s. 10½d.	1s. 3d.
Composition piping.....	Cwt.	4s. 2½d.	3s. 6d.
Iron galvanized corrugated sheets.....	"	2s. 4½d.	2s.
Iron, and other nails, not otherwise enumerated, including dog-spikes.....	"	3s.	2s.
Iron, plain galvanized, sheet or hoop.....	"	1s. 9½d.	1s. 6d.
Iron tanks, for every 100 gallons, or fraction of 100 gallons, in holding capacity.....	"	3s.	2s. 6d.
Lead, in sheets.....	"	Free.	Free.
Lead piping.....	Cwt.	4s. 2½d.	3s. 6d.
Shot.....	"	12s.	10s.
Engines and machines for mining purposes—namely capstan engines for mining shafts; winding engines, steam, air, or electrically driven, including bed plates, foundation bolts and friction clutches, when imported with the engines; drums for winding engines.....	ad val.	15 %	5 %
Machinery, viz.—Flour milling, oil refining, boring.....	"	5 %	5 %
Refrigerating, dredging, woollen mill, paper mill, rope and twine making, meat preserving, leather splitting.....	"	15 %	5 %
Printing machines or presses; embossing, bronzing, type casting, and type setting machines; ruling machines; cardboard box making machines, and tools for same.....	"	15 %†	5 %
Soda-water machines, also machines for aerating liquids.....	"	15 %	5 %
Steam engines and parts thereof, for mining (including gold-dredging), or gold saving purposes and processes, or for dairying purposes.....	"	15 %	5 %
Machinery, electric and appliances, namely: electric generators and electric motors, including slide rails therefor, electric lamps, including globes for arc lamps, electric transformers.....	"	15 %	10 %
Bicycles, tricycles, and the like vehicles, also finished, or partly finished or machined parts of the same, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Bill-hooks, bush-hooks, slashers, and hedge knives.....	"	30 %	20 %
Boilers, land, and marine, including feed water-heaters, fuel economisers, steam superheaters, and mechanical stokers.....	"	30 %	20 %
Cartridges, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Cash registering machines.....	"	20 %	20 %
Crab winches, cranes, capstans, and windlasses.....	"	30 %	20 %
Electric batteries, and cells; furniture, fittings, instruments, and appliances, not otherwise enumerated, for the generation, transmission, application, or utilisation, of electricity, or of electric power of any description whatsoever.....	"	30 %	20 %
Firearms, all kinds.....	"	30 %	20 %
Hardware, ironmongery, and hollow-ware, n.o.e.....	"	30 %	20 %
Iron pipes, wrought, n.o.e., and wood or fibre pipes, exceeding 6 inches in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same; cast-iron pipes exceeding 9 in. in internal diameter, and knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same.....	"	30 %	20 %
Lawn mowers.....	"	30 %	20 %
Machinery, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal, or manufactured or partly manufactured articles of metal in combination with any other material whatsoever not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Steam engines, and parts of steam engines, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	30 %	20 %
Galvanized iron manufactures, not otherwise enumerated, made up from galvanized iron, or from plain sheet iron, and then galvanized.....	"	37½ %	25 %
Japanned, and lacquered metalware.....	"	37½ %	25 %
Tinware, and tin manufactures, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	37½ %	25 %
Lead-headed nails and galvanized cup-headed roofing nails.....	"	20 %	20 %
CLASS XIII.			
<i>Timber, and articles made from Timber.</i>			
Timber, palings, split.....	100	2s.	2s.
Timber posts, split.....	100	8s.	8s.
Timber, rails, split.....	100	4s.	4s.
Timber, sawn, dressed.....	100 feet superficial.	4s.	4s.
Timber, sawn, rough.....	100 feet superficial.	2s.	2s.
Timber, shingles, and laths.....	M.	2s.	2s.

† Type casting and type setting machines are to remain at 5% ad valorem after 31st March, 1908

SCHEDULE A—Continued.

RATES OF DUTY.

Names of Articles.	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XIII—Continued.		
Bellows, not otherwise enumerated.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 30 %	20 %
Blocks, wooden tackle.....	" 20 %	20 %
Broom, mop, hoe, rake, and <i>similar handles</i>	" 20 %	20 %
Carriages, carts, drays, wagons, perambulators, and the like vehicles, and wheels for the same.....	" 30 %	20 %
Carriage shafts, spokes, and felloes, dressed; bent carriage timber, not otherwise enumerated.....	" 20 %	20 %
Cars, wagons, and trucks, railway, and tramway, and wheels for the same, n.o.e.....	" 30 %	20 %
Motor vehicles.....	" 20 %	20 %
Motor-car bodies, or bodies for motor busses attached or unattached.....	" 30 %	20 %
Doors, and sashes, either plain, or glazed, with ornamental glass.....	" 30 %	20 %
Woodenware, and turnery, not otherwise enumerated, and veneers.....	" 30 %	20 %
CLASS XIV.		
<i>Oils, Paints, &c.</i>		
Oils in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more—namely, vegetable oils.....	Free.	Free.
Oil—namely, crude petroleum, crude residual oil, once-run shale oil, once-run petroleum oil.....	Gall. ½d.	½d.
Oil, not otherwise enumerated, including mineral lubricating oil, in vessels capable of containing one gallon or more.....	" 7½d.	6d.
Paints and colours, ground in oil or turpentine; also putty, and <i>driers</i> not otherwise enumerated.....	Cwt. 3s.	2s. 6d.
Paints and colours <i>mixed ready for use</i> ; also enamel paints not otherwise enumerated.....	" 6s.	5s.
Stearine.....	Lb. 10d.	¾d.
Varnish and lacquers, including lithographic varnish, gold-size, liquid gold, and other metallic paints; also liquid medium for mixing with metallic paints.....	Gall. 2s. 4½d.	2s.
Whiting, and chalk.....	Cwt. 1s. 2½d.	1s.
<i>Aze grease</i> and other <i>solid lubricants</i> , petroleum greases, and mixtures of the same with other substances, n.o.e.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 30 %	20 %
Harness oil and composition, leather dressing and belt dressing; also leather revivers and polishes, n.o.e.....	" 30 %	20 %
Oils in vessels having a lesser capacity than one gallon.....	" 20 %	20 %
CLASS XV.		
<i>Agricultural and Farm Products, &c.</i>		
Cattle (horned).....	Each. 10s.	10s.
Chaff.....	Ton. £1	£1
Grain—namely, barley.....	100 lbs. 2s.	2s.
Grain and pulse of every kind not otherwise enumerated.....	" 9d.	9d.
Grain and pulse of every kind when ground or in any way manufactured, not otherwise enumerated, including wheat flour.....	" 1s. 2½d.	1s.
Horses.....	Each. £1	£1
Onions.....	Ton. £1	£1
Potatoes.....	" £1	£1
Prepared calf-meal.....	" £1 5s.	£1 5s.
Animals, food for, of all kinds, not otherwise enumerated, including horse and cattle spices and condiments, proprietary or otherwise; also hempseed, mawseed, milletseed, canary-seed, and mixed bird-seed.....	<i>Ad val.</i> 30 %	20 %
CLASS XVI.		
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
Blue.....	Lb. 1½d.	1d.
Candles.....	" 2½d.	1½d.
Cement, Portland, and other structural and building cement.....	Barrel. 4s.	2s.
Gelatine, isinglass, glue and size.....	Lb. 1½d.	1½d.
Matches—		
Wooden, in boxes containing not more than 60 matches.....	Gross of boxes. 1s. 6d.	1s.
In boxes containing over 60 and not more than 100 matches.....	Gross of boxes. 3s.	2s.
In boxes containing more than 100 matches, for every 100 matches or fraction thereof contained in one box.....	Gross of boxes. 3s.	2s.

SCHEDULE A—Concluded.

		RATES OF DUTY.	
Names of Articles.		General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XVI—Continued.			
Matches— <i>Con.</i>			
Wax "plaid vestas" in cardboard boxes containing under 100 matches.	Gross of boxes.	1s. 6d.	1s.
"Pocket vestas," in tin or other boxes containing under 100 matches.	Gross of boxes.	2s.	1s. 4d.
Wax, other kinds, for every 100 matches or fraction thereof contained in one box.	Gross of boxes.	3s. 4½d.	2s. 3d.
Matches of any material other than wood or wax, a duty corresponding to the duty payable on wooden matches.			
(NOTE.—It is stated in the new tariff that boxes made of gold, silver, metal, wood or composition, of permanent value when empty, shall, in addition to the duty payable on any matches contained therein, be charged as jewellery or fancy goods.)			
Paraffin wax.	Lb.	1d.	1d.
Powder, sporting.		Free.	Free.
Sausage skins and casings (including brine or salt).	Lb.	3d.	3d.
Soap, common yellow and blue mottled.	Cwt.	6s.	5s.
Spirits, methylated to the satisfaction of the Minister.	Liquid gallon.	1s. 2½d.	1s.
Spirits, cleared from warehouse, methylated, under prescribed conditions, the liquid gallon, not including the added naphtha or other methylating material.			
Starch.	Lb.	6d.	6d.
Wax, mineral, vegetable, Japanese and beeswax.	"	2½d.	2d.
Flock.	"	1d.	1d.
Bags, calico, forfar, linen, flour; bagging, bags and sacks not otherwise enumerated, including filter bags and sheaths.	<i>Ad val.</i>	10 %	10 %
Blackening and boot-gloss and polish.	"	30 %	20 %
Blacklead.	"	30 %	20 %
Boats, launches, yachts, also all vessels propelled by means other than oars (when imported in any vessel), including all fittings therefor not otherwise enumerated.	"	30 %	20 %
Cordage, rope and twine not otherwise enumerated.	"	30 %	20 %
Fireworks, not otherwise enumerated.	"	30 %	20 %
Nets and netting.	"	30 %	20 %
Soap powder, extract of soap, dry soap, soft soap, liquid soap, soap solutions and washing or cleansing powders, crystals, pastes and liquids.	"	20 %	20 %
Tarpaulins, tents, sails, rick, and wagon covers.	"	30 %	20 %
Bags of textile or felt, all kinds, if printed.	"	37½ %	25 %
Brooms, brushes and brushware.	"	37½ %	25 %
Granite and other stone, dressed or polished, and articles made therefrom; also imitation stone, dressed or polished, and articles made therefrom, or from cement.	"	37½ %	25 %
Soap, not otherwise enumerated.	"	37½ %	25 %

In addition to any duty chargeable by law on any goods imported into the colony, a further duty of 20 per cent *ad valorem* is charged when the goods are *prison made*.

SCHEDULE B.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS I.		
<i>Foods, &c.</i>		
Almonds and nuts, except walnuts.....	Free.	Free.
Anchovies, salted, in casks, or other containers, capable of holding 28 lbs. net or over.....	"	"
Arrowroot, sago, tapioca, macaroni, vermicelli, rice-flour, prepared barley-flour, potato-flour, infants' and invalid's <i>farinaceous foods</i>	"	"
Cocoa or cacao butter, cocoanut butter, nut butter, and other refined vegetable butters or fats.....	"	"
Salt.....	"	"
Rice, dressed or undressed; also rice meal refuse and rice meal.....	"	"
Soy, in vessels exceeding 10 gallons capacity.....	"	"
CLASS IV.		
<i>Non-alcoholic Beverages, &c.</i>		
Cocoa-beans, uncrushed.....	Free.	Free.
Coffee, raw.....	"	"
Fruit-juices, or imitation fruit-juices, unsweetened, in containers of 10 gallons capacity or over.....	"	"
Tea in bulk, viz., in packages of 5 lbs. or over net weight of tea.....	2d. per lb.	"
CLASS V.		
<i>Drugs, &c.</i>		
Acids, viz.: boracic; carbolic; chromic; citric; fluoric; formic; lactic; muriatic; nitric; oleic; oxalic; picric; pyrogallic; salicylic; sulphuric.....	Free.	Free.
Concentrated extracts, or essences, in liquid form, or preserved in fat, for the purpose of manufacturing perfumery, when entered to be warehoused in a manufacturing warehouse for the purpose of making perfumery or other articles therein.....	"	"
Dextrine, n. e. o.....	"	"
Disinfectants.....	"	"
Drugs and chemicals, viz.:—		
Carnauba wax.....	Free.	Free.
Catechu.....	"	"
Cochineal.....	"	"
Creosote, <i>crude or commercial</i>	"	"
Crude distillates of coal-tar or wood, in vessels containing 10 gallons or over, for the manufacture of disinfectants in New Zealand.....	"	"
Formic aldehyde, and solution thereof.....	"	"
Fusel oil.....	"	"
Gall nuts.....	"	"
Glycerine, <i>crude</i>	"	"
Gums—viz., arabic, benzoin, damar, tragacanth, artificial gum-arabic.....	"	"
Liquefied gases, and compressed gases.....	"	"
Liquorice in blocks of 7 lbs. net and over, or soft liquorice-extract in bulk, in tins or other vessels capable of holding 7 lbs. net or over.....	"	"
Naphthalene, crude or refined.....	"	"
Saffron.....	"	"
Strychnine, and salts of strychnine.....	"	"
Sugar of milk.....	"	"
Sulphur.....	"	"
Turmeric.....	"	"
Alum, alum sulphate.....	"	"
Ammonium chloride, or sal ammoniac, ammonium sulphate.....	"	"
Arsenic and arsenates.....	"	"
Borax.....	"	"
Calcium carbide, chloride, sulphate, sulphite, and bisulphide; chlorinated lime.....	"	"
Carbon bisulphide.....	"	"
Copper sulphate, or bluestone, oxide of copper.....	"	"
Iron sulphates.....	"	"
Magnesium sulphite, and bisulphite.....	"	"
Manganese oxides.....	"	"
Phosphorus.....	"	"
Potash; pearlsh; potash, caustic, chlorate, cyanide, nitrate (or salt-petre), permanganate, prussiates, sulphite, and bisulphite; metallic potassium.....	"	"

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS V—Concluded.		
Drugs and chemicals— <i>Concluded</i> —		
Salts of thorium, zirconium, or other rare metals, and solutions thereof, including mixtures of same suited for the manufacture of incandescent mantles.	Free.	Free.
Silver nitrates in crystals.	"	"
Soda acetate, crude; soda ash; soda arseniate, anhydrous carbonate, caustic, cyanide, bisulphite, hyposulphite, silicate, sulphate, sulphide, sulphite, nitrate, permanganate.	"	"
Metallic sodium, sodium peroxide.	"	"
Zinc chloride.	"	"
(NOTE.—It is provided in the new Tariff that mixtures of any of the articles enumerated under this Schedule as drugs and chemicals, with each other, or with chemicals, or substances not enumerated, shall, if not provided for elsewhere, in the Tariff be charged as medicinal preparations not otherwise enumerated, or chemicals not otherwise enumerated under Schedule A, Class V.)		
Drugs crude, not powdered, and unsuited for use as foods, or in the manufacture thereof, viz.: barks, woods, twigs, leaves, herbs, flowers (except hops), roots, corms, gums, balsams, inspissated juices (except opium), seeds, fruits, fruit rinds, pitch, cantharides, ergot; also powdered pyrethrum flowers or dalmatian powder and powdered hellebore, <i>in bulk</i> .	"	"
Essential oils, except eucalyptus; cod liver oil; oil of rodim.	"	"
Horse and cattle drenches.	"	"
Insecticides for agricultural uses, also tree washes.	"	"
Opium, when entered to be warehoused in a manufacturing warehouse, for the purpose of making therein approved medicinal preparations	"	"
Scrub exterminators.	"	"
Sheep dip; sheep drenches; sheep licks.	"	"
Surgical and dental instruments; also the following surgeons', physicians', dentists', and opticians' materials, viz.: antiseptic dressings, gauzes, lint, tow, cotton, wool, poroplastic felt, adhesive plaster, oiled silk or other fabric, spongio piline, bandages, catgut, and sterilized, and other sewings, thermometers; also appliances including splints for wear, <i>peculiarly adapted</i> to correct a deformity of the human body, to afford support to an abnormal condition of the human body, or to reduce or alleviate such condition, or to substitute any part of such body.	"	"
Crutches; ear trumpets, ear tubes, and audiphones, for the partially deaf. Opticians' trial cases, lenses, and frames, spectacles and magnifying glasses, ophthalmoscopes, optometers and other measuring instruments, test cards, and diagrams, artificial eyes (demonstration and other).	"	"
Dentists' materials, viz.: artificial teeth, tooth crowns, celluloid blanks, base plates, denture strengtheners, gutta percha stick, pellets, and sheets, rubber dam, amadou absorbent, absorbent paper, rubber in sheets, metal-plate, -wire, -foil, -sticks; solder; fusible metal, porcelain powder, and enamel, inlays, modelling composition, and wax, investment compound, amalgam, and cement; also such other appliances and materials <i>peculiar</i> to surgical or dental use as may from time to time be enumerated in any order of the Minister.	"	"
Scientific and philosophical instruments and apparatus, namely— <i>Assay-balances; laboratory retorts, and laboratory flasks and other instruments, and apparatus, for chemical analysis, and assay work; assay furnaces, including dentists', and jewellers' furnaces; also such instruments, and apparatus, suited strictly for scientific and philosophical purposes, as may from time to time be approved by the Minister.</i>	"	"
CLASS VI.		
<i>Clothing and Textiles.</i>		
Brace-elastic, and brace-mountings.	Free.	Free.
Brattice cloth, made of jute or hessian.	"	"
Bunting, in the piece.	"	"
Butter, cloth; also cheese cloth, and cheese bandages or caps.	20 %	"
Bulions, tapes, wadding, pins, needles.	Free	"
Calico, white and grey, also cotton sheetings, in the piece.	"	"
Corduroy, moleskin, and plain beaver skin, of cotton, in the piece.	"	"
Coloured cotton shirtings, flannelette shirtings.	"	"
Forfar, dowlas, and flax sheeting, when cut up under supervision in sizes not exceeding 47 in. by 36 in., for making flour bags, and not exceeding 54 in., for lining wool mats.	"	"

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS VI—Concluded.		
Cotton or linen <i>piece</i> goods, and unions of the same, not otherwise enumerated, except <i>imitation silks</i> composed of any material or substance whatsoever.	Free.	Free.
Fur skins, sun-dried or green.	"	"
Gold or silver lace or braid for military clothing, featherstitch braid.	"	"
Hatmakers' materials, viz.: felt hoods; shellac; galloons; calicoes; spale boards for hat boxes; leathers; silk plush, in the piece; linings, when cut up or otherwise, under such conditions as the Minister may prescribe; blocks; moulds; frames; ventilators; and tassels.	"	"
Hessians, plain or striped, and scrim.	"	"
Leather cloth, plain colours.	"	"
Minor articles, (required in the making-up of apparel, boots, shoes, hats, caps, saddlery, umbrellas, parasols, and sun-shades), enumerated in any order of the Minister, and published in the <i>Gazette</i> .	"	"
Ostrich feathers grown in New Zealand, when returned from abroad dressed, or dyed, upon evidence being produced to the satisfaction of a collector of customs as to their previous exportation.	"	"
Sailcloth, canvas, and unbleached double-warped duck, in the piece.	"	"
Sewing cottons, silks, and threads; angola mendings not exceeding 45 yards in length; crewel, flourishing, embroidery, darning, knitting and crochet threads, of silk, linen or cotton, or unions of the same, plain or fancy; macrame thread or macrame twine.	"	"
Silk for flour dressing, in the piece.	"	"
Silk twist (shoemakers', and saddlers').	"	"
Staymakers', binding, eyelets, corset-fasteners, jean, ticks, lasting, sateen, and cotell; also corset-shields, and bust protectors.	"	"
Tailors' trimmings, viz.: haircloth; plain or coloured imitation haircloth; canvas; buckram; wadding and padding; silk, worsted, and cotton bindings, and braids; stay bindings; Russia braids; shoulder-pads; buckles; silesias; drab, slate, and brown jeans; pocketings; slate, black, and brown dyed unions and linens; Verona, and Italian cloth, of cotton or wool, or unions of the same; also such other lining materials as may be approved by the Minister.	"	"
Tubular woven cotton cloth, in the piece, for meat wraps.	20 % <i>ad val.</i>	"
Umbrella-makers' materials, viz.: reversible, and levantine silk mixtures, gloria, and satin de chene, of not less than 44 in. in width; alpaca cloth, with border; zanella cloth, with border; also other piece-goods on such conditions as the Minister may approve; sticks, runners, notches, caps, ferrules, cups, ribs, stretchers, tips, and rings.	Free.	"
Union textiles, not otherwise enumerated, in the piece, the invoice value of which does not exceed 6d. the yard when cut up and made into shirts or pyjamas, under such conditions and regulations as the Minister may prescribe.	"	"
Waterproof material in the piece, having within, or upon it, a coating of indarubber.	"	"
CLASS VII.		
<i>Leather, and Articles used in Leather Manufactures.</i>		
Boot elastic.	Free.	Free.
Bootmakers' linings, canvas, plain or coloured, bag and portmanteau linings, of such materials, qualities, and patterns, as may be approved by the Minister.	"	"
Boots, shoes, shoettes, sandals, clogs, and pattens, slippers, and goloshes, namely, children's No. 0 to 6.	10 % <i>ad val.</i>	"
Cork soles, and cork soles; moulded shoe and slipper soles of rubber.	10 %	"
East India kip, also hides, crust or rough tanned, but undressed.	Free.	"
Goat-skins, and kid-skins, however dressed.	"	"
Grindery, viz.: button fasteners, and staples; eyelets, and hook eyelets, and eyelet rings; tangles; spikes for running or cricketing shoes; boot protectors; wood or rubber heels or knobs; leather toe-tips, "Wells" patent or a similar make, stiffeners or toes moulded ready for use, copper toes, boot stretchers and trees, hollow-fillers, japanned toe-tips; legging springs and stiffeners; lasting tacks, pegs, brass rivets, iron rivets; brass, iron, and copper cut-bills; steel points; sparrow bills; wrought, cut, and malleable hob-nails; Hungarian nails; wrought and cut tip-nails; iron and wooden lasts; stands for iron lasts; sole, heel, stiffening, and toe-cap knives; shoemakers' wax; heel-balls; bristles, hemp and flax; rubber solution or cement; wetting cut into strips or in coils ready for use; shoemakers' binding or beading; wetting leather cut into strips not exceeding 1 in. in width; webbing; tanners', curriers' and bootmakers' <i>inks</i> or <i>stains</i> ; bootmakers' sectional cutting-boards; glass or emery paper, or cloth, on sheets, in rolls, or cut into shapes.	"	"

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS VII—Concluded.		
Hog-skins	Free.	Free.
Kangaroo, and wallaby skins, undressed	"	"
Leather, japanned or enamelled	"	"
Saddle-trees	"	"
Saddlers' ironmongery (except bits and stirrup-irons), hames, and mounts for harness; straining, surcingle, brace, girth, and roller webs; collar check, and the same article plain, of such quality as may be approved by the Minister; legging-buckles	"	"
Metal articles required to repair or complete riding or driving harness, or saddlery, to be repaired or made in the colony	"	"
Tanning materials, <i>crude</i>	"	"
CLASS VIII.		
<i>Furniture, &c.</i>		
Blind webbing and tape	Free.	Free.
Worsted covered cord and solid glaze cord for venetian and other blinds	"	"
Upholsterers' materials, viz.: webbing, hair seating, imitation hair-seating; curled hair; gimp and cord of wool, cotton, or silk tufts and studs	"	"
Chair canvas	"	"
CLASS IX.		
<i>China, Glass, &c.</i>		
Bottles, empty, plain, stone; also empty plain glass bottles, not being cut or ground; jars, plain glass, and plain earthen jars, up to three inches diameter at mouth	Free.	Free.
Earthen or glass roofing tiles, ridging or finials; also roofing slates	"	"
Glass plates (engraved), for photo-lithographic work	"	"
Jars or other dutiable vessels containing free goods, or goods subject to a fixed rate of duty, and being ordinary trade packages for the goods contained in them	"	"
Lamps, miners' safety, and glasses therefor; lamps peculiarly adapted for use on harbour beacons and lighthouses, also appliances peculiar to such lamps; side lights and head lights especially suited for the use of ships	"	"
CLASS X.		
<i>Fancy Goods, &c.</i>		
Action work and keys, in frames or otherwise, iron or metal piano frames for manufacture of organs, harmoniums, and pianos; organ pipes and stop-knobs	Free.	Free.
Articles, being exhibits for public display only in public museums, whether purchased under bond or directly imported by, or for presentation to such museums, upon declaration that such goods will not be sold or otherwise disposed of in New Zealand without payment of any duty which may be payable	"	"
Artists' materials, viz.: canvas in the piece or on stretchers, oiled paper or drawing paper in sheets or blocks; colours, brushes, palettes and palette knives	10 %	"
Cigarette papers entered to be warehoused in any licensed tobacco manufactory for the manufacture therein of cigarettes	Free.	"
Films for bioscopes, cinematographs, and kinetoscopes	"	"
Microscopes and telescopes and slides, and lenses for same	"	"
Paintings, statuary, and works of art, whether purchased under bond or directly imported by, or for presentation to any public institution or art association registered as a body corporate, for display in the buildings of such institution or association, and not to be sold or otherwise disposed of; statuary or works of art, whether purchased under bond, or directly imported for display in any public park or place, on conditions prescribed by the Minister	"	"
Paintings or pictures painted or drawn by New Zealand students within five years of the time of their departure from the colony for the purpose of undergoing a period of tuition abroad for the first time, upon evidence being produced to the satisfaction of a collector of customs	"	"
Photographic cameras and lenses, including focussing cloths and camera covers	10 %	"
Photographs of personal friends in letters or packets	Free.	"
Precious stones, cut or uncut, if unmounted	"	"

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS X—Concluded.		
Sensitized surfaces and albumenized paper, plain, not being post cards or other stationery..... <i>ad val.</i>	10 %	Free.
Slides for magic lanterns.....	Free.	"
CLASS XI.		
<i>Paper, &c.</i>		
(NOTE.—It is provided in the new Tariff that in every case where exemption from duty is governed by a size, the equivalent area shall be exempt under like condition.)		
Bookbinders' materials, viz.: cloth, leather, thread, headbands, webbing, end-papers, tacketing-gut, marbling colours, marble paper, blue or red paste for ruling ink, staple-presses, wire staples, staple-sticks.....	Free.	Free.
Butter paper (known as vegetable parchment paper), and waxed paper, unprinted.....	"	"
(NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that butter paper or waxed paper, printed, shall be charged as wrapping paper or wrappers of all kinds, printed or lithographed, Schedule A, Class XI.)		
Cardboard, pasteboard, wood-pulp board, and corrugated board, of size not less than that known as "royal," and weighing not less than 2 oz. per sheet of "royal" size; also strawboard of size not less than that known as "royal" and weighing not less than 3 ozs. per sheet of "royal" size.....	"	"
Cardboard boxes, material for, viz.: gold and silver paper, plain or embossed; embossed paper in strips; gelatine or coloured papers; known as "box papers"..... <i>ad val.</i>	20 %	"
Cartridge drawing paper.....	Free.	"
Celluloid, plain, in sheets, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	"
Cloth-lined boards, not less than "royal" size.....	"	"
Cloth-lined paper, and enamelled, gelatine, and metallic paper, of size not less than "demy;" also "ivorite" of size not less than "demy".....	"	"
Copying-paper, medium and larger sizes, in original mill wrappers and labels.....	"	"
Copy-books, having printed headlines on each page; also drawing books..... <i>ad val.</i>	10 %	"
Ink, printing.....	10 %	"
Masticated para.....	Free.	"
Millboard, and bookbinders' leather board.....	"	"
Paper, hand-made or machine-made, <i>book or writing</i> , when in original wrappers, of sizes not less than the size known as "demy," and not being a wrapping wrapper, or of the same quality as a wrapping paper.....	"	"
<i>Paper, printing</i> <i>ad val.</i>	20 %	"
Printed books, papers, and music, not otherwise enumerated, excepting advertising matter.....	Free.	"
Sunday school tickets and reward cards, being scriptural or religious motto cards, not exceeding 5 <i>d.</i> per dozen invoice value, and not exceeding 6 in. by 4 in. in size, and having no reference upon them to Christmas, New Year, Easter, or birthdays.....	"	"
CLASS XII.		
<i>Metals.</i>		
Agricultural machines, and agricultural implements, not otherwise enumerated; also parts peculiar to the manufacture or repair of agricultural machines, and implements, including chaff-cutting knives, fittings for threshing mills, forgings or castings for ploughs, discs for harrows, plough-shares, mould-board plates, and steel share-plates cut to pattern, skeith-plates, tilt-rakes, also reaper-knife sections or fingers, finished brass, and steel springs.....	Free.	Free.
(NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that agriculture as applied to the tariff shall include horticulture and viticulture.)		
Anchor..... <i>ad val.</i>	10 %	"
Artificers' tools not otherwise enumerated, not including brushes or brush-ware; also the following tools, viz.: axes and hatchets, spades, shovels, forks, picks, mattocks, quartz, and knapping hammers, scythes, sheep-shears, reaping hooks, soldering irons, paperhangers' scissors, butchers' saws or cleavers; measuring bands or tapes; coal cutters and air picks.....	Free.	"
Axles, axle-arms, and axle-boxes.....	"	"
Bellows nails.....	"	"

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XII—Continued.		
Bicycles and tricycles, fittings for, viz.: rubber tyres, pneumatic rubber tyres, outside covers of rubber, and inner tubes, handle grips, pedal rubbers; also the following articles when not plated japanned, enamelled or varnished, viz., drop forgings, stampings, steel balls, weldless steel tubes with or without butted ends, wood or metal rims (not bored), spokes, forks, stays, handle-bars, and seat pillars, <i>un-built</i> , bracket shells, fork, and stay ends, fork tips, bridges, crowns, and lugs; also ball heads complete when not brazed, including all plated parts. Hubs complete, plated or otherwise, sprockets, chains and chain wheels, whether plated or not, bottom brackets, complete, including axles, cups, cranks, and pedals, plated or otherwise.	<i>ad val.</i>	*20 %
Beekeepers' tools, implements, and apparatus, viz.: metal fittings for beehives, bee smokers, wax extractors, rubber gloves, gloves of textile soaked in oil, queen cages, comb foundation, foundation machines, honey knives, honey extractors, queen rearing outfits, wax presses, <i>tools peculiar to the use of beekeepers</i>		Free.
Blacksmiths' anvils, forges, and fans.	<i>ad val.</i>	10 %
Bolts, and bolt ends, up to 24 inches in length; nuts, blank or screwed nuts, black or finished nuts.		Free.
Brass, copper, and tin, in pigs, bars, or sheets; also tinned hoops.		"
Brass or metal tubing and stamped work, in the rough.		"
Caps, percussion.	<i>ad val.</i>	10 %
Card clothing, for woollen-mills, and for paper-mills.		Free.
Castings for ships; also propeller-screws, including only bosses and blades. <i>ad val.</i>		20 %
Chains, iron, plain, or with hook, swivel, or ring, attached.	"	10 %
Copper, brass, and composition rod, bolt, sheathing, and nails.		Free.
Couch-roll jackets, machine wires, beater-bars, and strainer-plates, for paper-mills.		"
Crucibles.		"
Electrical materials, viz.: insulated cable and wire, carbon in block, sheet, or rod, arc lamp carbons; mica, vulcanite and other insulating material, rubber or gutta-percha solutions, insulating tape.		"
Electricians' portable testing sets.		"
Emery grinding machines, and emery wheels.		"
Empty iron drums, not exceeding 10 gallons capacity.		"
Engineers', and all metal, or wood, or stone workers' machine tools, or hand tools, not including brushes or brushware.		"
Engine-governors.	<i>ad val.</i>	10 %
Eyeballs.		Free.
Fire-engines, chemical fire-engines, and chemical fire-extinguishers; also fire-hose and couplings therefor, portable fire-escapes, fire-ladders, fire-reels, and firemen's helmets, if declared, to the satisfaction of the collector, for the use of a fire-brigade.	<i>ad val.</i>	10 %
Fish-hooks, unmounted, and without attachments.		Free.
Galvanising baths, welded.		"
Gas-engines, and hammers, and oil-engines.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %
Glassmakers' moulds.		Free.
Hydraulic wheel presses.		"
Iron boiler-plates and unflanged end-plates for boilers; boiler tubes not exceeding 6 in. in internal diameter and unflanged; expansion-rings; furnace-flues.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %
Iron pipes, wrought and wood or fibre pipes, not exceeding 6 in. in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for same; cast-iron pipes not exceeding 9 in. in internal diameter, also knees, bends, elbows, and other fittings for the same; wrought-iron boring, casing, and lining tubes, for oil boring, mining, or well-sinking purposes.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %
Iron, pig.		Free.
Iron, plain, black, viz.: sheet, plate, hoop, rod, bolt, bar, angle, tee, channel; plain iron rolled girders; rolled chequered plates; shafting, plain rolled or plain turned, but otherwise unwrought.	<i>ad val.</i>	20 %
Iron and steel cordage.		20 %
Lead, in pigs and bars.		Free.
Locomotive wheels and tires, including wheels and tires for railway or tramway passenger cars, coil spiral and volute springs, suited for the manufacture of locomotives, automatic air-pressure brakes specially suited for use on railway carriages and wagons.		"
Machine saw blades.		"
Machinery, viz.: <i>dairying machinery</i> (including cream-separating machines, also coolers).		"
Vacuum pumps for milking machines, when imported along with the machine to which they belong.		"

* Rubber tyres, pneumatic rubber tyres, and outside covers of rubber and inner tubes are free.

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

RATES OF DUTY.	
Names of Articles.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
General Tariff.	
CLASS XII—Concluded.	
<i>Machinery, mining and gold saving; also briquette-making and coal-washing machines, rock-breaking machines, Trommels' stamper batteries, ore feeders, grizzly bars, steel shoes and dies, ore-crushing rolls, ball mills, grinding pans, tube mills, concentrators and rubber endless belts for same battery screening, woven or punched; also the following machines, materials, and appliances, when imported for mining purposes, viz.:</i>	<i>ad val.</i> *10 % Free.
Air compressors, not including the motive power for charging the same	10 %
Chain links and rollers for conveyors, and conveyor belts of rubber or fibre.	10 %
Electric exploders.	10 %
Fans for mine ventilation.	10 %
Filter presses.	10 %
Fuel economisers.	10 %
Sand pumps.	10 %
Sinking pumps.	10 %
Solution pumps made wholly of metal.	10 %
Steam pumps having a capacity exceeding 5,000 gallons per hour	10 %
Turbine pumps.	10 %
Shaft signalling gear.	10 %
Steel or iron head frames for mining shafts.	10 %
Bollery blanket not exceeding 3 ft. wide.	10 %
Material for filter cloths and plush or other cloth for gold saving.	10 %
Medals, including only old or second-hand war medals, humane societies' and other similar medals; also old coins.	Free.
Metal fittings, for trunks, portmanteaux, travelling bags, leggings, bags, and satchels.	"
Metal sheaves, grooved metal pulleys.	<i>ad val.</i> 10 %
Metal tubes in the rough, having a slit through their whole length, suited for the manufacture of fenders, bedsteads, gates, and the like articles.	Free.
Metal-wire of all kinds, plain; metal cordage not otherwise enumerated, not being gold or silver; also barbed fencing wire, and fencing staples.	"
Metal wove wire, and metal gauze; also wire netting, and expanded metal lathing or fencing, in the piece.	<i>ad val.</i> 10 %
Metallic capsules.	10 %
Meters, gas, or electricity, being household supply meters.	Free.
Meters, water.	"
Motor engines for bicycles.	<i>ad val.</i> 20 %
Moulders' chaplets and dowels.	Free.
Perambulators, and the like vehicles, fittings for, not otherwise enumerated.	<i>ad val.</i> 10 %
Perforated or cellular sheet zinc or iron.	10 %
Portable engines on four or any greater number of wheels, with boiler of locomotive type; also traction engines.	" 10 %
Printing type, and printing materials not otherwise enumerated, suited only for the use of printers.	" 10 %
Rails for railways and tramways, including lay-outs, and points, and crossings, for same; also fish-plates.	<i>ad val.</i> 20 %
Rivets, and washers.	Free.
Rock drills, diamond drills, and drill sharpeners.	"
Set screws, engineers' studs, and split pins.	"
Sewing, knitting, and kilting machines.	"
Spray pumps, not being syringes.	"
Steam or hydraulic pressure, and vacuum gauges; pressure indicators or pressure gauges for gas or oil engines.	<i>ad val.</i> 10 %
Speed indicators, negineers', for testing machinery.	10 %
Surveyors' instruments, viz.: steel bands, chains, measuring tapes, field instruments, and drawing instruments; draughtsmen's drawing instruments.	" 10 %
Tacks, and nails, 1 in. and under.	Free.
Tea packing lead.	"
Tinsmiths' fittings, and furniture, including stamped or blocked tin or copper, planished or unplanned.	"
Welded and flanged boiler furnaces, plain or corrugated.	<i>ad val.</i> 10 %
Zinc, plain sheet.	Free.
Zinc plate or copper plates for photolithographic work.	"

* Concentrators and rubber endless belts for same are to remain free of duty after March 31, 1908.

SCHEDULE B—Continued.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XIII.		
<i>Timber, &c.</i>		
Ash, hickory, lancewood, and beechwood timber, unwrought.....	Free.	Free.
Blacksmiths', braisers', assay, and treadle power bellows.....	"	"
Carriage or cart makers' materials, viz.: shafts, spokes, and felloes, <i>in the rough</i> ; hubs, all kinds; poles, if unbent and unplanned, all kinds; bent wheel rims.....	"	"
<i>Chassis</i> for motor vehicles, whether attached or unattached to such vehicles, including wheels therefor.....	"	"
Churns.....	"	"
Lignum-vitæ.....	"	"
Material for the manufacture of carriages, carts, drays, and wagons, motor vehicles and railway cars or wagons—viz., springs, truck pedestals, <i>mountings, trimmings, hinges, tire bolts, shackle holders, step covers</i> , rubber cloth, rubber tires, pneumatic rubber tires, outer covers of rubber, inner tubes; also <i>iron or metal fittings</i> (except steps, lamp irons, dash irons, seat rails, and fifth wheels) for the manufacture of carriages, carts, drays, wagons and motor vehicles (other than motor bicycles, or railway or tramway cars or wagons).....	"	"
Sieves, hair.....	"	"
Wooden handles for tools.....	"	"
CLASS XIV.		
<i>Oils, &c.</i>		
Oils in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more—viz., <i>Refined</i> mineral oils not exceeding in specific gravity .870 at 60 deg. F.; fish, penguin, mutton bird, seal and whale oils.....	Free.	Free.
NOTE.—It is stated in the new Tariff that mixtures of mineral or vegetable oils, with each other, or with fish, penguin, mutton bird, seal, whale or other oils, shall be charged with duty (1) if imported in vessels capable of containing one gallon of oil or more, as oil, n.o.e., including mineral and lubricating oil (class xiv., schedule A.); (2) if imported in vessels having a lesser capacity than one gallon, 20 per cent ad valorem.		
Paints, and colours, not otherwise enumerated.....	ad val.	"
Turpentine; turpentine substitute composed of volatile mineral oils, or of volatile mineral oils in combination with turpentine, or other volatile vegetable oils; liquid <i>driers</i> ; terebene.....	10 %	"
Wood naphtha.....	Free.	"
CLASS XV.		
<i>Agricultural Farm Products, &c.</i>		
Linseed.....	Free.	Free.
CLASS XVI.		
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
Apparatus, appliances, articles and materials for educational purposes, as may be approved by the Minister, and under conditions prescribed by him.....	Free.	Free.
Bagging, bags or sacks of jute or hesians; also cornsacks.....	"	"
Bags made of New Zealand tow or flax.....	"	"
<i>Belting</i> , for driving machinery, other than leather belting, and not being cordage or rope.....	ad val.	"
<i>Binder twine</i>	10 %	"
Bricks, other than fire-bricks.....	10 %	"
Candle-nuts and candle-nuts kernel.....	Free.	"
Candle-wick.....	"	"
Canvas aprons and elevators for reapers and binders.....	"	"
Canvas, india-rubber or other hose, tubing or piping, armoured or otherwise; flexible metal hose, tubing or piping.....	ad val.	"
Charts and maps.....	20 %	"
Confectioners' moulding starch.....	Free.	"
Cork, cut: bungs; fishermen's cork floats; also <i>plain unornamental stoppers</i> of every description for bottles, jars and casks.....	"	"
Cotton and other waste, engineers.....	10 %	"
	Free.	"

SCHEDULE B—Concluded.

Names of Articles.	RATES OF DUTY.	
	General Tariff.	Tariff on Goods the Produce or Manufacture of some part of the British Dominions.
CLASS XVI.—Concluded.		
Diving dresses and dresses suited solely for use in poisonous gases or smoke, with apparatus peculiar thereto.....	Free.	Free.
Dyes; dye stuffs, and dyeing materials, <i>crude</i>	"	"
Engine packing.....	"	"
Felt sheathing..... <i>ad val.</i>	10 %	"
Gum boots, half-knee, knee or thigh, the soles of which may be of either leather or rubber.....	Free.	"
Hawsters of 12 ins. or over.....	"	"
Honey and brown Windsor soap composition.....	"	"
India-rubber gloves.....	"	"
Manures.....	"	"
Marble, granite and other stone, hewn or <i>rough sawn</i> , not dressed or polished.....	"	"
Netmakers' cotton twine, nets, seine fishing.....	"	"
Official supplies for consular officers of countries where a similar exemption exists in favour of British consuls.....	"	"
Paper-makers' felts.....	"	"
Passengers' baggage and effects, including only wearing apparel and <i>other personal effects that have been worn or are in use</i> by persons arriving in the colony; also <i>implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation or employment</i> of such persons, not exceeding £50 in value, and household or other effects not exceeding £100 in value, which have been in use for twelve months prior to embarkation by the persons or families bringing them to the colony, and which are not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale; also cabin furnishings belonging to such persons not exceeding in value £10.....	"	"
Provided that goods falling within the above exemption may be admitted free, only, if imported within two years of the arrival in the colony of the persons or families by whom they have been used.	"	"
Plaster of Paris.....	"	"
Powder, viz.: blasting powder and blasting meal.....	"	"
Returned empties which are identified as such to the satisfaction of a Collector of Customs.....	"	"
Shipbuilders' models of vessels suited only for exhibition.....	"	"
Ship chandlery, not otherwise enumerated.....	"	"
Ships' rockets, blue lights, danger signals and rocket life saving apparatus.....	"	"
Stones, mill, grind, oil and whet.....	"	"
Tobacco for sheep-wash or for insecticide, after being rendered unfit for human consumption to the satisfaction of the Minister.....	"	"
Treacle or molasses, mixed with bone-black in proportions to the satisfaction of the Minister.....	"	"
Typewriters.....	"	"
Wax, bottling.....	"	"
Wool packs and wool pockets.....	"	"
Yarn—viz.: coir, flax, jute and hemp.....	"	"
Articles and materials (as may from time to time be specified by the Minister) which are suited only for, and are to be used solely in, the fabrication or repair of goods within the colony. All decisions of the Minister in reference to articles so admitted free to be published from time to time in the <i>Gazette</i>	"	"
And all articles not otherwise enumerated.....	"	"
Provided that all goods falling under this Schedule, which are <i>prison made</i> , shall be charged an <i>ad valorem</i> duty of 20 per cent.....		

TARIFF CHANGES

BRITISH INDIA.

I.—PROHIBITION TO IMPORT PINK-COLOURED QUININE.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7079-91, dated August 23, 1907.—Customs Circular No. VII of 1907.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of quinine which has been coloured pink.

II.—PROHIBITION TO IMPORT 'NOVOCAIN' BY POST.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7079-91, dated August 24, 1907.—Customs Circular No. VII of 1907.)

In exercise of the power conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the bringing by sea or by land into British India of 'novocain' by means of the post; and to restrict its importation by any other means to cases in which it is imported by persons, or by their authorized agents, who have been specially permitted to import the drug by a local government or administration.

III.—RULES FOR EXEMPTION FROM THE PAYMENT OF CUSTOMS DUTY OF RE-IMPORTED COMMERCIAL SAMPLES NOT INTENDED FOR SALE.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 8595-82, dated October 9, 1907.—Customs Circular No. VIII of 1907.)

1. Samples of goods, not intended for sale, re-imported by commercial travellers into British India shall be passed free of duty, provided that the collector of customs at the port of re-importation is satisfied:

- (i) that duty was paid on first import;
- (ii) of the identity of the articles;
- (iii) that no drawback was paid on export;
- (iv) that the ownership in the articles has not changed since its first import; and
- (v) that no more than six months have passed since the articles were exported.

2. In order to be able to claim the benefit of this concession, commercial travellers must observe the following procedure:—

(1) When the samples are first imported into British India, commercial travellers will be required to produce to the collector of customs a certificate or letter of identity from their principals or otherwise satisfy the collector of their eligibility for the concession. An invoice in duplicate, showing each article in detail, should be filed at the Custom House. The original will be retained by the Customs authorities. Each page of the duplicate will be stamped with the Custom House seal, and will be endorsed, over the signature of a Customs officer, with a reference to the bill of entry on which the samples were assessed to duty. It will be returned together with a certified copy of the bill of entry to the travellers.

(2) The certified copy of the bill of entry must, on each occasion on which the samples are exported from a port in British India, to a foreign port, be produced to the customs collector of the port of export, who will endorse, after such examination of the samples as he may think necessary, the copy of the bill of entry with a certificate that no drawback had been paid, together with the date of exportation. On re-importation from a foreign port the bill of entry must similarly be produced to the collector of customs, who will endorse, after such examination of the samples as he may think necessary, the date of re-importation on the bill of entry.

3. When the samples are finally exported under claim of drawback, a certificate of examination shall be recorded on the certified copy of the bill of entry by a Customs officer after verification of the necessary particulars in regard to the identification of the articles and payment of duty. The certified copy of the bill of entry and the duplicate copy of the invoice shall be forwarded to the port of first importation.

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)*ROOM B, 14 BUND,
YOKOHAMA, November 30, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURN OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the monthly return, for the ten months ending October 31, of the present and the previous year:—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk, raw.. . . .	\$ 15,378	\$145,090
Silk tissues, Habutai.. . . .	165,051	253,899
Silk handkerchiefs.. . . .	88,901	129,671
Cotton tissues.. . . .	3,730	4,520
Mata and mattings for floor (Hanagoza).. . . .	46,560	35,498
Porcelain and earthenware.. . . .	93,403	82,997
Lacquered ware.. . . .	8,102	9,096
Tea.. . . .	501,686	364,318
Rice.. . . .	209,281	114,102
Sake.. . . .	26,165	11,742
Straw-plaits and chip-braids.. . . .	549	2,476
Camphor.. . . .	2,355	6,623

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Flour.. . . .	\$122,294	\$ 64,239

The 'principal items' given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade, the annual return has to be awaited.

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

Principal imports for ten months ending October 31, of the present and the previous year:—

	1907.	1906.
Flour, wheat.. . . .	\$ 2,675,631	\$ 3,691,632
Butter.. . . .	43,973	81,624
Salted salmon.. . . .	119,434	563,227
Condensed milk.. . . .	817,123	614,418
Artificial fertilizers, &c.. . . .	20,169,554	16,302,698
Leather, sole.. . . .	996,672	426,731
Lead, pig, ingot and slab.. . . .	354,739	575,905
Printing paper.. . . .	1,475,065	880,000
Cotton, duck.. . . .	42,848	47,579
Cotton, prints.. . . .	1,194,849	1,135,356
Cotton, satteens and Italians.. . . .	876,568	976,519
White shirtings.. . . .	538,478	578,826
Grey shirtings.. . . .	3,224,566	3,617,122
Pulp.. . . .	744,048	768,872

Total Imports.

For ten months ending October 31:—

1907..	\$418,976,590
1906..	356,796,465

Total Exports.

For ten months ending October 31:—

1907..	\$365,541,046
1906..	337,079,285

THE AUTOMOBILE TRADE.

Vigorous efforts have been made of late to promote the sale in this country of several of the many patterns of automobile vehicles. A company with this object in view was formed in Tokyo, within the last few months, but the results seem to have been disappointing. It has been decided to wind up the enterprise, and to return the share money, already paid up, to the shareholders. In the cities and other localities where the roads are adapted for the use of this class of vehicles, there would appear to be a good opportunity to make them serviceable; but the high price at which they are yet held is perhaps the principal bar to profitable business. The universal use and real convenience of the Jinrikish may be taken for another reason why this class of vehicle will probably not, for some time, find a market worth catering to.

THE WHALING INDUSTRY.

The whale fishery in Japanese waters this season is announced to be a comparative failure. Five of the more conspicuous companies have got only twenty whales in all. The average catch by all the companies, so far, according to latest returns, is put at less than ten per company. This is described as a very unsatisfactory result.

NATIONAL LOANS OF JAPAN.

Official investigations of the result which has been recently made public, placed the total of Japan's national loans at \$1,152,158,500. This gross sum is divided into home loans \$569,307,500, and foreign loans \$582,851,000.

The Tokyo press reports that the result of a conference between the Elder Statesmen and the Cabinet Ministers, is an agreement to increase the taxation and to postpone various undertakings in view of the next fiscal year; the postponing of previously contemplated undertakings of the department, including the naval and war offices. The requirements of the year will be reduced by between fifteen and twenty million dollars. The chief resources of return from the increase of taxation are the government tobacco monopoly, the sugar and kerosene consumption taxes and the sake manufacturing tax.

INCREASE OF BANK RATES.

The universal high pressure shown by the financial barometer, rather than the immediate demand of home trade, has caused the Bank of Japan to announce an increase in the rate of interest. The Yokohama Specie Bank, the next in importance to the Bank of Japan, has announced an increase also of interest on over-draft loans and current discounts.

From the invaluable commercial columns of the *Kobe Chronicle* the assurance is given that 'despite the general depression of trade during the present half-year, the result of the working of banks in Osaka is reported to be not less favourable than in the preceding half. The market value of stocks has much depreciated, but it is stated

that full provision was made for such a contingency in the account for the preceding period. Therefore, the decline has had but little effect on the position of the banks. Moreover, banks have worked very cautiously throughout the crisis, and it is expected they will be able to pay a dividend at the same rate as for the preceding period, and yet place greater amounts to reserve.'

What is stated of the banks at Osaka, a great commercial centre, is fairly applicable to the banks of Japan generally. They are doing admirably under the trying circumstances of a great speculative collapse.

JAPANESE WHEAT AND FLOUR.

An extensive bread, biscuit and fancy bakery and general supply firm, heretofore importers of flour for their own bakery, have recently been using flour ground in Tokyo from imported wheat. They say it is entirely satisfactory. There is no reason to be found in the incident of its being ground in Japan, why it should not be good; the grain being good, the rest depends upon the milling. To wheat growing countries, the milling interest excepted, it is perhaps not a serious consideration whether they export the flour or the raw material for its manufacture. But in any case there is no need to be unduly apprehensive. The country that grows the raw material has obviously the common advantage. In the case of flour the by-products are an important consideration; and the weakness of the market for the resultant feed will for a long time prevent the coming of a great industry out of the milling development in Japan.

The investigations made by the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, in reference to wheat produced in this country, afford some interesting particulars. They show that the weight of wheat produced in Japan is 35 kwamme (about 291 lbs.) per koku (= 5 bush.) on an average, which gives $24\frac{1}{2}$ kwamme of flour (about 203 lbs.), while the weight of imported wheat is 36.3 kwamme (about 301 lbs.), the flour obtained therefrom amounting to 27 kwamme (about 224 lbs.). Thus, it is shown that foreign wheat gives about 6 per cent more flour than Japanese wheat. According to men interested in the flour mill trade, says the report of the department, the market for wheat produced in Japan is 50 to 75 sen lower per koku (= 5 bush.) than that for imported wheat. (1 sen = $\frac{1}{2}$ G. cts.)

Wheat is produced in all parts of Japan, the Hokkaido (the Japanese far north) being the principal producing district. The output for 1905 throughout the Empire amounted to 37,555 bushels. Sorachi in Ishigari province in the Hokkaido is the district in which wheat is most largely produced, the output there representing 27 per cent of the total production of the country at large; and the quality of Sorachi wheat is regarded as the best. The wheat produced in the Hokkaido is partly consumed there and is supplied to Tokyo, Osaka and Miyagi prefecture. In view of its superior quality, Hokkaido wheat is on the same level as the imported, and is easily distinguished from wheat produced in other parts of Japan. To the southward the grain produced and not used locally goes to Osaka, Kobe and Nagasaki, where there is more or less milling facility.

Stocks in Yokohama and Tokyo are large, and prices are very weak. The local press gives the following as the market value of the several United States brands of flour per sack of 49 lbs.:—

Golden Gate.. . . .	gold.	\$1 67 $\frac{1}{2}$
Crown.. . . .	"	1 57 $\frac{1}{2}$
Lion.. . . .	"	1 47 $\frac{1}{2}$
Portland.. . . .	"	1 45
Gold.. . . .	"	1 40
Blue Flag.. . . .	"	1 40
Red Shield.. . . .	"	1 40
Trophy.. . . .	"	1 40

THE SILK MARKET.

Approaching the end of the year, the substance of the review of the silk trade by the *Mainichi Dempo* (*Daily Telegraph*), of Tokyo, and the *Japan Mail*, of Yokohama, is to the effect that whereas this year's returns were expected to be much better than those of any previous year, the forecast has been upset by the panic in America. Thus the number of bales sent out of Japan, or contracted for between June and November, inclusive, during this year, was only 104,000, against 116,000 for the corresponding period of last year; but the higher prices which ruled this season relieved the situation greatly. Over 40,000 bales are now lying in Yokohama, and as the accommodation given by the banks on this stock alone represents a very large sum, the tightness of the money market is thereby greatly accentuated. The value of a bale of raw silk may be stated at G. \$500. The quantity held up by the disturbed market, as mentioned, will be about G. \$20,000,000.

A GOOD HARVEST RETURN.

The wheat and barley harvest of this year in Japan is regarded as the greatest on record. Returns made by the Department of Agriculture and Commerce show that the production of these grains in the Empire for this year was 110,837,430 bushels, showing an increase of 9,011,130 bushels, or 8·8 per cent on the figures for the preceding year, and an increase of 13,270,060 bushels, or 13·6 per cent as compared with a normal year. The success of the harvest is ascribed to favourable weather which prevailed after the sowing. Over a small portion of the Empire the growth was impeded by rain, but the weather improved shortly before the ear developed, and fine weather continued. The actual harvest showed an excess of over 9,000,000 bushels compared with the forecast issued in June.

THE POLICY OF NATIONAL MONOPOLY.

In spite of the fact that the policy of monopolizing industries and enterprises, by the government, has not in any case so far been productive of results that justify its pretensions, tendencies seem to show that it will probably be continued. There are other industries and enterprises that are the subject of rumour, in the press and otherwise, to the effect that they are to be brought under the control of the state; first, for the profit of the state; and second, for the benefit of the people; and, since these objects are synonymous, it is said to follow that the policy will prove advantageous to the commonwealth. Remark as to the absence of evident and tangible success so far may be met by the argument that radical changes are naturally followed by apparent set-back, and that reasonable time must be allowed for the promised advantages to supervene. At any rate that may be regarded as the situation in its best form, as it is now presented to observant criticism.

As to what is coming, the return of current paragraphs in the press, suggestive of the intention to monopolize the sugar trade with the industries incidental to sugar manufacture, by the government, is accepted as leaving little doubt. The *Japan Times*, understood to be, in respect of policy as well as locally, near to the government, says: 'Taking into consideration that such profitable business enterprises as the manufacture of tobacco, salt and railway ownership and operating have been taken up by the government, it is not impossible that the rumour with regard to sugar may turn out a realized fact in the long run, though the monopoly policy of the government has proved a failure in most cases. What effect would the government monopoly of sugar produce on the welfare of the nation? Though the total quantity consumed by the nation is not known, it admits of no question that the demand is growing year after year. And now that sugar is regarded as one of the most important of daily needed commodities, the rise of price must produce no small effect on the living of the nation.'

The increased cost of living in this country is universally remarked, and is one of the most disturbing experiences incidental to after-the-war circumstances. These monopoly appropriations are, of course, mainly for the purpose of revenue; but, although some people affect to believe that when they have served their purpose in that respect they will be relinquished, they attain a settled condition and the difficulty of government alienating the property of the state becomes practically insurmountable.

THE CURRENT YEAR'S TRADE.

Taking the year up to the 20th inst., it appears that exports totalled G. \$209,500,500, and imports G. \$239,954,500, the excess of imports thus being G. \$30,454,000.

Newspaper opinion, as expressed by the *Chuo Shimbun* (*Central News*) and by the *Japan Mail*, respectively of Tokyo and Yokohama, and also respectively representing the Japanese and foreign elements, is sufficiently unanimous to be unified to the effect that the excess of imports is certainly large, but on examining details it is found that this excess was due, not to the purchase of luxuries, but of raw material and machinery. In fact, the people may be said to have spent their money on things which will contribute to the development of the nation's producing power. Reviewing the trade returns for the past 40 years, it must be confessed that the development of the country's over-sea commerce has been one of the most remarkable features of the Meiji era. A complete statement is not yet possible with respect to the current year, but assuming that the return for the last ten days will bear a reasonable relation to those for the previous like periods, the volume of trade should reach considerably over 450 million dollars.

The comparative figures are as follows:—

Meiji	1..	Yen.	26,246,545
"	5..	"	43,201,462
"	10..	"	50,490,754
"	15..	"	69,992,586
"	20..	"	104,107,421
"	25..	"	167,181,766
"	30..	"	451,909,128
"	35..	"	582,981,800
"	36..	"	643,332,346
"	37..	"	725,698,804
"	38..	"	844,369,837
"	39..	"	842,539,000
"	40 (1907) ..	"	915,000,000

(1 Yen = 50 gold cts.)

It has also to be noted that the causes which contributed to reduce the volume of exports in the closing month of the latter year were altogether temporary; namely, the fall in the price of copper, the depreciation of silver, and the panic in the United States. These depressing factors can not be long operative, and, therefore, next year's trade may be looked forward to with confidence. Reviewing these figures, there is found no incentive to pessimistic view.

CORRECTION.

In report under date October 3, published in Monthly Report, for September, 1907, page 1008, respecting flour,—in the last paragraph relating to that subject are the words 'the second correspondent who writes under date June 10, is one of the numerous sort in trade generally.' The subsequent remarks are not relevant to the quotation from the correspondent who wrote under date June 10, but to the

correspondent who wrote under date June 1, and who rejected one of the best opportunities of getting his flour into this market, because he would not make a small consignment, as a trial shipment, to a highly responsible house. It will be a long time before he will make c.i.f. sales in this market without first introducing his brands and taking steps to popularize them.

PREDOMINANCE OF BRITISH TRADE.

A recent report on the foreign and coasting trade of China for 1906 gives the percentage of tonnage engaged as follows:—

Under the British flag 44·12 per cent, Chinese 21·35 per cent, Japanese 15·01 per cent, German 9·86 per cent, French 4·12 per cent, Norwegian 2·13 per cent, American 1·78 per cent, Dutch 0·44 per cent, Russian 0·38 per cent, Portuguese 0·24 per cent, Danish 0·23 per cent, Austro-Hungarian 0·22 per cent, Swedish 0·09 per cent, and Korean 0·03 per cent. Eliminating the Chinese, the British flag's percentage of the balance of tonnage in the foreign and coast trade respectively was 46·31 and 63·49 per cent.

ARTIFICIAL FERTILIZERS.

Companies for manufacturing fertilizers have been active this year. Returns made at the end of October show that the value of the output in two districts alone for 10 months amounted to \$5,500,000. When the value of output for November and this month is added, the total output for the year is estimated to exceed \$6,500,000. Last year the total was \$4,500,000. Imports of fertilizers have also increased. The value of sulphuric acid, ammonia, bean cake, fish manure, bone-powder, and other fertilizers imported from abroad up to the end of October this year, amounted to \$1,500,000, being more by \$150,000 than the figures for the whole of last year. Within the past five or six years, the consumption has shown an increase of 40 per cent each year.

LIFE INSURANCE PROSPECTS.

Referring to the working of life insurance companies, a vernacular contemporary observes that owing to the economic activity which prevailed during last year the life insurance business showed a great increase. Yet the increase this year has been still greater. In the case of leading companies, contracts for insurance show an increase of some 30 per cent. This is attributed to the increased interest aroused in life insurance among the Japanese in general, as well as to the general development of trade.

THE MAIL ROUTE VIA RUSSIA.

It is currently cited as an example of the speediness of the Siberian route over all others for the transmission of mails to and from far eastern ports, that letters by that route from Shanghai bearing post mark of October 4 were delivered in London at the same time as others by the German mail, via Sues, bearing the same post mark of September 20. It is recognized that Shanghai, as a given port, is thus brought nearer to us, in point of communication, than the Strait Settlements are at present. Exclusion of postal matter other than letters, detracts from the general advantage of this speedy communication, when it is found that newspaper and printed trade advices are not delivered for a fortnight after the dates of previously received letters. The difficulty in the way of sending printed matters by the Siberian post will have to be overcome before it will prove a formidable rival to commercial inter-communication.

THE BAMBOO TRADE.

The supply of bamboo is reported to be gradually decreasing, as bamboo groves have been attacked by a certain disease which causes decay. With the usual reliance upon the government as a universal benefice, the Kobe Bamboo Guild has addressed a memorial to the Minister for Agriculture and Commerce, asking that measures should be taken for the encouragement of the cultivation of bamboo.

ALEX. MACLEAN.

JAPAN, CHINA AND COREA.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. T. R. Preston.)

TOKYO, JAPAN, December 24, 1907.

PAPER MAKING IN JAPAN.

The Japanese are among the oldest paper makers in the world. It is not surprising, therefore, that they should have made themselves acquainted with the more expeditious facilities afforded for the manufacture of paper by the aid of western appliances. The expansion of this business in Japan is shown by the phenomenal increase in the import of wood pulp for the manufacture of paper, as may be seen by the following figures:—

1897..	1,433,868 kin.	63,787 yen.
1898..	6,948,497 "	223,599 "
1899..	6,588,197 "	336,651 "
1900..	6,707,118 "	455,130 "
1901..	3,007,994 "	205,590 "
1902..	6,268,937 "	365,058 "
1903..	12,125,560 "	627,139 "
1904..	17,180,298 "	855,579 "
1905..	17,213,481 "	1,047,299 "
1906..	27,987,171 "	1,764,002 "

Germany is credited with more than two-thirds of the entire pulp imports of Japan. But while it appears to be so, by the official records, in point of fact the great bulk actually comes from Norway. The pulp is handled by Hamburg merchants and is carried here in German ships. Formerly the main customer for the pulp carried by German vessels was the United States, which market is said to have been largely exploited by the Canadian manufacturers of pulp, thus replacing the German trade. Since the Hamburg merchants found competition by Canada too keen for them in the United States they directed their attention to the far East, with the results that have been already indicated.

JAPANESE PULP INDUSTRY.

In the early history of the Japanese pulp industry the wood product was used altogether for the manufacture of what is known as foreign papers. But now there is an ever increasing demand for this raw material for the manufacture of Japanese papers. It has been found that by a proper mixture of the wood pulp with the

ingredients usually used for manufacturing Japanese paper, a much cheaper manufactured product is available, and, at the same time, the peculiar fibre of the Japanese paper is not eliminated. From that standpoint it is fair to believe that the demand for wood pulp will increase very largely within the next few years.

On the other hand, it may be said that a combination of prominent paper mills has secured an important pulp wood concession in the northern part of Japan. The manufacture of wood pulp will shortly commence in the district on a large scale, the product being, of course, for use in their own mills. The factories are now approaching completion and are being fitted with all the most improved machinery. It is possible that for a time these circumstances may disturb the market for pulp in the East, but it will only be for a limited period. There are many paper mills that are not interested in the concessions in question, and as they are prepared to enlarge the scope of their operations, an active demand will continue for the supply of foreign wood pulp. The manufacture of paper will expand enormously, keeping pace with other lines of manufacture during the next few years. This fact will naturally have a tendency to steady the market notwithstanding the local production of pulp.

JAPANESE PAPER MILLS, PRODUCTION.

The value of the product of the Japanese paper mills in 1905 was:—

Japanese paper.. . . .	Yen 13,722,000
European paper.. . . .	“ 11,059,000

The import of European paper in 1905 amounted to Yen 6,380,000.

The import duty levied on wood pulp for manufacturing purposes at present is Yen 0.250 per 100 kin, which is equivalent to Yen 0.094 for 100 pounds.

It might be interesting to know that the Japanese manufacture a very good pulp from rice straw, and which is equal to the best chemical wood pulp for the manufacture of European papers. But, unfortunately, the expense attending the manufacture of this pulp makes the product much higher in price than foreign or imported wood pulp referred to. Experiments are being made with a view of reducing the cost of manufacturing the rice straw pulp.

In the Japanese paper mills at the Ehime Prefecture, they are now experimenting with pulp manufactured from waste wheat straw. This product is used in the manufacture of Japanese paper, being mixed in the process with materials known as 'Kozu' and 'Mitumata.' The writer is not aware whether any efforts have been made to utilize the vast waste wheat straw of the western provinces in this way. This appears to open a more profitable field for experiments than the usual way of disposing of straws of the various cereals that are grown in such enormous quantities in western Canada.

In respect to the Japanese market Canada labours under advantages as well as disadvantages. Dealers in wood pulp have informed me that in ordering from Europe, scarcely less than ninety days elapse from the date of the transmission of a cable order to the arrival of the pulp at a Japanese port. As has already been stated, the pulp comes from Scandinavia and is transferred to German ships at Hamburg.

PULP TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.

But while Canada may enjoy a great advantage in point of comparative proximity to the markets of the far East, this is more than overcome by the very cheap cost of transportation from the European ports. Freight charges on pulp from Christiania (Norway) to Yokohama do not exceed thirty shillings (\$7.30) per ton, and sometimes a lower quotation can be secured, while from Hamburg to Yokohama the cost of transportation of pulp varies from twenty shillings (\$4.86) to twenty-five shillings (\$6.08) per ton.

At present the price for pulp at Tokyo as per attached sample is four sen per lb., or Yen eighty per ton of 2,000 lbs.

The plain statements of fact in this report will enable Canadian manufacturers of wood pulp to realize in how far the Eastern market may be available to them now. In considering the question they may rest assured that the demand here for all kinds of pulp will increase enormously in each succeeding year, as Japan will not only be supplying the local demand, but will seek for other markets throughout the entire East, including India as well as China.

W. T. R. PRESTON.

JAMAICA.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. E. A. H. Haggart.*)

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, December 28, 1907.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

A new steamship service, called the Scotia Steamship Company, started to run between Halifax and Jamaica, the first steamer being the SS. *Senator*, from Halifax, which arrived here on November 2. This steamer was followed by the *Amanda*, about a fortnight later, and the *Senator* again made another voyage, after which the line ceased to run, the reason I understand being there was not sufficient trade to support two lines of steamships.

The Halifax and West India Steamship Company still continue to run three steamers, viz. *Beta*, *Boston* and *Kathinka*, scheduled to leave Halifax on the 1st, 11th and 21st of each month, returning to Halifax in similar order. The SS. *Beta* calls, as hitherto, at Bermuda and Turks Island, on the downward and homeward journeys.

CONFERENCE IN BARBADOS.

In connection with this conference, which has been called with a view to improving trade relations between Canada and the West Indies, the government appointed the Hon. W. Fawcett, Director of Public Gardens and Plantations, Mr. J. R. Williams, M.A., Inspector of Schools, and Mr. E. A. Savage, Collector of Customs, Kingston, as delegates from Jamaica, to attend the above conference, and these gentlemen will sail by the R.M.S. *La Plata*, on Friday, January 3, for Barbados.

It is hoped this conference will result in fostering closer and more extensive business between the Dominion and the West India Islands. In this connection, as far as Jamaica is concerned, I hardly think that trade will be enlarged to any considerable extent, until the Canadian manufacturers and producers send representatives here to inquire into the local trade requirements, viz.: The system of credit, the qualities and kinds of goods required, the packages to which importers are accustomed, and other details of a like nature, which go so far to the building up of business.

I can not too strongly urge the desirability of sending suitable and well-informed representatives, such as come here periodically from houses in the United States, by which means they get in touch with their customers and their needs.

E. A. H. HAGGART.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

BRISTOL, December 31, 1907.

NEW SPRAYING FLUIDS.

Experiments which have been made in different parts of England during the last two or three years have now led to the development of two spraying fluids, intended to destroy insect pests and fungus diseases, which attack fruit trees. I recently had an opportunity of examining the results obtained in one or two orchards, and these results have been found on the whole so satisfactory that a series of experimental demonstrations is to be undertaken throughout Canada during the coming year. This work will be conducted under the direction of Mr. W. S. Spark, who lectured most acceptably a few years ago for the Canadian Department of Agriculture, on the subject of horse breeding.

FREE DEMONSTRATIONS.

Mr. Spark represents the manufacturers of the spraying fluids, Messrs. Wm. Cooper & Nephews, of Berkhamsted, England, and I understand that he proposes giving free demonstrations, consisting of a winter application of one fluid, and a spring or summer application of the other, in all the chief fruit-growing centres of Canada. If these experiments are anything like as satisfactory as their projectors anticipate, the result will be a great gain to the fruit industry, assuming that the fluids can be placed upon the market at a reasonable price. In any case the carrying out of experiments on such an elaborate scale is bound to yield a material addition to the knowledge possessed by fruit growers as to the means of fighting insect pests and fungus diseases.

BRITISH PERIODICALS FOR CANADA.

The Postmaster General, Mr. Buxton, recently stated that he was glad to be able to point to the very remarkable success so far of the reduced postage to Canada for newspapers and magazines. The change was made in consequence of the peculiar position, geographical and other, occupied by Canada, as continuous to the United States, the consequence of which was that at the old rate of postage British literature of this description was practically driven out of the market, and did not reach the Canadian reader.

RESULTS OF REDUCED POSTAGE.

The special reduction he had given in the postage, 'intellectual preference' as the Postmaster General of Canada well called it, has resulted in a very large increase in the number of British magazines and newspapers sent to Canada, and what perhaps was most satisfactory was that he was informed by a firm of high-class news agents, which had a large business in Canada, that the increase had been greatest in the case of comparatively expensive magazines of the highest class. Substantially, it might be said, taking last October as a typical month, that the additional number of periodicals per year sent under the new Canadian magazine post might be estimated at between five and six millions.

BROOM HANDLES.

There is a demand here for broom handles made of best basswood or poplar, and good business might be done by Canadian firms exporting these goods to Great Britain. Specifications are as follows:—

Size.—50 in. x $1\frac{1}{8}$ in.; 50 in. x $1\frac{1}{4}$ in.

Approximate price.—13s. per gross; 16s. per gross.

Packing.—144 in case; 72 in case.

One firm states that they could do with 1,000 gross of poplar handles per month, delivered London.

SKEWERS.

There is also a demand for maple skewers for the use of butchers, specifications of which are appended:—

Size.—6 in., 7 in. and 8 in. x $\frac{3}{8}$ in.; $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. x $\frac{3}{8}$ in.

Packing.—20,000 in case; 80,000 in case.

W. A. MacKINNON.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. C. E. Sontum.*)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBBEGD, No. 4, January 4, 1908.

THE NORWEGIAN TAXATION SYSTEM.

(*From the Norwegian Trade-Paper 'Farmand.'*)

'The municipalities derive their revenue partly from taxes on real property and partly from a tax on income. Within certain limits each municipality has the right to determine how much of its requirements it will draw from each of these sources.

The municipal taxes are as a rule paid to the municipality where the taxpayer lives or where a business concern has its office. The chief exception to this rule is that real estate is liable to taxation in the municipality where it is situated.

As nobody is bound to give any information about his own property or income the incomes of all citizens are annually assessed by municipal boards of assessment for a period of twelve months from September 30. Concerns yielding a varying profit are assessed according to their supposed average income taking one year with another. As incomes are reckoned every gain derived from capital or personal work. Certain percentages of the income are exempted from taxation and it rests with the municipalities to determine within the schedules of the law the amount of these tax-free incomes. The tax on property is also scheduled and must not exceed 2 kr. of each kr. 1,000.

'When the municipal board of assessment has assessed the incomes of the citizens and the municipal council has drawn up its budget for the coming year the actual rate of the income tax to be levied is found by simply dividing the sum of expenditure with the taxable assessed income. There is no maximum rate of income tax fixed by law and as a matter of fact the rate of municipal income tax has reached in many municipalities exceedingly high figures, while the average in the rural municipalities for the period 1895-1904 has been 13·14 per cent, and in the towns 16·92 per cent.

But these rates need not too much alarm those foreigners who either have invested or are thinking of investing money in Norwegian industrial undertakings. The rate is so high not because the taxpayers' money is squandered lavishly, but because, as a rule, the taxable incomes are so small. Where great industrial concerns have been established the percentage of taxation has a tendency to go down in proportion with the growth of the concerns in question. Thus, for instance, the percentage in Mo, North Norway, where the establishments of the Dunderland Iron Ore Company are situated, was lately 6·30 per cent, while at Fauske, the seat of the Sulitjelma Copper Company, the percentage has decreased from 7·80 per cent three years ago to slightly above 4 per cent this year. At Tune, where the Kellner Partington Paper Pulp Company has its mills the rate was lately 7·04 per cent.

THE STATE TAXES.

'The income tax to the State is levied on the basis of the municipal income tax assessments at the rate of 2 per cent for taxable incomes not exceeding kr. 4,000, at 3 per cent on incomes between kr. 4,000 and kr. 7,000, 4 per cent on incomes from kr. 7,000 to kr. 10,000, and 5 per cent on incomes exceeding kr. 10,000. The tax to the State on personal property is $\frac{1}{2}$ pro mille. The State income tax commences at the level of kr. 1,000 annual income; a certain amount of the income is exempt from taxation, varying between kr. 400 and kr. 1,800 according to the number of persons whom the taxpayer has to support.'

TRADE ADDRESS-BOOK FOR ICELAND.

Mr. Sveinn Bjornsson, a lawyer at Reykjavik, Iceland, has recently published a book called 'The Address-Book for Iceland,' containing the names and addresses of all the dealers in Iceland. This being the first book of its kind ever printed, it may be of interest to Canadian exporters.

THE FORESTS OF SWEDEN.

In an official report the yearly gross capacity of production of the Swedish forests is estimated at 34,530,000 cubic metres. But all of this cannot by far be made useful and it is supposed, that over five million cubic metres rot away in the forests, whereby the effective production is reduced to 29,336,000 cubic metres yearly. According to investigations about the uses of raw materials, there is consumed very near 31 million cubic metres per year partly for domestic purposes and partly for export. Compared with the effective production there is thus used more than $1\frac{1}{2}$ million cubic metres above the real capacity of production, a deficit, which might be more than avoided, if the large quantities that rot away in the forests could be utilized. The larger forest owners generally take good care of their properties by employing persons especially educated in forestry, while the contrary in most instances is the case with the smaller forest owners; for this reason it is proposed that through the laws there should be taken measures for the preservation of the forests, and that the government should buy forest grounds to a larger extent than heretofore.

CONSIDERABLE INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS TO NORWAY.

While a statistical statement of the imports to Norway during 1907 is not yet available, the returns from the custom-houses throughout the country show a large increase in the incomes, which are estimated for the year at kr. 42,463,250, or about $2\frac{1}{2}$ million kroner more than in 1906.

C. E. SONTUM.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)*NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENGL., January 4, 1908.

WOOLLEN RAGS WANTED FROM CANADA.

It should be of interest in many trade circles in Canada to know that very large quantities of woollen rags are imported into the heavy woollen districts of Yorkshire from abroad to be manufactured into mungo and shoddy. At the present time this industry is experiencing a great activity and consequently the consumption of these rags has increased in proportion. Any firms in Canada in a position to collect supplies would therefore do well to make arrangements to send them forward. At various times when the mungo and shoddy manufacturing trade has been taxed with a heavy demand, much difficulty has been experienced in obtaining supplies either from home or from foreign sources. Instances have been known, in fact, where importers have had to resort to advertising for supplies in the French, Russian, and other European newspapers. Almost any kind of either new or woollen rags can be disposed of, no matter what colour or description they may be. As to the price they would obtain, however, this is entirely dependent upon the quality of the material they may have been cut from in the first instance. A sum of as low as £18 and £20 per ton has sometimes been paid at auction, whereas in the case of the very best kind of rags procurable, the price, in some very special instances, has ranged to well over \$500 for the same weight.

THE SHIPMENT OF CANADIAN TURKEYS.

As a direct result of my report of September 27, 1907 (see Monthly Report for September, 1907, page 997), and also of the Trade Inquiries which appeared therein respecting the demand for Canadian turkeys, it is a pleasure to report that a large shipment of these birds was sent to an inland town in this district, arriving just in time to supply the Christmas demand.

In local trade a good deal of interest was taken in this shipment and it should interest exporters in Canada to know the opinions given. 'The birds, it is said, were in perfect condition, but the shippers somewhat spoilt the consignment by freezing them too hard during transit.' This same complaint also applies to a few other shipments which were sent to other parts of the country. It must be remembered that turkeys which arrive in a hard frozen state have to be 'thawed out,' and this takes the fresh look off them—not to mention other drawbacks that result from this process. Notwithstanding this, however, the turkeys that came to hand fetched a price of from 16 to 17 cents per pound, but it is said that if they had only been chilled (as Canadian turkeys usually are) instead of frozen, they would have fetched 2 cents per pound more. As regards the packing too, in this special case the birds were packed in random numbers to a box, such as twelve, eight, fifteen and sixteen, but, in future, it is advocated that no more nor less than twelve birds be put into a case, and that they be graded as to weight.

Taken altogether, however, the shipment was a good one, and, as before mentioned, created no small interest; in fact, now that the preliminary trial of this direct trade between exporter and merchant has met with fair success there is every indication that several other firms will be asking for direct shipments next season, and it rests with Canadian exporters to make the most of their opportunities in this direction.

READY DEMAND FOR CANADIAN SALMON.

According to well-informed reports the supplies of British salmon this season are likely to be below the average. Merchants and importers in this district are eagerly looking for supplies from Canada, it being immaterial whether the fish arrives frozen or fresh. 'Loggerheads' are considered to be by far the favourite brand obtainable from Canada; in fact, many dealers here prefer them even to English salmon. I am assured that this and other kinds of salmon, such as 'Sockeyes,' &c., would fetch as much as 16 to 17 cents per pound if sent forward at the present time.

CANADIAN-MADE CORDAGE IN DEMAND.

It is gratifying to know that during the past month or two a few shipments of Canadian-made ropes and twines have been sent to local buyers, especially to marine goods dealers in the northeast coast ports of England. Some manufacturers appear to have been active in encouraging this trade, and given reasonable prices, almost any kind of cordage such as 2, 3 and 4-ply cords, sisal ropes, marine cords, &c., should meet with a good demand in this district. The prices recently quoted by Canadian manufacturers were slightly lower than those charged by manufacturers in this country for the same class of goods. It should always be borne in mind, however, that samples are an indispensable precedent to business when quoting prices.

CANADIAN VERSUS ITALIAN ASBESTOS.

I am credibly informed that one or two asbestos-goods manufacturing firms in this country are making increased efforts to develop the demand for Italian asbestos and it is up to Canadian exporters to similarly put forth renewed efforts to maintain their trade with buyers in this country. Various opinions are given as to the relative merits of Canadian and Italian asbestos. On behalf of the latter it is said to have a longer fibre, and it is also credited with being a little more silky. As one dealer remarks:—'It attracts the eye.' Canadian asbestos, however, is generally admitted to be of a much more durable nature; in fact, among the majority of users it is looked upon as having no equal for industrial purposes.

JOHN B. JACKSON.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., January 6, 1908.

ROAD-MAKING.

Following my reports on the subject of road-making, I think the following extracts from a special article by Colonel R. E. Crompton, C.B., R.E., in the *Times Engineering Supplement*, will be of interest to Canadian municipalities:—

'The main principles of road construction still continue to be those laid down by McAdam. A suitable foundation, the depth and strength of which varies with the nature of the subsoil, is covered with a layer of hard stone broken into angularly-shaped pieces, and these are either consolidated into a smooth surface by the passage of the traffic itself, or are rolled down by steam rollers. In the days of McAdam the work of making or repairing a road was usually carried out so that this consolidation could take place during the wetter seasons of the year, but, owing to the almost

universal use of steam rollers, roads are now made and repaired at all seasons. At the time that the roller is passed over the coating of metal the process of consolidation is helped by putting on a coating of sand, gravel, or similar material, technically called "blinding" or "hogging," and the whole is drenched with water and consolidated by the roller whilst still wet. A road thus constructed depends on being held together by the small particles derived from the "hogging," and these are practically cemented into place by dried mud.

'Some years ago it became evident to road surveyors that something more efficient than water must be used as the binding material. The success of asphalt and of certain tarred footpaths pointed to the use of tar. The county surveyor of Nottinghamshire first carried out the practical experiment of saturating with tar from the gasworks the road metal, formed of blast furnace slag. This tar-saturated material was rolled down in the usual way and was found to offer great advantages, as with such a road less mud was formed in winter and less dust in summer.

'Many minds worked in the same direction, but for a long time the experiments were isolated. Local road surveyors persuaded their boards to allow them to make short lengths of this improved road surface. The results obtained were various. In some cases the tar remained soft, adhering to the wheels of the vehicles. The experiments being on a small scale were costly, but thanks to the public outcry caused by the dust-raising of modern motor traffic, it became imperative that the results of these isolated experiments in various parts of the country should be collated and that the whole question of road construction should be considered by some central authority.'

THE ROADS IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

'Under the auspices of the Roads Improvement Association meetings between the road makers and the road users have been held. Competitions directed to show the best machinery for treating the roads with tar and the best preparations of tar to be used for the purpose have taken place. Valuable prizes have been competed for and awarded, and the public are beginning to see the results in the long lengths of tar-treated roads. The recent developments of using tar in road construction have been along two distinct lines. First, that of saturating the surface of existing roads with suitable tar compounds by tar-spraying machinery. The experience obtained in treating a great mileage of roads in Kent, Middlesex, Surrey, and other home counties has shown that the cost of obtaining a very satisfactory surface which will last for one summer season is not in excess of the annual cost of watering the same length of road; and in addition to which it is probable that the wear of the road for the same period has been reduced, so that some saving will be effected in maintenance.

'The second and more complete method of treatment is that the road when repaired, should be made up throughout the whole depth of its metalling with road metal saturated with tar. Considerable lengths of the Thames embankment have been remade in this manner, and every one can judge for themselves that the result, on the whole, has been highly satisfactory. For the first time since the embankment was completed as a thoroughfare has the road been maintained for any length of time in a reasonably smooth and satisfactory condition.

'The latest development of this road treatment, which seems to yield financially very satisfactory results, has been introduced by Mr. Gladwell, the engineer and surveyor to the Eton and Slough Rural District Council, who last year tried the experiment of laying a cushion of fine tar topping, similar to that which had been previously used upon footpaths, upon the foundation of a road from which the upper layer of road metal had been removed ready for the usual repairing process. Mr. Gladwell then laid the new metal on the surface of this topping and rolled it down into it, so that the fine tar topping or "matrix," as it should be called, gradually came up to the surface. Since that time the process has been further developed, and roads have been completed for the Staines Rural Council which seem to be exceed-

ingly perfect; and the cost has been only 2½d. (5 cents) per superficial yard greater than the cost would have been if the repairs had been carried out in the usual manner by laying on and rolling down a coating of granite. The actual figures reported by the surveyor to the above council were that whereas the ordinary repair would cost 1s. 6½d. (37 cents) per square yard, the improved tar-treated coating just described cost 1s. 9d. (42 cents) per yard.'

ELECTRICALLY-OPERATED FIRE ESCAPES.

A matter which has created considerable interest in fire escapes here is a new electrically-propelled fire escape which has just been added to the equipment of the Liverpool Fire Brigade supplied by Messrs. Henry Simonis & Co., London.

The power for propelling and operating the escape is obtained from storage batteries located at the front of the vehicle. It has a speed capacity of 18 to 20 miles an hour, and the ladder can be extended to its extreme length of 87 feet in about half a minute. The ladder can be turned in any direction and laid to any angle. When extended perpendicularly it will carry four firemen with two lines of hose, the men being situated at the top of each of the four sections. Catches lock the apparatus in any desired position, and the automatic principle is employed throughout. The tests given have very fully satisfied the authorities.

P. B. BAILL.

ST. KITTS, NEVIS AND VIRGIN ISLANDS.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. S. L. Horsford.*)

ST. KITTS, January 8, 1908.

SUGAR CROP.

The sugar crop for the season just closed, was a fairly good one, and the bulk found its way to Canadian markets. Owing to favourable conditions in the United Kingdom, about 2,797 tons were shipped to Greenock and London, while for the first time in the shipments to Canada, a new departure was made by 433 tons being forwarded to Montreal, instead of all being consigned as heretofore, to Halifax.

The total sugar exported for the year amounted to 14,177 tons, of which Canada received 11,188, the United Kingdom 2,797, and other places 192 tons.

MOLASSES CROP.

The molasses crop was again disappointing, the output being smaller in proportion to the quantity of sugar made than is the case in other islands. Of the 2,157 puncheons shipped, 1,263 were forwarded to Canada, and 894 elsewhere. In regard to this article also, there has been a change in the method of disposal, as while in former years the greater portion of the crop was sold locally at fixed prices on definite orders from Canadian buyers, this season, owing to the absence of such orders, the bulk was shipped on consignment.

COTTON.

The output of cotton from this island, Nevis and Anguilla during last season, showed a gratifying increase on the previous year's production, and this without any appreciable diminution in the acreage under cane cultivation, at least in St. Kitts, and as prices were fairly good, the results have proved of substantial benefit to the planters. The quantity reaped was:—

	Bales.	Lbs.
At St. Kitts..	815	269,109
Nevis..	544	136,670
Anguilla..	297	59,666

All being shipped to the United Kingdom.

Owing to the unfavourable weather conditions, the rains having come late, the prospects for 1908 crop are by no means as good as they were at this time last year, and we can hardly therefore look for more than an average return of sugar, but the early reapings of cotton are reported to be most satisfactory, and the total output will probably exceed that of 1907.

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

With regard to imports from Canada, the official statistics for 1907 are not yet available, and I am therefore unable to make any comparison with previous years, but unless the system of preparing these returns is improved on it will be impossible to ascertain accurately what our real trade with the Dominion is.

As has frequently been pointed out, a great many articles of Canadian manufacture are shipped through United States ports, and as the customs regulations here do not demand any evidence as to the place of origin, these goods are invariably included in the official returns along with the imports from the United States. A similar condition prevails in regard to goods of Canadian make which are held in stock in bond at United States ports and shipped thence to the islands. These come in, in same way, to be included as American goods.

But there is, notwithstanding, evidence of a very marked increase in the demand for Canadian goods which is growing every day, and on all sides are seen goods of Canadian make where formerly only American were known. This is apparent in items such as rope, wrapping paper, biscuits, nails, cheese, butter and the like, but the list is an increasing one all the time, and what is more, the goods have apparently come to stay. There has also been a decided turn in regard to Canadian flour, which a short while ago no one would touch on the plea of its not keeping in our climate.

Owing, however, to the advance in wheat a few months ago and the consequent rise in the price of American flour, a good many of our dealers were forced to turn their attention to the formerly despised Canadian brands, with such satisfactory results that repeat orders were in many cases given, and while the prejudice still exists to some extent, and trade is consequently very limited, I hear little of the old complaint that it cannot keep.

S. L. HORSFORD.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER,

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, January 12, 1908.

HERRING FISHERY.

The winter herring fishery season on the west coast at Bay of Islands was brought to a close on 6th instant, and according to the Inspector of the Customs Protection Service of Newfoundland, the results are as follows:—

Fifty-seven American vessels took away—

	Brls.	Valued at
Salt bulk herring.. . . .	53,894	\$107,788
Frozen herring.. . . .	38,120	84,360
Pickled herring.. . . .	14,876	59,504
	<u>106,890</u>	<u>251,652</u>

Thirty-two British vessels took away—

	Brls.	Valued at
Salt bulk herring.. . . .	12,424	\$34,848
Frozen herring.. . . .	12,710	38,130
Pickled herring.. . . .	10,616	43,464
	<u>35,750</u>	<u>105,442</u>

making a total export of 142,640 brls., valued at \$357,094.

The number of men employed is given as 2,156, of whom 538 were engaged on American vessels, and 192 upon Canadian vessels.

HERRING EXPORTED.

Comparative statement of the quantities of herring exported from Bay of Islands during the seasons of 1904, 1905, 1906 and 1907:—

SEASON 1904.—Eleven British vessels took cargoes. Sixty-seven American vessels took cargoes.

Bulk.	Fresh.	Frozen.	Pickled.	Value.
3,750	23	2,357	10,678	\$ 43,256
60,960	3	19,690	8,054	143,581
64,710	26	21,957	18,732	\$185,837

SEASON 1905.—Thirty-nine British vessels took cargoes. Forty-three American vessels took cargoes.

Bulk.	Pickled.	Frozen.	Value.
19,233	6,408	13,230	\$69,712
24,900	1,980	19,900	74,763
44,123	8,388	33,130	\$144,474

SEASON 1906.—Forty-one British vessels took cargoes. Sixty-five American vessels took cargoes.

Bulk.	Pickled.	Frozen.	Value.
24,005	10,983	10,900	\$183,548
47,957	4,132	18,260	368,596
71,962	15,114	39,160	\$453,144

SEASON 1907.—Thirty-two British vessels took cargoes. Fifty-seven American vessels took cargoes.

Bulk.	Pickled.	Frozen.	Value.
12,424	10,616	12,710	\$105,442
53,894	14,876	38,120	251,652
66,318	25,492	50,830	\$357,094

E. D. ARNAUD.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

MANCHESTER, January 2, 1908.

Estimate of the stock of provisions, &c., in the port of Liverpool, on December 31, 1907; together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month:—

	Dec. 31, 1907.	Nov. 30, 1907.	Dec. 31, 1906.
Bacon..... Boxes	5,692	6,022	13,389
Hams..... "	6,187	6,024	2,825
Shoulders..... "	1,848	3,917	439
Butter..... Cwts.	1,732	3,920	7,904
Cheese (Full Shapes)..... Boxes	37,468	84,652	90,611
Cheese (50 lbs. and under)..... "	2,523	2,599	
Lard (Prize Steam Western)..... Tierces	3,934	1,838	3,677
Lard (Imported Pure Refined Lard) in tierces, firkins or other packages)..... Tons	713	1,583	566
Lardine and Compound..... "	129	46	38

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, December 23, 1907.

AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF OF 1907.

The debate upon the new Customs tariff was concluded in the Commonwealth House of Representatives on December 14. The uncertainty that existed for some months in respect to the rates of duty on many lines of imported goods dislocated trade to a great extent. Landed costs are now carefully computed before orders are placed. Local quotations have been readjusted to suit the altered conditions. Some amendments in the duties may yet be made by the Senate which meets on January 22 to ratify the tariff. The termination of the tariff debate came earlier than anticipated and was viewed with satisfaction in commercial circles from the point of comparative finality. After the ratification of the tariff by the Senate, the Australian Government has given an intimation to the effect that the proposed preferential trade agreements with Canada and New Zealand will be submitted to Parliament. The House of Representatives will be in recess until March 11, 1908, so that in the meantime negotiations will be resumed.

MODIFIED AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, was promptly advised by cable of modifications and reductions in the Australian Customs duties—of special interest to Canadian exporters—made during the progress of the Parliamentary debates. In a great many instances the specific or fixed duties were abolished and strictly *ad valorem* rates are now enforced. Orders held in abeyance for some leading lines of Canadian goods, pending alteration of duties, were immediately confirmed by cable. Extensive clearances of huge stocks held in bonded stores have also been effected this month.

AMENDED DUTIES ON AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

In several instances the duties upon farming machinery have been reduced by the House of Representatives. In the schedule submitted herewith there is no preference upon the manufactures of the United Kingdom. The following duties are now in operation under the amended tariff rates:—

	General Tariff.
Harvesters.	£12 each.
Strippers.	6 each.
Harvester parts.	1½d per lb.
Drills.	25 per cent.
Cultivators (disc).	25 “
Cultivators (other).	29 “
Harrows.	20 “
Scufflers.	20 “
Ploughs (stump jump).	25 “
Ploughs (other).	20 “
Disc for ploughs and harrows.	25 “
Swingle trees and neckyokes (when separate).	25 “
Poles and seats.	25 “

DUTY FREE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &C.

The following list comprises the principal lines of farming implements and machinery which are duty-free under the 1907 Australian Customs Tariff as amended to date. Several items made dutiable in the original tariff have been placed on the free list:—Mowers, hand-worked rakes; ploughs combined; hay tedders; horse rakes; lucerne bunchers; maize harvesters; maize binders; milking machines; mouldboard plates in the rough and not cut into shape; potato raisers or diggers; potato sorters; root cutters, pulpers and graters; straw stackers; sub-surface packers; threshing machines; winnower forks (wood and steel); hand-worked cultivators and cream separators.

HORTICULTURAL AND VITICULTURAL MACHINERY, &C.

The extent to which an Australian preference is given upon comparatively unimportant lines of horticultural—and other—implements made in the United Kingdom is $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The general tariff is 15 per cent and the United Kingdom preferential duty is $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent upon the items scheduled as follows:—Cane loaders on wheels; channel-making graders; garden and field spraying machines; garden and field rollers; garden hose reels; garden syringes; horse road rollers and machines; lawn mowers, sweepers and sprinklers; road making ploughs; road scoops and scrapers, scoops stump extractors; agricultural, horticultural and viticultural machinery not specially enumerated.

AUSTRALIAN DUTIES ON BICYCLES, MOTOR CARS, VEHICLES, &C.

One of the most important modifications of the 1907 Australian tariff has been the withdrawal of the specific—or fixed—duties upon bicycles, buggies, dogcarts, wagonettes and carriage parts. Through an oversight, the duty upon complete motor cars, as revised on December 11, has not been clearly defined in the tariff. On making inquiries at the Department of Trade and Customs, I was informed that the duty upon complete motor cars had been fixed at 35 per cent in the general and 30 per cent in the United Kingdom preferential tariff. Canadian exporters of motor cars will require to ship the 'bodies' separately, this line (the least expensive part of the car) being dutiable at 35 per cent. The chassis and one set of tyres will also be shipped separately so as to benefit by the minimum duty under the general tariff of 5 per cent. The assembling of the various parts of the cars will be carried out after arrival by local mechanics. This section is most important to Canadian manufacturers and the rates now in operation upon the articles enumerated are as follows:—

	General Tariff.	Preferential Tariff. U. K. Goods.
Bicycles.	30 per cent.	25 per cent.
Motor cycles.	30 "	25 "
Cycle parts.	15 "	10 "
Cycle parts, n.e.i.	5 "	Free.
Vehicles, buggies, dogcarts, &c.	35 "	30 "
Vehicles, wagons, wagonettes, &c.	35 "	30 "
Carriage wheels, bodies, springs, axles, &c.	35 "	30 "
Motor cars—complete.	35 "	30 "
Motor car bodies.	35 "	25 "
Motor car chassis and I. R. tyres for one car.	5 "	Free.
Pianos.	30 "	25 "
Organs.	20 "	20 "

REDUCTION IN DUTIES ON IMPORTANT CANADIAN EXPORTS.

Some striking reductions have been made in the 1907 Australian Customs duties from those originally introduced on the items of chairs, cotton piece goods including Denims and Dungaree, 'news' paper, pulp and leather. To a lesser extent the rates upon furniture and apparel have been lowered. The following duties are now imposed—many items being of special interest to Canadian firms exporting to Australia:—

	General Tariff.	Preferential Tariff. U. K. Goods.
Apparel and attire—wool or silk. . . .	40 per cent.	35 per cent.
Apparel and attire, n.e.i.	35 "	30 "
Apparel and attire, sundries.	30 "	25 "
Cotton piece goods, n.e.i.	5 "	Free.
Denims and dungaree.	5 "	Free.
Furniture.	35 "	25 "
Chairs.	35 "	25 "
Wire doors and screens.	35 "	30 "
Doors of wood 1½ in and over. . . .	7/6 each.	7/6 each.
Doors of wood over 1½-in.	5/- "	5/- "
Doors of wood 1½-in and under. . . .	3/6 "	3/6 "
Boots, shoes and slippers.	35 per cent.	30 per cent.
Goloshes, rubber sand shoes.	25 "	20 "
Rubber wading boots.	5 "	Free.
Rubber and other hose.	25 "	20 "
Rubber mfrs., n.e.i.	25 "	20 "
Belting I. R. and leather.	25 "	20 "
Leather, kid, patent and enamelled..	20 "	20 "
Paper 'news' in rolls or folios.	Free.	Free.
Paper 'wall'	20 "	15 "
Paper strawboard.	1/6 cwt.	1/6 cwt.
Paper bags.	8/- "	7/6 "
Paper, coloured parcel and bag. . . .	5/- "	4/6 "
Pulp (for paper).	Free.	Free.

ALTERATION IN SOME LUMBER DUTIES.

The most noticeable alterations in the duties on lumber are the reductions in item (A) from 1/6 to 6d., and the new item (B) of New Zealand pine—undressed—of all sizes to 6d. (in each case) per 100 superficial feet. Unfortunately Canadian spruce is practically placed outside competition with the duties imposed thereon, viz.:—Sizes under 12 x 6-in. (or equivalent) at 2/-, and sizes under 7 x 2½-in. (or equivalent) at 2/6 per 100 superficial feet—against white pine from New Zealand and Manchurian pine which is imported in logs (duty free) and cut in Australian saw mills. Spruce cannot be imported in logs and this fact has several times been brought under the notice of the Customs authorities by this office and by importers. With the exception of a 5 per cent preference on picture and room mouldings (i.e. from the United Kingdom 25 per cent) the timber schedule gives no advantages to Great Britain. The duties now imposed are:—

- (A) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent) and over.per 100 super. feet 6d.
- (B) New Zealand Pine, undressed, of all sizes
per 100 super. feet 6d.
- (C) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes of 7 in. x 2½ in. (or its equivalent) and upwards, and less than 12 in. x 6 in. (or its equivalent).per 100 super. feet 2s.

(D) Timber, undressed, n.e.i., in sizes less than 7 in. x 2½ (or its equivalent); including door stocks per 100 super. feet	2s. 6d.
(E) Timber, dressed, n.e.i. per 100 super. feet	3s.
(F) Architraves, Mouldings n.e.i., and Skirtings, of any material. per 100 lineal feet	5s.
(G) Shingles. per 1,000	3s.
(H) Pickets, undressed. per 100	2s. 6d.
(I) Pickets, dressed. per 100	6s.
(J) Laths. per 1,000	7s. 6d.
(K) Laths for Blinds. ad val.	25 per cent.
(L) Spokes, dressed or prepared (not being of hickory), 2 in. or under in diameter. per 100	10s.
(M) Palings. per 1,000	15s.
(N) Prepared Hubs (not of elm). each	1s.
(O) Rims, n.e.i. each	1s. 3d.
(P) Staves, dressed or partly dressed, but not shaped per 100	2s. 6d.
(Q) Three-ply Veneer. per 100 super. feet	5s.
(R) Veneers, n.e.i. per 100 super. feet	3s.
(S) Timber, for making boxes or doors, being cut into shape, and dressed or partly dressed. . . per 100 feet super. face	2s. 6d.
(T) Picture and Room Mouldings. ad val.	30 per cent.
(U) Broom Stocks. ad val.	20 per cent.
(V) Timber, bent or cut into shape, dressed or partly dressed, n.e.i. ad val.	25 per cent.

THE AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUITS INDUSTRY.

Quite recently dried fruit grown at Renmark, South Australia, was awarded first place at the Royal Horticultural Society's exhibition in London against competition from the world. The production of lexia and sultana raisins is estimated in the 1908 season to exceed the Australian consumption by over 2,300 tons and within three years, under normal conditions, the Commonwealth requirements of some 6,000 tons of currants will be filled by locally grown fruit. Over 8,000 persons are now dependent upon the industry for a livelihood. In 1907 some 250 tons of Australian dried fruit—chiefly lexias—found a market in Canada and for the coming year special efforts are being made to largely increase the results achieved during the period of the initiation of the business. Export prices will be made available in February and Canadian fruit importers have been supplied with samples of Mildura (Victoria) and Renmark fruits and all details necessary to facilitate orders being placed at a maximum speed and minimum cost. Already representations have been made to the Commonwealth government by fruit packers with the view of placing the item of dried fruit on the Australian schedule in the proposed reciprocal trade agreement with Canada.

SHIPMENT OF TURKEYS FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

During the last few weeks over 1,000 boxes turkeys (four birds in each box) have been shipped to South Africa from the Government cool stores, Melbourne, on behalf of shippers. Space has been engaged in nearly every steamer for Africa for some weeks ahead for consignments of this class of produce, the demand being more than usually active.

SHIPMENT OF TURKEYS FOR LONDON.

A consignment of frozen turkeys was exported from Melbourne by mail steamer to London early in November, the object being to land the goods there in time for the Christmas trade, which opens about the middle of December. The shipment consists

of what are known in the trade as 'heavy birds' that is, each carcass weighed 15 lbs. or over dead-weight. The average will probably be about 17 lbs. or 18 lbs., and the landed cost in London will be approximately £1 4s. 0d. per couple. The price in Melbourne was 6d. per lb. live weight and the birds were specially selected to test the market for heavy gobblers of prime quality, the idea being that goods of this class would command top prices, notwithstanding the fact that poultry-breeders in both Europe and America make a practice of forwarding every year large consignments to London to meet the Christmas demand.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT AND FLOUR.

When the last Vancouver mail left Melbourne (November 25th) f.a.q. wheat was quoted at 4s. 8d. (\$1.13) per bushel f.o.b. principal Australian ports. In the interval prices declined to about 4s. (97 cents) and the mail closes with wheat at 4s. 4½d. to 4s. 5d. (say \$1.07) for export. Flour has advanced by 10s. per ton during the last fortnight and to-day's rates are £9 5s. 0d. to £9 10s. 0d. (say \$45.00 to \$46.23) per ton, depending upon brand and quantity purchased. The volume of export business in new wheat has been rather restricted, but the market is now firm. It is anticipated that throughout Australia the crop harvested will considerably exceed the estimates which, a month ago, gave a surplus of about 10,000,000 bushels for oversea shipments.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL.

The unsettled state of the wool market has induced the principal sellers to abstain from holding further sales in either Melbourne or Sydney until January 20th. Unusually large quantities of wool have already been sold in Australian markets this season and this is considered to have placed a severe strain upon the financial arrangements of buyers in view of the monetary position in the chief consuming countries. Notwithstanding these conditions the demand for choice merino wools, notably those suitable for America, remains firm. The closing sales for the year show a depreciation in values of medium and faulty wools.

ADVERTISING AUSTRALIA.

It is considered impossible for the Commonwealth to initiate a comprehensive scheme of advertising Australia in Europe until after the High Commissioner is appointed (probably) next year. A fine display map is, however, now being prepared and when completed will be exhibited on the hoardings of the principal cities and towns in Great Britain with the object of proving a striking advertisement of Australia. The major portion of the sheet is designed to show the immense area of the Commonwealth in comparison with that of Europe. All the countries of Europe—except Russia—will be seen on the map inside Australian territory. The balance of the sheet will doubtless be devoted to facts and figures with the object of attracting emigrants to Australian shores. The Prime Minister of Australia stated in a recent speech that if properly supported by the States—which hold all the Crown lands—the Commonwealth Government was prepared to ask Parliament to increase the present advertising vote of £20,000 to £200,000 per annum.

PROSPECTS FOR 1908—TASMANIAN APPLE SEASON.

From reliable information received from Hobart, the estimated shipments of apples from Tasmania will in round figures exceed 500,000 cases in 1908. The crop promises to be a fair one in all varieties except 'Scarlets,' which, for the third year in succession, have set in light. As 'Scarlets' comprise a large percentage of Tasmanian apples a light crop in this variety makes a considerable shortage in the total yield for the season.

CANADIAN TRADE NOTES.

Since the Australian customs duties have been practically settled trade has revived considerably throughout these states, and, as a consequence, orders held in abeyance for some leading lines of Canadian exports have been confirmed by cable. Indents are being sent from Melbourne to Canada by this mail for heavy lines such as tubing and pipe in addition to some lines of general hardware. Some furniture, desk, and washing machine orders have also been placed. Repeat business is being done in carbon paper and typewriter ribbons of Ontario manufacture. The 'Daisy' brand of Nova Scotian lobsters has been so well introduced, and the quality being so far superior to anything heretofore sold, this line now commands the bulk of the Australian business.

Recent shipments of Toronto glazed kid are reported to be satisfactory and regular business—under reduced duties—is looked for. While some lines of Canadian goods and products are bound to feel the effect of increased customs duties, yet Australia must continue to import largely the goods for which the country has no special manufacturing or natural advantage. Despite a temporary set back, the Australian outlook for 1908 is distinctly hopeful for Canadian exporters, and especially so when there are promising indications that a reciprocal trade agreement between the two countries will be consummated shortly after the Commonwealth parliament meets in March next.

D. H. ROSS.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. MacNamara.*)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., January 15, 1908.

MICA.

The British Trade and Navigation Returns do not specify the quantity of mica imported into Great Britain, and it is no doubt merged with other products of the mine. At the present time, it is not a very large trade, but it is a growing and important one, and in the near future will assume large proportions. India has been the chief source of supply until Canada developed her mines, and to-day the excellence of the Canadian article has interested the trade almost to the exclusion of the Indian product. Some of the very best brokerage houses are now seeking to represent any important Canadian mines for the purpose of controlling their export trade, and I might be permitted to say that the sale by reasonable brokers is best suited for this and continental markets. The price it commands largely depends upon the size of the sheets and freedom from blemishes, and no one in the trade would venture an opinion as to value without seeing samples, but without which, the price is said to range from 2d. per lb. to 6s. per lb. The soft Canadian amber mica is as good as can be bought, and is superior to the best white Indian, but the price of the former is said to be very high. It will be necessary for the mine owner who seeks this market to state the sizes shipped in, whether thumb trimmed or knife trimmed and the price c.i.f. Manchester shipped in cases containing 1 cwt. to 2 cwt.

CHEESE.

One of the largest wholesale produce houses of this city states that the prospects at this moment are for higher prices, in view of the fact that Canada will close the season with about 350,000 boxes short, which in itself must have a great influence in forcing up the price on this side; although the average weekly consumption is not so great as last year yet it is above the average of late years, being about 48,000 boxes per week.

The price 62s. to 65s. rules about the same as last year, but it is expected to reach 67s. in February. Customers throughout the country now realize that the shortage is genuine, and are turning their attention to same by buying forward to the extent of a few weeks supply, whereas all through the season the buying has been from day to day.

What the prospects for the coming season will be is too early to predict, but it is to be hoped that the spirit of speculation and cornering of this food product will not be manipulated by just a select few to the great disadvantage of the whole trade. They are pleased to report that the quality of the goods sent has been fairly good and that the shipping of green cheese has been conspicuous by its absence, which has done much to keep the good name of Canadian cheese well to the fore in this great market.

VALUABLE SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

The New Year opens with an announcement that will in all probability have far-reaching effects on farm and garden practice in the near future. Professor Bottomley, of King's College, London, has succeeded in extending, by inoculation, the power of absorbing atmospheric nitrogen, and fixing it to plants other than the legumes. Although some such discovery was expected, the advance made is one of first-class importance in the history of the application of science to agriculture. The exhaustive soil investigations which have been carried out for so many years by the United States Department of Agriculture—investigations which took a new turn when the functions of bacteria came to be better understood—leave little doubt that Nature is able, and does fix atmospheric nitrogen in the soil by other means than that of the leguminosae, but whether this power was through soil functions or other plants was a problem.

Professor Bottomley has succeeded in inoculating tomatoes, cereals, cabbages, strawberries, and roses with the root nodules which collect and fix the atmospheric nitrogen. Further, he has succeeded in doing this in the field as well as the laboratory, and in each case with beneficial cultural results. He has demonstrated that other cultivated plants than the legumes (and the four trees on whose roots these nodules are said to have been once or twice found) have, or can be made to have, the power of fixing nitrogen from the air for the future food of plants.

This cannot but put a further important power in the hands of both farmers and gardeners, although it may as yet be too early to say exactly how it will be ultimately applied commercially and practically. In any case, 1908 opens with a very notable and welcome advance in agricultural science.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns issued recently, the imports in December, 1907, amounted to £56,022,396 being an increase of £1,330,894 compared with December, 1906. The imports for the whole of 1907 amounted to £645,904,176, being an increase over 1906 of £38,015,676. The exports for December, 1907, totalled £32,741,736, an increase over December, 1906, of £1,332,561. The exports for the whole year totalled £426,204,596, being an increase over 1906, of £50,629,258.

P. B. MacNAMARA.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, January 17, 1908.

NEWFOUNDLAND CUSTOMS RETURNS.

The Customs Returns of Newfoundland for the year ended 30th June, 1907, have now been published, and it will be of interest to Canadian exporters to ascertain from the details given below, the position that Canada holds in comparison with Great Britain and the United States. There was an increase of \$147,159 in the total of the imports from Canada during the year, while those from the United States decreased \$191,833 during the same period.

Articles.	United Kingdom.	Canada.	United States.
	\$	\$	\$
Aerated waters	2,284	177	250
Ale, porter, beer	6,099	13	3,038
Biscuits, sweet	3,834	2,889	2,324
Cabbage	5	2,820	6,015
Cement	10,496	2,074	433
China, earthenware	28,701	5,039	544
Confectionery	12,211	3,553	12,132
Cordage	32,438	6,110	4,679
Dry goods	278,410	34,988	61,301
Feathers	8	35	4,516
Glassware	16,710	7,152	13,114
Groceries, &c.	65,997	22,734	32,965
Hats, caps, &c.	53,531	7,384	9,667
Hardware	141,730	48,981	98,468
India-rubber boots and shoes, hose, clothing, also of gutta percha	11,125	37,714	35,041
Iron of all kinds, including galvanized	41,325	2,252	749
Jams, &c.	7,211	40	8
Knife brick, &c.	3,862	2,756	11,978
Leather, sole	4	15,571	124,598
Meats, canned	495	240	2,366
" hams, dry, salted		958	1,315
" hams and tongues, dry, salted or pickled		1,323	36,455
" bacon, hams, tongues, beef, smoke cured	7,927	5,898	15,656
Beef, salted, in barrels	264	29,573	275,150
Pork	932	34,493	381,041
Nails	16,655	14,460	13,441
Pianos, &c.	6,948	6,380	11,563
Ready-mades and collars and cuffs	159,762	8,206	35,431
Soap, pearline and soap powders	25,645	2,026	8,954
Sugar	2,413	3,077	114,737
Vegetables	8,142	1,101	1,581
Window shades	2,946	55	1,201

FREE IMPORTS.

Corn, for brooms		111	5,443
Flour	75	1,091,658	436,437
Lines and twines, for fishery use	18,346	10,465	77,290
Lard			87,666

E. D. ARNAUD.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. Alexander MacLean.)

ROOM B, 14 BUND, YOKOHAMA, December 30, 1907.

MONTHLY RETURNS OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the monthly returns for the eleven months ending November 30, of the present and the previous year:—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk, raw.	\$ 15,378	\$165,472
Silk tissues	182,961	283,505
Silk handkerchiefs	90,511	138,071
Mats and mattings (Hanagoza).	49,816	38,001
Cotton tissues.	3,854	4,531
Porcelain and earthenware.	97,974	88,062
Lacquered ware.	8,840	9,439
Tea.	590,525	400,935
Rice.	225,122	121,003
Sake.	31,004	13,596
Straw plait and chip braid	549	2,582
Camphor.	3,118	6,623

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

Flour, wheat.	123,203	\$70,499
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The principal items given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the annual return has to be awaited.

Total Export for eleven months ending November 30, of the present and the previous year:—	Total Import for eleven months ending November 30, of the present and the previous year:—
1906. \$189,955,334	1906. \$193,435,110
1907. 200,254,864	1907. 227,432,799

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

For the eleven months ending November 30, of the present and the previous year:—

	1907.	1906.
Flour, wheat.	\$2,926,414	\$3,820,398
Butter.	48,613	84,226
Salted salmon.	174,836	750,005
Condensed milk.	921,267	680,987
Fertilizers (artificial).	11,450,118	8,969,241
Leather (sole).	1,040,603	521,790
Lead, pig, ingot and slab	366,821	670,151

	1907.	1906.
Printing paper.	\$1,628,468	\$ 993,632
Cotton ducks.	49,605	51,572
Cotton prints.	1,213,200	1,203,512
Cotton stains and Italians	957,387	1,032,612
White shirtings.	580,225	610,202
Grey shirtings.	3,366,071	3,702,721
Pulp (sulphite).	798,095	846,365
Horses.	115,780	14,297
Horn cattle.	177,795	65,436
Wheat.	1,354,653	657,678
Cheese.	12,039	14,348
Whiskey in bottles.	71,097	163,830
Whiskey in casks.	9,294	
Tallow beef	196,103	135,463
Nails (iron).	1,660,109	1,192,178
Nickel.	143,677	288,441
Mechanics tools and agricultural im- plements.	279,554	444,567
Musical instruments.	46,703	85,979
Sewing machines.	369,803	228,949
Lumber (pine boards)	158,557	24,115
Timber (round and square)	340,920	144,999
Portland cement.	621,493	4,333
Asbestos, boards or sheets.	20,914	

ALEX. MACLEAN.

CITY TRADE BRANCH.

REPORT BY CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.

(Mr. Harrison Watson.)

73 BASINGHALL STREET,

LONDON, E.C., ENG., December 13, 1907.

MANUFACTURERS OF WOOD WANTED.

We have again received several applications from United Kingdom houses seeking supplies of manufactures of wood of one kind or another. Making due allowance for the inevitable divergence of views held by buyers and sellers, it is apparent that for some time past the prices asked by Canadian manufacturers have been altogether out of proportion to those current in other sources of supply. This has been doubtlessly due to the heavy demand which has existed in the home market, and which has enabled manufacturers to obtain exceptionally high prices for their output.

If Canadians are to successfully compete in other markets, they must be prepared to reduce their quotations because although buyers on this side are apt to suggest prices which are considerably lower than they are ultimately willing to pay, there is no likelihood of their acceding to the somewhat extravagant ideas which, we are informed, are held by some of the Canadian shippers.

MAPLE LAST BLOCKS.

A Midlands company which manufactures boots and shoe machinery and appliances, including lasts, informed us that although they have in the past been obtaining supplies of their maple last blocks from the United States, they saw no reason why Canada should not be able to supply their requirements, and that they would welcome business from that quarter. As I have been able to obtain some particulars which are of importance to any Canadian firm wishing to take up the matter, I reproduce these details which are as follows:—

These blocks require to be kiln dried, and are purchased by the 'car load.' The prices charged for the last shipment were:—

	Per 1,000.
Size 1..	\$33.00
Size 3	41.00
Size 5..	45.00
Size 7..	48.00
Size 9..	51.00

The above prices were f.o.b. United States port.

WOOD FLOUR.

In continuation of the inquiries which I have been making and which were referred to in my last report, I communicated with two leading manufacturers of linoleum and one of the largest manufacturers of explosives in the United Kingdom. The view had been held by some of our Canadian correspondents who had looked into the matter, that it was not possible to obtain supplies of wood meal at the prices which had been named to them by certain United Kingdom firms.

The result has, however, been to confirm the statement that consumers in this country have no difficulty in obtaining large supplies of thoroughly suitable qualities of wood flour at prices ranging from £3 up to £4 per ton delivered, depending upon the particular quality of the flour and the situation of the individual mills.

It would appear that in recent times several factories have been established in Norway for the production of various grades of wood flour, and that increased supplies are consequently available. Whereas all correspondents state that they would welcome wood flour coming from Canada and would be glad to encourage the establishment of the industry, at the same time it would be out of all reason to expect them to pay more for the material manufactured in Canada than the figures at which they can readily obtain supplies from other sources.

From £3 5s. to £3 10s. would seem to be the average current value of the quality most in demand, but there would be no difficulty in placing any Canadian manufacturer who could do the business at these prices, in direct correspondence with several factories who would be prepared to negotiate for supplies.

It looks, however, doubtful if business on this basis would be profitable to any Canadian manufacturer unless the plant were situated close to a shipping port on tidal water. One firm mentions that the production of wood flour is attended by considerable risk from fire, and that most mills experience outbreaks from time to time.

CASEIN.

There have again been inquiries as to the possibility of obtaining casein from Canada. In this connection we received a visit from a gentleman who claims to have a large connection in and experience of the trade, and he emphasizes the rapidly increasing use of casein for purposes of various kinds. It was stated by this visitor and also by others that the demand has increased more rapidly than the supply, and that at the moment there is a shortage of casein of commercial value in the world and prices have practically doubled for some qualities within the past year.

The view taken in the past by Canadian officials and also by a number of agriculturists was that the prices realized for casein—which was produced mainly in the Argentine—were unremunerative to Canada, and that Canadian farmers would derive much more profit by utilizing their skimmed milk for stock feeding purposes. It is now, however, reported that a new process has been discovered for extracting the casein from skimmed milk without the use of acid and without in any way impairing the residue for stock breeding purposes. If this process should be successful, it would remove one of the chief obstacles which has deterred Canada from embarking in the preparation of casein, because it would then be possible both to produce casein, and to utilize the skimmed milk remaining over for feeding purposes.

Under these circumstances, the establishment of casein plants in districts where large quantities of milk are regularly available would furnish an additional source of income to farmers provided, of course, that prices remained at a satisfactory level. It is further rumoured that some of the Australian States are looking into the matter.

HARRISON WATSON.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., January 22, 1908.

CANADIAN APPLES ON THE BRITISH MARKET.

The closing weeks of the apple season are now near at hand, and it is with much regret that I have to report that Canadian apples have not maintained their well-known reputation on the British market this season. Indeed, speaking from a knowledge of the principal markets in this district which include such important distributing centres as Leeds, Hull, Newcastle-on-Tyne and Sheffield, very many complaints have been against the packing and grading; in fact, the shipments this season are looked upon by the best judges in the trade as not only inferior in quality to those received for many years, but that the grading and packing has scarcely ever been worse.

FAULTY PACKING AND GRADING.

Various complaints have reached this office from the leading houses in the trade, which, after being fully investigated, all point to the one regrettable fact, viz.:—that the Fruit Marks Act has not been complied with. Different kinds of apples appear to have been indiscriminately packed together without any due regard to the grading. Especially does this apply to No. 2s., which has caused the merchants here to go to the trouble and expense of having the apples repacked before they could be successfully disposed of to the retail trade. It must be remembered that packing of this kind is equally as disastrous in its effects to the merchant on this side as it is to the exporter in Canada. When the customers purchase a barrel of apples, which, judging from the surface appearance, are of good sound quality throughout, but find, on investigation further, that this applies to the top layers only, then not only does this seriously injure the trade of the merchant, but, in the same way, materially lowers the reputation of Canadian fruit in his own estimation.

A FEW CASES OF COMPLAINTS.

An idea of the sort of grievances which have been found can be gathered from the following: A consignment of apples which were marked as No. 1 'Kings' and sold as such at auction to local merchants for 17s. per barrel, were, when opened, found to be inferior 'St. Lawrences,' and the purchasers eventually disposed of them for 5s. per barrel. Similar cases could also be quoted. Barrels, for instance, marked as No. 1 'Spy,' turned out to contain No. 2 'Snows,' and No. 2 'Baldwins' were packed in barrels marked No. 2 'Spy,' and so on. It is also said that many barrels marked No. 1, were not entitled to that mark as the fruit was grubby and small. The complaint as to the smallness of the fruit, by the way, is almost general in this district; indeed, on account of this, many No. 1's have only with difficulty been disposed of at a price which good No. 2's have obtained in past seasons.

The following paragraph, however, which appeared in the 'British Fruit Grower' of January 9, 1903, is commended to the notice of fruit circles in Canada, coming, as it does, from one of the recognized organs of the fruit trade in this country:—

NOVA SCOTIAN AND CANADIAN APPLES.

During the present season for Canadian and Nova Scotian apples our market representative has on two or three occasions called attention in his notes to the grading of these apples, the marks on the barrels (owing to the small size of the fruit in the crop) not representing the character of apples which had come to be associated with No. 1 and No. 2 grades in previous seasons. As the season has advanced the grievance felt by buyers has been accentuated by a distinct falling off in the actual grading of the apples, the first grade varying considerably in size of fruit, and in some cases the contents of the barrels should, in the opinion of some of the best judges in the trade, have been marked No. 3 instead of No. 1, and in a few instances No. 2 were found to be superior to the best mark.

It seems to us that, following the excessively dry season and the consequent all-round smaller size of the fruits, the Nova Scotia growers have failed to realize that the No. 1 grade of other seasons was not to be found, and that, in fact, there should have been none or very few of No. 1 marked. The 'large' apples of 1907 should have been packed as second grade. This explanation will, of course, not cover the instances where No. 2 and No. 1 have come mixed indiscriminately in one barrel. Some of the Nova Scotia fruit growers are as blind to their own interests as are their brothers on this side, and nothing short of coercion will ever make them pack fair and square. Nova Scotia has had a good name for square dealing in the past, but we would remind our friends on the other side that to be 'ill deemed is to be half hanged.' There is one point to which the *growers* may not be altogether to blame. Much of the fruit in Ontario and Nova Scotia is bought on the trees by Yankee and other packers, and it is quite within the possibilities that these gentlemen are responsible for some of the slipshod work. Such a thing as 'stove piping' the barrels of fruit in packing is not unknown to these Yankee gentlemen.

REDEEMING FEATURES.

The only redeeming feature to the whole disagreeable business is that the shipments sent into this district by some of the reputable apple shippers of Ontario have been all right in packing and grading, taking into account the average size of the Canadian apple of this year—but even these did not realise the prices which should have been obtained owing to the false, fraudulent and slipshod methods of those who were responsible for the actual packing of the majority of the fruit.

AMERICAN APPLES.

Canadian apples are to-day a poor second in this market to American apples, which have this year been better packed and graded than ever before.

J. B. JACKSON.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, January 30, 1908.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.

A rather interesting statement has recently been prepared by the Collector of Customs, and submitted to the Legislature now in session showing the number of persons arriving in and leaving the colony during the past four years, of which the following are the figures:—

Returns showing number of passengers outward from Newfoundland, transient and emigrating, for four years, 1904-'07:—

YEAR.	Transient.	Emigrating.	Total Outward.
1904.....	3,476	6,288	9,766
1905.....	3,733	6,885	10,618
1906.....	5,193	7,460	12,653
1907.....	4,168	7,029	11,197
Total.....	16,572	27,662	44,234

Return showing number of passengers inward to Newfoundland, including settlers, sportsmen or tourists, and former residents returned for four years, 1904-'07:—

YEAR.	Intended Settlers.	Ordinary Travellers.	Sportsmen or Tourists.	Former Residents.	Total Inward.
1904.....	826	1,643	1,029	6,796	10,292
1905.....	884	1,268	1,611	6,220	9,983
1906.....	1,447	994	1,862	7,117	11,420
1907.....	851	981	1,804	6,160	9,796

Number of persons arriving in and departing from this colony the past four years, 85,725.

APPLE IMPORTS.

My attention has again been called during the past season of apple imports to the unsatisfactory way in which several barrels sent here from Nova Scotia have been packed, and from a personal knowledge of the matter I am satisfied that the regulations laid down in the Fruit Marks Act were not observed, and that the complaints of the retailers here were well founded.

It will be instructive to read what a local Trade Journal has recently had to say on the subject:—

CANADIAN APPLES.

‘There is supposed to be a very rigid inspection of Canadian apples for export, but, notwithstanding, there is a crop of complaints again this year against the goods sent out. In England there is a vigorous kicking, by retail fruit and grocery men, against the faulty nature of the Dominion Government inspection of apples, and St. John’s grocers are making similar complaints. Many barrels of apples arriving here, branded No. 1, are really only second grade, and second grade apples are merely ‘windfalls.’ Mr. Arnaud, the Canadian Commissioner, made strong representations on this subject to the Dominion Government last year, but though the lines of inspection were tightened, there is still much to complain of. Individual dealers have also sent complaints to Canada, but the Dominion shippers always seem to make a plausible excuse, and wriggle clear of the complaints.’

NO USE KICKING.

‘When asked the other day, why he didn’t repudiate orders, and send inferior stuff back, one of the largest dealers in the city said: Under all the circumstances, it would never pay us to do so, and we must only grin and bear a situation which we cannot change. We order apples to reach us just when we want them in our trade, and, if we don’t accept what we get, we will have no apples to supply our customers. In the case of unsound apples, if we make complaint, the shippers will say that the goods were all right when they left their hands, and they must have deteriorated on the voyage. There is no way to disprove this contention, and rather than make a noise, from which no benefit can come, St. John’s dealers make the best of a bad bargain, and, by sorting and picking, try to get their own money out of the lot. And, even if a case be made out against the shippers, the latter will shift the blame over on the shoulders of the inspectors or growers, and that is the last word to be said on the subject.’

E D. ARNAUD.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the months of December and the twelve months ending December 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From British Returns.*)

Countries.	Month of December.			Twelve Months ending December.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
British Colonies—	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	57,899	98,272	66,159	450,293	545,827	587,923
New Zealand.....	26,322	36,984	28,569	300,418	311,672	313,863
Canada.....	2,483	146	1	292,117	192,093	34,753
Totals.....	86,704	135,402	94,729	1,042,828	1,049,592	936,539
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	118,597	132,438	149,605	1,630,363	1,675,761	1,818,811
France.....	22,600	15,646	18,899	348,442	319,401	281,306
Germany.....	2,469	91	27	5,372	10,701	7,297
Holland.....	13,031	10,920	10,671	209,897	195,366	168,496
Russia.....	26,694	17,439	16,749	461,140	606,549	657,649
Sweden.....	17,614	15,305	14,556	188,209	182,803	226,740
United States.....	16,597	83	1,008	84,874	157,312	1,063
Other countries.....	20,294	20,047	20,889	176,739	140,898	118,534
Totals.....	237,896	211,969	232,404	3,105,036	3,288,791	3,279,896
Grand totals.....	324,600	347,371	327,133	4,147,864	4,338,383	4,216,435

CHEESE.

British Australasia—						
Australia.....	2,771	11,555	13,751	78,626	126,216	3,515
New Zealand.....	115,661	94,411	92,753	1,858,769	1,925,835	1,698,847
Canada.....						
Totals.....	118,432	105,966	106,504	1,937,395	2,052,051	1,894,663
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,542	3,505	4,035	48,884	43,244	47,036
Holland.....	21,435	19,087	22,886	214,009	229,343	241,553
United States.....	28,019	7,474	10,481	175,256	233,425	114,300
Other countries.....	6,948	6,617	6,557	67,116	80,713	74,683
Totals.....	59,944	36,683	43,959	505,265	586,725	477,572
Grand totals.....	178,376	142,649	150,463	2,442,660	2,638,776	2,372,235

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of December and the *twelve months* ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907—*Concluded*.

BACON.

Countries,	Month of December.			Twelve Months ending December.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	63,952	60,295	58,950	1,191,390	1,190,524	1,192,401
Denmark.....	110,203	120,973	138,220	1,471,687	1,463,880	1,806,934
United States.....	276,582	221,588	166,544	2,755,233	2,775,919	2,280,644
Other countries.....	5,413	5,515	4,729	80,650	112,299	85,626
Totals.....	456,150	408,371	368,443	5,498,960	5,542,622	5,365,605

HAMS.

Canada.....	13,301	7,860	15,015	292,173	254,494	296,949
United States.....	94,236	81,947	61,609	1,022,854	1,045,718	832,042
Other countries.....	330	172	161	3,274	2,539	3,658
Totals.....	107,867	89,979	76,785	1,318,301	1,302,751	1,132,649

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	22,327	597	3,839	170,812	334,117	165,210
Newfoundland.....	1,161	496	142	8,212	9,202	3,408
France.....	1,668	1,747	784	43,514	23,012	17,695
Norway.....	14,539	7,274	16,483	188,108	175,404	154,180
Portugal.....	8,533	12,586	17,764	124,512	105,346	131,422
United States.....	21,691	707	.....	241,124	228,573	67,748
Other countries.....	45,400	46,852	28,017	403,348	467,245	334,629
Totals.....	115,319	70,259	67,029	1,179,630	1,342,899	874,292

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	47,681	43,936	36,148	260,140	231,719	115,872
Belgium.....	199,154	211,456	137,052	2,152,953	2,444,746	2,133,612
Denmark.....	329,472	354,051	364,402	3,858,135	3,823,942	3,800,366
France.....	64,414	74,077	71,998	1,565,572	1,491,269	1,232,107
Germany.....	313,326	317,677	343,477	2,175,721	2,644,242	2,821,124
Russia.....	577,991	422,867	648,920	7,622,393	7,132,928	7,178,941
Other countries.....	120,494	128,724	139,564	1,179,347	1,105,263	1,285,869
Totals.....	1,652,532	1,552,788	1,741,561	18,814,261	18,874,109	18,567,891

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending December 1898 to 1907.

Years.	English.	Scotch.	Irish.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not dis- tinguished.	Total. Emigrants.
MONTH OF DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.							
1898.....	213	23	28	264	369	2	635
1899.....	181	9	6	196	883	13	1,092
1900.....	88	3	3	94	493	5	592
1901.....	276	122	26	424	1,582	1	2,007
1902.....	602	220	66	888	3,091	.....	3,979
1903.....	1,095	102	40	1,237	1,594	1	2,832
1904.....	1,168	108	41	1,317	1,062	1	2,380
1905.....	937	184	55	1,176	1,045	3	2,224
1906.....	1,226	412	94	1,732	1,217	.....	2,949
1907.....	2,633	574	99	3,306	3,317	.....	6,623

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER, 1898 TO 1907.

1898.....	15,074	1,710	881	17,665	9,854	34	27,553
1899.....	13,854	1,709	888	16,451	17,158	118	33,727
1900.....	16,121	1,734	963	18,818	31,524	103	50,445
1901.....	12,284	2,237	1,347	15,868	27,027	118	43,013
1902.....	21,094	3,815	1,498	26,407	41,195	111	67,713
1903.....	48,341	10,349	2,605	61,295	38,128	290	99,713
1904.....	54,902	12,721	2,918	70,541	21,140	76	91,757
1905.....	64,877	14,233	3,347	82,457	25,645	43	108,145
1906.....	88,090	22,267	4,479	114,836	26,962	21	141,819
1907.....	112,099	33,807	7,556	153,462	36,913	.....	190,375

TRADE OF THE BAHAMAS.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping of the Bahamas, during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			SHIPPING.	
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	British.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1895.....	270,796	271,355	839,894	603,520	1,443,414	158,182	396,620
1896.....	316,948	292,657	947,900	676,330	1,624,230	161,081	436,578
1897.....	305,403	308,571	905,249	725,547	1,630,796	205,702	518,217
1898.....	361,997	312,186	1,159,902	850,985	2,010,887	390,812	741,522
1899.....	373,263	334,578	1,602,087	823,187	2,425,274	430,925	979,819
1900.....	382,768	403,139	1,631,642	838,609	2,470,251	513,244	1,113,866
1901.....	378,529	394,857	1,988,754	1,081,266	3,070,020	398,856	1,293,680
1902.....	352,551	363,121	1,489,677	1,010,325	2,500,002	327,011	1,044,588
1903.....	347,368	360,322	1,433,671	1,024,399	2,458,070	322,315	1,123,887
1904.....	346,078	339,819	1,446,573	948,688	2,395,261	201,603	1,080,325
1905.....	376,164	354,254	1,501,581	1,084,804	2,586,385	148,865	1,251,379
1906.....	384,740	345,956	1,601,693	1,080,035	2,681,728	201,082	1,723,883

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of the Bahamas, during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Canada.	Other British.	France.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	175,823	238	13,121	1,066	620,694	28,952
1896.....	244,423					
1897.....	224,976				637,499	
1898.....	287,177				831,061	
1899.....	316,109				1,235,705	
1900.....	366,961					
1901.....	408,065	7,397	26,080	2,462	1,495,746	49,004
1902.....	304,901	5,773	23,394	2,711	1,115,883	37,015
1903.....	309,106	14,960	16,060	394	1,059,818	33,333
1904.....	306,284	11,967	27,963	399	1,070,360	29,600
1905.....	374,626	19,223	21,277		1,068,939	17,516
1906.....	306,843	14,843	25,871		1,218,068	36,068

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1906.

1895.....	71,885	5,402	141	2,097	500,979	23,016
1896.....	65,267					
1897.....	66,230				523,799	
1898.....	144,671				510,513	
1899.....	94,121				609,584	
1900.....	57,957					
1901.....	91,936	691	1,017	86,043	759,044	142,535
1902.....	82,626	4,910	555	67,787	733,397	121,050
1903.....	81,511	11,354	764	41,975	750,050	138,745
1904.....	81,969	1,285	2,497	50,525	647,544	164,868
1905.....	64,230	12,498	2,214	58,643	774,053	173,166
1906.....	80,294	9,821	5,266	104,278	668,441	211,935

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Exports from the Bahamas, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM THE BAHAMAS—YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.											
	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Bahamas hemp.....	\$ 143,844	\$ 182,606	\$ 195,347	\$ 180,658	\$ 7,908	\$ 224	\$ 143,844	\$ 174,698	\$ 188,349	\$	\$	\$ 6,998
Bark.....	10,774	6,190	6,341	53,801	2,949	5,500	10,774	6,190	6,117			
Grape fruit.....	6,686	11,665	8,940	186,233	3,513	15,738	6,686	10,507	8,506		934	282
Guavas, preserved.....	443	346	492	108,939	3,927	4,298		224	297			98
Oranges.....	1,645	6,754	3,811	52,584	4,137	15,170		2,413	3,081		4,317	720
Pineapples, fresh.....	110,064	96,243	56,083	46,720	25,603	28,037	110,064	96,160	56,083		38	
preserved.....	63,427	57,003	92,904	30,821		401	61,223	51,761	91,180	10	5,148	1,723
Salt.....	5,572	2,657	10	2,298			3,076					
Sponge—grass.....	114,590	124,027	160,658	9,315	4,657	16,853	55,699	65,816	67,280		20	
" reef.....	63,685	53,363	53,801	8,920	2,949	5,500	55,557	10,399	18,109			
" velvet.....	178,334	207,622	186,233	11,928	3,513	15,738	83,721	10,984	67,393	433	681	
" wool.....	121,370	126,494	108,939	5,854	3,927	4,298	83,721	18,948	50,099	608	1,343	
" other.....	36,514	42,092	52,584	4,137	15,170	15,895	13,679	15,715	17,647			
Turtle shells.....	42,018	41,498	46,720	37,546	25,603		4,752	15,895	17,389			
Wood.....	3,351	3,884	3,884	3,351			3,351	3,884	3,168			
Yellow metal.....	3,397	1,874	2,298	3,397			3,397	1,874	3,258			
All other articles.....	43,074	57,497	28,039	1,704	4,109	1,458	39,783	52,582	25,519	234	20	
Totals (mdse).....	948,688	1,021,815	1,034,001	81,969	64,230	80,294	647,544	711,064	622,407	1,285	12,498	9,821
Coin and bullion.....		62,989	46,034					62,989	46,034			
Grand totals.....	948,688	1,084,804	1,080,035	81,969	64,230	80,294	647,544	774,053	668,441	1,285	12,498	9,821

TRADE OF CYPRUS.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Imports, Exports and Shipping of Cyprus during the Years ended December 31, 1895 to 1906, inclusive.

Years ended December 31.	Revenue.	*Expendi- ture.	Imports.	Exports.	SHIPPING.	
					British.	Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1895.....	816,515	554,075	1,344,748	1,502,418	151,077	447,218
1896.....	918,136	630,204	1,411,742	1,570,137	116,911	771,086
1897.....	927,222	643,033	1,434,012	1,399,945	177,112	521,398
1898.....	1,023,382	647,140	1,687,049	1,815,583	188,057	371,560
1899.....	976,438	655,452	1,546,437	1,500,145	155,054	363,446
1900.....	1,047,637	658,888	1,813,281	1,817,417	101,354	408,472
1901.....	963,941	661,083	2,199,918	1,892,451	73,608	493,060
1902.....	779,211	679,941	2,114,362	1,595,079	113,991	575,436
1903.....	1,048,085	682,715	1,881,750	1,886,033	146,332	506,984
1904.....	1,065,235	751,442	2,299,383	2,376,885	267,875	490,655
1905.....	1,159,298	774,369	2,346,117	2,132,773	212,511	594,057
1906.....	1,396,115	886,054	2,934,863	2,355,253	240,085	656,927

* These figures are exclusive of the amount of the tribute paid to Turkey.

No. 2.—STATEMENT (by Countries) showing the Imports and the Exports from Cyprus during the Years ended December 31, 1895 to 1906, inclusive.

IMPORTS.

	Great Britain.	British Colonies.	Turkey.	Egypt.	Austria.	Other. Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	341,075	11,758	345,684	288,204	171,672	186,355
1896.....	286,608	10,079	424,792	317,034	184,116	189,113
1897.....	376,651	16,702	417,866	234,130	166,284	222,379
1898.....	421,964	7,193	507,909	346,098	156,551	247,334
1899.....	401,087	8,633	488,448	169,146	185,712	293,431
1900.....	401,128	17,243	599,004	249,655	210,162	333,089
1901.....	752,654	21,997	582,365	195,372	201,144	446,386
1902.....	298,156	7,144	910,606	160,118	162,892	575,446
1903.....	408,081	12,531	556,294	215,807	167,564	521,623
1904.....	677,347	20,070	499,301	419,360	217,248	466,057
1905.....	707,374	13,218	462,392	364,022	239,498	559,613
1906.....	745,291	10,210	530,680	716,529	284,997	647,156

EXPORTS.

	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	378,529	4,025	336,622	435,615	58,137	289,490
1896.....	289,056	8,487	318,932	380,418	60,356	512,888
1897.....	244,988	5,587	335,931	454,853	66,060	292,526
1898.....	472,329	70,211	395,222	453,179	53,022	371,620
1899.....	270,742	48,788	347,470	425,152	76,163	331,830
1900.....	384,023	14,692	283,288	645,768	97,859	391,787
1901.....	596,794	3,066	201,831	548,453	132,636	409,671
1902.....	417,778	3,485	295,085	507,433	76,363	294,935
1903.....	644,566	2,969	215,530	527,727	126,431	368,810
1904.....	670,909	6,244	204,575	1,073,304	95,002	326,851
1905.....	433,483	3,465	210,225	869,702	108,278	507,620
1906.....	634,608	13,777	165,145	898,022	122,250	521,451

No. 3.—STATEMENT (by Classes) showing the Trade of Cyprus, during the Years ended December 31, 1895 to 1906, inclusive.

IMPORTS.

Years ended December 31.	Live Animals, Food, Drink, and Narcotics.	Raw Materials.	Manufactured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	308,508	260,089	609,467	166,684	1,344,748
1896.....	375,940	240,769	551,539	243,494	1,411,742
1897.....	386,000	272,426	623,191	152,395	1,434,012
1898.....	452,498	286,982	663,122	284,447	1,687,049
1899.....	410,849	182,826	816,529	136,233	1,546,437
1900.....	444,745	204,814	761,159	402,563	1,813,281
1901.....	656,474	208,668	906,772	428,004	2,199,918
1902.....	1,220,920	139,113	601,043	153,286	2,114,362
1903.....	753,048	173,112	799,180	156,410	1,881,750
1904.....	435,232	223,224	1,234,215	406,712	2,299,383
1905.....	464,874	248,633	1,381,456	251,154	2,346,117
1906.....	604,158	330,238	1,508,287	492,180	2,934,863

EXPORTS.

1895.....	992,338	240,997	103,095	165,988	1,502,418
1896.....	1,133,374	263,851	48,866	124,046	1,570,137
1897.....	1,016,165	241,002	31,536	111,242	1,399,945
1898.....	1,362,375	251,052	59,184	142,972	1,815,583
1899.....	970,501	282,096	36,344	211,204	1,500,145
1900.....	1,337,933	268,713	40,092	170,679	1,817,417
1901.....	1,214,447	255,461	44,257	373,286	1,892,451
1902.....	1,014,646	240,870	63,826	275,737	1,595,079
1903.....	1,482,143	266,635	73,491	63,764	1,886,033
1904.....	1,923,024	275,030	70,445	108,386	2,376,885
1905.....	1,597,323	391,620	74,830	68,000	2,132,773
1906.....	1,696,846	414,168	149,027	95,212	2,355,253

AGGREGATE TRADE.

1895.....	1,300,846	501,086	712,562	332,672	2,847,166
1896.....	1,509,314	504,620	600,405	367,540	2,981,879
1897.....	1,402,165	513,428	654,727	263,637	2,833,957
1898.....	1,814,873	538,034	722,306	427,419	3,502,632
1899.....	1,381,350	464,922	852,873	347,437	3,046,582
1900.....	1,782,678	473,527	801,251	573,242	3,630,698
1901.....	1,870,921	464,129	951,029	806,290	4,092,369
1902.....	2,235,566	379,983	664,869	429,023	3,709,441
1903.....	2,235,191	439,747	872,671	220,174	3,767,783
1904.....	2,358,256	498,254	1,304,660	515,098	4,676,268
1905.....	2,062,197	640,253	1,456,286	320,154	4,478,890
1906.....	2,301,004	744,406	1,657,314	587,392	5,290,116

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles Imported into Cyprus during the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Articles.	1902.		1903.		1904.		1905.		1906.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
I.—Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics—										
Corn, &c.—		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Wheat.....	169,881	139,946	36,318	28,976	264	92	535	638	25,432	22,099
Wheat.....	40,276	29,370	18,273	11,471	8,686	4,939	862	414	13,132	8,551
Vetches.....	212,743	561,598	124,467	291,786	19,360	42,048	20,486	46,671	23,519	57,359
Flour.....	1,443	39,639	7,751	17,408	5,500	12,979	3,648	10,210	5,846	16,707
Beans and peas.....	5,952	36,879	2,071	32,324	2,260	35,098	1,994	31,998	2,657	43,402
Butter.....	2,517	22,644	3,678	30,412	2,779	28,625	3,339	36,592	4,205	49,007
Coffee.....	3,410	19,063	3,411	17,685	2,890	14,663	2,498	14,069	3,273	20,416
Fish, dried.....	8,879	72,236	8,674	66,162	4,294	31,473	5,291	41,386	7,876	61,330
Olive oil.....		17,788		19,238		23,166		30,850		41,338
Provisions.....	18,207	38,495	18,370	41,931	12,123	26,187	15,516	34,329	14,338	33,731
Rice.....	22,437	58,750	20,513	58,896	23,701	79,108	21,010	82,388	22,159	96,015
Sugar.....	341,292	59,787	358,226	64,162	435,898	79,108	449,014	79,108	373,570	65,082
Tobacco.....	36,568	3,212	131,793	11,967	55,336	4,882	42,266	3,684	95,446	11,407
Tumbecki entered.....		121,513		60,630		52,986		52,537		77,126
All other.....										
Totals.....		1,220,920		753,048		435,232		464,874		604,158
II.—Raw materials.—										
Coal.....	1,704	10,561	2,285	13,899	2,927	18,201	3,224	20,143	4,072	25,078
Iron and steel.....	6,772	13,192	7,139	15,817	10,725	20,727	10,753	21,817	11,328	23,214
Hides and skins.....		3,329		4,983		5,825		10,188		15,856
Petroleum.....	185,454	22,498	341,831	47,294	334,423	59,451	204,610	36,563	449,761	75,298
Timber.....		57,193		60,512		71,384		108,984		119,735
All other.....		32,340		30,607		47,626		51,018		71,087
Totals.....		139,113		173,112		223,224		248,633		330,238
III.—Manufactured articles—										
Cotton piece goods.....		101,903		141,751		208,877		224,480		261,997
Cotton yarn.....		78,017		89,445		149,650		162,970		154,862
Barthelware and glassware.....	507,083	19,690	550,542	20,965	868,915	32,063	1,021,476	39,069	918,817	37,556
Hardware.....		30,217		31,526		39,892		19,180		65,267
Hardware and millinery.....		7,509		7,913		13,135		13,180		17,695
Iron manufactures.....		18,328		20,186		40,783		40,783		49,129
Leather and manufactures of.....		47,898		80,139		122,630		122,630		124,679
Machinery.....		13,179		29,307		35,872		35,872		94,204
Oil and colours.....	341	1,776	585	2,876	437	3,871	623	3,061	631	3,032
Sacks.....	88,411	8,205	64,741	10,677	292,596	33,585	335,048	42,296	372,202	52,901
Silk manufactures.....		14,094		15,004		21,506		28,621		36,768

Soap.....	6,456	36,548	8,417	47,650	6,782	37,979	7,716	48,584	8,014	50,098
Stores, government and military.....	.....	36,752	.....	81,701	.....	220,713	.....	228,334	.....	159,217
Woolen manufactures.....	.....	61,403	.....	61,860	.....	100,214	.....	116,459	.....	118,479
All other.....	.....	125,524	.....	138,180	.....	191,840	.....	217,326	.....	282,403
Totals.....	.....	601,043	.....	799,180	.....	1,234,215	.....	1,381,456	.....	1,508,287
IV.—Coin and bullion.....	.....	153,286	.....	156,410	.....	406,712	.....	251,154	.....	492,180
Total imports.....	.....	2,114,362	.....	1,881,750	.....	2,299,383	.....	2,346,117	.....	2,934,863

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles Exported from Cyprus during the Years ended December 31, 1902 to 1906.

Articles.	1902.		1903.		1904.		1905.		1906.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
I.—Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics—										
Animals.....	18,026	161,184	20,318	122,469	29,709	245,747	32,355	156,765	22,352	133,298
Carobs.....	34,552	506,455	21,769	391,041	31,887	507,598	26,187	414,178	44,965	766,267
Corn.....	26,450	13,179	1,487,072	498,755	1,525,307	1,060,019	1,060,019	416,049	610,519	277,624
Barley.....	25,657	6,356	18,771	17,470	217,470	154,093	142,803	45,007	49,452	16,741
Oats.....	.....	.....	18,263	93,309	247,704	156,118	147,405	107,719	41,593	34,037
Wheat.....	.....	.....	3,342	24,377	5,606	39,128	4,705	35,258	2,511	20,625
Cheese.....	3,601	26,635	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fruits.....	5,401	4,545	11,286	7,275	12,025	9,022	8,607	5,878	9,563	7,237
Grapes.....	4,702,856	11,510	6,376,280	16,712	6,917,710	20,391	6,885,495	22,513	8,421,217	29,473
Oranges and lemons.....	16,279	46,039	52,981	105,957	47,217	80,825	47,066	72,659	56,692	126,854
Raisins.....	40,696	31,581	47,161	47,216	45,797	44,890	52,966	54,482	47,342	56,841
Other.....	1,295,339	169,194	704,229	113,987	1,391,557	170,070	1,086,822	135,581	973,403	128,825
Spirits and wines.....	10,373	38,15	21,974	6,283	77,156	20,727	23,635	10,989	19,216	13,937
Tobacco and tumbaki.....	27,384	17,316	24,510	15,495	48,249	30,202	45,579	31,380	50,048	38,530
Vegetables.....	.....	.....	.....	21,791	.....	46,202	.....	88,865	.....	47,037
All other.....	.....	16,887	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	.....	1,014,646	.....	1,482,143	.....	1,923,024	.....	1,507,323	.....	1,696,846
II.—Raw materials—										
Cotton.....	2,714	21,622	2,109	20,201	1,508	17,462	4,223	42,797	4,044	46,486
Hides and skins.....	2,331	54,536	2,498	62,911	1,695	49,372	1,745	51,387	2,122	73,268
Silk.....	819	67,403	960	88,539	977	63,889	1,201	93,878	1,340	105,558
Silk cocoons.....	9,885	27,195	1,758	3,222	1,201	4,726	5,648	18,367	2,078	6,852
Sponges.....	4,380	30,212	4,108	33,142	3,950	47,46	4,746	53,577	4,102	54,799
Wool.....	.....	39,902	.....	58,620	.....	98,838	.....	131,614	.....	127,205
All other.....	.....	240,870	.....	266,635	.....	275,030	.....	391,620	.....	414,168
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
III.—Manufactured articles.....	.....	63,826	.....	73,491	.....	70,445	.....	74,830	.....	149,027
IV.—Coin and bullion.....	.....	275,737	.....	63,764	.....	108,386	.....	69,000	.....	95,212
Total exports.....	.....	1,595,079	.....	1,886,033	.....	2,376,885	.....	2,132,773	.....	2,355,253

TRADE OF FRANCE (Twelve Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *twelve months* ending December 1906 and 1907.

	Twelve Months ending December.		+ Increase. - Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
	1906.	1907.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	188,991,400	200,377,400	+ 12,286,000
Raw materials.....	737,425,200	775,689,200	+ 38,264,000
Manufactures.....	199,933,600	233,463,000	+ 33,529,400
Total imports.....	1,125,450,200	1,209,529,600	+ 84,079,400
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	142,253,200	149,856,000	+ 7,602,800
Raw materials.....	294,963,000	306,402,000	+ 11,439,000
Manufactures.....	539,890,200	570,477,400	+ 30,587,200
Small parcels.....	76,235,000	81,670,600	+ 5,435,600
Total exports.....	1,053,341,400	1,108,406,000	+ 55,064,600
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	1,125,450,200	1,209,529,600	+ 84,079,400
Exports.....	1,053,341,400	1,108,406,000	+ 55,064,600
Total trade.....	2,178,791,600	2,317,935,600	+ 139,144,000

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *twelve months* ending December 1905 and 1906.

Articles.	Country.	Twelve Months ending December.		+ Increase. - Decrease. Year 1907 compared with 1906.
		1906.	1907.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	135,735	232,564	+ 96,829
	Other countries.....	171,486	124,810	- 46,676
	Totals.....	307,221	357,374	+ 50,153
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	79,327	109,303	+ 29,976
	Other countries.....	390,023	118,687	- 271,336
	Totals.....	469,350	227,990	- 241,360
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	78,444	147,273	+ 68,829
	Other countries.....	35,466	17,056	- 18,410
	Totals.....	113,910	164,329	+ 50,419
Rye.....	All countries.....	12,526	10,157	- 2,369
Corn.....	All countries.....	368,270	427,619	+ 59,349

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr.—2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from January report of A. Poindron, Trade Commissioner at Paris.

TRADE OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Imports, Exports and Shipping for Newfoundland during the Years ended December 31, 1894 and 1895, and the Years ended June 30, 1896 and 1907.

Years ended.	Imports.	EXPORTS.			Total Trade.	SHIPPING. (Except Coastal.)		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.		British.	Foreign.	Total .
December 31.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1894.....	7,164,738	5,776,642	34,527	5,811,169	12,975,907	835,987	40,716	876,703
1895.....	6,001,733	.....	.....	6,219,991	12,221,724	763,735	21,646	785,381
June 30.								
1896.....	5,986,861	6,632,077	6,110	6,638,187	12,625,048	748,832	43,064	791,896
1897.....	5,938,334	4,895,858	29,931	4,925,789	10,864,123	691,815	25,888	717,703
1898.....	5,188,863	5,181,185	45,748	5,226,933	10,415,796	864,294	86,710	951,004
1899.....	6,311,245	.....	.....	6,936,315	13,247,560	1,065,624	175,866	1,241,490
1900.....	7,497,147	8,510,140	117,436	8,627,576	16,124,723	1,138,904	308,577	1,447,481
1901.....	7,476,503	8,232,954	127,024	8,359,978	15,836,481	980,029	428,264	1,408,293
1902.....	7,836,685	9,311,853	240,671	9,552,524	17,389,209	1,119,670	634,702	1,754,372
1903.....	8,479,945	9,825,121	151,383	9,976,504	18,456,449	1,152,878	632,171	1,785,049
1904.....	9,448,664	10,249,750	132,147	10,381,897	19,830,561	1,047,992	583,153	1,631,145
1905.....	10,279,294	10,592,531	76,811	10,669,342	20,948,636	1,085,506	727,131	1,812,637
1906.....	10,414,274	11,988,682	97,594	12,086,276	22,500,550	1,005,473	858,826	1,864,299
1907.....	10,426,040	11,910,007	191,154	12,101,161	22,527,201	988,348	846,104	1,834,452

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Newfoundland during the Years ended December 31, 1894 and 1895, and the Years ended June 30, 1896 to 1907.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Years ended.	Great Britain.	Canada.	British West Indies.	Other British.	Brazil.	Portugal.	United States.	Other Foreign.
December 31.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1894.....	2,538,942	2,643,032	309,014	.....	.....	24,246	1,577,060	72,444
1895.....	1,484,915	2,888,057	250,172	.....	19	15,792	1,303,100	59,678
June 30.								
1896.....	1,875,754	2,231,641	286,018	.....	.....	16,907	1,473,721	102,820
1897.....	1,960,999	1,593,931	171,631	.....	260	16,130	2,135,008	60,375
1898.....	1,519,253	1,823,238	107,542	.....	110	15,172	1,671,134	52,414
1899.....	1,935,025	2,088,093	209,229	11,030	23	41,114	1,928,834	97,897
1900.....	2,224,353	2,805,490	271,602	25,512	7	43,010	1,993,505	133,668
1901.....	2,328,622	2,489,499	322,538	37,309	168	28,169	2,088,465	181,733
1902.....	2,244,179	2,612,043	179,226	20,166	149	25,724	2,501,806	253,392
1903.....	2,143,464	2,869,898	237,573	23,462	190	39,895	2,920,914	244,549
1904.....	2,479,138	3,423,225	236,631	36,346	557	37,845	2,991,022	243,900
1905.....	2,654,908	4,105,570	378,267	43,512	310	22,636	2,750,115	323,976
1906.....	2,651,196	3,521,939	222,727	50,219	2,693	25,957	3,609,192	330,351
1907.....	2,669,934	3,669,098	286,617	54,486	527	46,104	3,447,359	251,915

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

December 31.								
1894.....	1,347,425	763,569	242,681	360,434	1,213,570	757,309	678,437	447,744
1895.....	1,750,936	691,079	264,244	434,707	1,096,614	877,719	426,690	678,002
June 30.								
1896.....	1,727,852	638,741	303,314	392,285	1,082,217	1,245,344	489,027	759,407
1897.....	1,349,273	478,110	208,487	264,475	837,395	858,131	533,518	396,400
1898.....	1,355,920	482,512	272,668	181,298	1,288,728	753,258	427,478	465,071
1899.....	1,443,266	541,727	418,493	595,365	1,912,868	799,649	620,056	604,891
1900.....	1,942,093	520,137	308,905	973,473	2,068,586	1,009,027	1,005,525	799,830
1901.....	1,831,941	711,746	321,196	592,402	2,100,031	1,187,676	884,068	730,918
1902.....	2,104,932	1,046,109	442,662	698,762	1,711,520	1,452,944	1,207,461	888,134
1903.....	2,173,090	1,102,659	492,358	785,957	1,294,924	1,603,431	1,357,031	1,167,054
1904.....	1,993,995	1,102,708	381,982	770,106	1,578,163	1,713,636	1,470,497	1,370,810
1905.....	1,940,945	1,135,848	385,401	911,505	1,369,761	1,801,674	1,418,624	1,705,584
1906.....	1,662,612	1,777,169	417,147	256,498	1,849,082	1,847,463	1,278,997	2,997,308
1907.....	1,492,795	1,611,480	430,462	22,142	2,063,444	1,841,968	1,394,269	3,244,601

No. 3.—STATEMENT of Imports into Newfoundland during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907, with portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada, for the Years ended June 30, 1906 and 1907.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO NEWFOUNDLAND—YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.									
	Totals.			From Great Britain.		From United States.		From Canada.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1907.
Ale, beer and porter.....	\$ 8,742	\$ 9,582	\$ 9,144	\$ 7,365	\$ 6,099	\$ 2,164	\$ 3,038	\$ 53	\$	\$ 13
Animals: Cattle, sheep and lambs.....	10,909	11,883	11,140	100	24	12,515	11,116	12,515	11,116	11,116
Horses and oxen.....	121,567	121,660	124,199	686	686	130	275	120,783	123,795	123,795
Articles for religious purposes.....	23,561	36,619	18,404	20,325	6,880	6,022	4,481	9,837	5,951	5,951
Bread and biscuits.....	7,063	10,253	10,355	3,351	4,068	1,480	2,357	5,418	3,810	3,810
Cabinet wares.....	51,122	65,588	62,246	13,393	12,246	7,006	5,898	44,843	43,612	43,612
Coal.....	515,915	526,627	565,208	43,952	33,457	77,522	80,815	404,781	449,235	449,235
Explosives.....	9,034	7,397	7,547	6,434	6,590	104	963	773	773	773
Fruits: apples, green.....	31,796	32,774	38,799	5	17	2,858	5,690	29,866	33,044	33,044
Grain: Oats.....	159,985	135,700	158,917	.....	48	1,162	4,019	134,513	154,850	154,850
Pease.....	30,075	35,565	32,269	1,140	1,244	2,359	4,194	31,473	25,667	25,667
Grain products—										
Flour.....	1,844,847	1,822,271	1,529,025	70	75	666,306	436,437	1,155,841	1,091,658	1,091,658
Meal, Indian.....	7,178	6,626	6,657	.....	.....	1,662	1,013	4,964	5,644	5,644
Oatmeal.....	17,244	17,104	17,104	1,432	1,255	6,666	1,579	9,146	14,268	14,268
Hay.....	320,300	40,552	29,414	9	.....	103	.....	40,440	29,384	29,384
Hardware.....	80,687	305,686	300,207	134,156	141,730	99,233	98,468	63,007	48,981	48,981
India rubber goods.....	196,685	67,479	83,990	11,011	11,125	37,195	35,041	19,245	37,714	37,714
Leather.....	120,654	220,296	227,073	1,849	2,248	134,973	159,434	83,474	65,391	65,391
Lumber and timber.....	105,237	115,168	130,653	15,137	17,785	41,479	56,698	58,443	56,145	56,145
Machinery.....	342,455	56,618	58,500	2,858	7,415	34,150	29,423	18,952	21,682	21,682
Medicines.....	77,784	370,556	407,656	30,696	89,033	186,433	178,045	152,755	138,694	138,694
Molasses.....	372,480	84,969	86,719	23,957	23,068	17,088	16,739	42,874	46,358	46,358
Oiled clothes.....	16,832	224,237	275,127	21	.....	1,640	9,092	24,684	14,496	14,496
Oils: Kerosene.....	102,643	19,053	18,941	2,464	2,962	96,335	102,229	14,937	6,885	6,885
Oil oil.....	146,637	106,307	113,194	.....	12	161,840	161,840	9,960	10,954	10,954
Other oils.....	73,933	200,752	169,431	19,684	26,333	47,233	56,357	6,325	5,605	5,605
Paints.....	77,080	88,436	88,436	28,867	31,388	24,459	27,152	37,152	42,216	42,216
Provisions—										
Butter.....	116,788	140,031	115,847	1,197	21,477	66,619	15,082	60,325	72,615	72,615
Cheese.....	39,615	39,688	47,810	522	719	5	1,526	38,954	44,740	44,740
Lard.....	48,319	68,838	91,681	113	183	68,004	90,814	715	684	684
Meats, fresh.....	38,491	58,389	55,495	64	82	7,725	4,916	50,798	51,321	51,321
“ “ canned.....	26,890	33,665	6,843	338	1,634	34,667	4,092	680	256	256
“ “ beef, salted.....	240,843	319,143	305,041	407	264	296,826	275,150	21,910	28,573	28,573
“ “ pork, salted.....	362,960	461,432	431,432	1,367	1,583	391,759	32,881	32,881	33,090	33,090
“ “ bacon, hams, tongues.....	45,993	46,613	69,548	5,333	7,927	35,494	53,426	5,774	8,179	8,179

Ready-made clothing....	215,210	209,360	206,381	159,309	159,762	37,276	35,431	10,523	8,206
Salt, coarse.....	148,037	136,093	100,573	67	488	825	.....	24,801	22,083
Soap.....	30,683	37,023	30,560	25,682	27,630	7,651	10,857	3,454	2,039
Spirits: Whiskey.....	36,726	37,837	30,922	34,133	36,632	.....	.....	531	572
Run.....	3,501	37,833	30,746	21,351	1,332	.....	7	784	1,506
Sugar.....	180,330	213,306	147,502	21,325	2,413	139,999	114,737	3,650	3,077
Tea.....	123,432	172,444	137,746	68,889	44,819	460	.....	53,224	32,579
Tinware.....	23,199	20,121	137,527	10,195	11,497	3,022	3,302	6,902	8,451
Tobacco.....	117,466	105,445	137,527	6,847	6,773	67,075	101,875	21,152	18,543
Vegetables: Potatoes.....	23,705	31,362	20,454	140	10	2,415	2,865	27,650	17,557
Vegetables, cottons, silks and linens.....	194,152	1,643,532	1,612,612	1,232,489	1,173,711	275,364	314,324	122,248	116,352
Other articles.....	1,961,113	1,716,689	1,838,581	711,680	741,578	458,918	544,300	407,005	406,495
Total (mdse).....	10,021,192	10,322,853	10,125,190	2,650,722	2,667,363	3,608,999	3,447,319	3,431,185	3,370,859
Coin and bullion.....	258,102	91,421	300,850	474	2,571	193	40	90,754	298,239
Grand totals, Imports.....	10,279,294	10,414,274	10,426,040	2,651,196	2,669,934	3,609,192	3,447,359	3,521,939	3,669,098

No. 4.—STATEMENT of the Exports from Newfoundland during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907, with the portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada for the Years ended June 30, 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS FROM NEWFOUNDLAND—YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.										
ARTICLES.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To Canada.
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1907.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Copper.....	448,400	375,520	278,950	159,445	128,930	150,020	216,075	150,020	150,020	
Fish—										
Cod, dried.....	6,108,618	7,864,719	7,873,172	189,270	231,223	119,405	117,025	119,405	751,079	605,637
Herring, frozen.....	70,535	74,477	76,851			49,665	49,665	71,366	24,812	5,485
Herring, pickled.....	225,054	208,264	222,997		17,128	26,180	26,180	47,884	157,925	142,629
Lobsters, canned.....	512,662	376,490	383,767	161,464	133,379	2,588	2,588	4,050	58,917	27,560
Salmon, pickled.....	70,283	88,005	73,660	43,126	29,265	4,246	4,246	4,376	25,443	28,560
Furs, undressed.....	81,891	92,373	137,850	53,474	95,436	5,654	5,654	2,648	33,125	37,766
Iron ore.....	635,350	768,430	890,670	18,920	70,400	35,800	35,800	132,803	506,100	568,986
Iron, pyrites.....	410,514	334,075	184,140			334,075		184,140		
Oil—										
Cod.....	168,184	354,352	358,713	187,508	137,053	126,729	126,729	170,152	31,300	17,374
Cod liver.....	137,265	34,995	31,735	10,392	14,035	16,016	16,016	8,403	7,572	8,866
Seal.....	374,974	297,430	447,967	255,708	312,659	6,571	6,571	14,104	9,475	20,718
Whale.....	384,062	222,761	173,011	205,283	164,682	13,415	13,415	4,850	4,009	2,999
Seal skins.....	370,291	314,048	194,300	237,473	30,282	76,473	76,473	163,877	105	137
Other articles.....	669,111	680,337	771,674	151,380	126,615	248,485	248,485	316,191	167,307	144,763
Totals (mdse.).....	10,667,164	12,086,276	12,099,457	1,662,612	1,491,091	1,278,997	1,278,997	1,394,269	1,777,169	1,611,480
Coin and bullion.....	2,178		1,704		1,704					
Grand totals, Exports.....	10,669,342	12,086,276	12,101,161	1,662,612	1,492,795	1,278,997	1,278,997	1,394,269	1,777,169	1,611,480

No. 5.—STATEMENT, by Countries, showing the Exports of Fish and Fish Oil from Newfoundland during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Qtls.	\$	Qtls.	\$	Qtls.	\$
Fish—Dried Cod—						
Great Britain.....	40,737	170,341	46,601	189,270	51,382	231,223
British West Indies.....	65,763	351,836	68,226	386,843	70,479	403,375
Canada.....	61,459	295,375	148,171	751,079	110,407	605,637
Gibraltar.....	215,507	902,255	51,409	236,481		
Brazil.....	236,553	1,369,584	301,487	1,848,964	334,416	2,063,326
Italy.....	111,447	540,470	273,453	1,259,682	265,782	1,323,987
Portugal.....	322,287	1,799,552	304,203	1,847,463	307,960	1,832,071
Spain.....	111,700	512,700	174,970	803,623	203,587	990,650
United States.....	9,072	50,587	19,208	117,025	19,962	119,405
Other countries.....	22,289	115,918	93,297	424,289	58,470	303,498
Totals.....	1,196,814	6,108,618	1,481,025	7,864,719	1,422,445	7,873,172
Herrings, pickled—	Brls.		Brls.		Brls.	
Great Britain.....	2,161	6,679	2,390	9,182	4,514	17,128
British West Indies.....	5,703	21,415	3,675	14,863	3,515	13,827
Canada.....	54,622	142,351	52,586	157,925	46,365	142,629
United States.....	17,504	54,117	8,039	26,180	12,062	47,884
Other countries.....	123	492	26	114	336	1,529
Totals.....	80,113	225,054	66,716	208,264	66,792	222,997
Lobsters, preserved—	Cases.		Cases.		Cases.	
Great Britain.....	22,681	270,845	11,787	141,464	9,483	133,379
Canada.....	5,689	62,715	5,113	58,917	2,080	27,560
Germany.....	8,796	104,401	8,958	109,770	10,467	152,650
Holland.....	2,095	24,890	1,656	18,880	1,995	27,835
Norway and Sweden.....	70	840			25	350
United States.....	187	2,301	200	2,588	290	4,050
Other countries.....	4,004	46,670	4,614	44,871	2,659	37,943
Totals.....	43,522	512,662	32,328	376,490	26,999	383,767
Salmon, pickled—	Tcs.		Tcs.		Tcs.	
Great Britain.....	1,992	42,507	2,012	43,126	1,556	29,265
British West Indies.....	390	6,655	784	12,000	628	8,334
Canada.....	1,016	17,048	1,680	25,443	1,981	28,560
Italy.....	35	1,000	20	320	75	1,250
United States.....	70	1,485	228	4,246	346	4,376
Other countries.....	101	1,588	200	2,870	130	1,875
Totals.....	3,604	70,283	4,924	88,005	4,716	73,660
Other, N.E.S.—						
Great Britain.....		3,403		7,822		10,097
British West Indies.....		3,893		1,973		1,719
Canada.....		51,395		105,159		54,805
St. Pierre.....		534		110		72
United States.....		153,652		118,747		163,581
Other countries.....		5,461		8,426		20,474
Totals.....		218,338		242,237		250,748

No. 5.—STATEMENT, by Countries, showing the Exports of Fish and Fish Oil from Newfoundland during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907—*Concluded.*

	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$		\$		\$
Fish Oils—						
Great Britain.....		812,098		658,891		629,279
Australasia.....		685		6,208		5,559
Canada.....		77,040		52,356		49,957
France.....		15,300		9,346		800
Germany.....		2,636		6,000		37,012
United States.....		150,295		162,731		197,509
Other countries.....		6,431		14,006		92,160
Totals.....		1,064,485		909,538		1,012,276

RECAPITULATION.

No. 6.—STATEMENT, by Countries, showing Total Export of Fish and Fish Oil, together with the Total Export of Newfoundland during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

Countries.	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Exports of Fish and Fish Oil.	Value of Total Exports.	Exports of Fish and Fish Oil.	Value of Total Exports.	Exports of Fish and Fish Oil.	Value of Total Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	1,305,873	1,940,945	1,049,755	1,662,612	1,050,381	1,492,795
Australasia.....	685	685	6,208	6,208	5,559	5,559
British West Indies.....	383,824	385,401	415,776	417,147	427,355	430,462
Canada.....	645,924	1,135,848	1,150,879	1,777,169	909,148	1,611,480
Cape of Good Hope.....		259		125		80
Gibraltar.....	902,545	902,545	236,481	236,481		
British Possessions, other.....	8,016	8,016	13,684	13,684	16,429	16,503
American West Indies.....	61,779	61,779	124,821	124,826	90,921	90,921
Argentine Republic.....		*123,903		*92,829		*149,940
Austria-Hungary.....	1,279	1,279	435	435	2,002	2,002
Brazil.....	1,369,628	1,369,761	1,849,082	1,849,082	2,063,414	2,063,444
Belgium.....	24,477	24,477	21,045	21,045	102,883	102,883
Central American States.....	10,970	10,970	7,469	7,469	7,338	7,338
Denmark.....	19,055	19,055	29,061	29,061	16,932	16,932
France.....	20,575	20,575	13,713	13,863	3,378	4,078
Germany.....	107,051	107,053	115,773	115,783	189,662	189,662
Greece.....	18,886	18,886	264,458	264,458	170,885	170,885
Holland.....	25,835	†235,035	19,588	†227,398	27,835	†146,809
Italy.....	546,022	546,022	1,266,813	1,266,813	1,331,518	1,331,518
Norway and Sweden.....	840	840	1,650	1,654	1,333	1,333
Portugal.....	1,801,664	1,801,674	1,847,463	1,847,463	1,841,968	1,841,968
Republic of Colombia.....	9,636	9,636	8,933	8,933	2,675	2,675
Spain.....	512,738	512,738	806,673	806,673	994,303	994,303
St. Pierre.....	534	4,169	110	8,202	86	9,506
United States.....	412,437	1,418,624	431,517	1,278,997	536,805	1,394,269
Foreign countries, other.....	9,167	9,167	7,866	7,866	23,810	23,816
Totals.....	8,199,440	10,669,342	9,689,253	12,086,276	9,816,620	12,101,161

*The value of "Lumber" exported to Argentine Republic in 1905 was \$123,903, in 1906, \$92,829, and in 1907, \$149,940.

†The value of "Iron Ore" exported to Holland in 1905 was \$209,200, in 1906, \$207,610, and 1907, \$118,481.

TRADE OF URUGUAY.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade and Shipping of Uruguay during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1905.

NOTE:—Uruguayan Dollar=\$1.03 (about.)

Calendar Years.	TRADE.			Shipping.
	Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	Tons.
1895.....	25,386,106	32,543,644	57,929,750	10,748,881
1896.....	25,530,185	30,403,084	55,933,269	13,726,205
1897.....	19,512,216	29,319,573	48,831,789	13,448,456
1898.....	24,784,361	30,310,161	55,094,522	13,647,040
1899.....	25,652,788	36,601,664	62,254,452	15,676,152
1900.....	23,978,206	29,442,205	53,420,411	13,709,967
1901.....	23,691,932	27,762,782	51,454,714	15,311,449
1902.....	23,517,347	33,660,300	57,177,647	11,238,360
1903.....	25,103,966	37,369,402	62,473,368	12,067,536
1904.....	21,216,689	38,484,817	59,701,506	13,500,472
1905.....	30,777,603	30,805,061	61,582,664	14,449,264

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Uruguay during the Calendar Years 1895 to 1905.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES 1895 TO 1905.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Argentine Republic.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Countries.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	7,890,000	2,240,000	2,382,000	2,968,000	1,760,000	8,146,106
1896.....	7,277,000	3,524,000	2,490,000	2,750,000	1,776,000	7,713,185
1897.....	4,843,937	2,950,657	1,959,204	1,828,556	1,505,156	6,424,706
1898.....	6,762,794	3,288,715	2,637,750	2,311,631	1,932,468	7,851,003
1899.....	6,874,509	3,851,466	2,188,010	2,647,189	2,201,287	7,890,327
1900.....	6,336,602	2,700,468	1,981,685	3,499,919	2,182,945	7,276,587
1901.....	6,167,348	3,074,753	2,161,139	2,913,537	2,077,750	7,297,405
1902.....	6,097,567	2,841,323	2,482,284	3,292,547	2,061,597	6,742,029
1903.....	6,600,248	3,086,455	2,742,065	3,528,841	2,128,875	7,017,482
1904.....	5,349,710	3,389,586	2,043,155	2,605,362	2,051,237	5,777,639
1905.....	7,935,895	4,592,463	3,470,729	4,165,579	2,973,417	7,639,520

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1895 TO 1905.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Argentine Republic.	France.	Germany.	United States.	Other Countries.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1895.....	4,950,000	4,077,000	5,830,000	1,670,000	3,058,000	12,958,644
1896.....	1,983,000	4,895,000	5,040,000	2,480,000	1,714,000	14,291,084
1897.....	1,754,995	4,015,771	4,970,588	3,064,853	2,886,792	12,626,574
1898.....	2,884,329	5,318,270	5,516,889	2,810,333	984,040	12,796,300
1899.....	2,394,538	7,014,428	5,796,808	4,392,646	1,629,039	15,374,205
1900.....	1,978,819	2,825,018	4,790,871	2,777,183	1,671,955	15,398,359
1901.....	2,418,173	4,339,587	4,925,604	3,195,124	1,938,128	10,946,166
1902.....	3,287,204	6,476,012	4,655,790	3,832,922	3,208,697	12,199,675
1903.....	3,338,696	6,405,716	5,961,309	4,777,338	1,729,160	15,157,183
1904.....	2,466,956	6,488,605	6,554,048	5,145,421	2,066,841	15,762,946
1905.....	1,813,555	5,823,916	5,513,973	3,255,199	2,024,183	12,374,235

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported into Uruguay during the Calendar Years 1903 to 1905 together with the portion taken from the Undermentioned Countries for the Years 1904 and 1905.

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.									
	Totals.		Great Britain.		Argentine Republic.		France.		Germany.	
	1903.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	United States.
Animals, living,	\$ 986,423	\$ 944,776	\$ 1,822,452	\$ 32,570	\$ 132,520	\$ 803,994	\$ 1,633,292	\$ 3,700	\$ 35,200	\$ 6,000
Beverages,	1,813,213	1,886,841	1,724,185	16,009	24,606	18,304	51,740	299,914	18,360	1,357
Cereals,										
Grains, cereals and										
Wheat,	898,647	934,619	1,336,136	575	1,745	239,702	357,546	144,598	178,193	43
Rice,	97,123	97,038	113,219	1,705	4,194	1,215	3,929	14,022	49,983	447
Vegetables,	154,744	120,539	169,960	8,977	13,752	1,553	4,240	3,645	36,455	487
Flour,	234,693	197,925	235,769	2,843	2,669	30,560	28,671	11,137	24,588	2,405
Fruits,	470,375	444,289	504,561	1,258	985	3,886	23,947	18,774	3,491	265
Fruit,								2,088	2,124	86,552
Oils edible,								35,779		93,542
Spices and other										
condiments,	1,820,359	2,242,113	1,566,334	5,426	6,057	1,229,092	327,386	262,321	625,680	938
All other comes-									846,658	1,288
tibles,	1,254,821	1,158,446	1,367,858	71,758	117,712	10,934	42,956	101,140	16,459	2,668
Drugs & chemicals,	554,886	474,762	751,993	133,162	188,865	39,169	75,273	64,698	135,497	40,085
Iron and steel and										
manufactures of,	210,438	1,397,968	2,822,460	416,358	855,409	151,716	280,151	63,007	253,948	185,557
Leather and mfrs. of	192,933	116,111	310,756	41,905	102,142	5,636	17,869	42,230	4,705	5,890
Metals, other, and										
mfrs. of,	779,897	629,922	1,072,426	296,233	368,024	14,255	66,969	187,747	133,514	36,371
Oils, not edible,	661,617	539,450	691,890	17,052	18,320	15,678	25,778	1,871	261,889	67,479
Paints and colours,	180,451	138,405	224,784	56,447	97,503	5,049	12,325	18,778	25,425	486,618
Paper and mfrs. of,	519,869	448,404	615,617	41,343	68,610	11,590	18,695	32,381	52,890	6,242
Stone, earth, glass									163,969	58,161
and pottery—									219,540	65,518
Cement, Portland	194,137	155,493	237,437	27,382	30,997	7,655	7,599	64,591	33,536	3,862
Coal,	1,292,734	1,413,329	1,366,564	1,250,066	1,133,890	22,927	75,763	55,125	139,929	154,740
All other,	590,205	423,547	717,416	92,981	133,397	8,090	41,858	148,798	80,495	8,525
Textile materials &										
mfrs. of—										
Cotton,	3,946,288	2,562,922	4,900,049	1,315,686	2,458,973	124,257	443,025	474,801	443,097	56,869
Silk,	266,943	137,813	303,282	27,752	51,019	5,555	10,589	168,312	31,719	120,508
Wool,	1,092,167	930,025	1,523,632	413,520	771,791	102,210	17,726	14,376	31,707	1,568
All other,	1,576,930	1,251,991	1,897,578	578,899	803,383	94,407	149,270	142,290	179,998	179,370
Tobacco,	252,229	267,204	306,142	23,072	41,307	35,206	27,552	39,766	189,401	154,703
Wood and mfrs. of,	1,371,009	1,339,662	2,007,458	57,976	60,627	377,265	97,737	60,376	69,343	9,909
Articles free of duty								145,091	145,091	648,910
for public officials,	486,951	514,334	643,681	230,596	187,358	18,784	74,589	65,482	131,055	13,770
All other articles,	1,380,184	980,761	1,543,894	188,156	272,540	70,877	127,078	162,938	347,568	70,474
Total imports,	25,103,966	21,216,689	30,777,603	5,349,710	7,935,895	3,389,586	4,592,463	2,605,362	4,165,579	2,051,237
								2,605,362	4,165,579	2,973,417

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

	Totals.			Great Britain.		Argentine Republic.		France.		Germany.		United States.	
	1903.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.
Agricultural products—													
Flour.....	26,942	100,335	178,131	508	13,792	5,508					3,528		
Flour, mfrs. of.....	990	1,478	3,359										
Fruits.....	26,219	10,629	35,979			1,324	18,530						
Grains and cereals.....	1,704,279	1,460,796	1,703,185	217,512	165,905	591,116	789,506	129,691	5,431	129,591	93,634		
Vegetables.....	63,868	28,351	54,017			2,910	15,569						
All other.....	102,188	97,245	97,588	8,073	18,865	11,804	13,367	4,753	4,592	39,625	18,860	120	
Products—													
Animals, living.....	359,648	995,216	608,517			187,773	190,084	2,000	80				
Bone and boneash.....	151,497	169,857	122,367		40,336	30,359	21,022	15,340	9,635	1,082	1,656		20,069
Grease and tallow.....	2,072,001	2,330,395	1,486,170	673,943	108,676	446,859	168,356	60,447	9,656	6,793	3,450		
Gum.....	84,696	130,788	116,792	21,080	29,043	26,991	15,758						
Hides and skins.....	10,833,006	10,638,758	8,288,158	401,380	216,030	825,991	737,172	2,433,305	2,099,849	1,836,511	20,694	9,741	17,847
Horns.....	153,045	163,888	129,052	15,436	9,496	21,733	17,091	66,691	42,604	1,050	113	93	1,447,238
Horse hair.....	335,932	465,093	361,821	19,504	16,010	43,815	18,639	109,165	97,181	56,395	9,516	119,572	104,360
Meat and extracts.....	7,639,850	7,977,999	5,912,805	184,453	560,114	1,389,787	1,238,641	99,813	2,440	198,541	157	107,848	
Wool.....	12,462,364	12,879,556	10,583,902	794,498	620,314	2,342,521	1,917,390	3,552,848	3,192,775	2,857,501	1,777,427	439,604	416,360
All other.....	107,475	102,391	103,978	10,168	5,185	20,191	18,245	19,729	13,472	11,480	20,620	10,148	2,076
Articles and manufactures—													
Metals.....	51,493	28,650	30,814										
Minerals.....	394,631	582,820	617,025	330		529,506	613,664		1,080	200		51,230	20
All other.....	127,263	118,174	135,356	27,201	9,789	10,598	30,270	30,266	35,398	7,092	19,337	24,988	14,551
Provisions for vessels.....	160,238	197,430	229,812										
Unclassified.....	11,673	4,965	6,237	100		119	762						
Total exports.....	37,369,402	38,484,817	30,805,061	2,466,956	1,813,555	6,488,605	5,823,916	6,554,048	5,513,973	5,145,421	3,255,199	2,066,841	2,024,183

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MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

JANUARY 1908

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1908

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a). Sq. miles.								
Land occupied (census) Acres.	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census)	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
Currency and Banking—To June 30—	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank. \$	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	96,362,130
Circulation—								
Dominion notes \$	7,367,340	14,538,965	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427	58,316,532
Notes issued by Chartered Banks \$	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	69,366,505	75,510,402
Chartered Banks—								
Assets \$	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,308,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	958,342,255
Liabilities \$	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,320,761	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	781,075,593
Deposits in Chartered Banks \$	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	408,571,648	536,769,519	589,450,889
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks \$	2,497,260	6,208,227	21,738,648	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	46,832,611
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O. \$	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	19,101,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,911,071
Deposits in Special Savings Banks \$	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,063,143	25,050,965	27,399,194	28,520,547
Total Deposits \$	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,952,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	636,079,335	679,724,118
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks No.	17,153	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	164,542
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O. "		28,212	56,149	48,569	47,531	47,350	45,021	45,021
Discount's to the people—								
Chartered Banks \$	86,121,888	134,113,252	202,692,481	318,240,549	452,134,220	480,906,634	559,338,229	639,970,696
Education—To December 31—								
Pupils enrolled No.	775,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714
Teachers engaged "	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487
Expenditure \$	4,650,206	7,314,068	9,282,540	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—								
Failures No.	(b) 726	635	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Assets \$				7,856,823	8,555,875	6,222,005	6,449,052	6,449,052
Liabilities \$	(b) 6,454,825	5,751,207	17,100,649	10,811,671	11,394,117	9,854,659	9,085,773	9,085,773
Finance—Fiscal Years.(f)								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund \$	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	70,669,873	71,182,739	80,139,167	67,969,328
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund \$	15,623,082	25,502,554	36,343,568	46,866,368	53,612,833	63,319,082	67,270,641	51,542,161
" Gross \$	19,293,478	33,796,643	40,793,208	57,982,866	72,255,048	78,804,138	83,277,642	65,778,139

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,752,433	364,982,512	377,678,580	392,289,680	379,965,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,385,780	237,809,030	268,480,044	260,897,719	266,224,167	267,042,978	263,571,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c) 27,773	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,214	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	.....	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	45,825,935	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....	1,852,974	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,364,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,09	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Liabilities—								
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,389,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,584,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170	(e) 80,000,048	(e) 86,183,479
Metallic Minerals—	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	(e) 42,979,629	(e) 42,434,087
Copper.....	.....	.....	1,149,598	6,096,551	5,306,635	7,497,660	(e) 10,994,095	(e) 11,478,644
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,395	(e) 12,023,932	(e) 8,264,765
Iron ore (exports).....	.....	.....	392,582	392,582	174,000	175,500	(e) 149,177	(e) 43,907
—pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	.....	142,005	1,212,113	1,007,864	1,032,116	(e) 1,724,400	(e) 1,982,307
Lead.....	.....	.....	3,857	2,249,387	1,617,221	2,676,632	(e) 3,066,094	(e) 2,532,836
Nickel.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,623	4,219,153	7,550,526	(e) 8,948,834	(e) 9,535,407
Silver.....	.....	.....	403,549	3,265,354	2,047,095	3,617,675	(e) 3,728,097	(e) 8,329,221
Non-Metallic Minerals—	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	(e) 37,020,419	(e) 43,749,390
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	(e) 1,988,108	(e) 2,505,043
Cement.....	.....	35,100	101,561	660,030	1,338,289	1,924,014	(e) 3,170,859	(e) 3,378,871
Coal.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,520,263	(e) 19,945,032	(e) 24,560,235
Coke.....	.....	.....	175,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	935,895	856,028	(e) 761,760	(e) 1,057,088

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles.
 (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.
 (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

STATISTICAL Record of the Progress of Canada.—*Concluded.*

—		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31..... No.		512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095	.....	.....	.....
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—									
Post offices..... No.		3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued..... { \$		120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent..... { \$		4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098
Post cards sent..... No.		22,314,160	53,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	29,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Letters sent..... " "		27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,190,000	285,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue..... " \$		1,079,767	1,767,953	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,093
Expenditure..... " \$		1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,622	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—									
Canals—Vessels through Season of navigation..... { Tons.		4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	.....
Railways, electric—		3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	.....
Miles in operation.....		.....	.....	.....	672	767	793	814	815
Passengers carried.....		.....	.....	.....	120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	273,999,404
Freight carried.....		.....	.....	.....	287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	479,731
Earnings—Gross.....		.....	.....	.....	5,768,283	8,433,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	12,630,430
Working expenses.....		.....	.....	.....	3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,673,038	7,737,251
Railways, steam—									
Miles in operation..... No.		2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	22,452
Passengers carried.....		.....	6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,238,723	27,989,782	32,137,319
Freight carried..... Tons.		.....	12,005,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,966,713	63,866,135
Earnings—Gross..... \$		14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	104,467,199	125,322,865	146,738,214
Working expenses..... \$		.....	20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	73,477,574	87,129,434	103,748,672
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—									
Customs Duties collected..... \$		11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,324,340	46,671,101	40,290,172
Excise Revenue collected..... \$		4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,806,413
Imports, Total—									
Dutiable Goods..... \$		70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,856,659
Free Goods..... \$		23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,037	110,417,080	97,412,340
Totals (mdse)..... \$		93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,268,999
Coin and Bullion..... \$		2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,307,435	7,078,603	7,517,008
Total imports..... \$		96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

Exports—Home Produce—									
Mine, ..	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,626,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	26,191,955	
Fisheries, ..	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,716,401	10,720,352	10,759,029	11,114,318	16,025,840	16,362,142	
Forest ..	23,063,223	24,960,012	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,824,170	33,176,098	
Animal produce, ..	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,967,741	55,495,311	63,812,117	63,337,438	66,455,960	55,422,499	
Agricultural products, ..	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,666,858	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,994,150	54,062,387	35,856,616	
Manufactures, ..	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	19,087,988	
Miscellaneous, ..	387,554	622,182	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,675	84,906	148,908	
Home produce (mdse), ..	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	180,543,306	
Foreign produce (mdse), ..	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	11,541,927	
Total exports (mdse), ..	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	192,087,233	
Coin and Bullion, ..	6,690,350	971,005	946,927	1,378,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,998,898	13,189,964	
Total exports (a), ..	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,656,630	205,277,197	
Total trade (a), ..	167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,733,088	470,151,289	550,872,645	465,063,204	
Shipping—Sea-gong, ...	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	13,904,874	
Coasting, ...	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,796	45,505,122	44,377,361	46,324,062	31,691,420	
Inland water, ...	..	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,500	16,689,365	17,888,743	16,691,017	
Total shipping, ..	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234	62,287,311	

Estimated amount short reported not included.

(b) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

(c) Unrevised.

Value for 1871, ..	.....	\$ 2,448,668
" 1881, ..	.....	3,023,322
" 1891, ..	.....	2,913,994

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,023
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,448	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,187,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,287,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,517,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	29,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,073,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

645,358,244	223,308,448	130,130,427	362,438,876	7,127,986	369,566,862	59,458,272
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the to 1907, also for twelve months ending January, 1908.

EXPORTS. (a)						Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.		
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1862
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907
ENDING JANUARY, 1908.							
241,761,793	16,307,050	258,068,843	17,722,539	275,791,382	.....	59,458,272	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, ten months and twelve months* ending January, 1899 to 1908

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
1899	6,341,246	4,101,761	10,443,007	42,789	10,485,796	7,306,084	285,414	7,591,538	75,714	7,667,252	18,153,048	1,887,353	1899
1900	8,547,730	5,406,238	14,043,968	81,260	14,125,228	8,959,798	433,360	9,393,158	643,841	10,036,999	24,162,227	2,381,500	1900
1901	7,511,146	5,520,372	13,031,518	272,244	13,303,762	9,762,446	662,594	10,425,040	125,062	10,550,102	23,853,864	2,110,883	1901
1902	8,946,931	5,700,591	14,647,522	407,530	15,055,052	13,268,734	196,209	13,464,943	14,801	13,479,744	28,534,796	2,455,810	1902
1903	10,173,676	6,671,715	16,845,391	217,722	17,063,113	15,341,199	631,865	15,973,064	15,624	15,988,688	33,051,801	2,741,207	1903
1904	10,855,154	6,414,160	17,269,314	203,666	17,472,980	12,264,424	236,767	12,501,191	18,911	12,520,102	29,993,082	3,017,112	1904
1905	10,595,691	6,845,084	17,440,775	622,933	18,063,708	12,001,277	406,081	12,407,358	36,060	12,443,418	30,507,126	2,994,897	1905
1906	13,166,977	9,278,206	22,445,183	136,953	22,582,136	17,653,704	855,571	18,509,275	3,896,137	22,405,412	44,987,548	3,604,752	1906
1907	15,519,883	10,921,364	26,441,247	90,731	26,531,978	16,721,081	923,342	17,644,423	4,612,898	22,257,321	48,789,299	4,096,788	1907
1908	14,358,394	8,726,169	23,084,563	188,912	23,273,475	20,467,317	1,209,465	21,676,782	3,046,507	24,723,280	47,996,764	3,930,941	1908

MONTH OF JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

MONTH OF JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899	67,873,563	50,375,431	118,748,994	5,172,451	123,921,445	117,246,597	18,005,083	135,251,680	2,704,154	137,955,834	261,877,279	19,652,353	1899
1900	83,986,565	57,208,621	141,195,186	5,858,954	147,054,140	130,152,360	14,756,355	144,908,715	6,133,342	151,042,057	298,096,197	23,483,865	1900
1901	85,253,389	59,503,013	144,756,402	5,425,797	150,182,199	151,015,128	13,494,518	164,509,646	1,990,104	166,499,750	316,681,949	23,411,157	1901
1902	93,840,492	65,047,170	158,887,662	4,714,561	163,602,223	168,007,339	14,655,754	183,263,093	2,432,049	185,725,742	349,327,965	25,730,621	1902
1903	107,867,526	67,926,966	175,794,492	4,697,306	180,491,798	192,115,555	11,012,516	203,128,071	389,116	203,517,187	384,008,985	29,413,655	1903
1904	125,049,378	83,122,536	208,171,914	8,653,497	216,825,411	187,229,289	12,500,945	199,730,234	560,091	200,290,325	417,115,736	34,040,657	1904
1905	124,928,040	83,615,497	208,543,537	11,798,005	220,341,542	168,580,777	7,476,447	176,057,224	2,627,615	178,684,839	399,026,381	35,024,649	1905
1906	138,457,133	90,136,316	228,593,449	5,442,822	234,036,271	196,836,471	10,755,913	207,592,384	5,582,199	213,174,583	447,210,854	37,435,500	1906
1907	142,944,290	106,638,639	269,582,929	8,541,674	278,124,603	212,253,037	13,640,947	225,894,584	16,483,866	242,380,450	520,505,053	42,799,429	1907
1908	185,351,239	115,900,285	301,251,524	6,065,196	307,316,720	214,380,663	15,423,711	229,804,374	16,160,852	245,965,226	553,281,946	49,251,155	1908

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899	83,121,925	57,788,285	140,910,210	5,479,042	146,389,252	130,529,812	18,380,078	148,909,890	5,112,313	154,022,203	300,411,455	24,038,775	1899
1900	98,893,867	65,465,910	164,359,777	6,037,238	170,397,015	144,277,717	15,730,081	160,007,798	7,336,371	167,344,169	337,741,184	27,826,543	1900
1901	103,047,061	68,841,147	171,888,208	6,130,212	178,018,420	168,700,610	13,823,674	182,524,284	4,117,935	186,642,219	364,680,639	28,351,253	1901
1902	111,772,059	74,328,827	186,100,886	4,952,310	191,053,196	186,313,280	17,274,721	203,588,001	2,334,215	206,222,216	397,275,412	30,702,028	1902
1903	127,530,153	78,785,340	206,315,493	4,862,049	211,177,542	209,824,934	11,312,249	221,137,183	454,694	221,591,877	432,769,419	34,844,832	1903
1904	147,282,306	96,282,633	243,564,939	9,266,058	252,830,997	209,007,387	12,990,704	221,998,091	686,784	222,684,875	475,515,872	40,043,649	1904
1905	147,852,710	97,413,117	245,265,827	11,960,212	257,226,039	188,396,554	8,065,314	196,461,808	2,692,025	199,153,893	456,379,932	41,508,126	1905
1906	162,604,871	104,773,107	267,377,978	7,526,680	274,904,688	216,458,886	12,497,757	228,956,643	5,629,149	234,585,792	509,490,450	44,141,983	1906
1907	191,229,827	124,304,636	315,534,463	8,882,379	324,417,042	237,813,699	14,336,081	252,150,380	17,179,133	269,329,513	593,746,555	50,492,939	1907
1908	223,308,449	139,130,427	362,438,876	7,127,986	369,566,862	241,761,793	16,307,050	258,068,843	17,722,539	275,791,382	645,358,244	59,458,272	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of January, 1899 to 1908.

Y <small>EAR</small> S.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal. Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	Y <small>EAR</small> S.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	1,240,483	560,087	500,045	2,527,902	1,645,754	826,220	5,593	7,306,084	61,333	7,367,417	1899
1900.....	1,078,046	625,753	785,181	3,134,128	2,244,514	1,075,931	16,195	8,959,798	128,491	9,088,289	1900
1901.....	1,828,127	987,342	744,115	2,889,734	2,307,433	1,005,695	.....	9,762,446	11,347	9,773,793	1901
1902.....	1,680,372	1,588,106	1,045,640	3,812,122	3,620,107	1,522,327	.....	13,268,734	.....	13,268,734	1902
1903.....	2,460,068	1,037,697	1,125,587	4,705,292	4,419,557	1,582,246	10,752	15,341,199	.....	15,341,199	1903
1904.....	1,982,885	1,087,554	1,071,005	3,654,049	3,130,587	1,337,662	682	12,264,424	.....	12,264,424	1904
1905.....	1,898,667	751,654	1,000,435	3,970,057	2,697,930	1,681,023	1,511	12,001,277	.....	12,001,277	1905
1906.....	2,360,326	1,977,023	2,848,496	4,091,847	4,215,343	2,155,729	4,940	17,653,704	.....	17,653,704	1906
1907.....	3,112,332	1,419,240	2,464,365	3,835,908	3,437,247	2,447,572	4,417	16,721,081	.....	16,721,081	1907
1908.....	2,608,633	1,240,791	1,476,940	4,191,300	8,343,386	2,544,709	1,558	20,467,317	.....	20,467,317	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	5,880	3,617	.....	61,490	106,013	90,377	18,077	285,454	14,381	299,835	1899
1900	4,266	45	1,515	38,516	310,514	65,577	12,927	433,860	515,350	948,710	1900
1901	5,001	4,205	.....	293,473	238,044	107,236	14,635	662,594	113,715	776,309	1901
1902	4,610	1,565	.....	5,096	44,861	113,039	26,266	196,209	14,801	211,010	1902
1903	10,257	10	515	14,755	381,982	151,144	73,202	631,865	15,624	647,489	1903
1904	15,174	87	144	13,398	37,771	134,992	35,201	236,767	18,911	255,678	1904
1905	6,122	1,127	534	31,691	50,758	190,017	125,832	406,081	36,060	442,141	1905
1906	13,540	1,951	707	57,804	478,716	228,891	73,962	855,571	3,896,137	4,751,708	1906
1907	21,889	2,414	5,463	20,038	589,983	227,847	55,708	923,342	4,612,898	5,536,240	1907
1908	54,092	5,849	2	53,030	760,979	287,491	48,022	1,209,405	3,046,507	4,255,972	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	1,246,363	563,704	500,045	2,589,392	1,751,767	916,597	23,670	7,591,538	75,714	7,667,252	1899
1900	1,082,312	625,798	786,696	3,172,614	2,555,028	1,141,558	29,122	9,393,158	643,841	10,036,999	1900
1901	1,833,128	991,547	744,115	3,183,207	2,545,477	1,112,931	14,635	10,425,040	125,062	10,550,102	1901
1902	1,684,982	1,589,731	1,046,412	3,817,218	3,664,968	1,635,366	26,266	13,464,943	14,801	13,479,744	1902
1903	2,470,325	1,037,707	1,126,102	4,720,047	4,801,539	1,733,390	83,954	15,973,064	15,624	15,988,688	1903
1904	1,998,059	1,087,641	1,071,149	3,667,447	3,168,358	1,472,664	35,883	12,501,191	18,911	12,520,102	1904
1905	1,904,789	752,781	1,000,969	4,001,748	2,748,688	1,871,040	127,343	12,407,358	36,060	12,443,418	1905
1906	2,373,866	1,978,374	2,849,203	4,149,651	4,694,059	2,384,620	78,902	18,509,275	3,896,137	22,405,412	1906
1907	3,134,221	1,421,654	2,469,828	3,855,946	4,027,230	2,675,419	60,125	17,644,423	4,612,898	22,257,321	1907
1908	2,722,725	1,246,640	1,476,942	4,244,330	9,104,365	2,832,200	49,580	21,676,782	3,046,507	24,723,289	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—*Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the ten months ending January, 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	10,717,688	9,114,723	25,352,924	40,984,683	21,928,875	8,987,277	160,427	117,246,597	907,592	118,154,189	1899
1900.....	10,981,729	10,180,581	28,881,269	48,086,484	20,912,578	10,828,611	281,108	130,152,360	1,246,810	131,399,170	1900
1901.....	38,083,564	10,163,022	27,044,285	49,774,618	21,055,429	12,917,724	114,226	151,152,868	471,722	151,624,590	1901
1902.....	34,890,752	12,218,033	29,521,868	51,686,761	25,342,452	14,926,529	20,944	168,607,339	185,426	168,792,765	1902
1903.....	23,727,699	10,580,924	33,708,213	62,140,357	39,011,266	16,878,092	69,004	192,115,555	.....	192,115,555	1903
1904.....	29,121,327	9,635,199	32,609,531	59,792,556	38,307,370	17,436,090	27,216	187,220,289	.....	187,229,289	1904
1905.....	26,580,533	9,914,716	29,578,882	55,454,379	29,415,137	17,516,874	120,256	168,580,777	.....	168,580,777	1905
1906.....	28,624,177	13,573,580	32,948,381	61,413,521	40,596,286	19,617,951	62,575	196,836,471	.....	196,836,471	1906
1907.....	30,822,906	11,477,169	42,196,826	61,422,417	44,544,592	21,621,898	107,829	212,253,637	.....	212,253,637	1907
1908.....	32,670,722	10,992,683	40,671,347	49,490,091	57,274,811	23,220,352	60,657	214,380,663	.....	214,380,663	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	217,363	20,977	95,138	1,034,814	15,166,304	1,066,153	404,334	18,005,083	1,796,562	19,801,645	1899
1900	176,016	63,125	278,867	1,074,226	11,760,400	1,089,193	314,528	14,756,355	4,886,532	19,642,887	1900
1901	147,589	10,679	272,732	1,339,537	10,095,581	1,352,167	276,233	13,494,518	1,380,642	14,875,190	1901
1902	152,312	37,480	14,980	814,706	11,434,382	2,006,023	225,871	14,685,754	2,247,223	16,932,977	1902
1903	161,285	23,413	20,839	593,504	7,533,762	2,031,022	648,091	11,012,516	389,116	11,401,632	1903
1904	174,654	15,480	290,771	470,504	9,041,754	2,090,157	417,625	12,500,945	560,091	13,061,036	1904
1905	180,805	14,035	118,361	639,988	8,121,338	2,881,707	520,213	7,476,447	2,027,615	10,104,062	1905
1906	203,893	22,656	83,480	686,651	6,214,009	2,628,817	916,407	10,755,913	5,582,199	16,338,112	1906
1907	220,774	22,940	193,828	726,153	8,750,524	2,713,768	1,012,960	13,640,947	16,485,866	30,126,813	1907
1908	316,097	28,108	333,674	738,500	9,417,027	3,937,893	652,412	15,423,711	16,160,852	31,584,563	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	10,435,051	9,135,700	25,448,062	42,019,497	37,095,179	10,053,430	564,761	135,251,680	2,704,154	137,955,834	1899
1900	11,157,745	10,243,706	29,160,136	49,160,710	32,672,978	11,917,804	595,636	144,908,715	6,133,342	151,042,057	1900
1901	30,231,153	10,173,701	27,317,017	51,114,155	31,151,010	14,269,891	390,459	164,647,386	1,852,364	166,499,750	1901
1902	35,043,064	12,255,513	29,536,848	52,501,467	36,776,834	16,932,552	246,815	183,293,083	2,432,049	185,725,742	1902
1903	29,888,984	10,604,337	33,729,052	62,733,861	46,545,028	18,909,714	717,095	202,128,071	389,116	203,517,187	1903
1904	29,295,981	9,950,679	32,900,302	60,203,060	47,349,124	19,526,247	444,841	199,730,234	560,091	200,290,325	1904
1905	26,761,338	9,928,751	29,697,243	56,094,367	32,536,475	20,398,581	640,469	176,037,224	2,627,615	178,664,839	1905
1906	28,828,070	13,596,236	33,031,861	62,100,172	46,810,295	22,246,768	978,982	207,592,384	5,582,199	213,174,583	1906
1907	31,043,680	11,500,109	42,390,054	62,148,570	53,295,116	24,335,666	1,180,789	225,894,584	16,485,866	242,380,450	1907
1908	32,086,819	11,020,791	41,005,021	50,228,591	66,691,838	27,158,245	713,069	229,804,374	16,160,852	245,965,226	1908

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of January, 1907 and 1908, and the *ten months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	7,042,592	8,074,767	6,786,872	12,494,589	55,255,494	114,653,810	67,537,146	123,143,977	81,066,926	119,442,281	\$	\$
Bermuda.....		37,003		43,834		339,581		289,694		320,867		
British Africa.....		104,435	3,373	289,455	23,634	1,648,631	198,761	1,251,285	27,393	1,562,939		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	11,244	315,430	9,298	295,182	117,732	1,750,536	137,170	2,024,760	283,653	2,498,246		
New Zealand.....	21,317	100,004	1,149	92,129	287,122	521,403	173,082	727,898	131,925	852,217		
British East Indies.....	344,156	5,993	427,610	4,448	2,363,226	23,651	3,116,521	24,006	3,562,266	24,113		
" Guiana.....	192,369	46,343	128,291	59,980	2,541,059	412,588	2,531,935	418,392	996,650	493,145		
" West Indies.....	60,645	219,206	162,196	287,356	4,660,387	1,815,611	4,570,791	2,015,465	6,477,847	1,969,650		
Fiji.....		23,787	76,603	33,471	633,284	52,491	36,336	41,677	399,688	92,930		
Hong Kong.....	11,394	7,285	28,961	23,388	112,540	82,260	132,540	7,255	206,338	90,490		
Newfoundland.....	133,501	128,025	128,999	379,772	1,625,021	2,966,537	1,564,133	2,749,499	1,641,546	2,986,926		
Other British Colonies.....	121	4,857	178	5,105	1,651	44,717	4,439	39,292	2,560	48,250		
Totals.....	7,817,339	9,067,135	7,753,530	14,008,719	67,621,050	124,311,806	80,062,754	132,753,340	94,786,792	130,382,054		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentina Republic.....	283,954	191,421	181,975	84,638	1,041,315	1,542,753	1,487,230	2,202,981	470,378	2,049,470		
Austria-Hungary.....	68,338	1,551	77,463	1,500	635,936	5,385	884,416	3,548	1,151,388	6,249		
Belgium.....	75,742	167,798	80,461	548,178	2,344,240	1,503,049	1,997,434	2,092,539	2,133,365	2,904,551		
Brazil.....		49,900	29,464	81,528	370,085	535,174	363,125	615,884	291,781	750,002		
Central American States.....		6,927	10,459	141,869	41,401	107,980	83,307	83,307	84,916	75,146		
China.....	54,431	59,960	69,621	66,272	485,130	961,338	455,684	563,558	620,708	756,275		
Chile.....		2,164	1,459	55,638	131,922	122,382	122,382	78,360	263,729	263,729		
Cuba.....	38,172	90,767	38,656	107,485	344,505	1,023,836	484,642	1,046,501	407,201	1,115,089		
Denmark.....	2,334	8,139	132	10,621	12,113	126,018	22,902	109,345	21,754	183,433		

Dutch E. Indies	667,213	118,461	6,107	897,313	414,433	480	540,424	1,000
France	582,642	180,065	796,990	5,918,878	6,779,662	1,772,815	8,270,667	1,567,477
French W. Indies	21,318	115,438	26,074	5,615,628	5,989,560	1,241,625	6,990,545	6,988
Germany	73,924	29,983	72,467	258,377	288,042	311	390,732	1,826,732
Greece	52,186	47,020	59,329	968,232	1,142,190	898,501	1,256,258	630,928
Holland	159,814	47,020	158,872	401,153	525,471	332,118	658,307	307,888
Italy	4,673	56,951	47,886	1,503,037	1,619,877	549,377	1,907,029	547,758
Japan				56,871	456,447	238,800	303,569	333,486
Mexico								
Norway and Sweden :—								
Norway	21,800	22,666	14,607	136,567	181,936	312,444	88,088	163,492
Sweden			5,732	3,992	159,709		154,842	89,204
Peru		1,963		201,201	6,242	101,917	51,431	100,288
Porto Rico	634	58,932	27	274,993	382,434	457,554	7,571	439,614
Portugal	11,430	239	9,755	101,286	100,319	170,432	126,436	44,915
Russia	28,672	43,872	25,418	333,313	251,565	209,279	230,077	366,488
Spain	124,794		33,145	836,171	916,145	48,632	1,054,394	72,447
Switzerland	216,643		339,765	1,616,248	1,534,474	29,212	2,175,849	12,202
United States	16,057,038	11,864,066	12,801,092	141,414,353	76,697,774	93,684,466	181,422,964	100,242,170
Other Foreign Countries	34,860	62,883	78,092	560,549	706,852	594,045	1,070,630	806,141
Totals	18,714,639	13,190,186	15,519,945	166,415,221	198,061,849	109,647,110	212,529,928	115,583,172
Grand totals	26,531,978	22,257,321	23,273,475	234,036,271	278,124,603	242,380,450	307,316,720	245,965,226
	48,789,299		47,996,764	447,210,854	520,505,053		553,281,946	

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of January, 1907 and 1908, and the *ten months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 9,386	.....	\$ 11,187	.....	\$ 138,946	.....	\$ 165,605	.....	\$ 194,769	.....
	United States.....	19,985	.....	18,603	.....	181,250	.....	308,376	.....	351,648	.....
	Other countries.....	432	.....	618	.....	10,060	.....	8,959	.....	10,168	.....
	Totals.....	29,803	.....	30,408	.....	330,256	.....	482,940	.....	556,585	.....
Animals, living.....	Great Britain.....	16	21,929	102	25,742	1,005	276,179	1,339	774,618	1,848	495,029
	United States.....	39,365	109,370	17,371	34,391	821,620	339,180	1,386,156	517,928	559,771	363,682
	Other countries.....	75	.....	95	.....	291	30,503	814	21,803	1,168	37,075
	Totals.....	39,456	131,299	17,568	60,133	822,916	645,862	1,388,309	1,314,349	562,787	895,786
Articlesex-warehoused, for ships'stores	Great Britain.....	.....	2,523	.....	2,087	.....	24,766	.....	29,394	.....	22,867
	United States.....	.....	8,247	.....	23,135	.....	409,422	.....	367,701	.....	440,370
	Other countries.....	.....	1,393	.....	266	.....	7,622	.....	9,261	.....	12,083
	Totals.....	.....	12,163	.....	27,488	.....	441,810	.....	406,356	.....	475,290
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,966	.....	681	.....	1,432
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	895	.....	1,196	.....	496
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	283	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,144	.....	2,205	.....	1,928

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....						655,879		1,303,285		
	United States.....						759,309		449,189		
	Germany.....						51,812		39,868		
	Other countries.....						54,402		68,206		
	Totals.....						1,521,902		1,860,548		
Asphaltum or asphalt	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....						1,372		47		23,095
	Other countries.....						160,526		288,553		286,631
	Totals.....						850		146		6,925
Baking powder	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....						163,048		288,746		316,651
	Totals.....										
Books, periodicals and other printed matter	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....										
Breadstuffs :-	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....										
Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice flour, &c.	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....										
Cereal foods, prepared	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....										
Rice, cleaned and uncleaned	Great Britain.....										
	United States.....										
	Other countries.....										
	Totals.....										

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....	Great Britain.....	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
	United States.....	37,564	432,721	72,649	261,985	682,331	5,266,195	514,766	5,415,869	613,554	7,304,928		
	Other countries.....					45	432		770				
	Totals.....	37,564	432,721	72,649	261,985		5,266,627	514,766	5,416,639	613,554	7,304,928		
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....					178				10			
	United States.....	7,980		10,942		143,863		137,398		141,834			
	Other countries.....	6		7		62		17		74			
	Totals.....	7,986		10,949		144,103		137,415		141,918			
All other, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	364		99		8,387	56	4,961	43	1,675	233		
	United States.....	29,119		16,274	87	418,783	633	277,710	321	312,398			
	Other countries.....	2,058		3,094		3,337		5,199	380	8,975			
	Totals.....	31,541		19,467	87	430,507	689	287,870	744	323,048	233		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	15,456		22,636		252,541	56	225,000	21,627	291,961	122,599		
	United States.....	97,175	432,721	117,240	262,072	1,509,339	5,276,110	1,194,965	5,427,982	1,371,798	7,306,357		
	Other countries.....	33,531	25,359	38,376	36,714	417,271	432	536,469	26,509	316,822	436,090		
	Totals.....	147,162	458,080	178,252	298,786	2,179,151	5,276,598	1,956,494	5,476,118	1,980,581	7,865,046		
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	6,419	2,390	514	31,651	28,938	191,823	82,381	199,283	96,721	225,369		
	United States.....	56,711	15,800	11,213	51,999	371,130	478,387	379,729	469,670	306,685	591,449		
	Other countries.....	4		56	529	1,192	248	1,962		649	856		
	Totals.....	63,134	18,190	11,783	84,179	401,260	670,458	464,072	668,953	404,055	817,674		

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	7,205	3,685	54,831	43,557	36,925
	United States.....	2,802	1,713	32,901	38,218	40,500
	Other countries.....	358	4,438	5,444	19,718	29,650
	Totals.....	10,365	9,836	93,176	101,493	107,075
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	26,316	15,763	168,472	182,219	204,125
	United States.....	20	20			40
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	26,316	15,783	168,472	182,219	204,165
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	2,050	5,143	27,732	44,220	
	United States.....	9,746	7,948	113,817	134,765	
	Other countries.....	14,640	11,388	108,402	140,892	
	Totals.....	26,436	24,479	249,951	319,877	
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	4,565	3,660	39,631	540	499
	United States.....	15,851	12,327	117,999	3,467	3,963
	Other countries.....	9,835	12,402	84,793	5,257	5,320
	Totals.....	30,251	28,380	241,823	9,264	9,782
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	897	617	12,226	10,835	
	United States.....	5,846	3,963	62,392	56,370	
	Other countries.....		184	814	892	
	Totals.....	6,743	4,764	75,432	68,097	
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs..... (Mats and rugs, included under woolen carpets subsequent to 1906.)	Great Britain.....	36,424	331	227,829	286,736	23,279
	United States.....	3,289	26	27,133	23,773	8,640
	Other countries.....	5,491	8,112	34,200	54,034	43,255
	Totals.....	45,204	8,469	289,162	366,533	75,174
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	60	177	30,842		180,182
	United States.....	25,903	12,352	301,057		563,180
	Other countries.....	4,549		39,767		71,719
	Totals.....	30,512	12,559	371,666		815,081

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain...	\$	1,013	\$	118	\$	3,394	\$	5,396	\$	6,614	\$	
	Bicycles	880		226		35,341		26,974		24,766			
	Other countries..												
	Totals	1,893		344		38,735		32,370		31,410			
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...			499		7,399		29,174		15,652			
	United States...	50,244		31,239		221,975		228,974		258,907			
	Other countries..	10,073		1,315		71,129		50,231		57,750			
	Totals	60,317		33,053		300,503		308,379		332,309			
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain...	1,539		991		14,832		16,897		24,584			
	United States...	60,244		37,342		922,815		1,045,379		1,220,740			
	Other countries..	120				35		183		3,427			
	Totals	61,903		38,333		937,682		1,062,459		1,248,751			
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain...	2,612		1,785		56,467		162,527		227,062			
	United States...	137,271		81,189		1,481,188		1,783,261		2,067,593			
	Other countries..	14,742		1,315		110,931		105,978		132,896			
	Totals	154,625		84,289		1,648,586		2,051,766		2,427,551			
Cement.....	Great Britain...	9,630		9,855		207,251		316,191		347,453			
	United States...	4,971		12,224		750,749		367,361		402,986			
	Belgium.....					60,193		43,203		47,963			
	Other countries..	145		52		56,428		20,235		15,198			
	Totals	14,746		22,131		1,074,621		746,830		813,592			

Clocks.....	Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries... Totals	494 23,391 2,388 413 26,686	632 12,197 3,342 269 16,440	11,087 214,816 32,776 14,430 273,071	12,113 240,624 32,738 12,385 300,898	15,058 237,256 43,365 13,375 309,049
Coal, coke, and coal dust.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	17,126 905,039 41 922,206	114 1,094,172 38 1,094,324	52,218 7,648,178 110 7,700,506	81,078 8,178,466 47 11,273,082	9,380 12,298,644 44,406 12,352,430
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	15,878 26,175 12,701 54,754	11,800 16,690 25,436 53,926	193,734 190,015 82,010 465,759	23,426 67,738 115,989 152,883	231,301 268,717 188,764 668,782
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory....	Great Britain... United States... Brazil... Venezuela... Other countries... Totals	594 7,606 75,714 2,908 2,882 8,222	774 6,377 29,464 13,115 104 7,255	16,874 105,372 270,337 41,882 6,516 128,762	15,757 99,634 350,638 69,714 132,784 531,954	19,782 108,897 288,253 53,684 3,688 127,367
Collars and cuffs.....	Great Britain... United States... Aust.-Hungary... Other countries... Totals	3,633 3,085 4,019 176 10,913	2,809 3,095 1,331 398 7,633	43,340 69,009 16,122 32,195 159,666	39,576 62,888 30,116 18,777 151,357	45,949 68,277 27,947 3,250 145,423
Combs.....	Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries... Totals	11,717 7,750 520 1,175 21,162	5,474 4,233 2,402 1,759 13,868	62,832 76,548 26,295 17,384 177,059	84,049 70,548 18,487 36,330 234,890	86,438 88,786 28,719 59,970 263,913
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	16,240 13,801 277 30,318	9,826 9,946 84 19,856	153,885 111,002 3,545 268,432	19,630 1,548,340 1,818 1,567,970	189,265 106,108 2,066 297,439
						110,907 1,416,067 2,066 1,526,974

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain...	14,128	27,877	91,806	108,673	108,673	228,059
	United States...	1,795	3,591	21,506	19,134	19,134	28,039
	Germany.....	21,111	28,270	81,005	105,550	105,550	174,434
	Other countries..	71	634	2,006	1,319	1,319	3,052
	Totals.....	37,103	60,372	196,323	234,676	234,676	434,244
Thread.....	Great Britain...	58,228	72,224	451,835	508,135	508,135	793,328
	United States...	17,381	13,264	152,283	157,466	157,466	175,864
	Other countries..	1,758	3,903	19,568	12,875	12,875	12,756
	Totals.....	77,367	89,391	623,686	678,476	678,476	981,948
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	22,060	20,177	308,348	334,015	334,015	374,750
	United States...	4,663	2,929	60,517	64,597	64,597	57,603
	Germany.....	398	72	34,061	28,722	28,722	26,198
	Other countries..	.....	72	9,449	19,658	19,658	22,672
	Totals.....	27,121	23,178	412,375	446,992	446,992	481,223
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	156,944	223,613	949,459	1,281,464	1,281,464	2,049,401
	United States...	91,701	82,631	801,711	941,664	941,664	1,041,143
	Other countries..	13,785	17,281	122,784	18,785	152,965	208,274
	Totals.....	262,430	323,525	1,873,954	2,376,093	2,376,093	3,298,818
<i>Recapitulation.</i>							
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,042,257	1,453,899	4,688,610	6,142,245	6,142,245	10,049,849
	United States...	216,032	161,726	1,627,788	1,818,383	1,818,383	1,937,485
	Other countries..	162,366	278,855	586,288	52,446	33,901	1,563,146
	Totals.....	1,420,655	1,894,460	6,902,636	8,023,074	8,023,074	13,550,480
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain...	42,923	94,562	326,358	327,395	327,395	402,379
	United States...	6,456	3,990	53,007	59,901	59,901	52,352
	Switzerland.....	4,053	8,994	51,292	39,958	39,958	82,007
	Other countries..	885	4,507	26,639	43,296	43,296	51,265
	Totals.....	54,317	112,053	457,296	470,550	470,550	588,003
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	53,293	42,265	603,850	978,944	978,944	1,296,905
	United States...	72,284	71,650	788,815	939,594	939,594	1,004,588
	Other countries..	46,426	44,918	434,877	542,752	542,752	521,782
	Totals.....	172,003	158,833	1,827,572	2,321,622	2,321,622	2,224,185
	Totals.....	497,357	460,922	1,827,572	3,740,074	3,740,074	5,812,264

UNREVISRD STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Earthenware, china and graniteware.	Great Britain...	76,175	...	106,411	...	790,154	...	970,794	...	1,132,715	...	...	...
	United States...	15,803	...	8,453	...	256,534	...	221,943	...	192,786	...	...	...
	Germany...	6,589	...	8,753	...	168,829	...	194,769	...	251,089	...	...	...
	Other countries..	18,766	...	19,665	...	205,112	...	245,223	...	296,630	...	...	...
	Totals ...	117,333	...	143,282	...	1,420,629	...	1,633,029	...	1,879,220	...	...	...
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...	1,744	...	2,942	...	76,189	...	72,875	...	44,411	...	...	176
	United States...	240,605	7,447	180,300	7,249	2,960,630	54,240	2,617,474	65,555	2,570,288	118,323	...	...
	Other countries..	4,999	...	1,780	...	32,998	435	28,913	379	47,612	1,414	...	...
	Totals ...	247,348	7,447	185,022	7,249	3,069,817	54,675	2,719,262	65,934	2,662,311	119,943	...	...
Embroideries, N. O. P.	Great Britain...	5,681	...	1,956	...	15,671	...	35,887	...	32,012	...	...	...
	United States...	871	...	561	...	4,823	...	9,325	...	7,766	...	...	...
	Switzerland.....	2,878	...	6,396	...	20,768	...	19,170	...	24,614	...	...	...
	Other countries..	1,150	...	1,452	...	11,875	...	21,908	...	20,028	...	...	...
	Totals	10,080	...	10,365	...	53,137	...	86,240	...	84,420	...	...	...
Fancy articles:— Braids, bracelets, cords, fringes, tassels, &c.....	Great Britain...	10,428	...	11,317	...	98,602	...	116,618	...	141,581	...	...	...
	United States...	6,536	...	6,427	...	94,540	...	88,075	...	77,083	...	...	...
	France.....	1,839	...	2,599	...	26,898	...	24,753	...	34,518	...	...	...
	Germany.....	8,216	...	9,792	...	111,761	...	91,110	...	93,833	...	...	...
	Other countries..	555	...	341	...	21,418	...	7,656	...	10,758	...	...	...
	Totals	27,594	...	30,476	...	353,219	...	328,212	...	357,773	...	...	...
Laces, lace collars and similar goods, lace nets and nettings of cotton, linen, silk or other material ...	Great Britain...	46,934	...	66,506	...	705,096	...	757,122	...	464,618	...	...	...
	United States...	3,042	...	2,014	...	76,989	...	60,967	...	67,321	...	...	...
	France.....	13,377	...	31,808	...	116,728	...	158,808	...	143,460	...	...	...
	Totals	63,353	...	100,328	...	898,813	...	976,897	...	675,407	...	...	...

Germany.....	13,992	9,005	219,302	204,871	84,790
Switzerland.....	1,822	2,657	31,707	46,488	24,456
Other countries.....	313	812	42,055	16,236	15,360
Totals.....	79,480	112,802	1,191,967	1,244,492	799,945
Fancy articles, other.....					
Great Britain.....	47,733	62,824	267,686	318,585	463,202
United States.....	15,343	12,077	293,530	325,780	317,497
France.....	21,378	30,477	96,224	147,738	165,318
Germany.....	10,114	18,001	237,382	323,393	449,833
Other countries.....	8,822	6,960	69,650	79,604	127,799
Totals.....	102,990	130,339	964,472	1,195,100	1,523,649
Fancy articles.....					
Great Britain.....	104,695	140,647	1,071,384	1,192,325	1,069,401
United States.....	24,941	29,518	465,050	474,822	461,901
Other countries.....	80,428	112,452	973,215	1,100,657	1,150,065
Totals.....	210,064	273,617	2,509,658	2,767,804	2,681,367
Fertilizers.....					
Great Britain.....	21,837	15,564	4,098	6,490	7,165
United States.....	21,837	15,564	99,974	131,032	196,706
Other countries.....	21,837	15,564	5,757	1,749	630
Totals.....	21,837	15,564	92,744	139,271	204,501
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....					
Great Britain.....	4,703	2,517	210,568	21,386	244,300
United States.....	2,843	1,309	322,707	18,621	332,843
Other countries.....	.....	.....	21,989	4	20,260
Totals.....	7,046	3,826	555,264	39,411	597,403
Fish and fish products, N.E.S.					
Great Britain.....	6,270	3,864	72,957	88,607	73,028
United States.....	96,336	84,191	447,593	469,904	441,037
Newfoundland.....	.....	128,308	1,028,338	821,503	958,053
Other countries.....	7,699	19,910	104,821	111,391	129,971
Totals.....	110,305	107,965	625,371	669,902	644,036
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of—					
Danask of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doilies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N.O.P.					
Great Britain.....	54,479	60,550	487,569	544,138	573,371
United States.....	647	648	9,495	6,615	7,270
Germany.....	199	432	8,358	12,550	3,665
Other countries.....	8,034	6,146	50,846	84,602	93,804
Totals.....	63,359	67,776	556,317	647,905	680,110

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Hemp, undressed	Great Britain .....	.....	4,396	.....	.....	.....	458,163	.....	252,416	.....	123,780		
.....	United States .....	.....	4,813	.....	23,422	.....	281,376	.....	284,942	.....	260,553		
.....	Other countries .....	.....	18,676	.....	.....	.....	73,409	.....	130,453	.....	112,673		
	Totals .....	.....	27,885	.....	23,422	.....	812,948	.....	687,811	.....	497,006		
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered													
.....	Great Britain	60,821	.....	14,412	.....	240,232	.....	328,336	.....	307,359	.....	
.....	United States	461	.....	210	.....	4,641	.....	9,289	.....	26,364	.....	
.....	B. E. Indies	4,465	.....	42,087	.....	120,640	.....	429,204	.....	724,317	.....	
.....	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,360	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	65,747	.....	56,709	.....	366,873	.....	766,829	.....	1,058,240	.....	
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way													
.....	Great Britain .....	.....	76,264	.....	57,578	.....	564,910	.....	631,871	.....	857,754		
.....	United States .....	.....	90	.....	105	.....	25,844	.....	2,905	.....	1,597		
.....	B. E. Indies .....	.....	8,013	.....	55,791	.....	124,006	.....	178,452	.....	168,827		
.....	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals .....	.....	84,367	.....	113,474	.....	715,360	.....	813,228	.....	1,027,878		
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleached, printed, dyed or coloured													
.....	Great Britain	53,238	.....	77,150	.....	489,126	.....	591,513	.....	540,724	.....	
.....	United States	1,532	.....	88	.....	22,143	.....	20,679	.....	9,270	.....	
.....	Other countries	92	.....	252	.....	9,979	.....	7,831	.....	4,348	.....	
	Total	54,862	.....	77,490	.....	521,248	.....	620,023	.....	554,342	.....	

Flax, hemp and jute, other	Great Britain...	96,952	67,989	79,010	11,268	687,305	217,497	789,025	373,246	902,955	298,065
	United States...	6,285	1,626	2,629	5,501	55,090	46,112	73,095	45,161	67,858	31,074
	Other countries...	12,679	.....	5,075	.....	107,293	.....	182,422	.....	195,353	13,976
	Total	115,916	69,615	86,714	16,769	849,688	263,609	1,044,542	418,407	1,166,166	343,055
<i>Recapitulation</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs of.....	Great Britain...	265,490	148,649	231,122	68,846	1,904,232	1,240,570	2,253,012	1,257,533	2,324,409	1,279,539
	United States...	8,925	6,529	3,575	29,028	91,369	353,332	109,678	333,008	110,962	293,224
	Other countries...	25,469	26,689	53,992	55,791	298,525	198,015	716,609	328,905	1,023,487	295,176
	Totals	299,884	181,867	288,689	153,665	2,294,126	1,791,917	3,079,299	1,919,446	3,458,858	1,867,939
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain...	10,583	.....	2,155	.....	46,969	.....	45,293	.....	109,230	.....
	United States...	173,545	.....	83,489	.....	856,127	.....	1,286,473	.....	1,077,544	.....
	France.....	33,781	.....	30,013	.....	151,623	.....	242,585	.....	217,284	.....
	Greece.....	21,318	.....	23,889	.....	235,535	.....	262,585	.....	306,096	.....
Fruits, green.....	Spain.....	66,921	.....	17,660	.....	483,771	.....	483,679	.....	672,017	.....
	Other countries.	23,437	.....	25,096	.....	223,575	.....	383,592	.....	401,809	.....
	Totals	329,585	.....	187,302	.....	1,999,600	.....	2,674,167	.....	2,844,580	.....
Fruits, green.....	Great Britain...	243	20,075	1,521	16,179	106,712	.....	97,467	59,687	69,791	183,549
	United States...	14,413	131,293	13,049	140,355	1,510,140	1,140,208	1,632,447	1,643,136	1,028,055	3,037,524
	Italy.....	.....	.....	.....	11,166	138,556	.....	189,256	.....	.....	277,006
	Other countries.	.....	39,255	180	20,127	86,985	42,602	69,082	197,127	21,286	153,351
Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....	Totals	14,656	190,623	14,750	187,827	1,842,394	1,182,810	1,988,292	1,899,950	1,110,132	3,651,430
	Great Britain...	8,566	.....	6,901	.....	118,144	747	186,180	715	249,001	.....
	United States...	9,163	.....	2,609	.....	54,085	11	64,822	144	75,632	53
	Other countries.	4,802	.....	9,197	.....	41,688	.....	59,954	121	57,707	1,817
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.....	Totals	22,531	.....	18,707	.....	213,917	758	310,956	986	382,340	1,870
	Great Britain...	19,392	20,075	10,577	16,179	271,825	747	298,940	60,402	419,022	183,549
	United States...	197,121	131,293	104,147	140,355	2,420,352	1,140,219	2,983,742	1,643,280	2,181,231	3,037,577
	Other countries.	150,259	39,255	106,035	31,258	1,363,734	42,602	1,600,733	197,248	1,736,739	432,174
<i>Totals</i>											
Totals		366,772	190,623	220,759	187,827	4,055,911	1,183,568	4,973,415	1,900,930	4,337,052	3,653,300

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	52,026	24,927	61,233	969	477,667	356,062	456,865	280,499	533,619	298,029		
	United States...	21,725	614,000	11,412	375,103	252,355	1,184,839	208,351	1,440,424	202,824	1,291,097		
	Germany	51,925	150,446	30,516	108,467	254,143	521,672	235,147	456,302	281,417	510,318		
	Other countries.	15,940	26,392	23,540	23,242	221,931	312,388	217,569	248,712	205,513	181,674		
	Totals	141,616	815,765	126,701	507,781	1,206,096	2,374,961	1,118,532	2,425,937	1,273,373	2,191,118		
Glass and mfrs. of:— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	16,041	.....	11,446	.....	258,954	.....	364,898	.....	318,513	.....	
	United States...	447	.....	2,660	.....	30,899	.....	37,768	.....	90,299	.....	
	Belgium	15,639	.....	5,459	.....	354,695	.....	607,950	.....	447,412	.....	
	Other countries.	2,219	.....	227	.....	4,692	.....	10,197	.....	9,834	.....	
	Totals	34,346	.....	19,792	.....	649,240	.....	1,020,813	.....	796,058	.....	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes.....	Great Britain...	27,786	.....	6,363	.....	125,844	.....	257,076	.....	237,540	.....	
	United States...	1,689	.....	158	.....	10,430	.....	14,632	.....	9,247	.....	
	Belgium	15,885	.....	3,520	.....	158,183	.....	199,812	.....	138,674	.....	
	Other countries	4,781	.....	657	.....	29,581	.....	36,512	.....	57,274	.....	
	Totals	50,135	.....	10,698	.....	324,038	.....	508,032	.....	442,735	.....	
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	10,856	.....	17,253	.....	155,298	2,746	217,833	341	260,168	.....	
	United States...	55,014	.....	43,809	.....	478,207	77	587,501	.....	640,206	4,396		
	Germany	6,579	.....	9,065	.....	128,711	.....	106,689	.....	162,610	.....	
	Other countries.	18,052	.....	20,978	.....	220,457	3,536	269,941	5,567	324,081	4,593		
	Totals	90,501	.....	91,105	.....	982,673	6,359	1,181,964	5,908	1,387,665	8,989		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of	Great Britain.....	54,677	.....	35,062	.....	540,496	2,746	839,897	341	816,221	.....
	United States.....	57,150	.....	46,627	.....	519,536	77	639,901	.....	669,752	4,396
	Other countries.....	63,155	.....	39,906	.....	896,319	3,536	1,231,101	5,567	1,140,485	4,593
	Totals.....	174,982	.....	121,595	.....	1,955,951	6,359	2,710,809	5,908	2,626,458	8,989
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	23,088	.....	67,391	.....	343,884	.....	446,898	.....	731,358	.....
	United States.....	7,400	.....	8,741	.....	112,028	.....	139,517	.....	155,651	.....
	France.....	9,816	.....	26,927	.....	211,935	.....	300,880	.....	252,674	.....
	Germany.....	6,206	.....	19,133	.....	89,134	.....	133,493	.....	314,201	.....
Other countries.....	.....	9,483	.....	8,351	.....	42,384	.....	92,274	.....	88,112	.....
	Totals.....	56,053	.....	130,543	.....	799,365	.....	1,113,062	.....	1,542,086	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	Great Britain.....	3,761	.....	5,739	.....	41,943	.....	64,784	.....	57,853	.....
	United States.....	5,440	.....	6,428	.....	77,852	529	86,805	236	73,049	844
	Germany.....	592	.....	234	.....	42,920	.....	40,920	.....	21,138	.....
	Other countries.....	992	.....	2,406	.....	37,400	.....	40,982	.....	24,632	.....
Totals.....	.....	11,145	.....	14,807	.....	199,795	529	233,491	236	176,672	844
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	.....	15,629	.....	1,056	510	237,181	330	190,229	1,296	121,225
	United States.....	5,693	165,533	3,951	134,064	31,698	533,228	41,028	529,590	51,044	1,057,974
	Other countries.....	1,960	583	848	38,426	16,893	4,166	17,453	128,169	21,575	669,148
	Totals.....	7,653	181,745	4,799	193,536	49,101	774,575	58,811	847,988	73,915	1,848,347
Grease, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	82	.....	.....	.....	1,186	5,471	564	20,976	526	7,354
	United States.....	4,544	51,313	7,027	60,778	36,387	260,364	72,268	434,769	99,463	650,882
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	11,068	83	5,529	116	6,031
	Totals.....	4,626	51,313	7,027	60,778	37,880	278,003	72,915	461,274	100,105	664,207
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	Great Britain.....	63,103	.....	34,493	.....	285,953	.....	407,130	.....	886,469	.....
	United States.....	16,671	.....	11,302	.....	213,162	.....	248,982	.....	279,637	.....
	Other countries.....	138	.....	6,264	.....	852	.....	2,362	.....	15,404	.....
	Totals.....	79,912	.....	52,059	.....	499,967	.....	658,474	.....	1,131,510	.....
Gutta, percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	10,296	1,513	16,041	787	79,447	1,467	79,479	3,854	140,497	19,003
	United States.....	37,946	268,356	35,262	137,999	533,279	2,374,941	535,818	2,442,677	564,895	2,703,339
	Other countries.....	2,351	1,805	4,719	105	21,614	433	32,351	4,036	43,419	68,683
	Totals.....	50,593	271,674	56,022	138,891	634,340	2,376,841	647,648	2,450,567	748,811	2,791,625

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.						TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain.....	1,678	8,683	3,865	413	9,715	15,530	12,947	39,344	23,883	34,032	23,883	34,032
	United States.....	593	6,982	926	4,615	13,534	52,454	11,245	66,174	19,048	91,561	16,737	6,477
	Other countries.....	162	1,460	173	513	1,146	5,189	2,817	16,737	6,398	6,477	16,737	6,477
	Totals.....	2,433	17,125	4,964	5,541	24,395	73,173	27,009	122,255	49,329	132,090	49,329	132,090
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	235,072	11,709	156,212	13,680	695,478	101,790	802,169	87,046	985,860	86,869	985,860	86,869
	United States.....	125,805	15,502	105,510	16,515	834,470	157,346	831,254	169,341	731,587	164,785	731,587	164,785
	Other countries.....	23,690	6,287	19,159	7,458	50,731	62,683	82,477	37,260	89,165	32,369	89,165	32,369
	Totals.....	384,567	33,498	280,881	37,653	1,580,679	321,819	1,715,900	293,647	1,806,612	284,023	1,806,612	284,023
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain.....	160,667	17,867	17,867	17,867	1,552,543	1,552,543	1,622,543	1,622,543	1,622,543	835,411	1,622,543	835,411
	United States.....	206,635	91,146	91,146	91,146	1,242,506	1,242,506	1,738,132	1,738,132	1,738,132	1,314,031	1,738,132	1,314,031
	Arg. Republic.....	283,954	181,975	181,975	181,975	915,804	915,804	1,441,443	1,441,443	1,441,443	443,704	1,441,443	443,704
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	198,295	.....	198,295
B. W. Indies.....	France.....	37,871	27,504	27,504	27,504	66,330	66,330	134,808	134,808	134,808	48,514	134,808	48,514
	Other countries.....	89,474	62,241	62,241	62,241	270,039	270,039	416,245	416,245	416,245	429,971	416,245	429,971
	Totals.....	778,501	383,388	383,388	383,388	4,880,084	4,880,084	6,424,235	6,424,235	6,424,235	4,078,621	6,424,235	4,078,621
Hops.....	Great Britain.....	5,196	7,114	7,114	7,114	44,574	44,574	38,643	38,643	38,643	43,861	38,643	43,861
	United States.....	22,193	27,366	27,366	27,366	105,073	105,073	67,755	67,755	67,755	111,975	67,755	111,975
	Germany.....	2,053	1,562	1,562	1,562	13,793	13,793	7,051	7,051	7,051	8,063	7,051	8,063
	Other countries.....	3,359	8,568	8,568	8,568	23,644	23,644	19,692	19,692	19,692	31,207	19,692	31,207
Totals.....	Totals.....	32,801	44,610	44,610	44,610	187,084	187,084	133,141	133,141	133,141	195,106	133,141	195,106

Ink....	Great Britain...	1,741	1,230	24,829	24,043	27,579	
	United States...	6,508	4,998	111,909	115,745	112,874	
	Other countries...	100	69	5,588	6,342	4,188	
	Totals.....	8,349	6,297	142,326	146,130	144,641	
Jewellery.....	Great Britain...	10,346	12,485	67,108	129,965	139,067	
	United States...	49,010	43,029	508,781	652,120	631,247	
	Germany.....	8,463	3,623	53,597	91,332	95,145	
	Other countries..	5,512	6,729	33,367	37,180	88,407	
	Totals.....	73,331	65,866	662,853	910,597	1,003,866	
Junk, old and oakum.....	Great Britain...						
	United States...						40,302
	Other countries..						13,165
	Totals.....						1,795
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.	Great Britain...						
	United States...						
	Other countries..						
	Totals.....						
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, import- ed by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories.....	Great Britain...	4,095	4,161	61,299	65,569	63,464	
	United States...	19,354	13,224	229,243	214,103	165,761	
	France.....	900	3,384	35,586	16,156	34,694	
	Other countries..			538	587	3,610	
	Totals.....	24,349	20,769	326,766	296,415	267,529	
Sole leather, all kinds.....	Great Britain...	968	130	2,290	3,569	8,083	
	United States...	26,832	36,461	263,830	341,617	416,627	
	Other countries..	1,006	1,033	6,557	10,093	10,383	
	Totals.....	28,806	37,624	272,677	355,279	435,093	
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Great Britain...	34,910	6,157	38,836	105,372	229,398	
	United States...	618	182	61,609	41,740	6,311	
	Other countries..		606			606	
	Totals.....	35,528	6,945	100,445	147,112	236,315	
Totals.....	Great Britain...	5,089	1,845	31,542	56,914	30,789	
	United States...	26,028	3,244	78,190	136,048	91,860	
	France.....		275	6,751	14,777	297	
	Other countries..	1,090		1,537	3,660	15	
	Totals.....	32,207	5,364	118,020	211,399	122,961	

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Brass and mfrs. of.....	13,589	30,715	14,024	18,837	81,047	94,491	115,945	177,318	200,212	208,977
United States.....	111,514	42,323	72,373	24,520	54,754	624,250	770,353	940,624	1,045,841	503,430
Other countries..	1,504	6,304	1,914	3,271	35,131	10,241	37,561	30,028	58,022	42,869
Totals.....	126,617	79,342	88,311	46,628	663,932	728,982	924,061	1,147,970	1,304,075	756,266
Copper and mfrs. of.....	811	2,742	716	5,703	5,840	31,766	7,502	40,204	9,222	225,783
United States.....	11,126	284,857	5,132	145,315	100,312	2,032,254	121,367	2,984,324	91,842	2,676,396
Other countries..	1,119	923	271	2,620	2,164	2,766	4,064	11,887	5,757	5,441
Totals.....	13,056	238,522	6,119	153,638	108,316	2,066,786	132,933	3,03,645	106,821	2,907,620
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....	13,494	.....	12,510	.....	126,335	.....	208,427	.....	210,333	.....
United States.....	11,347	.....	9,923	.....	264,366	291	254,639	270	244,043	.....
Other countries..	2,133	.....	2,934	.....	54,564	.....	60,409	.....	54,104	.....
Totals.....	26,974	.....	25,367	.....	445,265	291	523,475	270	508,480	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	3,108	.....	1,214	.....	23,110	.....	38,001	.....	28,094	.....
Agricultural implements	202,401	.....	91,261	.....	1,072,185	.....	1,955,773	.....	1,451,188	.....
Other countries..	101	.....	273	.....	1,096	.....	532	.....	1,959	.....
Totals.....	205,610	.....	92,748	.....	1,096,391	.....	1,994,306	.....	1,481,241	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether	51,577	.....	15,612	.....	375,921	.....	857,864	.....	678,415	.....
in coils, bundles, rods or bars	135,676	.....	102,015	.....	589,131	.....	1,330,233	.....	1,689,128	.....
comprising rounds, ovals, &c...	1,598	.....	2,610	.....	25,249	.....	29,713	.....	29,329	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	208,845	.....	120,237	.....	990,351	.....	2,217,860	.....	2,376,872	.....
Chains.....	7,961	.....	10,296	.....	54,336	.....	88,985	.....	182,406	640
United States.....	29,087	.....	5,183	17,061	145,886	.....	205,830	.....	115,676	163,919
Other countries..	158	.....	112	.....	3,672	.....	3,064	.....	3,974	.....
Totals.....	37,206	.....	15,591	17,151	203,954	.....	207,879	.....	302,056	164,559
Cream separators and steel bowls	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
for.....	.....	23,977	.....	27	.....	145,783	.....	143,091	.....	37,697
United States.....	.....	40,208	.....	30,729	.....	307,208	.....	388,135	.....	278,010
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	3,725	.....	5,381	.....	14,851	.....	19,765
Totals.....	.....	64,185	.....	34,481	.....	458,372	.....	546,077	.....	335,472

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain...	135,739	26,903	352,825	1,146,846	2,091,950
	United States...	206,992	51,821	505,840	1,268,975	1,578,762
	Other countries		150	4,928	1,771	38,042
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N.E.S.	Totals	342,731	78,874	863,593	2,417,592	3,708,754
	Great Britain...	98	611	820	10,555	98,067
	United States...	1,575	22,155	545,248	378,064	520,719
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.	Totals	1,673	22,766	552,008	388,619	618,912
	Great Britain...	5,872	4,126	182,863	186,462	292,192
	United States...	4,371	6,977	437,261	161,355	249,166
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.	Totals	10,243	11,103	702,591	467,816	561,230
	Great Britain...					
	United States...					16,450
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Totals					233,701
	Great Britain...	3,844	963	1,616,852	1,604,602	1,145,266
	United States...	96,461	45,916	722,281	955,445	39,956
Machinery and machines	Totals	101,063	48,200	2,363,351	2,582,244	1,260,737
	Great Britain...	85,801	116,937	326,892	462,380	809,754
	United States...	653,967	650,486	5,436,505	7,641,722	9,795,883
Nails	Totals	743,103	770,968	5,899,703	8,212,684	10,782,507
	Great Britain...	240		3,156	7,591	5,077
	United States...	4,188	2,499	99,561	83,915	83,174
	Totals	4,428	2,499	102,717	91,560	88,251

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
Iron and steel and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
Rolled iron or steel angles, tees, beams, channels, girders and other rolled shapes or sections, not punched, &c.	Great Britain.....	19,527	.....	14,924	.....	319,331	.....	792,202	.....	758,597	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	137,363	.....	210,743	.....	910,165	.....	1,524,430	.....	2,002,903	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	6,454	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	179,613	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	3,723	.....	.....	.....	272,780	.....	367,331	.....	79,363	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	160,613	.....	232,121	.....	1,502,276	.....	2,683,963	.....	3,020,176	.....	.....	.....
Rolled iron and steel plates or sheets, sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves.....	Great Britain.....	8,184	.....	2,213	.....	131,260	.....	164,388	.....	201,930	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	50,163	.....	14,549	.....	142,083	.....	284,140	.....	277,849	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	31	.....	602	.....	28,580	.....	19,513	.....	21,516	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	58,378	.....	17,364	.....	301,923	.....	468,041	.....	501,295	.....	.....	.....
Rolled iron or steel plates not less than 30 inches in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness, N.O.P.....	Great Britain.....	3,066	.....	5,558	.....	122,947	.....	198,280	.....	207,926	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	37,364	.....	32,743	.....	494,035	.....	582,853	.....	391,813	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	1,563	.....	7,836	.....	4,727	.....	5,604	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	40,430	.....	39,804	.....	624,518	.....	785,810	.....	605,343	.....	.....	.....
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, &c.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	2,148	.....	20,769	.....	2,619	.....	5,999	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	178,416	.....	52,498	.....	798,427	.....	851,678	.....	1,051,598	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	850	.....	16,193	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	178,416	.....	54,646	.....	819,196	.....	855,147	.....	1,073,790	.....	.....	.....

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scrolls or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	181	28,156	2,383	54,890	180,088	300,641	59,524	9,360	390,962
	United States...	63,904	28,019	28,019	...	453,261	508,114	...	416,339	...
	Other countries...	2,212	...	47	...	7,368	11,925	...	20,586	...
	Totals	66,297	28,156	30,449	54,890	640,717	820,680	59,524	446,785	390,962
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	1,879	2,833	...	2,450	...
	United States...	34,181	...	42,780	...	413,100	355,532	...	353,512	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	944	173	...	1,343	...
	Totals	34,181	...	42,780	...	415,923	358,538	...	357,305	...
Steel rails...	Great Britain...	3,837	...	9,490	...	796,888	233,039	...	85,954	...
	United States...	6,119	...	30,689	...	363,723	1,807,770	...	1,154,739	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	4,953	12,454	...	6,351	...
	Totals	9,956	...	40,188	...	1,165,594	2,053,263	...	1,247,044	...
Tools and implements...	Great Britain...	7,636	...	10,756	...	58,631	86,325	...	103,608	...
	United States...	111,327	...	64,400	...	454,757	1,244,568	...	1,070,869	...
	Other countries...	4,492	...	6,906	...	47,149	49,824	...	54,848	...
	Totals	123,455	...	82,122	...	1,060,537	1,380,717	...	1,229,325	...
Tubing...	Great Britain...	2,142	15,325	24,096	9,553	126,803	95,024	92,228	159,010	188,425
	United States...	73,772	7,110	20,722	25,768	858,800	987,212	151,808	720,809	522,232
	Other countries...	100	...	...	8,152	31,536	25,095	...	...	56,489
	Totals	82,014	22,433	45,718	43,473	1,017,229	1,107,331	247,036	879,819	767,146
Wire...	Great Britain...	31,920	775	25,601	11,314	198,093	258,652	106,697	506,092	323,840
	United States...	161,246	71,688	30,371	170,202	482,226	813,589	1,184,832	560,989	1,317,339
	Other countries...	4,264	...	893	...	20,871	60,206	73,803	78,174	81,824
	Totals	197,430	72,463	57,465	181,516	701,190	1,138,537	1,365,332	1,145,255	1,723,003
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain...	346,713	23,099	182,096	207,584	1,351,711	2,096,583	267,752	2,288,768	606,277
	United States...	624,482	96,648	400,871	103,197	4,891,352	6,593,820	1,151,315	6,618,502	1,502,325
	Other countries...	20,385	21,397	16,520	31,893	278,706	356,048	180,087	337,849	241,816
	Totals	991,580	141,144	599,487	342,674	6,521,769	9,010,446	1,599,151	9,245,119	2,350,418

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF JANUARY.						TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
		Countries.		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
				Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	768,590	206,518	495,008	415,065	6,728,730	688,419	9,275,067	919,774	9,358,890	4,145,384		
	United States...	2,987,451	433,816	2,081,477	450,824	22,226,094	4,532,755	31,753,593	4,354,623	34,463,575	5,735,492		
	Other countries.	58,425	21,578	69,451	44,979	1,120,407	197,750	1,358,047	295,789	1,354,031	418,179		
	Totals.....	3,814,466	661,912	2,645,936	910,868	30,075,231	5,418,924	42,386,707	6,070,186	45,176,496	10,299,055		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	51,881	8,080	3,385	9,731	249,209	47,573	368,752	74,434	334,367	105,049		
	United States...	4,483	247	2,383	1,004	38,418	33,158	41,636	25,312	45,762	20,603		
	Other countries.	4,189	90	3,894	4	27,561	1,293	32,584	4,037	46,626	3,158		
	Totals...	60,553	8,417	9,662	10,739	315,188	82,024	442,972	103,783	426,755	128,810		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	3,581	143,563	1,129	72,629	26,574	1,424,530	31,888	1,700,369	35,462	1,851,746		
	United States...	13,195	54,077	10,566	77,269	144,256	948,874	237,052	1,207,653	178,131	1,190,021		
	Other countries.	1,136	301	444	1,488	8,365	148,123	10,429	187,333	7,418	159,274		
	Totals...	17,912	197,941	12,139	151,386	179,195	2,521,527	279,369	3,095,355	221,011	3,201,041		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	.....	6,875	.....	7,969	844	89,741	304	123,148	1,097	197,796		
	United States...	1,271	6,898	523	21,710	8,410	153,254	10,578	186,804	13,696	69,843		
	Belgium.....	.....	4,923	.....	9,466	.....	63,130	.....	67,639	.....	149,220		
	Germany.....	.....	3,002	.....	.....	36	22,790	39	68,858	89	20,597		
Other countries.	.....	121	8	.....	.....	468	9,991	272	3,087	726	31,425		
Totals.....		1,276	21,819	531	39,145	9,758	338,906	11,193	449,536	15,608	468,881		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	25,318	3,328	37,154	7,142	179,678	141,270	218,463	185,290	319,464	109,107		
	United States...	163,200	118,001	110,555	59,649	1,137,508	1,876,149	1,398,209	2,390,321	1,669,719	2,658,781		
	Other countries.	17,006	22,521	6,137	3,173	81,086	546,808	96,284	756,269	159,082	627,001		
	Totals.....	205,524	143,850	153,846	69,964	1,398,272	2,564,227	1,712,956	3,332,420	2,148,265	3,394,889		

<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of . . .	Great Britain . . .	877,274	401,821	563,926	537,076	7,398,257	2,517,790	10,226,348	3,220,537	10,469,047	6,838,842
	United States . . .	3,303,587	890,219	2,292,932	780,291	24,467,118	10,200,985	34,587,629	12,590,331	37,752,609	12,884,536
	Other countries . . .	85,517	59,763	85,053	65,001	1,329,752	1,002,892	1,599,689	1,424,867	1,685,855	1,437,164
	Totals	4,266,378	1,351,803	2,941,911	1,382,368	33,195,157	13,721,667	46,413,666	17,235,935	49,907,511	21,150,562
Mineral water	Great Britain . . .	415	327	327	17,009	63,247	1,251	10,743	14,799	85	85
	United States . . .	3,242	855	2,432	19	63,247	1,251	77,609	1,940	61,690	443
	France	926	1,624	1,624	51,154	52,500	52,500	72,987	72,987	72,987	72,987
	Germany	69	81	81	13,477	11,999	13,477	40,603	1	36,621	20
Musical instruments	Other countries . . .	100	81	81	15	11,999	13,477	8,954	1	10,536	20
	Totals	4,752	855	4,464	34	156,886	1,251	190,609	1,941	196,633	548
Mustard	Great Britain . . .	3,118	627	2,169	97	19,229	5,923	24,794	6,092	42,643	11,014
	United States . . .	73,066	3,090	48,476	2,280	324,601	28,391	436,517	22,390	641,430	29,777
	Germany	2,469	680	10,589	4,196	57,480	18,841	66,575	19,920	73,511	17,631
	Other countries . . .	3,168	21	3,232	27,336	27,336	76	28,539	21	35,441	20
Oils :—	Totals	81,821	4,418	64,466	6,583	428,646	53,231	556,425	48,423	793,025	58,422
	Great Britain . . .	3,892	3,339	3,339	81,821	81,821	81,821	86,380	95,272	95,272	95,272
	United States . . .	1,844	974	974	23,288	23,288	23,288	22,418	25,086	25,086	25,086
	Other countries . . .	46	21	21	594	594	594	719	522	522	522
Mineral oils	Totals	5,782	4,334	4,334	105,643	105,643	105,643	109,517	120,880	120,880	120,880
	Great Britain . . .	209	200	200	247	2,854	4,532	3,005	7,390	2,566	8,480
	United States . . .	75,991	55,692	91,394	55,094	805,515	652,686	786,670	642,741	580,659	1,182,385
	Other countries . . .	76,200	55,692	91,594	55,341	370	545	23	25	25	550
Fish oils	Totals	76,200	55,692	91,594	55,341	808,739	657,763	789,698	650,131	583,250	1,191,415
	Great Britain . . .	2,532	7	1,704	1,711	16,409	1,743	14,254	2,310	2,310	2,310
	United States . . .	299	1,353	638	2,887	8,767	61,353	6,202	57,023	16,232	53,001
	Other countries . . .	2,831	1,353	2,349	2,887	26,887	61,353	22,229	57,023	25,067	53,001
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—	Totals	2,831	1,353	2,349	2,887	26,887	61,353	22,229	57,023	25,067	53,001
	Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	6,350	11,851	3,000	3,000	75,074	45,426	78,575	78,575	69,291	69,291
	Great Britain . . .	1,120	1,120	303	303	49,426	11,459	20,118	20,118	36,991	36,991
	Other countries . . .	19,321	19,321	3,303	3,303	131,989	131,989	148,516	148,516	124,342	124,342

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1906.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	56,318		39,586	25	232,407	156	11,415		304,142	859	456,054	4,654
	Other countries..					475	4,037	43					
	Totals.....	56,318		39,611		236,080	4,193	375,600		2,292		456,913	4,654
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain...	5,352		1,270		633,698		178,066				117,009	
	United States...	1,496		2,038		33,232		51,670				38,454	
	Other countries..							34				242	
	Totals.....	6,878		3,303		666,930		229,770				155,705	
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain...	428		732		7,995		7,380				13,585	
	United States...	22,427		39,958		300,011		370,918				492,181	
	Other countries..	4		2,106		551		287				4,425	
	Totals.....	22,859		42,796		308,557		378,585				510,191	
Oils, other	Great Britain...	1,836		7,321	679	54,404	4,213	73,170	3,435			97,039	15,087
	United States...	14,059	6,995	14,166	2,274	131,912	32,906	182,404	49,793			193,551	63,878
	Other countries..	8,815		5,760		82,698		92,715	788			106,691	886
	Totals.....	24,710	6,995	27,247	2,953	269,014	37,119	348,289	54,016			397,281	79,801
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Oils.	Great Britain...	7,855	6,350	9,555	3,926	703,860	83,975	274,779	89,400			233,368	92,858
	United States...	172,823	74,538	188,841	57,671	1,519,486	735,055	1,770,088	744,649			1,577,131	1,287,908
	Other countries..	9,118	2,473	8,504	2,887	92,861	73,387	99,304	77,929			117,908	72,447
	Totals.....	189,796	83,361	206,900	64,484	2,316,207	892,417	2,144,171	911,978			2,128,407	1,453,213

Oilcloth	63,374	49,436	441,103	614,877	688,176
Great Britain	26,334	11,914	131,889	213,736	189,536
United States	358	13	1,083	1,191	2,862
Other countries					
Totals	90,866	61,413	574,075	829,824	880,574
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments					
Great Britain	4,341	6,165	31,729	36,529	16,284
United States	18,290	18,691	208,380	33,491	105,857
Other countries	4,058	1,413	39,665	244,337	323,196
Totals	26,629	7,066	280,174	40,859	57,868
Packages					
Great Britain	92,873	671	361,945	503,350	966,831
United States	179,370	74	1,435,384	1,626,905	361
Other countries	34,768	103	338,590	348,024	438,570
Totals	307,011	848	2,133,419	2,478,279	3,231,076
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans					
Great Britain	22,321	13,301	80,674	151,008	201,438
United States	34,272	35,621	250,936	346,462	403,323
Other countries	12,411	14,994	72,162	143,333	250,185
Totals	69,004	63,816	409,772	640,803	915,006
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white					
Great Britain	11,256	5,763	170,269	338,370	465,736
United States	16,094	9,104	204,493	108,736	77,013
Germany	399	174	159,238	31,898	48,275
Other countries		1,288	68,703	39,661	42,987
Totals	27,749	16,329	602,703	518,665	574,011
Other paints and colours					
Great Britain	8,976	4,538	91,520	152,622	197,353
United States	29,333	15,611	294,151	338,724	282,304
Germany		1,208	29,079	3,536	9,225
Other countries	3,096	2,004	17,409	22,265	10,892
Totals	41,405	23,451	432,159	533,934	562,268
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders					
Great Britain	1,807	3,909	10,564	16,457	17,664
United States	20,641	18,229	130,560	112,651	105,732
Other countries	815	2,858	1,137	8,104	10,881
Totals	23,263	24,996	148,251	137,242	134,277

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	2,603	3,984	38,638	30,873	43,447
	United States.....	7,067	6,238	117,899	136,523	163,777
	Other countries.....	145	555	3,285	2,309	5,492
	Totals.....	9,815	10,777	159,713	169,705	212,716
Perfumery, pomades, &c.....	Great Britain.....	1,230	1,511	24,021	26,073	26,581
	United States.....	7,933	7,978	83,440	125,309	152,583
	France.....	2,924	2,464	75,481	80,003	99,871
	Other countries.....	351	709	4,968	8,667	12,303
	Totals.....	12,438	12,662	187,910	240,052	291,338
Pickles, sauces and catsups	Great Britain.....	8,099	7,909	211,787	247,690	301,556
	United States.....	3,827	5,847	94,891	101,398	109,554
	Other countries.....	1,607	1,389	20,537	21,585	35,869
	Totals.....	13,633	15,145	327,215	370,673	447,009
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Great Britain.....	30,875	23	33,906	66,208	567,646
	United States.....	15,684	2,986	21,091	53,165	198,355
	France.....	7,068	3,738	18,720	29,997	65,138
	Holland.....				122,714	263,978
	Other countries.....	3,741	170	8,069	218,694	310,299
	Totals.....	63,368	6,917	81,776	117,502	55,961
	Totals.....		22,289	1,198,349	266,872	1,306,239
Provisions :— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Great Britain.....	4,566	2,487	12,694	23,872	62,807
	United States.....	47,793	97,522	532,278	737,858	1,074,414
	Other countries.....	9,643	7,524	38,708	51,406	64,659
	Totals.....	61,802	107,533	573,635	812,136	1,191,880
Meats— Bacon and hams.....	Great Britain.....	149	14	646	1,821	4,634
	United States.....	52,562	42,145	527,855	807,077	681,841
	Other countries.....	16	148	323	473	292
	Totals.....	52,727	42,307	528,824	809,371	686,767
Pork, barrelled in brine.....	Great Britain.....			4,980	5,158	
	United States.....	78,592	50,416	576,393	694,944	538,496
	Other countries.....		25	71	86	496
	Totals.....	78,592	50,441	581,444	700,188	538,992

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>											
Meats— <i>Con.</i>											
Other meats, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	1,942	...	1,474	...	18,551	...	31,821	...	44,844	...
	United States...	32,258	...	32,144	...	405,514	...	525,507	...	361,946	...
	Other countries...	8,796	...	4,905	...	20,551	...	38,167	...	55,086	...
	Totals	37,996	...	38,523	...	444,616	...	595,495	...	461,876	...
Recapitulation.											
Provisions	Great Britain...	6,457	...	3,975	...	36,876	...	61,672	...	112,285	...
	United States...	211,205	...	222,227	...	2,032,040	...	2,765,386	...	2,656,637	...
	Other countries...	13,455	...	12,602	...	59,653	...	90,132	...	110,533	...
	Totals	231,117	...	238,804	...	2,128,569	...	2,917,190	...	2,879,515	...
Rags.	Great Britain...	...	9,711	...	9,740	...	89,988	...	125,937	...	228,970
	United States...	...	13,248	...	38,785	...	156,522	...	191,216	...	424,594
	Germany	...	...	...	2,322	...	25,660	...	39,658	...	35,441
	Other countries...	...	...	...	890	...	5,974	...	7,975	...	6,571
	Totals	...	22,959	...	51,737	...	278,144	...	364,380	...	695,576
Rennet...	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	174	...	356	...	886
	United States...	...	27	...	...	...	34,308	...	27,149	...	28,036
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	13,245	...	18,319	...	25,366
	Totals	...	27	...	...	...	47,727	...	45,824	...	54,288
Resin or rosin	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	2,256	...	8,358	...	488
	United States...	...	19,936	...	28,247	...	289,204	...	319,991	...	417,098
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	67	...	...	...	...
	Totals	...	19,936	...	28,247	...	291,527	...	328,349	...	417,586

Ribbons	Great Britain	59,608	51,905	341,365	409,626	503,964
	United States	7,272	2,441	53,405	84,349	86,046
	France	35,216	53,229	151,079	244,821	399,012
	Switzerland	30,757	56,284	181,066	237,626	335,726
	Other countries	7,493	5,579	131,309	48,561	54,634
	Totals	140,346	168,438	858,824	1,025,197	1,379,282
Salt	Great Britain		7,972			
	United States	3,919	4,070	101	294,748	292,318
	Other countries		2,747	54,672	10,122	10,959
					35,371	33,874
	Totals	3,919	2,924	54,773	68,306	85,268
Seeds and bulbous roots	Great Britain	19,995	5,084	24,244	27,073	23,177
	United States	85,355	3,719	290,577	306,704	4,277,523
	Other countries	10,472	2,260	17,171	29,294	22,494
	Totals	115,822	93,662	331,992	362,071	4,323,194
Settlers' effects	Great Britain		18,384			
	United States		188,685			
	Other countries		4,768			
	Totals		211,787			
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing	Great Britain	6,753	11,304	139,557	124,338	168,789
	United States	1,697	1,371	38,793	32,138	36,896
	Japan	4,392	1,538	25,833	25,364	39,840
	Other countries	2,622	4,525	20,458	23,684	30,106
	Totals	16,064	18,738	224,641	205,524	275,631
Fabrics	Great Britain	94,697	104,486	1,114,598	1,014,402	1,277,515
	United States	17,887	11,113	163,447	151,062	133,295
	France	71,401	72,970	402,172	402,387	531,665
	Germany	13,559	15,080	38,506	46,217	122,666
	Japan	26,503	20,241	306,272	289,246	237,397
	Switzerland	43,241	39,561	556,179	350,974	450,974
	Other countries	5,016	13,723	242,352	186,974	164,774
	Totals	272,304	277,124	2,822,826	2,441,145	2,918,286

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain		30,028		13,403		312,012		332,676		397,308		397,308
	United States						6,485		50,712		17,622		17,622
	Other countries												
	Totals		30,028		13,403		318,497		383,388		414,930		414,930
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N.E.S.	Great Britain	8,023		10,107		168,999		172,688		230,650			
	United States	496		566		11,444		9,147		12,578			
	France	122		2,617		45,372		32,060		54,678			
	Germany	1,165		1,372		22,890		28,804		28,063			
	Other countries	221				3,024		1,822		3,225			
	Totals	10,027		14,662		251,729		244,521		329,194			
Silk, other	Great Britain	13,154	37	13,752		163,591	1,800	160,969	1,924	193,104	1,997		
	United States	3,742	3,544	1,811	1,326	44,402	14,584	50,280	20,483	57,124	24,111		
	Japan	4,818		2,424		96,387		97,918		128,350			
	Other countries	2,835	62	1,754	45	35,968	182	42,281	1,852	51,044	722		
	Totals	24,549	3,643	19,741	1,371	340,548	16,566	351,448	24,259	429,822	26,830		
Recapitulation. Silk and mfrs. of	Great Britain	122,627	37	139,649		1,586,745	1,800	1,472,397	1,924	1,870,658	1,997		
	United States	23,822	33,572	14,861	14,729	258,086	326,596	242,627	353,159	239,893	421,419		
	Other countries	176,495	62	175,755	45	1,794,913	6,667	1,527,614	52,564	1,842,982	18,344		
	Totals	322,944	33,671	330,265	14,774	3,639,744	335,063	3,242,638	407,617	3,952,933	441,760		

Soap.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	4,040; 28,280 7,667 616	3,461; 30,380 4,244 318	37,188; 298,299 62,224 5,540	341; 657	45,229; 374,751 91,912 5,853	490; 791	51,493; 387,652 85,340 6,807	428; 670
	Totals.....	40,603	38,953	403,251	998	517,745	1,281	531,292	1,098
Spices.....	Great Britain... United States... B. E. Indies... Other countries..	10,388 4,260 1,716 1,931	2,233 1,983 2,787 438	103,770 61,677 35,745 26,039	..... ..... ..... .....	126,029 55,579 62,476 20,793	..... ..... ..... .....	113,488 56,797 43,474 24,796	....................
	Totals.....	18,295	7,441	227,231	.....	264,877	.....	238,555	.....
Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy	Great Britain... United States... France..... Other countries..	1,218 300 38,757 58	1,334 179 44,061 45	20,336 1,273 442,536 785	..... ..... ..... .....	20,336 1,102 519,495 953	..... ..... ..... .....	13,986 4,640 561,826 856	....................
	Totals.....	40,333	45,619	465,542	.....	541,886	.....	581,308	.....
Gin of all kinds...	Great Britain... United States... Holland... Other countries..	5,454 23,272 37	9,325 22 28,845	71,847 168 231,254 195	..... ..... ..... .....	87,550 160 252,940 92	..... ..... ..... .....	108,466 757 328,979 46	....................
	Totals.....	28,763	38,192	303,464	.....	340,742	.....	438,248	.....
Whiskey.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	90,850 488 214	95,653 258 90	719,836 9,184 847	..... ..... .....	892,299 7,632 878	..... ..... .....	1,001,117 5,723 674	...............
	Totals.....	91,552	96,001	729,867	.....	900,829	.....	1,007,514	.....
Other spirits.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	3,836 759 12,374	3,751 667 13,849	28,808 51,450 110,493	..... ..... .....	35,061 10,625 130,253	..... ..... .....	39,783 9,172 145,035	...............
	Totals.....	16,969	18,267	190,751	.....	175,939	.....	193,990	.....
Wines, non-sparkling.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Spain..... Other countries..	2,844 1,913 5,751 10,105 10,262	2,012 1,894 8,789 8,887 9,352	23,750 17,793 100,138 120,072 92,553	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	31,939 17,615 110,148 132,169 95,716	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	31,629 16,348 109,868 139,292 105,567	.........................
	Totals.....	30,875	30,934	354,106	.....	387,587	.....	402,704	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907. *		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Spirits and wines— <i>Con.</i> Wines, sparkling.....	Great Britain....	\$ 266	\$	\$ 358	\$	\$ 11,563	\$	\$ 11,036	\$	\$ 8,457	\$		
	United States....	90	..	90	..	2,869	..	6,843	..	2,174	..		
	France	23,881	..	20,962	..	214,600	..	265,489	..	287,686	..		
	Other countries..	551	..	270	..	2,909	..	4,412	..	3,846	..		
	Totals	24,788	..	21,680	..	231,941	..	287,780	..	302,163	..		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Spirits and wines.....	Great Britain....	104,468	..	112,433	..	876,732	..	1,078,221	..	1,203,438	..		
	United States....	3,550	..	3,110	..	82,737	..	43,997	..	38,814	..		
	Other countries..	125,292	..	135,150	..	1,316,292	..	1,512,545	..	1,683,675	..		
	Totals	233,280	..	250,693	..	2,275,671	..	2,634,763	..	2,925,927	..		
Stone and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain....	4,504	56	5,386	1,951	99,097	31,800	113,874	49,536	130,742	30,065		
	United States....	18,535	15,818	17,311	25,784	303,810	138,856	361,193	232,910	332,602	377,357		
	Other countries..	509	146	127	..	5,758	16,507	8,756	8,186	4,339	28,742		
	Totals	23,548	16,020	22,824	27,735	408,665	187,163	483,823	290,632	467,673	436,164		
Sugar, molasses, &c. — Sugar.....	Great Britain....	51,378	..	23,991	..	794,344	..	771,005	..	906,248	..		
	United States....	485	..	59	..	15,421	..	10,423	..	3,676	..		
	Belgium .....	..	..	..	..	681,421	..	343	..	11,546	..		
	B. Guiana	190,577	..	124,820	..	2,526,533	..	2,507,108	..	976,140	..		
	B. W. Indies....	4,383	..	105,990	..	3,650,004	..	3,318,350	..	5,230,915	..		
	Dutch E. Indies.	..	..	5,536	..	895,600	..	406,565	..	533,367	..		
	Fiji .....	..	..	74,891	..	..	..	..	..	327,976	..		
	Germany	6	..	..	..	3,346	..	6	..	631,715	..		
	Other countries..	38	..	60	..	939,256	..	341,529	..	..	..
	Totals	246,867	..	336,347	..	9,506,425	..	7,355,329	..	8,621,783	..		

Molasses.	Great Britain.....	235	.....	425	.....	4,022	.....	1,982	.....	6,389	.....
	United States.....	19,112	.....	8,117	.....	64,845	.....	73,281	.....	40,130	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	1,924	.....	2,206	.....	5,355	.....	4,312	.....	4,439
	Porto Rico.....	424	.....	.....	.....	273,154	.....	229,739	.....	758,376	.....
	Other countries..	323	.....	27	.....	5,358	.....	47,371	.....	6,931	.....
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	Totals.....	20,694	1,924	8,569	4,786	347,379	693,702	322,373	762,688	53,450	891,855
	Great Britain.....	7,861	.....	12,863	.....	139,812	.....	183,481	.....	274,178	.....
	United States.....	18,416	.....	9,660	.....	140,033	.....	157,640	.....	151,605	.....
	Other countries..	2,036	.....	1,077	.....	17,709	.....	18,251	.....	23,750	.....
	Totals.....	28,313	1,924	23,600	4,786	297,554	.....	359,372	.....	449,533	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	Great Britain.....	59,474	.....	37,279	.....	938,178	.....	956,498	.....	1,186,815	.....
	United States.....	38,613	.....	17,836	.....	220,799	.....	241,344	.....	195,411	.....
	Other countries..	197,787	1,924	313,401	3,366	8,992,381	688,347	6,889,262	758,370	7,742,540	887,416
	Totals.....	295,874	1,924	368,516	4,786	10,151,358	693,702	8,037,074	762,688	9,124,766	891,855
	Totals.....	.....	117,037	.....	154,459	1,432	794,241	493	957,812	16	1,160,877
Tea.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,486	.....	27,559	.....	18,708	.....
	United States.....	3,964	.....	454	.....	1,378,764	.....	1,500,838	.....	1,788,567	.....
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	269,706	.....	303,618	.....	135,110	.....	132,470	.....	138,349
	China.....	.....	17,537	.....	11,796	.....	556,644	.....	525,645	.....	639,063
	Other countries..	.....	52,196	.....	46,194	6	4,040	74	176	7	.....
	Totals.....	3,964	456,476	454	516,067	25,924	2,868,699	28,126	3,116,941	18,731	3,736,856
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	17,562	.....	15,281	.....	107,822	1,945	129,947	358	164,892	4,430
	United States.....	20,517	479,803	11,946	179,320	144,288	2,119,085	182,752	2,574,549	210,579	2,433,312
	Cuba.....	28,780	4,060	26,813	11,640	314,202	18,922	399,872	64,823	333,195	65,632
	Other countries..	3,366	2,867	3,522	2,419	38,748	9,317	47,420	57,698	47,897	35,905
	Totals.....	70,225	486,730	57,562	193,379	605,060	2,149,269	759,991	2,697,428	736,563	2,530,299
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c	Great Britain.....	12,704	.....	21,146	.....	208,997	.....	228,183	.....	261,530	.....
	United States.....	1,596	.....	1,807	.....	29,460	.....	33,429	.....	43,292	.....
	Aust.-Hungary..	3,258	.....	9,695	.....	39,512	.....	46,817	.....	102,352	.....
	France.....	2,625	.....	10,994	.....	73,087	.....	52,048	.....	118,324	.....
	Other countries..	750	.....	1,404	.....	30,892	.....	14,290	.....	25,848	.....
	Totals.....	20,873	.....	45,046	.....	381,948	.....	374,767	.....	551,376	.....

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Turpentine, spirits of....	Great Britain....	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States....	56,906			90	3,814		2,231					3,325
	Other countries....				16,620	439,371		507,461					493,989
	Totals.....	56,906			16,710	443,185		509,692					623
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.....	Great Britain....	5,792		7,422		23,842		35,956		54,106			
	United States....	1,513		1,978		6,512		8,453		17,530			
	Other countries....	24		17		962		1,266		5,350			
	Totals ...	7,329		9,417		31,316		45,675		76,986			
Varnish, lacquers, japan dryers, &c..	Great Britain....	3,701		2,677		46,411		40,173		30,970			
	United States....	7,403		6,274		90,414		88,800		89,064			
	Other countries....	36		32		398		374		233			
	Totals ...	11,290		8,983		137,223		129,407		120,267			
Vegetables.....	Great Britain....	792		628		63,014		56,420		93,177			
	United States....	14,717		19,634		707,597		583,289		762,562			
	Other countries....	7,049		6,298		99,661		110,045		128,850			
	Totals.....	22,558		26,560		871,182		749,754		984,589			

Watches.....	2,575, 59,644	672, 19,730	24,707, 571,862	23,036, 633,294	19,076, 625,379
Great Britain...					
United States...					
France.....	56	229	31,193	18,388	4,085
Switzerland...	17,594	17,356	140,080	136,570	184,470
Other countries...	632	1,282	13,269	31,344	40,252
Totals.....	80,501	39,259	781,111	842,542	873,262
Wood and mfrs. of—					
Furniture.....	1,657	3,785	39,086	43,382	51,018
Great Britain...	31,699	36,281	573,406	554,824	623,514
United States...	2,243	2,032	37,822	30,033	29,543
Other countries...					
Totals.....	35,599	42,098	650,914	628,239	704,075
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....					
Great Britain...					
United States...			772,500	614,112	460,182
Other countries...			1,246	4,788	7,878
Totals.....			773,746	618,850	468,060
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....					
Great Britain...	68			359	54
United States...	3,372	4,764	15,204	11,033	21,960
Other countries...			3,578,641	4,536,246	7,212,645
Totals.....	3,440	4,764	18,915	62	93,262
			3,612,760	4,599,606	12,599
			146,735	99,116	93,316
					7,247,204
Other wood and mfrs. of, N.E.S....					
Great Britain...	7,212	4,825	53,065	63,403	97,890
United States...	133,309	128,580	1,210,106	1,394,376	1,701,078
Other countries...	16,468	6,446	129,206	151,283	155,695
Totals.....	156,989	139,851	1,392,377	1,619,062	1,954,663
			779,258	875,931	1,222,515
Recapitulation.					
Wood and mfrs. of.....	8,937	8,610	24,777	107,144	148,962
Great Britain...	168,380	169,625	5,104,993	2,047,885	2,417,854
United States...	18,711	8,478	35,994	6,001,944	8,861,029
Other countries...				191,378	185,238
Totals.....	196,028	186,713	5,165,764	2,346,417	2,752,054
			2,190,026	6,094,387	8,937,779

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear N.E.S.....	Germany..	3,491	5,954	89,836	78,409	107,649
	Other countries.	3,278	2,819	68,396	52,452	72,912
	Totals.....	602,733	659,184	4,324,123	4,806,393	5,746,398
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c..	Great Britain..	20,426	21,344	241,530	251,239	480,059
	United States..	3,150	2,544	37,720	26,418	30,174
	Germany.....	4,607	5,256	34,222	26,087	46,087
	Other countries..	1,048	1,850	4,905	10,008	22,753
Wool raw.....	Totals.....	29,231	30,994	318,377	327,912	579,073
	Great Britain..	105,531	132,317	781,033	906,507	1,014,562
	United States..	2,729	1,216	16,453	15,778	9,006
Yarn.....	Germany.....	19,211	3,415	36,989	69,298	57,023
	Other countries..	326	1,065	3,244	2,579	5,239
	Totals.....	127,797	138,013	837,719	994,162	1,086,730
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain..	69,532	85,882	705,243	756,168	1,049,358
	United States..	975	347	3,438	2,841	3,909
	Germany.....	840	1,156	40,693	26,747	41,021
	Other countries..	85	.....	12,897	7,945	3,788
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Totals.....	71,432	87,385	762,271	793,701	1,098,076
	Great Britain..	35,563	39,723	521,000	527,989	490,863
	United States..	4,549	12,538	91,593	80,495	96,411
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	France.....	5,387	3,914	28,139	38,570	46,882
	Germany.....	5,947	2,684	72,029	61,352	36,739
	Other countries..	7,079	10,471	66,839	84,285	110,466
	Totals.....	58,525	69,330	780,200	790,691	792,027
Wool raw.....	Great Britain..	114,409	74,007	592,977	464,780	513,287
	United States..	5,797	14,491	276,367	219,506	256,728
	Australasia..	.....	.....	.....	.....	101,115
	France.....	23,435	11,698	125,795	73,946	110,961
Yarn.....	Other countries..	.....	3,373	316,234	131,747	107,256
	Totals...	143,641	103,569	1,311,373	889,979	1,089,347
	Great Britain..	862	877	705,243	103,894	1,049,358
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	United States..	121	.....	3,438	3,214	3,909
	Germany.....	840	1,156	40,693	26,747	41,021
	Other countries..	85	.....	12,897	386	235
	Totals.....	71,432	87,385	762,271	107,494	1,098,076
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Great Britain..	35,563	39,723	521,000	527,989	490,863
	United States..	4,549	12,538	91,593	80,495	96,411
	France.....	5,387	3,914	28,139	38,570	46,882
	Germany.....	5,947	2,684	72,029	61,352	36,739
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S....	Other countries..	7,079	10,471	66,839	84,285	110,466
	Totals.....	58,525	69,330	780,200	790,691	792,027
	Great Britain..	114,409	74,007	592,977	464,780	513,287

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.		MONTH OF JANUARY.						TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.								
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.			1908.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
	Wool and mfrs. of	1,483,874	122,789	1,520,761	127,284	10,886,710	855,232	12,217,108	812,484	14,101,580	956,657					
	United States.....	25,229	23,163	38,462	14,491	488,368	342,406	408,132	259,131	533,490	266,859					
	Other countries.....	192,066	28,704	224,107	15,230	1,538,667	461,465	1,805,330	230,582	2,281,951	331,978					
	Totals	1,701,239	174,656	1,783,330	157,005	12,913,945	1,659,463	14,430,570	1,302,197	16,917,021	1,555,494					
A other articles, N.E.S																
	Great Britain.....	58,277	169,564	82,339	13,149	772,676	230,481	878,202	487,726	1,128,456	398,946					
	United States.....	208,367	60,928	217,958	100,475	2,532,957	1,230,062	2,860,587	830,176	3,453,714	1,220,063					
	Other countries.....	41,841	33,373	34,424	32,805	339,969	234,123	386,989	247,552	473,108	250,202					
	Totals	308,485	263,865	334,721	146,429	3,645,602	1,694,666	4,125,778	1,565,454	5,055,278	1,869,211					
Total imports (mdse.)																
	Great Britain.....	5,510,240	1,524,326	5,492,753	1,244,119	41,179,821	14,065,059	50,116,758	17,472,302	59,687,345	20,837,424					
	United States.....	8,058,609	7,915,886	6,568,889	6,091,666	71,462,937	64,519,935	86,305,680	76,179,976	94,881,638	81,020,851					
	Other countries.....	1,951,034	1,481,152	2,296,752	1,387,384	25,814,375	11,551,671	26,521,552	12,986,361	30,782,256	14,042,010					
	Totals ..	15,519,883	10,921,361	14,358,394	8,726,169	138,457,133	90,136,316	162,944,290	106,638,639	185,351,239	115,900,285					
Coin and bullion																
	Great Britain.....	.....	8,026	.....	50,000	.....	10,023	.....	8,086	.....	542,157					
	United States.....	.....	82,543	.....	137,537	.....	5,431,821	.....	8,531,962	.....	5,520,475					
	Other countries.....	.....	162	.....	1,375	.....	378	.....	1,626	.....	2,564					
	Totals .....	.....	90,731	.....	188,912	.....	5,442,822	.....	8,541,674	.....	6,065,196					
Grand totals, Imports.....																
	Great Britain.....	5,510,240	1,532,352	5,492,753	1,294,119	41,179,821	14,075,073	50,116,758	17,480,388	59,687,345	21,379,581					
	United States.....	8,058,609	7,998,429	6,568,889	6,232,203	71,462,937	69,951,416	86,305,680	84,711,938	94,881,638	86,541,326					
	Other countries.....	1,951,034	1,481,314	2,296,752	1,388,759	25,814,375	11,552,049	26,521,552	12,987,987	30,782,256	14,044,374					
	Totals	15,519,883	11,012,095	14,358,394	8,915,081	138,457,133	95,579,138	162,944,290	115,180,313	185,351,239	121,965,481					

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months* of December, 1907 and 1908, and the *ten months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals living— Horned cattle	Great Britain...	254,846	.....	426,195	.....	11,025,838	29,959	11,135,650	.....	8,250,651	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	358,673	360	77,588	.....	184,828	2,802	503,271	1,130	573,231	.....	.....	1,525
	Newfoundland..	4,040	.....	.....	.....	75,825	.....	109,384	.....	97,680	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	325	.....	790	.....	176,239	.....	323,838	.....	30,359	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	617,884	360	504,571	.....	11,462,730	32,752	12,074,143	1,130	8,951,921	.....	.....	1,525
Horses	Great Britain...	1,000	750	5,900	.....	49,180	275	21,575	750	33,000	.....	300	.....
	United States...	22,460	7,300	11,140	13,050	343,015	319,240	457,163	464,343	404,939	.....	430,716	.....
	Other countries..	480	.....	1,675	.....	41,468	.....	79,078	.....	28,705	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	23,910	8,050	18,715	13,050	433,663	319,515	557,816	465,093	466,644	.....	431,016	.....
Sheep	Great Britain...	29,217	.....	18,168	.....	282,526	.....	238,759	.....	258,208	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	51,078	48	30,859	.....	871,341	1,665	1,051,787	12,483	898,678	.....	14,613	.....
	Other countries..	200	.....	869	.....	21,168	.....	21,374	.....	17,291	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	80,495	48	49,896	.....	1,175,035	1,665	1,311,920	12,483	1,174,177	.....	14,613	.....
Other animals	Great Britain...	.....	287	.....	.....	2,833	.....	287	.....	66	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	10,019	292	8,101	370	89,412	7,369	82,168	5,457	100,735	.....	54,245	.....
	Other countries..	2,643	.....	52	.....	4,077	.....	8,012	.....	5,275	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	12,662	292	8,153	370	96,322	7,369	90,417	5,457	106,076	.....	54,245	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Animals, living.....	Great Britain...	285,063	750	450,263	.....	11,360,377	30,225	11,396,221	750	8,541,925	300	
	United States...	442,230	8,000	127,686	13,420	1,488,596	331,076	2,096,389	483,413	1,977,583	501,099		
	Other countries...	7,658	.....	3,386	.....	318,777	.....	541,686	.....	179,310	.....	
	Totals.....	734,951	8,750	581,335	13,420	13,167,750	361,301	14,034,296	484,163	10,698,818	501,399		
Ashes.....	Great Britain...	805	.....	846	.....	26,332	.....	21,717	.....	21,230	350
	United States...	2,791	.....	4,052	.....	47,988	.....	59,417	181	43,752	.....	
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,241	.....	7,008	.....	5,709	.....	
	Totals.....	3,596	.....	4,898	.....	78,561	.....	88,142	181	70,691	350
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c.....	Great Britain...	6,018	304	5,028	693	82,308	9,323	47,012	2,397	57,704	1,770		
	United States...	16,678	3,806	7,410	3,819	80,909	51,887	88,869	52,916	101,990	64,889		
	Other countries...	2,454	111	3,873	27	51,847	4,024	43,457	3,784	22,842	1,726		
	Totals.....	25,150	4,221	16,311	4,539	215,064	65,234	179,338	59,097	182,536	68,385		
Breadstuffs—Grain—Barley.....	Great Britain...	111,881	16,385	87,953	16,667	152,465	1,006,044	558,695	338,131	638,799	16,667		
	United States...	.....	.....	36,184	.....	19,372	70	7,441	150	120,535	.....	
	Belgium.....	11,245	.....	21,550	.....	25,108	18,829	11,245	.....	126,039	.....	
	Other countries...	2	.....	14,859	.....	3,369	1,426	8,897	.....	50,386	29
	Totals.....	123,128	16,385	160,546	16,667	200,314	1,026,369	586,278	338,281	935,709	16,696		

[illegible]

Oatmeal.	Great Britain.	92,348.	93,282.	418,037.	493,290.	590,371.
	United States.	3.	2,254.	30,987.	940.	19.
	Other countries.				47,351.	54,849.
	Totals.	92,351.	95,536.	451,627.	541,581.	645,239.
Wheat flour.	Great Britain.	266,273.	470,540.	2,376,914.	2,756,067.	4,016,806.
	United States.	28.	7,340.	72,295.	40,088.	101,269.
	Australasia.			22,868.	17,143.	
	B. W. Indies.	14,296.	33,603.	280,413.	208,496.	264,223.
	Newfoundland.	7,320.	158,694.	1,013,279.	928,659.	1,122,234.
	Other countries.	115,384.	221,271.	891,557.	772,682.	1,692,844.
	Totals.	403,301.	891,448.	4,865,326.	4,716,535.	7,197,386.
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.	Great Britain.	3,897.	3,486.	36,691.	41,726.	35,055.
	United States.	74.	146.	10,011.	791.	5,469.
	Other countries.	4,259.	2,960.	40,454.	542.	59,435.
	Totals.	8,230.	6,592.	87,156.	91,920.	99,959.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						
Breadstuffs.	Great Britain.	2,407,386.	5,282,925.	26,607,021.	33,646,700.	44,219,085.
	United States.	40,427.	138,102.	2,436,314.	94,352.	73,151.
	Other countries.	273,674.	704,841.	3,789,762.	2,72,952.	56,834.
	Totals.	2,721,487.	6,125,868.	32,849,097.	36,974,435.	50,197,703.
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.	Great Britain.					
	United States.					
	Other countries.	4,555.	26,925.	15,400.	57,990.	89,161.
	Totals.	4,555.	26,925.	15,400.	57,990.	89,161.
Bicycles.	Great Britain.	65.	150.	643.	845.	480.
	United States.	20.	380.	863.	1,179.	1,244.
	Australasia.	10,425.		35,929.	51,833.	26,885.
	Other countries.	840.	190.	14,176.	4,207.	31,323.
	Totals.	11,350.	720.	51,611.	58,064.	60,267.
Other carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain.	1,080.	486.	29,730.	8,192.	14,629.
	United States.	7,983.	12,027.	64,693.	28,369.	79,845.
	Other countries.	4,867.	21,427.	76,053.	91,191.	126,976.
	Totals.	13,930.	33,840.	170,476.	127,742.	221,450.
						46,728.

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	27,333	14	32,185	156	336,526	5,569	300,099	1,574	242,206	1,177
	United States...	30,743	71,596	51,400	101,423	408,907	466,996	472,913	664,610	514,735	884,270
	Australasia...	11,220	...	2,151	...	20,263	...	42,816	...	15,879	...
	Other countries...	27,758	229	32,930	523	198,071	37,628	346,443	11,072	269,412	8,926
	Totals...	97,054	71,839	118,656	102,108	993,767	510,193	1,174,351	677,256	1,042,292	894,375
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	53	...	...	255	3,104	373	4,579	11,437	1,153	875
	United States...	206	8,378	2,211	4,574	8,827	141,083	9,316	45,138	15,969	45,516
	Other countries...	115	...	301	28	2,559	3,396	11,567	467	9,814	2,304
	Totals...	374	8,378	2,512	4,857	14,490	144,852	25,402	57,042	26,936	48,693
Fertilizers.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	1,950	...	...	30,055	...	...	...
	United States...	18,774	...	4,349	198,130	1,101	1,101	152,415	1,909	166,920	...
	Other countries...	...	...	6,526	35,590	...	...	14,308	...	49,414	...
	Totals...	18,774	...	10,875	235,670	...	1,101	196,778	1,909	216,334	...
Fish and fish products—	Great Britain...	320	...	13,390	81,643	535,758	...	93,075	...	93,310	...
Codfish, including haddock, ling and	United States...	34,160	...	30,784	...	585,889	...	286,889	...	314,166	86
pollock, dry salted.	Brazil...	34,414	...	76,104	...	458,724	...	539,873	...	585,600	...
	B. W. Indies...	94,542	...	101,703	...	620,981	4,506	742,285	3,775	666,215	4,899
	Cuba...	54,427	...	33,090	...	290,068	...	318,167	...	269,635	932
	Other countries...	106,519	...	102,938	...	845,027	150	1,124,126	...	918,128	...
	Totals...	324,382	...	358,009	4,660	2,832,201	4,656	3,104,415	3,775	2,847,054	5,917
Herrings, fresh or frozen.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	United States...	10,802	...	19,159	157,146	...	...	95,840	...	134,367	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	50	...
	Totals...	10,802	...	19,159	157,146	...	...	95,890	...	134,417	...
Herrings, pickled.	Great Britain...	...	...	1,518	425	...	...	708	...	1,518	...
	United States...	13,528	...	4,902	106,668	...	...	73,459	4,980	74,643	1,288
	B. W. Indies...	15,822	...	16,251	352	184,624	1,035	150,102	145	108,295	652
	Other countries...	14,991	...	77,768	52,144	...	...	49,352	...	132,132	606
	Totals...	44,341	...	100,439	343,861	...	1,035	273,621	5,125	316,589	2,546
Lobsters, fresh.	Great Britain...	...	...	...	35	...	...	8,476	...	999	...
	United States...	41,998	...	76,440	390,943	...	13	336,443	...	354,586	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals...	41,993	...	77,439	390,978	...	13	344,919	...	355,585	...

Salmon, pickled.....	234 1,915 913 12,231	29 920 24,469	890 132,524 5,250 129,051	5,036 152,025 7,456 238,241	81,943 6,796 187,814	.....
Totals.....	15,293	25,418	207,715	402,758	276,553	.....
Fish, all other, fresh.....	242 286,633 1,101	47 281,205 14	930 1,214,870 174	524 1,252,883 3,925	2,301 1,256,036 513	3,775
Totals.....	287,976	281,266	1,215,974	1,257,332	1,258,890	3,775
Other fish, N.E.S.....	1,717 26,878 6,152	652 20,276 6,903	5,541 291,576 38,907	27,654 322,395 78,776	129 361 2,675	387 13,406 1,126
Totals.....	34,747	27,831	336,024	428,825	3,165	14,923
Fish and fish products.....	421,151 483,100 501,870 1,406,121	152,432 468,544 589,545 1,210,521	4,909,857 4,404,653 3,927,772 13,242,233	2,489,491 3,960,506 4,688,157 11,138,154	129 8,266 14,545 22,940	387 18,611 8,215 27,163
Flax, hemp, &c.....	13,279	31,869	19,380 319,884	13,538 184,346 284	342 111,568	4,500
Totals.....	13,279	31,869	339,264	198,168	111,910	4,500
Fruits—						
Fruits, dried.....	2,100 3,680 73,026 875	1,855 9,075 14,295 47,510 3,088	11,538 225 68,650 106,014 1,728	11,639 1,249 24,550 140,610 3,514	781 13,759 82,194 138,742 51,828	444 9,590 4,907
Totals.....	79,681	75,823	188,155	181,562	17,658	14,941
Fruits, green, apples.....	217,973 713 1,788	1,656,001 7,839 6,525	3,017,307 103,322 466,867	1,844,679 10,565 84,074	156 1,916 32	..... 994
Totals.....	220,474	1,670,365	3,587,496	1,939,318	2,104	994

Recapitulation.

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain	1,943	32,951	711	992,494	10,603	1,721,768	4,737	594,977	11,984
	United States	6,022	123,864	17,046	1,056,027	54,017	1,055,544	40,448	1,135,834	59,719
	Other countries	35	8,348	...	17,109	7,453	53,128	3,465	112,648	12,400
	Totals	8,000	165,163	17,757	2,065,630	72,073	2,830,440	48,650	1,843,159	84,103
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.	Great Britain	1,136	31	...	7,382	1,858	12,759	85	9,379	...
	United States	36	653	...	136,572	26,455	343,089	45,769	257,057	14,245
	Newfoundland	545	1,766	8	57,588	631	27,233	249	24,128	23
	Other countries	784	1,645	...	11,297	193	17,735	306	39,095	220
	Totals	5,851	4,095	8	212,839	29,157	400,816	46,409	329,657	14,488
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.	Great Britain	6,916	10,427	...	80,381	1,876	35,468	318	44,322	526
	United States	4,423	189	341	150,771	42,773	175,634	32,418	10,826	25,901
	Australasia	5,266	6,785	...	44,002	...	32,499	...	36,148	...
	Other countries	15,271	6,841	1,342	80,022	275	58,528	506	74,756	6,573
	Totals	51,223	24,242	1,083	355,176	44,924	301,929	33,242	166,052	33,000
Hair	Great Britain . . . . .	...	4,000	...	9,307	...	4,444	100	21,141	380
	United States	6,238	7,877	...	88,710	3,456	110,986	1,196	123,800	4,090
	Other countries . . . . .	...	...	...	1,434	...	...	...	21	...
	Totals	6,238	11,377	...	99,451	3,456	115,430	1,296	144,962	4,470
Hay	Great Britain	52,660	28,930	...	756,434	170	834,441	...	327,387	...
	United States	32,407	4,429	328	291,137	3,191	378,792	5,264	231,123	7,632
	B. W. Indies	355	1,740	...	4,984	...	9,038	...	10,038	...
	Other countries	14,154	16,435	...	101,422	...	83,662	...	67,956	...
	Totals	99,576	51,534	328	1,154,027	3,361	1,305,931	5,264	636,504	7,632
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts	Great Britain	4,328	60,000	...	4,530	...	24,822	3	106,769	100
	United States	352,229	192,444	7,650	2,884,266	9,348	3,106,943	8,679	2,925,018	24,159
	Other countries	8,132	1,329	...	7,783	125	59,894	450	23,776	189
	Totals	364,689	253,773	7,650	2,896,579	9,473	3,191,659	9,132	3,055,563	24,448
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Sole and upper	Great Britain	157,453	224,846	...	1,307,661	...	1,180,665	...	1,307,503	...
	United States	13	14,086	363	1,299	559	12,213	...	15,491	7,712
	Newfoundland . . . . .	...	6,963	...	34,142	...	24,564	...	36,153	...
	Other countries	1,734	639	...	93,812	...	37,906	...	45,698	...
	Totals	159,200	246,534	363	1,436,914	559	1,235,378	...	1,405,845	7,712

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	35,842	12,505	554,099	5,024	274,544	.....	221,228	.....
Great Britain.....	1,041,746	177,494	4,271,261	7,296	5,935,639	7,296	6,909,394	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	3,876	3,743	6,891	3,743	18,335	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,077,588	189,999	4,829,286	5,770	6,217,074	11,039	6,748,957	.....
Gold and silver—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug-	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
gets, &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	272,802	9	1,590	.....	600	.....	565	.....
United States.....	.....	492,353	12,250,377	30,377	9,638,898	18,132	7,567,930	78,248
Other countries.....	.....	700	31,529	.....	.....	.....	1,160	200
Totals.....	272,802	493,062	12,283,456	30,377	9,639,498	18,132	7,569,599	78,448
Silver ore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	100	20,000	.....	40	.....	4,987	.....
United States.....	768,099	896,769	2,373,613	.....	4,916,157	19,886	8,151,083	1,500
Other countries.....	42,334	50,491	190,454	.....	136,793	.....	334,476	.....
Totals.....	810,433	947,360	2,584,067	.....	5,052,990	19,886	8,490,546	1,500
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Agricultural implements.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	26,019	33,423	213,593	675	318,150	.....	327,979	3,482
United States.....	1,857	512	70,854	3,369	11,025	4,140	10,534	1,824
Australasia.....	42,366	8,355	475,551	.....	631,772	484	697,535	.....
France.....	96,502	.....	274,734	.....	288,222	.....	229,220	.....
Germany.....	156,888	79,563	244,791	.....	430,039	.....	446,720	.....
Other countries.....	109,000	228,899	735,198	85	800,191	18	749,148	2,583
Totals.....	432,632	357,398	2,014,721	4,129	2,479,399	4,642	2,461,136	7,889
Chromic iron.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	330	7,480	3,510	.....	9,330	.....	6,000	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	12,527	.....	.....	.....	15,522	.....
Totals.....	330	7,480	16,037	.....	9,330	.....	21,522	.....
Hardware.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	4,445	9,152	24,360	242	27,683	6,371	31,004	584
United States.....	898	2,251	38,278	65,753	23,603	16,983	18,749	24,504
Newfoundland.....	1,209	1,355	50,328	4,532	30,250	1,258	21,610	390
Other countries.....	2,125	1,902	50,188	852	48,026	1,676	76,307	748
Totals.....	8,677	14,660	163,154	71,379	129,631	26,288	147,670	26,226

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain ..	119	969	.....	9,207	.....	4,490	25	6,300	564
	United States...	3,976	3,020	1,201	22,303	6,531	19,596	6,933	18,633	7,333
	Other countries..	752	2,321	50	12,529	117	13,904	133	12,143	2,065
<i>Recapitulation.</i>										
Iron and steel	Totals	4,847	6,310	1,251	51,039	6,648	43,990	7,146	37,111	10,003
	Great Britain...	51,346	52,814	6,188	380,081	15,442	543,391	25,030	570,518	15,313
	United States...	64,602	51,913	42,289	1,122,361	755,372	700,034	608,034	536,902	914,497
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Other countries..	469,208	377,434	4,990	2,202,335	29,150	2,688,851	14,314	2,767,021	51,153
	Totals.....	585,216	482,161	53,467	3,704,777	799,964	2,932,276	647,387	3,874,441	983,963
Asbestos	Great Britain...	22,300	67,200	.....	87,310	.....	170,898	.....	397,126	.....
	United States...	17,905	18	.....	68,600	.....	170,261	.....	107,711	17,640
	Other countries..	41,129	71,833	.....	170,384	.....	472,121	.....	484,220	.....
Nickel.....	Totals	81,406	139,101	.....	326,294	.....	858,005	.....	989,057	17,640
	Great Britain...	29,400	68,364	.....	287,557	.....	303,320	.....	205,342	.....
	United States...	87,862	79,672	.....	757,763	.....	867,188	.....	1,124,965	.....
Lead ore	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	99,494	.....	62,222	.....	8,195	.....
	Other countries..	5,336	13,042	.....	118,783	.....	187,300	.....	146,097	.....
	Totals	122,658	161,073	.....	1,263,597	.....	1,420,030	.....	1,484,599	.....
Mica.....	Great Britain...	102,276	12,713	.....	417,805	.....	675,323	.....	610,416	.....
	United States...	143,085	106,521	.....	1,214,760	.....	1,583,309	.....	1,253,430	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lead ore	Totals	245,361	118,234	.....	1,632,565	.....	2,258,632	.....	1,865,846	.....
	Great Britain...	39,458	20,514	.....	342,953	.....	557,506	.....	1,748	.....
	United States...	34,219	122,619	.....	543,255	.....	78,729	20	393,049	38
Mica.....	Other countries..	73,677	143,133	.....	856,208	.....	636,235	49	481,619	38
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	69	876,416	.....
Mica.....	Great Britain...	40,299	23,902	40	19,483	.....	45,536	.....	55,649	40
	United States...	.....	19,026	.....	148,210	1,092	469,566	9,954	251,951	36
	Other countries..	.....	480	.....	2,270	.....	2,620	.....	5,269	.....
Mica.....	Totals.....	40,299	43,408	40	169,963	1,092	517,722	9,954	322,869	76

Oilcake	Great Britain.....	36,457	29,531	108,105	243,025	363,765	363,765
	United States.....	7,000	3,614	2,050	4,352	20	16
	Other countries..			13,773	108,779	120,410	
	Totals.....	43,457	33,145	125,928	356,356	20	484,192
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	5,604	27,980	43,350	128,616	265,130	947
	United States.....	10,337	6,613	66,996	2,679	1,437	8,411
	Other countries..	17	320	13,995	9,975	10,036	10,359
	Totals	15,958	34,863	130,341	223,685	11,493	19,717
Paper	Great Britain.....	130,283	67,450	1,026,105	898,064	93	1,043,588
	United States.....	9,657	111,135	164,362	4,369	13,394	703,229
	Australasia.....						700,141
	Other countries..	71,590	22,392	516,781	9,234	1,362	248,894
Provisions—	Totals	211,540	297,231	1,707,248	1,613,565	14,849	2,755,852
	Butter.....						•
	Great Britain.....	89	7,426	6,887,859	8,148	73,080	815,186
	United States.....	616	101	43,008	5,043	17,477	38,615
Cheese	Newfoundland..	5,579	2,276	51,079	774	33,063	33,063
	Other countries..	16,468	17,444	155,166	5,338	168,338	153,192
	Totals.....	22,752	27,247	7,137,112	19,303	90,557	1,040,656
							5,456
Eggs.....	Great Britain.....	1,308,746	1,405,408	22,104,585	24,538,573	29,820	21,418,307
	United States.....	672	8,672	13,718	10,947	18	17,161
	B. W. Indies ..	1,695	2,362	27,103	16,828		20,639
	Newfoundland..	1,508	3,743	29,283	46,837		33,439
Meats—	Other countries..	4,652	4,475	53,738	45,553		34,868
	Totals	1,317,273	1,424,660	22,288,427	24,658,738	29,839	21,524,414
							28,345
Bacon and hams	Great Britain.....	15,156	115,175	445,300	521,556		270,567
	United States.....	247	19	2,771	9,716	1,752	5,182
	Other countries..	1,366	2,242	27,443	43,003		13,993
	Totals	16,769	117,436	475,514	574,275	1,752	289,742
Meats—							3,867
Bacon and hams	Great Britain.....	983,861	1,501,998	10,326,477	159,805		9,503,506
	United States.....	11,107	30	55,524	7,108	1,571	1,580
	British Africa..			26,954			429
	Other countries..	740	449	10,242	15,018	264	5,280
Meats—	Totals	995,708	1,502,437	10,419,197	166,932	1,835	9,510,795
							3,189

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i> Beef	Great Britain...	12,283	.....	5,251	.....	23,660	394	62,831	.....	64,898	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	14	418	60	.....	6,133	3,582	8,203	1,368	10,128	.....	.....	1,186
	Newfoundland...	5,951	.....	11,451	410	16,050	17,865	21,637	18,363	32,223	.....	.....	22,189
	Other countries..	304	124	40	.....	113,090	309	9,523	219	78	.....	.....	255
	Totals	18,552	1,237	16,802	410	158,933	22,150	102,194	20,540	107,327	.....	23,630	.....
Canned meats.....	Great Britain...	2,024	.....	15,016	.....	1,861,148	1,145	407,648	.....	113,400	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	562	.....	1,091	227	1,447	123	657	.....	.....	.....
	British Africa...	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,446	.....	33,562	.....	36	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	2,367	.....	.....	.....	567	32	5,284	.....	1,619	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	4,391	.....	15,578	.....	1,873,252	1,404	447,941	123	115,742	.....	.....	.....
Pork	Great Britain...	2,067	.....	2,453	.....	34,624	.....	12,474	.....	22,328	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	1,092	72	3,976	.....	7,837	2,172	9,515	336	15,181	.....	.....	715
	Newfoundland...	365	1,498	811	439	9,068	15,674	7,816	14,656	3,083	.....	.....	20,537
	Other countries..	8,413	16	1,605	737	8,260	63	12,060	16	9,410	.....	.....	884
	Totals	11,937	1,586	8,845	1,226	59,789	17,909	41,865	15,008	50,002	.....	22,136	.....
Poultry.....	Great Britain...	2,831	.....	7,821	.....	71,459	.....	41,935	.....	92,868	.....	2,460	.....
	United States...	185	.....	327	3	18,432	386	8,733	.....	7,107	.....	244	.....
	Other countries..	6,920	.....	3,368	.....	13,302	.....	8,392	.....	9,696	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	9,936	.....	11,516	3	103,193	386	59,660	.....	109,671	.....	2,704	.....
Other provisions, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	10,376	.....	15,679	.....	79,600	96	127,347	.....	411,184	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	3,688	.....	449	.....	20,510	1,171	38,734	1,095	12,832	.....	5,815	.....
	Other countries..	1,937	6	4,125	11	7,408	238	26,078	3,278	16,577	.....	610	.....
	Totals	16,001	6	20,253	11	107,518	1,505	192,159	4,373	440,593	.....	6,425	.....

Recapitulation.

Provisions	Great Britain.....	2,337,433	.....	3,076,187	.....	41,894,712	169,635	40,178,475	102,900	32,712,244	21,379
	United States...	17,621	565	14,196	9,377	169,024	31,904	120,479	23,740	108,473	23,407
	Other countries..	58,265	2,339	54,381	3,146	569,199	40,312	540,550	37,386	367,625	48,966
	Totals.....	2,413,319	2,904	3,144,774	12,523	42,622,935	241,351	40,839,504	164,026	33,188,342	95,752
Rags.	Great Britain.....	415	.....	16,626	1,620	41,122	.....	60,594	.....	98,362	1,620
	United States...	13,144	168	16,803	.....	119,515	117	138,865	1,052	172,273	1,914
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	247	960	2,847	20	945	.....
	Totals.....	13,559	168	33,429	1,620	160,884	1,077	202,306	1,072	271,580	3,534
Salt.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	179	.....	15	.....	5,080	20,906	1,970	9,165	6,687	14,880
	Newfoundland..	.....	1,170	810	690	40	17,096	396	16,313	1,111	16,065
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,442	420	759	.....	355	500
	Totals.....	179	1,170	825	690	6,562	38,422	3,125	25,478	8,153	31,445
Seeds—	Great Britain.....	48,069	.....	72,924	.....	253,614	.....	107,677	.....	262,872	.....
Clover and grass.	United States...	53,930	.....	50,327	.....	534,717	.....	236,904	.....	311,570	.....
	Other countries..	10,981	.....	45,932	.....	321,700	.....	85,822	.....	173,510	.....
	Totals.....	112,980	.....	169,183	.....	1,110,031	.....	430,403	.....	747,952	.....
Other seeds, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	8,985	.....	1,514	173,408	3,170	120,810	152,912	2,636,891	10,489	1,046,865
	United States...	1,800	.....	4,451	42	12,791	2,952	12,964	141	10,822	65
	Other countries..	3,300	.....	214	225,820	429	183,889	4,257	1,458,838	723	677,752
	Totals.....	14,085	.....	6,179	399,270	16,390	307,651	170,133	4,095,870	22,034	1,724,682
Settlers' effects	Great Britain.....	3,135	10	20,930	350	73,137	12,490	94,557	1,260	170,408	5,369
	United States...	91,555	6,334	81,694	5,725	1,259,916	78,487	1,392,427	100,098	1,452,216	148,938
	Other countries..	2,859	5	5,285	5	36,568	1,915	33,279	1,235	32,399	5
	Totals.....	97,549	6,349	107,909	6,080	1,369,621	92,892	1,520,293	102,593	1,655,113	154,312
Ships.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	10,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,760	.....	.....	44,100	93 00	.....
	Other countries..	2,600	.....	9,300	.....	7,323	.....	33,900	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	2,600	.....	19,300	.....	23,083	.....	33,900	44,100	19,300	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.						TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Spirits and wines.	Great Britain.	2,250	.....	6,128	.....	42,058	3,352	32,875	1,109	64,125	2,779	.....	83,908
	United States.	149,735	7,680	69,716	9,323	588,303	74,309	880,778	98,309	775,677	83,908	.....	2,403
	Other countries.	7,817	472	15,958	227	120,349	4,151	131,611	3,216	138,050	2,403	.....	89,090
	Totals	159,802	8,152	91,802	9,550	751,310	81,302	1,045,264	102,634	977,852	89,090	.....	9,887
Stone and mfrs. of.	Great Britain. ....	.....	.....	20,971	.....	690	50	3,459	.....	21,526	.....	.....	9,887
	United States.	21,965	.....	32,198	63	633,138	555	668,222	285	613,104	9,887	.....	3,810
	Other countries.	130	40	325	.....	5,551	.....	20,618	187	3,810	.....	.....	9,887
	Totals	22,095	40	53,494	63	639,379	605	692,299	472	638,440	9,887	.....	9,887
Sugar, molasses, &c.	Great Britain. ....	.....	.....	2	.....	4,233	927	2,485	4,669	5,035	.....	.....	137
	United States.	38,186	4,541	4,799	18	139,192	5,966	190,888	7,917	218,213	137	.....	21,645
	Other countries.	302	747	114	3,673	2,819	19,662	1,361	19,153	2,992	21,645	.....	21,645
	Totals	38,488	5,288	4,915	3,721	146,244	26,555	194,704	31,739	226,240	21,782	.....	21,782
Tea.	Great Britain. ....	.....	1,201	.....	43	.....	2,516	.....	7,927	.....	10,088	.....	437,443
	United States. ....	.....	41,731	.....	42,869	401,438	401,438	.....	460,036	.....	437,443	.....	79,912
	Newfoundland. ....	.....	874	.....	866	22,229	19,912	.....	19,912	.....	79,912	.....	10,876
	Other countries. ....	.....	693	.....	1,067	.....	10,343	.....	6,052	.....	6,731	.....	472,854
	Totals ....	.....	44,499	.....	44,845	.....	436,536	.....	493,927	.....	472,854	.....	472,854
Tobacco and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	4,615	.....	334	.....	16,367	2,959	18,907	.....	11,413	10,957	.....	56,985
	United States.	2,825	1,668	670	3,362	24,728	928,763	17,821	107,097	56,985	10,957	.....	39,477
	Other countries.	1,745	971	6,072	441	53,582	8,812	28,738	12,952	39,477	10,876	.....	101,745
	Totals	9,185	2,639	7,076	3,803	94,677	240,534	65,526	120,049	107,875	101,745	.....	101,745

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	4,338	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,604	.....	.....
	United States.....	210	.....	.....	69,873	13,518	61,801	1,536	.....	11,982	3,000	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	5,833	.....	.....	28,651	.....	45,338	.....	.....	31,588	1,254	.....
	Cuba.....	50,012	.....	.....	297,688	.....	267,744	1,504	.....	284,841	6,224	.....
	Other countries.....	8,857	.....	.....	92,287	25	94,724	.....	.....	72,458	759	.....
	Totals.....	48,750	.....	.....	488,504	13,543	464,607	3,040	.....	405,473	11,237	.....
Other vegetables, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	227	.....	.....	9,999	.....	4,842	.....	.....	8,969	86	.....
	United States.....	36,878	54	.....	171,096	8,998	173,876	20,425	.....	215,079	2,513	.....
	Other countries.....	1,022	78	.....	24,581	269	19,570	2,813	.....	15,730	771	.....
	Totals.....	38,127	132	.....	205,676	9,267	198,288	23,238	.....	239,718	3,370	.....
Wood and mfrs. of:— Woods, unmanufactured— Logs.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	26,579	410	53,214	.....	.....	24,712	.....	.....
	United States.....	11,737	.....	.....	363,013	.....	550,969	6	.....	539,552	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	2,118	.....	302	.....	.....	635	.....	.....
	Totals.....	11,737	.....	.....	391,810	410	607,485	6	.....	594,899	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	21,457	.....	.....	1,924,846	.....	2,293,752	.....	.....	1,558,194	10,487	.....
Lumber— Deals, pine.....	United States.....	4,463	.....	.....	200,805	.....	145,661	.....	.....	83,049	.....	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	4,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	12,216	.....	3,286	.....	.....	2,127	.....	.....
	Totals.....	25,920	.....	.....	2,141,993	.....	2,442,699	.....	.....	1,643,370	10,487	.....
	Great Britain.....	134,200	.....	.....	5,593,574	.....	7,733,252	.....	.....	5,721,340	.....	.....
Deals, spruce and other.....	United States.....	5,541	.....	.....	440,856	.....	452,586	259	.....	404,751	.....	.....
	France.....	.....	.....	.....	27,763	.....	53,396	.....	.....	57,266	.....	.....
	Spain.....	.....	.....	.....	11,672	.....	4,053	.....	.....	52,589	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,182	.....	.....	98,305	.....	91,762	.....	.....	90,148	.....	.....
	Totals.....	140,923	.....	.....	6,172,170	.....	8,335,199	259	.....	6,326,094	.....	.....
Deal ends.....	Great Britain.....	7,058	.....	.....	360,976	.....	349,638	.....	.....	292,045	.....	.....
	United States.....	382	.....	.....	7,116	.....	14,493	.....	.....	10,956	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,260	.....	.....	12,953	.....	1,926	.....	.....	7,569	.....	.....
	Totals.....	8,700	.....	.....	380,145	.....	366,057	.....	.....	310,570	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	120,173	.....	.....	1,322,246	2,375	1,596,155	.....	.....	1,469,802	.....	.....
Planks and boards.....	United States.....	382,812	.....	.....	11,131,993	1,639	14,524,980	1,359	.....	14,581,884	2,745	.....
	Arg. Republic.....	72,250	.....	.....	1,075,833	.....	1,707,126	.....	.....	1,719,747	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	145,281	4,320	.....	1,173,497	556	1,531,271	4,320	.....	1,968,756	1,925	.....
	Totals.....	720,516	.....	.....	14,705,569	4,570	19,350,532	5,679	.....	19,740,183	4,670	.....
	Great Britain.....	65,901	.....	.....	822,937	.....	822,937	.....	.....	822,937	.....	.....
	United States.....	161,579	.....	.....	132,153	.....	132,153	.....	.....	132,153	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	1,182,570	4,320	.....	1,182,570	.....	1,182,570	.....	.....	1,182,570	.....	.....
	Totals.....	1,182,570	4,320	.....	1,182,570	.....	1,182,570	.....	.....	1,182,570	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
	Great Britain.....	107,482	1,099	3,980	.....	35,981	.....	26,151	.....	31,355	.....	
	United States.....	472	.....	28,580	.....	1,386,309	.....	1,810,340	1,099	1,575,979	.....	
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	6,025	.....	9,788	.....	19,932	.....	49,486	.....	
	Totals.....	107,954	1,099	38,585	.....	1,432,078	.....	1,856,443	1,099	1,659,820	.....	
Joists and scantling.....													
	Great Britain.....	6,881	.....	5,902	.....	379,070	.....	523,613	.....	451,139	.....	
	United States.....	15,872	.....	4,417	.....	441,002	240	486,285	.....	399,424	.....	
	Other countries.....	10,431	.....	10,835	.....	129,601	.....	83,182	.....	159,575	.....	
	Totals.....	33,184	.....	21,154	.....	949,673	240	1,093,080	.....	1,010,138	.....	
Staves and headings.....													
	Great Britain.....	2,512	.....	8,324	.....	33,849	.....	32,794	.....	42,495	.....	
	United States.....	14,045	.....	7,055	.....	67,327	.....	96,965	.....	149,209	.....	
	Other countries.....	8	.....	84	.....	5,540	.....	7,566	.....	8,143	.....	
	Totals.....	16,565	.....	15,463	.....	106,716	.....	137,325	.....	199,847	.....	
Other lumber, N.E.S.....													
	Great Britain.....	46,714	44	14,927	.....	147,993	186	134,161	44	123,378	.....	
	United States.....	39,896	.....	2,166	.....	255,597	2,173	375,261	3,683	199,840	1,968		
	Other countries.....	6,000	.....	6,273	.....	24,814	156	35,005	.....	10,117	32		
	Totals.....	92,610	44	23,366	.....	428,404	2,515	544,427	3,727	333,335	2,000		
Shingles.....													
	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	990	.....	.....	.....	274	.....	
	United States.....	95,291	.....	61,994	.....	1,523,897	.....	1,718,664	.....	2,347,062	.....	
	B. W. Indies.....	346	.....	331	.....	29,147	.....	12,839	.....	23,632	.....	
	Other countries.....	288	.....	5	.....	1,830	961	5,705	.....	3,640	.....	
	Totals.....	95,925	.....	62,330	.....	1,555,864	961	1,737,208	.....	2,374,908	.....	

Shooks, box, and other.	Great Britain...	29,169	2,030	223,696	213,602	89,815
	United States...	583	540	33,127	23,477	16,880
	Mexico	1,630	2,190	13,028	19,793	10,743
	Other countries..	6,324	12,902	38,242	1,540	40,947
	Totals	37,906	17,662	308,093	287,780	158,385
Timber, square— Oak ..	Great Britain...	44,570		114,404	279,815	128,630
	United States...			997		1,039
	Other countries..					
	Totals	44,570		115,401	119,000	244,225
Pine, white.	Great Britain...	83,522		882,485	1,135,936	950,895
	United States...			101	3,546	
	Other countries..			7,210	269	5,203
	Totals	83,522		889,796	1,139,751	956,098
Other timber, N.E.S	Great Britain...	55,650	30,057	449,846	649,511	288,631
	United States...	753	2,550	13,460	21,162	23,386
	Other countries..			14,090	5,622	3,024
	Totals	56,403	32,587	477,396	676,295	315,041
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain...	186,585				
	United States...		284,351	2,170,465	2,342,391	3,700,321
	Other countries..					
	Totals	186,585	284,351	2,170,465	459	1,350
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain...					
	United States...	28,939	770	19,534	20,230	770
	Other countries..	747	2,158	618,831	865,724	1,110,195
	Totals	29,686	68,748	644,247	17,243	67,313
Recapitulation.	Great Britain...					
	United States...	750,193	348,878	11,516,169	15,041,824	178,062
	Other countries..	1,387,724	862,388	2,698,755	23,435,454	25,143,527
	Totals	2,460,769	1,472,042	32,869,820	38,631,406	40,600,656
Wood, unmanufactured.....	Great Britain...					
	United States...					
	Other countries..					
	Totals					

<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>Wood, manufactured</i>										
	Great Britain...	36,241	178	60,397	48	1,280,890	5,094	1,282,920	7,230	771,366	9,409
	United States...	385,656	2,417	284,260	2,842	2,061,841	44,000	2,494,360	61,474	3,174,368	56,794
	Other countries...	35,877	721	35,347	4,066	337,289	6,573	311,836	6,706	280,379	18,543
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Totals...	407,774	3,316	380,004	6,956	3,680,020	55,673	4,089,116	75,414	4,226,113	84,746
	<i>Wood and mfrs. of</i>										
	Great Britain...	786,484	222	401,275	48	12,797,059	77,335	16,324,744	183,296	11,947,841	329,889
	United States...	1,723,380	3,516	1,146,648	2,844	20,716,737	51,397	25,929,814	70,520	28,317,895	64,085
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Other countries...	358,729	5,041	296,123	4,066	3,036,044	10,451	3,943,242	13,245	4,561,033	24,096
	Totals...	2,868,543	8,779	1,862,046	6,958	36,549,840	139,158	46,197,800	269,061	44,826,769	418,070
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>Wool and mfrs. of</i>										
	Great Britain...	626	826	6,108	4,425	18,357	15,350	65,730	39,515	42,168	20,329
	United States...	38,287	39	2,314	34	368,639	7,466	215,270	404	403,576	18,353
	Newfoundland...	727	105	264	48,118	261	24,759	885	20,929	1,423	302
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Other countries...	136	.....	1,278	.....	2,610	67	8,659	1,292	2,220	.....
	Totals...	39,776	970	9,964	4,459	434,724	23,144	314,398	42,046	465,893	40,407
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>All other articles, N.E.S.</i>										
	Great Britain...	51,065	10,803	38,741	14,003	310,883	58,282	400,448	275,819	311,913	67,865
	United States...	120,604	26,915	59,194	27,033	838,053	812,975	1,021,308	623,015	1,090,977	524,219
	Other countries...	46,724	959	69,051	1,817	496,314	27,221	583,668	39,560	503,784	31,157
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Totals...	218,453	38,677	166,989	42,853	1,645,250	898,478	2,005,419	938,394	1,906,674	623,241
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>Total exports (mdse.)</i>										
	Great Britain...	7,466,439	608,328	12,167,505	327,084	108,829,495	5,824,315	115,463,071	7,674,706	111,266,490	8,168,759
	United States...	6,955,811	295,357	5,221,157	390,873	67,008,234	4,192,514	78,034,530	4,137,346	78,822,954	5,294,926
	Other countries...	2,298,831	19,657	3,078,655	491,508	20,998,742	739,084	21,706,036	1,808,895	24,291,219	1,990,026
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Totals...	16,721,081	923,342	20,467,317	1,209,465	196,836,471	10,755,913	212,253,637	13,640,947	214,380,663	15,423,711
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>Coin and bullion</i>										
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,200	.....	7,032
	United States...	.....	4,612,898	.....	3,045,957	.....	5,497,026	.....	16,442,590	.....	16,124,290
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	550	.....	85,173	.....	37,076	.....	29,550
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Totals...	.....	4,612,898	.....	3,046,507	.....	5,582,199	.....	16,485,866	.....	16,160,892
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	<i>Grand totals, Exports</i>										
	Great Britain...	7,466,439	608,328	12,167,505	327,084	108,829,495	5,824,315	115,463,071	7,680,906	111,266,490	8,175,791
	United States...	6,955,811	4,908,255	5,221,157	3,436,830	67,008,234	9,680,540	75,084,530	20,599,036	78,822,954	21,419,216
	Other countries...	2,298,831	19,657	3,078,655	492,058	20,998,742	824,257	21,706,036	1,845,971	24,291,219	1,989,556
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Totals...	16,721,081	5,536,240	20,467,317	4,255,972	196,836,471	16,338,112	212,253,637	30,126,813	214,380,663	31,584,563

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of
January, 1907 and 1908, and during the *ten months* ending January, 1906,
1907 and 1908.

	JANUARY.		TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.		
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	535,259	504,880	5,502,744	6,299,073	6,505,682
Malt.....	104,220	103,228	1,044,761	1,183,271	1,233,163
Malt liquor.....	159	391	7,843	7,987	10,310
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	193,734	194,918	1,872,051	2,100,589	2,172,202
" Canadian leaf.....	9,847	9,047	133,157	127,822	129,240
" combination leaf.....	5,059	5,759	81,108	85,663	89,259
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	77,538	93,294	688,320	820,527	957,977
" Canadian leaf.....	3	5		3	311
" combination leaf.....	404	503	10,752	13,682	9,612
Snuff.....	2,701	2,289	24,173	27,218	26,830
Canadian twist.....	114	67	1,388	973	431
Foreign raw leaf.....	128,995	128,574	1,138,910	1,280,406	1,343,667
Licenses.....	33	12	3,314	3,095	4,124
Totals, tobacco.....	418,428	434,463	3,953,173	4,459,978	4,733,653
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	83,860	66,475	924,456	1,001,603	986,784
Cigars from Canadian leaf.....	404	493	3,464	3,759	4,773
Cigars from combination leaf.....	1,512	1,818	19,986	26,056	22,613
Licenses.....	148	33	15,066	11,619	15,453
Totals, cigars.....	85,924	68,819	962,972	1,043,037	1,029,623
Acetic acid.....			3,007	1,623	3,128
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	1,499	2,186	47,365	52,600	60,877
Seizures.....	80	69	2,817	1,730	2,868
Other receipts.....	6,316	3,397	43,009	51,179	55,335
Totals, excise revenue.....	1,151,885	1,117,433	11,567,691	13,100,478	13,634,639
Hydraulic and other rents.....	1,354	1,314	3,605	3,522	3,615
Minor public works.....	1	1	851	1,607	1,105
Inspection of electric light.....	2,996	3,555	21,347	26,056	27,771
Inspection of gas.....	3,318	3,279	32,427	39,354	34,397
Inspection of weights and measures.....	5,836	6,418	62,943	64,707	70,279
Law stamps.....	1,274	838	12,009	8,682	8,016
Other revenues.....	4,622	3,844	63,180	52,571	51,662
Grand totals, Inland Revenue....	1,171,286	1,136,682	11,764,053	13,296,977	13,831,484

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months, ten months and twelve months* ending January 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on Account of Consolidated Fund.						Expendi- ture on account of Consoli- dated Fund.	Expendi- ture on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Pub. Works (including Railways).	Miscel- laneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
MONTH OF JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.								
1899.	1,831,657	707,918	304,088	219,593	486,847	3,550,103	6,540,687	437,335
1900.	2,295,806	764,656	297,645	334,288	671,993	4,364,388	6,739,531	236,514
1901.	2,009,420	779,506	298,066	432,922	612,729	4,132,643	6,958,547	728,166
1902.	2,447,203	881,295	425,833	520,625	586,675	4,861,631	7,189,922	814,144
1903.	2,706,836	901,124	534,456	473,870	567,984	5,184,270	7,134,717	1,122,778
1904.	3,085,193	988,654	587,517	469,675	250,312	5,381,351	6,393,518	1,466,419
1905.	2,972,884	914,970	595,186	526,833	682,389	5,692,262	8,081,175	1,007,686
1906.	3,508,480	1,106,414	570,046	522,107	670,604	6,377,651	8,209,366	1,197,028
1907.	3,918,881	1,157,750	704,344	639,681	543,321	6,963,977	8,632,195	2,256,487
1908.	3,993,109	1,100,005	799,000	646,556	729,644	7,268,314	10,665,448	2,973,533
TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY 1899 TO 1908.								
1899.	19,545,019	7,832,532	2,755,229	3,580,206	2,195,779	35,908,765	29,362,265	6,417,901
1900.	22,835,577	8,296,126	2,548,388	4,214,713	2,595,450	40,490,254	30,973,728	6,430,882
1901.	23,160,353	8,461,090	2,743,070	4,834,780	2,349,532	42,048,825	32,942,002	7,001,089
1902.	25,127,179	9,223,224	3,060,627	5,265,294	2,687,093	45,363,417	36,219,050	9,770,262
1903.	29,239,318	9,867,309	3,475,648	5,853,295	2,963,439	51,399,009	38,025,586	7,941,458
1904.	33,773,742	10,764,596	3,872,870	5,919,228	3,129,408	57,459,844	36,988,732	6,668,163
1905.	34,200,331	10,464,575	3,970,037	6,239,467	3,258,161	58,132,571	42,021,582	7,919,723
1906.	36,403,832	11,311,718	4,496,924	6,762,146	3,324,187	62,298,807	45,516,302	9,343,309
1907.	42,044,254	12,775,649	5,225,224	7,638,148	3,966,455	71,649,730	45,682,305	11,909,392
1908.	49,225,720	13,304,474	5,807,320	8,351,581	4,335,178	81,024,273	56,332,533	22,245,498
TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JANUARY 1899 TO 1908.								
1899.	23,908,173	9,268,402	3,235,229	4,062,448	2,637,580	43,111,832	32,654,875	7,325,786
1900.	27,223,652	9,803,868	2,988,388	4,790,440	3,079,266	47,885,614	34,742,020	7,712,008
1901.	28,088,690	10,119,593	3,228,069	5,526,896	3,084,707	50,047,955	36,597,506	8,412,136
1902.	29,968,992	10,833,749	3,575,626	6,056,275	2,982,494	53,417,136	40,679,505	11,412,861
1903.	34,413,158	11,476,280	4,065,647	6,869,938	3,380,317	60,205,340	42,667,568	9,263,558
1904.	39,737,163	12,647,832	4,552,870	6,977,609	3,694,479	67,609,953	41,872,410	7,295,498
1905.	40,664,352	12,474,829	4,730,037	7,180,081	4,069,026	69,118,325	47,575,122	9,180,240
1906.	42,943,682	13,245,239	5,296,924	7,736,988	3,683,880	72,906,713	54,280,268	12,352,300
1907.	49,721,892	14,998,440	6,170,224	8,927,177	4,592,738	84,410,471	53,431,425	14,301,713
1908.	58,409,095	15,683,000	6,862,320	9,784,085	5,441,538	96,180,038	64,863,910	24,303,325

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *ten months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

	TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.					
	Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Food, drink and tobacco—						
Grain and flour.....	285,336,533	283,394,829	324,923,441	12,061,390	10,428,258	13,239,430
Meat, including animals for food.....	203,519,693	211,642,440	210,028,948	4,248,259	5,736,572	5,483,447
Other food and drink—						
Free.....	265,883,802	283,054,089	274,344,682	63,346,538	68,676,317	73,078,246
Dutiable.....	188,901,091	186,366,004	202,373,239	4,043,500	4,384,980	5,355,582
Tobacco.....	15,363,202	20,133,017	18,293,167			
Totals.....	959,004,321	985,190,379	1,030,563,477	83,699,687	89,226,127	97,156,700
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—						
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	235,229	208,297	13,749	108,013,071	132,216,831	180,120,469
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	23,730,602	28,390,374	28,581,510	1,978,889	2,571,773	2,203,440
Other metallic ores.....	30,996,082	38,327,181	39,570,410	503,821	797,197	797,197
Wood and timber.....	107,053,782	124,377,087	131,827,407	296,682	404,140	486,818
Cotton.....	227,836,619	233,961,539	250,988,097			
Wool.....	93,323,511	177,067,558	139,980,953	7,723,853	11,962,246	12,316,212
Other textile materials.....	38,068,012	103,362,678	126,486,713	562,450	690,964	916,616
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	37,316,569	42,741,214	42,741,214	10,712,753	11,879,290	14,180,268
Hides and undressed skins.....	33,971,482	14,285,325	12,711,350	7,948,658	8,457,543	6,446,457
Materials for making paper.....	6,464,409	16,785,004	18,652,437	2,246,285	3,010,714	2,999,274
Miscellaneous.....	90,386,834	96,427,507	102,493,820	7,871,462	8,865,110	9,897,318
Totals.....	779,354,882	878,189,993	933,759,905	147,857,924	180,829,395	230,293,999
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—						
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	36,798,512	31,536,493	29,838,623	134,868,800	169,062,712	187,515,485
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	92,020,751	119,010,895	111,373,700	38,654,969	43,204,999	44,466,065
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....	14,861,544	15,200,514	16,816,766	21,446,318	24,210,142	26,604,924
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	4,673,134	4,816,324	4,865,836	8,144,663	8,652,272	10,527,967
Machinery.....	18,300,351	20,648,738	21,706,010	98,201,683	111,994,408	133,542,427
Ships (new).....	154,970	144,363	118,279	38,825,399	38,405,044	41,555,957
Manufactures of wood (including furniture).....	8,131,319	8,165,901	7,875,736	5,118,717	5,261,366	5,868,121

Yarns and textile fabrics—

Cotton.....	32,971,940	36,893,868	37,321,057	378,511,145	407,242,849	453,280,140
Wool.....	50,124,521	47,271,346	49,373,813	121,522,473	128,188,392	137,364,425
Other materials.....	76,609,436	80,318,381	80,250,607	24,535,944	92,062,362	65,640,742
Apparel.....	15,967,198	14,987,238	14,437,748	27,228,766	27,287,086	28,464,231
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	39,083,061	41,889,510	46,941,555	57,076,455	63,027,144	38,233,087
Leather and furs, thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	45,492,305	52,664,920	45,465,743	23,558,973	26,246,032	23,861,137
Earthenware and glass.....	17,972,960	16,970,692	16,346,141	17,328,463	13,174,015	16,788,325
Paper.....	21,847,543	23,114,599	23,347,360	7,384,411	8,490,664	9,666,727
Miscellaneous.....	114,483,441	117,270,961	113,043,467	109,184,856	121,596,791	135,941,165
Totals.....	585,492,976	630,934,833	611,942,447	1,121,902,952	1,260,736,878	1,392,340,948
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	9,375,494	9,842,369	9,127,969	21,220,031	24,357,858	26,102,517
Totals.....	2,333,227,673	2,504,157,574	2,585,393,798	1,374,680,594	1,555,150,258	1,745,894,164
Exports of foreign produce.....	2,333,227,673	2,504,157,574	2,585,393,798	314,866,310	346,694,275	351,577,655
Grand totals.....	2,333,227,673	2,504,157,574	2,585,393,798	1,689,546,904	1,901,844,533	2,097,471,819

Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	600	931	36,185	25,898	29,187	22,920	39,658	1,450,356	853,737	1,108,799
Salmon, canned.....	"	14,736	36,026	117,135	151,527	126,611	235,235	572,369	1,612,461	2,169,382	2,140,832
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads	430	631	58,134	71,132	43,748	11,777	11,845	1,825,903	2,292,018	1,693,911
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	33,734	29,255	1,132,851	1,379,798	1,068,961	467,088	405,164	15,590,531	19,697,111	15,368,757
Total Imports, Principal articles.....											
							4,386,186	4,636,427	97,915,575	108,924,195	103,824,543

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months* of January 1907 and 1908, and the *ten months* ending January 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.		Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.	
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1908.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.								
1. Articles of food and drink.—								
Salt, rock and white.....	1,957	866	64,247	66,781	8,098	3,746	258,168	241,561
Spirits.....	50,106	37,923	591,358	673,629	100,749	82,150	1,403,581	1,594,763
2. Raw materials.—								
Wool, sheep and lambs.....	311,100	38,200	1,351,800	1,197,900	73,195	9,154	326,111	303,056
3. Articles manufactured and partly manufactured.—								
Cotton manufactures—								
Piece goods, grey or unbleached.....	1,019,100	1,536,400	2,218,100	4,701,300	18,722,400	98,248	126,117	1,048,269
" bleached.....	2,140,200	3,976,200	10,790,809	11,809,400	23,234,700	288,520	771,829	7,759,223
" dyed.....	2,971,400	4,711,200	13,024,400	14,877,600	21,218,900	323,604	936,842	1,569,303
yarns.....	2,471,300	2,302,700	12,265,900	13,559,100	18,563,600	300,044	1,602,407	2,299,607
Jute manufactures—								
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,517,500	1,163,600	16,287,300	14,772,480	15,466,300	74,251	822,931	1,031,850
Linen manufactures—								
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,486,700	1,106,500	9,562,900	10,390,000	10,784,300	127,054	982,541	1,222,565
Silk manufactures—								
Lace.....						5,825	4,565	26,866
Silk and other materials.....	1,236,500	761,800	6,135,800	7,170,400	7,201,300	106,015	392,042	41,805
Woolen tissues.....	1,413,700	1,083,100	10,082,800	9,782,100	10,883,800	414,601	3,248,910	3,692,889
Worsted.....	305,600	338,100	2,081,200	2,448,900	2,336,600	662,344	3,830,530	4,772,496
Carpets, not being rugs.....						193,489	1,010,480	1,276,009
Hardware, unmanufactured.....						17,968	197,632	222,314
Cutlery.....						14,040	337,005	452,138
Iron and steel—						21,501	390,640	431,388
Iron, pig.....	8,655	870	38,676	82,668	118,552	13,578	680,732	2,020,719
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables.....	231	89	1,125	1,887	2,642	8,434	78,009	124,795
Bars, angles, rods or sections.....	1,155	377	16,570	28,670	21,534	31,687	666,664	1,041,451
Nails.....	149	775	30,442	7,276	3,773	2,224	753,048	1,219,472
Rails.....	957	474	20,807	22,855	31,379	23,871	792,901	1,368,968
Sheets and plates.....	1,005	322	13,516	14,316	16,900	74,533	865,949	909,894
Galvanized sheets.....	2,225	1,487	18,391	19,885	16,900	25,083	996,030	1,497,620
Tin plates and sheets.....	2,225	1,487	18,391	19,885	16,900	106,721	1,151,447	1,167,786
Wire.....	2,573	294	3,910	4,185	5,795	36,320	328,572	648,259
Old, for re-manufacture.....		746	10,808	23,112	20,412	38,057	152,787	310,746

Lead, pig.....	Tons.	681	268	3,950	4,996	3,656	69,836	23,715	931,566	484,506	374,273
Tin, unwrought.....	Cwt.	1,320	800	6,840	9,320	9,580	60,950	23,842	239,919	403,270	403,342
Apparel and slops.....							183,497	205,797	1,059,960	1,337,845	1,852,383
Haberdashery and millinery, including em- broideries and needlework.....	Tons.	325	302	27,474	44,232	44,366	121,690	83,561	806,175	689,435	697,827
Cement.....	Tons.						2,935	2,633	227,156	326,960	362,562
Earthenware and chinaware.....	Tons.						96,204	110,478	786,442	1,105,066	1,227,347
Oil, seed oil.....	Tons.	90	49	6,970	1,794	1,022	9,538	6,044	581,370	1,036,623	1,153,546
Paper, writing or printing, and envelopes.....	Cwt.	4,557	2,894	42,878	43,356	63,681	31,054	23,063	233,509	313,023	423,832
Paper, all other, except hanging.....	"	733	341	9,635	11,892	22,102	9,577	3,626	108,973	139,797	180,078
Stationery, other than paper.....							22,809	16,055	293,178	327,141	417,884
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India.....	Lbs.	125,164	162,015	691,531	1,377,555	1,338,340	22,376	30,052	142,293	237,769	278,892
" Ceylon.....	"	221,452	122,048	2,104,979	2,463,137	2,174,972	45,498	26,251	411,896	453,421	463,246
" China.....	"	8,311	2,232	132,707	160,325	226,507	1,324	556	22,434	25,347	41,143
" other countries.....	"	4,095	8	24,050	35,552	51,790	905	2	6,761	7,387	13,078
Total Exports, Principal articles.....							4,094,775	3,441,071	26,828,436	31,546,515	37,313,746

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *nine months* ending December 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS—			
Food stuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			116,178,584
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			112,767,972
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.			325,535,797
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			192,693,782
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			285,801,234
Miscellaneous.....			7,702,504
Total imports.....	868,399,772	996,367,794	1,040,679,873
Duties collected from Customs.....	212,133,669	237,725,404	239,185,524
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			149,747,956
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured.....			250,173,818
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.			403,194,849
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			201,693,965
Manufactures ready for consumption.....			380,888,869
Miscellaneous.....			5,279,121
Total exports, domestic.....	1,239,266,327	1,321,492,131	1,390,978,578
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	9,868,702	10,035,942	11,226,717
Dutiable.....	10,846,475	9,130,350	10,838,614
Total exports, foreign.....	20,715,177	19,166,292	22,065,331
Total exports.....	1,259,981,504	1,340,658,423	1,413,043,909
AGGREGATE TRADE—			
Imports.....	868,399,772	996,367,794	1,040,679,873
Exports.....	1,259,981,504	1,340,658,423	1,413,043,909
Grand totals.....	2,128,381,276	2,337,026,217	2,453,723,782

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of December 1906 and 1907, and the *nine months* ending December 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTINENTS.	MONTH OF DECEMBER.				NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER.					
	1906.		1907.		1905.		1906.		1907.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
Africa.....	\$ 2,045,841	1,161,408	\$ 1,753,440	3,248,056	\$ 8,127,545	14,150,625	\$ 7,486,547	12,869,172	\$ 11,807,913	14,166,664
Asia.....	21,842,088	8,015,334	16,370,485	10,218,411	130,810,560	102,117,952	152,281,093	64,963,174	160,362,090	75,251,671
Europe.....	74,235,984	141,829,212	50,457,765	156,090,944	440,268,343	843,264,379	534,173,722	920,899,668	544,899,626	947,119,123
North America.....	15,163,752	27,570,778	12,680,243	25,245,542	169,877,302	220,838,150	180,366,017	249,691,634	198,415,865	277,152,338
South America.....	19,312,980	8,200,663	9,002,163	7,430,261	100,488,010	54,140,444	106,412,706	61,161,927	103,189,368	64,994,293
Oceania.....	1,807,619	3,626,706	1,987,688	3,943,055	18,828,012	25,469,954	15,647,709	31,072,848	22,005,011	34,359,820
Total.....	134,408,264	190,404,101	92,251,784	207,076,269	888,399,772	1,259,981,504	996,367,794	1,340,658,423	1,040,679,873	1,413,043,909

Germany.....	16, 161, 322	27,899,047	11,475,249	35,755,341	95,209,348	163,738,671	115,373,457	183,637,391	121,629,551	200,170,249
Greece.....	324,458	85,681	289,580	148,568	1,274,276	136,970	1,889,750	692,188	2,719,976	1,159,247
Italy.....	5,216,066	8,501,323	3,654,196	6,337,746	28,381,032	30,343,060	34,424,878	44,177,848	39,342,603	36,223,067
Japan.....	7,945,817	3,716,536	5,609,247	5,517,589	38,368,034	40,303,366	50,378,737	24,677,896	54,793,905	30,479,160
Mexico.....	5,111,262	5,536,885	2,733,869	4,896,554	37,907,468	39,158,894	39,287,339	46,617,611	41,176,491	50,795,177
Netherlands.....	3,257,787	8,383,932	597,996	11,406,703	18,561,502	61,479,319	25,272,331	74,129,777	21,422,751	80,578,518
Norway and Sweden:—										
Norway.....	392,630	535,305	372,812	761,234	5,290,165	9,414,241	2,647,277	4,242,340	3,175,419	4,779,691
Sweden.....	374,829	875,195	527,990	833,614	3,909,429	973,279	3,024,543	7,415,279	3,816,126	7,630,191
Portugal.....	867,914	146,720	474,786	287,043	3,909,429	973,279	4,063,322	9,910,642	4,441,113	2,763,220
Peru.....	328,571	454,732	532,520	369,084	1,914,389	3,521,338	2,308,682	3,821,791	5,839,627	4,941,888
Philippine Islands.....	798,846	619,000	1,010,360	1,056,156	11,352,831	4,239,941	7,842,745	5,981,590	8,685,283	8,100,695
Russia:—										
In Asia.....	98,598	169,810	32,851	147,164	10,734,107	13,094,373	832,536	1,829,685	407,064	1,249,034
In Europe.....	1,294,154	3,623,293	1,117,970	1,462,920	7,768,614	13,209,272	13,266,471	12,144,153	12,251,981	10,200,123
Spain.....	1,230,273	1,557,533	1,197,506	2,723,667	7,768,614	13,209,272	8,954,997	15,785,268	12,689,584	18,448,396
Switzerland.....	2,632,690	41,251	2,752,313	62,142	16,738,053	222,861	18,188,730	433,663	21,463,707	474,669
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,004,666	104,773	866,245	220,126	8,495,525	1,111,584	10,127,099	1,117,189	10,085,979	1,561,832
Uruguay.....	89,062	326,809	43,313	405,907	1,578,843	2,210,530	1,389,280	2,408,698	1,571,413	3,121,218
Venezuela.....	589,264	265,067	467,717	249,727	5,202,207	2,439,367	5,411,301	2,592,827	5,395,622	2,070,236
Other foreign countries.....	637,843	1,717,548	633,493	3,214,969	6,421,822	11,435,367	6,502,356	14,028,601	7,973,855	23,634,093
Totals, foreign countries	93,761,923	103,088,069	65,347,975	116,593,817	606,361,670	663,912,826	682,001,793	720,009,286	712,374,888	773,458,690
Grand totals.....	134,408,264	190,404,101	92,251,784	207,076,269	868,399,772	1,259,981,504	996,367,794	1,340,658,423	1,040,679,873	1,413,043,909
		324,812,365	289,328,053		2,128,381,276		2,337,026,217		2,453,723,782	

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of
the months of December 1906 and 1907, and the nine months ending

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				
	Month of December.		Nine Months ending December.		
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Animals—					
Horses..... No.	151	82	2,028	2,234	1,910
Art work.....					
Books, &c.....					
Cement, Roman—					
Portland..... Lbs.		46,600	158,610	3,835,833	306,640
Coal, bituminous..... Tons.	126,753	139,541	997,744	977,068	1,054,972
Copper and manufactures of—					
Ore and regulus..... "	8,273	11,124	125,582	64,469	82,256
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other unmanufactured..... Lbs.	843,451	802,085	17,615,757	21,147,351	23,727,874
Fibres, vegetables, &c., and manufactures of—					
Flax..... Tons.	44	58	570	384	420
Fruits—					
Bananas.....					
Lemons.....					
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....					
Hides and skins, other than fur—					
Cattle hides..... Lbs.	2,445,247	1,765,541	24,256,905	23,970,040	18,708,242
All other.....					
Iron and steel and manufactures of—					
Iron ore..... Tons.		5,169			116,545
Tin plates..... Lbs.		732	125,185	110,842	176,627
Jewellery and other precious stones, &c.....					
Lead and manufactures of—					
Pigs, bars, &c..... Lbs.	1,640,663	75,473	11,288,172	16,273,631	7,234,963
Paper stock, crude (see also wood pulp)....					
Provisions—					
Cheese..... Lbs.	11,075	2,809	71,991	59,399	37,907
Spices, nutmegs, peppers.....			10,137	3,380	
Spirits, distilled—					
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture) Pf. galls.	57,611	50,257	280,418	407,160	454,541
Sugar..... Lbs.			1,770,913	581,824	
Tea.....	179,921	153,607	1,505,818	1,779,534	1,813,470
Tobacco and manufactures of—					
Leaf, suitable for cigar wrappers " " all other sorts.....	4,330	3,324 7,822	230,408	114,569	35,499 181,098
Wood and manufactures of—					
Boards, planks, &c..... M. ft.	59,509	50,678	735,448	859,932	782,389
Wood pulp..... Tons.	13,368	15,781	81,017	99,371	132,114
Wool..... Lbs.	37,319	42,478	1,349,917	616,644	1,560,815
All other goods imported.....					
Total imports.....					

STATES.

Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during December, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

VALUES.				
Month of December.		- Nine Months ending December.		
1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
20,267	14,090	412,750	373,167	377,963
95,774	25,318	493,311	128,443	43,735
16,500	12,684	82,573	91,801	101,968
.....	236	1,323	27,077	1,776
334,649	388,304	2,386,772	2,366,821	2,549,855
93,745	123,454	1,186,882	1,106,375	1,337,106
165,630	106,172	2,682,870	3,845,427	4,740,608
9,405	12,467	123,221	83,958	90,390
.....	.....	76,626	2,147	.....
111,712	69,460	925	66	.....
}	124,204	1,069,757	836,318	861,036
296,999	.....	2,688,555	2,926,144	1,580,105
.....	5,575	.....	.....	148,973
.....	51	5,540	4,487	7,355
54,099	2,213	277,169	506,220	254,450
.....	.....	133,029	56,552	.....
1,570	468	12,498	9,424	6,376
.....	.....	1,946	397	.....
100,116	95,048	544,134	775,155	841,916
41,246	38,841	118,499	32,305	.....
}	2,268	369,449	429,519	441,291
3,962	3,287	134,330	67,207	29,457
1,013,524	1,007,737	11,197,512	14,103,081	14,749,759
336,151	338,947	1,815,839	2,136,685	2,950,566
5,357	10,753	341,670	166,354	406,576
2,891,091	3,306,242	26,348,343	27,704,072	35,923,926
5,591,697	5,687,819	52,505,523	57,779,202	67,530,594

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the months of December, 1906 and 1907, and the nine months ending December, 1905, 1906 and 1907. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of December.		Nine months ending December.		Month of December.		Nine months ending December.			
	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1907.
Agricultural implements.....										
Animals—										
Cattle.....	720	206	13,476	14,164	9,706	115,706	1,305,904	2,381,974	1,900,282	
Hogs.....	1,094	738	67,695	136	138	20,735	652,842	412,161	282,043	
Horses.....	2,110	1,887	16,159	26,113	18,973	128,446	1,616,159	3,059,086	2,522,841	
Sheep.....			55,103	64,526	43,967	7,226	162,660	209,066	155,006	
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....						168,698	1,719,253	1,668,516	1,850,779	
Breadstuffs—										
Corn.....	542,092	409,276	7,198,875	5,285,405	8,942,445	272,043	3,922,583	2,785,434	5,215,750	
Oats.....	584	4,261	2,309,762	401,466	29,165	416	741,630	138,865	12,705	
Wheat.....	861	3,096	65,948	270,337	965,423	513	2,888	209,822	915,698	
Wheat flour.....	10,677	12,139	146,559	154,644	132,129	45,682	54,209	614,842	588,475	
Carriages, cars and parts of—										
Automobiles and parts of.....						31,613	54,538	753,177	929,927	
Trucks.....						1,402	72,020	45,448	50,625	
Other kinds.....						89,557	1,346,937	1,010,546	1,383,767	
Clocks and watches.....						81,747	640,680	711,955	751,174	
Cotton—										
Anthracite.....	164,715	141,939	1,845,023	1,812,880	2,190,435	817,497	9,138,440	8,913,861	10,763,665	
Bituminous.....	427,287	508,860	4,060,015	4,331,880	6,168,992	1,047,622	9,619,114	10,315,466	14,811,880	
Copper and manufactures of—										
Iron, steel, bars and old.....	224,781	637,461	2,245,270	2,437,832	2,879,837	49,676	360,764	646,546	584,384	
Ore, matte and regulus.....	5,371	2,185	25,974	25,974	65,181	45,896	25,338	390,517	777,077	
Cotton and manufactures of—										
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	24,291	13,743	100,007	87,422	61,882	1,382,662	773,221	5,248,279	4,898,862	
coloured and uncoloured.....	12,833,860	6,914,571	51,369,328	45,773,967	31,495,597	71,404	590,573	606,172	448,842	
Yds.....	785,233	358,185	7,441,031	5,836,441	4,673,557					
Wearing apparel.....										
Other kinds.....										
Fertilizers.....	749	1,083	7,409	9,109	13,855	197,373	1,862,983	1,988,032	709,761	
Fibres, vegetables, &c.—										
Twine.....						19,976	152,656	194,111	323,222	
						22,251			1,319,963	

[illegible]

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries for which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1906.	1907.	1908.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....	(10 mos.) *October.....		180,207,800	206,405,066
British South Africa.....	(11 " *November.....		142,242,933	123,953,999
Canada (special).....	(10 " January.....	228,593,449	269,582,929	301,251,524
Great Britain (special).....	(10 " January.....	2,333,227,673	2,504,157,574	2,585,393,798
United States.....	(9 " *December.....	863,399,772	996,367,794	1,040,679,873
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(11 " *November.....	395,916,584	415,043,244	423,203,641
Belgium (principal articles).....	(12 " *December.....	561,514,007	619,237,991	661,718,835
British India.....	(11 " *November.....	323,751,168	351,111,348	383,778,324
Egypt.....	(11 " *November.....	95,955,000	106,755,000	118,345,000
France (special).....	(1 mo. January.....		88,253,200	99,717,800
Germany (special).....	(12 mos.) *December.....	1,696,660,350	1,909,210,058	2,046,187,150
Italy (special).....	(10 " *October.....	316,687,331	394,264,260	439,576,800
Japan (special).....	(11 " *November.....	226,934,500	192,985,500	226,921,500
Mexico (a).....	(10 " *October.....	71,314,000	100,442,000	103,781,500
Portugal.....	(12 " †December.....	67,006,440	65,532,240	65,222,280
Russia (special).....	(9 " *September.....	215,317,895	229,670,430	258,793,163
Spain (principal articles).....	(11 " *November.....	185,460,455	177,115,135	163,676,159
Switzerland (special).....	(9 " *September.....	178,612,815	196,585,168	218,219,310

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....	(10 mos.) *October.....	236,558,933	255,738,466
British South Africa.....	(11 " *November.....	188,370,333	211,232,800
Canada (special).....	(10 " January.....	196,836,471	212,253,637
Great Britain (special).....	(10 " January.....	1,374,680,594	1,555,150,258
United States (special).....	(9 " *December.....	1,239,266,327	1,321,492,131
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(11 " *November.....	398,189,169	428,719,760
Belgium (principal articles).....	(12 " *December.....	423,182,801	493,512,966
British India.....	(11 " *November.....	457,685,964	494,364,384
Egypt.....	(11 " *November.....	88,400,000	102,935,000
France (special).....	(1 mo. January.....		73,987,400
Germany (special).....	(12 mos.) *December.....	1,364,130,796	1,513,448,902
Italy (special).....	(10 " *October.....	261,528,896	299,727,842
Japan (special).....	(11 " *November.....	141,086,000	187,798,500
Mexico (a).....	(10 " *October.....	96,408,500	106,021,500
Portugal.....	(12 " †December.....	33,168,960	31,286,520
Russia (special).....	(9 " *September.....	399,204,825	382,944,730
Spain (principal articles).....	(11 " *November.....	162,403,710	154,985,562
Switzerland (special).....	(9 " *September.....	133,339,068	147,978,504

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports for Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1905, 1906 and 1907.

† Figures are for the years 1904, 1905 and 1906.

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

F. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.

P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.

W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B, Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AFRICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbegd, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, 29 Rue de Souci, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Bruce Walker, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.

A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Preeson's Row, Liverpool.

G. H. Mitchell, 43 Cannon Street, Birmingham.

H. N. Murray, Exeter.

L. Burnett, York.

John Webster, 35-37 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow.

John McLennan, Aberdeen.

E. O'Kelly, 17-19 Victoria Street, Belfast.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS.
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., Jan. 20, 1908.

REMARKABLE GAS ENGINE.

Noticing the remarkable results of tests of a gas-engine in London, and not being sufficiently expert myself to give these results, I send you a report by the engineering correspondent of the Birmingham *Daily Post*.

"Professor Burstall presented to the Institution of Mechanical Engineers in London the result of five years of research on the gas-engine. He has obtained some remarkable results which will affect the design of all internal combustion engines. The object of the trials was to determine how the horse-power and efficiency of the engine varied with the degree of compression used, and also to test the truth, on a practical working engine, of the theoretical law in connection with the standard air engine, that the efficiency is alone proportional to the degree of compression.

"High compression—with the great risk of premature ignition—was necessary. The choice of a suitable gas engine was a very difficult problem. It was finally decided to adapt one to the professor's requirements, the construction of an entirely novel type of engine being quite out of the question on the score of expense. Following Professor Burstall's specification, that the cylinder should be constructed with a minimum of surface for a maximum of volume, very considerable alterations in the engine were made; so much so, in fact, that the Premier Company would not give any guarantee of its correct working. Consequently when the engine was set up all the real work had yet to be done, and nearly two years were spent in getting it to run satisfactorily. When the compression was raised above 140 lb. per square inch, much trouble was experienced because of premature ignition, and it was only after the insertion of the Lodge ignition, with a specially oil-cooled plug, that this difficulty was overcome.

"As an engine trial necessarily entails a quantity of subsidiary apparatus and fittings, it may be of interest to describe those used in connection with this test. The engine on which the trials were made was capable of giving 150 h.p. at 170 r.p.m., its diameter being 16 in. with a 24 in. stroke. The compression was varied by inserting packing pieces at the big end of the connecting rod, so that the compression space was always cylindrical in form. The engine worked with producer gas, supplied from a producer made by the Power Gas Corporation, the actual supply of gas being measured by a carefully calibrated meter. The calorific value of the gas was obtained by a Junker calorimeter, and also by analysis, the results obtained by the two methods agreeing very closely, when the condensation of the water was taken into account. The exhaust gases were also analysed, and thus it was possible to calculate the temperature at the end of the suction stroke. The maximum temperature sometimes reached as high a value as 2,000 degrees C., but in the most economical runs it varied between 1,200 and 1,400 degrees C. The heat carried away by the cooling water was measured in the ordinary way, except that the cylinder body, breach, piston, and valves were cooled by separate supplies of water, so that an idea of the relative heating of the different parts might be obtained.

"As the indicated horse-power exerted by the engine was one of the most important measurements to be made, the greatest precaution and care were taken. The mixture at each compression was also varied. This was effected by employing mixing valves with different sized air and gas ports.

"The results were exceedingly interesting. They show conclusively that at one particular compression the best results were obtained. Above that pressure the efficiency fell off considerably. This is at variance with the usual belief that economy increases with compression, and is due considerably to the cooling action of the walls of the cylinder. At high compressions the density and temperature of the gas are much increased, and consequently more heat is carried away by the cooling water.

"The efficiencies obtained were remarkable, even when the minute care, exercised throughout the trials, is taken into account. Starting with a mean thermal efficiency of 30 per cent. with a compressive pressure of 87 lb. per square inch, it rises with the compression till the wonderful efficiency of 43 per cent is obtained with a compression of 180 lb. per square inch, and then, as the compression rises still further, to about 270 lb. per square inch, drops slowly to 39.4 per cent. In Prof. Burstall's opinion, the most important point that his paper proves is that an efficiency of 43 per cent equal to the best performance of the Diesel engine, can be obtained with a maximum pressure of 360 lb. per square inch, and a temperature of only about 1,200-1,400 deg. C., showing that large gas engines can be constructed much more easily than is generally believed, as hitherto large mean pressures have been used to keep the size of the engine as small as possible."

P. B. BALL.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. A. McKinnon.)

SUN BUILDING, CLARKE ST.,

BRISTOL, ENG., Jan 3, 1908.

AGRICULTURISTS PROSPEROUS.

On the whole last year has undoubtedly been one of the most successful and prosperous for agriculturists that we have known in recent times. Optimistic forecasts were made early in the year, and though a wet and cold July threatened to work great havoc, ample amends were made in August and September, the latter month having been particularly fine. It also happens that in the year 1907 prices were most satisfactory; better still perhaps that it is not merely a temporary fluctuation in values that has produced this result, but rather a changed state of circumstances, the net result of which is likely to be a permanent increase in prices. The two following tables, as published by *The Times*, will, if read together, afford Canadian agriculturists an adequate view of the situation in Great Britain:—

	1907.	1906.	1907 compared with 1906.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Corn crops.....	9,997,760	7,057,538		59,838
Green crops.....	3,088,225	3,081,989	6,236	
Clover and rotation grasses.....	4,491,028	4,440,746	50,282	
Flax.....	372	263	109	
Hops.....	44,938	46,722		1,784
Small fruit.....	82,167	80,226	1,941	
Bare fallow.....	261,437	314,537		53,100
Total arable land.....	14,965,867	15,022,021		56,154
" permanent grass.....	17,278,243	17,244,734	33,509	
" cultivated area.....	34,244,110	32,266,755		22,645

ESTIMATED AVERAGE YIELD PER ACRE IN 1907 AND THE AVERAGE OF THE TEN YEARS 1897-1906.

	1907.	Average of 10 years, 1897-1906.	1907 compared with 1906.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Wheat..... Bush.	33·97	31·22	2·75	
Barley..... "	35·26	33·14	2·12	
Oats..... "	43·04	39·29	3·75	
Beans..... "	34·50	29·50	5·00	
Pease..... "	29·44	27·10	2·34	
Potatoes..... Tons.	5·43	5·75		0·32
Turnips and swedes..... "	14·11	13·15	0·96	
Mangels..... "	19·85	19·17	0·68	
Hay from clover, sainfoin, etc..... Cwt.	32·97	29·56	3·41	
Hay from permanent grass..... "	27·23	23·99	3·24	
Hops..... "	8·33		3·09	

EVAPORATED APPLES.

Since my former report on this subject (See Monthly Report for June, 1907, page 461) correspondence has come in, the views contained in which may be summarized as follows:—

1. The demand for evaporated apples depends chiefly on crop conditions as reflected in the values of green fruit. The best trade is done just after Christmas.

2. The favourite package appears to be the 25-pound box, put up in Californian style. The next in demand is a 50-pound box, and finally, the one-pound cardboard package meets a considerable demand for certain markets.

3. Grading should be very carefully attended to, it being essential that the fruit should be uniform in quality throughout the package, and throughout all the packages in any given consignment, which bear the same grade mark. Good sized fruit is always in demand; the colour should be pale, as nearly white as possible, the fruit being so treated as to retain its colour after being exposed to the air.

4. In certain districts price is a small consideration, high quality being essential, when as much as 8d. per pound is asked, retail; but the general average price varies from 4d. to 6d. per pound, retail, the bulk of the trade being increased as the price is reduced.

5. Rings are most in favour, though there is a considerable demand for whole cored if of good size and colour.

SOURCES OF SUPPLY.

As has been before stated, the market draws most of its supplies from the United States. One firm states that in its experience Canadian fruit has been found considerably superior. In any case, I would repeat that this and other products will always find a sentimental preference in the British market which will be quite sufficient to turn the scale, if in quality and price the Canadian article can hold its own with foreign competitors..

W. A. MACKINNON.

JAPAN, CHINA AND COREA.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. T. R. Preston.)

HONG KONG, January 15, 1908.

HIDES AND LEATHERS.

The importation of hides and leathers to Japan will probably develop to very large proportions during the next decade or two. Already there is not only a great demand for hides and skins, but for the finished products as well. Hides are imported from Asia, Australia and Europe. In two or three of the large tanneries, the out-put of which is purchased entirely by the Imperial government, only hides heavier than sixty pounds are used, but in others the ordinary hides find a ready market.

DUTY AND FREIGHT.

The duty on hides or skins—raw, dried, salted, pickled or undressed, amounts to about 44 cents per 100 lbs. The freight on hides, half dried or salted, from Europe to Japan is about one-half the amount that is charged from the ports on the North American continent, the result being that but little of this trade comes across the Pacific Ocean.

In respect to sole leather, cow, calf, sheep, goat and others, the matter is reversed. Almost all of these are imported from the United States. This is particularly the case with sole leather. Fully ninety per centum of the last year's importation came from the United States.

TOTAL IMPORTS OF LEATHERS.

The total import of these items during the last four years exceeded ten million yen. The duty on sole leather amounts to about \$1.70 per 100 lbs., while the duty that is levied on the other leathers is ten per centum advalorem.

The Japanese are engaged extensively in the manufacture of leather goods,—trunks, valises, bags, boots and shoes. They are being persistently canvassed by representatives of United States firms. This is a case where I believe profitable business connections might be established, if representatives of Canadian firms would visit Japan with samples of the products of Canadian tanneries.—

JAPANESE CONSUMPTION OF CHEESE.

Among other western habits that is becoming prevalent among the Japanese is the consumption of cheese. This, like the use of butter in the East is an acquired taste. That in the course of the next few years, it will develop to a considerable extent there can be but little doubt. Already there is quite a reasonable importation of select Canadian cheese put up in jars or packages, but this is owing to a demand from the foreign population residing at the great shipping ports.

OPPORTUNITY FOR CANADIAN DAIRYMEN.

A product that is made by the Oblat Fathers in the northern part of Japan, and which resembles fresh Holland cheese, finds a very ready sale among the better classes. The demand for this article far exceeds the supply. There is a good opportunity here for enterprising Canadian dairymen to supply an active demand.

The large or ordinary cheeses are now offered for sale at Japanese provision stores throughout the large centres, and in reply to inquiries dealers assured me that, with the changed conditions of the people, there is an ever increasing demand for this article of food.

SHOULD SELL DIRECT.

The necessity for Canadian dealers or manufacturers of dairy products getting in touch with foreign buyers direct, instead of through commission merchants in New York and San Francisco, was brought to my attention a few days ago. In making inquiries about a certain brand of well-known Canadian cheese, I was informed that a Yokohama firm, which is one of the largest in the east, had ceased importing this manufacture, because a shipment that had been received through a San Francisco commission merchant had proved very unsatisfactory—in fact quite unsaleable. The San Francisco house refused to discuss the subject when complaints were made, and the result was that the commodity was dropped from the list of future purchases and was replaced elsewhere.

There is an undoubted possibility of erecting a good market in the east for Canadian cheese. But this, like that of other commodities, will necessitate active business enterprise.

CONSUMPTION OF BUTTER IN JAPAN.

The use of butter by Japan is an experience of comparatively recent date. A taste for this dairy product is very rapidly developed. There is a general consensus of opinion that there will be an enormous demand for this commodity in the course of a few years.

TOTAL IMPORTS OF BUTTER.

The imports of butter into Japan during the last seven or eight years may be seen by the accompanying schedule:—

	BUTTER.	
	Kin.	Yen.
1900	159,561	109,021
1901	681,273	119,339
1902	198,457	140,327
1903	201,021	148,109
1904	180,271	122,069
1905	184,176	133,860
1906	241,430	175,521

BUTTER IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

The imports of butter from Canada as shown by the Japanese statistics are as follows:—

Year.	Kin.	Yen.
1900	8,712	6,216
1901	2,603	1,499
1902	5,675	3,664
1903	10,793	7,227
1904	15,668	10,524
1905	21,553	14,515
1906	24,605	22,957

In an official Japanese Report on the question of the quality of butter imported into Japan, Denmark stands first on the list, followed closely by France. The amount imported from Canada has been quite immaterial, in comparison to the total amount reaching the country.

BUTTER NOT SATISFACTORY.

Canada was just establishing an enviable reputation, when a large shipment from one of the western provinces turned out very unsatisfactorily. And unfortunately it had been extensively distributed before the importers became aware of its character. Personal complaints on this point met me in several large centres in different parts of Japan.

I finally followed the matter up until, quite accidentally I got in touch with the importers, and secured abundant evidence of one of the most ill-advised shipments that could possibly have been made from Canada. The result of the transaction is that a serious obstacle has been created against a growing trade, the facts connected with the unfortunate episode having been circulated far and wide. I learned that these dealers had transferred their importations to the Australian product.

COST AND TRANSPORTATION.

This naturally brings up the question of the cost of the transportation of butter from other countries to Japan in comparison with the freight expenses attached to the import from the Dominion.

Australia.—Distance from Yokohama 6,700 miles, the journey occupying about six weeks. Butter is carried in refrigerated storage all the way at one penny per lb., or at the rate of \$40 per ton.

Denmark.—Distance from Yokohama 12,800 miles, occupying 50 days, \$10 per ton, or, if in cold storage an increase of 25 per cent, making the charge \$12.50 per ton.

Holland.—Distance from Yokohama 12,300 miles, occupying about six weeks, \$10 per ton; or if carried in cold storage, an increase of 25 per cent, making the charge \$12.50 per ton.

Calgary.—Distance from Yokohama 640 miles by rail, and 4,300 miles by sea, totalling 4,950 miles, occupying about 14 days, at the rate of \$36 per ton, without cold storage on the ocean.*

NOTE.—This is based upon a payment of \$27.41 for 1,500 lbs., for which I saw the receipt.

It will also be interesting to know that to the shippers who send all their goods by certain European steamship lines, a bonus of ten per cent of the amount that they pay during the year is refunded at the close of each year.

The countries referred to in the above are the competitors of Canada for the Far Eastern dairy trade. Butter, of course, will in a sort time, replace the consumption of margarine, the trade of which is now largely in the possession of Holland.

But in order that Canada may be able to fairly compete with these countries, there will have to be a change in the conditions of manufacturers and transportation. On this point the inferences to be drawn are naturally obvious, and do not necessitate further explanations.

W. T. R. PRESTON.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, December 24, 1907.

THE TARIFF.

The tariff has passed through the committee of the House of Representatives. The Senate will meet to consider it in January next but the House of Representatives will not meet again until the middle of March, so that the tariff, as adopted by the committee, will be in force for the next three months. Very great reductions have been made from the form in which it was first introduced. An estimate has been made that in the original form it increased the duties by two millions sterling and of that increase one and a half millions have been removed in committee. The new tariff will be about five per cent higher than the old tariff. On some articles it is considerably higher, but on no line of any importance is it so high as to be prohibitory. There is no doubt that it will stimulate home production but not very much more than did its predecessor and in the same lines, such as boots, shoes and apparel, in which a good deal of progress has been made since the union of the states. It must be remembered that while there is some increase in the duties on the lines which Australia is likely to produce for itself, yet this advantage is to some extent counter-vailed by the conditions which the government has announced will be exacted from local manufacturers. Until these conditions are known and their effect clearly understood there is not likely to be an investment of new capital to so liberal an extent as otherwise might be the case.

THE EFFECT ON IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

On most lines the effect of the preference granted to the United Kingdom is of more consequence than the additions to the tariff and if Canada secures the advantage of this preference as, I trust, it may later on, its position will be materially improved over that under the previous tariff. In many of the lines Australia must import and the advance of 5 or even 10 per cent in the present state of prosperity will not materially affect imports. The chief obstacle in the extension of the Canadian trade under the new tariff will be that existing during the last six years, the inability of Canadian manufacturers to fill orders they might otherwise obtain. Taking the chief items of imports from Canada.

APPAREL AND TEXTILES.

Upon apparel generally, the old duty was 25 per cent. The new general duty is 40 per cent on articles containing wool, and 35 and 30 per cent on other articles with a preference of 5 per cent on British goods. Canadian imports will pay 35 and 30 per cent. The extra 10 per cent will somewhat affect trade which was never large. Piece goods of cotton is the largest item under this general head. The old duty was 5 per cent, the new duty is 5 per cent in the general tariff and free from the United Kingdom. Flannellette is another considerable item. The old duty was 15 per cent. The new general tariff is 10 per cent and the preferential 5 per cent. In cottons and

flannelettes, the Canadian competition has been almost wholly with the manufacturers of the United States and the change in tariff will not affect that competition. The preferential advantage of 5 per cent is certainly favourable to goods from the United Kingdom, which may displace some Canadian products. Canvas, duck and sewing silk, in all of which there has been trade from Canada, are unaffected by the tariff. They are free now as they were before.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

The trade with Canada is limited to one class of cartridges not made in England. The duty on the cartridges, which were before free, is now general tariff 20 per cent, preferential 15 per cent. It is possible that this advantage of 15 per cent may cause English manufacturers to take up the line hitherto obtained from Canada and the United States. The duty should to some extent encourage the filling of cartridges in Australia.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Under this heading are included the products of both leather and rubber. The old duty on leather, boots and shoes was 35 and 25 per cent. The new duty is 35 per cent general, and 30 per cent preferential. The duty on rubber shoes was 20 per cent. Under the new tariff it is 25 per cent general, and 20 per cent preferential. Gum boots, formerly free, are now 5 per cent general, and free from the United Kingdom. As the duty on leather has been advanced from 15 per cent to a duty of 30 per cent general tariff and 20 per cent preferential, the 5 per cent additional duty upon boots and shoes will not afford much additional protection to the local boot and shoe manufacturers, but the preferential tariff should be of some advantage to the manufacturers of the United Kingdom. The Canadian share of the trade in leather goods has for some time been very small, the main importations being rubber goods in which Canada is likely to hold its own.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

The articles included under this heading coming from Canada are mainly unchanged in duty and the trade, so far as the tariff is concerned will be unaffected.

FANCY GOODS AND JEWELLERY.

Under the old tariff a duty of 20 per cent was levied upon this line. The duty has been advanced to 30 per cent general and 25 per cent preferential. Jewellery and imitation jewellery was mainly 25 per cent under the old tariff. Under the new it varies from 30 to 40 per cent general tariff with a preferential duty of 25 and 35 per cent. The trade is not very large in these lines and is not likely to be seriously affected.

FISH.

The duty on tinned fish under the old tariff was 1d. per lb. That duty has been preserved under the new tariff, but the duty on fresh fish, smoked and frozen, has been advanced from 1d. to 1½d. per lb. The advance is not likely to affect the trade from Canada as the importations of frozen fish have made no advance for the last three years and it is of but a limited extent.

FRUIT.

The only fruit likely to come from Canada is the apple. The duty is unchanged. No Canadian exporter has shipped fruit for some time. The demand for British Columbia apples is as strong as ever, but no supply has been procurable.

FURNITURE.

In the committee of the House of Representatives the prohibitory duty upon chairs was materially changed. The old tariff placed a duty of 20 per cent upon all furniture. Under the present tariff the duty upon furniture is 40 per cent general and 30 per cent preferential. Lounges and settees, however, are 30 per cent without any preference. The largest importations from Canada are included in the 30 per cent items. Under the tariff, as introduced, cables were despatched countermanding all orders, but upon the revision in committee instructions were at once forwarded to resume shipments. The extra 10 per cent duty will not materially affect Canadian trade.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND HOPS.

There are no changes in the tariff to affect imports from Canada in the articles under this heading.

IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY.

The duty on ploughs and parts, chaff cutters and cultivators other than disc is unchanged. The duty on seed drills has advanced from $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent to 25 per cent. Stripper harvesters and strippers are fixed at the former specific duty of £12 and £6 respectively. The duty on agricultural, horticultural and viticultural implements and machinery, not specialized, is 15 per cent general tariff and $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent preferential. On mowers, reapers and binders a duty of $17\frac{1}{2}$ per cent has been fixed, but it is not to go into effect until it has been declared by a resolution of both Houses of Parliament that the manufacture of such articles has been established within the Commonwealth. It is not likely to be put into effect for some time to come. The Manufacturers' Association has declared that under the conditions fixed by the court respecting wages and the price fixed at which they must sell their goods by the government, it will not be possible for strippers and harvesters to be made at a profit within the Commonwealth. This is probably going too far. It is not likely that the trade from Canada will be very much affected at the present time.

RUBBER GOODS.

The exports of rubber from Canada consist mainly of boots and shoes which have already been dealt with. The duty on rubber hose and general manufactures is 25 per cent general, and 20 per cent preferential. The bulk of the goods in these lines comes from the United Kingdom and the preference should certainly be to its advantage and make it more difficult for Canada to compete. The Canadian trade is at present not very large.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

On pianos and organs the old duty was 15 per cent. The new duty is 30 per cent general and 25 per cent preferential. The change in duty will not affect organs, but will be an additional obstacle in extending the market for Canadian pianos, particularly if Canada cannot obtain the preferential rate.

MACHINES AND MACHINERY.

Typewriters, sewing machines and printing machines are still free. On the other classes imported from Canada the old duty was 20 per cent, $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent and free. The duties have been increased to 30 per cent on most lines with a preference of 25 per cent, but there is a provision for the importation of machine tools in departmental by-laws free, which are unlikely to be made in Australia and, as most of the machinery imported from Canada will come under this category, it is hoped that the free provision will be extended to them.

METAL MANUFACTURES.

On the lines imported from Canada the old duty varied from 12½ to 20 per cent. The new duty is 25 per cent general, with a preference of 20 per cent. The duty on these articles in which there is local manufacture will be an impediment to Canadian trade, but not to the extent that the additional duty would seem to indicate.

PAPER AND PRINTED MATTER.

The bulk of the importations from Canada is printing paper and upon it the duty is unchanged. There is an important improvement respecting catalogues, price lists and advertising matter. Upon all of these lines the old duty was 3d. per lb., but under the new tariff these goods, when they refer to the goods of a manufacturer or producer not having an established place of business in Australia, will be admitted free.

SPIRITS.

The tariff is unchanged so far as Canadian interests are concerned.

TIMBER.

The timber duties have been very materially changed. Under the old tariff the duty on undressed timber 12 x 6 inches and over, was 1s. per 100 superficial feet. It has been reduced under the new tariff to 6d. per 100 feet, and applies to New Zealand pine, which has hitherto been admitted free. On timber 7 x 2½ inches and over and up to 12 x 6 inches, the old duty of 1s. 6d. per 100 feet has been changed to 2s., and in sizes below 7 x 2½ inches it has been made 2s. 6d. On dressed timber the duty is as before, 3s. per 100 feet. Laths have been advanced from 5s. per thousand, to 7s. 6d. The purpose of the increases has been to encourage the production of timber locally and also to promote resawing. Pine from Queensland is presumed to compete with foreign importations of soft woods, but the amount which it is able to supply has been very limited. There are no figures available now by which the amount could be definitely ascertained, but in 1905 out of an importation of over 500,000 pounds sterling, Queensland was credited with only £42,000 in value. It has been stated that last year the total exports of this timber from Queensland were less than 5,000,000 feet. The effect of the duties may to some extent change the sizes imported, but will not change the quantities.

VEHICLES.

As introduced the tariff threatened to destroy the import trade. It has been materially changed in the committee and the specific duty has been changed to an *ad valorem* one. The old duty was 20 per cent. The present duty is 30 per cent with a preference of 25 per cent. Cycle parts have been made 15 per cent, the smaller parts 5 per cent, with a preferential duty of 10 per cent and free respectively. On motor cars the duty has been made: On the bodies, 35 per cent, and 30 per cent preferential, and on the chassis with rubber tires the duty is 5 per cent and preferential free. On buggies and carriages generally the old duty of 25 per cent has been advanced to 35 per cent, and the preferential duty 30 per cent. Parts of carriages, such as sets of wheels, under gear, buggy hoods, and carriage bodies in the white, bear the same duties as carriages. On shafts the duty is 30 per cent, preferential 25 per cent. The Canadian trade for the last three or four years has been very small in buggies and parts and will not be much affected by the tariff. The old tariff had cut down the importation of buggies very considerably. The chief Canadian exports have been in bicycles and motor cars. The new tariff is certainly not advantageous to Canadian productions as it now stands.

THE CONCLUSION.

Summing up, one-half of the volume of imports from Canada are unchanged in respect to the tariff, two-thirds of the balance are not materially affected, and about one-sixth may be affected somewhat seriously. There will need to be some adjustment to meet the new conditions in it.

NEW ZEALAND.

Trade in New Zealand is reported as good. Imports show additions and exports are fairly maintained in volume though reduction in prices must show a reduction in value. The exports of butter for September, October and November were below those of a similar period of 1906 and 1905, but there was a considerable increase in the exports of cheese. Wool in quantity, was equal to a similar period of the two previous years. Frozen meat will show a very large increase. The price of flour has been reduced owing to a competition from Australia and quotations are £13 10s. in Wellington. The market for hemp is still very dull. Prices have been reduced to £24 10s. 0d. for 'fair' and £23 10s. 0d. for 'common.'

NEW SOUTH WALES.

The imports for the first eleven months of the current year show an increase in merchandise of £5,198,207, and an increase in the exports of merchandise of £6,446,037. There was a decrease in the exports of gold of £3,568,939, leaving a net increase of exports of £3,077,098. The decrease in the exports of gold is in part due to a decrease in the Australian production and in part to the balance of trade being so largely in favour of Australia that gold is not largely required to meet liabilities abroad. Import orders have been materially affected by the uncertainty of the tariff, but trade is likely to be resumed in the belief that the tariff, as adopted by the House of Representatives, will finally pass. Orders have already gone forward by cable and letter for Canadian goods.

Good rains have fallen in New South Wales and very heavy rains in Queensland. The prospects of the country are very much better than they were three or four months ago. These rains were too late to secure a good yield of wheat in New South Wales, but they have materially improved the harvests in the other states so that there will be enough for home consumption and probably a little to spare.

WOOL.

At the Sydney wool sales prices have not followed the heavy decline in England but there was a considerable quantity of the wool offered unsold. It was, therefore, deemed advisable to cancel the sales for some time in the hope that money might be easier, which would induce freer bidding. The receipts show a considerable increase over those of last year as was anticipated, but experts still hold that the quantity of wool produced in Australia in 1907-8 will be below that of a year ago.

NEW SOUTH WALES TIMBER.

The government of New South Wales appointed a commission to inquire into its timber resources and found that the quantity of timber has been below the common anticipation and has recommended that the export of at least two varieties, iron bark and tallow wood, should be prohibited for ten years. It has been the common belief that the turpentine wood of this state would resist the ravages of the teredo or marine borer, and there has been a considerable export of this timber to Vancouver to be used for piles. Recently samples of this timber, which had been thoroughly riddled by the teredo, were exhibited in Sydney. The piles had only been in position for about five years and in that time they had been destroyed by the insect. The timber was sunk in brackish water in the mouth of a river affected by the tide. Possibly, the turpentine may be unaffected in the waters of British Columbia, as it has been in most parts of New South Wales.

TRADE DESCRIPTION OF IMPORTED LEATHER.

A former order respecting a description of imported leather has been cancelled and the following substituted in its place: It has been decided for the purposes of regulation 6 (2) (g), that:—1. The trade description of sole leather containing not more than a total of 3 per cent of glucose and sugar taken together, and not more than a total of 5 per cent of fats and oils taken together, need not state the names or percentages of those substances. 2. The trade description of leather other than sole (a) containing not more than 3 per cent of glucose and sugar taken together, need not state the names or percentages of those substances; (b) need not state the names or percentages of fats and oils contained.

FANNING ISLAND.

Fanning Island, the mid-ocean station of the Pacific cable, was recently sold by order of the court and was bought by Father Rougier. This has led to a report that the island might pass from British possession. A sale could not affect the sovereignty of the island. As a matter of fact it was bought on behalf of a legal gentleman, a British subject of Fiji, who had previously been half-owner of the island. The sale was simply to settle a partnership.

J. S. LARKE.

CITY TRADE BRANCH.

REPORT BY CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.

(*Mr. Harrison Watson.*)

73 BASINGHALL STREET,
LONDON, E.C., ENG., January 31, 1908.

APPLES.

Although many of the Canadian shippers of high class apples should have enjoyed a profitable year, it is to be feared that what promised early in the autumn to be a most satisfactory season for Canadian apples is ending in disaster and in some cases will result in heavy losses to Canadian shippers.

This unsatisfactory state of affairs is mainly due to two causes, (1) the inferior size and appearance of some of the fruit, which, in many cases, is of too low a grade for the requirements of this market, and (2) the enormous shipments from Canada and the United States which were discharged into the United Kingdom towards the end of the year and which thoroughly demoralized a market in which values had already declined. These two factors have caused a heavy break in prices, and the opinion is held that some of the low grade fruit which has recently come to hand cannot possibly realize prices which will anything like cover the cost of labour, packages and freight.

There have been in Covent Garden and elsewhere many complaints about false marking and bad grading, which, in some instances, seem to be well founded, but a cardinal mistake has been made in shipping apples of too low a grade for this market, possibly under the impression that as there was a reported shortage of apples at the beginning of the season, a ready and profitable market could be found for the time being for apples of all descriptions and sizes. There certainly is a large demand for fruit of good appearance, but the consuming public will not buy small apples of bad colour, such as have been latterly received from Canada, and under the circumstances prefer bananas and oranges, and other fruits which are available in large quantities. One authority stated that it is unwise to ship No. 3 grade apples to this market under any circumstances.

Upon the whole, it would appear that much of the present trouble has been caused by Canadian shippers sending over in a year when the apple crop in Canada has been partly a failure, fruit which, under ordinary circumstances they would probably not ship, under the impression that owing to the failure of the apple crops in the United Kingdom and on the Continent, the United Kingdom would be willing to pay high prices for fruit of any kind.

CIDER.

It is interesting to learn that a firm here is about to experiment as to the possibility of using for blending purposes, cider made in Nova Scotia. In the past, the opinion has been held in Canada that several of the varieties of apples grown in Ontario are better suited for cider-making purposes than the varieties which are grown to the largest extent in the Annapolis valley, and most of the cider plants in the Dominion are located in Ontario.

The geographical position of the maritime provinces, whereby lower rates of transportation can be obtained to the United Kingdom than are possible from more westerly points—particularly when these latter are inland—gives Nova Scotia considerable natural advantages for developing this trade, and if the experiments are successful, it is likely that an industry of some importance may be developed.

As excellent juice can be produced from apples, which, owing to their size and appearance, are unsuitable for table use, and as the canning and evaporating industries are less developed in this part of Canada than in Ontario, the success of the cider industry should be very advantageous to Nova Scotia apple growers.

EVAPORATED APPLES.

Among the Trade Inquiries received during the past month was an intimation from one of the largest wholesale grocery firms in England to the effect that they would like to arrange to represent some first-class reliable Canadian producer of evaporated apples who is in a position to furnish large and regular supplies and is well situated for conducting export trade. This firm operates in the United Kingdom and also on the continent, and the opening should form a valuable outlet for the Canadian industry.

HANDLES AND OTHER MANUFACTURES OF WOOD.

As a result of publicity given by this office and other Canadian agencies regarding the demand existing in the United Kingdom for manufactures of wood of all kinds, we have recently received letters from several Canadian manufacturers intimating that they would like to develop export trade and asking us to furnish them with prices which are being paid for handles and various other lines.

It can be readily understood that information of this description is most valuable to manufacturers as enabling them to judge if this particular trade would be of a profitable nature or not. Upon the other hand there are such endless varieties of handles and wooden goods of all descriptions that it is practically impossible to give any general idea of prices except in a few standard lines, and even then much depends upon the quality of the particular lot. Many buyers moreover, who would gladly consider samples and quotations, are quite unwilling to state what prices they can offer, holding that it is for the seller to make quotations.

It is, however, quite likely that importers would frequently be willing to give a good deal of valuable information upon these points to manufacturers who took up the matter in a business-like manner and showed their ability to furnish supplies. We have mentioned the matter to quite a few importers, but they practically all hold the view that the best plan would be for the Canadian manufacturer to send over samples of what he wishes to supply as a preliminary to further negotiations, and there is no difficulty in referring any manufacturer seeking business in definite goods to firms here who will be ready to correspond with them.

From one source we are informed that in a very general way, the current values of standard broom handles, 51 x 1½ inches, made of good pine or other white wood, are at present about as follows:—

No. 1 quality	14s. to 16s. per gross.
No. 2 “	11s. to 14s. “
No. 3 “	8s. to 9s. “

c.i.f United Kingdom ports.

Quotations, however, fluctuate so frequently that these figures at the best, only convey a very general idea.

REFERENCES.

Reference has been made upon a previous occasion to the necessity of Canadian firms indicating references of some kind or other when writing direct to United Kingdom firms offering their services as resident agents.

This is a matter in which, of course, the government offices accept no responsibility, but the question of reference is usually about the first point upon which the manufacturer or shipper seeks information. We believe that a good many Canadian firms deal with this matter when replying to trade inquiries, but we so frequently hear from United Kingdom houses whose inquiries we have forwarded, asking if we can tell them anything about some correspondent named, that it is apparent that the precaution is frequently neglected. It frequently results that firms take no further action whatever in the absence of such information.

Many of the Canadian manufacturers' agents already represent firms on this side and should consequently have no difficulty about references, and others should be able to arrange the matter through the United Kingdom agents of their bankers.

HARRISON WATSON.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., February 5, 1908.

HALL-MARKING IN GREAT BRITAIN.

I have had numerous inquiries both from Canada and Great Britain as to what effect the Canadian Gold and Silver Marking Act would have on the export trade from the United Kingdom to Canada, and whether the British hall-mark of 9 carats could be changed, or whether a hall-mark of 10 carats could be established in the United Kingdom (which it is proposed shall be the standard for Canadian goods).

The British government does not in itself hall-mark any articles, but various local assay offices are established under power granted by statute in each case. To be positive, I applied to the Standards Department of the Board of Trade, and I am informed that gold wares sold or exposed for sale in the United Kingdom, exported for sale abroad, or imported into the United Kingdom, are required to be hall-marked and to be of the standard degrees of fineness recognized by law, namely, 22, 20, 18, 15, 12 and 9 carats. There is no standard of fineness of 10 carats. Wares of 20 carat standard are not hall-marked in England or Scotland. An Act of parliament would therefore have to be passed before goods of 10 carats in fineness could be hall-marked in the United Kingdom.

P. B. BALL.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

MANCHESTER, February 3, 1908.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

ESTIMATE of the Stock of Provisions, &c., in the Port of Liverpool, on the 31st January, 1908, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month.

		31st January, 1908.	31st Dec., 1907.	31st January, 1907.
Bacon	Boxes.	10,495	5,692	12,260
Hams	"	5,262	6,187	3,222
Shoulders	"	566	1,848	310
Butter	Cwts.	1,656	1,732	8,474
Cheese (full shapes)	Boxes.	79,972	87,468	77,774
Do. (50 lbs. and under)	"	2,895	2,523	
Lard (Prime Steam Western)	Tierces.	3,398	3,934	2,597
Lard (imported pure refined lard) in tierces, firkins or other packages	Tons.	465	713	871
Lardine and Compound	"	129	129	43

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(Mr. D. H. Ross.)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,

MELBOURNE, January 20, 1908.

THE AUSTRALIAN METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

There is probably no other country in the world which is so vitally affected by varying weather conditions as Australia. The character of a season makes all the difference between prosperity and financial strain to its people. Australians have therefore every incentive to study meteorology, for the weather must always be of supreme interest and the supply of accurate daily forecasts is a question of first importance. On January 1, 1908, the Commonwealth government inaugurated the first federal meteorological service by taking over the control of the observatories in the capital cities of the states, and daily forecasts are now issued from the central observatory in Melbourne.

The central office receives every morning 217 reports from stations within the Commonwealth, and this work is facilitated by the telegraph system, which is entirely under the control of the Postmaster General's Department. In issuing the daily forecasts, the federal meteorologist publishes the weather conditions experienced throughout the whole of the Commonwealth on the previous day by giving details of the maximum and minimum temperature, humidity in the atmosphere, and the rainfall (if any) is accurately recorded. The new service has at its command the most improved scientific instruments and all the information available in Australia is collected according to one regular system.

ITALIAN IMMIGRANTS FOR WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

For some time past the government of Western Australia has been negotiating an immigration scheme with the Italian authorities, and matters have advanced to a point which necessitated the Italian consul at Perth to recently proceed to London to arrange the final details with the Agent General of the state interested. The government of Italy has assumed almost a paternal interest in the proposals, and the advantage of having the scheme so endorsed is recognized in Western Australia. The land to be made available is contiguous to the railways, and settlement is to be made on one side of the line only, the idea being to have British settlers on the other side to prevent exclusiveness. Schools for teaching English and religious and medical conveniences will be provided by the government until such time as the settlers can undertake such responsibilities independently. To assist the settlers to develop the land, provision is made whereby the state Agricultural Bank will make advances under the ordinary terms to other customers. The Italian consul at Perth will personally select the immigrants in Italy and will periodically report on the settlements to the state government until such time as the land is opened up and cultivated.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS FOR AUSTRALIA.

One of the Australian states is apparently achieving considerable success in sending out domestic servants from the United Kingdom to meet the local demand. Within the last three months, over 500 girls have arrived in Australia under agreement to accept positions as domestic servants and places were easily and immediately found for them on arrival. These young women are carefully selected and must possess good health, good references, good training, and be of good moral character.

Each contingent is sent out in charge of a matron and the government of the state interested guarantee a position immediately upon arrival. The project has been extensively advertised throughout the United Kingdom with the result that a surprisingly large number of applications have been received in London from young women desirous of emigrating to Australia.

EXPLOITING SCOTLAND FOR IMMIGRANTS FOR AUSTRALIA.

The energetic Immigration League of Australia has marked out Scotland as one of its chief spheres of influence. Some fifty thousand emigrants are leaving Scotland every year, and the league have resolved to secure a proportion of them for Australia, as they are regarded as amongst the most desirable colonists. Scotch country newspapers are being supplied by the league with articles about Australia by men who have intimate knowledge of the districts in which the papers circulate, and who can, therefore, give some local colouring to interest readers. One letter sent is addressed to the press of Fife, the headline of which is "Australia for Fife Folk," as many leading men in Australia have come from that district. Other letters of a similar nature are going to Inverness, Aberdeen and the Lowland counties. The league is also endeavouring to interest private individuals in Scotland in its work, and to this end

it has sent letters to a large number of parish ministers and doctors, who are often consulted by their parishioners and clients who intend going abroad. If the scheme elicits a good response, it will be extended to other parts of the United Kingdom.

BROWN COAL DEPOSITS NEAR MELBOURNE.

The Victorian Railway Department has just concluded exhaustive experiments upon brown coal obtained from the extensive deposits near Melbourne. Practical tests have been made with most satisfactory results, especially under stationary boilers in the railway workshops. As the state Railways Department imports the principal portion of its coal requirements from Newcastle, N.S.W., and in view of electrification of the Melbourne suburban railways, further tests will be made to prove utility of using large quantities of cheap brown coal obtainable so near at hand.

AUSTRALIAN CONNECTION BY CABLE WITH TASMANIA.

While the land telegrams and telephone systems throughout the Commonwealth are vested in the Postmaster General's Department, yet the missing link in the state control is the cable from the mainland to Tasmania, which is owned and operated by a private company. Prior to federation, several states guaranteed an annual return to the company, the term for which expires in 1909. Recently an offer made by the government to purchase the existing cable was declined by the owners owing to the conditions exacted. Tenders are therefore being called by the government for laying two cables from the mainland to Tasmania.

TENDERS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TASMANIAN CABLES.

The Australian Postmaster General has issued specifications and invited tenders for the construction and laying of two new cables between Tasmania and the mainland. A deposit of £1,000 must accompany each tender, and tenders close at the Postmaster General's office, Melbourne, on April 14, 1908. Briefly the tender forms provide for the manufacture and laying of 350 nautical miles of main cable, 20 miles of intermediate cable, and 20 miles of shore-end cable. For spare cable the tenders are for 30 miles of main cable, 5 miles of intermediate and 5 miles of shore-end cable. In each cable there are to be 5 nautical miles of shore-end, 5 of intermediate, 175 of main cable, and then 5 of intermediate and 5 of shore-end on the opposite shore—a total length in each cable of 195 nautical miles. These distances are subject to revision after the final survey of the route.

The conductor of the cable is to be composed of a strand of seven copper wires of equal diameter, weighing 107 lbs. per nautical mile. It is to be insulated by three coatings of purest gutta-percha, weighing 150 lbs. per nautical mile. The coil is to be tapped with an approved tap, overlaid with brass tape about $\frac{3}{4}$ inch wide. The brass-taped coil must be served with yarn or Russian long-dressed hemp and sheathed with galvanized-iron wire of prescribed diameters. All the work of laying and completing is to be done by the contractors, so that the cables may be handed over ready for use, the first not later than March 1, 1909, the second not later than 31 days thereafter. Copies of the tender forms are going forward by this mail to the Superintendent of the Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, from whom information can be obtained by those interested.

THE AUSTRALIAN WOOL MARKET.

Prior to the opening of the present season it was estimated that the Australian wool output for the current twelve months would exceed that of the previous season when 2,090,188 bales were exported. It has recently been found that the shearing returns have not come up to anticipations and amended estimates state that there will

be a shortage of some 40,000 bales throughout the Commonwealth of New Zealand. The London wool sales open on January 21, when over 187,000 bales will be offered. The postponed Australian wool sales take place in Melbourne to-day and there is an element of uncertainty about the values to be obtained, on account of the financial stringency in the United States, and the failure of American buyers to operate, being accepted as the primary cause of the recent drop in prices.

DECLINE IN AUSTRALIAN BUTTER EXPORTS.

The long spell of dry weather experienced during the last few months, has had the effect of greatly curtailing the exports of Australian butter to London. Shipments to England since July 1, 1907, to date, compare with the corresponding period of the previous season as follows:—

	Tons.
1906-7.	21,426
1907-8.	12,933

The total shows a decrease of 8,493 tons, with the result that the demand cannot be met, despite that Melbourne shippers have been offering 104s. to 105s. per cwt. (\$25.30 to \$25.54 per 112 lbs.) for the product of the best butter factories.

IMPORTATIONS OF AMERICAN BARLEY.

In my report of October 28 (See Monthly Report for October, 1907, page 1187) I suggested that British Columbia exporters might take advantage of the probable Australian demand for barley and other cereals. A cargo, from a Pacific coast United States port, comprising over 36,000 bags of barley, arrived at Melbourne this month and went immediately into consumption. The demand for prime quality malting barley is likely to continue, which fact should not be overlooked by Canadian shippers.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT, FLOUR, MAIZE AND OATS.

The rates ruling to-day for f.a.q. wheat are 4s. 4½d. (\$1.06) f.o.b. Adelaide, and 4s. 6d. (\$1.09) f.o.b. Melbourne, both quotations being in excess of London parity, which is to-day about 4s. 3l. (\$1.03) per bushel. The 1907-8 season will give a surplus of only 12 to 14 million bushels available for oversea export, mainly derived from South Australia. Flour is quoted at £9 5s. 0d. to £9 7s. 6d. (\$45.01 to \$45.62) per ton of 2,000 lbs., packed in 200 lb. sacks. South Africa has sent over 6,000 tons of maize (corn) to Australia during the last two months, but further supplies are not likely to be imported until August or September next. The crop of oats has been light in Victoria and South Australia—the principal producing states—but shipments are coming forward from Tasmania and New Zealand. Best Tasmania oats are quoted at 2s. 10d. (69 cents) per bushel, Melbourne. If the dry weather continues there is every probability of oats being imported by Australia within a few months.

THE COMMONWEALTH CUSTOMS AND EXCISE REVENUE, 1907.

I have been favoured by the Commonwealth statistician with the advance returns showing the Australian net customs and excise revenue (subject to slight correction) for 1907, as compared with 1906. The figures are as follows:—

1907—Customs revenue.....	£ 8,667,734	
Excise.....	2,236,878	
		10,904,612
Less drawback refunds.....	105,324	
Total.....		£10,799,288
1906—Customs revenue (net)	£ 7,273,035	
Excise.....	1,946,444	
Special W. A. tariff, &c.....	80,292	
Total.....		9,299,771
1907—Excess over 1906.....		£ 1,499,517

The new customs tariff was introduced in August, and the higher duties then enforced have had an important bearing upon the increase of £1,500,000 over the net collections in the previous year.

THE EXCESSIVE HEAT WAVE OVER AUSTRALIA.

Throughout the whole of Australia, but more particularly in the states of Victoria and South Australia, a heat visitation of exceptional severity has been experienced during the last few weeks. On Christmas Day the shade temperature in Melbourne was over 105 degrees. There were few days last week that were not equally hot, while the shade temperature in Melbourne one day exceeded 112 degrees, and in Adelaide several points higher. Inland districts report as high as 120 degrees in the shade. Numerous deaths have occurred through heat prostration, and business has been in a state of suspended animation. Losses of stock in the shape of cattle and sheep are reported from various parts of the Commonwealth. The mail closes with unaltered weather conditions and the government meteorologist is unable to forecast any immediate change for the better.

THE AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF, 1907.

The Senate meets on January 22 to ratify the new tariff which finally passed through the House of Representatives in December. Some items will likely be recommended by the government and certain amendments are looked for as the result of the debate in the Senate. It is anticipated that the upper house will have accomplished its revision of the tariff before the representatives meet on March 11. When the tariff is finally dealt with the consideration of the reciprocal trade agreement with Canada is promised by the Australian government.

COMPETITION FOR AUSTRALIAN 'NEWS' PAPER ORDERS.

A determined effort is being made by European manufacturers of 'news' paper to secure a proportion of the Australian business. Hitherto supplies have been chiefly drawn from the United States and Canada, but, with improved paper mills in Norway (and other continental countries), the competition is now very pronounced. At this juncture, it is well that the principal Canadian paper mills have such capable representation in Australia.

D. H. ROSS.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, January 21, 1908.

CONDITIONS OF SUCCESS.

I have, as an appendix to this report, added an open letter written by the editor of the *Australasian Hardware and Machinery* journal, a successful and well-circulated production, to a manufacturers' agent about to visit England to secure agencies. From a recognized authority upon Australian trade this letter should be of interest to Canadian manufacturers who think of attempting this market, confirming as it does what has appeared in my reports. The conditions, he notes, are applicable to trade generally as well as to trade from Great Britain. The conditions are so varied that it is impossible to state a rule that would apply in all cases.

EXPENSE.

First, as to expenses. I have statements of travellers who have done all Australia and New Zealand at one pound (£1) per day in eight months' travelling. They carry comparatively few samples which do not entail expense and live at boarding-houses, visiting only the cities and remaining in each some little time. The man who travels at the least expense is not always the most profitable traveller. He sometimes fails to secure the business that he might otherwise obtain. Though there is no necessity for an expenditure in drinks yet a little liberality in some cases very much facilitates trade, and nowhere more so than in the city of Sydney. It does not always mean purchasing trade by gifts, but it does mean a cultivation of friendship, which goes a long way in securing orders.

The second, third and fourth paragraphs refer to a condition that is often in dispute in Canada and has very much affected Canadian business. Canadian exporters are apt to fill all orders without much concern as to where these goods are to go. The trade has been made by the commission agent and he is morally interested in the commission. What the editor of the *Australasian Hardware and Machinery* states is true, that either he will throw up the agency or else he will only solicit orders from firms who give them to him direct when a commission is allowed only upon such direct orders.

I have again and again referred to this matter. There are representatives of New York and other houses who naturally attempted to secure the trade that has been made. They send an order to a Canadian manufacturer to be filled, generally at less price than the price quoted in Australia but demand from him a buying commission of about one-half of that paid to his authenticated Australian representative. The Canadian manufacturer, seeing that he gets on the whole about the same net price or within a little of it, fills the order and then refuses the commission upon it to his regular agent. The agent attempts at once to secure another house and, when he does this, throws up his Canadian agency. The Canadian business not being pushed speedily dies out. This applies more particularly to men who receive only a commission and are not paid the £100 referred to as a contribution towards travelling expenses. Canadian firms as a rule have refused to make any contribution of that kind. As a

consequence Canadian trade has rarely been taken up by firms with established connections, who can secure contributions from English and sometimes United States houses. A good deal of caution is needed in agreeing to such a contribution, that the house shall be of such a character that the payment of the sum would likely produce profitable results, and second, that it would be expended in securing the trade of the firm that pays it.

NEGLECTING AGENTS' INSTRUCTIONS.

Paragraphs five and six call attention to two items that also are of very great interest to Canadian exporters. They, like English firms, are apt to neglect the recommendations of their agents, frequently in respect to new designs and new samples. This applies to houses that have done trade in Australia for some length of time, but that trade has not developed as it would have done had the advice of the agents been heeded. I have at the present moment just seen the representative of a Canadian firm that has done a very steady business in Australia who is about to visit Canada with the avowed intention that unless there is a change in methods he will abandon the representation of the firm.

It is inconceivable that any Canadian firm should have so little knowledge of Australia as to imagine that any old style will do for this country. The trade of the world meets in this land and the leading manufacturers of all exporting nations are competing in the market. New goods and new designs make their appearance in this market as soon as they are produced, and though the Australians in some respects are conservative in their business methods they have still the universal desire for the newest.

ADVERTISING.

Respecting advertising: As much caution is required as in the payment of a contribution towards travelling expenses. Here, as elsewhere, money can easily be thrown away upon advertising, but there is no country where money properly expended brings better results. The Australians are a reading people and any one glancing at the leading journals will discern from the numerous advertisements that traders appreciate the fact and give great attention to publicity.

One point more in this connection. Too great care cannot be given in examining the merits of applicants for the agency, particularly, when expensive samples are a condition. With representatives of the government on the spot there is no need for a Canadian to make a hasty agreement that may entail considerable risks. But again and again this has been done without reference to Mr. Ross or myself and the first that I have learned of the appointment of an agent is by finding Canadian samples offered in an auction room. Sometimes the agent has been honest enough in his intentions but soon finds that he is unfitted to secure trade and he at once sells his samples, commonly forgetting to remit any of the proceeds to his principal. There are others who make a business of securing agencies for the sake of the samples. It is no wonder that some Canadian firms have failed in an export trade after an experience of the wasteful methods whereby they have attempted it.

COMMERCIAL CUSTOMS.

I add an extract from a letter of a Canadian firm that has been doing a successful and increasing business in this country for some years. They were good enough to write this letter in approving of a report which I had sent to the department some time ago. They then continue:—

‘We have made a close study of the needs and commercial customs of the different foreign markets we do business in, and aim to conform to their requirements as closely as we possibly can, and at the same time we endeavour to carry out to the best of our

ability our part of the contract in a perfectly straight and honourable manner, so that our foreign customer will have no reason to complain of any act or omission of ours. We also endeavour to give close attention to all details, and above all we make it a point to see that prompt and full replies and information are given in every case. We know that many manufacturers seek foreign business apparently with the idea that they can attend to such foreign trade at such time or times as will be most convenient to themselves, and which in many cases means that they are willing to fill foreign orders when they can do so without interrupting in any way their home business. This, of course, is altogether wrong and we are firmly of the opinion that foreign business can only be successfully carried on when the manufacturer determines to set aside a certain portion of his output for foreign trade, and sees to it that his products are suitable in every way for that trade, and that the same care and attention is given to the foreign business as should be given to the home trade. Orders for foreign houses must be given at least the same quick despatch as home orders, or dissatisfaction will surely result.'

THE OUTLOOK OF THE YEAR.

The year 1908 did not open as promisingly for trade as the year that has passed. A lowered yield of the harvest and of wool, a lower output of gold with the prospect that reduced prices of metals will lead to a lower output in quantity as well as in value, with some portions of the country suffering severely from dry weather, must affect the conditions of trade. So far as reduced prices of metals and wool are concerned the effect would be slight. While the return in money would be less, yet, as the price of goods imported will be proportionately lower, in quantities, the Australian purchasing power would be as great as ever. The reduction in the quantity produced is another matter and must affect the purchasing power of this country in the markets abroad. So far the drought is almost restricted to portions of New South Wales, heavy rains having fallen in the other states. The credit of Australia is high. The prosperity of the past four years has put the finances of the country, both private and public, in a fine condition. It may be, therefore, anticipated that the reduction in importations will not be so great as otherwise would be the case.

WOOL.

Though the wool year does not end until June next yet it is so far advanced as to lead to a fair anticipation of what the return will be for the year. It is anticipated that there will be a reduction in the yield of the present year of 40,000 bales as compared with last year. Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia show increases; Victoria, Tasmania and New Zealand expect a return equivalent to that of a year ago. The heavy reduction is in the state of New South Wales, which, as stated in a previous paragraph, is suffering more from the drought than the other states. The following are the estimates of the best authorities of the shear of the different states:—

	1907-8. Estimated. Bales.	1906-7. Actual Bales.
New South Wales..	880,500	956,500
Victoria..	268,500	268,500
Queensland..	224,000	204,000
South Australia..	172,500	168,500
Western Australia..	44,000	42,000
Tasmania..	33,500	33,500
New Zealand..	427,000	427,000
Totals..	2,050,000	2,090,000

WHEAT CROP.

The government returns for the state of New South Wales show the harvest to have been very considerably above the early anticipation. In October it looked as if the yield was not to be much over three bushels to the acre. In November after some rains had fallen it was anticipated that it might go five bushels to the acre. The latest figures make the return at 6.2 bushels per acre, the yield having been 8,686,500 bushels as against 21,817,938 bushels of the year previously. The harvest of 1902-3 was the worst in the history of the state when only one bushel and two-tenths were obtained per acre. The yield in the other states is proportionately very much better than in New South Wales and therefore Australia will have enough for its own use and something to spare.

NEW ZEALAND.

Dry weather is reported from the wheat-producing districts of New Zealand and at the present time of writing a short crop is threatened. This may also affect the oat and potato crop to a very considerable extent. It is too early to definitely forecast what the result will be, but certainly the probabilities are that wheat and flour will require to be imported. A short oat crop might also lead to a demand for oats in October next for milling purposes for New South Wales.

APPLES.

There were imported into Australia by the Canadian-Australian steamers 19,831 boxes of apples in three shipments, the receipts being for October, 6,772 boxes; November, 8,163 boxes; December, 4,896 boxes. There were, in addition, a few boxes that came by freight steamers from San Francisco but the shipments on these slow steamers were a complete failure. Nearly all the apples arrived, apparently, in good condition. A quantity were carried on deck and where these were sound they had lost their flavour. Those carried in cool storage were prime on receipt. Some of the apples were first-class fruit, free entirely from disease and passing without difficulty. Others from California were affected with Codlin moth and had to be treated. It is stated that any future shipments affected in this way will be destroyed on arrival at this port. The apples suited to the market, especially those from one orchard in Oregon, brought high prices, varying from 15s. to 20s. per box. Those unsuited to the market brought from 10s. to 12s. per box. It is said that a few of these apples were of British Columbia origin, but of this I have no evidence and was unable to locate them. The fact that one United States shipper continues to send such large quantities of apples to this market supports the statement that I have made in previous years, that the Australian market is the most profitable market for the British Columbia grower open to him. A Canadian paper informs me that buyers were paying a very high price for shipping Ontario apples to the eastern United States. The prices there had been so high that Western United States apples were also being sent there. Nevertheless, the finest grower in Oregon found it to be still more profitable to send his fruit to Australia. The price stated to me paid for first-class British Columbia fruit was from one dollar to one dollar and a quarter per case at Vancouver, which was certainly a dollar a case less than the fruit would have brought by shipping to this market under proper conditions. There is, however, this objection to the British Columbia apple, that the average of the best fruit is too large in size, giving too few to the box. Nearly 20,000 cases of apples were disposed of at different points at the prices I have named, and more than justifies my statement, that this market would take 15,000 cases when properly handled.

SHINGLES.

Shingles are imported by the bundle and are presumed to contain a certain number of shingles, but, frequently, the number is below the reputed quantity. The customs-house authorities have ordered that the duties can be levied upon the actual contents rather than the reputed contents of the bundle.

BAND SAWING MACHINES.

A similar order has provided for the admission of band saw machinery free. This is in harmony with the expectation I had expressed in my report for last month of what would be done with machinery of this kind.

PROHIBITED POSTAL CARDS.

The postal card in which the picture is embellished with tinsel has been prohibited from being transmitted in the mails of Australia on the grounds that the particles of metal are injurious to the lungs of the postal official handling them, and also cause trouble to the stamping machinery. Canadians should not, therefore, send such cards to Australia.

THE TRADE OF NEW ZEALAND.

The preliminary returns of the trade of New Zealand show that for 1907 it was the highest in its record. The imports were £16,982,046, the exports £20,069,600, showing an excess of exports of £3,087,554. This is an increase in imports of £1,770,643, and in exports, of £1,974,463 above the trade of 1906. The trade of the past ten years has been one of remarkable growth, as the following figures for 1897 and 1907 show:—

	1897.	1907.	Increase.
Imports....	£8,055,223	£16,982,046	£ 8,926,823
Exports	10,016,993	20,069,600	10,052,607
Excess of exports ..	£1,961,770	£3,087,554	

J. S. LARKE.

APPENDIX.—Copy of an open letter by the editor of the *Australasian Hardware and Machinery* addressed to a friend about to visit England to secure agencies:—

REPRESENTATION IN AUSTRALIA.

Dear Mr. ————

1. In further reference to the conversation of to-day, you will easily realize that the question of agencies and the representation of British manufacturers has been under our observation for the last twenty-one years, during the whole of which time we have constantly come into contact with representatives of the best firms, and have had ourselves no interest, direct or indirect, in such agencies. We find that the most reliable and successful representatives of British and foreign manufacturers in Australasia refuse to undertake fresh business on a commission basis only. There may be some cases where a commission basis only is accepted. But there are very few, and we are satisfied that no good man of business would continue to act on this arrangement. As a matter of fact, it costs at the very least £500 a year to travel round Australia and New Zealand once in a twelvemonth, carrying samples. If samples are not carried, or are very light, a smaller sum is sufficient. But from £500 to £800 a year is the cost of thoroughly working Australia with a fair proportion of samples. Quite a general arrangement is that the firm to be represented shall contribute, say, £100 a year towards the expense, and then pay commission.

DESTINATION OF GOODS.

2. A second point on which the agents we have talked with are very emphatic, is that they insist on commission on all the business done with Australia, and in order that there may be no misunderstanding concerning this, quite a number of British firms have willingly agreed to allow an accountant to inspect such books as are necessary to ascertain what goods are sent to Australia. Some declare that this is not

practicable. Experience shows that it is practicable. Goods, it is true, may be sent to London shipping firms, and by them despatched to destinations unknown to the manufacturer. But in the majority of cases the goods are to be shipped to certain marks, and the representative of good standing in Australia is easily able to ascertain the shipping marks of the firms he deals with. Goods shipped to such marks should be credited to the representative.

COMMISSION BASIS.

3. If this is not done the principal is put in an exceedingly unsatisfactory position. If he only grants commission on the orders absolutely sent through the representative, that representative in self-defence must decline to show his samples to any but those firms who will pass their orders through him. That means a large number of Australian firms, who have buying representatives in London, are excluded from the business that should be done by the representative. This is unprofitable to both parties. Further than that, the representative who is showing samples on a commission basis only, is building up a trade which can be taken from him at any time. No one works with a good heart in such conditions.

AUDITING REPRESENTATIVE'S BOOKS.

4. The firms who consent to allow an accountant to go through their books, and check the commission account of the representative, are generally those of the highest standing. Just as the honest man raises not the slightest objection to his books being audited, so the firm with honest mind has no objection to disclosing details of this kind. The accountant who is to do this is sometimes agreed upon between the two parties.

ACTING UPON REPRESENTATIVE'S ADVICE.

5. Another matter which has very deeply impressed us during our twenty-one years' experience in Australia is the reluctance of the British manufacturer to accept and act upon the information reported by his representative in Australia. Indeed, this is so notoriously the case that most representatives rejoice when it is possible for a member of the firm to come out and study the ground. Where this has been done we have seen case after case where the competition, which has been eating away the principal's trade, has been met and overcome, and the entire trade recovered. The visit of a principal is necessarily a heavy expenditure. The alternative to it is, when a representative is appointed, for the principals to believe that he makes no suggestion whatever without excellent grounds. It is quite obvious that the representative will not go out of his way to get information, and take the trouble to report in detail to his principal, if there is nothing in it; and yet in too many cases the principal thinks that the representative is simply writing from carelessness and ignorance. The result of this treatment is that the representative who has worked hard and honestly for his principal becomes discouraged in the course of a few years, and finally throws up the representation of the firm, and transfers his knowledge of the trade and his experience of Australasia to some principal who is more willing to co-operate with him in building up a fine business.

SHOULD BE GENEROUS WITH SAMPLES.

6. One other point applies in some trades more than others. Too many firms are very niggardly with samples. A well-established and reliable representative ought to be able to say that he can at once place with advantage a certain number of samples, and the wise principal will send out those samples with an abundant supply of printed matter, and will be co-operative in every way with the wishes of his representative. A supply of samples, printed matter, and blocks for illustrations should be one of the primary matters of arrangement.

TRADE JOURNALS.

7. Moreover, there are in Australia, certain journals addressing their respective trades—I need not name them, inquiry will soon show which they are—which are always glad to give news to their readers of any new lines introduced. The only requirements are that the information shall be really fresh, and that suitable blocks for illustration should be supplied. Where samples suitable for illustration are being sent out, and are really new, it is a very wise move on the part of the principal to send out at the same time an electro, showing the main points of the goods, and roughly $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches square.

REPEAT ORDERS.

8. Moreover, while the active representative will call on practically every firm with whom the manufacturer would wish to do business, it must not be forgotten that repeat orders depend on the rapidity with which the goods move out of the warehouses of such firms. This depends on the purchase of the retailers, either from their own knowledge or the information given to them by travellers and salesmen. Everyone with experience knows how much it helps the traveller when the goods are already known to the buyer. The best way of ensuring this is by skilful advertising in the journal of the trade, giving just such information as will show the retailer how and why the goods are saleable. Moreover, every traveller has had the experience of standing by when some half-informed assistant is trying to sell the very lines he represents. The traveller has wished that he could put in a word and show how the sale should be effected. Advertising designed to teach salesmen the best selling points of the goods will always reach the smartest men in the trade. By reason of their being the smartest they are certain not to neglect their trade journal, or any of the advertisements in it.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBBEGD, No. 4, February 4, 1908.

THE TRADE OF SWEDEN IN 1906.

The *Kommerskollegium* of Sweden has now made public a report of the trade of Sweden for the year 1906. From the report, it appears, that the total value of the imports and exports during 1906 amounted to Kr. 1,148,513,000 = \$306,270,100, of which comes on the import Kr. 644,228,000 + \$171,794,100 and on the export Kr. 504,285,000 = \$134,476,000.

This result shows, compared with the year previous, an increase in the import of about 10·7 per cent and in the export about 12 per cent. The following is a list of the principal articles of export during 1906 :—

Article.	Value in dollars.
Live animals.	\$ 1,558,958 00
Meats and pork, &c.	11,410,864 00
Grain and products therefrom.	333,693 00
Colonial goods.	217,676 00
Fruit and berries.	500,783 00
Spirits and other drinkables.	204,087 00
Material for chip-work.	128,240 00
Yarn, rope, &c.	495,798 00
Woven goods.	497,821 00

Article.	Value in dollars.
Hides, skins, hairs, &c....	2,688,949 00
Manufactures of hides, skins, hairs, &c....	53,016 00
Tallow, oils, tar, rubber, &c....	712,209 00
Manufactures of tallow and oils....	1,011,437 00
Wood, raw material, cut, sawn or planed....	45,185,832 00
Carpenterwork....	2,997,526 00
Wood pulp....	12,053,372 00
Matches....	2,671,122 00
Colours and varnishes....	67,113 00
Sundry articles from the vegetable kingdom....	153,015 00
Pasteboard, paper and manufactures therefrom....	7,262,713 00
Other manufactures from plants....	255,163 00
Iron ore unformed....	8,464,736 00
Other kinds of metals unformed....	3,280,282 00
Minerals, formed....	3,846,880 00
Metals, raw....	14,404,005 00
Manufactures from metals....	6,010,596 00
Ships, waggons, machinery, instruments....	6,748,276 00
Sundries....	1,112,283 00

I shall in one of my first reports give a list also of the different articles imported to Sweden in the above-mentioned period.

SWEDISH BUTTER EXHIBITION AT GLASGOW IN 1908.

To further increase the import of Swedish butter to Great Britain it has been resolved to hold an exhibition of Swedish butter at Glasgow during 1908, and to cover the expenses connected therewith, the necessary amount has been placed to the disposal of the agricultural association by the government.

SUGAR PRODUCTION OF SWEDEN IN 1907.

At the twenty beet sugar factories of Sweden there was during 1907 in all consumed 765,802 tons of white sugar beets, and the production for the whole year amounted to 106,547 tons raw sugar of all kinds, and 38,344 tons of sugar ready for consumption.

EXPORT OF BUTTER, MILK AND CREAM FROM DENMARK IN 1906.

According to the statistical amount of Denmark's Exchange of products with foreign countries, there was exported of Danish butter during 1906, 158.8 Mill. lbs., whilst the import of foreign butter for consumption amounted to 11.8 Mill. lbs. The surplus export, thus represents 147.0 Mill. lbs. At the same time there has been a considerable rise in the export of cream and milk and this export, a few years ago unimportant, rose in 1906 to 14.6 Mill. lbs. for cream and 11.1 Mill. lbs. for milk, this answering to 5 Mill. lbs. of butter. The cream and milk exported goes entirely to Germany. It also seemed at one time as if Germany would become an important importer of Danish butter, as in 1905 there was exported to that country 5.2 Mill. lbs. of butter in ordinary packing, in 1906 this export has gone down to 1.9 Mill. lbs. Packing in tins was employed in 1906 for the export of 4.4 Mill. lbs. Danish butter against 4.4 and 3.8 Mill. lbs. in 1905 and 1904. The greater part of the butter packed in tins goes via Hamburg or England to distant countries or is used for supplying ships.

The consumption of foreign butter in 1906 was a little higher than in 1905, 11.8 against 11.4 Mill. lbs. This consumption has on the whole kept on the same scale for several years between 11½ to 12 Mill. lbs.; on the other hand the margarine consumption, which for some years had been stagnant, has now again become active and has from 47.5 Mill. lbs. for the financial year 1904-5, Danish and foreign produce reckoned together, risen to 57.9 Mill. lbs. in 1906-7.

C. E. SONTUM.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, February 15, 1908.

NEWFOUNDLAND BUDGET.

The Finance Minister in his budget speech delivered on 11th inst, announced that the following items would be placed on the free list : School desks, hardwood plank over 18 feet in length, mast pieces of pitch pine, Oregon pine, or similar hardwood timber when imported for the purpose of ship building. Wire fencing, gates and fasteners. Motor engines when used for agricultural purposes or in vessels employed in the fisheries.

Material imported for the covering of patent flakes is placed on the 5 per cent schedule.

The bounty on canned codfish is increased to 20 cents per case of 48 lbs. Bounties ranging from \$4 to \$10 per ton are to be given on vessels constructed in the colony.

The total public debt on 30th June, 1907, is stated as \$22,793,866.67, of which sum \$422,000 is due to the Bank of Montreal on temporary loans.

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS.

The following comparative statement of the principal items of export for the years 1899 and 1907 is given by the minister :—

EXPORTS.

—	Year.	Quantity.	Value per cent.	Average price.
		Qtls.		Per qtl.
Codfish, dried.....	1899.	1,226,336	\$4,445,031	\$3 62
"	1907.	1,422,445	7,873,172	5 53
Increase		196,105	3,428,141	
An increase of 16 per cent in catch and of 77 per cent in value.				
		Tuns.		Per tun.
Cod oil....	1399.	3,471	\$262,218	\$75 54
"	1907.	4,890	358,713	73 35
Increase		1,419	96,495—36	p.c. increase.
		Galls.		Per gall
Cod liver oil.....	1899.	16,167	\$ 9,759	\$0 60
"	1907.	51,547	31,735	0 61
Increase		35,380	21,576—221	p.c. increase.
		No.		Each.
Sealskins....	1899.	276,879	\$136,563	\$0 49
"	1907.	164,509	194,300	1 18
Decrease		112,370	57,863—42	p.c. increase.
		Tuns.		Per tun.
Seal oil	1899.	3,207	\$252,036	\$78 59
"	1907.	5,351	447,967	83 71
Increase		2,144	195,931—77	p.c. increase.

EXPORTS—Continued.

—	Year.	Quantity.	Value per cent.	Average price.
Herring, bulk and packed.....	1899.	Brls. 66,946	\$166,356	Per brl. \$2 48
".....	1907.	130,878	329,522	2 51
Increase.....		63,932	163,166—98	p.c. increase.
Herring, frozen.....	1899.	Brls. 54,370	\$79,513	Per brl. \$1 46
".....	1907.	22,817	76,851	3 37
Decrease.....		31,553	2,662—38	p.c. decrease.
Lobsters.....	1899.	Cases. 56,166	\$565,362	Per case. \$10 06
".....	1907.	26,661	379,237	14 22
Decrease.....		29,505	186,125—32	p.c. decrease.
Whale oil.....	1899.	Tuns. 211	\$ 14,439	Per tun. \$68 43
".....	1907.	2,214	173,011	78 14
Increase.....		2,003	158,572—1,097	p.c. increase.
Whalebone.....	1899.	Tons. 9	\$ 941	Per ton. \$21 41
".....	1907.	902	19,318	
Increase.....		893	18,377—1,952	p.c. increase.
Salmon, pickled.....	1899.	Tons. 3,690	\$72,020	Per trc. \$19 51
".....	1907.	4,716	73,660	15 61
Increase.....		1,026	1,640—21	p.c. increase.
Salmon, fresh.....	1899.	Lbs. 22,003	\$ 1,318	Per lb. \$0 53
".....	1907.	164,302	12,260	0 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Increase.....		142,299	10,942—830	p.c. increase.
Iron ore.....	1899.	Tons. 137,370	\$137,370	Per ton. 1 00
".....	1907.	809,700	890,670	1 10
Increase.....		672,330	753,300—549	p.c. increase.
Copper ore.....	1899.	Tons. 56,187	\$291,874	Per ton. \$5 19
".....	1907.	55,890	278,950	4 99
Decrease.....		297	12,924—4 $\frac{1}{10}$	p.c. decrease.
Pyrites.....	1899.	Tons. 33,642	\$168,210	Per ton. \$5 00
".....	1907.	29,805	184,140	6 17
Decrease.....		3,837	15,930—9	p.c. increase.
Slate.....	1899.	Tons. 2,572	\$24,233	Per ton. \$9 42
".....	1907.			
Lumber.....	1899.	M ft. 1,233	\$12,645	Per M ft. \$10 34
".....	1907.	18,614	326,581	17 54
Increase.....		17,391	313,936—2,481	p.c. increase.

IMPORTS.

Countries from which Imports were made.	1899.	1907.	Increase.	Per cent.
	\$	\$	\$	
United Kingdom	1,935,034	2,669,934	734,910	37
Canada	2,088,093	3,669,098	1,581,008	75
United States	1,928,834	3,417,359	1,488,525	77

General Shipping, Inwards and Outwards—Foreign.

	Tons.
1899	1,241,490
1907	1,834,452
Increase	592,962—47 p.c. inc.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., February 14, 1908.

FAULTY APPLE SHIPPING.

It is a most unpleasant duty to have to write complaining of Canadian shipping methods, but several cases have been brought to my attention all tending to the same end.

Ever since I have been in Great Britain I have endeavoured to persuade Canadian shippers, particularly shippers of apples, to pay more attention to interior points here. I do not claim that there is anything particularly wrong in the system of shipping all fruit to Liverpool, London, Bristol, Glasgow, and other ocean ports, but I do contend that if Canadian exporters would devote more attention to the large inland cities such as Birmingham, Leeds, &c., they would be able to command better prices and a steadier market. With that end in view I have introduced buyers here to such Canadian fruit exporters, as have written me saying that they are prepared to do business; but I have found that there is little hope when some Canadian houses are negligent in shipping up to samples. I do not say that all shippers are alike as I know of men who have established a regular trade with Birmingham and are carrying on perhaps not a very great trade, but one that is satisfactory to both ends.

People here do not want credit. They will pay cash either before shipment, or against B.L., but they have been so badly disappointed at times that I can never hope to help establish business on that basis unless methods are greatly changed.

ALLEGED DISHONEST SHIPPING.

The particular cases which I have before me now, one in which a Birmingham 'fruit merchant' made a trip to Canada in September. He took from me letters of

introduction to a number of Canadian shippers, and met one who I considered was absolutely reliable in every way. He signed a contract (merely as a start) for 1,000 barrels of russets, 75 per cent to be No. 1, 25 per cent No. 2, price \$3 f.o.b., Montreal to be sent by December 1. There was no beating of price done. The seller asked this price, and the buyer paid without question. The buyer established a credit in Montreal and cash was to be paid on presentation of invoice and B.L. of russet apples.

The first invoice came 160 barrels of russets. When opened there were 20 barrels of No. 2 russets, and the balance talmans, snows; in fact a miscellaneous assortment, mostly No. 2's. Another 195 barrels of russets were invoiced. In this lot there were 24 barrels of russets, the balance an assortment of 23 varieties. A third shipment contained about the same proportion. A fourth shipment was refused. But in the meantime the Canadian shipper had been paid for three lots in Montreal. On the arrival of the first two lots here, seeing the way the contract was being filled the buyers cancelled the credit in Montreal after numerous cables as to why apples had been invoiced as russets and paid for as such when different goods were sent. The answer was that russets were scarce and could not be got unless with 'various.'

Why did this firm make a contract to deliver 1,000 barrels of a specified kind of apple, get his money, and put up such an excuse as this? If he could not get them why did he sell them in the first place, and if he could not get them why did he not cable and say so? In this individual case it is not the loss alone (even that is considerable as the goods were sold to arrive) but it is the uncertainty it gives in trading. Every man in Smithfield market knows about it. Many have had similar experience and nothing will make them believe that it was not intended as a swindle. It gives rise to a feeling, and many are not backward in stating that Canadian apple shippers are not to be trusted, and that as soon as they get their hands on the money they do not care what happens; that the Canadian knows the Britisher will take his loss rather than go to law, knowing that if he did win his case everything would be swallowed up in costs.

It is not fair. There are men among Canadian packers and shippers whose brands are as good as gold, and it is hard that all should be classed alike. It resolves itself down to this, that shippers will be left to the mercy of the commission men alone.

ANOTHER EXAMPLE.

Another case on much the same lines, but not so gross: 300 barrels of russets were bought and paid for in Toronto, credit being cabled for payment on presentation of invoice and B.L. Three hundred barrels were invoiced and paid for, but on arrival were found to consist of 165 russets, and the balance 'various.' The seller's excuse was that the russets were scarce, so he sent other varieties that cost him the same money. From the seller's view that seemed satisfactory; but let him place himself in the buyer's place. Here a man bought a specified variety of apple and was not even given the option of refusal of the 135 barrels. The seller had the money.

Canada is going to have greater competition in the future in fruit, and even though her apples are a higher quality than that grown by any other country she will never get the benefit of that unless the packer and shipper exercise greater care. I have seen apples sent here which for the benefit of the shipper and for Canada had much better been thrown into the St. Lawrence. If shippers would pay more attention to quality and less to quantity they would make more money. It costs just as much to send a barrel of poorly packed apples as it does one of the best, and in selling it is the quantity of slacks and poor quality that makes the price.

This is not intended as an arm-chair criticism. I know these facts, although regret to have to acknowledge it.

P. B. BALL.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

*(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)*CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., February 15, 1908.

GREAT SCARCITY OF BUTTER.

Considering the many and widely separated sources which England depends for her supplies of butter, it is remarkable that there should be such a great shortage. Butter comes to her from the continent, from Ireland, from Siberia, from Canada, from the Argentine, from the United States, from New Zealand and from Australia, but circumstances have slowly risen which have restricted the exports from all those countries. Germany's increasing demands have required much of the Danish and German butter which might otherwise have come to England; the growing population of Canada and the States have taken a great deal, if not the whole, of the produce of the two countries, in fact, Irish butter has been required to meet their needs, again reducing the exports to this country at a time between seasons when it has been of unusual importance that they should be abundant; and the weight of butter produced in both Australia and New Zealand has been greatly limited by drought. Transport difficulties and perhaps unsatisfactory organization of export methods are against the Siberian article, and the Argentine does not send a very great quantity.

INCREASING NEEDS.

But the demand for butter in this country is growing, and showed a big advance last year, when, through over-production, supplies were too heavy, resulting in a fall in prices so big that many people who ordinarily used margarine began to buy butter instead, and now when the bad time has come the stocks usually kept in cold-air stores are exhausted.

Another factor which has increased present difficulties is that many retailers even in ordinary times are content to sell butter at a price yielding little or no profit. With them it is a 'cut' line all the time, just as sugar is with many tradesmen, and as they are loath to raise prices under those conditions there has not been that reduction of demand through increased sales of margarine which might have brought some measure of relief to the market by allowing the accumulation of stocks. The shortage of money at the close of last year was also against large reserves being created.

ABNORMAL PRICES.

In the Manchester market dealers this week had a period of great excitement. Prices all around show a big increase as compared with those of last week. Danish, Swedish, Finnish and Dutch butters were on an average 10s. a hundredweight dearer, and in Australians, New Zealands, Argentines and Siberians the advance was from 10s. to 15s. New Zealand butter actually made higher prices than were paid for Danish.

There does not seem to be any likelihood of a fall in the immediate future. Merchants incline rather to the opinion that there will be another advance next week, although this week's rates were higher than any that have been known for more than a quarter century. For some odd lots of Danish butter the wholesale price paid was equal to nearly 1s. 4d. a pound, whilst the lowest quotation was 131s. a hundredweight for a few early consignments from Irish creameries.

BACON.

The present condition of the bacon market causes both merchants and retailers considerable anxiety as to the future. In the beginning of the year the killings of hogs in all countries were enormous, and more bacon was consigned to the English market than it could readily assimilate. Prices have been reduced to such a point that curers are involved in heavy losses, with the single exception of the American shipper, whose hogs have reached a phenomenally low price. The weekly killings in Denmark have ruled 46,000 to 48,000 hogs, in south of Ireland 10,000 to 12,000, whilst the aggregate killings in Chicago for the month of January attained the enormous figures of 1,113,978, at an average cost of about 4½ cents per lb. Various theories are given as to the cause of these heavy marketings of hogs, one is that financial trouble in the respective countries has caused farmers to liquidate their stock. Another is, that dear feeding stuffs have made the raising of hogs unprofitable and farmers are clearing stocks as rapidly as they can, thereby surfeiting the market. If this latter theory is correct, there will be a return to higher prices during the next few months. Canadian bacon has been somewhat in the background while this plethora of Danish has been flooding the market, and sales must have disappointed the Canadian curers. At the time of writing the market is tending up and the prospects are brighter, for the selling price is coming somewhat nearer the cost of production.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

According to the Board of Trade returns, issued recently, the imports last month were £56,368,358, a decrease as compared with January last year of £4,166,488. The exports last month were £34,407,767, a decrease of £662,840 as compared with January, 1907.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. Edgar Tripp.*)

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, February 12, 1908.

TRADE OF TRINIDAD.

The year 1907 saw a revival of trade in the colony, of a generally satisfactory character. It is true that the sugar crop was short, and the shipments only 411,000 bags, against 508,000 bags the previous year, but the increase in exports of the far more profitable product, cacao, more than compensated for the shortage.

Over 40,000,000 lbs. of the 'golden bean' were shipped against about 25,000,000 lbs. in 1906, and with the value anything from 30 to 100 per cent above that of the latter year, it can be easily understood that a comparative wave of prosperity passed over the Island. It is not likely that the high price of this product will be maintained for any lengthened period, indeed there has already been a substantial fall from the extreme rates of two or three months ago, but still the industry returns probably a greater amount over and above the yearly cost of cultivation on established estates than any other known agricultural product.

ASPHALT.

One hundred and twenty-eight thousand seven hundred and forty-nine tons asphalt were sent away, against 125,562 in 1906, and 26,076 cases bitters against 20,480, whilst the small manjak exports increased from 1,177 tons to 2,114 tons. Again there was almost a record in cocoanuts, of which the number was 13,264,680.

CACAO.

It is satisfactory also to note that the new year has opened remarkably well. Forty-six thousand one hundred and thirty-nine bags cacao were exported during January, against only 16,308 in 1906.

MOTOR CARS.

I note that the manufacture of motor cars is steadily progressing in Canada. This country is specially adapted for them, having excellent roads for hundreds of miles, not, of course, in any one direction. Up to now very few cars have been imported and those only by people who have been abroad and selected for themselves. The number of persons who, apart from the labouring classes, are in a position to drive their own vehicles here is comparatively large, and if a handy, reliable, and fairly cheap machine were introduced there would be, I think, a good market for them, and the first one on the spot will get the advantage.

Saddlery, cutlery, earthenware, whisky and wines, appear amongst the articles in which trade with Canada is nill or stationary, whilst boots and shoes and leather goods do not progress as they should considering the acknowledged quality of these goods. Furniture is another article in which more trade ought to be done.

The coal bunkering trade is rapidly growing here, and is likely to continue on the upward grade. Most of it comes from United States.

At the last meeting of the Legislative Council the Governor announced that the state of the colony's finances justified proceeding immediately with the long delayed and urgently required extensions of the railway. The estimate of cost is £225,000. This will open up a wide tract of country, only sparsely cultivated at present, and add greatly to the trade and importance of the colony.

EDGAR TRIPP.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

ROOM B, 14 BUND, YOKOHAMA, January 29, 1908.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan for the year 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

	1907.	1906.
Silk, raw.. . . .	\$ 15,378	\$406,515
Silk tissue, habutai.. . . .	195,900	303,987
Silk handkerchiefs.. . . .	91,880	140,394
Cotton tissues.. . . .	3,961	4,531
Mats and mattings for floor (Hanagoza)....	57,997	41,493
Porcelain and earthenware.. . . .	103,957	97,838
Lacquered ware.. . . .	9,049	10,606
Tea.. . . .	601,747	454,663
Rice.. . . .	266,359	144,025
Sake.. . . .	34,962	17,179
Straw-plaits and chip-braids	549	2,582
Camphor.. . . .	3,120	6,950

IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

Flour, wheat.	\$126,944	\$81,821
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The principal items given in the monthly return number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade the annual return has to be awaited.

FOREIGN TRADE OF JAPAN FOR 1906 AND 1907.

Imports for Year.	1907.	1906.
Food and Drink—In a natural state—		
Rice.	\$15,467,933	\$13,101,000
Wheat.	1,834,572	685,874
Beans, peas and pulse.	5,204,434	4,859,145
Others.	1,498,584	3,238,441
Food and Drink—Partly or wholly prepared—		
Flour, wheat.	3,106,120	4,095,491
Sugar.	9,932,491	11,862,987
Liquors.	493,357	714,115
Others.	1,791,677	1,560,244
Raw Materials—		
Cotton, raw.	57,820,799	41,330,924
Wool.	7,176,728	4,587,164
Flax, hemp, jute, &c.	1,783,060	1,687,049
Phosphorites.	1,950,125	1,944,917
Oil-cake	10,521,057	7,825,066
Others.	14,586,932	9,217,238
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing—		
Leathers.	1,980,070	1,513,359
Indigo, dried.	2,938,415	2,223,436
Cotton yarns.	1,206,971	2,360,595
Iron, pig and ingot	2,083,940	1,988,785
Iron, bar, rod, plate and sheet.	13,335,915	9,110,107
Iron rails.	1,913,751	1,108,096
Iron pipes and tubes.	1,726,858	1,079,930
Others.	21,801,228	20,205,118
Articles wholly manufactured—		
Shirtings and cotton prints.	5,365,285	5,746,476
Cotton satins and umbrella cloth.	1,889,848	1,890,571
Woollen cloths and serges.	4,338,317	7,753,068
Mousselaine de laines.	935,746	1,335,784
Papers.	3,720,627	3,209,932
Oil, petroleum.	7,162,466	6,163,446
Iron nails.	1,775,692	1,310,457
Locomotive engines and rolling stock.	1,468,770	1,456,604
Steam vessels.	1,534,968	871,141
Machinery.	13,850,532	9,356,680
Others.	24,414,695	22,719,142
Food, Drink and Tobacco—In a natural state—		
Rice.	\$ 1,838,788	\$ 1,859,291
Seaweed.	854,669	917,242
Cuttle-fish.	1,200,701	1,109,575
Others.	4,661,453	4,837,140

Imports for Year.		1907.	1906.
Food, Drink and Tobacco—Partly or wholly prepared—			
Tea.. . . .		6,309,555	5,425,462
Sugar, refined.. . . .		1,295,910	5,494,174
Sake.. . . .		1,694,288	1,561,448
Beer.. . . .		665,003	781,829
Cigarettes		1,027,612	886,709
Others.. . . .		2,799,350	2,955,146
Raw Materials—			
Coal.. . . .		9,527,215	8,158,467
Wood.. . . .		6,637,611	4,538,663
Waste silk.. . . .		3,122,498	2,907,574
Others.. . . .		2,558,808	2,665,219
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing—			
Camphor.. . . .		2,513,429	1,816,392
Fish oil.. . . .		1,487,617	611,492
Raw silk.. . . .		58,444,313	50,221,400
Cotton yarn.. . . .		15,125,163	17,651,763
Copper, pig and slab.. . . .		14,631,346	12,552,477
Straw-plaits and chip-braids.. . . .		2,501,131	2,311,744
Others.. . . .		4,761,345	5,691,908
Articles wholly manufactured—			
Silk, habutai.. . . .		14,574,739	16,384,262
Silk handkerchiefs.. . . .		2,647,890	2,811,019
Cotton tissues.. . . .		8,181,833	7,833,550
Cotton towels.. . . .		1,050,334	1,087,481
Cotton undershirts and drawers		1,843,830	1,281,986
Porcelain and earthenware.. . . .		3,608,807	3,981,827
Lacquered ware.. . . .		821,577	860,765
Looking glass.. . . .		303,329	660,676
Umbrellas.. . . .		797,677	1,012,810
Mats and mattings.. . . .		2,871,639	2,914,821
Matches.. . . .		4,723,266	5,457,952
Others.. . . .		29,701,977	25,666,021

EFFECTS OF THE UNITED STATES BOYCOTT.

Whatever the newspapers may say, the consular reports do not make light of the boycott directed last year by the Chinese against United States exports. Within five years following the Boxer quietus, China's imports from the United States, under the influence of what is called a vigorous attempt to capture the Chinese market, increased five-fold, or from \$10,405,000 for 1900, to \$53,453,000 for 1905. In 1906, that particular trade lost \$10,000,000; and the next year's trade has advanced sufficiently to enable an estimate of \$20,000,000 to be given as the falling off for 1907. For the year ending June 30, 1907, the Chinese imports from the United States amounted to \$25,704,000, or less than half of the corresponding year previously. In the single item of American cotton cloth, consumption fell from \$25,641,000 in 1905, to 5,714,000 for the fiscal year ending with 1907. It is acknowledged, and does not appear to be in any way disappointing, that this enormous decline can be attributed only to the boycott. Doubtless, this peculiar movement amongst the Chinese is weakening; but visitors to China, and travellers generally, report that it is yet a conspicuous feature affecting the trade of the ports of the Chinese mainland.

FLOUR MILLING.

Since the collapse of the boom, with the prevalence of trade depression and financial stringency, not so much is heard of the promotion of industrial enterprise.

The milling industry with its financial and industrial incidents, has been very little heard of for some months. The subject is revived in the *Japan Times'* economical and financial columns, by the following paragraph:—

'Japan's flour milling industry has of late shown great growth and improvement, which has affected foreign imports. In the latter half of last year the demand was mostly supplied by the home product, our milling industry having effected striking development since spring last year, so that it is now in a position to furnish the market with an ample supply of flour, no less superior to the imported article.'

Apparently, by the statistics, the past year has shown a small falling off in the importation of flour from the United States and Australia, whilst that from Canada has increased by over 50 per cent. In part, the decreased importation must be accounted for by ordinary incidents of trade, such as over-stocking the previous year, and the setting in of a somewhat decreased demand in consequence of the tightness of money and the depressed condition of trade generally. Flour milling, some months ago, was the subject of a great deal of projected company formation; but the actual milling investment and operation that came out of it was quite insufficient to support the argument that flour milling has significantly increased in Japan, with a consequent decline in the importation and consumption of foreign flour. The leading flour milling investment was made in view of settled conditions within the range of Japan's influence on the mainland, in Korea, and Manchuria, and with the idea of finding a market there. Of course, there has been considerable inquiry after wheat, with the view of importation ultimately if conditions should continue favourable; and, no doubt, that inquiry accounts for some increased importation which appears for the year ending May 30, 1907, as \$1,354,653, against \$685,874 for 1906. It is probable that the tariff advantage, between the importation of wheat and that of flour, has had the effect of starting up almost every antiquated grinding concern in the country, together with some little increase or enlargements of milling facilities; and there may be more of this, if any assurance can be obtained that the tariff in favour of wheat as compared with flour would continue; but, with this uncertain element in the case, there will not be very large ventures undertaken in the way of flour milling in Japan, for a long time. The Oriental trader is conservative and cautious to a marked degree. The growing, milling, and transporting of Canadian flour may be continued under high pressure, with the assurance that the Oriental market will be open to the Canadian exporter whenever he is able to figure aggressively in it.

This view of the prevailing conditions and prospects is supported by the *Japan Times'* of current date in the following paragraph:—

'There is again talk of amalgamation among flour milling companies, namely, the Nippon, Dai-Nippon, Teikoku, Tatebayashi and Tosa mills. Negotiations for a similar purpose were going on last fall, but ended in failure. Recently, with the simultaneous inauguration of new companies and less demand for flour, the concerns mentioned have found themselves in a less remunerative condition, and hence this second proposal.'

JAPANESE EMIGRATION.

Before the Budget Committee, on the 20th instant, in answer to criticism, the Minister of Foreign Affairs said that the government recognized that the anti-Japanese agitation on the Pacific coast and elsewhere, was due to the advent in large numbers of low class labourers. He was in a position to say that the export of such labourers, to countries where the anti-Japanese sentiment prevailed, would in future be restricted by the government. With regard to Korea, and by virtue of the new treaty negotiated with that country, the Japanese government was gradually assuming diplomatic rights there; and the condition would be so far improved as to make the property and lives of Japanese people going to that country safe and satisfactory.

Later the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, answering parliamentary inquiry, said that the Japanese government was taking every possible measure to dispel the so-

called 'yellow' phantom. Referring to Manchuria and Korea, he said it was the government's intention to encourage emigration to these regions. He agreed with members who said that the conduct of uneducated immigrants in foreign lands tended to bring the name of Japan into discredit; but, as it was not possible to educate emigrants before their departure from Japan, nothing could be done except to employ all lawful means of selection in granting passports, and to exhort the emigrants to good behaviour at the places of their settlement.

ATTENTION TO LIVE STOCK.

The Tokyo Horse Improvement Company, promoted last year, is reported to have been very successful. This organization was formed for the purpose of importing thoroughbred stock, promoting periodical trials of speed and occasions of national interest, such as 'the Derby,' for example. They had in view also the cultivating and dealing in high grade stock with the view of contributing to what is being done by the government towards a much needed improving of the horse in Japan. The gross income was yen 151,901.80, and expenditure yen 56,279.84, leaving a balance of net profit of yen 95,621. Of this sum yen 62,500 was distributed among shareholders as a dividend. The registered capital of this company is yen 1,000,000. Of this amount yen 250,000 only was paid up. (1 yen=50 cents gold.)

RAILWAY IMPROVEMENT IN JAPAN.

The Vice-Minister of Communication answers to parliamentary inquiry that the government's policy is to employ all possible expedition in developing and perfecting the system of state railways. The Treasury's intention is to devote 30 millions annually to this work, and an examination of the following figures make the situation clear:—

EXPENDITURES ON EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS OF RAILWAYS.

1904-5..	Yen	8,900,000
1905-6..	"	1,820,000
1906-7..	"	10,260,000
1907-8..	"	29,593,000
1908-9..	"	33,090,000
1909-10..	"	30,180,000

The lines being in fairly good condition and extensions not urgent, it is probable that a large share of these appropriations will go for rolling stock and other plant of which there is a notable deficiency, nearly all of which will have to be imported.

JAPANESE SARDINES.

The Japan Canning Company, with head offices at Nagoya, inform this office that they are desirous to procure for their sardines in tin a trial in the Canadian market. A sample received at the same time proved to be of excellent quality, but small in size. Upon this exception being reported to them they rejoin that the criticism as to size is quite correct, but that they trust the circumstance will be only temporary as it is unusual. 'From the start to the close of the fishing season the sardine continued unusually small.' But this is 'such an unusual circumstance, unknown for many years,' that the season now approaching will enable them 'to pack with standard size, and to compete in quality and price with the European fisheries.'

It may be advisable to remark here, what I often have to say in correspondence, that the Japanese manufacturer is not usually an exporter. The great volume of trade, export and import, passes through the hands of the well-versed export and im-

port merchants, Japanese and foreign, at the shipping ports. There is a well marked and understood line of cleavage between the industrial and the commercial fields of operation in the Far East. One is greatly dependent upon the other. With the perplexities of credit and exchange, with all the other incidents of foreign trade, the exporting and importing merchant is quite familiar, while the manufacturer likely knows nothing about them. Trade with the Far East necessarily had its beginning upon this plan, and naturally continued so until it grew into a confirmed system.

It is of course becoming quite noticeable that certain industries are passing from the local and scattered tradesmen, and becoming the subject of capital investment and large-scale operation. In this case even, the efficiency with which the merchant at the ports carries on his business commands the export and import trade, and will for an indefinite future continue to do so because of the convenience and reason and strength of a system under which for a consideration he stands between the producers and customers in the Far East and the producers and consumers of the wide world elsewhere, and bears the responsibility.

It is true there is a noticeable restiveness. The Japanese 'captain of industry,' as he grows in production, grows also in money and in commendable self-importance. The time comes to him when he naturally regards the merchant at the ports as something of a parasite, that lives and it may be thrives upon him, the cost of which he over-estimates, and the value received from which he makes light of. And this tendency is a growing one; yet it must be said that it is its prospective rather than its present importance that affords the groundwork of much discussion of a nervous and apprehensive sort.

Since the foregoing was written, I clip from the current press, for the information of some inquirers in Canada, and the trade generally, the following reference to Japanese sardines on the foreign market:—

'The canned sardines of the Nagoya Canning Factory are said to be finding favour abroad. During the late fishing season over 700,000 tins were exported. The factory is now doing a good business, over ¥80,000 worth of fish having been exported this year through the Nagoya branch of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha. This is in addition to the supplies furnished to old customers.'

FINANCIAL MEASURES.

Much more than the usual degree of interest is this year being manifested with respect to the financial liabilities of the country, and the manner of meeting them. At a meeting of the Budget Committee of the House of Representatives, on the 29th instant, a member raised the question of the legality and constitutionality of the method by which 108,000,000 yen was shown as a surplus from the estimated financial transactions of the years 1908 and 1909, now under consideration by the legislature. The Vice-Minister of Finance answered that the revenue, for the fiscal year mentioned, included 49 million yen of a surplus of military funds on hand, 47 million yen from Russia, on account of war prisoners' expenses, and 13 million yen of a surplus of general account. These sums, he said, were available and quite sufficient to cover the deficit of 110 million yen to which the questioning member had alluded, without having recourse to the increase of taxation. The Minister of Finance stated that the surplus in question, did not come about by any manipulation of accounts. Notwithstanding this, however, the increase of taxation was deemed necessary for the purpose of placing the empire's finances on a sound basis. He further stated, that the new taxation programme for the years 1908 and 1909, fiscal year, was simply based upon imposition of such indirect taxes as had a tendency to increase in proportion to the development of the country. By careful calculation, the government were assured that the indirect taxes proposed would not prove so injurious as was feared in some quarters.

PATENT RIGHTS IN JAPAN.

It is stated on the authority of the 'Asahi Shimbun (Rising Sun)' of Tokyo, that the government contemplates abandoning the principle of priority of application in granting patents and charters, and substituting the English principle of priority of claim. The paper admits 'no doubt that great abuses and flagrant violations of justice have clouded the operation of the former system.'

A flour milling company in Canada had successfully pushed in this market certain brands of flour manufactured by them. The grades of flour proved to be acceptable to the consumer here, and consequently the brands had become a valuable property. They said all along that there was no present profit on the sale of the flour at competitive prices; but the brands in question having won a place in the market, they would trust to the future for returns. They accordingly sent out to this office the papers necessary to the registration of the brands or trade marks. In due course the application was returned by the Japanese Patent Office with the information that registration had already been effected, giving names and dates.

This was a case in which the original owner of the trade marks was deprived of a valuable property, it might have been by some one who had not any right to it whatever, although in this case it was by the party who had acted as agent for the sale of the flour represented by the brands in this country, and who was therefore in a position to first appreciate their value, and who would doubtless justify upon the plea that his efficient promotion had given him the right.

In the case of mining patents for example, the 'Asahi' mentions one particular case which goes to show that a man who has spent much time and money prospecting for a mine may find, when he at last gets within sight of success, that his application for a charter has been anticipated by some one else who had kept a shrewd eye on his proceedings. It is commonly alleged among the Japanese that such miscarriages of justice are frequent in the case of mines. One need only suppose a breach of trust, immediate application for a charter, and the priority of application constitutes a valid right irrespective of all other considerations. Heretofore the system with its faults has been defended with regard to its existence in this country, by the argument that it had been borrowed with the best intention by the Japanese from other countries when they were reorganizing in respect of property and civil rights, and that priority of registration was the practice of more countries than priority of discovery or use.

SILK TRADE INCIDENTS.

The raw silk quantities exported in the course of the latter six months of the late calendar year, and the chief markets, are indicated as follows:—

	Bales.
To Europe.	23,668
To America.	45,292
Total.	68,960

The average value of a bale of silk as shipped may be put at 1,000 yen; the above quantity therefore yielding a total sum of 68,960,000 yen; or, without regard to the minor fractions of exchange, \$34,480,000.

The extent to which the Japanese are taking over leading lines of trade is a topic of much discussion. In the details of the above summarized return, four Japanese firms appear to have handled for direct export 32,615 bales. The remainder, 36,345 bales is divided amongst twenty-five foreign firms.

INCOME TAX INCREASE.

Amongst the taxation increases now under consideration by the legislature, and likely to go into effect, the matter of income tax, which heavily affects foreign residents, is about to be revised as follows:—

Income.		Tax payable.	
		Present Law.	New Bill.
Under.....	Yen 500.	Yen 10.-	Yen 8.50
Of and over.....	" 500.	" "	" 11.50
"	" 700.	" "	" 21.50
"	" 1,000.	" 34.50	" 40.-
"	" 1,500.	" "	" 50.-
"	" 2,000.	" 39.10	" 60.-
"	" 3,000.	" 46.-	" 72.-
"	" 4,000.	" "	" 84.-
"	" 5,000.	" 60.-	" 97.-
"	" 7,000.	" "	" 110.-
"	" 10,000.	" 75.-	" 125.-
"	" 15,000.	" 94.50	" 140.-
"	" 20,000.	" 116.-	" 155.-
"	" 25,000.	" "	" 170.-
"	" 30,000.	" 139.50	" 185.-
"	" 40,000.	" "	" 200.-
"	" 50,000.	" 170.-	" 215.-
"	" 60,000.	" "	" 230.-
"	" 70,000.	" "	" 245.-
"	" 80,000.	" "	" 260.-
"	" 90,000.	" "	" 280.-
"	" 100,000.	" 203.50	" 300.-

Incomes from labour are to be allowed an exemption of 70/100, and from labour and property combined 85/100.

At a meeting of some seven hundred representatives of the 'Business Men's Guild,' held at Tokyo, to protest against the taxation measures now proposed by the government, the following resolution was passed:—

'We believe it most urgent at present to relieve the economic situation by a readjustment of the national finances and to cultivate the national resources by reforming the tax system. From this conviction we deem the increase in taxation or the imposition of new taxes prejudicial to the development of industry and commerce and the progress of the national destiny. For this reason we hereby solemnly declare that we shall refrain from electing, as our representatives in the House of Representatives, men who act contrary to these convictions.'

The government has the responsibility of providing for the demands upon revenue of the public debt, of late enormously increased, and at the same time providing also for the increasing general expenditure; and it does not appear that any other rational plan than that of taxation has been submitted, although there is much agitation.

THE GOVERNMENT STEEL FOUNDRY.

In the sub-committee of the Budget Committee of the House of Representatives, the director of the government steel foundry, replying to a question on the present and future prospects of the institution, said that 'experience was the principal factor in the steel foundry work. The operatives needed about ten years' training in their work, and the difficulty of obtaining trained operatives was greatly felt in Japan. During the late war the foundry was extended, and wheels for railway cars, telegraph wires, &c., were now turned out at the works. The steel foundry was unlike profit-making enterprises, its primary object being to make the country independent for its supply of military and naval equipment. For this reason some loss must be tolerated. This was especially the case when a quantity of diverse warship material was to be manufactured. In the foundry all the material for building the cruiser *Ibuki* was first manufactured, and the building material for two battleships was now being produced. The cost of raw material showed a gradual rise, and this was also the case

with the price of coal, cost of transportation, and wages. In iron, Japan had to compete with the foreign product on the basis of the minimum price ruling in Germany and the United States. In was therefore unavoidable that the business should be carried on at a considerable loss. In order to mitigate loss, the foundry must have its own coal mine. On the completion of the present work, the daily output of cast-iron was estimated at 450 tons, and thus about 130,000 tons of various kinds of steel material could be estimated for the year. This would, however, be still insufficient to meet the demand. Five tons of coal on an average were needed to turn out one ton of steel.

The best coal used in Richmond, U.S.A., cost about \$1.50 per ton, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of a ton of coke was sufficient to turn out one ton of steel, whereas in Japan 1.2 to 1.3 ton of coke was needed. Present coal was quoted at 5.75 yen to 9.50 yen per ton. Coal at 4 yen to 5 yen, was inferior and unprofitable. The output of the coal mine belonging to the foundry was small and insufficient. There was no prospect of the price of coal decreasing. The foundry had under consideration purchasing coal mines, but it was at present impossible to effect the purchase in view of the abnormal rise in price since the late war. The iron ore was obtained from the Taipeh iron mine in China. The government had under consideration various schemes for obtaining a supply of ore, but the time was not ripe to disclose the schemes. The iron foundry business was fully protected in the United States and other countries, and the low import duty prescribed under the Conventional Tariff of this country made competition with imported iron impossible.

'For instance, rails for use in the United States were quoted at \$28 per ton, and cost the Seoul-Fusan Railway Company only \$27 delivered at Chemulpo, in Korea. Under the circumstances, it was necessary to raise the present tariff (2.17 yen) to about 15 yen, the rate now imposed in the United States. Until the operatives had been thoroughly trained, and the import duty revised, it was absolutely impossible to run the works without a loss.'

It may be appropriately remarked that in this part of the Orient government ownership is as popular, as inefficient, and perhaps as unprofitable as anywhere in the world. In this case it is a government enterprise, strange as it may appear, that is calling for tariff assistance in the placing of a bar to foreign trade in order that the great contingent who look to the iron foundry and the rolling mill for their raw material may have incidentally to pay more for it. The great contingent have yet to be heard from.

ALEX. MACLEAN.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of January and the *twelve months* ending January 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF JANUARY.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1907.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	88,539	125,043	76,727	432,061	582,331	539,607
New Zealand.....	46,092	49,451	42,305	296,279	315,031	306,717
Canada.....	3,434	.....	250	294,079	188,659	35,003
Totals.....	138,065	174,494	119,282	1,022,419	1,086,021	881,327
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	156,251	166,178	147,289	1,625,426	1,685,688	1,799,922
France.....	19,982	11,654	14,876	346,995	311,073	284,528
Germany.....	4,387	612	55	9,543	6,926	6,740
Holland.....	17,452	10,517	9,980	214,331	188,431	167,959
Russia.....	13,258	27,661	16,892	463,071	620,952	646,880
Sweden.....	15,840	22,355	19,988	187,786	189,318	224,373
United States.....	32,075	.....	2,323	115,674	125,237	3,386
Other Countries.....	19,165	21,166	17,097	171,258	142,899	114,465
Totals.....	278,410	260,143	228,500	3,134,084	3,270,524	3,248,253
Grand totals.....	416,475	434,637	347,782	4,156,503	4,356,545	4,129,580

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,515
New Zealand.....	11,725	14,605	31,147	80,702	129,096	208,843
Canada.....	108,802	54,676	47,256	1,873,835	1,871,709	1,691,427
Totals.....	120,527	69,281	78,403	1,954,537	2,000,805	1,903,785
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,285	3,589	3,693	46,887	43,548	47,140
Holland.....	18,626	16,734	20,858	217,935	227,451	245,677
United States.....	20,946	16,094	19,557	164,662	228,573	117,763
Other Countries.....	5,046	5,554	4,975	69,648	81,221	74,104
Totals.....	47,903	41,971	49,083	499,132	580,793	484,684
Grand totals.....	168,430	111,252	127,486	2,453,669	2,581,598	2,388,469

BACON.

Canada.....	86,431	66,052	69,154	1,214,571	1,170,145	1,195,503
Denmark.....	107,751	116,381	155,232	1,453,010	1,472,510	1,845,785
United States.....	305,837	238,960	245,682	2,753,718	2,709,042	2,287,366
Other Countries.....	2,485	7,956	6,526	77,306	117,770	84,196
Totals.....	502,504	429,349	476,594	5,498,605	5,469,467	5,412,850

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of January and the *twelve months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908—*Concluded*.

HAMS.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF JANUARY.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	8,222	7,178	11,578	289,609	253,450	301,349
United States.....	103,717	68,649	68,043	1,044,771	1,010,650	831,436
Other Countries.....	160	154	90	3,261	2,533	3,594
Totals.....	112,099	75,981	79,711	1,337,641	1,266,633	1,136,379

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	59,436	15,336	36,957	197,383	290,017	186,831
Newfoundland.....	766	417	12	8,649	8,853	3,003
France.....	2,859	5,641	699	41,771	25,794	12,753
Norway.....	11,267	14,863	17,246	186,115	179,000	156,563
Portugal.....	7,605	10,101	9,971	123,783	107,842	131,292
United States.....	10,362	4,252	1,166	249,852	222,463	64,662
Other Countries.....	26,266	21,212	24,988	414,501	462,191	338,405
Totals.....	118,561	71,822	91,039	1,222,054	1,296,160	893,509

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	3,000	6,447	6,957	243,802	235,166	116,382
Belgium.....	281,288	200,607	255,676	2,231,220	2,364,065	2,188,681
Denmark.....	303,412	345,252	285,801	3,870,057	3,865,782	3,740,915
France.....	81,486	79,741	91,983	1,550,775	1,489,524	1,244,349
Germany.....	307,124	411,307	380,036	2,251,177	2,748,425	2,789,853
Russia.....	96,944	153,864	309,562	7,630,627	7,189,848	7,334,639
Other Countries.....	237,965	216,662	265,900	1,208,473	1,083,960	1,335,107
Totals.....	1,311,219	1,413,880	1,595,915	18,986,131	18,976,770	18,749,926

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending January 1899 to 1908.

MONTH OF JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

Years.	English.	Welsh.	Scotch.	Irish.	British Colonial.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not Distinguished.	Total Emigrants.
1899....		331	14	14		359	465	1	825
1900....		172	3	9		184	760	4	948
1901....		188	6	7		201	1,453	12	1,666
1902....		467	13	46	Not separately stated prior to 1908.	526	1,236	6	1,768
1903....		901	75	94		1,070	2,054	14	3,138
1904....		964	66	57		1,087	937	2	2,026
1905....	1,895		121	90		2,106	641	4	2,751
1906....	1,287		93	70		1,450	749	5	2,204
1907....	2,098		739	144		2,981	1,300	.....	4,281
1908....	1,042	31	210	61	106	1,450	506	.....	1,956

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JANUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899....	15,063	1,713	879	Not separately stated prior to 1908.	17,655	9,989	35	27,679	
1900....	13,695	1,698	883		16,276	17,453	121	33,850	
1901....	16,137	1,737	961		18,835	32,217	111	51,163	
1902....	12,563	2,244	1,386		16,193	26,810	112	43,115	
1903....	21,528	3,877	1,546		26,951	42,013	119	69,083	
1904....	48,404	10,340	2,568		61,312	37,011	278	98,601	
1905....	55,038	12,775	2,950		70,763	21,621	78	92,462	
1906....	64,269	14,205	3,327		81,801	25,753	44	107,598	
1907....	88,901	22,913	4,553	116,367	27,513	16	143,896		
1908....	109,231	31	32,847	7,420	106	149,635	33,846	183,481

BRITISH TRADE IN CANADA.

EXHAUSTIVE REPORT BY MR. R. GRIGG, SPECIAL COMMISSIONER OF THE BRITISH BOARD OF TRADE.

The 'Report upon the Conditions and Prospects of British Trade in Canada, by Mr. Richard Grigg, Special Commissioner of the Advisory Committee to the Board of Trade on Commercial Intelligence,' has just been published by the Commercial Intelligence Committee of H. M. Board of Trade, and is distributed as Parliamentary Paper Cd. No. 3868.

Mr. Grigg began his work in Canada in September, 1906, and completed it in May, 1907. Mr. Grigg travelled extensively from the Atlantic to the Pacific, spending much time in the larger commercial centres, while not forgetting the agricultural and mining districts. His report is perhaps the most interesting and exhaustive ever published upon trade conditions in Canada from the point of view of the British exporter. Mr. Grigg acknowledges with great emphasis the strong feeling of friendship for the Mother Country which he found throughout the commercial community in the Dominion.

DESIRE TO BUY BRITISH GOODS.

In his letter of transmission to the Right Honourable the President of the Board of Trade, he states:—

"Among all classes in Canada there undoubtedly exists a strong desire to buy goods from British sources whenever possible, and this desire is reflected in the Tariff preference on British goods, amounting approximately to a reduction of 33½ per cent. on the Tariff enforced upon competing foreign goods. The fact that His Majesty's Board of Trade had instituted an inquiry, and had decided to appoint correspondents to furnish regular information to its Commercial Intelligence Branch was received with marked approval as indicating a desire on the part of the Home Government to promote closer commercial relations with Canada."

MUTUAL BONDS OF UNION.

Before leaving England, Mr. Grigg had visited some of the larger Chambers of Commerce, and after his tour throughout Canada he states:—

"I found everywhere, on both sides of the Atlantic, a keen desire, both on patriotic and business grounds, to better understand differing points of view, and to draw closer the bonds of commercial union. I have sought to disregard the opinions of persons in both countries who complain ignorantly and unreasonably; but for every one such person I have met ten who are able to make reasonable allowances for differences of standpoint, and honestly desire to understand the other side. I think the feeling in Canada may fairly be described as one of surprise, and even impatience, that, notwithstanding the advantage of preference in Tariff and preference in good will, British goods are not sold in larger quantities to Canada than import figures show. The belief prevails that British manufacturers and merchants are what has over and over again been described to me in the words 'too conservative,' a phrase which I fear was meant to convey reproach in words which should not seem discourteous to British ears."

SHOULD VISIT CANADA.

Notwithstanding the excellent commercial service which is furnished on both sides of the Atlantic, Mr. Grigg is of the opinion that British merchants should visit Canada in person. His remarks upon this subject are as follows:—

"If British industry is to claim its fair share of the market due to the great and certain development of this vast and wonderful country, it will be necessary for heads of firms themselves to visit Canada, and in such a visit not to be content with a trip to Toronto, or even Winnipeg, but to see the great west in such a way as to realize in some degree what its future trade must be. To send a son or nephew not long from school on a trip to Canada, which is designed to combine pleasure, education and business, is admirable so far as the two first objects are concerned, and useless or worse than that, as regards business. The men who go out for business purposes should be thoroughly competent, and able to speak with sufficient authority at home to command attention for the lessons they learn. The Americans (this term is used to describe the citizens of the United States in the absence of any more distinctive word), with their usual acuteness, have been quick to realize the certain future of Canada, and have had the advantage of an efficient commercial consular service."

INCREASING POSSIBILITIES IN CANADA.

Again he says:—

"It was often suggested to me in Canada that British traders, in view of the vast total of their export trade as a whole, shown in the astounding figures issued by H. M. Board of Trade, are inclined only to look at the comparatively small dimensions of Canadian trade at the present time, and, failing to realize the size of the future market and the certainty of its rapid development (a development which will probably outstrip the productive powers of the country), to consider Canadian business hardly worth fighting for. This was often held to account for an apathy which could not otherwise be explained, and Canadians never fail to point out that it is not *always* high tide, and that the time is perhaps not far distant when the Canadian market, both because of its own increase and because of the possible decrease of the demand in other markets, must assume greater importance for British trade; and the question is, surely worth consideration whether the British manufacturers and merchants should not strive to improve their position in the Canadian market in good times, as a preparation for maintaining it in bad times,"

Though there is a vast amount of information in Mr. Grigg's report of interest to British exporters, there is also much information of interest for the average Canadian business man, inasmuch as it deals with subjects of common interest, and opinions are expressed which are of value to the commercial community the world over.

COMMERCIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

One of the principal objects of Mr. Grigg's mission to Canada was to report upon the advisability of appointing Commercial Correspondents in Canada to offset the very great advantage possessed by all foreign countries in the world who have established Consular Agents in the Dominion. Upon this he states:—

"Finally, there is undoubtedly a need for what may be called national trade representation in Canada. There can be no question as to the substantial services which have been rendered to the United States trade as a whole by the Consuls who are scattered throughout Canada, at present the United Kingdom is totally without any such representation. Consular advice and information can never take the place of efficient trade representation, but unquestionably, if the right men are available, it can render substantial service, and it is generally believed in Canada that such service has been done to the trade of the United States by its Consular

"representatives in the Dominion. The appointment of British Consuls in the "ordinary sense of the term, in Canada, is obviously unnecessary. What is generally "felt to be desirable is the appointment of competent commercial representatives, "who, not having to deal with much of the ordinary work of Consuls, who have the "more time to devote to the trade interests of the country which they represent. The "appointment of Commercial Correspondents such as is now contemplated by the "Board of Trade, is welcomed as an important step in the right direction, and a pro- "ceeding likely to be ultimately of substantial advantage."

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS.

He closes his summary and conclusions by stating that much can be done to promote British trade with the Dominion by:—

"(a) The promotion of rapid and cheap transit and communication between "the United Kingdom and Canada."

"(b) The more careful study of Canadian conditions by British traders."

"(c) Improvements in the representation of British merchants and manufactur- "ers in Canada."

"(d) Greater adaptability and exactness in meeting the wishes of Canadian "buyers."

"(e) The adoption of Canadian standards, weights and measures and currency, "for specifications and price quotations."

"(f) Better advertising and catalogues and cheaper postage rates."

"(g) More elasticity in terms of credit (rendered possible by fuller knowledge "of local circumstances."

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.

STATEMENT showing Fixed Valuation, French Maximum and Minimum Tariff with Ad Valorem Equivalent, Imp rts (by Countries) into France for Consumption during the Year 1906, with Duty Collected thereon and Average Ad Valorem Rate upon those Articles mentioned in Schedule 'A' of Convention between Canada and France, signed at Paris, September, 19, 1907.

NOTE.—Franc=19·3 cts. Kilog=2·204 lbs. Hectolitre=22·02 galls.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
1	Horses :—	Head..	1,500 Frs....	200 Frs....	150 Frs....	13·33	10·00	Austria-Hungary..	3,319			
	Five years old and over..	"	\$289·50	\$38·60	\$28·95..			Belgium.....	2,376			
	Under five years old.	"	1,000 Frs....	150 Frs....	160 Frs....	15·00	10·00	Great Britain.....	1,371			
		"	\$193·00	\$28·95..	\$19·30..			Other Europe.....	634			
	Foals.....	"	600 Frs....	75 Frs....	50 Frs....	12·50	8·33	United States.....	150			
4		"	\$115·80	\$14·48..	\$9·65..			O. F. Countries....	211			
		"						Free Zones (a)	130			
								French Colonies...	8,191	8,123,680	1,004,993	12·37
								Total	6,338	1,442,570	1,005,043	·50
	Cattle: Oxen.	100 kilogs...	65 Frs....	30 Frs....	20 Frs....	46·15	30·77	Canada	1			
		100 lbs.....	\$5·70..	\$2·63..	\$1·75..			Italy.....	55			
								O. F. Countries....	1			
								Free Zones (a)	216			
								French Colonies...	273	88,777	348	
								Total.....	10,388	3,168,460	348	

(a) Free Zones=Countries of Gex and Haute-Savoie. Imports, therefore, are practically Free.

Imports from Free Zones in 1906 amounted to 21,038,000 Francs, while the Duty Collected was only 46,000 Francs.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.						
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
				p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.					
5	Cattle— <i>Con.</i> Cows.....	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	46.88	31.25	Holland	118			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$2.63.	\$1.75.			Italy	41			
								O. F. Countries.	50			
								Free Zones (a)	3,458			
								French Colonies.	3,667	830,683	14,529	
								Total	146	32,704		
									3,813	863,387	14,529	
6	Bulls.....	100 kilogs.	63 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	47.62	31.74	Holland	8			
		100 lbs.	\$5.53.	\$2.63.	\$1.75.			Spain	151			
								Switzerland.	23			
								O. F. Countries.	8			
								Free Zones (a)	113			
								French Colonies.	303	80,697	15,349	19.02
								Total	32	9,072		
									335	89,769	15,349	
7	Steers and bullocks.....	100 kilogs.	69 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	43.48	28.98	Holland	268			
		100 lbs.	\$6.05.	\$2.63.	\$1.75.			Switzerland.	72			
								O. F. Countries.	29			
								French Colonies.	369	60,053	16,200	26.97
								French Colonies.	93	16,077		
								Total	462	76,130	16,200	

7	Heifers.....	100 kilograms.....	190 Frs.....	30 Frs.....	20 Frs.....	33-33	22-22	Belgium.....	46			
		100 lbs.....	\$7.89.....	\$2.63.....	\$1.75.....			Holland.....	783			
								Switzerland.....	43			
								O. F. Countries.....	45			
								Free Zones (a).....	508			
								Totals.....	1,420	257,903	36,835	14-28
Ex. 14 bis.	Poultry.	100 kilograms.....	162 Frs.....	20 Frs.....	20 Frs.....	12-34	12-34	Belgium.....	Kilogs.			
		100 lbs.....	\$14.21.....	\$1.75.....	\$1.75.....			Germany.....	396,862			
								Great Britain.....	9,583			
								Italy.....	2,088			
								Russia.....	434,510			
								Switzerland.....	20,143			
								Tripoli.....	3,020			
								Turkey.....	5,255			
								O. F. Countries.....	77,243			
									3,736			
								French Colonies.....	952,440	1,542,953	190,337	12-34
									1,327	2,150	38	
16	Fresh meat— Mutton.....	100 kilograms.....	172 Frs.....	50 Frs.....	35 Frs.....	29-07	20-35	Belgium.....	953,767	1,545,103	190,395	
		100 lbs.....	\$15.09.....	\$4.39.....	\$3.07.....			Italy.....	7,857			
								O. F. Countries.....	2,290			
									776			
								Total.....	10,923	18,788	3,842	20-45
	Pork.....	100 kilograms.....	150 Frs.....	40 Frs.....	25 Frs.....	26-66	16-66	Belgium.....	17,445			
		100 lbs.....	\$13.16.....	\$3.51.....	\$2.20.....			Germany.....	9			
								Free Zones (a).....	1,094			
								French Colonies.....	18,548	27,822	4,363	15-68
									150	225	4	
								Total.....	18,698	28,047	4,367	
	Beef and other.....	100 kilograms.....	146 Frs.....	50 Frs.....	35 Frs.....	34-25	23-97	Belgium.....	54,115			
		100 lbs.....	\$12.81.....	\$4.39.....	\$3.07.....			Great Britain.....	31,717			
								Holland.....	209,750			
								Italy.....	16,977			
								Switzerland.....	559,142			
								O. F. Countries.....	4,538			
								Free Zones (a).....	45,676			
								Total.....	921,915	1,345,996	310,089	23-04

(a) Vide foot-note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
17	Salted meat— Ham, bacon, &c	100 kilogs.. 100 lbs	170 Frs.. \$14.91	50 Frs. . .	30 Frs . . .	29.41	17.65	Austria-Hungary..	192,806			
				\$4.39	\$2.63			Belgium	557,198			
								Germany	796,144			
								Great Britain	1,900,854			
								Holland	26,891			
								Italy	109,561			
								Servia	64,419			
								Switzerland	7,917			
								Turkey	68,262			
								United States	12,251			
								O. F. Countries	7,527			
								French Colonies..	3,743,830	6,364,511	1,333,003	20.94
								Total	5,333	9,066	66	
									3,749,163	6,373,577	1,333,069	
								Belgium	151,410			
				50 Frs.	30 Frs	53.76	32.26	Germany	24,750			
				\$4.39	\$2.63			Great Britain	4,346			
								Holland	99,829			
								United States	647			
								Uruguay	402			
								O. F. Countries	1,923			
								French Colonies..	283,298	263,467	85,226	32.34
								Total	165	153		
									283,463	263,620	85,226	

17 bis.	Pork butchers' produce....	100 kilogs....	300 Frs....	100 Frs....	50 Frs....	33-33 16-66	Belgium.....	9,094				
		100 lbs....	\$26.31	\$8.77	\$4.39		Germany.....	47,530				
							Great Britain.....	34,048				
							Italy.....	236,924				
							Switzerland.....	10,062				
							United States.....	903,304				
							O. F. Countries.....	15,503				
							French Colonies....	1,256,465	3,769,395	629,400	16-69	
							Total.....	1,188	3,564	571		
								1,257,653	3,772,959	629,971		
Ex. 18	Poultry, dead.....	100 kilogs....	230 Frs....	20 Frs....	20 Frs....	8-69 8-69	Austria-Hungary..	193,221				
		100 lbs....	\$20.17	\$1.75	\$1.75		Belgium.....	124,006				
							Germany.....	53,281				
							Great Britain.....	51,128				
							Italy.....	534,390				
							Switzerland.....	1,073				
							O. F. Countries.....	6,433				
							French Colonies....	963,537	2,216,135	192,731	8-69	
							Total.....	71	163	4		
								963,608	2,216,298	192,735		
19	Meat preserved in tins....	100 kilogs....	180 Frs....	20 Frs....	15 Frs....	11-11 8-33	Argentina Rep....	639				
		100 lbs....	\$15.79	\$1.75	\$1.32		Belgium.....	20,494				
							Germany.....	1,591				
							Great Britain.....	10,917				
							Italy.....	75				
							Switzerland.....	291				
							United States.....	166,173				
							Uruguay.....	16,813				
							O. F. Countries....	2,229				
							French Colonies....	219,242	394,636	34,440	8-73	
							Total.....	19,216	34,589	25		
								238,458	429,225	34,465		

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.					
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.											
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.										
20	Meat, extract of, in cakes or otherwise	100 kilograms... 100 lbs ...	900 Frs..... \$78.95	40 Frs..... \$3.51	30 Frs..... \$2.63	p.c. p.c. 4.44 3.33			Kilogs.	Frans.	Frans.	p.c.					
													Argentine Rep....	4,982			3.76
													Belgium....	203,691			
													Germany....	4,746			
													Great Britain....	27,897			
													Switzerland....	120			
													United States....	3,774			
													O. F. Countries....	259			
													French Colonies...	245,469	2,209,221	83,137	
														1,675	15,075	18	
30	Animal fats other than fish oils— Tallow....	100 kilograms... 100 lbs.....	70 Frs..... \$6.14	Free.. Free.....	" "												
													Argentine Rep....	346,116			
													Australia....	122,000			
													Belgium....	407,519			
													Germany....	62,907			
													Great Britain....	629,582			
													Holland....	216,689			
													Italy....	62,606			
													Switzerland....	64,775			
													United States....	10,966,417			
O. F. Countries....	40,071																
	French Colonies...																
													12,918,682	9,043,078			

Lard (a).....	100 kilogs.....	129 Frs.....	40 Frs.....	25 Frs.....	31.01	19.38	Belgium.....	41,026				
	100 lbs.....	\$11.31.....	\$3.51.....	\$2.20.....			Great Britain.....	166,308				
							Italy.....	248,352				
							United States.....	2,747,288				
							O. F. Countries.....	21,486				
							French Colonies.....	3,224,360	4,159,424	722,213	17.36	
							Total.....	74,472	96,069	4		
								3,298,832	4,255,493	722,217		
Other.....	100 kilogs.....	85 Frs.....	Free.....	Free.....			Belgium.....	492,460				
	100 lbs.....	\$7.46.....	".....	".....			Germany.....	349,163				
							Great Britain.....	3,009,496				
							Holland.....	526,630				
							United States.....	995,333				
							O. F. Countries.....	87,782				
							French Colonies.....	5,460,864	4,641,734			
							Total.....	28,908	24,572			
								5,489,772	4,666,306			
Ex. 34 Eggs of poultry or game...	100 kilogs.....	155 Frs.....	10 Frs.....	6 Frs.....	6.45	3.87	Austria-Hungary.....	686,669				
	100 lbs.....	\$13.60.....	\$7.7 cts.....	52.7 cts.....			Belgium.....	3,860,243				
							Bulgaria.....	610,394				
							Egypt.....	50,380				
							Germany.....	683,370				
							Italy.....	2,478,210				
							Russia.....	5,964,554				
							Switzerland.....	110,468				
							Turkey.....	3,582,454				
							O. F. Countries.....	132,165				
							French Colonies.....	18,158,907	28,146,306	1,398,124	4.96	
							Total.....	10,401	16,121	534		
								18,169,308	28,162,427	1,398,658		

(a) Lard intended for industrial purposes is admitted free of duty, provided it be mixed with other grease, and, in addition, be adulterated in the presence of the customs officers.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.			Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.							
								p.c.						p.c.
35 bis.	Milk, condensed, pure.....	100 kilograms.....	90 Frs.....	10 Frs.....	5 Frs.....	11 11	5 55	Great Britain.....	4,750	Francs.			p.c.	
		100 lbs.....	\$7.89.....	87 7 cts.....	44 cts.....			Italy.....	916					
								Switzerland.....	135,302					2,889
35 ter.	(a) Milk, condensed with addition of sugar— 40 to 50 p.c. of sugar..... Less than 40 p.c. of sugar	100 kilograms.....	90 Frs.....	62 3 Frs.....	23 3 Frs.....	69 22	25 88	Germany.....	5,264					
		100 lbs.....	\$7.89.....	\$5.46.....	\$2.04.....			Great Britain.....	2,454					
		100 kilograms.....	90 Frs.....	62 3 Frs.....	19 8 Frs.....	69 22	22 00	Italy.....	3,257					
		100 lbs.....	\$7.89.....	\$5.46.....	\$1.74.....			Switzerland.....	596,440					
								O. F. Countries.....	1,971					
						French Colonies.....	609,386	548,447	128,895	23 50				
						Total.....	504	435						
						French Colonies.....	609,890	548,902	128,895					
						Total.....								
36	(b) Milk farina, with addi- tion of sugar— 40 to 50 p.c. of sugar..... Less than 40 p.c. of sugar	100 kilograms.....	400 Frs.....	62 3 Frs.....	23 3 Frs.....	15 57	5 82	Not stated.						
		100 lbs.....	\$35.09.....	\$5.46.....	\$2.04.....									
		100 kilograms.....	400 Frs.....	62 3 Frs.....	19 8 Frs.....	15 57	4 95							
		100 lbs.....	\$35.09.....	\$5.46.....	\$1.74.....									
	Cheese: Hard, known as Dutch and Gruyere.	100 kilograms.....	215 Frs.....	35 Frs.....	12 Frs.....	16 28	5 58	Belgium.....	126,026					
		100 lbs.....	\$18.86.....	\$3.07.....	\$1.05.....			Holland.....	6,899,516					
								Italy.....	743,476					
								Switzerland.....	6,053,964					
								O. F. Countries.....	7,109					

Other	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	120 Frs. \$10.52	35 Frs. \$3.07	15 Frs. \$1.32	29.17	12.50	Free Zones (a).....	3,134,048			
							French Colonies...	16,964,139 1,210	36,472,898 2,602	1,843,831	5.06
							Total	16,965,349	36,475,500	1,843,831	
							Germany	381,692			
Ex. 37	Butter, salted	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	265 Frs. \$23.24	30 Frs. \$2.63	20 Frs. \$1.75	11.32	7.55	Holland	425,776		
								Italy	1,969,595		
								Switzerland	176,463		
								O. F. Countries	138,267		
38	Honey.....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	60 Frs. \$5.26	15 Frs. \$1.32	10 Frs. 87.7 cts.	25.00	16.66	Free Zones (a).....	219,204		
								French Colonies...	3,310,997 6,030	3,973,196 7,236	463,275 283
								Total	3,317,027	3,980,432	463,568
								Belgium.....	23,073		
								Germany	10,858		
								Great Britain.....	67,551		
								Italy	118		
								Russia	50,684		
								O. F. Countries.....	3,589		
								French Colonies...	155,873 551	413,064 1,460	34,852 1
								Total	156,424	414,524	34,853
								Austria-Hungary	44,693		
								Chile	261,201		
								Cuba	46,857		
								Germany	201,616		
								Hayti	43,977		
								Mexico	16,550		
								San Domingo	48,101		
								Saint Thomas	940		
								United States	18,754		
								O. F. Countries.....	50,459		
								French Colonies...	733,248 3,290	439,949 1,974	105,924 109
								Total	736,538	441,923	106,033
								French Colonies...			24.03

(a) Vide foot-note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
41	Bone, black (animal black)	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	22 Frs. \$1.93	3 Frs.	2 Frs.	13' 63	9' 09	Belgium.....	109,800			
				26' 3 cts.	17' 5 cts.			Germany.....	111,000			
								Great Britain....	63,300			
								Holland.....	40,100			
								Sweden.....	13,500			
								O. F. Countries...	9,500			
45	Fish: Fresh, fresh-water Of the salmonoid family	100 kilogs. 100 lbs	330 Frs. \$29.00	15 Frs.	10 Frs.	4' 54	3' 03	Belgium.....	172,211			
				\$1.32	87' 7 cts.			Germany.....	233,254			
								Great Britain....	321,538			
								Holland.....	475,413			
								Italy.....	20,752			
								Switzerland.....	113,296			
	Other	100 kilogs. 100 lbs	80 Frs. \$7.02	10 Frs.	5 Frs.	12' 50	6' 25	O. F. Countries...	7,146			
				87' 7 cts.	44 cts.			Free Zones (a)...	12,783			
								Total.....	1,356,393	4,476,097	173,071	3' 87
								Belgium.....	147,798			
								Germany.....	474,809			
								Holland.....	882,877			
								Italy.....	165,689			
								Switzerland.....	81,326			
								O. F. Countries...	25,018			
								Free Zones (a)...	75,500			
								Total.....	1,853,017	1,482,414	109,821	7' 41

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.							Max.	Min.
									p.c.	p.c.	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p.c.
46	Fish : Dried, salted or smoked :— Herrings	100 kilogs.	20 Frs.	20 Frs.	15 Frs.	100·00	75·00	Belgium	12,568			
		100 lbs.	\$1.75.	\$1.75.	\$1.32.			Great Britain	35,833			
								Holland	42,933			
								O. F. Countries	4,171			
								French Colonies	95,505	19,101	14,330	75·02
									1,076	215		
								Total	96,581	19,316		
								Belgium	19,663			
								Germany	18,872			
								Great Britain	95,393			
								Italy	5,637			
								Spain	2,320,924			
								O. F. Countries	15,520			
								French Colonies	2,476,009	1,980,807	620,332	31·32
									1,876,659	1,501,327	168	
								Total	4,352,668	3,482,134	620,500	
								Belgium	8,737			
								Germany	11,457			
								Great Britain	10,445			
								Portugal	2,054,210			
								Spain	5,307,149			
								O. F. Countries	25,383			
								French Colonies	7,417,331	8,900,857	2,054,555	23·08
									284,994	341,993	2,629	
								Total	7,702,375	9,242,850	2,057,184	

47	Fish : Preserved "au natu- rel" pickled or other- wise prepared :— Sardines	100 kilogs.	120 Frs.	50 Frs.	25 Frs.	41·65	20·83	Belgium	8,737			
		100 lbs.	\$10.52.	\$4.39.	\$2.20.				11,457			
									10,445			
								Great Britain	2,054,210			
								Portugal	5,307,149			
								Spain	25,383			
								O. F. Countries				
								French Colonies	7,417,331	8,900,857	2,054,555	23·08
									284,994	341,993	2,629	
								Total	7,702,375	9,242,850	2,057,184	

Other	100 kilogs.	210 Frs.	50 Frs.	25 Frs.	23·81	11·90	Canada	29,952			
100 lbs.	100 lbs.	\$18.42	\$4.39	\$2.20			Germany	49,329			
							Great Britain	519,250			
							Holland	130,347			
							Italy	216,879			
							Norway	54,288			
							Spain	80,076			
							United States	20,818			
							O. F. Countries	29,786			
							French Colonies	1,130,725	2,374,523	305,488	12·87
							Total	79,513	166,977	8,194	
								1,210,288	2,541,500	313,682	
Fish : Lobsters :											
Fresh	100 kilogs.	200 Frs.	40 Frs.	15 Frs.	20·00	7·50	Belgium	668,392			
100 lbs.	100 lbs.	\$17.54	\$3.51	\$1.32			Great Britain	121,694			
							Holland	353,275			
							Italy	141,240			
							Portugal	113,438			
							Spain	191,240			
							O. F. Countries	2,874			
							French Colonies	1,592,153	3,184,306	255,433	8·02
							Total	2,019	4,038	3	
								1,594,172	3,188,344	255,436	
Preserved "au naturel"											
or prepared	100 kilogs.	225 Frs.	40 Frs.	25 Frs.	17·77	11·11	Canada	1,523,560			
100 lbs.	100 lbs.	\$19.74	\$3.51	\$2.20			Germany	3,493			
							Great Britain	151,554			
							Holland	5,605			
							O. F. Countries	1,306			
							French Colonies	1,685,518	3,792,416	431,312	11·37
							Total	1,846	4,154	4	
								1,687,364	3,796,570	431,316	
Fish oils : Whale	100 kilogs.	55 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.	12·72	10·91	Denmark	17,118			
100 lbs.	100 lbs.	\$4.83	61·4 cts.	52·7 cts.			Great Britain	344,528			
							Norway	119,449			
							United States	10,124			
							O. F. Countries	15,106			
							Total	506,325	278,479	40,466	14·53

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.			IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.							Max.	Min.
51	Fish oil : Cod.	100 kilogs.	175 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.	p.c.	Belgium.....	17,845			
		100 lbs.	\$15.35	61.4 cts.	52.7 cts.	4.00	Great Britain....	804,746			
							Holland.....	587,697			
							Norway.....	95,620			
							United States....	8,342			
							O. F. Countries...	9,020			
							French Colonies : St. Pierre et Peche	1,523,270	2,665,723	115,263	4.32
							Other.....	1,017,647 742	1,780,882 1,299	}	
							Total.....	2,541,659	4,447,904			115,263
			Other	100 kilogs.	100 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.	7.00	Belgium.....	41,520	
		100 lbs.	\$8.77	61.4 cts.	52.7 cts.		Germany.....	24,913			
							Great Britain....	1,389,373			
							Italy.....	11,786			
							Japan.....	404,661			
							Norway.....	25,393			
							Spain.....	5,401			
							United States....	61,113			
							O. F. Countries...	11,325			
							French Colonies : Indo China.....	1,975,485	1,975,485	153,165	7.75
							Other.....	1,297,197 1,613	1,297,197 1,613	4	
							Total.....	3,274,295	3,274,295			153,169
5	Spermaceti : Crude.	100 kilogs.	340 Frs.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	1.76					
		100 lbs.	\$29.82	52.7 cts.	44 cts.						

Pressed	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	340 Frs. \$29.82.	12 Frs. \$1.05.	10 Frs. 87 cts.	3 53	2 94	United States.	1,004	3,414	120	3 51
Refined.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	340 Frs. \$29.82.	19 Frs. \$1.67.	15 Frs. \$1.32.	5 59	4 41	United States O. F. Countries.	4,024 541			
							Total	5,165	17,561	991	5 64
53 Roe of cod and of mackerel	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	30 Frs. \$2.63.	0 8 Fr. 7 cts.	0 6 Fr. 5 3 cts.	2 66	2 00	Belgium. Germany Great Britain Holland Norway United States. O. F. Countries.	16,359 268,608 191,655 37,553 2,553,675 451,937 10,576			
							French Colonies.	8,530,363 816,258	1,059,109 244,877	25,996	2 45
							Total.	4,346,621	1,303,986	25,996	
68 Wheat, spelt and meslin— Grain	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	17 35 Frs. \$1.52.	7 Frs. 61 4 cts.	7 Frs. 61 4 cts.	40 35	40 35	Argentine Rep. Australia. Bulgaria. British India. Roumania. Russia. Turkey United States. O. F. Countries. Free Zones (a)	7,245,000 3,178,800 1,261,700 3,985,600 15,362,300 111,320,300 6,351,800 20,917,600 1,910,100 11,175,400			
							French Colonies.	182,658,100 124,562,800	31,691,180 30,766,791	11,937,814 1,388	37 67
							Total.	307,220,900	62,457,971	11,938,202	
Flour— At the rate extraction— Of 70% and above.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	35 75 Frs. \$3.14.	11 Frs. 96 5 cts.	11 Frs. 96 5 cts.	30 77	30 77	Austria-Hungary. Germany	6,065,600 37,400			
Of between 70% and 60%	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	35 75 Frs. \$3.14.	13 5 Frs. \$1.19.	13 5 Frs. \$1.19.	37 76	37 76	O. F. Countries.	216,400			
Of 60% and below.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	35 75 Frs. \$3.14.	16 Frs. \$1.40.	16 Frs. \$1.40.	44 75	44 75	French Colonies.	6,319,400 2,444,100	2,259,186 807,881	1,004,671 53	44 47
							Total.	8,763,500	3,067,067	1,004,724	

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

Meal	100 kilogs.	27.75 Frs.	5 Frs.	18-02	Austria-Hungary.	6,900		
	100 lbs.	\$2.44	44 cts.		Switzerland.	17,700		
					O. F. Countries.	7,800		
					Total	32,400	8,991	1,628 18-11
Rye— Grain	100 kilogs.	15.5 Frs.	3 Frs.	19-35	Bulgaria.	433,200		
	100 lbs.	\$1.36	26.3 cts.		Roumania	8,879,900		
					Russia.	2,560,200		
					O. F. Countries.	645,400		
Meal	100 kilogs.	24 Frs.	5 Frs.	20-83	Austria-Hungary.	135,500		
	100 lbs.	\$2.11	44 cts.		Germany	310,800		
					O. F. Countries.	47,900		
					Total	494,200	118,608	24,715 20-83
Maize— Grain	100 kilogs.	15.5 Frs.	3 Frs.	19-35	Argentina Rep.	203,857,000		
	100 lbs.	\$1.36	26.3 cts.		Bulgaria.	3,759,800		
					Roumania	36,451,400		
					Russia.	27,409,900		
Meal	100 kilogs.	22.8 Frs.	5 Frs.	21-93	Belgium.	214,900		
	100 lbs.	\$2	44 cts.		Italy	10,400		
					O. F. Countries.	17,900		
					Total	243,200	55,450	12,180 21-97
Rye— Grain	100 kilogs.	15.5 Frs.	3 Frs.	19-35	Argentina Rep.	203,857,000		
	100 lbs.	\$1.36	26.3 cts.		Bulgaria.	3,759,800		
					Roumania	36,451,400		
					Russia.	27,409,900		
Meal	100 kilogs.	22.8 Frs.	5 Frs.	21-93	Belgium.	214,900		
	100 lbs.	\$2	44 cts.		Italy	10,400		
					O. F. Countries.	17,900		
					Total	243,200	55,450	12,180 21-97

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.																	
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.													
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.					
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.										
				p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.										
73	Buckwheat— Grain.....	100 kilogs....	17.5 Frs....	2.5 Frs.....	2.5 Frs.....	14.28	14.28	Foreign Countries.	51,800	9,065	1,321	14.57					
		100 lbs.....	\$1.54.....	22.3 cts.....	22.3 cts.....												
		100 kilogs....	25 Frs....	4 Frs.....	4 Frs.....	16.00	16.00						Foreign Countries.	2,200	550	88	16.00
		100 lbs.....	\$2.20.....	35 cts.....	35 cts.....												
74	Malt.....	100 kilogs....	29.25 Frs....	4 Frs.....	4 Frs.....	13.68	13.68	Austria-Hungary Belgium..... Germany..... O. F. Countries..	916,200 87,800 467,600 141,700								
		100 lbs.....	\$2.57.....	35 cts.....	35 cts.....												
						Total								1,613,300	471,890	64,533	13.68
76	Groats, grits (coarse flour), pearled or cleaned grain.	100 kilogs....	34.5 Frs....	16 Frs.....	16 Frs.....	46.38	46.38	Germany..... Great Britain.... Holland..... Italy..... O. F. Countries..	64,600 102,000 88,400 9,600 60,000								
		100 lbs.....	\$3.03.....	\$1.40.....	\$1.40.....												
						Total								324,600 1,472,200	111,987 507,909	52,753 52,753	47.11
76 bis.	Millet, hulled or cleaned...	100 kilogs....	24 Frs....	6 Frs.....	6 Frs.....	25.00	25.00	Austria-Hungary Germany..... O. F. Countries..	50,000 8,000 200								
		100 lbs....	\$2.11.....	52.7 cts.....	52.7 cts.....												
						Total								1,796,800	619,896	52,753	
				Total			58,200	13,968	3,488	24.97							

Pulse:— Beans—Whole.....	100 kilogs.....	21.25 Frs.....	3 Frs.....	14.12	British India.....	1,235,890		
	100 lbs.....	\$1.86.....	26.3 cts.....		Great Britain.....	4,422,400		
Lecorticated broken.					Italy.....	2,926,500		
					Russia.....	1,537,400		
					Turkey.....	11,889,900		
					O. F. Countries.....	2,735,100		
In clusters pods.					French Colonies.....	24,747,100	5,258,759	742,414
						5,783,900	1,229,079	14.12
Bean meal.....					Total.....	30,531,000	6,487,838	
					French Colonies.....	34,700	11,278	
Chick peas (Pois Pointus)					Belgium.....	5,700	570	86
					Holland.....	5,000	1,450	15.09
Other:—					British India.....	9,046,700		
					Greece.....	758,400		
In the grain.....					Russia.....	401,700		
					Turkey.....	10,456,800		
Decorticated.....					O. F. Countries.....	242,700		
					French Colonies.....	20,906,300	5,644,701	
In flour—						153,200	35,964	
					Total.....	21,039,500	5,680,665	
Raw.....					Austria, Hungary.....	23,431,100		
					Belgium.....	3,179,000		
Cooked.....					British India.....	2,077,400		
					Bulgaria.....	1,132,100		
					Germany.....	15,437,600		
					Great Britain.....	2,357,900		
					Holland.....	9,335,500		
					Italy.....	6,097,800		
					Roumania.....	15,092,500		
					Russia.....	10,649,300		
					Turkey.....	9,246,500		
					O. F. Countries.....	4,655,100		
					French Colonies.....	102,751,800	35,963,130	3,125,000
					Total.....	379,700	132,895	116
					French Colonies.....	103,131,500	36,096,025	8.69
					Total.....			3,125,716

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
83	Potatoes.....	100 kilogs.	11 Frs.	3 Frs.	0·4 Fr.	27·27	p. c.	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p. c.	
		100 lbs.	96·5 cts.	26·3 cts.	3·5 cts.	3·63						
Ex. 84	Table Fruits: Fresh :— Apples and pears— For table use.....	100 kilogs.	35 Frs.	5 Frs.	2 Frs.	14·29	5·71	Belgium..... Canada..... Italy..... Spain..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	312,642 1,521,743 648,437 1,037,834 842,966 777,514 69,917	9,202,204 3,336,449	333,754 245	3·63
		100 lbs.	\$3·07	44 cts.	17·5 cts.							
								Total.....	97,002,700	12,538,653	333,999	
								French Colonies...	83,656,400 13,346,300	9,202,204 3,336,449	333,754 245	3·63
								Total.....	5,211,053 7,513	1,823,869 2,629	121,903 12	6·68
								French Colonies...	5,218,566	1,826,498	121,915	
								Total.....	2,178 1,100 1,233 2,506			
								Great Britain..... Spain..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	2,178 1,100 1,233 2,506			
								Total.....	7,017	702	74	10·54

Ex. 85	Peaches..... Note.—Peaches only a portion of the imports into France in 1906 under this head.	100 kilograms.....	28 Frs.....	5 Frs.....	3 Frs.....	17-86	10-71	Belgium.....	254,521			
		100 lbs.....	\$2.45.....	44 cts.....	26-3 cts.....			British India.....	13,445			
								Germany.....	434,733			
								Great Britain.....	1,772,361			
								Italy.....	371,042			
								Spain.....	4,329,791			
								Switzerland.....	40,949			
								Turkey.....	9,894			
								O. F. Countries.....	112,657			
								French Colonies.....	7,339,393	2,055,030	320,825	15-61
	Table fruits :—Dried or drained :— Apples and pears— For table use.....	100 kilograms.....	90 Frs.....	15 Frs.....	10 Frs.....	16-66	11-11	Canada.....	20,196			
		100 lbs.....	\$7.89.....	\$1.32.....	87-7 cts.....			United States.....	761,826			
								O. F. Countries.....	15,110			
								Total.....	797,126	717,413	89,140	12-43
		100 kilograms.....	25 Frs.....	6 Frs.....	4 Frs.....	24-00	16-00	Austria-Hungary.....	230,154			
		100 lbs.....	\$2.20.....	52-7 cts.....	35 cts.....			Germany.....	56,340			
								Holland.....	59,250			
								Turkey.....	44,931			
								United States.....	2,174,960			
								O. F. Countries.....	45,284			
	Peaches..... Note.—Peaches only a portion of the imports into France in 1906 under this head.	100 kilograms.....	60 Frs.....	15 Frs.....	5 Frs.....	25-00	8-33	Belgium.....	6,231			
		100 lbs.....	\$3.26.....	\$1.32.....	44 cts.....			Egypt.....	1,112			
								Germany.....	10,242			
								Great Britain.....	19,328			
								Turkey.....	65,203			
								United States.....	372,040			
								O. F. Countries.....	17,360			
								French Colonies.....	491,516	294,909	29,799	10-10
								Total.....	2,188,955	1,313,373	11,249	
								Total.....	2,680,471	1,608,282	41,048	
86	Table fruits candied or preserved :— In spirits.....	100 kilograms.....	150 Frs.....	100 Frs.....	80 Frs.....	66-66	53-33	Foreign Countries.....	266	399	259	64-91
		100 lbs.....	\$13.16.....	\$8.77.....	\$7.02.....			French Colonies.....	719	1,078		
								Total.....	985	1,477	259	

(a) Vide foot note page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value. Francs.	Duty Collected. Francs.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.						
						Max.	Min.				p.c.
86	Table fruits candied or preserved— <i>Con.</i> In sugar or honey :— Candied table fruits . . .	100 kilograms . . . 100 lbs.	150 Frs. \$13.16	31 Frs. \$2.72	31 Frs. \$2.72	20-67	20-67	Imports under this head included under item 93—Candied Fruits.			
	Preserved table fruits. . .	100 kilograms . . . 100 lbs.	100 Frs. \$8.77	15-5 Frs. \$1.36	15-5 Frs. \$1.36	15-50	15-50	Imports under this head included under item 95.—Preserves manufactured with sugar or honey.			
	Without sugar or honey :— Pine apples.	100 kilograms . . . 100 lbs.	70 Frs. \$6.14	30 Frs. \$2.63	30 Frs. \$2.63	42-85	42-85	British India. O. F. Countries.	462,847 23,029		
								French Colonies.	485,876 112,307	340,113 78,622	146,584 664
								Total.	598,183	418,735	147,248
	Gherkins, cucumbers, olives, small olives and capers.	100 kilograms . . . 100 lbs.	55 Frs. \$4.83	20 Frs. \$1.75	8 Frs. 70 cts.	36-36	14-54	Great Britain. Greece. Spain. O. F. Countries.	5,167 313,574 171,866 24,455		
								French Colonies.	515,062 240,964	283,284 132,530	48,628 343
								Total.	756,026	415,814	48,971
								French Colonies.			
	Other	100 kilograms . . . 100 lbs.	70 Frs. \$6.14	10 Frs. 87-7 cts.	8 Frs. 70 cts.	14-29	11-43	Great Britain. Greece. Spain. Turkey.	54,307 55 380,871 21,586		

89	Seed grain (including the jarosse, a kind of pea),...	100 kilograms... 100 lbs.....	100 Frs..... \$8.77.....	3 Frs..... 26 3 cts.....	3 Frs..... 26 3 cts.....	3 00	United States..... O. F. Countries... French Colonies... Total.....	27,908 14,409 499,136 74,650 573,786	414,800 285,200 200,300 2,012,800 1,799,000 226,400 167,100 1,722,200 738,100 154,700 427,600	3 00	Austria-Hungary.. Belgium..... Bulgaria..... Germany..... Great Britain... Holland..... Italy..... Russia..... Turkey..... United States... O. F. Countries..	48,138 1,917 50,055	349,395 52,255 401,650	13 78
89 ter.	Luzern and clover seed.....	100 kilograms... 100 lbs.....	135 Frs..... \$11.84.....	30 Frs..... \$2.63.....	25 Frs..... \$2.20.....	22 22	United States..... O. F. Countries... French Colonies... Total.....	82,800 2,600 111,780 3,510 85,400	8,153,200 24,900 8,178,100 245,353	18 52	Austria-Hungary.. Belgium..... Germany..... Italy..... United States... O. F. Countries..	245,185 168	8,153,200 24,900 8,178,100	3 01
93	Syrup and bonbons.....	100 kilograms... 100 lbs.....	160 Frs..... \$14.03.....	31 Frs..... \$2.72.....	31 Frs..... \$2.72.....	19 37	United States..... O. F. Countries... French Colonies... Total.....	72,325 59,023 20,388 105,180 3,650 8,227 8,291 161,666 4,159 11,130 454,069 8,855 462,924	726,516 14,168 740,678 142,006	19 37	Austria-Hungary.. Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain... Greece..... Italy..... Spain..... Switzerland..... Turkey..... O. F. Countries..	140,752 1,254	726,516 14,168 740,678	19 37

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION 1906.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation. in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad. Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Minimum.		Max.	Min.					
				Maximum.		p. c.	p. c.					
93	Candied fruits.....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.....	150 Frs..... \$13.16.....	31 Frs.... \$2.72.....	31 Frs.... \$2.72.....	20.67	20.67	Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries...	4,287 5,570 1,067 157 262 3,377			
								French Colonies..	14,720 1,014	22,080 1,521	4,568 201	20.68
								Total	15,734	23,601	4,769	
95	Preserves :— Manufactured with sugar or honey	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.....	100 Frs..... \$8.77.....	15.5 Frs.... \$1.36.....	15.5 Frs.... \$1.36.....	15.50	15.50	Great Britain..... Holland..... Spain..... Switzerland..... Turkey..... United States..... O. F. Countries...	168,675 24,726 74,822 8,548 3,176 22,916 21,943			
								French Colonies..	324,806 3,255	324,806 3,255	50,393 384	15.51
								Total... ..	328,061	328,061	50,777	

Imports under this head included under item 86, Table
fruits—other—candied or preserved without sugar or
honey.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.			Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.		Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
				p.c.		p.c.	p.c.						
128	Wood: Common— <i>Con.</i> Wood sawn or squared 3-12 inches in thickness and above:— Railway ties of oak.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	11 Frs. 96.5 cts.	1.5 Frs.	1 Fr.	13.63	9.09	Belgium.....	22,000				
				13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.			Germany.....	485,000				
								Italy.....	116,000				
								Free Zones (a) ..	261,000				
								Total.....	884,000	97,240	7.163	7.37	
	Railway ties of other wood.....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	8 Frs. 70 cts.	1.5 Frs.	1 Fr.	18.75	12.50	Austria-Hungary..	1,376,000				
				13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.			Italy.....	1,569,000				
								O. F. Countries...	164,000				
								Total.....	3,109,000	248,720	31,417	12.63	
Other of oak.....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	14 Frs. \$1.23	1.5 Frs.	1 Fr.	10.71	7.14	Austria-Hungary..	2,490,000					
			13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.			Germany.....	845,000					
							Roumania.....	235,000					
							Russia.....	810,000					
							United States....	164,000					
Other of walnut....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	22.5 Frs. \$1.97	1.5 Frs.	1 Fr.	6.66	4.44	O. F. Countries...	117,000					
			13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.			Total.....	4,661,000	652,540	48,191	7.38		
							Russia.....	38,000					
							Spain.....	213,000					
							Turkey.....	628,000					
				United States....	51,000								
				O. F. Countries...	18,000								
				Total.....	948,000	213,300	9,480	4.44					

Other of other wood.	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.	11 Frs. 96.5 cts.	1.5 Frs. 13.2 cts.	1 Fr. 8.8 cts.	13-63	9-09	Austria-Hungary. Germany..... Russia..... Sweden..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	13,883,000 2,033,000 6,253,000 20,234,000 37,960,000 2,973,000 1,213,000	9,300,390 13,750	841,512 104	9.05
Wood sawn or squared less than 3.12 inches and exceeding 1.365 inches in thickness:— Of oak.....	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.	17.5 Frs.... \$1.54	1.75 Frs.... 15.4 cts.	1.25 Frs.... 11 cts.	10.00	7.14	Austria-Hungary. Germany..... Roumania..... Russia..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Total.....	6,462,000 687,000 1,105,000 1,724,000 983,000 108,000	1,937,075	138,460	7.15
Of walnut	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.	12 Frs.... \$1.05	1.75 Frs.... 15.4 cts.	1.25 Frs.... 11 cts.	14.58	10.41	United States. O. F. Countries..... Total.....	516,000 16,000 532,000		6,654	10.42
Of other wood.....	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.	11.5 Frs.... \$1.01	1.75 Frs.... 15.4 cts.	1.25 Frs.... 11 cts.	15.22	10.87	Austria-Hungary. Canada..... Germany..... Norway..... Roumania..... Russia..... Sweden..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a)....	9,916,000 5,546,000 674,000 45,096,000 3,564,000 236,560,000 272,495,000 8,414,000 1,477,000 1,880,000			
							French Colonies... Total.....	585,572,000 109,000 585,681,000	67,340,780 12,535 67,353,315	7,301,381 1,045 7,302,426	10.84

(a) Vide foot note, page 174f.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY. —Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
						p. c.	p. c.		Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p. c.
128	Wood: Common— <i>Con.</i> Wood sawn 1.365 inches in thickness or less:— Of oak.....	100 kilogs....	19 Frs.....	2.5 Frs....	1.75 Frs....	13.16	9.21	Austria-Hungary	16,525,000			
		100 lbs.....	\$1.67.....	22.1 cts....	15.4 cts....			Germany.....	1,031,000			
								Roumania.....	113,000			
								United States.....	6,181,000			
								O. F. Countries....	108,000			
								Total.....	23,958,000	4,552,020	419,263	9.21
		100 kilogs....	12 Frs.....	2.5 Frs....	1.75 Frs..	20.83	14.58	United States....	4,075,000			
		100 lbs.....	\$1.05.....	22.1 cts....	15.4 cts....			O. F. Countries....	6,000			
								Total.....	4,081,000	489,720	71,329	14.58
		100 kilogs....	12 Frs.....	2.5 Frs....	1.75 Frs..	20.83	14.58	Austria-Hungary	32,606,000			
		100 lbs.....	\$1.05.....	22.1 cts....	15.4 cts....			Germany.....	1,210,000			
								Italy.....	7,392,000			
								Norway.....	5,027,000			
								Roumania.....	12,284,000			
								Russia.....	121,824,000			
								Sweden.....	142,295,000			
								Switzerland.....	1,412,000			
								United States....	18,129,000			
								O. F. Countries....	954,000			
								Free Zones (a)....	14,684,000			
								357,817,000		42,938,040	6,006,072	13.99
								109,000		13,080	371	
								French Colonies ..				
								Total.....	357,926,000	42,951,120	6,006,443	

129	Paving blocks, sawn.....	100 kilogs.....	6 Frs.	2.5 Frs.	1.75 Frs.	41.66	29-16 Foreign Countries.	27,000	1,020	563 34 75
		100 lbs.....	52.7 cts.	22.1 cts.	15.4 cts.					
130	Stave wood :—	100 kilogs.....	21 Frs.	1.25 Frs.	0.75 Fr.	5.95	3.57	39,577,000		
	Of oak.....	100 lbs.....	\$1.84	11 cts.	6.6 cts.			Germany.....		
								Great Britain.....		
								Italy.....		
								Roumania.....		
								Russia.....		
								Turkey.....		
								United States.....		
								O. F. Countries.....		
							Total.....	126,452,000	26,554,920	3 61
	Of other wood	100 kilogs.....	11 Frs.	1.25 Frs.	0.75 Fr.	11.36	6.82	8,086,000		
		100 lbs.....	96.5 cts.	11 cts.	6.6 cts.			Italy.....		
								Roumania.....		
								Russia.....		
								Turkey.....		
								O. F. Countries.....		
							Total.....	8,472,000	931,920	6 82
131	Splints.....	100 kilogs.....	25 Frs.	2 Frs.	1.5 Frs.	8.00	6.00	467,000		
		100 lbs.....	\$2.20	17.5 cts.	13.2 cts.			Belgium.....		
								Italy.....		
								Norway.....		
								Roumania.....		
								Switzerland.....		
								O. F. Countries.....		
								Free Zones (a).....		
								2,781,000	695,250	5 18
								3,000	750	
								French Colonies ..		
							Total.....	2,784,000	696,000	
132	Hoopwood and prepared poles.....	100 kilogs.....	25 Frs.	2.5 Frs.	1.75 Frs.	10.00	7.00	232,000		
		100 lbs.....	\$2.20	22.1 cts.	15.4 cts.			Holland.....		
								Italy.....		
								O. F. Countries.....		
							Total.....	1,261,000	315,250	7 00
								22,057		

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

136	Charcoal and charred hoon.....	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.....	7 Frs..... 61.4 cts.....	1.5 Frs..... 13.2 cts.....	1 Fr..... 8.8 cts.....	21.43	14.25	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Spain..... Free Zones (a).....	3,016,000 113,000 35,000 1,595,000 283,000 8,000			
								French Colonies.....	5,050,000 732,000	50,142	14.19	
								Total.....	5,782,000	50,142		
136 bis.	Straw or wool of wood (paille ou laine de bois)	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.....	15 Frs..... \$1.32.....	0.75 Fr..... 6.6 cts.....	0.50 Fr..... 4.4 cts.....	5.00	3.33	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Free Zones (a).....	337,000 206,000 348,000 213,000			
								Total.....	1,104,000	5,533	3.34	
138	Vegetables:— Fresh.....	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.....	26 Frs..... \$2.28.....	15 Frs..... \$1.32.....	6 Frs..... 52.7 cts.....	57.69	23.08	Belgium..... Egypt..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Spain..... Turkey..... O. F. Countries.....	4,163,700 535,100 161,600 122,300 558,200 1,536,300 106,300 202,000			
								French Colonies.....	7,385,500 10,760,000	493,192 122	25.68	
								Total.....	18,145,500	493,314		
	Salt or pickled.....	100 kilogs... 100 lbs.....	45 Frs..... \$3.95.....	15 Frs..... \$1.32.....	12 Frs..... \$1.05.....	33.33	26.66	Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries.....	133,500 7,500 1,500 7,600			
								French Colonies.....	150,100 200	67,545 90	26.73	
								Total.....	150,300	67,635		

^a (a) Vide footnote, page 1741

Bran from any kind of cereal.	11.5 Frs \$1.01.	0.60 Fr. 5.3 cts.	0.60 Fr. 5.3 cts.	5.22	5.22 Argentine Republic	24,910,000 2,486,700 7,177,700 4,395,900 2,008,000 405,700 13,154,100 8,377,700 13,705,800 77,909,900 4,065,600 10,737,000 32,072,900 163,400 85,500	5.22
100 lbs.					French Colonies...	23,189,851 1,568,542	5.22
100 kilograms...	13 Frs.	1.5 Frs.	1 Fr.	11.54	Total...	215,290,400	
100 lbs.	\$1.14.	13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.	5.76	Canada...	3,753,000	
100 kilograms...	13 Frs.	13.2 cts.	8.8 cts.		Germany...	2,589,500	
100 lbs.	\$1.14.	6.6 cts.	4.4 cts.		Great Britain...	573,500	
					Norway...	80,974,000	
					Russia...	16,951,500	
					Sweden...	45,756,800	
					O. F. Countries...	406,100	
					French Colonies...	151,003,400 100	4.66
					Total...	151,003,500	
Chemical.	24 Frs.	2.5 Frs.	2 Frs.	10.42	Austria-Hungary	17,720,200	
100 kilograms...	\$2.11.	22.1 cts.	17.5 cts.		Belgium...	5,260,400	
100 lbs.					Germany...	21,728,700	
					Norway...	21,159,700	
					Russia...	1,951,800	
					Sweden...	29,251,700	
					Switzerland...	4,363,200	
					United States...	1,868,500	
					O. F. Countries...	1,433,900	
					French Colonies...	104,738,100 6,000	8.37
					Total...	104,744,100	

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
174	Spirits :— Brandy.—Of wine.....	Hectolitre .. Gall.....	55 Frs .. 48 3 cts.....	80 Frs.....	70 Frs.....	145 45	127 27	Foreign Countries.	128	7,040	8,408	119 43
				70 2 cts.....	61 4 cts.....			French Colonies...	6,933	381,315	550	
								Total.....	7,061	388,355	8,958	
	Of cherry	Hectolitre .. Gall.....	200 Frs..... \$2 63.....	80 Frs. 72 2 cts. ..	70 Frs 61 4 cts.	26 66	23 33	Germany..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries....	320 150 2			
								Total.....	472	141,600	32,921	23 25
	Of molasses	Hectolitre .. Gall.....	65 Frs..... 57 cts.....	80 Frs..... 70 2 cts.....	70 Frs..... 61 4 cts.....	123 08	107 69	British America except North.... Cuba..... Great Britain..... United States..... O. F. Countries....	723 1 849 53 23			
								French Colonies ..	1,649 93,742	118,030 7,346,960	136,066 251	115 28
								Total.....	95,391	7,404,990	136,317	
	Of rice	Hectolitre .. Gall.....	60 Frs .. 52 6 cts.....	80 Frs..... 70 2 cts.....	70 Frs..... 61 4 cts.....	133 33	116 66	Foreign Countries.	23	1,380	1,976	143 19

Other	Hectolitre	60 Frs. 52 cts.	9 Frs. 0.2 cts.	133.33 116.66	Germany. Great Britain. Holland Italy. Norway Switzerland. O. F. Countries	221 1,475 679 778 1 36 221			
	Gall.						204,460 8,880	239,601 653	117.07
					French Colonies	3,411 148			
					Total	3,559	213,540	240,254	
					Foreign Countries	33	1,650	1,815	110.00
					French Colonies	37,540	1,877,000	62	
					Total	37,573	1,878,650	1,877	
					Kilogs.				
					Austria-Hungary.	2,159,011			
					Belgium	14,828			
174 quar- ter.	Mineral waters (receptacle included).	Hectolitre	50 Frs. 43.9 cts.	80 Frs. 70.2 cts.	70 Frs. 61.4 cts.	160.00 140.00	Foreign Countries		
		Gall.					French Colonies		
							Total		
							Free		
							Austria-Hungary.		
							Belgium		
							Germany		
							Great Britain		
							Holland		
							Italy		
178 ter.	Emery on paper or tissues, grindstones and whet- stones of emery, or emery in any other form.	Hectolitre	20 Frs. \$1.75	20 Frs. \$1.75	Free. "	100.00	Austria-Hungary.		
		100 kilogs.					Belgium		
		100 lbs.					Germany		
							Great Britain		
							Holland		
							Italy		
							Spain		
							Switzerland		
							O. F. Countries		
							Free Zones (a)		
178 ter.	Emery on paper or tissues, grindstones and whet- stones of emery, or emery in any other form.	Hectolitre	150 Frs. \$13.16	50 Frs. \$4.39	30 Frs. \$2.63	33.33 20.00	Belgium		
		100 kilogs.					Germany		
		100 lbs.					Great Britain		
							Switzerland		
							United States		
							O. F. Countries		
							French Colonies		
							Total		
							Free		
							Austria-Hungary.		

Note to item 174—Spirits and liqueurs of all kinds are, in addition to the customs duties, subject to an excise duty of—Per hectolitre, 220 Frs.; per gallon, \$1.93.
(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

190	Coke.....	100 kilogs....	2.45 Frs....	0.12 Fr....	0.12 Fr....	4.90	Belgium.....	4,680,328		
		100 lbs.....	21.5 cts....	1.05 cts....	1.05 cts....		Germany.....	17,531,334		
							Great Britain.....	273,962		
							Holland.....	80,108		
							O. F. Countries.....	8,549		
							French Colonies.....	22,574,281	55,306,988	2,708,938
							Total.....	4,300	10,535	4.90
190	Coal, cinders of.....	1,000 kilogs....	5 Frs....	0.12 Fr....	0.12 Fr....	2.40	Belgium.....	3,461		
		1,000 lbs.....	44 cts....	1.05 cts....	1.05 cts....		Germany.....	20		
							Italy.....	11,636		
							Total.....	15,117	7,559	182 2.41
205	Cast iron—									
	Foundry iron, and pig iron, containing less than 25% of manganese	100 kilogs....	7.5 Frs....	2 Frs....	1.5 Frs....	26.66	Belgium.....	Kilogs.		
		100 lbs.....	65.8 cts....	17.5 cts....	13.2 cts....		Germany.....	2,848,900		
							Great Britain.....	3,268,500		
							Sweden.....	22,610,600		
							O. F. Countries.....	4,878,900		
							Total.....	776,900		
							French Colonies.....	34,383,800	2,578,785	516,002 20.01
							Total.....	26,500	1,988	496
								34,410,300	2,580,773	516,498
	Ferro-manganese containing more than 25% of manganese, ferro-silicon, &c., &c.	100 kilogs....	25 Frs....	4.75 Frs....	3.5 Frs....	19.00	Belgium.....	208,386		
		100 lbs.....	\$2.20.....	41.8 cts....	30.9 cts....		Germany.....	3,346,944		
							Great Britain.....	6,429,363		
							Russia.....	1,066,592		
							Switzerland.....	7,974		
							O. F. Countries.....	21,321		
							Free Zones (a).....	35,877		
							Total.....	11,116,457	2,779,114	389,156 14.00
	Ferro-aluminium containing more than 10% and less than 20% of aluminium.	100 kilogs....	75 Frs....	9 Frs....	7.5 Frs....	12.00	Germany.....	42	32	3 9.37
		100 lbs.....	\$6.58.....	79 cts....	65.8 cts....					

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
206	Wrought iron crude, in blooms, prisms or bars— Containing 4 p.c. or more of dross.....	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	11.5 Frs. \$1.01.	5 Frs.	4.5 Frs.	p.c.	p.c.	Belgium..... Germany..... O. F. Countries... Total.....	153,000 165,100 59,700 377,800	Francs. 43,448	Francs. 18,854	p.c. 43.39
				44 cts.	39.4 cts.	43.48	39.13					
207	Other : Charcoal iron ... Coke iron..... Iron drawn in bars— Charcoal iron.....	100 kilograms. 100 lbs. 100 kilograms. 100 lbs. 100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	20 Frs. \$1.75. 15 Frs. \$1.32. 20 Frs. \$1.75.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	30.00	25.00	Included in item 207, iron drawn. in bars. Included in item 207, iron drawn. in bars. Belgium..... Great Britain..... Sweden..... O. F. Countries... Total.....	32,400 104,100 7,895,400 4,200 8,036,100	1,607,220	401,815	25.00
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					
				6 Frs.	5 Frs.	40.00	33.33					
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					
	Coke iron	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	15 Frs. \$1.32.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	40.00	33.33	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Sweden..... O. F. Countries... French Colonies .. Total	671,200 986,000 383,400 477,100 145,400 2,663,100 3,000	399,465 450 399,915	133,245 158 133,403	33.36
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					
				6 Frs.	5 Frs.	40.00	33.33					
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					
				52.7 cts.	44 cts.	40.00	33.33					

207	Iron, angle and T iron.....	100 kilogs.	16 Frs.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	37° 50' 31° 25'	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries.....	31,200 9,000 54,400 33,000		
		100 lbs.	\$1.40	52.7 cts.	44 cts.					
							French Colonies ..	127,600 7,200	20,416 1,152	6,382 31° 26'
							Total	134,800	21,568	6,382
207	Iron axles and tyres in the rough.	100 kilogs.	23 Frs.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	26° 08'	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries.....	359,800 57,700 54,100 700		
		100 lbs.	\$2.02	52.7 cts.	44 cts.					
210	Sheet and plate iron— Rolled or hammered, flat, in thickness— Not cut	100 kilogs.	18 Frs.	7.5 Frs.	7 Frs.	41° 66'	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries.....	85,500 368,400 585,300 77,700		
	Cut to any shape	100 kilogs.	18 Frs.	65.8 cts.	61.4 cts.	44° 44'				
		100 lbs.	\$1.58.	70 cts.	65.8 cts.					
							Total	472,300	108,629	23,624 21° 75'
							French Colonies.....	1,116,900 1,400	201,042 252	79,358 39° 47'
							Total	1,118,300	201,294	79,362
	Sheet iron, thin, and black iron plates, flat, more than .0234 of an inch and up to .039 of an inch in thickness: Not cut	100 kilogs.	25 Frs.	10 Frs.	9 Frs.	40° 00'	Germany..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries.....	471,800 615,500 119,200		
	Cut to any shape	100 lbs.	\$2.20	87.7 cts.	79 cts.	44° 00'				
		100 kilogs.	25 Frs.	11 Frs.	10 Frs.					
		100 lbs.	\$2.20	96.5 cts.	87.7 cts.		Total	1,206,500	301,625	116,965 38° 78'
	Sheet iron, thin, and black iron plates, flat, of .0234 of an inch or less in the thickness— Not cut	100 kilogs.	29 Frs.	11 Frs.	10 Frs.	37° 93'	Belgium..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries.....	15,700 1,266,400 113,500		
	Cut to any shape	100 lbs.	\$2.54	96.5 cts.	87.7 cts.	41° 38'				
		100 kilogs.	29 Frs.	12 Frs.	11 Frs.		Total	1,395,600	404,724	142,092 35° 11'
		100 lbs.	\$2.54	\$1.05	96.5 cts.					

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.															
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.			
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.									
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.								
212	Iron or steel wire, whether tinned, coppered, zinc- ed, galvanized or not— More than .078 of an inch in diameter. More than .039 of an inch up to .078 of an inch in diameter, inclusive. From .0195 of an inch to .039 of an inch in diame- ter, inclusive. Less than .0195 of an inch in diameter.	100 kilograms.	22 Frs.	8 Frs.	7 Frs.	36.36	31.82	Germany, Great Britain, O. F. Countries.	2,120,600 1,253,200 306,000		Franks.	p.c.			
		100 lbs.	\$1.93.	70 cts.	61.4 cts.	50.00	45.45								
		100 kilograms.	22 Frs.	11 Frs.	10 Frs.										
		100 lbs.	\$1.93.	96.5 cts.	87.7 cts.			French Colonies Total	3,679,800 11,400 3,691,200	809,556 2,508 812,064	Franks.	p.c.			
		100 kilograms.	22 Frs.	13 Frs.	12 Frs.	59.09	54.54								
		100 lbs.	\$1.93.	\$1.14.	\$1.05.	100.00	90.90								
212 ter.	Rails of iron and steel.	100 kilograms.	15 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.	46.66	40.00	Belgium, Germany, O. F. Countries.	160,300 98,800 47,600						
		100 lbs.	\$1.32.	61.4 cts.	52.7 cts.										
		100 kilograms.	15 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.										
		213	Steel in bars:— Ingots. Blooms or billets and other	100 kilograms.	13 Frs.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	46.16	38.46	Belgium, Germany, Great Britain, Sweden, O. F. Countries.	318,000 521,600 573,800 1,586,100 37,200				
				100 lbs.	\$1.14.	52.7 cts.	44 cts.								
				100 kilograms.	13 Frs.	7 Frs.	6 Frs.	53.84	46.16						
100 lbs.	\$1.14.			61.4 cts.	52.7 cts.			French Colonies Total	3,036,700 4,600 3,041,300	394,771 598 395,369	Franks.	p.c.			
100 kilograms.	13 Frs.			7 Frs.	6 Frs.										
100 lbs.	\$1.14.			61.4 cts.	52.7 cts.										

214	Steel axles and tyres, rough	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	23 Frs. \$2.02.	10 Frs. 87 7cts.	8 Frs. 70cts.	43·48	34·78	Belgium Germany O. F. Countries Total	208,500 52,400 25,000 285,900	65,757	22,870	34·78
216	Steel in sheets or bands :— Brown, hot-rolled— More than .039 of an inch in thickness— Not cut. Cut to any shape. More than .0234 of an inch and up to .039 of an inch in thick- ness inclusive— Not cut. Cut to any shape. Of .0234 of an inch or less in thickness— Not cut. Cut to any shape.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49. 17 Frs. \$1.49.	7 5 Frs. 65 8cts. 61 4cts. 9 5 Frs. 83 3cts. 8 Frs. 70cts. 10 Frs. 87 7cts. 11 Frs. 96 5cts. 12 Frs. \$1.05.	7 Frs. 61 4cts. 9 5 Frs. 79cts. 7 5 Frs. 65 8cts. 9 5 Frs. 83 3 cts. 10 Frs. 87 7cts. 96 5cts. 11 Frs. 96 5cts.	44·12	41·17	Belgium Germany O. F. Countries Total	164,000 592,300 832,600 1,627,000			
	White cold-rolled of any thickness. Not cut. Cut to any shape.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	35 Frs. \$3·07. 35 Frs. \$3·07.	19 Frs. \$1·67. 20 Frs. \$1·75.	15 Frs. \$1·32. 16 5 Frs. \$1·44.	54·28	42·85	Belgium Germany Great Britain Sweden O. F. Countries Total	200 58,200 165,100 190,600 9,200 423,300			
221	Copper:— Ore.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	100 Frs. \$8·77.	Free. "	Free. "			Chili Germany Norway Peru Spain O. F. Countries French Colonies Total	561,200 540,700 5,069,600 3,215,400 1,479,500 268,400 11,134,800 755,000 11,889,800	148,155	63,657	42·97

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
221	Copper— <i>Con.</i> Pure or alloyed with zinc or tin:— Of first fusion cast in lumps, bars, pigs or slabs.....	100 kilogs...	220 Frs.....	Free.....	Free.....	Australia.....	728,300					
		100 lbs.....	\$19.29....	".....	".....	Chile.....	2,570,500					
						China.....	1,747,900					
						Germany.....	663,400					
						Great Britain.....	5,705,000					
	Rolled or hammered in bars or plates.....					Japan.....	8,427,400					
						Mexico.....	7,296,700					
						Turkey.....	400					
						United States.....	36,497,300					
						O. F. Countries.....	926,000					
						French Colonies...	64,562,900	142,038,380				
						Total.....	27,800	61,160				
						French Colonies...	64,590,700	142,099,540				
						Belgium.....	184,300					
						Germany.....	164,000					
				Great Britain.....	184,700							
				Switzerland.....	27,100							
				United States.....	70,200							
				O. F. Countries...	13,800							
				French Colonies..	644,100	1,578,045	66,544			4.22		
				Total.....	600	1,470	57					
				French Colonies..	644,700	1,579,515	66,601					
				Total.....								

In wire of all sizes polished or not other than gilt or silvered.	100 kilogs.	230 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 Frs.	5 65	4-35 Belgium	15,700		
	100 lbs.	\$20.17	\$1.14	87 7 cts.		Germany	223,600		
						Great Britain	13,400		
						Switzerland	340,300		
Aluminium bronze, crude, not containing more than 20% of aluminium.	100 kilogs.	300 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 Frs.	4 33	O. F. Countries	14,500		
	100 lbs.	\$26.31	\$1.14	87 7 cts.		Total	613,500	1,411,050	61,356 4 35
Gilt or silvered, in lumps or ingots, hammered, drawn rolled or spun on thread or on silk	100 kilogs.	1,200 Frs.	130 Frs.	100 Frs.	10 83	3-33 Foreign Countries.	400	1,200	52 4 33
	100 lbs.	\$105.27	\$11.40	\$8.87					
Fillings and fragments of old manufactures	100 kilogs.	155 Frs.	Free	Free		8-33 Austria-Hungary.	2,588		
	100 lbs.	\$13.60	"	"		Germany	20,985		
						O. F. Countries	184		
						Total	23,757	285,084	23,772 8 34
222 Lead:— Ores, mattes and slag of all kinds:— Containing 30% and less of metal. Containing more than 30% of metal.	100 kilogs.	23 Frs.	Free	Free		Belgium	2,077,100		
	100 lbs.	\$2.02	"	"		Egypt	169,900		
	100 kilogs.	23 Frs.	1 5 Frs.	1 25 Frs.	6 52	Germany	5,240,300		
	100 lbs.	\$2.02	13 2 cts.	11 cts.		Great Britain	1,075,800		
						Greece	165,800		
						Holland	523,200		
						Italy	70,400		
						Spain	461,100		
						Turkey	390,000		
						O. F. Countries	1,018,600		
						Free Zones (a)	84,000		
						French Colonies	11,282,200	17,487,410	
							1,174,800	1,820,940	
						Total	12,457,000	19,308,350	
						Australia	13,050,300		
						Belgium	2,740,900		
						Great Britain	2,434,300		
						Italy	6,668,900		
						Spain	1,817,400		
						O. F. Countries	175,100		
						French Colonies	26,886,900	6,183,987	5 27
							15,785,900	3,630,757	89,406
						Total	42,672,800	9,814,744	415,116

(a) Vide foot-note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.												
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val Equivalent.						
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
222	Lead— <i>Con.</i> In crude lump, pig, bars or slabs—					p. c.	p. c.		Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p. c.
	Argentiferous (contain- ing .00025% and more of silver.)	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	53 Frs. \$4.65	3 Frs. 26.3 cts.	2.5 Frs. 22 cts.	5.66	4.72	Greece. Spain. O. F. Countries.	5,491,800 22,024,700 22,800			
								Total	27,539,300	14,595,829	688,589	4.72
	Not argentiferous (con- taining less than .00025% of silver) coming from coun- tries where argenti- ferous lead is exempt from export duty.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	44 Frs. \$3.86	4 Frs. 35 cts.	3.5 Frs. 30.7 cts.	9.09	7.95	Australia. Belgium. Great Britain. Spain. O. F. Countries.	154,400 19,173,500 3,564,600 1,443,800 636,400			
	Of other origin.	Same duties increased by the export duty collected in the country of origin.										
	Alloyed with antimony, in lumps.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	49 Frs. \$4.30	7 Frs. 61.4 cts.	6.5 Frs. 57 cts.	14.29	13.27	Belgium Germany. Great Britain. O. F. Countries.	17,800 34,000 43,700 7,600			
								Total	103,100	50,519	6,791	13.44
	Hammered of rolled	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	50 Frs. \$4.39	7 Frs. 61.4 cts.	6.5 Frs. 57 cts.	14.00	13.00	Belgium Germany. O. F. Countries.	3,700 26,700 1,300			
								Total	31,700	15,850	2,062	13.08

Filings and fragments of old manufactures.	100 kilogs.	40 Frs.	3.5 Frs.	10.00	8.75	Belgium.	46,500		
	100 lbs.	\$3.51	30.9 cts.			Egypt.	29,000		
						Spain.	169,500		
						Switzerland.	38,600		
Nickel—						O. F. Countries.	64,500		
						French Colonies.	348,100	139,240	12,386
						Total.	263,600	105,440	660
							611,700	244,680	12,996
Produce of first fusion (cast, matte or speiss)	100 kilogs.	8 Frs.	Free.			Foreign Countries.	300	24	
	100 lbs.	70 cts.	"			New Caledonia.	44,959,800	3,596,754	
						Total.	44,960,100	3,596,808	
Refined in ingots or crude lumps.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	Free.			Great Britain.	5,498		
	100 lbs.	\$21.93	"			Switzerland.	237		
						Free Zones (a)	758		
						Total.	6,493	16,233	
Pure, hammered, rolled or drawn.	100 kilogs.	650 Frs.	10 Frs.	2.00	1.54	Germany.	134,683		
	100 lbs.	\$57.03	87.7 cts.			Great Britain.	49,479		
						United States.	145,261		
						O. F. Countries.	187		
Alloyed with copper, with or without zinc. In ingots or crude lumps.	100 kilogs.	650 Frs.	13 Frs.	2.00	1.54	Total.	329,610	1,318,440	
	100 lbs.	\$57.03	\$1.14			Austria-Hungary.	18,050		
						Germany.	112,760		
						O. F. Countries.	10,017		
Hammered, rolled or drawn.	100 kilogs.	500 Frs.	7.5 Frs.	2.00	1.50	Total.	140,827	915,376	14,083
	100 lbs.	\$43.86	87.7 cts.			Great Britain.	5,495		
						United States.	10,900		
						O. F. Countries.	191		
(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.	100 kilogs.	700 Frs.	23 Frs.	3.28	2.50	Total.	16,586	82,930	1,516
	100 lbs.	\$61.41	\$2.02			Austria-Hungary.	31,920		
						Germany.	185,019		
						O. F. Countries.	4,295		
						Total.	221,234	1,548,638	38,726
									2.50

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.					
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.		
				Maximum.	Minimum.							Max.	Min.
227	Antimony— Ore.....	100 kilogs....	18 Frs....	Free.....	Free.....			China.....		1,500			
		100 lbs.....	\$1.58.....	".....	".....		Italy.....	59,868					
							Spain.....	64,274					
							O. F. Countries...	7,761					
	Grey ore, smelted.....	100 kilogs....	180 Frs....	Free.....	Free.....		French Colonies...	133,403	24,013				
		100 lbs.....	\$15.79.....	".....	".....		Total.....	57	10				
							China.....	79,312					
							O. F. Countries...	8,582	24,023				
	Metallic or regulus.....	100 kilogs....	250 Frs....	6 Frs.....	6 Frs.....	2-40	Total.....	87,894	158,209				
		100 lbs.....	\$21.93.....	52-7 cts....	52-7 cts....	2-40	Belgium.....	30,406					
							Great Britain.....	85,071					
							O. F. Countries...	35,022					
238 bis.	Extract of chestnut wood and other tannic vege- table saps, liquid or solid.	100 kilogs....	20 Frs....	5 Frs....	3 Frs.....	15-00	Total.....	150,499	376,248	9,039	2-40		
		100 lbs.....	\$1.75.....	44 cts....	26-3 cts....	25-00	Arg. Republic.....	738,202					
							Austria Hungary...	320,663					
							Belgium.....	460,061					
							Canada.....	161,494					
							Germany.....	142,373					
							Holland.....	242,094					
							Italy.....	31,838					
							Switzerland.....	205,316					
							O. F. Countries...	103,497					
							Total.....	2,405,538	48,108	87,736	18-24		

Chemical products not mentioned:— • (Calcium carbide is included under this number).	100 kilograms....	1,795 Frs....	Duties to be established by the Advisory Board of Arts and Manufactures according to the quantity of alcohol entering into their composition; in no case can the customs duty be less than 5%.	Germany....	48,781		
	100 lbs.....	\$157.48....		Holland.....	13,658		
Of an alcoholic basis...				Switzerland.....	7,493		
				O. F. Countries....	7,902		
				Total.....	77,834	1,397,120	193,631 13.86
Frances..... (Value declared).				Germany.....		474,450	
				Great Britain.....		62,739	
				Holland.....		4,025	
				Switzerland.....		10,428	
				O. F. Countries....		4,406	
				Total.....		556,108	27,807 5.00
100 kilograms....	2,425 Frs....	5%.....	With faculty of conversion into equivalent specific duties.	Austria-Hungary....	2,910		
	100 lbs.....	\$212.74....		Germany.....	28,849		
Other.....				Great Britain.....	5,860		
				O. F. Countries....	654		
				Total.....	38,273	928,160	46,408 5.00
Frances... (Value declared.)				Austria-Hungary....		111,505	
				Belgium.....		876,571	
				Germany.....		5,014,944	
				Great Britain.....		1,206,662	
				Holland.....		154,991	
				Italy.....		251,992	
				Switzerland.....		495,042	
				United States.....		86,843	
				O. F. Countries....		79,553	
				Free Zones (a)....		181,908	
				Total.....		8,460,012	416,888 4.93
				French Colonies...		4,400	
				Total.....		8,464,412	416,888

(a) Vide foot-note, page 1741.

316	Compound medicines— <i>Con.</i> Not specified..... Mentioned in an official Pharmacopœia.	Franks. (Value de- clared).	Specific duties to be fixed by the Superior School of Pharmacy at the rate of— 20% 15%	Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Spain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries..... French Colonies... Total.....	20,226 17,641 17,531 324 1,497 7,546 64,765 50 10 16'11 64,815	
318	Starch.....	100 kilogs. 48 Frs. 100 lbs. \$4.21.	22 Frs. 18 Frs. \$1.93. \$1.58.	37'50 Austria-Hungary .. Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... French Colonies... Total.....	37,946 6,448 151,888 59,293 15,684 8,862 280,121 134,458 913 18 51,345 38'19 51,363	
324	Isinglass, glue manufactur- ed from tendons of whales and other simi- lar glues.	100 kilogs. 2,800 Frs. 100 lbs. \$245.63.	50 Frs. 40 Frs. \$4.39. \$3.51.	1'79 Germany..... Great Britain..... Norway..... Russia..... O. F. Countries..... French Colonies... Total.....	4,430 22,986 6,642 9,396 7,435 50,889 1,424,892 11,281 315,868 21,340 1'50 21,340	
361	Incandescent electric lamps :— With fittings..... Without fittings ..	100 kilogs. 1,200 Frs. 100 lbs. \$105.27. 100 kilogs. 1,200 Frs. 100 lbs. \$105.27.	400 Frs. 350 Frs. \$35.09. \$30.70. 800 Frs. 700 Frs. \$70.18. \$61.40.	33'33 Austria-Hungary .. Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries..... Total.....	4,453 67,325 1,770 1,443 3,691 78,682 944,184 275,642 29'19	

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
Ex 363	Yarns of hemp not glazed, pure and raw in skeins up to 5,468 yards of single thread to the kil- logramme for the manu- facture of fishing lines and nets, and of cor- dage:— In skeins of 2,187 yds. or less.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	135 Frs. \$11.84.	21 Frs. \$1.84.	16 Frs. \$1.40.	15.55 11.85	Foreign Countries.	2,824	3,812	452	11.86	
	In skeins of more than 2,187 yards, but not ex- ceeding 5,468 yards.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	183 Frs. \$16.05.	24 Frs. \$2.11.	18 Frs. \$1.58.	13.11 9.83	Foreign Countries.	3,148	5,761	567	9.84	
Ex 363bis.	Yarns of hemp not glazed, twisted unbleached in skeins up to 5,408 yards; single thread to the kil- logramme for the manu- facture of fishing lines and nets and of cord- age— In skeins of 2,187 yards or less.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	165 Frs. \$14.47.	27 Frs. \$2.37.	20.8 Frs. \$1.82.	16.37 12.60	Foreign Countries.	430	710	89	12.54	
	In skeins of more than 2,187 yards but not ex- ceeding 5,468 yards.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	250 Frs. \$21.93.	31 Frs. \$2.72.	23.4 \$2.06.	12.40 9.36	Foreign Countries.	1,866	4,665	437	9.37	

Ex. 366bis. Yarns of phormium tenax, abaca and other vegetable fibres not mentioned; the phormium, abaca, etc., predominating in weight, for self-binding harvesters—	100 kilogs.	160 Frs.	12 5 Frs.	10 Frs.	7 81	6 25	Belgium.....	105,449			
	100 lbs.	\$14 03.	\$1 10.	87 7 cts.			Great Britain.	61,802			
	100 kilogs.	160 Frs.	16 5 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 31	8 12	Holland.....	73,879			
	100 lbs.	\$14 03.	\$1 45.	\$1 14.			United States.....	66,744			
							O. F. Countries.....	3,727			
Unbleached.....							French Colonies....	311,601	498,562	33,008	6 62
Bleached or dyed.....							Total	5,478	8,765		
								317,079	507,327	33,008	
461 Paper or card :— Other than paper called fancy paper— Machine made.....	100 kilogs.	60 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 Frs.	21 66	16 66	Austria-Hungary..	253,454			
	100 lbs.	\$5 26.	\$1 14.	87 7 cts.			Belgium.....	354,554			
							Germany.....	3,819,000			
							Great Britain.....	4,403,826			
							Holland.....	258,369			
							Italy.....	46,842			
							Japan.....	25,000			
							Norway.....	27,251			
							Spain.....	3,984			
							Sweden.....	174,535			
							Switzerland.....	492,933			
							United States.....	75,207			
							O. F. Countries.....	6,107			
								9,941,065	5,964,639	999,843	16 76
In the form or hand made imported in sheets with the four edges untrimmed.	100 kilogs.	60 Frs.	15 Frs.	12 Frs.	25 00	20 00	French Colonies....	10,361	6,217	63	
	100 lbs.	\$5 26.	\$1 32.	\$1 05.			Total	9,951,426	5,970,856	999,906	

Note to item ex. 366 bis. — Bleached or dyed yarns of phormium tenax, abaca, etc., probably not included under treaty.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
Number French Tariff.	Articles	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.		
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.							
													p.c.	p.c.
461	Paper or card.— <i>Con.</i> Fancy paper :— White or coloured, marbled, imitation, Indian giffered, stamped, cut.	100 kilogs., 100 lbs.	142 Frs. \$12.46.	36 Frs.	30 Frs.	25-35	21-12	Austria-Hungary...	10,880					
				\$3.16.	\$2.63.			Belgium.....	76,328					
								Germany.....	495,746					
								Great Britain....	56,822					
								Holland.....	8,486					
								Japan.....	3,400					
								Switzerland.....	2,907					
								United States....	5,656					
								O. F. Countries...	2,710					
									664,935	944,208	220,434	23-35		
462	Cardboard rough in sheets weighing at least 65 lbs. per sq. yard.	100 kilogs., 100 lbs.	142 Frs. \$12.46.	72 Frs.	60 Frs.	50-70	42-24	French Colonies...	24	34	7			
				\$6.32.	\$5.26.			Total.....	664,959	944,242	220,441			
				13 Frs.	10 Frs.	76-47	58-82	Belgium.....	18,379					
				\$1.14.	87-7 cts.			Germany.....	371,561					
								Great Britain....	320,771					
								Holland.....	1,300					
								Sweden.....	27,858					
								Switzerland....	25,678					
								United States....	95,627					
								O. F. Countries...	4,018					
					865,192	147,083	92,450	62-86						
462 bis.	Moulded cardboard called papier-maché.	100 kilogs., 100 lbs.	50 Frs. \$4.39.	12 Frs.	9 Frs.	24-00	18-00	Germany.....	751					
				\$1.05.	79 cts.			Great Britain....	3,696					
								O. F. Countries...	450					
								Total.....	4,897	2,449	440	17-97		

463	Cardboard cut or shaped for boxes,	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	40 Frs. \$3.51.	19 Frs. \$1.67.	16 Frs. \$1.40.	47-50	40-00	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries...	5,455 181,245 9,645 4,555 4,505	82,162	33,034	40-21
								Total	205,405			
464	Cardboard boxes covered or not with white or coloured paper.	50 Frs. \$4.39.	45 Frs. \$3.95.	36 Frs. \$3.16.	90-00	72-00	Austria-Hungary. Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries...	23,256 60,803 901,927 354,417 19,866 100,645 71,245 49,323				
								French Colonies...	1,581,482 133	790,741 67	581,327 27	73-52
								Total	1,581,615	790,808	581,354	
464 bis.	Cylindrical and conical tubes called 'busettes' for spinning and weaving.	65 Frs. \$5.70.	25 Frs. \$2.20.	20 Frs. \$1.75.	38-46	30-77	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries...	64,183 25,442 21,453 8,595 2,079				
								Total.....	121,752	79,139	24,213	30-59
464 ter.	Cardboard goods ornamented with paintings, reliefs, stuffs, wood, plated straw and common metals.	180 Frs. \$15.79.	90 Frs. \$7.89.	70 Frs. \$6.14.	50-00	38-88	Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries...	158,808 26,082 21,520 16,443				
								French Colonies..	222,953 66	401,315 119	157,013 34	30-12
								Total	223,019	401,434	157,047	

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad. Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.						
													p. c.
ex. 476	Skins and hides prepared, simply tanned, tawed, or smoothed, not including goat, kid, sheep and lamb skins :— Whole hides..... Cow-hides squared (croupions). Parings and scrapings.	100 kilograms.....	464 Frs.....	50 Frs.....	25 Frs.....	10-77	5-39	Belgium.....	934,275				
		100 lbs.....	\$40.70.....	\$4.39.....	\$2.20.....			Germany.....	394,157				
		100 kilograms.....	464 Frs.....	60 Frs.....	32 Frs.....	12-93	6-89	Great Britain.....	3,094,886				
		100 lbs.....	\$40.70.....	\$5.26.....	\$2.81.....			Italy.....	19,237				
		100 kilograms.....	464 Frs.....	40 Frs.....	18 Frs.....	8-62	3-88	Spain.....	31,638				
		100 lbs.....	\$40.70.....	\$3.51.....	\$1.58.....			Switzerland.....	12,763				
								United States.....	240,926				
								O. F. Countries.....	7,852				
								Free Zones (a).....	73,733				
								French Colonies.....	4,809,467	22,315,927	1,061,650	4-76	
478	Soles cut out of and smooth and heels.	100 kilograms.....	400 Frs.....	80 Frs.....	50 Frs.....	20-00	12-50	Great Britain.....	2,537				
		100 lbs.....	\$35.09.....	\$7.02.....	\$4.39.....			Switzerland.....	7				
								O. F. Countries.....	46				
								French Colonies.....	2,590	10,360	1,304	12-59	
								Total.....	353	1,412	1,304		
								Total.....	2,943	11,772			

479	Uppers of top boots, boots, shoes, vamps, galoches, (cambered or not) and upper heels of calf, cow, horse, goat or kid leather and skins :— Not varnished Varnished	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	2,200 Frs. \$192.99 2,200 Frs. \$192.99	175 Frs. \$15.35 275 Frs. \$24.12	125 Frs. \$10.97 175 Frs. \$15.35	7.95 5.68 12.50 7.95	Belgium Germany Great Britain Holland Russia Switzerland O. F. Countries Total	1,768 16,088 3,368 1,876 876 1,176 1,384 26,536	32,812	5.62
480	Top boots	Pair	15 Frs. \$2.90	2.5 Frs. 48.5 cts.	2 Frs. 38.6 cts.	16.66 13.33	Austria-Hungary Belgium Germany	Pairs. 12,838 65,851 55,205		
481	Boots for men and women	"	2.5 Frs. \$2.90	1.5 Frs. 48.5 cts.	1.5 Frs. 28.9 cts.	16.66 10.00	Great Britain Morocco	261,769 197		
482	Shoes	"	15 Frs. \$2.90	1 Fr. 19.3 cts.	0.75 Fr. 14.5 cts.	6.66 5.00	Spain Switzerland United States O. F. Countries French Colonies Total	20,485 97,952 61,571 6,201 582,069 5,833 587,902	8,731,035 87,495 850,034 443 850,477	9.74
484	Gloves : Of lamb or calf skin :— Simply sewn Pique or pricked seam Of goat skin or kid :— Simply sewn Pique or pricked seam	Doz. prs. " " " " "	32 Frs. \$6.18 32 Frs. \$6.18 32 Frs. \$6.18	1 Fr. 19.3 cts. 1.5 Frs. 28.9 cts. 2 Frs. 38.6 cts.	0.50 Fr. 9.7 cts. 0.75 Fr. 14.5 cts. 1 Fr. 19.3 cts.	3.13 1.56 4.69 2.34 6.25 3.13 7.81 3.91	Austria-Hungary Germany Great Britain Italy O. F. Countries Total	Doz. prs. 9,112 17,217 34,751 48,650 3,268 112,998	3,615,936 71,426	1.98

a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.

FRENCH TARIFF.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.																
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Ad Val. Equivalent.			Country.	Quantity. Kilogs.	Value. Francs.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Specific Rates.		Minimum.		Maximum.		Ad Val. Equivalent.						
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.	p. c.						p. c.
488	Transmission belts, etc., of leather, hose of leather, and other articles of leather or skins for machinery.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	900 Frs. \$78.95.	100 Frs. \$8.77.	60 Frs. \$5.26.			11-11	6-66	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain... Holland..... Switzerland.... O. F. Countries...	53,482 17,690 55,122 9,495 4,369 3,540					
										French Colonies...	143,698 164	1,293,282 1,476	87,602		6-77	
										Total.....	143,862	1,294,758	87,602			
490	Trunks of wood or paste-board, covered with leather.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	1,200 Frs. \$105.27.	74 Frs. \$6.49.	60 Frs. \$5.26.			6-16	5-00	Belgium..... Germany..... United States... O. F. Countries...	2,041 2,259 13,337 964					
										Total.....	18,601	223,212	13,026		5-83	
493	Peltries :— Prepared or in sewn pieces :— Sea lions and sea otters ; seals and bluebacks ; grey squirrels and pouches of grey squirrels ; hamsters and white rabbits ; astrakhan clouded and curled, in skins and 'touloupes ; white hares and pouches of white hares ; goats in skins and covers ; sheep skins and moulons of the Caucasus, in skins and covers.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	2,100 Frs. \$184.22.	Free " Free "												

494	Not specially mentioned.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	2,100 Frs. \$184.22	100 Frs. \$8.77	100 Frs. \$8.77	4-76 4-76			
	Peltries made up into articles:—								
	Common	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	2,400 Frs. \$210.54	200 Frs. \$17.54	160 Frs. \$14.03	8-33 6-66	Austria-Hungary. Belgium.	5,919 18,018	
	Fine.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	2,400 Frs. \$210.54	550 Frs. \$43.86	500 Frs. \$43.86	27-08 20-83	Germany. Great Britain. O. F. Countries.	30,334 3,728 1,991	
							French Colonies.	1,439,760 1,392	101,191 13
							Total.	60,048	101,204
512	Locomotives and traction engines:—								
	Ordinary gauge	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	140 Frs. \$12.28	20 Frs. \$1.75	15 Frs. \$1.32	14-28 10-71	Belgium	1,048,952	
	Narrow gauge	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	140 Frs. \$12.28	24 Frs. \$2.11	18 Frs. \$1.58	17-14 12-85	Germany. Great Britain. O. F. Countries.	414,234 219,422 31,987	
							French Colonies.	1,714,595 21,400	279,420 11-64
							Total.	1,735,995	279,420
513	Tenders for locomotives:—								
	Ordinary gauge	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	95 Frs. \$8.34	15 Frs. \$1.32	10 Frs. 87 cts.	15-79 10-53			
	Narrow gauge	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	95 Frs. \$8.34	18 Frs. \$1.58	12 Frs. \$1.05	18-95 12-63			
522	Agricultural machinery, (motors not included).	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	125 Frs. \$10.97	15 Frs. \$1.32	9 Frs. 79 cts.	12-00 7-20	Austria-Hungary. Belgium. Germany. Great Britain. United States. O. F. Countries.	145,562 353,232 2,101,285 2,987,500 23,422,207 265,174	
							French Colonies.	29,274,960 29,439	4,062,826 606
							Total.	29,304,399	4,063,432

(No Importation.)

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number of French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.							Max.	Min.
523	Sewing machines :—					p. c.	p. c.					
	Stands and transmission gear.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	10 Frs.	8 Frs.	4 00	3 20	Germany	2,828,555			
	Machines proper.	100 lbs.	\$21.93	87.7 cts.	70 cts.	20 00	14 00	Great Britain	3,879,632			
		100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	50 Frs.	35 Frs.			Switzerland	79,666			
524		100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$4.39	\$3.07.			United States	175,294			
								O. F. Countries	49,137			
								French Colonies	7,012,284	17,530,710	1,221,016	6.96
								Total	5,606	14,015	9	
									7,017,890	17,544,725	1,221,025	
	Dynamos :— Weighing—											
	11 020 lbs. and upwards											
	and containing—											
	At least 50% of gray cast iron or cast steel.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	30 Frs.	13 Frs.	12 00	5 20	Germany	412,013			
	Less than 50% of gray cast iron or cast steel.	100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$2.63.	\$1.14.	12 00	8 00	Great Britain	46,218			
	Less than 50% of gray cast iron or cast steel.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.			Switzerland	1,013,066			
	From 4,408 lbs. inclusive to 11,020 lbs. exclusive and containing—	100 lbs.	\$21.93	2.63.	\$1.75.			United States	250,836			
	At least 50% of gray cast iron or cast steel.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	30 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 00	7 20	O. F. Countries	113,061			
	Less than 50% of gray cast iron or cast steel.	100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$2.63.	\$1.58.	12 00	8 00					
	From 2,204 lbs. inclusive to 4,408 lbs. exclusive.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	12 00	8 00		1,835,194	4,587,985	488,331	10.64
	From 110 lbs. inclusive to 2,204 lbs. exclusive.	100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$3.95.	\$2.63.							
	From 22 lbs. inclusive to 110 lbs. exclusive.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	120 Frs.	80 Frs.	48 00	32 00	French Colonies	147	368	43	
	From 11 lbs. inclusive to 22 lbs. exclusive.	100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$10.52.	\$7.02.	18 00	12 00	Total	1,835,341	4,588,353	488,374	
	Less than 11 lbs.	100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	150 Frs.	100 Frs.	60 00	40 00					
		100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$13.16.	\$8.77.	60 00	44 00					
		100 kilogs.	250 Frs.	150 Frs.	110 Frs.							
	100 lbs.	\$21.93	\$13.16.	\$9.65.								

Ex 525	Type setting machines known as linotypes :— Heavy, weighing more than 2,204 lbs. Medium, weighing 551 lbs. to 2,204 lbs. Small and of precision weighing less than 551 lbs.	100 kilogs.	175 Frs.	15 Frs.	10 Frs.	8 57	5 71	Belgium.....	1,364,498			
		100 lbs.	\$15.35.	\$1.32.	87 7 cts.			Germany.....	7,219,769			
		100 kilogs.	175 Frs.	20 Frs.	16 Frs.	11 43	9 14	Great Britain.....	2,214,043			
		100 lbs.	\$15.35.	\$1.75.	\$1.40.			United States.....	2,933,283			
		100 lbs.	\$15.35.	\$6.14.	\$4.39.	40 00	28 57	O. F. Countries.....	420,320			
Ex 525 bis.	General machinery, transmission gearing, balances, scales, presses, lifting apparatus, apparatus not mentioned driven by mechanical power.	100 kilogs.	90 Frs.	15 Frs.	10 Frs.	16 66	11 11	Belgium.....	1,857,904			
		100 lbs.	\$7.89.	\$1.32.	87 7 cts.			Germany.....	8,274,366			
								Great Britain.....	2,745,466			
								Switzerland.....	2,000,382			
								United States.....	1,081,827			
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
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		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
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								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
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								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
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		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
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		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
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								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.	70 cts.			Germany.....	1,849,411			
								Great Britain.....	2,368,776			
								Switzerland.....	290,627			
								United States.....	131,929			
34	Springs of wrought steel, for carriages, railway carriages and locomotives not polished.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	41 86	27 91	Belgium.....	30,251			
		100 lbs.	\$3.77.	\$1.58.	\$1.05.			Germany.....	18,824			
								Great Britain.....	9,821			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,741			
								Total.....	60,637	26,074	7,278	27 91
Ex 526 qtr.	Gas buoys in iron or steel plate of over .039 of an inch in thickness not galvanized or tinned.	100 kilogs.	64 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	18 75	12 50	Belgium.....	649,595			
		100 lbs.	\$5.61.	\$1.05.								

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY--Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.													IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.				
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.									
536	Dynamo conductors weigh- ing 1,408 lbs. and up- wards. From 2,204 lbs. inclusive to 4,408 lbs. exclusive. From 440'8 lbs. inclusive. to 2,204 lbs. exclusive. From 110 lbs. inclusive to 440'8 lbs. exclusive. From 22 lbs. exclusive. 110 lbs. exclusive. From 11 lbs. inclusive to 22 lbs. exclusive. Less than 11 lbs.	100 kilograms.	450 Frs.	50 Frs.	25 Frs.	11'11	p.c.	5'55	Kilogs.	Frans.	p.c.					
		100 lbs.	\$39.48	\$4.39	\$2.20											
		100 kilograms.	450 Frs.	50 Frs.	30 Frs.	11'11	6'66	Germany.....					512,680			
		100 lbs.	\$39.48	\$4.39	\$2.63			Great Britain.....					47,395			
		100 kilograms.	450 Frs.	50 Frs.	40 Frs.	11'11	8'88	Switzerland.....					129,876			
		100 lbs.	\$39.48	\$4.39	\$3.51			United States.....					81,430			
		100 kilograms.	450 Frs.	100 Frs.	50 Frs.	22'22	11'11	O. F. Countries.....					53,672			
		100 lbs.	\$39.48	\$8.77	\$4.39	33'33	17'77	French Colonies...					\$25,033			
		100 kilograms.	450 Frs.	150 Frs.	80 Frs.	33'33	17'77	French Colonies...					3,712,739			
		100 lbs.	\$39.48	\$13.16	\$7.02	33'33	22'22	Total.....					2,241			
536 bis.	Arc lamps known as regu- lators.	100 kilograms.	500 Frs.	150 Frs.	80 Frs.	30'00	16'00	Belgium.....	1,283							
		100 lbs.	\$43.86	\$13.16	\$7.02			Germany.....	14,839							
								Switzerland.....	1,496							
								O. F. Countries...	1,076							
								Total.....	18,694							
537	Tools with or without han- dles— Of pure iron.....	100 kilograms.	52 Frs.	18 Frs.	12 Frs.	34'61	23'08	Belgium.....	30,337							
		100 lbs.	\$4.56	\$1.58	\$1.05			Germany.....	173,640							
								Great Britain.....	29,325							
								Switzerland.....	7,136							
								United States.....	45,121							
						O. F. Countries...	11,454	French Colonies...	297,013	154,447	38,473	24.91				
								Total.....	1,927	1,002	32					
									298,940	155,449	38,505					

541	Of steel or of iron tipped with steel.	100 kilograms...	190 Frs.	27 Frs.	22 Frs.	11:21	11:58	Austria-Hungary...	44,449			
		100 lbs.	\$16.67	\$2.37	\$1.93			Belgium.....	70,042			
								Germany.....	1,371,826			
								Great Britain.....	474,352			
								Holland.....	55,546			
								Italy.....	14,648			
								Switzerland.....	40,488			
								United States.....	512,899			
								O. F. Countries.....	5,160			
								French Colonies.....	2,589,410	4,919,879	599,711	12:19
	Of copper.	100 kilograms...	330 Frs.	35 Frs.	30 Frs.	10:61	9:09	Germany.....	7,830			
		100 lbs.	\$28.94	\$3.07	\$2.63			Switzerland.....	818			
								O. F. Countries.....	2,174			
								French Colonies.....	10,822	35,713	3,280	9:18
								Total.....	18	59	6	
									10,840	35,772	3,286	
	Wire gauze of iron or steel— Of wire exceeding .078 of an inch in diameter. Of wire exceeding .039 of an inch and up to .078 of an inch in diameter. Of wire .0195 of an inch and up to .039 of an inch in diameter. Of wire less than .0195 of an inch in diameter.	100 kilograms...	100 Frs.	12 Frs.	8 Frs.	12:00	8:00	Belgium.....	8,512			
		100 lbs.	\$8.77	\$1.05	70 cts.			Germany.....	13,157			
								Great Britain.....	13,695			
								Holland.....	6,931			
								Switzerland.....	328			
								O. F. Countries.....	515			
								French Colonies.....	43,138	43,138	5,729	13:28
								Total.....	35	35		
									43,173	43,173	5,729	
542	Wire gauze of copper or brass— Ordinary For paper machines, such gauze weighing per square yard More than 32 lbs. 92 lbs. or less.....	100 kilograms...	460 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	6:52	4:35	Belgium.....	2,056			
		100 lbs.	\$49.35	\$2.63	\$1.75			Germany.....	103,351			
								Great Britain.....	62			
								Switzerland.....	3,184			
								O. F. Countries.....	1,124			
								French Colonies.....	109,777	504,974	42,740	8:46
								Total.....				

IMPORT INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TARIFF—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.						
													p. c.
552	Railway chairs, plates or other castings from the open mould.	100 kilograms..... 100 lbs.	24 Frs \$2.11.	3 Frs..... 26.3 cts.....	2.5 Frs..... 21.9 cts.....	12 50 10 41	(No Importation.)	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p. c.		
554	Iron castings for machinery or for ornaments :— Weighing more than 110 lbs. each. Weighing from 11 to 110 lbs. each. Weighing less than 11 lbs. each.	100 kilograms..... 100 lbs. 100 kilograms..... 100 lbs. 100 kilograms..... 100 lbs.	25 Frs..... \$2.20. 25 Frs..... \$2.20. 25 Frs..... \$2.20.	6 Frs..... 52.7 cts..... 7 Frs..... 61.4 cts..... 8 Frs..... 70 cts.....	4 Frs. 35 cts..... 5 Frs..... 44 cts..... 6 Frs..... 52.7 cts.....	24 00 16 00 28 00 32 00	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries..	2,059,770 5,175,457 1,081,393 184,694 74,917 26,443		344,421 59	16.01		
							French Colonies...	8,002,674 8,848	2,150,669 2,212	344,480			
							Total.....	8,611,522	2,152,881				
557	Rough articles of malleable cast iron, of wrought iron and of cast steel :— Weighing more than 6 6 lbs. Weighing from 2.2 lbs. to 6 6 lbs. Weighing 2.2 lbs. and less.	100 kilograms..... 100 lbs. 100 kilograms..... 100 lbs. 100 kilograms..... 100 lbs.	73 Frs..... \$6.40. 73 Frs..... \$6.40. 73 Frs..... \$6.40.	12 Frs..... \$1.05..... 20 Frs..... \$1.75..... 25 Frs..... \$2.20.....	8 Frs..... 70 cts..... 15 Frs..... \$1.32..... 18 Frs..... \$1.58.....	16 44 10 96 27 40 20 55 34 25 24 66	Austria-Hungary Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries..	57,152 668,891 1,165,188 332,677 62,104 20,382					
							French Colonies...	2,306,394 6,345	1,683,667 4,632	277,571 10	16.49		
							Total.....	2,312,739	1,688,299	277,581			

558 ter.	Iron work for carriages, and especially such as enters into the construction of railway rolling stock.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	75 Frs. \$6.58.	15 Frs. \$1.32.	10 Frs. 87.7 cts.	20.06	13.33	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... United States..... O. F. Countries.....	1,489,214 136,912 26,313 156,912 3,988			
								Total.....	1,813,339	1,360,004	189,299	13.92
565	Wire nails of iron, or steel, machine made, whether tinned, coppered, zinc-plated, or coal-tarred or not :— More than .078 of an inch in diameter. More than .039 and up to .078 of an inch in diameter. .039 of an inch in diameter and less.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	26 Frs. \$2.28. 26 Frs. \$2.28.	15 Frs. \$1.32. 20 Frs. \$1.75.	8 Frs. 70 cts. 11 Frs. 96.5 cts.	57.69 76.92	30.77 42.31	Belgium..... Germany.....	3,549 38,901			
						134.61	92.31	O. F. Countries.....	2,174			
								Total.....	44,624	11,602	3,882	33.46
567	Tubes of iron or steel :— Not welded of an inside diameter of .351 inches or more. Less than .351 inches....	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	24 Frs. \$2.11. 24 Frs. \$2.11.	12 Frs. \$1.05. 21 Frs. \$1.84.	9 Frs. 79 cts. 14 Frs. \$1.23.	50.00 87.50	37.50 58.33	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries.....	525 16,780 295,417 177 803			
								French Colonies.....	313,702 984	75,288 225	29,025	38.55
								Total.....	314,636	75,513	29,025	
								Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries.....	6,101 388,735 415,585 46,561 3,499 8,243			
								Total.....	868,724	234,555	96,326	41.07

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.					
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.						
567	Tubes of iron or steel— <i>Com.</i> Lap-welded or doubled.	100 kilogs.	43 Frs. \$3.77.	24 Frs. \$2.11	18 Frs. \$1.56.	p.c.	p.c.	Belgium Germany Great Britain Switzerland O. F. Countries Total	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p.c.	
		100 lbs.				55.81	41.86						
	Jointings of all kinds.	100 kilogs.	82 Frs. \$7.19.	24 Frs. \$2.11	18 Frs. \$1.58.	29.27	21.95	Belgium Germany Great Britain Switzerland United States O. F. Countries Total	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p.c.	
		100 lbs.											
Bored or not welded : Of an inside diameter of .39 inches and more— Steel soft. Steel cast or tem- pered. Of soft cast or tempered steel, of an inside diam- eter of— From .351 to .195 inches. From .195 to .078 inches. .078 inches and less.	100 kilogs.	185 Frs. \$16.23.	50 Frs. \$4.39.	40 Frs. \$3.51.	27.03	21.62	Belgium Germany Great Britain O. F. Countries Total	Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p.c.		
	100 lbs.												
	100 kilogs.	185 Frs. \$16.23.	100 Frs. \$8.77.	80 Frs. \$7.02.	54.06	43.24							
	100 lbs.												
	100 kilogs.	185 Frs. \$16.23.	225 Frs. \$19.74.	200 Frs. \$17.54.	121.62	108.12							
	100 lbs.												
	100 kilogs.	185 Frs. \$16.23.	550 Frs. \$48.24.	450 Frs. \$39.48.	297.29	243.24							
	100 lbs.												
	100 kilogs.	185 Frs. \$16.23.	5,000 Frs. \$438.64.	4,000 Frs. \$350.91.	2702.70	2162.16							
	100 lbs.												

576	Lead pipes, and all other manufactures of lead.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	64 Frs \$5.61.	8 Frs. 70 cts.	6.5 Frs 57.1 cts.	12.50	10-16	Belgium Germany Great Britain Holland Spain O. F. Countries	31,481 206,661 128,720 194,427 506 13,054			
								French Colonies.	574,849 25,993	367,904 16,635	44,064 524	11.98
								Total	600,842	384,539	44,588	
576 bis.	Electric accumulators.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	200 Frs. \$17.54.	21 Frs. \$1.84.	16.5 Frs. \$1.44.	10.50	8.25	Belgium Germany Great Britain Switzerland O. F. Countries	901 8,447 14,555 4,487 1,034			
								French Colonies.	29,424 671	53,848 1,342	4,856 7	8.25
								Total	30,095	60,190	4,863	
579	Articles of nickel, alloyed with copper or zinc (German silver) or of nickelled metals.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs.	625 Frs. \$54.84.	150 Frs. \$13.16.	100 Frs. \$8.77.	24.00	16.00	Austria-Hungary Belgium Germany Great Britain Switzerland United States O. F. Countries	37,850 13,240 578,632 122,363 28,758 122,202 15,179			
								French Colonies.	918,224 163	5,738,900 1,019	1,002,587 239	17.47
								Total	918,387	5,739,919	1,002,826	
580	Furniture of bent wood fitted or not— Varnished Not varnished.	100 kilogs. 100 lbs. 100 lbs.	200 Frs. \$17.54. 200 Frs. \$17.54.	28 Frs. \$2.45. 16 Frs. \$1.40.	18 Frs \$1.58 12 Frs. \$1.05.	14.00 8.00	9.00 6.00	Austria-Hungary Belgium Germany Great Britain Holland Russia Switzerland O. F. Countries	1,230,424 35,841 142,464 5,706 32,813 105,244 14,227 7,520			
								French Colonies.	1,574,239 868	3,148,478 1,736	278,625 11	8.85
								Total	1,575,107	3,150,214	278,636	

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.							
				Specific Rates.		Ad Val. Equivalent.	Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.				
				Maximum.	Minimum.							Max.	Min.		
591	Furniture other than of bent wood— Chairs— Neither carved, inlaid or ornamented with copper, gilt or lac- quered— Of common wood.... Of cabinet-makers' wood. Carved, inlaid, orna- mented with copper, gilt or lacquered, of any kind of wood.	100 kilogs....	200 Frs....	11 Frs....	9 Frs....	5.50	p. c.	Austria-Hungary..	10,747						
		100 lbs....	\$17.54....	96.5 cts....	79 cts....				Belgium.....	68,661					
		100 kilogs....	200 Frs....	20 Frs....	14 Frs....	10.00	7.00	O. F. Countries....	Germany.....	33,281					
		100 lbs....	\$17.54....	\$1.75....	\$1.23....				Great Britain....	55,285					
									Italy.....	407,951					
									Switzerland....	9,486					
									United States....	20,762					
									French Colonies...	14,278					
										620,451	1,240,902	111,629	8.99		
										699	1,398	56			
592	Other than chairs— Veneered with any kind of wood— Neither carved, in- laid or ornamented with copper, gilt or lacquered. Carved, inlaid, orna- mented with cop- per, gilt or lac- quered. Massive— Of common wood....	100 kilogs....	200 Frs....	30 Frs....	20 Frs....	15.00	10.00	Total.....	621,150	1,242,300	111,685				
		100 lbs....	\$17.54....	\$2.63....	\$1.75....										
									Austria-Hungary..	47,840					
									Belgium.....	391,939					
									Germany.....	615,242					
									Great Britain....	479,715					
									Italy.....	87,509					
									Japan.....	154,138					
									Spain.....	144,833					
									Switzerland....	41,656					
592 bis.		100 kilogs....	200 Frs....	35 Frs....	30 Frs....	17.50	15.00	United States....	435,428						
		100 lbs....	\$17.54....	\$3.07....	\$2.63....				O. F. Countries....	50,156					
		100 kilogs....	200 Frs....	6 Frs....	5 Frs....	3.00	2.50		2,448,456	4,896,912	420,659	8.59			
		100 lbs....	\$17.54....	\$2.7 cts....	44 cts....										

592 bis.

592 bis.

593	Of "cabinetmakers' wood— With or without mouldings, but neither carved, inlaid, ornamented with copper, gilt nor lacquered. Carved, inlaid, ornamented with copper, gilt or lacquered in any manner.	100 kilograms...	200 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 Frs.	6 50	5 00	French Colonies...	28,730	57,460	1,265
		100 lbs.	\$17 54	\$1 14	87 7 cts						
		100 kilograms...	200 Frs.	30 Frs.	20 Frs.	15 00	10 00		2,477,186	4,954,372	421,934
		100 lbs.	\$17 54	\$2 63	\$1 75						
597	Builders' and cartwrights' wood, shaped :— Hard wood..... Soft wood	100 kilograms...	16 Frs.	3 5 Frs.	2 5 Frs.	21 88	15 63	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	42,798 66,127 116,830 6,124 1,394,690 22,130 20,715		
		100 lbs.	\$1 40	30 8 cts.	22 cts.	18 75	12 50				
		100 kilograms...	16 Frs.	3 Frs.	2 Frs.				1,669,414 7,605	267,106 1,217	52,258 93
		100 lbs.	\$1 40	26 3 cts.	17 5 cts.						
600	Wood, planed, grooved and (or) tongued, planks, strips and veneers for parquetry, planed, grooved and (or) tongued :— Of oak or other hard wood..... Of fir or other soft wood.....	100 kilograms...	26 Frs.	6 Frs.	5 Frs.	23 08	19 23	Austria-Hungary..... Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Roumania..... Sweden..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	125,653 82,855 777,348 24,086 44,351 32,344 52,860 64,673 15,036 17,947 79,071		
		100 lbs.	\$2 28	52 7 cts.	44 cts.	19 23	13 46				
		100 kilograms...	26 Frs.	5 Frs.	3 5 Frs.						
		100 lbs.	\$2 28	44 cts.	30 8 cts.						
								Total.....	1,677,019	268,323	52,351
								Total.....	1,316,224	342,218	44,937
								Total.....			13 13

(a) Vide foot note page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.													IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Special Rates.				Ad val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.		
				Minimum.		Maximum.		Max.	Min.							
601	Doors, windows, wainscot- ing and other carpen- ters' work, fitted together or not :— Of hard wood..... Of soft wood.....	100 kilograms...	21 Frs.	25 Frs.	20 Frs.	119-05	95-24	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Sweden..... Switzerland..... United States..... O. F. Countries..... Free Zones (a).....	78,212 116,181 37,035 25,887 15,915 45,683 24,337 29,976 37,224	Frans.	Frans.	p. c.				
		100 lbs.	\$1.84.	\$2.20.	\$1.75.	71-43	59-52									
		100 kilograms...	21 Frs.	15 Frs.	12-5 Frs.											
		100 lbs.	\$1.84.	\$1.32.	\$1.10.											
602	Small wooden wares :— Boxes of whitewood, wood shaped for brush- es and small handles for tools, less than 3-9 inches in length.	100 kilograms...	40 Frs.	40 Frs.	20 Frs.	100-00	50-00	French Colonies... Total..... Germany..... Great Britain..... O. F. Countries...	410,400 11,743 422,143 20,443 7,102 4,451	86,184 2,466 88,650	55,519 55,519	64-42				
		100 lbs.	\$3.51.	\$3.51.	\$1.75.											
		100 kilograms...	40 Frs.	40 Frs.	20 Frs.	100-00	50-00									
		100 lbs.	\$3.51.	\$3.51.	\$1.75.											
	Bobbins for spinning and weaving, tubes, skew- ers, "brots," spindles, "busettes"— Not exceeding 3-9 ins. in length. Exceeding 3-9 ins. in length.	100 kilograms...	250 Frs.	50 Frs.	30 Frs.	20-00	12-00	French Colonies... Total..... Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Russia..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries...	31,996 17 32,013 4,796 8,853 67,111 6,145 5,175 172	12,798 7 12,805	6,605 7 6,612	51-61				
		100 lbs.	\$21.93.	\$4.39.	\$2.63.	6-00	4-00									
		100 kilograms...	250 Frs.	15 Frs.	10 Frs.											
		100 lbs.	\$21.93.	\$1.32.	87-7 cts.											
								Total.....	92,252	230,630	11,668	5-06				

Small reels of common wood for sewing thread neither varnished nor painted.	60 Frs.	10 Frs.	7.5 Frs.	16.66	12.50	Belgium	124,509		
	\$5.26	87.7 cts.	6.6 cts.			Germany	33,433		
						Great Britain	393,466		
Other articles—						Russia	248,719		
						Sweden	176,018		
						O.F. Countries	6,208		
Not varnished	60 Frs.	10 Frs.	7.5 Fr.	16.66	12.50	Total	912,353	547,412	68,572 12.53
Varnished ..	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.	16.66	12.50	Austria-Hungary ..	9,726		
	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.	26.66	20.00	Belgium	87,928		
	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.			Germany	174,740		
Wood-turners' wares—						Great Britain	78,052		
						Italy	121,539		
						Sweden	16,752		
Not varnished	175 Frs.	25 Frs.	15 Frs.	14.28	8.57	Switzerland	27,993		
Varnished	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.	17.14	11.42	United States	186,343		
	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.			O. F. Countries	5,360		
	100 lbs.	100 kilograms	100 lbs.			Free Zones (a)	14,727		
Wood squared for shuttles less than 1.102 lbs. in weight.						French Colonies ..	723,160 15	433,896 5	68,157 15.71
						Total	723,175	433,905	68,158
						Austria-Hungary ..	57,457		
Shuttles for any kind of weaving finished or not						Germany	172,885		
						Great Britain	68,241		
						Italy	27,633		
603						Sweden	32,063		
						United States	32,867		
						O.F. Countries	34,603		
603 bis.						French Colonies ..	425,769	745,096	80,184 10.76
						Total	1,221	2,137	46
						Belgium	426,990	747,233	80,230
(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.						Germany	2,873		
						Great Britain	6,710		
						O.F. Countries	22,401		
						Total	32,085	128,340	19,251 15.00

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—Continued.

FRENCH TARIFF.										IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.			
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantitv.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	Specific Rates.		Ad. Val. Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.	
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.						
603 quater.	Other articles of wood.....	100 kilograms..... 100 lbs.....	45 Frs..... \$3.95.....	15 Frs.....	12.5 Frs.....	33.33	27.77	Austria-Hungary..	41,690				
				\$1.32.....	\$1.10.....			Belgium.....	168,963				
								Germany.....	226,132				
								Great Britain.....	108,404				
								Italy.....	25,253				
								Switzerland.....	144,537				
								United States.....	56,474				
								O. F. Countries.....	45,255				
								Free Zones (a).....	17,789				
									834,488	375,520	104,376	27.79	
Ex. 604	Pianos :— Upright	Each..... "	500 Frs..... \$36.50	60 Frs.....	50 Frs.....	12.00	10.00	French Colonies ..	82,425	37,091	51		
				\$11.58	\$9.65			Total	916,913	412,611	104,427		
								No. 15					
								Belgium.....	257				
								Germany.....	80				
								Great Britain.....	21				
								Switzerland.....	29				
								O. F. Countries...	402				
								French Colonies ..	27	201,000	21,420	10.66	
								Total	429	13,500	21,420		
Grand.....	.....	Each..... "	1,500 Frs..... \$289.50	85 Frs.....	75 Frs.....	5.66	5.00	Germany.....	137			
				\$16.41.....	\$14.48.....			O. F. Countries...	27				
								Total	164	246,000	14,385	5.85	

Organs, harmoniums, instruments with three metallic reeds, with one or several stops, weighing (including the packing) less than 66 lbs.	Each.	200 Frs.	13 Frs.	10 Frs.	6.50	5.00	Germany	No.		
66 lbs. but less than 110 lbs.	"	\$38.60	\$2.51	\$1.93	13.00	10.00	Germany	107		
110 "	"	200 Frs.	26 Frs.	20 Frs.	13.00	10.00	Great Britain	27		
220 "	"	\$38.60	\$5.02	\$3.86	26.00	20.00	United States	24		
330 "	"	200 Frs.	\$10.04	\$7.72	45.50	35.00	O. F. Countries	17		
374 "	"	200 Frs.	\$17.56	\$13.51	65.00	50.00		175	35,000	14,028
374 "	"	200 Frs.	\$25.09	100 Frs.	97.50	75.00	French Colonies	4	800	
440 "	"	200 Frs.	\$37.67	\$28.95	130.00	100.00				
660 "	"	200 Frs.	\$50.18	\$38.60	162.50	125.00				
"	"	200 Frs.	\$62.73	\$48.25			Total	179	35,800	14,028
Ex. 604 Church organs, complete and detached parts thereof, (including the packing).	100 kilogs.	200 Frs.	60 Frs.	45 Frs.	30.00	22.50	Germany	3,279		
	100 lbs.	\$17.54	\$5.26	\$3.95			Great Britain	956		
							Switzerland	851		
							United States	8,683		
							O. F. Countries	368		
							Total	14,137	28,274	7,665
Ex. 605 Accessories and detached parts of musical instruments above mentioned, (ex. 604):—	100 kilogs.	1,000 Frs.	200 Frs.	150 Frs.	20.00	15.00	Belgium	404		
Cardboard and paper perforated	100 lbs.	\$87.73	\$17.54	\$13.16			Germany	2,532		
							Great Britain	8,456		
							Italy	163		
							United States	927		
							O. F. Countries	104		
							Total	12,586	125,860	22,449
										17.84

(a) Vide foot note, page 1741.

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.—Continued.

Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.				
				Special Rates.		Ad Val Equivalent.		Country.	Quantity.	Value	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
Ex 614	Carriages (not for rail uses) —Con. Bodies or parts of bodies for tramway cars.	100 kilograms. 100 lbs.	170 Frs. \$14.91	20 Frs. \$1.75	16 Frs. \$1.40	p.c. 11.77	p.c. 9.41	Belgium..... O. F. Countries... Total.....	Kilogs. 78,407 8,401 86,808	Frans. 147,574	Frans. 13,766	p.c. 9.33
Ex 615	Sea-going ship of wood.....	Per ton bur- den (French tonnage.)	135 Frs. \$55.71	5 Frs. 97 cts.	2 Frs. 39 cts.	2.70	1.08	Canada Great Britain.... Italy..... O. F. Countries... French Colonies... Total.....	Per ton bur- den (French tonnage.) 201 430 431 209 1,271 94 1,365	235,135 17,390 252,525	2,831 464 3,295	1.20
Ex 616	Hulls of sea-going ships of wood.	" "	100 Frs. \$19.30	5 Frs. 97 cts.	2 Frs. 39 cts.	5.00	2.00	Foreign Countries.	17	1,700	34	2.00
Ex 617	River boats of any size of wood.	" "	120 Frs. \$23.16	12 Frs. \$2.32	10 Frs. \$1.93	10.00	8.33	Germany..... Italy..... O. F. Countries... Total.....	130 492 101 723	86,760	7,238	8.34

Manufactures of India rubber and gutta-percha.— Sheets of India-rubber, pure not vulcanized and threads of vulcanized India-rubber.	100 kilogs....	2,150 Frs....	60 Frs....	2,150 Frs....	2.79	1.86	Belgium.....	18,356			
	100 lbs.....	\$188.61....	\$5.26.....	\$3.51.....			Germany.....	30,011			
							Great Britain.....	322,960			
							Italy.....	7,857			
							United States.....	2,932			
							O. F. Countries....	97			
							Total.....	382,213	8,217,580	154,519	1.88
In elastic tissues.....	100 kilogs....	1,500 Frs....	250 Frs....	200 Frs....	16.66	13.33	Belgium.....	6,034			
	100 lbs.....	\$131.59....	\$21.93....	\$17.54....			Germany.....	21,526			
							Great Britain.....	44,005			
							Italy.....	133			
							Switzerland.....	2,682			
							O. F. Countries....	5,451			
							Total.....	79,831	1,197,465	159,576	13.33
Applied upon tissues in the piece.	100 kilogs....	1,600 Frs....	250 Frs....	200 Frs....	15.62	12.50	Germany.....	3,917			
	100 lbs.....	\$140.36....	\$21.93....	\$17.54....			Great Britain.....	8,733			
							O. F. Countries....	484			
							Total.....	13,134	210,144	26,385	12.55
Special India-rubber tissues for cards, without the teeth.	100 kilogs....	1,100 Frs....	90 Frs....	70 Frs....	8.18	6.36	Great Britain.....	24,142			
	100 lbs.....	\$96.50....	\$7.89....	\$6.14....			United States.....	11			
							Total.....	24,153	265,683	16,908	6.36
Clothing made up.....	100 kilogs....	2,700 Frs....	300 Frs....	250 Frs....	11.11	9.26	Belgium.....	1,532			
	100 lbs.....	\$238.86....	\$36.31....	\$21.93....			Germany.....	6,110			
							Great Britain.....	10,324			
							United States.....	631			
							O. F. Countries....	302			
							French Colonies....	18,899	510,273	48,196	9.45
							Total.....	19,058	514,566	48,196	

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE 1906, UNDER FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY—*Concluded.*

IMPORTS INTO FRANCE FOR CONSUMPTION, 1906.												
Number French Tariff.	Articles.	Unit of Quantity.	Fixed Valuation in 1906.	FRENCH TARIFF.				Country.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty Collected.	Aver- age ad val. Rate.
				Specific Rates.		Ad val. Equivalent.						
				Maximum.	Minimum.	Max.	Min.					
						p. c.	p. c.		Kilogs.	Francs.	Francs.	p. c.
620	Manufactures of India rub- ber and gutta-percha — <i>Cont.</i>											
	Boots and shoes lined with felt, wool or stuffs	100 kilogs.	800 Frs.	150 Frs.	100 Frs.	18.75	12.50	Austria-Hungary	30,916			
	mixed with wool.	100 lbs.	\$70.18.	\$13.16.	\$8.77.			Belgium.	17,141			
	Boots and shoes, lined							Germany.	29,538			
	with stuffs, or cotton,	100 kilogs.	800 Frs.	120 Frs.	80 Frs.	15.00	10.00	Great Britain.	268,888			
	hemp or linen.	100 lbs.	\$70.18.	\$10.52.	\$7.02.			Russia.	9,513			
								Sweden.	41,009			
								O. F. Countries.	3,070			
								French Colonies.	400,105	3,200,840	352,046	11.00
								Total	3	24	3	
	Belting, hose, valves, and other articles of India- rubber or gutta-percha, pure or mixed, supple or hard, combined or not, with tissues or other materials.	100 kilogs.	450 Frs.	90 Frs.	70 Frs.	9.45	7.37	Austria-Hungary	24,564			
		100 lbs.	\$83.34.	\$7.89.	\$6.14.			Belgium.	93,125			
								Germany.	929,799			
								Great Britain.	440,153			
								Italy.	10,156			
								Switzerland.	11,196			
								United States.	72,777			
								O. F. Countries.	6,280			
								French Colonies.	1,588,950	15,086,475	1,128,971	7.48
								Total	2,128	20,216	274	
								Total	1,590,178	15,106,691	1,128,345	

620 bis.	Articles of asbestos, spun, felted, woven, or moulded with or without admixture of textile or mineral substances.	100 kilogs.	400 Frs.	70 Frs.	50 Frs.	17.50	Belgium..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Switzerland..... O. F. Countries.....	9,602 19,047 7,635 38,075 5,167 6,514
		100 lbs.	\$35.09.	\$6.14.	\$4.39.			
							French Colonies..	86,040 52
							Total.....	344,160 208
620 ter.	Mica in sheets or flakes, articles in mica "micanite" and agglomerates of mica, mica paper and tissues.	100 kilogs.	400 Frs.	70 Frs.	35 Frs.	17.50		86,092
		100 lbs.	\$35.09.	\$6.14.	\$3.07.	8.75		
								Not stated.
Ex. 646	Typewriters without nickel parts.	100 kilogs.	1,000 Frs.	75 Frs.	60 Frs.	7.50	Belgium..... China..... Germany..... Great Britain..... Italy..... Japan..... Spain..... Switzerland..... Turkey..... United States..... O. F. Countries.....	8,921 1,488 392,987 67,742 5,154 107,860 834 29,904 427 10,222 12,610
	Note to ex. 646.—Typewriters only a portion of the imports into France, 1906, under this head.	100 lbs.	\$87.3.	\$6.58.	\$5.26.			
							French Colonies..	638,149 5,543
							Total.....	6,381,496 55,430
								384,442 189
								384,631
								6.02

TRADE OF CAPE COLONY.

No. 1. —STATEMENT showing the Trade of Cape Colony ; also the Tonnage of Vessels Entered and Cleared during the Years 1892 to 1905.

Calendar Years.	Total Imports.	EXPORTS.			TONNAGE OF VESSELS (EXCEPT COASTING) ENTERED AND CLEARED.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.	British.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1892..	46,582,127	57,302,839	2,102,093	59,404,932	2,869,237	3,180,532
1893.	56,161,270	62,126,747	1,901,986	64,028,733	2,857,053	3,142,245
1894.	56,395,401	65,714,814	1,503,888	67,218,702	3,095,177	3,439,334
1895.....	92,928,416	80,675,497	1,594,315	82,269,812	3,502,444	3,880,076
1896.....	91,354,006	81,273,830	1,314,321	82,588,151	4,340,257	4,867,719
1897.....	87,589,240	93,323,497	12,089,525	105,413,022	4,740,862	5,404,165
1898.....	81,187,865	117,347,417	5,870,261	123,217,678	4,847,344	5,602,955
1899.....	93,476,738	111,112,745	4,044,940	115,157,685	5,675,497	6,500,002
1900.....	95,767,902	34,272,809	5,379,185	39,651,994	8,538,713	9,504,992
1901.....	116,761,217	49,509,383	3,407,212	52,916,595	8,875,039	9,979,133
1902.....	166,539,766	77,053,894	7,899,276	84,953,170	11,058,175	12,511,691
1903.....	168,800,430	106,843,832	18,299,775	125,143,607	9,821,162	11,255,599
1904.....	106,382,072	127,390,314	5,988,822	133,379,136	9,161,592	10,637,448
1905.....	97,337,776	162,095,769	2,456,985	164,552,754	7,602,223	8,867,839
1906.....	88,255,252	192,864,437	4,197,762	197,062,199	7,248,458	8,504,590

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Cape Colony during the Years 1892 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Australasia.	Canada.	Other British Possessions.	Germany.	United States.	Other Foreign Countries.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1892.	37,453,404	684,214	13,305	2,774,575	1,034,634	1,378,931	3,243,064
1893.	44,975,144	564,324	16,391	3,105,931	1,190,270	2,408,289	3,900,921
1894.	44,280,743	670,009	20,927	2,379,804	2,182,271	2,542,818	4,318,829
1895.	76,906,356	756,621	6,132	3,284,289	3,761,641	4,250,644	3,962,733
1896.	65,880,378	605,642	61,447	3,799,396	5,363,494	8,463,391	7,180,258
1897.	62,804,070	620,972	34,538	3,643,864	3,987,172	10,207,808	6,290,816
1898.	55,985,018	1,452,350	17,963	3,631,126	3,706,109	10,607,610	5,787,689
1899.	63,986,111	5,280,109	66,547	4,621,309	3,566,172	10,148,903	5,807,587
1900.	63,358,905	9,251,576	22,319	5,460,872	2,682,025	8,626,556	6,365,649
1901.	69,100,574	19,838,665	25,214	6,298,231	3,920,684	9,350,263	8,227,586
1902.	108,550,951	13,228,899	218,469	6,377,198	6,199,428	15,847,911	16,116,910
1903.	105,624,493	8,526,940	1,190,902	5,631,337	7,274,104	22,080,271	18,472,383
1904.	68,274,087	6,393,558	1,034,434	5,956,494	3,751,134	10,097,730	10,874,635
1905.	60,282,816	7,015,177	1,315,912	9,002,338	3,333,506	7,249,601	9,138,426
1906.	54,187,102	5,827,769	942,473	3,208,700	4,906,703	7,486,495	11,696,010

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1892 TO 1906.

1892.	57,254,527	4,385	.....	625,673	291,338	434,871	794,138
1893.	61,225,402	7,378	.....	395,898	527,712	408,191	1,464,152
1894.	65,301,332	4,998	244	511,647	322,139	89,552	988,790
1895.	79,604,572	8,570	.....	638,750	269,980	585,314	1,162,626
1896.	79,924,264	12,648	.....	408,980	186,986	429,045	1,626,228
1897.	103,365,858	16,848	5,854	393,807	191,941	241,994	1,196,720
1898.	120,911,072	12,901	6,234	562,578	242,628	140,150	1,342,115
1899.	110,577,314	13,237	14,722	2,527,669	232,291	106,580	1,685,872
1900.	33,420,227	11,062	9,733	2,115,867	175,988	109,051	3,810,066
1901.	49,078,143	32,621	6,399	1,263,280	583,177	41,104	1,911,871
1902.	77,732,916	24,216	11,553	1,558,356	1,053,268	25,954	4,546,907
1903.	108,133,571	25,862	11,223	1,995,157	684,161	147,475	14,146,158
1904.	123,171,381	43,230	2,944	2,064,023	906,777	210,092	6,980,689
1905.	154,883,861	69,739	28,918	543,222	1,638,821	267,740	7,120,453
1906.	189,193,282	41,435	12,609	461,778	2,938,050	83,721	4,341,324

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing Imports into Cape Colony, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada, during the Calendar Years, 1904, 1905 and 1906.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO CAPE COLONY—YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.											
	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
Agricultural implements & tools	954,470	835,110	890,688	393,231	325,648	358,274	404,882	350,395	365,409	4,760	18,260	25,093
Animals, living	1,198,684	1,500,914	1,821,389	145,221	158,483	226,484	99,226	70,581	66,440	47,981	109,281	51,119
Ale and beer	479,430	421,842	386,496	264,640	217,291	157,237	5,552	5,552	5,552			
Apparel and cloths	3,941,284	4,286,044	6,009,424	3,744,779	3,964,454	5,081,897	52,209	128,051	82,256	146		
Bicycles, &c., and parts thereof.	531,163	445,043	518,095	464,742	400,954	487,873	20,449	3,460	5,806			88
Books, pamphlets, &c.	1,095,905	834,025	1,778,161	991,637	743,933	799,131	24,066	16,649	13,368	414	316	1,343
Butter and cheese	1,784,592	1,619,811	1,771,667	150,921	338,140	60,025	3,173	43,785	2,755	20,152	18,162	28,850
Candles	395,352	420,888	372,639	329,907	324,089	257,193	1,389	3,399	3,087			
Cement	623,168	485,303	1,288,003	921,554	682,471	521,071	8,339	19,938	1,129		365	
Coal, coke, &c.	993,199	940,312	1,288,903	921,554	53,572	55,325	67,428	82,689	25,783		1,470	
Coffee	1,352,559	1,921,111	1,930,831	548,204	549,310	445,816	18,245	17,617	17,204	399		63
Confectionery and preserves	725,926	706,566	657,833	588,288	549,310	445,816	34,505	39,230	52,034		1,133	448
Cotton manufactures	3,910,434	5,464,239	8,035,295	3,547,381	4,967,527	6,790,256	112,804	95,532	116,333	355	11,096	13,563
Drugs and chemicals	1,168,326	1,197,215	1,019,211	933,417	938,799	720,816						
Dynamite and blasting com- pounds	513,062	451,962	703,112	474,004	319,229	404,698	52,117	79,487	68,230	8,419	20,771	62,128
Fish, preserved	703,983	586,682	487,499	533,455	407,627	195,820						
Fruits, fresh, dried and preser- ved, including nuts	455,749	442,215	507,214	176,723	177,984	81,307	72,727	67,568	67,116	11,792	23,087	24,903
Furniture and cabinetware	2,671,498	2,284,617	1,845,211	2,162,172	1,897,017	1,463,426	269,507	182,013	139,199	13,252	26,762	33,449
Grain and grain products—												
Corn	544,960	1,099,735	996,148	1,178	1,319	691	35,896	9,090	10,361	158,298	5,085	141
Flour and wheat	1,025,022	923,907	799,053	8,244	15,203	3,913	315,663	149,660	182,782	294,745	204,745	212,624
Oats	251,826	73,735	52,054	3,110	8,955	433	1,684	550	925		584	667
Rye	14,016	4,701	4,370						2,278			
Wheat	4,741,895	4,836,513	4,484,230	2,969	9,119		556,922	25,496	456,085	5,309		
Other, n.e.s.	876,370	924,170	752,567	341,708	305,266	231,658	318,406	169,097	157,388	43,070	10,312	54,234
Haberdashery and millinery	7,388,388	7,307,041	4,299,782	6,998,987	6,929,442	3,257,688	13,840	11,743	21,379		113,622	45,508
Hardware and cutlery, n.e.s.	5,582,145	4,496,085	3,695,941	4,074,223	3,138,781	2,431,265	656,790	648,021	620,154	26,382	26,012	12,093
Hats and caps	712,666	789,389	983,260	676,613	752,600	922,540	14,882	11,071	17,729			
Hay and fodder	231,600	154,015	56,876	1,071	1,927	1,076	584		2,667	2,511	1,397	394
Iron and steel	2,182,097	2,018,051	1,958,532	2,075,088	1,908,385	1,793,644	52,429	28,197	99,742		12,439	5,119

No. 4 — STATEMENT showing Exports from Cape Colony, together with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and Canada during the Calendar Years, 1904, 1905 and 1906.

EXPORTS FROM CAPE COLONY—YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To Canada.		
	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Copper ore and regilus.....	2,502,859	2,788,970	2,344,025	2,502,859		2,344,025			389			
Diamonds.....	26,867,616	32,891,965	45,053,317	26,094,079		44,673,755	2,312		28,591			
Feathers, ostrich.....	5,153,741	5,261,776	6,843,112	4,821,509		6,779,827	163,462					
Fish, cured and preserved.....	71,384	31,526	30,864	3,597		14,225			467			
Flowers and grasses, dried.....	58,760	64,750	66,342	6,672		29,112	2,896					
Gold, raw.....	75,699,369	100,891,641	118,833,780	75,699,369		118,833,780			1,246			
Hair, Angora.....	2,985,008	2,766,602	3,871,939	2,983,041		3,840,954						
Hay and fodder.....	110,400	126,820	24,124	487		5						
Hides and skins—					Figures							
Ox and cow.....	252,468	395,709	411,618	251,495		392,969	973		4,424			
Goats.....	737,176	869,862	988,625	728,827	not	983,101			12,502			
Sheep.....	1,325,704	1,465,547	1,933,537	1,322,473	available.	1,680,630			14,205			
Other, N.E.S.....	26,927	*	56,980	26,119		55,110	647					
Horns, ox or cow.....	9,879	25,438	18,889	9,879		18,046						
other, N.E.S.....	3,369	*	3,368	2,842		4,000						
Meats.....	91,936	24,211	58,329	19,632		8,098	389					
Spirits.....	56,468	60,473	58,319	4,696		11,617						
Wines.....	102,044	*	33,412	4,305		6,526			973			
Wood and timber.....	114,610	9,185,633	100,750	43,405		13,052	394					
Wool, raw.....	8,732,420	9,619,544	10,619,544	7,888,866		7,014,488	39,019					
All other articles.....	4,399,812	7,492,394	3,574,514	648,224		768,797			20,924	2,944		
Totals (indse).....	129,301,890	164,343,517	194,903,638	122,969,395		187,477,116	210,092		83,721	2,944		
Coin and bullion.....	4,077,246	209,237	2,158,561	201,986		1,716,166						
Grand totals.....	133,379,136	164,552,754	197,062,199	123,171,381	154,883,861	189,193,282	210,092	267,740	83,721	2,944	28,918	2,609

* Figures not available.

TRADE OF FRANCE (One Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *months* ending January 1907 and 1908.

	Month of January.		Increase. + —Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
	1907.	1908.	
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS.			
Food products.....	15,912,800	14,285,200	—1,627,600
Raw materials.....	58,489,600	69,084,600	+10,595,000
Manufactures.....	13,850,800	16,348,000	+2,497,200
Total imports.....	88,253,200	99,717,800	+11,464,600
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	7,710,400	7,304,600	—405,800
Raw materials.....	22,582,400	19,548,000	—3,034,400
Manufactures.....	37,397,000	30,571,600	—6,825,400
Small parcels.....	6,297,600	6,212,800	—84,800
Total exports.....	73,987,400	63,637,000	—10,350,400
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	88,253,200	99,717,800	+11,464,600
Exports.....	73,987,400	63,637,000	—10,350,400
Total trade.....	162,240,600	163,354,800	+1,114,200

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *months* ending January 1907 and 1908.

Articles.	Country.	Month of January.		+ Increase. —Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
		1907.	1908.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	11,976	5,655	—6,321
	Other countries.....	15,319	791	—14,528
	Totals.....	27,295	6,446	—20,849
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	3,109	4,586	+1,477
	Other countries.....	38,235	67	—38,168
	Totals.....	41,344	4,653	—36,691
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	11,335	5,954	—5,381
	Other countries.....	4,602	154	—4,448
	Totals.....	15,937	6,108	—9,829
Rye.....	All countries.....	4,224		—4,224
Corn.....	All countries.....	40,416	30,694	—9,722

NOTE.—Metric ton = 1,000 kgr. = 2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from February report of A Poindron, Canadian trade commissioner at Paris.

TRADE OF PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

No. 1.—STATEMENT (by Classes) showing the Trade of Philippine Islands, during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

GROUPS.	YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.					
	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.
Imports—						
Articles of food and animals.....	12,276,682	40	9,232,259	36	9,058,447	31
Manufactured articles.....	15,573,001	51	14,274,171	55	17,276,131	60
Articles in a crude condition or partly so..	1,013,945	3	805,969	3	879,578	3
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, &c....	1,894,444	6	1,351,336	5	1,433,593	5
Miscellaneous.....	118,278	.....	135,531	1	138,106	1
Total imports (merchandise).....	30,876,350	100	25,799,266	100	28,785,855	100
Gold and silver.....	85,943	.....	7,343	.....	437	.....
Total imports.....	30,962,293	.....	25,806,609	.....	28,786,292	.....
Percent of free.....		5		7		8
Exports—						
Agriculture.....	30,472,654	94	30,077,363	94	31,402,143	93
Manufactures.....	1,414,941	4	1,398,890	5	1,715,440	5
Forest.....	151,086	1	106,651	.....	191,666	1
Mining.....	3,186	.....	5,828	.....	9,005	.....
Miscellaneous.....	310,748	1	328,402	1	395,103	1
Total exports (merchandise).....	32,352,615	100	31,917,134	100	33,713,357	100
Gold and silver.....	4,223,314	.....	572,562	.....	377,341	.....
Total exports.....	36,575,929	.....	32,489,696	.....	34,090,698	.....
Aggregate trade—						
Imports.....	30,962,293	.....	25,806,609	.....	28,786,292	.....
Exports.....	36,575,929	.....	32,489,696	.....	34,090,698	.....
Totals.....	67,538,222	.....	58,296,305	.....	62,876,990	.....
Duty collected on—						
Imports.....	6,664,431	.....	6,064,456	.....	6,641,721	.....
Exports.....	1,300,666	.....	1,290,234	.....	1,383,282	.....
Tota's.....	7,965,097	.....	7,354,690	.....	8,025,003	.....

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of Philippine Islands, exclusive of Coin and Bullion, during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

COUNTRIES.	YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.					
	Imports.			Exports.		
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Europe—						
Great Britain.....	4,848,393	5,224,020	6,457,910	8,291,038	7,499,627	8,749,214
France.....	832,308	833,858	851,365	1,491,753	2,703,328	2,689,593
Germany.....	1,498,898	1,360,961	1,655,288	129,610	459,426	788,018
Spain.....	1,931,359	1,787,310	1,756,667	1,434,126	1,803,055	1,789,640
Other countries.....	1,410,324	1,347,390	1,582,703	237,824	743,050	1,089,859
Totals, Europe.....	10,521,282	10,553,539	12,303,933	11,584,351	13,208,486	15,106,324
North America—						
Bermuda.....						
Canada.....	21,484	9,831	24,720	30,710	10,941	13,978
Mexico.....					1,661	
United States.....	5,761,498	4,333,893	5,155,359	15,668,026	11,579,411	12,079,204
Totals, North America.....	5,782,982	4,343,724	5,180,079	15,698,736	11,592,013	12,093,182
South America.....			112	12,710	26,993	25,899
Central America.....			154		139	
West Indies.....	5					
Asia—						
China.....	2,942,307	2,654,214	2,760,145	1,008,252	1,705,980	2,035,475
Hong Kong.....	207,703	304,291	305,503	2,359,958	3,658,781	2,551,902
Japan.....	1,018,437	657,386	1,009,944	548,607	532,245	477,070
British East Indies.....	2,007,514	1,515,042	1,626,091	624,312	663,487	799,161
Other countries.....	7,026,918	4,244,614	3,985,011	44,330	51,329	119,786
Totals, Asia.....	13,202,879	9,375,547	9,686,694	4,585,459	6,611,822	5,983,394
Oceanica—						
Australasia.....	1,365,662	1,523,668	1,612,138	445,741	462,062	486,617
Other countries.....		757		3,492	2,961	4,287
Totals, Oceanica.....	1,365,662	1,524,425	1,612,138	449,233	465,023	490,904
Africa—						
British Africa.....		72	175	830	8,760	7,760
Egypt.....	3,540	1,955	2,570	20,092	623	397
All other Africa.....		4		1,204	3,275	5,497
Totals, Africa.....	3,540	2,031	2,745	22,126	12,658	13,654
Grand totals.....	30,876,350	25,799,266	28,785,855	32,352,615	31,917,134	33,713,357

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing Imports into Philippine Islands, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and Canada during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES.	IMPORTS INTO PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.									
	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From Canada.
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
Agricultural implements.....	65,671	153,705	114,870	4,190	25,111	46,642	59,801	125,967	54,668	
Animals.....	834,377	838,924	1,085,473	66	511	20	23,881	40	23,881	
Books, music, maps, &c.....	231,908	120,368	116,207	4,301	5,307	4,718	110,256	34,496	32,805	
Breadstuffs—										
Wheatflour.....	727,591	824,039	889,174	1	4,293		613,987	447,454	370,271	464
Rice.....	7,456,738	4,375,500	3,662,493							
Other.....	252,344	229,256	263,396	17,821	27,933	35,546	78,644	52,499	63,698	
Brooms and brushes.....	11,167	15,357	11,730	1,271	1,496	2,394	4,850	6,324	7,751	
Coal and coke.....	527,848	421,101	482,237	33,640	1,027	679		9,084	600	
Clocks and watches.....	80,946	93,076	45,624	892	891	333	20,262	31,085	10,797	
Cocoa.....	149,656	149,982	211,177	1,059	1,094	874	1,634	3,501	2,393	
Cotton and manufactures of.....	6,429,873	6,754,369	8,416,246	2,868,360	3,455,862	3,962,280	846,354	390,483	1,140,350	
Chemicals, drugs and dyes.....	1,190,772	831,215	883,994	51,300	68,688	61,040	81,393	81,393	73,838	
Earthen, stone and chinaware.....	98,368	126,996	139,842	23,102	37,254	18,147	17,097	3,948	3,339	
Eggs.....	268,224	265,512	260,641					298		
Fibres, vegetable—										
Unmanufactured—	71,341	58,689	94,830	616	280	973	2,471	389	356	
Manufactured—										
Bags for sugar.....	19,125	79,007	124,691	4	75	76			1,717	
Cordage, rope and twine.....	42,563	41,817	24,677	7,073	3,044	2,416	3,846	11,307	1,113	
Other.....	138,015	138,312	311,277	93,157	50,295	79,937	5,745	3,868	5,960	
Fish.....	243,800	282,916	294,914	9,354	3,638	4,225	56,325	73,361	86,121	11,395
Fruits and nuts.....	171,377	198,993	202,274	3,638	3,767	3,961	26,139	33,367	29,063	
Glass and glassware.....	134,265	146,431	150,254	18,803	20,478	12,980	13,288	12,233	8,940	
Hides and skins, not fur.....	22,240	11,341	4,528	7	31			467		
Leather and manufactures of—										
Boots and shoes.....	356,605	336,553	306,721	669	3,185	632	161,018	176,332	221,018	
Other.....	136,562	124,667	172,413	20,630	20,672	24,693	53,307	61,082	83,346	
Malt liquors and cider.....	278,727	225,482	141,838	24,532	31,502	30,184	215,816	139,932	79,730	
Matches.....	40,486	57,052	56,930	65	165	894	5		6	
Metals—										
Brass and manufactures of.....	160,013	132,660	160,299	28,123	28,827	51,832	70,404	46,487	45,288	
Copper.....	173,259	61,513	163,431	57,209	69,841	52,660	103,390	70,364	37,299	
Gold and silver.....	173,259	178,550	164,161	91,395	698,057	1,062,153	17,933	27,889	18,734	
Iron and steel, nirs. of.....	2,646,246	1,770,450	2,544,883	911,305	698,057	1,062,153	1,215,272	673,261	864,356	236
Lead and manufactures of.....	21,000	21,479	29,547	3,915	5,251	1,220	6,799	6,071	6,071	932
Tin.....	46,134	46,134	56,477	1,654	1,654	1,232	12,200	6,799	6,071	
Zinc.....	21,222	19,319	16,477	1,654	3,593	1,232	1,677	1,283	6,998	
Miscellaneous.....	75,121	61,363	100,919	5,419	4,376	9,112	26,288	21,411	24,745	

Musical instruments.....	39,694	36,716	68,165	136	667	167	8,158	3,623	20,633	20,633
Oils.....	974,128	553,303	1,002,099	44,433	44,057	43,716	499,413	348,205	610,084	610,084
Paints, pigments and colours.....	162,181	138,959	129,477	91,719	68,289	72,779	28,578	24,623	17,090	2
Paper and manufactures of.....	515,061	410,083	508,754	26,555	24,440	25,342	141,882	146,108	135,473	135,473
Provisions—										
Meats—										
Beef products.....	509,397	436,974	259,660	1,515	1,015	2,877	11,377	20,506	11	11
Hog products.....	405,410	350,462	383,646	25,800	19,242	25,557	68,939	53,778	46,197	46,197
Other.....	156,317	161,398	154,356	12,026	8,390	6,698	41,993	38,874	43,606	43,606
Dairy products—										
Butter.....	81,736	70,630	94,658	5,417	1,154	1,458	183	79	473	473
Cheese.....	46,668	42,384	41,530	16,796	14,230	13,559	700	900	210	210
Condensed milk.....	233,667	284,495	289,789	97,192	128,052	161,486	88,298	106,947	92,838	92,838
Other.....	3,778	11,428	27,435	28	28	28	10,290	5,943	2	2
Silk and manufactures of.....	480,825	372,097	421,995	36,691	13,415	28,440	10,290	5,943	4,880	4,880
Soap.....	44,393	47,646	51,594	12,472	19,754	17,562	17,342	15,159	11,936	11,936
Spirits.....	269,725	199,525	218,967	59,885	69,548	79,835	102,499	55,933	52,774	52,774
Sugar and molasses.....	187,218	133,414	146,768	6,206	5,921	9,799	11,868	20,828	21,673	21,673
Tobacco and manufactures of.....	14,899	23,688	29,733	465	274	694	463	1,508	1,082	1,082
Vegetables.....	521,682	458,668	637,027	13,665	13,774	15,914	83,650	83,901	96,369	96,369
Wines.....	193,088	173,641	195,898	2,137	1,720	3,212	2,337	4,487	2,684	2,684
Wood and manufactures of.....	601,839	492,297	418,970	7,405	6,223	6,650	304,401	283,724	224,820	224,820
Wool and manufactures of.....	183,460	179,767	150,184	50,879	32,986	34,339	12,237	6,447	5,474	5,474
All other articles.....	1,923,658	1,892,189	1,995,033	167,517	235,149	410,557	432,167	555,432	484,743	484,743
Total imports (mdse). . .	30,876,350	25,799,266	28,785,855	4,848,393	5,224,020	6,457,910	5,761,498	4,333,893	5,155,359	5,155,359
(gold and silver.....)	85,943	7,343	437	.....	.....	.....	40,429	24	371	371
Total imports.....	30,962,293	25,806,609	28,786,292	4,848,393	5,224,020	6,457,910	5,801,927	4,333,917	5,155,730	5,155,730
							21,484	21,484	9,831	24,720

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Exports from the Philippine Islands, together with portion sent to Great Britain, the United States and Canada, during the Years ended June 30, 1905, 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS FROM PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.											
Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To Canada.	
	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1905.	1907.
Fibres, vegetable, and mfrs. of:											
Hemp, (Manilla).....	22,146,241	19,446,769	21,085,081	7,936,650	7,131,470	48,125,037	12,954,515	11,168,226	11,326,864	20,000	
Other.....	268,984	257,798	378,315	159,939	126,880	80,233	4,559	46,363	203,740		
Fruits and nuts—											
Cocoa.....	2,095,355	4,043,115	4,053,193	17,446	89,952	75,966	14,425		108,086		
Other.....	11,282	11,774	12,872			9			5		
Hides and skins, not fur.....	14,931	14,920	15,168								
Metals.....	64,205	76,551	109,152		10				45		
Oils.....	100,445	132,755	168,643	4,500	26,960	18,692	21,275	20,712	54,723		
Sugar and molasses—											
Sugar, raw or brown.....	4,977,026	4,863,865	3,934,460	22,168		283,000	2,618,487	260,104	234,074		
Other.....	3,060	4,398	238			5					
Tobacco—											
Unmanufactured.....	1,005,524	1,458,658	1,957,488	6,985	13,000	19,849		6,143			
Manufactured—											
Cigars.....	971,177	904,250	1,051,621	94,185	84,179	100,369	6,790	23,405	26,067	10,640	13,913
Other.....	22,492	26,982	120,085	251	46	489	30	1,455	216	5	
All other articles.....	671,893	672,299	827,036	48,914	27,125	45,570	47,945	53,003	125,384	65	65
Total exports (indse).....	32,352,615.31	33,713,357	33,713,357	8,291,038	7,499,627	8,749,214	15,668,026	11,579,411	12,079,204	30,710	13,978
Gold and silver.....	4,223,314	554,562	377,341	381,250	7,353		10,629	858	3,160		
Total exports.....	36,575,929.32	34,271,696	34,090,698	8,672,288	7,506,980	8,749,214	15,678,655	11,580,269	12,082,364	30,710	13,978

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

FEBRUARY 1908

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1908

STATISTICAL RECORD

OF THE

PROGRESS OF CANADA.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Area (a).								
Land occupied (census)	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,653,946	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574	3,745,574
" under cultivation (census)	36,046,410	45,358,141	58,519,094	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338	63,422,338
" under cultivation (census)	17,336,288	21,899,181	27,547,642	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038	30,166,038
Currency and Banking—To June 30—								
Capital paid up—Chartered Bank	36,415,210	59,384,987	60,742,366	67,095,718	79,193,028	82,199,900	91,074,505	96,362,130
Circulation—								
Dominion notes	7,367,340	14,538,985	16,176,317	27,671,452	41,574,783	47,334,221	49,941,427	58,316,532
Notes issued by Chartered Banks	18,339,893	26,102,368	31,379,886	49,119,479	60,098,480	61,587,560	69,366,505	75,510,402
Chartered Banks—								
Assets	121,014,395	198,967,278	269,491,153	528,304,110	694,303,415	757,988,531	861,602,330	958,342,255
Liabilities	77,486,706	125,063,546	188,337,504	417,320,761	554,445,911	609,989,375	698,714,302	781,075,583
Deposits in Chartered Banks	57,787,922	83,666,139	142,633,216	315,775,426	423,874,030	468,571,648	536,769,519	589,453,889
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks	2,497,260	3,208,227	21,738,648	39,950,813	45,419,706	45,368,320	45,736,488	46,832,611
Deposits in Govt. Savings Banks, except P. O.	2,072,037	9,628,445	17,661,378	18,101,146	16,738,743	16,649,135	16,174,134	14,911,071
Deposits in Special Savings Banks	5,766,712	7,685,888	10,982,232	19,125,097	23,068,143	25,050,965	27,399,194	28,520,547
Total Deposits	68,123,931	107,188,699	193,015,474	390,952,482	509,095,622	555,640,068	636,079,335	679,724,118
Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks	No.							
Depositors in Govt. Savings Banks except P. O.	17,153	39,605	111,230	157,338	168,572	165,518	164,542	164,542
Discount's to the people—								
Chartered Banks		28,212	56,149	46,569	47,531	47,350	45,021	45,021
Education—To December 31—								
Pupils enrolled	773,341	911,418	1,012,345	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714	1,105,714
Teachers engaged	12,813	17,978	23,879	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487	29,487
Expenditure	4,650,206	7,344,008	9,282,540	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436	11,871,436
Failures—Commercial—To December 31—								
Failures								
Assets	(b)	726	1,889	1,341	1,246	1,347	1,184	1,184
Liabilities	(b)	6,454,525	5,751,207	10,811,671	8,555,823	6,822,005	6,449,052	6,449,052
Finance—Fiscal Years. (f)								
Revenue—Consolidated Fund	19,335,561	29,635,298	38,579,311	52,514,701	70,669,878	71,182,739	80,139,167	67,969,328
Expenditure—Consolidated Fund	15,623,082	25,902,554	36,343,568	46,866,368	55,612,838	63,319,682	67,270,641	51,542,161
" Gross	19,293,478	33,796,643	40,793,208	57,982,866	72,255,048	78,804,138	83,277,642	65,178,139

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685 ^(c)	199,861,538	289,899,230	354,732,433	364,962,512	377,678,580	392,269,680	379,968,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	297,809,030	268,480,004	260,807,719	266,224,167	267,042,978	263,471,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	11,128,637	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c) 27,773 ^(c)	47,991 ^(c)	82,165 ^(c)	49,149	130,331	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—								
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,968	759,692,191	1,038,687,619	1,215,013,931	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	.....
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,948	13,169,882	14,285,671	14,687,963	.....
Life Insurance—								
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	62,857	170,602	484,060	656,892	718,081	767,690	.....
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	103,290,932	261,475,220	463,769,034	587,880,790	630,334,240	656,261,100	.....
Premiums received.....	.....	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	19,969,324	22,080,717	22,864,456	.....
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—								
Assets—								
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	140,701,629	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,09	14,958,927	32,635,396	36,183,383	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Liabilities—								
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	51,317,181	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	12,887,341	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	21,353,315	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	55,190,339	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	36,136,836	54,507,291	70,584,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	176,885,012	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	60,073,897	69,525,170	(e) 80,000,048	(e) 86,183,477
Metallic Minerals—								
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	30,924,897	37,400,204	(e) 42,979,629	(e) 42,434,087
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,006,581	5,306,635	7,497,660	(e) 10,994,095	(e) 11,478,644
Iron ore (exports).....	.....	.....	930,614	24,128,503	16,462,517	14,610,305	(e) 12,023,932	(e) 8,264,765
—pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	174,000	175,500	(e) 149,177	(e) 45,997
Lead.....	.....	.....	3,887	2,249,387	1,007,864	1,032,116	(e) 1,724,400	(e) 1,982,307
Nickel.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,523	1,617,221	2,676,638	(e) 3,066,094	(e) 2,532,886
Silver.....	.....	.....	409,549	3,265,354	4,219,153	7,550,520	(e) 8,948,834	(e) 9,535,407
Non-Metallic Minerals—								
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	28,849,000	31,824,966	(e) 37,020,419	(e) 43,749,390
Cement.....	.....	35,100	999,878	1,259,759	1,226,352	1,503,259	(e) 1,988,108	(e) 2,505,043
Coal.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,338,239	1,924,014	(e) 3,176,859	(e) 3,378,871
Coke.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	16,592,231	17,590,263	(e) 19,945,032	(e) 24,560,238
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	175,592	1,008,275	935,896	856,028	(e) 761,760	(e) 1,057,088
(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.								
(f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.								

STATISTICAL RECORD of the Progress of Canada—*Concluded.*

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Patents issued—To December 31..... No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545	6,095			
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—								
Post offices..... No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,460	10,879	11,141	11,377
Money orders issued..... {	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,869,233	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent No.	4,546,434	7,795,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	29,652,811	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098
Post cards sent..... No.	22,314,160	53,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	27,178,000	28,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000
Letters sent..... No.	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	259,130,000	288,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000
Revenue..... \$	1,079,767	1,767,953	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,306,420	6,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,093
Expenditure..... \$	1,271,006	2,333,189	4,020,740	5,153,632	6,001,636	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—								
Canals—Vessels through Season of naviga- (Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,973,570	6,462,538	8,428,005	10,287,432	11,211,636	
Freight carried } tion..... { Tons.	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	8,256,236	9,371,744	10,523,185	
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.....				672	767	793	814	815
Passengers carried.....				120,934,656	181,689,998	203,467,317	237,655,074	273,999,404
Freight carried.....				287,926	400,161	510,350	506,024	479,731
Earnings—Gross.....				5,768,283	8,453,609	9,357,125	10,966,872	12,630,430
Working expenses.....				3,435,163	5,326,517	5,918,194	6,675,038	7,737,251
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation..... No.	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	19,431	20,487	21,353	22,452
Passengers carried.....		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	23,640,765	25,288,723	27,989,732	32,137,319
Freight carried..... Tons.		12,065,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	48,097,519	50,893,957	57,906,713	63,866,135
Earnings—Gross..... \$	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	100,219,436	106,467,199	125,322,865	146,738,214
Working expenses..... \$		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	74,563,162	79,777,574	87,129,434	103,748,672
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—								
Customs Duties collected..... \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	40,954,349	42,324,340	46,671,101	40,290,172
Excise Revenue collected..... \$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,958,708	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,805,413
Imports, Total..... \$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	156,108,453	157,164,975	176,790,332	154,856,659
Dutiable Goods..... \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	95,229,037	99,361,007	110,417,080	97,412,340
Free Goods..... \$								
Totals (mdse)..... \$	98,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	251,337,490	256,525,982	287,207,412	252,263,999
Coin and Bullion..... \$	2,735,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	7,874,313	10,308,435	7,078,603	7,517,008
Total imports..... \$	96,092,971	105,380,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	259,211,803	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007

Exports—Home Produce—									
Mine.	2,841,124	2,767,829	5,784,143	40,367,683	33,626,739	31,932,329	35,469,631	26,191,955	
Fisheries.	3,994,275	6,867,715	9,715,401	10,720,352	10,759,029	11,114,318	16,025,840	10,362,142	
Forest.	23,063,223	24,282,015	24,282,015	30,009,857	33,091,922	33,235,683	38,424,170	33,475,098	
Animal produce.	12,608,506	21,360,219	25,967,741	55,495,311	63,812,117	63,812,117	68,455,960	55,422,499	
Agricultural products.	9,853,924	21,268,327	13,668,558	24,781,486	37,138,875	29,394,150	54,062,337	33,856,016	
Manufactures.	2,432,750	3,075,095	6,296,249	16,012,208	19,864,049	21,191,333	24,561,112	19,087,988	
Miscellaneous.	387,554	622,132	45,337	44,489	121,708	49,673	54,906	148,008	
Home produce (mdse).	55,181,356	80,921,379	85,757,744	177,431,386	198,414,439	190,854,946	235,483,956	180,545,306	
Foreign produce (mdse).	9,853,244	13,375,117	8,798,631	17,077,757	12,641,239	10,617,115	11,173,846	11,541,927	
Total exports (mdse).	65,034,600	94,296,496	94,556,375	194,509,143	211,055,678	201,472,061	246,657,802	192,087,233	
Coin and Bullion.	6,630,350	971,005	946,927	1,978,489	2,465,557	1,844,811	9,928,828	13,189,964	
Total exports (a).	71,724,950	95,267,501	95,503,302	196,487,632	213,521,235	203,316,872	256,586,630	206,277,197	
Total trade (a).	167,817,921	200,598,341	215,470,940	386,903,157	472,733,038	470,151,289	550,872,645	465,063,204	
Shipping—Sea-gong.	5,116,033	8,104,337	10,695,196	14,543,062	15,826,705	15,588,455	16,843,429	13,904,874	
Coasting. . . . .	..	15,116,766	24,986,130	34,444,796	45,505,122	44,377,261	46,324,062	31,691,420
Inland water. . . . .	..	5,698,095	8,107,452	11,486,746	15,375,700	16,688,365	17,888,743	16,691,017
Total shipping. . . . .	..	28,919,198	43,788,778	60,474,604	76,707,327	76,655,081	81,056,234	62,287,311

Estimated amount short reported not included.

(b) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

Value	"	"
1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3
4	4	4
5	5	5
6	6	6
7	7	7
8	8	8
9	9	9
10	10	10
11	11	11
12	12	12
13	13	13
14	14	14
15	15	15
16	16	16
17	17	17
18	18	18
19	19	19
20	20	20
21	21	21
22	22	22
23	23	23
24	24	24
25	25	25
26	26	26
27	27	27
28	28	28
29	29	29
30	30	30
31	31	31
32	32	32
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100	100	100

1871.....	2,148,668
1881.....	3,023,322
1891.....	2,913,994

(e) Unrevised.

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption) Customs Duties collected during each Fiscal Year, 1868 to

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,39,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,700,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,137,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,267,259	115,140,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	107,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,297,062	106,517,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,765,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546

TWELVE MONTHS

642,728,035	221,765,071	136,405,759	358,170,830	6,992,699	365,163,529	59,244,202
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(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1907

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the 1907, also for twelve months ending February, 1908.

EXPORTS. (a)							
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.	Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1862
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,349	1880
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	154,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907
ENDING FEBRUARY, 1908.							
243,777,754	16,402,413	260,180,167	17,384,359	277,564,526	.....	59,244,202	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months, eleven months and twelve months* ending February, 1899 to 1908.

IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.				EXPORTS.				Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.			
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.		Coin and Bullion.				Total Exports.		
Totals.		Free.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.						Totals.	
Dutiable.	\$												\$
1899	6,825,126	3,969,483	10,794,609	136,002	10,930,611	6,390,914	660,730	7,051,644	1,071,021	8,122,665	19,053,276	2,019,098	1899
1900	8,281,406	4,383,457	12,664,863	589,097	13,253,960	8,037,052	197,285	8,234,337	1,093,624	9,327,961	22,581,921	2,395,248	1900
1901	8,293,422	4,392,235	12,687,657	176,397	12,864,054	8,723,937	2,208,807	10,932,744	40,456	10,973,200	23,837,254	2,303,255	1901
1902	8,485,819	5,013,712	13,499,531	57,631	13,557,162	8,362,727	156,106	8,518,833	24,122	8,542,955	22,100,117	2,357,740	1902
1903	9,816,207	5,729,271	15,545,478	550,292	16,095,770	11,441,957	262,412	11,704,369	12,521	11,716,890	27,812,660	2,690,713	1903
1904	10,183,373	5,776,443	15,959,816	64,111	16,023,927	9,350,913	270,299	9,621,212	28,280	9,649,492	25,673,419	2,958,761	1904
1905	10,761,347	5,549,990	16,311,337	1,967,627	18,278,964	8,456,305	646,375	9,102,680	23,398	9,126,078	27,405,042	3,057,456	1905
1906	12,816,439	8,246,287	21,062,726	225,960	21,288,686	12,395,587	394,844	12,790,431	571,046	13,361,477	34,650,163	3,492,948	1906
1907	16,012,541	9,192,271	25,204,812	203,254	25,408,066	12,620,857	339,376	12,960,233	735,918	13,696,151	39,104,217	4,295,297	1907
1908	14,469,163	6,467,603	20,936,766	67,967	21,004,733	14,636,818	434,739	15,071,557	397,738	15,469,295	36,474,028	4,081,227	1908

MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899	74,698,689	54,844,914	129,543,603	5,308,453	134,852,056	123,637,511	18,665,813	142,303,324	3,775,175	146,078,499	280,930,555	21,671,451	1899
1900	92,267,971	61,592,078	153,860,049	6,448,051	160,308,100	138,189,412	14,953,640	153,143,052	7,226,966	160,370,018	320,678,118	25,783,113	1900
1901	93,548,811	63,895,248	157,444,059	5,602,104	163,046,253	159,876,805	15,703,325	175,580,130	1,892,820	177,472,950	340,519,203	25,714,412	1901
1902	102,326,311	70,060,882	172,387,193	4,772,192	177,159,385	176,970,066	14,841,860	191,811,926	2,456,771	194,268,697	371,428,082	28,088,361	1902
1903	117,688,733	73,656,237	191,339,970	5,247,598	196,587,568	203,557,512	11,274,928	214,832,440	401,637	215,234,077	411,821,645	32,104,368	1903
1904	135,232,751	88,898,979	224,131,730	8,717,608	232,849,338	196,580,202	12,771,244	209,351,446	588,371	209,939,817	442,789,155	36,999,418	1904
1905	135,689,387	89,165,487	224,354,874	13,705,632	238,620,506	177,037,082	8,122,822	185,159,904	2,651,013	187,810,917	426,431,423	38,082,105	1905
1906	151,273,572	98,382,603	249,656,175	5,668,782	255,321,957	209,232,058	11,156,757	220,332,815	6,153,245	226,536,060	481,861,017	40,928,448	1906
1907	178,956,831	115,830,910	294,757,741	8,744,928	303,532,669	224,874,494	13,980,323	238,854,817	17,221,784	256,076,601	559,609,270	47,094,726	1907
1908	199,820,402	122,367,888	322,188,290	6,133,163	328,321,453	229,017,481	15,858,450	244,875,931	16,558,590	261,434,521	589,755,974	53,332,882	1908

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899	83,190,582	58,571,008	141,761,590	5,460,610	147,222,200	130,273,944	18,802,715	149,076,659	4,698,578	153,775,237	300,997,437	24,107,273	1899
1900	100,350,147	65,879,884	166,230,031	6,490,333	172,720,364	145,923,855	15,266,636	161,190,491	7,358,974	168,549,465	341,269,829	28,112,693	1900
1901	103,061,077	68,849,925	171,911,002	5,717,512	177,628,514	169,387,495	15,835,196	185,222,691	3,064,767	188,287,458	365,915,972	28,349,260	1901
1902	111,962,456	74,950,304	186,912,760	4,833,544	191,746,304	185,952,070	15,222,020	201,174,090	2,617,881	203,791,971	395,538,275	30,756,513	1902
1903	128,860,541	79,500,899	208,361,440	5,354,710	213,716,150	212,904,164	11,418,555	224,322,719	443,093	224,765,812	438,481,962	35,177,805	1903
1904	147,649,472	96,329,805	243,979,277	8,779,877	252,759,154	206,916,343	12,998,591	219,914,934	702,543	220,617,477	473,376,631	40,311,697	1904
1905	148,430,684	97,186,664	245,617,348	13,863,728	259,451,076	187,501,946	8,441,390	195,943,326	2,687,143	198,630,479	458,111,555	41,606,821	1905
1906	164,659,963	107,469,404	272,129,367	5,785,013	277,914,380	220,398,169	12,246,226	232,644,394	6,176,797	238,821,191	516,735,571	44,576,574	1906
1907	194,425,929	125,250,620	319,676,549	8,859,873	328,536,422	238,038,969	14,281,213	252,320,182	17,344,005	269,664,187	598,200,609	51,295,288	1907
1908	221,765,071	136,405,759	388,170,830	6,992,699	365,163,529	243,777,754	16,402,413	260,180,167	17,384,359	277,564,526	642,728,055	59,244,202	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of February, 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	739,819	383,425	591,318	2,383,859	1,421,833	842,637	20,023	6,390,914	65,053	6,455,967	1899
1900.....	986,156	507,051	879,801	2,995,905	1,682,802	968,101	17,236	8,037,052	132,130	8,169,182	1900
1901.....	1,518,133	476,444	642,154	2,890,228	2,066,791	1,130,179	8	8,723,937	25,843	8,749,780	1901
1902.....	1,106,478	907,771	819,552	2,472,414	1,885,057	1,105,876	5,579	8,362,727	.....	8,362,727	1902
1903.....	1,852,877	522,650	956,912	3,232,683	3,079,578	1,794,425	2,832	11,441,957	.....	11,441,957	1903
1904.....	1,820,582	589,539	720,565	2,907,866	1,991,112	1,320,672	577	9,350,913	.....	9,350,913	1904
1905.....	1,625,172	507,657	800,389	2,743,771	1,395,367	1,381,446	2,503	8,456,305	.....	8,456,305	1905
1906.....	2,483,545	947,198	1,803,820	2,607,243	2,742,734	1,804,119	7,128	12,395,587	.....	12,395,587	1906
1907.....	1,999,652	1,111,340	1,557,412	3,313,936	2,586,794	2,049,641	2,082	12,620,857	.....	12,620,857	1907
1908.....	2,464,042	1,429,221	1,386,516	2,491,865	4,556,080	2,308,452	2,642	14,636,818	.....	14,636,818	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	10,832	5,532	1,019	106,480	404,138	75,227	57,502	660,730	1,005,968	1,666,698	1899
1900	2,913	100	2,843	83,204	38,378	61,072	8,515	197,285	901,494	1,158,779	1900
1901	11,864	560	530	607,063	1,447,597	132,255	9,138	2,208,807	14,613	2,223,420	1901
1902	7,083	.....	830	5,878	9,919	116,412	15,984	156,106	24,122	180,228	1902
1903	1,094	116	307	31,981	29,491	155,545	43,884	262,412	12,521	274,933	1903
1904	4,315	24	762	9,470	50,678	142,267	62,783	270,299	28,280	298,579	1904
1905	40,580	386	300	16,690	20,087	228,776	339,556	646,375	23,398	609,773	1905
1906	2,155	7,901	311	35,458	47,226	207,667	94,126	394,844	571,046	965,890	1906
1907	19,578	2,312	.....	12,169	9,709	230,530	65,078	339,376	735,918	1,075,294	1907
1908	28,119	1,199	.....	35,821	7,978	278,637	82,985	434,739	397,738	832,477	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	750,651	388,957	600,337	2,490,339	1,825,971	917,864	77,525	7,051,644	1,071,021	8,122,665	1899
1900	989,069	507,211	882,644	3,079,109	1,721,380	1,029,173	25,751	8,234,337	1,093,634	9,327,961	1900
1901	1,529,797	477,004	642,684	3,497,291	3,514,388	1,262,434	9,146	10,932,744	40,456	10,973,200	1901
1902	1,173,561	907,771	820,382	2,478,292	1,894,976	1,292,288	21,563	8,518,833	24,122	8,542,955	1902
1903	1,853,971	522,760	957,219	3,264,664	3,100,069	1,949,970	46,716	11,704,369	12,521	11,716,890	1903
1904	1,824,897	589,563	721,327	2,917,336	2,041,790	1,462,939	63,360	9,621,212	28,280	9,649,492	1904
1905	1,665,752	508,043	800,689	2,760,461	1,415,454	1,610,222	342,059	9,102,680	23,398	9,126,078	1905
1906	2,485,500	955,099	1,804,131	2,642,701	2,789,960	2,011,786	101,254	12,790,431	571,046	13,361,477	1906
1907	2,019,230	1,113,652	1,537,412	3,320,105	2,596,503	2,280,171	67,160	12,960,233	735,918	13,696,151	1907
1908	2,492,161	1,430,420	1,386,516	2,527,686	4,554,058	2,585,089	85,627	15,071,557	397,738	15,469,295	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—*Concluded.*

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *eleven months* ending February, 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	11,457,507	9,498,148	25,952,242	43,368,542	23,350,708	9,829,914	180,450	123,637,511	972,645	124,610,156	1899
1900.....	11,967,885	10,687,632	29,761,070	51,082,389	22,505,380	11,796,712	298,344	138,189,412	1,378,940	139,568,352	1900
1901.....	31,601,697	10,639,465	27,686,439	52,664,846	23,122,220	14,047,903	114,234	159,876,805	497,565	160,374,370	1901
1902.....	36,057,230	13,125,804	30,341,420	54,159,175	27,227,509	16,032,405	26,523	176,970,066	185,426	177,155,492	1902
1903.....	31,580,576	11,103,574	34,665,125	65,373,040	42,090,844	18,672,517	71,836	203,557,512	.....	203,557,512	1903
1904.....	30,941,909	10,524,738	33,330,096	62,700,422	40,298,482	18,756,762	27,793	196,580,202	.....	196,580,202	1904
1905.....	28,205,705	10,422,373	30,379,271	58,198,150	30,810,504	18,898,320	122,759	177,037,082	.....	177,037,082	1905
1906.....	31,107,522	14,520,778	34,752,201	64,020,764	43,339,020	21,422,070	69,703	209,232,058	.....	209,232,058	1906
1907.....	32,822,558	12,588,509	43,754,238	64,736,353	47,131,386	26,671,539	169,911	224,874,494	.....	224,874,494	1907
1908.....	35,134,704	12,421,904	42,057,863	51,981,956	61,830,891	25,526,804	63,299	229,017,481	.....	229,017,481	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	228,195	26,509	96,157	1,141,294	15,570,442	1,141,380	461,836	18,665,813	2,802,530	21,468,343	1899
1900	178,929	63,285	281,710	1,157,430	11,798,978	1,150,265	323,043	14,953,640	5,848,026	20,801,666	1900
1901	159,253	11,289	273,262	1,946,600	11,543,178	1,484,422	285,371	15,703,325	1,805,255	17,008,580	1901
1902	159,395	37,480	15,810	820,584	11,444,301	2,122,435	241,855	14,841,860	2,271,345	17,113,205	1902
1903	162,379	23,623	21,146	625,485	7,563,253	2,187,167	691,975	11,274,928	401,637	11,676,565	1903
1904	178,969	15,504	291,533	479,974	9,092,432	2,232,424	480,408	12,771,244	588,371	13,359,615	1904
1905	221,385	14,421	118,661	656,678	3,141,425	3,110,483	859,769	8,122,822	2,651,013	10,773,835	1905
1906	206,048	30,557	83,791	722,109	6,261,235	2,836,484	1,010,533	11,150,757	6,153,245	17,304,002	1906
1907	240,352	25,252	193,828	738,322	8,760,233	2,944,298	1,078,038	13,980,323	17,221,784	31,202,107	1907
1908	344,216	20,307	333,674	774,321	9,425,005	4,216,530	735,397	15,858,450	16,558,590	32,417,040	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	11,685,702	9,524,657	26,048,399	44,509,836	38,921,150	10,971,294	642,286	142,303,324	3,775,175	146,078,499	1899
1900	12,146,814	10,750,917	30,042,780	52,239,819	34,394,358	11,946,977	621,387	153,143,052	7,226,906	160,370,018	1900
1901	31,760,950	10,650,705	27,959,701	54,611,446	34,665,398	15,532,325	399,605	175,580,130	1,892,820	177,472,950	1901
1902	36,216,625	13,163,284	30,357,230	54,979,759	38,671,810	18,154,840	268,378	191,811,926	2,456,771	194,268,697	1902
1903	31,742,955	11,127,097	34,686,271	65,998,525	49,654,097	20,859,684	763,811	214,832,440	401,637	215,234,077	1903
1904	31,120,878	10,540,242	33,621,629	63,180,396	49,390,914	20,989,186	508,201	209,351,446	588,371	209,939,817	1904
1905	28,427,090	10,436,794	30,497,932	58,854,828	33,951,929	22,008,803	982,528	185,159,904	2,651,013	187,810,917	1905
1906	31,313,570	14,551,335	34,835,992	64,742,873	49,600,255	24,258,554	1,080,236	220,382,815	6,153,245	226,536,060	1906
1907	33,062,910	12,613,761	43,948,066	65,474,675	55,891,619	26,615,837	1,247,949	238,854,817	17,221,784	256,076,601	1907
1908	35,478,980	12,451,211	42,391,537	52,756,277	71,255,896	29,743,334	798,696	244,875,931	16,558,590	261,434,521	1908

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the months of February, 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	\$ 6,794,886	5,899,909	\$ 6,094,692	7,249,825	\$ 60,751,520	120,019,856	\$ 74,392,632	129,043,886	\$ 87,161,618	126,692,106	\$	\$
Bermuda.....	26,320	26,320	32,701	32,701	23,534	357,526	216,906	316,014	30,477	353,568		
British Africa.....	18,145	124,356	3,084	234,659		1,799,793		1,375,641		1,797,598		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	42,550	120,065	55,450	174,017	141,474	1,926,301	179,720	2,144,825	339,103	2,672,263		
New Zealand.....	27,045	31,461	34,291	74,778	293,302	573,135	290,137	759,269	226,219	926,995		
British East Indies.....	372,979	284,779	284,779	39,182	2,675,085	24,484	3,480,500	24,006	3,797,045	27,295		
Guiana.....	549,623	51,986	103,950	39,588	2,718,103	446,183	3,081,458	470,378	1,160,600	532,733		
" West Indies.....	56,300	275,387	592,938	171,686	5,006,709	1,960,314	4,627,091	2,291,052	7,070,785	2,141,336		
Fiji.....	49,708	1,210	113,375	20,250	674,951	57,166	86,044	42,887	443,063	113,180		
Hong Kong.....	15,854	53,786	20,278	78,901	123,197	84,318	148,394	61,071	226,616	169,391		
Newfoundland.....	88,484	124,900	30,552	213,963	1,680,787	3,075,190	1,652,617	2,874,399	1,672,098	3,200,889		
Other British Colonies.....	70	2,279		3,219	1,937	51,588	4,509	41,571	2,560	51,469		
Totals.....	8,015,644	6,711,659	7,343,392	8,296,769	74,090,549	130,376,354	88,678,398	139,444,999	102,130,184	138,678,823		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentine Republic.....	426,696	126,835	198,579	153,666	1,149,079	1,642,432	1,913,926	2,329,816	668,957	2,203,136		
Austria-Hungary.....	94,406	23,994	103,972	1,538	678,943	5,385	978,822	27,542	1,255,360	7,787		
Belgium.....	127,707	200,838	69,748	332,842	2,467,457	1,558,777	2,125,141	2,293,377	2,203,113	3,137,393		
Brazil.....	42,482	153,584	26,656	138,077	382,696	627,788	405,607	769,468	318,437	888,079		
Central American States.....	2,511	12,064	3,971	3,971	135,650	50,965	110,491	95,371	84,916	79,077		
China.....	53,288	18,661	47,004	87,162	516,292	994,773	508,972	582,219	667,712	843,437		
Chile.....	28,896	19,631	441	78,398	161,856	151,278	297,991	793,065	430,660	793,239		
Cuba.....	27,224	119,848	23,459	45,821	367,632	1,109,281	511,866	1,166,349	430,660	1,160,910		
Denmark.....	3,330	5,327	6,081	6,115	20,706	138,340	26,232	114,672	27,835	180,543		

[illegible]

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of February, 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 10,180	\$	\$ 11,621	\$	\$ 147,160	\$	\$ 175,785	\$	\$ 206,390	\$
	United States....	13,952	.....	17,658	.....	194,535	.....	322,328	.....	369,366	.....
	Other countries..	303	.....	945	.....	10,202	.....	9,262	.....	11,113	.....
	Totals.....	24,435	.....	30,224	.....	351,897	.....	507,375	.....	586,809	.....
Animals, living	Great Britain....	260	8,047	206	12,782	1,035	289,663	1,599	782,665	2,054	507,811
	United States....	38,280	25,641	21,061	9,478	872,206	376,645	1,424,436	543,569	580,832	373,160
	Other countries..	180	4,830	520	81	291	30,503	994	26,633	1,688	37,156
	Totals.....	38,720	38,518	21,787	22,341	873,592	696,811	1,427,029	1,352,807	584,574	918,127
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores	Great Britain....	.....	1,534	.....	1,751	.....	25,960	.....	30,928	.....	24,618
	United States....	.....	7,028	.....	60,491	.....	415,663	.....	374,729	.....	500,861
	Other countries..	.....	922	.....	447	.....	8,265	.....	10,183	.....	12,500
	Totals.....	.....	9,484	.....	62,689	.....	449,888	.....	415,840	.....	537,979
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain....	.....	71	.....	.....	.....	7,966	.....	752	.....	1,432
	United States....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,036	.....	1,196	.....	496
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	314	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	71	.....	.....	.....	9,316	.....	2,276	.....	1,928

Articles for use of the Dominion Government, &c.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	672,002	.....	.....	1,303,285	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	799,269	.....	.....	449,189	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	59,666	.....	.....	39,868	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	95,106	.....	.....	68,206	.....
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	1,626,043	.....	.....	1,860,548	.....
Asphaltum or asphalt.	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	1,372	.....	.....	47	23,095
	United States.....	5,060	1,754	.....	164,740	.....	.....	293,613	288,385
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	850	.....	.....	146	6,925
	Totals.....	5,060	1,754	.....	166,962	.....	.....	293,806	318,405
Baking powder.	Great Britain.....	11	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	.....	55
	United States.....	14,544	9,607	15	.....	108,694	.....	.....	113,042
	Other countries..	27	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	143
	Totals.....	14,582	9,607	125,573	.....	108,770	.....	.....	113,240
Books, periodicals and other printed matter.	Great Britain.....	17,184	25,474	295,060	228,636	325,063	233,435	420,605	307,050
	United States.....	102,901	95,718	1,243,093	556,232	1,336,882	609,608	1,400,374	765,503
	Other countries..	5,759	2,412	64,831	79,360	85,277	73,255	85,379	101,050
	Totals.....	125,844	123,604	1,602,984	864,228	1,747,192	916,298	1,906,358	1,173,603
Breadstuffs:--	Great Britain.....	11,310	3,709	64,816	.....	108,470	.....	142,905	.....
Arrowroot, biscuits, macaroni, rice	United States.....	5,591	7,672	32	106,327	9,383	103,823	139,507	1,219
flour, &c.	Other countries..	5,637	16,952	108,872	.....	164,382	.....	216,109	.....
	Totals . . .	22,538	28,333	280,015	9,383	376,675	5,194	498,521	1,219
Cereal foods, prepared.	Great Britain.....	2,496	72	2,352	.....	9,631	.....	7,008	.....
	United States.....	7,195	8,148	159,366	.....	152,194	.....	166,266	.....
	Other countries..	11	.....	21	.....	481	.....	763	.....
	Totals •	9,702	8,220	161,739	.....	162,306	.....	174,037	.....
R'ce, cleaned and uncleaned.	Great Britain.....	4,179	3,827	187,587	.....	119,983	21,615	147,971	122,599
	United States...	1,029	504	21,244	.....	22,889	6,672	14,563	9
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	.....	70,751	.....	106,222	.....	6,427	.....
	China.....	9,287	6,426	3,599	.....	69,143	.....	80,903	46,401
	Japan.....	178	.....	20,115	.....	55,913	.....	276,265	.....
	Other countries..	5,631	3,050	127,053	.....	7,431	.....	29,999	137,137
	Totals . . .	20,304	13,807	556,691	.....	530,006	94,043	279,863	582,412

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.						ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Breadstuffs— <i>Con.</i> Grain and grain products— Corn.....		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
	Great Britain.....	72,286	324,945	24,483	403,557	729,764	5,585,957	587,052	5,740,814	638,037	7,708,485		
	United States.....					45	432		770				
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....	72,286	324,945	24,483	403,557	729,809	5,586,402	587,052	5,741,584	638,037	7,708,485		
Wheat flour.....													
	Great Britain.....	7,420		10,657		178		144,818		152,491	10		
	United States.....	56		8		62		73		82			
	Other countries.....												
	Totals.....	7,476		10,665		155,952		144,891		152,583			
All other, N.E.S.....													
	Great Britain.....	952		2,872		9,342	56	5,913	43	4,547			
	United States.....	18,046	12	24,466	4	439,461	701	295,756	333	336,864	237		
	Other countries.....	398		495		3,513		5,597	380	9,470			
	Totals.....	19,396	12	27,833	4	452,316	757	307,266	756	350,881	237		
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Breadstuffs.....													
	Great Britain.....	18,937	31	10,480		264,275	69	243,997	21,658	302,441	122,599		
	United States.....	111,507	325,031	75,930	403,563	1,611,874	5,596,041	1,306,532	5,753,013	1,447,728	7,709,950		
	Other countries.....	21,198	40,397	26,331	23,714	460,373	432	557,667	66,906	343,753	453,804		
	Totals.....	151,702	365,459	113,341	427,307	2,336,522	5,596,542	2,108,196	5,841,577	2,093,922	8,292,353		
Bricks, tiles, clays and mfrs. of.....													
	Great Britain.....	3,624	1,544	1,542	4,680	29,260	195,501	86,005	200,827	98,263	230,049		
	United States.....	40,000	7,772	10,632	30,895	393,119	522,285	419,729	477,442	317,337	622,344		
	Other countries.....	217		1	306	1,192	248	2,179		650	1,162		
	Totals.....	43,841	9,316	12,175	35,881	423,571	718,034	507,913	678,269	416,250	853,555		

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	2,707	.....	4,997	59,801	46,264	41,922
	United States.....	5,606	.....	2,376	39,439	43,824	42,876
	Other countries.....	1,017	.....	4,666	7,624	20,735	34,316
	Totals.....	9,330	.....	12,039	106,864	110,823	119,114
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	13,048	.....	12,284	183,534	195,267	216,409
	United States.....	.....	.....	18	.....	.....	58
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	13,048	.....	12,302	183,534	195,267	216,467
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	3,671	4,531	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	10,788	9,503	20,123	31,826	.....	48,751
	Other countries.....	7,540	14,168	124,750	159,904	.....	144,268
	Totals.....	21,999	28,202	113,437	113,591	.....	155,060
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	267,310	305,321	.....	348,079
	United States.....	6,348	3,121	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	16,641	12,836	43,202	512	540	51,996
	Totals.....	32,393	25,133	178	3,329	3,802	192,032
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	457	2,239	5,412	4,141
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	86,252	.....	5,777
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	490	635	264,983	9,754	362,099
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs..... (Mats and rugs, included under woollen carpets subsequent to 1906.)	Great Britain.....	712	514	12,525	11,547	.....	11,186
	United States.....	3,420	3,874	66,521	59,790	.....	48,586
	Other countries.....	.....	24	814	892	.....	1,215
	Totals.....	4,132	4,412	79,860	72,229	.....	60,987
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	66,594	1,076	252,232	353,320	.....	24,355
	United States.....	3,362	623	31,767	23,135	.....	9,263
	Other countries.....	2,171	10,208	50,247	56,205	.....	53,513
	Totals.....	72,127	11,957	334,246	438,660	.....	87,131
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	10,866	.....	30,842	121,926	.....	180,182
	United States.....	53,990	31,530	333,273	535,864	.....	594,710
	Other countries.....	12,063	.....	49,724	67,627	.....	71,719
	Totals.....	76,919	31,530	413,839	725,417	.....	846,611

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	\$	86	\$	3,205	\$	4,286	\$	5,482	\$	9,849	\$	
	United States...		3,818		6,306		39,505		30,792		31,072		
	Other countries..												
	Totals	3,904		9,511		43,791		36,274		40,921			
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...				1,186		11,549		29,174		16,838		
	United States...		32,504		32,439		232,561		261,478		291,346		
	Other countries..		17,161		3,890		77,276		67,392		61,640		
	Totals	49,665		37,515		321,386		358,044		369,824			
Other carriages, carts, &c	Great Britain...		1,526		1,280		25,114		18,423		25,864		
	United States...		70,953		50,071		984,862		1,116,332		1,270,811		
	Other countries..						35		183		3,427		
	Totals	72,479		51,351		1,010,011		1,134,938		1,300,102			
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c	Great Britain...		12,478		5,671		71,791		175,065		232,733		
	United States...		161,265		120,346		1,590,201		1,944,466		2,187,939		
	Other countries..		29,224		3,890		127,035		136,202		136,786		
	Totals	202,967		129,907		1,789,027		2,254,673		2,557,458			
Cement	Great Britain...		1,472		5,332		208,760		317,663		352,785		
	United States...		8,579		10,992		767,016		375,880		413,975		
	Belgium				195		60,193		48,163		48,163		
	Other countries..		162				56,998		20,337		15,198		
	Totals	10,213		16,519		1,092,967		757,143		830,111			

Clocks	2,435	815	11,561	14,549	15,868
Great Britain ..	17,458	14,519	282,994	288,082	251,775
United States ..	4,132	7,992	39,908	31,357	13,786
Germany		411	14,885	12,385	
Other countries ..					
Totals ..	24,026	23,737	295,108	324,924	332,786
Coal, coke and coal dust					
Great Britain ..	36,607	396	52,224	117,685	126,016
United States ..	736,339	1,102,425	8,111,999	8,914,895	13,402,069
Other countries ..			110	471	15,107,864
Totals	772,946	1,103,821	8,164,333	9,032,061	15,230,599
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa					
Great Britain ..	21,555	13,953	210,870	251,879	54,855
United States ..	27,910	32,237	207,289	228,144	300,954
Other countries ..	6,448	7,852	90,242	122,437	172,828
Totals	55,913	60,254	508,401	632,460	149,425
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory					
Great Britain ..	1,538	11,184	17,830	17,315	94,185
United States ..	10,766	11,787	116,178	110,400	115,684
Brazil ..		42,482	282,911	303,120	314,909
Venezuela ..		1,231	43,466	70,945	53,684
Other countries ..	11	5,959	137,138	12,395	176,887
Totals	12,335	15,251	500,383	730,702	639,665
Collars and cuffs					
Great Britain ..	1,348	13,119	46,341	40,924	59,068
United States ..	5,935	4,216	73,486	68,823	72,493
Aust.-Hungary ..	3,736	2,463	16,535	33,852	30,410
Other countries ..	740	263	33,690	19,517	3,513
Totals	11,759	20,061	170,052	163,116	165,484
Combs.					
Great Britain ..	12,409	4,549	72,540	96,458	90,987
United States ..	12,213	4,404	108,337	108,337	93,190
Germany	399	2,470	26,573	18,886	31,189
Other countries ..	2,137	5,557	21,088	38,467	65,527
Totals	27,258	16,980	197,316	262,148	280,893
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of					
Great Britain ..	10,969	15,170	163,213	145,590	204,435
United States ..	9,469	14,451	121,257	120,567	120,559
Other countries ..	493	122	3,598	2,086,142	1,419,799
Totals	20,631	29,743	288,068	2,187,226	1,530,954

Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain...	10,635	21,850	.....	100,654	119,308	249,909
	United States...	3,918	1,707	.....	24,177	23,052	30,406
	Germany.....	35,747	29,829	.....	141,873	141,273	204,263
	Other countries..	573	1,057	.....	2,606	1,802	4,109
	Totals.....	50,873	54,443	.....	239,310	285,549	488,687
Thread.....	Great Britain...	58,842	67,881	.....	499,611	566,977	801,209
	United States...	19,642	13,075	.....	166,740	177,108	188,939
	Other countries..	1,032	2,647	.....	21,567	13,907	15,403
	Totals.....	79,516	83,603	.....	687,918	757,992	1,065,551
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	20,798	15,567	.....	324,773	354,813	380,317
	United States...	8,007	2,308	.....	68,682	72,604	59,911
	Germany.....	239	245	.....	34,504	29,021	26,443
	Other countries..	27	347	.....	10,388	19,685	23,019
	Totals.....	29,131	18,467	.....	438,347	476,123	499,690
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	148,824	37,328	19,794	1,052,550	352,697	2,228,033
	United States...	102,981	94,314	11,188	891,557	627,557	1,135,457
	Other countries..	25,776	23,040	4,317	141,333	18,971	231,314
	Totals.....	277,581	205,986	35,299	2,085,440	999,225	3,594,804
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	997,164	37,328	19,952	5,399,660	369,524	11,202,539
	United States...	240,065	690,870	400,994	1,811,155	7,308,030	2,106,998
	Other countries..	196,737	234,162	10,677	704,525	52,632	1,797,308
	Totals.....	1,433,966	729,324	431,623	7,915,340	7,730,186	15,106,845
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain...	73,345	61,286	.....	360,113	400,740	463,665
	United States...	6,582	6,755	.....	60,716	66,483	50,107
	Switzerland.....	9,395	11,193	.....	59,301	49,353	93,200
	Other countries..	4,486	8,126	.....	31,948	47,782	59,391
	Totals.....	93,808	87,360	.....	512,078	564,358	675,363
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines..	Great Britain...	38,524	102,834	53,445	641,622	810,901	1,188,289
	United States...	75,763	592,202	72,587	867,033	2,753,401	3,654,677
	Other countries..	29,806	52,996	29,470	470,326	590,505	696,288
	Totals.....	144,093	748,032	340,502	1,978,981	4,154,807	5,539,254
	Totals.....					2,405,715	2,398,774
							6,152,766

Recapitulation.

Fancy articles, other.....	Germany.....	10,923.....	8,782.....	253,355.....	215,794.....	93,512.....
	Switzerland.....	3,164.....	7,287.....	38,316.....	49,652.....	31,743.....
	Other countries.....	4,050.....	2,180.....	43,626.....	20,286.....	17,540.....
Totals.....		108,227.....	101,896.....	1,374,334.....	1,352,719.....	901,841.....
Fancy articles, other.....	Great Britain.....	71,552.....	85,494.....	307,725.....	390,137.....	548,696.....
	United States.....	22,949.....	21,766.....	117,518.....	348,729.....	339,263.....
	France.....	36,378.....	35,972.....	184,116.....	119,624.....	201,290.....
	Germany.....	10,759.....	21,913.....	248,572.....	334,152.....	471,746.....
	Other countries.....	6,597.....	9,187.....	73,850.....	86,201.....	136,986.....
Totals.....		148,235.....	174,332.....	1,067,289.....	1,343,335.....	1,697,981.....
Fancy articles.....	Great Britain.....	153,890.....	157,054.....	1,240,945.....	1,346,215.....	1,226,455.....
	United States.....	37,215.....	38,661.....	508,044.....	512,037.....	590,362.....
	Other countries.....	99,178.....	124,118.....	1,099,969.....	1,199,835.....	1,274,183.....
Totals.....		290,283.....	319,833.....	2,848,958.....	3,058,087.....	3,001,200.....
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain.....	76.....	3,059.....	6,311.....	6,566.....	7,165.....
	United States.....	21,451.....	18,881.....	105,390.....	152,483.....	215,587.....
	Other countries.....	.....	3.....	5,757.....	1,749.....	633.....
Totals.....		21,527.....	13,486.....	111,701.....	160,798.....	223,385.....
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....	Great Britain.....	946.....	5,402.....	16,717.....	22,332.....	18,488.....
	United States.....	977.....	3,302.....	18,536.....	371,119.....	12,923.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	9.....	20,260.....	8.....
Totals.....		1,923.....	8,704.....	35,282.....	41,334.....	31,419.....
Fish and fish products, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	6,665.....	9,549.....	78,124.....	95,272.....	82,577.....
	United States.....	76,352.....	57,685.....	511,830.....	546,256.....	498,722.....
	Newfoundland.....	12,797.....	75,785.....	28,302.....	1,072,972.....	986,355.....
	Other countries.....	.....	8,508.....	110,971.....	124,188.....	136,479.....
Totals.....		95,814.....	75,742.....	700,925.....	765,716.....	719,778.....
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— Danask of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doylies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N.O.P.	Great Britain.....	61,510.....	39,964.....	533,085.....	605,648.....	613,335.....
	United States.....	466.....	523.....	10,081.....	7,081.....	7,793.....
	Germany.....	914.....	431.....	10,204.....	13,464.....	6,096.....
	Other countries.....	6,388.....	8,045.....	57,304.....	91,190.....	101,849.....
Totals.....		69,478.....	48,963.....	630,938.....	717,383.....	729,073.....

Flax, hemp and jute, other.....	Great Britain.....	101,595	28,938	58,858	2,718	762,748	244,819	890,620	402,184	961,813	306,723
	United States.....	5,924	3,670	4,409	1,741	59,564	57,814	79,019	48,831	72,207	32,815
	Other countries.....	12,285	.....	6,237	.....	112,328	.....	194,707	.....	201,590	13,976
	Total	119,804	32,608	69,504	4,459	934,640	302,633	1,164,346	451,015	1,235,670	347,514
<i>Recapitulation</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs of.....	Great Britain.....	243,994	137,555	146,111	73,250	2,112,201	1,332,698	2,497,006	1,395,088	2,470,520	1,352,789
	United States.....	16,147	4,370	5,269	57,699	98,262	399,905	125,825	337,378	116,231	350,923
	Other countries.....	68,800	8,504	21,873	31,200	341,462	214,917	785,409	337,409	1,045,360	326,376
	Totals	328,941	150,429	173,253	162,149	2,551,915	1,967,520	3,408,240	2,069,875	3,632,111	2,030,088
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.....	Great Britain.....	5,466	.....	1,978	.....	55,957	.....	50,759	.....	111,208	.....
	United States.....	99,246	.....	59,806	.....	911,050	.....	1,388,719	.....	1,137,350	.....
	France.....	17,305	.....	14,945	.....	171,683	.....	232,229	.....	232,229	.....
	Greece.....	36,986	.....	8,865	.....	241,762	.....	299,571	.....	375,561	.....
	Spain.....	34,061	.....	9,674	.....	498,567	.....	517,740	.....	681,691	.....
	Other countries.....	18,996	.....	10,255	.....	232,951	.....	372,548	.....	412,064	.....
	Totals	212,060	.....	105,523	.....	2,111,970	.....	2,886,227	.....	2,950,103	.....
<i>Fruits green...</i>											
Great Britain.....	Great Britain.....	.....	12,491	1,306	11,095	120,330	85	97,467	72,178	62,097	194,644
	United States.....	8,068	122,399	7,693	134,424	1,580,273	1,166,128	1,640,515	1,765,535	1,035,748	3,171,948
	Italy.....	.....	.....	.....	7,881	149,131	.....	189,296	.....	.....	284,887
	Other countries.....	.....	16,514	149	6,020	89,675	44,510	69,082	213,641	21,435	159,371
	Totals	8,068	151,404	9,148	159,420	1,939,409	1,210,723	1,966,360	2,051,354	1,119,280	3,810,850
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.....</i>											
Great Britain.....	Great Britain.....	6,999	.....	7,882	.....	123,940	747	193,179	715	256,883	.....
	United States.....	6,975	.....	2,928	.....	56,131	48	71,797	144	78,560	53
	Other countries.....	1,161	.....	4,719	.....	42,488	.....	61,115	121	62,426	1,817
	Totals	15,135	.....	15,529	.....	222,559	795	328,091	980	397,869	1,870
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.....	Great Britain.....	12,465	12,491	11,166	11,095	300,227	832	341,405	72,893	430,188	194,644
	United States.....	114,289	122,399	70,427	134,424	2,547,454	1,166,176	3,098,031	1,765,679	2,251,658	3,172,001
	Other countries.....	108,509	16,514	48,607	13,901	1,426,257	44,510	1,768,242	213,762	1,785,406	446,075
	Totals	235,263	151,404	130,200	159,420	4,273,938	1,211,518	5,208,678	2,052,334	4,467,252	3,812,720

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.....	39,176 61,033 50,638	760 312	32,567 36,734 37,389	..... 15	375,761 575,370 979,186	3,270 77 4,485	878,983 700,934 1,281,739	1,101 312 5,567	848,788 706,486 1,177,874	..... 4,411 4,593
Totals.....	150,847	1,072	106,690	15	2,130,317	7,832	2,861,656	6,980	2,733,148	9,004
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.....	48,843	.....	71,276	.....	367,665	.....	495,741	.....	802,634	.....
United States.....	10,574	.....	8,197	.....	118,982	.....	150,091	.....	163,848	.....
France.....	27,643	.....	74,809	.....	239,912	.....	328,523	.....	327,483	.....
Germany.....	18,813	.....	50,567	.....	113,268	.....	152,366	.....	364,858	.....
Other countries.....	31,687	.....	13,034	.....	47,523	.....	123,961	.....	101,146	.....
Totals.....	137,560	.....	217,883	.....	887,350	.....	1,250,622	.....	1,759,966	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	2,986	.....	6,624	.....	46,596	.....	67,770	.....	64,477	.....
United States.....	7,563	.....	2,673	.....	85,064	529	94,368	236	75,722	1,628
Germany.....	2,092	.....	1,282	.....	44,756	.....	43,012	.....	22,420	.....
Other countries.....	1,528	.....	1,698	.....	41,988	.....	42,510	.....	26,330	.....
Totals.....	14,169	.....	12,277	784	218,404	529	247,660	256	188,949	1,628
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	6	32,736	.....	55,889	532	276,194	336	222,965	1,296	177,114
Great Britain.....	3,773	74,314	3,001	4,092	35,417	582,829	44,801	603,904	51,045	1,062,066
United States.....	1,565	72,588	1,095	498	18,682	25,488	19,018	200,757	22,670	669,646
Other countries.....	5,344	179,638	4,096	60,479	54,631	884,511	64,155	1,027,626	78,011	1,908,826
Totals.....	16	535	92	202	1,186	5,659	580	21,511	618	7,656
Grease, all kinds.....	4,056	53,669	5,178	54,383	40,025	287,111	76,324	488,429	104,641	705,465
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	11,668	83	5,529	116	6,031
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	4,072	54,195	5,270	54,885	41,318	304,438	76,987	£15,469	105,375	719,152
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	26,920	.....	32,473	.....	309,970	.....	434,050	.....	868,942	.....
Great Britain.....	18,920	.....	9,736	.....	224,634	.....	267,902	.....	289,373	.....
United States.....	103	.....	338	.....	852	.....	2,465	.....	15,742	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	45,943	.....	42,547	.....	535,516	.....	704,417	.....	1,174,057	.....
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rub- ber and mfrs. of.....	21,137	.....	17,027	1,628	88,840	1,467	100,676	3,854	157,524	21,231
Great Britain.....	40,479	283,800	39,508	187,061	577,802	2,616,920	576,297	2,726,477	604,403	2,890,400
United States.....	3,639	.....	1,933	484	25,250	2,173	35,990	4,036	45,352	69,167
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	65,315	283,800	58,468	189,173	691,892	2,620,560	712,963	2,734,367	807,279	2,980,798

Ink.....	Great Britain.....	1,042	893	25,082	25,085	28,472
	United States.....	6,110	4,748	119,499	121,855	117,617
	Other countries.....	5	1	5,609	6,947	4,189
	Totals.....	7,157	5,637	150,190	153,287	150,278
Jewellery.....	Great Britain.....	10,223	8,613	72,077	140,188	197,680
	United States.....	100,042	53,224	583,385	739,162	684,471
	Germany.....	3,547	4,300	54,611	94,879	99,445
	Other countries.....	4,977	8,082	37,036	42,157	96,489
	Totals.....	118,789	74,219	747,109	1,029,386	1,078,085
Junk, old and oakum.....	Great Britain.....					41,745
	United States.....				24,482	17,177
	Other countries.....				23,240	1,801
	Totals.....				4,529	60,723
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.	Great Britain.....				30,745	
	United States.....				20,350	
	Other countries.....				.882	
	Totals.....				51,977	
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, imported by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories.....	Great Britain.....	2,395	1,802	64,408	67,964	65,266
	United States.....	9,755	8,229	248,626	228,858	173,990
	France.....	4,099		37,806	20,255	34,694
	Other countries.....	1,217	214	544	1,804	3,824
	Totals.....	17,466	10,245	351,384	313,881	277,774
Sole leather, all kinds.....	Great Britain.....	650		2,290	4,219	8,083
	United States.....	49,038	23,690	288,594	390,655	440,317
	Other countries.....	2,449	2,200	7,693	12,542	12,583
	Totals.....	52,137	25,890	298,577	407,416	460,983
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.....	Great Britain.....	6,310	2,396	45,559	111,682	231,794
	United States.....	9,877	196	62,427	51,617	6,507
	France.....					606
	Other countries.....					
	Totals.....	16,187	2,592	107,986	163,299	235,907
Totals.....	Great Britain.....	16,342	602	34,704	73,256	31,391
	United States.....	18,716	4,679	86,360	154,764	96,539
	France.....	296		8,820	14,777	297
	Other countries.....			1,843	3,956	15
	Totals.....	35,354	5,281	131,727	246,753	128,242

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Brass and mfrs. of.....	11,860	13,197	12,126	89,319	100,634	127,805	188,551	213,409	216,103
Great Britain.....	112,796	64,421	30,322	606,321	713,973	883,351	1,009,008	1,110,262	533,742
United States.....	2,428	1,611	839	39,808	11,457	40,489	32,016	59,638	48,708
Other countries..									
Totals.....	127,584	79,229	43,287	735,448	826,064	951,045	1,229,575	1,383,304	743,533
Copper and mfrs. of.....									
Great Britain.....	1,614	644	3,389	6,412	31,766	9,116	70,451	9,866	229,172
United States.....	7,661	13,383	142,776	107,123	2,268,453	129,028	3,291,421	105,175	2,819,172
Other countries..	166	294	.....	2,300	2,766	4,230	12,117	6,051	5,441
Totals.....	9,441	338,074	146,165	115,835	2,302,985	142,374	3,374,489	121,092	3,033,785
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....									
Great Britain.....	18,415	7,593	.....	134,567	.....	226,842	.....	217,926	.....
United States.....	15,587	9,697	.....	283,185	291	270,226	270	253,740	.....
Other countries..	2,783	3,804	.....	57,584	.....	63,192	.....	57,908	.....
Totals.....	36,785	21,094	.....	475,336	291	560,260	270	529,574	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—									
Agricultural implements.....									
Great Britain.....	2,963	1,245	.....	25,345	.....	40,964	.....	29,339	.....
United States.....	154,589	103,647	.....	1,198,163	.....	2,110,362	.....	1,554,835	.....
Other countries..	355	72	.....	1,101	.....	867	.....	2,031	.....
Totals.....	157,897	104,964	.....	1,224,609	.....	2,152,193	.....	1,586,205	.....
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether									
in coils, bundles, rods or bars									
comprising rounds, ovals, &c.....									
Great Britain.....	27,312	23,878	.....	395,227	.....	885,176	.....	702,293	.....
United States.....	224,808	62,291	.....	666,663	.....	1,555,091	.....	1,731,419	.....
Other countries..	28	251	.....	26,091	.....	29,741	.....	29,580	.....
Totals.....	252,148	86,420	.....	1,087,986	.....	2,470,008	.....	2,463,292	.....
Chains.....									
Great Britain.....	6,528	6,367	.....	57,522	.....	95,513	.....	188,773	640
United States.....	26,962	4,822	.....	166,976	.....	232,792	.....	120,498	171,248
Other countries..	282	128	.....	4,321	.....	3,346	.....	4,102	.....
Totals.....	33,772	11,317	.....	228,819	.....	331,651	.....	313,373	171,888
Cream separators and steel bowls									
for.....									
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	1,205	17,509	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other countries..	18,235	46,874	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	19,440	64,383	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain	109,420	34,500	370,880	1,256,266	2,126,450
	United States.....	149,879	50,051	641,509	1,418,854	1,628,813
	Other countries ..	16	9,284	4,928	1,787	47,276
	Totals.....	259,315	93,785	1,017,317	2,676,907	3,802,539
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	574	10,016	1,348	10,555	98,067
	Other countries ..			546,848	378,638	530,735
	Totals.....	574	10,016	554,196		126
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N.O.P., &c.....	Great Britain.....	2,772		182,863	189,234	292,192
	United States.....	11,075	7,347	446,927	172,430	256,513
	Germany.....			11,733		
	Other countries ..			80,715	119,999	19,872
	Totals.....	13,847	7,347	722,238	481,663	568,577
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter, &c.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....			7,871		24,321
	Other countries ..			4,902		238,603
	Totals.....					10,658
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.....	Great Britain.....	439				
	United States.....	80,357	30,059	1,664,810	1,605,041	15,515
	Other countries ..	2,040	1,078	783,854	1,035,355	1,175,355
	Totals.....	82,836	31,147	2,474,472	2,665,080	2,400,669
Machinery and machines.....	Great Britain.....	43,082	78,111	359,932	505,462	887,865
	United States.....	691,893	572,213	5,949,472	8,333,615	10,368,096
	Other countries ..	12,214	13,645	140,750	120,796	190,515
	Totals.....	747,189	663,969	6,450,154	8,959,873	11,446,476
Nail	Great Britain.....	238	3			
	United States.....	43,757	3,375	102,821	127,672	86,549
	Other countries ..				54	
	Totals.....	43,995	3,378	106,050	135,555	91,629

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scroll or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain...	521	37,109	.....	22,987	199,013	.....	301,162	96,633	9,360	413,949
	United States...	78,811	19,205	.....	.....	512,879	.....	586,925	.....	436,044	.....
	Other countries...	666	4,561	.....	.....	7,573	.....	12,591	.....	25,147	.....
	Totals	79,998	37,109	23,765	22,987	719,465	.....	900,678	96,633	470,551	413,949
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,879	.....	2,883	.....	2,450	.....
	United States...	8,287	16,475	.....	.....	423,635	.....	363,819	.....	369,987	.....
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	944	.....	173	.....	1,343	.....
	Totals	8,287	16,475	.....	.....	426,458	.....	366,825	.....	373,780	.....
Steel rails.....	Great Britain...	1,494	.....	852	.....	796,888	.....	234,533	.....	86,806	.....
	United States...	12,267	14,132	.....	.....	368,167	1,495	1,820,037	.....	1,168,871	.....
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,983	.....	12,454	.....	6,351	.....
	Totals	13,761	14,984	.....	.....	1,170,038	1,495	2,067,024	.....	1,262,028	.....
Tools and implements.....	Great Britain...	7,532	7,941	.....	.....	63,825	.....	93,857	.....	111,549	.....
	United States...	115,050	59,842	.....	.....	1,066,097	.....	1,359,618	.....	1,130,711	.....
	Other countries...	3,440	3,748	.....	.....	51,109	.....	53,264	.....	58,596	.....
	Totals	126,022	71,531	.....	.....	1,181,031	.....	1,506,739	.....	1,300,856	.....
Tubing.....	Great Britain...	1,922	15,438	13,470	6,851	132,814	35,728	96,946	107,666	172,480	195,276
	United States...	67,391	21,290	16,895	31,547	919,200	123,593	1,054,646	176,098	737,704	553,779
	Other countries...	5,761	.....	.....	6,607	31,648	.....	30,856	.....	73,704	63,096
	Totals	75,074	36,728	30,365	45,005	1,083,662	159,321	1,182,405	283,764	910,184	812,151
Wire.....	Great Britain...	34,481	738	38,797	995	211,249	167,699	293,133	107,435	544,889	324,835
	United States...	154,273	116,165	33,793	110,205	528,318	1,655,881	973,862	1,300,997	594,782	1,417,544
	Other countries...	6,362	.....	967	3,207	22,109	75,844	66,658	73,803	79,141	95,031
	Totals	195,116	116,903	73,557	114,407	761,676	1,899,224	1,338,653	1,482,235	1,218,812	1,857,410
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	83,001	18,804	93,626	19,267	1,381,073	213,063	2,143,584	286,556	2,382,394	625,514
	United States...	649,820	176,004	346,980	88,767	5,339,837	1,010,939	7,243,646	1,327,319	6,965,482	1,591,092
	Other countries...	14,180	9,139	22,233	33,752	293,946	117,350	370,223	189,226	360,082	275,568
	Totals	747,001	203,947	462,839	141,786	7,014,856	1,341,352	9,757,447	1,803,101	9,707,458	2,492,204

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.			ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.						
		1907.		1908.	1906.		1907.		1908.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>											
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	415,226	179,627	338,684	117,507	6,969,279	739,587	9,690,293	1,099,401	9,697,574	4,262,891
	United States.....	3,003,428	452,383	1,634,956	404,422	24,324,591	5,018,593	34,757,021	5,307,006	36,098,531	6,139,914
	Other countries.....	62,228	9,139	85,565	44,741	1,187,653	218,951	1,420,275	304,928	1,439,596	462,920
	Totals.....	3,480,882	641,149	2,059,205	566,670	32,481,523	5,977,131	45,867,589	6,711,335	47,235,701	10,865,725
Lead and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	25,013	12,162	20,171	7,180	261,620	53,365	393,765	86,596	354,538	112,229
	United States.....	5,625	4,576	2,343	756	40,824	37,203	47,261	29,888	48,105	21,359
	Other countries.....	1,057	.....	2,322	5	30,839	1,293	33,641	4,037	48,948	3,163
	Totals.....	31,695	16,738	24,836	7,941	333,283	91,859	474,667	120,521	451,591	136,751
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	2,473	110,499	4,154	79,301	28,253	1,509,139	34,361	1,810,868	39,616	1,931,047
	United States.....	11,734	118,854	10,811	37,211	155,305	1,072,846	248,786	1,326,507	188,942	1,227,232
	Other countries.....	110	6,893	582	44,686	9,190	150,270	10,539	194,226	8,000	203,960
	Totals.....	14,317	236,246	15,547	161,198	192,748	2,732,255	293,686	3,331,601	236,558	3,362,239
Zinc and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	.....	10,534	.....	1,960	872	93,859	304	133,682	1,697	199,756
	United States.....	1,940	9,433	1,312	5,140	9,539	173,195	12,518	196,237	15,008	74,983
	Belgium.....	.....	10,143	.....	9,567	.....	68,899	.....	77,782	.....	158,787
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66	22,790	39	68,858	89	20,597
	Other countries.....	157	3,285	.....	.....	925	9,991	429	6,372	726	31,425
	Totals.....	2,097	33,395	1,312	16,667	11,402	368,734	13,290	482,931	16,920	485,548
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain.....	19,608	9,320	13,724	5,215	193,159	143,493	238,071	194,610	333,188	114,322
	United States.....	144,187	77,362	109,954	53,285	1,249,244	1,978,954	1,542,396	2,468,283	1,779,673	2,712,066
	Other countries.....	7,327	27,436	7,953	1,026	87,893	565,534	193,611	783,645	167,635	628,027
	Totals.....	171,122	114,118	131,631	59,526	1,530,296	2,687,981	1,884,078	3,446,538	2,279,896	3,454,415

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	494,209	364,122	398,167	226,678	7,683,481	2,671,841	10,720,557	3,584,659	10,897,214	7,065,520
United States	3,302,958	1,038,089	1,846,827	673,912	26,776,132	11,263,508	37,890,132	13,628,620	39,599,436	13,528,468
Other countries	76,756	59,114	102,131	100,864	1,416,258	1,051,451	1,676,445	1,483,981	1,787,986	1,558,928
Totals	3,873,923	1,461,325	2,347,125	1,001,454	35,875,871	14,957,300	50,287,589	18,697,260	52,254,636	22,152,016
Mineral water	504	2,396	1,215	1,215	17,377	65,494	80,209	1,962	16,014	85
Great Britain	1,245	22	732	732	51,981	1,288	53,745	1,962	73,719	455
United States	2,139	59	115	115	13,688	11,999	42,745	1	36,736	20
Other countries	59	22	3,031	12	160,539	1,288	196,952	1,963	199,664	560
Totals	6,343	935	4,334	21,491	356,617	6,305	29,581	7,027	46,977	11,014
Musical instruments	4,787	2,621	39,270	350	60,773	21,422	498,601	25,011	680,700	30,727
Great Britain	62,084	8,872	3,816	622	28,776	76	75,447	19,929	77,327	18,253
United States	1,547	51,537	1,572	467,657	59,183	633,715	51,979	844,562	39,558	59,994
Other countries	77,290	4,569	85,620	23,980	93,609	99,781	25,883	589	126,253	59,994
Totals	7,229	1,472	797	591	110,191	118,229	730	126,253	199,664	560
Mustard	11	8,712	5,373	110,191	118,229	730	126,253	199,664	560	560
Oils :—										
Mineral oils	66,666	64,110	155	36,865	3,193	4,552	3,005	7,390	2,721	8,480
Great Britain	66,666	64,110	52,814	2,820	880,412	685,805	853,836	706,851	633,473	1,219,250
United States	66,666	64,110	52,814	2,820	370	545	23	25	25	3,370
Other countries	66,666	64,110	52,969	39,685	883,975	690,882	856,304	714,241	636,219	1,231,100
Totals	79	18	155	36,865	3,193	4,552	3,005	7,390	2,721	8,480
Fish oils	1,752	7,362	301	969	17,781	61,493	16,036	64,385	16,533	53,970
Great Britain	201	285	285	969	8,334	61,493	6,403	64,385	6,810	53,970
United States	2,032	7,362	604	969	28,326	61,493	24,261	64,385	25,671	53,970
Newfoundland	2,032	7,362	604	969	28,326	61,493	24,261	64,385	25,671	53,970
Other countries	2,032	7,362	604	969	28,326	61,493	24,261	64,385	25,671	53,970
Totals	2,032	7,362	604	969	28,326	61,493	24,261	64,385	25,671	53,970
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils—										
Cocoanut and palm in their natural state	2,325	14,914	2,340	2,340	81,469	81,469	80,900	80,900	71,631	71,631
Great Britain	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	48,918	48,918	48,918	48,918	39,059	39,059
United States	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	14,317	14,317	21,618	21,618	19,370	19,370
Other countries	18,739	18,739	5,718	5,718	144,704	144,704	167,255	167,255	130,060	130,060
Totals	18,739	18,739	5,718	5,718	144,704	144,704	167,255	167,255	130,060	130,060

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.			
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain..... United States... Other countries..	\$ 53,840	\$ 31	\$ 24 33,542	\$ 3,198 256,981 2,390	\$ 156 4,425	\$ 11,415 417,982 43	\$ 883 489,596	\$ 4,654
Totals.....		53,840	31	33,566	202,569	4,581	429,440	2,323	4,654
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain..... United States... Other countries..	12,582 2,479		1,624 2,309	643,302 35,446		190,648 54,149 34	118,633 40,763 242	
Totals.....		15,061		3,933	678,748		244,831	159,638	
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain..... United States... Other countries..	518 31,821		1,105 31,789 89	8,694 319,170 551		7,898 402,739 287	14,690 523,970 4,514	
Totals.....		32,339		32,983	328,415		410,924	543,174	
Oils, other	Great Britain..... United States... Other countries..	2,621 15,291 6,439	733 10,482	2,942 20,398 9,541	57,206 146,271 87,844	4,849 34,850	75,791 197,695 99,154	4,168 213,949 758	15,087 68,432 1,291
Totals.....		24,351	11,215	32,881	291,321	39,699	372,640	430,162	84,810
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Oils.....	Great Britain..... United States... Other countries..	15,800 171,849 6,640	3,058 89,537 8,862	5,868 141,153 9,915	2,340 1,656,061 99,989	91,006 773,998 76,355	290,579 1,941,387 105,944	92,458 834,186 96,791	95,198 1,331,395 78,001
Totals.....		194,289	101,457	156,936	51,381	941,359	2,338,400	1,013,435	1,504,594

Oilcloth	102,883	96,878	527,382	717,760	785,054
Great Britain.....	19,794	11,778	144,296	233,550	201,314
United States.....	16	44	1,207	1,207	2,906
Other countries.....					
Totals	122,693	108,700	673,562	952,517	989,274
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments.....					
Great Britain.....	4,553	6,513	33,173	41,082	112,370
United States.....	6,178	19,631	221,249	262,008	342,827
Other countries.....		2,266	42,265	47,037	60,134
Totals	28,402	28,410	296,687	350,127	515,331
Packages.....					
Great Britain.....	93,299	95,422	390,577	596,649	1,062,253
United States.....	148,100	161,640	1,568,521	1,775,005	1,967,370
Other countries.....	28,379	35,439	359,142	376,403	493,954
Totals	269,778	292,501	2,318,240	2,748,057	3,523,577
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans					
Great Britain.....	13,342	12,046	95,896	164,350	245,714
United States.....	25,339	28,196	263,087	371,801	491,519
Other countries.....	9,789	8,661	76,471	133,122	258,846
Totals	48,470	48,903	438,454	689,273	963,909
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white					
Great Britain.....	44,668	9,302	179,936	383,038	415,038
United States.....	19,041	8,851	214,175	127,777	85,864
Germany.....	762	174	32,654	40,320	48,449
Other countries.....	659	272	71,182	40,320	43,259
Totals	65,130	18,599	625,947	583,795	592,610
Other paints and colours					
Great Britain.....	6,469	6,750	98,460	159,091	204,103
United States.....	34,964	14,519	323,237	373,688	296,823
Germany.....	4,671	6	29,816	5,194	18,898
Other countries.....	1,511	451	18,964	23,776	12,170
Totals	42,944	21,726	470,477	576,878	523,994
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders					
Great Britain.....	5,474	9,706	14,162	21,931	27,370
United States.....	28,527	31,796	157,813	141,208	137,528
Other countries.....	2,662	4,080	9,928	10,766	14,961
Totals	36,663	45,582	181,903	173,905	179,859

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	1,732	1,797	40,089	32,605	45,214
	United States.	9,320	7,617	126,201	145,843	171,394
	Other countries.	891	436	3,744	3,200	5,928
	Totals.	11,943	9,820	170,034	181,648	222,536
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	1,550	1,072	25,132	27,623	27,653
	United States.	7,755	10,662	89,143	133,064	163,245
	France.	4,552	4,711	78,400	84,555	104,582
	Other countries.	290	274	5,482	8,957	12,577
	Totals.	14,147	16,719	198,157	254,199	308,057
Pickles, sauces and catsups.	Great Britain.	4,973	7,351	217,535	252,663	308,437
	United States.	3,990	2,961	98,417	105,388	112,515
	Other countries.	1,751	1,733	21,388	23,336	37,602
	Totals.	10,714	12,045	337,340	381,387	459,054
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Great Britain.	3,275	9,161	1,631	69,483	508,168
	United States.	5,550	4,281	2,840	58,715	126,657
	France.	27,287	8,015	19,823	37,284	130,729
	Holland.	60,064	10,258	604	228,952	676
	Other countries.	9,228	219	8,155	177,566	31,830
	Totals.	96,176	40,943	86,377	363,048	1,133,844
Provisions:— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard.	Great Britain.	3,541	4,987	12,715	26,413	67,794
	United States.	68,199	132,306	597,831	806,057	1,206,720
	Other countries.	34,337	18,488	44,497	85,743	73,147
	Totals.	106,077	155,781	655,043	918,213	1,347,661
Meats— Bacon and hams.	Great Britain.	145	55	668	1,966	4,689
	United States.	45,702	74,360	501,027	852,779	756,301
	Other countries.	38	5	325	511	297
	Totals.	45,885	74,420	592,020	855,256	761,187
Pork, barrelled in brine.	Great Britain.	42,609	1,408	4,980	5,158	1,408
	United States.	42,609	78,314	643,029	737,553	616,810
	Other countries.			71	86	496
	Totals.	42,609	79,722	648,080	742,797	618,714

Ribbons	Great Britain	72,725	47,646	396,902	482,351	551,610
	United States	10,375	6,478	62,388	94,724	92,524
	France	41,999	45,187	175,520	286,520	444,199
	Switzerland	33,377	71,405	227,706	271,131	407,131
	Other countries	11,718	4,762	134,754	60,279	59,296
	Totals	170,194	175,478	997,274	1,195,391	1,554,700
Salt	Great Britain					
	United States					
	Other countries	3,395	2,577	56,531	71,595	74,355
	Totals	3,395	2,577	56,531	71,595	74,355
						270,513
Seeds and bulbous roots	Great Britain	34,387	14,151	26,779	61,460	58,105
	United States	119,602	222,521	346,729	426,306	1,154,434
	Other countries	1,316	10,630	20,813	30,610	22,226
	Totals	155,305	247,302	394,321	518,376	1,234,765
						90,819
Settlers' effects	Great Britain					
	United States					
	Other countries					
	Totals					
						3,406,011
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing	Great Britain	10,708	23,192	153,048	135,046	191,981
	United States	1,233	2,825	40,514	33,391	39,721
	Japan	3,151	3,061	26,502	28,515	42,901
	Other countries	3,381	3,652	22,817	27,365	33,758
	Totals	18,463	32,730	242,881	224,017	308,361
Fabrics	Great Britain	158,015	136,268	1,262,221	1,172,417	1,413,733
	United States	27,735	21,641	192,129	178,797	154,936
	France	56,354	77,062	482,359	458,741	608,727
	Germany	11,956	15,617	43,164	58,173	138,288
	Japan	44,655	20,150	336,186	333,901	257,547
	Switzerland	67,430	46,185	606,076	418,347	497,159
	Other countries	24,080	10,890	276,930	211,054	175,664
	Totals	390,285	327,813	3,199,065	2,831,430	3,246,099

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoen, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain.....	.....	24,740	.....	1,958	.....	352,287	.....	357,416	.....	399,206	.....	399,206
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,039	.....	50,712	.....	17,622	.....	17,622
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	24,740	.....	1,958	.....	363,326	.....	408,128	.....	416,888	.....	416,888
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	14,633	.....	7,929	.....	184,495	.....	187,321	.....	238,579	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	1,554	.....	2,707	.....	13,920	.....	10,701	.....	15,285	.....	.....	.....
	France.....	7,652	.....	2,376	.....	43,944	.....	39,712	.....	57,054	.....	.....	.....
	Germany.....	144	.....	953	.....	23,930	.....	28,948	.....	29,916	.....	.....	.....
Silk, other.....	Other countries.....	.....	.....	4,520	.....	3,024	.....	1,822	.....	7,745	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	23,983	.....	18,485	.....	271,813	.....	268,504	.....	347,579	.....	.....	.....
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	19,411	132	14,850	.....	181,141	.....	180,380	.....	207,954	.....	1,997	.....
	United States.....	3,761	7,761	2,260	964	47,767	2,855	54,041	2,056	59,384	2,056	25,075	.....
	Japan.....	2,656	.....	4,384	.....	98,282	15,299	101,574	28,244	132,934	28,244	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	3,943	.....	8,583	.....	39,226	.....	46,224	1,852	59,627	1,852	722	.....
and mfrs. of.....	Totals.....	30,771	7,893	30,077	964	366,416	18,552	382,219	32,152	459,889	32,152	27,794	.....
	Great Britain.....	202,767	132	182,239	.....	1,781,405	2,855	1,675,164	2,056	2,052,297	2,056	1,997	.....
	United States.....	34,303	32,501	29,433	2,922	294,330	367,586	276,930	385,660	269,326	385,660	424,341	.....
	Other countries.....	226,462	.....	137,433	.....	2,004,440	11,437	1,754,076	52,564	2,040,415	52,564	18,344	.....
Totals.....		463,532	32,633	409,105	2,922	4,080,175	381,878	3,706,170	440,280	4,362,038	440,280	444,682	.....

Soap.....	4,603	1,903	38,789	341	49,832	490	53,396	428
Great Britain...	21,653	20,579	319,744	657	396,404	791	408,231	670
United States...	2,788	2,912	66,300		6,597		88,252	
France.....	744	617	6,135				7,424	
Other countries..								
Totals.....	29,788	26,011	430,968	998	547,533	1,281	557,303	1,098
Spices.....	10,741	7,280	110,132		136,770		120,768	
Great Britain...	4,895	6,010	66,312		60,474		62,807	
United States...	1,627	3,948	35,990		64,103		47,422	
B. E. Indies...	960	829	26,721		21,753		25,625	
Other countries..								
Totals.....	18,223	18,067	239,155		283,100		256,622	
Spirits and wines—								
Spirits—								
Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy...								
Great Britain...	1,237	1,542	21,901		21,573		15,528	
United States...		110	1,285		1,102		4,750	
France.....	36,598	39,614	472,938		556,093		601,440	
Other countries..	79	88	1,026		1,032		944	
Totals.....	37,914	41,354	497,150		579,800		622,662	
Gm of all kinds...								
Great Britain...	4,955	6,123	76,738		92,505		114,589	
United States...	10		184		170		757	
Holland.....	24,877	31,704	251,673		277,817		360,683	
Other countries..		24	199		92		70	
Totals.....	29,842	37,851	328,794		370,584		476,039	
Whiskey.....	85,624	90,791	757,215		977,923		1,091,908	
Great Britain...	366	1,369	9,839		8,018		7,092	
United States...	10	99	888		888		773	
Other countries..								
Totals.....	86,000	92,259	797,942		986,829		1,099,773	
Other spirits.....								
Great Britain...	3,824	4,304	31,411		38,885		44,087	
United States...	740	417	52,328		11,365		9,589	
Other countries..	12,460	13,058	118,874		142,713		158,093	
Totals.....	17,024	17,779	202,613		192,963		211,769	
Wines, non-sparkling.....								
Great Britain...	2,114	1,550	25,284		34,053		33,179	
United States...	1,485	1,182	19,406		19,100		17,530	
France.....	4,499	5,826	106,093		114,647		115,694	
Spain.....	7,976	8,827	128,464		140,145		148,119	
Other countries..	8,527	8,203	97,697		104,243		113,770	
Totals.....	24,601	25,588	376,904		412,188		428,292	

Molasses.	Great Britain.....	768	.....	4,174	.....	2,750	.....	.....	7,098
	United States...	4,677	.....	75,235	5,670	77,958	4,312	.....	4,935
	B. W. Indies...	.....	5,183	.....	702,389	.....	763,559	.....	890,772
	Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	278,282	.....	229,739	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	6	.....	7,154	1,172	17,377	.....	6,906	5,983
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	Totals.....	5,451	5,183	364,845	709,231	327,824	767,871	57,927	901,690
	Great Britain.....	11,137	.....	145,558	.....	194,618	.....	295,315	.....
	United States...	10,802	.....	152,310	.....	168,502	.....	160,659	.....
	Other countries..	769	.....	17,951	.....	19,020	.....	24,859	.....
	Totals.....	22,708	.....	315,819	.....	382,140	.....	480,833	.....
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	Great Britain.....	36,287	.....	986,949	.....	992,755	.....	1,247,379	.....
	United States...	16,173	.....	247,258	496	257,517	4,312	218,058	4,935
	Other countries..	647,501	5,183	9,565,786	9,339	7,486,763	763,559	8,590,800	896,755
	Totals.....	699,961	5,183	10,799,993	9,835	8,737,035	767,871	10,050,037	901,690
	Totals.....	710	141,893	1,432	98,877	493	1,099,705	16	1,259,754
Tea.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	25,591	.....	28,239	.....	20,453	.....
	United States...	.....	1,745	.....	161,227	.....	1,734,072	.....	1,949,794
	B. E. Indies...	.....	233,234	.....	3,398	.....	135,633	.....	151,747
	China.....	.....	8,163	.....	5,253	.....	554,406	.....	644,316
	Other countries..	.....	28,761	.....	.....	74	176	.....	.....
Tobacco and mfrs. of	Totals.....	710	407,051	27,062	268,755	38,836	3,523,992	20,476	4,005,611
	Great Britain.....	9,025	1,991	117,219	.....	138,972	2,840	170,345	4,430
	United States...	27,077	207,263	153,661	274,119	194,829	2,781,812	215,448	2,707,431
	Cuba.....	27,112	.....	334,884	5,450	426,984	330,784	64,823	71,102
	Other countries..	3,516	8,447	41,375	7,545	50,936	66,145	54,065	43,450
Tobacco pipes, pipe mounts, &c	Totals.....	51,730	217,701	647,090	287,114	811,721	2,915,129	790,643	2,826,413
	Great Britain.....	15,843	.....	226,856	.....	244,026	.....	281,639	.....
	United States...	1,931	.....	33,031	.....	35,360	.....	44,812	.....
	Aust.-Hungary..	3,021	.....	39,929	.....	49,838	.....	108,354	.....
	Other countries..	1,656	.....	83,113	.....	55,647	.....	138,352	.....
Recapitulation.	Totals.....	26,050	.....	416,083	.....	400,817	.....	599,341	.....
	Great Britain.....	15,843	.....	226,856	.....	244,026	.....	281,639	.....
	United States...	1,931	.....	33,031	.....	35,360	.....	44,812	.....
	Aust.-Hungary..	3,021	.....	39,929	.....	49,838	.....	108,354	.....
	Other countries..	1,656	.....	83,113	.....	55,647	.....	138,352	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Turpentine, spirits of.	Great Britain. ....	.....	.....	.....	496	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,821	.....
	United States.	17,245	.....	.....	19,023	.....	.....	2,231	.....	.....	.....	513,012	.....
	Other countries. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	524,706	.....	.....	.....	623	.....
	Totals.	17,245	.....	.....	19,519	.....	.....	526,937	.....	.....	.....	517,456	.....
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials.	Great Britain.	4,921	.....	11,566	.....	.....	.....	40,877	.....	65,672	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	1,884	.....	2,382	.....	28,640	.....	10,347	.....	19,812	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	153	.....	349	.....	7,452	.....	1,419	.....	5,669	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	6,958	.....	14,197	.....	37,064	.....	52,643	.....	91,183	.....	.....	.....
Varnish, lacquers, japan dryers, &c..	Great Britain.	3,807	.....	2,272	.....	.....	.....	43,980	111	33,242	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	6,764	.....	4,843	.....	51,131	307	95,624	325	93,907	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	78	.....	324	.....	398	137	452	.....	557	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	10,649	.....	7,439	.....	149,335	444	140,056	436	127,706	.....	.....	.....
Vegetables.	Great Britain.	1,804	.....	2,358	.....	.....	.....	58,324	.....	95,535	.....	.....	.....
	United States.	18,547	.....	28,155	.....	63,657	.....	601,836	.....	790,717	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.	7,417	.....	4,936	.....	725,807	.....	117,462	.....	133,786	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.	27,768	.....	35,449	.....	893,342	.....	777,522	.....	1,020,038	.....	.....	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wool and mfrs. of— Carpets (includes mats and rugs subsequent to 1906)	Great Britain...	123,339		232,864		1,232,114		1,111,389		1,613,996			
	United States...	215		3,209		5,513		4,543		20,941			
	Germany...					8,206		6,153		1,382			
	Other countries.	6,599		3,046		8,550		14,836		41,357			
	Totals.	130,153		239,119		1,254,383		1,136,921		1,677,676			
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.	Great Britain...	39,298		59,803		524,870		551,452		751,383			
	United States...	22,990		42,242		320,304		237,872		332,596			
	France...	664		2,013		12,028		6,411		21,666			
	Germany...	16,925		29,209		257,529		259,411		313,048			
	Other countries.	603		11		15,095		7,234		4,104			
	Totals.	80,482		133,278		1,129,826		1,062,380		1,422,797			
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.	Great Britain...	744,328		618,461		4,340,750		5,318,276		5,310,933			
	United States...	333		557		8,986		11,071		22,189			
	France...	16,312		10,107		50,006		79,630		108,254			
	Germany...	15,760		2,917		52,092		77,797		64,127			
	Other countries.	1,548		202		7,666		20,552		13,382			
	Totals.	773,281		632,244		4,465,500		5,507,326		5,518,885			
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.	Great Britain...	538,196		536,327		3,977,843		4,239,249		4,837,881			
	United States...	13,045		11,779		42,045		65,697		65,385			
	France...	100,091		130,661		818,525		1,021,918		1,341,338			

Knitted goods, including knitted underwear N.E.S.	Germany..	16,432	16,388	101,813	94,841	124,037
	Other countries.	8,141	16,759	79,551	60,593	89,671
	Totals.....	675,905	711,914	5,019,777	5,482,298	6,458,312
Socks and stockings of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat, &c.	Great Britain...	19,345	28,982	262,781	270,584	509,041
	United States...	2,543	3,415	42,570	28,961	33,589
	Germany.....	2,067	3,139	36,899	42,314	49,226
	Other countries.	1,910	1,043	5,701	11,918	23,796
	Totals.....	25,865	36,579	347,951	353,777	615,652
Wool, raw	Great Britain...	107,117	99,932	875,471	1,013,624	1,114,494
	United States...	1,463	1,025	18,103	17,241	10,031
	Germany.....	15,206	15,998	84,172	84,498	73,921
	Other countries.	2,234	400	3,244	4,813	5,639
	Totals.....	126,014	117,355	940,990	1,120,176	1,204,085
Yarn.	Great Britain...	100,496	28,342	624,113	571,276	541,629
	United States...	10,305	8,728	290,794	229,811	265,456
	Australasia...	11,897	14,249	147,846	86,843	101,115
	Other countries.	1,756	10,693	372,354	133,503	125,210
	Totals.....	130,454	62,012	1,435,107	1,020,433	1,151,359
Other wool and mfrs. of, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	92,382	73,568	755,560	848,550	23,669
	United States...	55	53	3,533	2,896	941
	Germany.....	2,033	1,062	41,656	28,780	3,962
	Other countries.	787	...	15,288	8,732	42,083
	Totals.....	95,257	74,683	816,037	888,958	3,788
Other goods, including knitted underwear N.E.S.	Great Britain...	22,994	30,211	566,671	565,449	521,074
	United States...	2,924	6,765	180,359	85,974	113,842
	France.....	6,339	7,558	100,732	39,335	9,190
	Germany.....	1,857	2,195	36,076	42,909	54,440
	Other countries.	10,743	4,030	78,018	63,209	38,934
	Totals.....	61,878	50,759	73,440	95,028	114,496

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded*.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.						ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain...	1,701,465	133,390	1,680,148	59,672	12,542,060	899,525	13,918,573	945,874	15,781,728	1,016,329	1,016,329	
	United States...	46,123	13,229	69,045	8,728	541,786	376,300	454,255	272,360	602,535	275,557	275,557	
	Other countries...	226,247	13,653	246,738	24,942	1,745,555	539,936	2,031,577	244,235	2,528,689	356,920	356,920	
	Totals.....	1,973,835	160,272	1,995,931	93,342	14,829,401	1,815,761	16,404,404	1,462,469	18,912,952	1,648,846	1,648,846	
All other articles, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	66,389	53,662	73,071	7,358	821,329	252,485	944,591	541,388	1,201,529	406,304	406,304	
	United States...	207,066	163,511	234,195	58,216	2,700,151	1,302,259	3,067,653	1,013,687	3,700,688	1,278,279	1,278,279	
	Other countries...	28,805	13,604	34,229	22,697	368,247	247,739	415,794	261,156	507,337	272,299	272,299	
	Totals.....	302,260	230,777	341,495	87,671	3,898,727	1,802,483	4,428,038	1,816,231	5,409,554	1,956,882	1,956,882	
Total imports (mdse.)	Great Britain...	5,539,372	1,250,014	5,249,147	845,545	45,589,391	15,151,506	55,656,130	18,722,316	64,936,492	21,682,969	21,682,969	
	United States...	7,842,385	6,469,096	6,348,200	4,713,823	77,642,433	79,573,714	94,148,365	82,649,072	101,229,838	85,734,674	85,734,674	
	Other countries...	2,630,784	1,473,161	2,871,816	908,235	28,041,698	12,635,383	29,152,336	14,459,522	33,654,072	14,950,245	14,950,245	
	Totals.....	16,012,541	9,192,271	14,469,163	6,467,603	151,273,572	98,382,603	178,956,831	115,830,910	199,820,402	122,367,888	122,367,888	
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain...	.....	5,500	.....	.....	.....	10,623	.....	.....	13,586	.....	542,157	
	United States...	.....	197,754	.....	67,967	.....	5,654,260	.....	8,729,716	.....	5,588,442	5,588,442	
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,899	.....	1,626	.....	2,564	2,564	
	Totals.....	.....	203,254	.....	67,967	.....	5,668,782	.....	8,744,928	.....	6,133,163	6,133,163	
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain...	5,539,372	1,255,514	5,249,147	845,545	45,589,391	15,162,129	55,656,130	18,735,902	64,936,492	22,225,126	22,225,126	
	United States...	7,842,385	6,666,850	6,348,200	4,781,790	77,642,433	76,229,974	94,148,365	91,378,788	101,229,838	91,323,116	91,323,116	
	Other countries...	2,630,784	1,473,161	2,871,816	908,235	28,041,698	12,635,282	29,152,336	14,461,148	33,654,072	14,952,869	14,952,869	
	Totals.....	16,012,541	9,395,525	14,469,163	6,535,570	151,273,572	104,051,385	178,956,831	124,575,838	199,820,402	128,501,051	128,501,051	

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the *months of* February, 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months ending* February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals living— Horned cattle	Great Britain.....	\$ 541,839	.....	\$ 132,135	.....	\$ 11,264,599	29,950	\$ 11,077,489	.....	\$ 8,382,736	.....	\$	\$
	United States.....	7,616	.....	5,318	.....	188,258	2,952	512,887	1,130	578,549	.....	1,525	.....
	Newfoundland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75,825	.....	109,384	.....	97,680	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	40	.....	125	.....	184,979	.....	323,878	.....	30,484	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	549,495	.....	137,578	.....	11,713,661	32,902	12,023,638	1,130	9,089,499	.....	1,525	.....
Horses	Great Britain.....	2,400	.....	2,800	.....	51,580	275	23,975	750	35,800	.....	300	.....
	United States.....	20,260	1,400	18,464	4,775	364,782	334,280	477,423	465,743	423,403	.....	435,491	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	125	.....	42,618	.....	79,078	.....	28,830	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	22,660	1,400	21,389	4,775	458,980	334,555	580,476	466,493	488,033	.....	435,791	.....
Sheep	Great Britain.....	6,502	.....	7,811	.....	289,935	.....	245,261	.....	266,019	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	3,633	.....	6,365	.....	876,932	1,665	1,055,420	12,483	905,043	.....	14,613	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	390	.....	21,377	.....	21,374	.....	17,681	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	10,135	.....	14,566	.....	1,188,144	1,665	1,322,655	12,483	1,188,743	.....	14,613	.....
Other animals, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	371	.....	45	.....	2,833	.....	608	.....	111	.....	.....	.....
	United States.....	6,173	75	4,956	26	94,017	7,419	88,341	5,532	105,691	.....	54,271	.....
	Other countries..	25	.....	54	.....	4,077	.....	8,037	.....	5,329	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	6,569	75	5,055	26	100,927	7,419	96,986	5,532	111,131	.....	54,271	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Recapitulation.		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
	Great Britain...	551,112	1,475	142,791	4,801	11,608,947	30,225	11,947,333	750	8,684,716	300		
	United States...	37,682		35,103		1,523,989	346,316	2,134,071	484,888	2,012,686	505,900		
	Other countries...	65		694		328,776		541,751		180,004			
	Totals.....	588,859	1,475	178,588	4,801	13,461,712	376,541	14,623,155	485,638	10,877,406	506,200		
Ashes													
	Great Britain...	1,435		785		27,792		23,152		22,015	350		
	United States...	4,573		4,685		54,479		63,990	181	48,437			
	Other countries...					4,241		7,008		5,709			
	Totals.....	6,008		5,470		86,512		94,150	181	76,161	350		
Books, pamphlets, maps, photographs, &c													
	Great Britain...	9,644	3,074	14,621	751	94,851	9,524	56,656	5,471	72,325	2,521		
	United States...	14,981	5,082	9,295	6,937	89,773	57,044	103,850	57,998	111,285	71,826		
	Other countries...	1,944	213	1,930		53,959	4,151	45,401	3,997	24,772	1,726		
	Totals.....	26,569	8,369	25,846	7,688	238,583	70,722	205,907	67,466	208,382	76,073		
Breadstuffs— Grain— Barley													
	Great Britain...	110,312		54,979		195,096	1,006,814	669,007	338,131	693,778	16,667		
	United States...			18,199		22,447	70	7,441	150	138,734			
	Belgium.....			40,260		25,108	18,829	11,245		166,299			
	Other countries...	14,736		11		3,369	1,426	23,633		50,347	29		
	Totals.....	125,048		113,449		246,020	1,027,139	711,326	338,281	1,049,158	16,696		

Beans	Great Britain...	1,672	11,163	29,169	7,434	2,464	2,464
	United States...	1,548	588	17,060	20,041	99	18,089
	France...	952	2,224	72,413	480	2,346	36
	Other countries...			21,764	22,932	48	17,728
	Totals	4,172	13,925	140,406	50,887	147	41,227
Buckwheat...	Great Britain...	15,672	13,784	170,413	160,061	440	147,653
	United States...	5,512	7,507	7,328	9,645		20,228
	Belgium...	626	645	53,692	34,408		49,410
	Other countries...		1,287	21,910	1,659		1,289
	Totals	22,810	23,173	253,343	205,773	440	218,580
Indian corn...	Great Britain...	700	2,222	5,110	20,583	2,609,720	5,244
	United States...		420	830	49	790	4,534
	Belgium...						7
	Germany...						
	Other countries...	1	8	235	605	14,687	803
	Totals	701	2,650	6,175	21,237	2,625,197	10,581
Oats...	Great Britain...	67,822	45,382	329,920	1,891,584	65,204	2,432,899
	United States...	1,323	1,402	41,541	39,349	76,456	130,932
	Belgium...			43,655	941		17,536
	B. W. Indies...	6,588	6,046	60,513	1,323	79,570	86,515
	Other countries...	12,717	4,951	144,499	155,447		437,723
	Totals	88,450	57,781	620,128	2,166,891	141,660	3,105,605
Pease, whole and split...	Great Britain...	33,843	23,635	275,737	368,515		333,213
	United States...	13,022	24,105	138,019	90,424		121,398
	Belgium...				345		2,482
	B. W. Indies...	1,896	1,125	6,955	29,681		34,570
	Other countries...	10,660	12,119	234,124	221,332		173,007
	Totals	59,421	60,982	654,835	710,297		684,670
Rye...	Great Britain...		1,189				23,373
	United States...			2		48,607	18,799
	Other countries...				73	9	9,765
					20		
	Totals		1,189	2	20	48,616	33,138
							18,799

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain.....	67,717	.....	20,880	.....	434,436	.....	561,007	.....	611,251	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	9	.....	2,636	.....	940	.....	28	.....
	Other countries.....	6,239	.....	2	.....	33,872	.....	53,990	.....	54,851	.....
	Totals.....	73,956	.....	20,891	.....	470,944	.....	615,537	.....	666,130	.....
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain.....	213,210	.....	308,743	.....	2,885,906	.....	2,933,277	.....	4,325,549	.....
	United States.....	15	.....	7,002	.....	90,453	.....	40,103	.....	108,271	.....
	Australasia.....	.....	.....	1,400	.....	22,868	.....	17,143	.....	1,400	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	16,364	.....	24,179	.....	293,270	.....	294,860	.....	288,412	.....
	Newfoundland.....	24,323	.....	56,720	.....	1,022,643	.....	932,382	.....	1,178,954	.....
	Other countries.....	104,204	.....	127,148	.....	999,990	.....	876,886	.....	1,819,992	.....
	Totals.....	358,116	.....	525,192	.....	5,315,130	.....	5,074,651	.....	7,722,578	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	960	.....
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.....	Great Britain.....	8,857	.....	3,773	.....	44,022	.....	50,583	.....	38,828	.....
	United States.....	210	.....	641	.....	10,340	.....	6,517	.....	6,110	.....
	Other countries.....	5,047	.....	2,609	.....	41,925	.....	48,934	.....	62,044	.....
	Totals.....	14,114	.....	7,023	.....	96,277	.....	1,392	.....	106,982	.....
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain.....	1,587,672	.....	3,285,259	.....	28,191,352	.....	35,228,372	.....	47,504,344	.....
	United States.....	26,929	.....	94,572	.....	2,514,677	.....	2,163,697	.....	840,365	.....
	Other countries.....	258,341	.....	494,486	.....	3,992,995	.....	255,082	.....	57,099	.....
	Totals.....	1,872,942	.....	3,874,317	.....	34,699,024	.....	40,847,381	.....	54,072,020	.....
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,630	.....	15,700	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48,768	.....	50,565	.....
	Other countries.....	8,154	.....	10,507	.....	16,260	.....	66,144	.....	93,668	.....
	Totals.....	8,154	.....	10,507	.....	22,145	.....	63,251	.....	155,933	.....
Bicycles.....	Great Britain.....	120	.....	25	.....	663	.....	95	.....	505	.....
	United States.....	25	.....	50	.....	941	.....	698	.....	1,627	.....
	Australasia.....	4,550	.....	.....	.....	36,629	.....	56,383	.....	26,885	.....
	Other countries.....	315	.....	465	.....	14,301	.....	249	.....	31,788	.....
	Totals.....	5,010	.....	540	.....	53,134	.....	1,042	.....	60,805	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,399	.....
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain.....	363	.....	20,873	.....	29,986	.....	8,555	.....	35,502	.....
	United States.....	10,257	.....	2,308	.....	65,919	.....	67,254	.....	82,153	.....
	Other countries.....	3,804	.....	18,930	.....	97,191	.....	94,995	.....	145,906	.....
	Totals.....	14,424	.....	42,111	.....	193,096	.....	142,166	.....	263,561	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83,126	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47,776	.....

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.						ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
	1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>												
Carrriages, carts, &c.....	483	279		20,898	3,000	30,649	14,593	23,150	18,889	51,707	8,358	
United States.....	10,282	9,451		2,358	4,400	72,745	116,720	63,486	158,639	134,345	162,582	
Other countries.....	16,823	7		29,902	348	164,981	11,144	222,044	17,899	304,247	18,307	
Totals.....	27,588	9,737		53,158	7,748	268,375	142,457	308,680	190,427	490,299	190,247	
Clothing and wearing apparel.....												
Great Britain.....	1,161	142		2,945	123	19,706	4,805	15,003	2,048	22,834	1,937	
United States.....	2,247	295		2,926	1,285	24,379	18,019	35,374	14,913	40,517	11,695	
Newfoundland.....	1,734			2,957	25	30,957	18	24,089	1,640	26,173	37	
Other countries.....	309	637		7,908		18,672	1,367	82,651	1,275	50,716	2,659	
Totals.....	5,451	1,074		16,736	1,433	93,714	24,209	107,717	19,876	140,240	16,328	
Coa coke, charcoal and cinders.....												
Great Britain.....	285			653		34,179		17,231		25,573		
United States.....	354,750	4,909		202,594	16,030	3,593,548	112,643	3,786,016	130,659	3,815,768	171,398	
Newfoundland.....	21,307	188		19,370		439,738	3,051	319,781	2,230	384,063	2,992	
Other countries.....	20,453			35,650		136,623	472	185,150		267,444	293	
Totals.....	396,795	5,097		258,277	16,030	4,224,088	116,166	4,398,178	132,889	4,492,878	174,683	
Cordage, rope and twine.....												
Great Britain.....	110	232				41,648	1,000	35,175	232	75,238	6,634	
United States.....	8,512	1,629			6,710	262,727	5,568	275,216	7,106	851,345	11,772	
Newfoundland.....	510	25		22	160	2,856	1,792	2,856	1,515	3,772	2,663	
Other countries.....	3,709			6,208		63,115	280	64,474		98,391		
Totals.....	12,841	1,866		9,330	6,870	370,293	8,640	377,721	8,833	1,028,746	21,069	
Cotton and mfrs of.												
Great Britain.....	2,034	12,838		1,454	895	41,435	2,388	27,062	29,519	24,945	21,729	
United States.....	3,570	194		8,961	759	85,201	12,880	78,662	9,868	93,703	16,203	
Other countries.....	13,062			14,128		1,281,271	343	627,112	16,115	258,653	2,749	
Totals.....	24,666	13,032		24,543	1,634	1,407,997	15,611	732,836	55,502	377,303	40,681	

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain.....	25,737	.....	23,443	.....	363,711	10,256	330,836	1,574	265,649	1,179
	United States....	44,632	86,445	44,769	80,281	453,633	521,109	559,564	751,655	559,564	964,561
	Australasia.....	.....	.....	3,097	.....	24,641	.....	42,816	.....	18,976	.....
	Other countries..	10,743	76	24,320	3	212,461	37,979	357,186	11,148	293,732	8,929
	Totals.....	81,112	86,521	95,629	80,284	1,054,446	569,344	1,255,463	763,777	1,137,921	974,659
Electric apparatus.....	Great Britain.....	55	.....	206	.....	3,814	373	4,634	11,437	1,359	875
	United States....	2,014	2,057	1,450	6,029	10,031	147,248	11,330	47,195	17,419	51,545
	Other countries..	310	.....	.....	.....	3,222	3,428	11,817	467	9,814	2,304
	Totals.....	2,379	2,057	1,656	6,029	17,067	151,049	27,781	59,099	28,592	54,724
Fertilizers.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,475	.....	30,055	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	24,264	8	9,818	150	220,336	3,871	176,679	1,917	176,738	150
	Other countries..	.....	.....	8,369	.....	35,590	.....	14,308	.....	56,773	.....
	Totals.....	24,264	8	18,177	150	261,401	3,871	221,042	1,917	234,511	150
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted.....	Great Britain.....	2,844	.....	19,492	.....	83,327	.....	95,919	.....	112,802	.....
	United States....	27,217	.....	32,900	.....	559,823	.....	314,106	.....	347,066	86
	Brazil.....	143,668	.....	122,606	.....	549,852	.....	683,541	.....	708,205	.....
	B. W. Indies....	96,681	830	64,731	96	678,394	5,884	898,966	4,605	730,946	4,995
	Cuba.....	49,219	.....	15,094	868	329,552	.....	367,386	.....	284,729	1,800
	Other countries..	99,735	.....	146,512	.....	947,842	150	1,223,861	.....	1,064,640	.....
	Totals.....	419,364	830	401,335	964	3,148,790	6,034	3,523,779	4,605	3,248,389	6,881
Herrings, fresh or frozen.....	Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	6,662	.....	10,617	.....	160,233	6,100	102,502	.....	144,984	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	310	.....	50	.....	50	.....
	Totals.....	6,662	.....	10,617	.....	160,543	6,100	102,552	.....	145,034	.....
Herrings, pickled.....	Great Britain.....	605	.....	.....	.....	425	.....	1,403	.....	1,518	.....
	United States....	10,987	.....	5,874	.....	111,033	.....	84,446	4,980	80,517	1,288
	B. W. Indies....	15,697	1,200	9,574	84	198,660	1,400	165,799	1,345	117,869	736
	Other countries..	77,510	.....	47,180	.....	65,934	.....	126,862	.....	179,312	606
	Totals.....	104,889	1,200	62,628	84	376,052	1,400	378,510	6,325	379,216	2,630
Lobsters, fresh.....	Great Britain.....	126	.....	.....	.....	35	.....	8,602	.....	999	.....
	United States....	76,380	.....	50,917	.....	437,675	13	412,823	.....	405,503	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	76,506	.....	50,917	.....	437,710	13	421,425	.....	406,502	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

		ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.			1906.		
		1907.		1908.	1907.		1908.
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain...	\$ 37,144	\$ 31,137		\$ 779,727	\$ 901,850	\$ 613,428
	United States...	16,985	15,147		987,145	687,283	982,471
	Belgium.....	2,492	4,004		65,400	38,949	45,991
	France.....	7,572	6,556		705,560	899,228	844,865
	Germany.....	2,865	1,380		42,837	21,017	54,171
	Other countries..	1,860	262		91,317	96,443	95,628
	Totals	69,018		58,546	2,672,086	2,644,770	2,616,554
Mackerel, fresh.....	Great Britain...						
	United States...	5,626			52,909	179,609	83,606
	Other countries..	126				185	
	Totals	5,752			52,909	179,794	83,606
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain...						
	United States...	9,656			156,506	396,410	239,253
	B. W. Indies....	4,326			33,579	53,894	47,927
	Other countries..	4,588			21,259	35,834	37,225
	Totals	18,570			213,344	486,138	324,405
						8,178	
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain...	82,684			3,960,493	1,594,528	1,813,672
	United States...	1,116			227,530	46,707	39,374
	Australasia....	4,975			228,625	206,724	199,088
	Other countries..	1,190			129,794	103,194	243,120
	Totals	89,965			4,546,442	1,881,153	2,295,254
						52	2
Salmon, fresh.....	Great Britain...	17,686			277,605	65,154	51,679
	United States...	706			179,343	164,632	135,070
	Germany.....				2,792	9,128	15,201
	Other countries..	18			9,653	1,320	13,200
	Totals	18,410			469,393	240,254	215,150

Salmon, pickled	1,400	.....	.....	890	.....	6,436	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	1,436	.....	150	132,538	.....	153,461	.....	82,093	.....	.....
United States.....	3,350	.....	629	6,675	.....	10,806	.....	7,425	.....	.....
B. W. Indies.....	4,338	.....	11,072	130,638	.....	242,579	.....	198,886	.....	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	10,524	.....	11,851	270,741	.....	413,282	.....	288,404	.....	.....
Fish, all other, fresh .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	247,706	.....	.....	930	.....	524	.....	2,301	.....	.....
United States.....	19	200	303,666	1,475,306	226	1,500,589	2,897	1,559,702	3,775	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	40	276	1	3,944	.....	553	.....	.....
Totals	247,725	200	303,706	1,476,512	227	1,505,057	2,897	1,562,556	3,775	.....
Other fish, N.E.S. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	164	.....	70	5,862	1,381	27,818	129	7,898	397	.....
United States.....	17,243	75	16,046	299,071	767	339,638	436	328,682	13,500	.....
Other countries..	11,559	7	9,846	40,931	489	90,335	2,682	88,807	1,177	.....
Totals	28,966	82	25,962	345,864	2,637	457,791	3,247	425,387	15,074	.....
Fish and fish products.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	142,743	.....	437,291	5,109,234	1,421	2,632,234	129	2,604,297	397	.....
United States.....	421,720	275	451,078	4,779,112	7,118	4,382,226	8,541	4,408,321	18,651	.....
Other countries..	531,888	2,037	513,266	4,281,986	7,924	5,220,045	16,582	4,977,839	9,314	.....
Totals	1,096,351	2,312	1,401,635	14,170,386	16,463	12,234,505	25,252	11,990,457	28,362	.....
Flax, hemp, &c. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	14,550	.....	50	19,380	.....	13,538	.....	392	.....	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	16,032	354,875	281	198,896	.....	127,600	4,500	.....
Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	14,550	.....	16,082	374,255	281	212,718	.....	127,992	4,500	.....
Fruits—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fruits, dried .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	3,155	13,875	246	11,639	781	7,356	444	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	19,286	2,025	4,308	1,249	13,759	84,303	17,573	.....
Germany.....	2,000	.....	14,075	76,660	.....	26,550	.....	96,269	.....	.....
Holland.....	33,994	.....	29,700	128,484	.....	174,604	.....	168,442	.....	.....
Other countries..	75	95	6,171	1,728	3,685	3,589	3,213	57,999	4,971	.....
Totals	36,069	95	72,387	222,772	8,239	217,631	17,753	414,369	22,988	.....
Fruits, green, apples .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	352,414	.....	354,170	3,384,616	.....	2,197,093	156	3,696,977	.....	.....
United States.....	579	90	2,220	112,772	663	11,144	2,006	311,717	1,044	.....
Other countries..	26,904	.....	4,961	482,531	.....	110,978	32	66,087	.....	.....
Totals	379,897	90	361,351	3,979,919	663	2,319,215	2,194	4,074,781	1,044	.....

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.						ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.
		\$	£	\$	\$	£	\$	\$	£	\$	\$	£	\$
Fruits— <i>Con.</i> Other fruits, green, including canned fruits, N. E. S.	Great Britain...	24,203	.....	.....	10,435	1	258,285	700	322,758	1,351	248,469	376	78,724
	United States...	999	7,986	.....	7,482	6,118	133,200	67,663	146,545	49,275	256,431	6,941	6,941
	Other countries...	3,239	194	.....	20,865	29	112,522	9,809	53,598	5,128	84,111	.....	.....
	Totals.....	28,441	8,180	.....	38,782	6,148	504,007	78,172	522,901	55,754	589,011	86,041	86,041
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Fruits.	Great Britain...	376,617	.....	.....	367,760	1	3,656,776	1,006	2,531,490	2,288	3,952,802	820	820
	United States...	1,578	8,076	.....	28,988	14,151	247,997	72,574	158,938	65,040	652,451	97,341	97,341
	Other countries...	66,212	289	.....	75,772	93	801,925	13,494	369,319	8,373	472,908	11,912	11,912
	Totals.....	444,407	8,365	.....	472,520	14,245	4,706,698	87,074	3,059,747	75,701	5,078,161	110,973	110,973
Furs and skins and mfrs. of— Furs and skins, undressed.....	Great Britain...	156,853	.....	.....	114,407	1,170	829,056	5,985	1,591,656	3,112	586,735	9,292	9,292
	United States...	128,879	3,724	.....	135,526	6,683	1,158,128	42,147	1,123,548	31,964	1,172,107	61,877	61,877
	Other countries...	20	.....	.....	10,403	.....	11,192	4,416	50,945	1,462	117,910	7,087	7,087
	Totals.....	285,752	3,724	.....	260,336	7,853	1,998,376	52,548	2,766,149	36,538	1,876,752	78,256	78,256
Furs and skins the produce of marine animals.....	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	4,314	.....	235,065	.....	170,572	.....	111,699	.....	.....
	United States...	189	.....	.....	339	.....	12,837	14,094	22,532	.....	62,163	.....	.....
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	189	.....	.....	4,653	.....	251,052	14,094	193,104	.....	173,862	.....	.....
Other furs and mfrs. of, N. E. S.	Great Britain...	257	.....	.....	758	.....	15,307	6,194	116,650	1,625	15,722	3,862	3,862
	United States...	2,513	.....	.....	3,233	1,942	46,718	8,410	41,045	12,208	40,662	6,467	6,467
	Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	160	.....	2,767	3,537	2,203	2,003	5,301	5,313	5,313
	Totals.....	2,770	.....	.....	4,151	1,942	64,792	18,141	159,898	15,836	61,685	15,642	15,642

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of	157,110	119,479	1,170	1,079,428	12,179	1,878,878	4,737	714,156	13,151
Great Britain.....	131,581	139,088	8,625	1,217,683	64,651	1,187,125	44,172	1,274,932	68,344
United States.....	20	10,563	.....	17,109	7,953	53,148	3,465	123,211	12,400
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	288,711	269,140	9,795	2,314,220	84,783	3,119,151	52,374	2,112,299	93,898
Gumpowder, explosives, &c.....	225	1,425	.....	7,757	1,858	12,984	85	10,804	.....
Great Britain.....	2,812	1,425	.....	144,595	26,455	345,901	45,769	257,212	14,949
United States.....	805	155	704	57,838	651	28,038	249	24,128	23
Newfoundland ..	725	2,855	.....	11,399	193	18,460	306	41,948	220
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	4,567	4,435	704	221,584	29,157	405,383	46,409	334,092	15,192
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.....	1,732	5,343	200	82,593	1,926	37,200	318	49,665	726
Great Britain.....	19,684	230	1,589	180,840	43,598	195,318	33,025	11,056	27,490
United States.....	830	5,956	.....	33,329	.....	42,104	.....	42,104	.....
Australasia	1,904	8,486	.....	89,034	275	60,232	506	83,242	6,573
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	24,150	20,015	1,789	401,317	45,759	326,079	33,849	186,067	34,789
Hair.....	.....	116	.....	10,491	.....	4,444	100	21,257	380
Great Britain.....	6,949	4,033	.....	94,297	3,456	117,635	1,196	127,833	4,090
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	1,434	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	6,949	4,149	.....	106,222	3,456	122,379	1,296	149,111	4,470
Hay	62,539	28,785	.....	808,654	170	896,980	.....	356,172	.....
Great Britain.....	20,859	1,932	.....	313,954	3,191	399,651	5,264	233,055	7,632
United States.....	105	1,100	.....	5,542	.....	9,141	.....	11,138	.....
E. W. Indies.....	12,239	4,497	.....	113,041	.....	95,901	.....	72,453	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	95,742	36,314	.....	1,241,191	3,361	1,401,573	5,264	672,818	7,632
Hides and skins other than fur, in- cluding pelts.....	1,225	27,158	.....	6,486	.....	26,047	3	133,927	100
Great Britain.....	309,069	316,638	8,010	3,164,352	9,848	3,416,012	13,452	3,241,636	32,169
United States.....	1,460	1,620	331	8,229	125	61,354	430	25,396	520
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	311,754	345,416	8,341	3,179,067	9,473	3,503,413	13,905	3,400,979	32,789
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmf'd— Sole and upper.....	123,500	184,069	.....	1,489,412	.....	1,304,165	.....	1,491,572	.....
Great Britain.....	324	8,283	224	3,484	780	12,537	197	24,774	7,936
United States.....	4,869	6,143	.....	36,309	.....	29,463	.....	42,296	.....
Newfoundland ..	2,082	6,489	.....	97,666	.....	39,988	.....	52,187	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	130,775	204,984	224	1,626,871	780	1,386,153	197	1,610,829	7,936

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Copper, all kinds.....	13,977	29,587	558,104	5,024	288,521	.....	.....	.....	.....	250,815	.....
United States.....	247,655	338,052	4,947,614	3,876	6,183,294	7,296	.....	.....	.....	6,847,446	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,891	3,743	.....	.....	.....	18,335	.....
Totals.....	261,632	367,639	5,509,594	5,770	6,478,706	11,039	.....	.....	.....	7,116,596	.....
Gold and silver—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nug-	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
gets, &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	278,394	1,615	12,806,215	30,377	9,917,292	.....	.....	.....	.....	569	.....
United States.....	.....	528,658	31,329	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,096,588	.....
Other countries.....	.....	27,444	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,604	.....
Totals.....	278,394	556,102	12,839,294	30,377	9,917,892	19,747	.....	.....	.....	89,274	.....
Silver ore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	31,260	20,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36,247	.....
United States.....	709,698	797,070	2,836,109	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,948,153	.....
Other countries.....	12,057	75,971	190,454	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	410,447	.....
Totals.....	721,755	904,301	3,046,563	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,394,847	.....
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Agricultural implements.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	40,898	3,150	237,327	675	359,048	3,150	.....	.....	.....	3,482	.....
United States.....	1,750	195	72,236	3,561	12,805	4,140	.....	.....	.....	10,739	.....
Australasia.....	16,196	3,766	478,600	.....	647,968	484	.....	.....	.....	701,301	.....
France.....	85,616	30	315,472	.....	373,838	30	.....	.....	.....	267,500	.....
Germany.....	85,645	187,692	306,115	.....	515,084	.....	.....	.....	.....	634,412	.....
Other countries.....	98,637	157,932	787,336	85	898,378	18	.....	.....	.....	907,080	.....
Totals.....	328,822	429,492	2,197,086	4,321	2,808,221	7,822	.....	.....	.....	2,890,628	.....
Chromic iron.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States.....	266	.....	3,510	.....	9,596	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,000	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	12,527	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,522	.....
Totals.....	266	.....	16,037	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,522	.....
Hardware.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	472	1,578	29,457	252	28,155	12,346	.....	.....	.....	32,582	.....
United States.....	1,525	1,568	39,578	67,738	25,188	17,604	.....	.....	.....	20,317	.....
Newfoundland.....	123	1	50,863	4,541	30,382	1,259	.....	.....	.....	21,660	.....
Other countries.....	9,365	3,112	58,438	925	57,391	1,686	.....	.....	.....	79,419	.....
Totals.....	11,485	6,607	179,336	73,456	141,116	32,895	.....	.....	.....	153,978	.....
Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,717	.....

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain ..	44	891	200	9,682	.....	4,534	25	7,191	764
	United States...	3,525	1,234	480	23,083	6,668	23,121	7,338	19,902	7,833
	Other countries..	1,147	652	.....	20,159	215	21,051	270	12,795	2,086
	Totals ..	4,716	2,777	680	52,924	6,883	48,706	7,653	39,888	10,683
<i>Recapitulation.</i>										
Iron and steel	Great Britain ..	58,511	90,865	6,991	426,595	16,302	601,902	34,519	661,384	22,304
	United States...	43,054	29,767	33,698	1,169,122	808,590	743,888	640,321	566,669	948,195
	Other countries..	313,375	462,703	2,560	2,412,741	30,003	3,002,226	14,712	8,223,724	56,713
	Totals.....	415,840	583,386	43,249	4,008,458	854,895	4,348,116	689,552	4,457,777	1,027,212
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Great Britain ..	.....	.....	.....	98,510	.....	170,868	.....	397,126	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	68,600	.....	170,261	.....	107,711	17,640
	Belgium.....	84,139	.....	.....	192,335	.....	556,290	.....	484,220	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44,755	.....	.....	.....
Asbestos	Totals	84,139	.....	.....	359,445	.....	942,144	.....	989,057	17,640
	Great Britain ..	13,291	16,205	.....	293,862	.....	310,611	.....	221,547	.....
	United States...	66,931	84,631	.....	839,377	.....	934,119	.....	1,209,596	.....
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	100,396	.....	62,222	.....	8,195	.....
Nickel.....	Other countries..	2,500	9,150	.....	132,578	.....	189,800	.....	155,247	.....
	Totals	82,722	109,986	.....	1,366,213	.....	1,502,752	.....	1,594,585	.....
	Great Britain ..	41,962	46,564	.....	431,510	.....	717,285	.....	656,980	.....
	United States...	93,033	36,909	.....	1,315,406	.....	1,678,342	.....	1,291,339	.....
Lead ore	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	136,995	82,473	.....	1,746,916	.....	2,395,627	.....	1,948,319	.....
	Great Britain ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	23,371	.....	.....	398,349	.....	580,877	.....	393,049	.....
Mica	Other countries..	32,835	101,024	.....	555,133	.....	111,564	.....	582,643	38
	Totals.....	56,206	101,024	.....	923,482	.....	692,441	.....	977,440	38
	Great Britain ..	3,906	.....	.....	31,271	.....	49,442	.....	55,649	40
	United States...	34,661	2,175	.....	183,143	1,293	504,227	9,954	264,126	36
Totals.....	Other countries..	.....	50	.....	2,270	.....	2,620	.....	5,319	.....
	Totals.....	38,567	2,225	.....	216,684	1,293	556,289	9,954	325,044	76

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.						ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs of— <i>Con.</i>													
Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i>													
Ores, except iron ore.		5,672	1,878	.....	31,211	.....	89,343	.....	72,129	.....	.....	.....	.....
		25,478	24,773	.....	327,032	.....	260,531	.....	260,531	.....	.....	.....	.....
		8,627	31,580	.....	11,596	.....	52,184	.....	92,777	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.		39,777	58,231	.....	369,839	.....	409,500	.....	425,437	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.		8,469	4,180	.....	120,905	.....	74,018	.....	62,516	.....	.....	.....	.....
		19,143	29,846	.....	261,451	.....	280,481	.....	316,223	.....	.....	.....	.....
		809	3,948	.....	52,899	.....	57,970	.....	84,304	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.		28,421	39,974	.....	435,255	.....	412,460	.....	463,043	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of....		145,783	220,540	.....	2,013,518	.....	2,308,630	.....	2,416,650	.....	.....	.....	.....
		1,544,318	1,870,851	.....	25,122,418	.....	26,886,709	.....	28,301,431	.....	.....	.....	.....
		454,342	713,870	.....	3,685,807	.....	4,235,342	.....	5,099,815	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.		2,144,448	2,805,291	.....	30,821,743	.....	33,430,681	.....	35,817,896	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milk and cream, condensed.		6,760	.....	8,274	.....	7,131	.....	.....	.....	.....
		2,217	.....	932	.....	2,730	.....	.....	.....	.....
		20	130	.....	110,332	.....	30,332	.....	9,543	.....	.....	.....	.....
		26,550	.....	23,109	.....	7,045	.....	.....	.....	.....
		2,739	1,181	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.		2,759	10,854	.....	146,058	.....	62,647	.....	26,449	.....	.....	.....	.....
Musical instruments		17,512	10,185	.....	138,053	.....	164,710	.....	131,830	.....	.....	.....	.....
		3,803	1,333	.....	39,075	.....	41,447	.....	48,048	.....	.....	.....	.....
		3,245	1,280	.....	59,337	.....	68,513	.....	60,571	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.		24,560	12,798	.....	236,465	.....	274,670	.....	240,449	.....	.....	.....	.....

Oilcake.....	Great Britain.....	22,420	24,557	136,454	265,445	388,723	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....
	Other countries..	18,401	26,720	20,273	127,180	.....	16
	Totals.....	40,821	51,677	158,777	397,177	20	538,869
Oils.....	Great Britain.....	15,563	20,772	62,315	144,179	.....	947
	United States.....	3,519	3,965	72,474	2,679	1,437	73,074
	Other countries..	1,020	1,938	20,068	10,367	10,470	11,911
	Totals.....	20,102	26,675	154,857	13,046	11,907	21,180
Paper.....	Great Britain.....	76,501	121,348	1,126,982	1,676	974,565	1,164,936
	United States.....	13,233	513	170,532	4,975	78,786	840,021
	Australasia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,622
	Other countries..	97,865	56,053	578,484	9,234	747,813	793,886
	Totals.....	187,599	347,938	1,875,998	15,885	1,801,164	304,947
Provisions—							329
Butter.....	Great Britain.....	.....	8,575	6,911,517	8,148	73,080	7,318
	United States.....	30	136	43,173	5,043	14,214	823,761
	Newfoundland..	1,031	797	53,557	774	17,477	38,751
	Other countries..	16,903	8,840	167,805	5,338	.....	33,860
	Totals.....	17,904	18,348	7,176,057	19,303	.....	162,032
						90,557	7,726
						1,058,404	11,872
Cheese.....	Great Britain.....	963,912	558,031	22,721,479	47	29,820	21,976,338
	United States.....	437	271	14,509	458	18	17,432
	E. W. Indies.....	1,897	2,069	28,538	18,725	.....	22,708
	Newfoundland..	115	.....	32,903	46,952	.....	33,439
	Other countries..	3,776	4,028	55,538	49,329	.....	38,896
	Totals.....	970,137	564,399	22,852,967	505	29,838	22,088,813
							34,543
Eggs.....	Great Britain.....	100	.....	448,450	521,556	.....	270,567
	United States.....	9	104	26	2,787	1,752	5,346
	Other countries..	977	939	29,872	43,980	.....	14,932
	Totals.....	1,086	1,103	481,109	11,757	1,752	290,845
							3,893
Meats—							
Bacon and hams.....	Great Britain.....	961,363	747,598	11,383,230	165,496	11,031,438	10,251,104
	United States.....	80	36	55,694	7,108	19,080	1,616
	British Africa.....	.....	.....	31,013	.....	10,589	429
	Other countries..	877	253	10,335	19	15,895	5,533
	Totals.....	962,320	747,887	11,480,272	173,623	11,077,002	10,258,082
						1,861	3,566

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Provisions— <i>Con.</i> Meats— <i>Con.</i>	Great Britain...	\$ 13,118	\$	\$ 7,037	\$	\$ 26,007	\$ 394	\$ 75,949	\$	\$ 71,935	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	2,044	33	12,096	63	6,133	3,582	10,247	1,368	10,161	1,186	...	...
	Newfoundland...	6,140	370	2,704	5	19,052	18,068	27,777	19,323	44,319	22,252	...	...
	Other countries..	357	763	...	...	115,546	318	9,880	982	2,782	60	...	...
	Totals.....	21,659	1,133	21,870	68	166,738	22,352	123,853	21,673	129,197	23,698	...	...
Canned meats.....	Great Britain...	28,778	...	22,444	88	1,869,216	1,295	436,426	...	135,844	...	...	...
	United States...	...	...	1,274	...	1,091	227	1,447	123	687	...	...	...
	British Africa...	1,297	...	28	...	14,574	32	33,562	...	1,310	...	...	...
	Other countries..	...	...	...	...	657	...	6,581	...	1,647	...	...	...
	Totals.....	30,075	...	23,746	88	1,885,538	1,554	478,016	123	139,488	88	...	...
Pork.....	Great Britain...	3,131	...	319	...	36,105	...	15,605	...	22,647	...	...	...
	United States...	3,313	...	572	...	7,887	2,172	12,828	336	15,753	715	...	...
	Newfoundland...	1,040	376	5,738	...	9,112	15,884	8,856	15,032	8,821	20,537	...	...
	Other countries..	3,820	19	2,855	60	9,399	63	15,880	35	12,265	944	...	...
	Totals.....	11,304	395	9,484	60	62,503	18,119	53,169	15,403	59,486	22,196	...	...
Poultry.....	Great Britain...	6,594	...	6,480	...	74,646	...	48,529	...	99,348	2,460	...	...
	United States...	43	...	24	...	19,071	386	8,776	...	7,131	244	...	...
	Other countries..	1,789	...	119	...	14,675	...	10,781	...	9,815	...	...	...
	Totals.....	8,426	...	6,623	...	108,392	386	68,086	...	116,294	2,704	...	...
	Great Britain...	31,138	...	221,318	...	113,316	96	158,485	...	632,592	...	...	...
Other provisions, N. E. S.....	United States...	2,546	85	1,020	45	24,486	1,171	41,280	1,180	13,832	5,860	...	...
	Other countries..	1,422	9	16,518	27	8,303	248	27,500	3,287	33,095	637	...	...
	Totals.....	35,106	94	238,856	72	146,105	1,515	227,265	4,467	679,449	6,497	...	...

Recapitulation.

Provisions	Great Britain...	2,008,134	...	1,571,802	6,075	43,583,966	175,476	42,186,069	102,900	34,284,046	27,454
	United States...	8,502	111	2,256	3,747	174,881	31,904	174,881	23,831	110,720	29,154
	Other countries...	41,441	1,537	58,258	3,483	600,879	40,734	581,991	38,923	425,883	52,449
	Totals.....	2,058,077	1,648	1,632,316	13,305	44,359,681	243,114	42,897,581	165,674	34,820,658	109,057
Rags	Great Britain...	2,229	...	12,566	...	48,602	...	62,823	...	110,928	1,620
	United States...	19,098	...	6,986	...	132,290	117	157,963	1,052	179,259	1,914
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	247	960	2,647	20	945	...
	Totals.....	21,327	...	19,552	...	181,139	1,077	223,633	1,072	291,132	3,534
Salt	Great Britain...	20	...	...	...	5,080	20,906	20	...	...	...
	United States...	150	...	2	...	40	17,096	2,120	9,165	6,689	14,880
	Newfoundland...	...	150	...	...	1,442	420	396	16,463	1,111	16,065
	Other countries...	32	...	3	...	...	...	791	...	358	500
	Totals.....	302	150	5	...	6,562	38,422	3,327	25,628	8,158	31,445
Seeds—	Great Britain...	45,547	...	9,772	...	306,379	...	153,224	...	272,614	...
Clover and grass	United States...	38,650	...	86,124	...	670,737	...	275,554	...	391,634	...
	Other countries...	13,432	...	14,131	...	343,308	...	99,254	...	187,641	...
	Totals.....	97,629	...	104,027	...	1,320,484	...	528,032	...	851,979	...
Other seeds, N.E.S.	Great Britain...	6,434	...	5,427	...	3,214	120,810	159,346	2,636,891	15,916	1,046,865
	United States...	2,504	...	565	90	14,908	2,952	15,468	141	11,387	155
	Other countries...	32	...	57	...	429	183,889	4,289	1,458,838	780	677,752
	Totals.....	8,970	...	6,049	90	18,551	307,651	179,103	4,095,870	28,083	1,724,772
Settlers' effects	Great Britain...	915	200	9,112	7,475	76,863	12,490	95,502	1,460	179,610	12,844
	United States...	64,372	7,760	65,770	4,223	1,355,728	87,642	1,456,799	107,858	1,517,946	153,161
	Other countries...	1,550	...	3,438	125	37,568	1,915	34,829	1,235	35,837	130
	Totals.....	66,837	7,960	78,320	11,823	1,449,959	102,047	1,587,130	110,553	1,733,433	166,135
ps	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,000	...
	United States...	18,500	...	5,500	...	15,700	...	52,400	44,100	14,800	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	7,323	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals.....	18,500	...	5,500	...	23,083	...	52,400	44,100	24,800	...

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	410	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,604	.....	3,021
	United States.....	5,228	1,404	21	70,237	13,518	62,211	1,536	.....	.....	.....	13,386	.....	1,251
	E. W. Indies.....	4,113	4,113	.....	32,550	.....	50,556	.....	.....	.....	.....	35,701	.....	6,224
	Cuba.....	14,825	2,835	.....	330,338	.....	277,569	1,504	.....	.....	.....	287,676	.....	759
Other vegetables, N. E. S.....	Other countries.....	8,733	7,903	.....	98,387	25	103,457	.....	.....	.....	.....	80,361	.....	11,258
	Totals.....	29,196	16,255	21	531,517	13,543	493,803	3,040	.....	.....	.....	421,728	.....	86
	Great Britain.....	1,236	9,620	.....	10,760	.....	6,078	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,529	.....	2,583
	United States.....	16,178	15,382	70	187,187	8,998	190,054	20,425	.....	.....	.....	230,464	.....	816
Wood and mfrs. of :— Wood, unmanufactured— Logs.....	Other countries.....	598	606	45	28,730	340	20,168	2,838	.....	.....	.....	16,336	.....	3,485
	Totals.....	18,012	25,611	115	225,077	9,338	216,300	23,263	.....	.....	.....	265,329	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	200	1,100	.....	28,319	410	53,414	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,812	.....	.....
	United States.....	26,328	41,963	.....	406,471	.....	580,297	6	.....	.....	.....	581,515	.....	.....
Lumber— Deals, pine.....	Other countries.....	26,528	43,063	.....	2,118	.....	302	.....	.....	.....	.....	635	.....	.....
	Totals.....	12,147	3,013	.....	436,908	410	634,013	6	.....	.....	.....	607,962	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	4,406	554	.....	1,949,486	.....	2,305,899	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,561,207	.....	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	203,401	.....	150,067	.....	.....	.....	.....	83,603	.....	10,487
Deals, spruce and other.....	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	4,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,127	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	12,216	.....	3,286	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	16,553	3,567	.....	2,169,229	.....	2,459,252	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,646,937	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	188,759	144,322	.....	5,790,979	.....	7,922,011	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,865,662	.....	.....
Deal ends.....	United States.....	11,464	540	.....	449,680	.....	464,000	259	.....	.....	.....	405,291	.....	.....
	France.....	.....	.....	.....	27,763	.....	53,586	.....	.....	.....	.....	67,266	.....	.....
	Spain.....	.....	.....	.....	11,672	.....	4,053	.....	.....	.....	.....	52,589	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	380	.....	111,159	.....	91,762	.....	.....	.....	.....	90,528	.....	.....
Planks and boards.....	Totals.....	200,223	145,242	.....	6,391,244	.....	8,535,422	259	.....	.....	.....	6,471,336	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	11,620	2,233	.....	369,259	.....	361,258	.....	.....	.....	.....	294,278	.....	.....
	United States.....	240	.....	.....	7,116	.....	14,733	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,956	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	12,053	.....	1,926	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,569	.....	.....
Totals.....	Totals.....	11,860	2,233	.....	388,428	.....	377,917	.....	.....	.....	.....	312,803	.....	.....
	Great Britain.....	41,202	23,939	.....	1,374,137	.....	1,637,357	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,493,741	.....	.....
	United States.....	587,028	303,387	.....	11,843,281	.....	15,112,008	1,359	.....	.....	.....	14,885,271	.....	2,745
	Arg. Republic.....	112,075	138,648	.....	1,464,936	.....	1,819,201	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,858,395	.....	1,925
Totals.....	Other countries.....	99,891	102,857	.....	1,274,685	556	1,631,162	4,320	.....	.....	.....	2,671,607	.....	.....
	Totals.....	840,196	568,831	.....	15,639,039	4,776	20,199,728	5,679	.....	.....	.....	20,309,014	.....	4,670

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain.....	27,493	10,036	250,962	241,095	99,851
	United States.....	785	1,400	34,489	23,477	16,880
	Mexico.....	4,139	2,688	15,622	20,578	12,143
	Other countries..			43,238	35,047	43,635
	Totals.....	32,417	14,124	344,311	320,197	172,509
Timber, square— Oak	Great Britain.....		26,800	114,404	279,815	153,430
	United States.....			1,057		1,039
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....		26,800	115,461	279,815	154,469
Pine, white.	Great Britain.....		42,200	882,878	1,135,936	993,095
	United States..			101	3,546	
	Other countries..			7,210	269	5,203
	Totals.....		42,200	890,189	1,139,751	998,298
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	7,656	30,235	490,971	657,167	318,866
	United States..	76	1,715	15,455	21,238	25,101
	Other countries..			14,090	5,622	3,024
	Totals.....	7,732	31,950	490,516	684,027	346,991
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain.....					
	United States..	164,772	336,755	2,386,604	2,507,163	459
	Other countries..					4,037,076
	Totals.....	164,772	336,755	2,386,604	2,507,163	4,037,076
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....					
	United States..	23,544	44,094	21,952	889,208	775
	Other countries..	5,010	4,273	6,482	22,253	1,154,289
	Totals.....	28,554	48,372	709,010	931,751	71,586
Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....					
	United States..	309,453	304,310	11,867,150	15,351,277	11,480,785
	Other countries..	1,011,987	815,720	19,898,192	24,447,441	25,959,247
	Totals.....	229,964	261,016	2,900,347	3,861,370	6,539
Wood, unmanufactured.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States..	1,551,404	1,381,046	34,665,689	43,660,088	41,981,702
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....					

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of February, 1907 and 1908, and during the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

	FEBRUARY.		ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.		
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	549,815	509,389	6,011,067	6,848,888	7,015,071
Malt.....	96,565	103,257	1,143,156	1,279,836	1,336,420
Malt liquor.....	78	434	8,595	8,065	10,744
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	180,126	220,621	2,043,799	2,280,715	2,392,822
" Canadian leaf.....	13,436	12,698	145,133	141,258	141,938
" combination leaf.....	7,613	9,246	88,101	93,276	98,505
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	86,943	102,203	741,605	907,470	1,060,180
" Canadian leaf.....	15	10		18	321
" combination leaf.....	600	1,188	11,439	14,282	10,800
Snuff.....	2,546	2,509	26,284	29,764	29,339
Canada twist.....	92	107	1,548	1,065	538
Foreign raw leaf.....	140,700	130,997	1,260,599	1,421,106	1,474,664
Licenses.....		1	3,341	3,095	4,125
Totals, Tobacco.....	432,071	479,580	4,321,849	4,892,049	5,213,233
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	79,657	67,783	998,698	1,081,260	1,054,567
" Canadian leaf.....	372	331	3,705	4,131	5,104
" combination leaf.....	1,953	1,876	22,223	28,009	24,489
Licenses.....	28		15,103	11,647	15,453
Totals, Cigars.....	82,010	69,990	1,039,729	1,125,047	1,099,613
Acetic acid.....	191	73	3,048	1,814	3,201
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	1,635	2,375	48,927	54,235	63,252
Seizures.....	319	280	3,087	2,049	3,148
Other receipts.....	3,143	2,842	47,039	54,322	58,177
Totals, Excise Revenue.....	1,165,827	1,168,220	12,626,497	14,266,305	14,802,859
Hydraulic and other rents.....	12	2	3,617	3,534	3,617
Minor public works.....		50	851	1,607	1,155
Inspection of electric light.....	2,722	3,017	23,735	28,778	30,788
" gas.....	2,707	3,124	35,531	42,121	37,521
" weights and measures.....	5,048	4,161	67,542	69,755	74,440
Law stamps.....	632	715	12,526	9,314	8,731
Other revenues.....	5,884	5,012	69,254	58,455	56,674
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,182,892	1,184,301	12,839,553	14,479,869	15,015,785

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months, eleven months and twelve months* ending February 1899 to 1908.

Years.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.	Expenditure on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Public Works (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899.....	2,053,901	761,192	240,000	256,184	308,887	3,620,164	2,244,510	982,564
1900.....	2,127,359	680,710	265,000	225,435	127,568	3,426,072	2,622,237	295,461
1901.....	2,248,109	771,477	265,000	323,953	145,656	3,754,195	2,487,688	466,928
1902.....	2,270,132	807,744	290,000	370,441	282,994	4,021,311	2,784,914	839,521
1903.....	2,634,706	914,599	340,000	429,767	287,282	4,656,354	2,838,680	213,163
1904.....	2,927,303	984,188	340,000	402,398	657,089	5,310,978	3,372,397	419,268
1905.....	2,893,810	902,713	360,000	351,453	173,739	4,681,720	5,535,336	1,609,316
1906.....	3,296,518	1,010,353	420,000	540,465	238,221	5,505,557	3,205,647	1,233,941
1907.....	4,126,491	1,159,144	480,000	708,712	853,474	7,327,821	4,302,362	1,024,012
1908.....	3,985,913	1,175,682	550,000	615,495	249,937	6,577,027	4,387,819	3,522,989

ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899.....	21,598,920	8,593,724	2,995,229	3,836,390	2,504,666	39,528,929	31,606,775	7,400,465
1900.....	24,962,936	8,976,836	2,813,388	4,440,148	2,723,018	43,916,326	33,595,965	6,726,343
1901.....	25,408,462	9,232,567	3,008,070	5,158,733	2,995,188	45,803,020	35,429,690	7,468,017
1902.....	27,397,311	10,030,968	3,350,627	5,635,735	2,970,087	49,384,728	39,003,964	10,609,783
1903.....	31,924,024	10,781,908	3,815,648	6,283,062	3,250,721	56,055,363	40,864,266	8,154,621
1904.....	36,701,045	11,748,784	4,212,870	6,321,626	3,786,497	62,770,822	40,361,129	7,087,431
1905.....	37,094,141	11,367,288	4,330,037	6,590,925	3,431,900	62,814,291	47,556,918	9,529,039
1906.....	39,700,350	12,322,071	4,916,924	7,302,611	3,562,408	67,804,364	48,721,939	10,577,250
1907.....	46,170,745	13,934,793	5,705,224	8,346,860	4,819,929	78,977,551	49,984,667	12,933,404
1908.....	53,211,633	14,480,156	6,357,320	8,967,076	4,585,115	87,601,300	60,720,352	25,768,487

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899.....	23,989,263	9,369,810	3,195,228	4,142,116	2,716,089	43,412,506	32,998,889	7,571,768
1900.....	27,297,110	9,723,386	3,013,389	4,759,691	2,897,947	47,691,523	35,119,747	7,024,905
1901.....	28,209,440	10,210,360	3,228,069	5,625,417	3,102,795	50,376,081	36,462,957	8,583,603
1902.....	29,991,014	10,870,016	3,600,626	6,102,760	3,119,832	53,684,248	40,976,731	11,755,454
1903.....	34,827,731	11,583,134	4,115,648	6,929,264	3,384,606	60,840,383	42,721,334	8,637,200
1904.....	39,979,760	12,717,421	4,552,870	6,950,240	4,064,286	68,264,577	42,406,127	7,501,603
1905.....	40,630,859	12,393,354	4,750,037	7,129,141	3,585,676	68,489,067	49,738,061	10,370,288
1906.....	43,346,389	13,352,879	5,356,924	7,925,995	3,748,362	73,730,549	51,950,579	11,976,925
1907.....	50,551,865	15,147,231	6,230,224	9,095,424	5,207,991	86,232,735	54,528,340	14,091,784
1908.....	58,268,517	15,699,538	6,932,320	9,690,868	4,838,001	95,429,244	64,949,367	26,802,302

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.									
Imports.					Exports of Home Produce.				
1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1908.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Food, drink and tobacco—									
Grain and flour.....	306,050,483	302,133,355	352,273,470	13,090,904	11,332,265	14,472,195			
Meat, including animals for food.....	222,775,618	231,901,847	229,155,673	4,568,953	6,134,520	5,832,148			
Other food and drink—									
Free.....	290,410,867	307,498,863	301,470,163	67,989,338	73,717,176	78,060,549			
Dutiable.....	203,747,354	201,511,786	218,618,458		4,437,773	5,842,931			
Tobacco.....	16,674,974	21,664,358	20,122,022						
Totals.....	1,039,659,296	1,064,710,209	1,121,639,786	90,086,998	95,987,533	104,207,823			
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured—									
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....	241,346	241,828	14,849	118,722,463	145,627,223	196,409,392			
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....	26,125,635	31,065,225	30,308,700	2,130,497	2,878,431	2,312,370			
Other metallic ores.....	34,160,150	42,482,668	45,082,700	530,617	838,031	753,310			
Wood and timber.....	111,588,654	129,289,955	126,423,944	314,251	422,312	529,810			
Cotton.....	253,392,405	279,702,010	300,316,355						
Wool.....	111,201,762	140,731,210	149,640,524	8,956,161	13,206,690	13,200,767			
Other textile materials.....	66,161,866	82,881,745	107,768,760	11,685,204	13,751,010	15,010,109			
Oil seed, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....	107,961,347	116,351,789	137,768,760	11,685,192	13,126,038	15,319,068			
Hides and undressed skins.....	37,597,894	48,513,909	46,393,733	8,863,085	9,493,912	7,060,572			
Materials for making paper.....	17,578,895	17,937,181	20,121,843	2,504,184	3,293,331	3,183,722			
Miscellaneous.....	101,812,113	105,843,050	112,062,962	2,603,920	10,108,836	10,790,639			
Totals.....	867,821,767	995,070,570	1,035,956,308	162,918,924	199,839,875	250,600,058			
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—									
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	40,541,028	33,848,413	32,584,031	149,040,971	185,658,687	202,154,817			
Other metals and mfrs. of.....	101,920,887	133,150,798	120,118,968	42,122,007	48,198,262	48,004,608			
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments	16,318,888	16,568,874	18,546,710	23,571,124	26,481,036	28,811,879			
Telegraph, cables and apparatus.....	1,178,888	5,295,216	9,844,998	9,343,323	9,679,243	11,122,309			
Machinery.....	20,121,876	22,595,583	29,766,070	107,404,117	121,856,756	144,920,144			
Ships (new).....	1,156,200	22,146,198	29,118,352	27,817,356	42,202,995	43,757,650			
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....	8,898,897	8,771,514	8,676,818	5,565,117	5,720,988	6,421,341			
Arms and textile fabrics—									
Wotton.....	37,067,517	41,066,183	41,956,576	416,432,153	448,451,850	497,676,647			
Wool.....	55,404,128	51,801,979	47,226,780	135,774,321	142,802,408	151,823,880			
Other materials.....	85,474,498	89,206,459	89,333,546	59,732,543	69,125,898	70,781,435			

Apparel.....	17,426,244	16,466,262	16,192,293	28,025,975	30,390,940	33,342,341
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	42,486,681	45,994,169	51,002,842	63,938,224	69,851,889	75,390,680
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	50,330,662	57,008,089	50,029,508	25,963,636	28,748,686	27,353,092
Earthenware and glass.....	19,691,998	18,346,830	17,922,668	14,557,989	16,552,372	18,295,445
Paper.....	23,995,008	25,097,130	25,740,341	8,644,179	9,415,496	10,630,585
Miscellaneous.....	125,549,706	127,621,666	123,915,093	120,897,108	133,901,553	147,751,436
Totals.....	646,646,010	691,020,364	672,615,594	1,238,831,043	1,389,038,359	1,518,268,289
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	10,407,597	10,936,186	10,325,943	22,911,791	26,374,770	28,305,628
Totals.....	2,564,534,670	2,761,737,329	2,840,537,631	1,514,748,726	1,711,240,537	1,901,381,798
Exports of foreign produce.....	.....	.....	.....	363,779,495	392,566,647	388,066,330
Grand totals.....	2,564,534,670	2,761,737,329	2,840,537,631	1,868,528,221	2,103,807,184	2,289,448,128

Fish—											
Lobsters, canned.....	Cwt.	642	851	37,110	26,540	30,038	25,141	35,886	1,474,845	878,878	1,144,685
Salmon, canned.....	"	2,831	7,557	177,347	154,358	134,168	46,584	115,101	2,442,281	2,215,966	2,255,933
Wood and timber—											
Hewn.....	Loads	505	548	58,492	71,637	44,296	9,557	11,894	1,833,232	2,301,575	1,705,805
Sawn or split, planed or dressed.....	"	26,665	20,244	1,154,511	1,406,463	1,089,205	419,813	264,109	15,935,743	20,116,924	15,632,866
Total imports, principal articles.....											
							4,118,450	3,805,138	103,469,560	113,042,645	107,629,681

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months* of February, 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months* ending February 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.					VALUES.				
	Month of February.		Eleven months ending Febr'y.			Month of February.		Eleven months ending Febr'y.		
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.										
1. Articles of food and drink:—										
Salt, rock and white.....	407	800	64,915	67,188	57,904					
Spirits.....	59,407	31,430	629,029	733,036	780,337					
2. Raw materials:—										
Wool, sheep and lambs.....	99,100	91,000	1,532,100	1,297,800	1,276,800					
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured:—										
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, gray or unbleached.....	1,011,300	883,400	2,399,400	5,712,600	19,605,800					
" " bleached.....	1,837,600	2,673,300	12,213,509	13,647,000	25,908,000					
" " printed.....	2,611,600	2,502,500	15,313,300	17,489,200	23,721,400					
Dyed, or manufactures—	2,078,700	1,817,700	13,734,700	15,637,800	20,381,300					
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,394,800	979,800	17,727,900	16,167,280	16,446,100					
Linen manufactures—										
Piece goods, all kinds.....	1,135,900	762,900	10,693,200	11,525,900	11,547,200					
Silk manufactures—										
Lace.....										
Silk and other materials.....										
Woolen tissues.....	1,091,900	774,400	7,171,400	8,262,300	7,975,700					
Worsted tissues.....	1,180,900	1,051,600	11,451,000	10,963,000	11,935,400					
Carpets, not being rugs.....	558,100	401,300	2,512,600	3,007,000	2,737,900					
Hardware, unenumerated.....										
Cutlery.....										
Iron and steel—										
Iron: Pig.....	4,121	2,007	39,721	86,789	120,559					
Bars, angles, rods and cables...	1,242	817	1,214	1,929	2,729					
Rails.....	1,533	213	7,008	30,203	21,727					
Sheets or plates.....	1,170	430	20,426	24,432	37,433					
Thin plated sheets.....	1,601	393	73,984	15,002	17,993					
Wire.....	1,579	1,128	18,853	21,164	18,163					
Old, for re-manufacture.....	2,479	515	4,267	4,427	6,163					

Lead, pig.....	Tons.	501	285	4,114	5,497	3,941	49,357	23,525	295,475	513,863	397,803
Tin, unwrought.....	Cwt.	1,060	920	7,420	10,380	10,500	49,265	28,285	263,537	458,535	430,627
Apparel and slops.....							201,129	192,393	1,202,120	1,538,974	2,044,776
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroideries and needlework.....							117,296	93,405	914,390	806,731	791,232
Cement.....	Tons.	33	244	28,027	44,265	44,610	217,292	2,107	231,794	327,252	364,469
Earthenware and chinaware.....	Tons.						82,738	94,608	855,865	1,187,834	1,391,855
Oil, seed oil.....	Tons.	139	8	7,159	1,933	1,030	15,257	1,251	600,566	195,780	119,797
Paper, writing or printing, and envelopes.....	Cwt	3,138	1,925	45,684	48,494	64,606	21,247	14,546	308,762	334,343	439,378
Paper, all other except hanging.....		1,021	432	10,038	12,913	22,534	9,134	2,049	114,234	148,931	182,127
Stationery, other than paper.....							19,860	10,526	302,133	347,001	428,410
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.											
Tea of British East India.....	Lbs.	73,673	118,600	804,706	1,451,228	1,456,940	14,483	27,404	164,256	252,252	306,296
" Ceylon.....		21,758	248,599	2,245,429	2,674,895	2,423,571	43,629	51,061	439,324	497,050	514,307
" China.....		8,945	5,340	140,791	169,270	231,847	1,265	1,488	24,202	26,612	42,627
" other countries.....		3,568	1,034	26,800	39,120	52,824	1,963	238	7,496	8,350	13,316
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....							3,700,199	3,051,411	29,715,595	35,246,714	40,365,157

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *ten months* ending January 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.
	\$	\$	\$
IMPORTS—			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			125,869,937
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			119,714,877
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			352,240,878
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			205,050,036
" ready for consumption.....			313,899,811
Miscellaneous.....			8,898,457
Total Imports.....	974,921,131	1,122,954,728	1,125,673,996
Duties collected from Customs.....	239,023,581	266,912,058	262,457,130
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			172,064,519
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			283,174,721
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			489,228,606
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			225,535,996
" ready for consumption.....			418,858,724
Miscellaneous.....			6,223,133
Total Exports, domestic.....	1,407,649,450	1,508,930,652	1,595,085,699
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	10,976,555	10,980,890	12,067,268
Dutiable.....	11,947,686	10,053,237	12,080,868
Total Exports, foreign.....	22,924,241	21,034,127	24,148,136
Total Exports.....	1,430,573,691	1,529,964,779	1,619,233,835
AGGREGATE TRADE—			
Imports.....	974,921,131	1,122,954,728	1,125,673,996
Exports.....	1,430,573,691	1,529,964,779	1,619,233,835
Grand totals.....	2,405,494,822	2,652,919,507	2,744,907,831

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Continents, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of January 1907 and 1905, and the ten months ending January 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

CONTINENTS.	MONTH OF JANUARY.				TEN MONTHS ENDING JANUARY.							
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Africa.....	4,783,472	1,833,589	2,981,714	2,111,267	10,291,448	15,940,918	12,270,019	14,702,761	14,789,627	16,277,931		
Asia.....	19,687,025	7,585,725	13,046,574	10,250,855	145,284,905	109,760,758	171,968,118	72,548,899	173,408,664	85,502,526		
Europe.....	63,853,831	141,863,997	43,996,906	158,800,303	498,257,494	969,161,669	598,027,553	1,062,763,665	588,896,532	1,105,919,426		
North America.....	20,182,314	28,616,928	13,215,771	24,193,065	186,485,281	246,809,130	200,548,331	278,308,562	211,631,636	301,345,403		
South America.....	15,113,946	6,549,597	9,489,369	7,048,630	114,086,195	60,125,155	121,526,652	67,711,524	112,678,737	72,042,923		
Oceania.....	2,966,346	2,856,520	2,263,789	3,785,806	20,515,808	28,776,061	18,614,055	33,929,368	24,268,800	38,145,626		
Totals.....	126,586,934	189,306,356	84,994,123	206,189,926	974,921,131	1,430,573,691	1,122,954,728	1,529,964,779	1,125,673,996	1,619,233,835		

Dutch East Indies.....	580,337	106,215	315,219	64,927	19,258,053	1,350,802	10,424,423	1,411,800	13,201,326	1,621,008
Egypt.....	4,383,414	78,587	2,771,675	66,252	7,600,922	1,152,812	9,024,941	890,819	11,293,325	1,582,906
Hondur.....	252,565	139,668	75,620	217,371	2,047,063	1,762,692	2,823,565	1,566,760	2,396,428	1,691,071
France.....	11,179,501	12,756,735	8,411,924	15,542,640	84,087,013	80,134,324	102,090,832	93,852,457	98,970,365	98,813,986
Germany.....	13,214,234	30,166,504	11,340,128	35,398,644	107,961,134	190,913,541	128,587,691	213,803,895	132,969,679	235,568,893
Greece.....	152,412	64,559	196,705	460,180	1,427,032	228,676	2,042,162	756,747	2,916,681	1,619,437
Italy.....	3,679,826	6,620,578	2,973,118	5,556,339	32,262,988	35,864,690	38,104,704	50,798,426	42,315,721	41,779,406
Japan.....	6,429,723	3,583,648	4,855,173	6,347,502	42,553,375	42,944,625	56,808,460	28,261,544	59,629,078	36,826,662
Mexico.....	4,997,158	5,764,217	3,048,404	4,220,903	42,345,191	44,515,334	44,284,497	52,381,828	44,224,895	55,016,080
Netherlands.....	2,640,085	8,815,428	965,843	9,004,289	20,675,286	71,338,661	27,912,416	82,945,205	22,388,594	89,582,807
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	342,293	634,611	294,456	773,474	5,965,703	10,788,299	2,989,570	4,876,951	3,469,875	5,553,165
Sweden.....	351,224	807,564	496,603	782,635	4,396,573	1,101,220	3,375,767	8,222,843	4,312,729	8,412,826
Portugal.....	995,066	442,975	347,511	536,980	2,095,297	4,028,753	5,058,388	1,353,617	4,788,624	3,300,200
Peru.....	512,631	482,776	840,364	611,845	11,786,463	4,684,823	2,821,313	4,304,567	6,779,991	5,553,733
Philippine Islands.....	1,739,917	1,075,384	297,488	651,888			9,582,662	7,056,974	8,982,781	8,752,583
Russia—										
In Asia.....	31,536	251,772	8,984	122,384	11,395,845	14,193,184	864,072	2,081,457	416,048	1,371,418
In Europe.....	1,137,283	2,627,221	494,267	1,830,943	8,615,584	14,237,261	14,403,754	14,771,374	12,746,248	12,031,066
Spain.....	1,270,935	1,958,806	758,924	1,969,940	19,249,972	255,097	10,225,932	17,744,074	13,448,458	20,418,336
Switzerland.....	2,611,446	33,866	2,643,658	67,174	10,250,122	2,509,972	20,800,176	467,529	24,107,365	541,843
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,351,816	108,292	748,847	173,279	1,202,892	1,202,892	11,478,915	1,225,481	10,834,826	1,755,111
Uruguay.....	1,705,319	287,568	49,696	301,417	1,724,295	2,464,381	2,094,599	2,696,266	1,621,109	3,422,635
Venezuela.....	651,673	254,723	487,960	247,266	5,928,471	2,672,257	6,062,974	2,847,550	5,883,582	2,317,502
Other Foreign Countries.....	811,031	1,711,749	798,501	2,757,076	7,113,057	12,826,853	7,313,387	15,740,350	8,772,356	26,391,169
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	88,460,303	101,227,712	60,275,692	110,492,424	679,705,284	755,302,677	770,462,096	821,236,998	772,650,580	883,951,114
Grand totals.....	126,586,984	189,306,356	84,994,123	206,189,926	974,921,131	1,430,573,691	1,122,954,728	1,529,964,779	1,125,673,996	1,619,233,835
	315,893,290		291,184,049		2,405,494,822		2,652,919,507		2,744,907,831	

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UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of January, 1907 and 1908, and the *ten months* ending January, 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.		Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.	
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Agricultural implements.								
Animals—								
Cattle.....	110	243	13,997	14,274	9,949	123,214	88,917	2,505,188
Hogs.....	4	2	72,513	140	3,225	3,225	7,988	335,504
Horses.....	387	428	16,742	26,500	1,400	703,323	50	415,386
Sheep.....	2,776	1,876	58,247	67,302	19,401	75,833	69,290	1,691,159
Books, maps, engravings, &c.					45,843	7,549	7,503	3,135,019
Breadstuffs—						135,708	182,234	216,615
Corn.....	926,285	484,071	7,936,676	6,211,690	9,426,516	449,316	277,181	1,865,652
Oats.....	6,813	2,318	2,325,309	408,279	31,433	2,077	1,101	3,234,750
Wheat.....	2,896	2,047	68,945	273,233	2,878	2,878	1,721	4,281,894
Wheat flour.....	6,046	6,617	154,515	160,690	138,746	24,160	29,143	746,852
Carriages, cars and parts of—								517,543
Automobiles and parts of—								655,820
Cycles and parts of—								76,645
Railway carriages.								790,815
Clocks and watches.								5,478
Coal—								74,944
Anthracite.....	164,158	154,502	2,003,407	1,977,038	799,238	735,611	9,916,112	49,907
Bituminous.....	357,188	409,858	4,396,465	4,689,068	901,128	1,063,343	10,519,345	56,103
Copper and manufactures of—								1,063,791
Ingots, bars and old.....	246,378	266,032	2,586,505	3,684,210	57,316	43,535	427,998	790,862
Ore, matte and regulus.....	4,275	120	5,064	30,249	38,408	1,200	145,250	428,925
Cotton and manufactures of—								6,425,210
Cotton, unmanufactured.....	27,845	12,790	122,364	115,267	74,672	1,526,348	727,857	6,425,210
Cotton, coloured and uncoloured.....	14,487,924	6,503,470	63,148,937	60,261,891	37,999,037	53,602	649,178	4,199,220
Wearing apparel.....	743,324	578,992	883,908	7,579,765	5,252,549	67,967	64,900	674,139
Other kinds.....								2,056,812
Fertilizers.....	716	951	8,163	9,825	14,816	68,780	19,186	212,454
						18,343	168,700	342,403

[illegible]

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.		Month of January.		Ten Months ending January.	
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Provisions: Meats— <i>Con.</i>								
Dairy products—								
Butter.....	744	16,634	492,722	205,888	3,139	103,516	44,360	59,518
Cheese.....	6,006	7,264	134,149	1,503,612	1,264	17,661	164,655	95,457
Seeds—								
Flaxseed or linseed.....								
Other kinds.....								
Sugar, refined.....								
Tobacco and manufactures of—								
Leaf, stems and trimmings.....								
Cigars.....	3,964,334	1,644,681	12,217,945	13,086,931	192,405	1,287,830	1,620,482	1,207,122
Plug.....								
Other kinds.....								
Wood and manufactures of—								
Timber and unmanufactured wood.....								
Lumber—Boards, planks, deals, joists, &c.,.....	12,803	10,145	92,817	107,624	8,415	1,142,707	1,275,401	923,816
Manufactures of wood—								
Furniture, N.E.S.,.....								
All other goods exported, including foreign goods.....								
Total exports.....								

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries from which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1906.	1907.	1908.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....	(11 mos.) *November...		198,428,600	227,648,066
British South Africa.....	(12 " *December...		153,927,799	133,750,600
Canada (special).....	(11 " February...	249,656,175	294,787,741	322,188,290
Great Britain (special).....	(11 " ".....	2,564,534,670	2,761,737,329	2,840,537,631
United States.....	(10 " January.....	974,921,131	1,122,954,728	1,125,673,996
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(12 " *December...	435,659,370	456,708,385	475,808,858
Belgium (principal articles).....	(1 mo. January.....	50,511,188	56,041,989	48,136,516
British India.....	(12 mos.) *December...	353,277,288	379,680,048	418,566,528
Egypt.....	(12 " ".....	107,820,000	120,055,000	130,605,000
France (special).....	(2 " February.....		207,410,400	204,694,000
Germany (special).....	(12 " *December...	1,696,660,350	1,909,210,058	2,046,187,150
Italy (special).....	(11 " *November...	351,431,384	435,871,972	486,360,772
Japan (special).....	(12 " *December...	243,836,500	208,914,000	246,571,000
Mexico (a).....	(11 " *November...	78,727,000	110,228,000	114,084,000
Russia (special).....	(10 " *October...	241,027,210	259,696,990	288,252,195
Spain (principal articles).....	(11 " *November...	185,460,455	177,115,435	163,676,159
Switzerland.....	(12 " *December...	258,599,735	274,397,557	299,866,030

EXPORTS.

Australia (a).....	(11 mos.) *November...		276,110,333	302,847,799
British South Africa.....	(12 " *December...		206,327,200	231,633,866
Canada (special).....	(11 " February...		224,874,494	229,017,481
Great Britain (special).....	(11 " ".....	1,514,748,726	1,711,240,537	1,901,381,798
United States (special).....	(10 " January.....	1,407,649,450	1,508,930,652	1,595,085,699
Austria-Hungary (special).....	(12 " *December...	455,487,340	469,521,136	473,160,723
Belgium (principal articles).....	(1 mo. January.....	31,053,968	33,597,449	30,908,371
British India.....	(12 mos.) *December...	499,434,012	541,634,364	597,956,904
Egypt.....	(12 " ".....	101,800,000	124,385,000	140,065,000
France (special).....	(2 " February.....		165,305,200	149,283,000
Germany (special).....	(12 " *December...	1,364,130,796	1,513,448,902	1,634,803,436
Italy (special).....	(11 " *November...	292,699,554	332,457,940	326,057,288
Japan (special).....	(12 " *December...	159,144,500	209,592,500	214,257,000
Mexico (a).....	(11 " *November...	106,743,500	117,708,000	120,031,000
Russia (special).....	(10 " *October...	449,365,310	435,466,490	446,123,385
Spain (principal articles).....	(11 " *November...	162,403,710	154,985,562	158,321,567
Switzerland (special).....	(12 " *December...	185,230,785	204,623,232	220,017,105

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in the case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the years 1905, 1906 and 1907.

TARIFF CHANGES

BRITISH SOMALI COAST PROTECTORATE.

ORDINANCE NO. I. OF NOVEMBER 21, 1906, ENACTED BY HIS MAJESTY'S COMMISSIONER FOR THE SOMALILAND PROTECTORATE, IN REFERENCE TO THE IMPORTATION AND SALE OF POISONS.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Ordinance the term 'Poisons' shall mean such articles as may be comprised in the schedule hereto, provided that His Majesty's Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief (hereinafter referred to as the Commissioner) may, by public notification, at any time, add any article to the schedule.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to import, sell, or keep open shop for selling by wholesale, retailing, dispensing, or compounding poisons, unless such person shall hold a license issued under this ordinance by the Commissioner, or such officers as may be designated by rules made under this ordinance.

9. This ordinance may be cited as the 'Sale of Poisons Ordinance, 1906.'

SCHEDULE.

Arsenic and its preparations,	Morphia and its preparations.
Cyanide of potassium and all metallic cyanides.	Opium and its preparations.
Strychnine.	Nux vomica.
Corrosive sublimate.	Prussic acid.
Oxalic acid.	Calabar bean.
Tartar emetic.	Coculus indicus.
Aconite.	Datura.
Belladonna.	Ergot.
Chloroform.	Henbane.
Cocaine.	St. Ignatius bean.
	Cantharides.

TERRITORY OF SARAWAK.

CUSTOMS NOTICE NO. 66, DATED DECEMBER 21, 1906, MODIFYING THE EXPORT DUTIES ON CERTAIN ARTICLES.

(*Sarawak Gazette* of January 4, 1907.)

From January 1, 1907, and until further notice, duties upon the undermentioned articles will be as follows:—

	\$	cts.
Fish maws, No. 1, per catty	0	20
Fish maws, No. 2, per catty	0	15
Fish maws, No. 3, per catty	0	10
Gutta jangkar, per picul	1	50
White pepper, per picul	1	25
Black pepper, per picul	1	00

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, Barbados, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.
P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B. Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AMERICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbege, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison, Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, Place de la Gare 23, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Obed Smith, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Pree-son's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 139 Corporation Street, Birmingham.

H. M. Murray, 81 Queen St., Exeter.
L. Burnet, 16 Parliament St., York.
John Webster, 17-19 Victoria St., Belfast.
John McLennan, 26 Guild St., Aberdeen.
E. O'Kelly, 44 Dawson St., Dublin.
Malcolm McIntyre, 35-37 St. Enoch Sq., Glasgow.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.)

BRISTOL, February 29, 1908.

CANADIAN VISITS TO BRISTOL.

Bristol and its port of Avonmouth have been favoured during the last three years with frequent visits from distinguished Canadians. We have had Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. L. P. Brodeur, representatives of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, colonial delegates to the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, the Royal Canadian Grain Commission, the Canadian Dairy Commissioner (twice), and last December the Hon. Clifford Sifton.

MONTREAL HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS.

The most recent of such visits was that of Major G. W. Stephens, President of the Montreal Board of Harbour Commissioners, who was accompanied by Mr. F. W. Cowie, chief engineer. These gentlemen were entertained by the Lord Mayor and the Chamber of Commerce; they made a careful inspection of the accommodation at the old Bristol city docks, and at the new King Edward dock at Avonmouth, and got into touch with many of our leading merchants, importers and exporters. This enabled them to gather much valuable information as to the prospects of trade between Montreal and Bristol, and to get a clear understanding of the facilities which are afforded by rail, river and canal for conveying trans-atlantic goods from Avonmouth to inland points in all directions.

VALUE OF OFFICIAL VISITS.

Since each of the occasions mentioned has been accompanied by one or more social functions, there may be those who would regard them as having merely a social value, but I wish to emphasize the importance of these events and their effect upon the ultimate development of Canadian trade. There is nothing more essential for such development than the personal acquaintance of those who control the situation on one side of the ocean with the leaders of commerce on the other side. The personal factor is often sufficient to turn the scale, either in matters of trade or transportation; and though results may not be immediately apparent, there is little doubt but that history will accord great credit to those who have been responsible for bringing about these many important meetings, among whom none has been more prominent, or more energetic, than the president of the Bristol Chamber of Commerce. I have emphasized this phase of Bristol's commercial life in recent years, because I believe there are cities and towns in Canada which might well adopt similar means for making known in useful quarters their facilities, advantages or manufactures.

DECLINE IN THE PRICE OF COAL.

In my report of October last (Monthly Report, October, 1907, page 1157) a fall in the price of Welsh coal was foreshadowed, but the decline has been sharper and more sudden than was anticipated, and recently the coal market has been practically at a standstill. The following figures serve to illustrate the fluctuations of the last few months in steam coal; the 'top price' in the figure which prevailed during the recent boom.

Coal.	Top price.	January 1-08.	February 8-08.	February 24-08.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Steam—				
Best Admiralty.....	22 6	19 0	16 9	16 6
Second ".....	20 6	18 0	16 3	15 6
Ordinary Drys.....	17 0	18 0	15 9	15 0
Semi-Bituminous—				
Black Veins.....	19 3	17 9	16 0	15 3
Western Valleys.....	19 0	17 6	16 0	14 6

CAUSES OF THE DECLINE.

It may be assumed that a combination of causes has brought about this remarkable result. There has been a marked falling off in the foreign demand, the shipments from Cardiff having shown a decrease of nearly 163,000 tons from the month of January, a drop of 12.5 per cent as compared with the previous year. The supply has exceeded the demand, so that some temporary stoppages have occurred at the collieries. Local market influences have also been at work, notably a great restriction in the business done with middlemen, whose 'bear' tactics have been strongly resisted by the collieries. One result of the fall has been the cancellation of many important contracts. There is little prospect at the present moment of a return to healthy conditions in the immediate future.

THE APPLE TRADE.

At a time when so many complaints are heard with regard to the quality, grading and marking of Canadian apples, it is a pleasure to quote figures showing that there is another side to the story. The Cardiff market report, dated February 22, is as follows:—

Canadian apples—

Baldwins.. . . .	18s. to 21s.
Greenings.. . . .	17s. to 24s.
Kings.. . . .	22s. to 28s.
Spies.. . . .	18s. to 21s.

American apples: About 3s. per barrel less average.

It is evident that whatever reasonable grounds may exist for complaint regarding Canadian fruit, it is still far and away superior to all competitors.

W. A. MacKINNON.

BARBADOS.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. H. S. Flood.)

28 BROAD STREET,

BRIDGETOWN, BARBADOS, February 29, 1908.

WEST INDIES INTERESTED IN CANADA.

The interest awakened throughout the West Indies in Canadian affairs, particularly among the mercantile classes, is very pronounced at the present moment, and should be taken advantage of by our manufacturers. Canadian commercial travellers would be likely to receive a good hearing, and have a better chance of getting orders than at any time in the immediate past, hence they should be sent down with their samples as early as possible. Here as elsewhere, business houses do not desire to change their accounts and purchase in new quarters unless for substantial reasons, but the feeling in favour of Canadian reciprocity, and the hope that in the end closer trade relations will be of real advantage to the West Indies, would have a great weight in inducing them to place orders for Canadian goods that would otherwise in the ordinary course go to American houses.

CLIMATE OF THE WEST INDIES.

One of the causes which has apparently deterred Canadian firms sending their travellers to the West Indies, is the quite erroneous opinion as regards climate. With the exception of the months of August, September and October, which are rainy and a little warmer than the other months of the year, the heat is not greater nor so oppressive as in New York, and not greater than parts of Ontario in summer. Some of the islands of the West Indies, particularly Barbados, claim 'the finest climate in the world,' and with much ground for such a claim. The 'terror of the tropics,' may be a real terror when thinking about travelling in India, but it ought not to exist as regards the West Indies, where the heat is always tempered and kept quite bearable by refreshing breezes from the ocean, and health conditions are generally favourable.

ENGLISH AND UNITED STATES TRAVELLERS.

At the present time, quite a number of commercial travellers, representing English and United States firms, are in the islands with their samples. They are as a whole, men of superior class, fine looking, gentlemanly and of good address. Canadian firms wishing to open up business and take advantage of the feeling now existing towards Canada, would do well to remember that good manners and a pleasing address in a salesman, will accomplish more in the end here, than a more forcible but less agreeable style. United States firms having good business connections are holding their business by attending to the wants of their customers in matters of detail. They are careful to put up their goods in packages and weights, that may find the readiest sale.

SUGGESTIONS TO CANADIAN TRAVELLERS.

Canadian firms will require to study these details more than they have formerly, as there is a complaint that Canadian business is neglected in this particular. A

salesman who wishes to increase his business, and make it permanent, will be successful in proportion to his care in acquiring an intimate knowledge of the special requirements of each particular island, and endeavouring to meet them. Firms wishing to send their travellers to the West Indies, with samples, may do so at any time of the year without discomfort to the representative, except perhaps in August, September and October. Leaving Canada in November the traveller might remain till July. The English and United States firms keep their representatives on the ground about three or four months, and some of these travellers carry more than one line of samples—the English traveller in particular carrying several lines and remaining about four months. Fair hotel accommodation at reasonable rates with sample rooms in the business section of the towns may be found everywhere. The traveller will find no difficulty in getting from one island to another, as there are several lines of steamers touching the various islands, and no vexatious delay may be anticipated.

BARBADOS THE BEST BASE FOR TRAVELLERS.

The best base for a traveller would be Barbados. All the steamship lines touch at Barbados (which is the headquarters for the Royal Mail Steamship Company) going south and returning. At Barbados, a traveller might remain for a short time going to Demerara, thence to Port of Spain in Trinidad returning to Barbados. He might then reach the smaller islands to the north, by means of the steamers on the Pickford & Black line. These steamers remain one whole day at least at each of the islands, which would give sufficient time to do any business required. Returning to Barbados, he might then go to Jamaica, thence to Halifax or New York. If trip is begun from Halifax by the Pickford & Black line, one day is usually spent in Bermuda going down, and one returning. After the traveller has made his first trip to the West Indies, he could then change his itinerary to suit the needs of his business.

Travellers calling at the office of the Canadian Trade Commissioner would be assured of a courteous reception. They might also have their letters addressed in care of this office.

E. H. S. FLOOD.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., March 6, 1908.

FUEL ECONOMY.

A demonstration has been recently given here of the Smallwood Patent Core, which is the invention of Mr. Alfred Smallwood, of Smethwick, Birmingham. The general principle of the company's system is to make the flame and hot gases from the firegrate traverse firebrick passages or combustion chambers, under a boiler or around a furnace, as the case may be, rendering these firebrick portions reservoirs of heat. The company has been in existence about two years, and has supplied furnaces for various industries, including armour-plate making, cycle tube heating, the brass trade, the pottery trades, and other industries, besides altering boilers to their system for steam-raising purposes. The Smallwood Patent Core is a cast-iron tube or core, lined with firebrick, and inserted in the boiler flue. The hot gases from the fire go once through the centre of the core, once along one side of it, and then down the other side. The core or tube soon becomes red hot. A crescent-shaped division bar is provided, which runs along the top of the core outside it, keeping the hot gases to their proper course.

CONSTRUCTION OF FURNACES.

The furnaces are constructed with special combustion chambers and heat passages. The Incandescent Heat Company claim to save, compared with ordinary boilers and furnaces, between 25 and 50 per cent of fuel. The system has been adopted for armour-plate cementation furnaces by Messrs. Williams, Beardmore & Co., of Glasgow, and also by John Brown & Co., of Sheffield; likewise by the Hunslet Engine Co., of Leeds, for re-heating locomotive boiler plates. Messrs. John Brown & Co. have found that, with this furnace, they can do the same amount of work with 3.25 tons of fuel as was done previously with 20 tons; and Messrs. Beardmore have used only 7.25 tons for work which previously required 30 tons. The uniformity of heat and the smokelessness are also remarkable.

P. B. BALL.

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT,

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAUBERGD No. 4, March 3, 1908.

THE LUMBER MARKET IN SWEDEN IN 1907.

(Translation from a report by the Norwegian Consul at Sundsvall).

The expectations of the lumber dealers for the year 1907 as a record year for high prices and large profits, were not, unfortunately, fulfilled. January and February brought a lively inquiry for all kinds of lumber, and large sales to France and Spain were made, while the sales to England were smaller, as the building in that country was more limited. During March, April and May only few contracts were made, but the prices still kept firm. June also passed without any improvement, and consequently the sellers commenced reducing their prices and from that time the first price-fall may be reckoned. The buyers, however, still kept back and from August lumber was offered at steadily sinking prices. Some of the shippers were also obliged to sell as the stringent money market did not allow them to wait over winter.

The exporters who did not have their own forests and who had bought their lumber at the high prices during the first part of the year, suffered quite considerable losses. With the decreased export it is to be expected, that the stocks on hand at the opening of navigation for 1908 will exceed that of the previous year at the same time, and as the consumption on account of the foreign high rates of discount it is probable that the buyers will try to press the prices down. The sale of planks, which for a longer period has been rather slow, went up considerable during 1907, as the prices from the start were rather moderate. South Africa and Spain imported large quantities and the London market also used quite a good deal.

Exceptionally high prices were obtained for staves of all kinds, especially staves for cement barrels were paid well. For split-wood of which the larger part goes to London, where it is used for case materials, also high prices were paid. Several saw-mills in Northern Sweden now start case factories, whose production is intended for export to England.

IMPORTERS OF STOCKHOLM.

'Stockholm's Import and Export, 1907,' is the name of a statistical publication recently issued at Stockholm. The publication, which embraces about 170 of the principal import and export articles of Sweden, may be of quite considerable interest to the Canadian exporters, as under each article are given the names and addresses of the largest importers. The price of this book is Kr. 10.00—\$2.67.

INDUSTRIES OF NORWAY IN 1907.

Those branches of the Norwegian industries that work entirely or mainly for the home markets have been during 1907 very well occupied. This refers more particularly to the shipbuilding yards and the engineering firms. In most branches, however, the manufacturers have had to contend with exceptionally high costs of nearly all kinds of raw materials and fuel, and wages have risen. The net monetary result of the year's working may not be, therefore, so good as might have been wished, but taken on the whole the proprietors have reason to be satisfied. The same tendency to enlarging the factories, to improve the machinery and generally to give the works a better technical arrangement, which has been a characteristic of the Norwegian industries for some years past has been very pronounced also in the current year.

MATCH INDUSTRY OF NORWAY IN 1907.

The Norwegian manufacturers of matches have had a satisfactory year. The demand has been good, but the prices have not been proportionate with the higher cost of raw materials in some of the importing markets. In England the price has declined owing to strong competition from countries where the cost of labour is much lower, while the rate of wages has risen during the year in the Norwegian manufactories.

The production of matches in Norway has been about stationary during 1907, but in 1908 it will be much greater than before. Nitedals Tændstikfabrik will shortly start its new factory at Grønvold, Østre Aker, by the side of the old factories of the firm, and Bryn Tændstikfabrik, which was partially destroyed by fire in November, 1906, has been rebuilt and somewhat enlarged.

C. E. SONTUM.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. P. E. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., March 3, 1908.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

ESTIMATE of the Stock of Provisions, &c., in the Port of Liverpool on the 29th February, 1908, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month.

	Feb 29, 1908.	Jan. 31, 1908.	Feb. 28, 1907.
Bacon. Boxes	15,569	10,495	17,587
Hame. "	5,674	5,262	5,639
Shoulders. "	1,005	566	2,182
Butter. Cwts.	2,049	1,656	8,222
Cheese, full shapes. Boxes	62,203	79,972	75,225
Cheese, 50 lbs. and under. "	1,320	2,895	
Lard, prime steam western. Tierces	4,362	3,398	3,104
Lard, imported, pure, refined lard, in tierces, firkins or other packages. Tons	848	465	1,197
Lardine and compound. "	108	129	80

CITY TRADE BRANCH.

REPORT BY CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.

*(Mr. Harrison Watson.)*73 BASINGHALL STREET,
LONDON, E.C., ENG., February 29, 1908.

CHEESE TRADE.

During the month we received a letter from a correspondent who stated that he was acting for several cheese producers in a district of Ontario, who were dissatisfied with the existing methods of shipping their cheese to Great Britain through Canadian commission houses. This correspondent outlined a scheme which, in the opinion of those whom he represents, would mutually benefit the cheese producers and British buyers by establishing more direct communication and by eliminating the element of speculation and various other features which at present are the cause of frequent misunderstanding.

The main point of the scheme is that a union of cheese factories should be formed, the output of which would be controlled and supervised by a board selected from representatives of these factories, under whose advice the cheese would be weighed, graded as to quality and sold according to advice received from the trade in Great Britain; weights registered would be low enough to permit of shrinkage, and the cheese would be held in factory until properly cured and then carefully assorted as to quality and shipped direct to United Kingdom buyers; in other words, the establishment of direct trade between the actual Canadian producer and the United Kingdom buyer, with the elimination of the Canadian middleman.

The project resembles to some extent the co-operative system of fruit selling which has been adopted to a considerable degree in Canada, more particularly for domestic trade, and which is stated to have met with considerable success.

Our correspondent requested that we would endeavour to obtain the opinion of the London trade in respect to this matter, which they considered to be of the greatest importance to their interests, and although there is no reason to suppose that any general dissatisfaction exists, as far as this market is concerned, with the present method of conducting the trade in Canadian cheese, I took steps to endeavour to obtain the views of some of the large produce importers on the subject. I accordingly consulted the secretary of a London produce association, which includes in its membership many of the leading cheese houses, and that official kindly offered to circulate copies of our correspondent's letter among a number of his members and to furnish me with a selection of copies of such replies as were received, the identity of the writers being in all cases omitted.

As might be expected, the weight of opinion is unfavourable to the proposed alteration, because business generally is conducted through the Canadian commission and shipping houses, and apart from the fact that many of the large importers do their business through Montreal shippers who in some instances are their agents, the natural tendency is to leave well alone. However, as the matter is of some interest, I have reproduced a selection of extracts from the letters, thinking that the views expressed may be of interest to other Canadian cheese producers, besides those upon whose behalf the enquiry was actually undertaken.

Extract from Letter No. 1:—

'We have your favour referring to a proposed combination of cheese factories in Canada, the object being to bring about a closer relationship between cheese producers there and consumers here. This we think could be best brought about by the appointment of a good firm of importers on this side as agents for the sale of the cheese producers, and thus eliminate the troubles to which the makers are subjected in Montreal, and also reducing the speculative element there. For various reasons (principally financial) it would, we think, be impossible for the makers to get into closer touch with the actual consumer, or to work the business more satisfactorily to themselves, than in the way we suggest. The distribution of the cheese could be undertaken at a fixed commission so that the factories would receive the full benefit of the market here without the middleman's profit in Canada having to be allowed for. Such agents could readily instruct the makers from time to time as to the probable requirements of the trade, and thus have produces the quality, colour, &c., of cheese most likely to be in demand.'

Extract from Letter No. 2:—

'I am in receipt of yours of the 30th ult., enclosing copy of a letter received by you from the city representative of the High Commissioner for Canada, the writer of which propounds a scheme under which he suggests it would be possible for the Canadian cheese producers to carry on a more direct trade with Great Britain and that to the mutual advantage of both 'producer and consumer.' He evidently desires to put an end to the so-called 'middleman' in Canada or to so control him that he shall no longer be permitted to commit 'fraud, irregularity or manipulation.' By the way it would be interesting to know the nature of these 'frauds, irregularities and manipulations' our friend is so concerned about, and whether the British buyer whom he is so anxious to protect is not still capable of taking care of himself and distinguishing between the honest trader and the rogue. I am no lover of combinations at all, and most certainly do not favour the suggested one, but would rather advise our friends, the factorymen, to devote their surplus energies to the task of producing, if possible, still a better article, and having done so not to depreciate it by shipping out of store before it is ready for shipment, and also as far as it is in their power to do so, see that the buyer is treated fairly as regards the weights. The laws of supply and demand must, as in the past, regulate the price, and the experienced buyer will continue to see he gets the quality he desires to have or be very quick in seeking an explanation as to why he has received something else.'

Extract from Letter No. 3:—

'After carefully perusing the copy of the letter which you have been good enough to send me from the city representative of the High Commissioner for Canada, I can only make one suggestion and that is, that if the cheese makers are not satisfied with the present method in which their produce is handled in Canada, they should certainly form a union of factories, and ignore prices paid in Montreal entirely, consigning the goods for sale to a first-class cheese house on this side; the same cheese house, on an agreement with the suggested union, undertaking not to operate in cheese to the detriment of the said union. In any case, I do not think that the Canadian maker is going to do very much better than he has done the last two years; but of course it is very probable that the big buying combinations may combine for lower prices instead of fighting one another, as during the past two years, and this is what the Canadian factories will try and be independent of.'

Extract from Letter No. 4:—

'There is no doubt at all that the marketing of produce that is intended for distribution to retailers in this country cannot be more economically carried out than through reliable commission houses, and if the Canadian farmers get full market

price all the time, less a minimum amount of commission for distributing purposes, they are getting as near the actual value of their goods as it is possible for them to do. If, on the other hand, they are content to market their goods through speculators who can 'rig' markets one way or the other, we can hardly imagine that in the end this is good for the producer. We can, however, realize that it will be a big matter to get the Canadian farmers to co-operate together for the marketing of their produce, but we should very much like to see it come into existence.'

Extract from Letter No. 5:—

'We have given the enclosure our mature consideration, but cannot see the benefit to accrue from same.'

BUTTER.

Butter has remained the outstanding feature of the produce market. Owing to an almost universal shortage of supplies, prices have steadily advanced for some time past, but probably reached their highest level during the early part of February, when the finest Danish and Australian were quoted in the wholesale trade at from 148s. to 152s. per cwt. (112 lbs.)

A curious feature has been the fact that retail prices responded but slightly to this advance, and for several weeks many large establishments were retailing butter at an actual loss. This can be accounted for partly by the keen competition between prominent retailers who feared losing their customers and realised that as soon as butter passed a certain figure, there would be a large decrease in its consumption, and partly to the fact that a considerable proportion of the population would turn to margarine and other butter substitutes.

Within the past week or so the situation has culminated and wholesale prices already show a substantial decline, although quotations remain at an exceedingly high level.

An object lesson to be derived from the situation is that in a country like this, which has to sustain an immense artisan population, prices in the necessaries of life are to such an extent recognized standards, that the moment the cost of any particular article of food is raised to a marked degree, many people either abstain from purchasing it, or temporarily buy some cheaper substitute.

CIDER.

In connection with some enquiries which were made for an Ontario producer of cider who wished to get into touch with firms on this side who would be prepared to purchase supplies of apple juice for blending and other purposes, it is stated that Canadian shippers are considerably handicapped in competition with American producers in having to pay during the winter months the necessarily heavy cost of inland transportation between Ontario points and Canadian shipping ports. The winter season is the time when importers chiefly require supplies. It is difficult to see how this is to be overcome, in so far that many of the American cider-producing districts are comparatively close to sea ports which are open all the year round, unless Canadian shippers also utilise American ports during the winter. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that there seems to be a considerable demand for imported cider this season, owing to the light crop of apples last autumn in the United Kingdom and on the continent. Several importers would apparently welcome Canadian supplies if they could be laid down here at a price to compete with United States quotations.

I recently had a conversation with one of the principal English cider manufacturers, upon whose behalf I made some extensive enquiries a few years ago in connection with a proposal which this firm had under consideration for establishing a plant for the production of cider in some part of the Dominion. Negotiations at the time fell through, but since then the firm has been giving the matter attention, and a short time ago sent out a representative to personally look into the whole subject.

I was informed that as a result the firm has acquired a controlling interest in a plant in the Maritime Provinces, which it is proposed to develop upon a larger scale. It is their intention to produce supplies of juice for shipment to their own factories in England, and also to manufacture cider for the Canadian market, by the employment of the same methods which have acquired a high reputation for their cider in the United Kingdom. I understood that the question of transportation had an important bearing upon their selecting Nova Scotia as the most suitable site for the purpose which they had in view.

BOARD OF TRADE REPORT ON BRITISH TRADE IN CANADA.

The publicity and favourable comments given by the United Kingdom press to Mr. Richard Grigg's report, have evidently attracted a considerable amount of attention in commercial circles. Several of the firms who have recently applied to us for advice in connection with steps which they contemplated taking for the purpose of developing trade in Canada, mention this particular report as having attracted their attention to the matter.

HARRISON WATSON.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., March 13, 1908.

GREAT BRITAIN'S EGG IMPORTS.

I give herewith the quantities and values of eggs imported by Great Britain for the years 1906-7, taken from the Trade and Navigation returns, in the hope that it may prove of interest to the Canadian exporters.

Years ending December 31, 1906-7.

	Great Hundreds..		Value.	
	1906.	1907.	1906.	1907.
			£	£
Russia ..	7,132,928	7,178,941	2,344,256	2,392,044
Denmark.....	3,823,942	3,800,366	1,701,291	1,774,318
Germany.....	2,644,242	2,821,124	957,905	1,030,190
Belgium.....	2,444,746	2,133,612	992,103	891,460
France.....	1,491,219	1,232,107	623,104	541,088
Canada.....	231,719	115,872	106,593	53,084
Other countries ..	1,105,263	1,285,869	373,070	452,348
	18,874,059	18,567,891	7,098,122	7,134,532

Eggs have been very scarce and dear during the latter months of 1907, and up to the end of January, 1908, and the problem of winter production within the Kingdom is yet practically unsolved. Those who have had eggs for sale realized very high prices

CHEESE.

One of the largest wholesale produce firms in Manchester reports that since January their trade for Canadian cheese has been decidedly slow, sales have been practically nil, the bulk of their trade being turned on to New Zealand produce, which is now offered on the market at 1s. to 1s. 6d. less per cwt. than Canadian, and at the present moment are considered better value.

Although the trade is quiet, the market is exceedingly firm, and prices now ruling 63s. 6d. finest white, and 65s. 6d. coloured, the latter grade being very scarce indeed.

Stocks published for the month ending February 29, show about 185,000 at the three ports: London, Liverpool, and Bristol, and the estimated stock of Canada somewhere about 55,000, showing a total of 240,000 boxes. The consumption of cheese is fairly good, and the average well maintained. They would not be surprised to see a great pinch, but I think it will not be felt till towards the end of March, when they look for Canadians at high prices, at least 5s. more than at the present time. There is one thing certain, the season will open up very late owing to the high prices of butter on this side which will cause many of the makers to turn on to making butter instead of cheese.

The quality of Canadian cheese has been very good this season, and stocks in hand which have been kept since last September show good keeping qualities. There is an absence of green cheese being shipped, which is one of the most important factors to the good quality which they are now experiencing.

BRITISH TRADE RETURNS.

The Board of Trade returns recently issued again show a decline. The total imports for February were £52,426,815, a decrease of £499,782, compared with preceding month. The exports of British goods amounted to £31,949,514, a decrease of £123,831 compared with January. The exports of imported goods totalled £7,497,673, a decrease of £1,928,157.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. P. B. Ball.*)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., March 11, 1908.

COST OF ROAD MAKING.

It is always noticed by Canadian visitors to Great Britain that the roads are kept in magnificent repair. In fact the ordinary road here is about as good as a well laid macadam street in any large Canadian city, and the question is very often asked by Canadians how it is that these roads are so much better.

In the annual report of the county council of Worcestershire some interesting figures have been brought out. The county has about 455,000 inhabitants. The total mileage of the roads now maintained by the council is 468½ miles, and the net cost per mile for the year ending March 31, 1907, was £68 8s. 2d. (\$332.89). The sums spent for improvements and the maintenance of the roads during 1907 amounted to £40,438 (\$197,248.66). The estimate required for 1908-9, leaving out improvements, is £41,495 (\$201,942).

Great complaints have been made as to the tremendous wear caused by traction engines, and heavy and light motor traffic.

The above prices will give to Canadian county councils an idea of what it takes to keep the roads here up to their present standard.

P. B. BALL.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, March 14, 1908.

SEALING VOYAGE, 1908.

The annual departure of the fleet of steamers engaged in the sealing industry of Newfoundland occurred on 10th instant, nineteen vessels having left the coast for the ice-fields with exceptionally good prospects for a successful voyage, the weather and ice conditions being much better than they were a year ago.

The fleet is smaller than last year, two of the steamers having been wrecked, and one is now engaged in antarctic exploration work. The number of men employed this year is 3,321, being 564 less than in 1907.

'ASSOCIATION FOR PREVENTION OF CONSUMPTION.'

An important and influentially attended public meeting presided over by His Excellency the Governor was held here recently to consider ways and means of combatting the alarming rate of increase and spread of consumption throughout the colony. In the course of his remarks upon the subject His Excellency, himself a medical man, drew attention to the very high death rate of the city of St. John's, which in 1906 was stated to be 27 per 1,000, compared with London's rate of 15.1 per thousand. Hon. John Harvey the promoter of the meeting, quoted statistics to show that deaths from consumption generally had increased 50 per cent during the last six years, and that at one of the outports the increase had been no less than 150 per cent. The result of this meeting was the formation of an association with a strong committee to take up the work and spare no effort to stop if possible the progress of this devastating disease, which at present is the cause of one-fifth of all the deaths that occur in the colony.

E. D. ARNAUD.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, February 18, 1908.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE FOR 1907.

The preliminary figures for the Commonwealth trade for last year have been issued and show it to have been:—

Imports....	£51,898,380
Exports..	72,913,647

This is an extraordinary growth of over seven millions in imports and a satisfactory growth of three millions in exports.

TRADE SINCE FEDERATION.

The following are the returns of trade from the adoption of Federation:—

	Total Trade.	Imports.	Exports.
	£	£	£
1901.....	92,180,183	42,434,011	49,696,172
1902.....	84,591,037	40,675,950	43,915,087
1903.....	86,061,583	37,811,471	48,250,112
1904.....	94,506,757	37,020,842	57,485,915
1905.....	95,187,766	38,346,731	56,841,035
1906.....	114,467,269	44,729,506	69,737,763
1907.....	124,812,027	51,898,380	72,913,647

It will thus be seen that the Australian imports have increased by £9,464,369, and exports by £23,217,475, or an aggregate increase in the total oversea trade since the first year of federation of the large sum of £32,681,844. The increase has not only been the increase for the whole Commonwealth, but there has been what was not anticipated, a growth per head of the population. The returns of the trade are:—

	Total Trade.	Imports.	Exports.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1901.....	24 5 10	11 3 9	13 2 1
1902.....	21 18 9	10 11 0	11 7 9
1903.....	22 1 2	9 13 10	13 7 4
1904.....	23 18 1	9 7 3	14 10 10
1905.....	23 13 11	9 10 11	14 3 0
1906.....	28 0 4	10 19 0	17 1 4
1907.....	30 0 0	12 11 6	17 8 6

Another striking feature is the huge development in the balance of trade in favour of Australia from the drought 1902, when there was a balance of trade in favour of Australia of over £3,000,000. Last year it had swollen to over £21,000,000. This was less than that of the year before, in which it was £25,000,000, but there was not an actual decrease, inasmuch as the exports of gold in 1907 were much more restricted than in 1906, the movement being:—

	1906.	1907.
	£	£
Imports.....	4,928,401	3,723,283
Exports.....	16,874,912	10,897,177
Net Exports...	11,946,511	7,173,894

The reduction in the net exports of gold of £4,472,617, if added to the balance of trade for 1907 will show it to be greater in 1907 than in 1906. Australia needs a large balance to meet its obligations abroad, but they have been so large as to show that during the last five years the country has been gaining materially in wealth. The details of the trade with countries will not be available for some time, and it is, therefore, impossible to accurately say what has been the condition with respect to the Canadian trade and of the movement of the trade with other countries.

The large increase in trade is due in no small measure to the increased prices of products both in imports and exports, and the year, 1908, must show a material decline in the value of it. The increase of imports in 1907 over 1906 was very general, and it is clear that they were made in part in anticipation of increased duties that were likely to be imposed by the Commonwealth Parliament. There was also a very general increase in the exports, particularly in coal, copper, lead and other minerals and metals.

THE MINERAL OUTPUT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Taken as a whole, the mining interests of the State of New South Wales had a successful year, there being an increase in the value of the production of £2,407,000 over that of the previous year. In gold, the returns show a value of £1,050,730, a decrease of £28,136 as compared with 1906. The total value of the gold won in the State up to the end of last year was valued at £55,364,882. In silver, lead and zinc, concentrates, pig and matte, the production was valued at £4,826,748, being an increase over that of the previous year of £1,669,885. The total production of the silver and lead mines of the State is not much below that of the gold mines, being in value £48,953,781. Copper mining was not as prosperous, the yield being £727,774, a decrease of £67,735 to that of the previous year. The total value of copper produced up to the end of last year was £9,200,203. Tin was obtained to the value of £293,305, an increase of £37,561 for the year. The total value of tin raised up to the end of the year in the State was £8,037,814. The output of coal was 8,657,924 tons, valued at £2,922,419, being an increase of 1,031,562 tons of a value of £585,192. The total coal raised in the State to the beginning of the year is estimated at 138,678,149 tons, valued at £53,279,162. The variety of the mineral resources of this country is illustrated by the amount in value of the other minerals obtained. There are increases in all these lines save four, antimony, bismuth, diamonds and molybdenite. The value of the output is as follows:—Alunite, £5,115; antimony, £46,278; bismuth, £5,268; diamonds, £2,056; iron, from ore, £60,550; from scrap, £118,082, total, £178,632; ironstone flux, £9,668; lime, £19,458; limestone flux, £16,162; Portland cement, £144,548; marble, £2,200; molybdenite, £3,564; Noble opal, £79,000; platinum, £1,014, scheelite, £23,781; wolfram, £26,235; sundry minerals, £2,052.

AUSTRALIA AS A PASTORAL COUNTRY.

As there appears to be an interest in Canada as to the quantity of live stock in Australia, I give below the returns of the number of horses, cattle, sheep and pigs for the year ending December 31, 1906. The returns for 1907 will not be available for some time to come.

Horses.

New South Wales.....	537,762
Victoria.....	406,840
Queensland.....	452,916
South Australia.....	224,447
Western Australia.....	104,922
Tasmania.....	38,299
Total.....	1,765,186

Cattle.

New South Wales.....	2,549,944
Victoria.....	1,804,323
Queensland.....	3,413,919
South Australia.....	680,095
Western Australia.....	690,011
Tasmania.....	211,117
Total.....	9,349,409

Sheep.

New South Wales.....	44,132,421
Victoria.....	12,937,440
Queensland.....	14,886,438
South Australia.....	6,661,217
Western Australia.....	3,340,745
Tasmania.....	1,729,394
Total.....	83,687,655

Pigs.

New South Wales.....	243,370
Victoria.....	220,452
Queensland.....	138,282
South Australia.....	112,277
Western Australia.....	56,203
Tasmania.....	42,985
Total.....	813,569

The probability is that there will have been little change in the totals for the Commonwealth than when the returns for the present year are made up. The bad season in New South Wales, it is estimated, will have reduced the number of horses and cattle and that of sheep by at least one million, figures which will counterbalance the gains in the other States which have had better seasons. During the drought, which was unusually general and long prevailing, culminating in 1902, the sheep of Australia had been reduced to 53,668,347, very little more than one-half of the number on the pastures of Australia ten years before. Since that time the flocks and herds of the Commonwealth have increased steadily.

As indicating the position of Australia, the following figures, which are fairly accurate, are given of the number of cattle, sheep and pigs per 1,000 of the population in Australasia, Canada, the United States and Argentina, the chief stock countries:—

Countries.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Pigs.
New South Wales.....	1,532	25,881	204
Victoria.....	1,410	9,298	222
Queensland.....	5,540	23,430	307
South Australia.....	1,687	16,152	310
West Australia.....	2,412	11,911	285
Tasmania.....	1,146	8,798	404
New Zealand.....	2,083	22,619	273
Canada.....	981	442	414
United States.....	795	601	619
Argentina.....	4,250	14,567	128

PASTORAL AND OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTIONS EXPORTED.

The value of the Australian productions, consisting of wool, meat, skins, tallow and bones and animals living, exported were as follows:—

1901.....	£19,689,509
1904.....	20,292,409
1905.....	24,428,070
1906.....	27,431,454

The chief value is wool, in 1906 amounting to £22,645,769. Other large items were: Sheep skins, £1,614,463; tallow, £878,699; frozen mutton, £1,095,120; other mutton, £206,280; frozen beef, £434,455; and horses chiefly to India, £258,256.

Of the dairy and other animal productions there were exported:—

1901.....	£1,531,661
1904.....	2,530,911
1905.....	2,469,452
1906.....	3,357,069

The chief item is the export of butter amounting in 1906 to £3,240,063.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

In connection with the animal industry it may be of interest to note the development of Australia in its other lines of industries. The areas under Australian crops in acres were:—

1901-2.....	8,414,054
1904-5.....	9,365,022
1905-6.....	9,433,455
1906-7.....	9,545,856

The yields for these years were very variable, the following being the return of wheat in bushels:—

1901-2.....	38,561,619
1902-3.....	12,378,068
1903-4.....	74,149,634
1904-5.....	54,535,582
1905-6.....	68,520,772
1906-7.....	66,100,654

The low yield of 1902-3 was followed by the record yield of the next year of 74,149,634 bushels. There is not so great a variation in the other crops as there is in wheat and maize. Maize is the production almost wholly of Queensland and New South Wales is a producer of wheat. The climates of these two States vary apparently more than of the other States like Victoria and Tasmania, where the bulk of the oats, barley and potatoes are grown. The uncertainty of the seasons is illustrated by the following figures, giving the production of wheat per acre for six years:—

1901-2.. . . .	7.54
1902-3.. . . .	2.40
1903-4.. . . .	13.32
1904-5.. . . .	8.70
1905-6.. . . .	11.19
1906-7.. . . .	11.06

The yield of the crops in the Commonwealth was as follows:—

Wheat.. . . .	bushels	66,100,654
Oats.. . . .	"	13,611,987
Barley.. . . .	"	2,248,432
Maize.. . . .	"	10,172,154
Beans and peas	"	655,167
Rye.. . . .	"	137,471
Potatoes.. . . .	tons	507,135
Onions.. . . .	"	31,756
Hay.. . . .	"	2,256,140
Sugar cane.. . . .	"	1,950,340
Wine.. . . .	gallons	5,891,945

The acreage devoted to crops, particularly during the last four years, has not increased as the reports of the disposal of land for this purpose led one to expect. There have been increases of less than a quarter of a million acres in four years.

MINERAL PRODUCTION.

The mineral production of New South Wales for the year 1907 has been given. Of the Commonwealth, the production for 1906 from the last returns available is £26,643,298 in value. This is a slow increase, the yield of 1901 having been £22,043,104. The chief metals and minerals produced in value were:—

Gold.. . . .	£14,631,745
Copper.. . . .	3,344,744
Silver, lead, bullion and ore	3,291,557
Tin.. . . .	1,509,488
Coal.. . . .	2,669,948

The production of gold does not vary greatly. In the six years, the highest yield was in 1903, when it amounted to £16,294,685, and the lowest yield in 1901, when it amounted to £14,005,732.

FORESTRY.

Although timber is not a leading production of Australia, in 1906 it was cut to the extent of 429,035,240 superficial feet. This is a little above the average of a series of years. Of that amount, there were exported to the value of £1,012,111. The imports of timber for the year 1906 were in value £1,329,456, showing an excess of imports of £317,345.

MANUFACTURING PROGRESS.

There are only Commonwealth returns for the years 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906. These are made up from State returns which vary somewhat in the basis on which the statistics are tabulated, but for the future are likely to be assimilated.

	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Number of factories.....	11,498	11,718	11,889	11,581
Average number employed.....	195,452	202,981	214,200	228,713
	£	£	£	£
Lands and buildings..	20,915,883	21,101,846	21,160,193	20,939,675
Plant and machinery.....	18,639,778	20,294,788	20,683,945	21,731,554

These figures do not show very much growth except in the increase of the number of employees, which is moderate. There is no statement given as to the number of males and females employed during the years referred to, but it is pretty well known that the increase has been in the number of females employed. The number of factories in 1906 were less than in 1904, but those in existence were somewhat larger in extent, as would be expected, and there had been an improvement made in the plant and machinery. There is no return of the value of the production.

The two chief manufacturing States are New South Wales and Victoria. The increases are in clothing and textile production, printing and engraving, the manufacture of vehicles, saddlery and harness and the production of heat, light and power. It has principally been in the production of articles in which local materials are available and in lines such as articles of clay, that could not be easily imported. The increase is almost wholly the work of Australian capital. Notwithstanding the duties that have been fixed since the inauguration of the Commonwealth, foreign capital has not shown any great inclination to invest in Australian industries. Representatives of capitalists from abroad, including a few Canadians, have come, but in nearly all cases of which I have information, advised their principals against investments until there is a greater stability in industrial conditions than they thought now existed.

AUSTRALIAN PROGRESS.

To a Canadian, who would naturally compare the development of Australia with the exceedingly rapid development of Canada or of the United States during similar years, Australian progress would appear to be slow. But in making such comparisons, it must be remembered that in the year 1902 was a culmination of a series of drought years of extraordinary severity. The chief business of the country on the setting in of better seasons was to recover itself from its past losses. Its riches still lie in its flocks and herds. Since 1902 its flocks of sheep have increased nearly 60 per cent and its cattle 33 per cent. Its export of wool has increased 50 per cent in quantity and 90 per cent in value. Its exports of butter have increased almost eight times in quantity and in value. The mineral production of Australia for export will not probably expand in quantity and for some time to come will be less in value.

Special attention is now being given by the people and the government to agricultural improvement through closer settlement on suitable land, better methods of cultivation and irrigation. Under fair seasons, the progress of Australia in the next ten years should be more rapid than in the past ten years. This can be said, that the progress of the last ten years has been without any undue conditions of excitement that lead to severe reaction. The financial condition of the country is sound with every probability of its continuing to be so.

TRADE PROSPECTS.

For six months a large portion of the State of New South Wales has had very little useful rains and the coastal districts have had almost drought conditions. Early this month, heavy rains fell in various portions of the State and in some of the other States, and the outlook for dairying as well as pastoral conditions and for preparations for the next wheat sowing have greatly improved. New Zealand is yet suffering in some of its portions from unusually dry weather. The northern portion, which has suffered most, is not one that produces the articles likely to be required in Canada should the drought continue, but the conditions are so general that they may yet involve an importation of flour, wheat and some other products.

CANADIAN TRADE.

Inquiries from Canada have increased looking towards business in Australia. In some instances there should be a fair opportunity for trade, but Canada is still hampered with the trouble over freight. The prices of a number of articles have been satisfactory, provided they could be delivered at New York in full car lots, but the difference in freight between the two is sufficiently great to prevent the trade, which is almost wholly for less than car lots. Even in such an article as carbide of calcium, the majority of purchasers rarely take more than two tons.

Canadian exporters must devise some method by which they can meet this difficulty if they are to secure the trade here that otherwise they could get. Canadian trade is suffering too from lack of confidence of buyers in Canadian manufacturers being able to fill orders promptly. A letter from a representative of a number of Canadian houses upon this point says:—

‘The last six months of last year have been very trying to me; deliveries were anyhow and manufacturers evidently did not care for export business and it was very discouraging to receive complaints all round. I have still orders on the book which are fifteen months old and naturally one dares hardly approach such firms to solicit for fresh orders. The financial crisis, however, seems to have changed things somewhat as manufacturers seem now to be eager to do an export trade. They promise prompt deliveries and seem also inclined to meet competition on equal terms.’

He further complains of other neglects on the part of the Canadian manufacturer in not properly supporting his agent by prompt replies to correspondence and failure to meet him liberally in the matter of the heavy expenses that the keen competition compels the agent to make. It is possible that the reduction in prices, now general, may put the Canadian manufacturer in a better position to do foreign trade than he has been in for the past four or five years.

PORT OF EXPORT.

I undersand that there is now an all-the-year-round ferry service from the town of Cobourg in Ontario, to Rochester in the State of New York. This should make that route the cheapest to New York, at least, between Toronto and Belleville and the district of Peterborough included to the north. If this should be the case, then Canadian exporters should in their invoices give the proportionate freight to Cobourg as the proportion which is subject to duty in Australia.

EXPORTS TO CANADA.

A Sydney exporter of produce, to whom an inquiry for a number of articles had been sent, replied:—

‘We regret to say, however, that at the present time we cannot possibly do anything with him, as we have more orders on hand just now for butter and onions than

we can possibly supply, owing to our not being able to get space in the Canadian Australian steamers.

'We have orders for onions for Lethbridge, Calgary, Edmonton, and expect some from as far east as Winnipeg, but have to turn them down on account of the Australian Canadian Co. being unable to give us freight space. The same thing happened last year, but we were able to keep our business going via San Francisco by the A. & A. Co. This latter company has now stopped running, and we feel sure that if the governments of Australia and Canada could come to some arrangement to have larger steamers put on the route, that a very large trade indeed could be done in onions, especially during the months of February, March, April and May.

'Last year we shipped about 6,000 cases; this year we have so far been unable to get space for so many hundred. We have no hesitation in bringing this matter before you, as it affects not only our country, but also yours.'

This indicates what has been going on for some time, an increased demand in Canada during the winter season for Australian products and a demand for similar products from Canada on the reversal of the seasons. The two countries are steadily becoming the complements of one another and there could be no doubt that, if the tariffs were not so serious hindrances, this trade could increase very greatly without being injurious to the producers of either country.

BUSINESS QUIET.

Business throughout Australia is stated to be quiet, due to the lower prices for exports and to some extent to diminished production. In New South Wales, trade has been affected by a succession of strikes in the principal coal mines of the State and in Sydney amongst the employees of the timber mills. There is very considerable danger that these strikes may become general. A special arbitration commission is dealing with the coal mining trouble, but in spite of this being in session, strikes have been almost of daily occurrence in one or more of the mines. The timber yard dispute has led to sympathetic strike amongst the allied workers. Though the outlook is not bright yet there are fair hopes that an agreement may be arrived at before these disputes engender a general strike such as the Commonwealth had seventeen years ago.

TRAVEL.

There will likely be an increased number of visitors to Canada from Australia, both of tourists and manufacturers' agents, looking for business connections. Amongst the inquiries, will be one for materials for local manufactures, as, for example, steel and malleable iron parts of agricultural machinery. Efforts were made some time ago to secure these lines, but some manufacturers declined and others, who stated that they wished for this business, failed even to fill the first order. It is hoped that the conditions of this year may be more favourable for trade.

There have also been a good many inquiries from persons who desire to go to Canada for settlement. Nearly all of them are a fine body of men and women. Among these are a number of recent immigrants from Great Britain who are disappointed in the possibilities open to them to secure farms in this country. They are not possessed of much capital and do not see how, at 15s. per week and their board, they can accumulate within a reasonable time sufficient capital to buy reasonably good land at £4 to £5 per acre and then have to fence it, put up buildings, and acquire the stock to work it.

J. S. LARKE.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. Edgar Tripp.)

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, March 7, 1908.

RECIPROCITY CONFERENCE, BARBADOS.

I have the honour to inform you that at a meeting of the Legislative Council, held on the 2nd instant, His Excellency the Governor, in the course of an important Minute on the Estimates, said:

'At the beginning of next session a measure will be submitted to you for the revision of the tariff. It had been my intention to submit this measure to you at the present session, but a movement is on foot for the establishment of reciprocal trade relations with Canada, and should it be decided that it would be to the advantage of this colony to take part, some alteration of our tariff would be inevitable. It seems, therefore, expedient to leave any question of revision until the scheme, which is as yet in its inception, is further advanced.'

Owing to the delay in making the Proceedings of the Barbados Conference public, the question has not yet been submitted for consideration to the Chamber of Commerce or the Agricultural Society, the opinion of both of which bodies will probably be invited by the government before taking action, but official reports of the conference having now been circulated, the question will doubtless be promptly brought forward.

I regret to state that the able and popular governor of this colony, Sir Henry Moore Jackson, is again compelled by ill-health to take leave, and will proceed to England on the 9th inst.

EDGAR TRIPP.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA AND TASMANIA.

*(Mr. D. H. Ross.)*STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, February 17, 1908.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE IN 1907.

Preliminary returns have been issued by the Commonwealth Department of Trade and Customs which show a remarkable expansion in Australian trade in 1907. The figures—which easily constitute a record—reveal a total trade for the year of £124,781,611 as compared with £114,467,269 for 1906, or an increase of £10,314,350. The totals for the two years are given for comparison as follows:—

	Imports.	Exports.	Total Trade.
1906	44,729,506	69,737,763	114,467,269
1907	51,878,171	72,903,440	124,781,611

The increase in imports is the natural effect of the increase in exports during the last three years which expanded the purchasing power of the country. A feature in the value of the imports is that it is partly represented by higher costs in consequence of the general advance of prices in the world's markets. With the exception of wool there has been no marked increase in the value of the exports; many stable lines

showing a considerable reduction when compared with 1906. A reaction is expected in 1908, owing to the comparatively small quantity of wheat available for export, the reduced production of butter and the lower range of prices ruling for wool, tallow, metals and other staple commodities.

MERCHANDISE AND GOLD EXPORTED BY AUSTRALIA IN 1907.

An analysis of the Australian trade returns for 1907—separating gold (specie and bullion) from merchandise—is shown in the following: Exports, 1907, gold, £10,897,027; merchandise, £62,006,413; total exports, £72,903,440.

The imports of gold for 1907 are given at £1,464,756, thus showing the net increase of exports of gold over imports at £9,432,271.

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF AUSTRALIAN IMPORTS, 1907.

The figures for 1907 are taken from the monthly returns received from the various States and the values of the principal items of Australian imports may be slightly varied on revision. The leading lines of Australian imports in 1907, showing increase or decrease as compared with 1906, are as follows:—

Item.	1906.	1907.	Increase 1907 (+). Decrease 1907 (-).
	£	£	£
Ale and beer.	384,515	412,589	(+) 28,074
Apparel and textiles.	10,873,272	12,582,557	(+) 1,709,285
Boots and shoes.	343,376	360,386	(+) 17,010
Brushware.	145,748	166,457	(+) 20,709
Clocks and watches.	160,845	222,310	(+) 61,465
Cocoa and chocolate.	237,677	296,140	(+) 58,463
Confectionery.	116,305	141,016	(+) 24,711
Cordage and twines.	522,352	607,340	(+) 84,988
Drugs and chemicals n.e.i.	876,801	958,697	(+) 81,896
Earthenware, china, &c.	253,005	338,482	(+) 85,477
Fish (all kinds).	371,006	405,962	(+) 43,956
Fruits—raisins.	12,695	6,196	(-) 6,501
" currants.	75,932	78,857	(+) 2,925
Furniture.	244,073	294,439	(+) 50,366
Glass and glassware.	322,247	406,143	(+) 83,896
Grain—rice.	248,604	268,207	(+) 19,603
Hats and caps.	504,193	550,886	(+) 46,693
Implements, agricultural, &c.	282,524	409,501	(+) 126,977
India-rubber goods.	344,866	391,035	(+) 46,169
Iron and steel:—			
Bar, rod, joists, &c.	804,847	1,070,994	(+) 266,147
Plate and sheet, galvanized.	1,069,174	1,353,709	(+) 284,535
Pig and scrap.	202,296	231,338	(+) 29,042
Jewellery.	340,439	379,256	(+) 38,817
Jute goods.	1,399,304	1,373,667	(-) 25,637
Leather.	380,788	363,975	(-) 16,813
Machines and machinery (not agricultural).	2,018,292	2,754,596	(+) 736,304
Manures.	428,241	389,169	(-) 29,072
Metal manufactures.	3,207,220	4,029,828	(+) 822,608
Paints, colors and varnishes.	354,858	445,437	(+) 90,579
Paper—printing.	437,573	508,751	(+) 71,178
" other.	556,832	616,915	(+) 60,083
Spirits—brandy.	143,562	148,065	(+) 4,503
" gin and schnapps.	117,752	110,181	(-) 7,571
" whisky.	489,959	579,781	(+) 89,822
Sugar.	439,916	77,722	(-) 362,194
Tea.	881,320	1,153,322	(+) 272,002
Timber.	1,329,456	1,606,290	(+) 276,834
Tobacco, manufactured.	145,760	166,449	(+) 20,689
" unmanufactured.	285,106	426,335	(+) 141,249
" cigars.	183,209	110,834	(-) 22,375
" cigarettes.	55,549	49,114	(-) 6,435
Tools of trade.	341,297	481,085	(+) 139,788
Wine.	105,333	119,117	(+) 13,784

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS, 1907.

The following comparative statement shows the Australian exports of certain principal items in 1906-1907:—

Item.	1906.	1907.	Increase 1907 (+). Decrease 1907 (-).
	£	£	£
Animals—horses.. . . .	258,256	329,565	(+) 71,309
Butter.. . . .	3,240,063	2,890,531	(-) 349,532
Coal.. . . .	894,002	1,302,205	(+) 408,203
Copper (ingots "and in matte").. . . .	2,998,075	3,457,226	(+) 459,151
Fruit, fresh—apples.. . . .	134,302	205,281	(+) 70,979
Fruits, dried—raisins.. . . .	205	68,746	(+) 68,541
Grain—wheat.. . . .	4,913,800	4,801,723	(-) 112,077
Flour.. . . .	1,216,849	1,296,308	(+) 79,459
Lead (pig "and in matte").. . . .	839,806	1,551,962	(+) 712,156
Leather.. . . .	573,326	533,708	(-) 39,618
Meats, frozen—beef.. . . .	434,455	575,732	(+) 141,277
" mutton and lamb.. . . .	1,095,120	1,377,502	(+) 282,382
" rabbits and hares.. . . .	491,434	472,816	(-) 18,618
" preserved in tins.. . . .	178,120	151,408	(-) 26,712
Silver bar.. . . .	814,874	1,292,108	(+) 477,234
Skins and hides—			
Hides.. . . .	166,908	209,695	(+) 42,787
Rabbit and hare.. . . .	477,450	417,710	(-) 59,740
Sheep.. . . .	1,614,463	1,848,433	(+) 233,970
Other.. . . .	457,699	347,658	(-) 110,041
Tallow.. . . .	878,699	1,037,195	(+) 158,496
Timber.. . . .	1,012,080	797,371	(-) 214,709
Tin ingots.. . . .	1,168,233	1,122,474	(-) 54,241
Wine.. . . .	97,652	126,444	(+) 28,792
Wool.. . . .	22,645,769	28,891,830	(+) 6,246,067
Ores (exclusive of gold).. . . .	977,687	1,504,513	(+) 526,826

The increase in the value of the wool exported was caused by a considerable quantity of 1906 wool being shipped in 1907.

QUANTITIES OF PRINCIPAL AUSTRALIAN EXPORTS, 1907.

Hereunder is given the quantities exported from Australia in 1906 and 1907 of some of the items enumerated in the preceding table. Large increases in the exports of beef, mutton and lamb, wine and wool will be observed.

Item.	1906.	1907.	Increase 1907 (+). Decrease 1907 (-).
Butter.. . . . Lbs.	75,802,856	66,083,804	(-) 9,719,052
Wheat.. . . . Centals.	18,157,401	17,270,480	(-) 886,921
Flour.. . . . "	3,337,610	3,269,447	(-) 68,163
Beef.. . . . Lbs.	41,561,252	52,048,592	(+) 10,487,340
Mutton and lamb.. . . . "	90,692,385	109,227,757	(+) 18,535,372
Tallow.. . . . Cwt.	684,779	676,708	(-) 8,071
Wine.. . . . Gal.	719,763	981,944	(+) 262,181
Wool.. . . . Lbs.	480,242,885	585,075,043	(+) 104,832,158
Coal.. . . . Tons.	2,061,804	2,653,500	(+) 591,696
Copper.. . . . Cwts.	744,357	853,234	(+) 88,877
Lead.. . . . "	1,786,856	1,774,108	(-) 12,748
Silver.. . . . Ozs.	8,617,936	9,526,459	(+) 908,523
Tin.. . . . Cwts.	130,120	132,218	(+) 2,098

HASKETT-MOORE IRON ORE PROCESS.

In Monthly Report, May, 1906, page 1937, I gave a detailed account of the Heskett-Moore invention from which it was claimed that a direct method had been discovered for treating iron ore whereby it could be converted into iron and steel by one continuous process. The Melbourne inventors have, for nearly two years, been conducting exhaustive experiments, and the delays which have taken place are ascribed to the difficulty of securing labour skilled in the metallurgy of steel. The company is now completing a new furnace, and in a few weeks the machinery will be ready for final tests in cost of production. It has been announced that the Canadian patent rights have been sold for £375,000 with a stipulation by the purchasers that the certified cost of production must show a decrease of $17\frac{1}{2}$ per cent as against the present methods. The company appears confident of the next demonstration proving that even a greater saving can be obtained, and the results will be embodied in a later Weekly Report.

LEGAL SIZE OF CORNSACKS PROCLAIMED.

After considerable agitation, the Commonwealth Minister of Trade and Customs has issued a proclamation prohibiting the importation into Australia as standard cornsacks any bag the net capacity of which exceeds 200 lbs. of normal wheat. The prohibition will date from May 15th, 1908, in order to admit shipments of bags now in order, and to give the manufacturers in India time to make the necessary alterations in their looms to agree with the dimensions of the new bag.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTATIONS OF PULP.

In Monthly Report, April, 1904, page 1,328, I supplied particulars of the quality and approximate quantity of pulp required by Australian paper mills. Recently several inquiries have been received from Canadian firms interested in this product, and the result of further investigation of the Commonwealth market conditions confirms my previous report. There are three paper mills in the vicinity of Melbourne under one proprietary, and in an adjoining state are mills of equal capacity. Altogether, the Victorian paper mills will import from 1,500 to 2,000 tons of pulp this year. The Victorian mills require about 600 tons of sulphate and sulphite unbleached, and 100 tons of sulphite bleached. Supplies are mainly drawn from Sweden. The average freight from the pulp mill to Melbourne is about £2 (say \$9.73) per ton. Quotations are desired by the Melbourne paper mills upon a c.i.f. basis, and a special inquiry for Canadian pulp is being forwarded by this mail to the Superintendent of the Trade Commissioner Service, Ottawa, from whom the address of the Melbourne importers can be obtained.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTATIONS OF LEATHER.

Considering the rather unsettled condition of the Australian trade in imported leathers, very fair orders have recently been taken, by the direct representative of the factory, for Canadian glazed kid. Buyers are holding back their regular indents for large quantities in expectation of a fall in values. The Australian hide and skin trade is for the time being somewhat depressed. By maintaining a regular standard quality, Canadian tanners are certain to receive an increasing share of Australian orders for glazed kid leathers.

CARBIDE OF CALCIUM.

In 1906 the Commonwealth imported 4,298 tons of carbide of calcium to the value of £64,601. The sources of supply were as follows:—

United Kingdom	£ 1,469
Germany	22,089
Italy	433
Norway	7,592
Portugal	246
Sweden	26,706
Switzerland	44
United States	6,601

The Australian market is an increasing one and certainly well worth the attention of Canadian carbide manufacturers. Some United States carbide has not given satisfaction in either the quality of the product or the manner in which it was packed, hence there is at present an undoubted prejudice in Australia against American carbide which, to some extent, reflects upon Canadian. Scandinavian carbide is favored by importers. All sizes from medium lump down to electrolite are in demand, and prices must be quoted c. i. f. Melbourne and other Australian ports. There is a difficulty in securing marine freight from New York, which is the port of shipment, as some of the steamers decline to carry carbide on any account. In other instances the carbide is carried on deck at shipper's risk entailing high insurance charges. An inquiry for Canadian carbide of calcium is being forwarded, on behalf of a Melbourne importer, to the Superintendent of the Trade Commissioner Service, Ottawa. If c. i. f. prices and necessary particulars are sent to this office, it will give me pleasure to place same in possession of all the large importers of carbide in Australia.

1908 CROP PROSPECTS OF AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUITS.

The 1908 season promises to give a record in the production of lexias, sultanas and currants at the rapidly expanding irrigation settlements at Mildura, Victoria and Renmark, South Australia. In Monthly Report, April, 1907, page 123, I quoted the export prices ruling for the 1907 season and, from inquiries made, it would appear that the 1908 quotations to Canadian imports will likely be a shade less than last year. The export prices will be fixed early next month by a conference of the growers. Special efforts have been made by the Melbourne exporters to secure a much larger outlet in Canada for Australian dried fruits, and first shipments are contemplated by the steamer sailing on April 13, and due at Vancouver on May 7.

CANADIAN BOOTS AND SHOES.

By far the most comprehensive range of samples of Canadian boots and shoes ever sent to Australia have just been opened up in Melbourne. The manufacturers (John Ritchie & Co., Ltd., Quebec) are to be congratulated upon the appearance and quality of the goods which afford a striking illustration of the advances made in recent years by Canadian firms endeavouring to secure an oversea market. The line has the very best representation it could possibly secure, and the capable and energetic agents look forward to excellent business in the near future.

AUSTRALIAN IMPORTATIONS OF OATS FROM AFRICA.

Within the last few days a shipment of Algerian variety of oats from South Africa has been landed in Melbourne. Further shipments making a total of some 2,000 tons are now on the water. This trade is entirely new, and is not considered to offer much expansion when Tasmania and New Zealand oats are available.

SHIPMENTS FROM MELBOURNE FOR CANADA.

Included in the cargo of the *Moana* sailing to-day for Vancouver are 115 bales of wool for Hespeler, Ontario, and 115 tons of onions for British Columbia, both shipments having been made by Melbourne exporters. The *Marama* scheduled to leave for Vancouver on March 16, will take over 200 tons of Victorian onions and other seasonable produce.

AUSTRALIAN BUTTER.

The London market for Australian butter reached 150s. (\$36.49) per cwt., (112 lbs.) last week for choicest Victorian, which should almost constitute a record. Melbourne butter exports have been offering up to 116s., (\$28.22) for best qualities, but owing to comparatively small quantities available for shipment little business has resulted. While supplies are short, it is obvious that prices are subject to the risk of considerable fluctuation. The dairying industry has received a great impetus from the improved prospects for the sale of pure butter in the United Kingdom, and there is now a demand for all the surplus available for export at rates that are highly remunerative to the producer.

CANADIAN TRADE NOTES.

A fairly large consignment of Canadian organs is now being landed at Melbourne. An inquiry for chair seats required by a large Melbourne importer is going forward by this mail to the Superintendent, Trade Commissioner Service, Ottawa, from whom the address can be obtained. The addresses of Canadian makers of picture mouldings and veneers have recently been supplied to inquiries at this office. The demand for mouldings is rapidly increasing, and it is remarkable that Canadian manufacturers of this line do not endeavour to obtain at least a share of the Australian business. The agents for several Canadian manufacturers report fair orders being sent by this mail. Trade conditions in Australia indicate that the 1908 imports will not be far short of the imports for last year.

D. H. ROSS,

SOUTH AFRICA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. John A. Chesley.*)

RHODES BUILDING, CAPE TOWN,

P.O. Box 668, February 18, 1908.

TARIFF COMMISSION.

The commissioners appointed by the late government of the Cape Colony for the purpose of ascertaining the views of merchants, farmers, manufacturers and others, respecting the tariff now in force in South Africa, and its effect on the trade of the country, generally, have held several meetings, and collected a great variety of opinions upon all matters relating to trade and commerce.

The work of the commissioners will be embodied in a report, and submitted to the government of the day for consideration, this will be done prior to the meeting of the Customs Union Conference of the South African governments, in April next. Since the appointment of the commissioners, and the completion of their work, a new government of the Cape Colony has come into power; by whom the report of the commissioners will be considered.

CUSTOMS UNION CONVENTION.

The present Customs Union Convention came into force in May, 1906. It was agreed upon at a conference, held at Pietermaritzburg in March of that year, by representatives of the governments of Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Orange River Colony, Transvaal and Southern Rhodesia, and provided, if ratified by the respective legislatures of the colonies named, to continue in force for three years thereafter. It also provided that either government, at the expiration of this period (three years) would be at liberty to withdraw from the convention, but before doing so must give the other members of the Customs Union six months' notice of its intention to do so. The withdrawal therefrom to date from the expiration of the notice so given.

FORTHCOMING CONFERENCE.

It is expected the Inter-Colonial Conference on Customs and Railways will meet on the first or second week of April next, and will not occupy more than a month in its deliberations. It is understood that a large amount of material, amassed at the Customs Conference in Pietermaritzburg two years ago, will form the basis of much work at the forthcoming conference, and as the elections in Cape Colony will be over by the end of March, the convening of the various parliaments will immediately follow the closing of the conference, when the necessary legislation will be enacted making the decision reached by the conference effective.

In well informed quarters, the reversion to the original ten per cent tariff which obtained before *ad valorem* duties were increased to 15 per cent two years ago, is foreshadowed, together with an extended free list, and moderate protection designed to afford assistance to such colonial industries as demonstrates any prospect of permanence. It is now anticipated that there will be no friction between the interior and coast colonies on this matter. The Cape and Transvaal ministers are reported to regard the position from the point of view of the general development of the industrial convenience of South Africa.

FEDERATION OR UNIFICATION.

The anticipation that there would be a separate conference for the purpose of considering the proposals for federation or unification is not now entertained, though an informal discussion may take place. The indications are that no attempt will be made to arrive at a definite conclusion, but that a number of representatives, not necessarily ministers, will be selected from each colony, and that a permanent commission will be formed, thoroughly to consider the subject of union, with a view to reporting to the various parliaments during the session of 1909.

CATALOGUES AND PRICE-LISTS.

The following paragraph from my report of the 24th June, 1907, is quoted, for the purpose of again calling the attention of Canadian manufacturers and exporters to the importance of supplying this office with catalogues, price-lists and discounts.

QUOTATIONS FROM FORMER REPORT.

'The interests of Canadian exporters would be facilitated by supplying this agency with catalogues and price-lists of their goods. The quotation in all cases to be *c.i.f.*, as merchants and others desire to know the cost of merchandise landed at Cape Town or other South African ports, reached by the Canadian South African Steamship service. This seems necessary in view of the fact that exporters of the United Kingdom, the United States, and some other countries, are represented here by local agents, who can at short notice furnish buyers with prices in all the principal lines of merchandise required. This is especially so in the case of manufactured goods.'

METHOD OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS.

The following notice clipped from the *Cape Times* newspaper exhibits a new method adopted by American manufacturers to facilitate the sale of their goods in the South African market. The public notice thus given clearly shows the importance of Canadian manufacturers giving this new departure their early and close attention. If Canadian manufacturers desire to extend their business in South Africa, they must make similar efforts, and either supply this agency with like information or adopt other means for placing it before the purchasing community of this country.

CLIPPING FROM CAPE TIMES NEWSPAPER.

'The Chamber of Commerce has received a letter from the American Consul-General stating for the information of members of the Chamber that a commercial information bureau has recently been started at the Consulate-General in Cape Town, where anyone applying may examine the catalogues of almost any article manufactured in the United States, and may obtain price-lists, discounts, and other valuable information concerning the same.'

MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION TO DEAL WITH MATTER.

The Canadian Manufacturers Association should deal with this matter at the earliest possible opportunity, and devise some means of having catalogues, price-lists, and discounts, available for immediate use when required, for the following lines of manufactures: Agricultural implements, windmills, well-boring machinery, hardware and cutlery, carriages, barbed fencing wire, plain fencing wire, boots and shoes, wire nails, horse shoe nails, fencing standards, wire netting, machinery (mining), furniture of all kinds, haberdashery, stoves, tools, hats and caps, hosiery (cotton, silk and woollen), hoes and picks, musical instruments, leather (enamelled and morocco), paper (bags, wall and printing), leather (patent) machinery (electrical), machinery (manufacturing).

JOHN A. CHESLEY.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. J. B. Jackson.*)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., March 18, 1908.

CANADIAN TRADE WITH HULL.

From a geographical point of view, Hull—the third port in Great Britain—is situated in a unique position on the northeast coast for transshipment so as to supply the Scandinavian, Baltic and other continental trades, and, indeed, it is this trade which plays such an important part in the continued progress of this port. At the same time, however, it is probably due to its situation that Hull, in the past, has not received the same recognition as a trading centre that Canadian exporters have accorded to Liverpool and other British ports.

Since this office was established it is gratifying to note, however, that a decided tendency is showing itself on the part of Canadian shippers to more fully appreciate the facilities Hull offers as a distributing point for certain lines of Canadian products and manufactured goods.

HULL'S TRADE IN 1907.

The year 1907 was one of the most important in the commercial history of this port—the inward tonnage of vessels being 5,855,396 tons—an increase of 800,630 tons over the preceding year. A corresponding increase was also recorded in the outward tonnage, the foreign exports of coal alone, according to one authoritative estimate, reaching the figure of 3,449,340 tons.

DIRECT IMPORTS FROM CANADA.

Although small in amount, a variety of Canadian goods found their way to this port during the past year and two shipping lines are already in the field making Hull a port of call on their outward return journeys in connection with their sailings to Canada from other British ports. When it is remembered that up to a few years ago it was only on very rare occasions that vessels traded between Hull and Montreal; the following local returns relating to the tonnage of vessels entering and leaving the port last year will be read with interest:—

	1907.	1906.
Inward tonnage, Montreal to Hull.	20,484	19,972
Outward tonnage, Hull to Montreal.	17,842	17,319

The inward trade possibly did not come up to what was expected, but the imports from Canada made up for any lack of support in this direction.

Some interesting features of the trade of Hull last year was the direct imports of 47,832 packages of apples, classified under the heading of 'American,' a large percentage of which, however, were of Canadian growth. The imports of Canadian cheese too, were also slightly higher than in the previous year and the quality left nothing to be desired.

HULL'S PRINCIPAL IMPORTS.

One of the most noticeable increases in the imports during the year under review was in the case of wheat which was heavier by 354,335 qrs. than in 1906. Other imports during 1907 which will be read with interest by Canadian exporters, are as follows:—

	1907.	1906.
Wheat. Qrs.	4,240,917	3,221,291
Barley. "	770,303	498,584
Oats. "	165,621	276,389
Beans. "	10,421	1,323
Peas. "	47,298	52,613
Maize. "	935,009	909,662
Linseed. "	809,974	579,957
Rapeseed. "	103,246	141,882
Cloverseed. Tons	2,429	2,488
Oilcake. "	27,463	44,190
Timber. Loads	286,004	253,129
Deals. "	589,103	592,107
Hides. Cwt.	107,874	136,830
Bacon. "	356,527	355,088
Beef and pork. "	136,348	136,764
Hams. "	5,180	10,050
Meat. "	110,713	109,736
Butter and margarine. "	764,692	867,601
Cheese. "	38,008	32,389
Flour. Lbs.	45,366,709	41,818,653

AUSTRALIA'S TRADE WITH HULL.

The outward trade to Australia, like that of Canada, scarcely came up to what was anticipated, but now that a direct and regular service of steamers has been instituted, it is expected that this part of the trade will eventually make progress.

The inward trade, however, was satisfactory, the tonnage of vessels entering the port from Australia during 1907 being 36,489 tons as compared with 29,274 tons in 1906. It is interesting to note that as a result of this direct service the Australian wool trade has benefitted considerably, the imports into Hull during 1907 being 30,850,670 lbs., compared with 24,130,626 lbs. in 1906, and there is every indication that a still further improvement will take place during the present year.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

BARBADOS.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. E. H. S. Flood.*)

28 BROAD STREET,

BRIDGETOWN, BARBADOS, March 14, 1908.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS IN WEST INDIES.

Since reporting in this Report, page 1932, I have made a most careful inquiry to ascertain how many commercial travellers had been through the West India Islands since November last, representing Canadian firms. Though I find that on several occasions since that time, a number of English and American travellers have called on, and shown their samples to the merchants here, I can only hear of a doubtful half-dozen in all showing Canadian lines. The buyer for one of the largest firms in Bridgetown, informed me that late in January he was called on by over twenty travellers in one week showing English and American goods.

The clipping which I am inserting is from the *Advocate*, the leading newspaper in Barbados. The writer of this article sees the position clearly and his recommendation endorses what I urged as to the need of more attention being given to this trade.

'Since the question of closer trade relations with Canada has been brought prominently to the front, there has been considerable recasting of the causes of the failure of the manufacturers of Canada to take a better place in the West Indian markets than that which they now occupy. One of these causes, it is alleged by those in a position to speak with authority on the subject, is the absence of Canadian commercial travellers. Every day in certain seasons witnesses the arrival in these colonies of travelling representatives from English and American firms; and the German manufacturer is also well represented in some places. But the Canadian representative is a *rara avis*. It is not surprising then that the trade that is pushed advances, whilst that which is left unassisted suffers a decline. Even preferential duties will not help the Dominion manufacturers unless they follow on the lines that are successfully pursued by their English and American competitors. And the West Indies, it must be remembered, are not the only fields to be worked. There is an ever growing trade between the United States and Brazil and the Argentine in which Canada could participate. And Barbados affords an excellent jumping-off station for the commercial

travellers visiting these South American countries. With good trade ambassadors to represent them in this direction, the Canadian manufacturers should have no difficulty in building up a trade which should enable the Maritime Provinces to realize some of the dreams of commercial activity in which they occasionally indulge.

PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT FOR CANADA PROPOSED BY BARBADOS.

As is generally known in Canada, a meeting of delegates from the various West India Islands was held in January last, to consider preferential tariff treatment for British and colonial goods. As far as they were able to go the delegates went, recommending to their governments a schedule of goods which they believed should receive preference. Barbados has prepared a new tariff which is being considered in committee, and which is to give Barbados importers an advantage of about 20 per cent. in the customs duty to be paid on the schedule recommended of goods imported from the United Kingdom and Canada. This tariff has not yet become law, but there is no doubt that it will pass the House and it is hoped, will receive the sanction of the British government. Should it go through, no doubt similar tariff changes will be made by the other West India Islands. Our merchants should try to take advantage of the favourable position in which they are placed by reason of the preference. Their travellers should be on the ground as soon as possible after the new tariff has been adopted. I hope to be able to report in a very short time that this tariff has become law.

E. H. S. FLOOD.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of February and the *twelve months* ending February 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

Countries.	Month of February.			Twelve months ending February		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	86,427	100,255	73,090	455,314	596,159	512,442
New Zealand.....	50,360	65,377	48,204	289,259	330,048	289,544
Canada.....	1,392	.....	138	295,048	187,267	35,141
Totals.....	138,179	165,632	121,432	1,039,621	1,113,474	837,127
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	141,595	139,848	149,365	1,639,797	1,683,941	1,809,439
France.....	17,708	11,073	23,155	346,414	304,438	296,610
Germany.....	130	6	140	9,194	6,802	6,874
Holland.....	9,555	7,051	10,210	211,814	185,927	171,118
Russia.....	16,519	14,292	20,574	464,331	618,725	653,162
Sweden.....	14,362	21,440	18,854	185,920	196,396	221,787
United States.....	25,661	.....	9,521	141,185	99,576	12,907
Other countries.....	14,883	15,190	11,810	165,971	143,206	111,085
Totals.....	240,413	208,900	243,629	3,164,626	3,239,011	3,282,982
Grand totals.....	378,592	374,532	365,061	4,204,247	4,352,485	4,120,109

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	.....	.....	312	.....	.....	3,827
New Zealand.....	17,332	27,243	49,274	86,589	139,007	230,874
Canada.....	22,844	63,860	27,555	1,849,924	1,912,725	1,655,122
Totals.....	40,176	91,103	77,141	1,936,513	2,051,732	1,889,823
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	3,312	3,863	4,319	45,492	44,099	47,596
Holland.....	16,836	16,628	21,683	219,311	227,243	250,732
United States.....	9,366	23,118	8,127	151,602	242,325	102,772
Other countries.....	6,475	4,811	5,075	71,992	79,557	74,368
Totals.....	35,989	48,420	39,204	488,397	593,224	475,468
Grand totals.....	76,165	139,523	116,345	2,424,910	2,644,956	2,365,291

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of February and the *twelve months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908—*Concluded*.

BACON.

Countries.	Month of February.			Twelve months ending February.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	86,956	73,766	64,213	1,242,017	1,156,955	1,185,950
Denmark.....	115,289	126,351	156,266	1,457,666	1,483,572	1,875,700
United States.....	296,647	273,280	238,734	2,754,656	2,685,675	2,302,820
Other countries.....	4,948	4,633	5,887	76,006	117,455	85,450
Totals.....	503,840	478,030	515,100	5,530,345	5,443,657	5,449,920

HAMS.

Canada.....	14,191	8,528	12,799	298,970	247,787	305,620
United States.....	86,906	82,577	75,184	1,039,855	1,006,321	824,043
Other countries.....	152	294	497	3,308	2,675	3,797
Totals.....	101,249	91,399	88,480	1,342,133	1,256,783	1,133,460

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	61,137	3,473	8,408	243,185	232,353	191,766
Newfoundland.....	32	.....	103	8,681	8,821	3,106
France.....	1,663	3,086	1,344	39,110	27,217	11,011
Norway.....	12,490	6,844	12,603	188,484	173,354	162,322
Portugal.....	7,221	12,620	13,896	123,331	113,241	132,568
United States.....	17,236	2,681	6,880	237,415	207,908	68,861
Other countries.....	21,700	16,686	13,646	424,931	457,177	335,365
Totals.....	121,479	45,390	56,880	1,265,137	1,220,071	904,999

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	900	1,125	.....	244,702	235,391	115,257
Belgium.....	281,278	143,214	297,096	2,345,389	2,226,001	2,342,563
Denmark.....	172,704	208,357	246,248	3,859,575	3,901,435	3,778,806
France.....	112,310	50,635	127,456	1,499,690	1,427,849	1,321,170
Germany.....	385,546	111,604	97,156	2,513,993	2,474,483	2,775,405
Russia.....	3,636	1,440	28,836	7,633,003	7,187,652	7,362,035
Other countries.....	172,134	189,541	202,052	1,141,536	1,101,367	1,347,618
Totals.....	1,128,508	705,916	998,844	19,237,888	18,554,178	19,042,854

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ending February 1899 to 1908.

MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

Years.	English.	Welsh.	Scotch.	Irish.	British Colonial.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality Not Dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants.
1899.....	594		30	43	Not separately distinguished prior to 1908.	667	672	7	1,346
1900.....	431		11	21		463	1,036	9	1,508
1901.....	139			8		147	1,178		1,325
1902.....	617		19	33		669	1,089		1,758
1903.....	1,614		151	118		1,883	2,044		3,927
1904.....	1,917		142	65		2,124	1,001		3,125
1905.....	2,681		127	100		2,908	924	2	3,834
1906.....	3,679		511	159		4,349	1,096		5,445
1907.....	5,458		1,487	313		7,258	1,275		8,533
1908.....	3,059	121	581	169	84	4,014	608		4,619

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY, 1899 TO 1908.

1899.....	15,036	1,704	902	Not separately distinguished prior to 1908.	17,642	10,327	23	27,992
1900.....	13,532	1,679	861		16,072	17,817	123	34,012
1901.....	15,845	1,726	948		18,519	32,359	102	50,980
1902.....	13,041	2,263	1,411		16,715	26,721	112	43,548
1903.....	22,525	4,009	1,631		28,165	42,968	119	71,252
1904.....	48,707	10,331	2,515		61,553	35,968	278	97,799
1905.....	55,802	12,760	2,985		71,547	21,544	80	93,171
1906.....	65,267	14,589	3,386		83,242	25,925	42	109,209
1907.....	90,680	23,889	4,707		119,276	27,692	16	146,984
1908.....	106,832	152	31,941	190	146,391	33,176		179,567

TRADE OF BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

(From British South African Returns.)

No. 1.—SUMMARY of the Value of the Imports and Exports into and from British South Africa during the *twelve months* ended December 31, 1906 and 1907 ; arranged (a) according to Ports ; (b) according to Class of Merchandise.

A.—PORTS.

Ports.	IMPORTS.				EXPORTS.			
	1906.		1907.		1906.		1907.	
	Value.	Proportion of Total.	Value.	Proportion of Total.	Value.	Proportion of Total.	Value.	Proportion of Total.
	\$	Per Cent.	\$	Per Cent.	\$	Per Cent.	\$	Per Cent.
Via Cape Town.....	31,954,883	21.9	25,272,254	20.0	167,838,942	81.3	184,907,340	79.8
“ Port Elizabeth.....	31,945,301	21.9	29,224,100	23.2	12,734,831	6.2	15,333,314	6.6
“ East London.....	18,089,638	12.5	14,967,098	11.9	6,347,438	3.1	7,086,081	3.1
“ Other Cape Ports...	2,825,236	2.0	2,759,692	2.2	5,893,227	2.9	7,255,377	3.1
“ Port Natal (Durban)	40,021,081	27.5	34,166,909	27.1	11,496,312	5.5	14,581,998	6.3
“ Delagoa Bay (Lour-								
enço Marques)....	17,783,384	12.3	16,526,825	13.1	1,026,837	.5	1,272,716	.6
“ Beira.....	2,697,544	1.9	3,116,876	2.5	990,293	.5	1,195,166	.5
Total, via British Ports.....	124,836,139	85.8	106,390,054	84.4	204,360,750	99.	229,164,111	98.9
Total, via Portuguese Ports...	20,480,928	14.2	19,643,700	15.6	2,017,130	1.	2,467,881	1.1
Total British South Africa.....	145,317,067	100.	126,033,754	100.	206,377,880	100.	231,631,992	100.

B.—CLASS OF MERCHANDISE.

	1906.		1907.	
	Value.	Proportion of Total.	Value.	Proportion of Total.
	\$	Per Cent.	\$	Per Cent.
IMPORTS:—				
Animals.....	1,025,971	.7	548,692	.4
Articles of food and drink.....	39,464,958	27.2	33,006,112	26.2
Raw materials.....	11,637,694	8.0	11,239,581	8.9
Manufactured articles.....	89,940,994	61.9	81,242,070	64.5
Parcels Post.....	3,247,460	2.2		
Total imports (British South Africa).....	145,317,067	100.	126,036,455	100.
EXPORTS: South African produce—				
Gold.....	124,803,199	59.6	143,617,523	61.2
Diamonds.....	45,053,317	21.5	43,669,320	18.6
Other raw materials, mainly manufactured.....	34,654,282	16.5	42,368,820	18.0
Animals, living.....	1,220,131	.6	219,939	.1
Articles of food and drink.....	261,860	.1	1,546,334	.7
Manufactured articles (not food and drink).....	385,091	.2	210,055	.1
Total exports (South African produce).....	206,377,880	98.5	231,631,991	98.7
Goods not South African produce.....	3,134,298	1.5	3,104,631	1.3
Parcels Post.....				
Total exports (British South Africa).....	209,512,178	100.	234,736,622	100.

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Value of the Imports of all Merchandise into British South Africa during the *twelve months* ended December 31, 1906 and 1907.

IMPORTS TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31.						
Countries.	1906.	1907.				
		Total.	Imports via Cape Colony.	Imports via Natal.	Imports via Delagoa Bay.	Imports via Beira.
BRITISH EMPIRE.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	82,433,172	71,892,517	44,502,070	18,053,727	7,191,586	2,145,134
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	9,542,511	9,400,453	5,188,052	3,100,140	1,095,959	16,302
New Zealand.....	520,586	346,872	53,353	290,510	2,905	104
British India.....	3,367,231	3,875,721	1,239,725	1,931,833	568,305	135,858
Canada.....	1,991,937	1,927,594	883,767	723,381	291,036	29,410
Ceylon.....	496,194	586,000	311,160	213,150	55,894	5,796
Mauritius.....	2,338,515	1,847,060	1,470,595	185,707	190,009	749
Other British Possessions.	271,086	243,864	90,900	87,641	63,038	2,285
Totals, British Empire..	100,961,232	90,120,081	53,739,622	24,586,089	9,458,732	2,335,638
FOREIGN COUNTRIES.						
Argentine Republic.....	4,471,725	2,240,195	1,140,469	1,089,447	706	9,573
Belgium.....	1,801,022	1,405,026	746,099	381,041	229,108	48,778
Brazil.....	1,860,498	1,457,381	1,195,443	134,739	125,224	1,975
France.....	2,533,975	2,133,094	1,261,815	709,073	178,247	33,959
Germany.....	11,097,163	9,624,281	4,103,768	1,983,225	3,272,021	265,267
Holland.....	1,681,574	1,740,432	1,005,497	456,644	247,587	30,704
Italy.....	583,572	666,787	370,981	192,209	95,307	8,290
Norway.....	595,081	528,418	245,246	94,852	184,894	3,426
Portugal.....	160,959	168,012	85,196	45,669	27,944	9,203
Portuguese Colonies.....	304,722	354,366	32,845	123,652	102,239	95,630
Russia.....	168,557	141,148	46,827	89,245	3,864	1,212
Sweden.....	2,072,055	1,525,987	673,157	431,673	376,349	44,808
United States.....	13,104,138	9,878,068	5,562,279	2,501,739	1,626,094	187,956
Other European Countries.						
N.O.E.....	1,908,915	1,665,904	967,815	422,568	242,394	33,127
Other parts of Africa,						
N.O.E.....	169,734	74,552	32,076	32,383	7,057	3,036
Other Foreign Countries..	1,842,145	2,260,022	1,014,009	892,663	349,059	4,291
Totals, Foreign Countries	44,355,835	35,913,673	18,483,522	9,580,822	7,068,094	781,235
Total imports.....	145,317,067	126,033,754	72,223,144	34,166,911	16,526,826	3,116,873

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Value of the Exports of South African Produce from British South Africa during the *twelve months* ended December 31, 1906 and 1907.

EXPORTS TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31.

Countries.	1907.					
	1906.	Total.	Exports via Cape Colony.	Exports via Natal.	Exports via Delagoa Bay.	Exports via Beira.
BRITISH EMPIRE.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Great Britain.....	195,600,407	219,564,567	208,704,805	8,658,233	1,113,571	1,087,958
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	57,820	71,978	47,990	23,988		
New Zealand.....	453	2,506	2,083	107	292	24
British India.....	399	83,682	268	83,409	5	
Canada.....	29	3,733	3,733			
Ceylon.....	1,854	3,462	336	126		
Mauritius.....	14,931	74,397	42,033	32,364		
Other British Possessions..	6,417	51,067	5,640	41,226	4,199	2
Totals, British Empire..	195,682,310	219,852,392	208,806,888	8,839,453	1,118,067	1,087,984
FOREIGN COUNTRIES.						
Argentine Republic.....	1,913	12,254	185	12,069		
Belgium.....	1,498,805	2,001,509	1,189,394	736,074		76,041
Brazil.....						
France.....	309,194	335,868	202,020	133,848		
Germany.....	4,993,399	5,560,259	3,451,158	2,115,914	3,139	48
Holland.....	11,339	68,518	25,691	4,696	7,470	30,661
Italy.....	73,487	65,987	34,582	31,317	88	
Norway.....						
Portugal.....		803	803			
Portuguese Colonies.....	242,424	283,002	85,181	54,701	142,783	337
Russia.....	27,044	20,070		20,070		
Sweden.....	24	511	73	195	243	
United States.....	84,203	432,427	404,283	28,018	29	97
Other European Countries, N.O.E.....	16,084	3,514	49	3,465		
Other parts of Africa, N.O.E.....	1,600,807	343,280	322,961	20,221	98	
Other Foreign Countries..	6,159	18,105	430	16,877	798	
Totals, Foreign Countries	8,864,882	9,146,107	5,716,810	3,167,465	154,648	107,184
Shipped as stores.....	1,830,688	2,633,494	58,415	2,575,079		
Total exports.....	206,37,880	231,631,993	214,582,113	14,581,997	1,272,715	1,195,168

TRADE OF CANADA WITH FRANCE.

(From Canadian Returns.)

VALUE of the Trade of Canada with France during the Years ended June 30,
1883 to 1907.

Years ended June 30.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.		
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1883.....	2,182,292	134,188	316,480	615,159	2,571	617,730
1884.....	1,651,352	118,497	1,769,849	388,162	2,793	390,955
1885.....	1,712,324	223,257	1,935,581	303,309	.....	303,309
1886.....	1,720,853	254,365	1,975,218	527,714	6,649	534,363
1887.....	1,724,281	349,189	2,073,470	337,323	4,208	341,531
1888.....	1,842,661	402,123	2,244,784	382,651	15,122	397,773
1889.....	1,895,746	332,937	2,228,683	333,374	836	334,210
1890.....	2,203,055	412,547	2,615,602	277,827	725	278,552
1891.....	2,086,500	225,643	2,312,143	248,854	4,880	253,734
1892.....	2,056,994	345,640	2,402,634	362,253	5,286	367,539
1893.....	2,408,057	424,060	2,832,117	258,829	5,218	264,047
1894.....	2,181,612	355,352	2,536,964	472,056	2,930	544,986
1895.....	2,247,199	337,975	2,585,174	330,805	4,477	335,282
1896.....	2,487,133	323,809	2,810,942	573,835	7,705	581,540
1897.....	2,260,184	341,167	2,601,351	683,955	6,741	690,696
1898.....	3,291,213	684,138	3,975,351	1,015,612	9,650	1,025,262
1899.....	3,341,369	547,926	3,889,295	1,551,909	5,813	1,557,722
1900.....	3,503,609	864,893	4,368,502	1,372,359	2,411	1,374,770
1901.....	4,569,060	828,961	5,398,021	1,436,628	144,703	1,581,331
1902.....	5,546,876	1,125,318	6,672,194	1,300,798	88,050	1,388,848
1903.....	5,159,258	1,420,771	6,580,029	1,316,713	24,905	1,341,618
1904.....	5,056,303	1,150,222	6,206,525	1,539,462	58,466	1,597,928
1905.....	5,345,962	1,713,177	7,059,139	1,479,999	31,299	1,511,298
1906.....	6,235,612	1,462,375	7,697,987	2,110,444	9,647	2,120,091
1907.....	7,427,630	1,718,255	9,145,885	1,746,184	11,602	1,757,786

VALUE of the Principal Articles Imported for Consumption into Canada from France during the Years ended June 30, 1898 to 1907.

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.										
1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Articles for use of Dominion Government, &c.....										
Bells for the use of churches.....	11,795	7,813	2,886	9,973	4,050	3,615	4,931	128,304	26,531	
Books, &c.—Bibles, prayer books, &c.....	128	3,892	5,760	14,196	21,632	7,762	26,092	21,515	42,864	
Books, &c.—Bibles, prayer books, &c.....	19,713	12,495	22,088	26,817	26,732	37,751	31,696	23,758	28,515	
Breadstuffs—Macaroni and pamphlets.....	26,532	31,726	37,108	36,051	42,855	57,288	48,721	46,077	29,495	
Brushes.....	10,899	14,377	15,689	14,063	17,540	21,274	33,686	36,584	60,792	
Bushes.....	37,617	45,304	63,445	63,152	68,969	65,439	79,878	77,046	48,569	
Butter.....	8,346	10,249	12,476	12,476	30,477	45,675	33,902	28,936	36,179	
Carriages.....										
Celluloid, mfrs. of.....	1,37	2,351	8,092	6,168	3,270	7,900	19,418	63,651	97,834	
Clothes, remnants.....	4,820	11,841	9,054	10,444	11,742	17,161	15,064	20,389	12,842	
Clocks, clock keys, &c.....	6,581	4,386	8,582	5,966	9,006	9,006	9,333	18,091	16,211	
Combs.....	10,566	24,807	32,883	18,927	11,583	11,080	15,782	15,115	11,276	
Communions.....	4,040	5,137	5,833	8,679	11,080	11,080	20,774	30,484	50,666	
Cotton—Clothing.....	2,087	7,411	7,137	4,620	10,360	18,010	18,542	14,967	16,535	
Embroideries.....	10,908	17,510	20,970	22,374	18,272	17,068	7,378	20,112	86,346	
Fabrics printed, dyed or coloured.....	24,087	26,529	33,252	65,103	108,300	87,611	45,898	35,655	46,441	
Fabrics, velveteens, &c.....	3,824	5,807	3,034	2,872	7,538	1,901	10,071	12,213	17,310	
Curtains and shams.....	14,834	23,357	30,103	31,043	40,298	28,635	24,876	42,377	39,795	
Drugs, &c.—Cream of tartar in crystals.....	10,320	86,752	99,114	101,719	102,499	145,311	139,483	162,362	157,520	
Drugs, &c.—Proprietary medicines.....	23,962	28,377	24,278	26,385	27,336	30,096	32,065	39,609	56,094	
Earthware.....										
Tableware of china, porcelain or other clay.....	25,477	29,455	31,330	38,086	47,840	46,830	52,437	20,931	20,485	
Embroideries, n.o.p.....	2,505	5,330	4,485	6,307	4,333	10,626	8,331	50,087	77,465	
Fancy goods.....								4,024	9,861	
Bead ornaments, &c.....	11,854	21,936	18,349	26,350	37,692	31,704	33,458	34,021	23,424	
Braids, bracelets, cords, &c.....	18,862	18,138	19,010	40,032	40,021	46,734	46,734	43,393	33,691	
Feathers, fancy.....	34,117	37,147	29,062	34,441	39,639	36,638	36,983	50,729	94,831	
Flowers, artificial.....	35,506	18,560	20,918	32,170	28,174	30,644	44,081	58,546	97,662	
Laces, lace collars, &c.....	75,509	81,035	80,805	134,167	181,068	206,198	151,318	194,028	177,687	
Fish—Anchovies.....	32,515	43,235	33,257	33,271	30,058	35,655	35,301	34,734	32,805	
Fruits—Almonds, shelled.....	2,015	8,478	2,829	23,148	24,008	13,307	18,862	18,117	26,947	
Walnuts, not shelled.....	5,296	19,824	17,335	14,548	15,000	12,859	19,406	18,177	39,461	
All other nuts.....	48,807	57,758	43,669	66,105	67,310	50,068	39,511	73,356	170,713	
Furs—Not dressed in any manner.....	21,466	19,608	38,774	42,149	37,924	48,493	116,114	126,692	90,977	
Wholly or partially dressed.....	4,383	20,013	6,247	15,363	20,483	18,879	11,117	37,077	42,149	
Glass and mfrs. of.....	21,807	36,366	71,879	122,007	124,133	103,376	105,084	163,252	166,433	
Glass jars or glass balls and cut, pressed or moulded crystal or glass tableware.....										
Plate glass, not bevelled.....	1,865	3,433	3,876	4,800	7,253	5,723	12,154	10,033	16,566	
Silvered glass, bevelled or not.....	21,294	17,297	5,025	9,700	14,282	13,333	28,330	36,831	29,809	
Gloves and mitts.....	1,273	4,084	5,732	9,612	6,604	8,694	9,632	1,234	9,597	
Glue, powdered or sheet.....	135,741	185,754	171,020	203,238	203,169	248,462	279,704	341,490	421,132	
	17,098	23,377	14,206	19,430	17,448	8,966	12,485	21,447	18,583	

Hats—Beaver, silk or felt.....	5,955	3,559	1,553	3,079	7,102	4,213	7,056	10,750	12,197	16,847
Straw, grass, chip or other material.....	6,413	6,335	11,494	14,631	11,673	13,182	13,704	19,087	37,490	49,224
Hides and skins other than fur.....	144,821	135,195	151,554	202,202	400,238	436,194	395,065	494,891	29,597	611,176
Jewellery.....	9,731	15,423	28,971	14,037	15,457	18,637	30,378	29,062	21,293	29,782
Calf, kid, lamb and sheep skins, tanned, waxed or glazed.....	24,495	20,238	15,871	12,006	30,131	18,352	28,001	41,986	31,049	27,312
Upper leather, including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, &c.....	8,889	10,928	8,652	4,005	10,914	17,082	10,788	6,051	22,738	2,719
Mineral and treated waters.....	9,946	10,510	15,289	17,523	24,561	30,432	41,880	51,948	54,539	60,215
Oil, olive.....	11,212	11,984	10,233	7,824	14,318	15,893	18,454	21,209	33,950	36,993
Optical instruments.....	21,307	22,252	17,826	19,158	20,341	27,430	28,379	32,957	32,615	30,555
Perfumery.....	36,361	45,374	47,918	45,380	43,983	52,948	62,320	56,954	64,771	69,682
Alcoholic perfumes in bottles.....	8,230	8,415	9,904	11,199	13,703	16,787	18,672	21,172	26,825	28,374
Hair oil, tooth and other powders and washes, pomatums, pastes, &c.....	13,312	9,202	11,460	15,597	16,166	24,362	17,124	16,293	21,614	88,319
Precious stones, polished, but not set, &c.....	102,290	167,120	30,424	5,403	32,915	179,649	47,203	419,605	249,414	403,986
Diamonds, unset, diamond dust, &c.....	169,480	366,344	423,838	126,798	135,472	206,328	192,336	225,986	212,407	348,738
Ribbons.....	10,164	28,241	20,257	403,670	446,148	556,591	573,231	598,665	611,379	605,602
Silk—fabrics.....	22,646	25,169	30,203	18,032	16,872	26,442	22,780	28,917	44,153	55,180
Silks—Velvets, velveteens.....	225,323	265,522	295,202	29,353	40,318	48,770	65,105	59,519	65,461	101,094
Soap, castile, mottled or white.....	16,453	21,717	23,670	324,720	347,537	403,868	459,805	470,784	526,606	617,304
Spirits and wines—	4,930	6,401	7,137	25,807	25,930	29,491	32,560	36,719	45,559	59,971
Brandy.....	4,770	6,355	5,822	10,227	11,230	13,658	16,104	17,004	21,287	21,287
Cordials and liqueurs.....	70,527	90,837	91,711	95,616	95,121	98,554	108,197	102,889	119,433	114,653
Rum.....	144,442	167,232	183,318	178,912	195,188	187,256	201,199	218,369	266,674	319,431
Wines, non-sparkling, containing 26 p.c. or less of spirits.....	524,008	39	12	736,859	1,137,404	303,639	520	520	520	520
Sugar—Above No. 16 D.S. in colour.....	3,811	3,848	4,875	7,864	7,665	7,222	9,261	10,660	10,447	11,049
Sugar candy, brown or white, confectionery, &c.....	61,344	62,642	68,016	90,527	81,002	105,811	106,392	89,245	86,390	65,115
Tobacco pipes.....	20,010	30,059	25,183	22,157	25,648	33,142	41,539	35,669	57,789	64,399
Vegetables, in cans or other packages.....	3,318	19,855	19,226	6,594	13,039	11,878	13,795	25,027	38,399	24,054
Watches and parts of.....	17,830	23,499	42,167	33,191	41,004	35,121	38,048	28,972	42,857	91,105
Wool and mfrs. of—	548,898	532,784	503,986	494,423	644,993	703,186	681,121	792,882	984,897	1,180,616
Cassimeres, cloths and doekskins.....	860	3,802	12,721	42,836	59,725	57,548	24,916	13,166	10,113	6,969
Fabrics, composed wholly or in part of wool, &c.....	1,097	3,059	2,511	5,995	7,387	4,700	32,337	16,414	21,391	18,846
Flannels.....	17,099	16,071	15,695	11,012	14,198	13,369	17,975	19,435	23,254	30,669
Noils, being the short wool which falls from the combs in worsted factories.....	211,325	120,976	187,230	326,459	326,459	283,134	217,333	174,073	119,574	119,574
Women's and children's dress goods, coat linings, Italian cloths, alpaca, &c.....	662,172	648,541	724,744	754,193	862,595	098,202	964,913	995,474	1,097,336	1,268,790
Wool, not further prepared than washed.....										
All other articles imported.....										
Total imports.....	3,975,351	3,889,295	4,368,502	5,398,021	6,672,194	6,580,029	6,206,525	7,059,139	7,667,987	9,145,885

VALUE of the Principal Articles of Canadian Produce Exported from Canada to France during the Year: ended June 30, 1898 to 1907
—Concluded.

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.

	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
Animals, living—Cattle.....	51,279.	131,874.	172,140.	50,321.	2,520.	3,080.	3,243.	21,070.	164,330.	113,230.
Breadstuffs—Beans.....	13,318.	24,961.	34,758.	56,457.	13,774.	44,078.	144,951.	105,611.	72,321.	5,666.
Pease.....	31,159.	104,686.	105,357.	62,309.	53,292.	44,078.	144,951.	90,323.	102,125.	49,089.
Wheat.....	150.	1,575.	1,575.	4,985.	3,855.	2,925.	9,260.	4,865.	60,049.	53,912.
Wheat flour.....	378,024.	561,575.	517,973.	608,343.	435,097.	700,840.	587,084.	1,482.	1,712.	1,329.
Fish—Lobsters, canned.....	2,775.	29.	2,975.	200.	6,801.	1,390.	37,572.	1,482.	935,188.	655,224.
Salmon, canned.....	128,976.	2,374.	208,584.	616.	5,297.	106,612.	75,792.	11,065.	15,062.	6,750.
Furs—Undressed.....	.....	253,961.	.....	217,897.	237,729.	238,868.	298,844.	359,231.	209,131.	10,744.
Metals—Agricultural implements.....	.....	.....	.....	25,397.	30,245.	19,740.	53,412.	44,862.	49,620.	521,521.
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14.	14,440.	4,155.	43,599.
Provisions—Butter.....	.....	.....	.....	465.	.....	.....	44.	700.	7,203.	.....
Cheese.....	.....	8,109.	360.	568.	4,162.	597.	21,587.	660.	6,900.	6,338.
Seeds—Clover and grass.....	2,259.	400.	1,000.	12.	1,120.	775.	5,691.	8,775.	1,960.	1,893.
Settlers' effects.....	1,506.	.....	1,521.	2,746.	3,179.	3,261.	3,818.	1,837.	3,701.	3,674.
Spirits—Whiskey.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wood and manufactures of—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lumber—Basswood.....	511.	1,414.	189.	980.	2,850.	3,832.	3,707.	1,005.	5,545.	6,145.
Deals, spruce and other.....	259,753.	354,553.	150,243.	208,909.	196,611.	128,010.	190,828.	109,803.	26,798.	53,728.
Deal ends.....	10,939.	10,871.	2,993.	25,196.	3,983.	2,842.	2,758.	2,033.	840.	969.
Planks and boards.....	29,342.	24,445.	6,290.	41,919.	5,310.	6,076.	150.	150.	1,700.	2,176.
Wood pulp.....	4.	.....	25,066.	10,380.	40,965.	200.	375.	14,168.	46,337.	27,843.
All other articles.....	105,597.	72,086.	139,018.	113,365.	99,177.	53,557.	80,332.	91,813.	92,231.	65,886.
Totals—Canadian produce.....	1,015,612.	1,551,909.	1,372,359.	1,436,628.	1,800,798.	1,316,713.	1,539,462.	1,479,999.	2,110,444.	1,746,184.
Foreign.....	9,630.	5,813.	2,411.	144,703.	88,050.	24,905.	58,466.	31,299.	9,647.	11,602.
Total exports.....	1,025,262.	1,557,722.	1,374,770.	1,581,331.	1,888,848.	1,341,618.	1,597,928.	1,511,298.	2,120,091.	1,757,786.

TRADE OF FRANCE (Two Months.)

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *two months* ending February 1907 and 1908.

	TWO MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
	1907.	1908.	
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	32,180,600	28,086,000	—4,094,600
Raw materials.....	142,794,000	139,760,600	—3,033,400
Manufactures.....	32,435,800	36,847,400	+4,411,600
Total imports.....	207,410,400	204,694,000	—2,716,400
EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	15,705,600	18,237,600	+2,532,000
Raw materials.....	48,277,600	43,726,000	—4,551,600
Manufactures.....	88,661,000	74,015,800	—14,645,200
Small parcels.....	12,661,000	13,303,600	+642,600
Total exports.....	165,305,200	149,283,000	—16,022,200
AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	207,410,400	204,694,000	—2,716,400
Exports.....	165,305,200	149,283,000	—16,022,200
Total trade.....	372,715,600	353,977,000	—18,738,600

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *two months* ending February, 1907 and 1908.

Articles.	Country.	TWO MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
		1907.	1908.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	18,737	9,934	— 8,803
	Other countries.....	30,593	1,333	—29,260
	Totals.....	49,330	11,267	—38,063
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	5,430	7,854	+ 2,424
	Other countries.....	66,024	844	—65,180
	Totals.....	71,454	8,698	—62,756
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	23,059	10,938	—12,121
	Other countries.....	13,107	205	—12,902
	Totals.....	36,166	11,143	—25,023
Rye.....	All countries.....	7,509	2	— 7,507
Corn.....	All countries.....	107,100	54,154	—52,946

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr.—2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from March report of A. Poindron, trade commissioner at Paris.

TRADE OF GOLD COAST.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping of the Gold Coast during the Years 1896 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			Shipping.
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.
1896.....	1,155,639	1,373,724	4,429,694	3,854,940	8,284,634	1,103,836
1897.....	1,134,304	1,954,901	4,431,295	4,174,593	8,605,888	1,158,027
1898.....	1,478,601	1,839,483	5,360,857	4,832,590	10,193,447	1,122,016
1899.....	2,057,607	1,506,993	6,439,601	5,410,458	11,850,059	1,250,410
1900.....	1,865,311	1,324,721	6,302,153	4,309,166	10,611,319	1,414,764
1901.....	2,414,805	1,679,326	8,764,998	2,724,033	11,489,031	1,416,855
1902.....	2,441,870	2,495,982	10,343,924	3,767,705	14,111,629	1,696,451
1903.....	2,810,757	2,819,416	10,135,047	4,773,917	14,908,964	2,013,377
1904.....	3,320,005	3,028,896	9,742,370	6,521,460	16,263,830	2,050,111
1905.....	2,852,942	2,998,441	7,232,196	8,011,237	15,243,433	2,159,562
1906.....	3,324,429	3,060,676	10,020,167	9,715,870	19,736,037	2,143,695

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Trade of the Gold Coast during the Years 1896 to 1906.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1896 TO 1906.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	Lagos.	Other British.	Germany.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
1896.....	3,186,800	143,693	7,937	475,337	371,881	244,046
1897.....	2,966,457	289,722	14,537	501,091	359,924	299,564
1898.....	3,989,742	203,704	15,398	612,061	184,767	355,185
1899.....	4,714,564	263,579	11,587	801,715	246,779	401,377
1900.....	4,478,691	287,104	92,700	841,257	247,440	354,961
1901.....	6,447,403	328,699	80,732	935,718	501,888	470,558
1902.....	7,561,120	336,000	155,889	1,374,084	378,033	538,798
1903.....	7,007,134	627,337	55,826	1,315,665	293,329	835,756
1904.....	6,984,805	332,841	49,514	1,208,743	218,941	947,526
1905.....	5,084,002	212,755	14,668	1,002,543	146,123	772,105
1906.....	7,740,243	268,840	67,534	1,011,381	159,533	772,636

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES, 1896 TO 1906.

1896.....	2,609,049	181,035	1,323	549,904	71,029	442,600
1897.....	2,831,933	172,757	822	647,768	95,635	425,678
1898.....	3,471,564	189,722	13,057	650,011	89,172	419,064
1899.....	3,735,532	323,137	21,238	673,040	59,689	597,822
1900.....	2,480,924	242,389	886	721,614	94,277	769,076
1901.....	1,236,762	171,579	457	704,733	110,510	499,992
1902.....	1,652,053	237,995	22,576	1,041,014	137,726	676,341
1903.....	2,891,496	233,989	125,603	924,710	114,492	483,627
1904.....	4,210,085	305,627	107,140	1,273,101	32,251	593,256
1905.....	5,729,852	500,507	219,019	1,282,230	.....	279,629
1906.....	7,414,118	650,337	472	1,247,779	66,406	336,758

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported from the Gold Coast during the Years 1896 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Apparel.	Beads.	Building Materials.	Cotton Goods.	Hardware.	Machinery.	Perfumery.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	104,808	81,964	108,954	1,163,615	123,418	50,214	55,061
1897.....	114,970	55,597	98,467	1,267,066	89,946	77,253	54,876
1898.....	129,921	85,342	124,309	1,239,043	119,530	82,066	68,133
1899.....	162,264	116,917	83,721	1,493,122	194,058	195,547	69,189
1900.....	182,441	114,590	109,947	1,389,755	162,084	142,192	77,648
1901.....	255,398	138,471	126,480	1,668,687	236,267	395,840	110,974
1902.....	365,521	123,856	206,751	1,845,810	267,467	783,528	109,704
1903.....	297,548	117,165	239,649	1,640,427	268,129	1,237,009	98,992
1904.....	346,336	126,139	151,917	1,814,238	258,921	834,302	121,982
1905.....	253,884	87,857	108,029	1,752,117	189,422	416,717	85,642
1906.....	295,421	79,959	144,170	1,828,635	213,651	919,440	102,068
	Provisions.	Silk Goods.	Soap.	Spirits. and Wines.	Tobacco.	Woollen Goods.	Specie.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	647,981	87,157	38,768	*475,424	121,204	46,598	478,958
1897.....	271,360	108,122	50,044	*509,107	94,252	48,467	464,338
1898.....	274,937	124,139	50,525	*511,545	121,437	53,061	1,161,595
1899.....	291,362	164,756	57,572	*478,005	146,496	65,972	1,208,972
1900.....	469,492	125,755	52,930	534,715	122,353	75,944	953,486
1901.....	864,145	191,065	82,504	826,822	165,549	81,278	1,000,894
1902.....	1,081,266	188,238	75,740	764,908	204,040	97,275	1,424,020
1903.....	927,275	164,138	102,136	745,544	200,117	78,869	1,231,101
1904.....	621,292	192,808	98,944	*667,097	218,065	73,865	1,342,470
1905.....	343,400	156,580	88,081	637,056	161,821	63,597	512,980
1906.....	412,645	134,291	116,737	658,041	210,980	58,293	2,078,062

*Gin rum and whiskey only.

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported from the Gold Coast during the Years 1897 to 1906.

Calendar Years.	Cocoa.	Cola Nuts.	Gold and Gold Dust.	Palm Kernels.	Palm Oil.	Rubber.	Timber.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1896.....	11,076	161,953	419,438	415,364	617,371	1,527,243	254,205
1897.....	15,554	184,300	412,679	339,781	524,320	2,043,090	440,769
1898.....	46,798	174,173	310,668	323,040	556,202	2,684,779	536,944
1899.....	78,178	277,502	249,660	516,626	891,593	2,704,558	423,760
1900.....	132,763	209,913	184,967	471,755	1,162,223	1,597,026	329,701
1901.....	208,473	170,450	107,976	436,997	867,113	506,279	269,121
1902.....	462,061	182,378	471,482	642,687	1,144,693	431,196	106,590
1903.....	419,750	246,063	1,239,982	512,324	710,027	956,300	237,751
1904.....	973,455	266,513	1,681,959	421,385	626,593	1,755,134	264,236
1905.....	909,137	292,535	2,903,370	382,642	430,013	1,575,700	410,883
1906.....	1,636,509	358,342	4,000,522	393,392	608,372	1,627,924	389,854

No. 5.—STATEMENT of Imports into the Gold Coast together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, Germany and the United States, during the Calendar Years 1905 and 1906.

ARTICLES.	IMPORTS INTO GOLD COAST—YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.					
	Totals.		From Great Britain.		From Germany.	
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.
	\$	\$	£	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural implements.....	33,108	31,989	13,427	9,572	18,855	18,975
Ale, beer and porter.....	29,911	36,052	10,385	17,369	18,235	18,177
Animals, living.....	17,316	16,376	817	1,733	331	20
Beads.....	87,857	79,959	41,332	36,978	42,875	38,603
Beef and pork.....	45,698	46,944	43,425	43,225	2,054	516
Boats and canoes.....	633	1,003	301	.....	253	784
Books, printed.....	26,752	27,020	22,464	21,632	3,981	4,696
Brass and copperware.....	24,507	17,170	23,675	16,245	720	472
Bread and biscuits.....	66,881	55,348	61,402	52,764	1,596	477
Building materials.....	108,029	144,170	90,140	129,755	14,765	11,140
Carriages and carts.....	22,021	87,936	12,964	84,276	8,799	3,601
Coal.....	104,448	186,359	90,885	176,042	9,076	7,271
Coopers' stores.....	47,717	70,839	30,922	57,246	3,002	5,445
Cordage.....	103,639	93,727	90,427	88,564	9,669	4,492
Cotton manufactures.....	1,752,117	1,828,635	1,405,776	1,478,839	213,123	209,368
Drugs and chemicals.....	88,402	128,358	78,382	122,421	9,421	5,178
Earthenware.....	32,221	29,463	22,966	22,460	8,390	5,879
Flour.....	177,895	147,582	171,837	130,587	6,004	2,044
Furniture.....	70,902	80,762	45,498	51,251	22,644	25,890
Galvanized iron and slate.....	59,251	95,747	58,507	94,311	588	627
Hardware.....	189,422	213,651	126,230	140,034	52,720	53,820
Lumber.....	89,233	95,386	23,427	40,340	5,718	2,062
Machinery.....	416,717	919,440	375,750	877,197	40,889	40,417
Mineral waters.....	35,297	37,444	10,400	10,984	24,552	25,735
Musical instruments.....	27,587	17,520	15,091	10,342	7,035	6,657
Oils—Kerosene.....	121,924	89,006	6,506	5,441	22,250	16,250
Perfumery.....	85,642	102,068	39,433	46,671	37,502	384
Provisions.....	343,400	412,645	297,074	359,447	39,702	37,528
Railway plant and rolling stock.....	14,497	15,476	14,249	13,602	37,517	37,502
Salt.....	27,890	22,415	13,480	13,529	248	1,441
Silk manufactures.....	156,580	134,291	144,321	126,684	905	68
Soap.....	88,081	116,737	87,190	115,466	10,006	5,854
Spirits and wines.....	637,056	658,027	331,006	358,659	108,507	98,107
Stationery.....	62,177	65,749	56,827	60,009	4,633	4,497
Sugar.....	109,372	110,235	61,933	61,160	38,344	36,826
Tobacco.....	161,821	210,980	123,754	158,254	341	39,687
						9,378

No. 6.—STATEMENT of Exports from the Gold Coast, together with the portion sent to Great Britain, Germany and the United States during the Calendar Years 1905 and 1906.

ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM GOLD COAST.—YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31.							
	Totals.		To Great Britain.		To Germany.		To United States.	
	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.	1905.	1906.
Cocoa.....	\$ 909,137	\$ 1,636,509	\$ 332,375	\$ 865,454	\$ 495,295	\$ 660,450	\$	\$
Cola nuts.....	292,535	358,342	720	1,014	11,690	4,540	.....	.....
Copra.....	15,369	20,878	428	540	243	399	.....	.....
Cotton manufactures.....	8,584	5,879	272	2	389	39	.....	.....
Guinea grains.....	793	2,516	194	443	599	1,533	.....	.....
Instruments, scientific.....	24	49	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	.....
Palm kernels.....	382,642	393,392	.....	42,919	337,615	280,393	.....	.....
Palm oil.....	350,013	608,372	131,979	427,235	164,960	63,860	.....	.....
Rubber.....	1,575,700	1,627,924	1,385,165	1,455,201	190,258	171,151	.....	.....
Timber.....	410,883	389,858	343,469	316,912	67,414	52,745	.....	66,406
All other articles.....	41,885	241,620	20,284	174,924	13,743	12,669	.....	.....
Totals (mdse.).....	4,067,515	5,285,339	2,221,376	3,284,693	1,282,230	1,247,779	.....	66,406
Coin and bullion—	2,903,370	4,000,522	2,903,370	4,000,522	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold coin and gold dust.....	1,040,352	430,009	605,106	128,903	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total exports.....	8,011,237	9,715,870	5,729,852	7,414,118	1,282,230	1,247,779	.....	66,406

TRADE OF SAINT VINCENT.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Revenue, Expenditure, Trade and Shipping for Saint Vincent during the Calendar Years 1896 to 1906-7.

Calendar Years.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	TRADE.			SHIPPING.	
			Imports.	Exports.	Totals.	British.	Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Tons.	Tons.
1896.....	131,351	130,242	347,913	327,974	675,887	264,475	18,770
1897.....	123,594	129,064	344,676	335,479	680,155	243,227	5,650
1898.....	130,631	134,680	429,765	217,374	647,139	252,246	2,579
1899.....	156,580	147,567	504,318	163,398	667,716	238,497	7,091
1900.....	138,982	141,527	468,130	475,809	943,939	278,029	11,683
1901.....	119,126	142,554	364,610	253,003	617,613	345,086	16,381
1902.....	142,554	138,164	385,065	214,590	599,655	371,390	9,040
1903-4.....	129,044	136,829	378,884	185,774	564,658	430,965	3,346
1904-5.....	131,147	122,776	361,291	252,595	613,886	496,956	1,631
1905-6.....	130,913	126,101	336,272	258,312	594,584	465,524	4,995
1906-7.....	126,684	119,963	379,639	407,608	787,247	305,398	2,760

No. 2.—STATEMENT shewing, by Countries, the Trade of Saint Vincent during the Years 1896 to 1906-7.

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Calendar Years.	Great Britain.	British North America.	British West Indies.	Other British.	United States.	Venezuela.	Other Foreign.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1896.....	145,255		154,113			48,545	
1897.....	138,008		169,886			36,782	
1898.....	132,816		218,085			78,864	
1899.....	142,306		253,290			108,722	
1890.....	172,951		174,626			120,553	
1901.....	154,433	10,921	119,292		74,309	504	5,151
1902.....	119,618	11,583	110,600		137,882	511	4,871
1903-4.....	151,577	10,780	116,541		96,476	370	3,140
1904-5.....	140,237	12,371	131,497		73,711	229	3,246
1905-6.....	123,958	12,586	136,775		58,841		4,112
1906-7.....	132,013	39,638	120,177	150	84,285	9	3,367

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

1896.....	102,838		77,141			147,995	
1897.....	99,435		106,799			129,245	
1898.....	68,990		69,398			78,986	
1899.....	94,330		52,618			16,450	
1900.....	348,376		70,975			56,458	
1901.....	137,756	6,019	57,163		43,809	5,574	2,682
1902.....	108,687	5,659	68,050		20,780	9,153	2,261
1903-4.....	93,459	2,837	77,315		10,203		1,960
1904-5.....	108,000	30,811	100,019		9,377	1,226	3,162
1905-6.....	118,773	21,093	114,781		841	1,927	897
1906-7.....	194,073	27,068	182,863	229	2,477	307	591

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Trade of Saint Vincent during the Calendar Years 1896 to 1906-7.

Calendar Years.	Live Animals, Food, Drink, &c.	Raw Materials.	Manufac- tured Articles.	Coin and Bullion.	Totals.
IMPORTS—					
1896.....	154,945	48,764	144,204	No Returns.	347,913
1897.....	159,061	44,019	141,596		344,676
1898.....	199,197	70,075	160,493		429,765
1899.....	247,056	74,903	182,359		504,318
1900.....	194,180	74,937	199,013		468,130
1901.....	154,896	38,841	170,873		364,610
1902.....	184,256	54,954	145,855		385,065
1903.....	153,996	49,036	175,852		378,884
1904-5.....	158,332	41,989	160,970		361,291
1905-6.....	153,664	31,953	150,655		336,272
1906-7.....	155,732	59,704	164,203	379,639	
EXPORTS—					
1896.....	299,436	11,232	17,306	No Returns.	327,974
1897.....	310,026	7,942	17,511		335,479
1898.....	194,705	5,129	17,540		217,374
1899.....	138,301	15,247	9,850		163,398
1900.....	443,616	7,066	25,127		475,809
1901.....	229,916	12,902	10,185		253,003
1902.....	188,734	15,578	10,278		214,590
1903-4.....	160,712	17,383	7,679		185,774
1904-5.....	211,092	32,354	9,149		252,595
1905-6.....	199,217	50,074	9,021		258,312
1906-7.....	225,779	106,575	75,254	407,608	
AGGREGATE TRADE—					
1896.....	454,381	59,996	161,510	No Returns.	675,887
1897.....	469,087	51,961	159,107		680,155
1898.....	393,902	75,204	178,033		647,139
1899.....	385,357	90,150	192,209		667,716
1900.....	637,796	82,003	224,140		943,939
1901.....	384,812	51,743	181,058		617,613
1902.....	372,990	70,532	156,133		599,655
1903-4.....	314,708	66,419	183,531		564,658
1904-5.....	369,424	74,343	170,119		613,886
1905-6.....	352,881	82,027	159,676		594,584
1906-7.....	381,511	166,279	239,457	787,247	

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing Imports into Saint Vincent, together with the portion furnished by Great Britain, United States and British North America, during the Years ended March 31, 1905 to 1907.

Articles.	IMPORTS INTO ST. VINCENT—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31.											
	Totals.			From Great Britain.			From United States.			From British North America.		
	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.	1905-6.	1906-7.
Animals, living.....	\$ 861	2,118	2,112	\$ 88	1,460	20	\$ 209	85	667	\$ 30	121	\$ 501
Bacon and Hams.....	1,358	1,091	4,973	788	501	558	243	346	190	15	82	146
Boots and Shoes.....	3,762	3,695	8,657	2,463	2,673	2,657	1,212	734	1,757	54	82	10
Butter.....	8,215	7,388	8,063	3,407	1,567	1,806	5		204	720	817	1,032
Cement.....	2,424	1,941	2,268	146	102	375						
Cheese.....	924	715	4,667	34	34	4	209	136	29	453	589	594
Earthen and Glassware.	4,516	3,215	4,597	8	1,514	2,239	20	1,611	229	3,465	4,910	25
Fish.....	27,599	23,726	28,975	38	58	311	895	13,052	1,931	1,304	5,583	17,958
Flour, wheat.....	38,694	38,274	4,807	39	778		20,630	381	21,695			5,519
Flour, other kinds.....	2,166	2,501	2,755				462	121	370		102	234
Furniture.....	2,044	2,433	2,063				175	121	121			29
Metal manufactures.....	21,340	23,470	28,820	13,811	15,848	21,326	2,132	2,209	3,037	34	7	156
Oils.....	10,317	10,841	19,502	1,898	569	891	5,250	6,220	7,484	58		321
Pork, salted and cured.	10,005	9,355	19,325				3,801	3,705	5,562		88	
Rice.....	11,670	10,606	11,091	234	267	238	117	70	117			
Salt.....	2,224	2,073	1,533									
Soap.....	7,246	6,692	7,630	603	146	1,027	1,231	746	749	165	727	2,064
Spirits and wines.....	7,309	7,052	6,990	5,231	4,849	4,774		154	10	15	83	
Sugar.....	4,185	5,866	3,767	31	219	248	1,582	1,957	1,849			
Textile manufactures.....	85,590	81,500	86,865	70,853	63,492	69,052	6,740	9,888	8,896	1,903	1,002	1,051
Tobacco.....	4,618	4,736	4,326	1,246	1,324	1,528	2,813	2,880	2,555			
Wood and timber—												
Pine timber.....	17,350	9,972	30,134				12,288	4,660	16,994	2,180	1,922	7,674
Shooks, staves, &c.....	8,669	6,977	8,667		1,845	803				10		
Shingles.....	2,740	1,545	3,742				117	234		452	11	302
Other.....	1,100	1,375	399		25		272		19	24		
All other articles.....	74,435	68,275	65,950	32,913	25,718	23,648	13,312	9,852	9,770	1,489	*	2,022
Total imports.....	361,291	336,272	379,639	140,237	123,958	132,013	73,711	58,841	84,285	12,371	12,586	39,638

* Principal articles exceed total by \$3,458.

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Exports from Saint Vincent together with portion sent to Great Britain, United States and British North America, during the Years ended March 31, 1904 to 1907.

EXPORTS INTO ST. VINCENT—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31.													
Articles.	Totals.			To Great Britain.			To United States.			To British North America.			
	1904-5.		1905-6.	1906-7.		1904-5.		1905-6.	1906-7.	1904-5.		1905-6.	1906-7.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals living.....	20,036	24,776	25,288	29	20	90,549			1,217			550	1,168
Arrowroot.....	100,613	99,876	118,508	71,744	69,951	8,779			360				
Cocoa.....	10,974	11,806	18,678	5,582	4,730				467				
Ground nuts.....	6,121	11,897	9,387										
Metals, old.....	103	1,259	1,309		25	44							
Metals.....	754	464	66,230		125	4,361			394				
Molasses.....	3,173	4,356	5,406										
Oils, whale.....	2,126	1,236	1,217		1,110	1,134						4,351	5,406
Pease, dried.....	2,229	1,846	3,353								3,173		
Spices and wines.....	1,426	2,115	54		2,031								
Spirit (Casava).....	6,710	7,450	7,003										
Starch (Crystallized).....			5,718										
Sugar (Muscovada).....	47,582	18,457	17,301	4,438	15	29						16,162	15,247
Sugar.....			638						9,372		27,472		
Textiles manufactures.....	116	102											
Vegetables, fresh—													
Sweet potatoes.....	7,295	9,487	5,440										
Other.....	4,098	7,766	7,650									30	877
All other articles.....	39,239	56,419	114,448	24,304	40,766	89,177	5	14	63	166			
Total exports.....	252,595	258,312	407,608	108,000	118,773	194,073	9,377	841	2,477	30,811	21,093		27,068

MONTHLY REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

OF CANADA

MARCH 1908

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OTTAWA

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU

1908

Public Debt—Gross.....	115,492,685	199,861,588	289,899,230	354,732,433	377,678,580	392,269,680	379,966,826
—Net.....	77,706,518	155,395,780	237,809,080	268,480,034	266,224,167	267,042,978	263,571,860
—Interest paid on.....	5,165,304	7,591,145	9,584,137	10,807,955	10,630,115	10,814,697	6,712,771
Immigration—To June 30.....	(c) 27,773	(c) 47,991	(c) 82,165	49,149	146,266	189,064	.....
Insurance—To December 31—							
Fire Insurance in force.....	228,453,784	462,210,988	759,602,191	1,038,687,619	1,318,146,495	1,443,902,244	1,614,861,558
Premiums received.....	2,321,716	3,827,116	6,168,716	9,650,348	14,285,671	14,687,963	16,122,923
Life Insurance—							
Policies in force.....	45,825,935	62,887	170,602	484,060	718,081	767,690	825,450
Amount in force.....	1,852,974	103,290,932	261,475,229	463,769,034	630,334,240	656,261,100	685,405,390
Premiums received.....	.....	3,094,689	8,417,702	15,189,854	22,080,717	22,364,456	23,145,076
Loan Companies and Building Societies—To Dec. 31—							
Assets—							
Total loans.....	.....	64,498,542	110,082,219	125,887,911	160,370,957	170,122,424	.....
Property owned.....	.....	9,408,096	14,958,927	32,635,396	47,710,270	61,954,023	.....
Liabilities—							
Total assets.....	8,392,464	73,906,638	125,041,146	158,523,307	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Capital paid up.....	4,877,070	25,845,639	34,658,749	50,383,101	52,046,424	53,465,734	.....
Reserved fund.....	.....	5,128,413	10,190,670	10,708,262	14,276,353	16,589,706	.....
Deposits.....	2,399,136	13,460,268	18,482,959	20,756,910	22,270,481	23,046,194	.....
Debentures payable.....	.....	23,154,234	54,898,094	51,763,036	64,980,678	68,390,540	.....
Other liabilities.....	.....	4,376,463	5,685,232	24,911,998	54,507,291	70,384,273	.....
Total liabilities.....	8,392,958	71,965,017	123,915,704	158,523,307	208,081,227	232,076,447	.....
Mineral Productions—To December 31.....	(d) 6,043,868	(d) 7,610,108	18,976,616	65,804,611	69,525,170	(e) 80,000,048	(e) 86,183,477
Metallic Minerals—							
Copper.....	.....	.....	5,421,659	41,939,500	37,400,204	(e) 42,979,629	(e) 42,434,087
Gold.....	2,174,412	1,313,153	1,149,598	6,096,581	7,497,660	(e) 10,394,095	(e) 11,478,644
Iron ore (exports).....	.....	.....	380,614	24,128,503	14,610,395	(e) 12,023,932	(e) 8,264,765
" pig from Canadian ore.....	.....	.....	142,005	392,582	175,500	(e) 149,177	(e) 45,907
Lead.....	.....	.....	3,887	1,212,113	1,032,116	(e) 1,724,400	(e) 1,982,307
Nickel.....	.....	.....	2,249,387	2,676,632	2,676,632	(e) 3,066,094	(e) 2,532,836
Silver.....	.....	.....	2,775,976	4,594,523	7,550,526	(e) 8,948,834	(e) 9,535,407
Non-Metallic Minerals—							
Asbestos.....	.....	.....	409,649	3,265,354	3,617,675	(e) 3,723,037	(e) 8,329,221
Cement.....	.....	.....	13,304,957	23,565,111	31,824,966	(e) 37,020,419	(e) 43,749,390
Coal.....	35,100	.....	999,878	1,259,759	1,503,259	(e) 1,988,108	(e) 2,505,043
Coke.....	.....	.....	101,561	660,030	1,924,014	(e) 3,170,859	(e) 3,378,871
Petroleum.....	.....	.....	7,019,425	12,699,243	17,620,263	(e) 19,945,032	(e) 24,560,238
.....	.....	.....	176,592	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	1,010,211	1,008,275	856,028	(e) 761,760	(e) 1,057,088

(a) Exclusive of the area of Franklin, which is estimated at 500,000 square miles. (b) Statistics for 1872. (c) Calendar Years. (d) Estimated. (e) Unrevised.
 (f) Figures for 1907 are for 9 months ended March 31.

STATISTICAL RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—Concluded.

	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Patents issued.—To December 31. No.	512	1,501	2,343	4,545				
Post Office Statistics—Fiscal Years—(b)—								
Post offices..... No.	3,943	5,935	8,061	9,834	10,879	11,141	11,377	
Money orders issued..... {	120,521	338,238	855,619	1,151,024	1,924,130	2,178,549	1,845,278	
Newspapers, periodicals, books, parcels, &c., sent. No.	4,546,434	7,725,212	12,478,178	17,956,258	32,349,475	37,355,673	32,160,098	
Post cards sent..... {	22,314,160	55,020,568	90,425,346	124,362,404	23,941,000	33,674,000	28,270,000	
Letters sent..... {	27,050,000	9,640,000	20,300,000	26,842,000	283,541,000	323,644,000	273,071,000	
Revenue..... \$	1,079,767	48,170,000	97,975,000	191,650,000	6,786,089	7,708,142	6,535,093	
Expenditure..... \$	1,271,006	2,333,189	3,374,888	4,641,608	6,295,245	6,696,377	5,432,792	
Railways and Canals—Fiscal Years—								
Canals—Vessels through } Season of naviga- { Tonnage.	4,658,227	4,208,098	3,373,570	6,462,538	10,287,432	11,211,636		
Freight carried } tion { Tons.	3,955,620	2,853,230	2,902,526	5,665,259	9,371,744	10,523,185		
Railways, electric—								
Miles in operation.....				672	793	814	815	
Passengers carried.....				120,934,656	203,467,317	237,655,074	273,999,404	
Freight carried.....				287,926	510,350	506,024	479,731	
Earnings—Gross.....				5,768,283	9,357,125	10,966,872	12,630,430	
Working expenses.....				3,435,163	5,918,194	6,675,088	7,737,251	
Railways, steam—								
Miles in operation.....	2,695	7,194	13,838	18,140	20,487	21,353	22,452	
Passengers carried.....		6,943,671	13,222,568	18,385,722	25,288,723	27,989,782	32,137,319	
Freight carried.....		12,045,323	21,753,021	36,999,371	50,893,957	57,966,713	63,866,135	
Earnings—Gross.....	14,485,648	27,987,509	48,192,099	72,898,749	106,467,199	125,322,865	146,738,214	
Working expenses.....		20,121,418	34,960,449	50,368,726	79,977,574	87,129,434	103,748,672	
Trade and Commerce—Fiscal Years (b)—								
Customs Duties collected..... \$	11,843,656	18,500,786	23,481,069	29,106,980	42,024,340	46,671,101	40,390,172	58,390,737
Excise Revenue collected..... \$	4,295,945	5,343,022	6,914,850	10,318,266	12,586,475	14,010,220	11,805,413	16,221,483
Imports, Total..... \$								
Dutiable Goods..... \$	70,295,223	85,516,908	81,286,372	115,574,658	157,164,375	176,790,332	154,856,659	230,862,983
Free Goods..... \$	23,064,654	18,690,657	36,870,096	71,303,573	99,361,007	110,417,080	97,412,340	133,319,950
Totals (mdse)..... \$	93,359,877	104,207,565	118,156,468	186,878,231	256,525,382	287,207,412	252,268,999	364,182,933
Coin and Bullion..... \$	2,733,094	1,123,275	1,811,170	3,537,294	10,308,435	7,078,608	7,517,008	6,548,661
Total imports..... \$	96,092,971	105,330,840	119,967,638	190,415,525	266,834,417	294,286,015	259,786,007	370,731,591

STATISTICAL

TRADE OF

STATEMENT showing for Canada the Total Trade, the Imports (entered for Consumption)
Customs Duties collected during

Fiscal Years.	Total (a) Trade.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					
		Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duty Collected.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	126,591,472	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	4,895,147	71,985,306	8,801,446
1869.....	124,799,483	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	4,247,229	67,402,170	8,284,507
1870.....	141,848,695	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	4,335,529	71,237,603	9,425,028
1871.....	158,672,432	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	2,733,094	86,947,482	11,807,590
1872.....	187,461,723	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873.....	214,012,097	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	3,005,465	127,514,594	12,997,578
1874.....	213,940,848	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	4,223,282	127,404,169	14,407,318
1875.....	195,286,706	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	2,210,089	119,618,657	15,354,139
1876.....	173,070,065	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	2,220,111	94,733,218	12,828,614
1877.....	170,010,210	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	2,174,089	96,300,483	12,544,348
1878.....	168,273,578	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	803,726	91,199,577	12,791,532
1879.....	149,491,416	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	1,639,089	80,341,608	12,935,269
1880.....	156,890,301	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	1,881,807	71,782,349	14,129,953
1881.....	186,879,105	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	1,123,275	91,611,604	18,492,645
1882.....	210,691,184	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	1,503,743	112,648,927	21,703,028
1883.....	217,806,099	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	1,275,523	123,137,019	23,162,553
1884.....	196,886,121	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	2,207,666	108,180,644	20,156,448
1885.....	189,000,163	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	2,954,244	102,710,019	19,121,254
1886.....	182,072,810	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	3,610,557	99,602,694	19,427,398
1887.....	192,158,350	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	532,218	105,639,428	22,438,309
1888.....	189,965,778	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	2,175,472	102,847,100	22,127,869
1889.....	195,791,962	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	575,251	109,673,447	23,742,317
1890.....	206,592,661	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	1,083,011	112,765,584	23,921,234
1891.....	208,848,426	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	1,811,170	113,345,124	23,416,266
1892.....	227,594,105	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	1,818,530	116,978,943	20,550,474
1893.....	236,787,074	69,873,571	45,297,259	115,170,830	6,534,200	121,705,030	21,161,711
1894.....	227,354,021	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	4,023,072	113,093,983	19,379,822
1895.....	215,591,224	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	4,576,620	105,252,511	17,887,269
1896.....	228,272,279	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	2,226,319	110,587,480	20,219,037
1897.....	245,297,144	66,220,765	40,397,062	106,617,827	4,676,194	111,294,021	19,891,997
1898.....	290,222,959	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	4,390,844	130,698,006	22,157,788
1899.....	308,388,968	89,433,172	59,912,287	149,346,459	4,705,134	154,051,593	25,734,229
1900.....	367,237,528	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	8,297,438	180,804,316	28,889,110
1901.....	377,725,620	105,969,756	71,30,938	177,700,694	3,537,294	181,237,988	29,106,980
1902.....	414,431,881	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	6,311,405	202,791,595	32,425,532
1903.....	459,640,240	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355
1904.....	464,985,567	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	7,874,313	251,464,332	40,954,349
1905.....	465,242,426	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	10,308,435	261,925,554	42,024,340
1906.....	546,947,437	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	7,078,603	290,360,807	46,671,101
1907.....	612,581,351	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	53,006,546
1908.....	638,380,291	218,105,116	133,719,908	351,825,024	6,548,661	358,373,685	58,320,737

(a) Estimated amount short reported, not included.

* Unrevised.

TABLES

CANADA, 1868 TO 1908

and the Exports, distinguishing Merchandise from Coin and Bullion, together with the each Fiscal Year, 1868 to 1908.

EXPORTS. (a)							Total Customs Duties Collected.	Fiscal Years.
Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.	Duty Collected.			
Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.						
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	4,866,168	54,606,166	17,986	8,819,432	1862	
49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	4,218,208	57,397,313	14,403	8,298,910	1869	
56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	8,002,278	70,611,092	37,912	9,462,940	1870	
55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	6,690,350	71,724,950	36,066	11,843,656	1871	
62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	4,010,398	79,752,607	24,809	13,045,493	1872	
73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	3,845,987	86,497,503	20,152	13,017,730	1873	
73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	1,995,835	86,536,679	14,565	14,421,883	1874	
67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	1,039,837	75,668,049	7,243	15,361,382	1875	
69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	1,240,037	78,336,847	4,500	12,833,114	1876	
65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	733,739	73,709,727	4,103	12,548,451	1877	
65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	168,989	77,074,001	4,161	12,795,693	1878	
60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	704,586	69,149,808	4,272	12,939,541	1879	
70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	1,771,755	85,107,952	8,896	14,138,849	1880	
80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	971,005	95,267,501	8,141	18,500,786	1881	
90,042,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	371,093	98,042,257	8,810	21,708,838	1882	
84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	631,600	94,669,080	9,756	23,172,309	1883	
77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	2,184,292	88,705,477	8,515	20,164,963	1884	
76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	2,026,980	86,290,144	12,305	19,133,559	1885	
74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	56,531	82,470,116	20,726	19,448,124	1886	
77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	5,569	86,518,922	31,397	22,469,706	1887	
78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	17,534	87,118,678	21,772	22,209,641	1888	
77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	1,978,256	86,118,515	42,206	23,784,523	1889	
82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	2,439,782	93,827,077	93,674	24,014,908	1890	
85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	946,927	95,503,302	64,803	23,481,069	1891	
95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	1,809,118	110,615,162	108	20,550,582	1892	
102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	4,133,698	115,082,044	.....	21,161,711	1893
100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	1,839,380	114,260,038	.....	19,379,822	1894
99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	4,325,319	110,338,713	.....	17,887,269	1895
106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	4,699,309	117,684,799	.....	20,219,037	1896
119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	3,492,550	134,003,123	.....	19,891,997	1897
139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	4,623,138	159,524,953	.....	22,157,788	1898
132,801,262	17,520,088	150,321,350	4,016,025	164,337,375	.....	25,734,229	1899
163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	8,657,168	186,433,212	.....	28,889,110	1900
177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	1,978,489	196,487,632	.....	29,106,980	1901
196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	1,669,422	211,640,286	.....	32,425,532	1902
214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	619,963	225,849,724	.....	37,110,355	1903
198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	2,465,557	213,521,235	.....	40,954,349	1904
190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	1,844,811	203,316,872	.....	42,024,340	1905
235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	9,928,828	256,586,630	.....	46,671,101	1906
239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,947,553	272,206,606	.....	53,006,546	1907
246,960,968	16,407,984	263,368,952	16,637,654	280,006,606	.....	58,320,737	1908*

STATEMENT of the Values of Merchandise Entered for Consumption in Canada,
and the Percentages of Imports from Great

IMPORTS ENTERED FOR

FISCAL YEARS.	TOTAL IMPORTS.			IMPORTS FROM GREAT BRITAIN.		
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	43,655,696	23,434,463	67,090,159	28,284,194	9,333,131	37,617,325
1869.....	41,069,342	22,085,599	63,154,941	28,483,645	7,013,119	35,496,764
1870.....	45,127,422	21,774,652	66,902,074	30,022,948	7,514,147	37,537,095
1871.....	60,094,362	24,120,026	84,214,388	39,815,550	8,682,652	48,498,202
1872.....	68,276,157	36,679,210	104,955,367	48,197,337	14,011,917	62,209,254
1873.....	71,198,176	53,310,953	124,509,129	47,443,203	20,553,742	67,996,945
1874.....	76,232,530	46,948,357	123,180,887	47,794,745	13,629,662	61,424,407
1875.....	78,138,511	39,270,057	117,408,568	48,949,803	11,059,281	60,009,084
1876.....	60,238,297	32,274,810	92,513,107	32,385,482	8,093,771	40,479,253
1877.....	60,916,770	33,209,624	94,126,394	32,916,776	6,414,845	39,331,621
1878.....	59,773,039	30,622,812	90,395,851	32,139,783	5,112,986	37,252,769
1879.....	55,426,836	23,275,683	78,702,519	27,075,555	3,892,223	30,967,778
1880.....	54,182,967	15,717,575	69,900,542	28,038,118	5,726,321	33,764,439
1881.....	71,620,725	18,867,604	90,488,329	35,860,461	7,024,681	42,885,142
1882.....	85,757,433	25,387,751	111,145,184	41,459,730	8,896,538	50,356,268
1883.....	91,588,339	30,273,157	121,861,496	40,732,476	10,947,286	51,679,762
1884.....	80,010,498	25,962,480	105,972,978	32,828,307	9,096,814	41,925,121
1885.....	73,269,618	26,486,157	99,755,775	30,702,359	9,329,089	40,031,448
1886.....	70,658,819	25,333,318	95,992,137	30,385,797	8,647,209	39,033,006
1887.....	78,120,679	26,986,531	105,107,210	35,766,273	8,975,077	44,741,350
1888.....	69,645,824	31,025,804	100,671,628	30,848,116	8,319,528	39,167,644
1889.....	74,475,139	34,623,057	109,098,196	32,219,807	10,031,382	42,251,189
1890.....	77,106,286	34,576,287	111,682,573	33,267,721	10,009,288	43,277,009
1891.....	74,536,036	36,997,918	111,533,954	31,447,660	10,571,283	42,018,943
1892.....	69,160,737	45,999,676	115,160,413	30,831,809	10,231,902	41,063,711
1893.....	69,873,571	45,297,259	115,170,830	31,869,267	10,660,073	42,529,340
1894.....	62,779,182	46,291,729	109,070,911	27,493,160	9,542,803	37,035,963
1895.....	58,557,655	42,118,236	100,675,891	23,311,911	7,747,421	31,059,332
1896.....	67,239,759	38,121,402	105,361,161	24,366,179	8,458,326	32,824,505
1897.....	66,220,765	40,397,062	106,617,827	20,217,422	9,183,766	29,401,188
1898.....	74,625,088	51,682,074	126,307,162	22,556,479	9,486,982	32,043,461
1899.....	89,433,172	59,913,287	149,346,459	27,521,508	9,409,815	36,931,323
1900.....	104,346,795	68,160,083	172,506,878	31,561,756	12,718,227	44,279,983
1901.....	105,969,756	71,730,938	177,700,694	31,701,654	11,118,341	42,819,995
1902.....	118,657,496	77,822,694	196,480,190	35,062,564	13,960,162	49,022,726
1903.....	136,796,065	88,017,654	224,813,719	42,210,165	16,582,873	58,793,038
1904.....	148,909,576	94,680,443	243,590,019	44,939,829	16,784,787	61,724,616
1905.....	150,928,787	100,688,332	251,617,119	45,099,527	15,243,177	60,342,704
1906.....	173,046,109	110,236,095	283,282,204	52,615,725	16,568,190	69,183,915
1907.....	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	62,649,059	20,414,239	83,063,298
1908*	218,105,116	133,719,908	351,825,024	71,157,420	23,204,963	94,362,383

* Unrevised.

during the Fiscal Years, 1868 to 1908, inclusive, showing in each case the Imports Britain and the United States, respectively.

CONSUMPTION, MERCHANDISE ONLY.

IMPORTS FROM UNITED STATES.			PERCENTAGES OF IMPORTS FROM						FISCAL YEARS.
			Great Britain.			United States.			
Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.	Dutiable to Total Dutiable	Free to Total Free.	Total Imports G. Britain to Total Imports	Dutiable to Total Dutiable	Free to Total Free.	Total Imports U. States to Total Imports.	
\$	\$	\$	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	
10,014,304	12,645,828	22,660,132	64·78	39·82	56·06	22·93	53·96	33·77	1868
7,793,748	13,703,632	21,497,380	69·35	31·75	56·20	18·97	62·04	34·03	1869
8,698,845	12,998,392	21,697,237	66·52	34·50	56·10	19·27	59·69	32·43	1870
14,085,383	13,100,203	27,185,586	66·25	35·99	57·58	23·43	54·31	32·28	1871
13,271,042	20,470,953	33,741,995	70·59	38·20	59·27	19·43	55·81	32·14	1872
16,678,805	28,510,305	45,189,110	66·63	38·55	54·61	23·42	53·47	36·29	1873
21,097,531	30,609,375	51,706,906	62·69	29·03	49·87	27·67	65·19	41·97	1874
22,312,546	26,617,812	48,930,358	62·64	28·16	51·11	28·55	67·78	41·66	1875
21,334,613	22,765,267	44,099,880	53·76	25·08	43·75	35·41	70·53	47·67	1876
23,510,846	25,865,162	49,376,008	54·03	19·31	41·78	38·59	77·88	52·45	1877
23,464,504	24,538,371	48,002,875	53·76	16·69	41·21	39·25	80·13	53·10	1878
23,803,457	18,366,849	42,170,306	48·84	16·72	39·34	42·95	78·91	53·57	1879
19,566,567	8,627,216	28,193,783	51·74	36·43	48·30	36·11	54·88	40·33	1880
25,632,313	10,706,388	36,338,701	50·06	37·23	47·39	35·78	56·74	40·15	1881
32,941,061	14,111,874	47,052,935	48·34	35·04	45·30	38·41	55·58	42·33	1882
38,652,045	16,495,198	55,147,243	44·47	36·16	42·40	42·20	54·48	45·25	1883
35,796,697	13,989,191	49,785,888	41·02	35·03	39·56	44·74	53·88	46·97	1884
31,231,947	14,344,563	45,576,510	41·90	35·22	40·12	42·62	54·12	45·68	1885
29,659,876	13,158,775	42,818,651	43·00	34·13	40·66	41·97	51·94	44·60	1886
30,570,609	14,225,299	44,795,908	45·78	33·25	42·56	39·13	52·71	42·61	1887
27,097,680	19,342,616	46,440,296	44·29	26·81	38·90	38·90	62·34	46·13	1888
28,982,283	21,047,136	50,029,419	43·26	23·97	38·73	38·91	60·79	45·86	1889
30,575,397	20,790,264	51,365,661	43·15	28·95	38·75	39·65	60·13	45·99	1890
29,790,402	22,243,075	52,033,477	42·19	28·57	37·67	39·97	60·12	46·65	1891
29,505,550	22,236,582	51,742,132	44·58	22·24	35·66	42·66	48·34	44·90	1892
28,562,050	23,777,746	52,339,796	45·61	23·53	36·92	40·88	52·49	45·44	1893
25,823,636	24,922,455	50,746,091	43·79	20·61	33·96	41·13	53·84	46·52	1894
25,795,538	24,383,466	50,179,004	39·81	18·39	30·85	44·05	57·79	49·84	1895
29,101,646	24,427,744	53,529,390	36·24	22·19	31·15	43·28	64·07	50·80	1896
30,482,509	26,540,833	57,023,342	30·53	22·73	27·53	46·03	65·69	53·48	1897
38,063,960	36,760,963	74,824,923	30·23	18·35	25·36	51·00	71·13	59·24	1898
44,471,824	43,995,349	88,467,173	30·77	15·70	24·72	49·73	73·43	59·24	1899
53,897,561	48,182,616	102,080,177	30·25	18·66	25·66	51·65	70·69	59·17	1900
53,600,278	53,549,047	107,149,325	29·92	15·50	24·10	50·58	74·66	60·30	1901
60,181,808	54,562,888	114,744,696	29·54	17·94	24·95	50·72	70·11	58·40	1902
68,538,323	60,251,914	128,790,237	30·85	18·84	26·15	50·10	68·46	57·29	1903
77,543,780	65,466,798	143,010,578	30·18	17·73	25·34	52·07	69·14	58·71	1904
78,797,440	73,634,186	152,431,626	29·88	15·14	23·98	52·21	73·13	60·58	1905
89,540,776	79,257,600	168,798,376	30·40	15·03	24·42	51·74	71·90	59·59	1906
106,094,505	93,195,226	199,289,731	31·18	15·72	25·11	52·81	71·16	60·25	1907
110,361,223	94,287,662	204,648,885	32·63	17·35	26·82	50·60	70·51	58·16	1908*

STATEMENT of the Values of Merchandise Exported from Canada during the Fiscal
of Exports to Great Britain

EXPORTS, MER

FISCAL YEARS.	TOTAL EXPORTS.			EXPORTS TO GREAT BRITAIN.		
	*Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868.....	45,543,177	4,196,821	49,739,998	17,905,808		
1869.....	49,323,304	3,855,801	53,179,105	20,486,389		
1870.....	56,081,192	6,527,622	62,608,814	22,512,991	†	†
1871.....	55,181,356	9,853,244	65,034,600	21,733,556		
1872.....	62,944,027	12,798,182	75,742,209	25,223,785		
1873.....	73,245,606	9,405,910	82,651,516	31,402,234	7,257,277	38,659,511
1874.....	73,926,748	10,614,096	84,540,844	35,769,190	9,105,400	44,874,590
1875.....	67,490,893	7,137,319	74,628,212	34,199,134	5,782,857	39,981,991
1876.....	69,861,849	7,234,961	77,096,810	34,379,005	6,303,459	40,682,464
1877.....	65,864,880	7,111,108	72,975,988	35,491,671	6,035,619	41,527,290
1878.....	65,740,134	11,164,878	76,905,012	35,861,110	10,056,583	45,917,693
1879.....	60,089,578	8,355,644	68,445,222	29,393,424	6,873,695	36,267,119
1880.....	70,096,191	13,240,006	83,336,197	35,208,031	10,606,095	45,814,126
1881.....	80,921,379	13,375,117	94,296,496	42,637,219	11,110,151	53,747,370
1882.....	90,422,711	7,628,453	97,671,164	39,816,813	5,457,117	45,273,930
1883.....	84,285,707	9,751,773	94,037,480	39,538,067	7,473,113	47,011,180
1884.....	77,132,079	9,389,106	86,521,185	37,410,870	6,324,767	43,735,637
1885.....	76,183,518	8,079,646	84,263,164	36,479,051	5,392,940	41,871,991
1886.....	74,975,506	7,438,079	82,413,585	36,694,263	4,846,941	41,540,304
1887.....	77,964,020	8,549,333	86,513,353	38,714,331	5,856,981	44,571,312
1888.....	78,297,750	8,803,394	87,101,144	33,648,284	6,436,700	40,084,984
1889.....	77,201,804	6,938,455	84,140,259	33,504,281	4,583,770	38,088,051
1890.....	82,335,514	9,051,781	91,387,295	41,499,149	6,854,548	48,353,694
1891.....	85,757,744	8,798,631	94,556,375	43,243,784	6,037,074	49,280,858
1892.....	95,684,253	13,121,791	108,806,044	54,949,055	9,957,494	64,906,549
1893.....	102,006,490	8,941,856	110,948,346	58,409,606	5,670,887	64,080,493
1894.....	100,586,853	11,833,805	112,420,658	60,878,056	7,660,800	68,538,856
1895.....	99,528,351	6,485,043	106,013,394	57,903,564	3,953,426	61,856,990
1896.....	106,378,752	6,606,738	112,985,490	62,717,941	3,971,312	66,689,253
1897.....	119,685,410	10,825,163	130,510,573	69,533,852	7,693,650	77,227,502
1898.....	139,920,932	14,980,883	154,901,815	93,065,019	11,933,799	104,998,818
1899.....	132,801,262	17,520,288	150,321,350	85,113,681	13,973,300	99,086,981
1900.....	163,510,790	14,265,254	177,776,044	96,562,875	11,173,093	107,735,968
1901.....	177,431,386	17,077,757	194,509,143	92,857,525	12,471,431	105,328,956
1902.....	196,019,763	13,951,101	209,970,864	109,347,345	7,970,876	117,318,221
1903.....	214,401,674	10,828,087	225,229,761	125,199,980	6,002,118	131,202,098
1904.....	198,414,439	12,641,239	211,055,678	110,120,892	7,470,484	117,591,376
1905.....	190,854,946	10,617,115	201,472,061	97,114,867	4,843,904	101,958,771
1906.....	235,483,956	11,173,846	246,657,802	127,456,465	5,636,106	133,092,571
1907.....	239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	126,729,145	7,734,075	134,463,220
1908†.....	246,960,968	16,407,984	263,368,952	126,194,124	8,283,000	134,477,124

* Estimated amount short reported not included.

† Figures not available. ‡ Unrevised.

Years, 1868 to 1908, inclusive, showing in each case the Exports and the Percentages and the United States, respectively.

CHANDISE ONLY.

EXPORTS TO UNITED STATES.			PERCENTAGES OF EXPORTS TO							FISCAL YEARS.
*Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.	Great Britain.				United States.			
			Home Produce to Total Home Produce.	Foreign Produce to Total Foreign Produce.	Total Exports, Great Britain to Total Exports.	Home Produce to Total Home Produce.	Foreign Produce to Total Foreign Produce.	Total Exports, United States to Total Exports.		
\$	\$	\$	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.	p. c.		
22,387,846			39·31			49·15			1868	
23,640,188			41·53			47·92			1869	
27,398,930	+	+	40·14	+	+	48·85	+	+	1870	
26,715,690			39·38			48·41			1871	
29,984,440			40·07			47·63			1872	
33,421,725	1,517,871	34,939,596	42·87	77·15	46·77	45·62	16·13	42·27	1873	
30,380,556	1,183,194	31,563,750	48·38	85·78	53·08	41·09	11·15	37·33	1874	
25,683,818	1,020,307	26,704,125	50·67	81·02	53·57	38·05	14·29	35·78	1875	
27,451,150	653,701	28,104,851	49·21	87·12	52·76	39·29	9·03	36·45	1876	
22,160,666	758,513	22,919,179	53·88	84·87	56·90	33·64	10·66	31·40	1877	
22,131,343	719,096	22,850,439	54·55	90·07	59·70	33·66	6·44	29·71	1878	
23,149,909	1,007,218	24,157,127	48·91	82·26	52·98	38·52	12·05	35·29	1879	
26,762,705	2,043,879	28,806,584	50·22	80·10	54·97	38·18	15·43	34·56	1880	
31,015,109	1,863,989	32,879,098	52·69	83·06	56·99	38·32	13·93	34·86	1881	
41,687,638	1,787,565	43,475,203	44·21	71·53	46·35	46·29	23·43	44·51	1882	
36,096,501	1,657,935	37,754,436	46·90	76·63	49·99	42·82	17·00	40·15	1883	
31,631,622	2,324,197	33,955,819	48·50	67·36	50·54	41·09	24·75	9·24	1884	
32,618,593	2,164,658	34,783,251	47·88	66·74	49·69	42·81	26·79	41·27	1885	
31,503,292	2,244,179	33,747,471	48·94	65·15	50·40	42·01	30·17	40·94	1886	
32,273,033	2,385,242	34,658,275	49·65	68·50	51·51	41·39	27·89	40·06	1887	
37,323,161	2,147,048	39,470,209	42·97	73·11	46·02	47·67	24·38	45·31	1888	
36,449,288	2,041,283	38,490,571	43·39	66·06	45·27	47·21	29·41	45·73	1889	
33,291,207	1,869,749	35,160,956	50·40	75·72	52·91	40·43	20·65	38·47	1890	
34,829,436	2,451,136	37,280,572	50·42	68·61	52·12	40·61	27·85	39·43	1891	
31,817,857	2,512,839	33,330,696	57·42	75·80	59·65	32·73	19·15	31·09	1892	
33,813,802	2,493,202	36,307,004	57·26	63·41	57·76	33·15	27·88	32·73	1893	
29,297,598	1,408,051	30,705,649	60·53	64·73	60·96	29·13	11·89	27·31	1894	
32,303,773	1,860,794	34,164,567	58·18	60·96	58·35	32·46	28·69	32·22	1895	
34,460,428	1,960,740	36,421,168	58·95	60·11	59·02	32·39	29·67	32·23	1896	
39,717,057	2,216,735	41,933,792	58·09	71·07	59·17	33·19	20·47	32·13	1897	
34,361,795	2,092,712	36,454,507	66·51	79·66	67·78	24·56	13·96	23·53	1898	
34,766,955	1,795,885	36,562,840	64·09	79·76	65·92	26·18	10·25	24·32	1899	
52,534,977	1,966,417	54,501,394	59·06	78·32	60·60	32·13	13·78	30·66	1900	
67,983,673	2,423,168	70,406,841	52·33	73·03	54·15	38·32	14·19	36·20	1901	
66,567,784	2,994,448	69,562,232	55·78	57·13	55·87	33·95	21·47	33·13	1902	
67,766,367	3,443,602	71,209,969	58·39	55·43	58·25	31·60	31·80	31·61	1903	
66,856,885	3,856,168	70,713,053	55·50	59·10	55·71	33·70	30·50	33·50	1904	
70,426,765	5,136,250	75,563,015	50·88	45·62	50·61	36·90	48·38	37·51	1905	
83,546,306	4,455,003	88,001,309	54·12	50·44	53·96	35·48	39·87	35·68	1906	
86,810,422	4,958,345	91,768,767	52·88	53·25	52·91	36·23	34·14	36·11	1907	
90,814,871	6,105,267	96,920,138	51·10	50·48	51·06	36·77	37·21	36·80	1908†	

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE TRADE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) and the Exports of Canada, together with the Total Trade and Duty Collected during the *months*, and *twelve months* ending March 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	IMPORTS—ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.					EXPORTS.					Total Trade.	Duty Collected.	YEARS.
	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Merchandise.			Coin and Bullion.	Total Exports.			
	Dutiable.	Free.	Totals.			Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Totals.					
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
1899	8,082,176	4,287,806	12,369,982	42,282	12,412,264	7,734,443	312,996	8,047,439	132,008	8,179,447	20,591,711	2,324,579	1899
1900	9,512,266	4,954,677	14,466,943	115,318	14,582,261	9,510,690	131,871	9,642,561	1,171,947	10,814,508	25,396,769	2,634,848	1900
1901	9,636,145	4,889,422	14,525,567	61,352	14,586,919	8,982,004	380,160	9,362,164	161,110	9,523,274	24,110,193	2,668,152	1901
1902	11,176,808	5,814,662	17,021,470	107,112	17,128,582	9,346,652	143,627	9,490,279	41,456	9,531,735	26,660,317	3,073,437	1902
1903	12,416,721	7,430,826	19,847,547	62,269	19,909,816	10,336,141	227,347	10,563,488	114,172	10,677,660	30,587,476	3,212,279	1903
1904	12,741,297	8,021,177	20,762,474	98,096	20,860,570	10,464,864	318,568	10,783,432	36,130	10,819,562	31,680,132	3,524,715	1904
1905	13,386,391	9,086,801	22,473,192	116,231	22,589,423	11,166,110	1,095,469	12,261,579	23,552	12,285,131	34,874,554	3,648,127	1905
1906	15,469,098	9,419,710	24,888,808	114,945	25,003,753	13,164,475	300,890	13,465,365	122,221	13,587,586	38,591,339	4,200,562	1906
1907	21,944,669	14,037,871	35,982,540	859,536	36,842,076	14,760,273	543,963	15,304,236	825,769	16,130,005	52,972,081	5,911,820	1907
1908	18,284,714	11,352,020	29,636,734	415,498	30,052,232	17,943,487	549,534	18,493,021	79,064	18,572,085	48,624,317	4,988,355	1908

MONTH OF MARCH, 1899 TO 1908.

TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH, 1899 TO 1908.

1899	82,780,865	59,132,720	141,913,585	5,350,735	147,264,320	131,371,954	18,978,809	150,350,763	3,907,183	154,257,946	301,522,266	23,996,029	1899
1900	101,780,237	66,546,755	168,326,992	6,563,369	174,890,361	147,700,102	15,085,511	162,785,613	8,398,913	171,184,526	346,074,887	28,422,962	1900
1901	103,184,956	68,784,070	171,969,626	5,663,546	177,633,172	168,858,809	16,088,485	184,942,294	2,053,980	186,996,224	364,629,396	28,382,564	1901
1902	113,503,119	75,905,544	189,408,663	4,879,304	194,287,967	186,316,718	14,985,487	201,302,205	2,498,227	203,800,432	398,088,399	31,161,798	1902
1903	130,100,454	81,087,063	211,187,517	5,309,867	216,497,384	213,893,653	11,502,275	225,935,928	515,809	225,911,737	442,409,121	35,316,647	1903
1904	147,974,048	96,920,156	244,894,204	8,815,704	253,709,908	207,045,066	13,089,812	220,134,879	624,501	220,759,379	474,469,287	40,524,134	1904
1905	149,075,778	98,252,288	247,328,066	13,881,863	261,204,929	188,203,192	9,218,201	197,421,483	2,674,565	200,096,048	461,305,977	41,730,232	1905
1906	166,742,670	107,802,313	274,544,983	5,783,727	280,325,710	222,396,533	11,451,647	233,848,180	6,275,466	240,123,646	520,452,356	45,129,009	1906
1907	200,901,500	129,868,781	330,770,281	9,604,464	340,374,745	239,634,767	14,524,286	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	612,581,351	53,006,546	1907
1908	218,105,116	133,719,908	351,825,024	6,548,661	358,373,685	246,960,968	16,407,984	263,368,952	16,637,654	280,006,606	638,380,291	58,320,737	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *months* of March, 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	1,038,750	358,310	696,618	2,892,661	1,656,701	1,075,475	15,928	7,734,443	73,844	7,808,287	1899
1900.....	952,810	363,364	772,085	2,666,953	3,405,760	1,331,419	18,299	9,510,690	99,726	9,610,416	1900
1901.....	1,532,756	424,843	850,319	2,790,377	2,177,745	1,205,964	.....	8,982,004	25,478	9,007,482	1901
1902.....	1,421,517	607,180	904,440	2,785,237	2,187,037	1,376,241	5,000	9,346,652	.....	9,346,652	1902
1903.....	1,720,007	509,707	1,165,423	3,058,633	2,274,189	1,604,103	4,079	10,336,141	.....	10,336,141	1903
1904.....	1,726,114	582,068	882,696	3,363,635	2,352,331	1,550,169	7,866	10,464,864	.....	10,464,864	1904
1905.....	2,273,309	554,749	1,261,458	3,678,901	1,495,863	1,894,275	2,555	11,166,110	.....	11,166,110	1905
1906.....	3,433,247	710,556	1,729,126	2,831,197	2,545,642	1,908,960	5,747	13,164,475	.....	13,164,475	1906
1907.....	3,323,582	1,197,928	2,068,934	3,140,751	2,412,941	2,607,510	8,627	14,760,273	.....	14,760,273	1907
1908.....	4,042,369	1,445,464	2,112,607	3,119,304	4,239,048	2,980,320	4,375	17,943,487	.....	17,943,487	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	3,298	3,372	.....	92,542	75,179	104,105	34,500	312,996	58,164	371,160	1899
1900	4,954	549	1,559	5,214	38,316	55,827	25,452	131,871	1,072,221	1,204,092	1900
1901	3,630	882	4,035	156,373	97,642	106,670	10,378	380,160	135,632	515,792	1901
1902	613	1,723	148	4,158	4,917	109,802	22,266	143,627	41,456	185,083	1902
1903	2,427	42	169	31,376	16,152	136,332	40,849	227,347	114,172	341,519	1903
1904	21,900	4,117	134	11,658	58,806	167,299	54,654	318,568	36,130	354,698	1904
1905	7,855	1,821	1,398	25,300	37,157	272,558	749,380	1,095,469	23,552	1,119,021	1905
1906	14,231	3,365	3,300	6,308	27,808	197,797	48,081	300,890	122,221	423,111	1906
1907	4,267	16,545	.....	44,554	22,763	391,089	64,745	543,963	825,769	1,369,732	1907
1908	39,263	9,892	227	38,201	53,991	345,814	62,146	549,534	79,064	628,598	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	1,042,048	361,682	696,618	2,985,203	1,731,880	1,179,580	50,428	8,047,439	132,008	8,179,447	1899
1900	957,764	363,913	773,644	2,672,167	3,444,076	1,387,246	43,751	9,642,561	1,171,947	10,814,508	1900
1901	1,536,386	425,675	854,354	2,947,350	2,275,387	1,312,634	10,378	9,362,164	161,110	9,523,274	1901
1902	1,482,130	608,903	904,588	2,789,395	2,191,954	1,486,043	27,266	9,490,279	41,456	9,531,735	1902
1903	1,722,434	509,749	1,165,592	3,090,009	2,290,341	1,740,435	44,928	10,563,488	114,172	10,677,660	1903
1904	1,748,014	586,170	882,830	3,375,293	2,411,137	1,717,468	62,520	10,783,432	36,130	10,819,562	1904
1905	2,281,164	556,570	1,262,856	3,704,201	1,533,020	2,171,833	751,935	12,261,579	23,552	12,285,131	1905
1906	3,447,478	713,921	1,732,426	2,837,505	2,573,450	2,106,757	53,828	13,405,365	122,221	13,527,586	1906
1907	3,327,849	1,214,473	2,068,934	3,185,305	2,435,704	2,998,599	73,372	15,304,236	825,769	16,130,005	1907
1908	4,081,632	1,455,856	2,112,834	3,157,505	4,293,039	3,326,134	66,521	18,483,021	79,064	18,572,085	1908

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF THE EXPORTS, BY CLASSES, OF CANADA—Concluded.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Exports of Canada during the *twelve months* ending March 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	The Mine.	The Fisheries.	The Forest.	Animal Produce.	Agricultural Products.	Manu- factures.	Mis- cellaneous.	Totals.	Coin and Bullion.	Grand Totals.	YEARS.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
HOME PRODUCE.											
1899.....	12,496,257	9,856,458	26,648,860	46,261,203	25,007,409	10,905,389	196,378	131,371,954	1,046,489	132,418,443	1899
1900.....	12,920,695	11,050,996	30,533,155	53,749,342	26,001,140	13,128,131	316,643	147,700,102	1,478,666	149,178,768	1900
1901.....	33,134,453	11,064,309	28,536,758	55,455,223	25,299,965	15,253,867	114,234	168,858,809	523,043	169,381,852	1901
1902.....	37,538,747	13,732,984	31,245,860	56,944,412	29,414,546	17,408,646	31,523	186,316,718	185,426	186,502,144	1902
1903.....	33,300,583	11,613,281	35,830,548	68,431,673	44,365,033	20,276,620	75,915	213,893,653	.....	213,893,653	1903
1904.....	32,668,023	11,106,791	34,212,792	66,064,057	42,650,813	20,306,931	35,659	207,045,066	.....	207,045,066	1904
1905.....	30,479,014	10,977,122	31,640,729	61,877,051	32,306,367	20,797,595	125,314	188,203,192	.....	188,203,192	1905
1906.....	34,540,769	15,231,334	36,481,327	66,851,961	45,884,662	23,331,030	75,450	222,396,533	.....	222,396,533	1906
1907.....	36,146,140	13,786,437	45,823,172	67,877,104	49,544,327	26,279,049	178,538	239,634,767	.....	239,634,767	1907
1908.....	39,177,123	13,867,368	44,170,470	55,101,260	66,069,939	28,507,124	67,674	246,960,968	.....	246,960,968	1908

FOREIGN PRODUCE.

1899	231,493	29,881	96,157	1,233,836	15,645,621	1,245,485	496,336	18,978,809	2,860,694	21,839,503	1899
1900	183,883	63,834	283,269	1,162,644	11,837,294	1,206,092	348,495	15,085,511	6,920,247	22,005,758	1900
1901	162,883	12,071	277,297	2,103,573	11,640,820	1,591,092	295,749	16,083,485	1,530,887	17,614,372	1901
1902	160,008	39,203	15,958	824,742	11,449,218	2,232,237	264,121	14,985,487	2,312,801	17,298,288	1902
1903	164,806	23,565	21,315	656,861	7,579,405	2,323,499	732,824	11,502,275	515,809	12,018,084	1903
1904	290,869	19,621	291,667	491,632	9,151,238	2,399,723	535,062	13,089,812	624,501	13,714,313	1904
1905	229,240	16,242	120,059	681,978	3,178,582	3,383,041	1,609,149	9,218,291	2,674,565	11,892,856	1905
1906	220,279	33,922	87,091	728,417	6,289,043	3,034,281	1,058,614	11,451,647	6,275,466	17,727,113	1906
1907	244,619	41,797	193,828	782,876	8,782,996	3,335,387	1,142,783	14,524,286	18,047,553	32,571,839	1907
1908	383,479	39,199	333,901	812,522	9,478,996	4,562,344	797,543	16,407,984	16,637,654	33,045,638	1908

TOTAL EXPORTS.

1899	12,727,750	9,886,339	26,745,017	47,495,039	40,653,030	12,150,874	692,714	150,350,763	3,907,183	154,257,946	1899
1900	13,104,578	11,114,830	30,816,424	54,911,986	37,838,434	14,334,223	665,138	162,785,613	8,398,913	171,184,526	1900
1901	33,297,336	11,076,380	28,814,055	57,558,796	36,940,785	16,844,959	409,983	184,942,294	2,053,930	186,996,224	1901
1902	37,698,755	13,772,187	31,261,818	57,769,154	40,863,764	19,640,883	295,644	201,302,205	2,498,227	203,800,432	1902
1903	33,465,389	11,636,846	35,851,863	69,088,534	51,944,438	22,600,119	808,739	225,395,928	515,809	225,911,737	1903
1904	32,868,892	11,126,412	34,504,459	66,555,689	51,802,051	22,706,654	570,721	220,134,878	624,501	220,758,379	1904
1905	30,708,254	10,993,364	31,760,788	62,559,029	35,484,949	24,180,636	1,734,463	197,421,483	2,674,565	200,096,048	1905
1906	34,761,048	15,265,256	36,568,418	67,580,378	52,173,705	26,365,311	1,134,064	233,848,180	6,275,466	240,123,646	1906
1907	36,390,759	13,828,234	46,017,000	68,659,980	58,327,323	29,614,436	1,321,321	254,159,053	18,047,553	272,206,606	1907
1908	39,560,612	13,906,567	44,504,371	55,913,782	75,548,495	33,069,468	895,217	263,368,952	16,637,654	280,006,606	1908

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports (entered for Consumption) into, and Exports from Canada during the *months* of March, 1907 and 1908, and the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

COUNTRIES	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
<i>British Empire.</i>												
Great Britain.....	8,837,224	5,425,534	7,742,922	7,792,050	67,139,969	125,538,499	83,229,256	134,469,420	94,904,540	134,484,156		
Bermuda.....		41,092		49,623		401,159		357,106		403,191		
British Africa.....	13,383	111,783	1,716	214,275	67,807	1,934,084	230,289	1,487,424	32,193	2,011,873		
British Australasia:—												
Australia.....	72,655	326,881	101,440	200,198	211,896	2,010,055	252,375	2,471,706	440,543	2,872,461		
New Zealand.....	19,519	113,798	30,360	66,447	294,556	635,754	219,646	873,067	256,579	993,442		
British East Indies.....	492,779	733	253,053	3,166	2,932,567	30,186	3,982,279	24,739	4,050,098	30,461		
Guiana.....	382,359	57,084	167,756	74,617	2,877,505	510,387	3,463,817	527,462	1,328,356	607,350		
" West Indies.....	198,770	261,147	595,918	336,423	5,471,949	2,203,259	4,825,861	2,552,199	7,666,703	2,477,759		
Fiji.....	77,624	11,254	22,280	24,445	694,735	62,126	163,668	54,141	465,343	137,625		
Hong Kong.....	16,340	32,904	34,931	98,142	139,893	84,318	164,734	93,975	261,547	267,533		
Newfoundland.....	72,402	181,256	105,371	207,552	1,701,835	3,211,191	1,725,019	3,055,655	1,777,469	3,408,441		
Other British Colonies.....	125	176	33	1,247	2,088	53,520	4,634	41,747	2,593	52,716		
Totals.....	10,783,180	6,563,642	9,055,780	9,068,185	81,534,800	136,674,538	98,261,578	146,008,641	111,185,964	147,747,008		
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>												
Argentine Republic.....	60,226	100,461	203,069	63,647	1,314,557	1,735,380	1,974,152	2,430,277	872,026	2,266,783		
Austria-Hungary.....	90,565		76,029	3,790	726,100	5,391	1,069,387	27,542	1,331,389	11,577		
Belgium.....	166,215	153,980	177,536	240,086	2,594,207	1,635,839	2,291,356	2,447,357	2,380,649	3,377,479		
Brazil.....	28,293	67,961	31,701	80,922	399,008	668,224	433,900	837,429	350,138	969,001		
Central American States.....	8,032	5,231		6,380	180,798	54,836	118,523	100,602	84,916	85,457		
China.....	64,551	67,239	60,342	121,543	549,361	1,095,095	573,523	649,458	728,054	964,380		
Chile.....	28,112	33,694	38,741	4,769	127,676	192,995	179,390	331,685	117,806	274,008		
Cuba.....	47,825	110,271	40,357	205,184	420,350	1,194,787	559,691	1,276,620	471,017	1,366,094		
Denmark.....	7,572	12,760	12,125	33,143	23,867	144,604	33,804	127,432	39,960	222,691		

Dutch E. Indies	63,558	3,139	324,228	599	497,640	480	543,793	1,000
France.....	1,174,903	826,548	7,388,605	1,890,072	8,647,514	1,991,225	9,901,909	1,805,732
French W. Indies.....			20	16,662	330	9,621	6,988	6,988
Germany.....	801,845	673,223	6,813,714	1,890,128	7,242,365	1,463,018	8,163,047	2,375,907
Greece.....	21,987	15,613	276,363	1,165	347,070	311	415,217	856,085
Holland.....	74,344	101,855	1,071,249	718,039	1,823,070	1,005,653	1,426,385	349,839
Italy.....	53,634	78,021	487,081	206,292	628,773	389,844	781,497	741,308
Japan.....	213,231	174,082	1,690,949	428,965	1,975,551	673,712	2,177,244	477,119
Mexico.....	126,846	10,580	145,283	233,937	656,880	400,950	919,932	195,465
Norway and Sweden:—								98,805
Norway.....	8,416	6,550	6,446	181,607	201,625	344,425	100,459	118,505
Sweden.....	1,980	17,185	6,725	6,442	31,464	104,230	188,774	546,464
Peru.....				453,692	231,180	580,577	7,912	46,865
Porto Rico.....	3	300	289,160	103,588	168,639	170,432	147,256	425,068
Portugal.....	10,931	11,440	113,261	187,824	288,611	292,899	306,380	106,594
Russia.....	21,302	11,433	245,255	55,592	1,032,292	51,761	1,126,977	17,561
Spain.....	55,094	41,333	913,618	11,676	2,019,068	29,643	2,734,779	113,520,500
Switzerland.....	237,957	241,728	2,094,025	89,627,436	208,721,601	109,772,944	210,632,825	1,031,616
United States.....	23,194,448	18,099,871	168,930,149	703,241	863,748	687,838	1,165,999	132,250,598
Other Foreign Countries.....	97,006	43,651	736,342					
Totals.....	26,658,896	20,996,452	198,793,910	103,449,108	242,113,167	126,197,965	247,187,721	
Grand totals.....	36,842,076	30,052,232	280,328,710	240,123,646	340,374,745	272,206,606	338,373,685	280,006,606
	52,972,081	48,624,317	520,452,356		612,581,351		638,380,291	

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada (both Dutiable and Free) during the *months* of March, 1907 and 1908, and the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Ale, beer and porter.....	Great Britain.....	\$ 20,584	.....	\$ 14,995	.....	\$ 156,063	.....	\$ 106,309	.....	\$ 221,385	.....
	United States.....	30,012	.....	28,748	.....	299,466	.....	352,340	.....	398,054	.....
	Other countries.....	73	.....	383	.....	10,371	.....	9,335	.....	11,496	.....
	Totals.....	50,669	.....	44,126	.....	375,900	.....	55,014	.....	630,935	.....
Animals, living.....	Great Britain.....	70	57,745	145	19,789	1,035	315,422	1,669	840,410	2,199	527,600
	United States.....	79,318	76,584	55,897	70,913	975,570	400,098	1,503,754	620,153	636,729	444,073
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	129	.....	327	30,503	994	26,633	1,817	37,156
	Totals.....	79,388	134,329	56,171	90,702	976,932	746,023	1,506,417	1,487,196	640,745	1,008,829
Articles ex-warehoused, for ships' stores	Great Britain.....	.....	4,416	.....	4,467	.....	28,390	.....	35,344	.....	29,085
	United States.....	.....	111,706	.....	35,910	.....	435,898	.....	486,435	.....	536,771
	Other countries.....	.....	1,196	.....	1,047	.....	9,106	.....	11,379	.....	13,547
	Totals.....	.....	117,318	.....	41,424	.....	473,394	.....	533,158	.....	579,403
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	Great Britain.....	.....	267	.....	152	.....	8,090	.....	1,019	.....	1,584
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	1,191	.....	1,196	.....	543
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	385	.....	328	.....	.....
	Totals.....	.....	267	.....	199	.....	9,616	.....	2,543	.....	2,127

[illegible]

Bristles.....	Great Britain.....	7,046	4,029	62,668	53,910	45,951
	United States.....	4,139	1,386	44,859	47,963	44,262
	Other countries.....	1,193	305	8,439	21,928	34,621
	Totals.....	12,978	5,720	115,964	123,801	124,834
Broom corn.....	Great Britain.....	19,803	22,046	197,453	215,070	238,465
	United States.....	19,803	22,046	197,453	215,070	58
	Other countries.....	19,803	22,046	197,453	215,070	238,513
	Totals.....	3,051	3,523	30,765	34,877	52,274
Brooms and brushes.....	Great Britain.....	17,426	12,999	138,578	157,297	157,297
	United States.....	13,009	11,522	121,189	126,600	166,582
	Other countries.....	33,486	28,044	290,532	338,807	376,123
	Totals.....	6,187	5,930	48,547	56,164	57,946
Buttons and materials for same.....	Great Britain.....	21,618	14,321	142,994	170,166	206,353
	United States.....	11,665	6,974	101,417	97,917	125,045
	Other countries.....	39,470	27,245	292,958	324,247	389,344
	Totals.....	1,356	1,062	13,757	12,903	12,248
Candles.....	Great Britain.....	3,095	3,444	62,885	62,885	52,030
	United States.....	122	380	814	1,014	1,595
	Other countries.....	4,573	4,886	86,856	76,802	65,873
	Totals.....	96,237	3,565	298,849	449,557	27,920
Carpets and squares, mats, rugs....	Great Britain.....	3,846	2,867	35,233	32,981	12,130
(Mats and rugs, included under	United States.....	20,529	21,966	63,482	76,734	75,479
woolen carpets subsequent to	Other countries.....	120,612	28,398	399,564	559,272	115,529
1906.)	Totals.....	19,679	6,511	33,808	141,605	186,693
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.—	Great Britain.....	141,889	43,231	394,853	677,755	637,941
Automobiles.....	United States.....	22,170	16,018	65,285	89,797	87,737
	Other countries.....	183,738	65,760	493,946	909,155	912,371
	Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carriages, carts, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Bicycles	Great Britain...	2,096	...	3,538	...	5,201	...	7,578	...	13,387	...
	United States...	5,837	...	3,579	...	42,076	...	36,629	...	34,651	...
	Other countries...	...	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	101	...
	Totals	7,933	...	7,218	...	47,277	...	44,207	...	48,139	...
Cars, parts of	Great Britain...	803	...	9,201	...	15,352	...	29,977	...	26,039	...
	United States...	27,371	...	23,328	...	250,425	...	288,849	...	314,674	...
	Other countries...	3,328	...	5,716	...	81,022	...	70,720	...	67,356	...
	Totals	31,502	...	38,245	...	346,799	...	389,546	...	408,069	...
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain...	4,774	...	2,147	...	26,908	...	23,197	...	29,011	...
	United States...	150,258	...	84,613	...	1,180,216	...	1,266,630	...	1,355,424	...
	Other countries...	8	...	77	...	35	...	191	...	3,504	...
	Totals	155,080	...	87,837	...	1,207,159	...	1,290,018	...	1,387,939	...
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.....	Great Britain...	27,352	...	22,397	...	81,269	...	202,357	...	255,130	...
	United States...	325,395	...	154,751	...	1,867,570	...	2,269,861	...	2,342,690	...
	Other countries...	25,506	...	21,912	...	146,342	...	160,708	...	158,698	...
	Totals	378,253	...	199,060	...	2,095,181	...	2,632,926	...	2,756,518	...
Cement	Great Britain...	1,832	...	14,590	...	216,554	...	319,495	...	367,375	...
	United States...	36,417	...	24,388	...	785,187	...	412,297	...	438,366	...
	Belgium	2,521	...	2,080	...	60,331	...	45,724	...	50,230	...
	Other countries...	417	...	...	...	57,016	...	20,814	...	15,198	...
	Totals	41,187	...	41,058	...	1,119,088	...	798,330	...	871,169	...

Clocks	Great Britain...	877	537	11,837	15,426	16,405
	United States...	26,450	22,289	254,164	294,632	274,064
	Germany...	2,936	3,838	39,174	42,844	55,196
	Other countries...	718	182	15,177	13,103	13,968
	Totals	30,981	26,846	320,352	355,005	359,632
Coal, coke and coal dust	Great Britain...	37	1,215	57,111	117,722	10,991
	United States...	1,544,323	1,391,125	8,812,574	13,419,746	14,793,194
	Other countries...			110	471	44,406
	Totals	1,544,360	1,392,340	8,869,795	13,630,355	16,365,645
Cocoa beans, nibs, paste, chocolate and other preparations of cocoa	Great Britain...	17,029	19,184	238,196	268,908	264,438
	United States...	32,877	36,810	236,112	291,021	337,764
	Other countries...	8,828	11,549	96,486	131,265	181,822
	Totals	58,734	64,988	500,794	691,194	784,024
Coffee, all kinds, and extracts and imitations of, including chicory	Great Britain...	1,276	958	18,808	18,591	24,199
	United States...	16,947	11,549	123,489	127,347	127,233
	Brazil...			299,170	421,413	346,610
	Venezuela...			50,212	77,848	64,291
	Other countries...			11,398	174,052	188,285
	Totals	18,223	12,507	65,796	158,333	155,125
Collars and cuffs	Great Britain...	6,197	7,156	52,549	47,121	66,224
	United States...	10,280	7,115	80,768	79,103	79,608
	Aust.-Hungary...	4,735	4,357	18,671	38,587	34,767
	Other countries...	352	156	37,106	19,869	3,669
	Totals	21,564	18,784	189,094	184,680	184,268
Combs	Great Britain...	11,055	4,376	81,110	107,513	95,363
	United States...	18,571	5,641	87,483	126,908	98,831
	Germany...	5,093	6,192	23,879	23,979	37,881
	Other countries...	6,264	1,267	23,894	44,731	66,794
	Totals	40,983	17,476	221,157	303,131	298,369
Cordage, rope, twine and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	13,485	17,376	191,715	159,075	221,811
	United States...	23,857	18,079	134,151	144,428	138,638
	Other countries...	97	57	3,609	2,408	1,428,354
	Totals	37,439	35,512	319,475	305,907	362,694

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.			
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
Cotton and mfrs. of :— Cotton wool or raw cotton	Great Britain...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	United States...	1,067,877	1,067,877	1,298,093	1,298,093	16,827	16,827	1,052	1,052
	Other countries...	14,584	14,584	3,181	3,181	7,346,189	33,661	8,136,588	14,584
	Totals.....	1,082,461	1,082,461	1,301,274	1,301,274	7,396,677	33,661	8,152,224	14,584
Embroideries, white and cream coloured.....	Great Britain...	118,562	..	20,292	..	91,581	..	510,276	..
	United States...	9,868	..	4,085	..	26,116	..	55,129	..
	Switzerland...	66,200	..	53,090	..	303,288	..	536,238	..
	Other countries...	41,470	..	7,144	..	27,873	..	134,788	..
Fabrics, bleached and unbleached	Totals.....	236,160	..	84,611	..	448,858	..	1,236,431	..
	Great Britain...	247,169	..	242,553	..	908,103	..	1,611,479	..
	United States...	31,944	..	12,429	..	215,254	..	374,761	..
	Other countries...	10,284	..	6,500	..	26,775	..	62,892	..
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured	Totals.....	289,397	..	261,442	..	1,210,132	..	2,049,132	..
	Great Britain...	516,907	..	462,174	..	2,900,950	..	3,428,906	..
	United States...	72,219	..	34,296	..	502,051	..	425,180	..
	Other countries...	16,223	..	9,867	..	89,960	..	134,218	..
Lace, white and cream coloured..	Totals.....	605,349	..	506,337	..	3,492,961	..	3,988,304	..
	Great Britain...	61,188
	United States...	2,260
	Other countries...	41,685
	Totals.....	105,133
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Socks and stockings.....	Great Britain...	26,080	39,588	120,793	145,388	289,497
	United States...	4,109	3,421	29,290	27,161	33,827
	Germany.....	38,540	53,096	141,951	179,887	257,359
	Other countries..	215	702	3,137	2,107	4,811
	Totals.....	68,944	96,897	295,180	354,493	585,494
Thread.....	Great Britain...	62,037	75,973	542,145	629,014	937,182
	United States...	24,356	17,895	185,617	201,464	206,884
	Other countries..	1,583	602	23,815	15,490	16,005
	Totals.....	87,976	94,470	751,577	845,968	1,100,021
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics, N.E.S.....	Great Britain...	25,651	17,848	347,918	380,461	408,165
	United States...	8,698	6,611	78,135	81,272	66,522
	Germany.....	1,364	387	34,708	30,375	26,836
	Other countries..	1,594	728	10,499	21,279	23,747
	Totals.....	37,207	25,574	471,260	513,390	525,264
Other cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	227,231	240,570	1,212,996	1,657,519	2,468,603
	United States...	163,708	143,330	1,004,096	1,208,353	1,278,787
	Other countries..	27,210	32,711	159,999	203,951	204,625
	Totals.....	418,149	416,611	2,377,091	3,071,823	4,011,415
<i>Recapitulation.</i>						
Cotton and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	1,223,637	1,160,186	6,184,486	8,363,046	12,362,725
	United States...	314,872	224,227	2,040,368	2,331,320	2,331,325
	Other countries..	204,733	206,572	822,005	1,323,175	2,003,880
	Totals	1,743,242	1,590,985	9,047,059	12,059,541	16,697,830
Curtains, made up, trimmed or un- trimmed.....	Great Britain...	71,385	70,431	415,025	472,125	534,096
	United States...	14,350	7,249	67,835	80,833	66,356
	Switzerland...	6,924	10,040	71,215	56,277	103,240
	Other countries..	9,708	5,913	41,885	57,490	65,304
	Totals.....	102,367	93,633	595,910	666,725	768,996
Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	60,953	55,956	708,704	1,078,421	1,486,016
	United States...	116,734	329,770	962,512	1,132,091	1,173,515
	Other countries..	71,649	76,838	511,076	669,400	773,186
	Totals.....	249,336	513,173	2,182,322	2,715,051	3,432,717
	Totals.....	249,336	217,771	649,796	4,607,959	6,052,427
						2,586,545
						6,802,562

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.			
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Earthenware, china and graniware.	Great Britain...	113,409	...	117,211	...	937,187	...	1,160,683	...
	United States...	31,541	...	15,116	...	288,276	...	269,986	...
	Germany...	10,581	...	19,294	...	186,065	...	211,803	...
	Other countries..	21,939	...	28,739	...	231,836	...	276,554	...
	Totals ...	177,470	...	180,360	...	1,643,364	...	1,919,026	...
Electric apparatus	Great Britain...	5,483	...	10,435	...	83,724	...	91,944	...
	United States...	331,140	20,143	192,774	3,433	3,401,965	67,615	3,148,222	92,857
	Other countries..	4,189	...	8,503	...	34,975	611	34,334	379
	Totals ..	340,812	20,143	211,712	3,433	3,520,664	68,337	3,274,500	93,236
Embroideries, N.O.P	Great Britain...	4,663	...	1,445	...	21,547	...	46,403	...
	United States...	1,927	...	410	...	7,583	...	12,225	...
	Switzerland...	2,938	...	4,037	...	31,309	...	25,073	...
	Other countries..	3,042	...	1,755	...	15,073	...	27,299	...
	Totals ..	12,570	...	7,647	...	75,512	...	111,000	...
Fancy articles :— Braids, bracelets, cords, fringes, tassels, &c.	Great Britain...	22,326	...	20,107	...	135,873	...	154,074	...
	United States...	10,977	...	9,590	...	119,577	...	107,180	...
	France...	4,278	...	3,811	...	37,571	...	31,927	...
	Germany...	14,379	...	12,085	...	142,563	...	112,566	...
	Other countries..	2,947	...	607	...	25,402	...	11,253	...
	Totals ..	54,907	...	46,200	...	460,986	...	416,940	...
Laces, lace collars and similar goods, lace nets and nettings of cotton, linen, silk or other material	Great Britain...	89,351	...	72,232	...	945,588	...	913,681	...
	United States...	11,049	...	7,091	...	95,471	...	78,154	...
	France...	22,873	...	13,919	...	166,185	...	198,425	...
	Totals ..	123,273	...	93,242	...	1,107,244	...	1,190,260	...
	Totals ..	123,273	...	93,242	...	1,107,244	...	1,190,260	...

Germany.....	23,914	8,573	292,837	239,708	102,085
Switzerland.....	9,579	8,968	47,326	59,231	40,711
Other countries.....	2,566	645	48,413	22,852	18,185
Totals.....	159,332	111,428	1,595,820	1,512,051	1,013,269
Fancy articles, other.....					
Great Britain.....	51,854	48,285	337,468	441,991	596,981
United States.....	41,309	34,764	347,458	390,038	374,027
France.....	29,036	14,449	133,280	213,152	215,739
Germany.....	15,033	17,016	264,805	349,185	488,762
Other countries.....	13,344	6,127	77,880	99,545	143,113
Totals.....	150,576	120,641	1,160,891	1,493,911	1,818,622
Recapitulation.....					
Fancy articles.....					
Great Britain.....	163,531	140,624	1,418,929	1,509,746	1,367,079
United States.....	63,335	51,445	562,506	575,372	552,007
Other countries.....	137,949	86,200	1,236,262	1,337,764	1,360,383
Totals.....	364,815	278,269	3,217,697	3,422,902	3,279,469
Fertilizers.....					
Great Britain.....	12	.....	6,311	6,578	7,165
United States.....	65,277	42,915	132,010	217,760	258,602
Other countries.....	110	602	547	1,859	633
Totals.....	65,399	42,915	138,868	226,197	266,300
Fisheries, articles for the use of.....					
Great Britain.....	7,254	6,409	23,125	29,586	24,897
United States.....	1,690	77,052	409,533	448,171	17,741
Other countries.....	.....	547	2,260	20,807	8
Totals.....	8,944	140,254	46,454	803,272	1,052,241
Fish and fish products, N.E.S.					
Great Britain.....	9,206	11,948	81,897	104,478	94,525
United States.....	79,299	28	571,140	625,555	569,331
Newfoundland.....	.....	68,553	40,747	965,841	3,200
Other countries.....	10,308	8,080	117,575	134,496	1,027,102
Totals.....	98,813	90,637	770,612	894,529	1,46,559
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of—					
Damask of linen, stair linen, diaper, napkins, doilies, table and tray cloths, quilts and like articles of linen, N.O.P.....					
Great Britain.....	77,246	49,735	619,594	682,894	663,060
United States.....	1,931	487	10,976	9,012	8,280
Germany.....	192	402	12,656	13,656	6,498
Other countries.....	10,792	6,622	61,703	101,982	108,471
Totals.....	90,161	57,236	704,731	807,544	786,309

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.						TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH,					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Hemp, undressed	Great Britain...	.....	18,693	.....	33,706	.....	.....	.....	511,701	.....	303,304	.....	172,376
	United States...	.....	15,500	.....	53,808	.....	.....	.....	377,254	.....	301,142	.....	370,319
	Other countries..	.....	15,261	.....	19,392	.....	.....	.....	73,409	.....	165,714	.....	159,378
	Totals .....	.....	49,454	.....	106,966	.....	.....	.....	962,364	.....	770,250	.....	702,073
Jute cloth, not otherwise finished than bleached or calendered	Great Britain...	14,834	.....	.....	16,905	.....	.....	259,930	.....	.....	387,976	.....	.....
	United States...	2,873	.....	.....	5,375	.....	.....	4,641	.....	.....	13,578	.....	.....
	B. E. Indies...	49,733	.....	.....	31,122	.....	.....	163,638	.....	.....	527,882	.....	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,360	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	67,440	.....	.....	53,402	.....	.....	429,569	.....	.....	929,736	.....	.....
Jute cloth as taken from the loom, not coloured, cropped, mangled, pressed, calendered, nor finished in any other way	Great Britain...	.....	59,380	.....	46,429	.....	.....	.....	687,303	.....	767,583	.....	959,885
	United States...	.....	129	.....	193	.....	.....	.....	26,091	.....	3,034	.....	1,790
	B. E. Indies...	.....	19,756	.....	906	.....	.....	.....	153,666	.....	206,712	.....	173,320
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals .....	.....	79,265	.....	47,528	.....	.....	.....	867,060	.....	977,329	.....	1,134,995
Linen fabrics, bleached, unbleach- ed, printed, dyed or coloured	Great Britain...	48,765	.....	.....	55,253	.....	.....	617,146	.....	.....	676,361	.....	636,265
	United States...	457	.....	.....	300	.....	.....	27,888	.....	.....	29,177	.....	9,907
	Other countries..	1,080	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,032	.....	.....	8,979	.....	4,754
	Total	50,302	.....	.....	55,553	.....	.....	657,016	.....	.....	714,517	.....	650,926

Flax, hemp and jute, other.	Great Britain.	135,365	46,003	89,230	13,184	869,946	271,274	1,025,985	448,157	1,051,045	313,907
	United States.	9,115	6,190	8,368	5,051	66,579	62,942	88,134	55,021	86,635	37,866
	Other countries.	12,393	.....	4,697	.....	118,614	.....	297,100	.....	206,287	13,976
	Total.	156,873	52,193	102,295	18,235	1,055,139	334,216	1,321,219	503,208	1,337,965	365,749
<i>Recapitulation</i>											
Flax, hemp, jute and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.	276,210	124,076	211,113	93,379	2,366,616	1,470,278	2,773,216	1,519,164	2,631,633	1,146,168
	United States.	14,376	21,819	14,530	59,052	110,034	466,287	140,201	359,197	130,761	409,975
	Other countries.	74,190	35,017	42,843	20,298	369,805	227,075	859,599	372,426	1,088,293	346,674
	Totals.	364,776	180,912	268,486	172,729	2,846,455	2,163,440	3,773,016	2,250,787	3,900,597	2,202,817
<i>Fruits:—</i>											
Fruits and nuts, dried.	Great Britain.	6,322	.....	4,162	.....	59,091	.....	57,081	.....	115,370	.....
	United States.	83,542	.....	82,499	.....	987,106	.....	1,469,251	.....	1,219,849	.....
	France.	28,517	.....	21,818	.....	189,376	.....	288,407	.....	254,047	.....
	Greece.	1,598	.....	15,660	.....	251,973	.....	321,099	.....	391,121	.....
	Spain.	18,825	.....	15,043	.....	520,290	.....	536,565	.....	696,734	.....
	Other countries.	23,729	.....	11,276	.....	244,228	.....	396,277	.....	423,340	.....
	Totals.	182,463	.....	150,358	.....	2,252,064	.....	3,068,690	.....	3,100,461	.....
<i>Fruits green.</i>											
	Great Britain.	218	22,905	1,317	31,595	150,180	85	97,685	95,083	63,414	226,239
	United States.	19,841	207,769	14,100	302,359	1,719,648	1,224,547	1,660,356	1,973,304	1,049,848	3,474,307
	Italy. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	20,577	155,736	.....	189,236	.....	305,464	.....
	Other countries. . . . .	.....	26,316	76	9,686	93,645	46,416	69,082	239,957	21,911	169,057
	Totals.	20,059	256,950	15,493	364,217	2,119,209	1,271,048	2,016,419	2,308,344	1,134,773	4,175,067
<i>Fruits, canned, preserved, jellies, jams, &c.</i>											
	Great Britain.	10,493	64	16,108	.....	132,887	1,329	203,672	779	272,991	.....
	United States.	4,657	.....	2,629	.....	58,863	48	76,454	144	81,180	53
	Other countries.	7,031	.....	3,055	1	44,706	.....	68,146	121	65,481	1,818
	Totals.	22,181	64	21,792	1	236,456	1,377	348,272	1,044	419,661	1,871
<i>Recapitulation.</i>											
Fruits.	Great Britain.	17,033	22,969	21,587	31,595	342,158	1,414	358,438	95,862	451,775	226,239
	United States.	108,040	207,769	99,228	302,359	2,765,617	1,224,547	3,206,071	1,973,448	2,350,886	3,474,300
	Other countries.	99,630	26,316	66,828	30,264	1,499,954	46,416	1,862,872	240,078	1,862,234	476,339
	Totals.	224,703	257,054	187,643	364,218	4,607,729	1,272,425	5,433,381	2,309,388	4,634,895	4,176,938

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1909.	
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furs and skins and mfrs. of	Great Britain...	31,920	38,239	21,272	36,323	543,827	380,811	524,441	327,666	632,640	261,852		
	United States...	27,468	398,213	17,793	251,627	304,083	2,033,349	266,356	2,392,283	228,757	1,896,659		
	Germany	41,917	122,389	21,898	42,258	321,856	703,973	327,907	668,792	324,919	604,381		
	Other countries.	20,798	27,236	12,181	6,502	274,765	330,169	250,698	286,210	292,639	188,853		
	Totals	122,103	586,077	73,144	336,710	1,144,531	3,448,302	1,369,402	3,674,951	1,418,955	2,951,745		
Glass and mfrs. of :— Common and colourless window glass	Great Britain...	12,180	.....	29,601	.....	309,543	.....	390,122	.....	359,207	.....	
	United States...	1,308	.....	1,050	.....	41,376	.....	39,106	.....	21,939	.....	
	Belgium	13,937	.....	9,001	.....	432,676	.....	634,051	.....	459,612	.....	
	Other countries.	.....	.....	706	.....	10,069	.....	10,197	.....	10,568	.....	
	Totals	27,425	.....	40,358	.....	793,664	.....	1,073,476	.....	851,326	.....	
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes	Great Britain...	15,485	.....	23,242	.....	152,134	.....	289,173	.....	267,188	.....	
	United States...	5,279	.....	401	.....	11,737	.....	28,698	.....	10,052	.....	
	Belgium	10,412	.....	10,355	.....	183,862	.....	220,313	.....	152,779	.....	
	Other countries.	2,785	.....	9,654	.....	42,222	.....	41,135	.....	67,103	.....	
	Totals	33,961	.....	43,652	.....	389,895	.....	579,319	.....	497,122	.....	
Glass, other...	Great Britain...	10,443	.....	17,363	459	179,836	3,344	237,796	1,101	292,599	459		
	United States...	71,180	108	66,010	.....	583,081	77	710,897	420	741,956	4,411		
	Germany	9,725	.....	15,719	.....	151,561	.....	122,069	.....	185,248	.....	
	Other countries.	23,563	.....	30,123	.....	241,222	4,485	314,396	5,567	378,122	4,593		
	Totals	114,911	108	129,215	459	1,155,700	7,906	1,385,158	7,088	1,597,925	9,463		

Recapitulation.

Glass and manufactures of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	38,108 77,767 60,422	..... 108	70,206 67,461 75,558	459	641,713 636,194 1,961,552	3,344 77 4,485	917,091 778,701 1,342,161	1,101 1,420 5,567	918,994 773,947 1,253,432	459 4,411 4,593
Totals.....		176,297	108	213,225	459	2,339,259	7,906	3,037,953	7,088	2,946,373	9,463
Gloves and mitts, all kinds.....	Great Britain... United States... France..... Germany... Other countries..	84,592 15,128 104,614 28,666 24,088	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	79,122 12,753 64,230 77,234 9,219	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	419,281 129,443 3,959,888 143,487 58,888	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	580,333 165,219 391,713 180,972 148,049	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	881,756 176,601 391,713 442,092 110,365	.........................
Totals.....		257,118	.....	242,558	.....	1,060,697	.....	1,507,740	.....	2,002,527	.....
Glue and mucilage.....	Great Britain... United States... Germany... Other countries..	2,530 11,167 786 2,846	..... 105	5,727 5,235 1,561 1,597	..... 559	52,232 94,731 46,146 46,070	..... 557	70,300 106,535 43,798 45,356	..... 341	70,204 80,357 23,971 27,927	..... 2,187
Totals.....		17,329	105	14,110	559	239,179	557	264,989	341	263,059	2,187
Grasses, fibres and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	169 4,759 2,634	32,834 208,664 100,953	79 2,912 794	1,094 72,186 443	615 39,959 21,162	292,450 638,190 25,489	505 49,500 21,652	255,799 812,568 301,710	1,375 56,957 23,464	178,208 1,134,252 670,089
Totals.....		7,562	342,451	3,785	73,723	61,736	956,129	71,717	1,370,077	81,796	1,982,549
Grease, all kinds.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	2 8,179 .....	..... 53,354 .....	..... 7,203 .....	..... 46,487	1,186 44,068 107	6,519 330,086 11,676	582 84,503 83	21,511 541,733 5,529	618 111,944 116	7,656 751,952 6,031
Totals.....		8,181	53,354	7,303	46,487	45,361	348,281	85,168	508,823	112,678	765,639
Gunpowder and other explosives.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	89,610 23,949 334	..... ..... .....	41,327 10,447 4,382	..... ..... .....	338,557 239,674 852	..... ..... .....	523,660 291,851 2,799	..... ..... .....	910,269 299,820 20,124	...............
Totals.....		113,893	.....	56,156	.....	579,083	.....	818,310	.....	1,230,213	.....
Gutta percha, caoutchouc, India-rub- ber and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	15,609 64,431 5,666	..... 384,421 13,307	24,836 61,904 4,105	3,852 344,871 327	102,277 629,946 27,383	1,788 2,824,117 2,113	116,285 610,748 41,556	3,854 3,110,898 17,343	182,360 666,307 49,457	24,583 3,235,271 69,494
Totals.....		85,626	397,728	90,845	348,550	759,606	2,828,079	798,589	3,132,045	898,124	2,322,348

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.						TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$	Dutiable.	Free.	\$
Hair.....	Great Britain....	1,414	9,390		2,541	1,791	13,084	18,558		16,841	48,734	28,898	37,688
	United States....	1,532	5,028		5,295	3,947	16,565	73,938		14,015	80,905	25,859	97,437
	Other countries..	445	547		402	1,005	1,267	6,811		3,868	17,546	9,216	8,194
	Totals	3,391	14,965		8,238	6,743	30,916	99,307		34,724	147,185	63,973	143,319
Hats, caps, bonnets and materials for same.....	Great Britain....	243,195	14,353		250,055	9,991	1,075,313	129,737		1,348,404	112,934	1,501,821	105,405
	United States....	159,798	22,197		127,152	16,416	1,112,043	203,134		1,135,380	207,965	976,563	194,898
	Other countries..	23,069	5,799		34,172	1,861	86,164	87,291		146,312	54,702	181,426	43,100
	Totals	426,062	42,349		411,379	28,268	2,273,520	420,152		2,650,096	375,601	2,659,810	343,403
Hides and skins other than fur, including pelts.....	Great Britain....		90,853			132,294		1,987,422			1,789,729		1,008,608
	United States....		218,970			121,289		1,515,966			2,079,814		1,486,277
	Arg. Republic....		43,644			178,122		1,151,020			1,911,788		808,181
	B. E. Indies.....												198,295
	B. W. Indies....		11,572			2,583		92,651			159,771		52,889
	France.....		58,178			31,121		330,773			507,079		474,390
	Other countries..		144,539			32,442		1,066,724			1,340,478		880,231
	Totals		567,756			497,851		6,144,516			7,788,654		4,908,871
Hops	Great Britain....	1,037			2,534		46,875			42,996		46,983	
	United States....	14,103			15,682		113,518			101,893		138,669	
	Germany.....				1,544		15,287			7,231		14,647	
	Other countries..	382			2,361		29,327			22,327		42,252	
	Totals	15,522			22,121		204,900			174,447		242,542	

Ink.....	Great Britain.....	1,651	2,431	25,517	26,736	30,903
	United States.....	10,219	5,861	127,398	132,074	123,478
	Other countries.....	337	16	5,631	6,684	4,205
	Totals.....	12,207	8,308	158,746	165,494	158,586
Jewellery.....	Great Britain.....	8,764	8,432	83,613	148,952	276,112
	United States.....	100,969	47,244	654,902	853,131	731,715
	Germany.....	3,448	2,837	56,703	98,327	102,282
	Other countries.....	9,109	6,106	38,145	51,266	102,595
	Totals.....	122,290	64,619	833,393	1,151,676	1,142,704
Junk, old and oakum.....	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	2,533	2,482	32,950	27,015	44,227
	Other countries.....	3,021	2,349	23,033	4,727	19,526
	Totals.....	5,552	4,901	882	58,603	1,871
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unmanufactured— Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins, dressed, waxed or glazed.	Great Britain.....					
	United States.....	5,144	3,515	70,757	73,108	68,781
	France.....	15,117	21,899	277,292	238,975	195,889
	Other countries.....	255		39,560	20,510	34,694
	Totals.....	16		639	1,820	3,824
Glove leathers, tanned or dressed, coloured or uncoloured, import- ed by glove manufacturers for use in their own factories.....	Great Britain.....	20,532	25,414	388,248	334,413	303,188
	United States.....	510				
	Other countries.....	61,880	40,594	2,844	4,728	8,707
	Totals.....	534	6,277	330,027	452,535	480,911
	United States.....	62,924	47,495	342,044	13,076	18,860
	Totals.....	35,747	6,601	47,225	470,340	508,478
	United States.....	828	1,017	62,935	147,429	238,395
	France.....				52,445	7,524
	Other countries.....					606
	Totals.....	36,575	7,618	110,160	199,874	246,525
Upper leather including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator and chamois skins, or other upper leather, N.E.S., dressed, waxed or glazed.	Great Britain.....	12,909	2,299	39,301	86,165	33,690
	United States.....	33,597	11,657	94,487	198,361	108,196
	France.....	492		13,297	15,269	297
	Other countries.....	514		2,096	4,470	15
	Totals.....	47,512	13,956	149,181	294,265	142,198

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Other leather, unmanufactured..	Great Britain...	25,145		24,152		142,568		381,281		290,761			
	United States...	52,272		24,071		120,300		196,682		251,081			
	Other countries.			796		5,156		5,938		14,234			
	Totals ...	77,417		49,019		268,024		583,901		556,076			
Leather, manufactured— Boots and shoes	Great Britain...	9,984		7,263		66,352		91,101		119,306			
	United States...	213,932		186,859		1,178,964		1,364,261		1,412,136			
	Other countries.	23		100		1,922		1,204		5,185			
	Totals.....	223,939		194,222		1,247,238		1,456,566		1,536,627			
Other leather, manufactured.....	Great Britain...	12,322		9,336		73,473		102,037		96,627			
	United States...	39,757		31,024		255,494		359,647		855,954			
	Other countries.	283		77		4,736		7,769		4,895			
	Totals...	52,362		40,437		333,703		469,453		457,476			
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Leather and manufactures of.....	Great Britain...	101,761		53,790		442,520		885,850		886,267			
	United States...	417,383		317,121		2,319,499		2,852,906		2,811,691			
	Other countries.	2,117		7,250		76,579		70,056		82,610			
	Totals.....	521,261		378,161		2,838,598		3,808,812		3,750,568			
Marble and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	620		258		6,307		6,700		7,286			
	United States...	17,836		14,278		146,338		201,563		245,039			
	Italy	1,272				26,926		27,097		29,063			
	Other countries.			2,018		3,860		3,510		6,179			
	Totals.....	19,728		16,554		183,431		238,870		287,587			

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of—

Brass and mfrs. of.....	15,096	20,735	20,977	8,391	98,367	122,437	142,901	209,286	234,386	224,994
Great Britain.....	15,096	113,250	107,209	39,624	677,853	811,429	1,034,844	1,122,258	1,217,471	573,366
United States.....	4,557	2,754	4,141	3,413	42,560	13,214	45,046	34,770	63,774	47,121
Other countries.....										
Totals.....	171,146	136,739	132,327	51,928	818,780	947,080	1,222,791	1,366,314	1,515,631	845,481
Copper and mfrs. of.....										
Great Britain.....	843	38,991	756	5,839	11,394	40,173	9,959	109,942	10,622	235,011
United States.....	18,725	470,565	6,680	172,890	116,624	2,584,382	147,753	3,761,986	111,855	2,992,062
Other countries.....	509	105	564	2,051	2,425	2,766	4,739	12,222	6,615	7,492
Totals.....	20,077	509,661	8,000	180,780	130,353	2,627,321	162,451	3,884,150	123,092	3,234,565
Gold and silver and mfrs. of.....										
Great Britain.....	12,512		14,540		143,075		239,354		232,466	
United States.....	22,379		18,259		307,013	583	292,605	270	271,999	
Other countries.....	5,201		1,447		62,826		68,393		59,355	
Totals.....	40,092		34,246		512,914	583	600,352	270	563,820	
Iron and steel and mfrs. of—										
Agricultural implements.....										
Great Britain.....	1,658		1,887		26,750		42,622		31,226	
United States.....	340,204		161,275		1,376,889		2,450,566		1,716,110	
Other countries.....	294		53		1,318		1,161		2,084	
Totals.....	342,156		163,215		1,404,957		2,494,349		1,749,420	
Bar iron or steel, rolled, whether										
in coils, bundles, rods or bars										
comprising rounds, ovals, &c....										
Great Britain.....	64,083		29,629		409,908		949,259		731,922	
United States.....	219,700		87,236		773,265		1,774,791		1,818,655	
Other countries.....	992		666		26,692		30,733		30,246	
Totals.....	284,775		117,531		1,214,865		2,754,783		2,580,823	
Chains.....										
Great Britain.....	16,170		9,033	192	63,668		111,683		197,806	832
United States.....	20,785		11,630	13,836	195,611		253,577		132,428	184,584
Other countries.....	178		132		4,440		3,524		4,234	
Totals.....	37,133		20,795	13,528	263,719		368,784		334,468	185,416
Cream separators and steel bowls										
for.....										
Great Britain.....		2,377		2,454		240,322		146,673		57,660
United States.....		20,515		46,225		388,667		426,885		371,109
Other countries.....				35		11,881		14,851		19,800
Totals.....		22,892		48,714		640,870		588,409		448,569

Iron in pigs, kentledge and scrap.	Great Britain	170,965	34,991	.....	384,594	.....	1,427,231	.....	2,161,441
	United States.....	210,754	68,945	.....	708,551	.....	1,629,608	.....	1,697,768
	Other countries.	2,913	139	.....	4,928	.....	4,700	.....	47,415
Totals.....		384,632	104,075	.....	1,098,073	.....	3,061,539	.....	3,906,614
Iron or steel bridges, or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, shapes or sections, drilled, or punched, N. E. S.	Great Britain.....	13	84	.....	1,382	.....	10,568	.....	98,151
	United States.....	4,098	16,596	.....	548,599	.....	382,736	.....	547,331
	Other countries.			.....	6,000	.....		.....	126
Totals.....		4,111	16,680	.....	555,981	.....	393,304	.....	645,608
Iron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, puddled bars and loops or other forms, N. O. P., &c.	Great Britain.....	62,757	14,477	.....	186,615	.....	251,991	.....	306,669
	United States.....	23,370	16,958	.....	460,694	.....	195,800	.....	273,471
	Other countries.			.....	11,733	.....	119,999	.....	19,872
Totals.....		86,127	31,435	.....	80,715	.....	567,790	.....	600,012
Iron or steel rolled round wire rods, in the coil, not over 3 inch in diameter, &c.	Great Britain.....			.....		.....		.....
	United States.....			.....		.....		.....
	Other countries.			.....		.....		.....
Totals.....				.....		.....		.....
Iron or steel sheets, flat galvanized, Canada plates, &c.	Great Britain.....	134,557	92,698	.....	1,705,109	.....	1,605,041	.....	15,515
	United States.....	97,255	94,413	.....	855,835	.....	1,133,057	.....	1,263,748
	Other countries.	3,980	1,931	.....	26,121	.....	28,217	.....	42,965
Totals.....		101,235	96,344	.....	2,587,065	.....	2,766,315	.....	2,493,367
Machinery and machines.....	Great Britain.....	35,466	166,590	.....	411,118	.....	540,928	.....	1,054,365
	United States.....	1,047,148	824,642	.....	6,556,758	.....	9,380,763	.....	11,192,738
	Other countries.	11,417	5,551	.....	1,158	.....	132,213	.....	196,066
Totals.....		1,094,031	996,693	.....	7,117,516	.....	10,053,904	.....	12,443,169
Nails.....	Great Britain.....	399	1,153	.....	3,312	.....	8,228	.....	6,233
	United States.....	2,452	7,121	.....	105,458	.....	130,134	.....	93,670
	Other countries.			.....		.....	54	.....
Totals.....		2,851	8,274	.....	108,770	.....	138,406	.....	99,903

Steel in bars, bands, hoops, scrolls or strips, sheets or plates, of any size, thickness or width when of greater value than 2½ cents per lb., N.O.P.	Great Britain.....	107,049	52,273	165	27,467	225,609	301,162	148,906	9,525	411,416
	United States.....	41	.....	23,869	.....	561,787	693,474	.....	459,913	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,807	12,632	.....	25,147	.....
	Totals.....	107,090	52,273	24,034	27,467	795,203	1,007,768	148,906	494,585	441,416
Steel plate, universal mill or rolled edge bridge plates imported by manufacturers of bridges	Great Britain.....	16,183	.....	41,906	.....	1,879	2,833	.....	2,450	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442,709	380,002	.....	411,893	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	944	173	.....	1,343	.....
	Totals.....	16,183	.....	41,906	.....	445,532	383,008	.....	415,686	.....
Steel rails.....	Great Britain.....	4,075	.....	490	.....	797,083	238,608	.....	87,296	.....
	United States.....	9,496	.....	15,566	.....	421,935	1,821,935	.....	1,184,437	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,983	12,454	.....	6,351	.....
	Totals.....	13,571	.....	16,056	.....	1,224,001	2,080,305	.....	1,278,084	.....
Tools and implements.....	Great Britain.....	11,079	.....	5,536	.....	74,882	104,936	.....	117,135	.....
	United States.....	167,655	.....	88,810	.....	1,195,877	1,527,273	.....	1,219,521	.....
	Other countries.....	6,665	.....	3,115	.....	57,116	59,929	.....	61,711	.....
	Totals.....	185,399	.....	97,511	.....	1,327,875	1,692,133	.....	1,398,367	.....
Tubing.....	Great Britain.....	5,459	55,259	14,690	11,088	140,897	102,405	142,925	187,170	206,364
	United States.....	100,735	65,871	34,837	38,652	995,592	1,155,338	241,969	592,431	592,431
	Other countries.....	.....	4,427	.....	5,147	35,570	30,856	4,427	68,243	68,243
	Totals.....	106,194	105,557	49,527	54,887	1,171,969	1,288,509	389,321	959,711	867,038
Wire.....	Great Britain.....	34,806	5,269	60,481	16,026	242,012	327,939	112,704	605,370	340,861
	United States.....	209,453	482,686	47,945	224,646	583,149	1,183,315	1,783,683	642,737	1,652,190
	Other countries.....	7,391	514	1,595	6,405	23,567	74,049	74,317	80,736	91,436
	Totals.....	251,650	488,469	110,021	247,077	848,728	1,585,303	1,970,704	1,328,833	2,084,487
Other iron and steel and mfrs. of.	Great Britain.....	169,931	55,516	160,324	18,702	1,440,644	2,313,515	342,072	2,542,718	644,246
	United States.....	849,086	224,786	495,421	107,393	5,918,483	8,692,726	1,552,105	7,460,903	1,698,485
	Other countries.....	20,835	38,250	26,888	41,504	319,770	126,972	227,476	386,970	217,072
	Totals.....	1,039,852	318,552	682,633	167,599	7,678,897	10,797,299	2,121,653	10,390,591	2,659,802

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Metals and minerals and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>													
<i>Recapitulation.</i>													
Iron and steel and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	699,136	290,107	576,313	172,389	7,293,145	828,636	10,389,429	1,389,508	10,273,887	4,435,280		
	United States...	4,252,817	1,023,129	2,559,102	524,151	26,904,404	5,571,910	39,009,838	6,330,135	38,657,633	6,664,065		
	Other countries.	101,572	43,191	65,111	54,249	1,262,672	249,182	1,521,847	348,119	1,504,707	517,169		
	Totals.....	5,053,525	1,356,427	3,290,526	750,789	35,460,221	6,649,728	50,921,114	8,067,762	50,436,227	11,616,514		
Lead and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	65,762	7,217	23,901	4,185	274,373	59,533	459,527	93,813	378,439	116,414		
	United States...	4,170	4,510	6,513	1,917	44,144	41,688	51,431	34,348	54,618	23,276		
	Other countries..	3,884	.....	3,076	.....	31,672	1,293	37,525	4,037	52,024	3,163		
	Totals.....	73,816	11,727	33,490	6,102	350,189	102,514	548,483	132,248	485,081	142,853		
Tin and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	5,125	191,418	4,339	132,242	30,446	1,630,091	39,486	2,002,286	43,955	2,003,289		
	United States...	15,757	135,801	15,610	251,800	167,327	1,189,397	264,543	1,462,308	204,552	1,479,032		
	Other countries..	634	63,173	131	56,362	9,993	164,452	11,173	257,399	8,131	260,322		
	Totals.....	21,516	390,392	20,080	440,404	207,766	2,983,940	315,202	3,721,993	256,638	3,802,643		
Zinc and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	177	42,297	331	3,663	956	106,270	481	175,979	1,428	203,419		
	United States...	3,006	8,792	1,617	14,319	10,414	191,052	15,524	205,029	16,625	89,302		
	Belgium.....	.....	11,394	.....	1,792	.....	72,609	.....	89,176	.....	160,579		
	Germany.....	120	.....	319	.....	66	24,944	159	68,858	408	20,597		
	Other countries..	59	.....	.....	181	925	9,991	488	6,372	726	31,605		
	Totals.....	3,362	62,483	2,267	19,955	12,361	404,866	16,652	545,414	19,187	505,503		
Other metals and minerals and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain...	21,867	8,891	18,512	16,890	207,061	156,452	259,938	203,501	351,700	131,212		
	United States...	202,246	213,712	133,753	87,806	1,374,691	2,244,556	1,744,442	2,681,995	1,913,426	2,799,872		
	Other countries..	32,513	1,523	8,670	60,625	91,888	578,102	136,124	785,168	175,705	688,652		
	Totals.....	256,626	224,126	160,935	165,321	1,673,640	2,979,110	2,140,704	3,670,664	2,440,431	3,619,736		

Recapitulation.

Metals and minerals and mfrs. of	Great Britain	820,518	599,656	659,069	344,099	8,058,727	2,943,592	11,541,075	4,184,315	11,526,883	7,409,619
	United States	4,670,593	1,969,759	2,848,743	1,032,507	29,602,470	12,634,997	42,561,180	15,598,379	42,448,179	14,020,975
	Other countries	149,049	122,140	83,459	178,673	1,505,027	1,116,553	1,825,494	1,606,121	1,871,445	1,736,701
	Totals	5,640,160	2,691,555	3,591,871	1,615,279	39,166,224	16,695,142	55,927,749	21,388,815	55,846,507	23,767,285
Mineral water	Great Britain	1,539	542	542	.....	18,040	.....	12,786	.....	16,556	85
	United States	3,883	43	3,163	40	68,938	1,311	84,038	2,005	65,772	495
	France	1,606	.....	1,937	.....	52,524	.....	55,351	.....	75,656	.....
	Germany	292	.....	204	.....	13,879	.....	43,034	.....	37,000	.....
	Other countries	87	.....	238	.....	12,209	.....	9,100	1	10,824	20
	Totals	7,357	43	6,144	40	165,610	1,311	204,309	2,006	205,808	60
Musical instruments	Great Britain	3,841	978	3,378	981	22,900	7,639	33,422	8,005	50,355	11,995
	United States	84,917	4,628	49,647	3,242	391,962	33,466	583,518	29,039	730,347	33,969
	Germany	3,682	187	12,815	577	65,138	25,357	79,129	20,107	90,142	18,830
	Other countries	3,732	.....	2,725	.....	32,268	76	33,818	21	42,283	.....
	Totals	96,172	5,793	68,565	4,800	512,328	66,538	729,887	57,772	913,127	64,794
Mustard	Great Britain	4,164	.....	8,380	.....	91,318	.....	97,773	.....	108,161	.....
	United States	1,971	.....	1,870	.....	25,579	.....	25,861	.....	27,753	.....
	Other countries	41	.....	75	.....	637	.....	771	.....	664	.....
	Totals	6,176	.....	10,325	.....	117,534	.....	124,405	.....	136,578	.....
Oils :-	Great Britain	948	.....	732	.....	3,508	5,067	3,953	7,390	3,453	8,480
Mineral oils	United States	72,271	64,767	68,816	76,968	961,847	715,951	925,607	771,618	702,289	1,296,218
	Other countries .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500	545	23	.....	25	3,370
	Totals	73,219	64,767	69,548	76,968	965,855	721,563	925,583	779,008	705,767	1,308,068
Fish oils	Great Britain	101	.....	13	.....	2,591	.....	1,923	.....	2,341	.....
	United States	207	.....	1,878	.....	18,367	.....	16,243	.....	18,411	.....
	Newfoundland .....	.....	961	.....	3,867	.....	61,530	6,993	65,346	.....	57,887
	Other countries	590	.....	60	.....	9,039	.....	6,993	.....	6,870	.....
	Totals	898	961	1,951	3,867	29,997	61,530	25,159	65,346	27,622	57,837
Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils -	Great Britain	7,924	.....	.....	.....	.....	81,469	.....	88,824	.....	71,631
Cocconut and palm in their	United States	1,170	.....	.....	10,402	.....	52,457	.....	65,907	.....	49,461
natural state	Other countries	3,782	.....	.....	1,294	.....	14,317	.....	25,400	.....	20,664
	Totals	12,876	.....	.....	11,696	.....	148,243	.....	180,131	.....	141,756

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Oils— <i>Con.</i> Animal, vegetable, lubricating, &c., oils— <i>Con.</i> Cotton seed.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	\$ 64,218	\$ 62	\$ 43,143	\$	\$ 3,198 282,692 2,390	\$ 156 4,425	\$ 11,415 482,200 43	\$ 2,385	\$ 883 532,739	\$ 4,654		
Totals.....		64,218	62	43,143	.....	288,280	4,581	493,658	2,385	533,622	4,654	
Flaxseed or linseed, raw or boiled	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	16,542 6,910 .....	..... ..... .....	8,372 2,115 .....	..... ..... .....	657,272 41,730 .....	..... ..... .....	207,190 61,059 34	..... ..... .....	127,005 42,878 242	..... ..... .....	
Totals.....		23,452	.....	10,487	.....	699,002	.....	268,283	.....	170,125	.....	
Lubricating oils.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	643 44,188 151	..... ..... .....	1,055 38,732 324	..... ..... .....	8,894 342,617 559	..... ..... .....	8,541 446,927 438	..... ..... .....	15,745 562,702 4,838	..... ..... .....	
Totals.....		44,982	.....	40,111	.....	352,070	.....	455,906	.....	583,285	.....	
Oils, other	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	9,585 21,932 7,082	788 4,583	4,112 21,067 9,009	671 4,964 186	60,009 160,347 95,699	4,849 39,077	85,376 219,647 106,236	4,956 64,838 788	104,093 233,016 123,241	15,758 73,396 1,477		
Totals.....		38,619	5,371	34,188	5,821	316,055	43,926	411,259	70,602	464,350	90,631		
Recapitulation.													
Oils.....	Great Britain..... United States..... Other countries.....	27,819 209,746 7,823	8,712 70,582 4,743	14,284 173,751 9,393	671 92,331 5,347	735,472 1,807,000 108,187	91,541 811,910 76,392	318,398 2,151,683 113,767	101,170 904,768 91,534	253,520 2,094,035 137,216	95,869 1,423,729 83,348		
Totals.....		245,388	84,037	199,428	98,352	2,651,259	979,843	2,583,848	1,097,472	2,484,771	1,602,946		

Oilcloth	Great Britain...	202,684	160,972	684,612	920,444	946,026	946,026
	United States...	52,576	17,639	161,688	266,126	218,953	218,953
	Other countries...	.....	312	1,254	1,207	3,218	3,218
	Totals	235,260	178,923	847,554	1,187,777	1,168,197	1,168,197
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments	Great Britain...	4,836	7,839	35,446	45,918	18,605	18,605
	United States...	32,124	42,785	245,771	294,132	36,949	36,949
	Other countries...	2,912	10,308	45,176	49,949	14,979	14,979
	Totals	39,872	60,932	326,393	389,999	70,533	70,533
Packages	Great Britain...	108,425	123,411	421,565	705,074	1,712	1,712
	United States...	203,115	231,448	1,721,187	1,978,120	450	450
	Other countries...	31,601	6	383,865	408,004	510	510
	Totals	343,141	400,771	2,526,617	3,091,198	2,672	2,672
Paintings, drawings, engravings, prints and building plans	Great Britain...	10,968	13,653	103,080	175,318	265,096	265,096
	United States...	36,369	41,857	283,645	408,170	74,423	74,423
	Other countries...	15,314	15,751	84,574	108,436	72,198	72,198
	Totals	62,651	71,261	477,299	751,924	411,717	411,717
Paints and colours :— Dry, white and red lead, orange mineral and zinc white	Great Britain...	47,969	11,830	213,469	431,007	426,868	426,868
	United States...	11,631	6,982	230,768	339,408	92,846	92,846
	Germany	980	665	162,122	33,640	49,114	49,114
	Other countries...	1,005	1,561	71,621	41,325	44,820	44,820
	Totals	61,585	21,038	677,980	645,380	613,648	613,648
Other paints and colours	Great Britain...	16,241	17,236	114,606	175,332	84,573	84,573
	United States...	35,260	26,154	363,322	408,948	134,204	134,204
	Germany	2,985	375	32,622	20,323	16,956	16,956
	Other countries...	54,486	124	19,584	26,761	31,582	31,582
	Totals	108,972	43,889	530,384	631,364	267,315	267,315
Paper and mfrs. of :— Hangings, or wall paper, including borders	Great Britain...	7,690	5,724	19,333	29,621	33,094	33,094
	United States...	38,006	26,006	192,530	179,868	163,534	163,534
	Other countries...	4,773	3,045	11,797	15,539	18,006	18,006
	Totals	51,123	34,775	223,660	225,028	214,634	214,634

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.		Free.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Dutiable.		Free.	
		\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£	\$	£
Paper and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Printing paper.....	Great Britain.....	13,556		8,231		164,741		174,964		196,184			
	United States.....	32,443		22,209		357,109		375,646		284,068			
	Other countries.....	53		579		5,580		7,944		2,378			
	Totals.....	46,052		31,019		527,430		558,554		482,630			
Paper, other.....	Great Britain.....	34,399	50	39,250	243	435,454	364	508,662	278	686,279		1,045	
	United States.....	204,034	3,835	157,713	4,264	1,725,452	12,100	1,999,825	37,483	2,301,454		45,165	
	Other countries.....	15,146		17,914	47	184,109	2,153	230,254	8,394	392,984		8,309	
	Totals.....	253,579	3,885	214,877	4,554	2,345,015	14,617	2,738,741	46,155	3,290,717		54,519	
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Paper and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	55,645	50	53,205	243	619,528	364	713,247	278	915,557		1,045	
	United States.....	275,137	3,885	205,928	4,264	2,275,091	12,100	2,555,389	37,483	2,749,056		45,165	
	Other countries.....	19,972		21,538	47	201,486	2,153	253,737	8,394	323,368		8,309	
	Totals.....	350,754	3,885	280,671	4,554	3,096,105	14,617	3,522,323	46,155	3,987,981		54,519	
Pencils, lead, in wood or otherwise.....	Great Britain.....	1,631		2,441		24,654		31,586		46,207			
	United States.....	9,730		5,982		101,320		110,868		112,433			
	Germany.....	8,085		4,904		39,490		44,703		37,614			
	Other countries.....	66		911		558		1,574		3,316			
	Totals.....	19,512		14,238		166,022		188,731		199,570			

Pens, penholders, and rulers of all kinds.	Great Britain.	5,499	3,018	41,526	38,104	48,232
	United States.	10,200	14,272	139,127	156,043	185,666
	Other countries.	141	110	3,861	3,341	6,038
	Totals.	15,840	17,400	184,514	197,488	239,936
Perfumery, pomades, &c.	Great Britain.	1,388	2,601	27,571	29,011	30,254
	United States.	12,439	14,827	100,400	145,503	178,072
	France.	9,273	9,447	91,218	93,828	114,029
	Other countries.	555	267	5,737	9,512	12,844
Totals.	23,655	27,142	224,926	277,854	335,199	
Pickles, sauces and catsups.	Great Britain.	10,116	11,912	226,693	262,779	320,849
	United States.	9,053	8,463	107,639	114,441	120,978
	Other countries.	4,422	3,101	23,623	27,758	40,703
	Totals.	23,591	23,476	357,955	404,978	482,530
Precious stones of all kinds and imitations of	Great Britain.	1,521	4,482	34,219	461,214	682,526
	United States.	6,169	20,749	26,301	175,371	63,401
	France.	4,181	203,706	20,856	274,797	67,692
	Holland	12,345	1,471	2,085	257,414	312,988
Other countries.	3,508	35,727	9,366	337,384	33,877	
Totals.	15,379	313,496	89,871	1,506,180	230,891	
Provisions :— Butter, cheese, eggs and lard	Great Britain.	7,817	3,183	17,178	34,230	70,977
	United States.	201,649	261,822	703,043	1,007,706	1,468,542
	Other countries.	13,402	19,214	48,409	99,145	92,361
	Totals.	222,868	284,219	768,630	1,141,081	1,631,880
Meats:— Bacon and hams.	Great Britain.	401	100	825	2,367	4,789
	United States.	67,645	91,014	653,478	920,424	847,215
	Other countries.	4	91,114	330	515	297
	Totals.	68,050	91,114	654,633	923,306	852,301
Pork, barrelled in brine.	Great Britain.	6,930	9,804	4,980	12,088	11,212
	United States.	50,373	76,261	709,243	787,926	693,071
	Other countries.	79	86	79	86	496
	Totals.	57,303	86,065	714,302	800,100	704,779

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		Free.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>													
Meats— <i>Con.</i>													
Other meats, N.F.S.	Great Britain...	3,899		6,441		20,846		37,314		52,593			
	United States...	35,838		51,605		476,014		580,958		448,646			
	Other countries...	8,783		10,045		34,546		65,599		98,534			
	Totals	48,520		68,091		531,406		683,871		599,773			
Recapitulation.													
Provisions	Great Britain...	19,047		19,528		43,829		85,999		139,571			
	United States...	355,505		480,702		2,541,778		3,297,014		3,457,474			
	Other countries...	22,189		29,259		83,364		165,345		191,688			
	Totals	396,741		529,489		2,608,971		3,548,358		3,788,733			
Rags...	Great Britain...		9,853		6,219		97,083		147,873		238,052		
	United States...		19,908		31,420		208,775		229,773		476,932		
	Germany...				3,084		30,187		40,754		38,525		
	Other countries...				717		6,053		7,575		7,288		
	Totals		29,761		41,440		337,298		425,975		700,797		
Rennet	Great Britain...						190		356		886		
	United States...		12,536		9,818		46,635		39,855		39,280		
	Other countries...		10,733		12,695		22,183		32,360		45,477		
	Totals		23,269		22,513		69,008		72,571		85,613		
Resin or rosin	Great Britain...						2,256		8,358		975		
	United States...		35,951		21,797		333,902		376,108		453,464		
	Other countries...						67						
	Totals		35,951		21,797		338,225		384,466		454,439		

Ribbons.....	Great Britain.....	82,054	75,174	461,408	564,405	626,784
	United States.....	16,388	11,850	72,191	111,112	104,374
	France.....	46,828	32,812	197,997	327,648	477,011
	Switzerland.....	31,966	43,885	269,339	363,183	451,016
	Other countries.....	4,182	2,846	132,023	64,461	62,142
	Totals.....	175,418	166,567	1,143,564	1,370,809	1,721,327
Salt.....	Great Britain.....	3,003	9,728	304,407	200,307	286,241
	United States.....	133	4,277	60,158	78,903	563
	Other countries.....	8,210	3,932	43,843	44	78,632
	Totals.....	11,346	13,660	358,908	411,139	66,461
Seeds and bulbous roots.....	Great Britain.....	3,908	9,486	27,982	93,618	66,687
	United States.....	27,629	346,330	436,888	535,611	1,500,764
	Other countries.....	11,513	10,173	22,237	47,219	32,399
	Totals.....	42,950	365,085	487,107	736,448	31,642
Settlers' effects.....	Great Britain.....	19,519	26,065	1,699,834	2,331,920	3,432,076
	United States.....	953,132	870,215	5,868,399	7,593,483	6,815,808
	Other countries.....	5,890	6,239	248,866	198,261	431,741
	Totals.....	978,541	902,519	7,817,099	10,123,664	10,681,625
Silk and mfrs. of — Clothing.....	Great Britain.....	20,786	29,496	176,592	155,832	221,477
	United States.....	3,766	8,143	44,849	37,157	47,864
	Japan.....	2,472	2,028	27,572	30,987	44,929
	Other countries.....	2,411	3,964	25,536	29,476	37,722
	Totals.....	29,435	43,631	274,549	253,452	351,992
Fabrics.....	Great Britain.....	222,616	199,594	1,436,729	1,305,033	1,613,377
	United States.....	20,719	20,482	210,874	199,546	176,418
	France.....	88,659	57,546	553,324	547,400	666,273
	Germany.....	14,060	9,022	46,893	72,233	147,305
	Japan.....	68,448	12,342	369,033	402,349	269,889
	Switzerland.....	66,443	41,375	685,877	484,790	538,534
	Other countries.....	12,910	17,165	301,526	223,964	192,829
	Totals.....	493,885	357,526	3,578,186	3,325,315	3,603,625

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		Dutiable.	Free.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Silk and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Silk, raw, or as reeled from the cocoon, not being doubled, twist- ed or advanced in manufacture in any way	Great Britain	54,323		34,494		412,727		411,739		433,760			
	United States					15,426		50,712		17,622			
	Other countries												
	Totals	54,323		34,494		428,153		462,451		451,382			
Velvets, velveteens, &c., and plush fabrics, N. E. S.	Great Britain	12,897		10,436		198,540		200,218		249,015			
	United States	2,062		1,925		15,383		12,703		17,210			
	France	3,954		1,310		48,682		43,666		58,364			
	Germany	971		2,855		29,925		29,919		31,871			
	Other countries			780		4,410		1,822		8,525			
	Totals	19,884		17,306		292,940		288,388		364,985			
Silk, other	Great Britain	40,504		19,061		204,724		220,884		227,015		2,356	
	United States	12,331		4,603		51,933		66,372		63,937		26,440	
	Japan	9,208		2,662		100,904		110,752		135,566			
	Other countries	6,732		4,198		42,332		52,956		63,825		722	
	Totals	68,775		30,324		399,893		450,994		490,423		29,518	
Recapitulation. Silk and mfrs. of	Great Britain	206,803		258,587		2,010,585		1,971,967		2,310,884		2,356	
	United States	38,908		35,153		323,039		315,838		304,479		460,200	
	Other countries	276,268		155,247		2,211,944		2,030,344		2,195,662		18,344	
	Totals	611,979		448,987		4,545,568		4,318,149		4,811,925		480,900	

Soap.....	3,193	9,688	41,535	53,025	490	63,034	428
Great Britain.....	43,891	38,240	348,658	440,295	791	446,471	830
United States.....	4,868	5,573	71,919	93,508	.....	93,825	.....
France.....	233	87	6,501	6,890	.....	7,511	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	52,185	53,538	468,413	539,718	1,281	610,841	1,258
Spices.....	8,802	12,293	118,806	145,572	.....	133,061	.....
Great Britain.....	8,207	7,929	74,431	68,681	.....	70,736	.....
United States.....	4,470	2,309	35,990	68,573	.....	49,731	.....
B. E. Indies.....	1,738	1,520	27,009	23,491	.....	27,145	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	23,217	24,051	266,236	306,317	.....	280,673	.....
Spirits and wines—							
Spirits—							
Brandy, including artificial brandy and imitations of brandy.....	1,549	1,653	23,296	23,122	.....	17,181	.....
Great Britain.....	744	375	1,772	1,846	.....	5,125	.....
United States.....	46,813	48,729	507,936	602,906	.....	650,169	.....
France.....	575	126	1,247	1,607	.....	1,070	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	49,681	50,863	534,251	629,481	.....	673,545	.....
Gin of all kinds.....	7,895	7,765	83,321	100,400	.....	122,354	.....
Great Britain.....	260	.....	184	430	.....	757	.....
United States.....	29,311	34,385	272,359	307,138	.....	305,068	.....
Holland.....	3	22	205	95	.....	92	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	37,469	42,172	356,069	408,053	.....	518,271	.....
Whiskey.....	102,631	113,693	861,739	1,080,554	.....	1,205,601	.....
Great Britain.....	424	679	10,194	8,442	.....	7,771	.....
United States.....	40	225	1,540	928	.....	998	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	103,095	114,597	873,473	1,089,924	.....	1,214,370	.....
Other spirits.....	3,860	3,881	34,585	42,745	.....	47,968	.....
Great Britain.....	1,775	878	54,054	13,140	.....	10,467	.....
United States.....	14,408	13,934	128,083	157,121	9	172,027	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	20,043	18,693	216,752	213,006	9	230,462	.....
Wines, non-sparkling.....	2,950	2,366	27,208	37,003	.....	35,545	.....
Great Britain.....	2,735	1,368	21,331	21,835	.....	18,898	.....
United States.....	5,277	8,476	113,253	119,924	.....	124,170	.....
France.....	9,951	10,779	135,962	150,096	.....	158,898	.....
Spain.....	9,669	10,213	104,083	113,912	.....	123,983	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	30,582	33,202	401,837	442,770	.....	461,494	.....

Molasses.....	Great Britain.....	172	1,480	1,002	4,317	80,636	5,670	2,922	8,900
	United States.....	5,781	4,356	436	797	80,636	5,670	83,739	47,326
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	4,907	.....	33,114	631	737,863	813,366	923,886
	Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	286,969	1,172	229,739	7,027
	Other countries..	27	.....	61	7,155	.....	.....	17,404	5,983
Totals.....		5,789	31,232	5,92	35,911	379,711	739,765	333,894	62,947
Sugar candy, confectionery, &c., including maple sugar and maple syrup.....	Great Britain.....	9,470	.....	24,436	153,165	.....	.....	204,588	316,724
	United States.....	12,138	.....	16,226	106,084	.....	.....	180,660	175,885
	Other countries..	1,591	.....	1,236	18,507	.....	.....	20,324	26,156
	Totals.....	23,632	.....	57,939	337,996	.....	.....	465,772	518,764
<i>Recapitulation.</i>									
Sugar, molasses, &c.....	Great Britain.....	83,701	.....	124,054	1,926,887	.....	.....	1,946,456	1,368,433
	United States...	21,256	1,186	21,322	797	268,374	3,670	278,773	233,790
	Other countries..	639,115	4,389	818,207	69,114	14,208,406	764,065	8,123,878	9,408,865
	Totals.....	714,072	51,213	939,991	37,911	11,504,886	739,705	9,451,127	11,011,028
	Totals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	937,601
Tea.....	Great Britain.....	121	93,986	55	139,677	1,132	98,787	564	51
	United States...	3,915	.....	1,334	156,975	26,972	1,784,678	32,184	21,787
	B. E. Indies.....	.....	290,155	.....	136,975	.....	1,991,528	1,991,528	2,106,431
	China.....	.....	17,800	.....	3,240	.....	113,146	151,133	151,987
	Other countries..	.....	43,121	.....	13,134	.....	67,610	597,627	657,450
Totals.....		4,715	417,457	1,393	316,147	27,343	3,496,579	25,892	3,139
Totals.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,321,756
Tobacco and mfrs. of.....	Great Britain.....	2,413	.....	1,823	12,759	1,917	1,917	150,883	185,204
	United States...	2,322	536,883	11,511	5,399,978	1,044,411	2,777,447	229,221	229,969
	Cuba.....	13,363	22,298	25,695	11,259	31,166	49,063	4,017	376,359
	Other countries..	11,307	1,720	5,684	4,717	45,769	11,208	62,245	87,031
	Totals.....	81,765	597,811	57,657	578,945	7,2179	2,822,365	893,421	59,750
Totals.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,385,348
pipes, pipe materials, &c.....	Great Britain.....	21,884	.....	29,071	2,887,876	.....	.....	267,646	310,663
	United States...	4,736	.....	3,963	17,459	.....	.....	49,066	48,320
	Aust.-Hungary...	4,551	.....	4,363	44,118	.....	.....	14,120	112,857
	France.....	10,073	.....	23,477	88,377	.....	.....	67,220	161,829
	Other countries..	1,001	.....	3,596	13,891	.....	.....	16,947	29,780
Totals.....		47,255	.....	64,368	411,697	.....	.....	446,102	663,619

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		Free.	Dutiable.
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Turpentine, spirits of	Great Britain . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	119	5,014	.....	2,231	.....	.....	.....	3,940	.....
	United States . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	44,550	515,669	.....	524,706	.....	.....	.....	557,562	.....
	Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	623	.....
	Totals . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	44,669	520,683	.....	526,937	.....	.....	.....	562,125	.....
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds and materials	Great Britain	15,491	.....	19,599	.....	39,033	.....	56,368	.....	85,571	.....	.....	.....
	United States	2,737	.....	2,661	.....	9,029	.....	13,084	.....	22,473	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	282	.....	801	.....	1,144	.....	1,701	.....	6,500	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	18,510	.....	23,361	.....	40,206	.....	71,153	.....	114,544	.....	.....	.....
Varnish, lacquers, japan driers, &c.	Great Britain	4,688	.....	5,119	.....	57,644	307	48,668	111	38,361	.....	.....	.....
	United States	11,331	.....	10,436	.....	105,941	321	106,955	325	104,843	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	60	.....	.....	.....	398	.....	512	.....	557	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	16,079	.....	15,555	.....	163,983	628	156,135	436	143,261	.....	.....	.....
Vegetables	Great Britain	7,845	.....	9,213	.....	66,257	.....	66,069	.....	104,748	.....	.....	.....
	United States	46,304	.....	53,923	.....	753,160	.....	648,140	.....	844,640	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries	7,219	.....	11,286	.....	109,731	.....	124,681	.....	145,072	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	61,368	.....	74,422	.....	929,138	.....	838,890	.....	1,094,460	.....	.....	.....

Watches.....	2,609,849,791,718,16,165,124,105,595	1,844,41,021,7,800,2,502,53,227	27,440,689,389,31,766,167,544,14,936,931,074	28,674,783,043,23,039,160,371,32,364,1,027,491	21,273,693,522,4,118,199,376,44,492,962,781
Totals.....					
Wood and mfrs. of—					
Furniture.....	2,832,92,737,3,418,98,987	1,073,58,740,1,988,61,801	42,312,674,664,41,917,758,893	47,496,635,725,34,973,778,194	55,717,721,414,34,153,811,284
Totals.....					
Logs and round unmanufactured timber.....		61,30,174,30,235	39,257,453,501,1,850,39,257	895,945,1,246,827,191	650,951,4,738,655,750
Totals.....					
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, &c.....	9,344,9,344	2,102,738,126,2,207	1,348,172,332,1,850,173,680	16,335,4,186,886,22,126,4,225,347	13,940,5,801,246,56,229,5,871,415
Totals.....					
Other wood and mfrs. of, N. E. S....	15,354,222,791,12,714,250,859	140,92,980,2,183,95,303	10,552,160,624,13,813,184,989	64,259,1,460,436,153,791,1,678,486	86,060,1,743,886,183,532,2,015,478
Totals.....					
Recapitulation.					
Wood and mfrs. of.....	18,186,324,872,16,132,359,190	2,303,861,280,4,390,867,973	11,625,228,249,15,801,255,675	27,033,5,981,132,39,927,6,048,092	133,915,2,553,590,218,567,2,906,072
Totals.....					

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.		
Wool and wools, of— Carpets (includes mats and rugs subsequent to 1906)	Great Britain...	\$ 38,414	\$ 24,01	\$ 24,01	\$ 24,01	\$ 1,291,882	\$ 1,419,708	\$ 1,419,708	\$ 1,895,907	\$ 1,895,907	\$ 23,643		
	United States...	257	270	270	270	5,851	4,800	4,800	23,643	23,643	1,638		
	Germany...	508	316	316	316	9,700	6,631	6,631	1,638	1,638	45,423		
	Other countries...	2,579	4,036	4,036	4,036	9,925	1,415	1,415	45,423	45,423	1,906,671		
	Totals...	311,458	288,955	288,955	288,955	1,337,534	1,448,359	1,448,359	1,906,671	1,906,671			
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing-apparel composed wholly or in part of wool.	Great Britain...	92,687	103,124	103,124	103,124	591,857	644,133	644,133	881,787	881,787	394,447		
	United States...	63,177	61,857	61,857	61,857	378,572	37,049	37,049	394,447	394,447	24,167		
	France...	3,024	2,301	2,301	2,301	13,487	9,151	9,151	24,167	24,167	353,835		
	Germany...	35,801	44,787	44,787	44,787	193,518	26,223	26,223	353,835	353,835	4,248		
	Other countries...	927	111	111	111	16,949	8,669	8,669	4,248	4,248			
	Totals...	191,611	249,983	249,983	249,983	1,239,463	1,237,991	1,237,991	1,628,484	1,628,484			
Cloths, coatings, overcoatings and tweeds.	Great Britain...	639,764	441,429	441,429	441,429	4,572,816	5,958,046	5,958,046	5,752,362	5,752,362	23,702		
	United States...	18,091	15,300	15,300	15,300	9,641	11,288	11,288	23,702	23,702	117,634		
	France...	11,296	8,821	8,821	8,821	55,437	89,065	89,065	67,810	67,810	13,552		
	Germany...	1,782	170	170	170	8,441	22,334	22,334	13,552	13,552			
	Other countries...	671,069	436,955	436,955	436,955	2,666,932	6,178,386	6,178,386	5,958,046	5,958,046			
	Totals...	1,391,912	1,002,675	1,002,675	1,002,675	8,215,736	12,176,811	12,176,811	11,752,456	11,752,456			
Fabrics composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, &c.	Great Britain...	681,736	531,928	531,928	531,928	4,575,894	4,921,975	4,921,975	5,334,806	5,334,806	69,495		
	United States...	10,020	4,110	4,110	4,110	48,503	75,717	75,717	69,495	69,495	1,450,972		
	France...	124,650	109,634	109,634	109,634	927,881	1,116,568	1,116,568	1,450,972	1,450,972			
	Totals...	816,406	645,672	645,672	645,672	5,622,278	6,114,260	6,114,260	6,455,297	6,455,297			

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Imported Goods entered for Consumption into Canada, &c.—*Concluded*.

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Recapitulation.</i>	Great Britain.....	2,020,848	120,084	1,691,887	93,727	14,306,546	1,005,780	15,939,421	1,066,558	17,473,615	1,110,056		
	United States.....	100,329	34,438	84,967	44,001	628,902	417,640	554,784	306,798	687,502	319,588		
	Other countries.....	285,103	58,964	272,947	145,231	2,008,065	613,244	2,316,680	303,199	2,801,636	502,151		
	Totals.....	2,406,480	214,086	2,049,801	282,959	16,943,513	2,036,664	18,810,885	1,676,555	20,962,753	1,931,795		
All other articles, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	86,662	81,159	96,736	24,333	884,027	277,824	1,031,253	622,547	1,298,265	430,637		
	United States.....	333,610	261,341	337,031	79,488	2,978,158	1,373,993	3,401,203	1,275,028	4,037,739	1,357,767		
	Other countries.....	40,623	38,612	40,025	5,947	396,652	260,773	456,417	299,768	547,362	278,246		
	Totals.....	460,895	381,112	473,812	109,768	4,259,437	1,912,590	4,888,933	2,197,343	5,883,366	2,066,650		
Total imports (mdse.).....	Great Britain.....	6,902,929	1,691,923	6,220,928	1,521,994	50,714,589	16,414,707	62,649,039	20,414,239	71,157,420	23,204,963		
	United States.....	11,946,140	10,546,154	9,131,385	8,552,988	84,522,639	77,638,342	106,694,595	93,195,226	110,361,223	94,287,662		
	Other countries.....	3,003,600	1,799,794	2,932,401	1,277,038	30,505,382	13,749,204	32,157,936	16,259,316	36,586,473	16,227,283		
	Totals.....	21,944,669	14,037,871	18,284,714	11,352,020	166,742,670	107,802,313	200,901,500	129,868,781	218,103,116	133,719,908		
Coin and bullion.....	Great Britain.....	.....	152,372	.....	.....	.....	10,673	.....	165,958	.....	542,157		
	United States.....	.....	702,154	.....	415,498	.....	5,769,108	.....	9,431,870	.....	6,903,940		
	Other countries.....	.....	5,010	.....	.....	.....	3,946	.....	6,636	.....	2,564		
	Totals.....	.....	859,536	.....	415,498	.....	5,783,727	.....	9,604,464	.....	6,548,661		
Grand totals, Imports.....	Great Britain.....	6,902,929	1,844,295	6,220,928	1,521,994	50,714,589	16,425,380	62,649,039	20,580,197	71,157,420	23,747,120		
	United States.....	11,946,140	11,248,308	9,131,385	8,968,486	85,522,639	83,407,450	106,694,595	102,627,096	110,361,223	100,291,092		
	Other countries.....	3,003,600	1,804,804	2,932,401	1,277,038	30,505,382	13,753,210	32,157,936	16,265,952	36,586,473	16,229,847		
	Totals.....	21,944,669	14,897,407	18,284,714	11,767,518	166,742,670	113,586,040	200,901,500	139,473,245	218,103,116	140,268,569		

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS FROM CANADA,

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada (both Home and Foreign Produce) during the months of March, 1907 and 1908, and the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Animals living— Horned cattle		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Great Britain...	361,140	.....	202,020	.....	11,614,022	29,950	12,038,629	.....	8,584,806	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	12,890	.....	7,241	255	203,429	2,952	525,777	1,130	585,790	.....	1,780	.....
	Newfoundland...	.....	.....	.....	.....	75,825	.....	109,384	.....	97,680	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries..	265	.....	2,424	.....	190,349	.....	324,143	.....	32,908	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	374,295	.....	211,685	255	12,083,675	32,902	12,997,933	1,130	9,301,184	.....	1,780	.....
Horses													
	Great Britain...	3,000	.....	3,150	.....	56,080	275	26,975	750	38,950	.....	300	.....
	United States...	40,805	21,500	21,721	21,880	397,597	335,840	518,228	487,243	443,124	.....	457,371	.....
	Other countries..	150	.....	3,230	.....	42,978	.....	79,228	.....	32,060	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	43,955	21,500	28,101	21,880	496,655	336,115	624,431	487,993	516,134	.....	457,671	.....
Sheep													
	Great Britain...	8,046	.....	1,024	.....	291,063	.....	245,261	.....	267,043	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	354	.....	6,697	3	878,549	1,665	1,063,466	12,483	911,740	.....	14,616	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	160	.....	21,552	.....	21,728	.....	17,841	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	8,400	.....	7,881	3	1,191,164	1,665	1,330,455	12,483	1,196,624	.....	14,616	.....
Other animals, N.E.S.													
	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,848	.....	608	.....	116	.....	.....	.....
	United States...	6,989	1,004	5,186	432	102,492	8,026	95,330	6,536	110,877	.....	54,703	.....
	Other countries..	128	.....	168	.....	4,082	.....	8,165	.....	5,497	.....	.....	.....
	Totals	7,117	1,004	5,359	432	109,422	8,026	104,103	6,536	116,490	.....	54,703	.....

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Imported from Canada, &c.—Continued

ARTICLES IMPORTED.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
<i>Recapitulation.</i>												
Animals, living.....	364,140		206,199		11,964,013	30,225	12,311,473	750	8,890,915		300	
United States.....	68,730	22,504	40,843	22,570	1,582,007	348,463	2,202,801	50,352	2,653,531		528,470	
Other countries..	897		5,982		334,836		542,648		185,986			
Totals.....	433,767	22,504	253,026	22,570	13,880,916	378,708	15,054,922	508,112	11,130,432		528,770	
<i>Ashes</i>												
Great Britain.....	1,108		813		29,574		24,260		22,828		350	
United States.....	10,169		10,699		65,098		74,159	181	59,136			
Other countries..			50		4,241		7,008		5,759			
Totals.....	11,277		11,562		98,913		105,427	181	87,723		350	
<i>Books, pamphlets, maps, photographic, &c.</i>												
Great Britain.....	10,197	2	8,018	324	100,672	9,707	66,853	5,473	80,373		2,845	
United States.....	6,933	5,930	15,156	8,632	99,108	61,651	110,783	63,428	126,441		79,888	
Other countries..	1,931	317	3,974	1,671	57,134	4,215	47,332	4,314	28,746		3,397	
Totals.....	19,061	6,249	27,178	10,627	256,914	75,578	224,968	73,715	235,560		86,100	
<i>Breadstuffs—(Gram—)</i>												
Barley.....	55,622		152,001		314,429	1,006,814	721,629	338,131	845,779		16,607	
United States.....	1,695		839		23,297	70	9,136	150	139,573			
Belgium.....					25,108	18,829	11,245		166,299			
Other countries..	1,200		21,278		3,369	1,426	24,838		71,625		29	
Totals.....	58,517		174,118		366,203	1,027,139	769,843	338,281	1,223,276		16,696	

Oatmeal.....	Great Britain....	50,434	53,180	468,216	611,441	664,431	17
	United States....	5	16	2,641	44	44	1,697
	Other countries..	9,638	2,226	41,975	63,228	57,077	688
	Totals.....	60,077	55,422	512,832	675,614	721,552	2,402
Wheat flour.....	Great Britain....	301,952	490,256	3,095,930	3,265,229	4,815,805	1,650
	United States....	9,774	13,875	100,954	49,877	122,146	960
	Australasia....	952	22,868	22,868	18,000	1,400	309
	B. W. Indies....	21,478	46,536	341,210	246,338	334,948	.....
Other breadstuffs, N. E. S.....	Newfoundland..	53,710	69,420	1,081,315	1,006,092	1,218,374	.....
	Other countries..	171,187	112,289	1,114,391	1,048,073	1,932,281	.....
	Totals.....	550,053	732,376	5,756,668	5,633,704	8,454,954	2,610
Breadstuffs.....	Great Britain....	7,385	4,035	51,221	57,908	42,863	17
	United States....	668	394	10,992	7,185	6,504	1,697
	Other countries..	1,425	4,694	46,642	50,359	66,738	688
	Totals.....	9,478	9,123	108,855	115,512	116,105	2,402
Carriages, carts, wagons, &c.— Automobiles.....	Great Britain....	1,226,531	2,484,745	29,826,593	36,454,903	49,989,089	6,579,364
	United States....	72,622	124,207	2,535,415	2,236,319	964,372	4,353
	Other countries..	393,837	458,478	4,290,373	3,821,149	6,185,789	940,525
	Totals.....	1,664,990	3,067,430	36,672,381	42,512,371	57,139,450	7,524,242
Bicycles.....	Great Britain....	.....	.....	.....	13,636	15,700	12,433
	United States....	.....	.....	.....	23,666	50,915	136,001
	Australasia....	.....	.....	.....	76,913	102,518	3,141
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	7,963	.....	.....
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Totals.....	10,769	3,200	25,387	114,209	169,133	151,575
	Great Britain....	50	75	673	1,015	580	75
	United States....	23	45	973	1,227	1,674	1,694
	Australasia....	23,965	12,625	41,574	80,348	39,510	55
Totals.....	Other countries..	6,765	90	15,476	11,287	31,878	25
	Totals.....	30,803	12,835	58,696	93,877	73,640	1,849
Other carriages, carts, &c.....	Great Britain....	1,471	621	30,390	10,026	30,123	33
	United States....	3,950	3,368	67,667	67,294	106,806	83,521
	Other countries..	1,400	27,082	102,778	105,946	11,336	17,049
	Totals.....	15,472	31,071	200,835	157,638	294,632	50,483

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1909.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Reception.</i> Carriages, carts, &c.	Great Britain...	1,521	48,130	696	4,183	31,063	14,593	24,671	13,889	52,403	12,541		
	United States...	3,073	1,400	8,763	7,514	77,025	116,763	66,559	206,709	138,108	171,096		
	Other countries...	52,430		42,647	1,963	176,830	11,244	274,494	19,299	346,894	20,270		
	Totals.....	57,044	49,530	47,106	13,660	284,918	142,597	365,724	239,957	537,405	203,907		
Clothing and wearing apparel.....	Great Britain...	1,931	890	2,186	1,224	21,571	4,848	16,934	2,057	25,020	3,161		
	United States...	2,547		5,525	1,879	26,171	20,293	38,521	15,803	46,042	13,574		
	Newfoundland...	45		3,318		32,750	18	24,134	1,640	29,491	57		
	Other countries...	1,846	34	2,795	34	20,197	1,397	34,497	1,369	53,511	2,693		
	Totals.....	6,369	933	13,824	3,137	100,689	26,556	114,086	20,809	154,064	19,465		
Coal, coke, charcoal and cinders.....	Great Britain...	1,348		3,907		34,179		18,579		29,480			
	United States...	619,870	1,541	592,498	14,990	4,095,028	126,064	4,403,886	132,293	4,318,296	186,388		
	Newfoundland...	22,634	120	32,103	520	473,026	3,093	342,435	2,650	416,166	3,512		
	Other countries...	11,262		57,615		149,306	472	196,412		325,939	293		
	Totals...	655,134	1,964	596,123	15,510	4,751,539	129,629	4,963,312	134,833	5,089,001	190,143		
Cordage, rope and twine.....	Great Britain...	119			315	41,708	1,000	35,294	232	75,238	6,949		
	United States...	31,881	841	97,125	580	287,662	6,568	397,097	7,947	948,470	12,332		
	Newfoundland...		1,664	66	2,625	2,850	4,271	2,856	3,179	3,838	5,288		
	Other countries...	8,346		8,406		71,113	286	72,820		106,797			
	Totals.....	40,346	2,505	105,597	3,520	403,333	11,119	448,067	11,358	1,134,343	24,589		
Cotton and mfrs of.	Great Britain...	422	1,244	2,116	398	45,341	2,609	27,484	30,763	27,061	22,127		
	United States...	9,908	2,061	2,089	5,069	91,615	13,565	88,570	11,929	95,794	21,212		
	Other countries...	45,583		48,742	52	1,362,380	343	672,695	16,115	307,335	2,801		
	Totals.....	55,913	3,305	52,947	5,459	1,499,336	16,517	788,749	58,807	430,230	46,140		

Drugs, dyes, chemicals and medicines.	Great Britain...	35,033	8	37,619	5	394,076	11,369	365,809	1,582	303,263	1,184
	United States...	38,900	120,384	40,388	137,759	499,513	597,424	593,525	871,439	599,952	1,102,310
	Australasia...	9,001	6,116	6,116	...	25,071	...	51,817	...	25,092	...
	Other countries...	20,680	222	62,086	11	242,231	38,076	377,866	11,370	355,818	8,940
	Totals...	103,614	120,614	146,209	137,775	1,100,891	646,869	1,359,077	884,391	1,284,130	1,112,434
Electric apparatus.	Great Britain...	150	...	370	350	5,422	...	4,784	11,437	1,729	1,225
	United States...	562	5,873	4,083	9,726	10,910	152,450	11,892	53,068	21,502	61,271
	Other countries...	363	95	275	5	3,222	3,570	12,180	562	10,089	2,309
	Totals...	1,075	5,968	4,728	10,081	19,554	155,401	28,856	65,067	33,320	64,805
Fertilizers.	Great Britain...	...	...	500	...	5,580	...	30,055	...	500	...
	United States...	29,303	...	25,582	...	294,759	3,871	205,982	1,917	202,320	150
	Other countries...	300	...	1,900	...	35,590	...	14,008	...	59,673	...
	Totals...	29,603	...	27,982	...	275,929	3,871	250,645	1,917	962,493	150
Fish and fish products— Codfish, including haddock, ling and pollock, dry salted.	Great Britain...	749	...	1,130	...	80,127	...	96,668	...	113,932	...
	United States...	27,694	...	49,003	...	573,259	...	341,760	...	396,069	...
	Brazil...	60,624	...	62,167	...	583,682	...	744,165	...	770,373	...
	B. W. Indies...	100,534	...	122,065	...	759,855	5,884	939,500	4,005	853,011	6,127
	Cuba...	53,678	...	87,292	...	363,617	...	421,064	...	372,021	5,279
Herrings, fresh or frozen.	Other countries...	93,433	...	108,870	...	987,245	150	1,317,294	...	1,173,510	...
	Totals...	336,672	...	430,527	9,317	3,355,785	6,034	3,800,451	4,605	3,678,916	16,198
Herrings, pickled.	Great Britain...	...	...	1,865	...	162,887	9,429	105,065	...	146,849	...
	United States...	2,563	...	...	...	310	...	112	...	50	...
	Other countries...	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals...	2,625	...	1,865	...	163,197	9,429	105,177	...	146,899	...
	Great Britain...	712	...	...	...	425	...	2,115	...	1,518	...
Lobsters, fresh.	United States...	11,166	...	3,292	...	115,976	...	95,612	4,980	83,809	1,288
	B. W. Indies...	26,663	...	18,207	...	217,960	1,400	192,468	1,345	136,076	736
	Other countries...	125,266	...	27,476	...	74,208	...	252,128	...	206,788	606
	Totals...	163,813	...	48,975	...	408,569	1,400	542,323	6,325	428,191	2,630
	Great Britain...	...	...	...	...	35	...	8,602	...	999	...
	United States...	36,634	...	74,148	...	478,223	13	449,457	...	479,651	...
	Other countries...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Totals...	36,634	...	74,148	...	478,258	13	458,059	...	480,650	...

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.			
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Fish and fish products— <i>Con.</i> Lobsters, canned.....	Great Britain....	\$ 7,982	\$	\$ 11,339	\$	\$ 793,840	\$	\$ 909,832	\$ 624,767
	United States....	5,557	.....	3,624	.....	993,437	.....	692,820	966,645
	Belgium.....	1,434	.....	2,668	.....	65,680	.....	40,883	48,559
	France.....	14,634	.....	7,330	.....	705,960	.....	913,862	852,215
	Germany.....	240	.....	7,935	.....	42,937	.....	21,257	62,106
	Other countries..	91	.....	2,143	.....	92,800	.....	96,534	97,771
	Totals	29,918	.....	34,959	.....	2,694,654	.....	2,074,688	2,651,513
Mackerel, fresh.....	Great Britain....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	1,915	.....	230	.....	52,909	.....	181,324	83,836
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185	.....
	Totals	1,915	.....	230	.....	52,909	.....	181,709	83,836
Mackerel, pickled.....	Great Britain....	2,710	.....	14,530	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	United States....	8,517	.....	9,447	.....	159,682	.....	399,120	253,785
	B. W. Indies....	2,373	.....	4,614	.....	41,459	.....	62,411	57,374
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,528	.....	38,207	2,849
	Totals	13,600	636	28,591	.....	225,669	.....	499,738	352,996
Salmon, canned.....	Great Britain....	306,862	.....	548,303	.....	4,146,388	40	1,831,390	2,361,975
	United States....	6,262	.....	7	.....	228,185	12	52,969	39,381
	Australasia ..	12,481	.....	17,426	.....	229,277	.....	219,205	216,514
	Other countries..	15,653	.....	36,729	7	138,949	.....	118,847	279,849
	Totals	341,258	.....	602,465	7	4,742,799	52	2,222,411	2,897,719
Salmon, fresh.....	Great Britain....	7,106	.....	758	.....	277,605	.....	72,260	52,437
	United States....	2,093	.....	1,449	.....	182,709	.....	166,743	136,519
	Germany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,792	.....	9,128	15,201
	Other countries..	15	.....	25	.....	10,278	.....	1,835	13,225
	Totals	9,214	.....	2,232	.....	473,384	.....	249,468	217,382

Salmon, pickled	Great Britain	341	1,200	133,000	6,436	82,093	1,051
B. W. Indies	United States	907	8,828	11,713	7,406	233,146	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	932	132,148	243,511	322,735	3,976	1,051
Totals	Totals	2,180	275,266	415,462	322,735	3,976	1,051
Fish, all other, fresh	Great Britain	5	930	529	2,301	3,976	1,051
United States	United States	227,028	1,624,842	1,727,617	1,691,846	3,976	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	71	695	4,015	598	3,976	1,051
Totals	Totals	227,104	1,626,467	1,732,161	1,694,745	3,976	1,051
Other fish, N.E.S.	Great Britain	796	6,087	28,614	9,083	397	1,051
United States	United States	19,175	320,245	358,813	362,433	13,500	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	10,975	50,804	101,310	106,319	1,541	1,051
Totals	Totals	30,946	377,136	488,737	477,835	15,441	1,051
Fish and fish products	Great Britain	324,212	5,212,727	2,956,446	3,167,012	397	1,051
United States	United States	343,078	5,025,354	4,725,304	4,722,364	18,852	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	528,589	9,631	5,748,634	5,544,041	19,005	1,051
Totals	Totals	1,195,879	14,874,093	19,792	13,430,384	38,254	1,051
Flax, hemp, &c.	Great Britain	30,751	19,380	13,538	452	4,500	1,051
United States	United States	379,224	281	229,647	172,036	4,500	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	398,004	281	243,469	172,488	4,500	1,051
Totals	Totals	30,751	398,004	243,469	172,488	4,500	1,051
Fruits—	Great Britain	19,854	260	68,774	483,143	24,337	1,051
Fruits, dried	United States	379,535	725,795	2,576,698	4,422,772	1,051	1,051
Germany	Germany	1,421	6,187	12,555	317,901	1,051	1,051
Holland	Holland	19,690	30,129	194,294	198,571	5,811	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	164	4,830	3,757	62,829	5,811	1,051
Totals	Totals	19,854	260	68,774	483,143	24,337	1,051
Fruits, green, apples	Great Britain	379,535	725,795	2,576,698	4,422,772	1,051	1,051
United States	United States	1,421	6,187	12,555	317,901	1,051	1,051
Other countries	Other countries	2,452	15,831	113,430	32	1,051	1,051
Totals	Totals	383,408	747,813	2,702,623	4,822,594	1,051	1,051

Recapitulation.

Recapitulation.

Furs and skins and mfrs. of	346,298	81	386,050	562	1,109,930	13,597	2,225,086	4,818	1,100,206	13,716
United States	223,403	6,054	188,711	4,925	1,389,778	66,284	1,410,528	50,226	1,458,643	73,269
Other countries	8,303	.....	19,803	3,110	17,109	7,353	61,451	3,465	143,014	15,510
Totals	577,914	6,135	580,564	8,597	2,516,817	87,834	3,697,065	58,509	2,701,863	102,495
Gunpowder, explosives, &c.	502	.....	.....	.....	9,411	1,858	13,486	85	10,804	.....
Great Britain	8,109	.....	1,734	5	154,117	26,455	354,010	45,769	258,940	14,954
United States	153	.....	9,775	36	57,841	651	28,191	249	33,903	59
Newfoundland	3,481	.....	1,484	.....	13,405	193	21,941	306	43,452	220
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	12,245	.....	12,993	41	234,774	29,157	417,628	46,409	347,085	15,233
Gutta percha, India-rubber, &c.	206	.....	3,282	.....	88,007	1,926	37,406	318	52,947	726
Great Britain	25,584	169	484	364	199,303	44,682	220,902	33,194	11,540	27,854
United States	8,080	.....	5,709	.....	50,596	.....	81,761	.....	47,813	.....
Australasia	21,529	.....	9,288	.....	104,904	281	.....	506	92,530	6,573
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	55,399	169	18,763	364	442,810	46,889	381,478	34,018	204,830	35,153
Hair	12,634	.....	2,708	.....	10,491	.....	4,444	100	23,965	380
Great Britain . . . . .	.....	.....	8,382	.....	102,336	3,456	130,569	1,196	136,215	4,090
United States . . . . .	.....	.....	400	.....	1,434	.....	.....	.....	421	.....
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	12,634	.....	11,490	.....	114,261	3,456	135,013	1,296	160,601	4,470
Hay	45,658	.....	38,757	.....	853,572	170	942,638	.....	394,929	.....
Great Britain	63,095	.....	3,216	.....	346,173	3,191	462,746	5,264	236,271	7,632
United States	3,745	.....	2,565	.....	5,701	.....	12,886	.....	13,703	.....
B. W. Indies	17,070	.....	8,452	.....	123,646	.....	112,971	.....	80,905	.....
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	129,568	.....	52,990	.....	1,329,092	3,361	1,631,241	5,264	725,808	7,632
Hides and skins other than fur, in- cluding pelts	4,893	.....	28,729	.....	6,717	.....	30,940	3	162,656	100
Great Britain	280,587	.....	201,138	.....	3,394,069	9,348	3,696,599	13,452	3,445,794	32,169
United States	1,848	.....	9,583	.....	8,229	125	63,202	450	54,973	520
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	287,328	.....	242,450	.....	3,409,615	9,473	3,790,741	13,905	3,643,429	32,789
Leather and mfrs. of— Leather, unun'd— Sole and upper	124,176	.....	166,028	.....	1,668,894	.....	1,428,341	.....	1,657,600	.....
Great Britain	4,788	.....	17	.....	3,726	790	17,325	197	24,791	7,936
United States	1,858	.....	2,526	.....	38,706	.....	44,822	.....	44,822	.....
Newfoundland	1,403	.....	2,516	.....	99,932	.....	41,391	.....	54,703	.....
Other countries . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	132,225	.....	171,087	.....	1,811,313	780	1,518,378	197	1,781,916	7,936

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.							
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.			
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.		
Leather and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Leather, unmf'd— <i>Con.</i> Leather, N.E.S.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	\$ 20,787 4,688 1,511 26,886	\$ 4,702 1,793 6,495	\$ 33,290 737 4,032 38,059	\$ 522 522	\$ 212,880 42,339 47,628 302,847	\$ 163 12,403 12,566	\$ 429,160 44,623 50,577 524,360	\$ 4,928 7,648 131 12,707	\$ 192,610 25,131 57,365 275,106	\$ 6,176 6,235		
Leather, mf'd.— Boots and shoes.	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland... Other countries... Totals	112 1,245 2,823 2,853 7,033	188 582 770	38 302 3,182 5,938 9,460	76 807 883	3,903 28,003 56,136 39,825 127,867	..... 12,476 36 22 12,534	8,474 19,822 82,069 49,160 159,525	301 13,172 13,473	6,661 11,833 30,113 30,485 79,092	91 11,600 7 100 11,798	
All other leather mf'd.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	84 1,005 1,144 2,233	..... 310 310	6,697 774 744 8,215	..... 4,778 4,778	14,312 14,017 7,786 36,115	203 5,239 41 5,483	15,141 13,240 4,350 32,731	2,162 7,360 165 9,687	14,526 7,051 5,486 27,063	510 11,018 11,528
Recapitulation.													
Leather and mfrs. of.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals	145,159 11,726 11,592 168,477	4,890 2,685 7,575	206,053 1,830 18,938 226,821	76 6,107 6,183	1,899,989 88,085 290,073 2,278,147	366 30,898 99 31,363	1,881,116 95,010 258,868 2,234,994	7,391 28,377 296 36,064	1,871,397 68,806 222,974 2,163,177	601 36,730 166 37,497		
Lime.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries... Totals .....	..... 4,197 1,040 5,237	..... ..... ..... .....	..... 2,527 778 3,305	..... ..... ..... .....	13,440 59,905 2,933 76,278	..... ..... ..... .....	164 63,000 1,091 64,255	..... ..... ..... .....	8,199 37,753 3,709 49,661	..... 3,569 12 3,581

All other iron and steel.....	Great Britain ..	16	542	425	18,632	.....	4,550	25	7,733	1,189
	United States...	1,732	2,848	1,155	24,454	7,810	24,853	7,733	22,750	8,988
	Other countries..	2,851	351	65	22,599	215	23,902	334	13,146	2,151
Totals										
		4,599	3,741	1,645	65,685	8,015	53,305	8,092	43,029	12,328
Iron and steel	Great Britain...	60,811	130,146	5,281	432,995	18,390	662,713	36,172	791,530	27,555
	United States...	71,840	42,771	55,391	1,208,210	838,207	815,828	737,016	609,440	1,003,586
	Other countries..	362,797	471,866	1,039	2,602,028	32,735	3,363,023	15,818	3,701,590	57,752
Totals										
		495,448	614,783	61,711	4,293,234	889,332	4,843,564	789,036	5,102,560	1,088,923
Miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S.— Aluminium in bars, ingots, &c.....	Great Britain...	22,400	47,014	.....	98,510	.....	193,268	.....	444,140	.....
	United States...	40,600	.....	.....	68,922	.....	210,861	.....	107,711	17,640
	Belgium.....	30,852	.....	.....	241,398	765	587,112	.....	484,220	.....
Totals										
		93,852	47,014	.....	408,830	765	1,035,996	.....	1,036,071	17,640
Asbestos	Great Britain...	21,180	15,605	.....	301,800	.....	337,791	.....	237,152	.....
	United States...	112,496	113,294	180	962,009	.....	1,046,615	.....	1,322,890	180
	Germany.....	6,722	7,091	.....	116,426	.....	62,222	.....	8,195	.....
Totals										
		140,398	135,990	180	1,524,003	.....	1,643,150	.....	1,730,575	180
Nickel.....	Great Britain...	.....	53,131	.....	522,030	.....	717,285	.....	710,111	.....
	United States...	150,406	217,815	.....	1,424,028	.....	1,828,748	.....	1,509,154	.....
	Other countries..	.....	.....	.....	143,768	.....	196,522	.....	162,338	.....
Totals										
		150,406	270,946	.....	1,946,658	.....	2,546,033	.....	2,219,265	.....
Lead ore	Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	423,033	.....	677,978	.....	1,748	.....
	United States...	97,101	.....	.....	610,333	.....	181,195	20	393,049	38
	Other countries..	69,631	110,685	.....	.....	.....	859,173	49	693,328	.....
Totals										
		166,732	110,685	.....	1,034,166	.....	.....	69	1,088,125	38
Mica.....	Great Britain...	8,260	5,535	.....	31,990	.....	57,702	.....	61,184	40
	United States...	54,913	1,634	.....	210,114	1,397	536,160	11,551	293,760	36
	Other countries..	672	619	.....	2,270	.....	3,292	.....	5,938	.....
Totals										
		63,845	7,788	.....	244,374	1,397	620,134	11,551	332,882	76

Recapitulation.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Continued.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.						TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.			1908.			1906.			1907.		
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	\$
Metals and minerals and mfrs of— <i>Con.</i> Miscellaneous metals, &c.— <i>Con.</i> Ores, except iron ore.	Great Britain...	10,124	...	36,697	...	...	33,961	...	...	99,467	...	108,826	...
	United States...	22,491	...	17,302	...	...	346,066	...	419	290,464	...	277,833	...
	Other countries...	17,990	...	23,397	...	...	13,906	...	...	70,134	...	116,174	...
	Totals	50,565	...	77,396	...	...	303,933	...	419	460,065	...	502,833	6,410
Other miscellaneous metals and minerals and mfrs. of, N.E.S...	Great Britain...	3,672	...	14,025	...	1,004	121,647	...	5,975	77,690	...	76,541	4,044
	United States...	32,643	...	25,700	...	3,686	278,631	...	56,975	313,124	...	341,983	719,134
	Other countries...	209	...	1,210	...	482	53,464	...	2,113	58,179	...	85,514	2,867
	Totals	36,524	14,907	40,995	5,172	4,995	453,742	64,163	448,993	72,019	504,088	726,045	
<i>Recapitulation.</i> Metals and minerals and mfrs. of....	Great Britain...	126,447	1,653	370,463	6,285	2,198,399	24,365	2,435,077	37,992	2,787,113	31,669	31,669	
	United States...	2,678,567	113,714	3,023,568	81,707	27,865,065	931,499	20,565,276	863,585	31,324,999	1,861,010	1,861,010	
	Other countries...	512,532	1,156	756,823	2,131	4,009,652	36,359	4,747,874	22,305	5,836,638	61,487	61,487	
	Totals	3,317,546	116,523	4,150,854	90,143	34,073,116	992,223	36,748,227	923,882	39,968,750	1,954,166	1,954,166	
Milk and cream, condensed.....	Great Britain...	...	...	560	...	...	7,935	...	140	8,274	...	7,691	...
	United States...	...	...	7	...	...	2,245	...	2,730	932	...	2,737	...
	British Africa...	...	...	14,323	...	...	110,713	...	...	30,332	...	23,866	...
	Other countries...	189	...	1,418	...	...	27,629	...	...	23,298	...	8,463	...
	Totals	189	...	16,308	...	...	148,523	...	2,870	62,836	...	42,757	1,117
Musical instruments	Great Britain...	14,609	...	12,622	...	1,220	158,318	...	1,986	179,319	...	144,452	37
	United States...	2,514	1,316	14,238	...	...	43,139	...	16,474	43,961	...	62,286	16,969
	Other countries...	11,240	...	10,249	...	...	65,601	...	39	79,753	...	70,820	875
	Totals	28,363	1,316	37,109	1,220	267,058	189,499	...	18,499	332,033	22,004	277,558	17,881

Oilcake	Great Britain...	33,340	64,546	160,902	298,785	453,269
	United States...	6,851	21,676	2,050	4,552	16
	Other countries..			28,476	134,031	168,806
	Totals	40,191	86,222	185,428	437,368	622,091
Oils	Great Britain...	2,646	849	74,599	146,825	286,751
	United States...	3,354	14,751	79,823	84,985	87,425
	Other countries..	272	1,785	22,427	10,952	13,696
	Totals	6,272	17,385	176,849	250,059	388,272
Paper	Great Britain...	141,127	134,284	1,223,725	1,115,692	1,299,220
	United States...	54,489	118,725	176,863	5,605	988,746
	Australasia...	122,201	105,971	655,340	870,014	899,837
	Other countries..		40,528		9,234	345,475
	Totals	317,817	399,508	2,055,934	2,118,981	3,503,298
Provisions— Butter	Great Britain...	899	148	6,911,517	8,148	823,761
	United States...	2,139	1,071	43,195	5,043	38,899
	Newfoundland...	17,096	9,080	55,412	774	34,931
	Other countries..			182,326	5,338	171,112
	Totals	20,194	10,299	7,192,450	19,303	1,068,703
Cheese	Great Britain...	526,776	787,338	23,559,750	47	22,763,736
	United States...	422	300	15,184	458	17,732
	B. W. Indies...	1,811	4,825	30,363		27,333
	Newfoundland...	200	2,353	33,847		35,792
	Other countries..	2,772	3,548	60,275		42,444
	Totals	531,981	798,424	23,679,419	505	22,887,237
Eggs	Great Britain...		9,410	448,480		279,977
	United States...	478	607	2,948	11,757	5,953
	Other countries..	1,700	956	51,131		15,888
	Totals	2,228	10,973	482,559	11,757	301,818
Meats— Bacon and hams	Great Britain...	1,130,213	902,645	12,412,016	165,496	11,153,749
	United States...	56	88	55,848	7,169	1,704
	British Africa...			36,299		429
	Other countries..	2,442	213	10,828	19	5,746
	Totals	1,132,711	902,946	12,514,991	172,684	11,161,628
					1,861	3,556

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Provisions— <i>Con.</i>											
Meats— <i>Con.</i>											
Beef	Great Britain...	4,311	.....	5,067	.....	30,844	394	80,200	.....	77,062	.....
	United States...	428	.....	1,361	.....	6,510	3,882	10,675	1,368	11,522	1,186
	Newfoundland...	10,174	.....	12,144	.....	25,403	18,267	37,931	19,323	56,463	22,252
	Other countries..	289	89	521	.....	116,004	404	10,169	1,071	3,303	260
	Totals	15,202	89	19,093	.....	178,961	22,647	139,055	21,762	148,290	23,698
Canned meats.											
	Great Britain...	3,360	.....	2,764	.....	1,871,463	1,295	439,786	.....	138,608	.....
	United States...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,091	227	1,447	123	687	88
	British Africa...	.....	.....	9,719	.....	14,574	.....	33,562	.....	11,020	.....
	Other countries..	249	.....	277	.....	662	32	6,880	.....	1,924	.....
	Totals	3,609	.....	12,751	.....	1,887,790	1,554	481,625	123	152,239	88
Pork.											
	Great Britain...	2,089	.....	475	.....	38,600	.....	17,694	.....	23,122	.....
	United States...	1,838	.....	489	.....	8,152	2,172	14,666	336	16,242	715
	Newfoundland...	2,017	.....	835	.....	9,112	16,286	10,878	15,082	9,656	20,357
	Other countries..	644	.....	1,966	82	10,143	63	16,524	35	14,231	1,026
	Totals	6,558	.....	3,765	82	66,007	18,521	59,757	15,403	63,251	22,278
Poultry.....											
	Great Britain...	5,780	.....	1	.....	85,846	.....	54,309	.....	99,349	2,460
	United States...	57	.....	11	.....	19,343	886	8,833	.....	7,142	244
	Other countries..	961	.....	28	.....	15,995	.....	11,742	.....	9,843	.....
	Totals	6,798	.....	40	.....	121,184	386	74,884	.....	116,334	2,704
Other provisions, N.E.S.											
	Great Britain...	14,834	.....	148,810	.....	116,651	96	172,819	.....	781,312	.....
	United States...	973	.....	3,656	385	27,910	1,361	42,253	1,180	17,508	6,245
	Other countries..	2,842	.....	19,689	4	12,215	248	30,342	3,287	52,734	641
	Totals	18,149	.....	172,105	389	156,776	1,705	245,411	4,467	851,554	6,886

Recapitulation.

Provisions	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	1,686,863 5,151 45,456	14,312 89	1,856,570 6,060 67,166	385 6,753	45,455,167 180,181 644,789	175,476 32,155 41,431	43,873,472 134,132 627,447	102,900 38,163 39,012	36,140,616 117,389 493,049	27,454 29,539 33,202
Totals	Totals	1,737,470	14,401	1,930,396	7,138	46,280,137	249,062	44,435,051	180,075	36,751,054	116,195
Rags.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	1,810 26,512 325		19,751 16,127		55,073 144,538 247	117 960	64,633 184,475 3,172		130,679 195,386 943	1,620 1,914
Totals	Totals	28,647		35,878		200,458	1,077	252,280	1,072	327,010	3,534
Salt.....	Great Britain... United States... Newfoundland.. Other countries..										
Totals	Totals			1,114	148	6,565	38,904	3,327	25,628	9,272	31,593
Seeds— Clover and grass	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	13,707 70,945	139	7,300 85,700		314,251 762,973 347,663		166,931 346,549 99,254		279,944 477,394 187,641	
Totals	Totals	84,702	139	93,000		1,424,897		612,734	189	944,979	
Other seeds, N.E.S.	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	8,495 11,422 11		29 5,771 61	33,829 20	5,496 18,156 759	120,810 2,953 183,893	167,841 26,806 4,300	2,636,891 1,942 1,458,838	15,945 17,158 841	1,080,694 175 677,752
Totals	Totals	19,928	1,801	5,861	33,849	24,411	307,656	199,031	4,097,671	33,944	1,758,621
Settlers' effects	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..	6,333 135,680 2,035	2,011 8,670	17,990 146,276 9,589	6,830 13,019 850	80,452 1,436,375 41,390	12,490 97,794 1,915	101,835 1,592,479 36,864	3,471 116,528 1,235	197,600 1,661,262 45,426	19,674 166,180 980
Totals	Totals	144,048	10,681	173,855	20,699	1,558,247	112,199	1,731,178	121,234	1,907,288	186,834
Ships.....	Great Britain... United States... Other countries..										
Totals	Totals	14,860				26,083		67,260	44,100	24,800	

Vegetables— Potatoes.....	Great Britain.....	1,437	78	2,073	.....	70,405	13,518	63,648	.....	4,604	.....	3,021
	United States.....	5,822	.....	7,378	.....	36,523	.....	56,388	.....	1,614	.....	15,459
	B. W. Indies.....	17,675	514	63,924	.....	302,806	.....	295,244	.....	2,018	.....	43,079
	Cuba.....	7,674	.....	11,215	.....	105,407	.....	111,131	.....	.....	.....	351,600
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,224
	Totals.....	32,608	592	84,590	.....	575,208	13,543	526,411	3,632	.....	506,318	11,258
Other vegetables, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	18,933	26	26,287	.....	11,165	.....	6,078	.....	.....	18,529	86
	United States.....	503	4	1,215	.....	192,463	9,998	203,987	20,451	.....	256,751	3,679
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	1,096	30,030	499	20,671	2,842	.....	17,551	927
	Totals.....	19,436	30	27,502	1,207	233,658	10,497	235,736	23,293	.....	292,831	4,692

Wood and mfrs. of:— Logs.....	Great Britain.....	4,792	.....	4,554	.....	28,948	410	58,206	.....	.....	30,366	.....
	United States.....	47,154	.....	86,622	.....	437,586	.....	627,457	.....	.....	668,137	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,118	.....	302	.....	6	635	.....
	Totals.....	51,946	.....	91,176	.....	468,652	410	685,959	.....	6	699,138	.....

Lumber— Deals, pine.....	Great Britain.....	3,637	.....	16,555	.....	1,957,066	.....	2,309,536	.....	.....	1,577,702	10,487
	United States.....	3,968	.....	3,148	.....	205,118	.....	154,035	.....	.....	86,751	.....
	Belgium.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	32	.....	12,216	.....	3,286	.....	.....	2,159	.....
	Totals.....	7,605	.....	19,735	.....	2,178,526	.....	2,466,857	.....	.....	1,666,672	10,487
Deals, spruce and other.....	Great Britain.....	217,107	.....	191,624	.....	5,931,943	.....	8,139,118	.....	.....	6,057,286	.....
	United States.....	26,776	.....	5,171	.....	483,190	.....	490,776	.....	259	410,462	.....
	France.....	132	.....	.....	.....	27,763	.....	53,728	.....	.....	57,266	.....
	Spain.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,672	.....	4,063	.....	.....	52,589	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	2,542	.....	111,150	.....	91,762	.....	.....	93,070	.....
	Totals.....	244,015	.....	199,337	.....	6,565,718	.....	8,779,437	.....	259	6,670,673	.....
Deal ends.....	Great Britain.....	6,643	.....	3,811	.....	375,151	.....	367,901	.....	.....	298,089	.....
	United States.....	112	.....	.....	.....	8,148	.....	14,845	.....	.....	10,956	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	1,895	.....	12,053	.....	1,926	.....	.....	9,464	.....
	Totals.....	6,755	.....	5,706	.....	395,352	.....	384,672	.....	.....	318,509	.....

Planks and boards.....	Great Britain.....	50,259	.....	68,306	.....	1,410,205	.....	1,687,616	.....	.....	1,562,947	.....
	United States.....	660,133	.....	453,189	.....	12,521,454	1,845	15,772,141	1,359	.....	15,338,460	2,803
	Arg. Republic.....	84,882	.....	42,373	.....	1,214,678	.....	1,904,083	.....	.....	1,900,768	.....
	Other countries.....	167,196	.....	214,687	.....	1,362,868	3,856	1,798,358	4,320	.....	2,286,294	1,925
	Totals.....	962,470	.....	778,555	58	16,509,205	8,076	21,162,198	5,679	.....	21,087,569	4,728

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—Continued.

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	Countries.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
		Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i> Wood, unmanufactured— <i>Con.</i> Lumber— <i>Con.</i> Laths, palings and pickets.....	Great Britain.....	103,200	.....	2,800	.....	37,911	.....	26,151	.....	38,565	.....
	United States.....	2,959	.....	52,022	.....	1,539,538	.....	2,008,528	1,099	1,651,120	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	41	.....	12,433	.....	22,911	.....	50,861	.....
	Totals.....	106,159	.....	54,863	.....	1,589,402	.....	2,037,600	1,099	1,740,486	.....
		6,888	.....	7,462	.....	407,060	.....	534,705	.....	463,285	.....
Joists and scantling.....	Great Britain.....	14,408	.....	6,164	.....	468,029	240	518,523	.....	412,902	.....
	United States.....	3,857	.....	8,753	.....	137,294	.....	89,854	.....	170,278	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	24,653	.....	22,379	.....	1,012,383	240	1,143,082	.....	1,046,465	.....
		889	.....	2,081	.....	36,354	.....	36,107	.....	53,902	.....
Staves and headings.....	Great Britain.....	18,138	.....	749	.....	73,972	.....	131,165	.....	151,585	.....
	United States.....	.....	.....	1,071	56	5,540	.....	7,567	.....	10,329	296
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Totals.....	19,017	.....	3,901	56	116,076	.....	174,839	.....	215,876	296
	
Other lumber, N.E.S.....	Great Britain.....	25,401	.....	17,678	.....	180,918	186	173,310	44	146,063	.....
	United States.....	34,998	.....	13,390	.....	292,770	2,173	435,445	3,683	217,304	1,968
	Other countries.....	3,446	.....	11,406	.....	25,627	201	40,821	.....	27,155	32
	Totals.....	63,839	.....	42,474	.....	499,315	2,560	649,576	3,727	390,582	2,000
	
Shingles.....	Great Britain.....	161,287	.....	120,937	.....	930	.....	1,919,944	.....	274	.....
	United States.....	1,139	.....	1,171	.....	1,730,294	.....	15,980	.....	2,518,517	.....
	B. W. Indies.....	.....	.....	12	.....	34,012	.....	6,075	.....	24,979	.....
	Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,922	961	.....	.....	4,215	.....
	Totals.....	162,376	.....	122,120	.....	1,767,218	961	1,941,999	.....	2,547,985	.....

Shooks, box, and other	Great Britain.....	37,409	8,766	280,662	278,504	108,617
	United States.....	635	3,754	34,847	24,112	20,634
	Mexico.....		6,171	19,954	20,578	18,314
	Other countries..	4,009	14,347	50,443	33,056	57,982
	Totals.....	42,053	33,038	385,906	362,250	205,547
Timber, square— Oak	Great Britain.....		1,106	114,404	279,815	156,536
	United States.....	466		1,057	466	1,039
	Other countries..					
	Totals.....	466	1,106	115,461	280,281	157,575
Pine, white	Great Britain.....			882,878	1,135,936	993,095
	United States.....			101	3,546	5,203
	Other countries..			7,210	269	
	Totals.....			890,189	1,139,751	998,298
Other timber, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	11,274	14,693	483,744	668,441	333,559
	United States.....	82	2,085	20,279	21,320	27,186
	Other countries..		363	14,090	5,622	3,337
	Totals.....	11,356	17,141	518,113	695,383	364,132
Wood for wood pulp	Great Britain.....	212,878	618,295	2,595,410	2,270,041	4,655,371
	United States.....					459
	Other countries..	212,878	618,295	2,595,410	2,270,041	4,655,371
	Totals.....					1,350
Other wood, unmanufactured, N.E.S.	Great Britain.....	63,772	45	24,733	20,230	820
	United States.....	78,297	86,845	743,479	953,040	1,241,134
	Other countries..		4,329	7,226	100,550	75,915
	Totals.....	142,069	91,219	775,488	1,073,820	1,317,869
Wood, unmanufactured... Recapitulation.	Great Britain.....	364,299	339,481	12,153,297	15,715,576	11,820,266
	United States.....	1,347,947	1,452,371	21,194,792	25,795,388	27,411,618
	Other countries..	345,411	309,193	169	7,223	4,850,863
	Totals.....	2,057,657	2,101,045	36,382,414	43,717,745	44,082,747
					193,647	333,551

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Values of Goods Exported from Canada, &c.—*Concluded.*

ARTICLES EXPORTED.	MONTH OF MARCH.				TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.
Wood and mfrs. of— <i>Con.</i>										
Wood, manufactured—										
Furniture	7,154	.....	3,789	2,000	124,012	104	82,739	903	45,831	2,122
Great Britain.....	608	.....	11,481	205	18,016	2,007	10,791	6,833	31,283	1,438
United States.....	.....	27	11,785	108	26,360	912	15,925	265	15,983	172
Australasia.....	300	.....	3,311	.....	23,259	62	21,267	34	14,473	.....
Newfoundland.....	2,880	.....	9,497	67	101,610	1,480	69,732	515	66,935	2,565
Other countries.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	10,942	57	29,313	2,380	283,257	4,565	200,454	8,550	174,505	6,297
Doors, sashes and blinds.....	5,892	.....	8,035	.....	94,650	.....	81,946	.....	105,829	.....
Great Britain.....	54	.....	60	.....	21,648	915	768	239	483	19
United States.....	.....	.....	360	.....	61,997	20	23,561	.....	23,383	.....
British Africa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	838	.....	2,554	.....	210	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	5,946	.....	8,455	.....	179,133	935	108,829	239	129,905	19
Matches and match splints.....	13,476	.....	9,658	.....	109,960	.....	60,510	.....	82,518	.....
Great Britain.....	34	.....	82	.....	1,268	22	956	21	20	3
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,679	.....	1,908	.....	866	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	13,510	.....	9,740	.....	113,907	22	63,369	21	83,404	3
Wood pulp	8,682	.....	37,012	.....	892,500	.....	893,332	.....	485,139	.....
Great Britain.....	397,224	.....	281,795	.....	2,872,211	497	3,103,587	.....	3,545,580	.....
United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65,315	.....	30,840	.....	7,123	.....
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	405,906	.....	318,807	.....	3,330,026	497	4,027,759	.....	4,037,852	.....
Other wood, manufactured, N. E. S.	28,806	50	39,088	10	257,637	5,011	324,653	7,248	254,927	10,098
Great Britain.....	6,608	4,853	6,005	2,754	78,444	45,869	72,687	61,539	100,771	60,016
United States.....	21,253	211	7,421	882	93,686	4,580	199,077	7,095	216,431	17,002
Other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	56,667	5,114	52,514	3,646	431,767	55,460	596,417	75,902	572,129	87,116

Recapitulation.

Wood, manufactured

Great Britain...	64,410	50	97,582	2,010	1,478,759	5,115	1,413,180	8,151	974,304	12,220
United States...	404,494	4,880	288,791	2,959	2,491,587	49,310	3,188,789	68,652	3,678,087	61,476
Other countries...	24,467	241	32,456	1,957	377,744	7,054	364,859	7,909	345,404	19,739
Totals...	492,971	5,171	418,829	6,026	4,348,090	61,479	4,996,828	84,712	4,997,795	93,435

Recapitulation.

Wood and mfrs. of

Great Britain...	428,309	50	437,063	2,010	13,631,986	77,356	17,158,756	186,213	12,794,570	332,700
United States...	1,752,441	4,880	1,741,162	3,017	23,646,379	56,937	28,984,177	77,698	31,089,705	68,625
Other countries...	369,878	241	341,649	1,226	3,452,139	14,277	4,571,640	14,448	5,106,267	25,461
Totals...	2,550,628	5,171	2,519,874	6,253	40,730,504	148,570	50,714,573	278,359	49,080,542	426,886

Wool and mfrs. of

Great Britain...	3,265	1,575	554	1,501	19,530	19,900	69,545	42,169	58,152	29,072
United States...	57,878	7	18,758	176	394,275	7,501	312,237	501	425,221	18,578
Newfoundland...	267	.....	3,566	.....	47,923	261	26,036	884	26,608	1,561
Other countries...	.....	.....	244	.....	3,008	67	8,735	1,292	2,678	804
Totals...	61,410	1,582	23,122	1,677	464,736	27,819	416,553	44,846	512,659	59,015

All other articles, N. E. S.

Great Britain...	26,689	4,547	63,073	8,383	421,108	115,256	453,255	284,053	452,021	82,470
United States...	132,091	32,279	76,297	45,089	1,027,823	888,531	1,252,810	684,946	1,247,203	645,628
Other countries...	55,735	1,415	46,952	2,390	568,237	29,559	714,315	41,744	596,240	35,876
Totals...	214,515	38,241	186,322	55,862	2,017,168	1,033,346	2,420,380	1,010,743	2,295,464	763,974

Total exports (mdse.)

Great Britain...	5,403,855	21,679	7,724,025	68,025	119,621,724	5,914,409	126,729,145	7,734,075	126,194,124	8,283,000
United States...	6,987,446	510,161	7,218,515	443,543	78,680,511	4,759,248	86,810,422	4,958,345	90,814,871	6,105,267
Other countries...	2,368,972	12,123	3,000,947	57,966	24,094,298	777,990	26,095,200	1,331,866	29,951,973	2,019,717
Totals...	14,760,273	543,963	17,943,487	549,534	222,396,533	11,451,647	239,634,767	14,524,286	246,960,968	16,407,984

Coin and bullion

Great Britain...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,366	.....	6,200	.....	7,032
United States...	.....	825,769	.....	78,504	.....	6,187,677	.....	18,004,177	.....	16,600,362
Other countries...	.....	.....	.....	560	.....	85,423	.....	37,176	.....	30,260
Totals...	.....	825,769	.....	79,064	.....	6,275,466	.....	18,047,553	.....	16,637,654

Grand totals, Exports.

Great Britain...	5,403,855	21,679	7,724,025	68,025	119,621,724	5,916,775	126,729,145	7,740,275	126,194,124	8,290,032
United States...	6,987,446	1,335,930	7,218,515	522,047	79,680,511	10,946,925	86,810,422	22,962,522	91,814,871	22,705,629
Other countries...	2,368,972	12,123	3,000,947	38,526	24,094,298	863,413	26,095,200	1,869,042	29,951,973	2,049,977
Totals...	14,760,273	1,369,732	17,943,487	628,598	222,396,533	17,727,113	239,634,767	32,571,839	246,960,968	33,045,638

INLAND REVENUE OF CANADA

UNREVISED STATEMENT of Inland Revenue accrued in Canada during the *months* of March, 1907 and 1908, and during the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

	March.		Twelve months ending March.		
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Spirits.....	577,701	515,972	6,549,891	7,426,589	7,531,043
Malt.....	113,867	127,635	1,263,591	1,393,703	1,464,055
Malt liquor.....	359	738	8,691	8,424	11,482
Tobacco—					
Tobacco from foreign leaf.....	209,681	231,297	2,229,499	2,490,396	2,624,120
" Canadian leaf.....	11,997	12,870	157,733	153,255	154,808
" combination leaf.....	7,348	10,670	95,277	100,624	109,175
Cigarettes from foreign leaf.....	69,751	81,513	805,454	977,221	1,141,693
" Canadian leaf.....	16	5		34	326
" combination leaf.....	377	225	12,081	14,659	11,025
Snuff.....	2,905	2,085	28,746	32,669	31,424
Canada twist.....	162	135	1,815	1,227	673
Foreign raw leaf.....	132,583	101,667	1,397,971	1,553,689	1,576,331
Licenses.....	1	2	3,401	3,096	4,127
Totals, tobacco.....	434,821	440,469	4,731,977	5,326,870	5,653,702
Cigars—					
Cigars from foreign leaf.....	88,338	82,069	1,085,970	1,169,598	1,136,636
" Canadian leaf.....	367	381	3,904	4,498	5,485
" combination leaf.....	1,911	2,118	24,673	29,920	26,607
Licenses.....			15,211	11,647	15,453
Totals, cigars.....	90,616	84,568	1,129,758	1,215,663	1,184,181
Acetic acid.....	132	113	3,048	1,946	3,314
Inspection of petroleum.....					
Manufactures in bond.....	3,375	2,856	51,963	57,610	66,108
Seizures.....	168	328	3,592	2,217	3,476
Other receipts.....	6,110	6,205	50,480	60,432	64,382
Totals, excise revenue.....	1,227,149	1,178,884	13,792,991	15,493,454	15,981,743
Hydraulic and other rents.....	30	30	3,647	3,564	3,647
Minor public works.....			851	1,607	1,155
Inspection of electric light.....	3,557	5,822	26,466	32,335	36,610
" gas.....	5,804	6,501	38,344	47,925	44,022
" weights and measures.....	9,224	8,551	71,106	78,979	82,991
Law stamps.....	1,076	1,277	13,149	10,390	10,008
Other revenues.....	5,962	4,633	75,897	64,417	61,307
Grand totals, Inland Revenue..	1,252,802	1,205,698	14,022,451	15,732,671	16,221,483

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CANADA.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Revenue and Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund of Canada, during the *months*, and *twelve months* ending March, 1899 to 1908.

YEARS.	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.							
	Revenue on Account of Consolidated Fund.						Expenditure on account of Consolidated Fund.	Expenditure on Capital Account.
	Customs.	Excise.	Post Office.	Pub. W'ks (including Railways).	Miscellaneous.	Totals.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
MONTH OF MARCH, 1899 TO 1908.								
1899.....	2,334,174	746,551	200,000	319,543	174,928	3,775,196	1,523,783	298,562
1900.....	2,800,977	977,794	220,000	466,683	107,607	4,573,061	1,033,267	1,115,586
1901.....	2,593,704	839,048	250,000	467,025	149,745	4,299,522	1,972,766	1,175,671
1902.....	2,903,709	801,226	300,000	646,201	133,885	4,785,021	1,857,069	482,579
1903.....	3,278,716	968,638	340,000	628,614	277,788	5,493,756	2,144,999	414,172
1904.....	3,536,719	1,026,068	420,000	538,215	153,775	5,674,777	2,181,144	841,249
1905.....	3,646,041	1,030,811	440,000	623,382	185,954	5,926,188	3,228,640	1,399,675
1906.....	4,381,122	1,212,441	525,000	748,562	388,062	7,255,187	4,543,673	1,158,380
1907.....	5,056,884	1,219,382	575,000	723,792	252,886	7,827,944	4,229,015	1,033,815
1908.....	4,321,013	1,210,244	626,328	774,923	175,175	7,107,683	4,373,022	2,357,065
TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH 1899 TO 1908.								
1899.....	23,933,093	9,340,275	3,195,229	4,155,933	2,679,596	43,304,126	33,130,557	7,699,027
1900.....	27,763,913	9,954,629	3,033,388	4,906,832	2,830,625	48,489,387	34,629,231	7,841,929
1901.....	28,002,167	10,071,614	3,258,068	5,625,758	3,144,935	50,102,542	37,402,456	8,643,688
1902.....	30,301,018	10,832,193	3,650,627	6,281,938	3,103,971	54,169,747	40,861,034	11,092,362
1903.....	35,202,739	11,750,547	4,155,648	6,911,675	3,528,509	61,549,118	43,009,264	8,568,793
1904.....	40,237,763	12,774,851	4,632,870	6,859,841	3,940,273	68,445,598	42,442,272	7,928,680
1905.....	40,740,181	12,398,097	4,770,037	7,214,308	3,617,855	68,740,478	50,785,557	10,928,714
1906.....	44,081,470	13,534,509	5,441,924	8,051,175	3,950,470	75,059,548	53,265,612	11,735,630
1907.....	51,227,629	15,154,175	6,280,224	9,070,652	5,072,815	86,805,495	54,213,682	13,967,219
1908.....	57,532,646	15,690,400	6,983,648	9,741,999	4,760,290	94,708,983	65,093,374	28,125,552

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of Great Britain for the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908.

		TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.					
		Imports.			Exports of Home Produce.		
		1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Food, Drink and Tobacco—							
Grain and flour.....		332,409,600	329,055,789	387,476,265	14,226,759	12,337,898	16,025,825
Meat, including animals for food.....		244,471,700	253,688,794	249,946,214	5,030,435	6,555,555	6,222,303
Other food and drink—							
Free.....		317,477,744	334,510,425	330,437,658			
Dutiable.....		222,009,209	220,084,334	238,346,017	73,114,751	78,691,307	82,741,480
Tobacco.....		18,509,712	23,091,630	22,743,666	4,875,700	5,280,930	6,405,318
Totals.....		1,134,877,965	1,160,430,972	1,228,949,820	97,247,645	102,865,690	111,394,926
Raw materials and Articles mainly manufactured:—							
Coal, coke and patent fuel.....		257,241	263,825	18,129	131,413,790	160,176,298	212,621,179
Iron ore, scrap iron and steel.....		29,055,470	34,000,803	32,285,170	2,320,617	3,101,344	2,473,101
Other metallic ores.....		37,180,749	46,340,454	49,046,325	583,688	934,137	768,801
Wood and timber.....		117,249,342	134,196,376	131,884,879	348,726	464,661	573,094
Cotton.....		280,566,494	318,678,486	322,801,862			
Wool.....		129,959,078	163,751,531	164,540,919	10,373,914	14,771,222	14,182,301
Other textile materials.....		73,967,026	92,999,223	73,212,489	687,368	877,887	1,229,849
Oil seeds, nuts, oils, fats and gums.....		119,281,296	128,625,504	147,786,463	12,810,933	14,422,454	16,625,398
Hides and undressed skins.....		42,667,671	53,035,685	51,342,027	9,884,515	10,365,794	7,720,487
Materials for making paper.....		18,877,474	19,272,622	21,597,905	2,748,685	3,593,682	3,406,984
Miscellaneous.....		112,920,519	119,693,377	122,892,542	9,451,154	11,252,996	11,490,860
Totals.....		961,982,360	1,110,857,885	1,117,408,710	180,623,390	219,960,475	271,092,054
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured:—							
Iron and steel, and mfrs. of.....		44,295,043	36,413,983	36,178,663	164,117,136	205,211,708	217,891,709
Other metals, and mfrs. of.....		112,720,645	144,053,696	130,095,567	46,297,694	53,686,231	52,016,235
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments.....		18,023,155	18,224,431	20,271,977	25,992,797	29,005,244	31,127,415
Telegraph cables and apparatus.....		1,664,177	5,858,924	5,961,226	10,196,479	10,573,771	11,816,237
Machinery.....		22,511,220	24,762,068	26,334,979	117,923,466	134,061,091	158,325,255
Ships (new).....		156,673	150,033	119,214	29,734,312	45,814,145	49,415,079
Manufactures of wood and timber (including furniture).....		9,821,177	9,539,332	9,641,528	6,049,550	6,283,749	6,868,456
Yarns and Textile fabrics:—							
Cotton.....		41,674,790	45,548,738	46,383,919	459,384,584	493,570,220	539,407,919

Wool.....	61,139,836	56,857,312	51,736,535	149,421,754	156,165,486	164,060,753
Other materials.....	94,855,091	99,513,076	98,535,162	65,905,092	70,074,792	79,802,287
Apparel.....	19,390,333	18,296,999	18,071,712	31,212,201	23,842,389	37,441,133
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours.....	46,917,295	50,981,923	55,566,481	71,246,352	77,845,330	88,679,134
Leather and mfrs. thereof (including boots, shoes and gloves).....	55,598,828	61,935,807	54,448,636	28,580,910	31,388,823	28,928,276
Earthenware and glass.....	21,399,487	20,053,740	19,472,293	16,109,025	18,406,777	19,863,074
Paper.....	26,542,553	27,528,148	28,371,217	9,529,173	10,316,189	11,631,074
Miscellaneous.....	138,797,074	139,926,146	135,438,847	134,040,113	147,336,043	160,762,983
Totals.....	715,507,377	759,645,556	736,627,956	1,365,790,638	1,528,777,928	1,648,727,032
Miscellaneous and unclassified (including parcel post).....	11,417,158	11,798,073	11,178,739	25,122,708	28,621,875	30,249,117
Totals.....	2,823,784,860	3,042,732,486	3,094,165,225	1,668,784,381	1,880,225,968	2,061,463,129
Exports of foreign produce.....				389,181,294	432,036,579	417,097,238
Grand totals.....	2,823,784,860	3,042,732,486	3,094,165,225	2,057,975,675	2,312,262,547	2,478,560,367

Wood and timber—										
Hewn.....	1,034	458	60,240	72,671	44,754	22,050	11,670	1,867,440	2,323,625	1,717,475
Sawn or split, planed or dressed....	25,439	19,412	1,178,219	1,431,902	1,108,617	367,229	250,940	16,264,632	20,484,153	15,883,806
Total imports, Prin. Art.....						3,720,632	4,377,781	109,132,520	116,703,277	112,007,462

GREAT BRITAIN.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Exported from Great Britain to Canada during the *months of March*, and the *twelve months ending March 1906, 1907 and 1908.* (*From British Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.		Month of March.		Twelve months ending March.	
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
I. BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE.								
1. Articles of food and drink—								
Salt, rock and white—								
Spirits—	803	1,631	68,387	67,991	3,966	273,027	263,993	251,815
Tons								
2. Raw materials—	49,850	44,563	670,135	782,886	114,250	1,372,999	1,636,706	1,757,305
Pi. Galls.								
3. Articles, manufactured and partly manufactured—								
Wool, sheep and lambs—	104,200	37,600	1,610,300	1,401,200	32,081	391,348	367,903	377,293
Lbs.								
Cotton manufactures—								
Piece goods, gray or unbleached—	726,200	532,900	2,606,400	6,438,800	44,929	150,858	390,397	1,144,458
" bleached—	1,560,400	1,982,900	13,783,709	15,207,400	127,112	993,009	1,192,359	2,116,855
" printed—	2,405,700	1,959,400	17,882,800	19,894,900	172,863	1,286,443	1,472,666	1,896,211
" dye or manufactured of								
" dye yarn—	1,610,800	1,269,100	15,129,600	17,248,600	195,464	1,971,557	2,216,087	2,680,545
Jute manufactures—								
Piece goods, all kinds—								
Linen manufactures—	1,063,800	914,800	19,042,100	17,231,080	82,402	979,575	1,200,443	1,160,368
Piece goods, all kinds—	1,072,600	743,000	11,704,600	12,598,500	116,834	1,207,107	1,413,142	1,397,546
Silk manufactures—								
Lace—								
Silk and other materials—								
Woolen tissues—	792,000	521,900	7,884,600	9,054,300	398,458	4,156,996	5,030,538	5,695,952
Worsted tissues—	972,700	720,200	12,651,400	11,935,700	251,391	1,445,507	1,726,324	2,601,127
Carpets, not being rugs—	454,600	278,200	2,873,900	3,461,600	25,628	389,954	452,198	506,123
Hardware, unenumerated—								
Cudrery—								
Iron and steel—								
Iron—	3,965	980	41,316	90,754	59,938	743,473	1,619,627	2,004,497
Pig—	331	104	1,343	2,260	26,212	78,212	168,634	211,050
Anchors, grapnels, chains and cables—								
Bars, angles, rods, shapes or sections—	1,339	1,163	17,983	31,542	78,212	753,048	1,384,554	1,120,243
Rails—								
Sheets and plates—	1,237	496	30,442	7,446	6,195	51,829	226,582	134,124
Galvanized sheets—	731	1,308	22,116	25,262	32,306	23,501	1,009,221	1,409,921
Tin plates and sheets—	884	1,017	14,544	15,738	59,942	93,313	1,105,188	1,620,751
Wire—	465	326	20,075	22,048	57,261	70,060	1,265,089	1,311,649
Old, for manufacturing—	1,138	412	4,583	4,892	64,079	39,478	419,885	577,180
Lead, pig—	473	277	11,967	26,729	16,342	5,013	170,263	322,470
Tin, unwrought—	640	900	4,293	5,970	46,462	28,537	310,571	560,325
Apparel and slops—								
			9,460	11,020	29,988	28,100	345,915	458,727
					196,063	150,891	1,368,302	2,195,667

Haberdashery and millinery, including
embroideries and needlework.

Cement.....	448	1,313	31,095	44,713	74,713	70,591	1,009,217	881,444	861,823
Earthenware and chinaware.....	159	57	7,312	2,092	40,923	11,495	255,523	330,829	375,964
Oil, seed oil.....	5,686	3,216	49,893	54,180	17,336	126,558	945,227	1,308,265	1,518,413
Paper, writing or printing and envelopes..	3,766	1,444	10,918	16,679	37,215	6,414	616,008	212,916	126,211
Paper, all other, except hanging.....					17,252	22,105	337,003	371,558	461,483
Stationery other than paper.....					24,513	6,813	124,215	166,183	188,940
						12,546	313,730	371,514	440,956
II. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.									
Tea of British E. India.....	75,592	158,839	892,632	1,526,820	16,187	34,534	179,980	268,439	340,830
" Ceylon.....	318,204	199,051	2,564,338	2,993,009	61,982	41,873	493,597	559,032	556,180
" China.....	6,887	17,610	145,570	176,157	1,333	4,151	24,820	27,945	46,778
" other countries.....	389	11,892	29,569	39,509	73	2,249	7,973	8,423	15,565
Total Exports, Principal Articles.....					3,167,555	2,478,089	32,534,676	38,414,269	42,843,246

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT, by Classes, showing the Values of the Trade of the United States for the *eleven months* ending February 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

Classification of Articles.	ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.
IMPORTS—	\$	\$	\$
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animal.....			136,382,071
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			132,713,944
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			379,269,104
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			214,916,798
" ready for consumption.....			337,346,031
Miscellaneous.....			9,767,497
Total imports.....	1,079,120,328	1,245,962,378	1,210,395,445
Duties collected from Customs.....	262,856,105	294,465,860	284,933,061
EXPORTS—			
<i>Domestic—</i>			
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals.....			191,578,831
" partly or wholly manufactured.....			316,930,540
Crude materials for use in manufacturing.....			540,828,394
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing.....			247,565,234
" ready for consumption.....			456,888,036
Miscellaneous.....			6,827,095
Total exports, domestic.....	1,547,421,173	1,666,450,877	1,760,618,130
<i>Foreign—</i>			
Free of duty.....	11,985,698	11,952,958	12,896,660
Dutiable.....	12,941,794	11,103,672	13,475,980
Total exports, foreign.....	24,927,492	23,056,630	26,372,640
Total exports.....	1,572,348,665	1,689,507,507	1,786,990,770
AGGREGATE TRADE—			
Imports.....	1,079,120,328	1,245,962,378	1,210,395,445
Exports.....	1,572,348,665	1,689,507,507	1,786,990,770
Grand totals.....	2,651,468,993	2,935,469,885	2,997,386,215

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing, by Countries, the Values of the Imports into and Exports from the United States during the months of February, 1907 and 1908, and the eleven months ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF FEBRUARY.				ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING FEBRUARY.					
	1907.		1908.		1906.		1907.		1908.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
<i>British Empire.</i>										
Great Britain.....	21,346,626	55,783,554	12,757,696	55,958,351	180,281,467	530,721,077	218,819,676	552,066,395	199,572,744	562,855,502
Aden.....	309,466	181,969	95,553	95,553	1,927,856	1,321,255	2,117,248	2,539,549	1,866,380	685,531
Algeria.....	39,388	69,018	21,711	146,395	453,067	1,119,892	389,925	818,782	517,451	888,050
British Africa.....	135,750	1,032,850	69,808	1,269,950	1,482,698	13,256,571	2,031,336	10,657,231	2,274,287	9,429,682
British Australasia—										
Australia.....	2,360,917	2,708,653	1,300,921	1,715,780	9,507,118	25,255,407	10,799,935	29,015,305	12,286,063	25,326,337
New Zealand.....	6,075,446	628,872	4,163,336	1,591,481	57,154,614	6,546,191	72,656,335	7,822,702	3,558,855	5,458,638
British East Indies.....	176,861	3,858	199,619	1,991,619	875,254	1,730,515	1,193,865	1,802,919	66,538,430	10,410,025
British Guiana.....	100,080	66,438	27,794	85,098	693,192	883,383	692,056	1,170,581	929,206	1,727,814
British Honduras.....										1,244,074
British North America—										
Canada.....	4,055,331	12,424,064	4,029,321	10,703,674	61,355,836	138,767,049	65,820,720	158,473,432	75,145,354	166,694,007
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	37,273	141,987	345,078	260,460	1,345,143	2,672,650	1,398,366	2,539,533	1,238,374	3,115,188
British West Indies.....	817,524	779,487	931,141	963,496	10,235,480	9,104,754	10,164,349	9,288,713	11,118,376	11,438,871
Gibraltar.....	4,695	27,353	263	23,884	54,633	355,790	13,924	332,776	10,134	326,598
Hong Kong.....	229,570	909,514	186,320	383,893	1,593,522	7,858,471	1,853,216	6,469,961	2,235,554	8,614,422
Other British Colonies.....	3,557	58,214	8,403	76,284	138,880	283,600	68,622	709,639	75,297	628,251
Totals, British Empire.....	35,526,641	74,988,837	24,150,827	73,537,369	327,098,760	739,876,605	388,019,273	783,716,618	377,174,243	808,820,090
<i>Foreign Countries.</i>										
Austria-Hungary.....	1,373,001	1,035,554	1,135,506	2,123,987	11,719,374	14,383,630	14,006,890	12,109,950	14,678,982	15,739,245
Belgium.....	1,828,477	2,691,428	637,352	2,736,655	17,699,501	28,381,112	14,965,430	30,940,221	12,473,989	28,404,719
Argentina Republic.....	2,188,619	4,192,482	1,235,348	3,938,188	25,286,403	43,286,365	27,712,493	47,824,494	22,445,540	50,156,607
Brazil.....	9,525,422	1,117,563	6,783,966	1,683,272	75,167,605	11,900,006	81,211,996	15,508,266	69,744,423	19,421,395
Central American States.....	1,795,813	2,701,472	1,146,157	2,254,604	11,115,999	17,475,051	11,582,508	23,262,888	13,691,374	26,113,224
Cuba.....	11,555,072	4,036,882	10,172,090	3,045,713	17,427,157	42,827,012	80,407,881	43,378,767	77,005,894	46,117,600
Chile.....	1,029,965	1,090,727	700,019	850,376	11,372,012	71,670,703	16,127,354	9,736,798	15,747,868	10,143,960
Colombia.....	475,315	232,494	480,514	323,357	5,916,896	3,450,889	6,121,593	2,798,780	5,608,635	3,068,624
Chinese Empire.....	3,274,107	1,855,582	1,595,111	1,469,553	25,336,965	50,967,050	30,732,790	24,376,230	28,866,923	19,792,292
Denmark.....	66,012	2,339,643	107,271	2,124,103	1,181,225	1,726,030	1,093,744	22,675,917	1,110,626	21,139,443
East India.....	270,844	138,969	263,373	58,419	19,605,771	1,562,974	10,686,267	13,464,699	13,464,699	1,679,427

Egypt.....	2,819,165	48,675	1,270,912	658,936	8,880,721	1,197,966	11,844,106	939,494	12,564,237	2,241,842
Ecuador.....	181,613	138,505	81,163	162,106	2,289,495	1,887,489	3,005,178	1,705,265	2,477,591	1,853,177
France.....	10,893,887	8,943,408	6,849,115	10,341,845	93,607,213	87,373,617	112,984,719	102,795,865	105,819,480	109,155,841
Germany.....	12,978,471	22,539,220	8,942,551	26,326,279	118,861,705	209,144,661	141,566,162	236,343,115	141,912,230	261,895,172
Greece.....	248,595	20,860	224,179	64,391	1,520,086	237,912	2,290,757	777,607	3,140,860	1,683,818
Italy.....	4,262,484	5,337,539	2,889,720	6,001,935	35,063,734	40,335,124	42,367,188	56,135,965	45,205,441	47,781,341
Japan.....	5,058,540	3,402,852	4,240,443	4,090,921	47,275,221	45,983,926	61,867,000	31,664,396	63,869,521	40,917,583
Mexico.....	5,208,912	5,342,050	3,204,454	4,086,342	46,172,825	49,304,092	49,493,409	57,723,878	47,429,349	59,102,422
Netherlands.....	2,328,327	8,849,100	950,037	10,859,098	22,187,065	82,026,999	30,240,743	91,794,305	23,338,631	100,434,905
Norway and Sweden—										
Norway.....	293,442	584,913	227,780	796,357	6,477,088	11,916,067	3,283,013	5,461,864	3,697,655	6,349,522
Sweden.....	411,610	678,566	377,127	596,385	4,885,562	3,787,377	8,901,409	8,901,409	4,689,856	9,009,211
Portugal.....	546,491	260,010	228,219	338,991	1,365,372	5,604,879	1,613,627	1,613,627	5,016,843	3,639,191
Peru.....	1,418,310	964,500	470,651	965,434	2,298,308	2,422,669	3,239,623	5,269,067	7,250,642	6,519,167
Philippine Islands.....	1,203,253	619,542	898,134	735,389	12,305,010	5,157,596	10,785,915	7,676,516	9,880,965	9,487,972
Russia—										
In Asia.....	57,588	124,730	4,001	316,112	12,056,632	15,384,059	921,660	2,206,187	420,049	1,687,530
In Europe.....	920,528	2,166,033	527,559	2,648,927	9,358,284	15,694,848	15,324,282	16,937,407	13,273,807	14,679,993
Spain.....	951,922	770,258	865,551	1,570,547	9,358,284	15,694,848	11,177,854	18,514,332	14,314,009	21,988,883
Switzerland.....	2,415,178	47,139	1,810,806	63,082	21,269,486	292,117	23,215,354	514,668	25,918,171	594,925
Turkey in Asia and Europe.....	1,224,954	97,421	524,554	187,845	11,363,354	1,288,469	12,703,869	1,322,902	11,359,380	1,892,956
Uruguay.....	289,117	226,356	257,031	272,531	2,687,432	2,687,432	2,383,716	2,922,622	1,878,140	3,695,166
Venezuela.....	770,793	203,733	659,221	173,127	6,876,152	2,890,491	6,833,767	3,051,283	6,542,803	2,490,629
Other Foreign Countries.....	615,181	1,815,685	810,657	2,401,729	7,885,687	14,239,129	7,928,568	17,556,035	9,583,013	28,792,898
Totals, Foreign Countries.....	87,481,009	84,553,891	60,570,622	94,219,566	752,021,598	832,472,060	857,943,105	905,790,889	833,221,202	978,170,680
Grand totals.....	123,007,650	159,542,728	84,721,449	167,756,935	1,079,120,328	1,572,348,665	1,245,862,378	1,689,507,507	1,210,395,445	1,786,990,770
	282,550,378		252,478,384		2,651,468,993		2,935,469,885		2,997,386,215	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise Imported into the United States from British North America during the *months* of February 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908.
(From *United States Returns*.)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.					
	Month of February.		Eleven months ending February.		Month of February.		Eleven months ending February.			
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1908.	
					\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Animals—										
Horses..... No.	125									
Art work.....			2,413	2,465	19,733	10,171	468,412	421,064	405,827	
Books, &c.....		51			1,291	1,293	499,456	179,287	46,051	
Cement, Roman—					10,912	8,855	100,684	123,800	120,494	
Coal, bituminous.....	200	1,000	158,610	3,912,033	272,502	9	1,323	27,610	1,825	
Copper and manufactures of—	113,368	100,224	1,306,969	1,209,915	84,858	217,878	3,127,899	2,906,422	3,044,912	
Ore and regulus.....	8,910	36,685	132,287	95,325		356,623	1,353,884	1,478,412	1,748,566	
Pigs, bars, ingots, plates, old and other, unmanufactured.....	471,903	2,328,131	23,297,065	24,029,399	102,589	341,708	3,690,818	4,459,142	5,194,640	
Fibres, vegetable, &c., and manufactures of—										
Flax..... Tons.	100	61	849	568	23,215	12,863	184,662	122,838	136,326	
Fruits—										
Bananas.....							76,711	2,147		
Lemons.....							932	66		
Furs, skins, undressed, &c.....					172,084	135,857	1,505,000	1,170,088	1,141,613	
Hides and skins, other than furs.....										
Cattle hides..... Lbs.										
All other.....	2,379,788	2,260,031	30,497,386	28,948,280	247,601	141,709	3,345,849	3,452,062	1,863,989	
Iron and steel, and manufactures of—										
Iron ore..... Tons.		77					492		149,962	
Tin plates..... Lbs.	1,147	8,529	126,891	113,123	105	592	5,663	4,686	8,277	
Jewellery and other precious stones, &c.....										
Lead and manufactures of—										
Pigs, bars, &c..... Lbs.	892,180	1,240,797	12,493,510	17,859,172	35,749	41,006	314,402	571,788	295,456	
Paper stock, crude (see also wood pulp).....							168,307	56,552		
Provisions—										
Cheese..... Lbs.	3,884	1,785	82,163	66,598	649	304	14,350	10,643	16,241	

Spices, nutmegs, peppers,.....				10,137	3,330				1,946	397	
Spirits, distilled—											
Spirits, not of domestic manu- facture.....	50,103	89,001	350,690	523,345	597,702	98,206	176,932	677,533	1,006,804	1,129,141	
Sugar.....	210,057	198,039	2,428,587	581,824	2,101,031	52,691	51,599	159,936	32,305	553,992	
Tea.....			1,829,042					445,015	524,387		
Tobacco and manufactures of—											
Leaf, suitable for cigar											
wrappers.....		2,747			38,396						
".....		3,617			139,944						
Leaf, all other sorts.....	3,741		343,013	122,468		5,454	2,503	204,319	75,343	32,133	
Wood and manufactures of—							479			87,694	
Boards, planks, &c.....	34,740	21,129	830,611	938,678	833,661	605,899	391,424	12,696,838	15,447,584	15,688,930	
Wood pulp.....	13,716	10,108	108,739	127,154	153,320	292,836	197,982	2,267,861	2,728,513	3,783,383	
Wool.....	89,841	41,210	1,525,988	814,733	1,605,038	29,673	10,751	387,081	230,175	418,080	
All other goods imported.....						2,036,525	2,273,369	31,002,098	32,186,971	40,921,196	
Totals, imports.....						4,092,604	4,374,399	62,700,979	67,219,086	76,383,728	

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America during the *months* of February, 1907 and 1908, and the *eleven months* ending February, 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From United States Returns.*)

Articles.	QUANTITIES.			VALUES.								
	Month of February.			Eleven months ending February.			Month of February.			Eleven months ending February.		
	1907.	1908.		1906.	1907.	1908.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural implements.....							185,072	131,977	1,599,049	2,690,260	1908.	\$
Animals—												
Cattle.....	97	229	14,173	14,371	10,178	2,932	11,184	341,980	418,318	301,215		
Hogs.....	10	72,514	140	150	19,854	48,538	54,533	1,772,517	3,183,557	1,819		
Horses.....	422	17,599	26,922	19,854	50,464	8,385	22,883	184,146	225,000	2,646,664		
Sheep.....	2,486	4,621	62,314	69,788		144,308	150,206	2,012,531	1,949,532	2,183,219		
Books, maps, engravings, &c.....												
Breadstuffs—												
Corn.....	627,303	795,695	8,509,566	6,838,993	10,222,211	299,576	480,295	4,573,978	3,534,326	5,973,226		
Oats.....	4,053	11,663	2,347,578	412,332	43,146	1,846	5,809	753,602	143,518	19,615		
Wheat.....	2,624	7,277	72,928	275,857	974,747	1,907	5,618	60,676	213,807	923,037		
Wheat flour.....	4,128	9,293	159,278	164,818	148,039	15,643	41,725	675,012	662,690	629,343		
Carriages, cars and parts of—												
Automobiles and parts of.....						75,266	44,152	111,152	866,081	993,143		
Cycles and parts of.....						5,818	7,227	82,448	55,725	63,330		
Railway carriages.....						27,775	26,034	1,523,534	1,091,566	1,451,679		
Other kinds.....						73,226	43,576	764,114	863,505	821,258		
Clocks and watches.....												
Coal—												
Anthracite.....	140,613	137,520	2,098,588	2,117,651	2,482,457	692,364	665,012	10,381,320	10,405,463	12,164,288		
Bituminous.....	310,576	287,205	4,730,609	4,999,644	6,866,055	825,085	750,502	11,485,281	12,041,679	16,625,725		
Copper and manufactures of—												
Ingots, bars and old.....	304,973	347,750	2,847,777	3,989,183	3,493,619	74,286	53,966	476,137	778,148	681,885		
Ore, matte and regulus.....	570	320	8,187	34,819	65,621	35,975	4,200	219,536	464,900	783,477		
Cotton and manufactures of—												
Cotton, unmanufactd. { Bales.	16,557	10,041	133,062	131,824	84,713	931,882	627,193	7,198,407	7,357,092	4,826,413		
Cotton, col. and uncol. { lbs.	8,756,967	5,543,571	68,641,775	69,018,858	43,542,608	63,450	52,181	710,530	737,589	554,625		
Wearing apparel..... { Yds.	820,348	569,775	8,750,927	8,400,113	5,822,324	85,079	110,374	2,315,201	2,141,891	885,035		
Other kinds.....						34,184	24,811	218,781	246,638	367,219		
Fertilizers.....	1,531	983	10,033	11,356	15,799	34,184	50,017			1,397,584		
Fibres, vegetables, &c.—												
Twine.....							14			1,046		
Fish—												
Salmon, canned.....		159			12,990							

Fruits and nuts.....							195,665	251,339	2,553,160	3,289,525	3,333,107
Hides and skins.....							424,878	301,913	1,614,221	1,738,784	1,599,743
Hops.....	Lbs.	309,537	633,497	1,046,238			10,546	42,390	74,280	151,692	182,363
Instruments and apparatus for scientific purposes—		25,181	381,832	463,922			10,982	2,879	75,696	79,518	75,160
Electrical appliances.....											
Other kinds.....											
Iron and steel and manuf. of—											
Billets, ingots of steel, &c.											
Builders' hardware and saws and tools.....		105									
Machinery, viz.—											
Electrical machinery.....	No.										
Locomotives.....											
Metal working.....		12	80	126							
Sewing machines and parts of.....											
Typewriting machines and parts of.....											
Pipes and fittings.....	Lbs.	3,908,924									
Structural iron and steel Tons.		2,438									
Steel bars or rails for " railroads.....		94	23,888	63,734							
Wire.....	Lbs.	5,804,844									
Leather and manufac. of—											
Boots and shoes.....											
Sole leather.....	Lbs.	69,644	45,785	766,345							
Splits, buff, grain, &c.											
Other kinds.....											
Naval stores—											
Rosin, tar and pitch.....	Brls.	3,133	87,179	85,424							
Turpentine, spirits of.....	Galls.	11,510	786,643	871,528							
Oil cake and oil cake meal—											
Cottonseed.....	Lbs.										
Flaxseed.....											
Oils—											
Mineral, crude.....	Galls.	1,059,731	22,722,150	23,350,344							
Mineral, refined—											
Illuminating.....	"										
Lubricating.....	"										
Cottonseed.....	"										
Paper and manufactures of—											
Printing.....	Lbs.										
Other kinds.....											
Paraffine and paraffine wax.....	Lbs.										
Provisions—											
Meat—											
Beef products—											
Beef, canned.....	"	2,602	497,787	308,570							
" fresh.....	"	16,715	180,261	222,114							
" salted or pkd.	"										
Tallow & other, ord.	"	639,793	7,764,421	7,588,068							
Hog products—											
Bacon.....	"	176,291	1,863,831	2,405,065							
Hams.....	"	469,194	2,988,047	4,716,290							

UNITED STATES.

UNREVISED STATEMENT of the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles of Merchandise (Home Produce) Exported from the United States to British North America, &c.—*Concluded.*

Articles.	QUANTITIES.				VALUES.			
	Month of February.		Eleven months ending February.		Month of February.		Eleven months ending February.	
	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Meat— <i>Con.</i> Hog products— <i>Con.</i> Pork—								
Salted or pickled. Lbs.	948,528	{ 2,304,968	{ 15,269,371	12,790,191	{ 15,918,150	{ 80,491	1,032,492	{ 1,335,062
Fresh.....	786,483	{ 1,505,923	{ 6,450,382	6,979,530	{ 8,910,675	{ 76,175	638,606	{ 838,478
Lard.....	139,871	{ 105,573	{ 1,543,508	1,642,259	{ 1,833,015	{ 11,650	152,169	{ 178,752
Oleo and oleom'ne.								
Dairy products—								
Butter.....	314	29,319	496,047	206,202	265,573	119	44,479	67,622
Cheese.....	7,625	9,161	137,525	1,511,237	883,928	1,365	166,020	97,278
Seeds—								
Flaxseed or linseed..... Bush.		164			35,210	{ 584	708,672	{ 45,814
Other kinds.....							123,816	
Sugar, refined..... Lbs.			2,946,476	3,533,884				
Tobacco and manufactures of—								
Leaf, stems and trim-								
mings.....	1,566,922	1,617,354	13,787,769	14,653,863	10,601,494	183,172	1,803,654	1,398,122
Cigars..... M.								
Cigarettes.....								
Plug..... Lbs.		27,264			418,860	6,578	183,954	114,117
Other kinds.....								
Wood and manufactures of—								
Timber and unmanufactured								
wood.....								
Lumber—								
Boards, planks, deals,						48,048	1,323,449	991,782
joists, &c..... M. ft.	10,775	7,489	98,975	118,399	176,836	331,006	3,275,479	5,175,543
Manufactures of wood—								
Furniture, N.E.S.....						41,664	709,805	776,188
All other goods exported, includ-						6,585,258	78,132,022	75,252,228
ing foreign produce.....						4,922,574		
Totals, exports.....						12,566,051	161,012,965	169,809,095

UNREVISED STATEMENT showing the Values of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the undermentioned Countries from which Returns have been received.

IMPORTS.

Countries.	Period of Year ended.	1906.	1907.	1908.
		\$	\$	\$
Australia (a).....(12 mos.)	*December...	186,622,066	217,759,000	252,570,267
British South Africa.....(1 mo.)	January....	13,787,266	12,463,533	11,076,533
Canada (special).....(12 mos.)	March.....	274,544,983	330,770,281	351,825,024
Great Britain (special).....(12 mos.)	"	2,823,784,860	3,042,732,486	3,094,165,225
United States.....(11 mos.)	February....	1,079,120,328	1,245,962,378	1,210,395,445
Austria-Hungary (special).....(1 mo.)	January....	43,803,949	40,607,511	40,717,943
Belgium (principal articles).....(2 mos.)	February....	104,106,130	104,079,935	95,063,115
British India.....(1 mo.)	January....	34,564,952	37,557,472	45,662,940
Egypt.....(1 mo.)	"	8,890,000	10,180,000	9,610,000
France (special).....(3 mos.)	March.....	.....	320,559,000	313,819,200
Germany (special).....(12 mos.)	*December...	1,696,660,350	1,909,210,058	2,046,187,150
Italy.....(12 mos.)	"	388,697,947	484,900,341	532,774,763
Japan (special).....(1 mo.)	January....	17,089,000	20,098,000	24,276,000
Mexico (a).....(12 mos.)	*December...	88,555,000	120,128,000	123,871,500
Russia (special).....(11 mos.)	*November..	262,588,200	291,422,535	325,771,490
Spain (principal articles).....(1 mo.)	January....	15,032,770	15,240,824	15,532,833
Switzerland (special).....(12 mos.)	*December...	258,599,735	274,397,557	299,866,030

EXPORTS.

Australia (a) .....(12 mos.)	*December...	263,422,933	322,660,000	340,034,000
British South Africa.....(1 mo.)	January....	14,473,466	19,948,466	17,719,533
Canada (special).....(12 mos.)	March.....	222,396,533	239,634,767	246,960,968
Great Britain (special).....(12 mos.)	"	1,668,784,381	1,880,225,968	2,061,463,129
United States (special).....(11 mos.)	February....	1,547,421,173	1,666,450,877	1,760,618,130
Austria-Hungary (special).....(1 mo.)	January....	37,161,992	34,097,098	32,515,525
Belgium (principal articles).....(2 mos.)	February....	69,100,369	71,781,332	72,254,954
British India.....(1 mo.)	January....	52,394,344	56,237,592	41,202,168
Egypt.....(1 mo.)	"	14,815,000	19,045,000	16,245,000
France (special).....(3 mos.)	March.....	.....	268,365,800	249,580,600
Germany (special).....(12 mos.)	*December..	1,364,130,796	1,513,448,902	1,634,803,436
Italy (special).....(12 mos.)	"	326,989,671	365,430,253	357,337,377
Japan (special).....(1 mo.)	January....	12,366,000	14,109,000	12,169,500
Mexico (a).....(12 mos.)	*December...	122,778,000	128,579,000	128,960,500
Russia (special).....(11 mos.)	*November..	489,209,315	484,002,665	482,095,620
Spain (principal articles).....(1 mo.)	January....	15,339,447	14,363,060	13,869,559
Switzerland (special).....(12 mos.)	*December...	185,230,785	204,623,232	220,017,105

NOTE.—'Special' means in the case of Imports, 'Imports for Home Consumption,' in case of Exports, 'Exports of Domestic Produce and Manufacture.'

a Includes coin and bullion.

* Figures are for the year 1905, 1906 and 1907.

TARIFF CHANGES

BARBADOS.

THE EXPIRING LAWS CONTINUANCE ACT, 1907.

(No. 16.—Assented to 28th March, 1907.)

This Act continues in force until March 31, 1908, *inter alia*, the Acts relating to the imposition of duties on goods imported into the colony, viz., the Customs Tariff Act, No. 2 of 1901 and amending Acts Nos. 15 and 34 of 1902, No. 6 of 1905, and No. 17 of 1906.

BRITISH INDIA.

I.—AMENDED TARIFF VALUATIONS OF CERTAIN COTTON GOODS.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 10537-5 dated December 13, 1907.—Customs Circular No. IX. of 1907.)

In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Cotton Duties Act, 1896, (II. of 1896), and in supersession of the notification in this department, No. 10098-11, dated the 21st December, 1906, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, for the description of cotton goods hereunder specified, tariff values as follows, with effect from the 1st January, 1908:—

<i>Grey Goods—Plain or Bordered.</i>		Tariff value per lb.
		<i>a. p.</i>
1. Bedcovers, bedsheets and chaders, twilled, not having borders over $\frac{1}{2}$ "....	8	6
2. Chaders and bedsheets, plain, or having only borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "...	8	6
3. Dangari or Khadi cloth...	7	6
4. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, and lungis, plain, or having only borders not over $\frac{1}{4}$ "...	9	0
5. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, and lungis, plain, or having only borders over $\frac{1}{4}$ " but not over $\frac{3}{4}$ "...	9	6
6. Dhuties, cholas, dupattas, and lungis, plain, or having only borders over $\frac{3}{4}$ " but not over 2"...	10	6
7. Dhuties and patals with headings over 4" wide and coloured borders... .	9	0
8. Domestic, T. cloths, shirtings, longcloth, sheetings not having borders over $\frac{1}{4}$ "...	8	9
9. Drills and jeans, plain...	8	6
10. Fents...	7	3
11. Printers...	8	6
12. Printers (bhagavad)...	8	3
13. Shirtings, twilled, unbleached...	10	0
14. Shirtings, twilled, bleached...	11	0
15. Tent, sail, commissariat, and double threaded cloth (dosuti)...	8	0
16. Zanzibar cloth...	8	0

Provided that for calendered grey goods 3 pies shall be added to the above values.

Figured or Coloured Goods.

	Tariff value per lb. a. p.
17. Bedcovers, quilts, and table-cloths, with borders not over $\frac{1}{2}$ "	8 9
18. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled sheets and chadars, coloured warp or weft	9 6
19. Bedcovers, quilts, table-cloths, twilled sheets and chadars, coloured warp and weft	10 0
20. Bed ticking, plain or drilled	8 9
21. Chadars, twilled, coloured (shawl checks)	10 9
22. Chadars, not twilled, coloured, calico wove, shawl pattern	10 0
23. Check gumchas and glass checks	10 0
24. Cholis and saris (coloured)	12 0
25. Cotton tweed, commonly called hunting cloth, plain or striped, including Cheria, Thana susi, Thana twill and Thana check	10 0
26. Cotton tweeds, others, and English checks, trouserings and coatings	11 0
27. Drills and jeans, striped	9 6
28. Drills and jeans, checked	10 0
29. Drills and jeans, dyed	11 0
30. Fancy dobby pattern checks, coloured warp and weft	11 6
31. Fents	8 3
32. Flannel pattern susi and boddy susi, grey weft	10 0
33. Flannel pattern susi and boddy susi, coloured weft	10 9
34. Lungis, coloured	10 9
35. Lungis, unbleached, coloured stripes and borders	9 3
36. Napkins, unbleached	10 0
37. Napkins, bleached	11 0
38. Susi check, grey ground	11 0
39. Susi checks, ordinary, grey ground	10 6
40. Susi checks, ordinary, coloured warp and weft	11 3
41. Susi, checksheets, ordinary, grey ground	10 6
42. Susi, ordinary, coloured stripes, grey ground	9 6
43. Susi, ordinary, coloured weft	10 0
44. Tent cloth, blue and red	9 3
45. Tent cloth, khaki	10 3
46. Towels, Turkish, unbleached	10 6
47. Towels, Turkish, bleached	11 6
48. Towels, Turkish, honeycomb, unbleached	8 9
49. Towels, Turkish, honeycomb, bleached	10 0
50. Zephyr cloth	9 9
51. Zephyr, striped and checked	11 3

Provided that any goods specified in the foregoing lists shall, when woven with borders of silk, be assessed to duty *ad valorem*.

II.—CLASSIFICATION OF COTTON PIECE-GOODS.

(Resolution—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 10714-10720-122, dated December 19, 1907.—Customs Circular, No. X. of 1907.

With reference to paragraph 3 of the Resolution in the Department of Commerce and Industry, Nos. 5443-5449-8, dated the 13th July, 1906, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following revised 'List of cotton piece-goods' in supersession of the list appended to the Resolution of that department Nos. 10115-10121-8, dated the 21st December, 1906.

List of Cotton piece-goods.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 Alhambras. | 68 Flannelette (cotton). |
| 2 American cloth. | 69 Galateas. |
| 3 Angolas (cotton). | 70 Gambroons. |
| 4 Apron cloth (cotton). | 71 Gauze (cotton). |
| 5 Art muslins. | 72 Ghagras (cotton). |
| 6 Basket cloth. | 73 Gingham (cotton). |
| 7 Batistes (cotton). | 74 Glass cloths (when joined by the |
| 8 Beaverteens (cotton). | warp) (cotton). |
| 9 Blankets (cotton). | 75 Grenadines (cotton). |
| 10 Holland and blind cloth (cotton). | 76 Gumchas. |
| 11 Bookbinding cloth. | 77 Hair cords. |
| 12 Brilliants. | 78 Handkerchiefs (in woven pieces). |
| 13 Brocades (cotton). | 79 Harvards. |
| 14 Broche. | 80 Hollands (cotton). |
| 15 Buckram (cotton). | 81 Italians (cotton). |
| 16 Calicoes. | 82 Jaconets, plain or bordered. |
| 17 Cambrics, plain, dyed, or printed. | 83 Jeans, plain, dyed, or printed. |
| 18 Cambridge shirtings. | 84 Khaki regattas. |
| 19 Cantoons. | 85 Lace curtain cloth. |
| 20 Canvas (cotton). | 86 Lace stripes. |
| 21 Canvas, French elastic (cotton). | 87 Lappets. |
| 22 Cashmeres (cotton). | 88 Lastings. |
| 23 Cellular cloth. | 89 Lawns. |
| 24 Checks, spots and stripes. | 90 Lenos. |
| 25 Chiffons (cotton). | 91 Linenette (cotton). |
| 26 Chinese dyed cloths. | 92 Linings, plain, striped, or mercerized. |
| 27 Chintz. | 93 Longcloths. |
| 28 Chintzes, glazed. | 94 Lungis. |
| 29 Choonris. | 95 Lustres (cotton). |
| 30 Chadars. | 96 Madapollams. |
| 31 Chadar-pattas. | 97 Madras cloth. |
| 32 Coatings (cotton). | 98 Marcella. |
| 33 Corded cloth (cotton). | 99 Matte shirtings. |
| 34 Corduroy (cotton). | 100 Matting (cotton). |
| 35 Cotton flakes. | 101 Mattress cloth. |
| 36 Cotton rugs. | 102 Meltons (cotton). |
| 37 Counterpanes. | 103 Mercerized cloth. |
| 38 Crapes (cotton). | 104 Merinos (cotton). |
| 39 Crash (cotton). | 105 Merins. |
| 40 Crepons (cotton). | 106 Mexicans. |
| 41 Cretonnes. | 107 Moir cambric lining. |
| 42 Crimps (cotton). | 108 Moleskins (cotton). |
| 43 Damask, cotton, table. | 109 Molleton cloth. |
| 44 Dawanles. | 110 Morias. |
| 45 Delaines (cotton). | 111 Moreens (cotton). |
| 46 Delametti. | 112 Mulls, all kinds, plain or bordered. |
| 47 Denims. | 113 Muslins (cotton), all kinds. |
| 48 Dhotis. | 114 Nainsooks. |
| 49 Diagonals (cotton). | 115 Net (cotton). |
| 50 Diapers (cotton). | 116 Net, curtain. |
| 51 Dimitties. | 117 Net, mosquito. |
| 52 Domestics. | 118 Nun's veiling (cotton). |
| 53 Domettes (cotton). | 119 Oatmeal cloth. |
| 54 Doosatle. | 120 Oxford shirtings. |
| 55 Dupettas. | 121 Penelope canvas. |
| 56 Dorias. | 122 Pillow calico, tubular. |
| 57 Dress, plain or printed (cotton). | 123 Piques. |
| 58 Drills, plain, striped, or checked. | 124 Plushette. |
| 59 Duck. | 125 Pocketing. |
| 60 Dungari. | 126 Pompadour. |
| 61 Dusters (when joined by the warp). | 127 Pongees (cotton). |
| 62 Embroidered allover. | 128 Poplinette (cotton). |
| 63 Embroidered flouncers. | 129 Prayer mats (cotton). |
| 64 Fancies. | 130 Printed crépellé. |
| 65 Fents (cotton). | 131 Prints. |
| 66 Finduras. | 132 Printers. |
| 67 Flannel (cotton). | 133 Printers, dyed. |

134 Putsoes.	163 Tameins (unfinished).
135 Quiltings (cotton).	164 Tanjibs.
136 Quilts.	165 Tapestries (cotton).
137 Radium cloth.	166 Tarlatans.
138 Regattas.	167 T cloths.
139 Rep cloth (cotton).	168 Ticking, mattress (cotton).
140 Sail cloth (cotton).	169 Ticking, blind (cotton).
141 Saris.	170 Towels (cotton) in woven pieces and towel cloth including Terry cloth.
142 Sarongs.	171 Trouserings (cotton).
143 Sateens, plain, dyed, or printed.	172 Tulle (cotton).
144 Satinette.	173 Turbans (cotton).
145 Satin stripes (cotton).	174 Turkey red cloth.
146 Scarves (cotton).	175 Turkey twills.
147 Serges (cotton).	176 Tussor cloth (cotton) and Tussorette.
148 Shawls (cotton).	177 Tussore, mercerized.
149 Sheeting.	178 Tweeds (cotton).
150 Shirting, Bolton.	179 Twills (cotton), plain, dyed or printed.
151 Shirting, plain or twilled.	180 Umbrella cloth (cotton).
152 Shirts, bleached or unbleached, and dyed, plain or bordered.	181 Undershirts (cotton).
153 Shirts, printed cambric.	192 Valencias.
154 Sillicia.	183 Velvets (cotton).
155 Silket stripes.	184 Velveteen (cotton).
156 Silkette.	185 Venetian cloth (cotton).
157 Spanish stripes (cotton).	186 Vestings or waistcoatings (cotton).
158 Suraline.	187 Voiles (cotton).
159 Sussl cloth.	188 Wadding.
160 Suitings (cotton).	189 Whpcord cloth.
161 Swansdown calico.	190 Zephyrs.
162 Tambours.	

III.—AMENDED SCHEDULE IV. OF THE INDIAN TARIFF.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 10889-37, dated December 20, 1907.—Customs Circular No. XI. of 1907.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 22 and 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, (VIII. of 1878), in modification of the tariff values fixed by the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII. of 1894), as amended by the Indian Tariff Act (1894), Amendment Act, 1896 (III. of 1896), and as further altered from time to time by notifications of the Governor General in Council, the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January, 1908, for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in column 4 of the said schedule.

Provided that nothing in this notification shall affect any additional duty imposed under the powers conferred by sections 8 A and 8 B of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII. of 1894), as amended by the Indian Tariff Act Amendment Act, 1899 (XIV. of 1899), the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1902 (VIII. of 1902), the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1903 (XII. of 1903), and the Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1904 (XI. of 1904).

SCHEDULE IV.—Import Tariff.

GENERAL DUTIES.

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Animals, living.</i>	<i>r. a.</i>	
1.	Horses, cattle, sheep, and all other living animals of all kinds	—	Free.
	<i>Articles of Food and Drink.</i>		
2.	Coffee cwt	38 0	Five per cent
3.	Fruits and vegetables (except fresh fruits and vegetables not separately enumerated, which are free):—		
	Almonds without shell cwt	58 0	"

No. 3— <i>Con.</i>	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
	Almonds in the shell. cwt.	15 0	Five per cent
	Almonds (kagazi). "	45 0	"
	Cashew or cajoo kernels "	19 0	"
	Cocoanuts, Straits thousand	60 0	"
	Cocoanuts, other "	45 0	"
	Cocoanuts, kernel (khopra). cwt.	17 0	"
	Currants, in cases. "	20 0	"
	Currants, in cans. "	26 0	"
	Currants, other. "	14 0	"
	Dates, dry, in bags. "	7 8	"
	Dates, wet, in bags, baskets and bundles "	5 0	"
	Dates, wet, in pots, boxes, tins and crates. "	9 0	"
	Figs, Persian, dried. "	10 0	"
	Garlic. "	6 8	"
	Hops. —		Free.
	Pistachio nuts. cwt.	33 0	Five per cent
	Prunes, Bussora (àlu-Bokhara) "	30 0	"
	Raisins, black. "	10 0	"
	Raisins, kishmish, Persian Gulf. "	14 0	"
	Raisins, Munakka, Persian Gulf. "	9 8	"
	Raisins, other sorts. <i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	Walnuts, Persian. cwt	9 8	"
	All other sorts of fruit and vegetables. <i>ad valorem.</i>		"
4.	Grain and Pulse, including broken grain and pulse, but not including flour. —		Free.
5.	Mineral and Aerated Waters, and all unfermented and non-alcoholic beverages <i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
6.	Provisions, Oilmen's Stores, and Groceries—		
	Bacon. "		"
	Beef and pork. "		"
	Beche de mer. "		"
	Butter. lb.	1 4	"
	Cassava or sago. cwt	15 0	"
	Cheese. <i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	China preserves in syrup, box of six jars of a total net weight not exceeding 17 lb.	5 0	"
	China preserves, dry candied. lb.	0 5	"
	Cocum. cwt	4 8	"
	Fish-maws. —		Free
	Flour. <i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
	Ghi. cwt	60 0	"
	Margarine. lb.	1 4	"
	Pork hams. <i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	Shark-fins. —		Free
	Singally and sozille. —		"
	Tapioca. cwt	16 0	Five per cent
	Vinegar, in casks. <i>ad valorem.</i>		Two and one half per cent
	Vinegar, not in casks—		
	Persian. Imperial gallon	1 8	Five per cent
	Indian. "	0 6	"
	All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores, and groceries. <i>ad valorem.</i>		"

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
7.	Spices—	<i>r. a.</i>	
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split or sliced, from Goa.cwt	16 0	Five per cent
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split or sliced, from Ceylon.	" 15 0	"
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split or sliced, from Straits.	" 10 0	"
	Betelnuts, all other sorts.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Chillies, dry.cwt	12 0	"
	Cloves.	" 45 0	"
	Cloves, stems and heads.	" 7 8	"
	Cloves, in seeds, narlavang.	" 11 0	"
	Ginger, dry.	" 20 0	"
	Mace.lb.	1 2	"
	Nutmegs.	" 0 5½	"
	Nutmegs, in shell.	" 0 4	"
	Pepper, black.cwt	33 0	"
	Pepper, white.	" 50 0	"
	All other sorts of spices.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
8.	Sugar, China, candy.cwt.	23 0	"
	“ loaf (excluding cube and chopped).	" 14 0	"
	“ crystallized, beet.	" 9 8	"
	“ crystallized and soft (other than beet) refined in the United Kingdom.cwt.	9 8	"
	“ crystallized and soft, refined in China.	" 11 0	"
	“ crystallized and soft, from Egypt.	" 9 10	"
	“ crystallized and soft, superior white from Java.	" 9 10	"
	“ crystallized and soft, from Java, 21 to 25 Dutch standard.	" 9 6	"
	“ crystallized and soft, from Java, 16 to 20 Dutch standard.	" 8 0	"
	“ crystallized and soft, from Java, 15 Dutch standard and under.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	“ crystallized and soft, from Mauritius. . .cwt.	9 4	"
	Molasses from Java.	" 2 4	"
	“ other countries.	" 3 0	"
	Sugar, all sorts, including saccharine produce of all kinds and confectionery.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
9.	Tea, black.lb.	0 10	"
	“ green.	" 0 12	"
<i>Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics, and Dyeing and Tanning Materials.</i>			
10.	Chemical products and preparations—		
	Acid, sulphuric.lb.	0 1½	Five per cent
	Alkali, Indian (sajji-khar).cwt.	2 4	"
	Alum.	" 4 8	"
	Arsenic (other than European).	" 29 0	"
	“ (China mansil).	" 28 0	"
	“ other sorts.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Bicarbonate of soda.cwt.	6 0	"
	Copperas, green.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Two and one-half per cent
	Explosives, namely, blasting gelatine, dynamite, roburite, tonite, and all other descriptions, including detonators and blasting fuse.	"	Five per cent

No. 10— <i>Con.</i>	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
	Sal ammoniac.	cwt. 31 0	Five per cent
	Sulphate of copper.	" 24 0	"
	Sulphur (brimstone), flour.	" 5 12	"
	" " roll.	" 5 4	"
	" " rough.	" 4 12	"
	All other sorts of chemical products and preparations, including saltpetre, borax, grape sugar and glucose, but excluding nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, and kainit salts, which are free.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
11. Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics—			
	Aloes, black	cwt. 25 0	Five per cent
	" Socrota.	" 17 0	"
	Aloe-wood.	lb. 7 8	"
	Anti-plague serum.	—	Free
	Asafetida (hing).	cwt. 80 0	Five per cent
	" coarse (hingra)	" 25 0	"
	Atary, Persian.	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Banslochan (bamboo camphor).	lb. 0 5	"
	Brimstone (amalsara).	cwt. 16 0	"
	Calumba root.	" 8 0	"
	Camphor, refined, cake.	lb. 2 12	"
	" partially refined, cake, in blocks of about 13 lb.	lb. 2 0	"
	" in powder.	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Cassia lignea.	cwt. 30 0	"
	China root (chobchini), rough.	" 11 0	"
	" ("), scraped.	" 20 0	"
	Cocaine.	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Cubebs.	cwt. 32 0	"
	Galangal, China.	" 4 8	"
	Pellitory (akalkara)	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Peppermint crystals.	"	"
	Quinine and other alkaloids or chinchona.	—	Free.
	Salep.	cwt. 140 0	Five per cent
	Senna leaves.	" 5 0	"
	Storax, liquid (rose or salaras).	" 35 0	"
	Tobacco, unmanufactured.	—	Free.
	" manufactured, excluding cigarettes.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
	Cigarettes of a value not exceeding <i>R</i> 8 per thousand.	lb. 1 8	"
	Cigarettes of a value exceeding <i>R</i> 8 per thousand.	lb. 5 8	"
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines and narcotics, except opium (for which see Schedule III)	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
12. Dyeing and Tanning Materials—			
	Alizarine dye, dry, 40 per cent	lb. 1 4½	"
	" " " 50 "	" 1 8½	"
	" " " 60 "	" 1 12	"
	" " " 70 "	" 2 0½	"
	" " " 80 "	" 2 4½	"
	" " " 100 "	" 2 12	"
	" " moist, 10 "	" 0 4½	"

No. 12— <i>Con.</i>	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
	Alizarine dye, moist, 16 per cent. lb.	0 7	Five per cent
	“ “ “ 20 “ “	0 8	“
	Aniline “ “ indigo, blue. “	0 6½	“
	“ “ dry “	1 0	“
	“ salts ad	valorem.	“
	Avar bark cwt.	4 0	“
	Buzgand (gulpista) “	42 0	“
	Cochineal. lb.	1 6	“
	Gallnuts (myrabolams) ad	valorem.	“
	“ Persian. cwt.	46 0	“
	Madder or manjit. “	18 0	“
	Orchilla weed. “	4 0	“
	Sappan wood and root. ad	valorem.	“
	Turmeric. “		“
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials. “		“

Metals and Manufactures of Metals.

13. Hardware and cutlery, including ironmongery and plated-ware, and also including machines, tools, implements, to be worked by manual or animal labour. [*Exceptions, which are free:* (i) Water-lifts, sugar-mills, oil-presses, and parts thereof, and any other machines and parts of machines ordinarily used in process of husbandry, or for the preparation for use or for sale of the products of husbandry, which the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt; (ii) the following agricultural implements, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, elevators, seed-crushers, chaff-cutters, root-cutters, horse and bullock gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, seed-drills, hay-tedders and rakes; (iii) the following dairy appliances, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasteurizing plant, milk aerating and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers and butter workers; (iv) the following articles used in the manufacture of cotton, namely, bobbins (warping), forks for looms, healds, heald cords, heald knitting needles, laces, lags and needles for dobbies, pickers (buffalo and others), picking bands, picking levers, picking sticks (over and under). reed pliers, reeds, shuttles (for power looms), springs for looms, strappings, and weft forks; (v) box backs and swells and rough unshaped bobbin ends, when imported by or on behalf of a manufacturer or mill-owner, and certified by him to be intended exclusively for use in his mill. ad valorem. Five per cent.

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
14.	Machinery, namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines, and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts.	—	Free.
	Machinery and component parts thereof) meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; and including belting of all materials for driving machinery.	—	"
	Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose.		
	NOTE.—Machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal are included in this entry.		
15.	Metals, unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals—		
	Brass, orsidue and leaves, European.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
	" " " China.	"	"
	" patent or yellow metal, sheathing, sheets, braziers, and plates,	cwt. 58 0	"
	" patent or yellow metal (old).	" 40 0	"
	" sheets, flat or in rolls, very thin	" 175 0	"
	" wire	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	" all other sorts.	"	"
	Copper, bolt and bar, rolled	"	"
	" braziers, sheets, plates and sheathing . . cwt.	70 0	"
	" nails and composition nails.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	" old.	cwt. 55 0	"
	" pigs, tiles, ingots, cakes, bricks and slabs "	65 0	"
	" China, white, copperware.	lb. 1 8	"
	" foil or dankpana, white, 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	hundred leaves 2 2	"
	" foil or dankpana, coloured, 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	hundred leaves 2 4	"
	" wire, including phosphor-bronze.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	" all other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	"	"
	German silver.	—	Free.
	Gold bullion and coin.		
	Gold leaf.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
	Iron, anchors and cables.	"	One per cent
	" Lowmoor and similar qualities, all descriptions.	"	"

No. 15— <i>Con.</i>	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
	Iron, angle, T, other than Lowmoor or Swedish, ton	110 0	One per cent
	“ “ T, other than Lowmoor or Swedish, if galvanized, tinned or lead-coated. <i>ad valorem.</i>		“
	“ bar.	“	“
	“ “ Swedish and similar qualities. . . . ton	165 0	“
	“ “ Swedish and similar qualities, nail-rod, round-rod and square, under half an inch in diameter. ton	180 0	“
	“ “ other kinds. “	110 0	“
	“ “ “ nail-rod, round-rod and square, under half an inch in dia- meter. ton	117 0	“
	“ “ “ if galvanized, tinned or lead- coated. <i>ad valorem.</i>		“
	“ beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-work and other such descriptions of iron, imported exclusively for building purposes.	“	“
	“ channel, including channel for carriages. . . .	“	“
	“ plate and sheet, Swedish and charcoal. . . .	“	“
	“ bars, plates and sheets, Swedish and charcoal, if galvanized, tinned or lead-coated. . . .	“	“
	“ plate, other kinds, above $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch thick, and strips. ton	117 0	“
	“ sheets, other kinds, up to $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch thick, and strips. ton	125 0	“
	“ sheets (other than corrugated), plates, or strips other kinds, if galvanized, tinned, lead-coated or planished. <i>ad valorem.</i>		“
	“ sheets, corrugated, galvanized or black . . ton	210 0	“
	“ hoop. “	130 0	“
	“ nails, rose, wire and flat-headed. . . . cwt.	9 8	“
	“ “ other kinds, including galvanized, tinned or lead-coated. <i>ad valorem.</i>		“
	“ nuts and bolts, also hooks and nuts for roofing, galvanized or black.	“	“
	“ old. cwt.	2 0	“
	“ pig. <i>ad valorem.</i>		“
	“ pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like.	“	“
	“ rails, chairs, sleepers and fishplates, other than those described in No. 60, also spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars.	“	“
	“ rice-bowls.	“	“
	“ ridging, guttering and continuous roofing. . .	“	“
	“ rivets and washers, all sorts.	“	“
	“ wire, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire-netting.	“	“
	“ cans, tinned, when imported containing petro- leum, which is separately assessed to duty at one anna per Imperial gallon under No. 16. can	0 3	Five per cent

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		r.	a.	
15.— <i>Con.</i> —	Iron, all sorts, including discs or circles and wire-netting.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
	Lametta.	"		"
	Lead, all sorts (except sheets for tea-chests, which are free).	"		"
	Quicksilver. lb.	1	8	"
	Shot, bird. cwt.	20	8	"
	Silver bullion or coin, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	Steel, anchors and cables.	"		One per cent
	" blooms.	"		"
	" angle, T. ton	110	0	"
	" " and hoop, if galvanized, tinned or lead-coated.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" bārs (other than cast-steel). ton	110	0	"
	" " Swedish.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" " nail-rod, round rod and square, under $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter. ton	117	0	"
	" bar, galvanized, tinned, lead-coated, planished or polished.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" channel, including channel for carriages.	"		"
	" plates above $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch thick, and strips. ton	117	0	"
	" sheets up to $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch thick, and strips.	125	0	"
	" sheets (other than corrugated), plates or strips, if galvanized, tinned, lead-coated or planished.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" sheets, corrugated, galvanized or black. ton	210	0	"
	" hoop.	"	150	0
	" nails.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" nuts and bolts, also hooks and nuts for roofing, galvanized or black.	"		"
	" old. ton	130	0	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-work, and other such descriptions of steel, imported exclusively for building purposes.	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" cast and blistered, including spring and tub steel.	"		"
	" ridging, guttering and continuous roofing.	"		"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like.	"		"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers and fishplates, other than those described in No. 60, also spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips and tie-bars.	"		"
	" rivets and washers, all sorts.	"		"
	" wire, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire-netting.	"		"
	" cans, tinned, when imported containing petroleum, which is separately assessed to at one anna per Imperial gallon under No. 16. can	0	3	Five per cent

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
r. a.			
15.— <i>Con.</i> —	Steel, all sorts, including discs or circles and wire-netting.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
	Tin, block.	cwt. 145 0	"
	" foil, and other sorts.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Zinc or spelter, nails.	"	"
	" tiles or slabs, soft.	cwt. 23 0	"
	" " hard.	" 19 0	"
	" all other sorts, including boiler tiles.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	All other sorts of metals.	"	"

Oils.

16. Petroleum, including also naphtha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosene, paraffin oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum, Imperial gal.	—	One anna.
Petroleum which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the customs collector to be intended for use exclusively for the batching of jute or other fibre, or lubricating purposes.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
Petroleum which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the customs collector to be intended for use exclusively as fuel or for some sanitary or hygienic purpose.	"	"
Cocconut-oil.	cwt. 27 0	"
All other sorts of oil, animal or vegetable (including otto of all kinds), and mineral, including paraffin wax.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"

Other Articles, Manufactured and Unmanufactured.

17. Apparel, including drapery, haberdashery, and millinery, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements; but excluding cotton hosiery (for which see No. 30) and boots and shoes (for which see No. 45), and excluding also uniforms, and accoutrements appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use, which are free.	"	"
18. Art, works of, except (1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including the materials used, or to be used, in their construction, whether worked or not, which are free	"	"
19. Bamboos, common, grass, hay, rushes, straw, and leaves.	—	Free.

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		<i>r.</i>	<i>a.</i>	
20.	Books, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts and plans, proofs, music, and manuscripts	—	—	Free.
21.	Bristles and fibre, for brushes and brooms	—	—	"
22.	Brushes and brooms, all sorts	<i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
23.	Building and engineering materials, namely, asphalt, bricks and tiles, cement of all kinds, fire-clay, earthenware piping, lime, and other kinds not otherwise described	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
24.	Cabinetware and furniture	"		"
25.	Carriages and carts, including motor cars, bicycles, tricycles, jinrikshas, bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheelbarrows, and all other sorts of conveyances, and component parts thereof, but excluding motor cars, designed to carry goods and containing a prime-mover, which are free	"		"
26.	Chinese and Japanese-ware, including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware, china and porcelain (for which see No. 32)	"		"
27.	Clocks, watches and other time-keepers, and parts thereof	"		"
28.	Coal, coke, and patent fuel	—		Free.
29.	Cordage, rope and twine made of any vegetable fibre	<i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
30.	Cotton, and articles made of cotton—			
	Cotton, raw	—		Free.
	" twist and yarn	—		"
	" sewing and darning thread	—		"
	" piece-goods, hosiery, crochet cotton thread and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise described	<i>ad valorem.</i>		3½ per cent
31.	Earth, common clay and sand	—		Free.
32.	Earthenware (except earthenware piping, for which see No. 23), china, china clay, porcelain, and imitation or false coral	<i>ad valorem.</i>		Five per cent
33.	Fans of all kinds, except common palm-leaf fans, which are free	"		"
34.	Fireworks, all sorts, including fulminating-powder	"		"
35.	Flax, and articles made of flax, including linen-thread	"		"
36.	Furniture, tackle, and apparel, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels	"		"
37.	Gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin—			
	Copal	"		"
	Cutch and gambier	cwt.	18 0	"
	Gamboge	lb.	2 2	"
	Gum Ammoniac	cwt.	24 0	"
	" Arabic	"	16 0	"
	" Bdellium	<i>ad valorem.</i>		"
	" Benjamin, ras	cwt.	24 0	"
	" " cowrie	"	80 0	"
	" Bysabol (coarse myrrh)	"	25 0	"
	" Olibanum or frankincense	—		Free.
	" Persian (false)	cwt.	10 0	Five per cent

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
37.— <i>Con.</i>		<i>r. a.</i>	
	Myrrh. cwt.	50 0	Five per cent
	Rosin. "	9 0	"
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resins, including caout- chouc and gutta-percha.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
38.	Hemp, including Manila hemp, and articles made there- from.	"	"
39.	Hides and skins (except raw or salted hides and skins, which are free), including parchment and vellum, gold-beaters' skins, and all other description of hides or skins.	"	"
40.	Horn.	—	Free.
	" articles made of, not otherwise described.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
41.	Instruments, apparatus and appliances, and parts thereof— Computing, dental, distilling, diving, drawing, edu- cational, electric, electric lighting, galvanic, measuring, musical, optical, philosophical, pho- nographic, photographic (including materials for photography), scientific, surgical, survey- ing, telegraphic, telephonic, typewriters, and all other sorts, except telegraphic instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof, when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, and any instruments, apparatus and appliances when imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling, which are free. Military band instruments (other than stringed instruments), imported by a regi- ment of His Majesty's regular forces serving in India, and certified by the officer command- ing the regiment to be for the <i>bona fide</i> exclu- sive use of the regimental band, and the fol- lowing accessories thereto, are also free of duty:—		
	Silver buckles for drums.		
	Silver buttons for drums.		
	Green broadcloth for drums.		
	Green silk ribbon for drums.		
	Ropes for drums.		
	Bags for bagpipes.		
	Cord for bagpipes.		
	Drones for bagpipes.		
	Ribbons for bagpipes.		
	Pipe tassels for bagpipes.		
	Cardholders.		
	Carriages (brown or black).		
	Crooks.		
	Cases (leather or wooden).		
	Fingertops.		
	Mouthpieces and caps therefor.		
	Reeds.		
	Springs.		
	Snares.		
	Valve tops and needles.		
42.	Ivory and Ivory ware— Unmanufactured—		
	Elephants' grinders. cwt.	350 0	Five per cent
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres and points) each exceeding 20 lb. in weight and hollows, centres and points each weighing 10 lb. and over. cwt.	800 0	"

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
42.— <i>Con.</i> —	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres and points) not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb. each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10 lb. cwt.	680 0	Five per cent
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres and points) cwt.	525 0	"
	Sea-cow or moye teeth, each not less than 4 lb.	200 0	"
	Sea-cow or moye teeth, each less than 3lb. under 4 lb.	185 0	"
	Sea-sow or moye teeth, each less than 3 lb.	135 0	"
	All other sorts, manufactured and unmanufactured.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
43.	Jewellery and Jewels, including plate and other manufactures of gold and silver—		
	Silverware, plain other than European. tola (*)	1 2	"
	Silverware, embossed or chased other than European. tola	1 6	"
	All other sorts, except precious stones and pearls, unset, which are free.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
44.	Jute, raw.	—	Free.
	" articles made of, except second-hand or used gunny bags, which are free.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
45.	Leather, and articles made of leather, including boots and shoes, harness and saddlery, except saddlery of a military pattern imported by an officer of His Majesty's regular forces and forming part of the equipment with which he is required to supply himself under Army Regulations, which is free.	"	"
46.	Malt.	"	"
47.	Manures of all kinds, including animal bones.	—	Free.
48.	Oilcake, also bran, fodder and cattle-food of all kinds.	—	"
49.	Oil-cloth and Floor-cloth, including lincrusta, linoleum, and tarpaulins.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
50.	Paints, Colours, Painters' Materials, and compositions for application to leather, wood and metals—		
	Lead, red, dry. cwt.	18 0	"
	Lead, white, dry.	19 0	"
	Ochre, other than European, all colours.	2 12	"
	Paints, composition.	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Paints, patent driers.	"	"
	Turpentine. Imperial gallon	3 12	"
	Verdigris.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Vermilion, Canton. box of 90 bundles	105 0	"
	Zinc, white, dry.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	All other sorts, including glue and putty	"	"
51.	Paper, pasteboard, millboard and cardboard of all kinds, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs, and calendars, Christmas, Easter and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste paper and old newspapers for packing, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book or parcel post, which are free.	"	"

(*) Tola=80 grains

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.		Duty.
		r.	a.	
51.— <i>Con.</i> —Paper, articles made of paper and paper mâche.	<i>ad valorem.</i>			Five per cent
52. Perfumery—				
	Gowla, husked and unhusked.	cwt.	40 0	"
	Kapurkachri (zedoary)	"	19 0	"
	Patch leaves (patchouli)	"	17 0	"
	Rose-flowers, dried.	"	20 0	"
	Rose-water	Imperial gallon	2 0	"
	All other sorts, except perfumed spirit (for which see Schedule III.)	<i>ad valorem</i>		"
53. Pitch, Tar and Dammer—				
	Bitumen.	"		"
	Dammer.	"		"
	Pitch, American and European.	"		"
	Pitch, coal.	"		"
	Tar, American and European.	"		"
	Tar, coal.	"		"
	Tar, mineral.	"		"
54. Plants and Bulbs, living, also dried for herbaria. . .		—		Free.
55. Precious Stones and Pearls, unset (including the stones generally known as Cambay stones, such as agates, cornelians and onyx).		—		"
56. Pulp of wood, straw, rags, paper and other materials. .		—		"
57. Printing and Lithographing Material, namely, presses, type, ink, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereo-blocks, roller moulds, roller frames and stocks, roller composition, standing screw and hot presses, perforating machines, gold-blocking presses, stereo-typing apparatus, metal furniture, paper folding machines and paging and numbering machines, but not including paper.		—		"
58. Rags.		—		"
59. Racks for the withering of tea leaf.		—		"
60. Railway Material for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chairs, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake gear, couplings and springs signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridge, engines, tenders, carriages, wagons, traversers, trollies, trucks and component parts thereof; also the following articles when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, namely, cranes, water cranes, water tanks, and standards, wire and other materials for fencing—				
Provided that for the purpose of this exemption 'railway' means a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railway Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in a Native State, under the suzerainty of His Majesty, and also such tramways as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , specifically include therein.				
		—		"

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
61. Seeds—			
	Castor.	cwt. 7 4	Five per cent
	Cummin.	" 15 0	"
	Cummin, black.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Linseed.	cwt. 7 4	"
	Methi.	" 5 8	"
	Mustard, rape or sarson.	" 10 0	"
	Poppy.	" 9 0	"
	Quince, bihidana.	" 90 0	"
	Til or jinjili.	" 10 0	"
	All other sorts.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
62. Shells and Cowries—			
	Chanks—large shells, for canoes.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
	Chanks—white, live.	"	"
	Chanks—white, dead.	"	"
	Cowras.	"	"
	Cowries, bazar, common.	cwt. 3 12	"
	Cowries, yellow, superior quality.	" 5 0	"
	Cowries, Maldiva.	" 5 8	"
	Cowries, sankhla.	" 55 0	"
	Mother-of-pearl, nacre.	—	Free
	Nakhla.	cwt. 100 0	Five per cent
	Torquoise-shell.	lb. 12 0	"
	Torquoise-shell, nakh.	" 5 0	"
	All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
63. Ships and other Vessels for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, launches, boats, barges, imported entire or in sections.		—	Free.
64. Silk and Articles made of Silk—			
	Bokhara.	lb. 9 0	Five per cent
	Floss.	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Piece-goods.	"	"
	Sewing thread, China.	"	"
	Raw silk—Chaharam, Cochin China and yellow Shanghai.	lb. 5 8	"
	Raw silk—Mathow.	" 3 4	"
	Raw silk—Other kinds of China, including re-reeled silk.	lb. 8 0	"
	Raw silk—Waste and Kachra.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
	Panjam.	" 2 6	"
	Persian.	" 5 0	"
	Siam.	" 2 6	"
	All other sorts, including cocoons.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	"
65. Soap.		"	"
66. Specimens illustrative of Natural Science, including also antique coins and medals.		—	Free.
67. Stationery, excluding paper (for which see No. 51).		<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
68. Stone and Marble, and articles made of stone and marble.		"	"
69. Tallow and Grease, including stearine.		"	"

No.	Names of Articles.	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		<i>r. a.</i>	
70.	Tea chests, of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Customs collector is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk.	—	Free.
71.	Textile Fabrics not otherwise described.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
72.	Toilet Requisites not otherwise described.	"	"
73.	Toys, including toy-books, and requisities for all games.	"	"
74.	Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades of all kinds.	"	"
75.	Walking Sticks and sticks for umbrellas, parasols and sunshades, of all kinds, mounted and unmounted, driving, riding and other whips, fishing rods and lines.	"	"
76.	Wood and Timber (except fire-wood, which is free), and articles made of wood not otherwise described.	"	"
77.	Wool, raw.	—	Free.
	Wool, articles made of, including felt.	<i>ad valorem.</i>	Five per cent
78.	All other articles, manufactured or unmanufactured, not described in this Schedule.	"	"

IV.—PROHIBITION TO EXPORT MHOWRA FLOWERS FROM BRITISH TO PORTUGUESE INDIA.

(Notification—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 127-4, dated the 9th January, 1908.—Customs Circular No. 1 of 1908.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (viii. of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the taking by sea or by land of Mhowra flowers from any part of British India to any part of the Indian Possessions of His Majesty the King of Portugal and Algarves.

CEYLON.

NOTIFICATION DATED JUNE 8, 1907, AS TO THE DUTY ON OPIUM.

(Ceylon Government Gazette of June 14th, 1907.)

In pursuance of section 2 of 'The Customs Duties Amendment Ordinance, 1904,' it is hereby notified that the Secretary of State has been pleased to sanction the resolution set out in the schedule hereto, duly passed by the Legislative Council at a public session thereof on the 22nd day of May, 1907, in exercise of the powers vested in it by section 2 (b) of 'The Customs Duties Amendment Ordinance, 1903.'

SCHEDULE.

That this Council resolves that in lieu of the Customs duty of Rs. 2 per pound now levied upon opium imported into the Island, there shall be levied as from the 22nd day of May, 1907, a Customs duty of Rs. 4 per pound on opium so imported.

JAMAICA.

A LAW TO AMEND THE TARIFF LAW, 1899.

(No. 16.—Assented to 3rd July, 1907.)

Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Council of Jamaica, as follows:—

1. This law shall be read as one with the Tariff Law, 1899, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Law (Law 20 of 1899).

2. On and after the coming into operation of this law, anything contained in the Principal Law notwithstanding, no duty of any kind shall be payable on.

(1) Portland cement;

(2) Iron or steel framing, specially manufactured for construction of framed buildings;

(3) Artificial limbs, crutches and other appliances for the relief of bodily disablement.

Provided, that as regards artificial limbs, crutches and other appliances as aforesaid, any duty paid since the fourteenth of January, 1907, may be refunded.

3. Unless previously repealed, this law shall continue in force until and including the thirty-first day of March, 1909.

SIERRA LEONE.

I.—ORDER IN COUNCIL DATED 8TH JANUARY, 1907, IN REGARD TO EMPTY KEROSENE TINS.

(Sierra Leone Royal Gazette of January 19, 1907.)

This Order in Council provides for the free importation of empty kerosene cans into the colony.

II.—ORDINANCE NO. 10, ASSENTED TO 2ND MAY, 1907, TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE IMPORTATION AND KEEPING OF PETROLEUM.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as 'The Petroleum Amendment Ordinance, 1907.'

2. Notwithstanding anything in 'The Petroleum Ordinance, 1906' (No. 1 of 1906) hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance contained, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, subject as hereinafter provided, to authorize the importation and keeping of petroleum which gives off an inflammable vapour at a temperature of below 95 degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer.

3. Any person desiring to import or keep petroleum, the importation or keeping whereof is prohibited by the Principal Ordinance, shall apply in writing to the Collector of Customs for a permit to import or keep such prohibited petroleum and shall in such application describe the quality and quantity of petroleum for which such permit is required, the purposes for which and the places in which it is intended that it should be used.

4. No permit under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be granted to import or keep petroleum for the purpose of being used as an illuminant.

III.—ORDINANCE NO. 25, OF 1907, AMENDING THE CUSTOMS TARIFF IN REGARD TO MACHINERY.

Under this Ordinance, from and after the 8th November, 1907, only 'machinery for agricultural and industrial purposes' is allowed to be imported free of duty.

TRADE COMMISSIONER SERVICE.

The Department of Trade and Commerce invites correspondence from Canadian exporters or importers upon all trade matters, and will cause special inquiries to be made by the Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents into any subject of general interest.

Canadian Trade Commissioners and Commercial Agents should be kept supplied with catalogues, price lists, discount rates, &c., and the names and addresses of trade representatives, by Canadian exporters. Catalogues should state whether prices are at factory point, f.o.b. at port of shipment, or, and more preferable, c.i.f. at foreign port.

CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSIONERS.

AUSTRALASIA.

J. S. Larke, The Exchange, Sydney, agent also for New Zealand.
D. H. Ross, Stock Exchange Building, Melbourne.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. H. S. Flood, Barbados, agent also for the Bermudas and British Guiana.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

W. T. R. Preston, Club Hotel, Yokohama, Japan.

FRANCE.

A. Poindron, 101 Rue Réaumur, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

P. B. Ball, Rooms 39 and 40, Central House, Birmingham.

J. B. Jackson, cor. of E. Parade and Greek Streets, Leeds.
P. B. MacNamara, Canada Chambers, 36 Spring Gardens, Manchester.
W. A. MacKinnon, Sun Buildings, Clare Street, Bristol.

JAPAN.

Alex. MacLean, No. 14 Bund, Room B. Yokohama.

MEXICO.

A. W. Donly, Apartado, 91B, Mexico, D.F.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

E. D. Arnaud, Gazette Building, Water Street, St. John's.

SOUTH AMERICA.

John A. Chesley, Rhodes Buildings, Cape Town, Cape Colony.

CANADIAN COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

E. A. H. Haggart, Kingston, Jamaica.
R. Bryson, St. John, Antigua.
S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts.
Edgar Tripp, Port of Spain, Trinidad.

NORWAY.

C. E. Sontum, Grubbeget, No. 4, Christiania, Norway, agent for Sweden and Denmark also.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

W. L. Griffith, Secretary, 17 Victoria Street, London, S.W., England.

Harrison, Watson, Canadian representative, City Trade Branch, 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C., England.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION AGENTS.

BELGIUM.

D. Tréau De Cœli, Place de la Gare 23, Antwerp.

FRANCE.

Paul Wiallard, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris.

GREAT BRITAIN.

J. Obed Smith, Assistant Superintendent of Emigration, 11-12 Charing Cross, London, S.W.
A. F. Jury, Old Castle Buildings, Pree-son's Row, Liverpool.
G. H. Mitchell, 139 Corporation Street, Birmingham.

H. M. Murray, 81 Queen St., Exeter.
L. Burnet, 16 Parliament St., York.
John Webster, 17-19 Victoria St., Belfast.
John McLennan, 26 Guild St., Aberdeen.
E. O'Kelly, 44 Dawson St., Dublin.
Malcolm McIntyre, 35-37 St. Enoch Sq., Glasgow.

JAPAN.

REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. Alexander MacLean.*)

ROOM B, 14 BUND, YOKOHAMA, February 15, 1908.

MONTHLY RETURNS OF FOREIGN TRADE.

The following is a comparative statement of the value of some of the principal items of export and import between Canada and Japan, as shown by the monthly returns for the first month ending January 31, of the present and the previous year :—

EXPORTS TO CANADA.		
	1908.	1907.
Silk tissues.....		\$ 14,015
Silk handkerchiefs.....	\$ 221	879
Mats and mattings (Hanagoza).....	7,486	11,549
Porcelain and earthenware.....	6,523	7,523
Lacquered ware.....	203	272
Tea.....	8,092	23,250
Rice.....	12,336	31,427
Sake.....	2,792	2,158
Camphor.....		347
IMPORTS FROM CANADA.		
Flour, wheat.....	8,787	3,613

The principal items given in the monthly returns number only twenty-five of imports and twenty-five of exports. For information respecting the lesser and numerous items making up the aggregate of trade, the annual return has to be awaited.

Total export for the first month ending January 31st, of the present and the previous year.	Total import for the first month ending January 31st, of the present and the previous year.
1907..... \$ 14,190,461	1907..... \$ 20,177,587
1908..... 12,261,421	1908..... 24,315,705

GENERAL TRADE RETURNS.

Principal imports for the first month ending January 31 of the present and the previous year:—

	1908.	1907.
Flour (wheat).....	\$ 212,132	\$ 199,576
Butter.....	8,226	1,909
Salted salmon.....	22,052	107,121
Condensed milk.....	105,963	71,655
Fertilizers (artificial).....	1,263,873	506,464
Leather (sole).....	57,470	43,125
Lead (pig, ingot and slab).....	64,774	49,925
Printing paper.....	166,336	92,687
Cotton duck.....	195	3,527
Cotton prints.....	36,983	65,328
Cotton satins and italians.....	111,549	68,131
White shirtings.....	76,643	38,592
Grey shirtings.....	124,234	31,235
Pulp (sulphite).....	95,060	58,503

	1908.	1907.
Horses.. . . .	13,915	4,948
Horned cattle.. . . .	33,860	5,929
Wheat.. . . .	367,198	17,035
Cheese.. . . .	762	841
Whisky in bottles.. . . .	842	28
Tallow (beef).. . . .	45,857	17,534
Nails (iron).. . . .	153,927	160,555
Nickel.. . . .	27,136	44,408
Mechanics' tools and agricultural implements.	33,047	16,369
Musical instruments.. . . .	1,264	3,632
Sewing machines.. . . .	20,249	29,037
Lumber (pine boards).. . . .	3,996	1,850
Timber (round and square).. . . .	14,957	3,615
Portland cement.. . . .	81,769	5

PROTECTION OF PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS.

Replying to a memorandum, addressed to him by the Yokohama Foreign Board of Trade, on the subject of the better protection of patents, trade marks, &c., with special reference to the projected international exhibition to be held at Tokio in 1912, Viscount Kaneko, chief director of the exhibition, may be quoted as follows:—

‘Concerning inventions, designs, models of utility and trade marks of articles which are to be exhibited, I desire to say that according to the provisions of the present law when notice is given to the patent office, before installing such articles in the exhibition, if application for patent or registration has been made within six months from the day of receipt of said articles at the exhibition, such application shall have the same validity as if it had been filed on the same day as the original notice.’ From this it will be seen there will be no danger of any invention installed in the exhibition to be regarded as ‘publicly known,’ which on that account will probably secure the right of the inventor; while with regard to designs, models of utility and trade marks, after one has given notice concerning them to the patent office, as aforesaid, he shall enjoy a prior right to them. So that by enforcement of these laws we feel a proper protection for foreign exhibits is already assured. But in order to render the right of foreign exhibitors more secure, and also to make it easier for them to send articles for exhibition, the Imperial government has already decided to introduce in the present session of the Diet a Bill bearing the following heads:—

(1.) A person having an article which is to be exhibited at the Grand Exhibition of Japan who applies for a patent on his invention or for registration for designs, models of utility and trade marks before installing the same, and obtains patent or registration afterwards, shall have the same protection as if such exclusive rights had been granted on the day when the instalment was made.

(2.) According to article 38 of the present patent law, if the patentee, without proper reason, has not worked and exploited his invention in the empire within three years from the date of his patent, or discontinues working and exploiting the invention in the empire for more than three years, and has refused the offer of a third party to purchase or use the invention on reasonable terms, the director of the patent office may revoke such patent. But in case such patent articles are exhibited at the Grand Exhibition of Japan, the patentee shall be regarded as if he had worked or exploited the invention in the empire during the time such articles are on exhibition.

(3.) In connection with the importation and exhibition of articles which are imported from foreign countries to be exhibited at the Grand Exhibition of Japan, no suit, prescribed in the laws and rules relating to patents, designs, models of utility and trade marks, or no prosecution can be brought against the exhibitor for infringement of the rights which are protected in said laws.’

The Minister of State for Agriculture and Commerce has addressed the governors of prefectures throughout the empire on the subject of trade marks, patents and

designs. The instruction sets out by referring to the rapid development of Japanese industry during recent years and to the consequent necessity of encouraging the growth of foreign trade as far as possible. It goes on to insist upon the essential character of commercial and industrial morality as a factor of sound business expansion, and it notes that many complaints have recently been urged by foreigners with reference to fraudulent imitations of trade marks and designs. It further declares that it would seem that there is justice in these charges, and that some Japanese traders and manufacturers have, for the sake of monetary gain, oblivious of the permanent welfare of commerce, stooped to evil practices. The prefects are therefore urged to use every means at their command with the object of correcting and preventing these abuses. Some of the things that have happened are doubtless due to differences in the laws and procedures of the various countries, but the instruction makes it plain that there have also been acts of deliberate dishonesty.

THE FIGURED MATTING TRADE.

Though of recent growth, the export of figured mattings, a trade centreing at Kobe, has made substantial progress during the past few years, and has now come to occupy an important position in the commerce of that port. Even under circumstances not always favourable the export in question has made comparatively rapid development, as is shown by the following returns of the value of the export during the foregoing five years:—

	Yen.
1903.	4,553,310
1904.	4,843,201
1905.	5,074,338
1906.	5,814,554
1907.	5,926,882

Thus of various exports at Kobe the figured matting trade is ranked by the local press first in importance and value, with exception of cotton yarn and copper (15,000,000 yen each) and matches (7,000,000 yen). Even tea, the trade of the oldest standing, hardly exceeds at Kobe 2,348,000 yen in value, which is less than half of that of figured matting. During its earlier years the trade was monopolized by foreign firms, by whom the market and manufacturers were mainly controlled. But the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha and other Japanese firms put their hand to the export of matting, and the sphere of influence of the foreign firms has been considerably lessened. At present the trade is carried on by the foreign firms at large and by three extensive native companies, the native rivalry taking the form of extensive rather than numerous interests. As to the demand in America, whatever might be the effect of the recent financial crisis, it shows no remarkable decrease; but, on the contrary, there is a tendency to growing demand. Orders are continually pouring in and competition increases.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

Current shipping news gives weight to the revived report that the Boston Towboat Company is about to make a sale, this time to the United States government, for use in the Isthmian transport service, of the steamships 'Tremont' and 'Shawmut,' now operated in the Northern Pacific Railway service between Tacoma and the Orient. The Seattle agents of the Boston Towboat Company are given as authority for the report that the offer had been made in line with the effort the company is making to dispose of all its vessels of American register, for the reason that it is unprofitable to operate vessels flying the United States flag in the Pacific trade. About a year ago the Boston Towboat Company withdrew the steamships 'Pleiades,' 'Hyades' and 'Lyra,' replacing them in the Oriental service with the British register ships 'Suveric,' 'Kumeric' and 'Oceanic.' As soon as the 'Tremont' and 'Shawmut' are sold, the report says, they will be replaced by British vessels which are now building in England.

However, it is to be remarked that this report, in one form or another, is recurrent. Its revival has significant coincidence with the sittings of Congress at Washington, where the lobby is said to be familiar with the exigencies of the trans-Pacific lines under the United States flag. The Canadian Pacific, the Blue Funnel line, the Chargeurs Reunis, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha and other leading lines are adding largely in number and in tonnage to their fleets; and the inquiry is: 'What is the matter with the American flag?' Nobody believes that the ships carrying the American flag are being run at a loss, but that they are being run at a less profit than their competitors cannot be doubted. The reason why is an economic question that unfortunately has become a political one as well; but only the wilfully and interestedly blind will fail to see what, in this case, is the matter with the American flag.

THE AUTOMOBILE.

The motor car or automobile is very gradually coming into appreciation in Japan, but doubtless its usefulness will be limited by many considerations. A low percentage of the roadway mileage of the country will be found available for car travel, because of the narrowness and pathlike form into which usage has brought them. The leading roads, such as the old Tokaido, the main artery, are roomy enough and are kept in excellent condition, and would afford opportunity for long and fast runs. The expanses that have to be covered when doing, for business or pleasure, official or social Tokio should form inviting scope for motor performance. Osaka, with her merchant princes and her spacious highways, should rise to the occasion. But progress in this particular direction will be slow whilst the motor carriage is regarded as an expensive luxury.

THE SILK MARKET.

According to the Yokohama Raw Silk Traders' Guild the various kinds of raw silk arriving on the Yokohama market from forty-six tributary prefectures during last year totalled 200,764 bales. Of this number 166,833.5 bales are filature silk, 23,758.5 bales re-reels.

The guild, however, is taken to task by the press for not giving the quantity of silk now lying idle in godowns in Yokohama, which cannot be moved owing to the lack of money. The figures, it is said, would make interesting reading, as giving an insight into the conditions at present prevailing in commercial circles—conditions which are far from hopeful, and material improvement of which depends largely upon the restoration of confidence in the American market. The silk trade has its vicissitudes as the more common trade lines have. About two years ago raw silk reached the highly satisfactory figure of 1,300 yen per bale. To-day at 800 yen it fails to move off. The only party to the trade here who, as things are, finds a harvest in silk, is the banker, with whom silk carries well.

JAPANESE STEAMSHIP SUBSIDIES.

Explaining the estimates of the Department of Communications before the budget sub-committee, Mr. Uchida, Director of the Mercantile Marine Bureau, stated that the Shipbuilding Encouragement law had for its principal aim the construction of steamers navigating the far eastern seas, while the Steam Navigation Encouragement law was to assist the extension of Japanese navigation in distant oceans. One of these restricts the minimum tonnage of steamers receiving the bounty to 700 tons, while the other places the minimum tonnage of vessels entitled to the bounty at 1,000 tons. The subsidy granted to the N. Y. K. European line would, by the budget, be reduced from 470,000 yen to 420,000 yen; but as the former amount was spread over seven or eight years and the latter over five, the annual amount received by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha (Japan Steamship Company) would be about the same. The Australian, Bombay and other distant ocean services had to compete with foreign steamship com-

panies, and Japan could not expect the monopoly. The rate of freight of raw cotton on the Bombay line to Japan was 17 rupees, but the conference of the steamers engaged in the trade decided to reduce the rate to 13 rupees. This showed that it was not free competition alone that kept down the freight rates.

Continuing the government delegate said that in the past the Japanese steamers were of small size, being generally under 1,000 tons, while now there were not a few Japanese steamers the capacity of which was between 6,000 and 10,000 tons. The increase in the size of the steamers was due to the operation of the Shipbuilding Encouragement law. The Kawasaki dockyard of Kobe, the Mitsu Bishi yard of Nagasaki and all the smaller shipbuilding yards had been extending their works of late for the purpose of building steamers of larger size and so of participating in the bounty. The shipbuilding encouragement bounty was in the nature of a grant to steamers to be built, and at the present time, when the supply of steel and iron for material for shipbuilding in Japan was scarce and the number of skilled mechanics was yet comparatively limited, the progress of the shipbuilding industry of Japan could not be hoped for unless it enjoyed a bounty. The increase shown in the estimates of the shipbuilding encouragement bounty was due to the war, which necessitated the opening up of additional lines of steam navigation, and there would be many additional steamers completed in the coming fiscal year which would be entitled to the bounty. If the Shipbuilding Encouragement law were repealed, shipbuilders could not carry on their business with any degree of confidence. He was, however, unable to say anything definite before having more fully investigated the question. Japanese shipping showed a marked increase after the war, so that steamers entering and clearing the various ports were now more numerous than foreign steamers. It was true that owners of steamers not receiving government assistance were experiencing difficulties in their business; but it was beyond the power of the government to help every steamship owner. The only remedy for that complaint was that the owners of unsubsidized vessels should exercise increased diligence and perseverance.

PAPER-BOARD TILE.

A Japanese is reported to have invented and patented a new type of tile made of paper-board. He was for several years engaged in the manufacture of paste board boxes. The idea caught him to make tiles from paste board waste, which he daily threw away as useless. After many years' study he succeeded in finding a way of making an ideal type of roof tile which will be proof against rain and fire. His product is stated to be much lighter than the common earthen tile, and will so reduce the work and cost of roofing that it will give a cheaper and better roof at from 30 to 50 per cent less price. The inventor is said to be going to erect a tile factory, having full confidence in his invention.

INCREASED CANADIAN TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

Intervening in the schedule time of the Canadian Pacific ships, and thus offering between Vancouver and Oriental ports a service of increased frequency, is the purport of the announcement of the Chargeurs Réunis, a French shipping company. Shippers to Canadian overland destinations are informed through public advertisement by this company that by arrangement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company they will, from May next, issue through bills of lading for overland cargo via Vancouver and Canadian Pacific Railway connections. This company have for some time been giving a service to United States ports by what they call their 'Round-the-World' line, and the announcement made is that their route will be changed so that one of their vessels will leave Yokohama every forty-five days for Vancouver direct. This service is to be effected by four ships 'each of 16,000 tons displacement,' with all the modern first-class accommodations.

The Canadian Pacific fleet of six ships was for some time reduced to four, giving only a monthly mail service direct between Vancouver and the Orient. Lately this

company have added to their fleet the SS. 'Lennox' and 'Glenfarg,' which take the places of the 'Tartar' and the 'Athenian,' and thus restore the fleet to its former strength and frequency of service. The intervening of the four first-class liners of the Chargeurs Réunis will give the Vancouver and Oriental route the frequency and efficiency of service something like what it is entitled to. It is probable that this will be the arrangement until the expected new and faster 'Empresses,' said to be projected by the company, will put in their appearance.

The new steamers of the French line are the 'Corse,' 'Ceylan,' 'Ouessant' and the 'Malte.' The latter steamer, a fine specimen of marine architecture, was in the port of Yokohama a few days ago. At an entertainment given by the general agent for Japan in consideration of the first visit of this new steamer to the port, that official said that this company was established thirty-five years ago by several big merchants (which gave rise to the name of 'Chargeurs Réunis'—'United Shippers') and started with only three vessels. Its fleet now number thirty-six large ocean steamers in service in lines to all parts of the world, besides coasting and river vessels. The 'Round-the-World' line was at first operated by cargo boats leaving every two months. This service was now accelerated so that passenger steamers will leave every forty-five days. Proceeding, the general agent said that the gentlemen present would be struck by the absence of luxury which characterized the passenger accommodation, but at the same time would see that great care had been taken to provide for all the comfort required in modern travelling. Amongst the travelling public two well marked distinctions could be made. Firstly, the hurried people who want a schedule to be kept up to the very minute; secondly, the people who are not in such a hurry and to whom comfort is the main object and long stays in the ports of call an attraction. Owing to those two distinctions, there would always be customers for the mail steamers and customers for the cargo and passenger boats, and it was a reason why the steamers of the 'Malte' class could not be said to come into the way of the first-class mail steamers which, under different flags, were running, or would be run, across the Pacific. Answering to different or new requirements, their steamers could only take their rank honourably without aspiring after playing a brilliant part.

THE CEMENT MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

Only a few years ago the manufacture of cement in Japan was making very slow progress, the monthly supply throughout the country scarcely exceeding 600,000 barrels. Of late, with the increase of various enterprises, such as railway construction, water-works, water-power, electric works, &c., the demand is described as growing by leaps and bounds, and pressing the mills for more output and greater facilities. At present the total output throughout the country reaches about 1,300,000 barrels per month. The foreign made product has diminished under the competition until last year, when it went from 23,000 yen in 1905 to 10,000 yen in 1906 and to 95,000 yen in 1907. The production of cement is, however, becoming an industry suited to this country, and the home manufactured article will occupy the market.

THE CONFECTIONERY TRADE APPREHENSIVE.

The increase proposed by the tariff now before the national parliament upon the importation of sugar is disturbing to the large constituency of confectionery guilds. These influential organizations of prospective sufferers are moving, not against the tariff directly, but to obtain a refund of the tax on sugar entering into the manufacture of confectionery exported.

The Japanese are themselves large consumers of sweetmeats, and doubtless this taste is shared by the vast populations of the neighbouring Asiatic mainland and islands. The 'Kobe Chronicle' translates from the vernacular press some interesting statistics in evidence of the growing liking of the Japanese for confectionery, and the consequent prosperity of the manufacturers in that line that is now being seriously threatened.

The annual consumption of sugar in Japan amounts to between \$25,000,000 and \$30,000,000, and of this sum it is estimated that sugar used for confectionery and sweetmeats amounts to \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000. The annual output of various kinds of confectionery in Japan is valued at about \$50,000,000. The importation of confectionery has increased by \$5,000 or \$10,000 annually during the past ten years, notwithstanding the almost prohibitive duties imposed. On the other hand, the imposition of the 'war tax' on sugar has dealt a heavy blow at the confectionery industry, the value exported falling from \$81,000 for 1906 to \$79,000 for last year. It is feared that if the impost on sugar is again increased this year, as proposed, the export of confectionery will further decline and eventually cease. Between import and excise duties it is alleged to be impossible for Japanese confectionery to compete in the foreign market. Imported confectionery is subject to a specific duty; but, being of the best qualities, it is claimed that the customs duty thereon does not counterpoise the excise on sugar. It is alleged that when the war tax was imposed on sugar in 1905 more than 200 manufacturers in the trade in Tokio became bankrupt or were compelled to discontinue business. Now, the proposed increase of the sugar tax is expected to bring about 1,000 of the Tokio confectioners to bankruptcy.

It is pointed out that if the excise on sugar used for confectionery could be reimbursed upon exportation, a great development may be looked for in the export; but it is clear that the real trouble lies in the heavy taxation all round.

Tariff anomalies are unavoidable; and that is a license which comes very much to the relief of the Japanese tariff. Prior to the inclusion of Canada within the terms of the Anglo-Japanese treaty, the general customs tariff upon condensed milk was prohibitory, for which no reason was ever given; and condensed milk still continues to be amongst the tariff anomalies, since in this sugar tariff discussion it is argued that 'excise paid on sugar used for manufacturing condensed milk is reimbursed upon the exportation of the milk abroad, but confectionery and sweetmeats do not enjoy the same privilege.'

There being no export of condensed milk, nor any probability of it, since Japan is at present a non-grazing and non-milk producing country, the anomaly here is clear, unless the purpose may be to confine that line of trade to the parties to the conventional tariff, one of the parties to which (that is Canada) does not appear to be in a position to enjoy the preference, since she does not seriously take advantage of it.

HORSE IMPROVEMENT QUESTION.

The Japanese authorities are not concealing that they were taught by experience, in the course of the recent war with Russia, that it would be expedient with a view to future events to substantially improve the quality of their cavalry. What is called the Horse Administration Bureau has been formed for the express purpose of improving the breed of horses in Japan. This bureau has the active support and sympathy of the War Office in its effort to improve the stock of horses that may ultimately be available for military purposes. Countenanced by the Horse Administration Bureau, horse racing associations have been promoted throughout the more largely populated cities and districts. These have proven very interesting to the Japanese public and have given promise of a large measure of success—a success which, of course, looks first to the financial consideration and next to the promotion of a healthful appreciation of the well bred horse and its uses. There are said to be about 1,800,000 horses privately owned in Japan, only about one-third of which are regarded to be fit for military purposes. It is further said that not more than 1,600,000 horses could be collected in Japan when stock was being taken of the horses available for cavalry purposes during the war. The Japanese horse is, however, an animal that can stand much hard service at the minimum of cost for maintenance. In that respect he will give possibly better service than the more highly bred imported stock, but it is thought that the balance of advantage, notwithstanding the special fitness of the native horse, would be with the heavier and more powerful types. Taking this view of the matter, the military authorities are

understood to be very desirous to promote the improvement of the available stock of horses; and the evidences are clear to the observer that horse racing will certainly prove to be a potent means of popularizing the horse in Japan. The evidence already supplied to that effect by the early experiences of the horse improvement effort have made that clear, but objection is taken to the moral incidents and general moral outcome of horse racing as a public form of popular entertainment. This is a point that is somewhat vigorously contested, even to the raising of the issue in the legislature, which is a condition of things not unknown elsewhere. Whether the horse improvement and racing aspect of the enterprise will survive the vigorous opposition to which it is being subjected on moral grounds, is a question that cannot yet be answered.

PRESENT PRICES—FLOUR.

Stocks on hand are reported to be large, and the market at the present time does not offer anything remarkable to report. Prices are quoted as follows:—

Gold Drop.	4 sacks (49 lbs.)	Yen 10.40
Flag.	4 “	“ 10.40-11.20
Royal.	4 “	“ 10.40
Trophy.	4 “	“ 10.40
Red Seal.	4 “	“ 10.40
Lion.	4 “	“ 11.30
Portland.	4 “	“ 11.10
Premier.	4 “	“ 11.40

Japanese—

Rising Sun.	6 kwamme	Yen 2.78
Takasago.	6 “	“ 2.77
Fuji.	6 “	“ 2.76
Pine.	6 “	“ 2.75

1 yen=50 cents; 1 kwamme=about 8½ lbs.

The market remains dull. Stocks are large.

THE LUMBER MARKET.

Recent inquiries respecting the lumber market in Japan received at this office from points on the Pacific coast of Canada have been answered substantially as follows:—

I have been in communication with some of the comparatively few importers of lumber in this country, but so far without any result.

There are a few old firms who, perhaps, are from time to time importing lumber, but it is usually in the way of special orders which, of course, are sawn to dimensions. There is nothing like market activity with regard to foreign lumber generally. I think this condition of the market may be explained by the present monetary stringency and consequent general inactivity of trade. Lumber for building purposes in such cases is probably one of the things that feel the want of demand as much as any other commodity. Imported lumber does not usually cut a large figure here; and during the last year or two Canadian lumber has been held at such a high figure, apparently owing to the home demand, that it could not command attention. Excepting for flooring, and special timber in length and size in the more important buildings and for dock and railway use, it is not called for. The great consumption of lumber in Japan is supplied from native sources, cut to dimensions and of a quality such as has been generally in use for generations, and which is not likely to be displaced by foreign lumber cut in the usual commercial way.

ALEX. MACLEAN.

NEWFOUNDLAND.
REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.
(*Mr. E. D. Arnaud.*)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, March 26, 1908.

MINERAL STATISTICS.

The following statistics of the mineral products of Newfoundland that have been raised and shipped for the year 1907 have been kindly furnished to me by Mr. James P. Howley, the Director of the Geological Survey. He informs me that it is not as complete as it might be in some respects, owing to the fact that several of the operators of the mines have failed to furnish the returns asked for by his department:—

Iron ore from Bell Island.. . . .tons	864,195	\$ 950,615
Copper ore from Tilt Cove mine.. . . .	48,044	240,220
Pyrite ore from Pilley's Island.. . . .	19,920	59,760
Gold (estimated in copper ore)ozs.	3,603	74,474
Brick manufactured.. . . .	500,000	4,000
Building and paving stone.. . . .		3,150

Total.. . . .		\$1,332,219
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As compared with a total for 1906 of.. . . .		\$1,462,344
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COPPER.

The discovery of a rich deposit of copper ore on the southeast side of Red Indian lake, near the mouth of Victoria river, on lands held by the government adjoining those belonging to the Harmsworth Company, has been brought to my attention by persons who claim to be well informed and may be regarded as reliable. The areas supposed to contain the deposit, and extending over sixteen miles of territory, have already been taken up by the Messrs. Harmsworth and their associates. This discovery is reported to have been made by a well known prospector who was formerly connected with the Tilt Cove copper mine.

Mr. Howley informs me that a deposit of zinc and galena has been found on the opposite side of this lake, on the lands belonging to the Messrs. Harmsworth, who are now engaged in constructing extensive pulp and paper mills at Grand Falls, on the Exploits river.

E. D. ARNAUD.

ST. KITTS, NEVIS AND VIRGIN ISLANDS.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(*Mr. S. L. Horsford.*)

St. KITTS, March 21, 1908.

SUGAR CROPS DAMAGED.

I regret to report that a cyclone of some severity passed over these islands on the night of the 7th and morning of the 8th instant, by which rather serious damage has been done to the sugar crops, the canes having been in some cases thrown down and broken, while in others whole fields were battered and badly shaken. The loss is variously estimated at from 10 to 15 per cent, but I am hoping that with prompt reaping it will be found not to exceed 5 per cent. There was also considerable damage to the shipping in the bay, all the small craft at anchor being driven ashore and in some cases smashed. Similar reports have reached us from Nevis and the neighbouring foreign islands of St. Martin, St. Bartholemew and St. Eustatius.

A hurricane in these latitudes at this period of the year is almost unprecedented. They are usually looked for only in July, August and September.

S. L. HORSFORD.

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR VICTORIA, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA
AND TASMANIA.

(*Mr. D. H. Ross.*)

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING,
MELBOURNE, March 16, 1908.

AUSTRALIAN PROHIBITION OF OPIUM.

An interesting return was recently issued by the Commonwealth authorities showing what has been done by the Australian Customs Department in the administration of the opium importation proclamation of December, 1905. Taking the years 1906 and 1907 together, 188 opium smugglers (160 being Chinese) were dealt with; 2,863 pounds of opium were seized; and penalties to the amount of £3,326 were inflicted, of which £2,076 was paid and the balance worked out in prison. Of the rewards paid for conviction, informers received £260, customs officers received £71, and police officers £183. The ingenuity displayed in smuggling opium into Australia is remarkable and, despite the efforts made to combat the evil, it is generally admitted by the Customs Department that fairly large quantities are successfully landed to meet the demand of Chinese consumers from time to time.

AUSTRALIAN SMALL ARMS FACTORY.

The Commonwealth government has secured a site at Lithgow, N.S.W., for the erection of the first Australian small arms factory. At the outset the factory will be confined to the making of rifles, but later on the manufacture of shells will be undertaken. The latest type of the British War Office rifle will be the first weapon fashioned. It is the object of the government to be in a position to manufacture the bulk of the war materials required for Australian defence.

CORDITE TO BE MADE IN MELBOURNE.

It is announced by the Australian Minister of Defence that 120 acres of land has been purchased in the vicinity of Melbourne for the site of a cordite factory. The arrangements for the execution of the plans are now in an advanced state and the authorities are looking forward to obtaining principal supplies of explosives required from the local factory. Ball cartridges are supplied under special contract to the government by the Colonial Ammunition Company, Melbourne. With the establishment of small arms and cordite factories, the Australian government will have made practical headway in being comparatively independent of Great Britain for rifles and ammunition.

DISCLOSURE OF CONTENTS OF PATENT MEDICINES.

A strenuous fight is being made by the proprietors of patent medicines against the bill drafted by the Australian government to enable the Customs authorities to insist in certain cases on the disclosure on the label of the contents of imported medicinal preparations. The section of the London Chamber of Commerce which

watches over the interests of the owners of proprietary articles has been so much alarmed over the proposed legislation that a deputation was appointed to watch the measure's progress and to endeavour to secure its abandonment. The deputation is now in Melbourne and, at an interview with the Minister of Customs, suggested that their alternative to the proposed federal law is the proclamation of a schedule of drugs, the presence of which in any medicine or patent food should be absolutely prohibited.

VICTORIAN EXPORTS OF CHEESE.

Recently a consignment of 15 tons of specially selected Victorian cheese was forwarded to London for the purpose of being judged by an English expert. When the judging is completed the shipment will be sold and the exhibitor securing the highest number of points will secure the silver cup awarded by the government. The object of the Victorian government in holding the competition in London is to attract the attention of British buyers to the Australian article and to encourage the export trade.

SOUTH AFRICAN OATS IN AUSTRALIA.

The substantial arrivals of South African oats in Australia are of interest in more ways than one. The oats are of the Algerian variety, grown in South Africa from Victorian seed. The samples which reached Melbourne some weeks ago were generally equal to good feed, but a sample of oats just landed is heavy and equivalent to fairly good milling oats, comparing not at all unfavourably with this season's Victorian oats. Not only in oats, but in wheat, is South African production increasing. Mail advices state that import trade in Australian wheat is likely to be very much restricted for some months, because of the large native crop harvested in the Orange River colony and Basutoland, where a surplus of about 3,200,000 bushels is estimated.

SHORT CROP OF AUSTRALIAN DRIED FRUITS.

Contrary to the anticipations of growers, the 1908 crop of Australian leixias, sultanas and currants will—it is now estimated—not be much more than half the quantity marketed last season. Intense heat at a critical period in the growth is stated to be the cause of the short crop. Of the surplus available for export, preference is being given to Canadian and New Zealand buyers before the fruit will be offered elsewhere. Last year large quantities were consigned to London, but, this season, the reduced stocks preclude such a course being adopted. As a result of special inquiries, it is considered that all Canadian orders will be readily filled provided they are placed early..

COLD STORAGE OF FRUIT NEAR ORCHARDS.

More attention is being given by fruit growers throughout Australia to the advantages of cold storage for holding over fruit in good condition when market prices are unsatisfactory. The cold stores erected several years ago by the Victorian government as an experiment in storing fruit near the orchards, have proved so useful to local growers that additional storage capacity is to be provided to meet the demand for space. The rates charged at these stores near the orchards vary from two to three cents per bushel case per week. Experience has shown that it requires a minimum storage capacity of 10,000 cases to make a cold storage plant pay, because in the winter months the stores are empty and the earnings during 12 to 15 weeks in the summer are required to cover expenses for the year.

BEST TEMPERATURE FOR FRUITS IN COLD STORAGE.

The engineer in charge of the experimental cold stores for fruit, states that the best temperature for all fruits is 33 degrees F. Peaches, if kept over two or three weeks, do well in a temperature of 32 degrees. Apples ought to be graded and wrapped before being placed in the cool room, or the skin 'wilts.' Pears do better unwrapped. Peaches should also be wrapped if they are to remain in the cool chambers for several weeks. The humidity of the atmosphere in the cool chamber is important. It is controlled by being passed through calcium chloride before entering the chamber. This removes impurities and regulates the degree of moisture. Pears keep better in a drier atmosphere than apples, which require a fair amount of humidity. William's Bon Christien pears have been kept in perfect condition in the cool chamber for three months, so that under proper conditions this, the most profitable of all pears, should carry safely to London, although this has rarely been done. Soft fruits, as cherries, plums, apricots and peaches, keep well for several weeks without serious loss of flavour. It is found that fruit, after being taken out of the cold chamber, should be placed in a cool room, where its temperature may be gradually adjusted to that of the atmosphere.

EXPORT OF AUSTRALIAN FROZEN RABBITS.

The number of rabbits being received at the government cool-stores at Melbourne is not showing any tendency to increase. Yet under normal conditions larger quantities should now be coming forward. On the other hand, the English market for Australian rabbits is hardening at increased prices. The consumption of imported rabbits is very materially increasing in the United Kingdom. During 1905 that country imported about 593,545 crates of Australian rabbits. In 1906 the importations reached 907,324 crates, but about 250,000 of these were stored until 1907, in which year the importation was 843,463, and the fact that prices in England are now rising would tend to show that the 1906 surplus and the 1907 importations have been used. This shows a marked increase in consumption. It is strongly urged by persons who have had years' experience of the trade here that the largest importation of rabbits into the United Kingdom does not represent the consumption of one imported rabbit per annum per head of population, and that the possibilities of the trade's increase lie within far wider limits, as the article is one of the cheapest forms of meat.

THE AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The Commonwealth Senate has been engaged upon a revision of the new Customs tariff since January 22 last. Less than 180 items—out of a total of 450 items—have, so far, been debated. At the present rate of progress, it will be well on in April before the Senate has concluded its deliberations, after which the tariff, with the amendments proposed, will be referred back to the House of Representatives for final revision. Until such time as the tariff is adjusted, business will continue to be somewhat unsettled.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

Taking an all round view of the position, business conditions throughout the Commonwealth are sound, though trade undoubtedly lacks the briskness desired by importers. Heavy rains have recently fallen over a great area of country, which will provide autumn feed for sheep and cattle besides making the ground suitable for ploughing. Butter production has greatly declined owing to a dry season in the chief dairying centres. Next to the weather, the most important factor in Australian economic conditions is the prices obtained abroad for wool and other produce. While the customs revenue shows an increase of £1,500,000 in eight months, as compared with the previous period of last year, it cannot be denied that general trade has recently been considerably depressed in the principal Australian importing centres.

D. H. ROSS,

AUSTRALASIA.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR NEW SOUTH WALES, QUEENSLAND AND NEW ZEALAND.

(Mr. J. S. Larke.)

THE ROYAL EXCHANGE, SYDNEY, March 16, 1908.

NEW ZEALAND TRADE.

A preliminary statement of the trade of New Zealand for 1907, shows that last year the new Dominion did an expanding trade though, in this instance, the imports have increased to a larger extent than the exports. The figures for the trade of the past three years are:—

	1907.	1906.	1905.
Imports..	£17,302,796	£15,211,403	£12,826,691
Exports	20,071,609	18,095,137	15,655,947

The imports show an increase of nearly two and a quarter millions, a very much larger increase than in previous years. The increase in exports was slightly over two millions, a little less than the increase in 1906. The increases have been very general; in wool, meat, tallow, butter, cheese, skins and hides. In grains and flour there was a considerable decrease, in hemp a slight increase. The increase in cheese is very striking, being £664,122, as against £341,002 in 1906 and £205,171 in 1905. The exports, therefore, have increased more than three-fold in two years. There was a decline in the export of gold of over 10 per cent, the export being a little over that of 1904.

There is a probability that the continued drought will at once have its effect upon the exports, particularly the exports of frozen lamb. The harvest has not been affected by the drought as much as was feared and to date the reports are that it will be fair. With a diminution in exports, there must follow a like decrease in imports. The trade of 1908 is, therefore, likely to be below that of 1907. Recent advices state that the drought has been broken and there is a probability of an improvement in the conditions that have prevailed for some months.

AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

The returns of the imports and exports for the month of December last and for the month of December, 1906, are as follows:—

	Imports.	Exports.
1907..	£5,121,768	£ 8,100,629
1906..	4,015,165	10,081,698

The reduction in exports of nearly two millions sterling in the month is in accordance with the anticipations which have appeared in previous reports, the decline being mainly in wool, meat, butter and metals, except gold. Similar declines will be reported in January and February, though the proportion may not be the same. There must follow, of course, a decrease in imports, but it will be a little time before the decrease in imports is proportionate to the decrease in exports.

The weather has been, during the month of February, most favourable, though there are a few spots where there is a complaint of lack of rain, yet the rainfall generally has been sufficient and in most cases heavy, promising an excellent winter. Trade has naturally quietened, but there is no serious complaint and accounts are well met.

INCREASE IN TAXATION.

A recent return by the Federal statistician shows that Australian taxation has materially increased during the last seven years. The total taxation for 1900 was £10,262,746, or £2-15-3 per head; for 1907, £13,635,711, or £3-16-2 per head. In Western Australia and Queensland there were decreases in the amounts paid, but the taxation on New South Wales has been increased heavily. The following are the figures per head for the various States:—

	1900.			1907.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
New South Wales.. . . .	1	19	1	3	4	11
Victoria.. . . .	2	13	1	3	2	2
Queensland.. . . .	4	1	7	3	8	0
South Australia	2	10	3	3	2	2
Western Australia.. . . .	6	4	0	4	13	2
Tasmania.. . . .	3	4	3	3	8	0
Commonwealth.. . . .	2	15	3	3	6	2

The chief increase has been from the tariff, showing a 26 per cent advance with a 10 per cent increase of the population though state taxation has relatively increased higher, being 54 per cent above that of seven years ago. The figures are likely to be higher still at the end of this year owing to the increase in duties levied.

MEETING OF THE IMPERIAL CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

The triennial meeting of the Chambers of Commerce of the empire is set down to be held in Sydney in September of next year. The Sydney Chamber of Commerce has already taken steps to give a characteristic welcome, and it will be aided in its efforts by the government of the Commonwealth and the governments of the several States. There can be no doubt that this event will be so conducted as to afford unusual opportunities to become acquainted with the resources of Australia and to meet its chief business men. It is to be hoped that the boards of trade of Canada and manufacturers' associations will take advantage of this opportunity and a large number of Canadian representative men will attend the conference. In this way they will be enabled to do very much for the trade of Canada. September may not be the most convenient month to leave their business, but it is the delightful season in which to visit Australia and the trip could be made to repay their sacrifice.

SHOULD BE NOTED.

A London firm that did a large indent trade with Australia a short time ago failed. The last shipments made by it were covered with drafts attached to the bills of lading and other documents, the drafts covering freight as well as the cost of goods. Upon the arrival of the goods it was discovered that the freight had not been prepaid and firms, who were compelled to take up their goods, had to pay freight twice over. It would have recourse upon the assets of the firm but only as ordinary creditors and the amounts that will be received will be but a trifle.

Another incident of not unfrequent occurrence in trade is that goods shipped to Australia are covered by an insurance policy in which it is stated that they are on

board a certain vessel. At the last moment that vessel was unable to take the cargo or only a part of it, the shipment or the balance of it being sent by the next vessel. In such a case the goods are uncovered and the insurance policy is of no effect.

Canadian exporters should, therefore, note that where their conditions are to pay freight and cost of insurance that they receive the steamship company's receipt of having received the freight in advance and also that the insurance policy is in agreement with the bill of lading. In case that their New York or other agents should fail to do so, the consignee would look to the consigner for any loss that he may have incurred through the failure to observe the conditions of shipment.

NEW YORK HOUSES.

A Chicago trade paper recently sent out a warning that New York export agents were guilty of securing and shipping inferior goods to that ordered, thus making an extra profit, and advises that whenever foreign orders are sent to New York agents, a copy of the order should also be sent direct to the manufacturer from whom the goods are to be purchased. In this way fraud could be prevented. It is possible that this is true of some of the New York houses and it may occur without the intention of committing a direct fraud. There have been cases where complaints have been made that second shipments of Canadian goods have not been equal to samples or those first sent. There have not been many such cases. One or two came through the New York houses, but no redress could ever be had from the New York agent or from the Canadian manufacturer. It has never been ascertained whether the middleman or the manufacturer in this case was to blame.

An inducement to transactions of this nature is the effort made by the representatives of New York houses to secure trade made by direct agents or representatives of Canadian manufacturers. They assure the Australian buyer that they can secure the goods at a less price than is quoted to him here. In order to carry out these terms the New York houses sometimes take inferior goods at the lesser rate and then throw the responsibility upon the manufacturer. Much caution must be exercised in all transactions of this kind. The probability is that when such goods are shipped to this country it closes the business of the Canadian firm.

A CHANGE IN BUYING.

The *British Australasian* of January 9, says:—

'Little surprise has been expressed by manufacturers and agents in England at the announcement which has reached them that at least one of the largest Australian houses, who have for years past maintained a large establishment on this side for the purchase of goods for the markets of the Commonwealth, have decided that in future orders for the greater part of their requirements will be placed on "indent" with the manufacturers. The meaning of this is that goods will be selected from the samples which are sent out. The expense of the buying in England has increased considerably, and as the price of nearly every line is higher, it was felt that some cutting down of expenses had to be undertaken.'

This is an indication of some change in the methods of buying in Australia. Large houses had either their own establishments or commission agents in England, on the continent and in New York and did their buying through them, frequently refusing to purchase from travellers who visited Australia. There were firms always open to buy from representatives here, but many of the older firms gave them little welcome. Canadian travellers suffered as well as those of other countries in this respect. This change will be to their advantage.

NEW ZEALAND DEMAND FOR TIMBER.

Judging from inquiries and information to hand there is an increased demand for British Columbia timbers in New Zealand, but prices in the United States and

Canada seem to have fallen very much, and some recent shipments have been very far below the quotations of the agents of Canadian mills. One representative of British Columbia mills writes:—

‘I have had a large number of inquiries for timber and several good orders went forward by the last Vancouver mail. There is no doubt in my mind that this timber business is coming to stay as the New Zealand timbers are getting worked out and local millers are rather anxious to preserve the standing timber they have got, as they expect that a greater scarcity will bring much higher prices in the future, and, I think, they are quite right. In the far South, Oregon pine as yet has not had much chance, as there is a plentitude of white pine, which is considered equally good, but Wellington and Christchurch will buy largely in the future. I have given this business very much attention, but some of the millers are rather careless. To give you an idea, some time ago I telegraphed to Vancouver to quote for laths. I received no answer, and consequently this business did not come off. By mail I received the cool reply that the mill had not answered because at the time they were not prepared to ship a million lath. Now, just think of it, not deeming it necessary to answer by cable under such circumstances.’

I have frequently called attention to the importance of replying promptly to inquiries of this nature. If they are made by cable, a cable reply should be sent, even if business cannot be entertained at the moment. The failure to do so creates a feeling against a dilatory correspondence that would very much interfere with the prospects of business in the future.

NEW ZEALAND WEALTH.

The Australasian governments published statistical details of many matters that are not so dealt with in Canada, amongst which is the public and private wealth of the country. The Registrar General of New Zealand has just made calculations which lead him to state that the private wealth of New Zealand is £335 10s. per head. He reaches this conclusion by a study of the probate returns in five years' period. His report indicates an increase in the private wealth in ten years of £134,646,157, which shows an average increase of £97 per head. New Zealand is wealthier to-day than ever in its history. His statement for a series of years of the private wealth of the country is:—

PRIVATE WEALTH.

Year.	Amount.	Average per head.
1893..	£156,058,273	£232
1895..	152,918,021	219
1897..	183,781,780	252
1899..	217,587,481	288
1901..	229,587,916	291
1903..	256,402,400	308
1905..	258,710,000	293
1906	304,654,000	335

The value of public property inclusive of lessees' interest in lands and improvements, is shown to be:—

Crown lands	£18,918,000
Local authorities' lands	5,851,000
Educational lands	4,646,000
Church and other lands	3,392,000
Railways	24,092,000
Other public works	5,142,000
Total	£62,041,000

RAISINS.

Information to date reports the crop of lexias and sultanas to be only about one-third of what was anticipated. There will, therefore, be no quantity for export this year. A larger number of currant vines have come into bearing but there will be no currants to export. The export of these dried fruits from Australia will be periodic until the larger irrigation areas now in preparation will be productive, and this will be six years hence. In ten years Australia should have a fairly steady quantity of dried fruits for export to Canada.

J. S. LARKE.

BRISTOL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. W. A. MacKinnon.*)

BRISTOL, March 31, 1908.

CANADIAN PROVISION TRADE.

As a new season approaches it may be interesting to have the views of some leading importers in this district regarding the provision trade during the past twelve months. Taking it all round there has not been much complaint of deterioration as regards quality, the chief difficulty having been shortness and irregularity of supplies. Prices have been so high that importers state their profits have almost entirely disappeared.

BUTTER..

The most striking feature of the trade has been the recent scarcity in Canada, accentuated by a similar shortage in Australia, the falling off in exports to the United Kingdom having run into many thousands of packages. Though on the whole the quality has been well up to the mark there has been in some cases a complaint that this year's output was not so good as formerly. It is strongly urged that Canadian farmers ought to pay more attention to this article, and make strenuous efforts to retain their trade with Great Britain, and if possible to increase it. If supplies become irregular and unreliable it will be found that the dairy industry in Siberia and elsewhere will be so developed that there will be no further dependence upon Canadian butter for this market.

STORAGE AND PACKAGES.

Complaints have been made that butter has been held too long in cold storage in Canada, and it is suggested that it should always be shipped as soon as convenient after manufacturing, the date of manufacture being stamped on all packages by government officials. Efforts should be made to improve the boxes, so that they may compare more favourably with those from New Zealand and Australia in the matters of neatness, general appearance and durability.

UNIFORMITY.

It is urged that greater efforts should be put forth to secure uniformity of quality, flavour, colour and so on throughout the packages comprising shipments under the same mark.

CHEESE.

Though cheese shipments have not been quite so large, the decline in quantity was not so great as that of butter. Quality has not been quite up to the mark, some importers missing the mellow nutty flavour which is so much appreciated, but on the other hand there were no 'garlic tasting' lots such as were in evidence the previous summer. Apart from this the quality has been satisfactory, though there is a general complaint of cheese being shipped in too green a state; the loss of weight owing to shrinkage during transportation has to be borne by the importer, and at times this has been so great as to wipe out all profit.

DATE OF MANUFACTURE.

Here again the wish of the trade is, as formerly represented, that every cheese should be stamped with the date of making; the output to be subject to government inspection so as to ensure the correctness of such date stamps.

BACON.

During nearly the whole year very high prices were experienced, making it difficult to get a profit, and in the end inducing many buyers to take bacon from other countries; so much so that even when prices fell they did not stimulate anything like a brisk demand for the Canadian product. A satisfactory demand would, however, be created by a considerable period of low values.

IRREGULAR QUALITY.

Inquiry is made as to the cause of Canadian sides arriving during the summer months in a slimy state and stale in appearance. Another complaint is that some bacon is too fat for the general trade. Irregularity of supplies and the small quantity received have led to the question whether Canadians have seriously laid themselves out to get a fair share of this tremendous trade.

EGGS.

The complaint here again is that supplies have been quite inadequate. Some brands have earned for themselves a very high reputation in the market, while others are so irregular as to be unreliable.

COMPETITION IN NEW ZEALAND.

The head of an important firm comments upon the assumption made in certain quarters that because the production of cheese in New Zealand for some years showed little expansion, Canada need not regard that country as a serious competitor. It is pointed out that the output of cheese in New Zealand rose from 5,870 tons in 1906 to 8,579 tons in 1907, and there is good reason for expecting that this year's production will amount to 15,000 tons or more. This dealer recommends an increase in the production of both cheese and butter in Canada so that, after providing for a rapidly increasing population, there will still be a surplus for export, equal to the average of the years 1905 and 1906. He also suggests that by an arrangement between Canadian exporters and the New Zealand Dairy Association production might be regulated so as to avoid competition and secure reasonable prices in this market. He suggests that 'if New Zealand continues to increase its output of cheese, the bulk of which arrives here between January 1 and June 1, it would be much better for Canada to stop making spring fodder and October and November cheese, and turn out butter instead. The additional supplies of butter on British markets in October and November would realize good prices,' all of which is submitted for the consideration of those chiefly concerned.

GOVERNMENT INSPECTION.

It will not escape attention that the trade here recommended government inspection, government stamping of dates, and government supervision generally, as a remedy for most of the faults of which they complain, and it must be supposed that their confidence in this remedy arises partly from their experience of inspection under the Fruit Marks Act, and partly from the success of government supervision in New Zealand. This feeling has been strongly accentuated by the declaration of the South Australian Premier, who recently paid Bristol an official visit, to the effect that it is the aim of his government that no article should be exported which was not in every way creditable to South Australia.

APPLES.

Last month I pointed out (Weekly Report No. 216) that Canadian apples still hold a leading place in the markets in spite of the unusual complaints as to poor quality and irregular grading. It gives me great pleasure this month to report another satisfactory feature of the trade. A Bristolian wishing to get some apples which would be particularly good, ordered, on my advice, some boxes of Northern Spy, put up by the Mount Nemo Fruit Growers' Association, Mount Nemo, Ontario. The fruit turned out exactly as represented, with, I believe, not more than one or two damaged apples in each box. This is the sort of trade which can be extended almost without limit, just so long as everything is strictly as represented, the quality and packing being both maintained at the highest standard.

COLONIAL GRAPES.

Fruit growers might do well to consider the possibilities of placing certain varieties of grapes on this market. I recently sampled some from South Africa, the variety being that known as Moleno. The grape is a black one of ordinary size, though the average bunches were large. The quality was decidedly inferior to that of some of the Rogers (Black or Red) which are so popular in Canada. The undoubted advantage of the South African variety was the thickness of the skin, which enables it to be transported long distances without damage. The grapes are also very firmly attached and I did not see any cracked or broken loose.

THE PACKAGE.

This fruit was put up in ten-pound boxes of very light material, the bunches being very carefully packed in excelsior, which, however, was of the finest grade, and soft enough not to injure the fruit.

W. A. MacKINNON.

BARBADOS.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(*Mr. E. H. S. Flood.*)

BRIDGETOWN, March 26, 1908.

SUGAR.

Owing to the dry weather which has prevailed throughout the West Indies and British Guiana from October last to the present month, it is estimated that the sugar crop will fall short about fifteen per cent. In Barbados, where the rainfall has been the smallest for sixty years, it is now known that the crop will fall nearly 5,000 tons below last year's.

Advices from Demerara indicate that the shortage there as compared with last year will probably average fifteen per cent. In St. Kitts, the crop has been further reduced by the heavy gale which visited the island on the 8th of March, and which did considerable damage to standing cane. The damage to the young cane cannot yet be accurately estimated.

Reports from Trinidad show a large general crop and a prosperous year, but a shortage in sugar due to unfavourable weather conditions since the 1st of January. The drought was accompanied with considerable heat, which dried up the cane. Shipments up to March 1 are heavier than last year, which, however, was below the average of other years to that time, but are over 30,000 bags less than in 1906. Antigua suffered somewhat from the gale in March, but it appears that the crops are but little damaged by it, and that the sugar crop will be up to the average.

Jamaica exports also show a decrease of about ten per cent.

The Cuban supply, which controls prices on this continent, is also estimated to be from 275,000 tons to 300,000 below last year's.

In view of the general shortage in sugar, prices have advanced locally. Barbados sugar, which averaged last year \$1.69 per 100 pounds, is now quoted at \$2, and the market is strong. An equal advance is reported for Demerara crystals.

MOLASSES.

Barbados now supplies Canada with three-fifths of the molasses imported from the West Indies, and if the vacuum pan molasses is eliminated the ratio approximated to three-fourths. The shortage in the sugar crop here, will react on the molasses crop, but the exact extent is not yet accurately estimated.

E. H. S. FLOOD.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. E. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,
MANCHESTER, ENG., April 2, 1907.

STOCK OF PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

ESTIMATE of the Stock of Provisions, &c., in the Port of Liverpool on the 31st March, 1908, together with the figures at the corresponding date last year, and also of last month.

	March 31, 1908.	Feb. 29, 1908.	March 31, 1907.
Bacon, boxes	17,298	15,569	22,648
Hams, boxes	6,599	5,674	5,882
Shoulders, boxes	4,344	1,005	3,268
Butter, cwt.	2,315	2,049	4,455
Cheese (full shapes), boxes	56,085	62,203	57,119
Cheese (65 pounds and under), boxes	1,715	1,320	4,468
Lard (prime steam western), tierces	7,262	4,362	2,789
Lard (imported pure refined lard), in tierces, firkins or other packages, tons	1,227	848	1,345
Lardine and compound, tons	39	108	74

SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK.

REPORT OF COMMERCIAL AGENT.

(Mr. C. E. Sontum.)

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, GAÜBERGD No. 4, April 1, 1908.

THE GRAIN IMPORT OF DENMARK.

The total weight of the surplus import of corn in 1906 and 1905 amounted respectively to 1,670 and 1,293 million pounds, and the corresponding values to 21·4 and 17 million dollars. This gives a rise in quantity of about 30 per cent and in value a rise of about 25 per cent. The difference between these two percentages is derived partly from the rise falling upon grain for fodder, which is cheaper than the import of grain for bread, partly from the decline in the prices for the two most important of the imported cereals, namely, corn and wheat; for the other cereals there was paid in on an average during that year somewhat more than in 1905. The increase of quantity next after corn (the rise in the import of which amounted to 405 million pounds) was particularly large in the import of wheat. Of oil-cakes, bran, and likewise oats, the quantity imported may be said to have been stagnant. Of rye, if unground rye is taken under one heading, there was a decline in the surplus import of 15 million pounds, and of barley a decline in import of about 80 million pounds.

THE SCANDINAVIAN WOOD-PULP MARKET.

Opinions seem to be divided among the makers of mechanical pulp as to the actual state of the market for the immediate future. While some of them say, that the price is going down, others hold that the market has recently become firmer. Anyhow, few sales have been reported the last week or so in Norway, while Swedish West Coast makers have made quite a number of good sales.

The present apparent deadlock is mainly due to the necessity of adjusting the late very high prompt prices to a reasonable value for the current year. The consumption is very great, and the opinion of buyers as to the situation is best shown by the fact that a great percentage of the output of 1909 and 1910 has already been sold.

Cellulose.—The bulk of the production of the new Swedish mills is in ordinary strong sulphite; for this quality there is reported a rather heavy fall, but the value of easy bleaching and special qualities of strong has only to a very moderate extent been affected by this fall.

THE LABOUR MARKET OF NORWAY IN 1906 AND 1907.

The improvement of the labour market of Norway which commenced in 1905, and which was particularly noticed during the latter part of 1906, also continued during 1907. This is best shown by the reports from the Christiania Employment Office, an official institution, where the proportion of the number of labour-seeking men and vacancies has bettered itself considerably during the last two years. The estimated surplus of idle hands in Christiania was thus at the close of the years 1905, 1906 and 1907: 2,809, 1,393 and 868 respectively. In the cities of Bergen and Stavanger on the west coast of Norway with their extensive fish canning factories, there were among the organized canners 10·3 per cent idle hands at the close of 1907 against 20·7 per cent in 1906. At the different factories of Norway, that are subject to inspection and statistics, there was on December 31, 1906, employed 91,425 hands as compared with 86,524 at the same time in 1905.

IMPORT OF CERTAIN ARTICLES TO SWEDEN IN 1907.

The following is a preliminary statement of the import to Sweden in 1907 of certain articles of interest to Canadian exporters, and embraces only such goods that have passed the custom-house weights, and not goods in store at the free ports.

	Tons.
Pork, all kinds.	670
Grass and clover seeds.	439
Flaxseed.	674
Yarns, woollen, all kinds.	161
" cotton.	107
Hides and skins unprepared, all kinds.	812
" sole leather, etc.	89
" other kinds.	91
Furs, prepared, loose, all kinds.	4.5
Hops.	22.7
Bran, all kinds, for cattle food.	9,792
Canned goods, all kinds.	36.8
Meat, all kinds.	209
Machinery, tools, etc., not including steam engines or sewing machines.	Value, 41.4 million dollars.
Oleomargarine.	52
Oil cases.	12,445
Cheese, all kinds.	37.7
Paper, all kinds.	192
Oats, whole, unground.	4,064
Wheat, whole, unground.	19,113
Wheat flour.	1,131
Sewing and knitting machines.	Value : \$21,600
Tallow.	513

C. E. SONTUM.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. D. Arnaud.)

GAZETTE BUILDING, ST. JOHN'S, April 8, 1908.

FISH DRIER.

Through the courtesy of Hon. John Harvey I have been afforded an opportunity to inspect a new style of fish drying apparatus that has recently been erected on the premises of Messrs. Harvey & Co., of this city, and is now, I understand, patented by Mr. John Clouston, of St. John's, who constructed the drier under Mr. Harvey's directions.

In conversation with Mr. Harvey he explained that while the initial cost of his plant was very much less than one of similar capacity operated by means of hot water, the consumption of fuel was by actual test from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ less, and the result in the making of the fish was more satisfactory than by other methods. A brief description of Mr. Harvey's plant will probably be of interest to fish dealers in Canada, especially the Maritime Provinces and British Columbia, and may induce them to inquire into its merits. It may be roughly described as an oblong structure of close fitting boards into which dry heated air is forced by means of an electrically driven fan through horizontal metal perforated piping between which the fish are spread on wire trays, the air after passing over which is conducted back through wood air-ducts to the furnace to be used over again. Ventilation is had by metal air-ducts opening close to the floor of the drier, and leading up through the roof which removes any moisture evaporated from the fish. This drier is designed to spread 70 quintal of small or 90 quintal of large fish, and the furnace consumes one ton of hard coal a week. Mr. Harvey informed me that it has been in operation since December last, and has given very satisfactory results.

SEALING VOYAGE.

The first of the sealing steamers to return to port, the *Adventure*, arrived here yesterday with 27,000 seals, and reports an estimated catch for the whole of the fleet of 139,600 seals, which is about 100,000 below the average. She reports also the loss of the steamers *Walrus* and *Panther*, wrecked in the ice, and damage more or less severe to several other vessels owing to violent storms that were encountered while in the ice.

E. A. ARNAUD.

MANCHESTER.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. MacNamara.)

CANADA CHAMBERS, 36 SPRING GARDENS,

MANCHESTER, ENG., April 15, 1908.

EFFECT OF RECENT PATENT ACT.

The press of Great Britain, irrespective of politics, are congratulating the government on the beneficial results of the clause in the Patent Act, which took effect on the first of January, 1906, and which provides that 'at any time not less than four years after the date of a patent, and not less than one year after the passing of this Act, any person may apply to the Comptroller for the revocation of the patent on the ground that that patented article or process is manufactured or carried on exclusively or mainly outside the United Kingdom.' It is said that agitation to effect this result has been kept up for the past twenty years, and that the present relief though tardy, is heartily welcome, and is destined to prove of great advantage by the erection of works in the Kingdom and the employment of British labour. Already a great German chemical firm has purchased 24 acres of land at Port Sunlight for the purpose of manufacturing their specialties hitherto made in Germany and sent into England. One of the largest American boot and shoe manufacturers has commenced building extensive works at Leicester, and when completed will employ hundreds of artisans. It is said further, that a number of foreign holders of British patents are making inquiries for and investigating, the best possible locations for the manufacture in England of the patented article.

PATENTS GRANTED IN ENGLAND.

It is stated that England grants several thousand patents yearly to foreigners. If only 10 per cent of these are of real value, the Act means that hundreds of foreign patentees must yearly establish works in England, or grant licenses to British manufacturers. Under the old Act a monopoly was given in England for only 14 years. It was assumed that after the lapse of that period the patent became public property. What actually happened was, that the foreigner secured a perpetual monopoly in his own country, and shipped his productions to England because there was no machinery suitable for taking it up, and no men trained for the special purpose. The leaders of commercial activity in Great Britain are looking forward hopefully to the great results to be achieved by this new Act.

STAGNANT CHEESE MARKET IN ENGLAND.

The following report is furnished by one of the most important firms in the trade:—'The cheese market for the past few weeks has been very disappointing to holders on this side, trade having remained in an almost stagnant condition since the beginning of the year, and so holders of September cheese, bought some time ago, would like very much to be able to see some of their money back again. This is more than anything the result of the New Zealand influx. This colony has shipped a good

quantity into London, and it is finding its way all over the United Kingdom. But for this district it does not take so well as it is rather too stiff and does not show enough "meat" to suit the Manchester district. If, however, the New Zealand makers catered for this market by making the class of goods saleable here, there is no doubt it would have a very serious effect upon the Canadians, coming as they do at a time when Canadians have ceased being made. Importers will, therefore, have to take this new competition for the British markets into serious consideration, if the shipments continue in anything like the quantity they have been doing during the past season.'

Reports from Canada state that the season there is backward, and while full prices are being asked for fodder cheese, they are absolutely of no use at the time of writing. Prices will have to show a material reduction if the trade is to be any good to anybody. Prices are at a very awkward level indeed, and with many in the trade selling at 7d. retail, there is very little profit left for the grocer.

SHIP BUILDING DECLINING.

According to 'Lloyd's Register,' excluding warships, there were 415 vessels of 487,501 tons gross under construction at the close of the first quarter of this year. Of those, 357 were steel steam vessels, with a gross tonnage of 839,446. The tonnage now under construction is 101,000 less than that which was in hand at the end of last quarter, and 459,000 tons less than that building 12 months ago. No such decrease in the shipbuilding industry during a period of twelve months has occurred since September, 1884, when the reduction in tonnage as compared with September, 1883, amounted to over 469,000 tons.

The latest returns at Lloyd's regarding foreign shipbuilding show that Germany is constructing 53 vessels, the United States 49, Norway 37, Holland 36, France 24, and Austria-Hungary 14, whilst various other countries have smaller orders on hand.

DECREASE IN EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The Board of Trade returns for March recently issued show a decline, amounting to £9,500,000. The imports totalled £52,115,259, a decrease of £5,625,662 as compared with March, 1907. The total exports amounted to £38,858,679, a decrease of £3,974,615, as compared with same month last year.

P. B. MACNAMARA.

BARBADOS.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. E. H. S. Flood.)

BRIDGETOWN, April 13, 1908.

BOOT AND SHOE TRADE.

Careful inquiry among the leading houses in the boot and shoe trade here, as to the smallness of the stock of Canadian shoes to be found on their shelves, reveal some facts that are worthy of attention by our manufacturers. Owing to the heat of the climate in the West Indies, boots and shoes of light weight are more comfortable to wear and find readiest sale. The English and United States makes, which are shown in the stores, are of quite light weight and material. Tan leather and white canvas divide equally with black vici the demand in men's shoes. White kid is much worn by the ladies, and at certain times of the year, tan calf and vici.

SUGGESTION TO BOOT MANUFACTURERS.

Canadian manufacturers have neglected this market altogether, judging from the showing. They do not seem to have studied the requirements of the climate nor the styles in vogue. Their travellers have not come often enough to learn what is wanted, nor have they remained long enough when here, to familiarize themselves with local conditions. It is said by the dealers that Canadian samples of shoes are too heavy, and their patterns unlike the English and United States patterns which the customers are accustomed to see and consider desirable. English houses send out, together with their own line, samples of Austrian shoes, and are getting the greater part of the trade. The Australian light make shoes shown here are very stylish and are much liked.

BARBADOS TRADE RETURNS.

That the trade is large enough in volume to justify more attention being given to it, may be gathered from last year's returns taken from the Barbados blue book:

IMPORTS OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

Into Barbados—1906-7.

United Kingdom.. . . .	£ 7,303	3	3
United States.. . . .	4,406	0	2
Canada.. . . .	236	15	3

The returns from Trinidad and British Guiana also show how small a hold Canadian manufacturers have on these markets, and the possibility there is for largely increased business:—

Into Trinidad—1906-7.

United Kingdom.. . . .	\$77,204	05
United States.. . . .	19,716	
Canada.. . . .	632	

Into British Guiana—1906-7.

United Kingdom.. . . .	£77,204	05
United States.. . . .	33,833	97
Canada.. . . .	342	60

OPPORTUNITY FOR CANADIAN TRAVELLERS.

I have pointed out in my recent reports how desirable it would be to have more frequent visits of representatives with samples of goods from Canada, and how favourably these representatives would be received. In no line would there be a better opportunity of creating business than in the boot and shoe trade. If systematically followed up, good results would be certain.

RETAIL TRADE IN BARBADOS.

In Barbados, the retail shoe trade is not specialized as it is in our Canadian and American cities. All business is done much in the same way as in our out-of-town stores, though in some cases, on a larger scale. Each firm carries in stock 'a little of everything,' so that boots and shoes are likely to be found in every shop. Owing to the limited range shown by the few English and United States travellers who are getting the business, there is only a small variety to be found, and the same patterns are repeated in every stock. Barbados could support two retail boot and shoe stores. An excellent opening is offered for Canadian firms to establish branches here which, if properly managed, would command a large share of the retail shoe trade.

The imports of boots and shoes into Barbados last year amounted to nearly \$60,000, which is not as great as in some of the other colonies, due partly to the number of small shops doing custom work. These conditions would change, were the retail trade to be introduced and conducted as it is in our cities.

E. H. S. FLOOD.

LEEDS AND HULL.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. J. B. Jackson.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE AGENCY,
EAST PARADE, LEEDS, ENG., April 15, 1908.

FALLING OFF IN ORGAN TRADE.

It is a matter of some surprise to dealers in this district to find how the organ as a musical instrument, has been waning in popularity during the past five or six years. Indeed, it is declared that there are scarcely two-thirds of the organs sold to-day that were sold six years ago, and this would appear to be somewhat borne out by the exports of these instruments from Canada to Great Britain which, during the past five years, have been as follows:—

Year.	Number.	Value.
1903.	4,824	\$269,733
1904.	3,612	200,888
1905.	3,206	174,895
1906.	2,858	157,704
1907 (nine months).	2,648	141,165

At the same time, however, it is very gratifying to know that the Canadian 'makes' fully uphold their reputation in the trade that remains, so much so, in fact, that the sales of Canadian-made organs are said to much exceed on an average, the instruments sold of home and foreign manufacture.

CHEAPER PIANOS THE CAUSE.

It must, of course, be remembered that the above only represents the condition of the trade in Yorkshire, because the organ will meet with a varied appreciation as a musical instrument in different parts of the country according to the character of the people. An almost general opinion is expressed by the dealers here, however, that the cheap piano has a good deal to do with the decline of the organ. Indeed, it is peculiar to relate that the only people who still show a decided appreciation for the organ are to be found in the colliery and mining districts. Then again, seeing that a cheap piano can now be purchased at as low a price as twelve guineas, the working classes, who previously went in for an organ, are now showing a preference for the cheap piano, as they are inclined to look upon it as being more 'up-to-date.'

CHEAPER ORGANS A REMEDY.

As before mentioned, Canadian—or as they are called here 'American' organs—still enjoy the largest sale in the present trade, as English 'makes,' in the opinion of the dealers, are too expensive to appeal to the working classes in comparison with the increasingly popular cheap piano. Opinions which have been given, however, show that if the trade is to be revived to its former level a new spirit must be infused into it. As it has already been shown, the majority of organs disposed of at the present time are sold to the working classes, and to counteract the increasing popularity of the cheap piano among this class, it is suggested that a cheaper-priced organ would perhaps meet with a better reception than the average ten-guinea instrument. In this connection, it is said that as a considerable part of the trade done in pianos is on the credit system, it would be much easier after the buyer has paid off the account on this instrument, to induce him to go in for a cheap seven or eight guinea organ on the same system. The success of a particular 'make' too, rests entirely with the manufacturer in getting a name for it amongst the public, as there are few other trades so dependent upon personal recommendation as this one. Once a buyer is recommended to go in for a certain 'make' and becomes impressed with the idea that it is the best, rightly or wrongly, it is seldom that he will be put off with any other.

EXPENSIVE ORGAN TRADE FLOURISHING.

There is, however, a very good trade being done in the more expensive styles of organs, suited for the music room of the larger houses. These must be fully up to date, and the general appearance must be neat, attractive and in keeping with the English ideas of furnishing in such homes. I am pleased to see that some of the Canadian firms fully appreciate this demand and are sending here just the class of organ required to meet this demand.

OPENING FOR CANADIAN-MADE PIANOS.

Inquiries made in well-informed circles show that openings in this country for Canadian-made pianos do occur, but for this trade to be successful, the demand must be catered to in every minute detail. Manufacturers in Germany, who now send across a large number of these instruments every year, have realized this to the full, and to this is to be attributed their success in the trade. In the first case, the popular demand is for a small-sized case of about 4 feet 2 inches or 4 feet 3 inches high, and the general appearance as regards build and ornamentation must conform strictly to English ideas. German manufacturers are sending across an instrument exactly in accordance with these requirements—an instrument, which, it is said, would, from its appearance, be little appreciated in the country of its manufacture. The piano to suit the demand of the working classes in this district, must, for its first consideration, be cheap, and secondly, of an appearance calculated to appeal to the popular taste. Indeed, the latter is looked upon by some dealers to be of more importance for this class of trade than the tone of the instrument itself.

IMPORTATION OF OIL CAKES.

It should interest Canadian manufacturers of oil cakes to know, that notwithstanding that Hull is looked upon as the chief producing centre of cattle-feeding cakes in this country, still, at the same time, every year witnesses a large importation of foreign-made oil cakes, the average amount for the past six years being 25,788 tons per annum.

There appears to be no reason why Canada should not enjoy a larger share of this trade. The difficulty centres round the fact that the consuming season ranges from October until March whilst the cattle are indoors, during which period, direct steamers from Canadian ports to Hull are not so frequent as at other times of the year. At the same time, however, the demand all through the year is entirely dependent upon the position of the market here, and there is no reason to doubt but that opportunities will occur in the future to introduce Canadian productions.

CANADIAN SHIPMENTS PRACTICABLE.

Buyers in many parts of the country look to Hull for supplies of these cakes and it is simply a question of Canadian manufacturers delivering their goods at a price which will compete favourably with the shipments from other sources to enable them to obtain a foothold in the trade. In this connection it may be practicable to send freights to Hull in the winter season via United States ports, by which route consignments of Canadian products do occasionally arrive. Whenever possible, however, advantage should be taken of the 'Leyland' and 'Thomson' steamers—two lines running direct from Montreal to Hull and other ports on the northeast coast of England.

It is also worthy of mention that a variety of ingredients are used in Hull for the making of cattle-feeding cakes which Canada can well supply, such as bran, sharps, middlings, low-class flour, husk wheat screenings, all of which, however, should be delivered at a price which will enable them to be advantageously used by manufacturers in this trade.

CANADIAN CANNED FRUIT AGENCIES.

Some influential firms of produce distributors in this district have recently put themselves into communication with this office with a view to securing the buying or selling agency of Canadian firms exporting canned fruit. What is principally required in this line is canned apples put up in tins holding one gallon, but, at the same time, it may be said that almost any kind of canned fruit could, with little difficulty, secure a ready sale in supplying the demands of the restaurants and other trades.

GERMAN DEMAND FOR CANADIAN HONEY.

There appears to be no reason why Canadian honey should not enjoy a larger sale on the British market than it does at the present time. From such countries as Jamaica and Australia, considerable quantities of this product arrive; in fact, only recently a large consignment of 444 barrels weighing close upon 40 tons was imported into this district from Chili. The largest honey buyers in this country are undoubtedly those firms engaged in the manufacture of patent medicines, sweetmeats and confectionery goods. At the same time, however, it should also be of interest to those dealers in Canada who may be inclined to open up the trade to know that large quantities of honey are used in the lager beer industry in Germany. Indeed, manufacturers in that country are said to be keen competitors with local buyers for the supplies that reach English ports. When imported in anything like large quantities, this commodity is generally sent in barrels holding from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 cwt. Canadian exporters, however, would do well to remember that as there are so many sources of supply, it is necessary to always forward samples when submitting prices to English buyers.

AGENCIES FOR CANADIAN GOODS.

As a result of the interest which is now being manifested in this district in all things appertaining to Canada and Canadian progress, many local merchants and commission agents have put themselves into communication with this office with a view to securing agencies for the sale of Canadian produce and manufactures. Quite a variety of goods are represented by these applications. Some firms, for instance, who deal in engineering supplies, have expressed a desire to handle Canadian-made hand-pumps, wood-working machinery, foundry equipment and other tools and appliances of a miscellaneous character. Then again, inquiries have also been made for the agency for flour, canned goods and produce in general; also for domestic specialties (chiefly hardware) and other goods of a marketable nature made in the Dominion. To those Canadian firms desirous of opening up trade with this thickly-populated district, these applications could be put to advantage as a medium for introducing their goods.

SAMPLES NECESSARY TO TRADE.

It would appear that some exporters in Canada have not yet thoroughly appreciated the importance of sending samples of their wares to prospective buyers on this side before they can successfully establish trade relations with them. Instances could be given where some shippers have been working under the impression that trade can at once be opened up simply by quoting f.o.b. or c.i.f. prices for shipments, anticipating that the importer would reply with instructions to have the goods sent forward. Seldom is it the case, however, that an importer will trouble to reply to correspondence without a sample from which he can be enabled to form an opinion as to the value of the goods offered.

It must also be remembered that competition with other sources of supply is becoming keener every month, especially with those countries which have the advantage of close proximity and frequent steamship sailings to English ports. This fact is appreciated to its full value by foreign shippers and if Canadian exporters are to hold their own in the increasingly keen competition the importance of the sample no less than that of the price of the goods will at once be realized as an indispensable precedent to business.

JNO. B. JACKSON.

BIRMINGHAM.

REPORT OF TRADE COMMISSIONER.

(Mr. P. B. Ball.)

39 AND 40 CENTRAL HOUSE, CHRISTCHURCH BUILDINGS,
BIRMINGHAM, ENG., April 6, 1908.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND OF ALUMINIUM.

In view of the many inquiries received at this office from Canada with regard to aluminium I have collected the following facts for publication.

The following table gives the figures for production and price of aluminium for the period of 1897-1907. The prices are the average of those quoted by the British Aluminium Company for 98-99 per cent ingot metal in one-ton lots.

Year.	Estimated Production in Tons.	Price.
1897..	3,327	£155
1898..	3,953	148 Average
1899..	5,459	
1900..	7,192	
1901..	7,420	
1902..	7,750	120 Average
1903..	8,102	
1904..	8,550	
1905..	9,000	
1906..	12,000	200
1907..	19,000	167

As regards demand, the high prices quoted for aluminium and its alloys during the first half of 1907 undoubtedly curtailed its use, while the depressed condition of the motor-car industry further reduced the consumption of this metal. The price reductions which have been announced since July, 1907, have, however, opened up new outlets for aluminium and some of its alloys, and the year closed with a satisfactory and increased demand, especially for electrical purposes. The older works are, it is believed, still producing the metal to the full limit of their capacity.

MANUFACTURES AND OUTPUTS.

The British Aluminium Company has works operating at Foyers, Kinlochleven and Stangford, Norway, while others are in course of erection at Loch Leven and Orsieres, Switzerland. The share capital of the company was increased from £700,000 to £1,300,000 in February, 1907, in order to provide further funds for the large water power development schemes now in hand. The estimated output of aluminium by this company in 1907 was 1,500 tons. This total will be largely increased in 1908, owing to the operation of the new works at Stangford and Kinlochleven. The Aluminum Industrie Aktien-Gesellschaft has three works in operation at Neuhausen, Rheinfelden and Lend Gastein. It has also works in course of construction at Navigense, Switzerland. It is the oldest of the European companies manufacturing aluminium. The estimated output of aluminium by this company in 1907 was 4,500 tons.

AMERICAN ALUMINIUM PLANTS.

The Pittsburg Reduction Company has works in operation at Niagara Falls and Shawenegan Falls, and also at Massena. The name of this company was changed in 1907 to the Aluminium Company of America, and its output in 1907 was 8,000 tons.

Other companies are the Societe Electrometallurgique Francaise, and they have works at Froges, La Praz and St. Michel, and the Campagnie des Produits Chimiques d'Alais et de la Carmargue. The estimated output of aluminium by these works in 1907 was 5,000 tons. A new company is the Aluminium Corporation which has two works in progress at Wallsend-on-Tyne and Dolgarrog, North Wales. The company was floated last year with a capital of £500,000. Another flotation of last year is the Anglo-Norwegian Aluminium Company with works in progress at Vigeland Falls, Norway, and a capital of £110,000. In addition to the works already named, a company with headquarters in Rome, is promoting the manufacture of aluminium in Italy, and works situated near Bussi, in the valley of Pescara, are believed to be now in operation. No details of the capital or output of this company are available.

NO REDUCTION IN COST OF MANUFACTURE.

It is evident that under the new conditions obtaining in the industry, namely, lapsed patents and unrestricted competition, a large output may be anticipated. It has been estimated by competent authorities that aluminium can be manufactured by the electrolytic method now in general use at a cost of $10\frac{1}{2}$ d. or 21 cents per lb., and therefore a small margin of profit exists even at the present low selling prices of the metal and its alloys. No marked reduction, it is said, in the cost of manufacture is likely to occur, until some cheaper material than refined alumina is used in the electrolytic baths.

P. B. BALL.

GENERAL COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

IMPORTS OF PRINCIPAL FOODSTUFFS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs, Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of March and the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)

BUTTER.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF MARCH.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....	81,105	95,530	75,106	489,439	610,584	492,018
New Zealand.....	62,590	47,024	59,916	283,764	314,482	302,436
Canada.....	787		324	295,233	186,480	35,465
Totals.....	144,482	142,554	135,346	1,068,436	1,111,546	829,919
Foreign Countries—						
Denmark.....	143,349	152,652	156,122	1,633,576	1,693,244	1,812,909
France.....	20,725	11,144	14,974	346,000	294,857	300,440
Germany.....	8	245	83	3,869	7,039	6,712
Holland.....	10,981	7,864	9,441	204,152	182,810	172,695
Russia.....	33,496	26,955	29,534	484,023	612,184	655,741
Sweden.....	15,521	22,164	22,911	183,125	203,039	222,534
United States.....	14,301		3,746	154,880	85,275	16,653
Other countries.....	16,234	15,145	14,609	164,856	142,117	110,549
Totals.....	254,615	236,169	251,420	3,179,481	3,220,565	3,298,233
Grand totals.....	399,097	378,723	386,766	4,247,917	4,332,111	4,128,152

CHEESE.

British Colonies—						
British Australasia—						
Australia.....		43			43	3,784
New Zealand.....	22,062	28,466	71,784	94,031	145,411	274,192
Canada.....	61,679	45,488	45,129	1,842,762	1,896,534	1,654,763
Totals.....	83,741	73,997	116,913	1,936,793	2,041,988	1,932,739
Foreign Countries—						
France.....	4,540	3,852	3,728	44,387	43,411	47,472
Holland.....	17,358	18,152	21,787	221,340	228,037	254,367
United States.....	22,043	18,018	9,095	163,501	238,295	93,849
Other countries.....	8,793	5,967	4,805	75,908	76,731	73,206
Totals.....	52,739	45,989	39,415	505,136	586,474	468,894
Grand totals.....	136,480	119,986	156,328	2,441,929	2,628,462	2,401,633

QUANTITIES of Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Fish and Eggs Imported into Great Britain during the *months* of March and the *twelve months* ending March, 1906, 1907 and 1908. (*From British Returns.*)—*Concluded.*

BACON.

COUNTRIES.	MONTH OF MARCH.			TWELVE MONTHS ENDING MARCH.		
	1906.	1907.	1908.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Canada.....	82,234	68,588	75,210	1,285,710	1,143,309	1,192,572
Denmark.....	120,035	149,872	167,114	1,445,779	1,513,409	1,892,942
United States.....	305,708	266,125	340,469	2,778,301	2,646,092	2,377,164
Other countries.....	5,079	7,247	3,992	73,587	119,623	82,195
Totals.....	513,056	491,832	586,785	5,583,377	5,422,433	5,544,873

HAMS.

Canada.....	8,552	6,817	18,535	302,488	246,052	317,338
United States.....	89,363	67,549	102,908	1,043,665	984,507	859,402
Other countries.....	253	219	123	3,385	2,641	3,701
Totals.....	98,168	74,585	121,566	1,349,538	1,233,200	1,180,441

FISH, CURED OR SALTED.

Canada.....	51,455	27,555	23,835	265,912	208,453	188,046
Newfoundland.....	37	.....	10	8,393	8,784	3,116
France.....	1,913	1,546	286	37,791	26,850	9,751
Norway.....	15,019	10,098	6,400	190,884	168,433	158,624
Portugal.....	5,848	6,723	9,449	120,372	114,116	135,294
United States.....	12,793	17,842	1,701	229,631	212,957	52,720
Other countries.....	28,946	15,220	21,298	427,594	443,451	341,443
Totals.....	116,011	78,984	62,979	1,280,577	1,183,044	888,994

EGGS.

	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	* Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.	Gt. Hd.
Canada.....	.....	.....	.....	244,702	235,391	115,257
Belgium.....	398,073	397,180	302,298	2,394,350	2,225,108	2,247,681
Denmark.....	231,410	235,674	350,090	3,834,709	3,905,699	3,893,222
France.....	174,610	193,322	146,742	1,473,389	1,446,561	1,274,590
Germany.....	470,154	415,154	272,242	2,510,012	2,419,483	2,632,493
Russia.....	6,624	3,696	9,684	7,618,691	7,184,724	7,368,023
Other countries.....	178,742	178,895	175,564	1,083,714	1,101,520	1,344,287
Totals.....	1,459,613	1,423,921	1,256,620	19,159,567	18,518,486	18,875,553

EMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT showing the Number and Nationalities of Passengers that left Great Britain for British North America, during the *months* and *twelve months* ended March 31, 1898 to 1908.

MONTH OF MARCH, 1898 TO 1908.

Years.	English.	Welsh.	Scotch.	Irish.	British Colonial.	Total of British Origin.	Foreigners.	Nationality not dis- tinguished.	Total Emigrants.
1898.....		1,389	120	66	.....	1,575	797	1	2,373
1899.....		1,345	149	102	.....	1,596	1,168	4	2,768
1900.....		1,342	77	25	.....	1,444	2,381	19	3,844
1901.....		332	103	16	.....	451	3,211	.....	3,662
1902.....		1,804	331	135	.....	2,270	3,029	1	5,300
1903.....		7,448	1,240	239	.....	8,927	3,936	1	12,864
1904.....		7,172	1,489	261	.....	8,922	3,402	4	12,328
1905.....		7,974	1,743	371	.....	10,088	2,280	.....	12,368
1906.....		11,089	3,316	403	.....	14,808	1,667	9	16,484
1907.....		12,279	5,138	798	.....	18,215	2,484	.....	20,699
1908.....	7,605	223	1,753	478	252	10,311	1,375	.....	11,686

TWELVE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1898 TO 1908.

1898.....		14,150	1,240	886	.....	16,276	7,140	78	23,494
1899.....		14,992	1,733	938	.....	17,663	10,698	26	28,387
1900.....		13,529	1,607	784	.....	15,920	19,030	138	35,088
1901.....		14,835	1,752	939	.....	17,526	33,189	83	50,798
1902.....		14,513	2,491	1,530	.....	18,534	26,539	113	45,186
1903.....		28,169	4,918	1,735	.....	34,822	43,875	119	78,816
1904.....		48,431	10,580	2,537	.....	61,548	35,434	281	97,263
1905.....		56,604	13,014	3,095	.....	72,713	20,422	76	93,211
1906.....		68,382	16,162	3,418	.....	87,962	25,312	51	113,325
1907.....		91,481	25,642	5,090	.....	122,213	28,261	7	150,481
1908.....	102,158	375	28,556	6,956	442	138,487	32,067	.....	170,554

TRADE OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 1.—STATEMENT showing the Trade and Shipping of British India during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907, inclusive.

NOTE.—Rx. = 10 rupees, Rupee = 32 4. cts.

Years ended March 31.	TRADE.					SHIPPING.		
	Imports.		Exports.			Totals.	British.	Foreign.
	Mdse.	Treasure.	Indian Mdse.	Foreign Mdse.					Treasure.
		Rx.		Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Tons.
1895-6.....	69,316,395	13,358,985	109,545,624	4,717,516	4,232,301	201,170,821	7,027,569	1,199,013
1896-7.....	71,793,829	13,075,353	99,880,600	4,033,637	4,925,890	193,709,369	6,571,055	1,127,539
1897-8.....	69,266,662	20,476,287	93,786,101	3,751,172	7,134,169	194,414,391	6,617,171	1,167,459
1898-9.....	68,380,341	17,883,957	109,350,277	3,371,197	7,408,181	206,393,953	7,788,212	1,327,434
1899-1900.....	70,711,864	20,958,513	105,683,696	3,292,491	7,950,040	208,596,604	7,270,660	1,356,826
1900-1.....	76,277,885	16,463,608	104,160,498	3,208,531	7,474,455	207,584,977	6,803,225	1,466,205
1901-2.....	81,518,979	19,648,379	121,205,063	3,259,816	8,462,566	234,094,803	7,882,922	1,742,395
1902-3.....	78,787,908	25,255,727	125,879,702	2,935,663	8,810,011	241,669,011	8,988,421	1,938,139
1903-4.....	84,823,293	31,943,262	149,633,396	3,326,186	8,047,173	277,773,310	10,248,697	2,310,563
1904-5.....	96,678,288	33,027,530	154,141,272	3,373,073	8,088,566	295,308,729	11,741,533	2,139,803
1905-6.....	103,084,071	20,921,289	158,189,223	3,528,810	6,449,757	292,173,150	10,333,636	2,264,685
1906-7.....	108,307,582	27,200,986	173,082,374	3,484,039	5,713,037	317,787,988	11,203,097	2,572,339

No. 2.—STATEMENT showing, by Principal Countries, the Imports (mdse) into British India, during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907, inclusive.

IMPORTS FROM BRITISH EMPIRE.

Years ended March 31.	Great Britain.	Aden.	AUSTRALASIA.		British East Africa.	British South Africa.	Canada.	Ceylon.	Hong Kong.	Mauritius.	Straits Settlements.	Other British.
	Rx.	Rx.	Australia.	New Zealand.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	47,161,484	125,999	233,543	.....	.....	7,581	366	541,770	1,717,206	1,721,339	2,075,220	.....
1896-7.....	50,296,624	136,826	452,676	.....	.....	9,717	403	682,644	1,420,444	1,807,631	2,842,122	.....
1897-8.....	46,454,866	153,170	324,430	.....	.....	8,224	1,075	1,771,142	1,291,853	1,683,971	2,409,828	.....
1898-9.....	47,032,170	115,349	325,703	.....	.....	5,285	.....	702,003	1,150,876	1,959,343	2,006,210	.....
1899-1900.....	148,588	.....	436,206	.....	.....	27,165	.....	614,610	1,101,794	1,647,946	2,358,572	10,985
1900-1.....	48,675,971	166,133	777,849	.....	.....	4,349	.....	1,601,326	1,601,326	2,419,542	2,316,952	14,201
1901-2.....	52,556,264	244,962	692,823	.....	.....	5,313	21,802	906,222	1,089,028	1,901,055	2,350,196	5,930
1902-3.....	52,282,648	236,250	476,195	5,706	230,839	7,346	.....	711,750	1,503,827	2,000,760	2,324,383	18,039
1903-4.....	55,059,031	227,611	613,493	1,193	225,211	11,615	13,331	704,477	1,324,249	1,601,868	2,458,352	17,589
1904-5.....	63,032,926	273,868	802,402	5,997	245,032	41,869	637	622,801	1,233,480	1,958,064	3,028,543	14,588
1905-6.....	68,738,807	321,939	910,309	11,795	260,260	9,266	17	670,952	1,010,600	2,078,704	2,551,746	17,018
1906-7.....	72,297,967	249,477	701,440	8,261	211,560	7,610	2,485	849,468	842,714	2,167,582	2,768,588	528,210

IMPORTS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Years ended March 31.	Arabia.	Austria-Hungary.	Belgium.	China.	Egypt.	France.	Germany.	Italy.	Japan.	Java.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	564,480	1,324,871	2,729,646	1,088,652	250,792	978,970	2,351,776	420,814	417,193	181,070	1,139,438	.....
1896-7.....	494,690	1,457,788	2,403,703	728,645	199,723	920,096	2,307,821	464,717	547,356	140,480	1,466,949	.....
1897-8.....	499,471	2,146,793	2,284,839	399,159	190,828	882,796	2,434,519	499,163	534,519	208,149	1,431,075	.....
1898-9.....	443,794	2,428,375	2,230,432	541,013	125,708	1,031,845	1,727,876	556,928	545,005	195,806	1,362,669	.....
1899-1900.....	808,225	2,353,350	2,836,031	494,593	220,926	1,025,882	1,684,889	740,118	499,952	274,369	1,242,110	4,574,006
1900-1.....	568,125	3,136,843	2,430,468	945,663	298,508	1,108,418	2,603,041	826,429	838,447	266,284	1,249,954	5,096,868
1901-2.....	668,365	3,939,718	3,013,290	701,821	253,964	1,376,274	3,037,266	974,855	711,182	398,320	1,178,891	5,233,541
1902-3.....	723,357	2,552,196	3,092,231	695,134	304,002	1,418,274	2,161,877	835,673	859,591	492,762	1,212,992	4,708,072
1903-4.....	707,262	2,201,779	3,321,462	742,722	580,590	1,617,984	2,922,095	954,559	1,282,466	1,203,231	1,278,711	4,826,347
1904-5.....	4,008,280	3,320,152	3,520,162	691,624	343,450	1,805,201	3,732,308	1,266,414	1,173,404	2,017,527	1,485,741	4,394,001
1905-6.....	945,086	4,107,534	4,476,004	755,487	343,450	1,728,787	4,372,560	1,203,442	1,203,442	1,811,304	2,247,565	3,213,924
1906-7.....	571,348	3,068,483	4,355,392	650,384	157,163	1,462,734	5,790,871	1,081,092	1,610,101	2,904,407	2,547,056	3,472,689

No. 3.—STATEMENT showing by Principal Countries the Exports (Indian mdse) from British India during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907.

INDIAN MERCHANDISE EXPORTED TO BRITISH EMPIRE.

Years ended March 31.	Great Britain.		Aden.	AUSTRALASIA.		British East Africa.	British South Africa.	Canada.	Ceylon.	Hong Kong.	Mauritius.	Straits Settlements.	Other British.
	Rx.	Rx.		Australia.	New Zealand.								
1895-6.	35,000,899	761,244		1,213,368		583,925	26,880	3,500,082	8,097,764	1,092,737	5,845,931		
1896-7.	31,646,304	784,090		1,178,876		528,318	45,291	3,109,983	8,251,671	1,125,926	5,007,998		
1897-8.	29,196,208	848,374		1,235,866		552,890	34,330	3,997,789	7,558,316	1,124,202	4,293,598		
1898-9.	32,196,208	864,540		1,281,956		634,819	46,205	4,207,212	7,941,569	1,271,087	5,644,409		
1899-1900.	30,883,887	884,493		1,266,906		533,119	648,610	76,992	4,177,261	7,950,569	972,336	5,493,127	245,985
1900-1.	31,350,231	856,113		1,910,957		629,090	654,166	104,804	4,788,787	7,922,935	1,252,111	6,858,107	260,682
1901-2.	30,370,334	906,285		2,001,194		533,496	919,479	63,265	4,477,997	9,840,850	1,286,065	6,338,964	374,480
1902-3.	31,747,846	915,548		1,007,151	340,505	499,594	1,185,419	256,209	4,406,075	9,307,694	1,074,695	7,537,905	375,132
1903-4.	40,591,228	1,503,090		1,500,018	388,508	498,246	864,709	394,643	4,580,391	10,847,287	1,154,077	7,206,853	419,796
1904-5.	42,430,370	1,253,298		2,370,041	321,180	572,580	861,392	578,835	4,955,116	11,403,970	1,132,963	6,250,616	515,618
1905-6.	39,997,882	1,257,903		2,19,577	373,205	491,619	853,253	759,767	5,535,167	13,254,523	1,129,587	6,299,687	587,323
1906-7.	46,934,266	1,119,630		2,381,430	396,517	553,391	910,343	776,914	6,381,925	10,874,360	1,249,110	6,528,992	401,799

INDIAN MERCHANDISE EXPORTED TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Years ended March 31.	Arabia.	Austria-Hungary.	Belgium.	China.	Egypt.	France.	Germany.	Italy.	Japan.	Java.	United States.	Other Foreign.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.	852,341	3,344,489	3,941,491	5,680,339	5,175,741	8,664,871	8,054,374	3,122,050	2,789,436	246,514	5,907,555	
1896-7.	783,931	3,052,888	3,027,959	5,430,255	4,893,561	8,255,907	7,335,570	3,027,963	4,075,886	133,265	4,813,706	
1897-8.	864,313	2,101,259	3,027,959	4,524,327	3,947,389	7,327,900	7,181,595	2,674,166	4,157,981	123,920	5,874,709	
1898-9.	1,297,086	2,087,180	4,742,181	4,766,344	6,847,180	7,311,053	8,245,806	3,305,053	5,215,587	87,257	5,384,191	
1899-1900.	679,379	1,701,283	3,411,556	6,114,928	5,371,053	6,632,378	7,513,893	2,713,068	6,336,664	70,900	7,214,879	4,040,348
1900-1.	679,457	2,707,437	3,547,941	3,819,854	4,437,941	6,632,378	9,306,243	3,062,968	6,084,555	213,500	7,217,014	4,753,465
1901-2.	950,561	2,376,082	4,717,942	7,115,153	5,355,139	8,852,560	10,162,684	2,918,636	6,952,438	392,777	8,368,902	5,323,321
1902-3.	1,112,432	3,198,750	4,952,490	6,550,135	7,696,997	9,337,814	10,163,578	3,918,305	5,834,688	355,708	8,502,068	6,235,166
1903-4.	1,057,969	4,792,084	7,661,941	7,028,855	1,287,759	9,384,553	17,977,006	4,950,903	8,439,387	416,279	9,710,116	10,337,471
1904-5.	1,483,982	4,674,034	8,386,766	8,027,544	1,302,549	9,544,783	14,771,290	4,258,667	9,717,172	450,940	9,710,931	10,626,603
1905-6.	1,380,412	4,791,287	6,500,466	8,061,102	1,591,993	9,544,783	14,771,290	4,689,670	9,926,906	1,016,303	13,008,195	10,426,021
1906-7.	1,967,140	6,018,442	7,197,814	7,977,808	1,975,231	11,205,068	19,724,384	5,705,411	7,094,947	526,314	15,623,602	10,557,336

No. 4.—STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Trade of British India during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907.

IMPORTS (Mdse.)

Years ended March 31.	Animals, Living.	Articles of Food and Drink.	Metals and Manu- factures of	Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics, Dyeing and Tanning Materials.	Oils.	Raw Materials and Unmanu- factured Articles.	Articles Manufact- ured and Partly Manufact- ured.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	308,585	8,722,870	13,014,932	2,160,649	3,137,420	4,852,024	37,119,915
1896-7.....	367,458	8,848,889	13,076,565	1,889,980	3,439,150	3,610,486	40,561,301
1897-8.....	227,631	10,740,816	13,261,340	2,060,544	4,146,566	2,826,308	36,003,457
1898-9.....	329,306	9,189,556	12,490,115	2,013,412	3,552,005	2,971,876	37,834,071
1899-1900.....	303,494	9,236,780	11,590,028	1,931,487	3,426,172	3,689,558	40,534,345
1900-1.....	487,320	12,072,541	11,871,638	2,225,624	3,757,020	3,707,537	42,156,205
1901-2.....	466,564	11,754,672	13,154,182	2,409,599	4,218,908	3,816,295	45,698,759
1902-3.....	444,941	10,506,257	14,411,733	2,446,656	3,714,845	3,471,780	43,791,696
1903-4.....	536,283	11,694,724	16,311,290	2,750,797	3,604,124	3,889,253	46,036,822
1904-5.....	592,763	13,986,480	17,134,986	2,804,108	3,493,144	4,224,105	55,342,702
1905-6.....	494,145	14,586,056	17,856,740	2,972,694	2,444,622	4,861,343	59,868,471
1906-7.....	465,579	15,715,278	22,641,892	3,108,636	2,767,756	4,398,211	59,210,230

EXPORTS, HOME PRODUCE (Mdse.)

1895-6.....	161,053	30,249,862	122,431	15,564,314	738,707	42,368,128	20,341,129
1896-7.....	177,967	25,338,844	147,642	13,907,521	608,789	39,495,063	20,204,834
1897-8.....	141,422	25,068,456	143,346	10,366,802	651,675	37,101,480	20,312,920
1898-9.....	159,979	38,576,728	136,349	11,333,926	800,887	39,143,998	19,198,410
1899-1900.....	260,716	30,377,842	214,167	12,362,011	868,648	40,885,580	20,774,732
1900-1.....	218,749	26,304,535	428,190	12,888,330	656,518	42,716,054	20,948,122
1901-2.....	213,950	29,314,015	300,195	11,861,246	691,751	53,840,145	24,983,761
1902-3.....	206,110	35,898,806	300,807	10,714,417	857,679	52,084,946	25,816,937
1903-4.....	222,752	44,710,267	344,845	13,006,485	1,030,902	62,673,848	27,644,297
1904-5.....	194,013	53,069,292	367,372	12,788,763	1,003,068	57,397,100	29,321,662
1905-6.....	193,383	42,325,162	582,614	11,448,391	816,825	67,148,365	35,674,483
1906-7.....	226,318	40,236,797	971,837	11,557,383	698,596	81,549,940	37,841,503

EXPORTS, FOREIGN PRODUCE (Mdse.)

1895-6.....	8,981	814,090	280,322	80,036	31,921	1,021,977	2,480,189
1896-7.....	12,544	759,855	265,622	76,483	42,581	840,469	2,036,083
1897-8.....	6,080	571,457	273,545	84,221	34,610	842,918	1,938,341
1898-9.....	10,866	522,851	221,445	72,318	16,136	664,849	1,862,732
1899-1900.....	8,134	397,650	265,464	68,481	23,512	645,132	1,884,118
1900-1.....	5,227	408,557	326,790	68,052	79,997	514,525	1,805,881
1901-2.....	997	364,001	238,387	68,471	39,942	523,800	2,024,218
1902-3.....	4,290	395,406	251,551	67,712	27,785	467,819	1,721,100
1903-4.....	4,403	343,622	380,613	88,081	61,968	460,072	1,987,427
1904-5.....	13,324	400,192	286,504	73,922	106,663	546,746	1,945,722
1905-6.....	17,062	477,275	341,035	94,668	55,716	470,851	2,072,203
1906-7.....	12,235	419,904	446,424	87,260	25,741	525,074	1,967,401

No. 5.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Imported into British India during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907, inclusive.

IMPORTS (Mdse.)

Years ended March 31.	Apparel (except hosiery).	Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics.	Coal.	Cotton Goods.	Cotton Twist and Yarn.	Dyeing and Tanning Materials.	Glass and Glassware.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	1,594,280	1,301,756	1,402,790	22,784,782	2,971,090	858,892	741,078
1896-7.....	1,516,095	1,158,633	979,022	26,424,283	3,325,871	731,347	704,046
1897-8.....	1,224,562	1,292,938	535,378	22,901,794	3,493,039	767,606	576,463
1898-9.....	1,380,486	1,236,305	636,379	24,678,086	2,551,634	777,107	662,294
1899-1900.....	1,464,307	1,288,127	810,214	27,002,115	2,450,011	643,359	766,652
1900-1.....	1,539,778	1,519,430	306,740	27,346,128	2,489,215	676,194	755,176
1901-2.....	1,694,144	1,619,083	450,894	30,247,952	2,647,027	790,516	925,327
1902-3.....	1,781,280	1,636,044	371,282	28,148,823	2,297,587	810,612	945,819
1903-4.....	1,995,757	1,768,656	337,771	28,868,502	2,142,076	982,141	992,076
1904-5.....	2,239,963	1,877,309	444,645	35,559,163	2,487,648	926,801	1,125,710
1905-6.....	2,218,339	2,025,413	321,179	39,017,698	3,425,399	947,281	1,124,711
1906-7.....	2,112,341	2,161,976	485,995	37,694,329	3,223,159	946,660	1,211,411

	Grain and Pulse.	Instru- ments, Apparatus and Appliances	Jewellery.	Liquors.	Machinery and Mill work.	Matches.	Metals (including hardware.)
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	125,959	324,656	779,339	1,695,828	3,237,401	361,433	8,256,946
1896-7.....	555,456	324,131	640,054	1,644,944	3,509,162	284,806	7,008,805
1897-8.....	610,792	306,705	571,555	1,588,495	2,857,777	417,195	7,645,013
1898-9.....	31,265	341,101	525,437	1,647,520	3,055,931	379,789	6,809,369
1899-1900.....	726,993	389,858	1,102,500	1,597,477	2,541,903	347,594	6,271,047
1900-1.....	959,029	463,694	722,183	1,616,910	2,257,559	398,055	8,272,959
1901-2.....	290,546	519,674	1,245,859	1,664,544	3,005,880	436,587	8,605,723
1902-3.....	133,959	597,999	1,481,136	1,770,629	2,803,840	467,638	9,996,172
1903-4.....	70,011	667,440	1,671,949	1,827,314	3,352,642	506,106	11,556,683
1904-5.....	43,222	743,967	1,052,423	1,873,973	4,027,242	489,528	11,698,085
1905-6.....	307,640	1,92,869	1,549,667	2,017,813	4,925,682	588,325	11,308,440
1906-7.....	282,454	1,198,686	1,118,533	1,856,766	5,790,045	631,273	12,693,457

	Oils.	Paints and Colours.	Paper and Pasteboard	Provisions.	Railway Plant and Rolling Stock.	Salt.	Silk and Manu- factures.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-96.....	3,137,420	375,577	409,983	1,785,298	1,520,585	653,225	2,937,271
1896-97.....	3,439,151	339,960	384,280	1,537,494	2,558,598	628,544	2,242,157
1897-8.....	4,146,566	324,376	331,919	1,705,721	2,758,551	868,718	1,819,032
1898-9.....	3,552,005	334,037	382,657	1,531,667	2,824,815	661,227	2,159,450
1899-1900.....	3,426,172	347,151	411,320	1,688,248	2,777,078	611,996	2,705,919
1900-1.....	3,757,020	403,985	453,000	1,975,716	1,341,120	566,008	2,682,751
1901-2.....	4,218,908	428,955	527,163	1,984,672	1,542,579	776,916	2,294,320
1902-3.....	3,714,845	416,117	524,806	1,841,050	1,611,721	621,504	2,183,938
1903-4.....	3,604,124	426,868	521,840	2,027,281	1,401,966	636,917	2,426,425
1904-5.....	3,493,144	469,197	643,729	2,165,799	1,409,659	711,298	2,852,262
1905-6.....	2,444,622	492,536	704,898	2,385,619	1,622,618	657,187	2,613,415
1906-7.....	2,767,756	567,466	801,111	2,423,341	4,158,390	667,739	2,393,074

	Spices.	Stationery (excluding paper.)	Sugar.	Umbrellas (including parasols and sunshades)	Woollen Goods.	Other Articles.	Total Imports.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	659,329	334,605	3,106,813	344,218	1,445,517	6,170,324	69,316,395
1896-7.....	604,674	331,879	3,151,829	306,943	1,692,445	5,769,220	71,793,829
1897-8.....	774,773	277,303	4,784,479	335,374	1,148,427	5,232,111	69,266,662
1898-9.....	889,054	289,982	4,016,999	243,438	1,523,731	5,398,576	68,380,341
1899-1900.....	916,523	393,765	3,376,630	273,031	1,758,002	5,723,872	70,711,864
1900-1.....	879,106	216,875	5,655,216	270,033	2,112,576	6,511,427	76,277,885
1901-2.....	847,690	322,858	5,900,222	180,423	1,969,499	6,381,120	81,518,979
1902-3.....	847,805	335,147	4,954,910	188,565	1,405,912	6,898,768	78,787,908
1903-4.....	822,016	370,805	5,935,774	245,888	2,159,367	7,504,898	84,823,293
1904-5.....	1,032,355	367,786	6,902,732	189,506	3,076,428	8,774,714	96,678,288
1905-6.....	1,100,588	377,043	7,774,520	341,192	2,425,188	9,454,189	103,084,071
1906-7.....	1,439,290	404,035	8,738,111	424,963	2,052,167	10,063,054	108,307,582

No. 6.—STATEMENT showing the Values of the Principal Articles Exported (Home Produce) from British India during the Years ended March 31, 1896 to 1907, inclusive.

EXPORTS, HOME PRODUCE (Mdse.)

Years ended March 31.	Coffee.	Coir.	Cotton, Raw,	Cotton Goods.	Cotton Twist and Yarn.	Dyeing and Tanning Materials.	Grain and Pulse.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	2,198,191	345,408	14,090,193	1,613,750	6,730,836	6,227,194	18,708,443
1896-7.....	1,585,039	268,252	12,970,089	1,323,366	7,173,108	5,009,693	13,840,861
1897-8.....	1,519,130	315,575	8,871,313	1,184,506	6,966,832	3,539,448	14,053,876
1898-9.....	1,749,824	337,853	11,188,538	1,183,382	6,603,088	3,481,364	27,197,567
1899-1900.....	1,484,715	388,873	9,925,065	1,371,946	6,902,178	3,364,932	18,098,233
1900-1.....	1,228,450	423,627	10,127,400	1,532,368	4,170,589	2,729,991	14,031,338
1901-2.....	1,250,220	398,035	14,426,093	1,548,606	9,316,694	2,438,497	18,288,443
1902-3.....	1,321,263	483,695	14,757,198	1,467,655	8,540,034	1,830,160	25,479,788
1903-4.....	1,367,377	501,674	24,376,146	1,630,765	8,841,543	1,756,178	32,592,827
1904-5.....	1,660,976	532,075	17,434,687	1,827,509	9,815,681	1,402,414	41,121,186
1905-6.....	1,756,724	552,887	21,341,520	2,037,812	12,387,688	1,181,367	29,525,233
1906-7.....	996,478	570,690	21,978,461	1,771,709	10,396,532	1,389,475	27,655,681

	Hemp.	Hides and Skins.	Jute, Raw,	Jute Manu factures.	Lac (except Lac Dye).	Manures and Oil Cake.	Oils.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	240,183	7,539,478	9,992,861	4,747,444	1,833,601	635,459	738,707
1896-7.....	231,119	7,001,370	10,550,577	5,213,930	1,399,862	614,974	608,789
1897-8.....	193,334	8,317,534	10,129,992	5,930,856	1,070,920	533,624	651,675
1898-9.....	218,680	7,449,219	6,941,245	5,798,359	871,395	561,458	800,887
1899-1900.....	253,246	10,462,865	8,071,647	6,264,349	1,136,660	820,968	868,648
1900-1.....	337,239	11,482,637	10,867,756	7,864,601	1,065,397	902,135	656,518
1901-2.....	384,530	8,230,685	11,797,272	8,711,417	960,528	814,615	691,751
1902-3.....	434,725	8,435,154	11,126,475	9,019,899	1,850,787	914,938	857,679
1903-4.....	485,572	8,935,089	11,718,122	9,469,197	2,723,897	834,134	1,030,902
1904-5.....	448,132	9,905,856	11,965,646	9,938,868	3,076,412	868,646	1,003,068
1905-6.....	541,976	13,757,114	17,125,664	12,447,984	3,180,116	1,229,623	816,825
1906-7.....	687,340	15,345,251	26,838,681	15,716,230	3,499,774	1,374,463	698,596

	Opium.	Provisions.	Rice Bran.	Saltpetre.	Seeds.	Silk and Manufactures of.	Spices.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	8,459,336	479,125	208,926	535,945	9,717,432	825,568	489,509
1896-7.....	8,022,923	519,099	255,552	572,164	8,011,680	671,502	497,056
1897-8.....	6,097,563	531,667	268,490	398,745	8,594,100	640,891	471,628
1898-9.....	7,126,009	609,729	344,166	349,344	11,847,194	586,192	618,596
1899-1900.....	8,203,715	617,059	324,243	384,293	10,099,528	827,512	548,296
1900-1.....	9,455,436	577,556	351,989	339,532	9,014,035	637,650	541,515
1901-2.....	8,522,985	609,661	380,833	356,805	16,779,268	768,890	740,827
1902-3.....	8,016,935	678,851	444,013	432,728	14,882,571	749,700	636,210
1903-4.....	10,470,164	614,552	420,060	407,536	14,515,830	717,514	928,076
1904-5.....	10,623,444	657,200	440,009	362,382	14,410,856	570,058	694,010
1905-6.....	9,471,767	1,107,723	554,182	385,292	10,609,227	635,478	907,866
1906-7.....	9,307,922	651,112	493,555	414,253	13,021,729	755,109	602,038

	Sugar.	Tea.	Wood.	Wool, Raw.	Wool Manufactures.	Other Articles.	Total Exports.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
1895-6.....	571,745	7,664,888	801,897	1,355,108	182,885	2,508,512	109,545,624
1896-7.....	688,549	8,124,548	798,686	1,241,497	202,032	2,484,343	99,880,660
1897-8.....	292,454	8,058,623	1,079,061	1,356,537	223,899	2,493,828	93,786,101
1898-9.....	198,437	8,044,804	1,085,705	1,253,483	229,286	2,774,472	109,350,276
1899-1900.....	337,430	9,092,112	1,086,920	1,356,375	253,255	3,138,623	105,683,696
1900-1.....	170,950	9,550,930	1,070,609	902,994	296,433	3,830,825	104,160,500
1901-2.....	90,162	8,149,489	891,542	793,826	269,767	3,593,622	121,205,063
1902-3.....	97,279	7,361,642	875,147	1,165,520	251,672	3,768,334	125,879,752
1903-4.....	104,146	8,557,933	1,122,092	1,377,396	274,280	3,860,394	149,633,396
1904-5.....	146,298	8,465,487	784,175	1,891,675	226,748	3,867,773	154,141,271
1905-6.....	184,101	8,847,604	896,017	2,114,725	207,534	4,782,171	158,189,223
1906-7.....	107,010	9,857,764	831,748	2,476,135	229,284	5,464,954	173,082,374

No. 7.—STATEMENT of Imports into British India, together with portion furnished by Great Britain, Australasia, Canada and the United States during the Years ended March 31, 1906 and 1907,

IMPORTS INTO BRITISH INDIA—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 1906 AND 1907.

ARTICLES.	Totals.		From				United States.	
			Australasia.		Great Britain.		Canada.	
	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.	1905-6.	1906-7.
	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.	Rx.
Apparel.....	2,218,339	2,112,341	749	1,250	1,264,971	1,140,119	10,297	10,810
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics.....	2,025,413	2,161,976	1,068	473	1,240,191	1,291,332	174,890	163,607
Coal.....	321,179	485,945	7,946	43,451	259,704	430,493	1,948	254,661
Cotton goods.....	39,017,698	37,694,329			36,483,889	35,345,048		193,109
Cotton twist.....	3,425,399	3,223,159			3,206,710	3,018,135		
Dyeing and tanning materials.....	947,281	946,660			79,525	51,274		
Glass and glassware.....	1,124,711	1,211,411			168,307	167,717		2,555
Grain and pulse.....	307,640	282,454	196,116	3,296	1,594	1,034	3,336	5
Instruments, apparatus and appliances.....	912,869	1,198,686	246	1,09	741,713	899,722	34,862	84,524
Jewellery.....	1,549,667	1,118,533	39	197	623,589	184,351	1,677	3,161
Liquors.....	2,017,813	1,856,766	2,363	3,530	1,361,023	1,249,707	32,299	33,046
Machinery and mill work.....	4,925,682	5,790,045	559	420	4,712,414	5,538,774	67,595	102,461
Matches.....	588,325	631,273			88,088	18,398		
Metals, including hardware and cutlery.....	11,308,440	12,693,457	103,630	22,334	7,156,801	8,539,143	199,707	232,195
Oil.....	2,444,622	2,767,756	1,346	171	243,663	259,412	1,207,535	1,498,277
Paints and colours.....	492,556	567,466	2	110	367,821	421,539	17,955	26,130
Paper and pasteboard.....	704,898	801,111			404,804	440,631	3,039	4,738
Provisions.....	2,385,619	2,423,341			914,385	977,305	17,339	16,966
Railway plant and rolling stock.....	1,622,618	1,158,390	111,772	132,069	1,471,684	3,917,628	2,459	442
Salt.....	657,187	667,739			285,724	315,952		
Silk and manufactures of.....	2,613,415	2,393,074		82	147,310	139,568		
Spices.....	1,100,588	1,439,290			53	571		
Stationery, excluding paper.....	377,043	404,035	114	178	270,249	290,139	7,907	7,634
Sugar.....	7,774,520	8,738,111	1,397	281	413,673	326,541		
Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades.....	341,192	424,963			243,551	290,921	1	
Wood and manufactures of.....	909,392	861,235			77,972	47,997	37,953	3,734
Woolen goods.....	2,425,188	2,052,167	42,030	55,528	1,490,787	1,300,044	121	436
Woolen articles.....	8,544,897	9,201,819	434,764	199	5,008,612	5,694,472	167,019	161,231
Total imports (mdse).....	103,084,171	108,307,882	922,104	709,701	68,738,807	72,297,967	2,242,565	2,547,056

No. 8.—STATEMENT of Exports from British India, together with portion sent to Great Britain, Australasia, Canada and the United States, during the Years ended March 31, 1906 and 1907.

ARTICLES.	EXPORTS FROM BRITISH INDIA—YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 1906 AND 1907.									
	Totals.		Australasia.		Great Britain.		Canada.		United States.	
	1905-6.	Rx.	1905-6.	Rx.	1905-6.	Rx.	1905-6.	Rx.	1905-6.	Rx.
Home produce—										
Coffee.....	1,756,724	996,478	42,164	27,729	997,478	412,242				
Corn.....	552,887	570,690	2,536	7,618	181,015	157,912				
Cotton, raw.....	21,341,520	21,978,461	12,906	19,839	1,101,250	1,284,297		1,211		2
Cotton goods.....	2,037,812	1,771,709	6,297	6,157	97,860	58,995			568	703
Cotton twist and yarn.....	12,387,688	10,396,532			336	19,384				250
Dyeing and tanning materials.....	1,181,367	1,339,457	12,717	3,917	385,779	496,442			39,719	35,243
Grain and pulse—										
Rice, not in the husk.....	18,410,641	18,325,533	85,229	139,170	1,489,510	1,254,321	24	228	533	954
Wheat.....	8,534,400	7,254,465			6,414,972	6,595,211				
Other.....	2,580,268	2,075,683	4,621	10,614	479,120	447,454	15		193	2
Hemp.....	541,976	637,340	2,512		300,665	373,861			1,073	3,644
Hides and skins, raw.....	10,098,632	10,893,997	11,056	35,225	782,882	976,106	26,741	31,231	4,324,595	3,903,788
Hides and skins, dressed or tanned.....	3,658,432	4,451,254	5,150	2,629	3,156,730	3,809,311			350,080	497,755
Jute, raw.....	17,125,664	26,838,681	6,243	10,307	7,315,224	11,561,824			1,993,192	2,778,048
Jute manufactures.....	12,447,994	15,716,230	1,583,804	1,792,099	1,076,315	1,779,949	44,197	67,548	3,941,132	5,877,540
Lac, except lac dye.....	3,180,116	3,490,774	13,678	18,228	942,450	1,897,823			1,495,242	1,679,303
Manures.....	709,704	1,015,489	74,725	89,326	155,102	194,710	7,636			207
Oil cake.....	519,919	358,974	1,364		217,047	128,808			63,506	54,149
Oil.....	816,825	698,596	96,804	120,664	159,258	126,652		596		
Opium.....	9,471,767	9,307,922	10,046	35,600	62,428	45,145	5,287	12,800		
Provisions.....	710,723	651,112	13,876	22,203	51,509	51,927	81	207	2,936	3,171
Rice bran.....	554,182	493,555			338,365	293,313				
Saltpetre.....	385,392	414,253	809	1,479	83,844	115,715			119,728	118,719
Seeds.....	10,609,227	13,021,729	12,334	7,455	287,685	3,311,269			3,462	785
Silk, raw.....	563,968	686,502			218,884	203,882			27,150	42,488
Silk goods.....	71,510	68,607	3,173	1,252	34,926	34,485				236
Spices.....	907,866	602,038	980	1,252	78,776	69,751	4,020	1,810	124,455	48,422
Sugar.....	184,101	107,010			111,644	55,409				
Tea.....	8,847,604	9,857,764	290,961	337,519	6,890,181	7,574,526	671,081	660,142	74,551	60,893
Wool.....	896,017	831,748	1,507	20,694	546,472	470,645			21,744	16,672
Woolen goods.....	2,114,728	2,426,535			2,005,663	2,320,960			45,146	55,797
Woolen goods.....	229,284	229,534	2,588	1,978	142,151	160,457	35	126	40,408	38,079
All other articles.....	4,781,995	5,474,954	95,702	65,095	1,352,881	1,651,480	650	734	316,478	
Totals.....	158,189,223	179,082,374	2,392,782	2,777,948	39,997,582	46,934,266	759,767	776,914	13,008,195	15,623,602
Foreign produce.....	3,528,810	3,484,039	7,438	6,300	680,493	811,089	222	766	21,261	27,832
Total exports (mdse.).....	161,718,033	176,566,413	2,400,220	2,784,248	40,678,075	47,745,355	759,989	777,680	13,029,456	15,651,434

TRADE OF CANADA.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	67,239,759	43,347,721	110,587,480	109,707,805	11,306,047	121,013,852	231,601,332
" 1897.	66,220,765	45,073,256	111,294,021	123,632,540	14,317,713	137,950,253	249,244,274
" 1898.	74,625,088	56,072,918	130,698,006	144,548,662	19,604,021	164,152,683	294,850,689
" 1899.	89,433,172	64,618,421	154,051,593	137,360,792	21,536,113	158,896,905	312,948,498
" 1900.	104,346,795	76,457,521	180,804,316	168,972,301	22,922,422	191,894,723	372,699,039
" 1901.	105,969,756	75,268,232	181,237,988	177,431,386	19,056,246	196,487,632	377,725,620
" 1902.	118,657,496	84,134,099	202,791,595	196,019,763	15,620,523	211,640,286	414,431,881
" 1903.	136,796,065	96,994,451	233,790,516	214,401,674	11,448,050	225,849,724	459,640,240
" 1904.	148,909,576	102,554,756	251,464,332	198,414,439	15,106,796	213,521,235	464,985,567
" 1905.	150,928,787	110,996,767	261,925,554	190,854,946	12,461,926	203,316,872	465,242,426
" 1906.	173,046,109	117,314,698	290,360,807	235,483,956	21,102,674	256,586,630	546,947,437
" 1907.	208,628,648	145,872,246	354,500,894	226,512,063	31,659,611	258,171,674	612,672,568
March 31, 1908.	218,105,116	140,268,569	358,373,685	246,960,968	33,045,638	280,006,606	638,380,291

TRADE OF CANADA WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	24,366,179	8,613,563	32,979,742	62,718,941	3,971,347	66,690,288	99,670,030
" 1897.	20,217,422	9,194,766	29,412,188	69,533,852	7,693,650	77,227,502	106,639,690
" 1898.	22,556,479	9,944,438	32,500,917	93,065,019	11,933,838	104,998,857	137,499,774
" 1899.	27,521,508	9,538,615	37,060,123	85,114,555	13,977,300	99,091,855	136,151,978
" 1900.	31,561,756	13,227,974	44,789,730	96,562,875	11,173,493	107,736,368	152,526,098
" 1901.	31,701,654	11,316,510	43,018,164	92,857,525	12,471,431	105,328,956	148,347,120
" 1902.	35,062,564	14,151,198	49,213,762	109,347,345	7,972,876	117,320,221	166,533,983
" 1903.	42,210,165	16,686,736	58,896,901	125,199,980	6,002,341	131,202,321	190,099,222
" 1904.	44,939,829	16,837,745	61,777,574	110,120,892	7,470,484	117,591,376	179,368,950
" 1905.	45,099,527	15,243,182	60,342,709	97,114,867	4,843,904	101,958,771	162,301,480
" 1906.	52,615,725	16,578,863	69,194,588	127,456,465	5,638,472	133,094,937	202,289,525
" 1907.	66,187,291	22,900,511	89,087,802	119,843,374	8,058,314	127,901,688	216,989,490
Mar. 31, 1908.	71,157,276	23,747,264	94,904,540	126,194,124	8,290,032	134,484,156	229,388,696

TRADE OF CANADA WITH AUSTRALASIA.
(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.						EXPORTS.						TOTAL TRADE.	
	Dutiable.		Free.		Total.		Home Produce.		Foreign Produce.		Total.		Australia.	New Zealand.
	Australia.	New Zealand.	Australia.	New Zealand.	Australia.	New Zealand.	Australia.	New Zealand.	Australia.	New Zealand.	Australia.	New Zealand.		
June 30, 1896.....	26,586		186,950		213,536		516,672		1,561		518,233		731,769	
" 1897.....	20,547		126,398		146,945		1,413,754		8,672		1,422,426		1,569,371	
1898.....	35,377		113,728		149,105		1,644,506		4,814		1,649,320		1,798,425	
1899.....	308,350		86,227		394,577		1,520,016		7,794		1,527,810		1,922,387	
" 1900.....	349,692		211,192		560,884		1,648,926		4,247		1,653,173		2,214,057	
1901.....	294,717		131,750		426,467		2,297,521		13,884		2,311,405		2,737,872	
" 1902.....	39,960	142	112,923	4,038	152,883	4,180	2,574,759	350,130	11,795	3,563	2,586,554	353,693	2,739,437	357,873
" 1903.....	14,225	301	82,684	41,876	96,909	42,177	2,897,528	450,567	32,333	11,971	2,929,861	462,538	3,026,770	504,715
" 1904.....	21,350	3,080	78,409	16,362	99,759	19,442	2,585,805	587,451	36,951	5,376	2,622,756	592,827	2,722,515	612,269
" 1905.....	29,676	11,307	133,296	38,819	162,972	50,126	2,159,236	532,382	34,987	8,251	2,194,223	540,633	2,357,195	590,759
" 1906.....	28,383	5,770	195,796	295,587	224,179	301,357	2,072,702	729,303	9,517	4,751	2,082,219	734,054	2,306,398	1,035,411
" 1907.....	125,601	9,178	182,036	298,327	307,637	307,505	2,419,134	813,877	19,533	3,606	2,438,667	817,483	2,746,304	1,124,988
March 31, 1908.....	219,851	2,179	220,692	254,400	440,543	256,579	2,855,709	999,551	16,752	2,891	2,872,461	993,442	3,313,004	1,250,021

TRADE OF CANADA WITH BRITISH AFRICA.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	96	74,925	75,021	152,144	2,321	154,465	229,486
" 1897.	.....	27,273	27,273	127,833	.....	127,833	155,106
" 1898.	2,201	131,328	133,529	134,973	1,191	136,164	269,693
" 1899.	394	98,518	98,912	222,236	237	222,473	321,385
" 1900.	205	87,700	87,905	204,093	272	204,365	292,270
" 1901.	566	90,121	90,687	1,085,033	1,932	1,086,965	1,177,652
" 1902.	1	15,797	15,798	3,840,730	1,340	3,842,070	3,857,868
" 1903.	158	48,963	49,121	1,931,541	16,585	1,948,126	1,997,247
" 1904.	6,282	62,859	69,141	2,318,859	61,597	2,380,456	2,449,597
" 1905.	43	21,329	21,372	1,880,038	3,324	1,883,362	1,904,734
" 1906.	160,694	14,661	175,355	1,756,439	3,280	1,759,719	1,935,074
" 1907.	196,789	46,343	243,132	1,879,217	2,329	1,881,546	2,124,678
March 31, 1908	132	32,061	32,193	2,004,089	7,784	2,011,873	2,044,066

TRADE OF CANADA WITH BRITISH GUIANA.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	181,155	234	181,389	271,572	2,964	274,536	455,925
" 1897.	104,353	228	104,581	266,509	4,948	271,457	376,038
" 1898.	53,480	168	53,648	272,224	1,713	273,937	327,585
" 1899.	34,349	.....	34,349	238,523	91	238,614	272,963
" 1900.	67,386	274	67,660	281,383	778	282,161	349,821
" 1901.	77,039	348	77,387	370,063	2,694	372,757	450,144
" 1902.	139,341	86	139,427	503,860	2,226	506,086	645,513
" 1903.	602,863	1,456	604,319	513,265	1,069	514,334	1,118,653
" 1904.	2,178,474	411	2,178,885	481,133	1,617	482,750	2,661,635
" 1905.	2,545,339	2,383	2,547,722	465,138	3,400	468,538	3,016,260
" 1906.	2,492,707	1,502	2,494,209	481,118	6,541	487,659	2,981,868
" 1907.	3,001,330	1,710	3,003,040	490,076	3,007	493,083	3,496,123
Mar. 31, 1908.	1,322,712	5,644	1,328,356	601,395	5,955	607,350	1,935,706

TRADE OF CANADA WITH BRITISH WEST INDIES.

(Includes Bermuda.)

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			(a) EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	888,435	141,134	1,029,569	1,627,388	33,412	1,660,800	2,690,369
" 1897.	973,331	132,877	1,106,208	1,376,687	68,762	1,445,449	2,551,657
" 1898.	548,795	121,827	670,622	1,458,379	52,755	1,511,134	2,181,756
" 1899.	782,499	166,400	948,899	1,725,321	26,930	1,752,251	2,701,150
" 1900.	654,909	146,704	801,613	1,673,163	25,794	1,698,957	2,500,570
" 1901.	1,033,304	165,564	1,198,868	1,898,262	26,785	1,925,047	3,123,915
" 1902.	1,382,018	229,096	1,611,114	1,922,098	52,281	1,974,379	3,585,493
" 1903.	1,572,896	226,785	1,799,681	2,158,850	25,983	2,184,833	3,984,514
" 1904.	3,722,779	474,021	4,196,800	2,152,129	27,645	2,179,774	6,376,574
" 1905.	4,093,988	876,296	4,970,284	2,918,630	45,544	2,964,174	7,934,458
" 1906.	4,760,371	1,102,739	5,863,110	2,726,995	31,421	2,758,416	8,621,526
" 1907.	3,861,996	1,183,038	5,045,034	2,570,084	34,430	2,604,514	7,649,548
Mar. 31, 1908.	6,423,515	1,243,188	7,666,703	2,827,359	53,591	2,880,950	10,547,653

(a) Includes Exports to Bermuda as below:—

Years ended	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1905.....	544,430	15,512	559,942
" 1906.....	389,249	9,445	398,694
" 1907.....	311,872	10,821	322,693
Mar. 31, 1908.....	383,072	20,119	403,191

TRADE OF CANADA WITH NEWFOUNDLAND.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	3,536	547,876	551,412	1,459,765	322,544	1,782,309	2,333,721
" 1897.	5,137	446,939	452,076	1,416,992	275,571	1,692,563	2,144,639
" 1898.	3,989	460,335	464,324	2,066,766	103,752	2,170,518	2,634,842
" 1899.	5,405	521,601	527,006	1,683,801	124,881	1,808,682	2,335,688
" 1900.	12,303	648,375	660,678	2,029,597	115,123	2,144,720	2,805,398
" 1901.	4,554	621,014	625,568	2,142,877	117,622	2,260,499	2,886,067
" 1902.	34,135	1,083,265	1,117,400	2,269,601	111,481	2,381,082	3,498,482
" 1903.	9,131	1,188,450	1,197,581	2,381,966	134,610	2,516,576	3,714,157
" 1904.	16,673	1,059,994	1,076,667	2,762,348	136,403	2,898,751	3,975,418
" 1905.	10,630	1,043,983	1,054,613	3,320,209	153,504	3,473,713	4,528,326
" 1906.	5,649	1,752,776	1,758,425	3,023,047	190,809	3,213,856	4,972,281
" 1907.	9,279	1,641,127	1,650,406	2,595,324	137,298	2,732,622	4,383,028
Mar. 31, 1908.	18,037	1,759,432	1,777,469	3,212,558	195,883	3,408,441	5,185,910

TRADE OF CANADA WITH BELGIUM.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	836,693	84,065	920,758	95,328	2,703	98,031	1,018,789
" 1897.	904,023	259,609	1,163,632	231,295	123,289	354,584	1,518,216
" 1898.	1,123,848	106,262	1,230,110	803,655	170,289	973,944	2,204,054
" 1899.	2,223,479	95,244	2,318,723	445,667	403,746	849,413	3,168,136
" 1900.	3,092,514	131,404	3,223,918	859,715	338,083	1,197,798	4,421,716
" 1901.	3,606,361	222,089	3,828,450	1,728,484	1,077,658	2,806,142	6,634,592
" 1902.	1,436,842	274,757	1,711,599	1,363,058	1,081,392	2,444,450	4,156,049
" 1903.	2,050,197	749,985	2,800,182	1,658,163	492,387	2,150,550	4,950,732
" 1904.	1,611,789	1,517,724	3,129,513	830,174	296,243	1,126,417	4,255,930
" 1905.	1,248,946	526,241	1,775,187	1,688,116	51,691	1,739,807	3,514,994
" 1906.	2,230,483	379,589	2,610,072	1,187,950	377,216	1,565,166	4,175,238
" 1907.	1,841,718	663,521	2,505,239	1,760,677	586,671	2,347,348	4,852,587
Mar. 31, 1908.	1,646,935	733,714	2,380,649	2,248,747	1,128,732	3,377,479	5,758,128

TRADE OF CANADA WITH FRANCE.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	2,487,133	323,809	2,810,942	573,835	7,705	581,540	3,392,482
" 1897.	2,260,184	341,167	2,601,351	683,955	6,741	690,696	3,292,047
" 1898.	3,291,213	684,138	3,975,351	1,015,612	9,650	1,025,262	5,000,613
" 1899.	3,341,369	547,926	3,889,295	1,551,909	5,813	1,557,722	5,447,017
" 1900.	3,503,609	864,893	4,368,502	1,372,359	2,411	1,374,770	5,743,272
" 1901.	4,569,060	828,961	5,398,021	1,436,628	144,703	1,581,331	6,979,352
" 1902.	5,546,876	1,125,318	6,672,194	1,300,798	88,050	1,388,848	8,061,042
" 1903.	5,159,258	1,420,771	6,580,029	1,316,713	24,905	1,341,618	7,921,647
" 1904.	5,056,303	1,150,222	6,206,525	1,539,462	58,466	1,597,928	7,804,453
" 1905.	5,345,962	1,713,177	7,059,139	1,479,999	31,299	1,511,298	8,570,437
" 1906.	6,205,612	1,462,375	7,667,987	2,110,444	9,647	2,120,091	9,788,078
" 1907.	7,427,630	1,718,255	9,145,885	1,746,184	11,602	1,757,786	10,903,671
Mar. 31, 1908.	8,443,468	1,458,441	9,901,909	1,761,832	43,900	1,805,732	11,707,641

TRADE OF CANADA WITH GERMANY.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	5,118,245	813,214	5,931,459	606,919	150,612	757,531	6,688,990
" 1897.	6,055,687	437,681	6,493,368	764,589	280,843	1,045,432	7,538,800
" 1898.	5,151,710	432,304	5,584,014	1,419,096	418,352	1,837,448	7,421,462
" 1899.	6,669,099	724,357	7,393,456	1,310,373	909,196	2,219,569	9,613,025
" 1900.	7,465,447	918,051	8,383,498	1,108,163	607,740	1,715,903	10,099,401
" 1901.	6,121,190	900,215	7,021,405	1,374,716	766,836	2,141,552	9,162,957
" 1902.	9,078,402	1,744,767	10,823,169	1,298,654	1,393,924	2,692,578	13,515,747
" 1903.	10,444,848	1,837,789	12,282,637	1,618,517	479,182	2,097,699	14,380,336
" 1904.	6,225,405	1,950,199	8,175,604	1,358,910	460,313	1,819,223	9,994,827
" 1905.	4,995,564	1,699,850	6,695,414	1,123,586	23,068	1,146,654	7,842,068
" 1906.	5,001,722	1,985,592	6,987,314	1,690,907	181,650	1,872,557	8,859,871
" 1907.	5,548,918	1,862,002	7,410,920	1,046,011	339,336	1,385,347	8,796,267
Mar. 31, 1908.	6,413,694	1,749,353	8,163,047	1,960,891	414,716	2,375,607	10,538,654

TRADE OF CANADA WITH JAPAN.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	259,989	1,383,672	1,643,661	8,148	105	8,253	1,651,914
" 1897.	208,070	1,125,795	1,333,865	140,706	1,240	141,946	1,475,811
" 1898.	264,746	1,174,608	1,439,354	148,028	700	148,728	1,588,082
" 1899.	474,266	1,543,841	2,018,107	133,139	2,126	135,265	2,153,372
" 1900.	449,991	1,301,424	1,751,415	110,753	1,555	112,308	1,863,723
" 1901.	525,974	1,093,131	1,619,105	187,933	750	188,683	1,807,788
" 1902.	531,230	964,536	1,495,766	287,806	5,471	293,277	1,789,043
" 1903.	681,669	746,747	1,428,416	324,938	243	325,181	1,753,597
" 1904.	872,350	1,074,881	1,947,231	341,803	313	342,116	2,289,347
" 1905.	975,951	952,935	1,928,886	508,609	2,316	510,925	2,439,811
" 1906.	1,046,026	627,516	1,673,542	492,275	1,677	493,952	2,167,494
" 1907.	1,130,946	886,590	2,017,536	580,885	2,685	583,570	2,601,106
Mar. 31, 1908.	1,055,042	1,122,202	2,177,244	735,068	6,240	741,308	2,918,552

TRADE OF CANADA WITH MEXICO.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	216	13,880	14,096	21,730	2,050	23,780	37,876
" 1897.	606	8,105	8,711	36,973	452	37,425	46,136
" 1898.	1,980	9,738	11,718	31,133	339	31,472	43,190
" 1899.	3,736	41,162	44,898	68,265	35,713	103,978	148,876
" 1900.	4,924	51,294	56,218	149,590	.....	149,590	205,808
" 1901.	11,698	4,302	16,000	70,435	2,063	72,498	88,498
" 1902.	29,156	83,022	112,178	81,892	713	82,605	194,783
" 1903.	35,273	88,060	123,333	105,365	31,669	137,034	260,367
" 1904.	30,482	52,353	82,835	124,058	350	124,408	207,243
" 1905.	20,526	38,192	58,718	113,455	2,420	115,875	174,593
" 1906.	64,193	223,144	287,337	256,381	2,991	259,372	546,709
" 1907.	92,136	844,018	936,154	455,277	5,324	460,601	1,396,755
Mar. 31, 1908.	95,838	824,094	919,932	475,147	1,972	477,119	1,397,051

TRADE OF CANADA WITH UNITED STATES.

(From Canadian Returns.)

YEARS ENDED.	IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION.			EXPORTS.			Total Trade.
	Dutiable.	Free.	Total.	Home Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 30, 1896.	29,101,646	29,472,378	58,574,024	37,995,928	6,452,482	44,448,410	103,022,434
" 1897.	30,482,509	31,166,532	61,649,041	43,991,485	5,381,987	49,373,472	111,022,513
" 1898.	38,063,960	40,641,630	78,705,590	40,035,248	5,667,430	45,702,678	124,408,268
" 1899.	44,471,824	48,535,342	93,007,166	40,426,856	4,706,665	45,133,521	138,140,687
" 1900.	53,897,561	55,946,817	109,844,378	59,666,556	8,952,467	68,619,023	178,463,401
" 1901.	53,600,278	56,884,730	110,485,008	67,983,673	4,398,557	72,382,230	182,867,238
" 1902.	60,181,808	60,625,242	120,807,050	66,567,784	4,629,900	71,197,684	192,004,734
" 1903.	68,538,323	69,066,872	137,605,195	67,766,367	4,017,557	71,783,924	209,389,119
" 1904.	77,543,780	73,282,735	150,826,515	66,856,885	6,316,664	73,173,549	224,000,064
" 1905.	78,797,440	83,941,131	162,738,571	70,426,765	6,977,306	77,404,071	240,142,642
" 1906.	89,540,776	86,321,295	175,862,071	83,546,306	14,260,246	97,806,552	273,668,623
" 1907.	109,572,072	106,160,576	215,732,648	82,194,661	26,252,395	108,447,056	324,179,704
Mar. 31, 1908.	110,361,367	100,291,458	210,652,825	90,814,871	22,705,629	113,520,500	324,173,325

TRADE OF FRANCE (Three Months).

STATEMENT showing, by Classes, the Values of the Imports (Entered for Consumption) into and Exports from France during the *three months* ending March, 1907 and 1908.

	Three months ending March.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
	1907.	1908.	
<hr/>			
IMPORTS.	\$	\$	\$
Food products.....	48,059,800	41,899,000	—6,160,800
Raw materials.....	218,695,200	213,881,000	—4,814,200
Manufactures.....	53,804,000	58,039,200	+4,235,200
Total imports.....	320,559,000	313,819,200	—6,739,800
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EXPORTS.			
Food products.....	26,600,200	30,476,600	+3,876,400
Raw materials.....	78,490,400	70,709,600	—7,780,800
Manufactures.....	142,939,200	126,149,000	—16,790,200
Small parcels.....	20,336,000	22,245,400	+1,909,400
Total exports.....	268,365,800	249,580,600	—18,785,200
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AGGREGATE TRADE.			
Imports.....	320,559,000	313,819,200	—6,739,800
Exports.....	268,365,800	249,580,600	—18,785,200
Total trade.....	588,924,800	563,399,800	—25,525,000

STATEMENT showing Quantity of Grain Imported for Consumption into France during the *three months* ending March, 1907 and 1908.

Articles.	Country.	Three months ending March.		+ Increase. — Decrease. Year 1908 compared with 1907.
		1907.	1908.	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Wheat.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	30,785	17,871	—12,914
	Other countries.....	49,040	1,610	—47,430
	Totals.....	79,825	19,481	—60,344
Oats.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	9,349	13,921	+4,572
	Other countries.....	84,350	1,701	—82,649
	Totals.....	93,699	15,622	—78,077
Barley.....	Algeria-Tunisia.....	42,133	13,169	—28,964
	Other countries.....	14,920	210	—14,710
	Totals.....	57,053	13,379	—43,674
Rye.....	All countries.....	7,744	2	—7,742
Corn.....	All countries.....	147,804	72,089	—75,715

NOTE.—Metric ton—1,000 kgr.=2,204 lbs. approximately. Above figures are from April Report of A. Poindron, Trade Commissioner at Paris.

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